PUBLIC CONDENSER AS

SPACES OF FAMILIARITY

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P5 PRESENTATION
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Index

Introduction

Location of the Project
Main Research Question
Manifesto
Morgenstond in Media and Numbers
South-West Defined Problems

Design Research

Design Principles
Familiarity
Urbanity

Final Design

Location
Concept Analysis
Flexibility of the Grid
Facade Typology
Architectural Drawings

Building Technology

Anatomy of the Structure
Flexibility
Adaptability
Fragment 1.20
Climate concept

Impressions



The Hague city.



South-West District, Morgenstond.



Melis Stokepark.

Modernist Neighbourhood

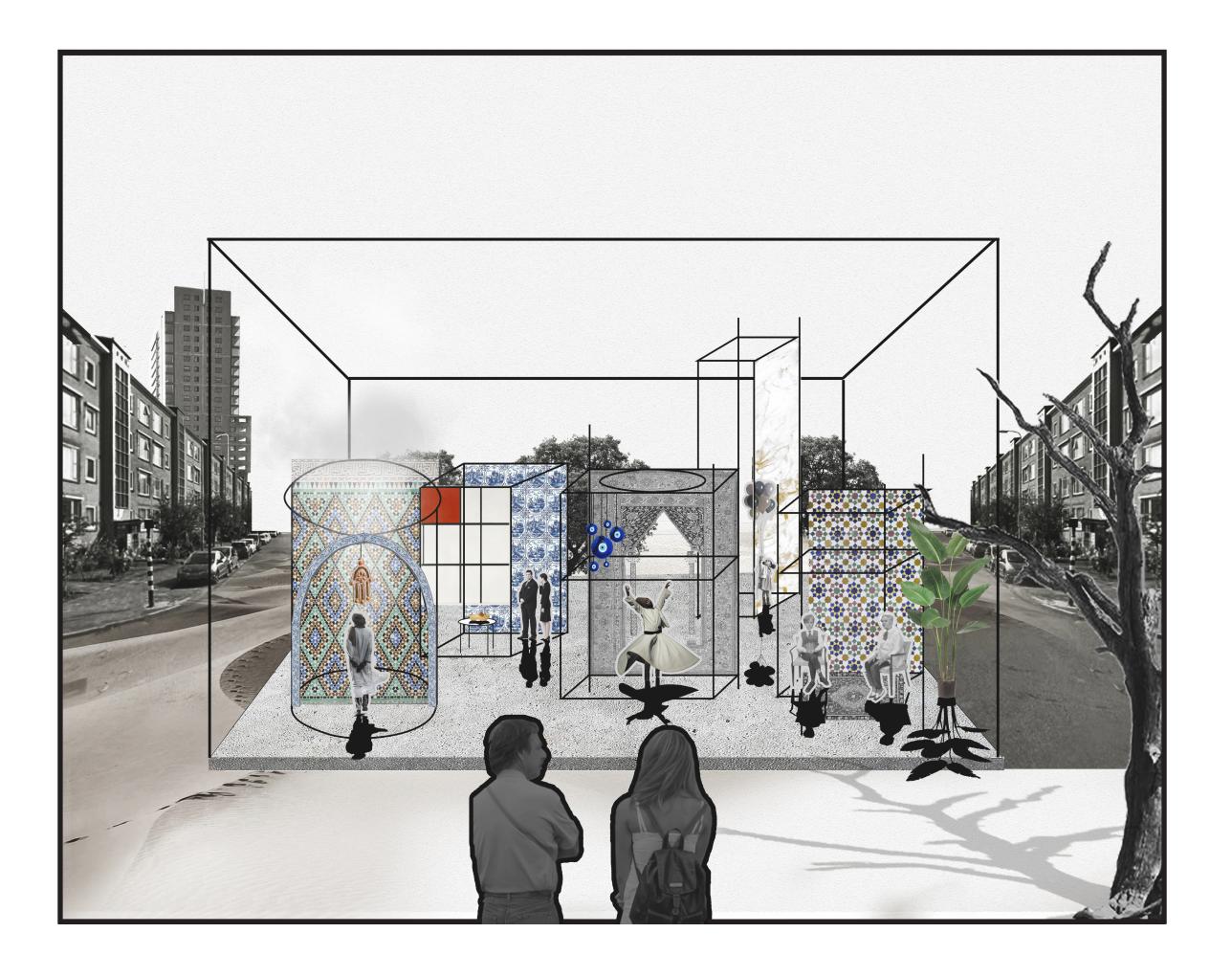


6

Main Research Question How can architecture be a **Mediator** between the mono-functional modernist neighborhood and

How can architecture be a **Mediator** between the mono-functional modernist neighborhood and the diverse people of South-West district?

Spaces of Familiarity, Manifesto



8

Morgenstond in numbers, statistics

	The Hague	Morgenstond
Social cohesion		
I have many contacts with people living in the neighbourhood, in $\%$	30.1	25.8
I am happy with the composition of people in the neighbourhood, in %	56.3	45.5
I live in a pleasant neighbourhood with a lot of harmony, in $\%$	33.0	23.8
I feel at home with the people who live in this neighbourhood, in %	50.6	38.9
Social cohesion	5.6	4.9
Education		
Low education (vmbo)	33%	45%
Secondary education (havo, vwo)	39%	36%
High education (hbo, wo)	31%	16%
Population		
Population growth	5.8%	9%
Population form Dutch origin	45.3%	30.8
Population with migration background	31%	70.2%
Economy		
Unemployment	6%	9%
Average income	23.300 euro	19.800 euro
Safety		
sometimes feels unsafe in own neighborhood, in %	27.6	36.3
score for safety in the neighborhood (average)	6.7	6.2

Public Spaces in Morgenstond, examples

















Morgenstond in Media, articles

Social cohesion

Few contacts with neighbours and few social and cultural initiatives and lacks of social cohesion in the neighbourhood.

Education

Difficulty in learning Dutch language for pupils from migrants' families Dutch language deficiency

Population Composition

Dutch origin, 30.7, Non- Dutch origin, 69.3

Turkish: 15.4%. Western 13.8%. Surinamese 12.9%. Moroccan: 9.4%. Antilleans 3.4%. Non-Western 14.3%.

Economy

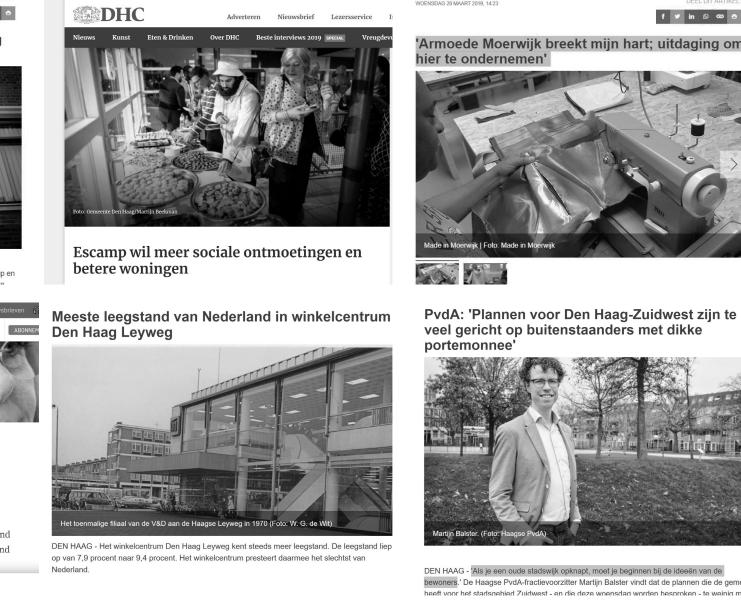
High unemployment rate, low average income debts, empty shopping streets and many people live in poverty.

Safety

Vandalism and crimes



DFN HAAG - Om de problemen in Moerwijk in Den Haag aan te pakken wil Hart voor Der





f 🔰 in 👂 🚥 📤

Nieuws Kunst Eten & Drinken Over DHC Coronacrisis in Den Haag

Eigenlijk heb je twee groepen Polen: jonge gezinnen die zich

Dalida Banaszkiecicz koopt zelf ook graag Poolse producten. "Dan weet ik wat ik eet." De

goedlachse blondine voelt zich thuis in Den Haag Zuidwest. "Laatst liep ik op straat en hoorde ik overal Pools. Het voelt soms alsof ik in Polen ben." Ze heeft veel Poolse vriende

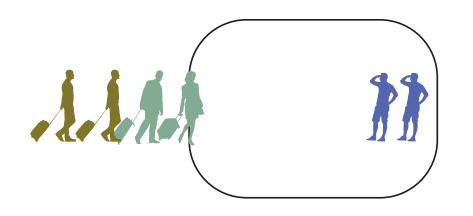
veinig tot geen Nederlands spreken. Dat blijkt ook verderop in Zuidwest, waar nóg twee Poolse winkels te vinden zijn. De Poolse Ewelina Antezak (34) runt samen met drie Koerdische ondernemers aan de Beresteinlaan de Groszek XL. Dat is een forse supermark met bakkerij op de plek waar voorheen een Lidl zat. De Groszek aan de Zuiderparklaan is

van het zelfde viertal. In de schappen liggen naast Poolse ook Russische en Bulgaarse

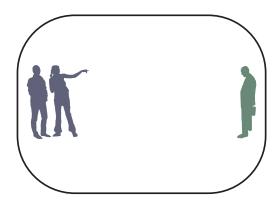
- Jos Muller (v

settelen én uitzendkrachten.

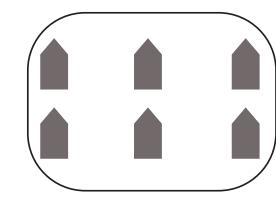
South-West District, Defined problems



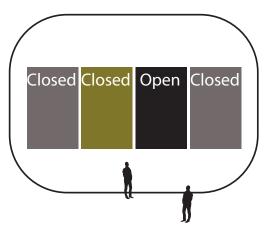
Unfamilairity+ unknownness



Social disorder + Segregation



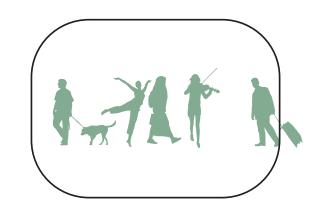
Sub Urbanity



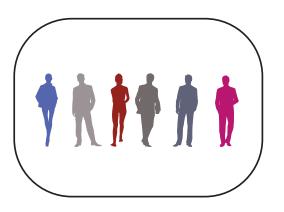
Underused public space

Research Design

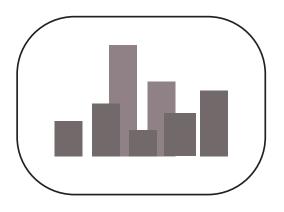
Public Condenser, Design Principles



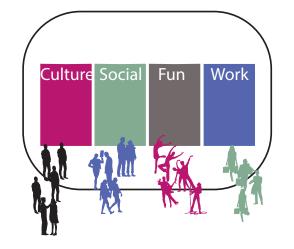




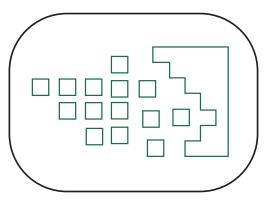
Diversity + Social cohesion



Urbanity

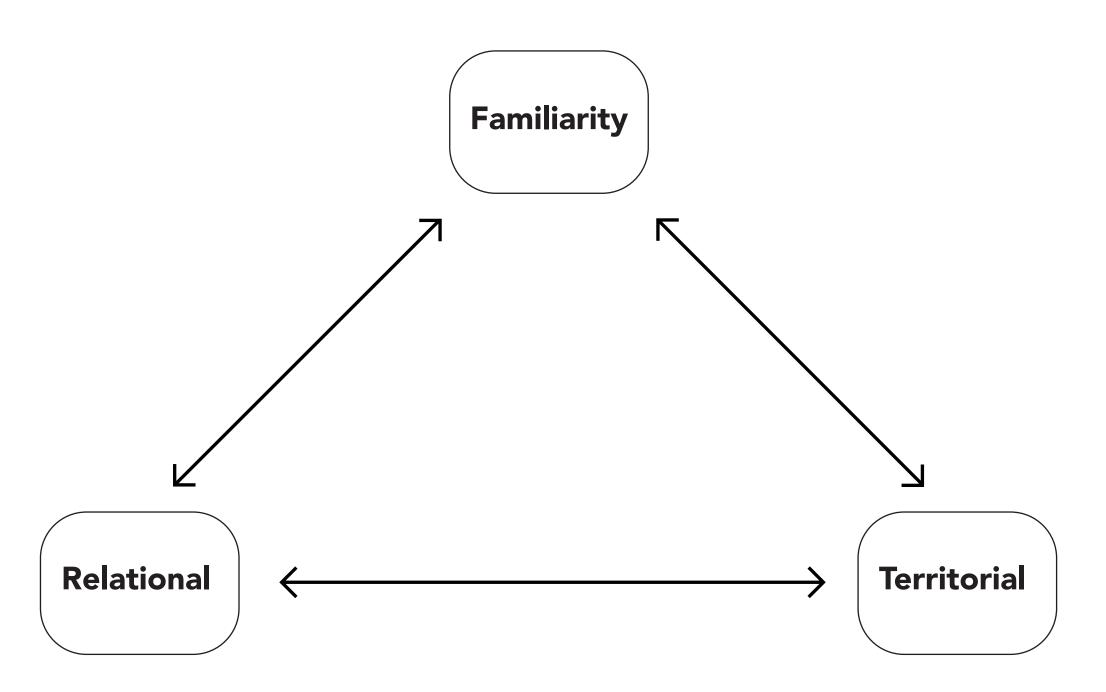


Densely used public space



Flexiblity

Familiarity, Definition









Hammam as a social hub.



Religious activities, mosque (Praying).



Religious activities, church (Praying).



Making traditional dishes in public space (cooking).



Boundless Kitchen and Trampoline house (Cooking).



Collective (sporting), Schouwburgplein.



Collective (dancing).





Outside playing.



Open air theater in vondelpark.

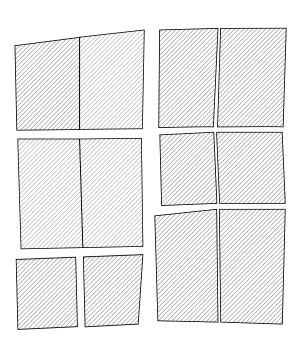
Territorial Familiarity, street and space

