

“Change is needed rapidly and because of that our processes, material, economic system and building norms need to be adjusted. **Everything around construction and urban development is up for debate.**”

- Anders Lendager, Architect

M+M4H

REUSE IN ARCHITECTURE

A study about how urban mining and building material waste could be used in future-proof architecture with data-driven design as a tool.

P5

15 JANUARI 2024

BRITT LIGTHART

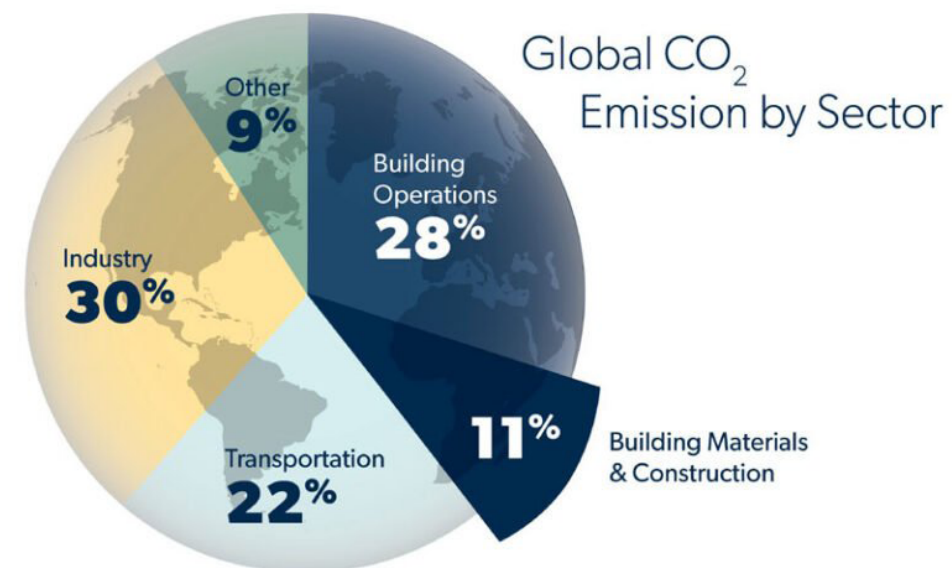
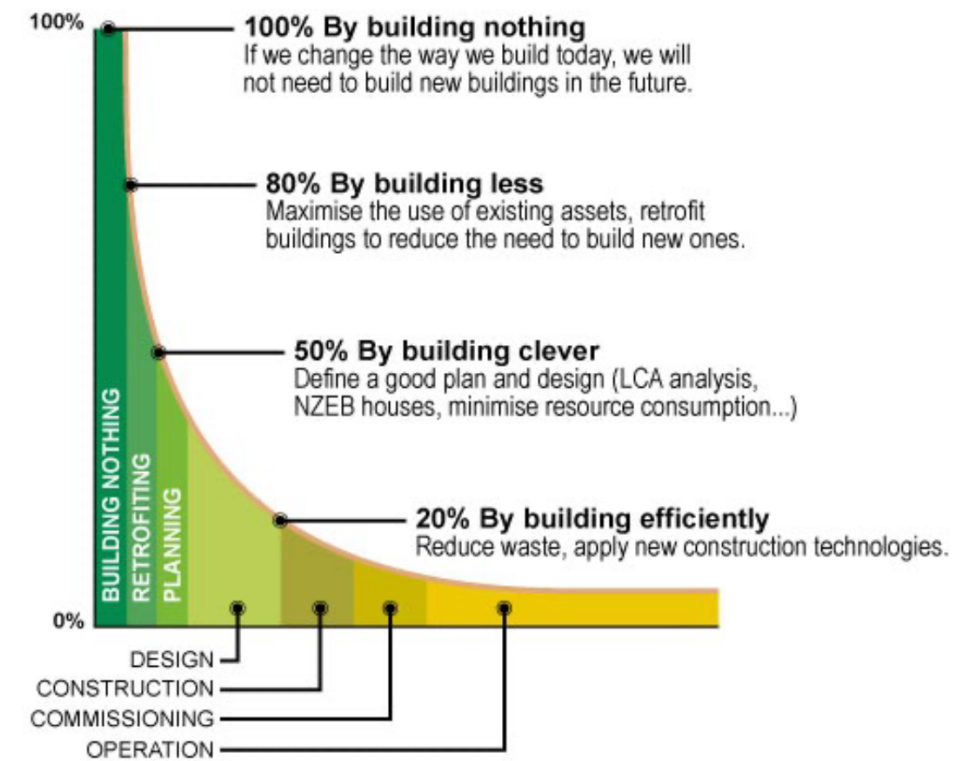
Architectural Engineering Studio

Context

1. General problem statement
2. Research objective
3. Design + Research question
4. Methodology
5. Research findings
 - a. Megastores
 - b. Design tool
 - c. Architectural implementation
6. Design objective
7. Approach design
8. Programme of requirements
9. Design

General problem statement

How to reduce the carbon emitted at each stage

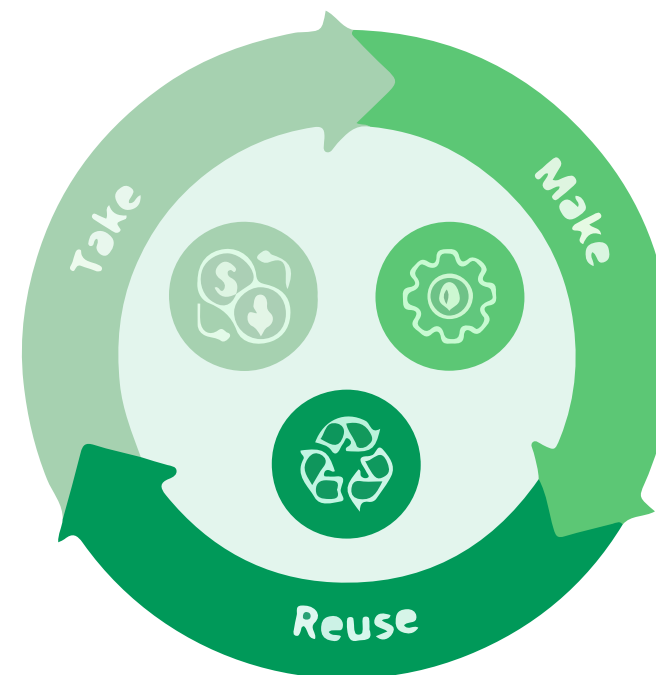




Linear Economy



Circular Economy



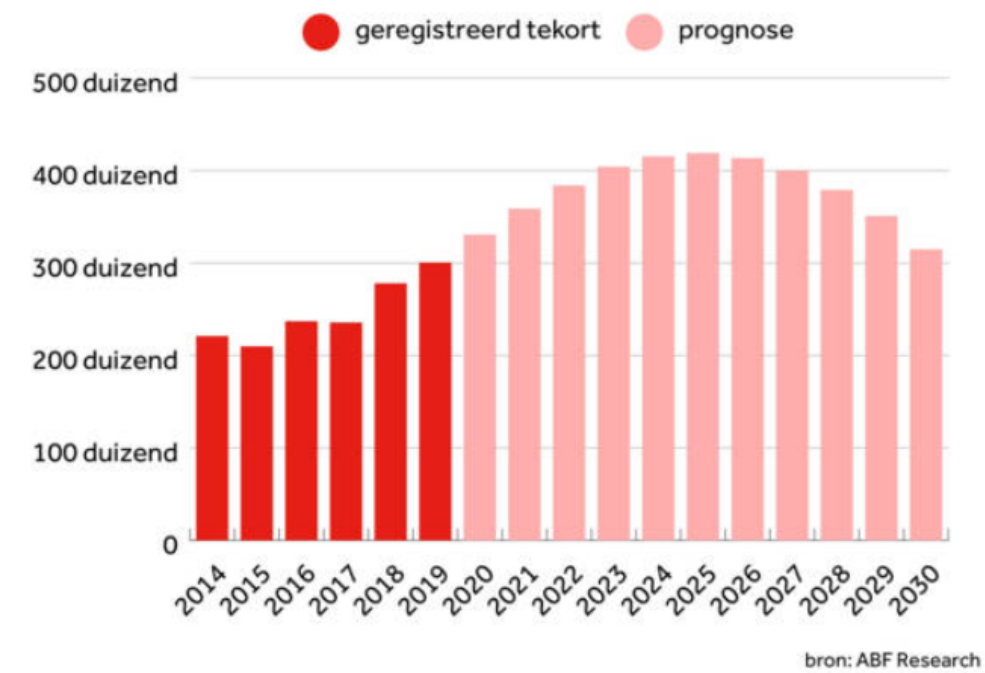


NOS Nieuws • Zaterdag 15 juli 2023, 08:30 •
Aangepast zaterdag 15 juli 2023, 09:29

**Gebouwen vaker duurzaam gesloopt, meer
tweedehands bouwmaterialen op de markt**



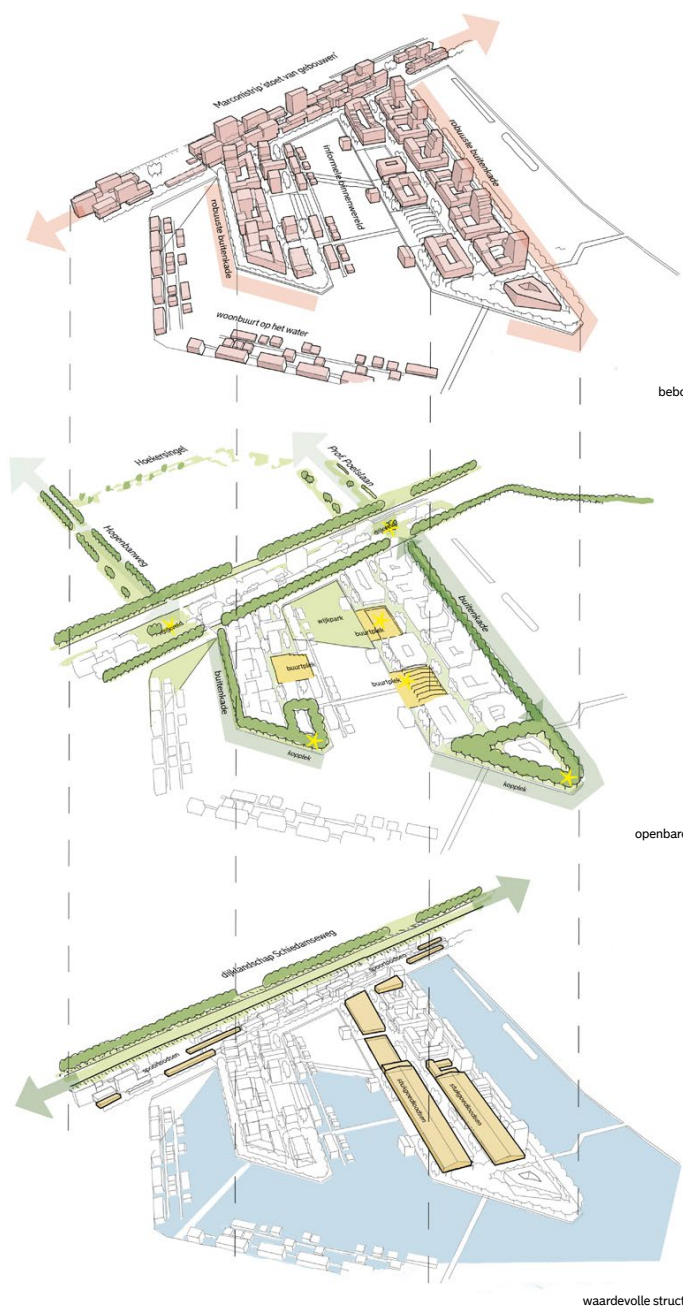
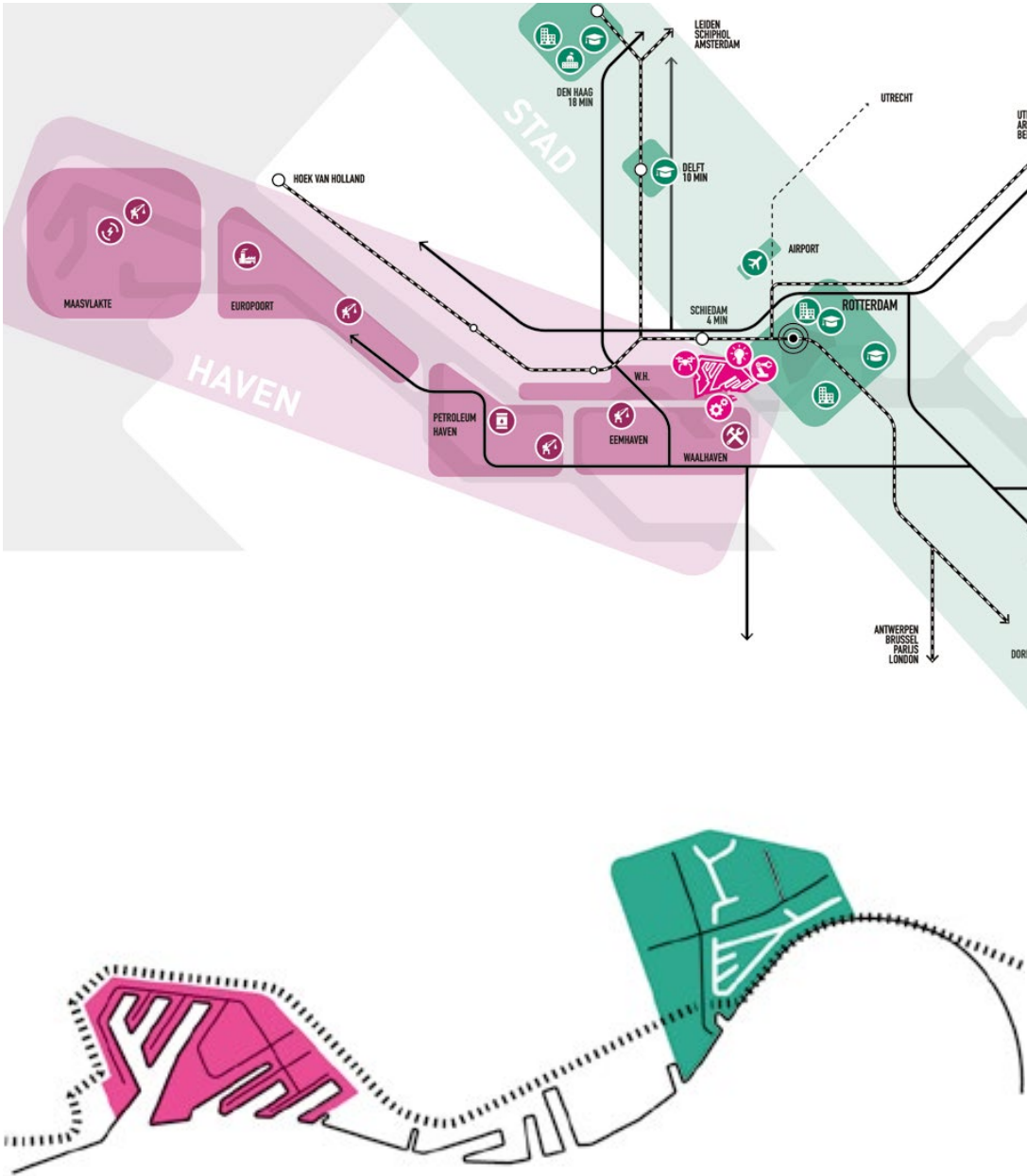
Ontwikkeling woningtekort



Rising population in cities
Rotterdam 86.000 home seekers

Solution: Build, build, build!

Merwehaven



‘Meten is weten’

ECI

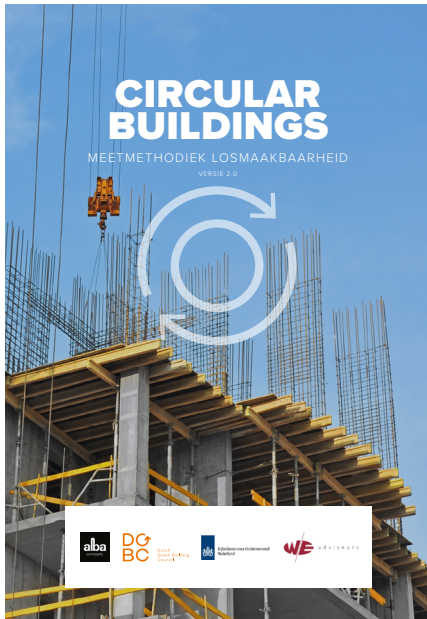
Environmental
Cost
Indicators

LCA

Life
Cycle
Analyses

CO₂

Embodied
Carbon



Paris Proof grenswaarden	materiaalgebonden kg CO ₂ -eq. per m ²			
	2021	2030	2040	2050
Woning (eengezinswoning)	200	126	75	45
Woning (meergezinswoning)	220	139	83	50
Kantoor	250	158	94	56
Retail vastgoed	260	164	98	59
Industrie ⁵	240	151	91	54

Circular Building

“A circular building is a building that is developed,
used and reused without unnecessary depletion of resources
environmental pollution and degradation of ecosystems. It is
built in an economically sound manner and contributes to the
well-being of people and the biosphere. Here and there, now and
later.
Technical elements are demountable and reusable and
biological elements can be returned to their biological cycle.”

- Framework Voor Circulaire Gebouwen - Nieuwbouw - Dutch
Green Building Council

**Thematic
Research
Focus**

Research objective

The objective of this research is to develop **a method for designing with reused building materials by employing a data-driven approach.**

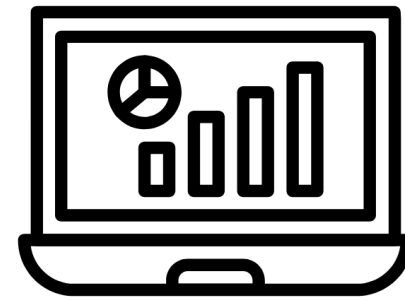
This involves identifying the necessary information to enable the reuse of materials, evaluating the factors that affect the reuse potential, and **creating a data-driven design tool** using Microsoft Excel to assist in making deposition decisions for sustainable reuse.

Additionally, the research seeks to derive **design principles** from case studies of architectural projects that successfully used reclaimed materials, providing a comprehensive overview of considerations and guidelines for reuse in architectural design.

Research question

What data-driven design method is needed for a design tool with reclaimed materials to make deposition decisions for a new circular building?

Data-Driven



Making actions measurable

Setting parameters and constraints to a objective

Data-Driven Design Tool

Input: data + instructions + parameters + constrains

Output: controlled data

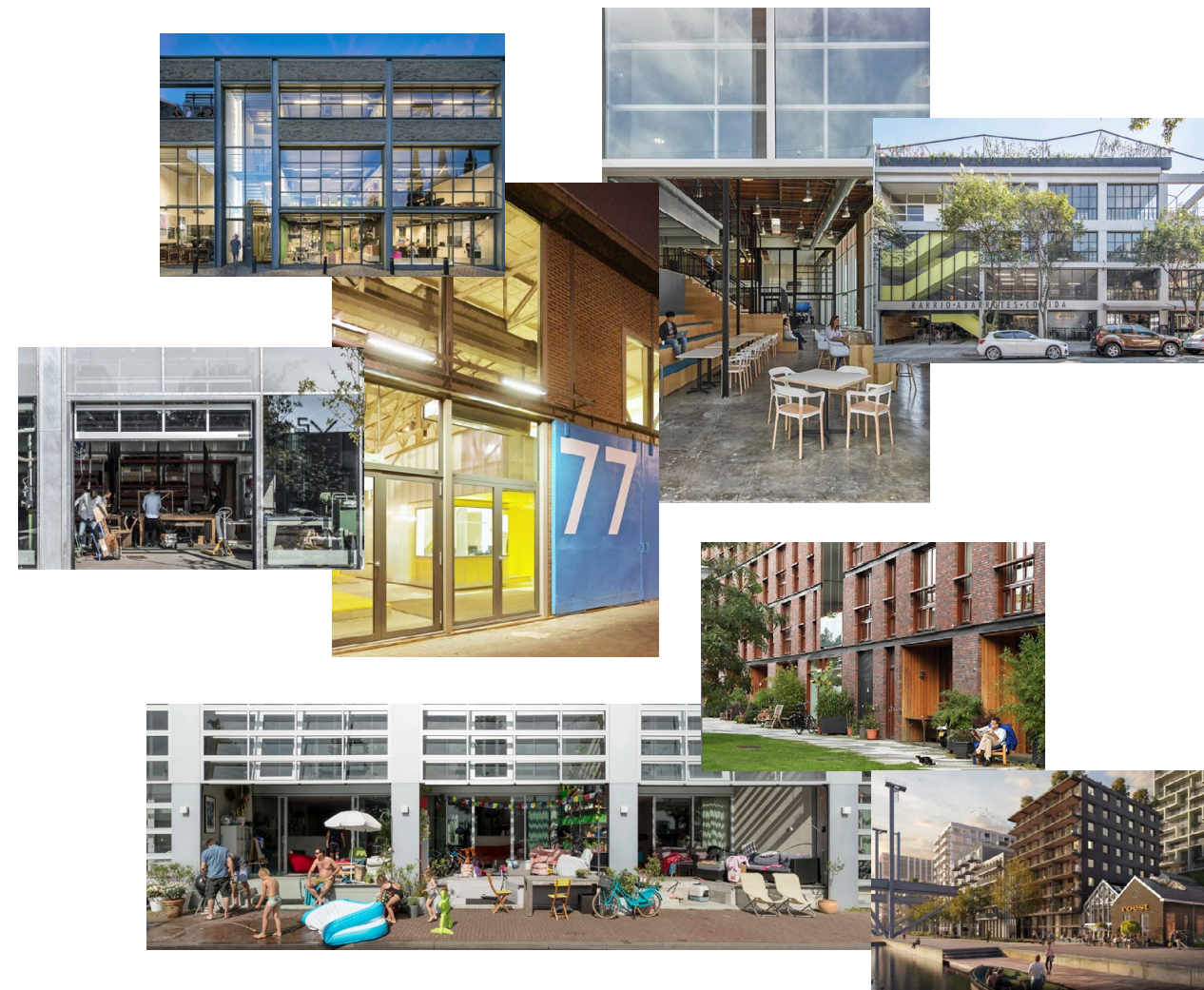
Guiding



When your design is guided by the results of the model, it is data-driven. This allows you to make informed design decisions based on data.

Objective context

1. The masterplan for Merwehaven in Rotterdam focuses on a unique living in an innovative Makers-district.
2. The building design is in line with the ambitions of the masterplan 'Merwehaven'. However the design is not necessarily a 1-to-1 fit to the urban design and the function map in the masterplan.

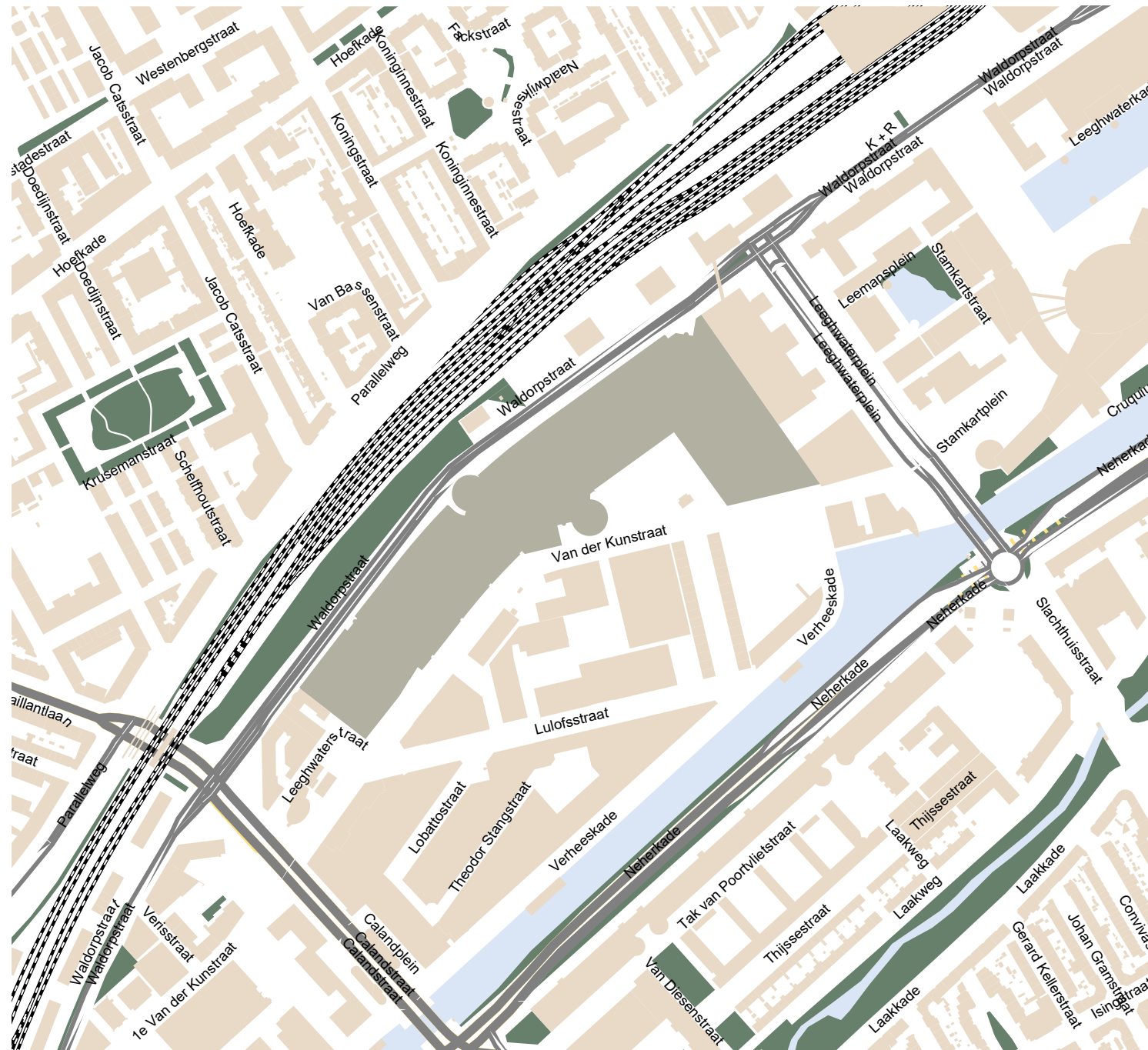


Design question

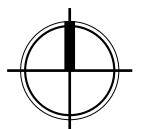
How can an circular multilevel building in the Merwehaven, Rotterdam, take shape for a mixed target group with a design approach where reclaimed materials and reuse practices play a leading role?

