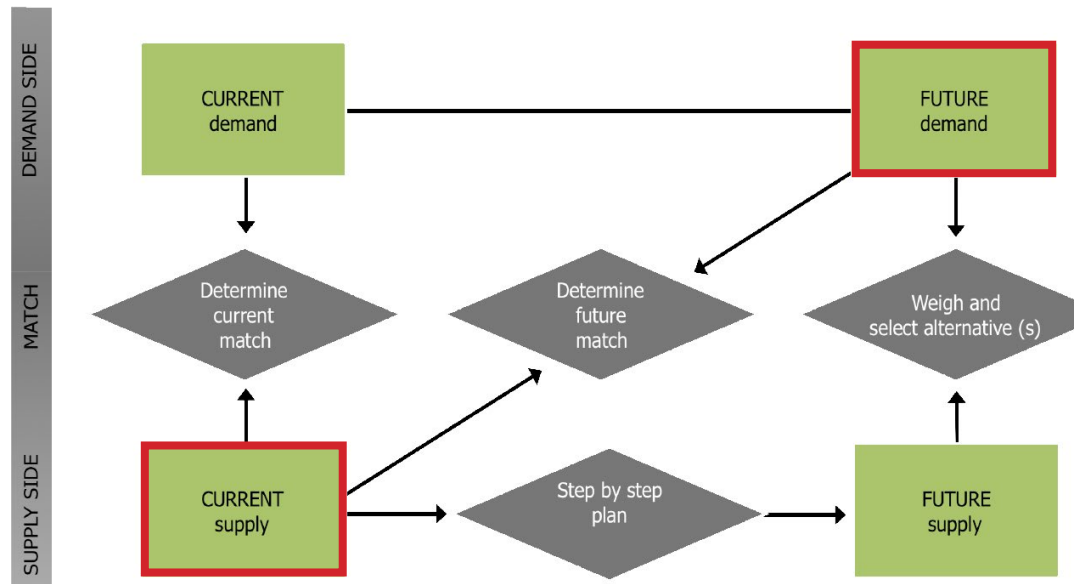




Economic feasibility of prefabricated solutions in healthcare design and construction industry.

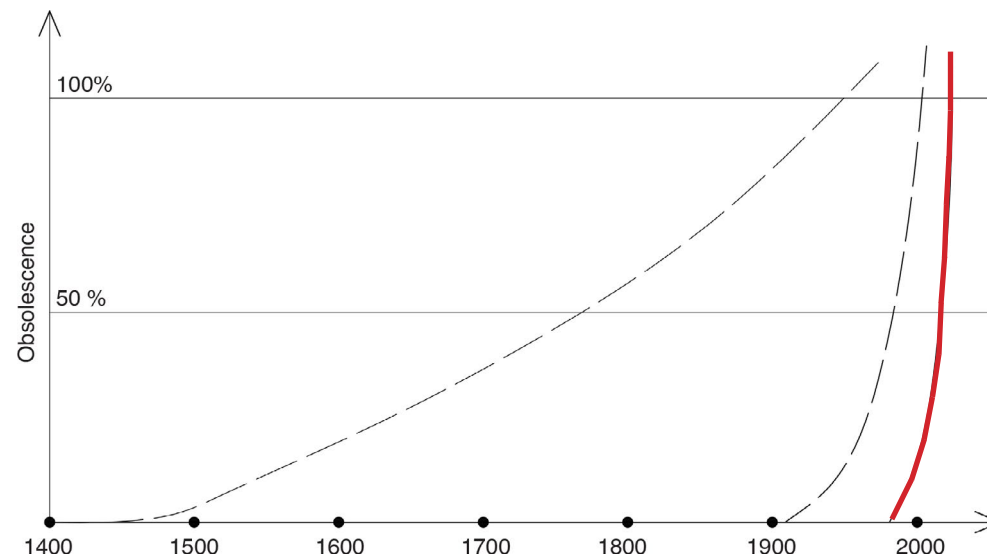
P5 presentation
Ivan Moiseenko
June, 26th, 2017

01. Problem analysis



(Source: De Jonge, 2016)

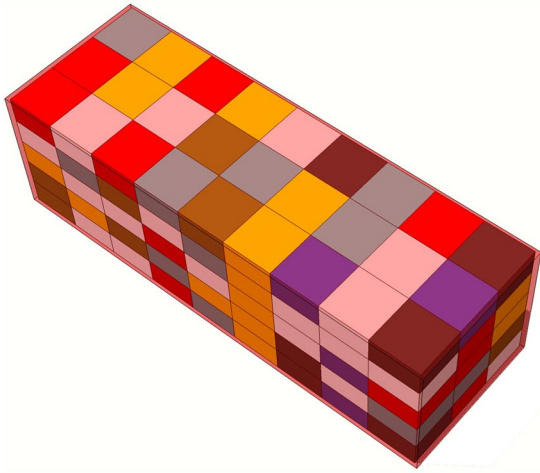
Current supply \neq Future demand in modern hospitals



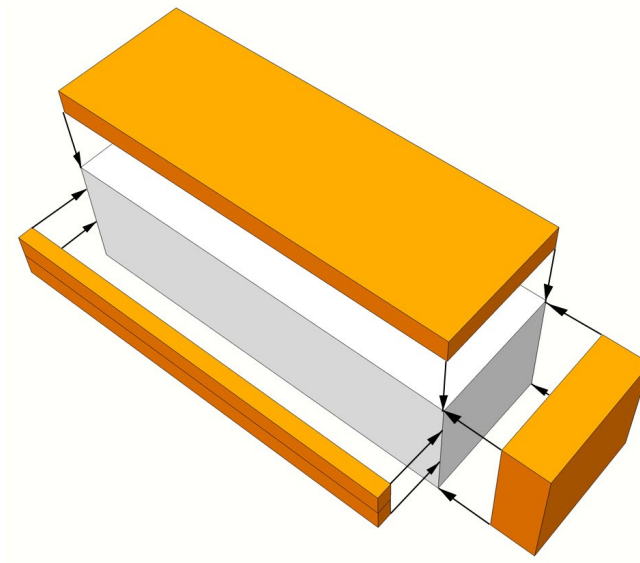
(Source: Capolongo et al, 2012)

Modern hospital obsolescence = 10 years

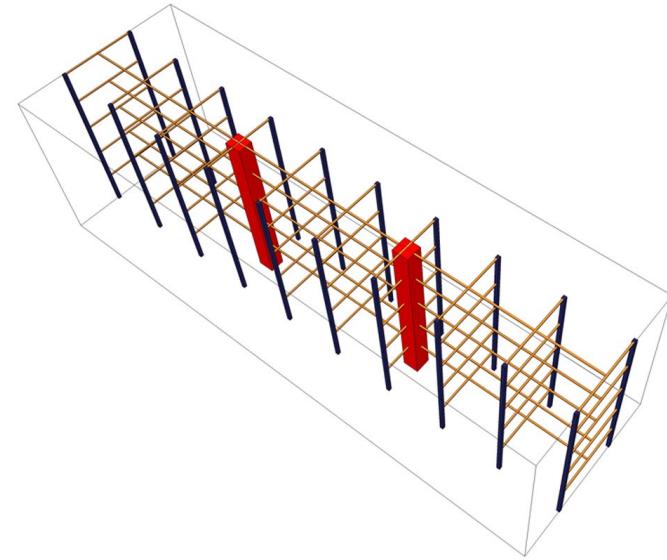
Flexibility as a strategy for unstable hospital environment



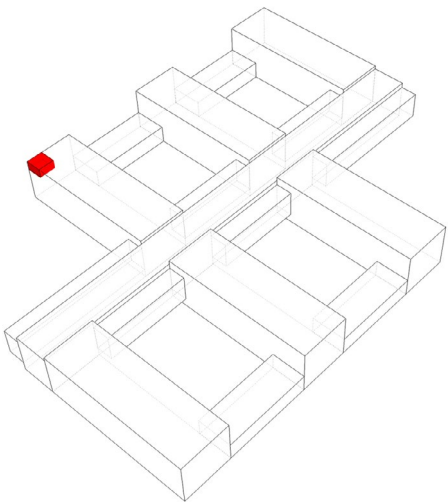
Constant surface flexibility



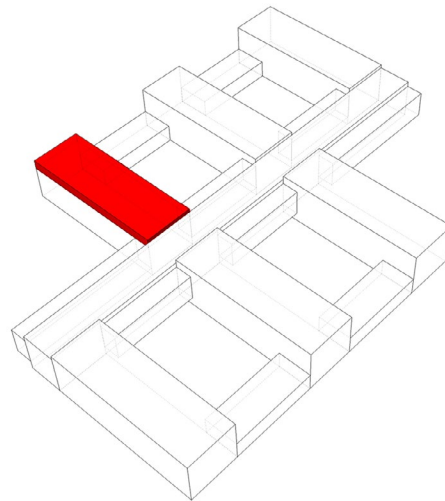
Variable surface flexibility



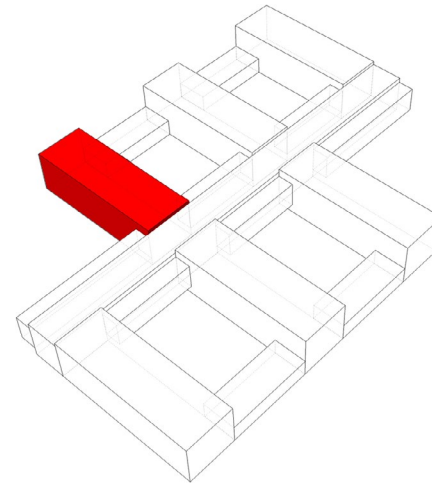
Operational flexibility



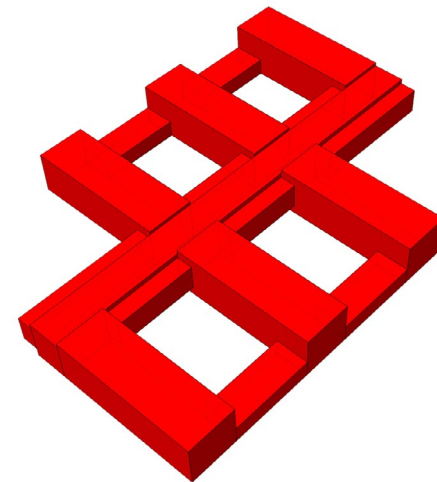
Individual room



Floor level

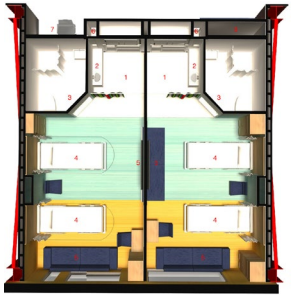


Bulding level



Hospital complex

Individual room



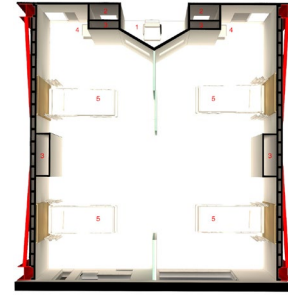
2 double-patient wards



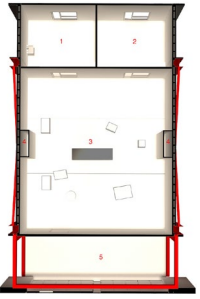
Practitioner office



Practitioner office with movable wall



Intensive care unit

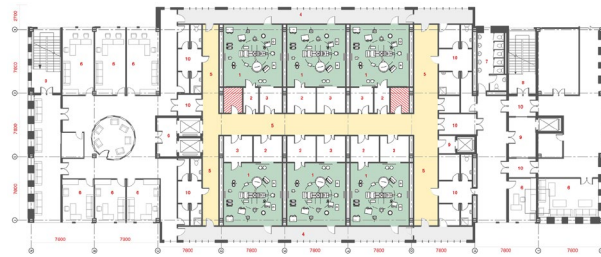


Surgery room

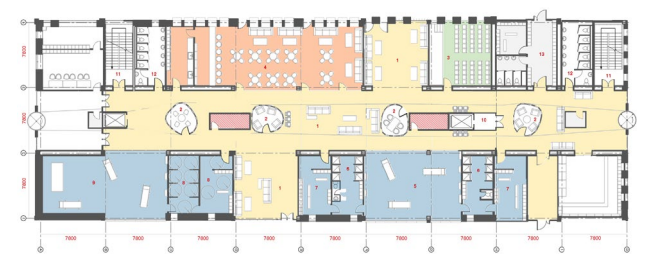
Functional floor



Ward floor

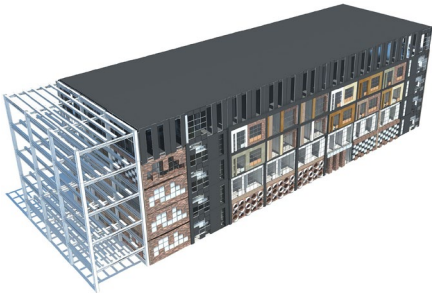


Surgery floor



Healthcare related facilities floor

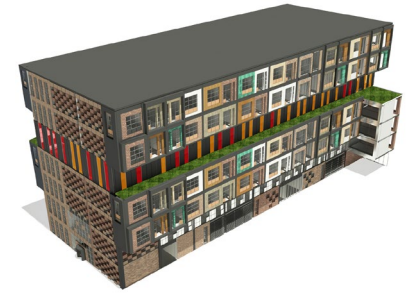
Building level



5-storey building block

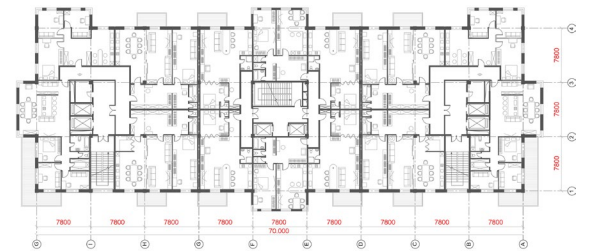
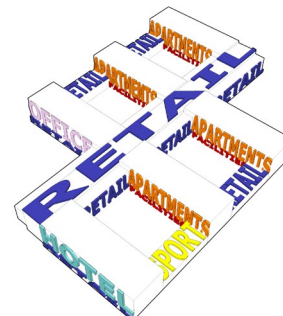
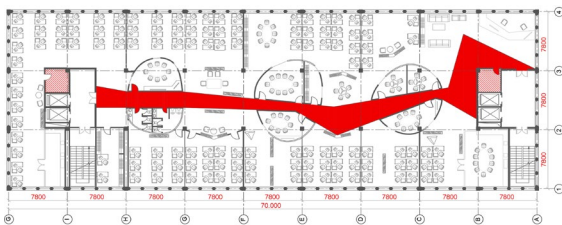