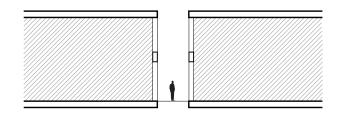


Historical city center, Leiden



Peterskerk Choorsteeg



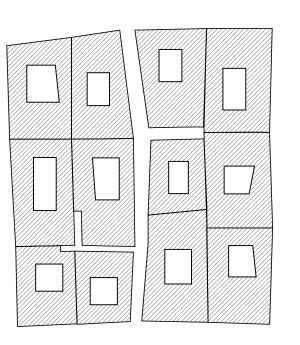


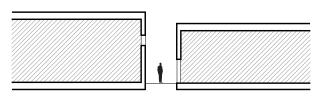
Open and transparent relation





Typical alleyway in the city





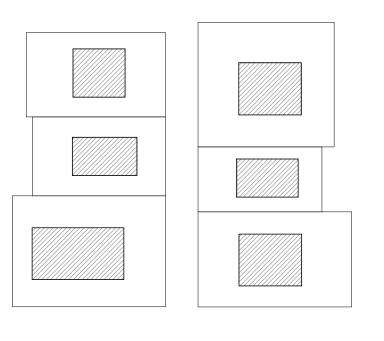
Close relation

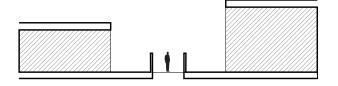


Paramaribo



Typical street in the city



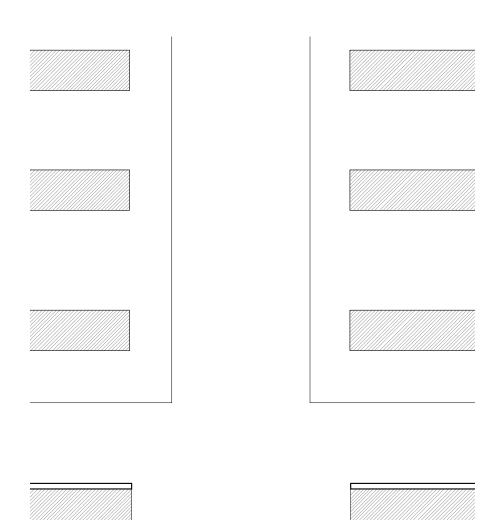


Indirect relation through transitional space

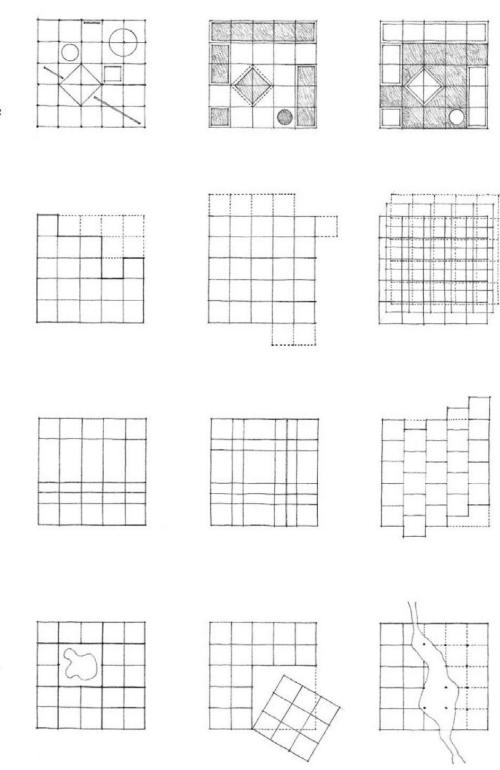


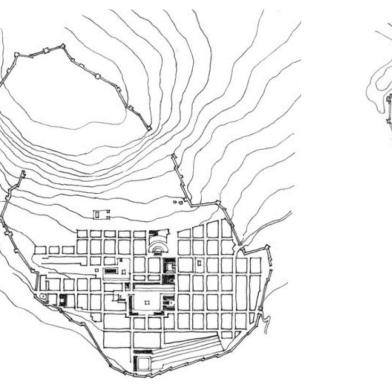


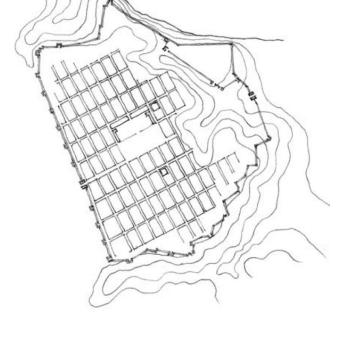
Dalerveenstraat



Urbanity, Grid City









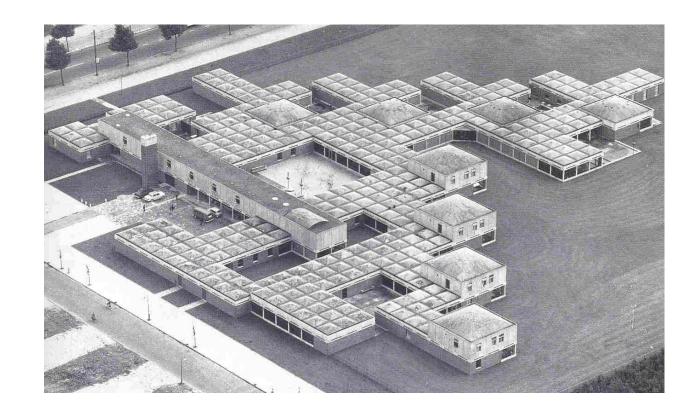