Thematic
Research
Focus

Megastores & Merwehaven

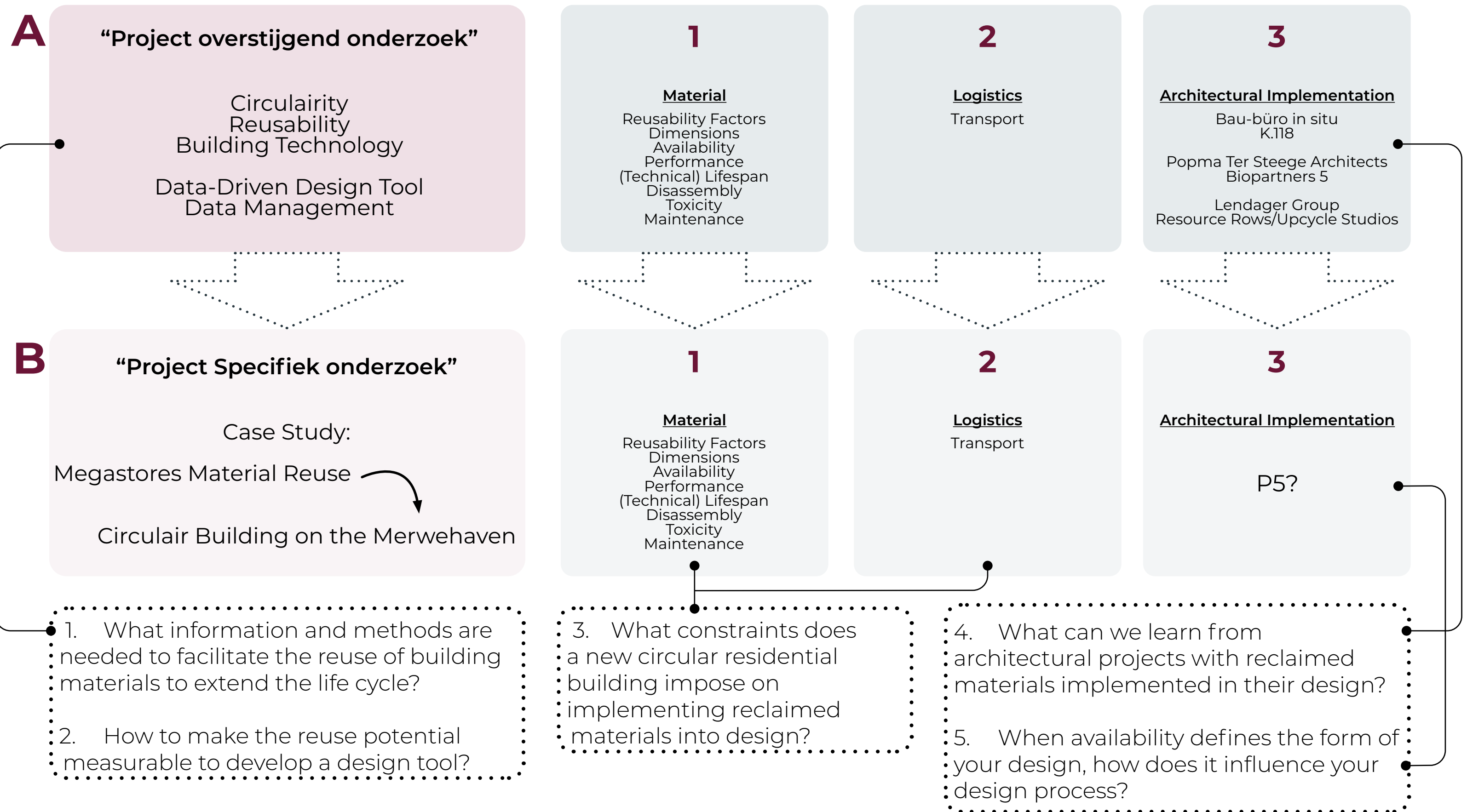


scale 1:5000

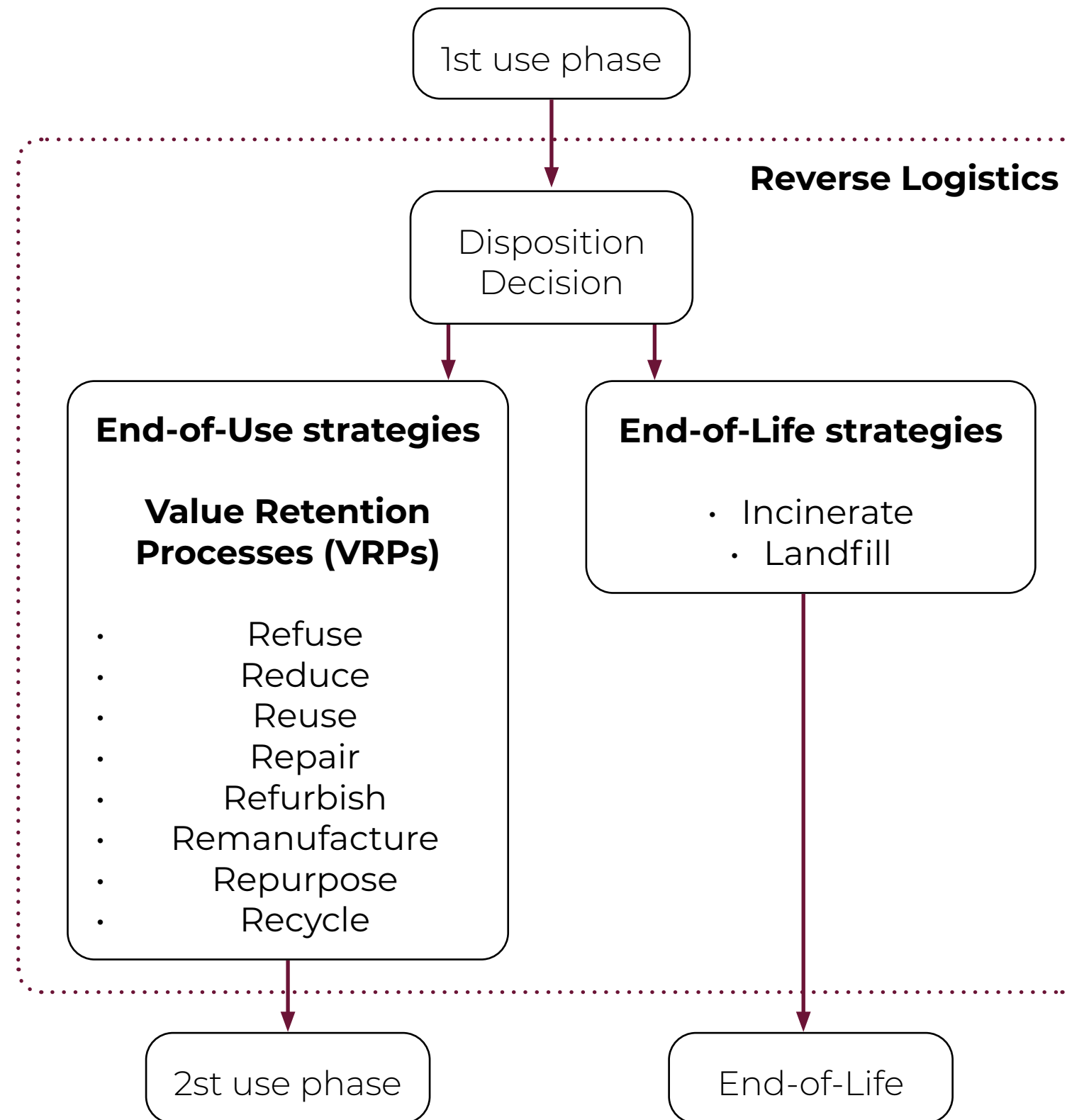




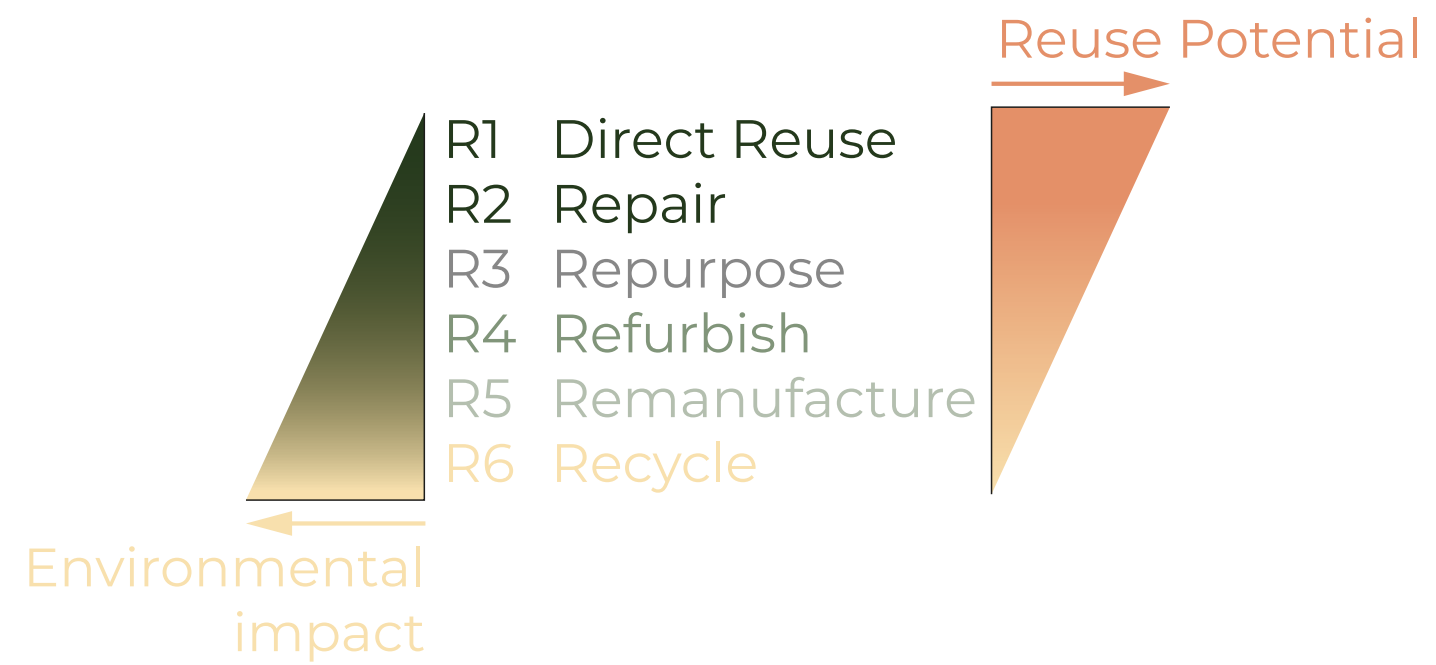
Methodology



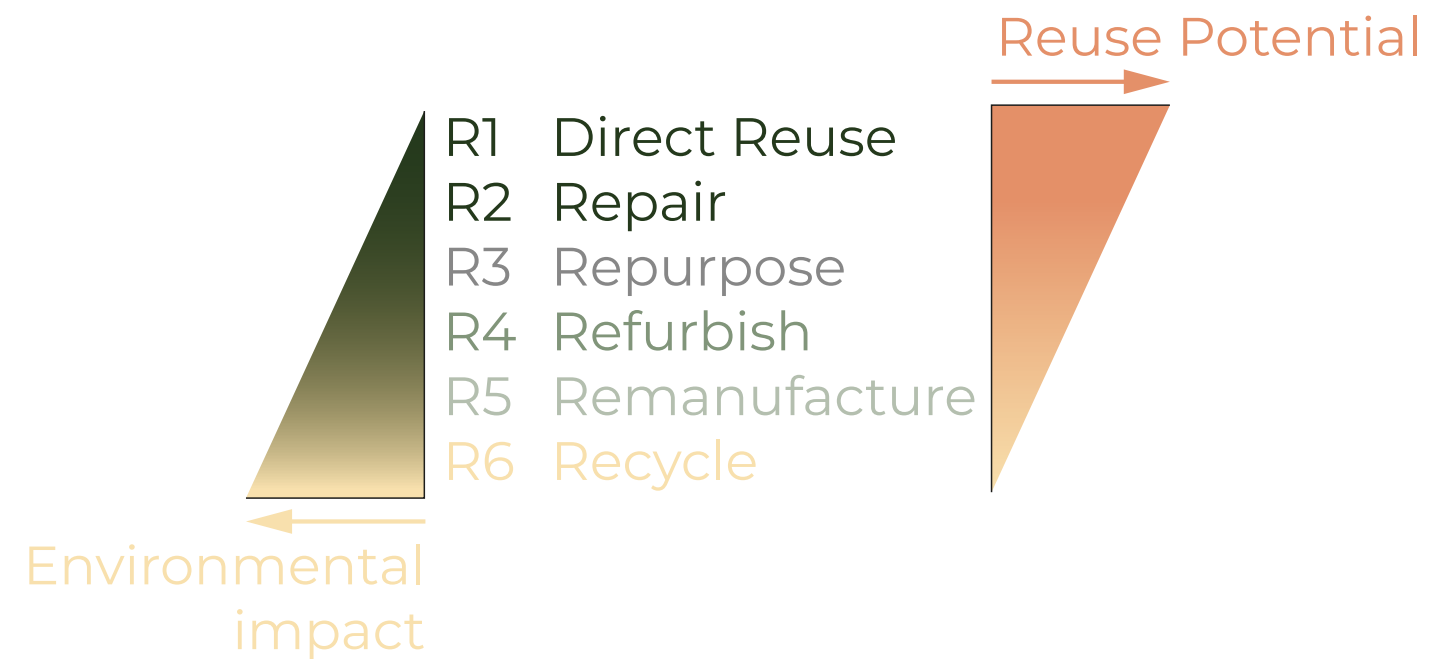
Research findings



R-strategies



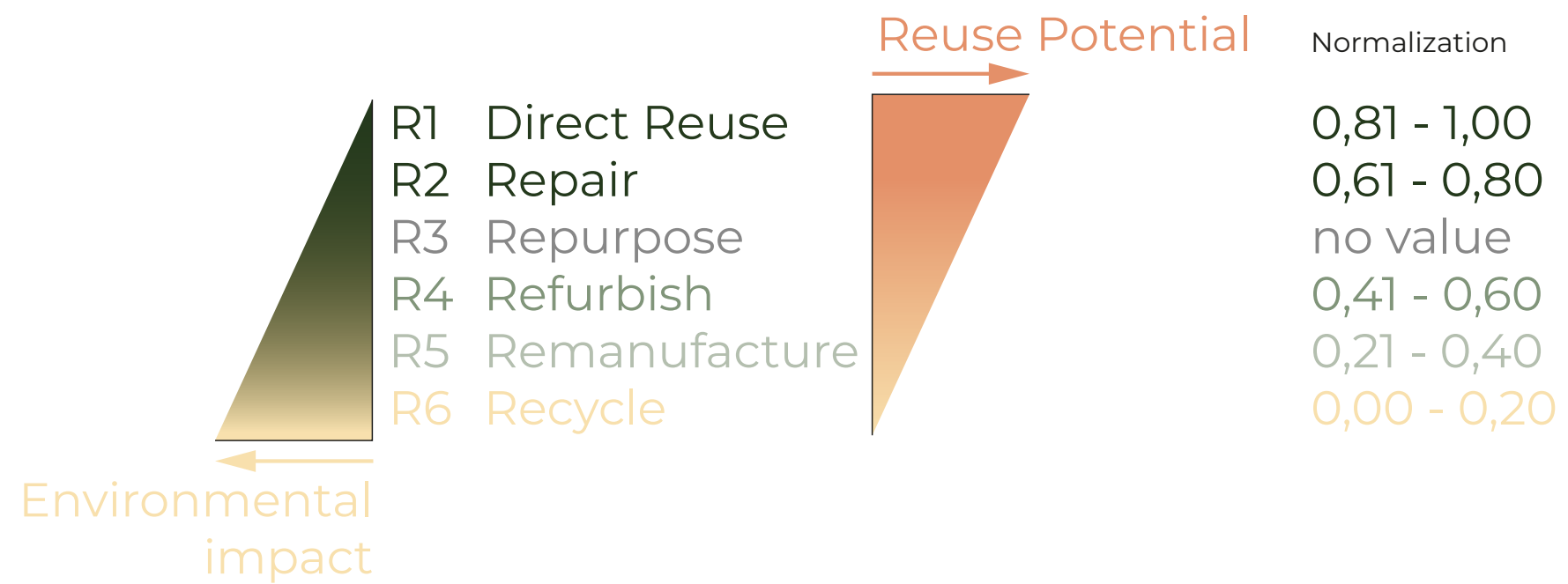
R-strategies



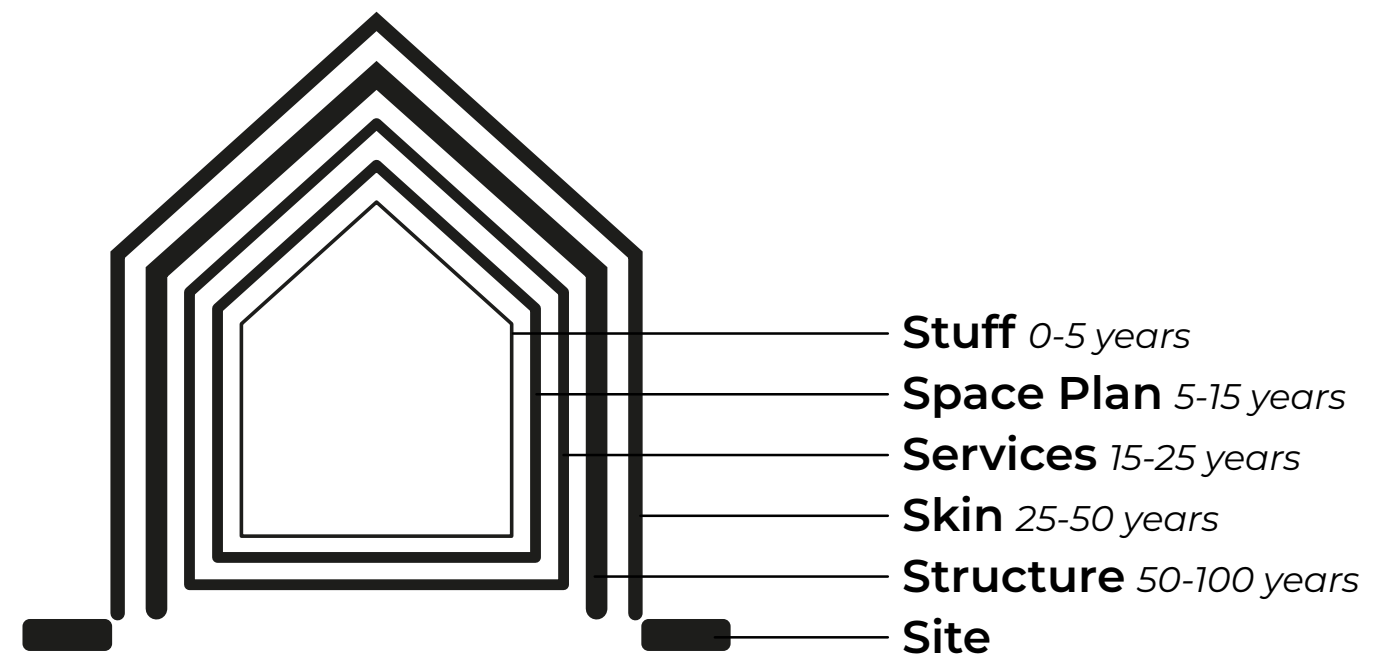
Value Retention Process

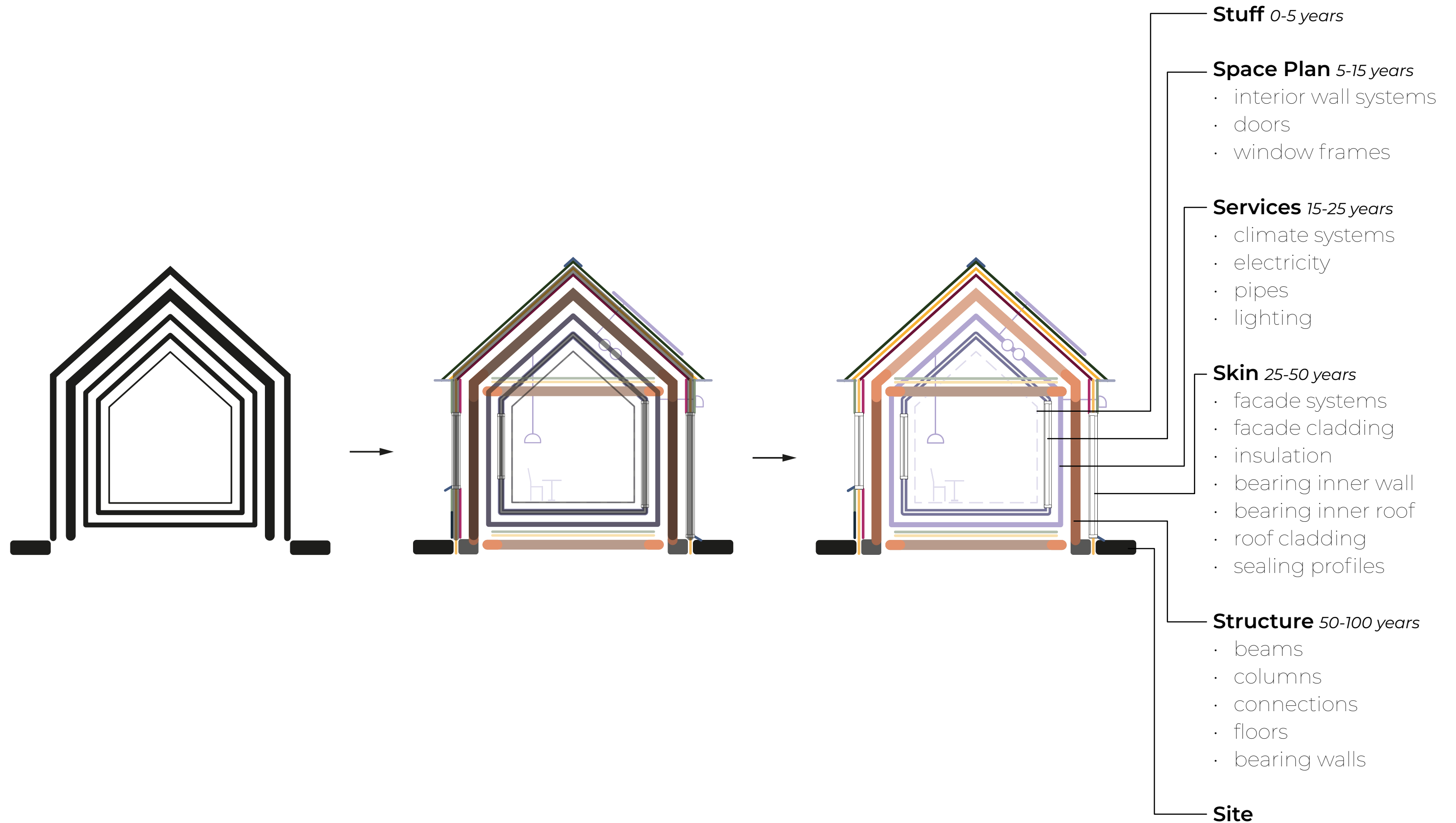
Only cleaning
E.g. painting
Other function, breaking down into smaller parts
Replace or repair parts
Take apart completely, replace/repair parts, reassemble
Return to original raw materials and make new product

R-strategies

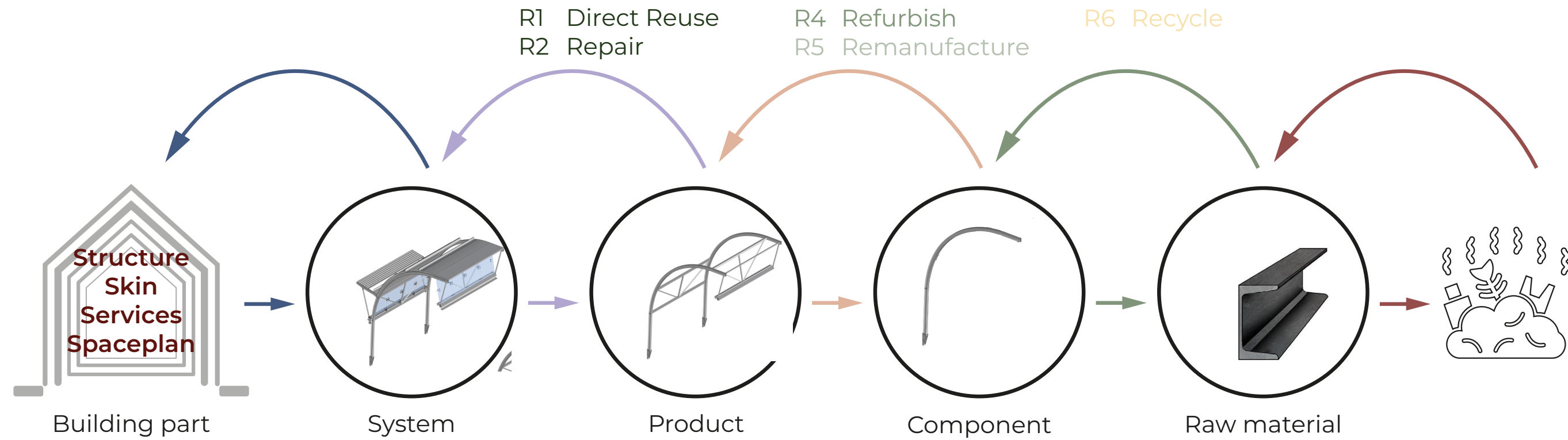


Building layers





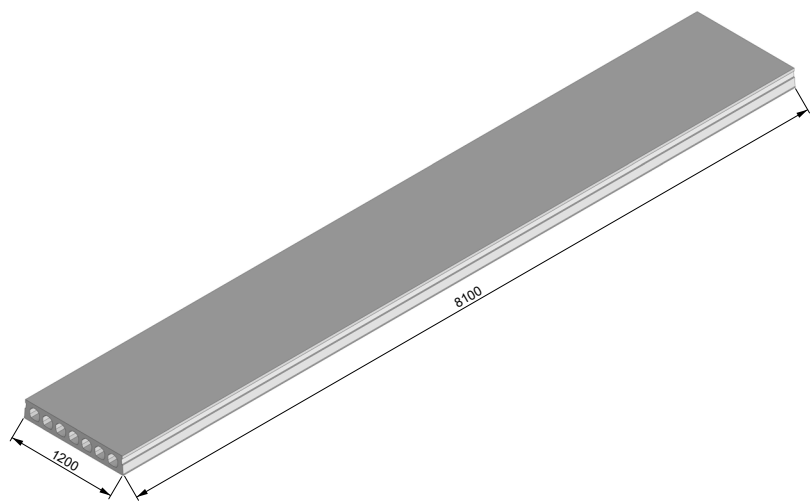
Scales



Tool 1/5

Bill of Material				
	Code	Item name	Photo	Shearing layer
Building part	1			
System	2			Shearing Layer
Product	3a			Stuff (0-5 years)
	3b			Space Plan (5-15 years)
	3c			Services (15-25 years)
Component	4a			Structures (50-100 years)
	4b			Skin (25-50 years)
	4c			Site
Raw Material	5a			
	5b			
	5c			

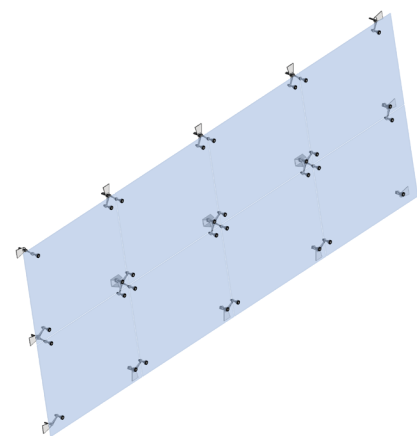
Case study Megastores & Merwehaven 1/5



Bill of Material				
	Code	Item name	Photo	Shearing layer
Building part	1.1	Floors		Structures (50-100 years)
System	1.2	Floor packet		Structures (50-100 years)
Product	1.3a	Precast hollow core slabs		Structures (50-100 years)
	1.3b			Structures (50-100 years)
				50 mm Anhydrietvloer
	1.3c			Space Plan (5-15 years)
Raw Material		Finishing		
	1.5a	Concrete		
	1.5b	Concrete and gypsum mix		
	1.5c	Reinforcement steel		