5-storey building block with hang cantilevered modules



7-storey building block with hang cantilevered modules

Hospital complex



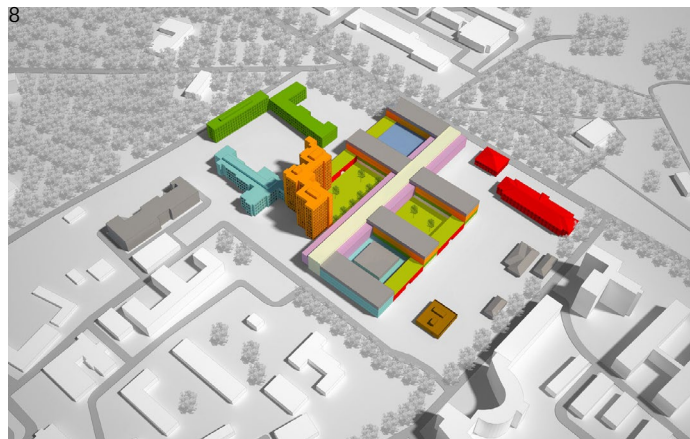
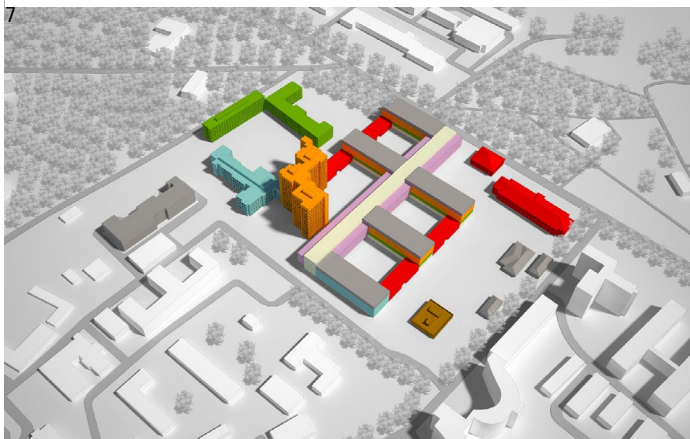
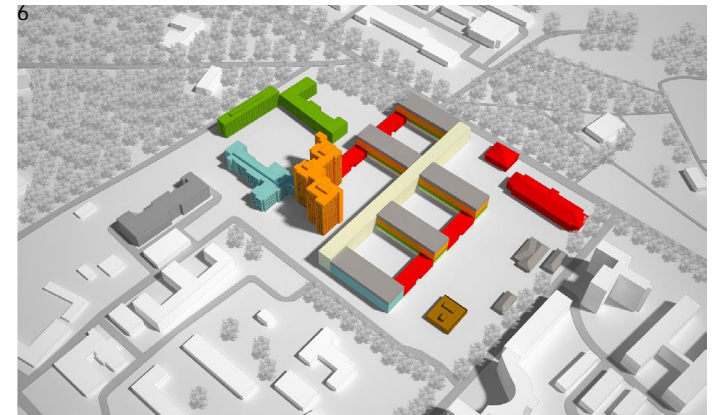
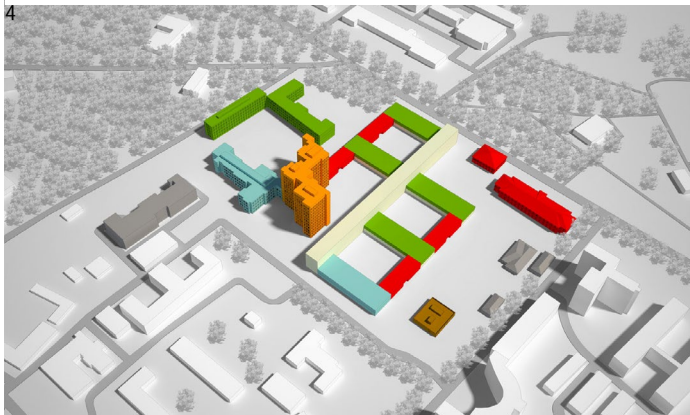
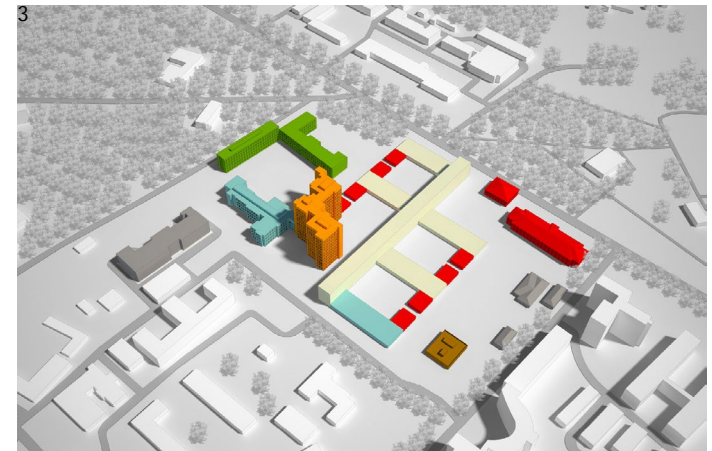
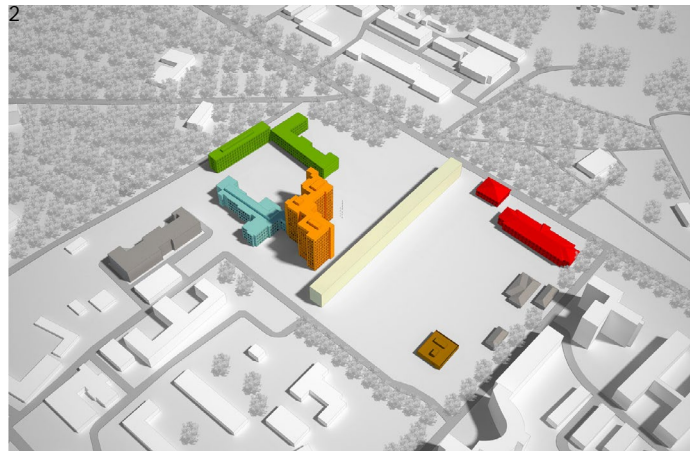
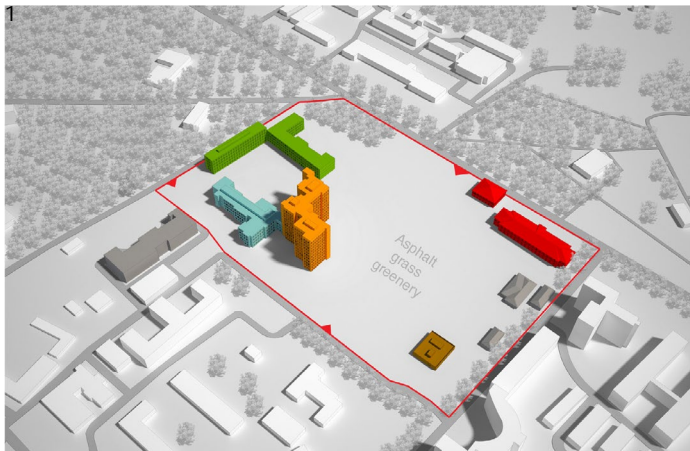
Conversion of hospital complex into multi-functional residential complex

Modular construction as an answer to hospital flexibility

- High speed of construction, quick start of exploitation
- Quick respond to current hospital spatial needs
- Zero waste based on Lean management
- Factory installations of equipment
- Higher quality final product
- Maintain of the building during entire life cycle
- Reduction of on-site work
- Customizable layout



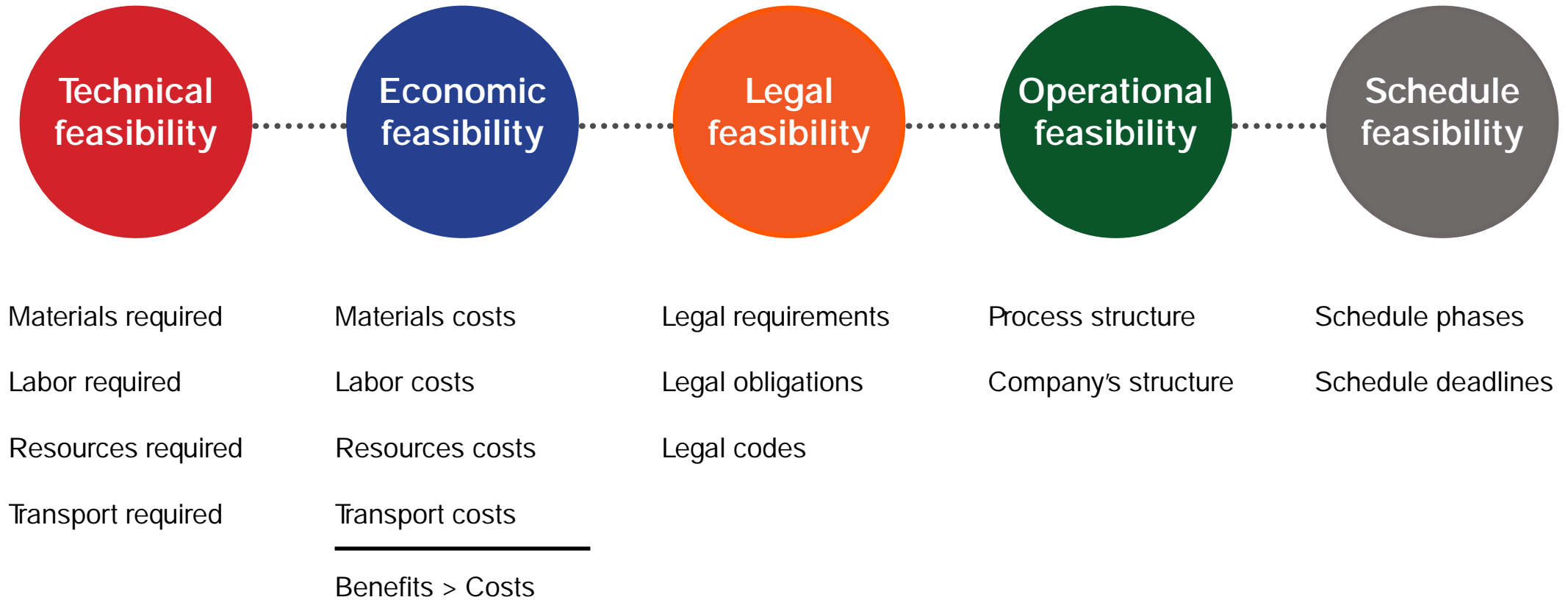
Cadolto modular hospital



Healthcare related facilities
 Administration
 Polyclinic
 Wards
 Research facilities
 Surgery block
 Nutrition unit
 Technical facilities
 Internal green yards
 Visitors' hotel
 Office



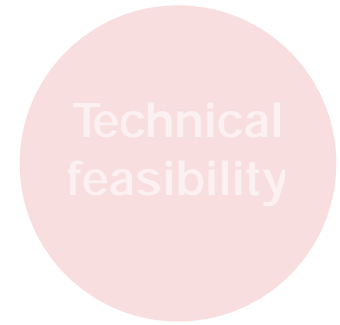
Feasibility study concept



Feasibility study:

The degree to which the economic advantages of something to be made, done, or achieved are greater than the economic costs

Feasibility study concept



- Materials required
- Labor required
- Resources required
- Transport required



- Materials costs
- Labor costs
- Resources costs
- Transport costs

- Benefits > Costs



- Legal requirements
- Legal obligations
- Legal codes



- Process structure
- Company's structure



- Schedule phases
- Schedule deadlines

The main goals of the research



Materials costs

Process structure

Labor costs

Company's structure

Resources costs

Transport costs

Benefits > Costs



- Identify possible time savings in modular construction process



- Identify possible cost savings in modular construction process

02. Research questions and research design

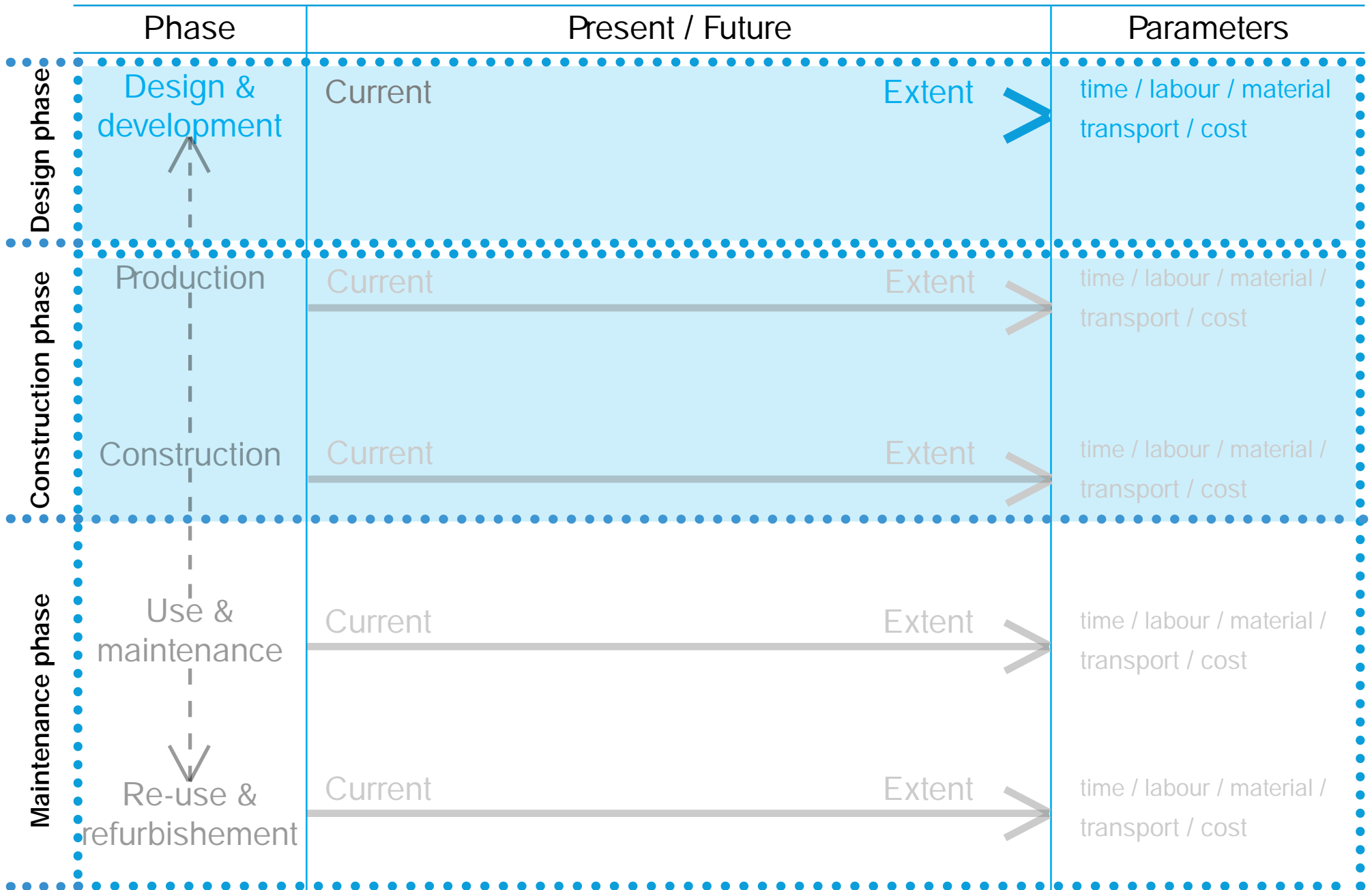
Main research question of the project:

To which extent are prefab solutions in healthcare design and construction processes are more economically feasible than traditional methods?