City of Prience, Turkey, 334 B.C

Dura-Europos, Syria 400 B.C

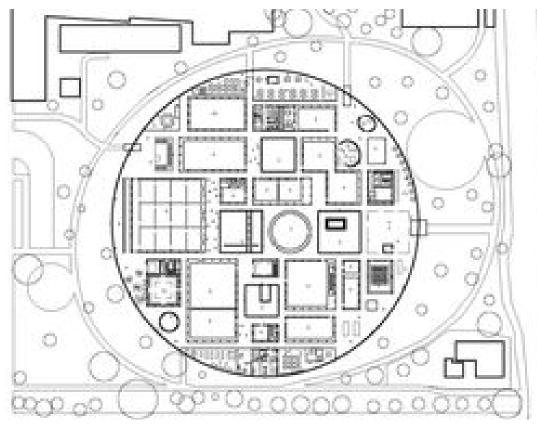
Commissioners' Plan of Manhattan 1811

Organization of grids

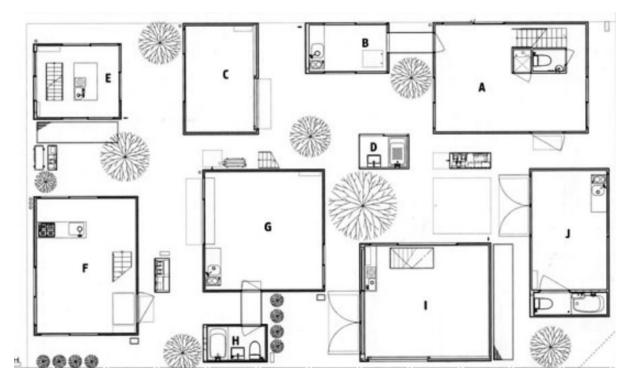
Modern Interpretation







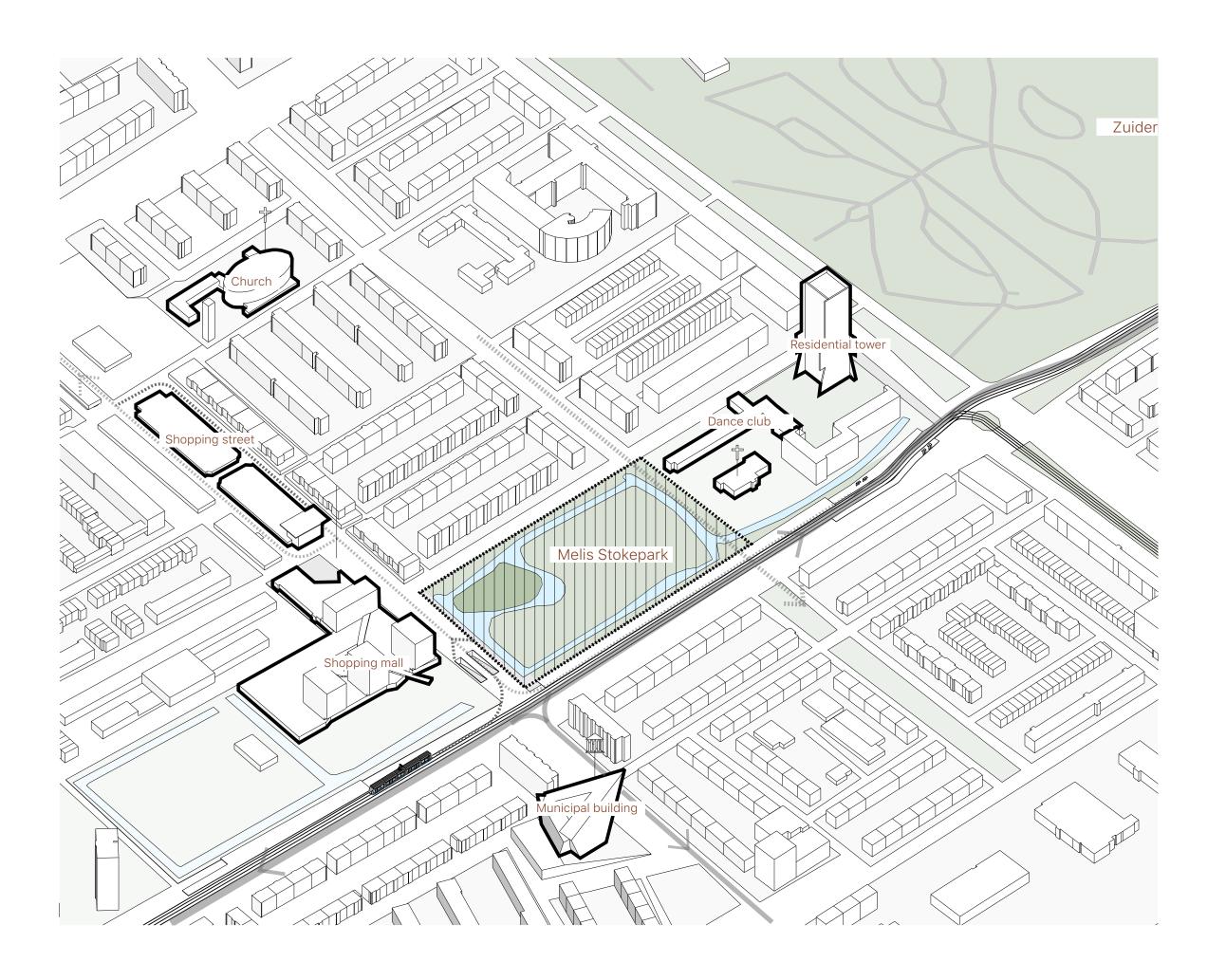




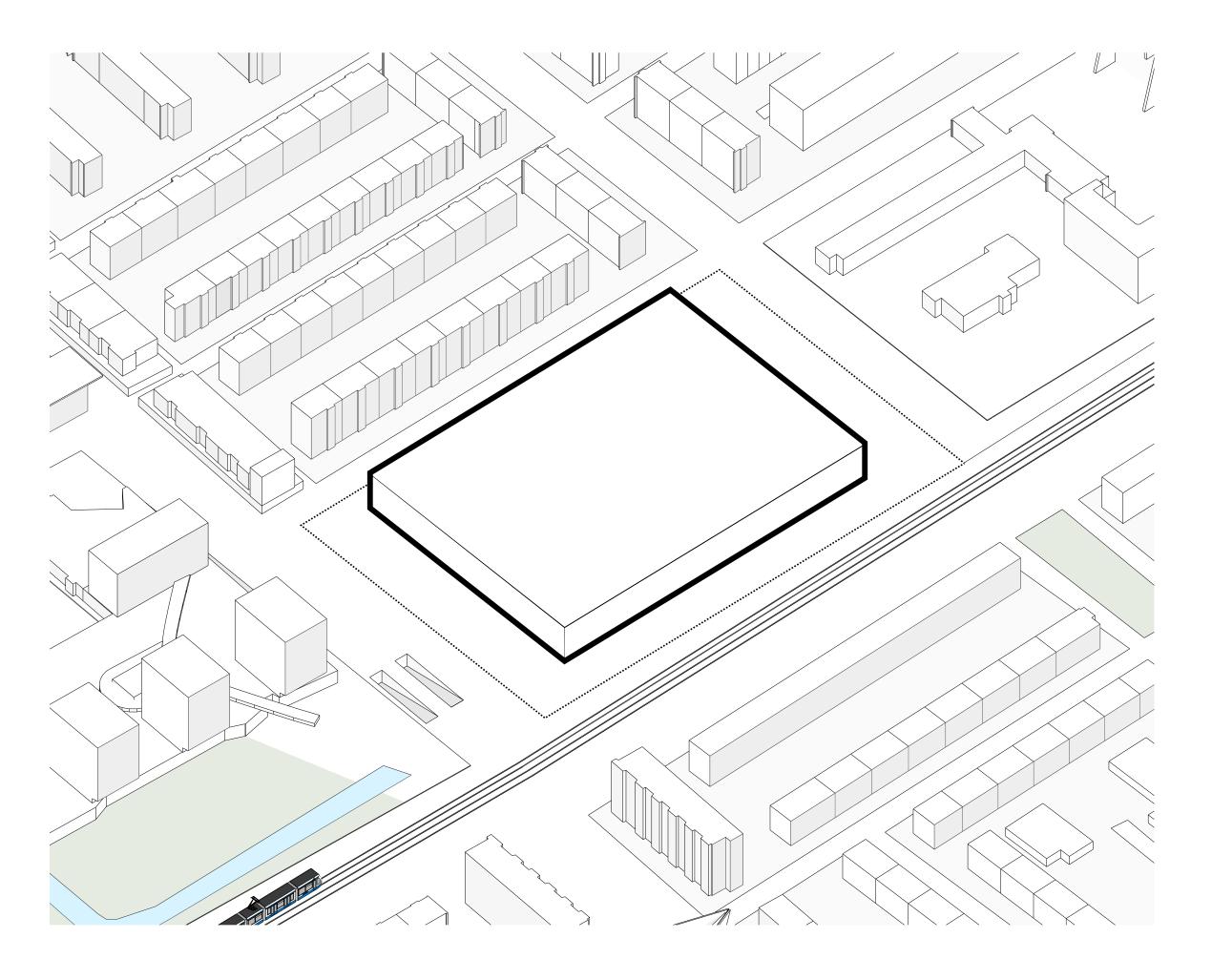


Location, Site Characteristics

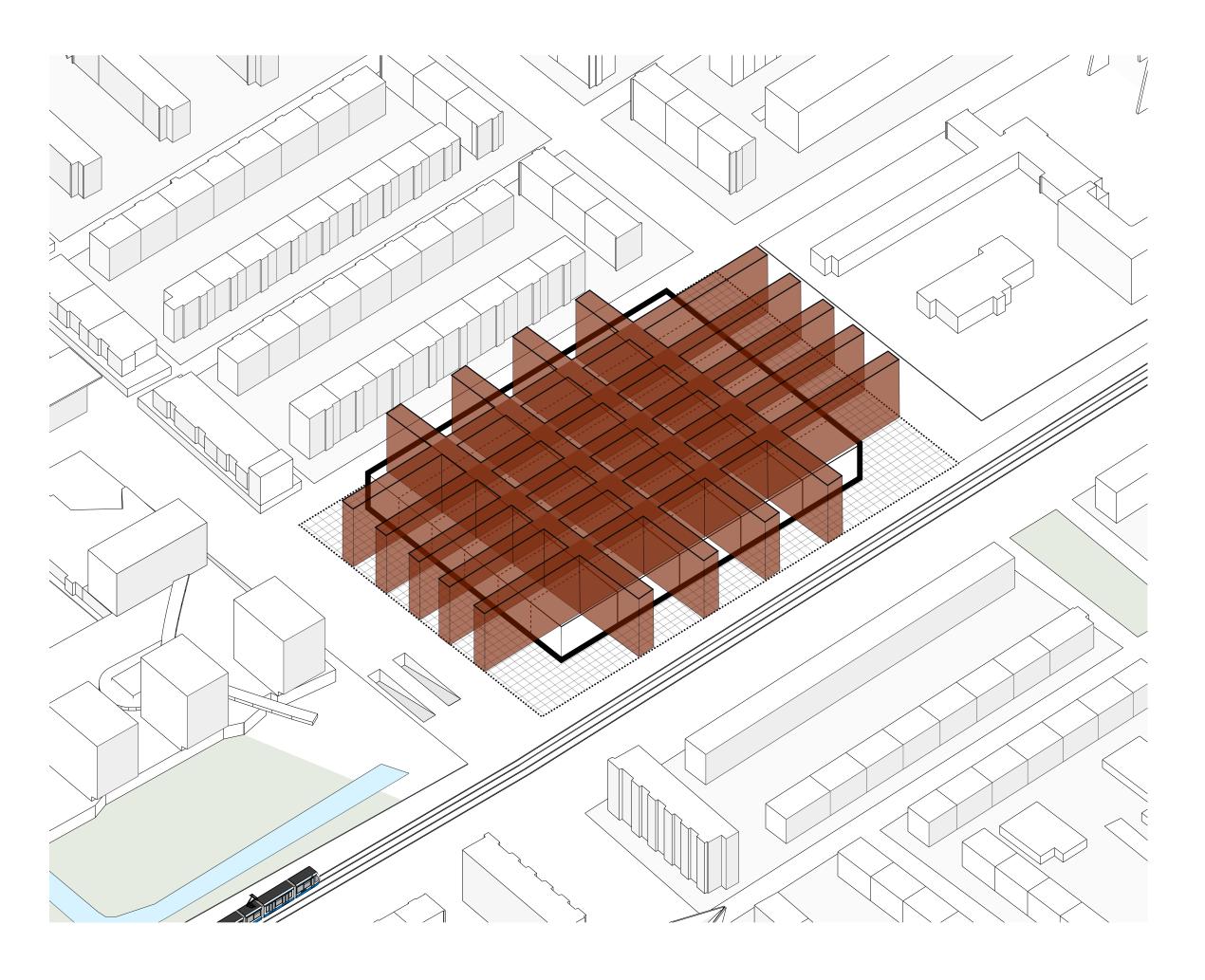




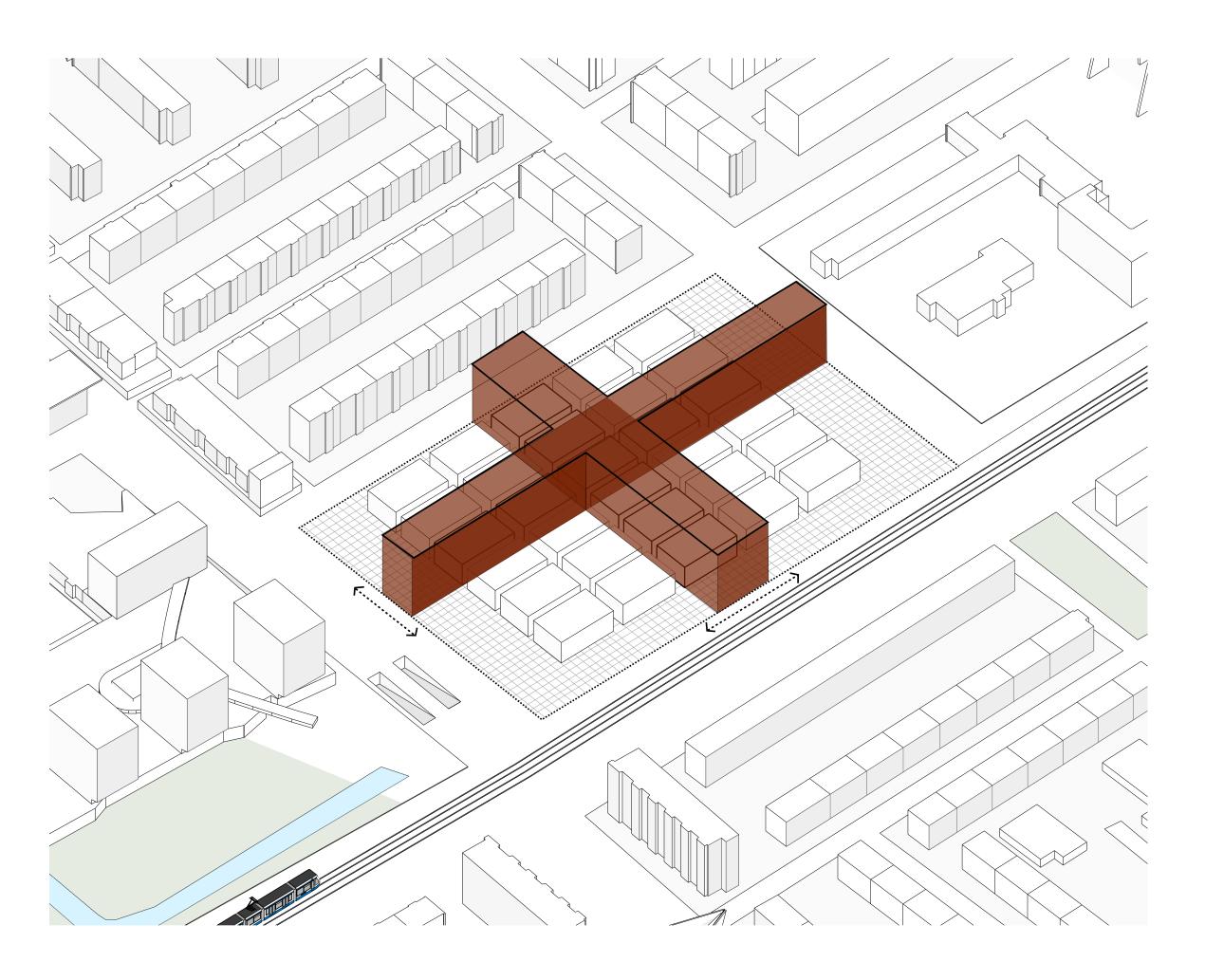
The Scheme, Concept Analysis



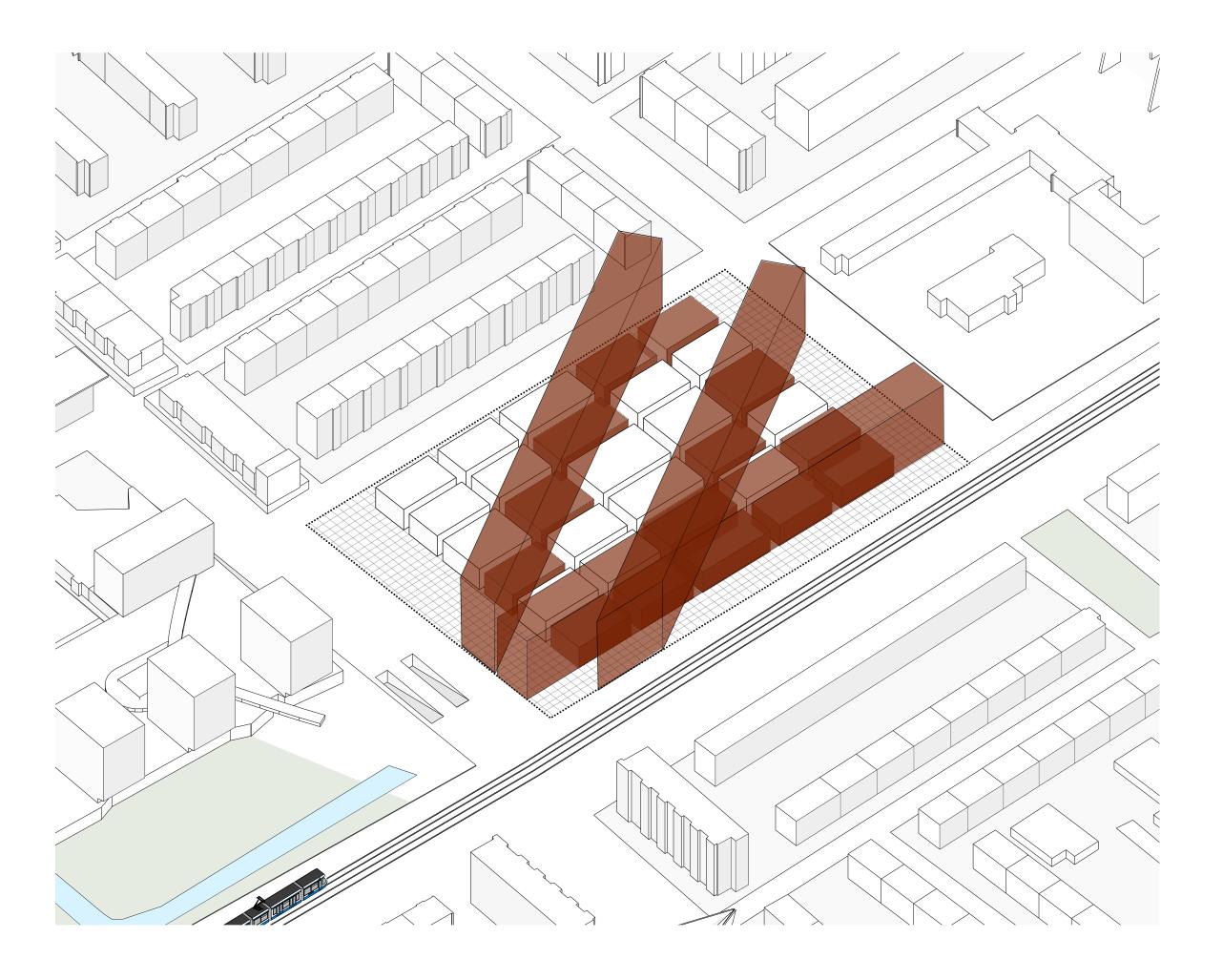
Perpendicular Axis's



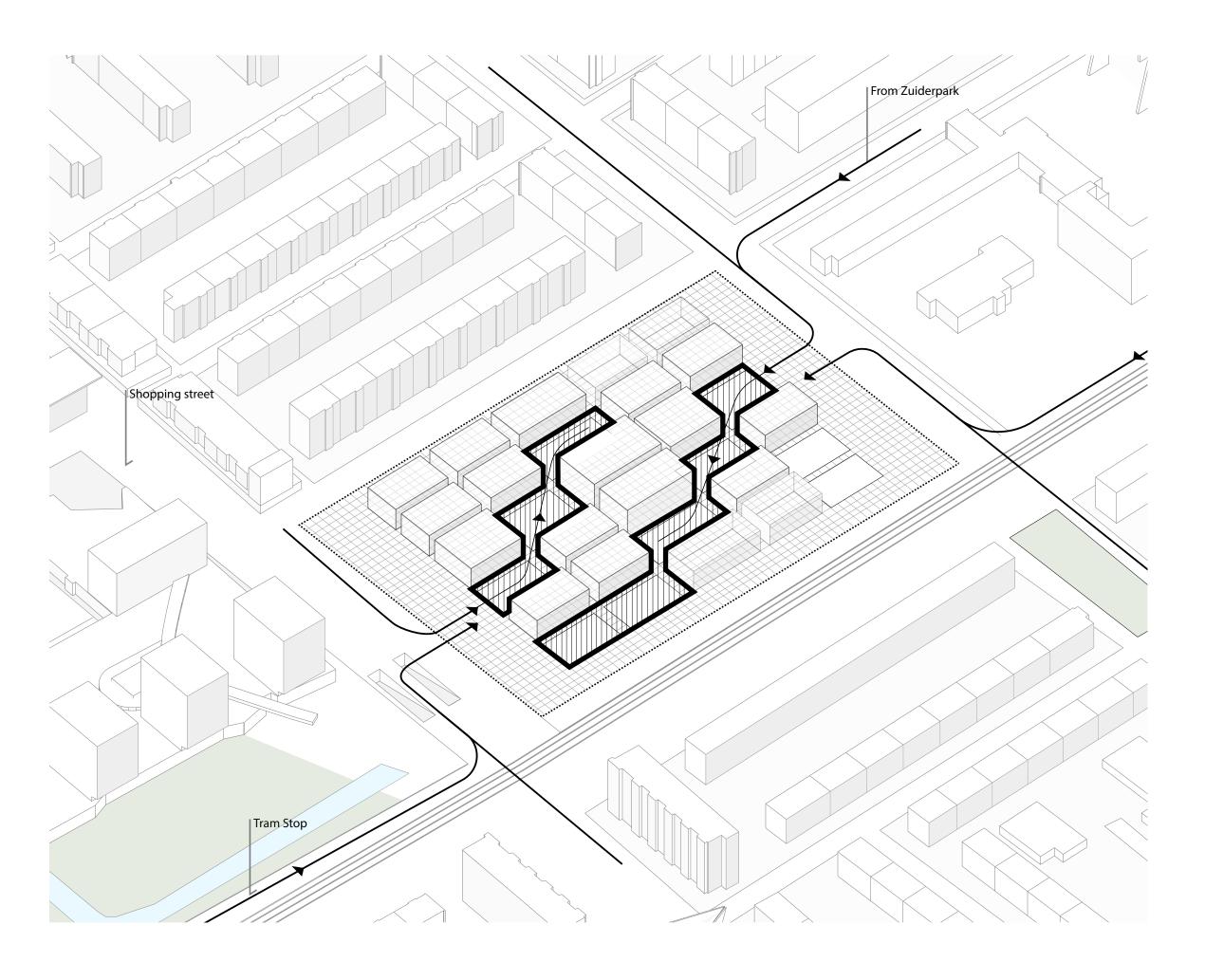
Stretching, Bigger Blocks



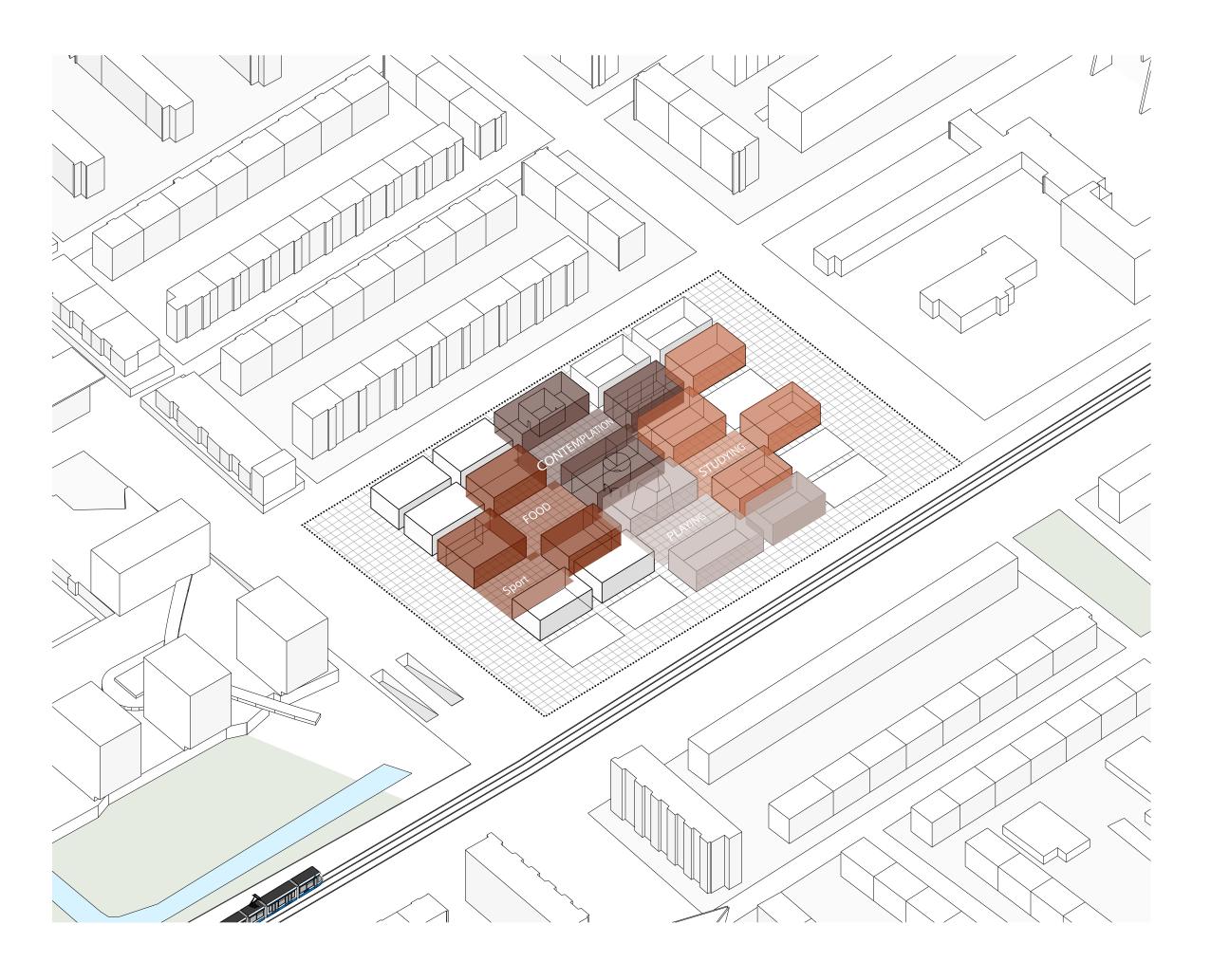
Transit Plazas, Outside Public Activities