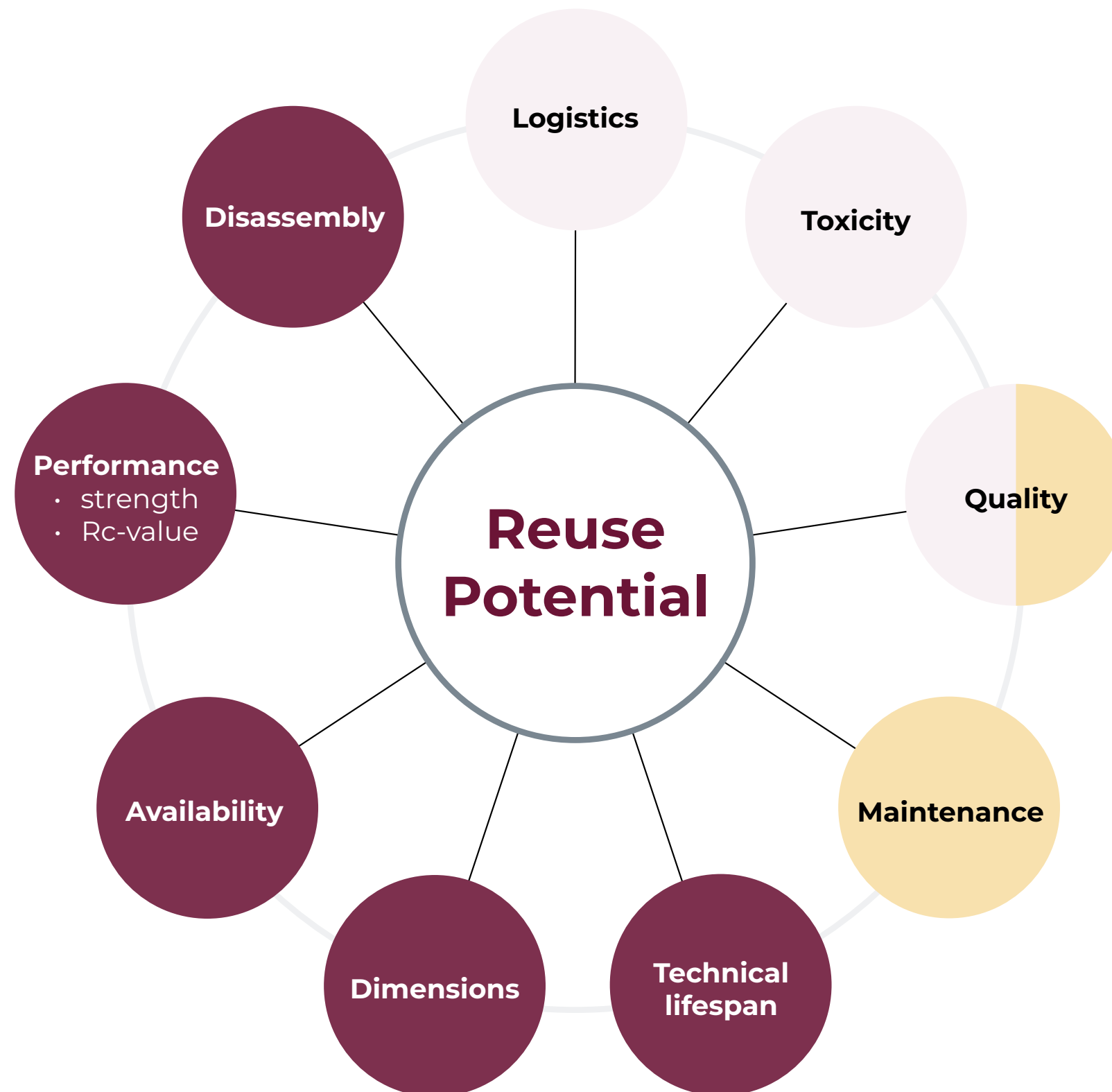


Bill of Material				
	Code	Item name	Photo	Shearing layer
Building part	2.1	Roof		Skin (25-50 years)
System	2.2	Loadbearing construction		Structures (50-100 years)
Product	2.3a	Steel beam square		Structures (50-100 years)
	2.3b			Structures (50-100 years)
				Steel beam I
	2.3c			Structures (50-100 years)
Component		Steel pipe		
	2.4a	Pin + bolts		
	2.4b	Hanger curtain wall		
	2.4c	Profile connections		
Raw Material	2.5a	Steel		



Bill of Material				
	Code	Item name	Photo	Shearing layer
Building part	2.1	Facade		Skin (25-50 years)
System	2.2	Curtain wall spider		Skin (25-50 years)
Product	2.3a	Glass panel		Skin (25-50 years)
	2.3b			Skin (25-50 years)
Component		Spider connections		
	2.4a	Pin + bolts		
	2.4b	Spider 2 knots		
	2.4c	Spider 4 knots		
Raw Material	2.4d	Plate		
	2.5a	Aluminium		
	2.5b	Glass		
	2.5c	Foil		

Criteria



Tool 2/5

Bill of Material					Measurements						Performance						Logistics	
	Code	Item name	Photo	Shearing layer	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Weight (gram)	Volume (m^3)	Amount	Strength	Strength aim	RP value	Rc-value	Rc-value aim	RP value	Building close to waterway ?	Transport options
Building part	1								0				1			1		
System	2								0				1			1		
Product	3a								0				1			1		
	3b								0				1			1		
	3c								0				1			1		
Component	4a								0				1			1		
	4b								0				1			1		
	4c								0				1			1		
Raw Material	5a								0				1			1		
	5b								0				1			1		
	5c								0				1			1		

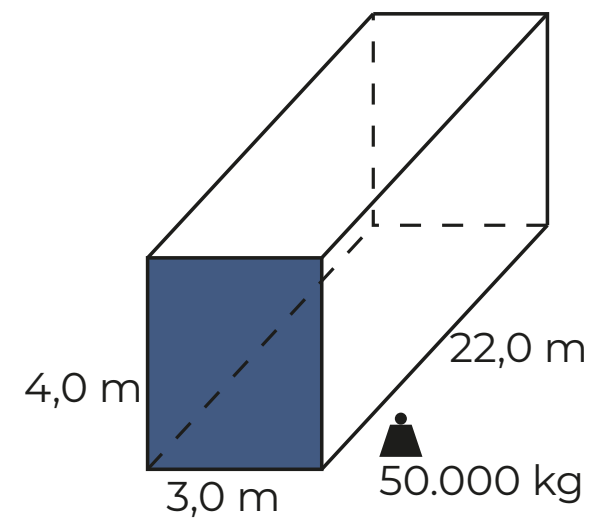
Disassembly index												
(Tv) Type joint		Accessibility link (ToV)		Intersections (DK)		Edging (RO)		Disassembly index		Llcn = losmaakbaarheidsindex van de connectie van product of element n:	Llcn = losmaakbaarheidsindex van de samenstelling van element n:	
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		
								0	0	0		

Supplier				
Brand	Age (End-of-use) (months)	Technical lifespan End-of-life (months)	Estimated remaining lifespan	RP value
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0
			0	0

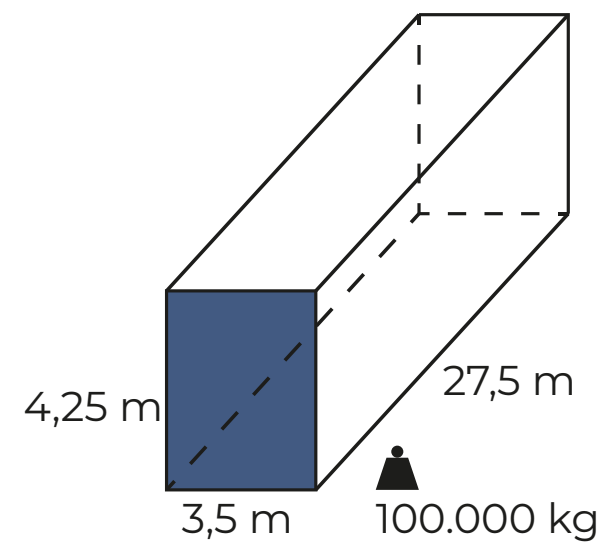
Toxicity	
Toxicity range	index toxicity

Logistics

Normal transportation



Specific transportation

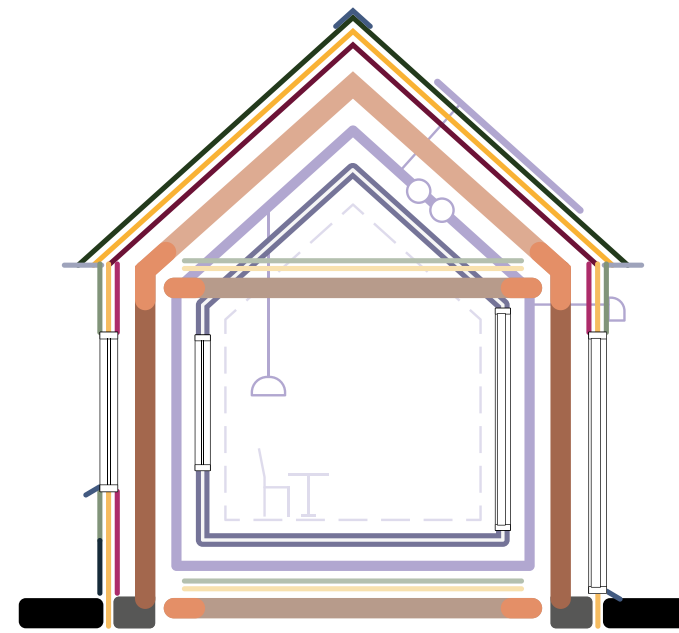


— shipping route
— driving route



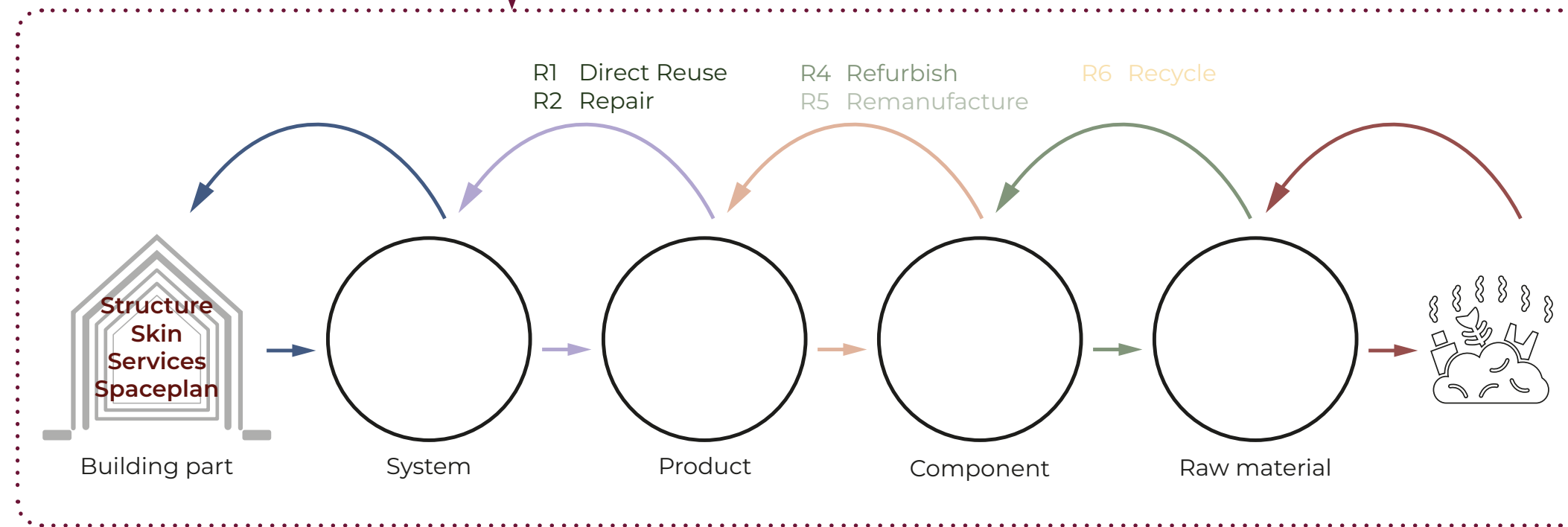
CEMT-Class II
length: 50-55 m.
width: 6,6 m.
401-650 tonnes
carrying capacity

Tool 3/5



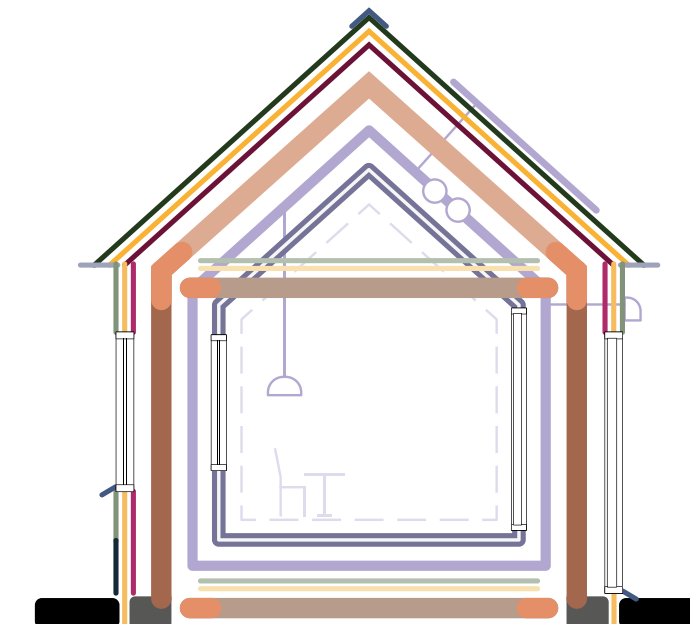
User traces
Old building codes
Degradation of material
One-of-a-kind products
Designed for specific function

1st use phase



2st use phase

Aesthetics
New building codes
Design for disassembly
Different function



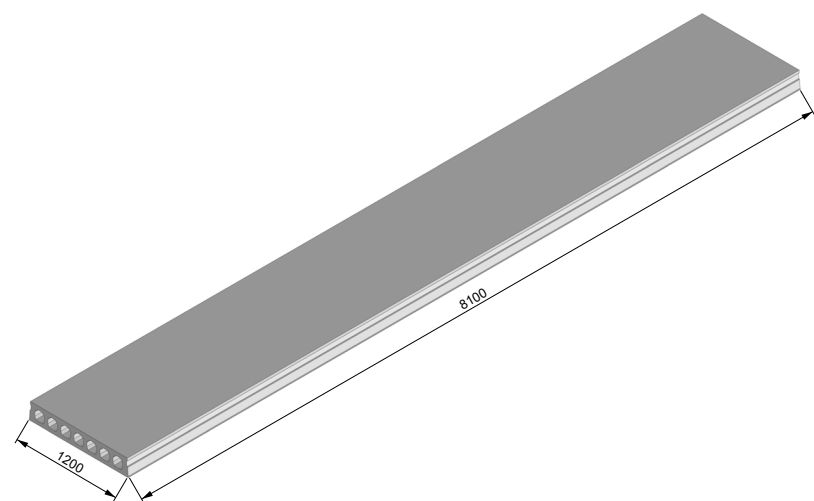
Tool 4/5

[illegible][illegible]

Tool 5/5

Reuse Potential				Bill of Material				
RP-	RP		RP+		Code	Item name	Photo	Shearing layer
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle	Building part	1			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle	System	2			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle	Product	3a			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		3b			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		3c			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle	Component	4a			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		4b			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		4c			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle	Raw Material	5a			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		5b			
R4 Refurbi	0,33	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		5c			

Case study: Results Reuse Potential Material Megastores to Merwehaven



Reuse Potential				Bill of Material		
RP-	RP		RP+		Code	Item name
R2 Repair	0,54	R4 Refurbish	R5 Remanufacture	Building part	1.1	Floors
R2 Repair	0,54	R4 Refurbish	R5 Remanufacture	System	1.2	Floor packet
R1 Direct u	0,75	R2 Repair	R4 Refurbish	Product	1.3a	Precast hollow core slabs
R4 Refurbi	0,39	R5 Remanufacture	R6 Recycle		1.3b	
R1 Direct u	0,75	R2 Repair	R4 Refurbish		1.3c	
R2 Repair	0,57	R4 Refurbish	R5 Remanufacture	Raw Material	1.5a	Concrete
R2 Repair	0,50	R4 Refurbish	R5 Remanufacture		1.5b	Concrete and gypsum mix
R2 Repair	0,57	R4 Refurbish	R5 Remanufacture		1.5c	Reinforcement steel

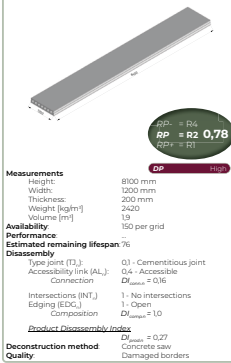
Bill of Material

Project: Megastores

Location: Van Kunstraat 123, 2521 CD Den Haag
Building year: 2000
Function: Commercial and public building (shopping mall)

Structure

Floor



Beam

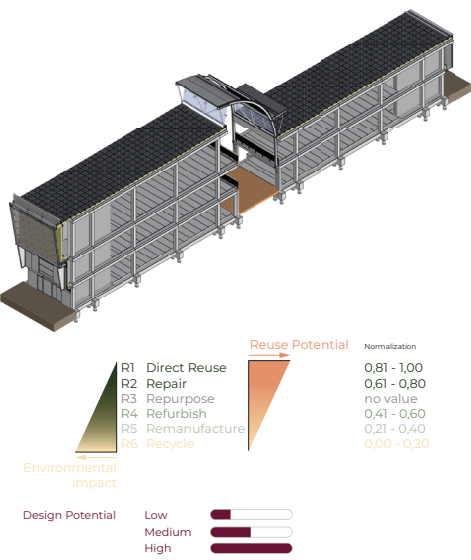


Skin

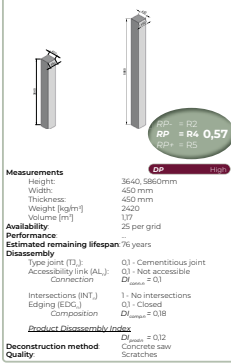
Sun shading structure



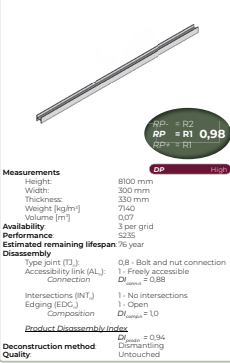
Roof



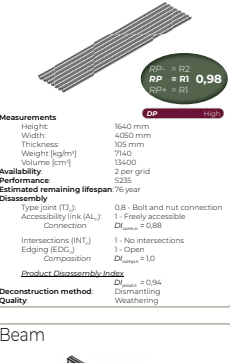
Column



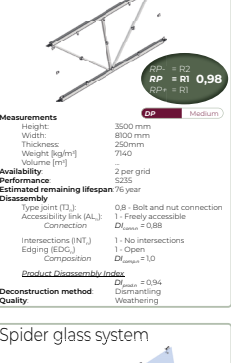
Beam



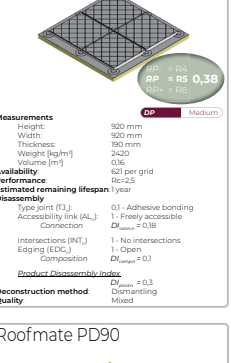
Corrugated sheet



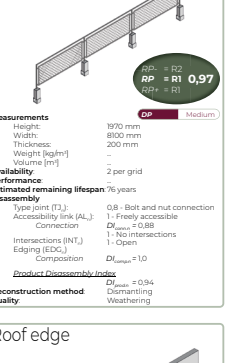
Structure glass system



Floorsystem Strijland



Roof fence



Structure

Foundation

Foundation beam

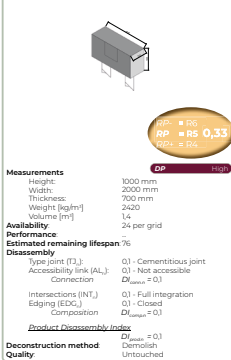


Roof passage

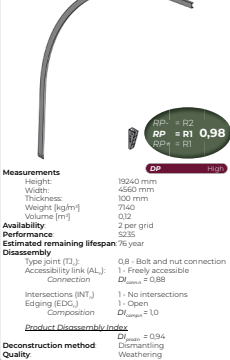
Steel structure



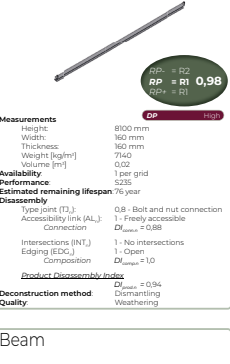
Pad foundation



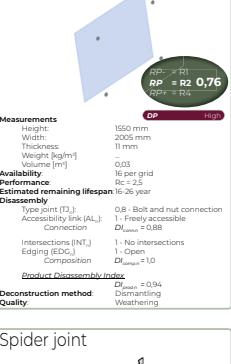
Arche beam passage



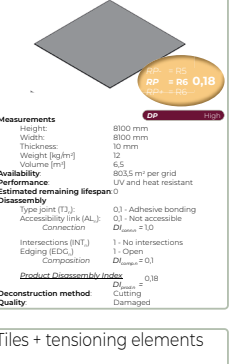
HEA160



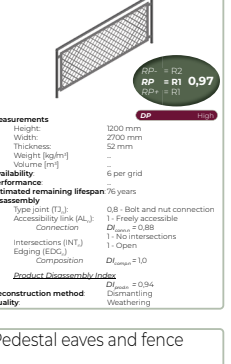
Glass sheet



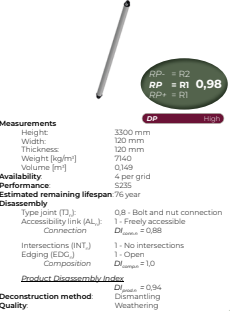
APP roof covering



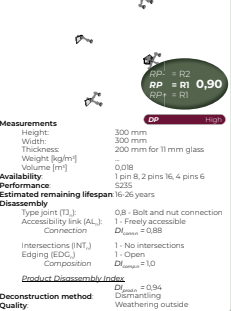
Fence



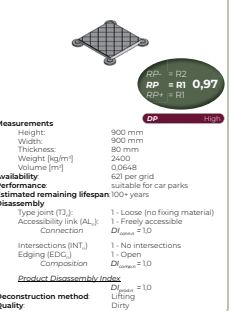
Beam



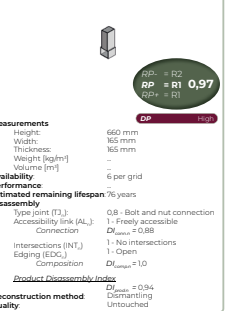
Spider joint



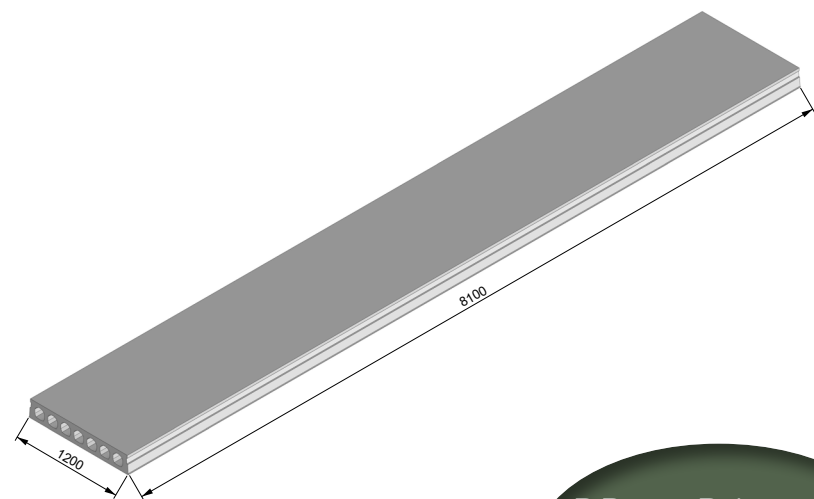
Tiles + tensioning elements



Pedestal eaves and fence



Floor



RP- = R4
RP = R2 0,78
RP+ = R1

DP High

Measurements

Height:	8100 mm
Width:	1200 mm
Thickness:	200 mm
Weight [kg/m³]	2420
Volume [m³]	1,9

Availability: 150 per grid

Performance: ...
Estimated remaining lifespan: 76

Disassembly

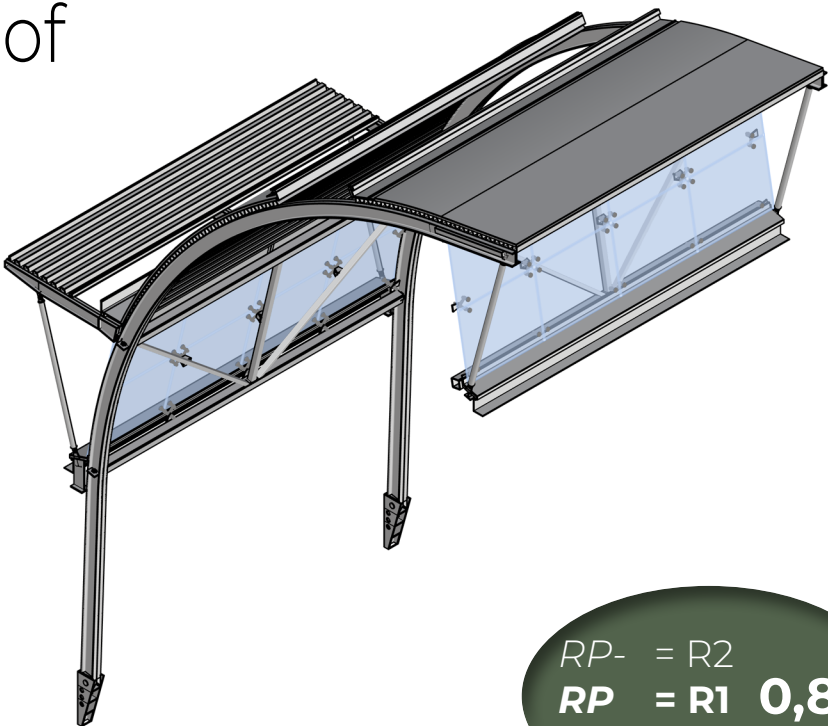
Type joint (TJ _n):	0,1 - Cementitious joint
Accessibility link (AL _n):	0,4 - Accessible
Connection	DI _{conn,n} = 0,16
Intersections (INT _n):	1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG _n):	1 - Open
Composition	DI _{comp,n} = 1,0

Product Disassembly Index

DI_{prod,n} = 0,27

Deconstruction method: Concrete saw
Quality: Damaged borders

Roof



RP- = R2
RP = R1 0,83
RP+ = R1

DP Low

Measurements

Height:	19240 mm
Width:	14160 mm
Thickness:	8100 mm
Weight [kg/m³]	...
Volume [m³]	...