Sub-questions:

- **To what extent is prefab used in current situation in healthcare sector?**
- **To what extent is enlarging the amount of prefab elements feasible considering the design and construction process?**
- **Which parts of the healthcare facilities are mostly suitable for implementation prefab solutions in a cost-effective way?**

Conceptual model of the research



Phasing of the research

Theoretical part (P1 - P2)

Phase 1:

In-depth literature study, analysis of modular construction process
(literature review, semi-structured interviews)

Empirical part (P3 - P4)

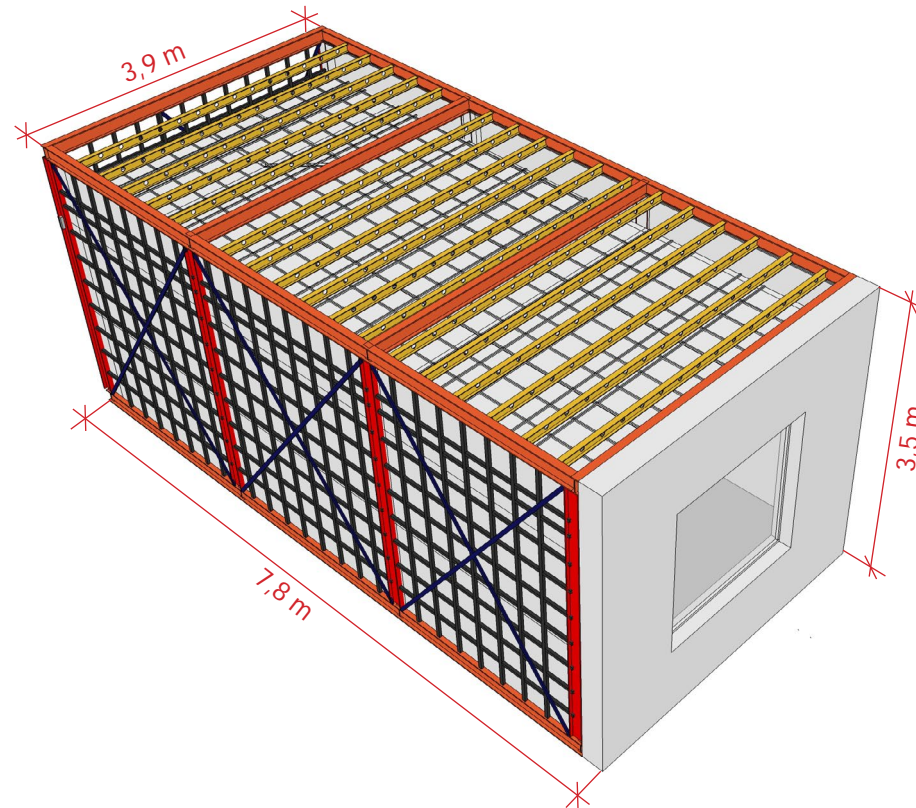
Phase2:

Assessment of time and cost savings in modular construction
in 3 main phases of hospital life cycle: design, construction and maintenance



Final product of the research

Summary of time and cost savings in modular construction as %
from conventional building process



Standard module is taken for the analysis

Limitations of the research

- Limited data regarding prices and costs of medical equipment
- Limited data regarding manufacturing process of the modules
- Costs of the number of parameters are educated guess

03. Results of literature survey

Lean management and circular economy are main components of modular production

Flow of the "Reuse system house"



Old house

All Heim and Toyou Homes can be accepted as trade-ins to build a new Sekisui Heim.



Ecological demolition work

The demolished house is transported to a special factory unit by unit, meaning the amount of waste and environmental load can be minimized.



Transporting to the factory

The transportation system used to carry the units to a factory is similar to that of new products, meaning the quality can be thoroughly maintained.



Inspection and renewal

Strict quality inspection and maintenance work are meticulously applied to every unit for the reuse.



New members

Inspected units are furnished with new members, such as a water section and outer and inner finishing.



Exports from the factory

Renewal units are finally inspected in a way similar to that of new products and transported to other customer's building sites.



Transportation to the site

The renewal units are used to build a "Reuse system house" on a new foundation in a different site. The methods used for the transportation and construction of the "Reuse system house" are thoroughly the same methods as those applied to a new building.



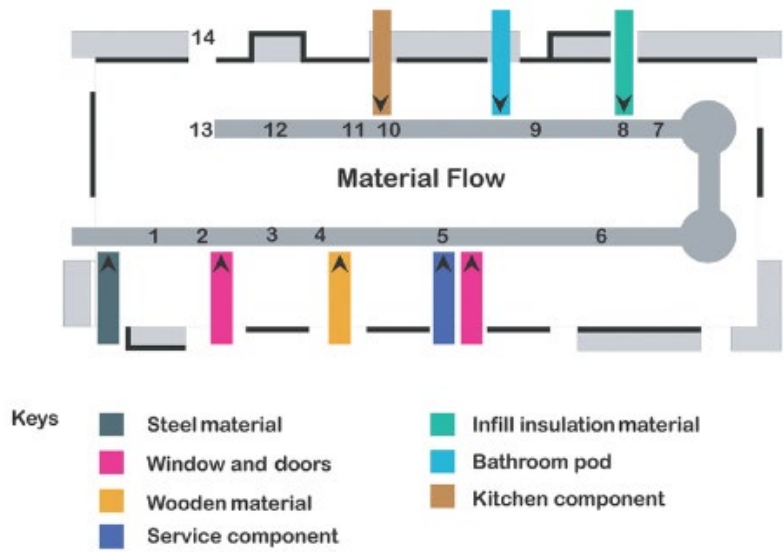
Reuse house



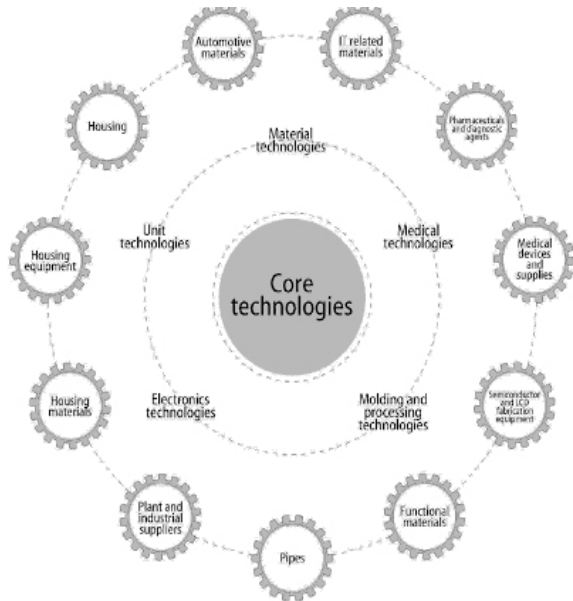
(Source: www.sekisuiheim.com)

Sekisui Heim lean management system

Factory production chain in modular construction. Japan case study



Factory layout

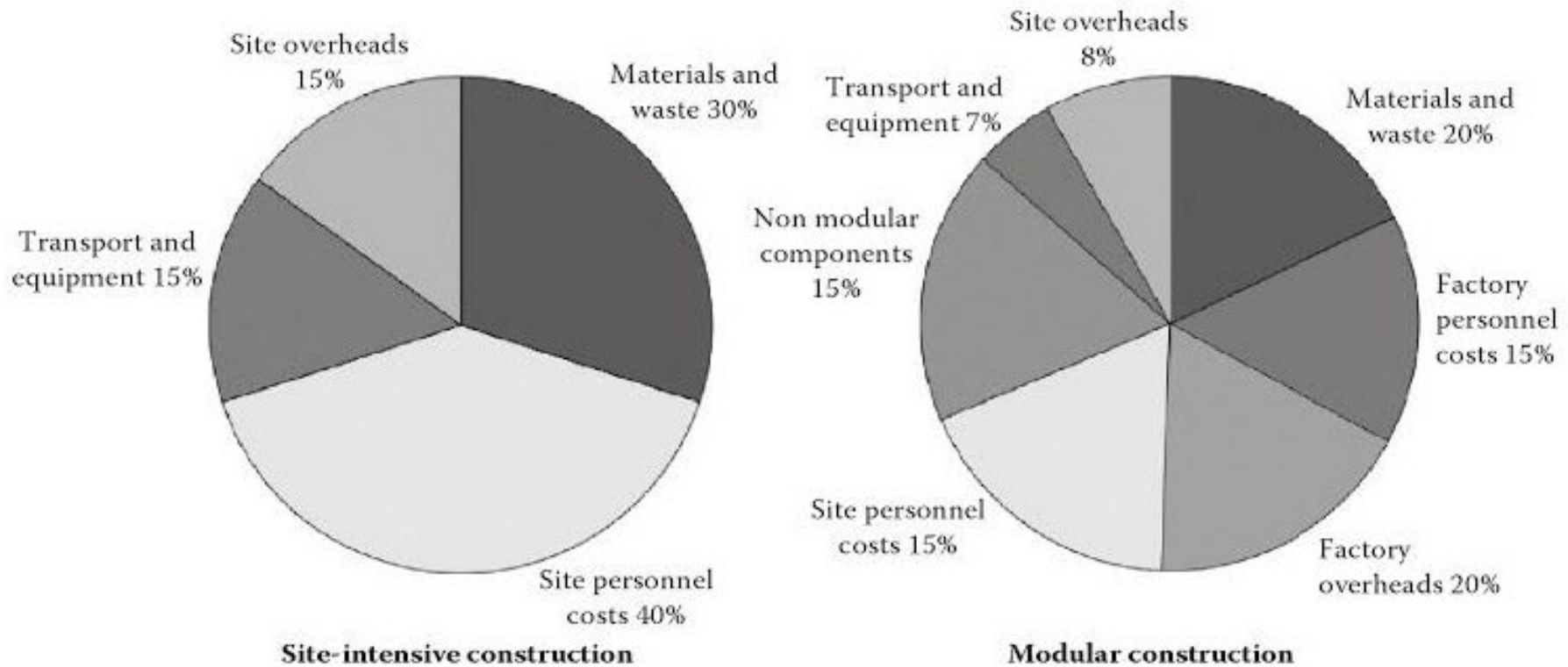


Linear assembly lines



Static assembly lines

Costs and time in modular construction



<i>Benefit of modular construction</i>	<i>Cost savings relative to site-intensive construction</i>
Site preliminaries	5–8%
Client's consultant fees	3–4%
Snagging reduction	1–2%
Financial savings due to speed of construction	2–5%
Total savings as proportion of the total building cost	11–19%

50 % time savings in modular construction

(Source: Lawson, M et al, Design in modular construction, 2014)

Risks in modular construction

Table 18.3 Summary of perceived risks for various forms of construction

Process stage	Risk description	Brick and block	Open panel	Hybrid	Modular
Planning	Unpredictable planning decisions			○	○
Preconstruction	Late appointment of supplier		○	●	●
Preconstruction	Lack of standardisation possible in the manufactured components		○	●	●
Detail design	Design changes after placement of order		○	●	●
Construction	Foundation inaccuracy affects installation		○	●	●
Construction	On-site components may be incompatible with manufactured components			○	●
Construction	Quality and accuracy problems	○			
Construction	Price fluctuations during construction	●			
Construction	Delays due to bad weather	●	○		
Construction	Lack of trade skills on site	●	○		
Construction	Service installation faults	●	○		
Construction	Health and safety hazards	●	○		
Occupation	Completed construction not to specification	●	○		
Occupation	Defects at handover or in liability period	●	○		

Source: National Audit Office, *Using Modern Methods of Construction to Build More Homes Quickly and Efficiently*, 2005.

Note: ● = high risk, ○ = medium risk.

(Source: Lawson, M et al, *Design in modular construction*, 2014)

04. Design phase

Off-site or on-site?