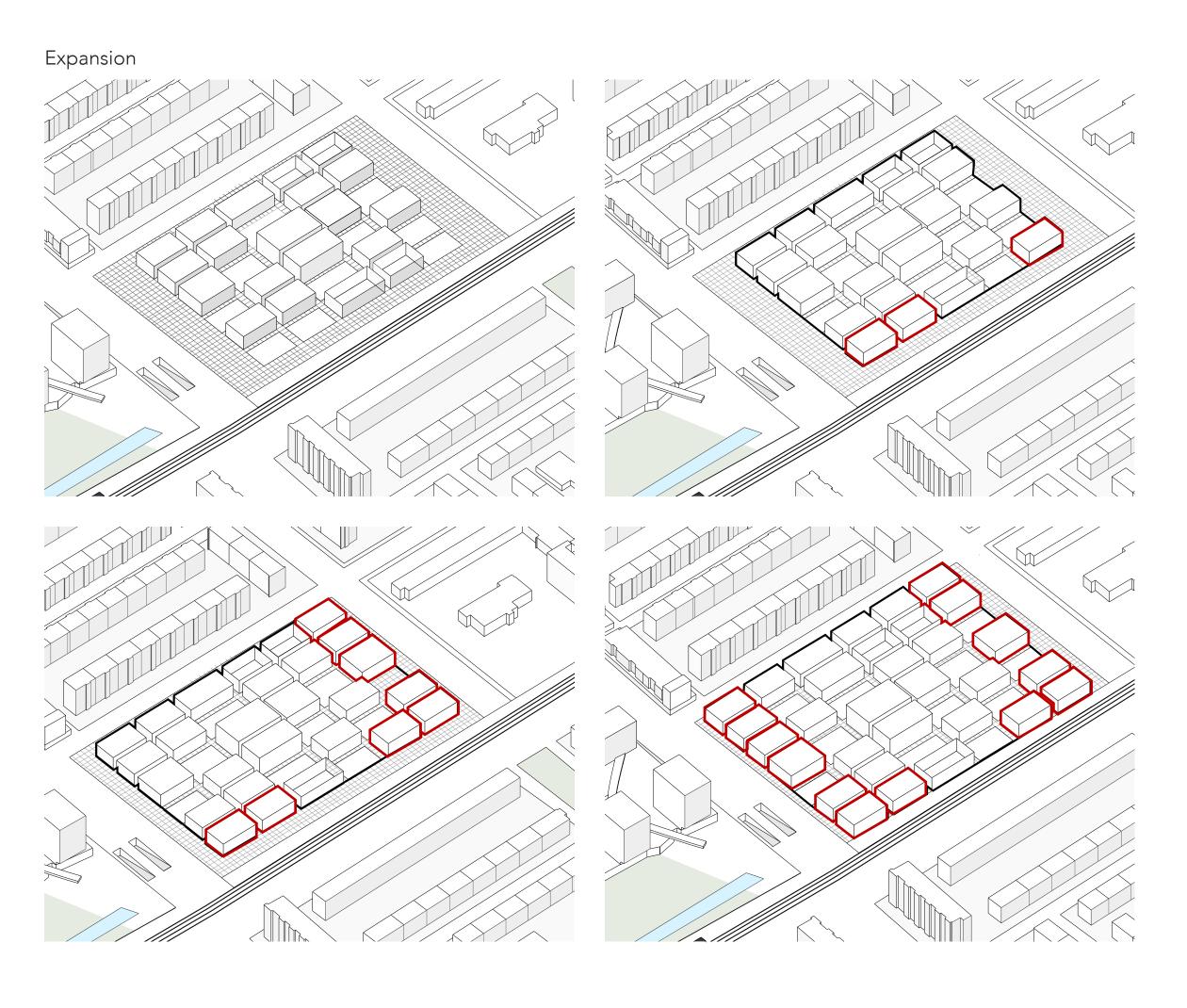
Sequence of Squares

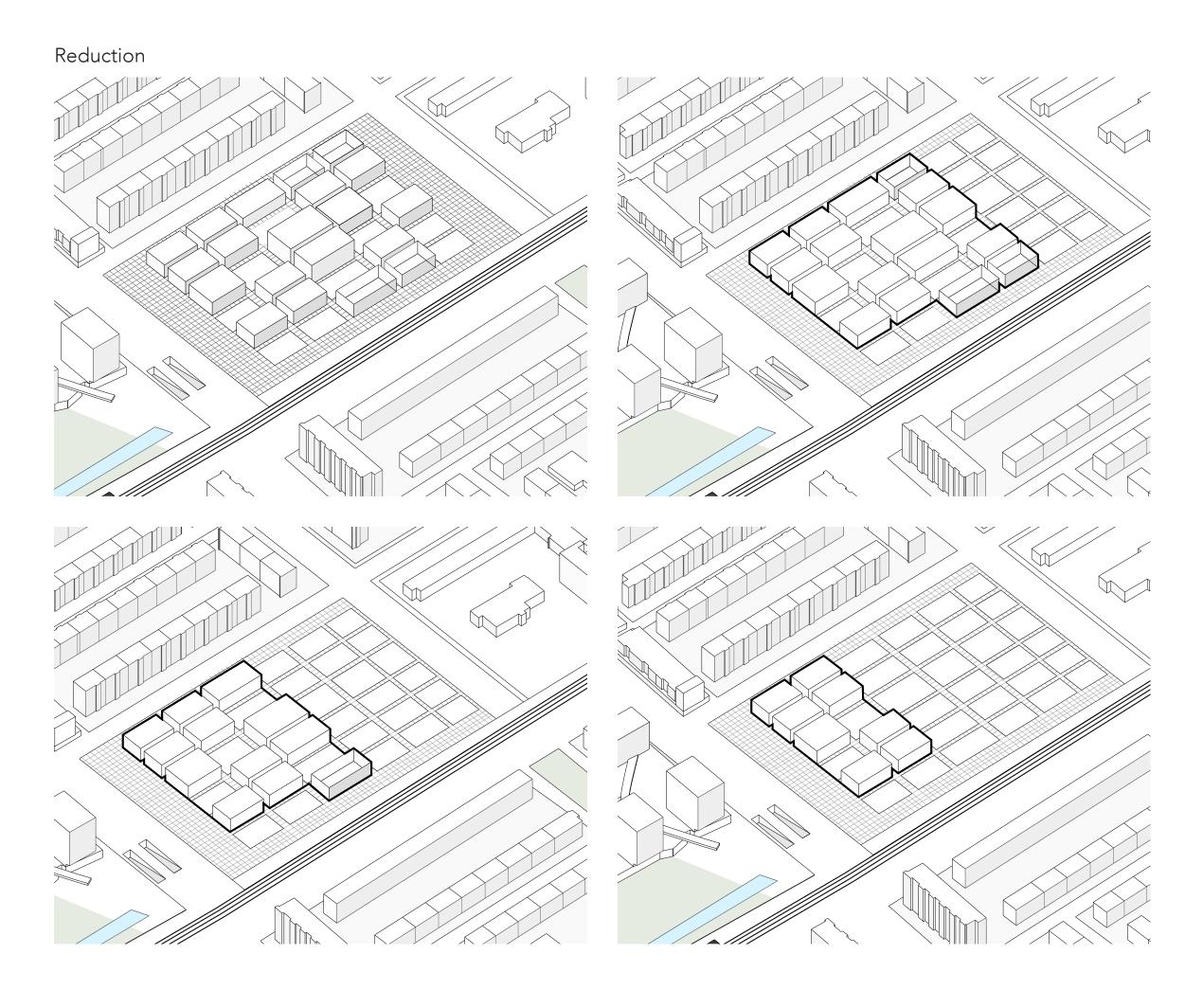


Assemblage of Activities

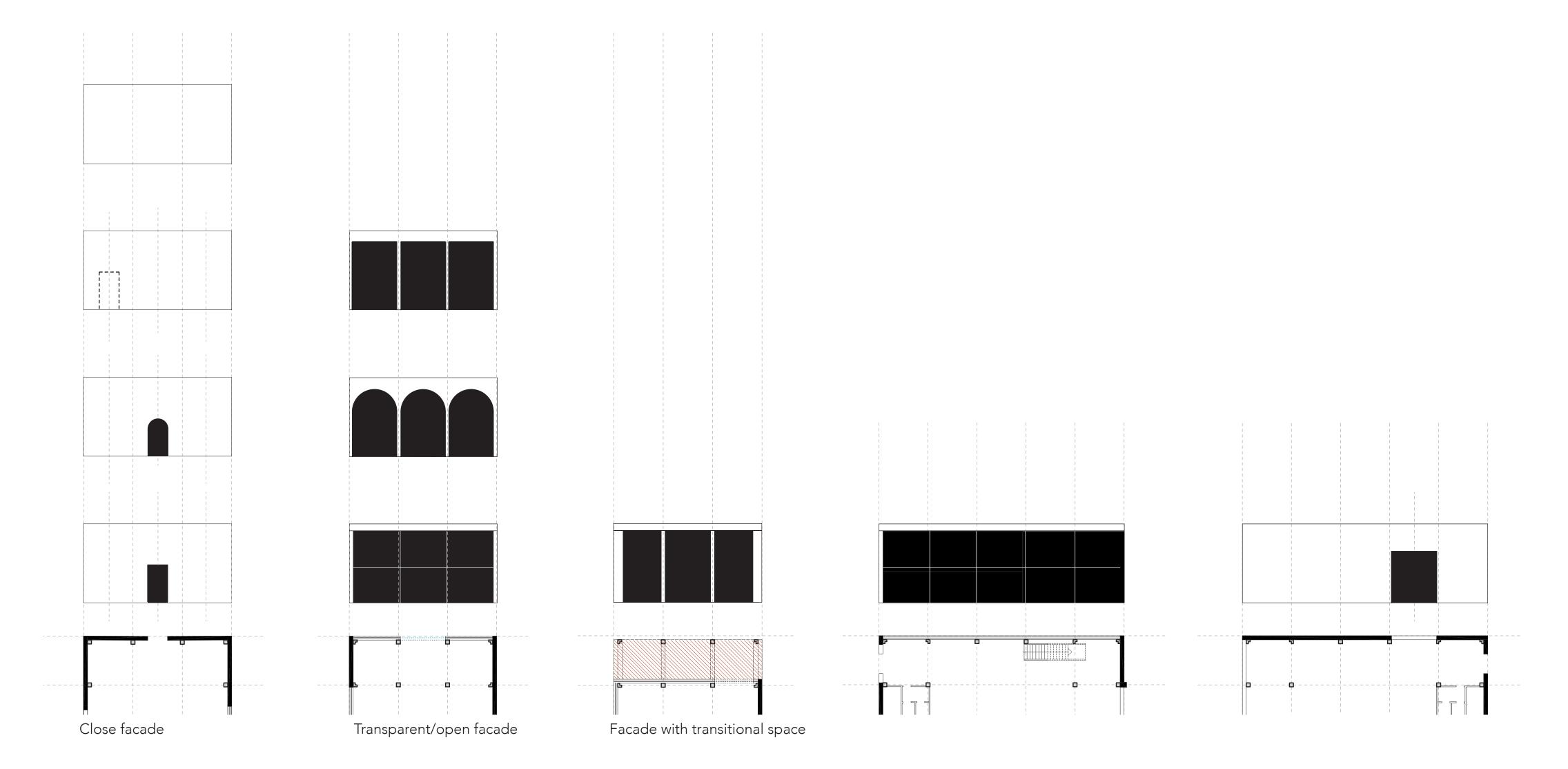


Flexibility of the Grid





Urban Cultural indications



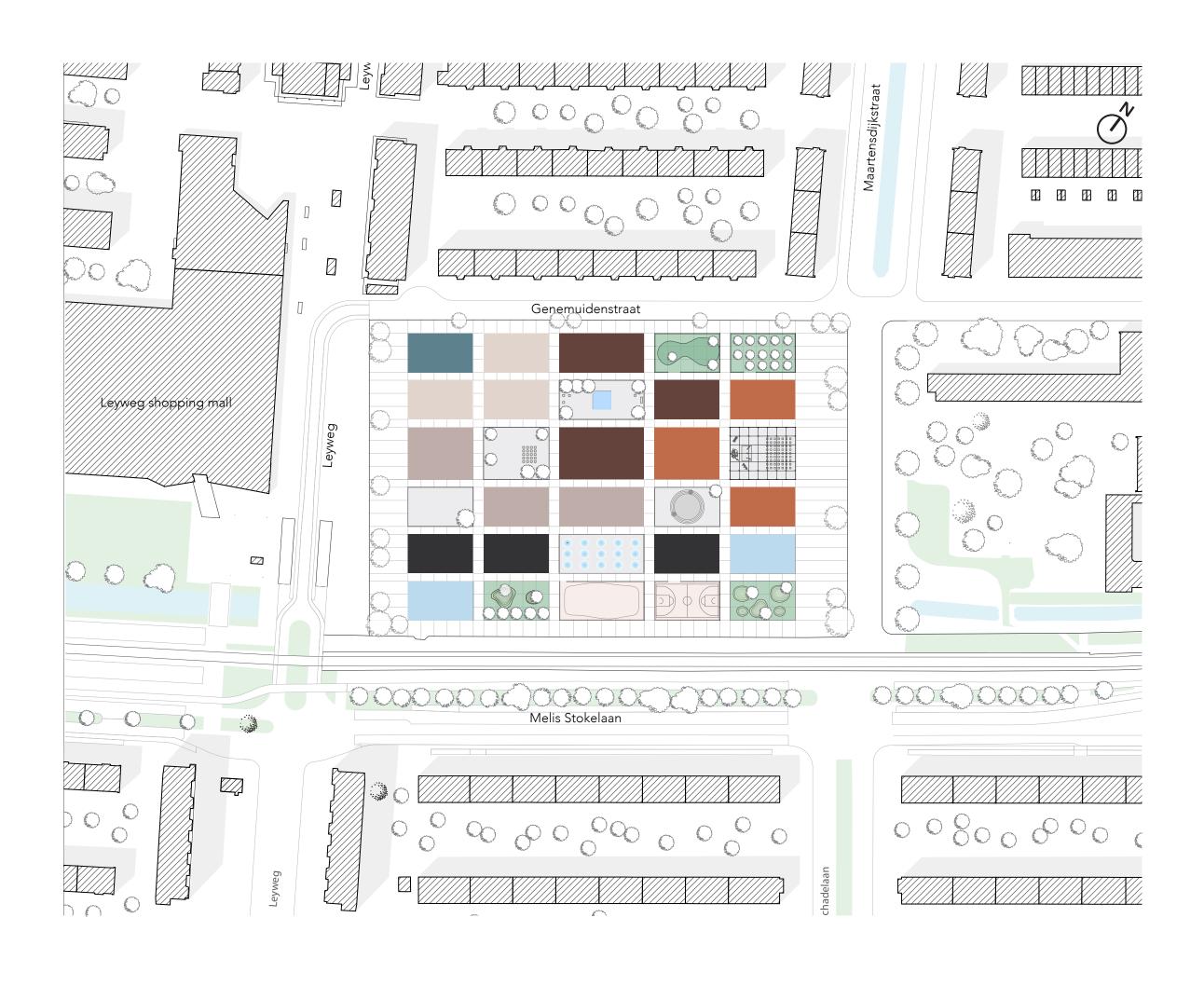
Public Condenser, Urban Complex



Open Layout, Noli Map



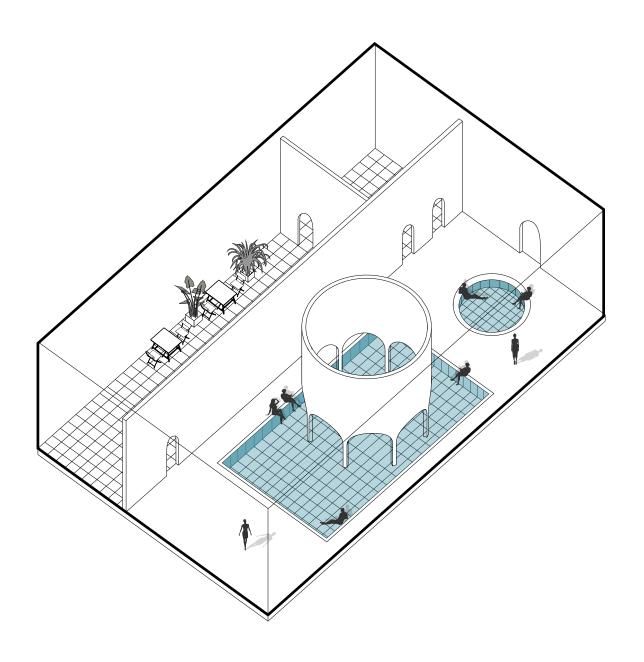
Public Condenser, as sum of Spaces of Familiarity



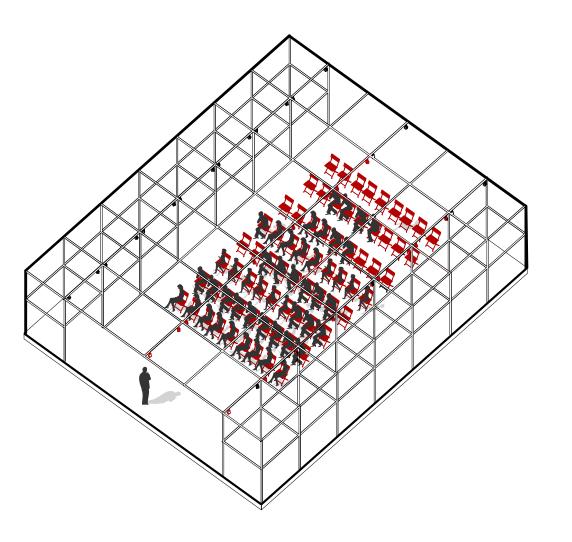
Spaces of Familiarity, Products of Social and Cultural Activities



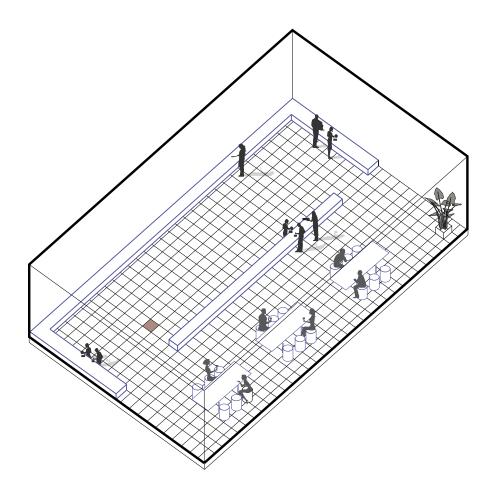
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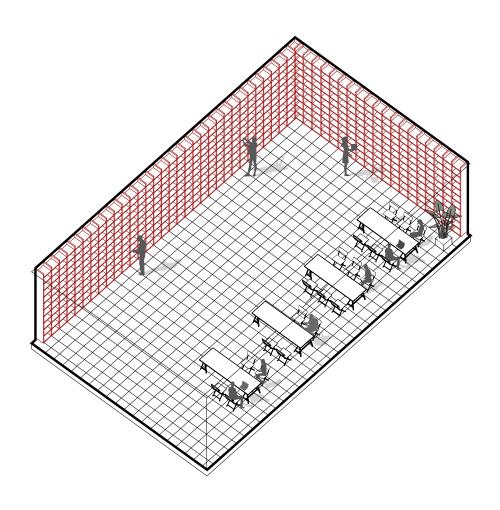
Hammam/ Physical Therapy Center