Availability: ...
Performance: Rc = 2,5
Estimated remaining lifespan: 76 years

Disassembly

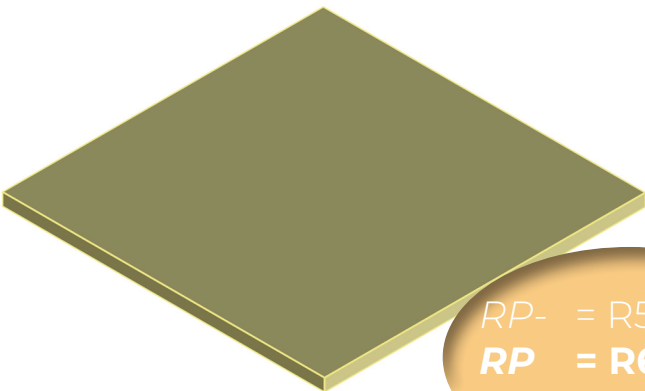
Type joint (TJ _n):	0,8 - Bolt and nut connection
Accessibility link (AL _n):	1 - Freely accessible
Connection	DI _{conn,n} = 0,88
Intersections (INT _n):	1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG _n):	1 - Open
Composition	DI _{comp,n} = 1,0

Product Disassembly Index

DI_{prod,n} = 0,94

Deconstruction method: Dismantling
Quality: Weathering

Roofmate PD90



RP- = R5
RP = R6 0,18
RP+ = R6

DP High

Measurements

Height:	1250 mm
Width:	600 mm
Thickness:	80 mm
Weight [kg/m²]	2,6
Volume [m³]	0,06

Availability: 803,5 m² per grid
Performance: Rc=2,5
Estimated remaining lifespan: 1 year

Disassembly

Type joint (TJ _n):	0,1 - Adhesive bonding
Accessibility link (AL _n):	0,1 - Not accessible
Connection	DI _{conn,n} = 0,1
Intersections (INT _n):	1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG _n):	1 - Open
Composition	DI _{comp,n} = 1,0

Product Disassembly Index

DI_{prod,n} = 0,18

Deconstruction method: Cutting
Quality: Soft material

Reuse Potential



Disposition
Decision

Design
Potential

Reuse Potential



Disposition
Decision

**Design
Potential**

Architectural implementation

K.118



Biopartner5



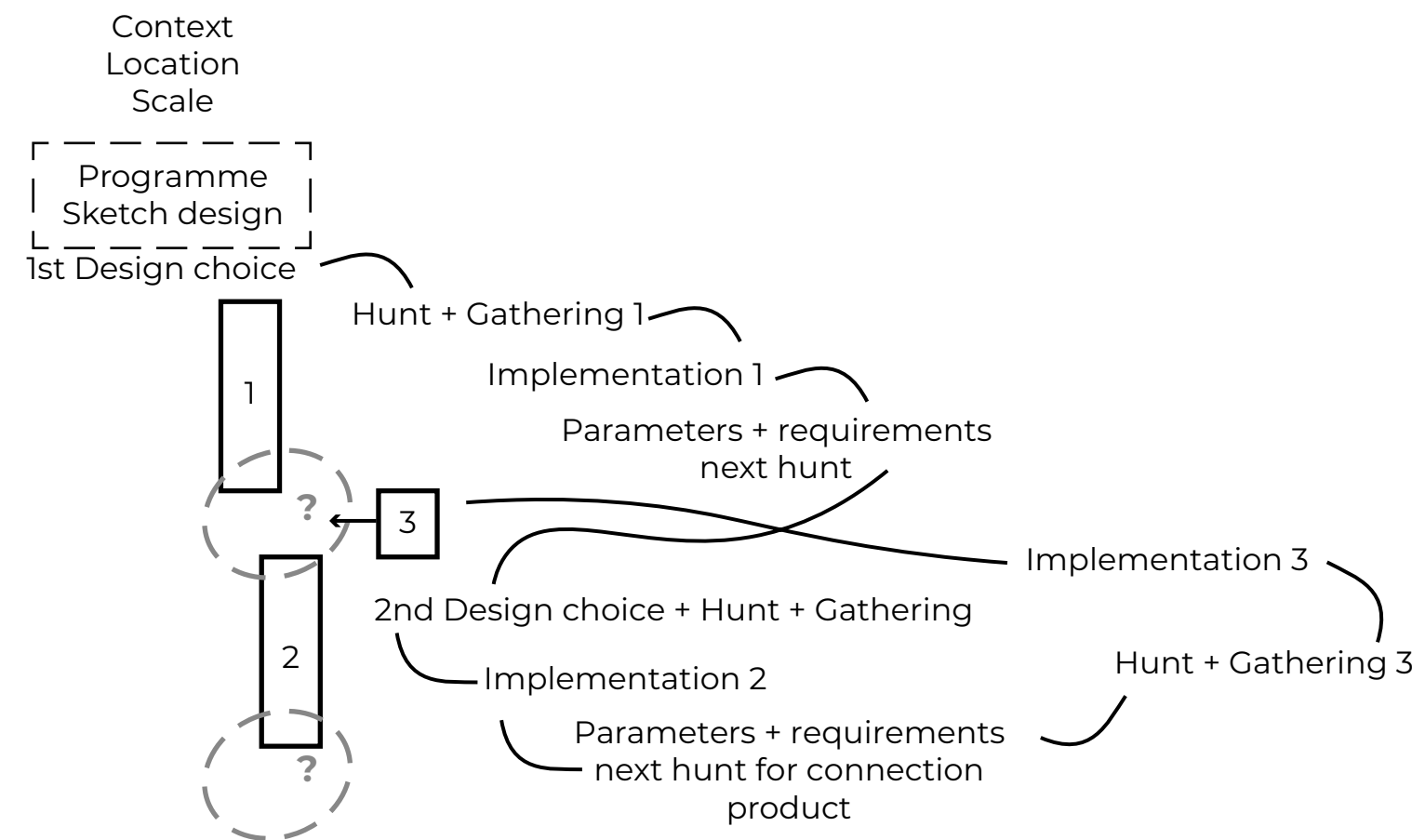
Lendager



design processes

Integration of reuse within their designs

objectives related to reuse



Objective technical design

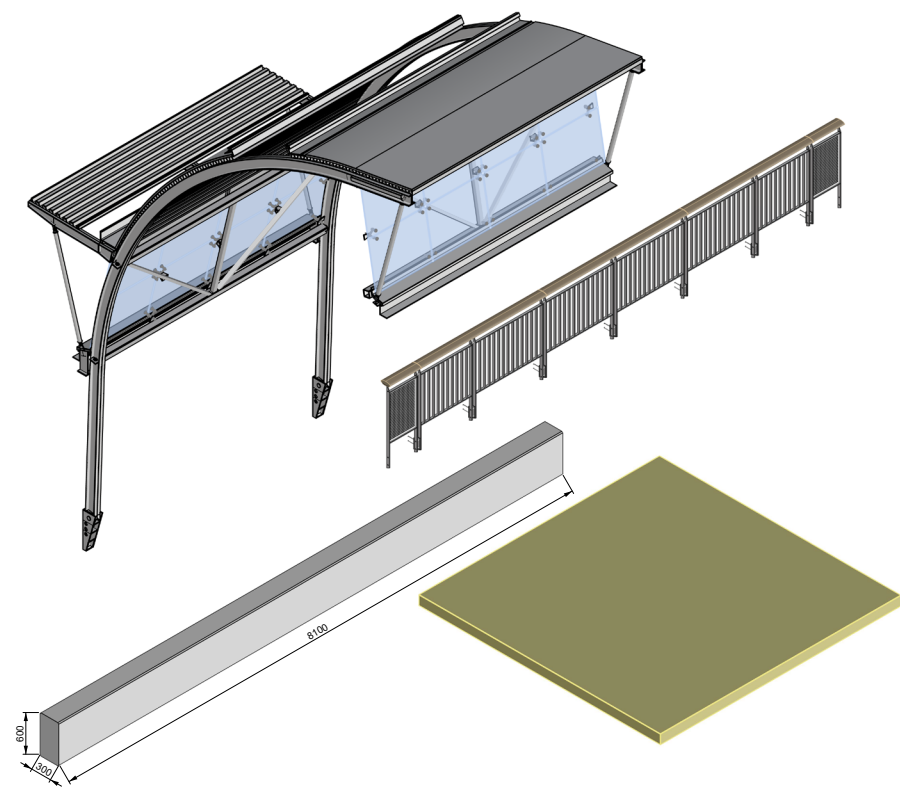
1. Reuse first!
2. Minimal 20% reuse, 40% renewable, 40% most sustainable supplier
3. Finding optimal match for reclaimed materials architecturally and functionally
4. “Scars” may be seen
5. Disassembly and replaceability

Design approach

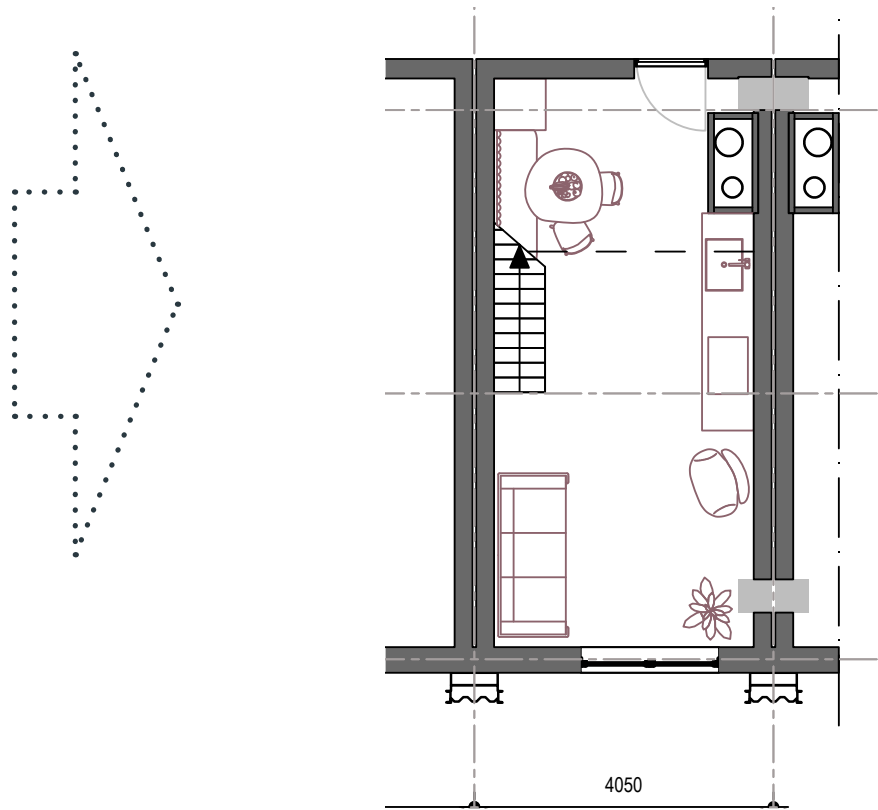


Material-driven design

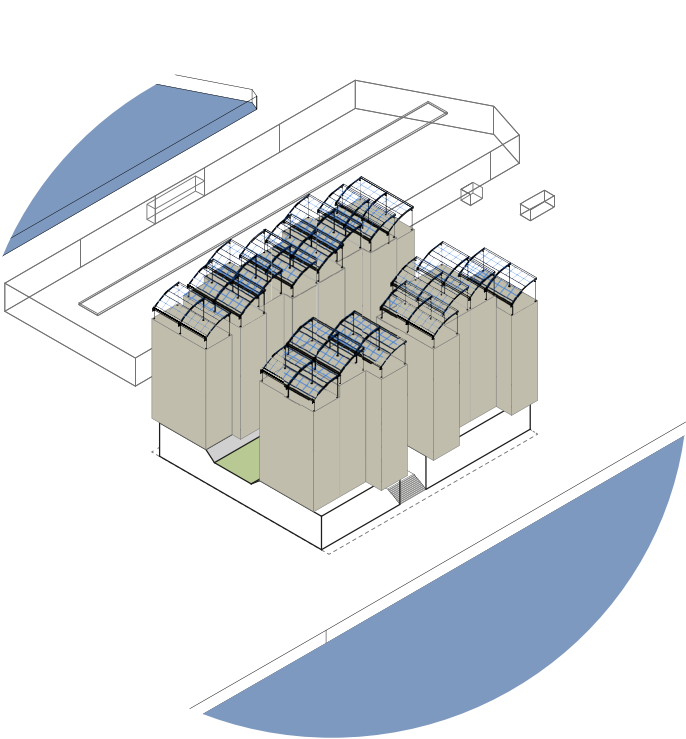
Material



Architecture



Urban

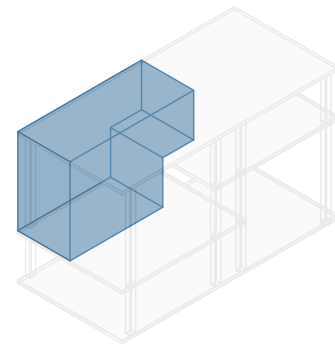


Programme of requirements

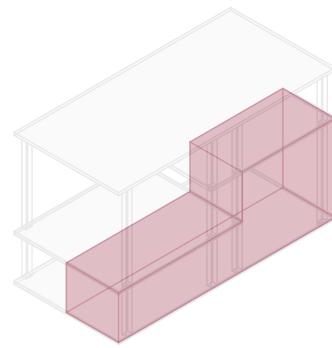
Makers Places

Public Spaces

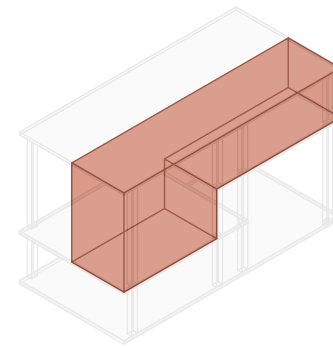
Housing



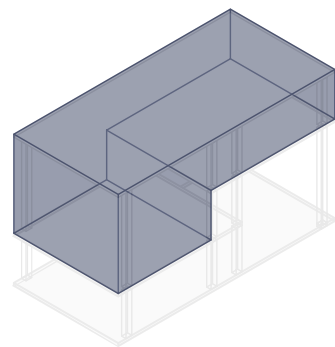
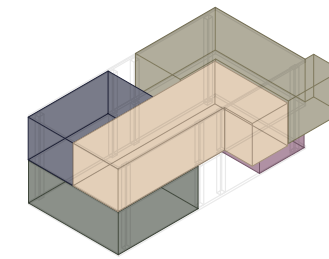
Studio



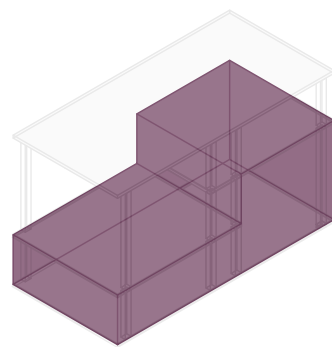
1,5 person
apartment



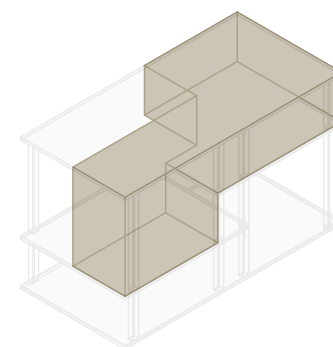
1,5 person
apartment



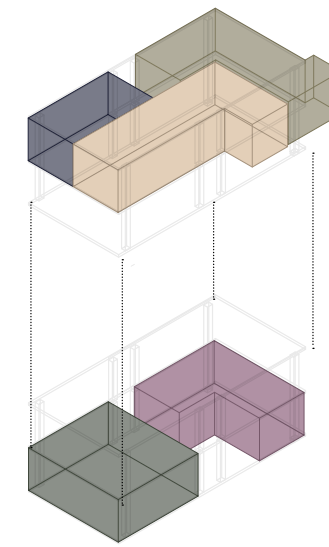
Family
apartment



Family
apartment



Family
apartment



Shared
housing with 3
sub-dwellings

Collective

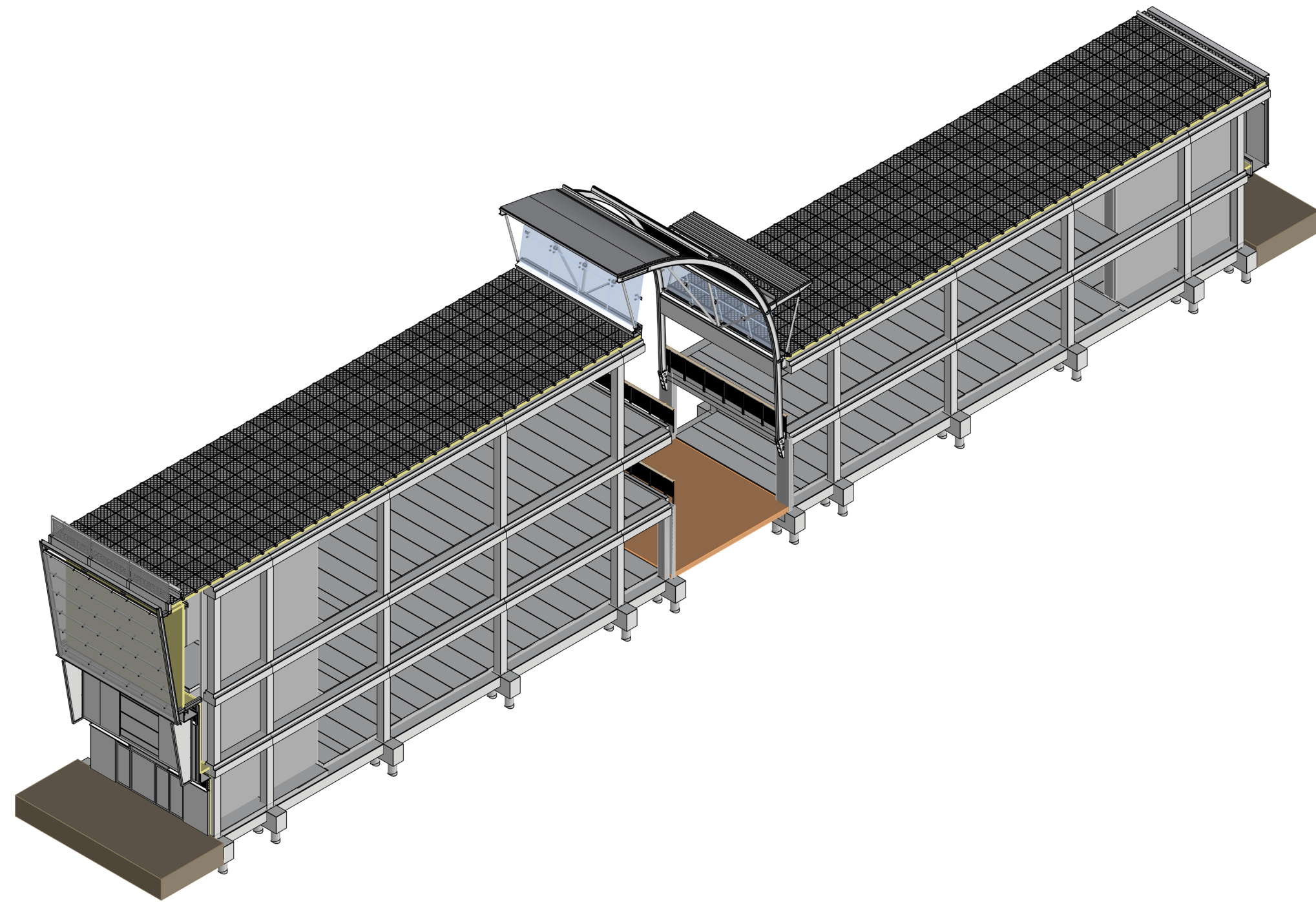
Roof garden

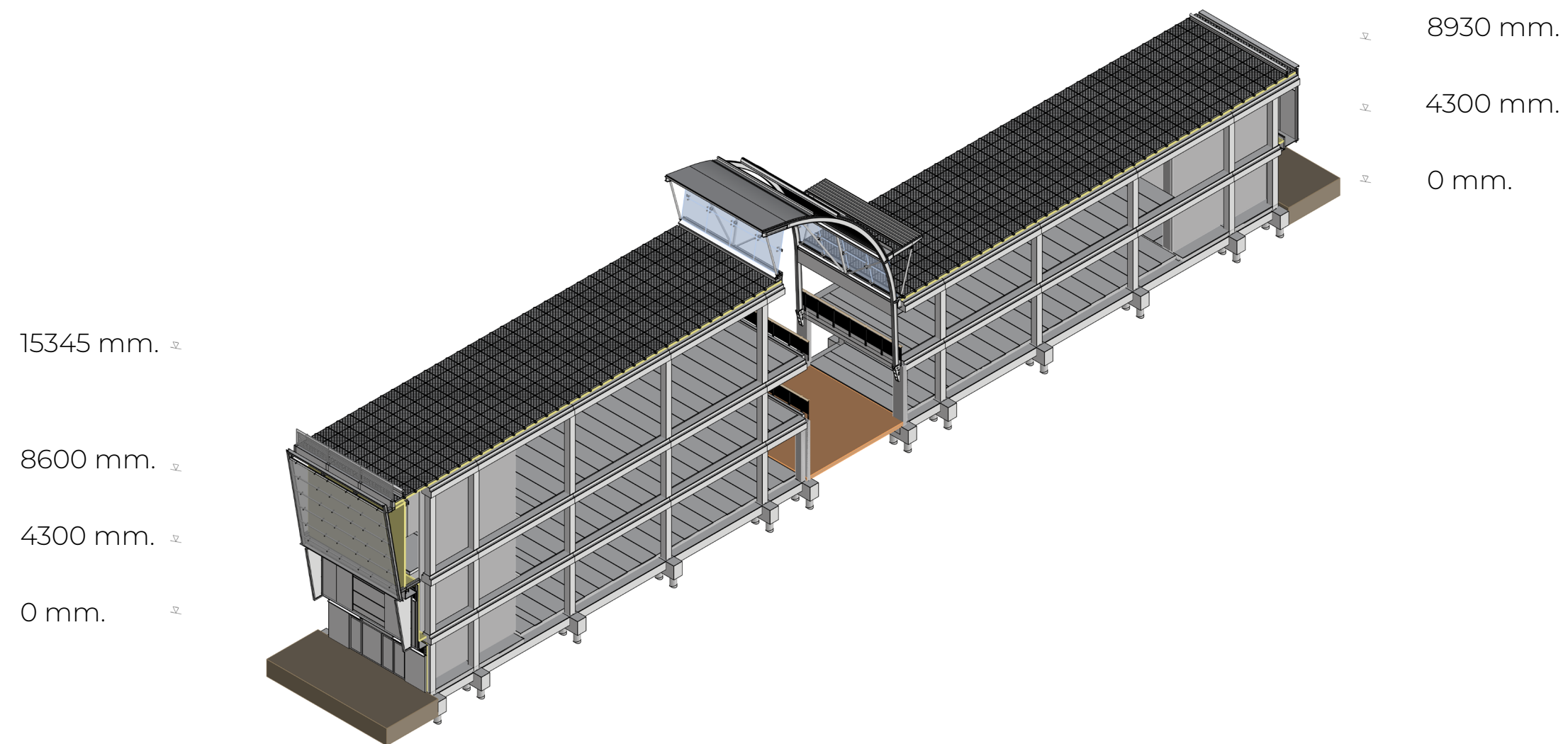
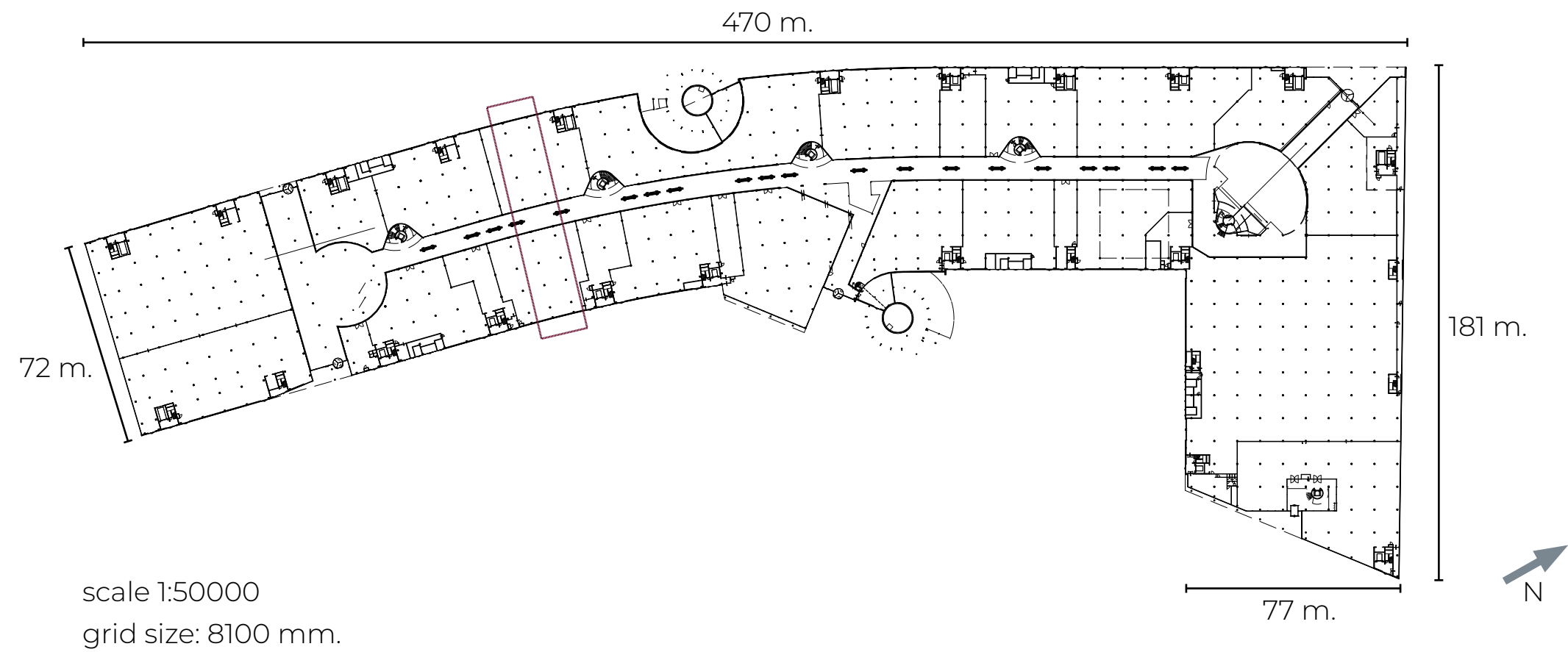
Inner garden

Bicycle parking

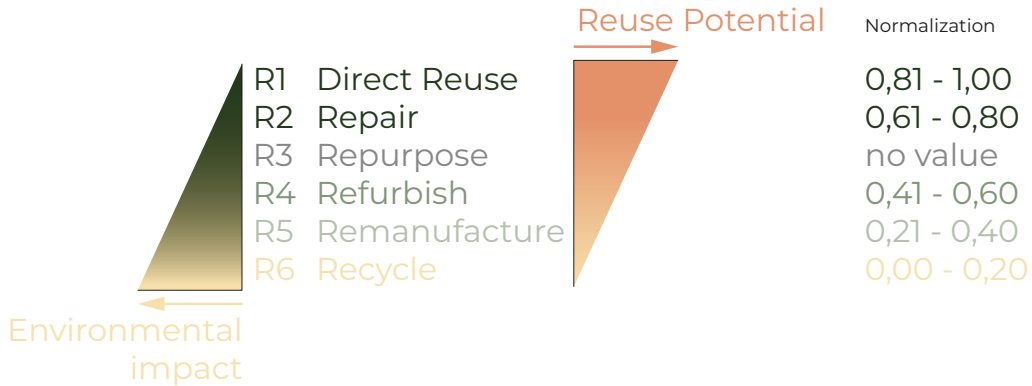
Waste sorting

Design





STEP 1:
MATERIALS WITH
BIGGEST IMPACT



Floor

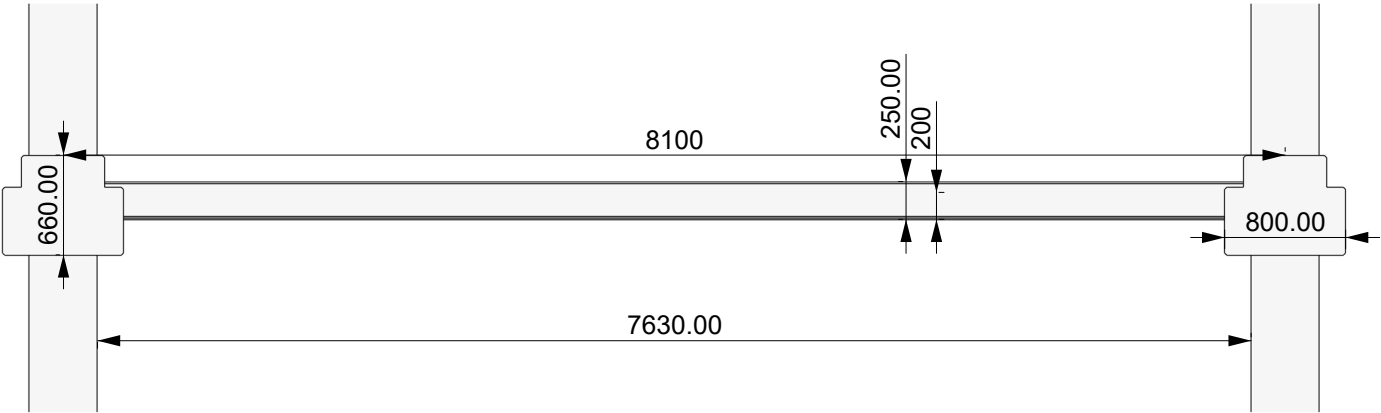
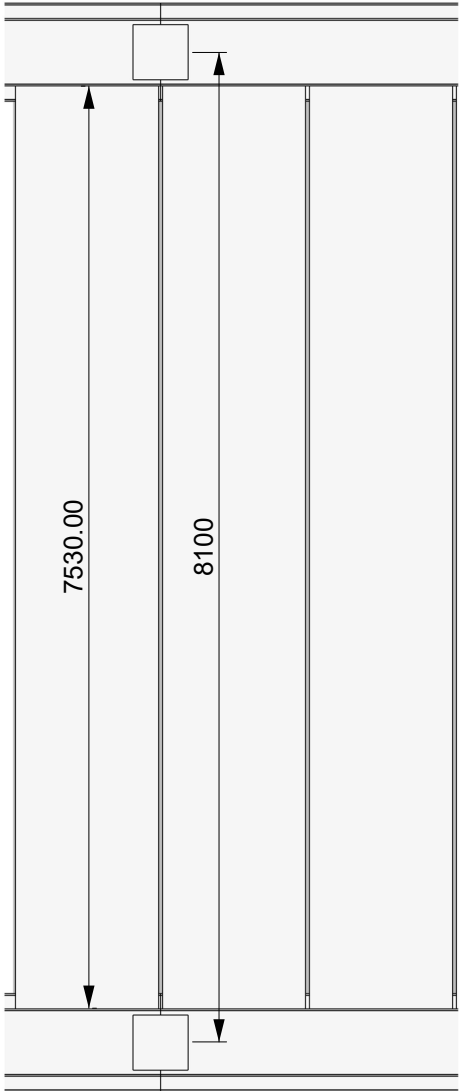
$RP- = R4$
 $RP = R2$ 0,78
 $RP+ = R1$