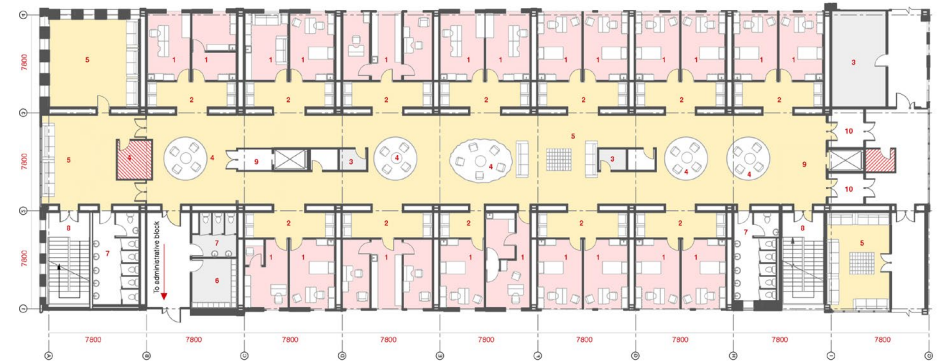
Parameter	4-sided modules	Partially open-sided modules	Open-sided modules
Flexibility (max united space)	3,9 x 16 m	3,9 x 16 m	12 x 12 m
Max length	16 m	16 m	12 m
Depth of main horizon. beams	150 - 200 mm	300 - 450 mm	300 - 450 mm
Depth of combined floor and ceiling	300 - 450 mm	300 - 450 mm	600 - 800 mm
Crossection of main columns	70 - 100 mm	70 - 100 mm	100 - 160 mm
Thikness of longitudinal walls	65 - 100 mm	100 mm with additional bracing	100 mm with additional bracing
Max height of the building	2 - 25 floors (combined with concrete or steel core)	6 - 10 floors	up to 10 floors
Max height of the module	3,6 m	3,5 m	3,5 m



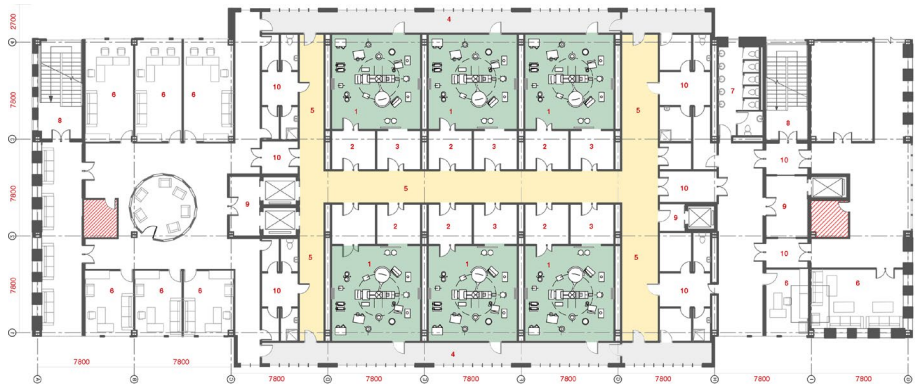
Program of the hospital affects the choice



Ward floor



Polyclinic floor

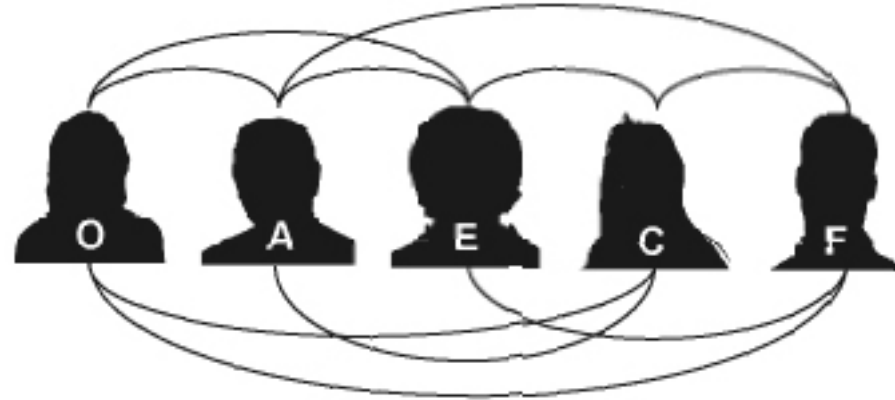
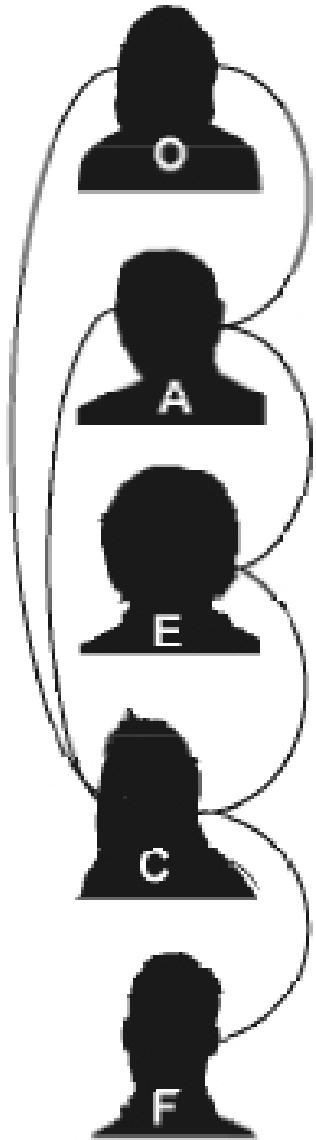


Surgery floor



Public / office floor

Procurement process. Vertical vs horizontal



O - owner

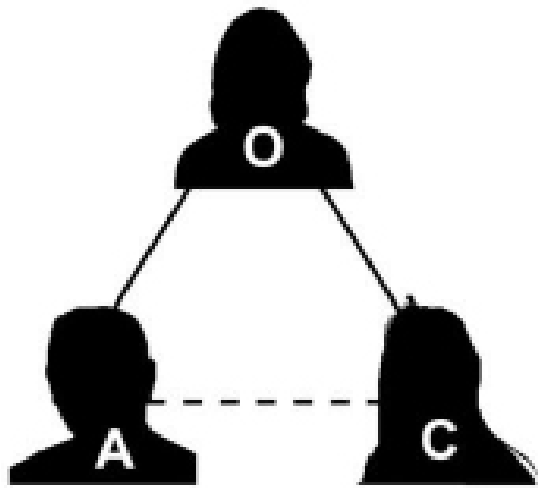
A - architect

C - contractor

E - engineer

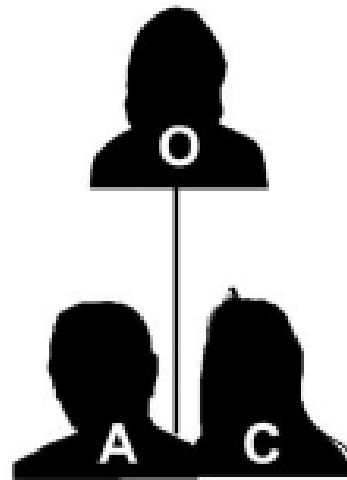
F - fabricant (manufacturer)

Procurement process. The earlier the better.



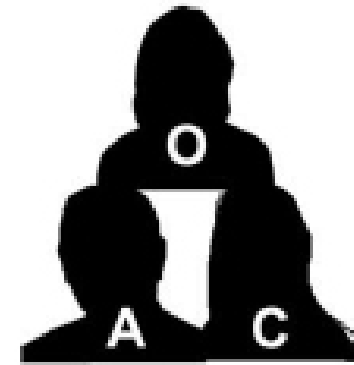
DBB

Design Bid Built



DB

Design Built



IPD

Integrative Project Delivery

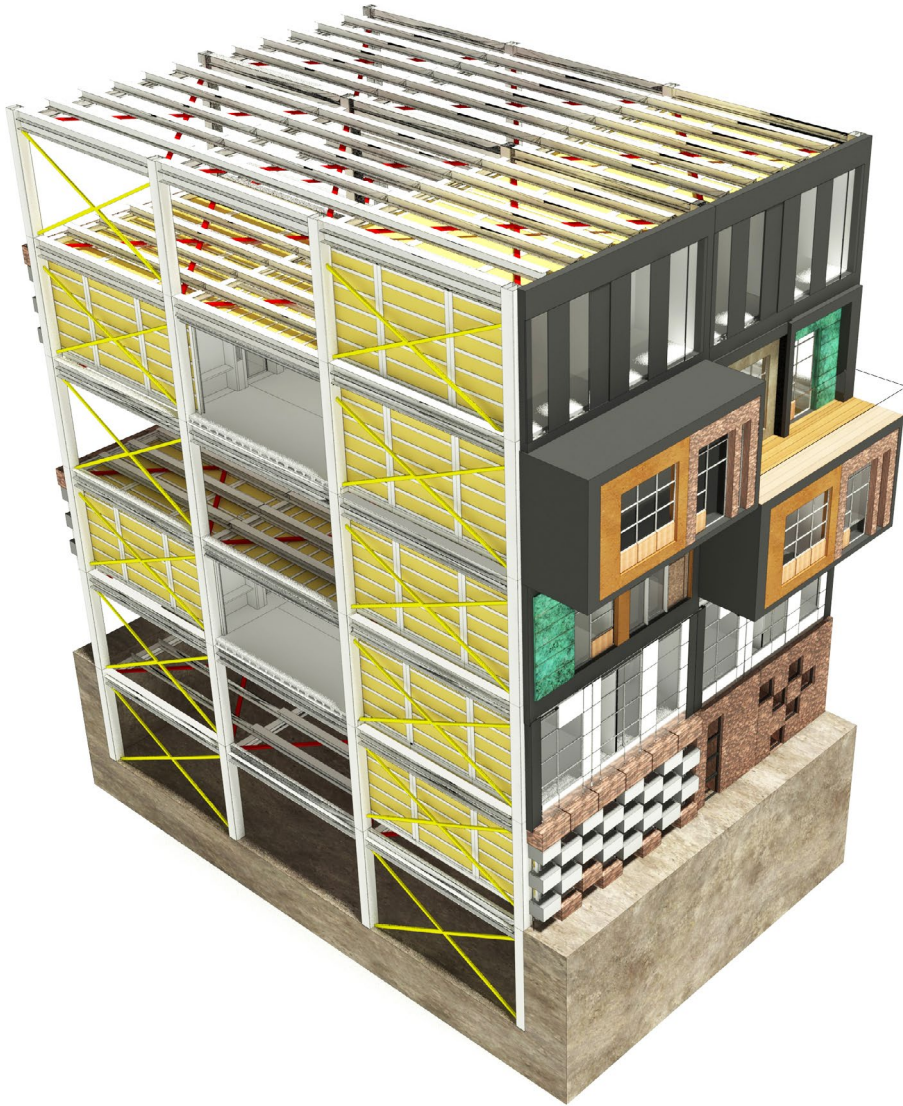
O - owner

A - architect

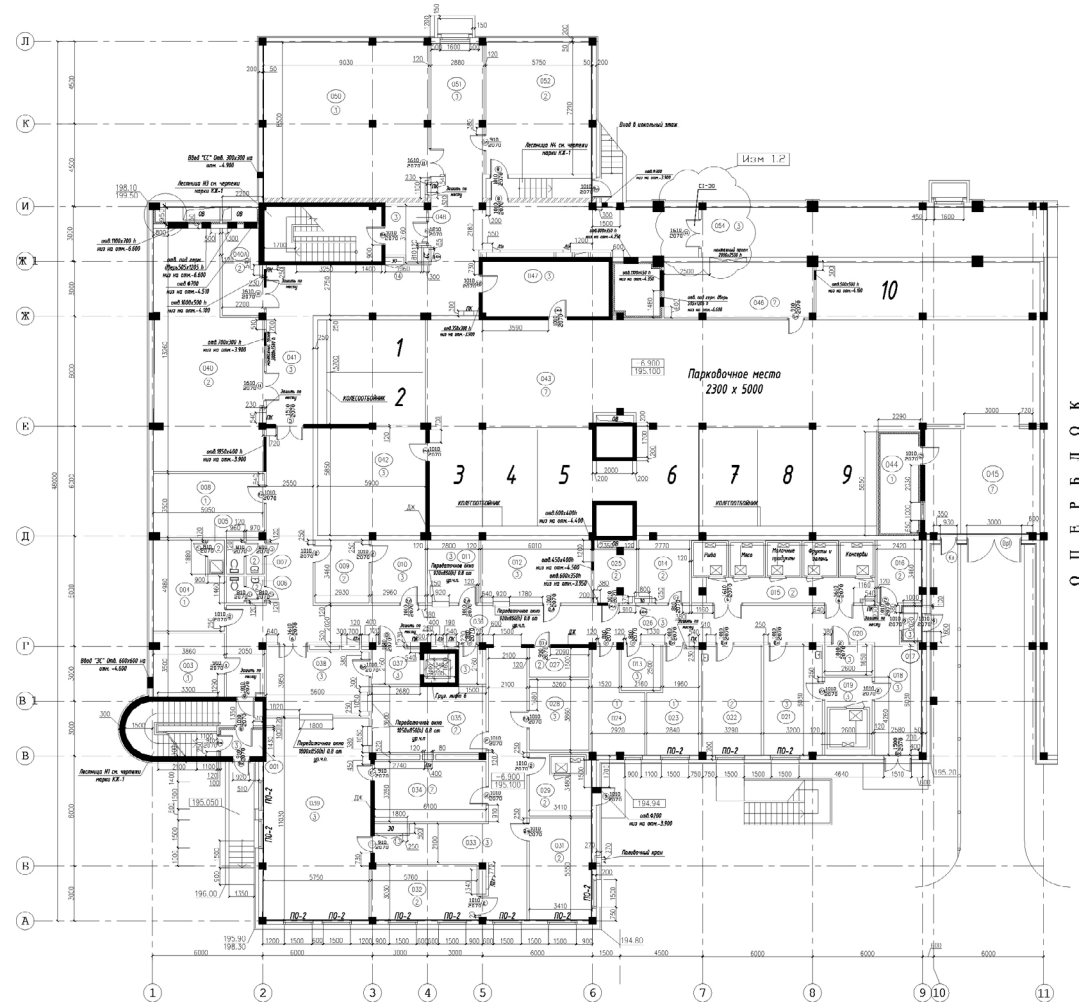
C - contractor

(Source: Prefab Architecture, Timberlake, J., 2010)

No design phase at all (?)