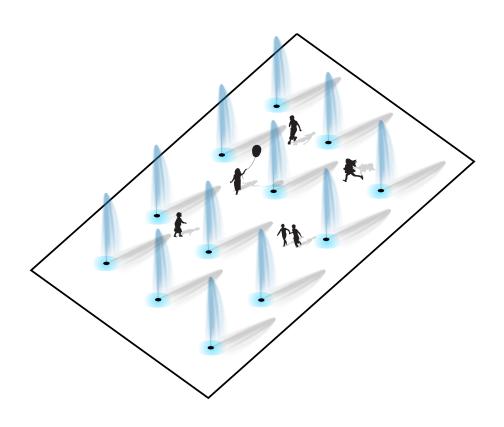
Concert platform



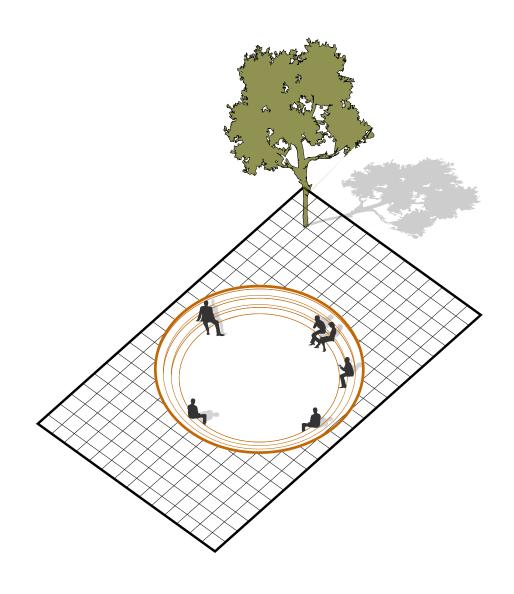
Kitchen



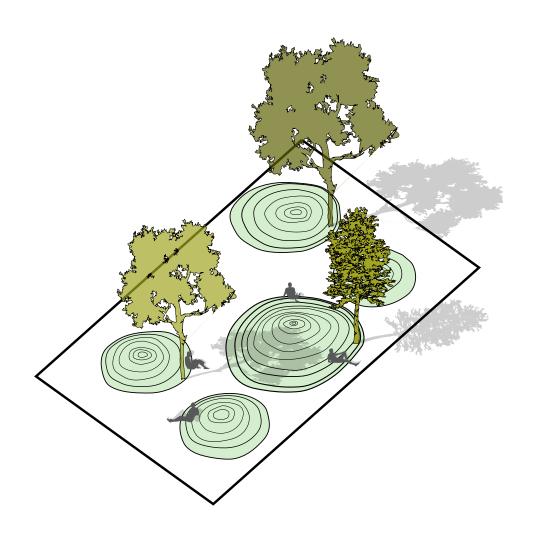
Library and studying space



Dancing fountains



Outside theater



Green surface

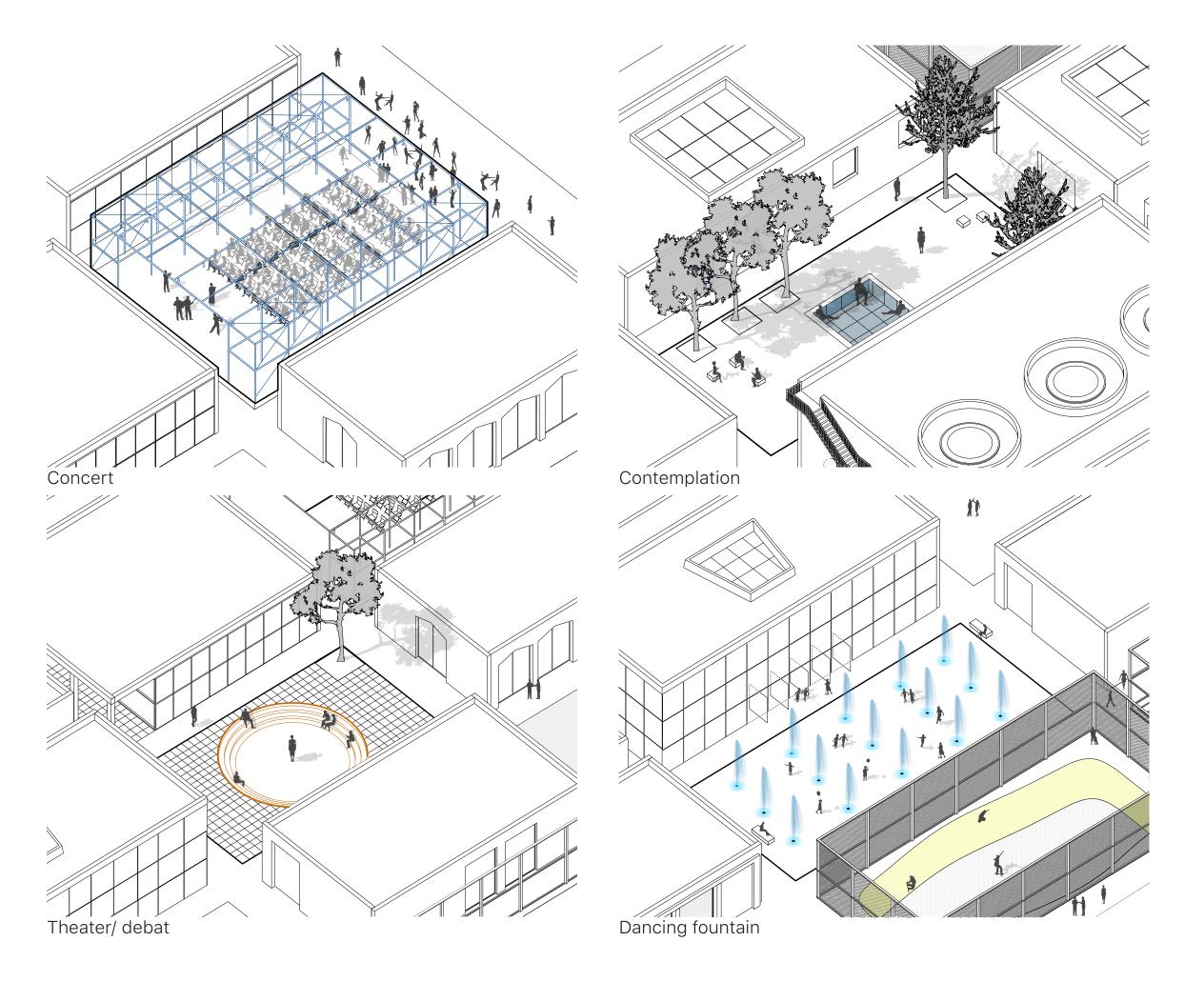
Ground Floor

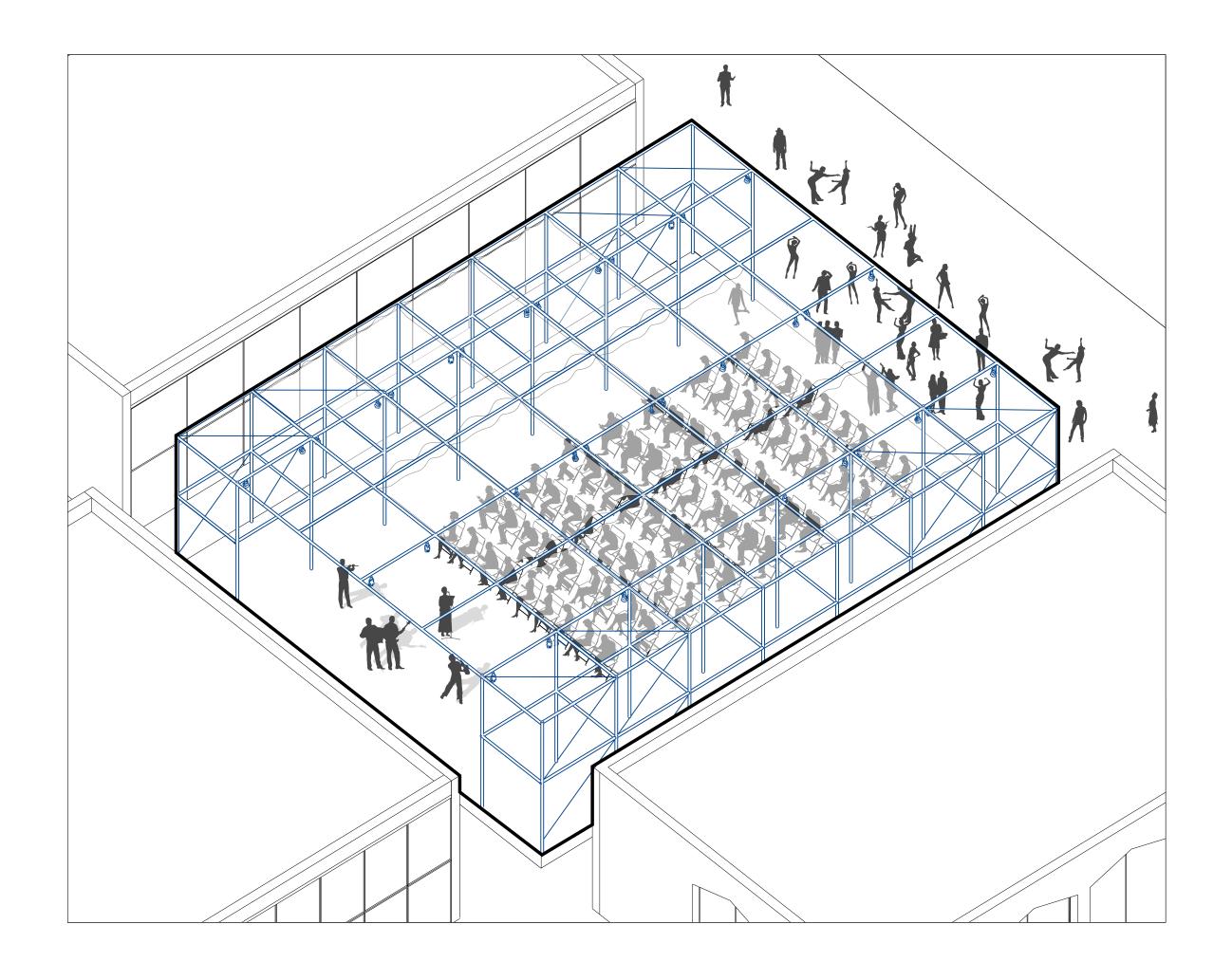


Along Melis Stokelaan



Public Squares, Axonometric Views

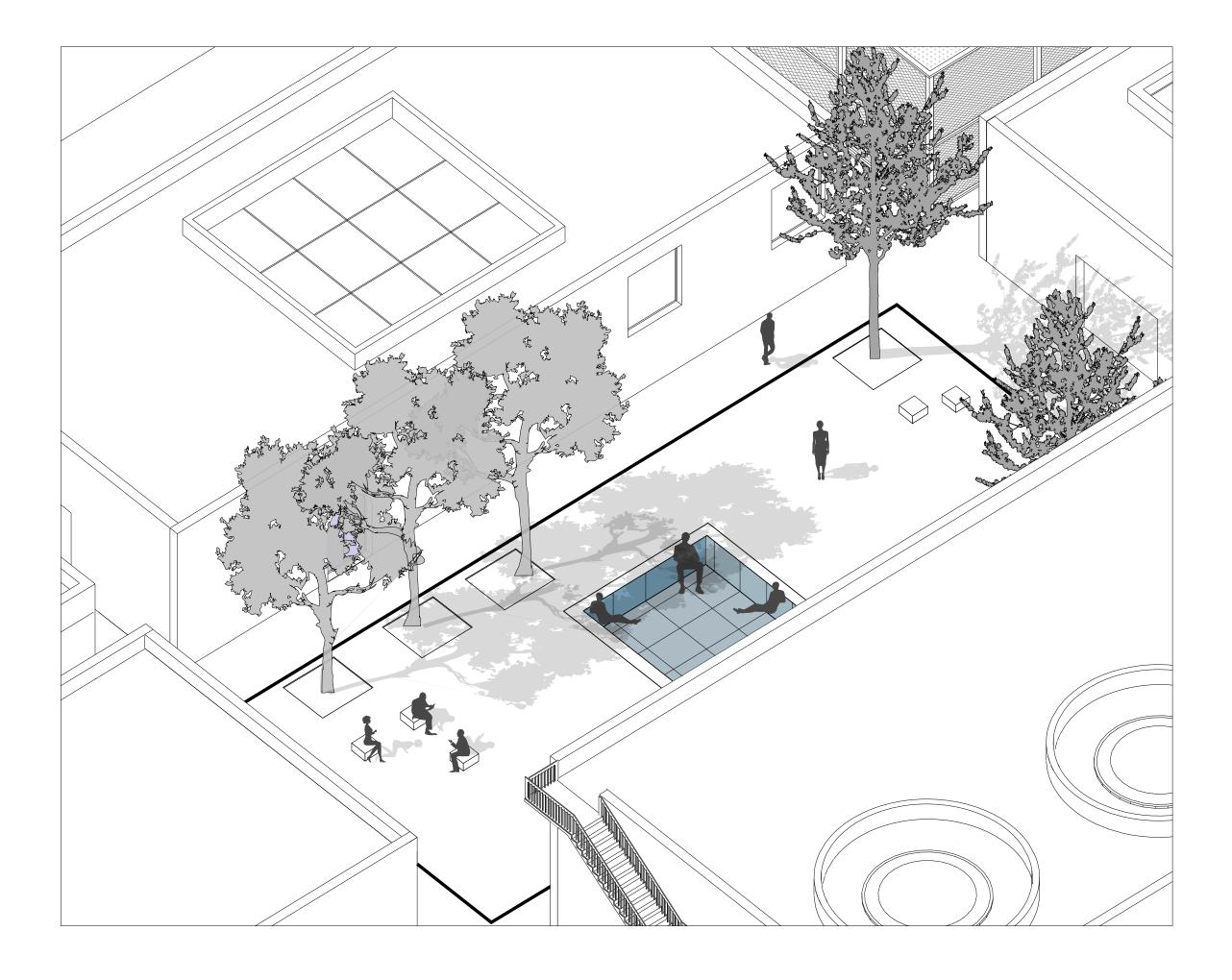






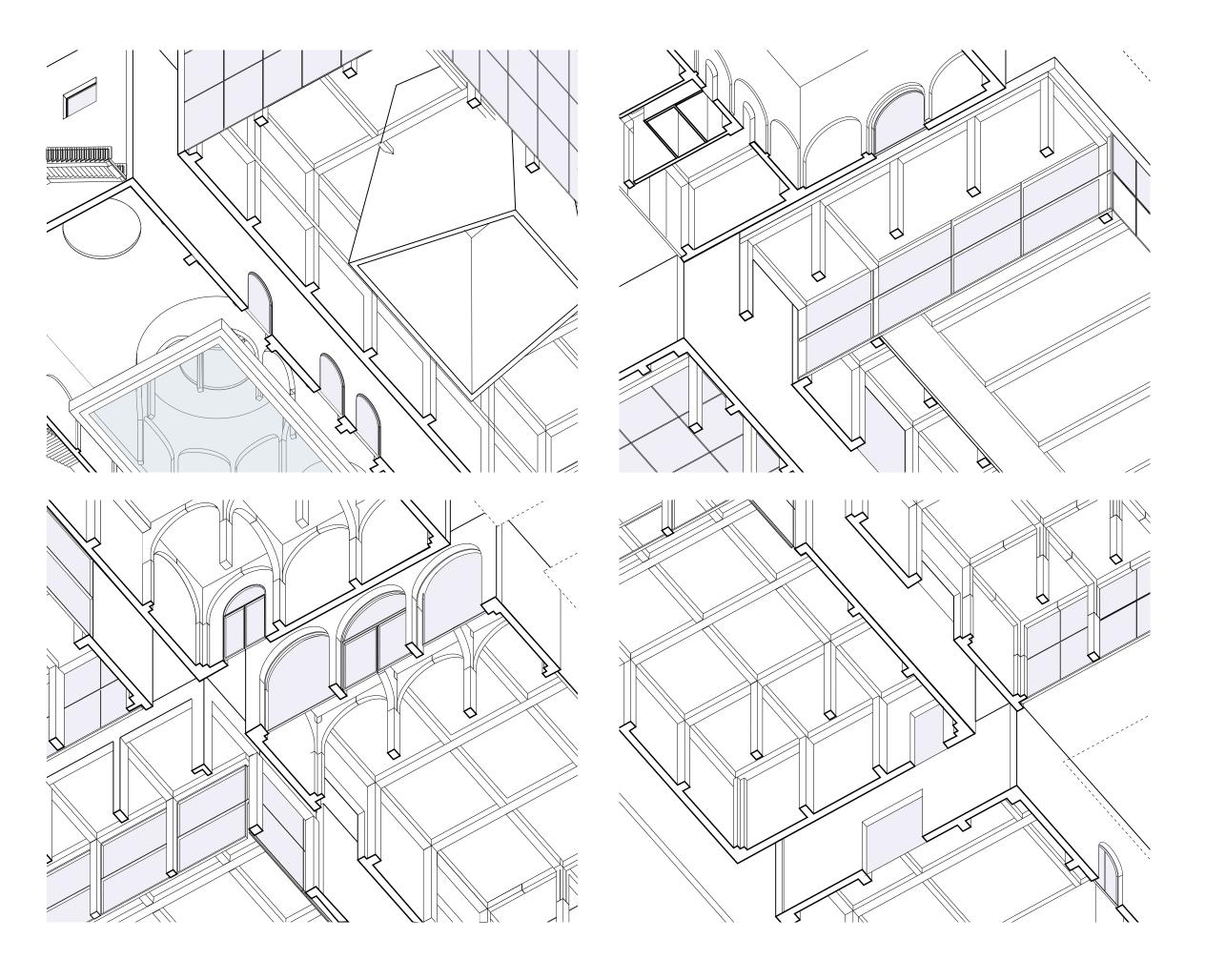


Public Square, outside-inside





Alleyways, Worm's Views

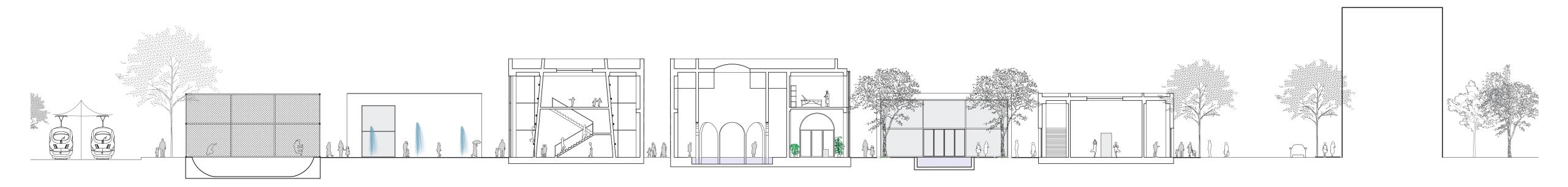


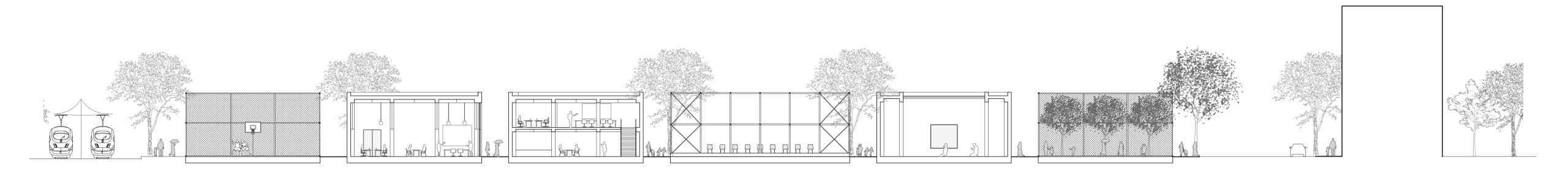