Measurements	
Height:	8100 mm
Width:	1200 mm
Thickness:	200 mm
Weight [kg/m³]	2420
Volume [m³]	1,9
Availability:	150 per grid
Performance:	...
Estimated remaining lifespan:	76
Disassembly	
Type joint (TJ _n):	0,1 - Cementitious joint
Accessibility link (AL _n):	0,4 - Accessible
Connection	$DI_{conn,n} = 0,16$
Intersections (INT _n):	1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG _n):	1 - Open
Composition	$DI_{comp,n} = 1,0$
<u>Product Disassembly Index</u>	
	$DI_{prod,n} = 0,27$
Deconstruction method:	Concrete saw
Quality:	Damaged borders

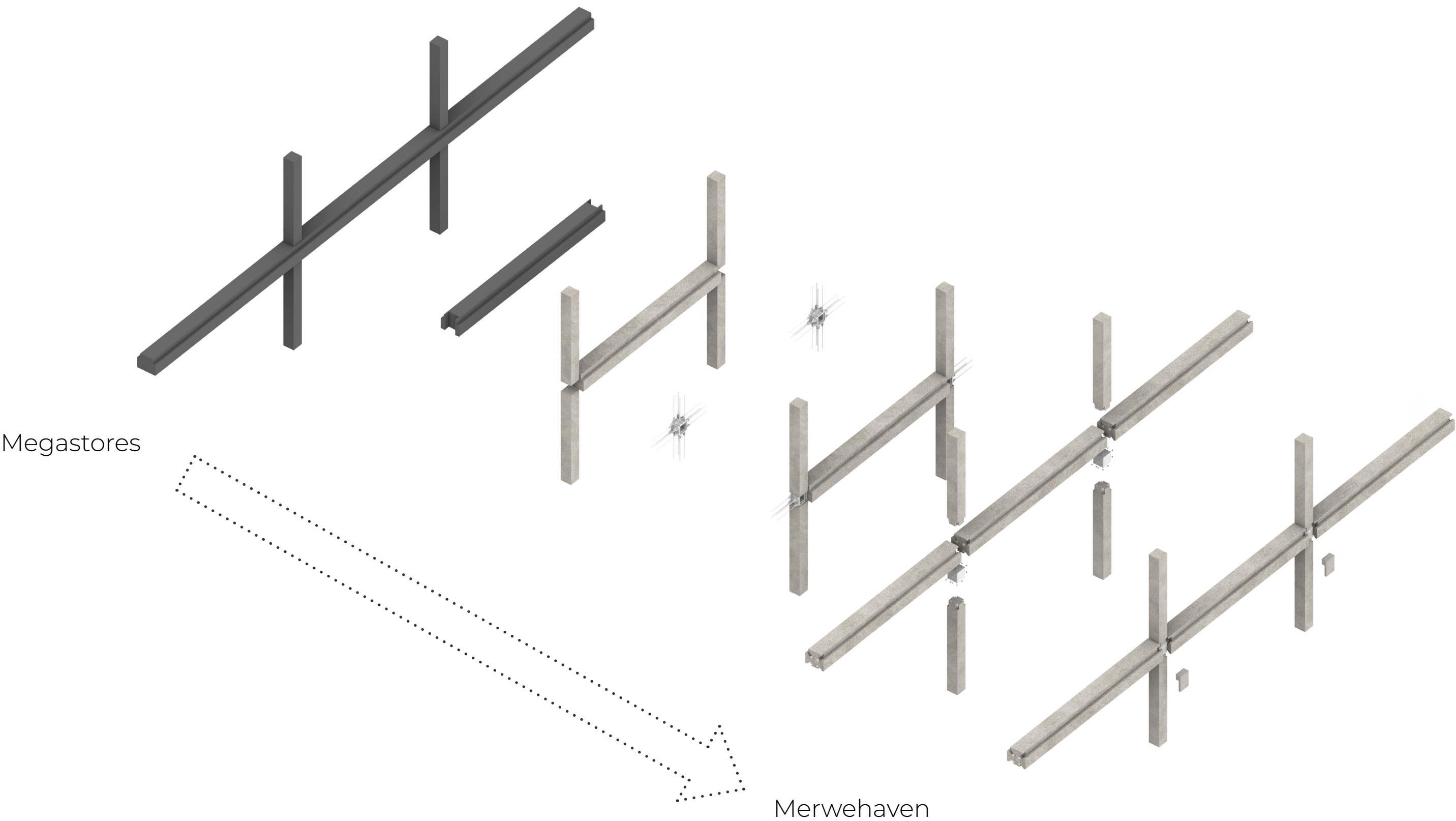
Beam

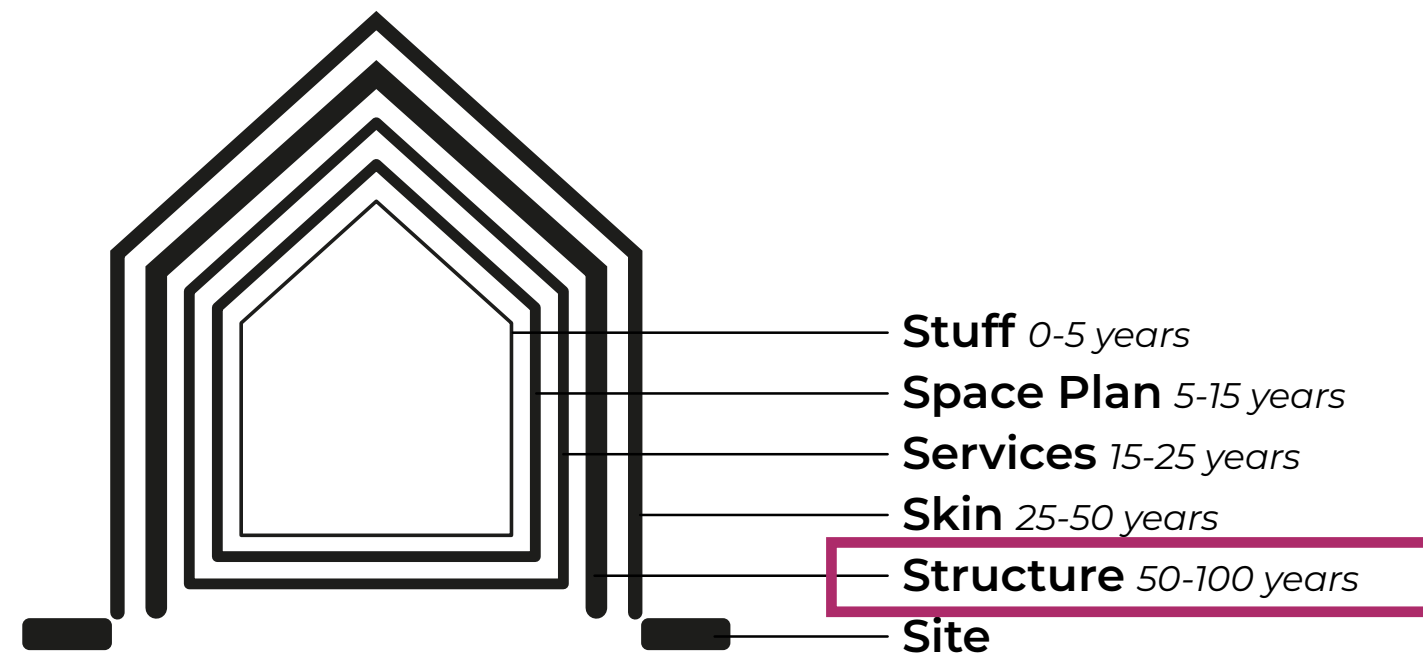
$RP- = R4$
 $RP = R2$ 0,63
 $RP+ = R1$

Measurements	
Height:	660 mm
Width:	800mm
Thickness:	8100mm
Weight [kg/m³]	2420
Volume [m³]	4,2
Availability:	25 per grid
Performance:	...
Estimated remaining lifespan:	76 years
Disassembly	
Type joint (TJ _n):	0,1 - Cementitious joint
Accessibility link (AL _n):	0,4 - Accessible
Connection	$DI_{conn,n} = 0,16$
Intersections (INT _n):	0,4 - Occasional crossing
Edging (EDG _n):	0,4 - Overlapping
Composition	$DI_{comp,n} = 0,4$
<u>Product Disassembly Index</u>	
	$DI_{prod,n} = 0,22$
Deconstruction method:	Concrete saw
Quality:	Damaged borders

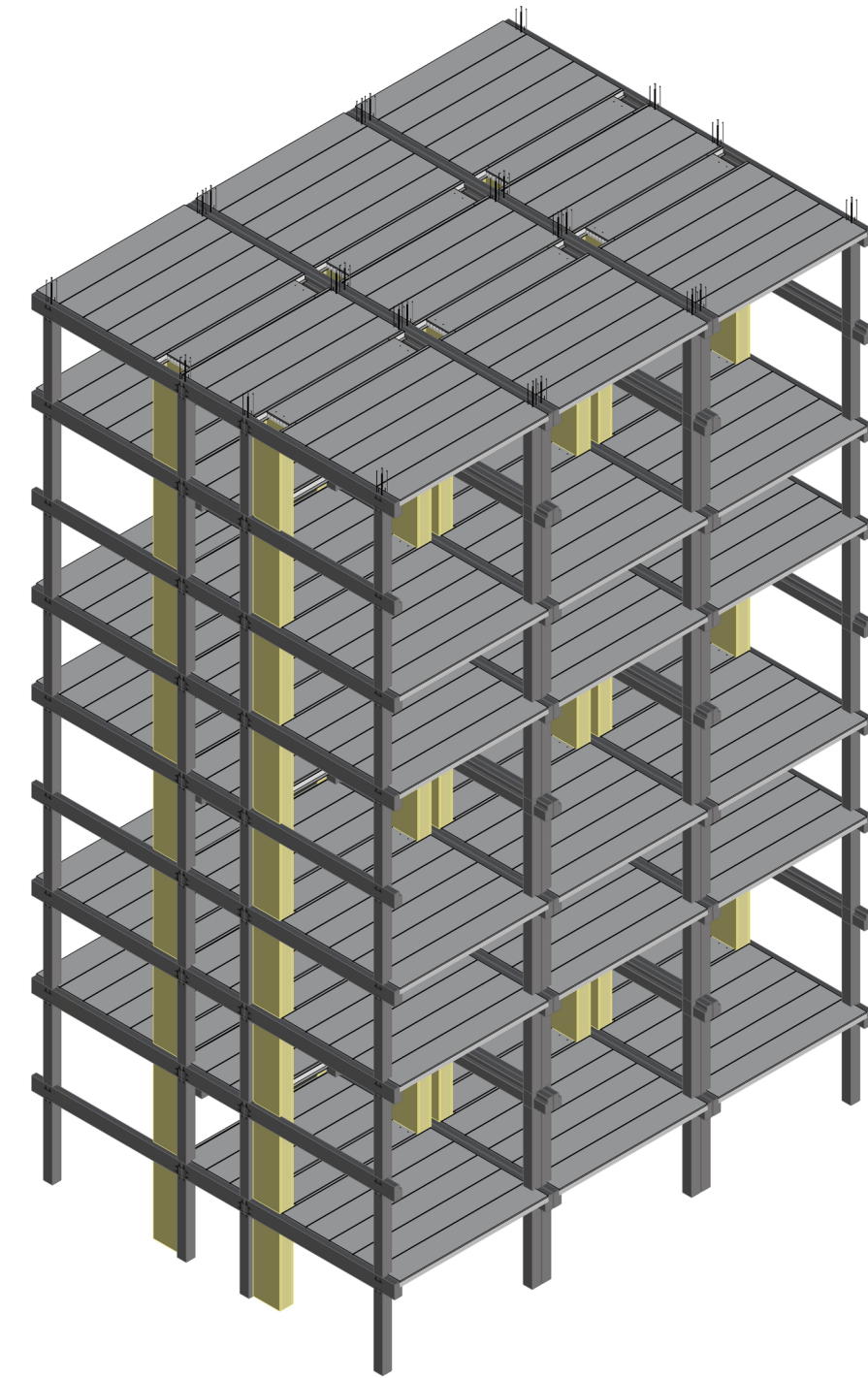
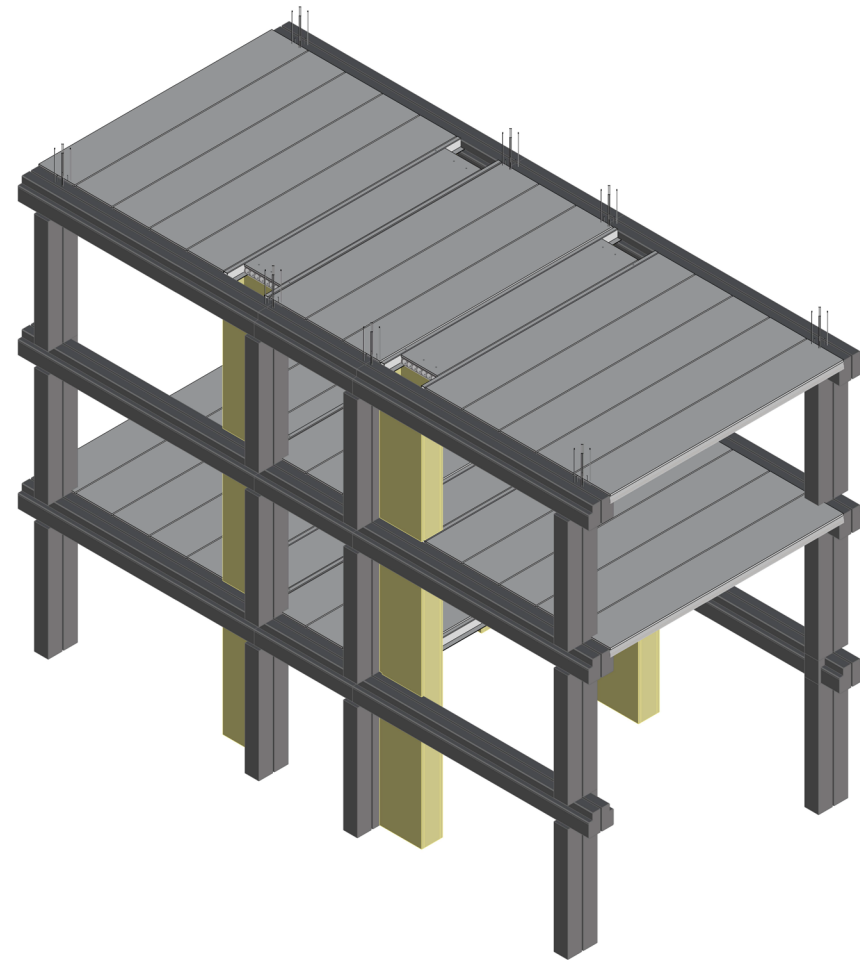


Remanufacture: Demountable concrete system

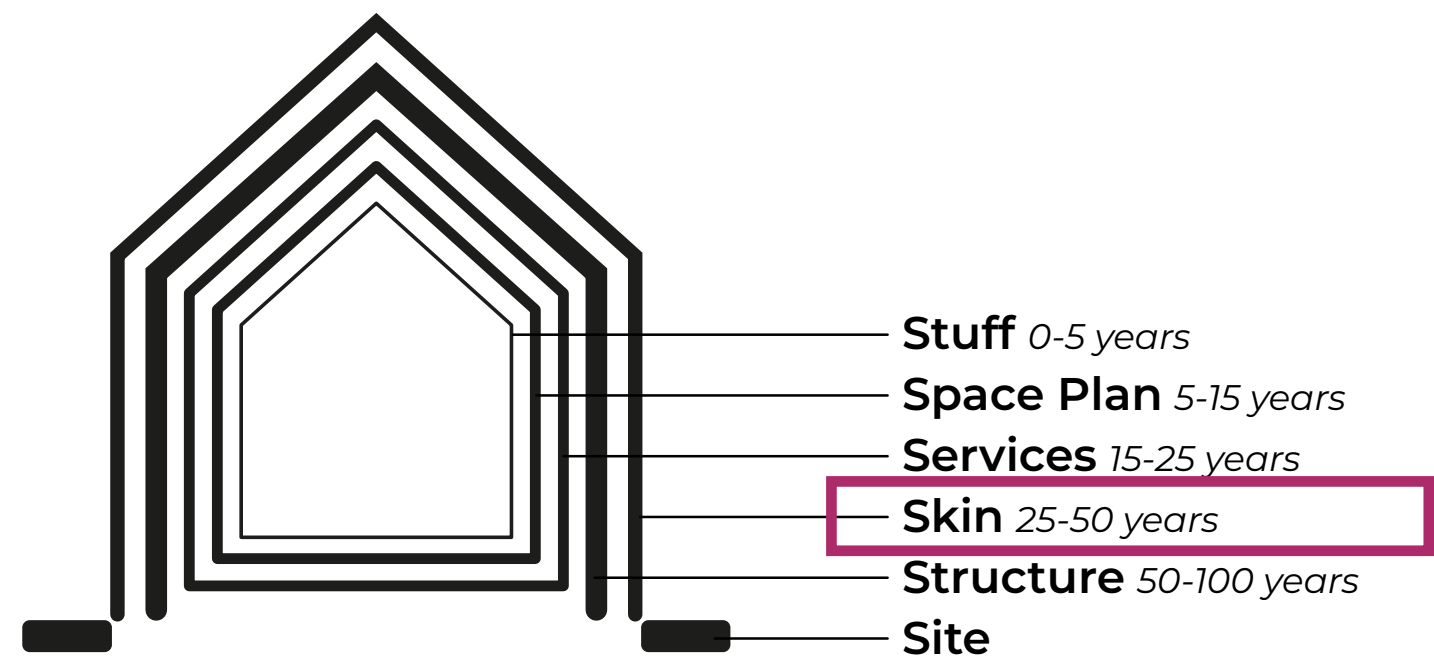




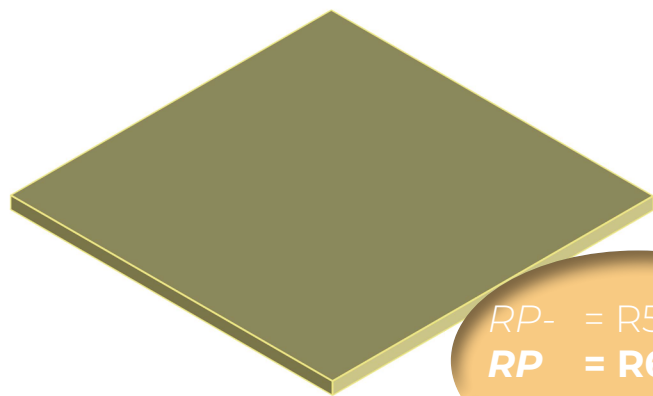
Conceptual Cross Section, Superlofts, Amsterdam, Mark Koehler Architects



STEP 2:
REUSE POTENTIAL
FOR RESIDENTIAL
BUILDING



Roofmate PD90



RP- = R5
RP = R6 0,18
RP+ = R6

DP High

Measurements

Height: 1250 mm
Width: 600 mm
Thickness: 80 mm
Weight [kg/m²]: 2,6
Volume [m³]: 0,06

Availability: 803,5 m² per grid

Performance: Rc=2,5

Estimated remaining lifespan: 1 year

Disassembly

Type joint (TJ_n): 0,1 - Adhesive bonding
Accessibility link (AL_n): 0,1 - Not accessible
Connection $DI_{conn,n} = 0,1$

Intersections (INT_n): 1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG_n): 1 - Open
Composition $DI_{comp,n} = 1,0$

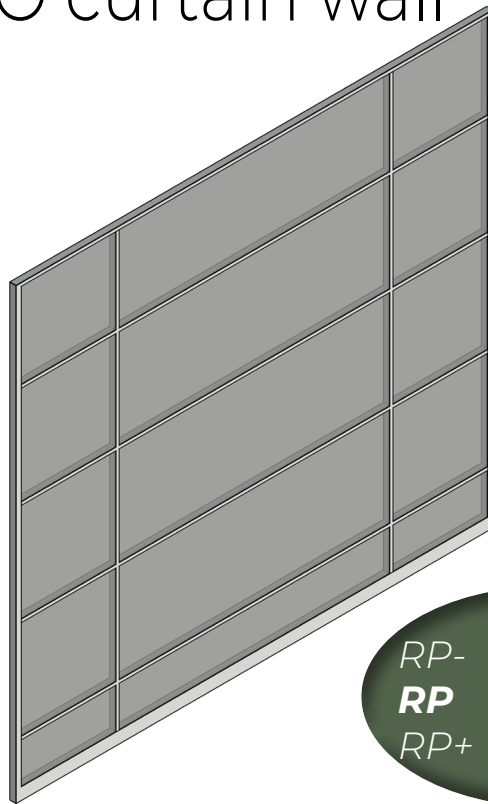
Product Disassembly Index

$DI_{prod,n} = 0,18$

Deconstruction method: Cutting

Quality: Soft material

SCHUCO curtain wall



RP- = R1
RP = R2 0,76
RP+ = R4

DP Low

Measurements

Height: 3760, 4350, 7190 mm
Width: 2618, 4700, 8100 mm
Thickness: 98, 173, 194 mm
Weight [kg/m²]: 20-50
Volume [m³]: ...

Availability: 8, 10, 21

Performance: Rc=2,5

Estimated remaining lifespan: 16-26 years

Disassembly

Type joint (TJ_n): 0,8 - Screw joint
Accessibility link (AL_n): 1 - Freely accessible
Connection $DI_{conn,n} = 0,88$

Intersections (INT_n): 1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG_n): 1 - Open
Composition $DI_{comp,n} = 1,0$

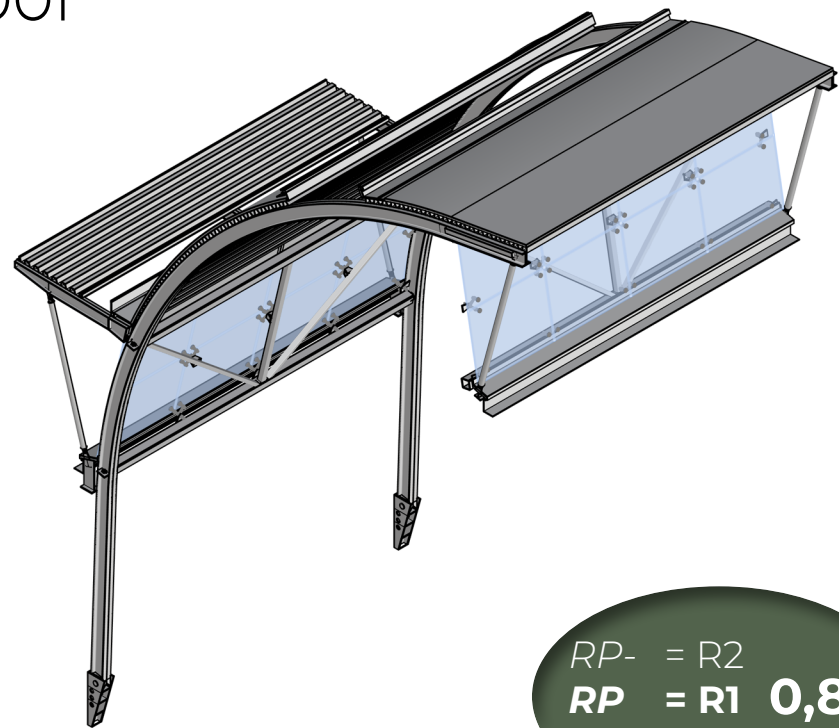
Product Disassembly Index

$DI_{prod,n} = 0,94$

Deconstruction method: Dismantling

Quality: Scratches

Roof



RP- = R2
RP = R1 0,83
RP+ = R1

DP Low

Measurements

Height: 19240 mm
Width: 14160 mm
Thickness: 8100 mm
Weight [kg/m³]: ...
Volume [m³]: ...

Availability: ...

Performance: Rc = 2,5

Estimated remaining lifespan: 76 years

Disassembly

Type joint (TJ_n): 0,8 - Bolt and nut connection
Accessibility link (AL_n): 1 - Freely accessible
Connection $DI_{conn,n} = 0,88$

Intersections (INT_n): 1 - No intersections
Edging (EDG_n): 1 - Open
Composition $DI_{comp,n} = 1,0$

Product Disassembly Index

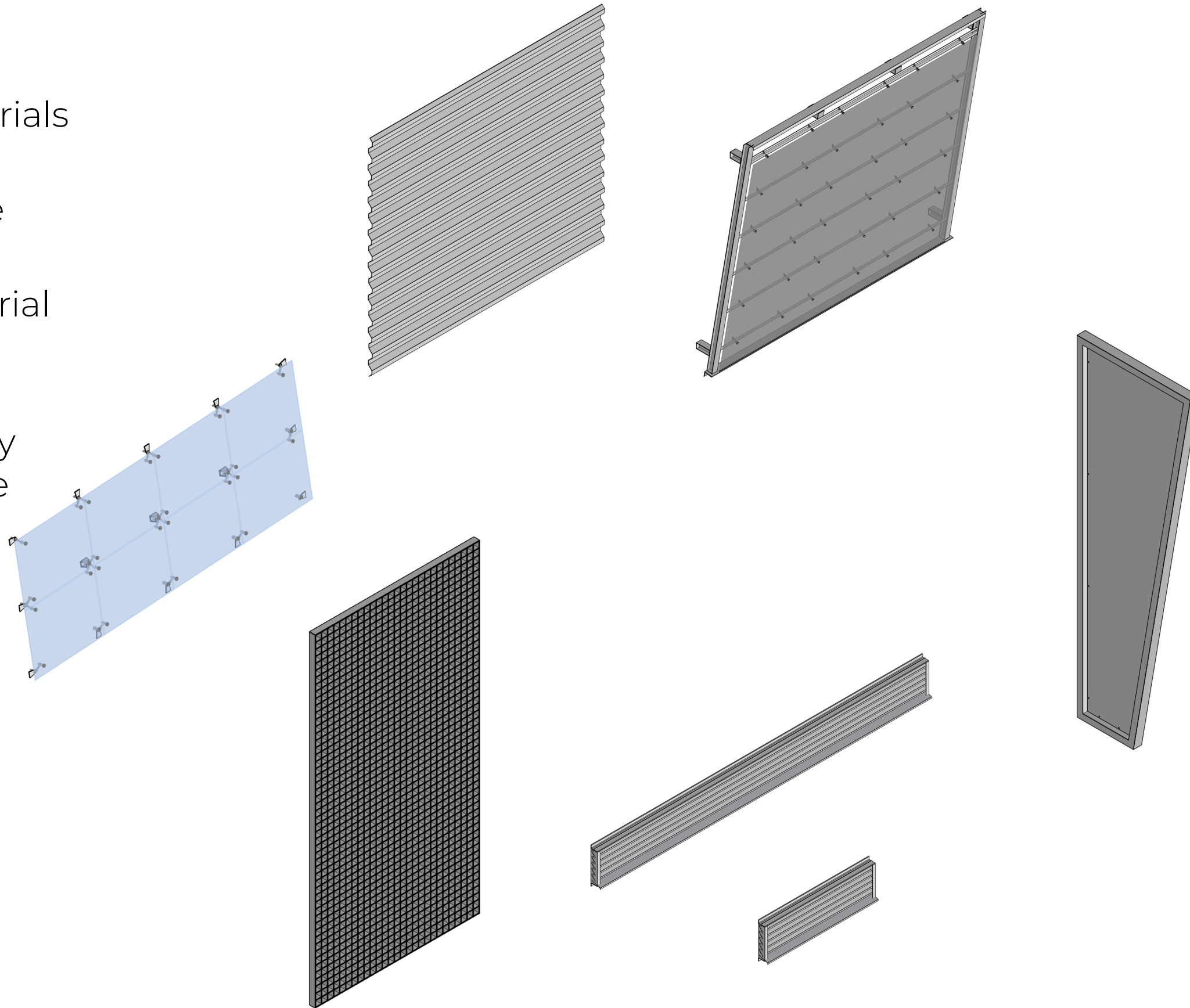
$DI_{prod,n} = 0,94$

Deconstruction method: Dismantling

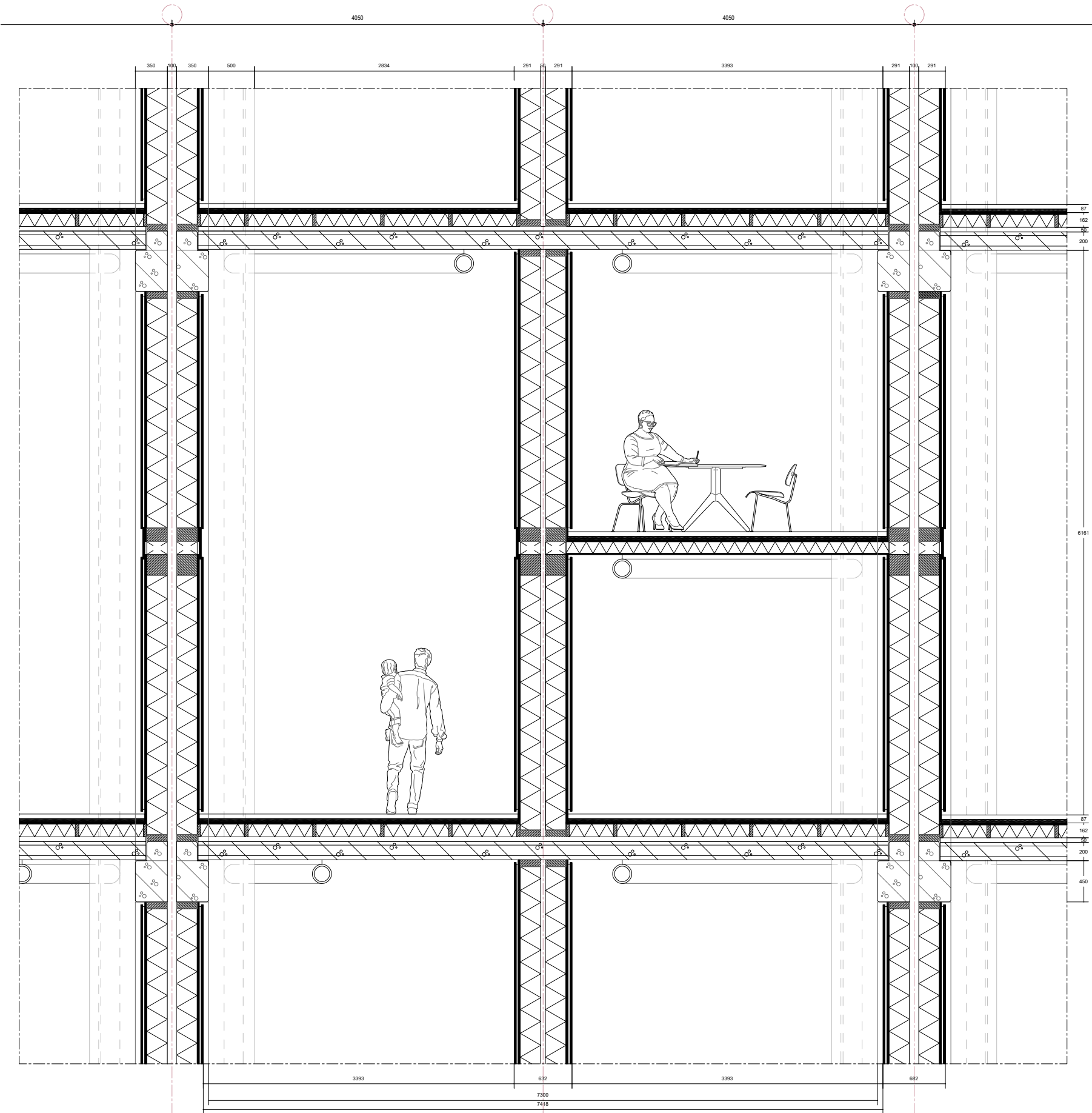
Quality: Weathering

Potentials:

- Longlasting materials
- Low maintenance
- Easthetics: Industrial material
- High disassembly index = high reuse potential



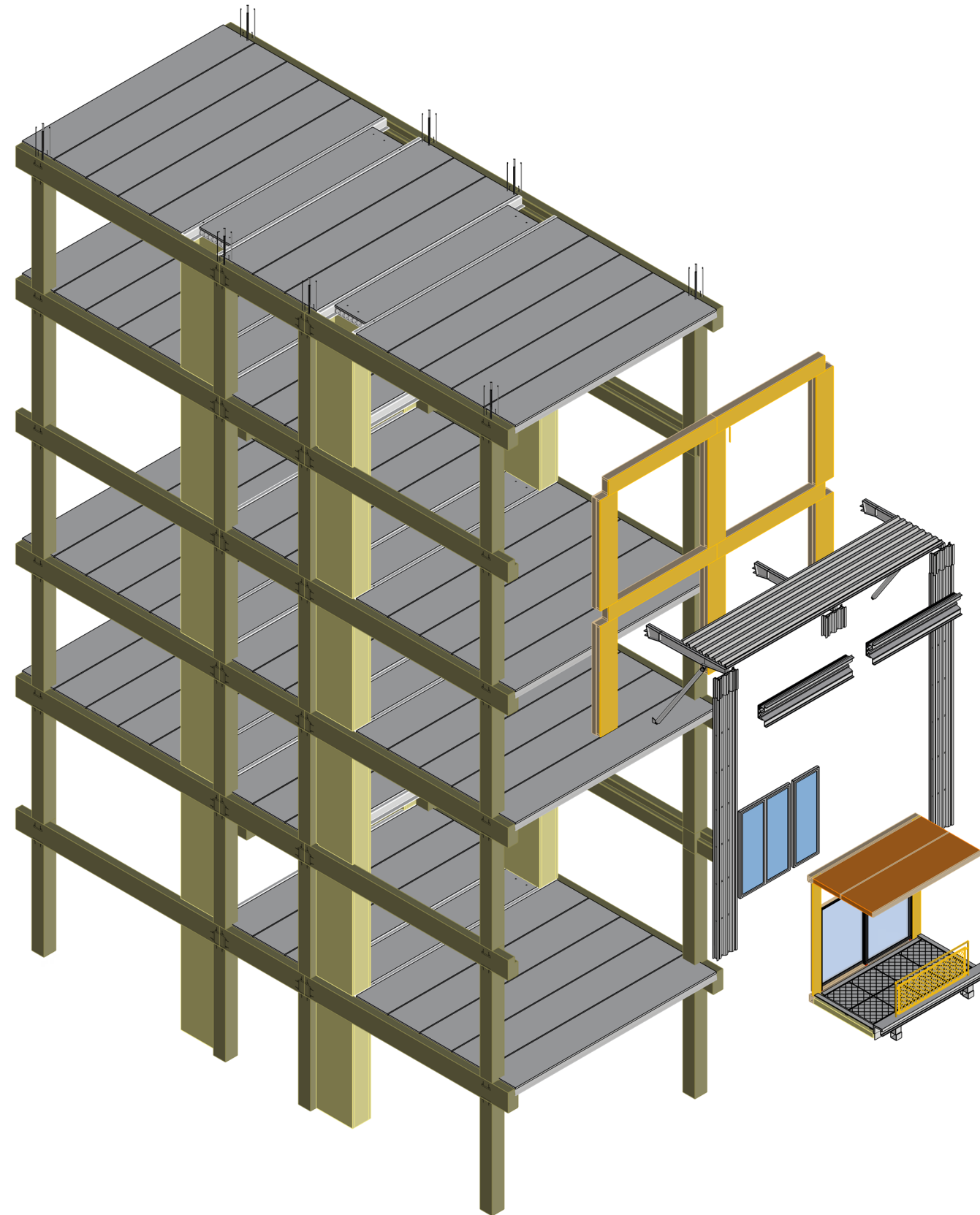
“Create a home out of timber”

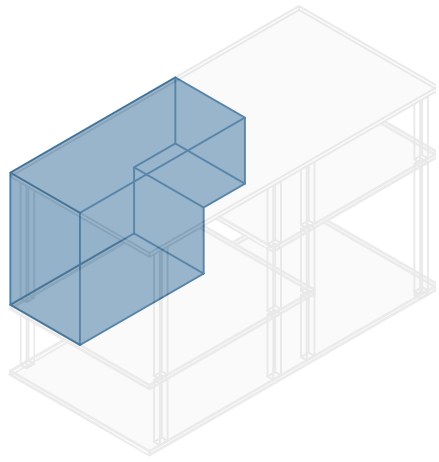




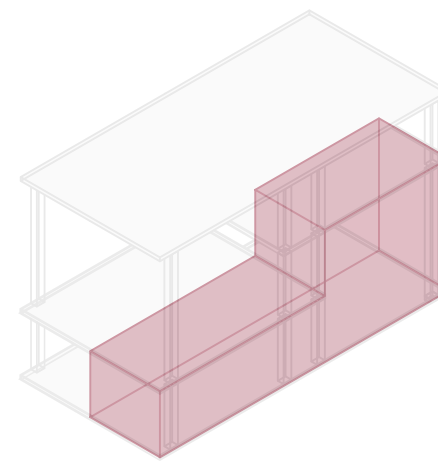
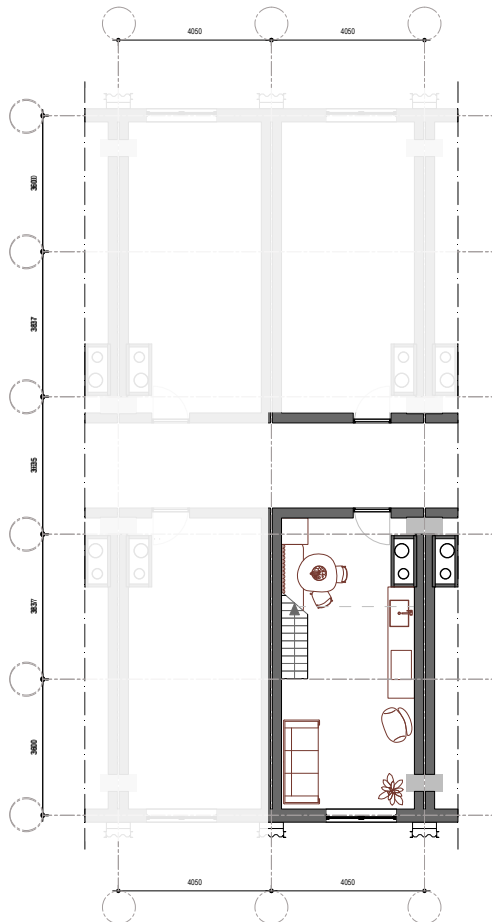
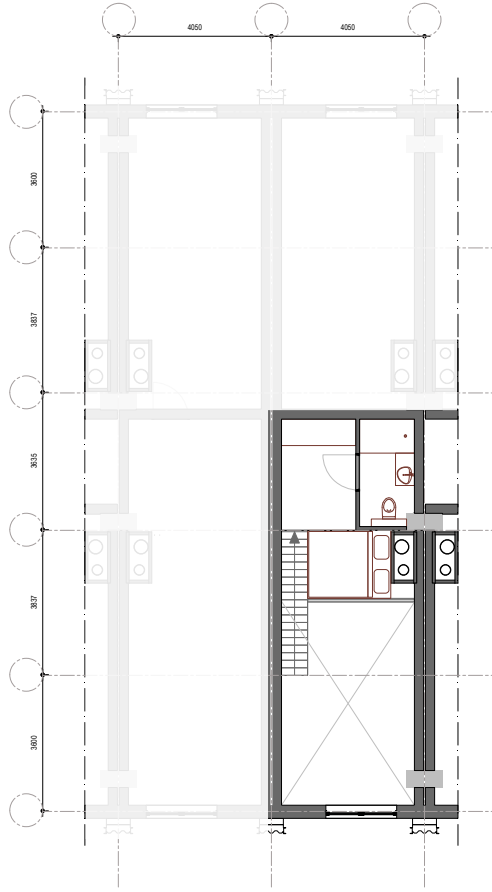
STEP 3: FUTURE-PROOF THROUGH FLEXIBILITY

Plug-and-play
system

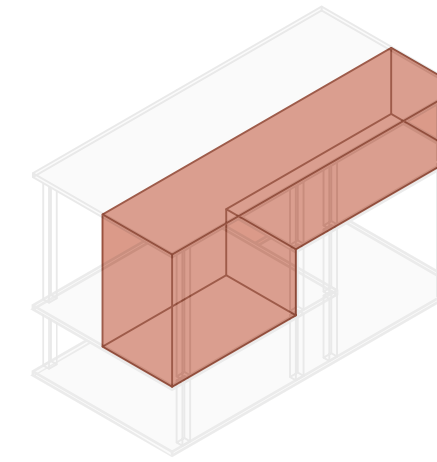
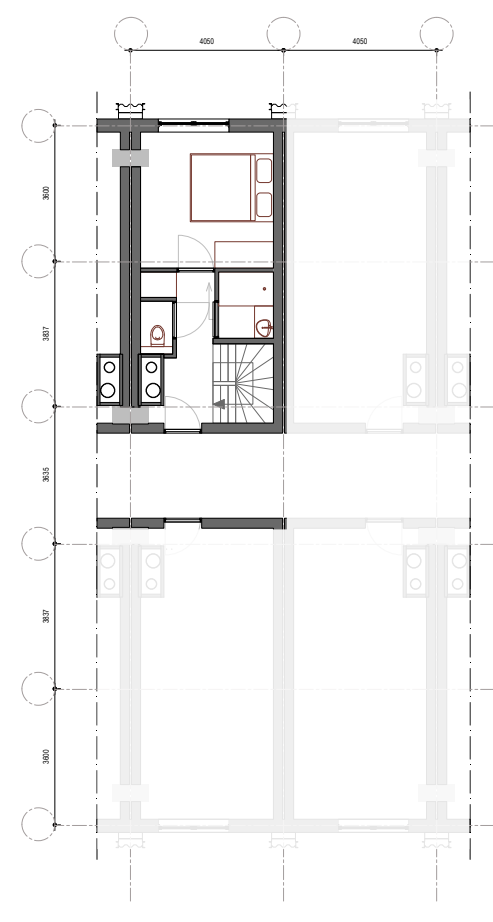
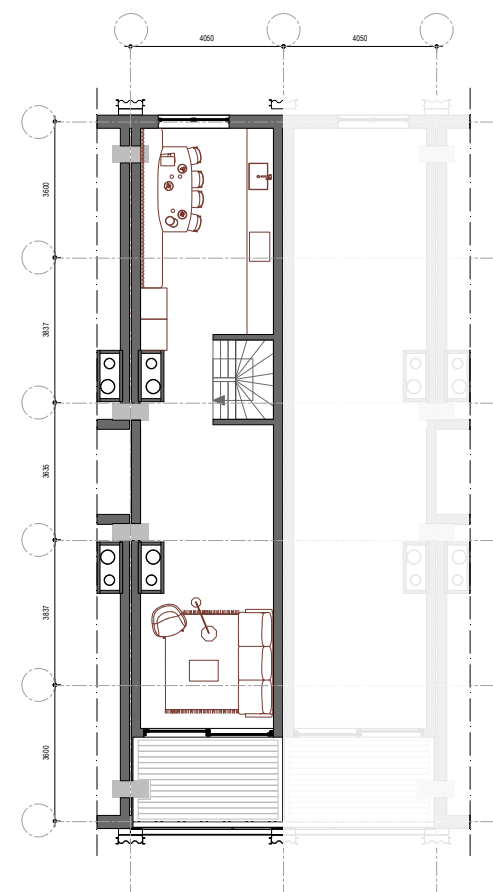




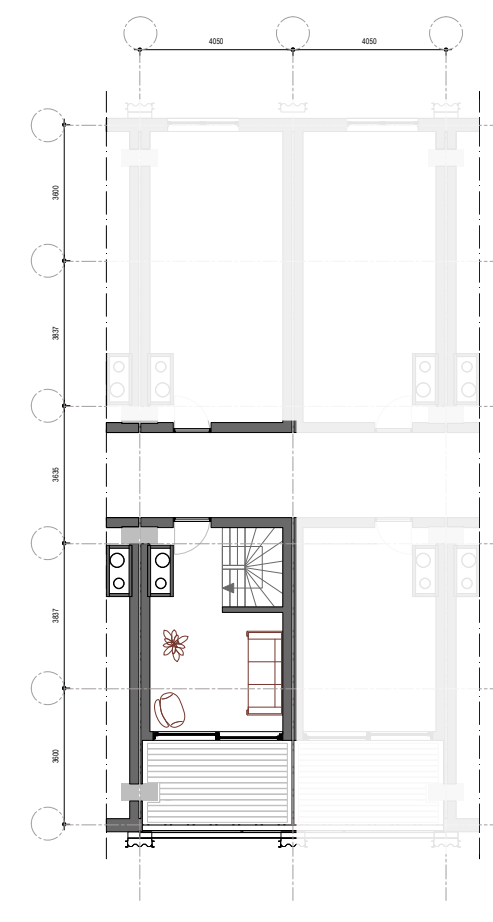
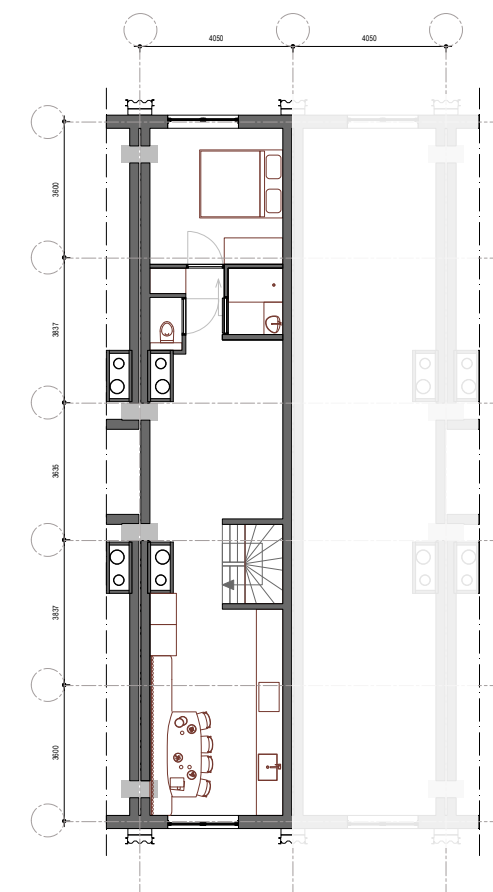
Studio

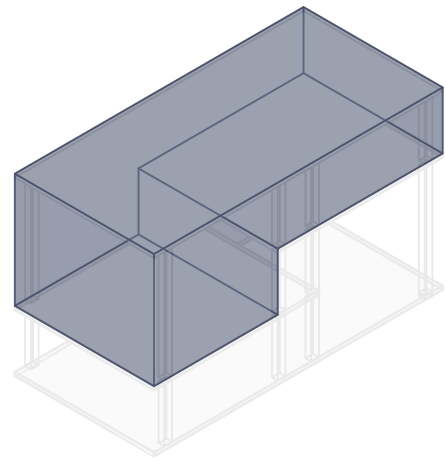


1,5 person
apartment

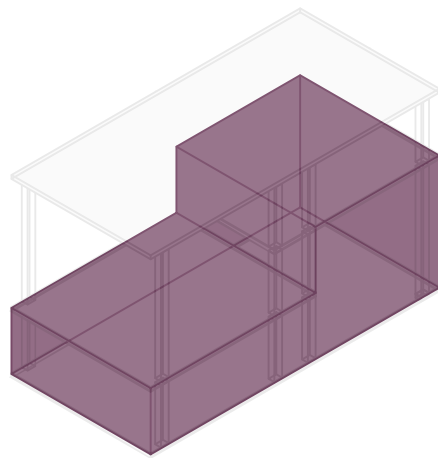
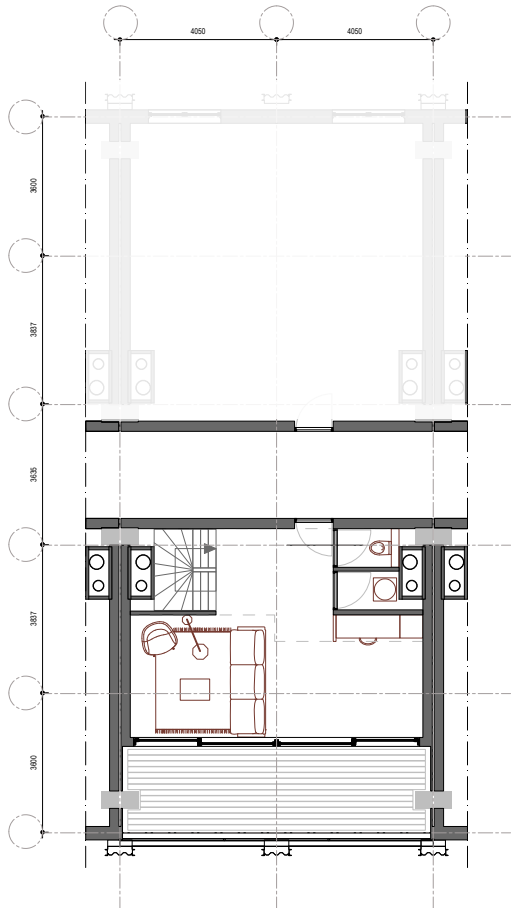
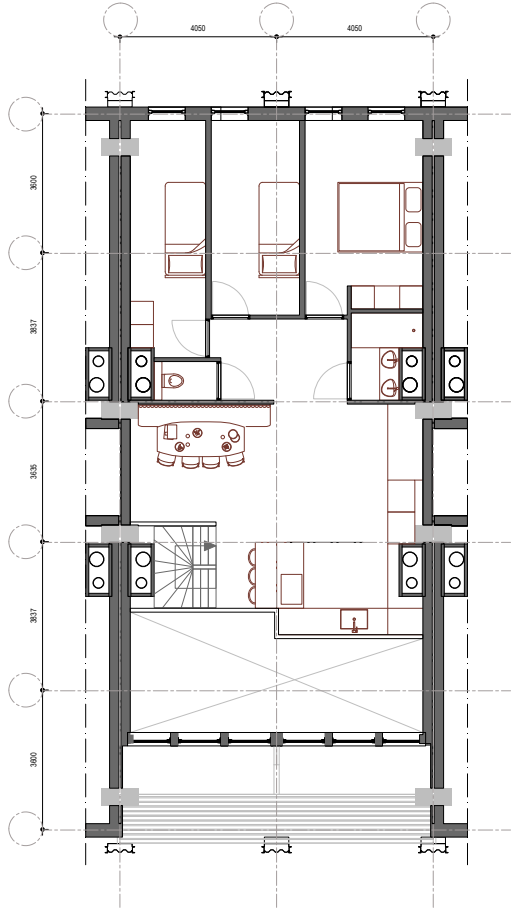


1,5 person
apartment

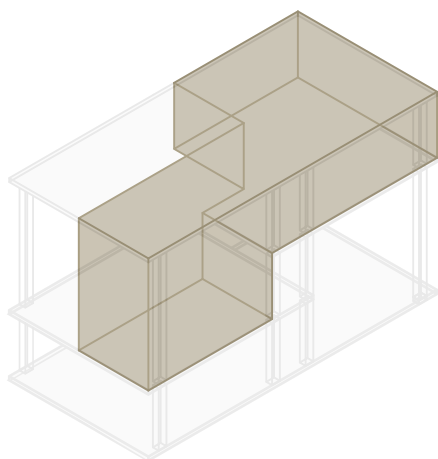
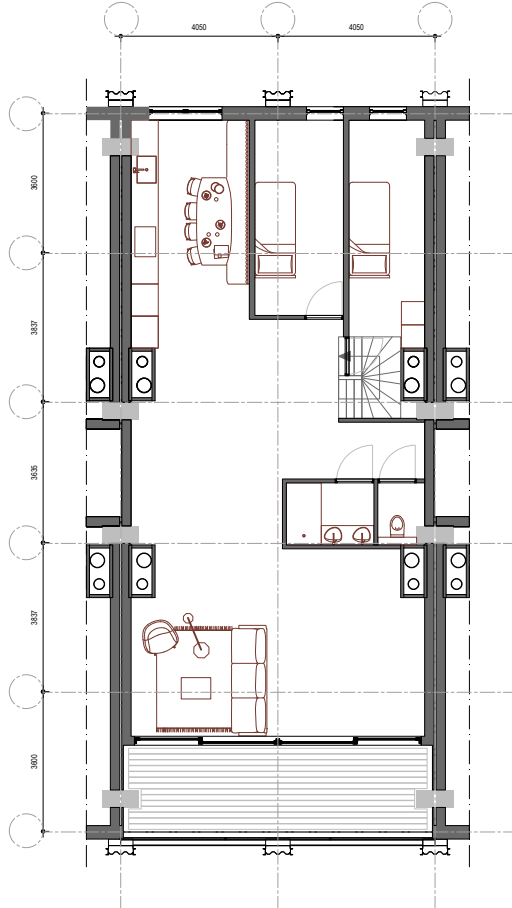
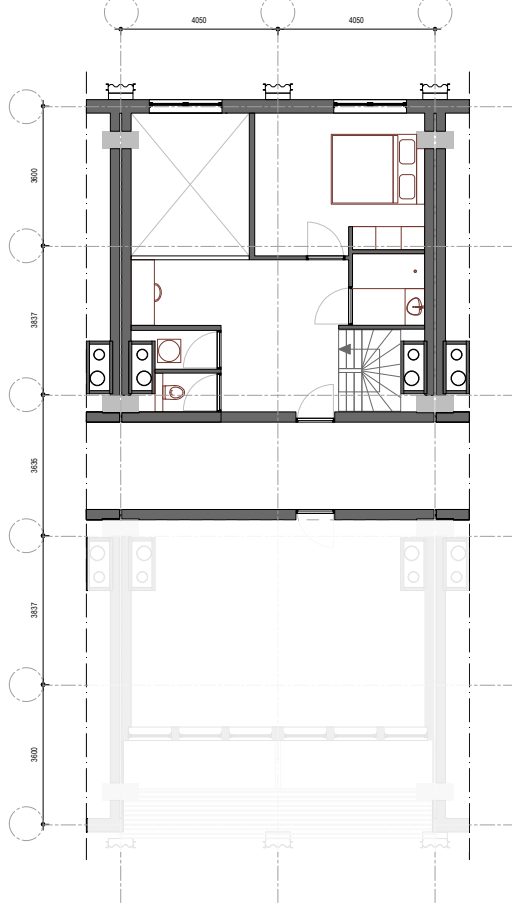




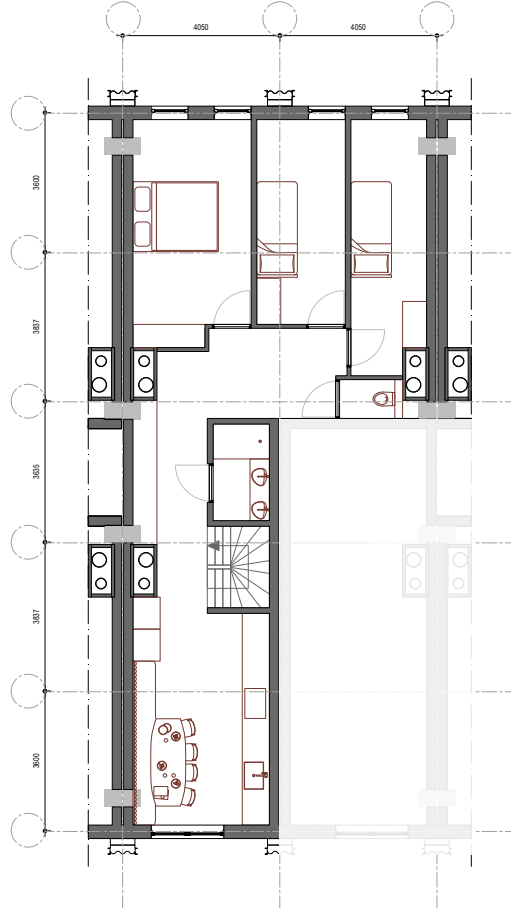
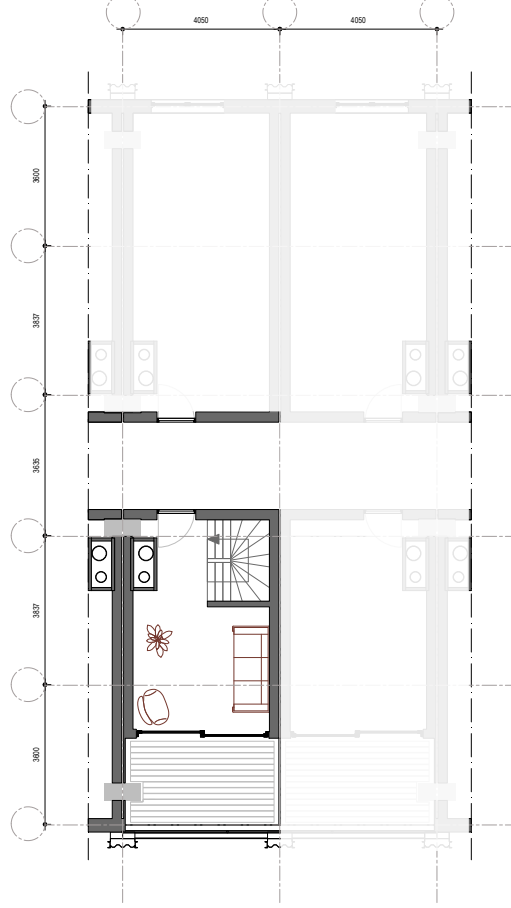
Family
apartment