Modular design



Conventional design



**Maasstad hospital, Wiegierinck architects,
2016**

**Design phase: 2012 - 2014
(2 years)**



**Alkmaar hospital extension, De Meeuw
2013**

**Design phase: 2013
(2 months)**

(Source: De Meeuw & Wiegierinck architects interviews, 2017)

Factory organisation and investments



Linear, Highly automated assembly line

- Fewer design flexibility options
- Higher amortization and maintenance costs
- Lower availability of the space in factory floor based on organisation of production
- Higher production output of the factory
- Production time: 4-line factory: 3 modules / line / day = 12 modules / day
3000 modules / year



Static, Low automated assembly line

- Greater design flexibility options
- Lower amortization and maintenance costs
- Higher availability of the space in factory floor based on organisation of production
- Lower production output of the factory
- Production time: 3-7 days / 1 module
4 - 6 modules / day and 800-1200 modules / year

Factory initial investments



Factory
set-up
investments

5 - 10 mln Euros



Factory
annual
investments

1 mln Euros



Factory
set - up
time

6 - 12 months

It results in additional 330 Euro / module in linear production and 900 Euro / module in static production

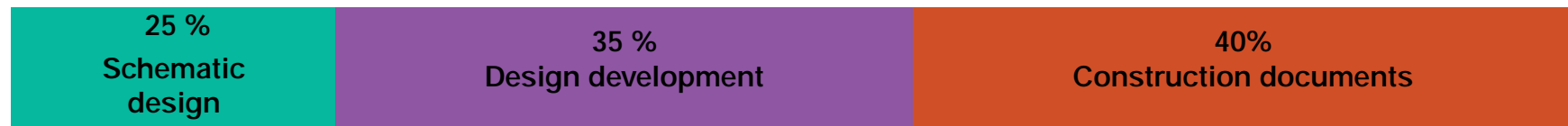
(Source: De Meeuw interview, 2017)

BIM as boost factor

Traditional design



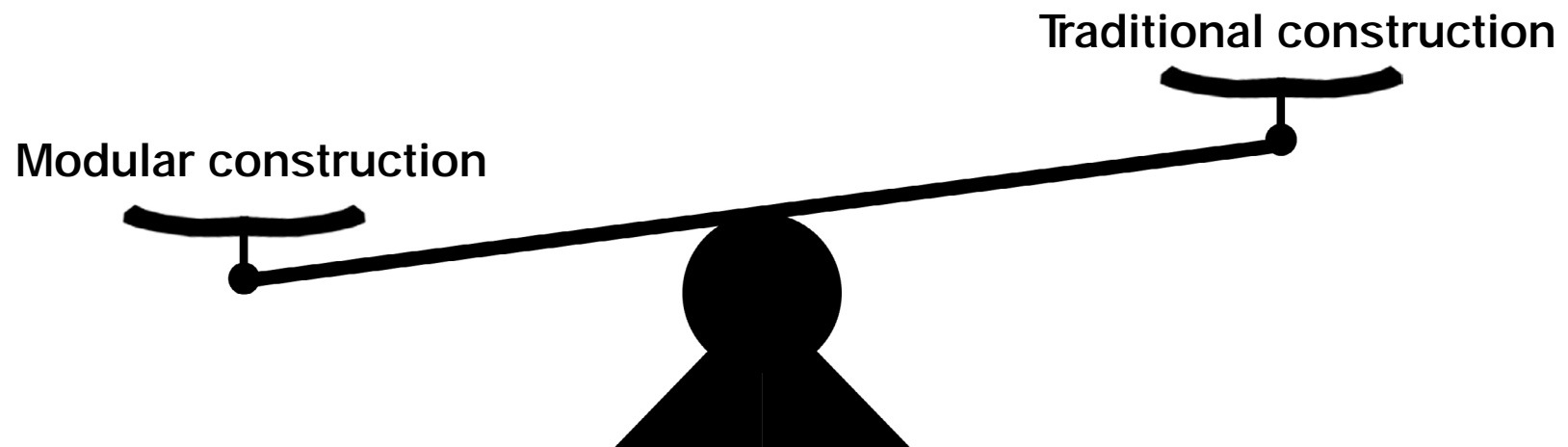
Modular design



(Source: Prefab Architecture guide, 2010)

Savings in design phase

Parameter	Modular coanstruction	Conventional construction	Savings, %
Time savings	0 - 15 % from conventional design	100 %	85 - 100 %
Cost savings	3 - 4 % from entire construction budget	6 - 8 % from entire construction budget	50 %



Data collection

- Time savings: De Meeuw interview

Wiegerinck Architects interview

Peter Luscuere (TU Delft)

Literature review

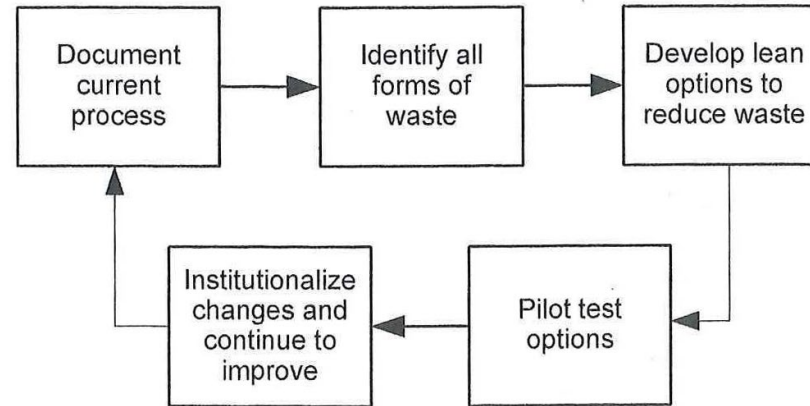
- Cost savings: Literature review

Wiegerinck Architects interview

De Meeuw interview

05. Construction phase

Lean management

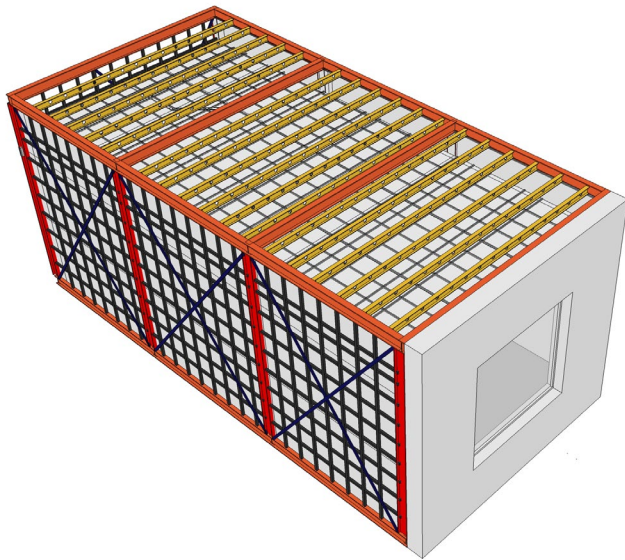


Parameter	Modular construction	Traditional construction
Amount of waste generated per 100 m ²	1,5 tons	4,5 tons
Construction waste recycling efficiency	70 - 85 %	30 %

(Source: Lachimpadi S. K. et al, 2012. Construction waste minimisation comparing conventional and precast construction)

Materials and components. Getting data

Analyzed module



Amphia hospital, Breda, Wiegeinck Architects



● Installation costs

● Construction elements costs

● Medical equipment costs

Materials & components cost comparison

Element	Quantity	Weight of 1m length, kg	Price per m length	Total price, Euro	Total weight, kg	Manufacturer	Min price	Manufacturer (source)	Most expected price	Manufacturer (source)	Max price	Manufacturer (source)
Main load-bearing skeleton												
Main column I-beams HEA 120, 160x114 mm, red (N 12)	8 (length 3 m)	20,3 kg	1,36 Euro / kg	662,8 Euro	487,2 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	10 Euro/length = 240 Euro	Severstal (Russia)	17,5 Euro/m length = 136 Euro/length = 420 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	27,6 Euro/m length = 662,6 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Main horizontal I-beams HEA 160, 160x152 mm, orange (N 16)	4 (length 7,6 m)	31 kg	1,35 Euro / kg	1,272 Euro	942 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	10 Euro/length = 304 Euro	Severstal (Russia)	27,5 Euro/length = 136 Euro/length = 836 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	1,35 Euro/length = 304 m x 31 = 1272 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Main horizontal I-beams HEA 160, 160x152 mm, orange (N 16)	8 (length 3,7 m)	31 kg	1,35 Euro / kg	1,238,7 Euro	917,6 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	10 Euro/length = 296 Euro	Severstal (Russia)	17,5 Euro/length = 518 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	27,6 Euro/length = 817 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Secondary I-beams, HEA 100, 100x96 mm, yellow (N 10)	34 (length 3,7 m)	20,8 kg	1,35 Euro / kg	3,532 Euro	2138 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	7,8 Euro/length = 981 Euro	Severstal (Russia)	14 Euro/length = 176 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	1,35 Euro/length = 2,616 kg = 3.532 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Diagonal stiffness connections	6 pieces	1,1 kg	25,6 Euro / kg	25,6 Euro	18,94 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	1,2 Euro/m length = 57,6 Euro	Severstal (Russia)	6 Euro/length = 144 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	15 Euro/length = 720 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Tertiary sheathing (quadrant rods 30 x 30 mm)	114 rods	1,139 kg / 1m length	1,36 Euro / kg	756 Euro	956 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	1,2 Euro/length = 479 Euro	Severstal (Russia)	114 x 3,5m x 1,139 kg x 1,35 Euro/length = 756 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	3,5 Euro/length = 1516 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Walls												
Gypsum-fiber board (2500x1200x12,5 mm)	56 sheets	31,5 kg / board	45,15 Euro / board	2520 Euro	1764 kg	Knauf, taken from bouwkosten.nl	31,5 Euro/board x 56 = 1764 Euro	Knauf (Russia)	37,3 Euro/board x 56 boards = 2089 Euro	snabmsk.ru	45,15 Euro/board x 56 = 2.528 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Wall finishing layer (anti-bacterial paint)	65 m ² = 10,8 liters	0,166 liter/m ²	24 Euro/liter	1600 Euro	900 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	19,2 Euro/liter x 10,8 L x 2 = 415 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	27,9 Euro/liter x 10,8 L x 2 layers = 600,5 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	34,2 Euro/liter x 10,8 Euro x 2 = 738,7 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Ward door	1	1	588 Euro	588 Euro	25 kg	487 Euro/door	487 Euro/door	sp-polymer.ru	587 Euro/door	bs.stroyret.ru	588 Euro/door	bouwkosten.nl
Insulation layer (6.000x600 mm, thickness 80 mm)	1	52 m ² per module is required	6,95 Euro / m ²	360 Euro	77 kg	Rockwool, 6000x600x50 mm, NL	6,95 Euro/m ² x 52 m ² = 361,4 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	8,4 Euro/m ² x 52 m ² = 437 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	10,2 Euro/m ² x 52 m ² = 530 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Ceiling												
Metal profiles for suspended ceiling	85 profiles	0,1 kg per profile	4 Euro per profile	340 Euro	8,5 kg	ALBES ceilings (Russia)	3 Euro/1 profile x 85 profiles = 255 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	4 Euro/1 profile x 85 profiles = 340 Euro	ALBES ceilings (Russia)	5,5 Euro/1 profile x 85 profiles = 468 Euro	ALBES ceilings (Russia)
Ceiling finishing boards	28 m ² (1 tile = 600x600 mm)	8 kg/tile	28 Euro/m ²	784 Euro	468 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	19,95 Euro/m ² x 27,7 m ² = 552,6 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	28 Euro/m ² x 27,7 m ² = 775,6 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	34,8 Euro/m ² x 27,7 m ² = 964 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Floor												
Finishing layer	25 m ²		3,5 Euro / m ²	87,5 Euro	600 kg		17 Euro/m ² x 25 m ² = 425 Euro	teohim.ru	17,7 Euro/m ² x 25 m ² = 442,5 Euro	prompol.ehg.su	33,3 Euro/m ² x 25 m ² = 833 Euro	evropoll.nl
draft layer (insulation layer)	25 m ²		17,4 Euro/m ² -> discount 30% from 70 m ²	300 Euro	300 Euro	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	17,4 Euro/m ² x 25 m ² = 435 Euro	teohim.ru	26 Euro/m ² x 25 m ² = 650 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	26 Euro/m ² x 25 m ² = 975 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Bathroom pod												
Metal wall frame railings	10	0,3 kg per 1 rail	4 Euro per profile	40 Euro	3 kg	Knauf (Germany)	2,5 Euro/profile x 10 profiles = 25 Euro	knauf.com	4,35 Euro/profile x 10 profiles = 43,5 Euro	knauf.com	5,8 Euro/profile x 10 profiles = 58 Euro	knauf.com
Gypsum-fiber board (2500x1200x12,5 mm)	5	31,5 kg / board	45,15 Euro / board	225,7 Euro	151,5 kg	Knauf, taken from bouwkosten.nl	31,5 Euro/board x 5 = 157,5 Euro	Knauf (Russia)	37,3 Euro/board x 5 boards = 186,5 Euro	snabmsk.ru	45,15 Euro/board x 5 = 225,7 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Ceramic finishing tiles walls	17,6 m ²	15 kg / m ²	17 Euro / m ²	300 Euro	264 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	10 Euro/m ² x 17,6 m ² = 176 Euro	shopceramica.ru	17,3 Euro/m ² x 17,6 m ² = 305 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	37 Euro/m ² x 17,6 m ² = 651 Euro	vglt.ru
Ceramic finishing tiles floor	3,5 m ²	23,3 kg / pack -> 3 packages	39,8 Euro / m ²	139 Euro	70 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	18,5 Euro/m ² x 3,5 m ² = 64,75 Euro	plika-sdsk.ru	37 Euro/m ² x 3,5 m ² = 130 Euro	santa-keramika.ru	47 Euro/m ² x 3,5 m ² = 164,5 Euro	plika-sdsk.ru
Watercloset	1			500 Euro	37 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	275 Euro	krank.ru	450 Euro	krank.ru	500 Euro	krank.ru
Shower pod	1 (800x60x500 mm)			250 Euro	48 kg	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	130 Euro	ruspanel.ru	260 Euro	hatria.ru	360 Euro	hatria.ru
Sink	2	6 kg / sink	30 Euro / sink	60 Euro	12 kg	Santek (Russia)	60 Euro	santek.ru	140 Euro	santek.ru	200 Euro	santek.ru
Door	1			110 Euro	14 kg	Rem-Sovet (Russia)	110 Euro	Rem-Sovet (Russia)	160 Euro	Rem-Sovet (Russia)	220 Euro	Rem-Sovet (Russia)
Light	4 (LED lights inside ceiling)			240 Euro	9 kg	Lucide (Belgium)	150 Euro x 2 lights = 300 Euro		240 Euro x 2 lights = 480 Euro		350 Euro x 2 lights = 700 Euro	
Ward medical furniture and equipment												
Patient bed	1			4.700 Euro	125 kg	Linet (Italy)	4.700 Euro	phc-online.com	4.700 Euro	Linet Eleganza (Italy)	5.200 Euro	phc-online.com
Caregiver entrance sink	1			330 Euro	11,5 kg	Duravit (Germany)	330 Euro	phc-online.com	330 Euro	Duravit (Germany)	460 Euro	phc-online.com
Headv all system (medical gases, life system control, etc.)	1			5.400 Euro	52 kg		4500 Euro		5.400 Euro		6.300 Euro	
Medical gas system	1			660 Euro								
Medical gas pipes	20 m (length)		13,4 Euro / 1m length	268 Euro	268 Euro	Taken from bouwkosten.nl	13,4 Euro/m length x 20 m length = 268 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	15,6 Euro/m length x 20 m = 312 Euro	bouwkosten.nl	19 Euro/m length x 20 m = 380 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Ventilation pipes	1			85 Euro	4 kg		Included in lights		Included in lights		Included in lights	
Main ceiling light	1			40 Euro	1 kg		40 Euro x 2 lights = 80 Euro		65 Euro x 2 lights = 130 Euro		75 Euro x 2 lights = 150 Euro	
Bed light	2			120 Euro	3 kg		120 Euro x 2 = 240 Euro		300 Euro x 2 = 600 Euro		410 Euro x 2 = 820 Euro	
Visitor sofa	2			60 Euro	25 kg		60 Euro		60 Euro		80 Euro	
Table (foldable)	1			60 Euro	10 kg		50 Euro x 2 chairs = 100 Euro		90 Euro x 2 chairs = 180 Euro		120 Euro x 2 chairs = 240 Euro	
Chair	2	5 kg per chair	40 Euro / chair	80 Euro	7 kg		120 Euro		140 Euro		160 Euro	
bed stend	1			120 Euro	27 kg	Varmann (Russia)	219 Euro x 2 = 438 Euro		244 Euro x 2 = 488 Euro		379 Euro x 2 = 758 Euro	
Electrical radiator (heating system)	2	18 kg (1) + 9 kg (2)	100 Euro (1) + 360 Euro (2)	460 Euro	15 kg	Tion (Russia)	542 Euro		658 Euro		702 Euro	
HEPA filter (air cleaning and anti-bacterial environment)	1			6.800 Euro	76 kg	Daikin (Japan)	1.342 Euro x 2 = 2.684 Euro		3.400 Euro/unit x 2 = 6.800 Euro		3.900 Euro x 2 = 7.800 Euro	
Fan-coil (central heating and ventilation system)	2 (this is the rule for hosp)	38 kg per unit	3.400 Euro per unit	1.420 Euro	5,5 kg	Armed (China)	300 Euro		1.420 Euro		1.520 Euro	
Patient control status monitor system	1			332 Euro	563,92 kg		245 Euro		350 Euro		510 Euro	
Facade external panel												
Metal frame (skeleton)	1(13,3 m ²)	42,4 kg / m ²	25 Euro / m ²	332 Euro	300 kg		550 Euro		870 Euro		1500 Euro	
Insulation layer												
Waterproofing membrane												
External finishing layer (metal cassette facade)												
Window	1											
TOTAL				41.069 Euro	11.748 kg		20.964 Euro		33.501 Euro		44.132 Euro	