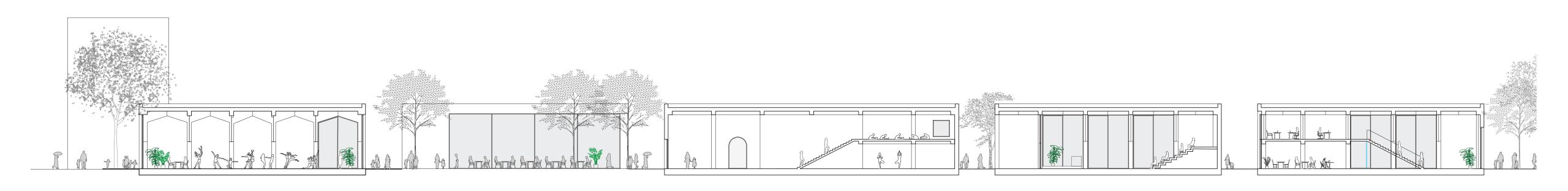
Alleyways, Cooking and Dancing

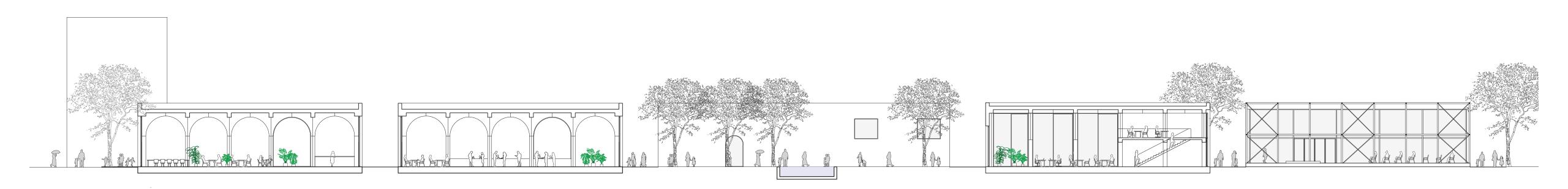


Sections



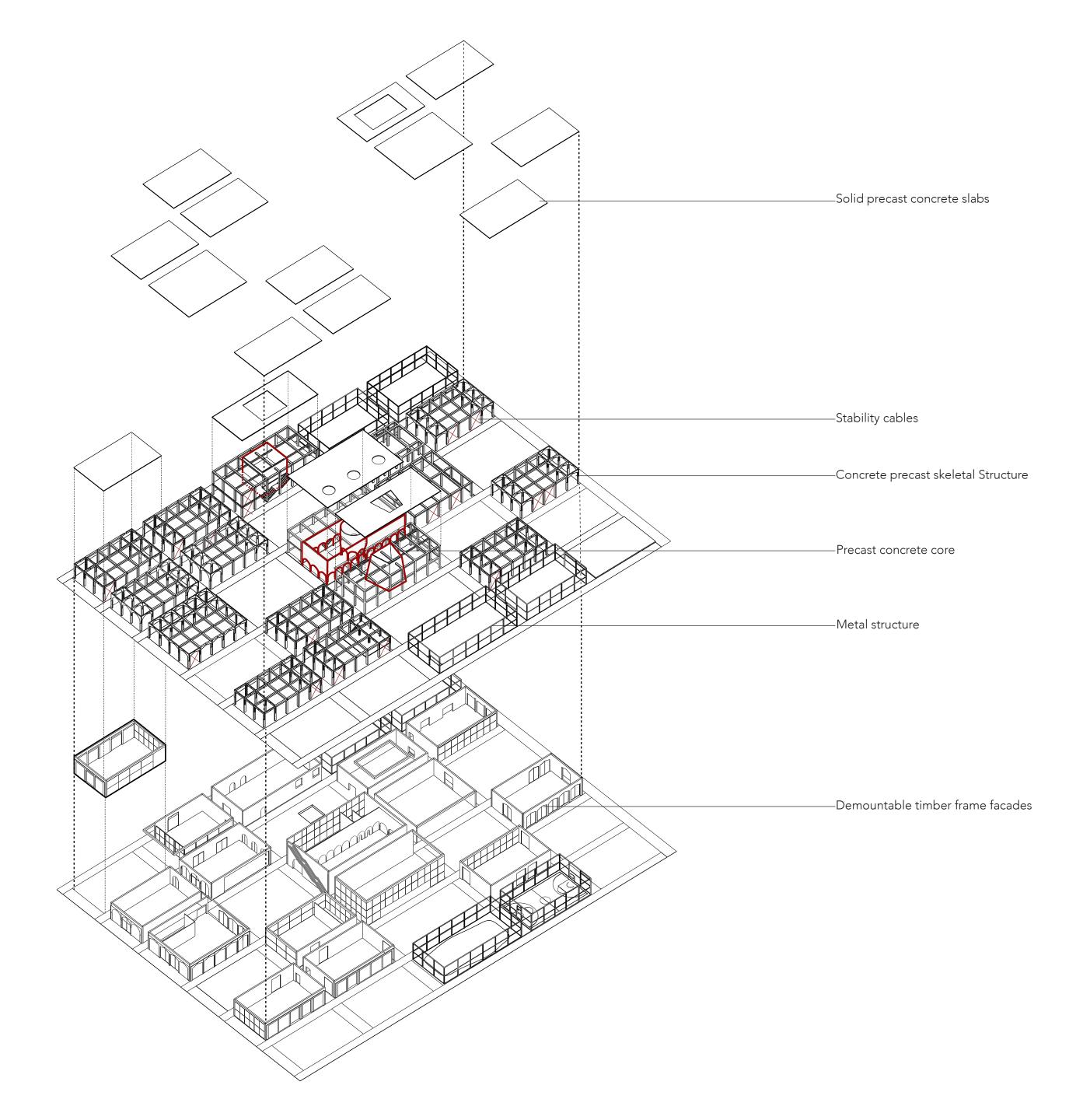




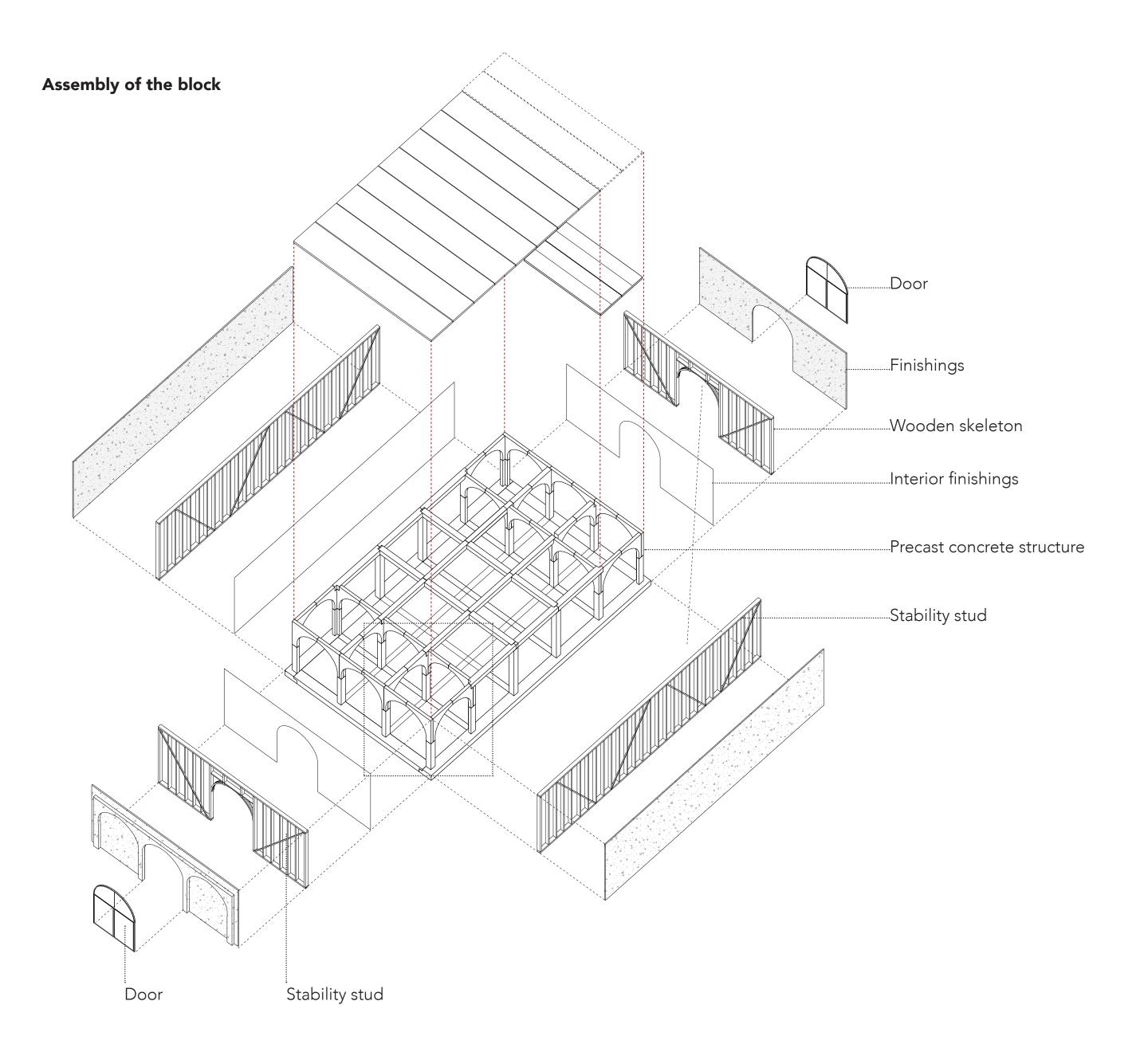




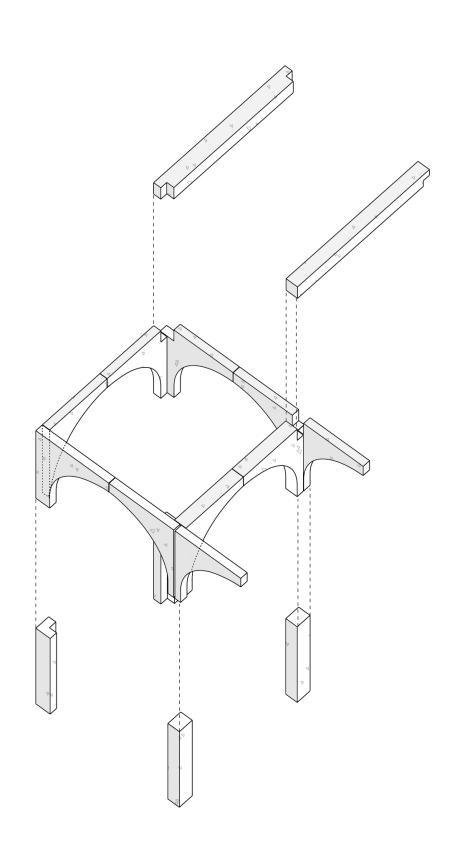
Anotomy of the structure, Scheme



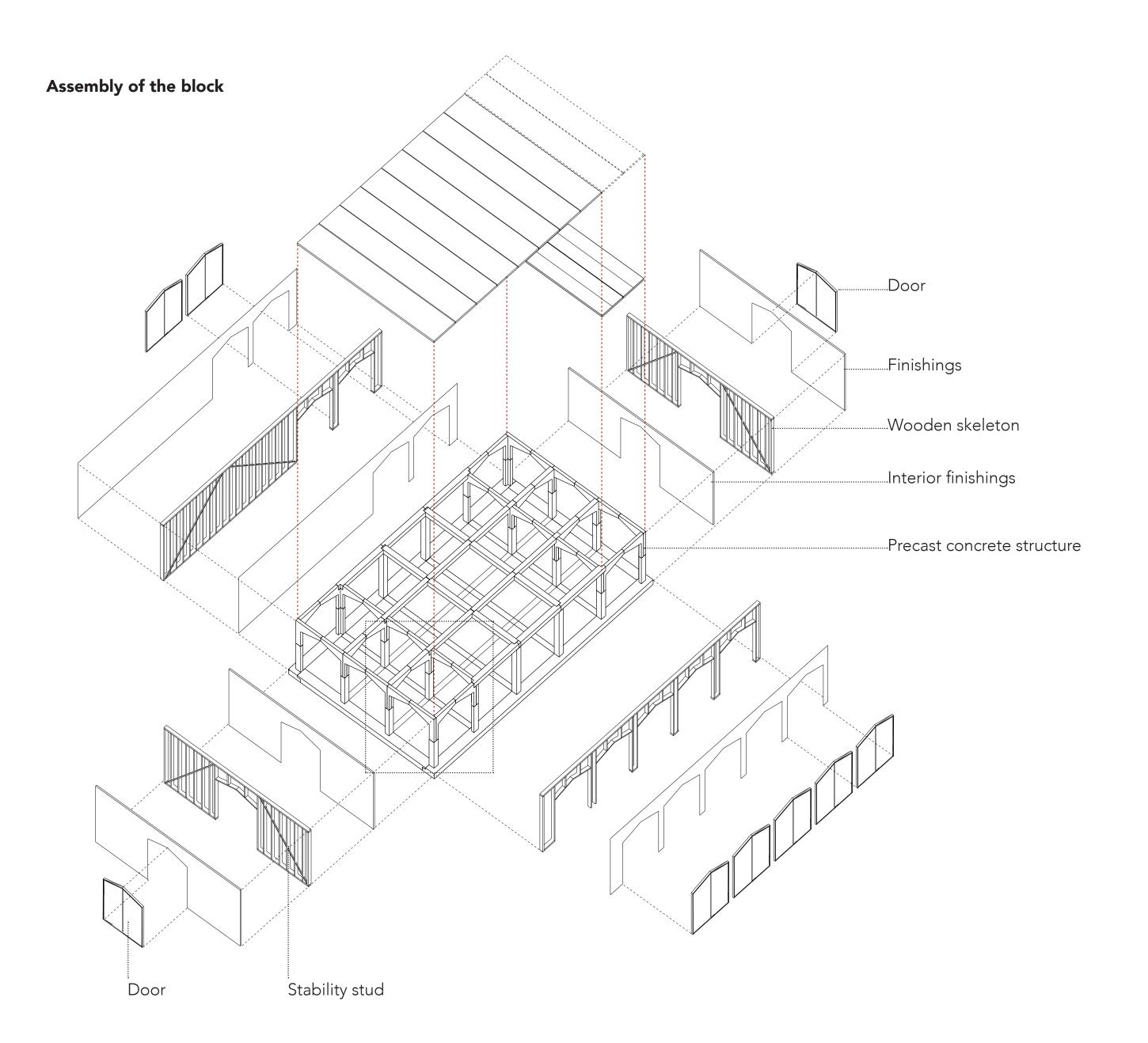
Flexibility and Demountability, Vaulted Character



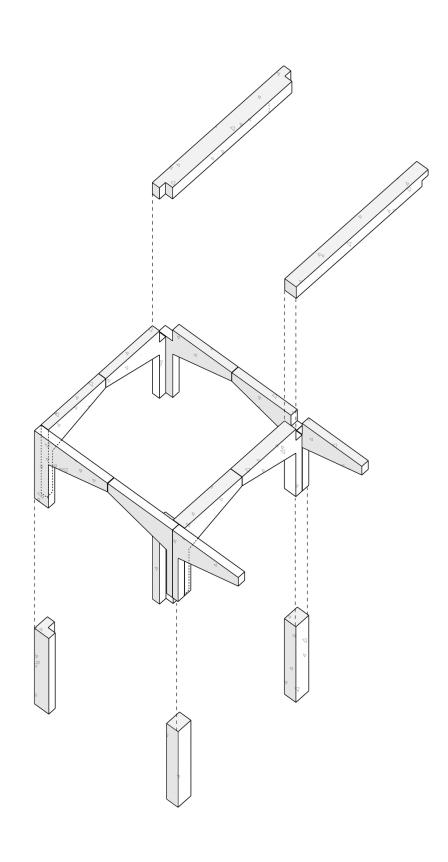
Assembly of the precast concrete elements



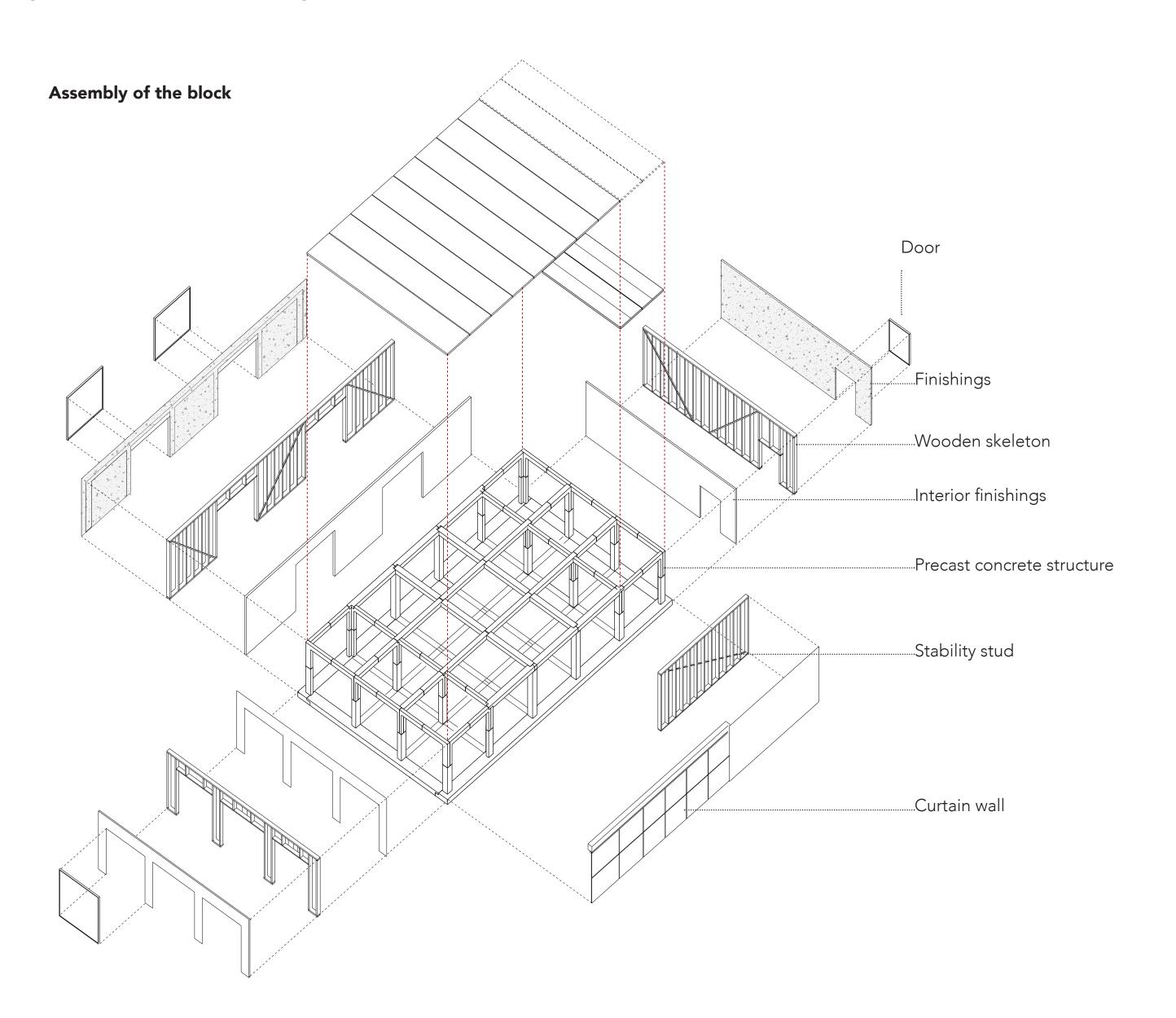
Flexibility and Demountability, Triangular Character



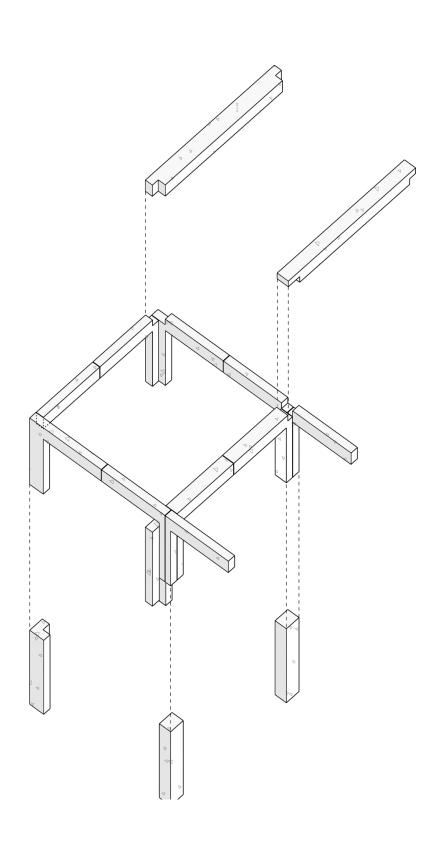
Assembly of the precast concrete elements