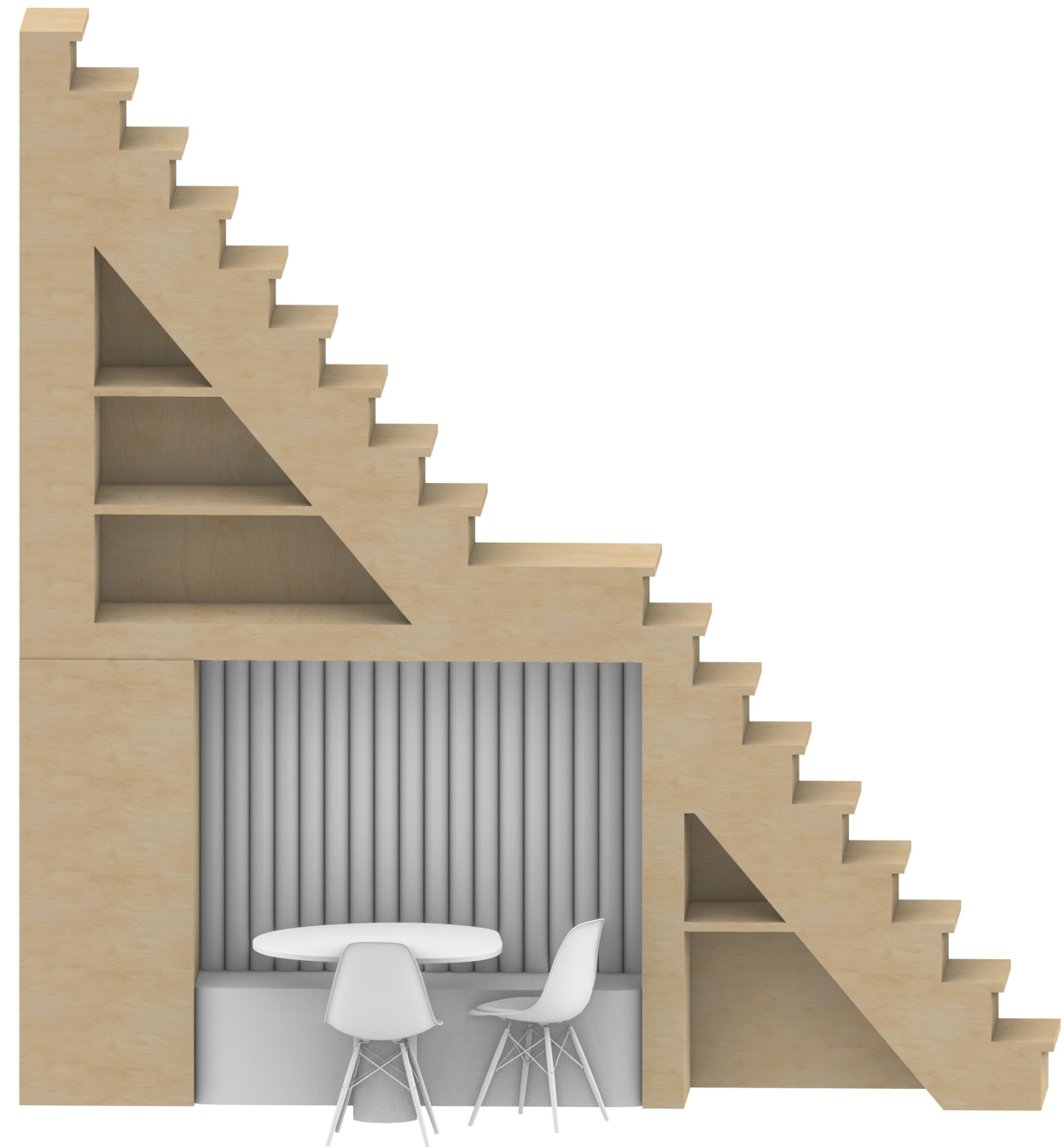


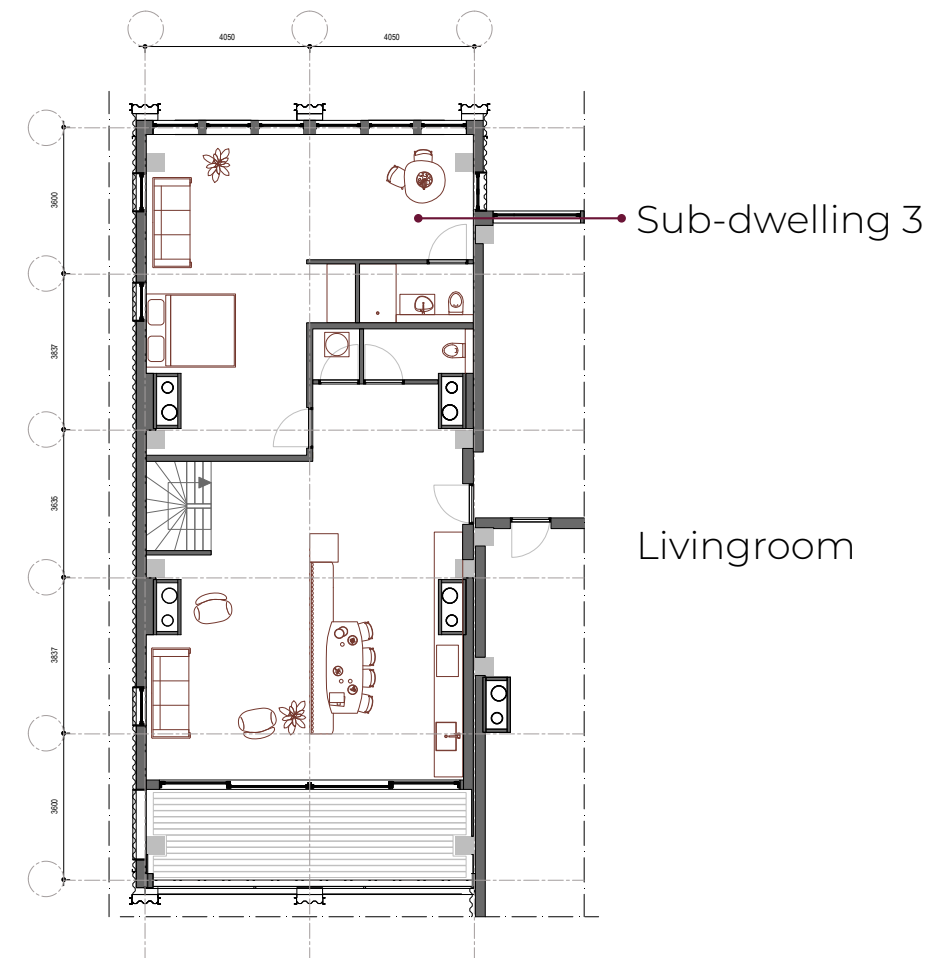
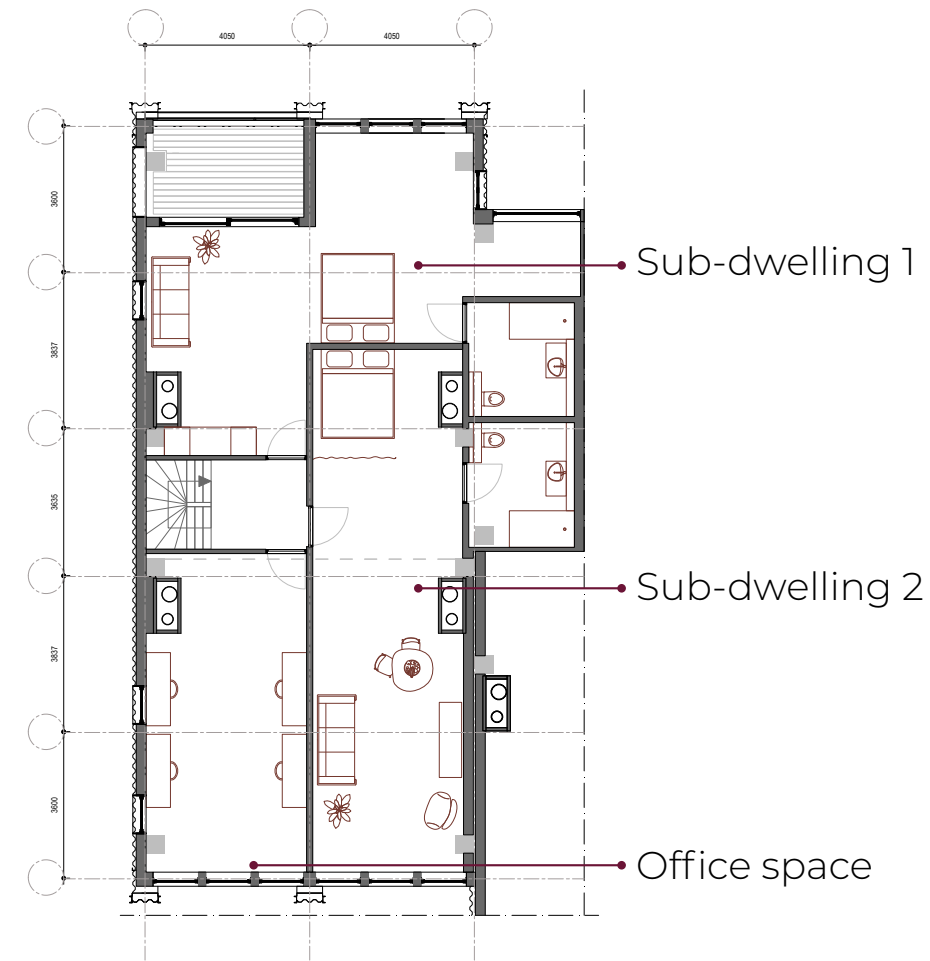
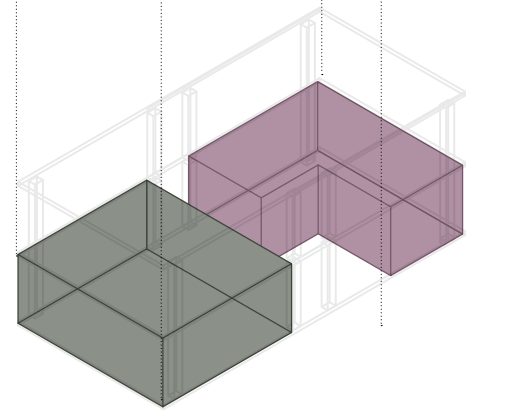
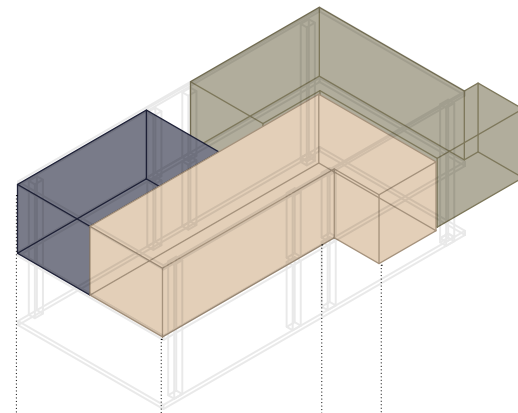
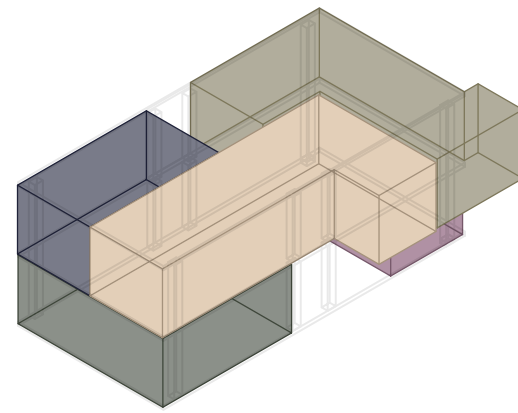
Family
apartment



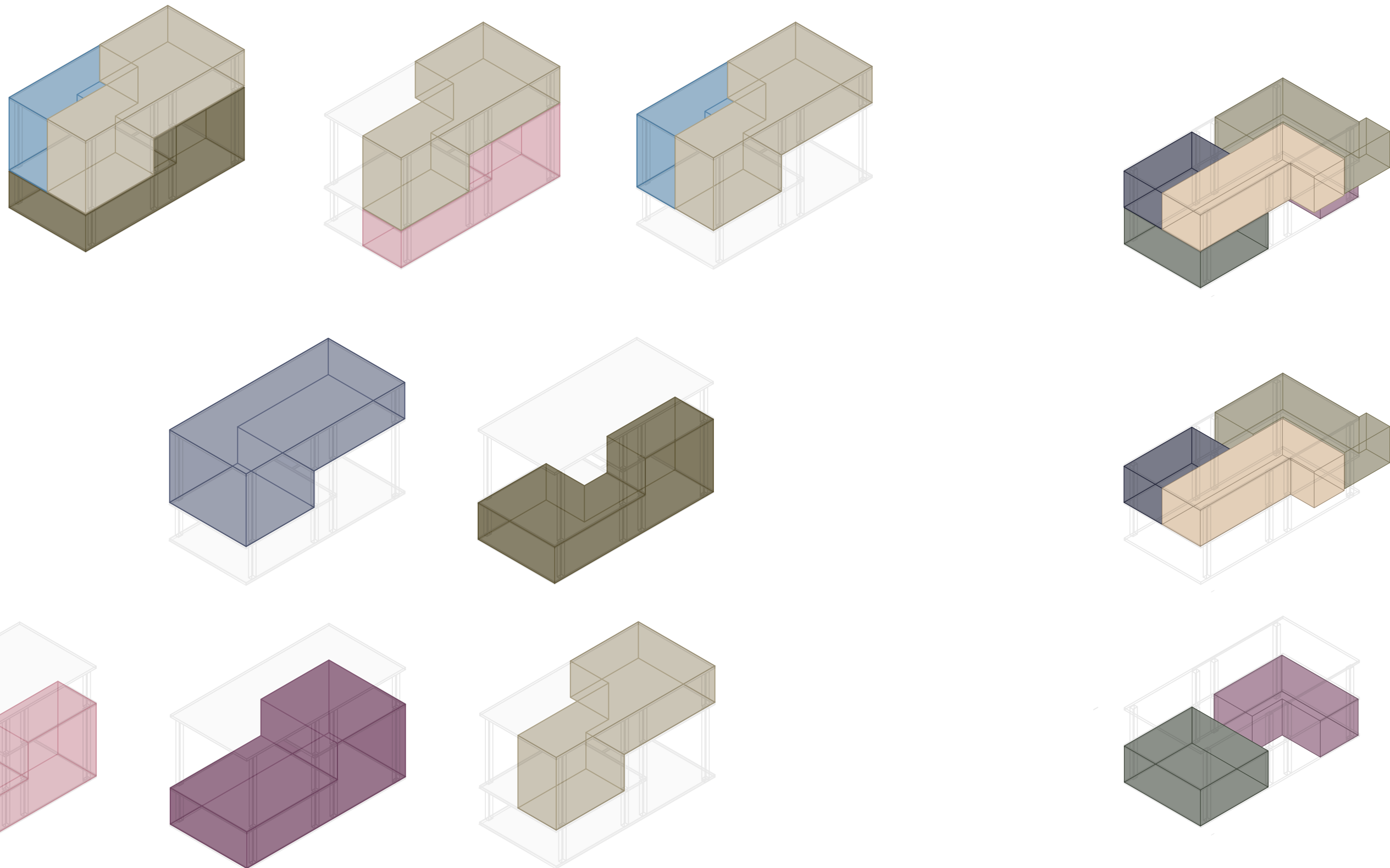
Family
apartment

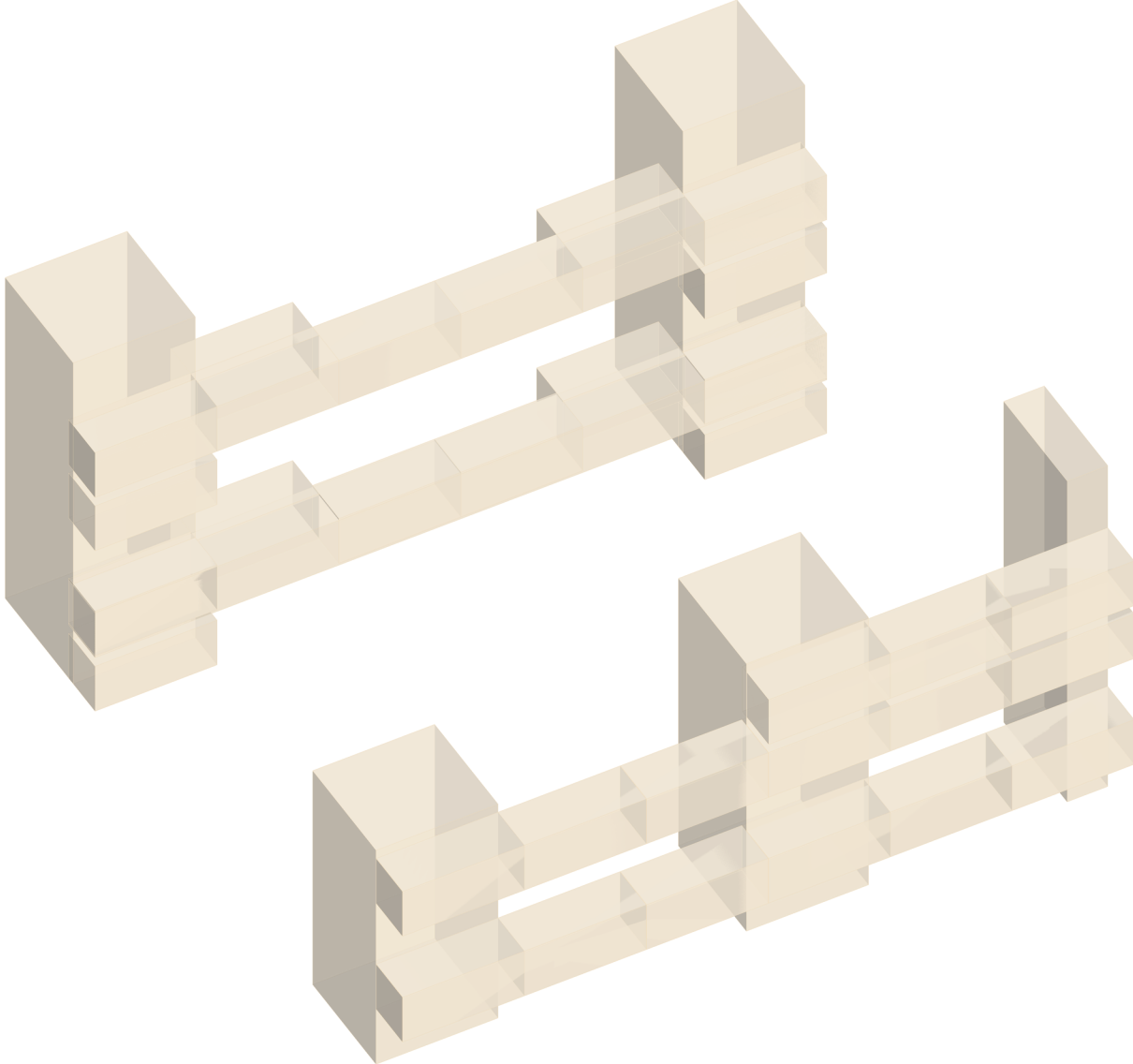




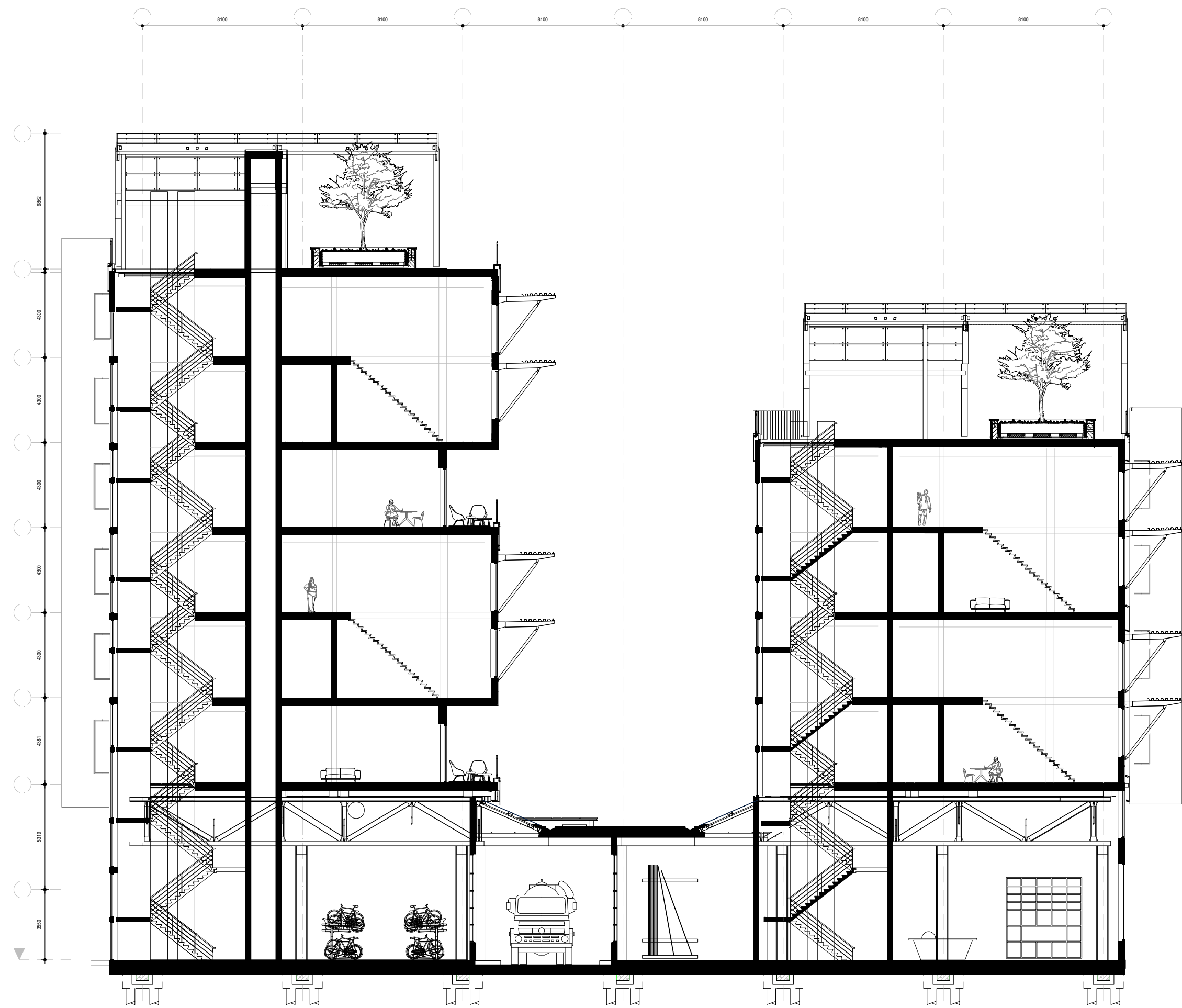
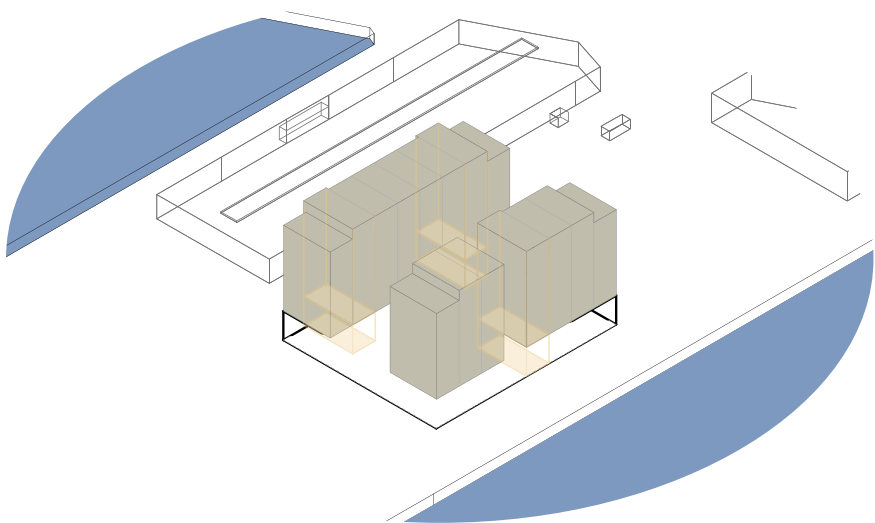