(Source: Author, 2017)

Plafondbekledingen onder gebouw-/dakoverstekken
 - 2 lagen gipsvezelplaten + stucwerk
 ceiling coverings include building / roof overhangs
 - 2 layers of gypsum fiber board + plaster
 incl. isolatie tegen onderzijde dakvloer – gedeeltelijk
 incl. insulation underneath roof deck - partially

NSA-gebouw NSA building:
 - plafondafwerking -- onderzijde dakvloer in het zicht ceiling
 finish - lower roof deck in sight
 ** toeslag voor schoonwerk charge for cleaning work

TOTAAL PLAFONDS (binnen en buiten) TOTAL CEILING (inside and outside)

TOTAAL BOUWKUNDIGE WERKEN TOTAL CONSTRUCTION WORK

	0	0,00
165 m ²	175,00	28,875
		0
		0,00
		0,00
285 m ²	10,00	2,850
		0,00
		0,00
2.602.695		
32,86		
76.925.293		
971,28		

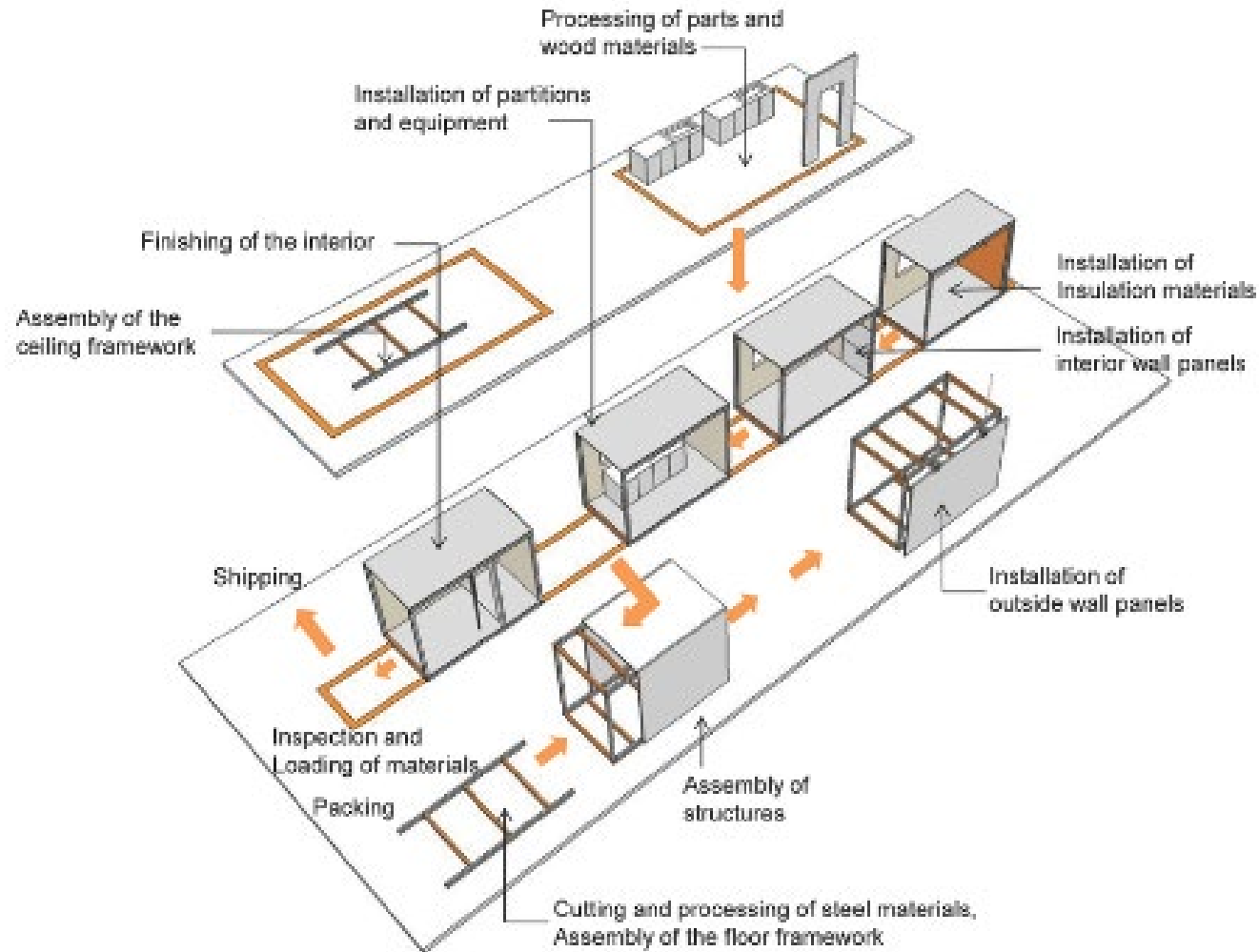
(Source: Wiegerinck Architects, 2017)

Materials and components. Results



Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Installation costs	33 - 42 %	34 %
Costs of construction elements	33 - 37 %	38 %
Costs of medical equipment	23 - 40 %	23 - 40 %

Workers and labor productivity. Getting data



(Source: www.sekisuiheim.com. 2017)

Number of operations, workers and men-hours required to produce 1 module

Workers and labor productivity. Getting data

Type of operation	Labor hour per module			N of men/operation	Total hrs	Min price	Max price	Price 1	Price 2	Price 3	Price 4	Price 5	Source	
	Low	Medium	High											
Cut to size (Mill)		3	12	17	1	12								
Build floor		8	8	27	2	8								
Build window / door opening subassy		2	3	4	2	2								
Build partition walls		2	5	9	1	5								
Build side walls		3	5	7	1	5								
Build end walls		1	2	3	1	2								
Build marriage wall		2	3	3	1	3								
Set partition walls		2	3	5	1	3								
Set exterior & marriage walls		2	4	4	1	4								
Install rough electric in walls		7	7	17	1	7								
Build plumbing subassemblies	no data		no data	no data	1									
Instal rough plumb in wall & tubs		4	6	8	1	6								
Build subassemblies for roof		2	4	6	1	4								
Build roof / ceiling		6	10	13	2	6								
Instal rough plumbing for roof		6	10	13	1	10								
Instal rough electric in roof / ceiling		5	5	7	1	5								
Insulate roof		3	4	12	1	4								
Instal fascia & soffit		5	7	9	1	7								
Insulate walls		6	7	9	1	7								
Sheath walls		2	4	13	1	4								
Install windows & exterior doors	0,28h/m2=1,3 h/window	1,6		2,2	2	1,6								
Install siding & trim	no data		no data	no data	1									
Hang drywall on walls		4	7	18	1	7								
Tape & mud drywall		1	2	20	1	2								
Sand & paint		1	4	20	1	4								
Install cabinets & vanities		3	4	8	1	4								
Build finish plumbing subassemblies		8	12	22	1	12								
Install finish plumbing		4	5	12	1	5								
Install finish electric		2	2	4	1	2								
Build interior door subassemblies		1	1	2	1	1								
Install interior doors		2	3	4	1	3								
Install molding		3	4	12	1	4								
Install miscellaneous finish items		1	4	6	1	4								
Install flooring		1	2	7	2	1								
Load shiploose		5	8	24	1	8								
Factory touch-up		1	2	4	1	2								
Install plumbing in floor		3	4	4	1	4								
Load module on carrier		4	5	9	Mashine									
Final wrap & prep for shipment	no data		no data	no data	2									
Build major shiploose subassemblies		2	3	4	2	2								
Total		117	181	366	46	170.6	16,7 Euro	21,4 Euro	16,7 Euro	19,4 Euro	19,6 Euro	20,4 Euro	21,4 Euro	statline.cbs.nl
		4,5 days (3 shifts / day)	6,8 days	14,5 days		7 days			non-western migrants	western immigrants	western immigrants	Dutch	Dutch	

(Source: Mullens M. A., Factory design for modular home building, 2011)

Workers and labor productivity. Results



Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Amount of hours to build a module (30m ²)	24 hours (with all finishings)	15 hours (only external shell)
Amount of sq m built per day on site	170 - 300 m ²	80 m ²
Hourly wage	15,7 Euro / hour	14,4 Euro / hour

Transportation. Getting data



- Fixed operating costs (cost of truck, cargo and vehicle insurance)
- Variable operating costs (cost of fuel, cost of maintenance, daily costs)

Fixed operating costs	Price 1, minimum, Euro	Price 2, most expected one, Euro	Price 3, maximum, Euro	Source
Cost of vehicle ownership	29,750	39,500	52,500	toprtucks.nl
Cost of vehicle rent, per month	639/21 working days = 30,4 Euro/day	658/21 working day = 31,3 Euro/day	1541/21 working day = 73,3 Euro/day	toprtucks.nl
VAT of vehicle ownership = 21 %	6,247	8,085	11025	toprtucks.nl
VAT of vehicle rent = 21 %	134 Euro	138 Euro	323 Euro	
Cost of lorry	18,750	19,750	24,500	toprtucks.nl
Cost of lorry rent, per month	528/21 working day = 25,1 Euro/day	551/21 working day = 26,2 Euro/day	690/21 working day = 33 Euro/day	
VAT of lorry ownership = 21 %	3,937	4,147	5,145	toprtucks.nl
VAT of lorry rent = 21%	111 Euro	115 Euro	145 Euro	toprtucks.nl
Funding scheme (vehicle)	Bank loan	Bank loan	Bank loan	
Cost of license ownership	9,000 Euro for 1st truck	5,000 Euro for every other truck		
Road tax	1,250/year= 3,42 Euro/day	125/month	33/week, 8/day	eurovignettes.eu
Cargo insurance	0.1-0.3 % from cargo cost + 0,5% as franchise = 0,8% from cargo cost			
Vehicle insurance	210 Euro/6 months=1,16 Euro/day	800 Euro/year= 2,2 Euro/day	2000 Euro/year = 5,5/day	
Vehicle parking cost	1,200/Year/365=3,2 Euro/day			
Cost of technical inspection of the vehicle	80 Euro/year/365=0,2 Euro/day	158 Euro/year= 0,43 Euro/day	260 Euro/year= 0,71 Euro/day	
Total fixed costs for selected route (truck ownership) for 1 module	68.191 Euro			
Total fixed costs for selected route (truck lease)	725 Euro	814 Euro	1000 Euro	
Variable operating costs	Price 1, Euro	Price 2, Euro	Price 3, Euro	Source
Fuel price	1,34 Euro/1 liter (diesel)	1,69 Euro/liter (95)		statline.cbs.nl
Average fuel consumption for truck/100 km	31,9 liters x 2(round trip) = 63.8 liters	33,2 liters x 2 (round trip) = 112,2 Euro	35 liters	volvo.com
Cost for tires	85 Euro	110 Euro	185 Euro	
Maintenance cost	800 Euro/year/365=2,19 Euro/day	1000 Euro/year = 2,73 Euro/day	3.500 Euro/year/365 = 9,6 Euro/day	
Repair cost	900 Euro/year = 2,46 Euro/day	2.500 Euro/year = 6,85 Euro/day	6.600 Euro/365 = 18 Euro/day	
Tolls (пошлины)				
Driver wage x2, 2d driver is required for modules > 3,5 m width	1718 Euro/month = 78 Euro/day x2 = 156 Euro	2134 Euro/month = 97 Euro/day x2 = 194 Euro	3223 Euro/month = 153 Euro/day x2 = 306 Euro	
Driver insurance	1.350 Euro/year = 3.7 Euro/day	1950 Euro/year = 7.5 Euro/day	2.500 Euro/year = 6.2 Euro/day	
Police guard along the route	1,5 Euro/km = 150 Euro/route	2 Euro/km = 200 Euro/route		
Official permission for transportation of non-dimensional cargo	660 Euro	660 Euro		negabaritof
Taxes				
Occupation tax	0,17 Euro/ 1 km (Germany)			
Communication costs (telephone, internet)	10 Euro/month	10 Euro/month	10 Euro/month	
Truck wash	55 Euro	64 Euro	69 Euro	
Fines				
Daily costs				
Accommodation costs				
Meals	20 Euro/day	30 Euro/day	40 Euro/day	
Total variable costs for selected route	1.110 Euro	1.397 Euro	1.534 Euro	
Total costs for selected route (truck ownership)	69.126 Euro			
Total costs for selected route (truck lease)	1.835 Euro	2.211 Euro	2.534 Euro	