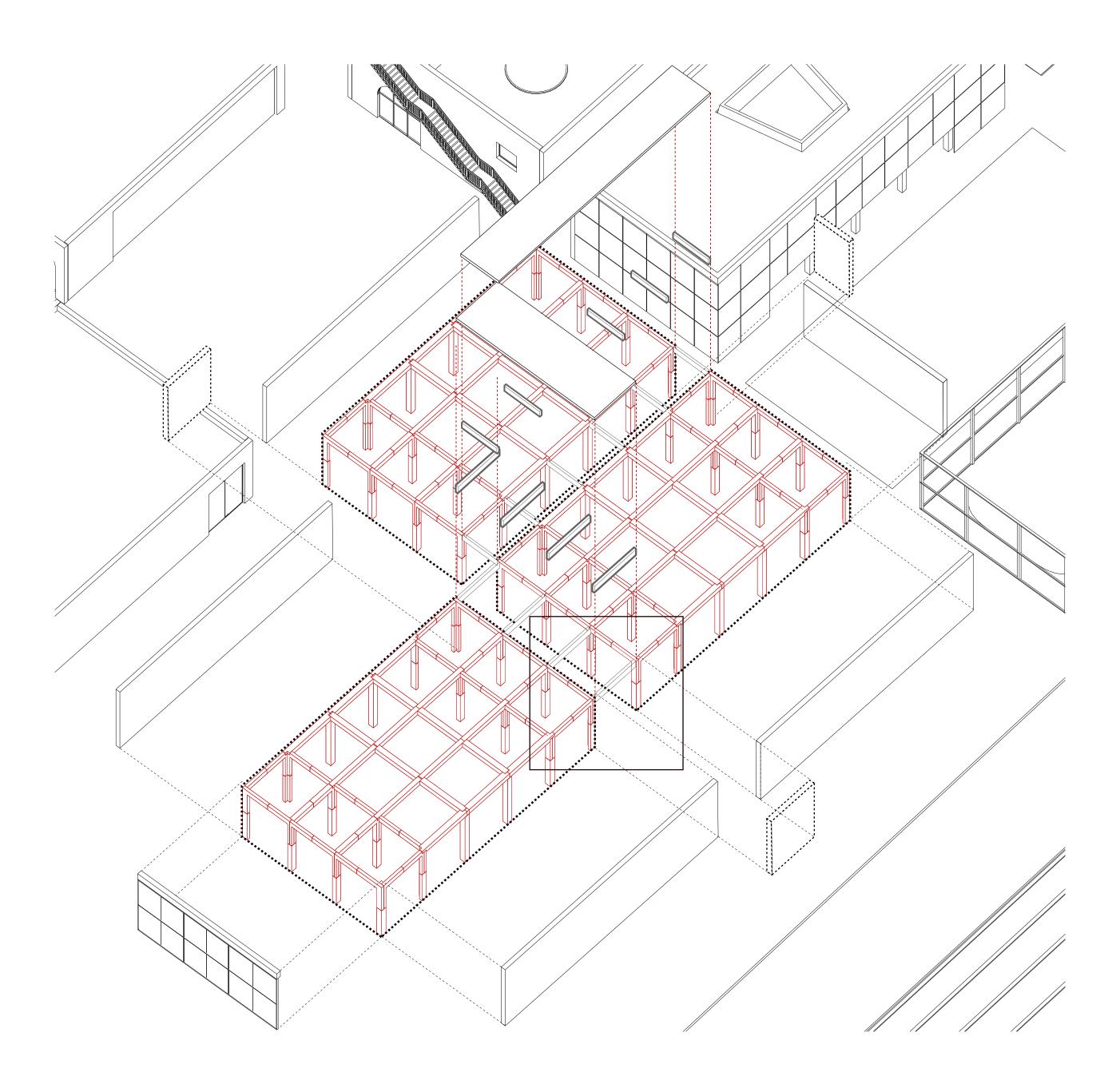
Flexibility and Demountability, Straight Character

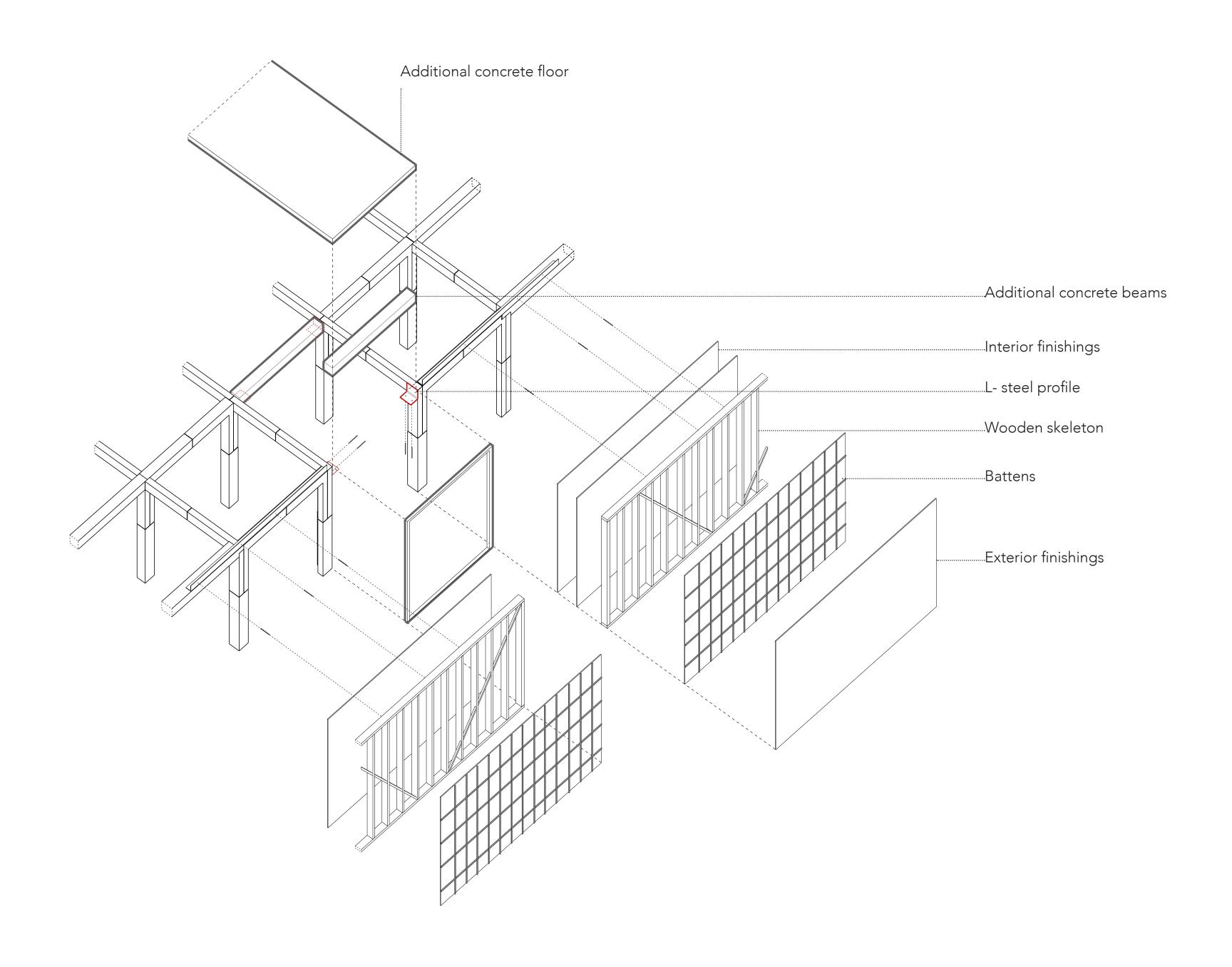


Assembly of the precast concrete elements

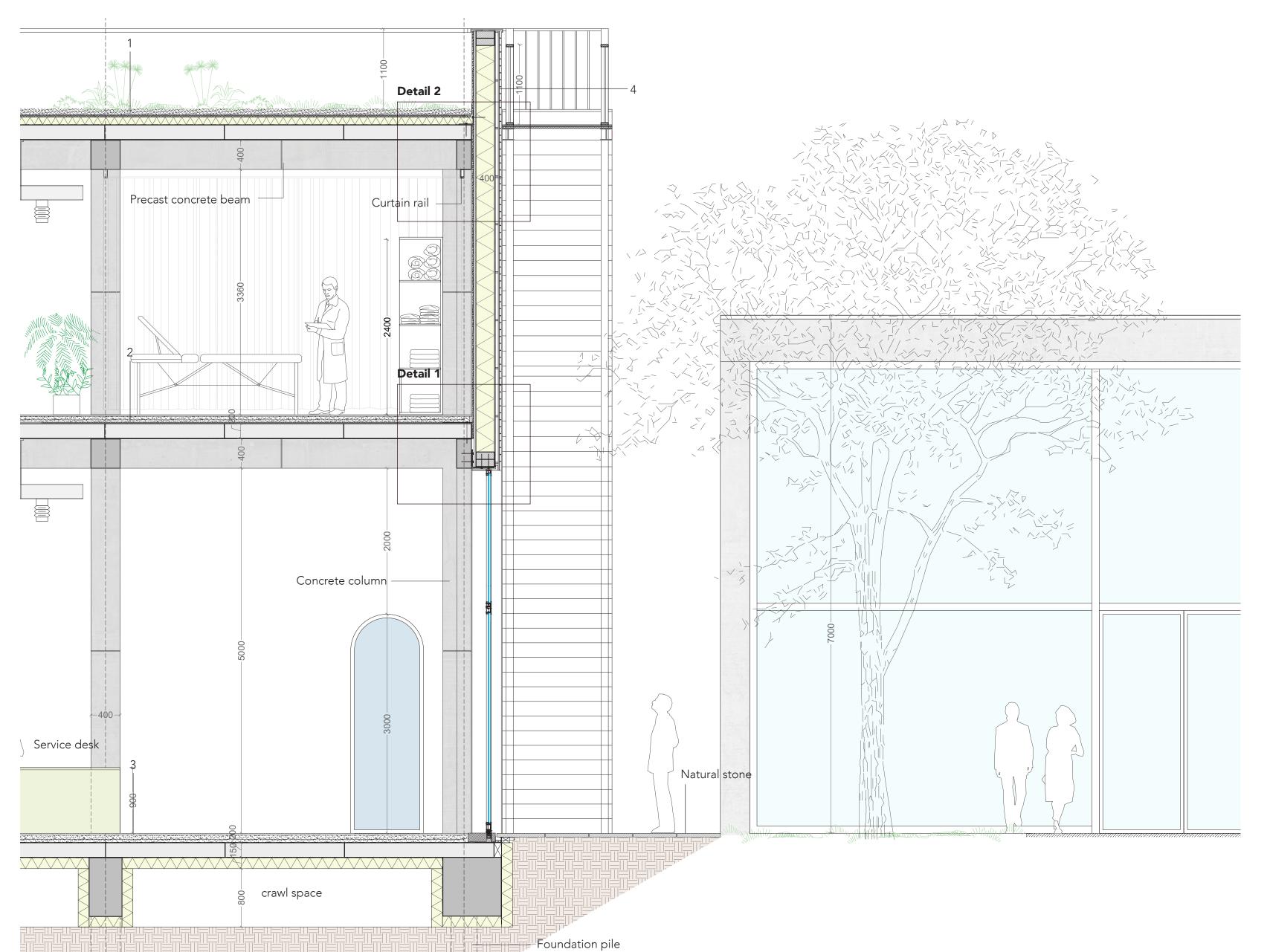


Flexibility, Adaptability





Fragment 1.30



1- Green Roof

Green roof

Massive concrete floor

Acoustic gypsum board

2- Floor (First floor):

Floor Laminate

Sound insulation layer

Screed layer (sand/ cement) or concrete

Heating cables

Precast concrete slaps 20 cm

Acoustic gypsum board

3- Floor (Ground floor):

Floor Laminate

Screed layer (sand/ cement) or concrete

Heating cables

Foli

Precast concrete slaps 20 cm

Foli

Thermal insulation

Crawl space

4- External wall (wooden skeleton):

Block slips 240* 120* 10 mm

Backer board 9 mm

Battens 20*40 mm

Airtight membrance

Oriented strand board 9 mm

Timber stud with mineral wool insulation between them

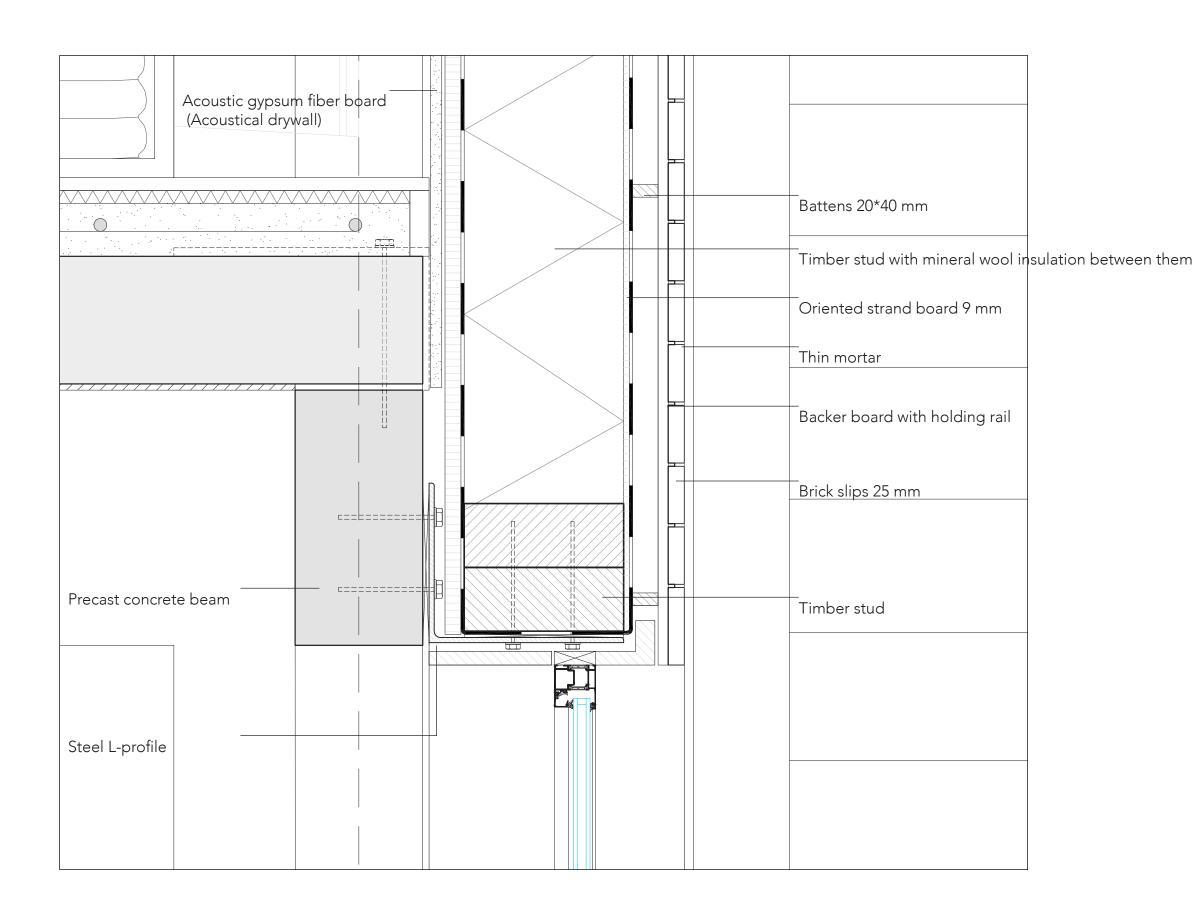
Vapour insulation

Oriented strand board 15 mm

Acoustic gypsum fiber board

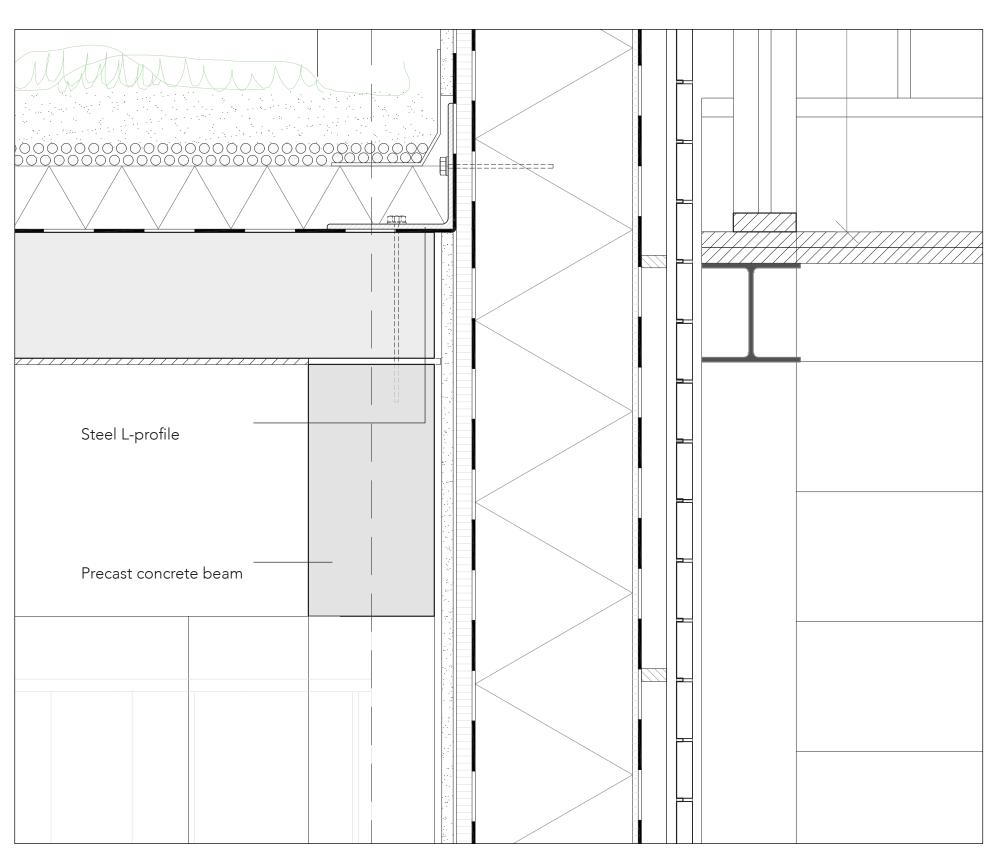
Details 1.5

Detail 1



Detail 2

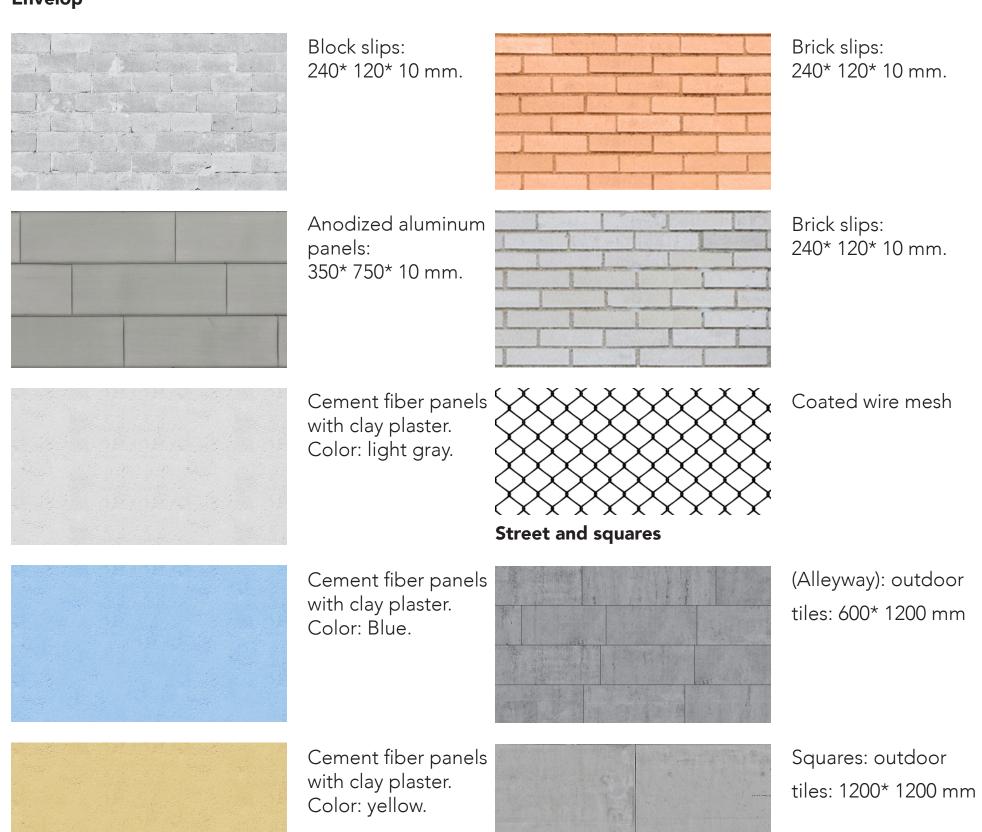
Green roof



Project Materials

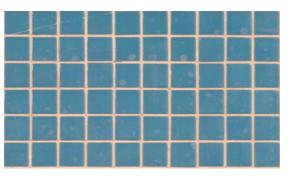
Exterior

Envelop



Interior

Floors



Fountain tile (outside): 150* 150 mm



Concrete cast floor.