Transportation. Results



Low transportation cost of module: 1.835 Euro

Average transportation cost of module: 2.211 Euro

High transportation cost of module: 2.534 Euro

On-site works. Getting data



- Main on - site activities in modular construction - foundations and crantage

Parameter	Quantity	Time (duration)	Comments	Price 1, Euro	Price 2, Euro	Price 3, Euro	Source
Excavation							
Excavation personnel	3 workers	2 hours		38,3 Euro/hour = 76,6 Euro	45 Euro/hour = 90 Euro	51 Euro/hour = 102 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Excavator	1 mashine	2 hours		65,75 Euro/hour = 131,5 Euro	68,25 Euro/hour = 136,5 Euro	71,55 Euro/hour = 143,1 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Weel loader (buldozzer)	1 mashine	2 hours		61,4 Euro/hour = 122,8 Euro	68,85 Euro/hour = 137,7 Euro	79,8 Euro/hour = 159,6 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Foundation construction							
Piles	8 piles			8,75 Euro/m length; 5 m pile x 8,75 x 8 = 350 Euro	13 Euro/m length; 5 m pile x 12 x 8 = 480 Euro	15 Euro/m length; 5 m pile x 14 x 8 = 560 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
De-watering site		0,32 men-hour/unit					
Site drainage							
Sewer pipe system, concrete	10 m			31 Euro/1 m length = 310Euro	38 Euro/1 m length = 380 Euro	43 Euro/1 m length = 430 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Sewer pipe, fittings	5/module			5 Euro/fitting = 25 Euro	25 Euro/fitting = 125 Euro	47 Euro/fitting = 235 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Crane (40-75 tons capacity required)	1 crane	1 hour/module		470 Euro/8 hours = 59 Euro/hour	566 Euro/8 hours = 71 Euro/hour	700 Euro/8 hours = 88 Euro/hour	bouwkosten.nl
On-site personnel workers for module installation	2 persons	1 hour/module		11,8 Euro/hour	13.26 Euro/hour	14.88 Euro/hour	EFBWW (EU)
Personnel for technical installations and connections	2 persons			32 Euro/hour = 64 Euro	46 Euro/hour = 92 Euro	53 Euro/hour = 106 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Construction manager	1 person			14 Euro/hour	19.8 Euro/hour	23.7 Euro/hour	indeed.nl
Assembly-dismantling staff accommodation (site office)	1 site-office			81 Euro/unit	137 Euro/unit		bouwkosten.nl
Interior finishings	2 hours			37,2 Euro/hour	41.86 Euro/hour	46,9 Euro/hour	bouwkosten.nl
Landscape design and finishes							
Pavement	5 m2			19 Euro/m2 = 95 Euro	22 Euro/m2 = 110 Euro	24 Euro/m2 = 120 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Processing of soil, sand, gravel	78 m3			8 Euro/m3 = 624 Euro	9 Euro/m3 = 702 Euro	9 Euro/m3 = 702 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Trees	1						
Module installation	1	0,2 h/module	Price included in crane and personnel				
Waste disposal from construction site (in containers)	1		Container dimentions: 2.50 x 1.60 x 1.00 (3m3) 3.35 x 1.85 x 1.10 (6 m3) 3.60 x 1.90 x 1.60 (10 m3)	82 Euro	140 Euro	164 Euro	bouwkosten.nl
Total				2.084 Euro	2.676 Euro	2.839 Euro	

- Excavation works
- Foundations
- Cranage of the module
- Site personnel

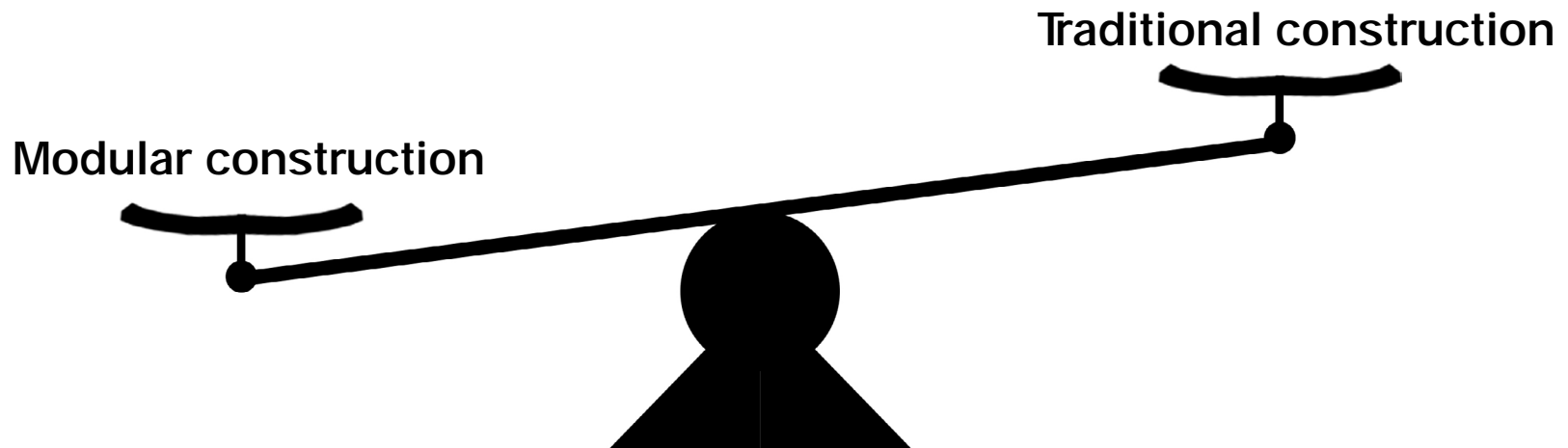
On-site works. Results



Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Cost of foundation works as % from total budget	4%	4%
Amount of m2 constructed per day	180 - 300 m2 (6 - 10 modules / day)	Up to 80 m2

Savings in construction phase

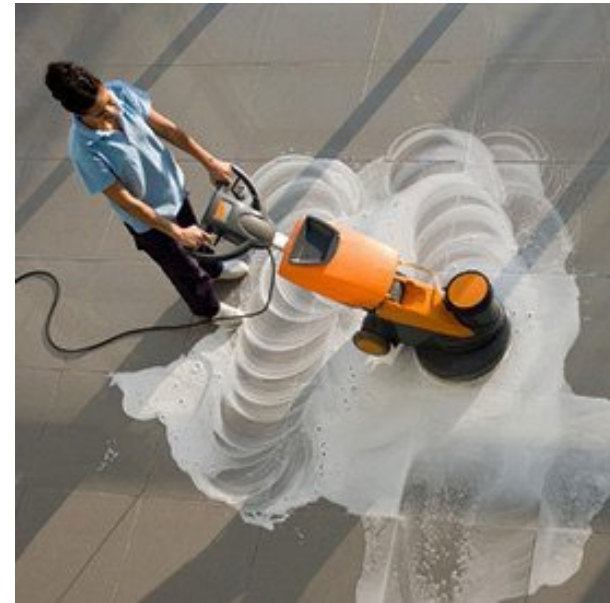
Costs	52.900 Euro / module 1800 Euro / m ²	2500 Euro / m ²	28 %
Time	180 - 300 m ² / day	Up to 80 m ² / day	80 %



06. Use phase

Daily maintenance

Interior finishing:	32 %
HVAC:	29 %
Electricity:	13 %
Exterior envelope:	13 %
Water and plumbing:	10 %
Low-voltage systems:	3 %



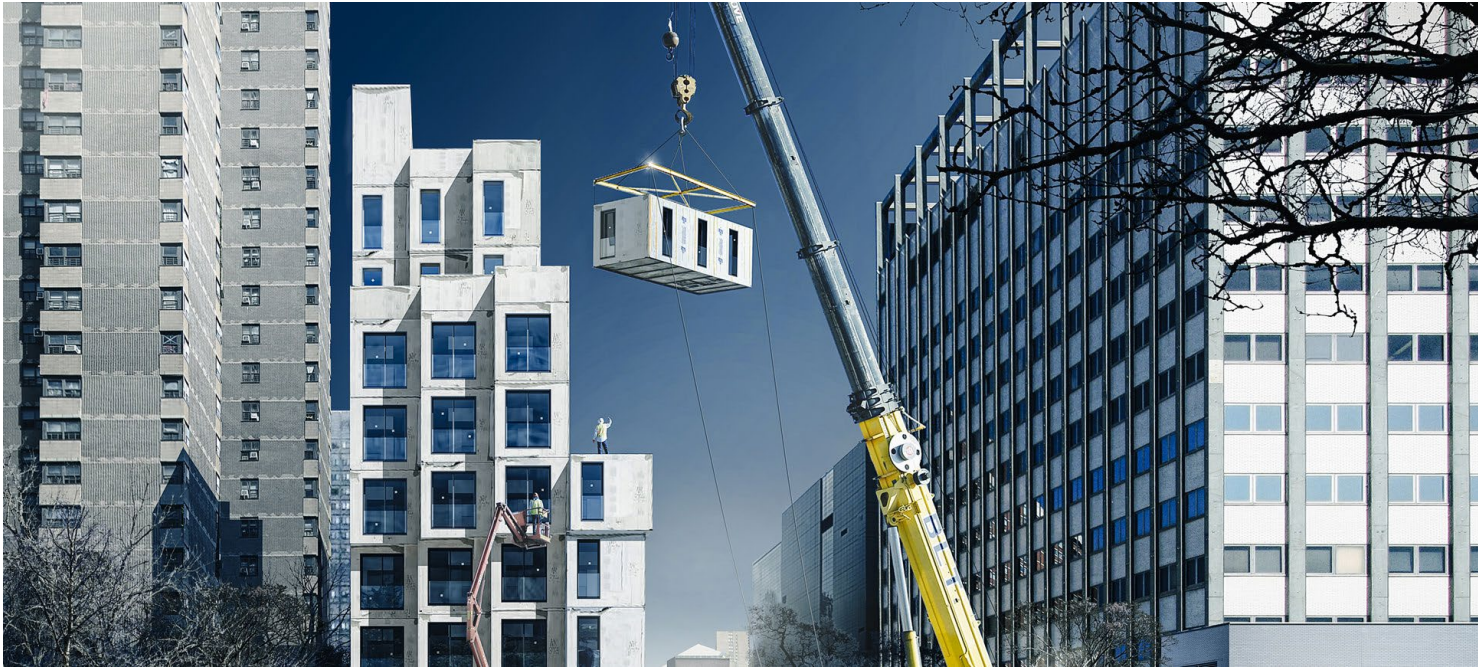
Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Maintenance annual cost as % from construction budget	2 %	2 %
Warranty's period and nature	10 Years for all components	Highly depends on contractor and other factors

Refurbishment



Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Refurbishment costs savings	25 - 50 % from conventional one	Highly depends on the case
Refurbishment time savings	Highly depends on the case; Small changes takes a day	Highly depends on the case

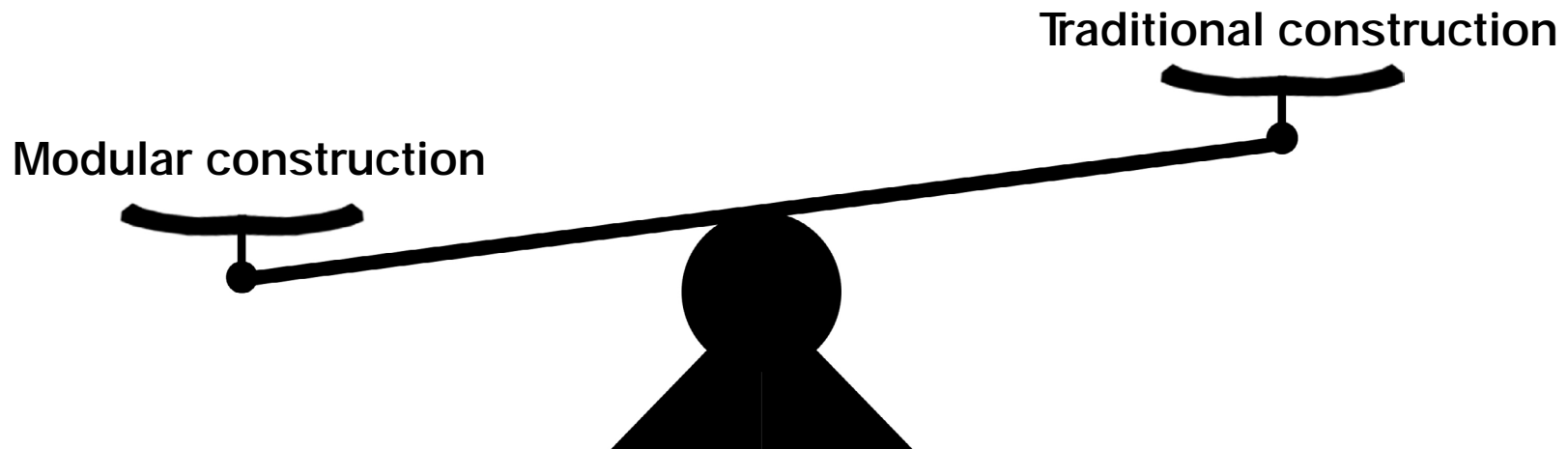
Re-location of the modules



Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Re-location costs of the module	4.800 - 6.700 Euro (10 - 15 % from total module cost)	Not applicable
Re-location time of one module	Depend on the new site	Not applicable

Savings in use phase

Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction
Annual maintenance costs	2 %	2 %
Refurbishment costs	25 - 50 % from conventional one	Highly depends on the case
Re-allocation costs	4.800 - 6.700 Euro per module (10 - 15 % from module)	Non applicable



07. Conclusion

	Parameter	Modular construction	Conventional construction	Savings, %
Design phase	Costs	50 % from conventional design (3 - 4% of total budget)	6 - 8 % from total budget	50 %
	Time	0 - 15 % from conventional design	Depend on the case (minimum a year)	85 % - 100 %
Construction phase	Costs	52.900 Euro / module 1800 Euro / m2 *	2500 Euro / m2	28 %
	Time	180 - 300 m2 / day	Up to 80 m2 / day	80 %
Use phase	Costs	2 % / year from construction budget	2 % / year from construction budget	None
Refurbishment phase	Costs	25 - 50 % from conventional construction	Highly depends on the case	25 - 50 %
	Time	Highly depends on the case	Highly depends on the case	Depends on the case

* - including VAT (21 %)

Answering research questions

Main research question of the project:

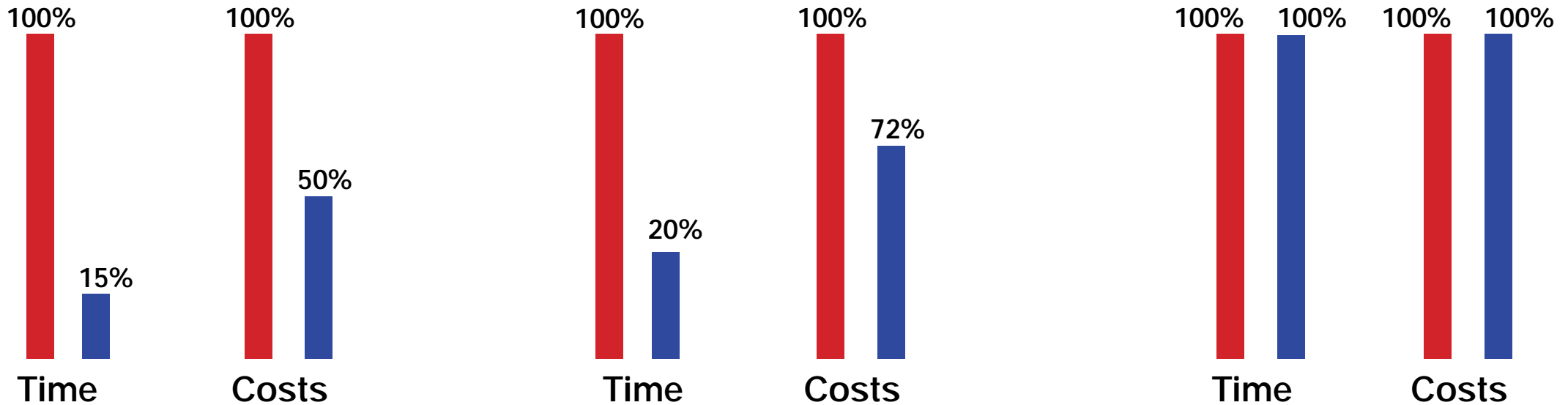
To which extent are prefab solutions in healthcare design and construction processes are more economically feasible than traditional methods?