Laminate floor



Marble tile: Spa.

Interior finishes



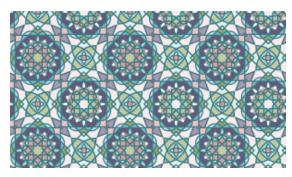
Floor tile Kitchen



Plasterboard wall: Mat white painting



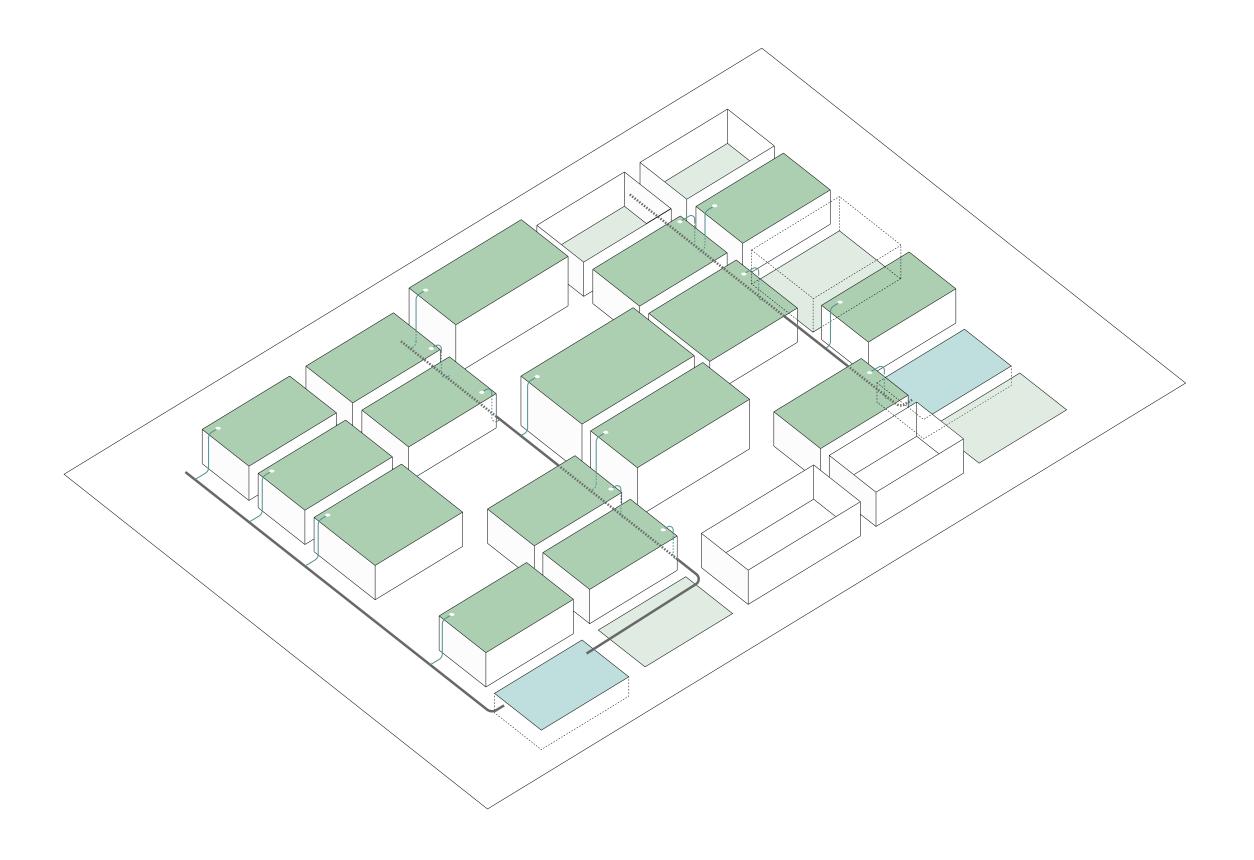
Concrete cast floor.



Vintage wall tile: 200* 200 mm Spa

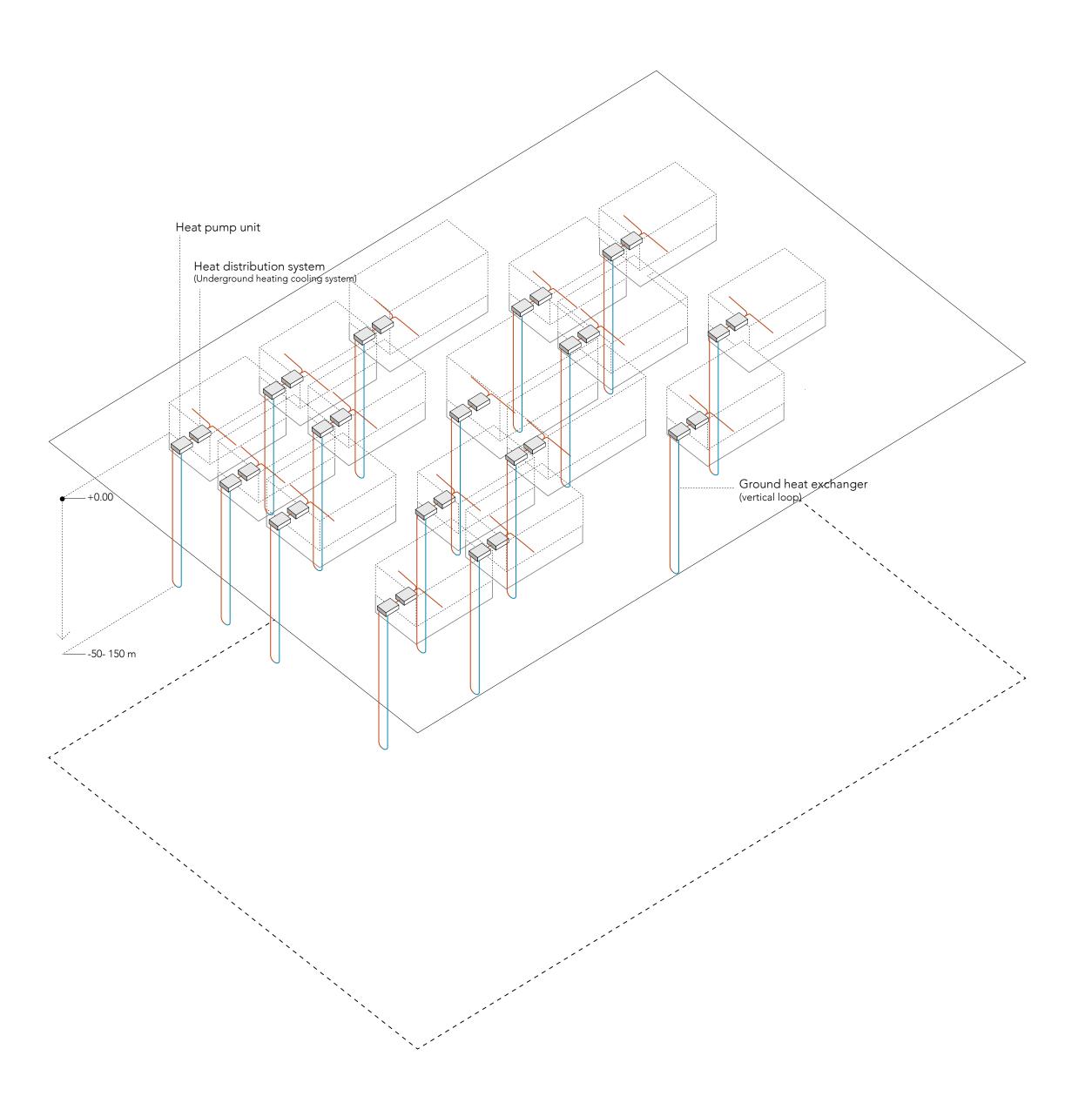
Climate Concept, Green Roof+ Water reservoir

Semi intensive green roof. Better insullation of the building, heavy rainfall runoff



Climate Concept, Ground Source Heat Pumps system (GSHPs)

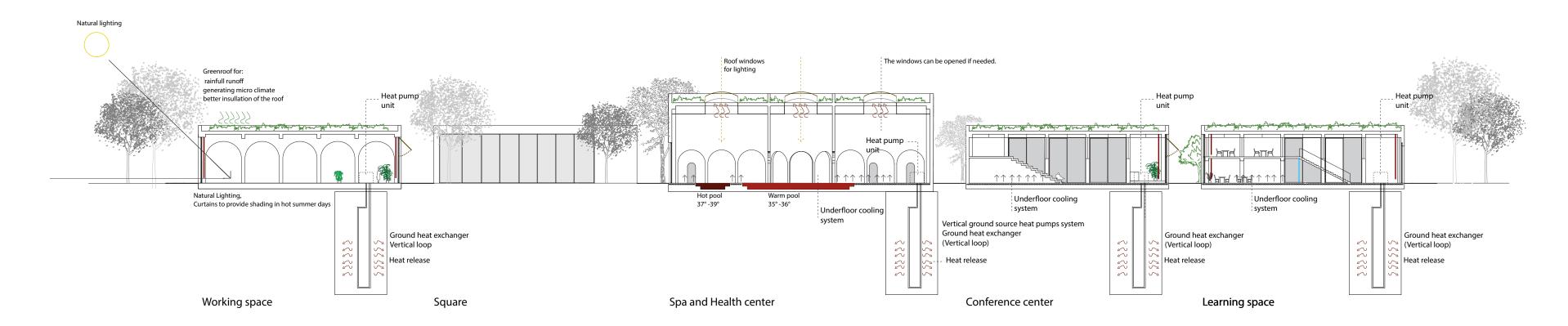
Decenteralized Winter/ summer Cooling and heating system



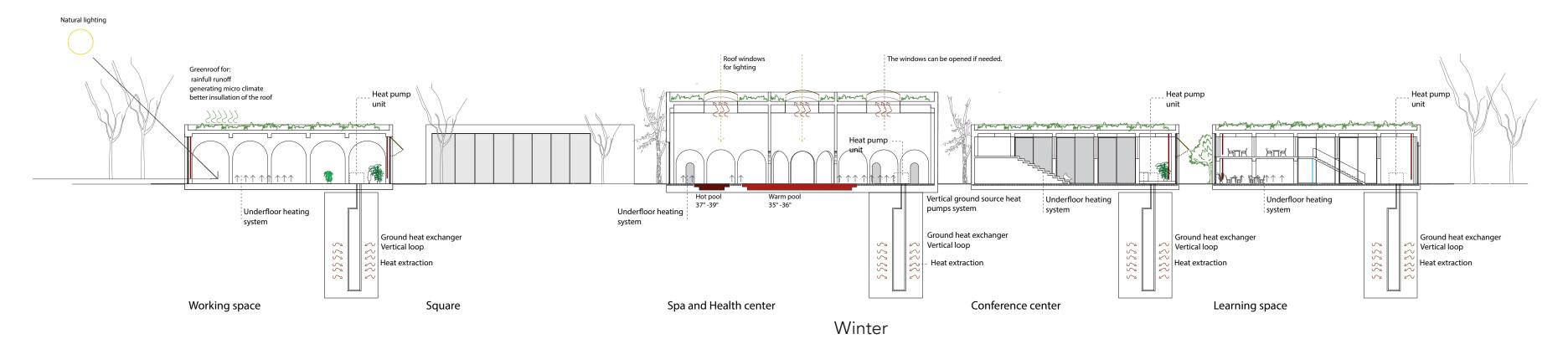
Climate Scheme

Natural lighting and combination of mechanical and natural ventilation, GSHPs

Summer



Winter



Summer

Cooling: Ground source heat pumps to cool down the space in hot summer days. The space are cooled by underfloor cooling system.

Balance mechanical ventilation system with heat recovery:

The spaces are ventilated (provided by fresh air) using mechnical. Yet the the windows are operable in moderate summer day.

In hot summer days, the spaces are totally ventilated by the mechanical system which extracts air from the outside. The incoming air is cooled down before it is delivered to the space. It is done by heat recovery using the outcoming air.

Heating: Ground source heat pumps to heat up the space in winterdays. The space are heated up by underfloor cooling system.

Ventilation with heat recovery:

Balance mechnical ventilation D (mechanical air discharge and mechanical air supply)

The spaces are totally ventilated (provided by fresh air) using a balance mechnical system D.

The air is extracted from outside and heated up through (Heat Exchanger) by the discharged warm air form the inside before it is delivered to the space.

So, incoming air needs less energy to be heated up.



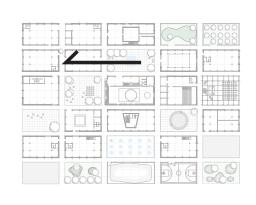
Along Melis Stokelaan





Alleyway







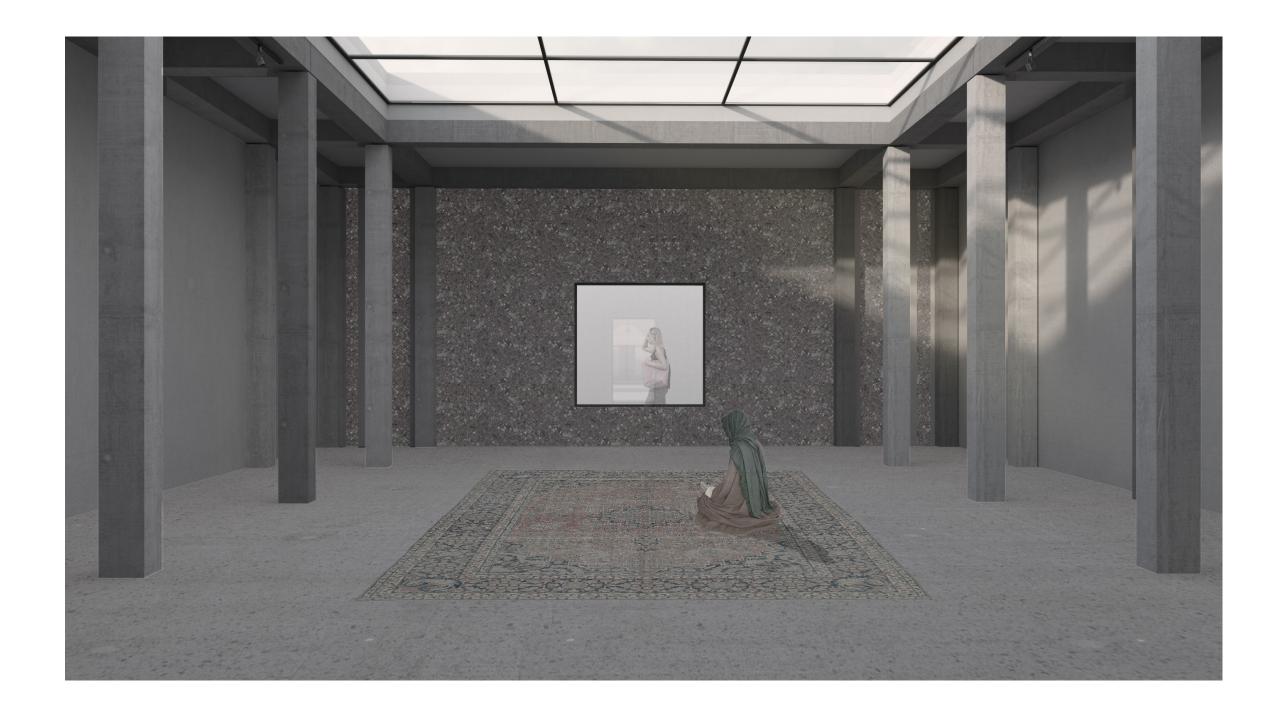


Hammam





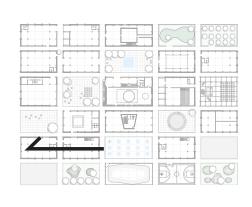
Religious Space





Workshop space





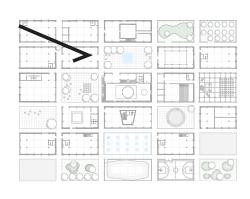
Gym





Kitchen





Public Condenser, Urban Complex