■ Conventional ■ Modular

Design phase

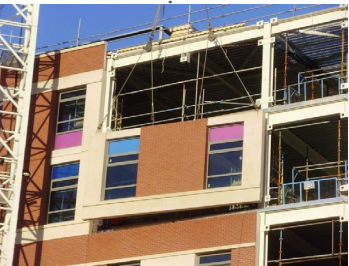
Construction phase

Use phase

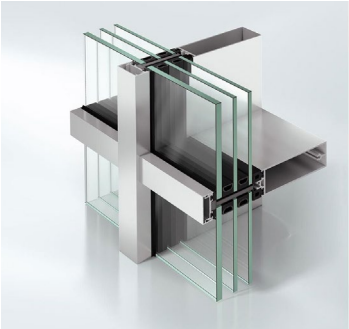


Are the in-between scenarios?

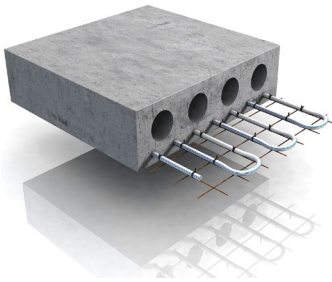
Prefab facades



Window frames



Floor slabs



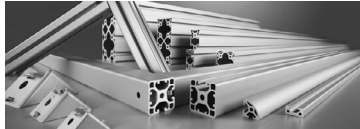
Steel constructions



Bathroom pods



Flatten kit of elements



To what extent is prefab used in current situation in healthcare sector?



(Source: Cadolto, 2016)

- Fully modular hospitals exist across Europe
- Conventional hospital construction mainly uses prefab facades, floor slabs and small components

To what extent is enlarging the amount of prefab elements feasible considering the design and construction process?

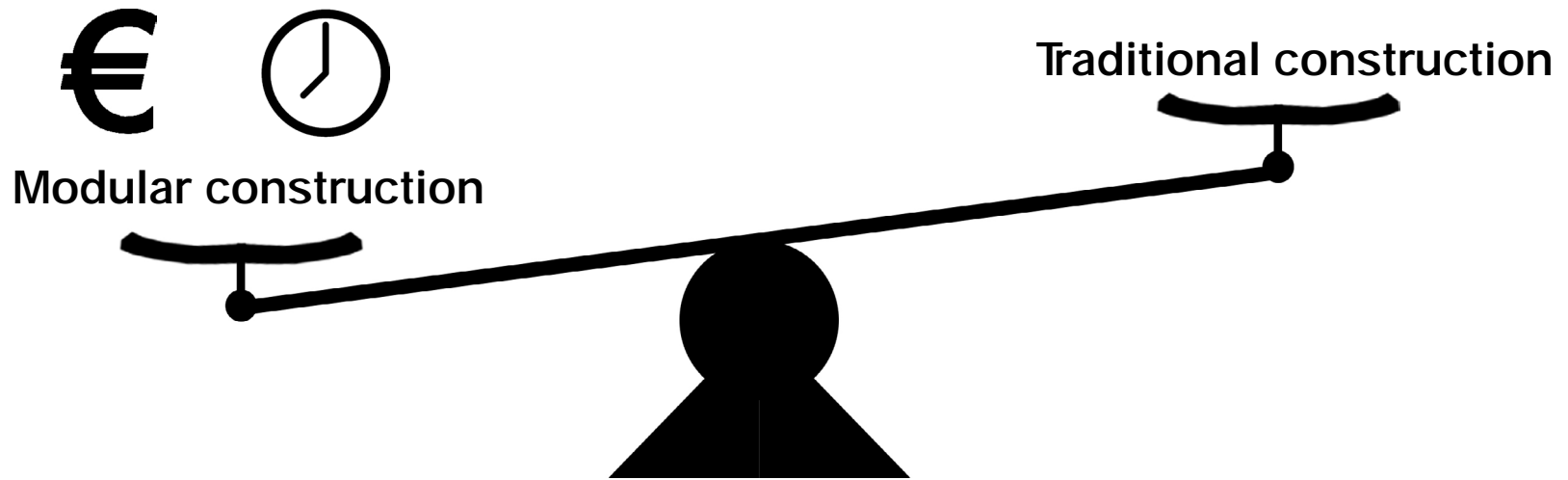


- Fully modular hospital complex is more feasible in design and construction process, comparing to traditional methods

Which parts of the healthcare facilities are mostly suitable for implementation prefab solutions in a cost-effective way?



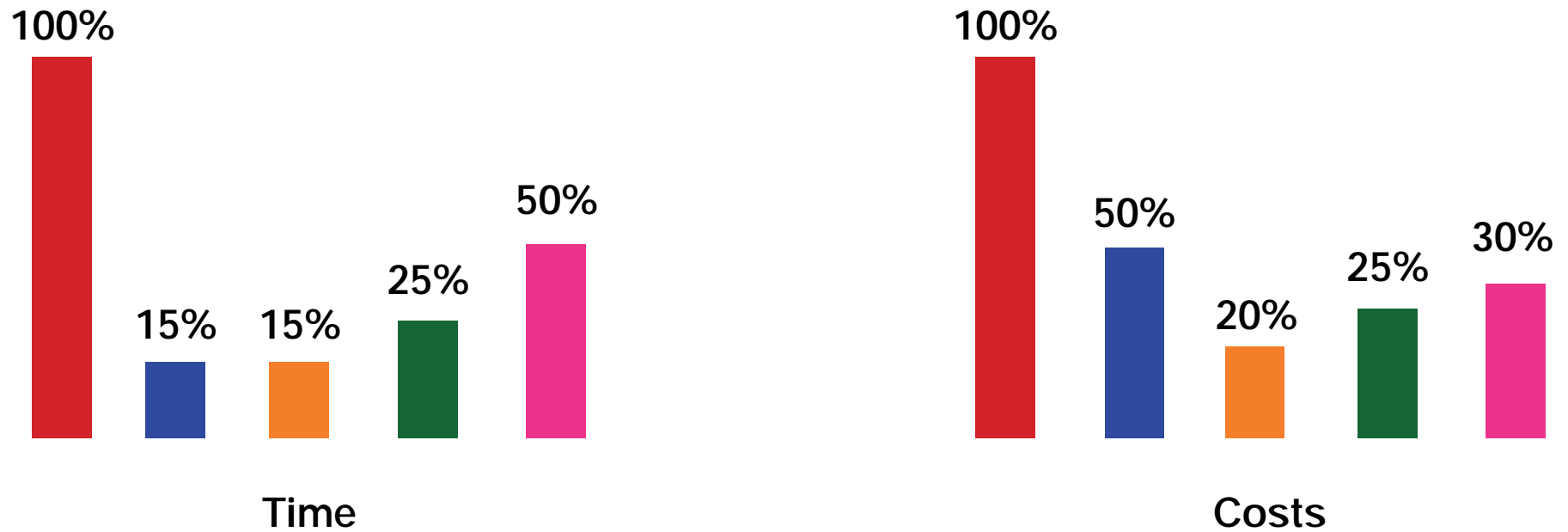
- **High-tech departments, such as surgery and MRI rooms are mostly suitable for modular development based on indoor assembly process**



08. Validation of research results

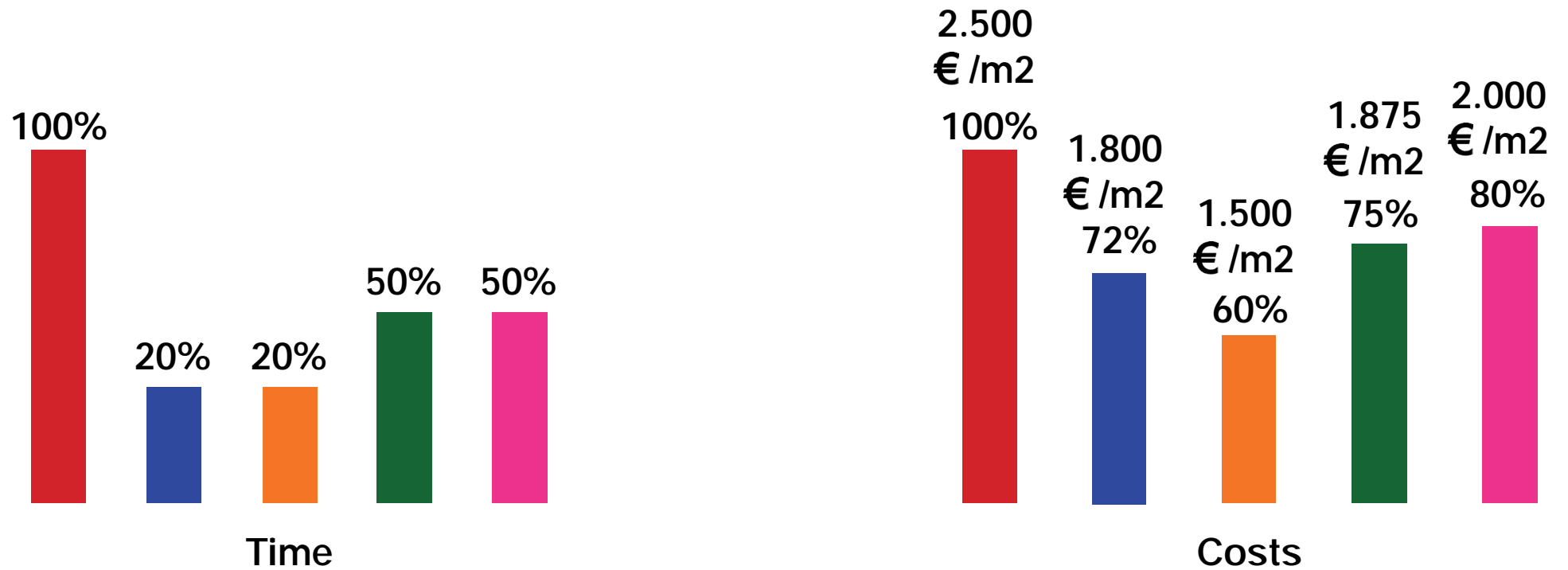
Research results vs experts' opinion

Design phase



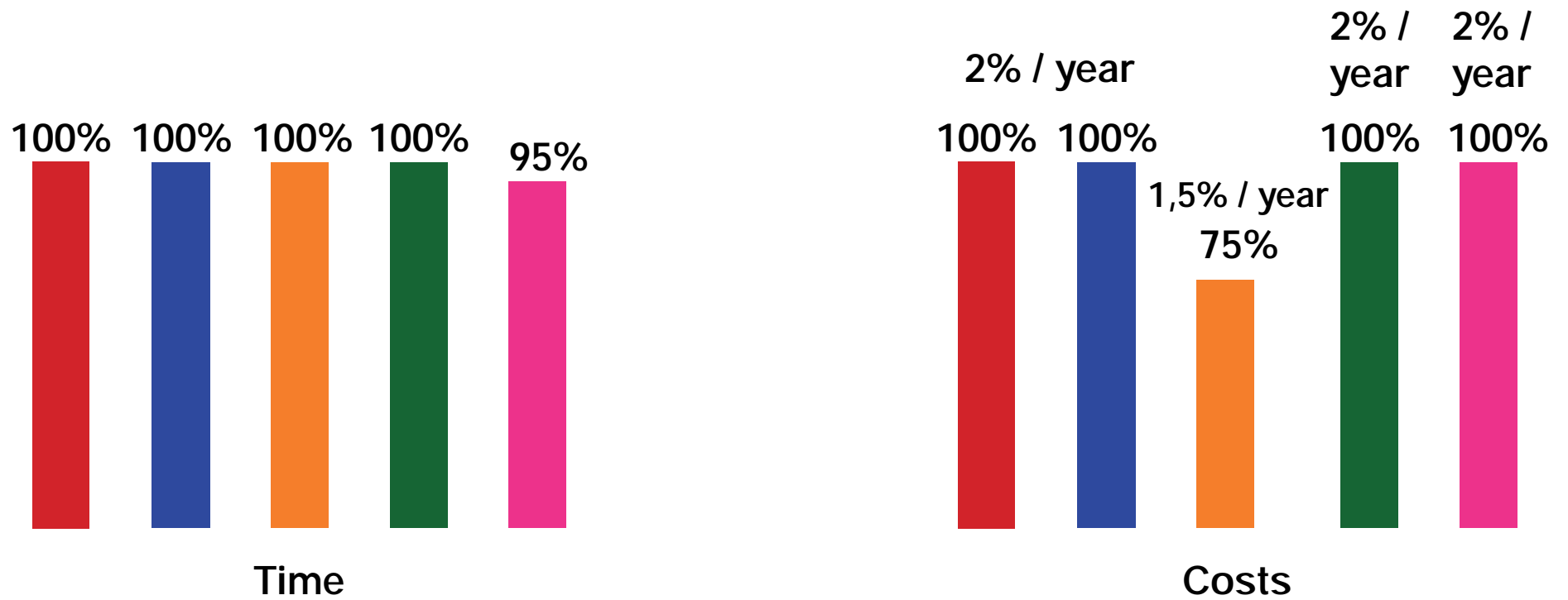
■ Conventional ■ Modular ■ Post-ass._De Meeuw ■ Post-ass._Literature ■ Post-ass._Cepezed

Construction phase



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Use phase



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09. Reflection and further research

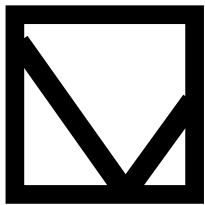
Main benefits of modular construction



Time



Costs



Quality ?