Flexibility

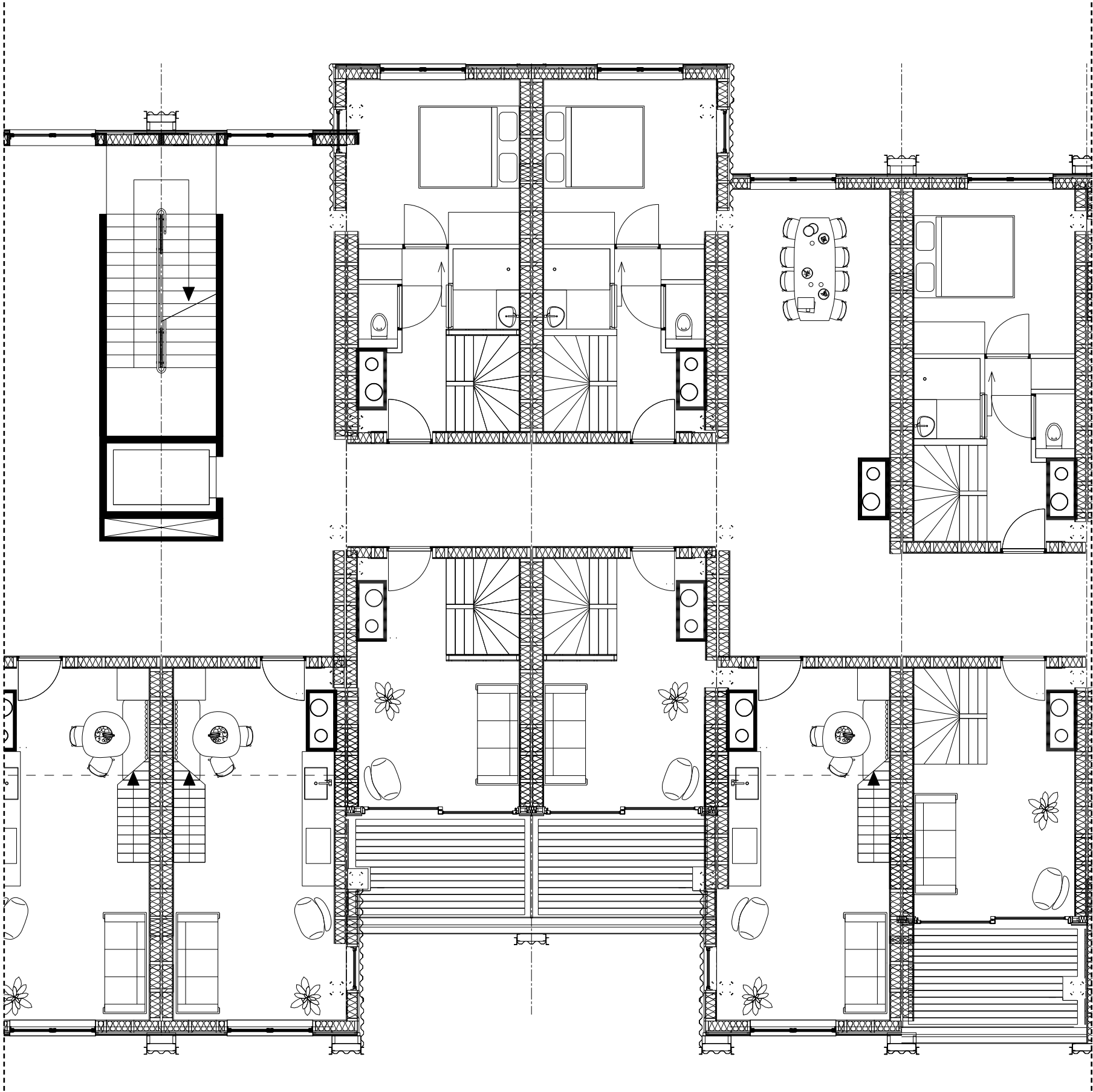
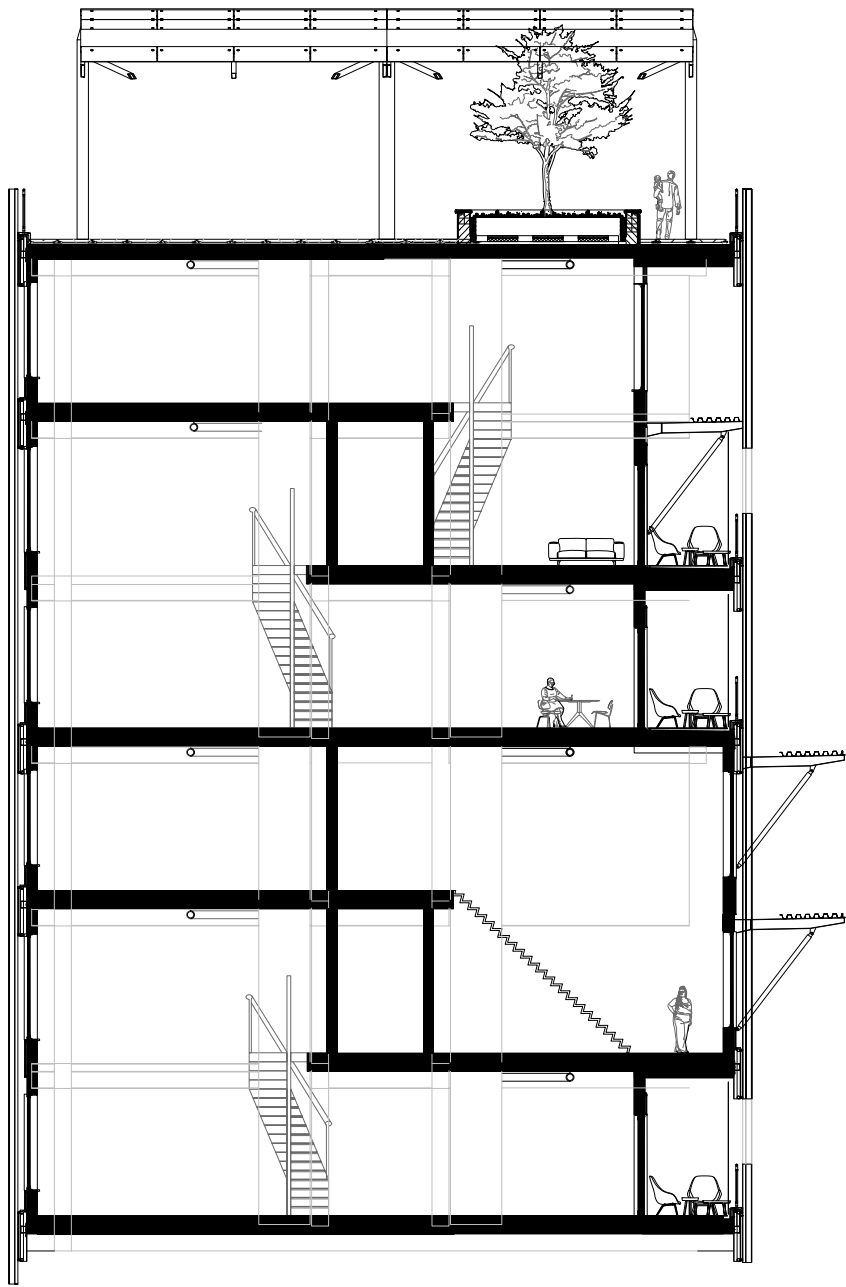


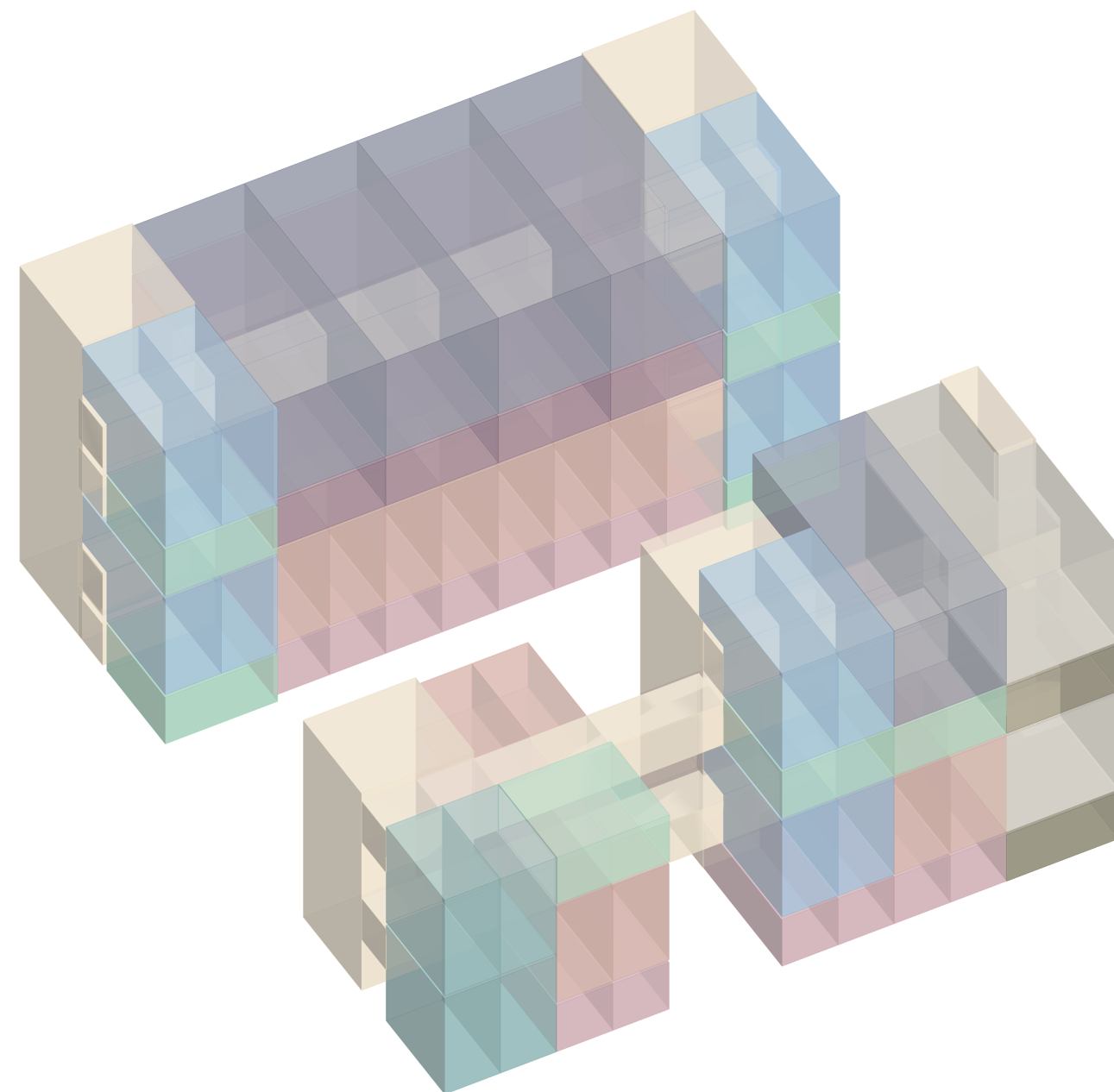


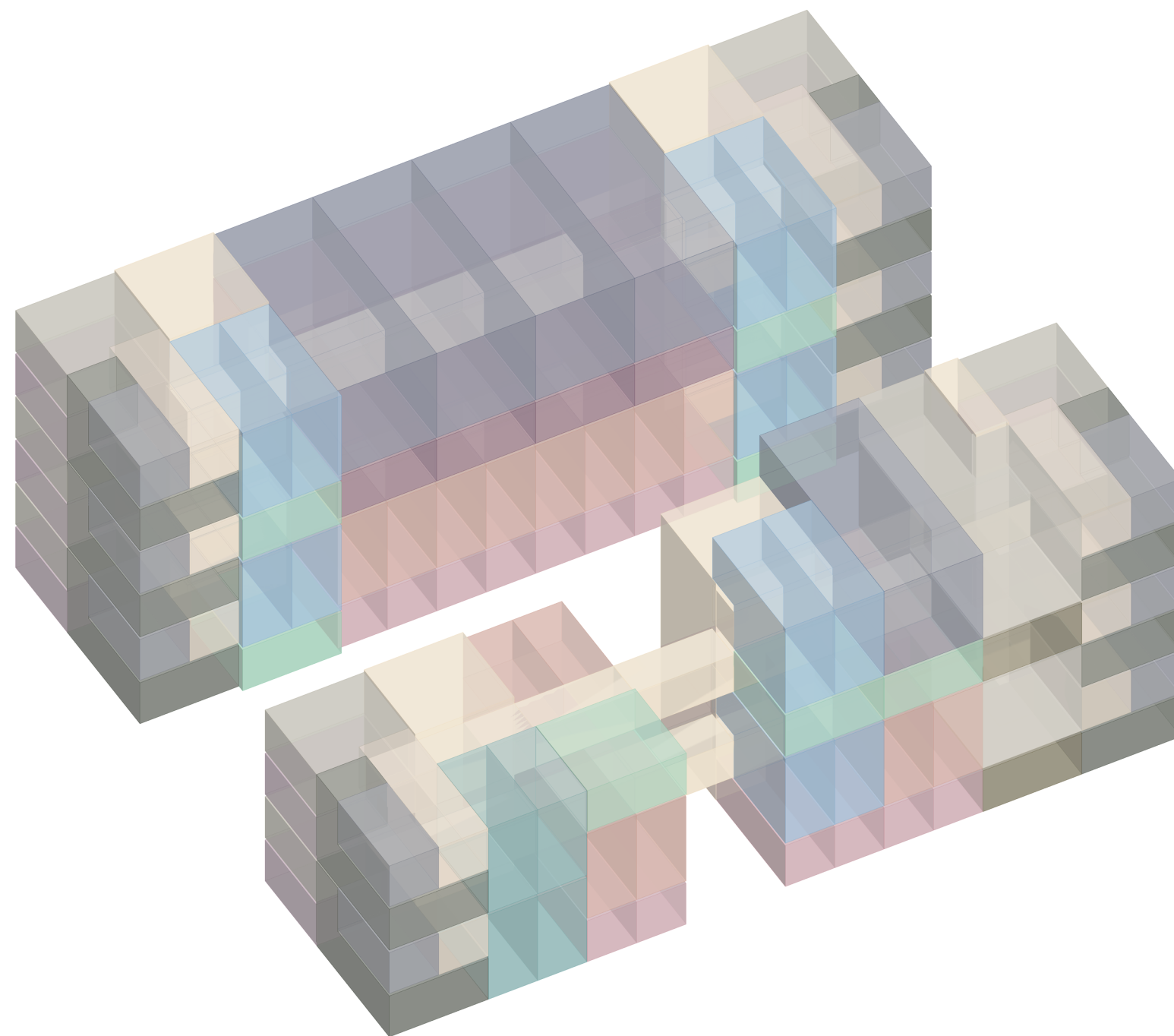
Circulation

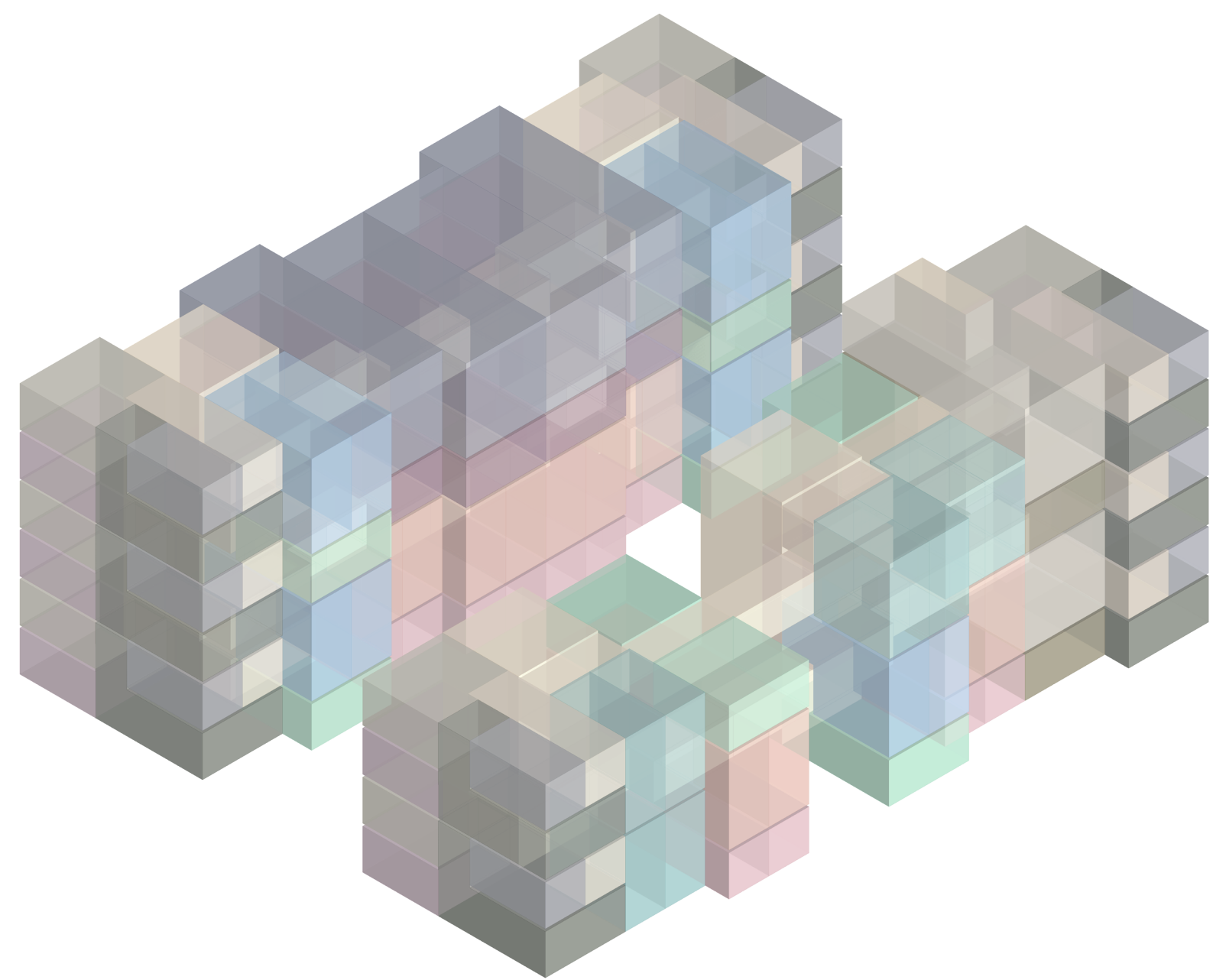


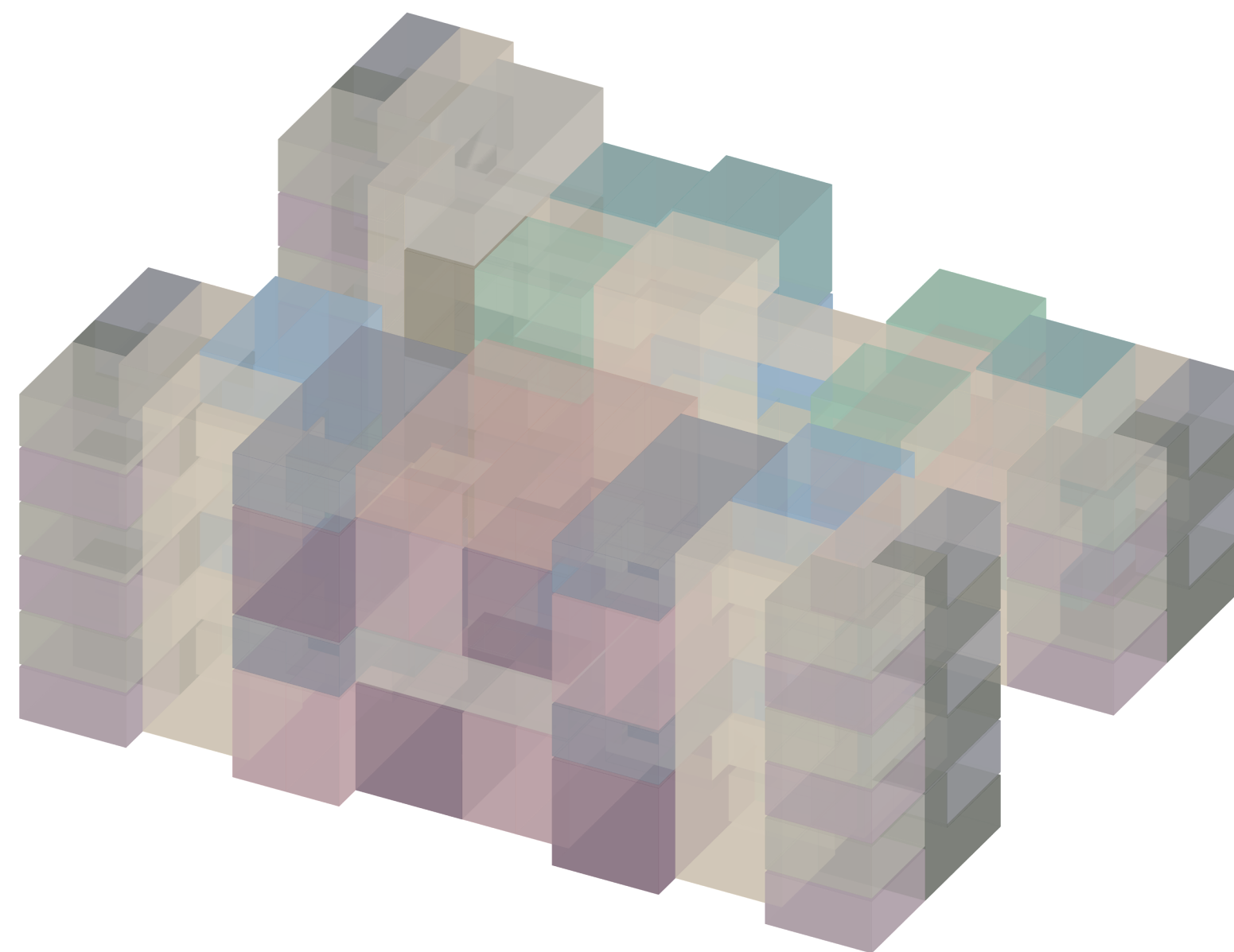
Circulation



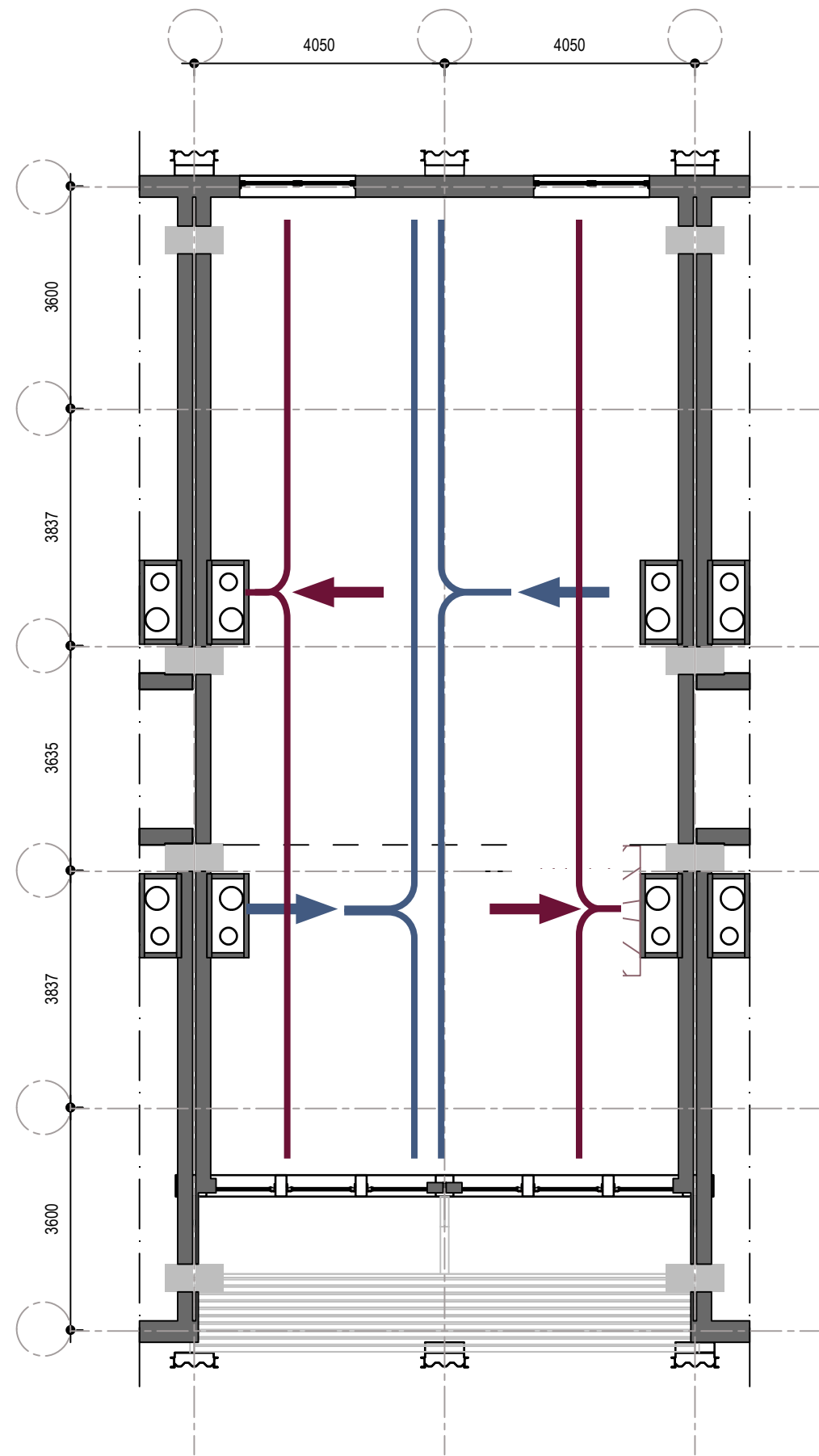






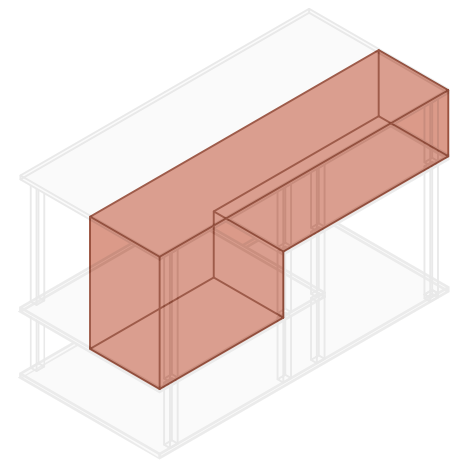


Shafts

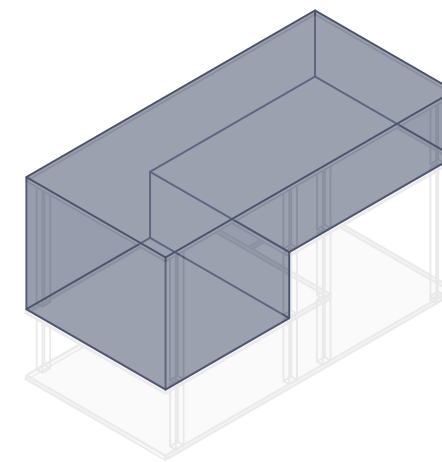
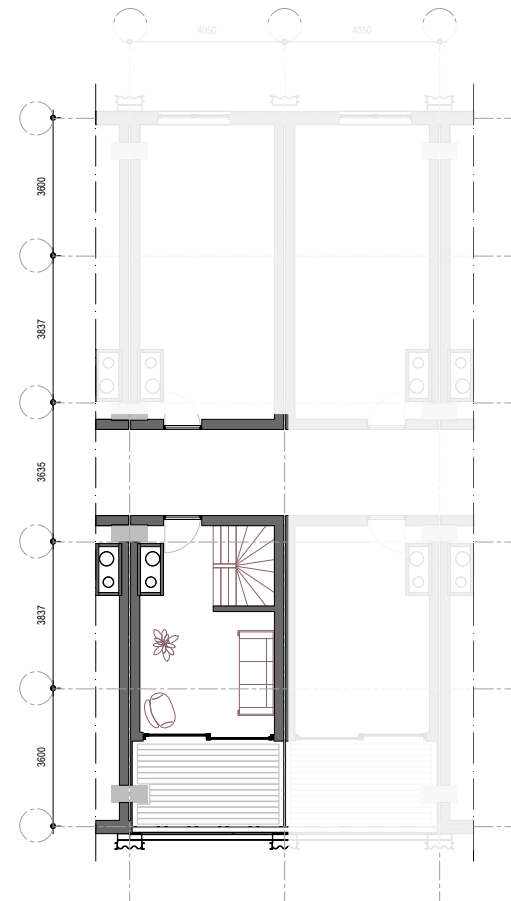
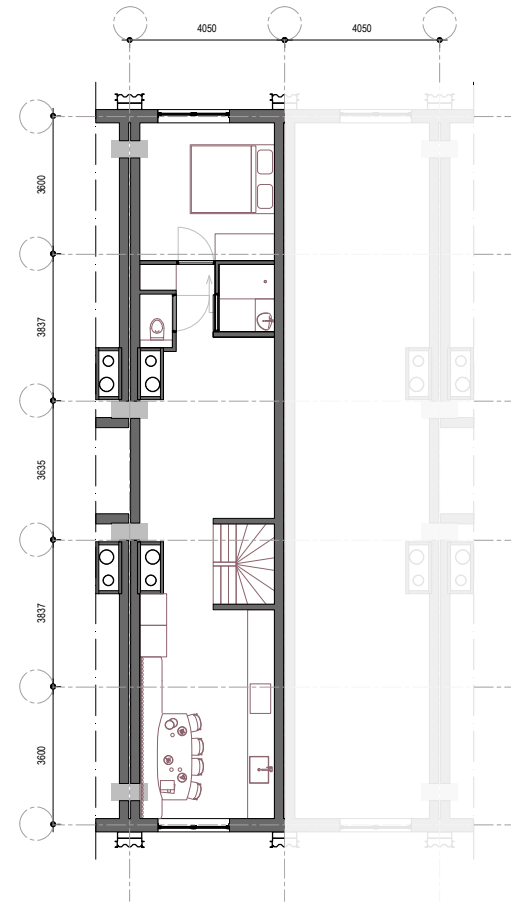


Climate regulation

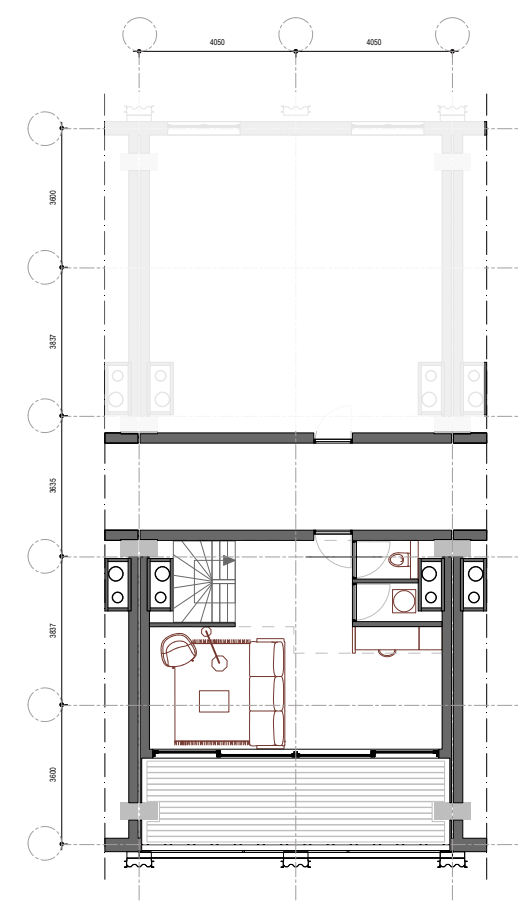
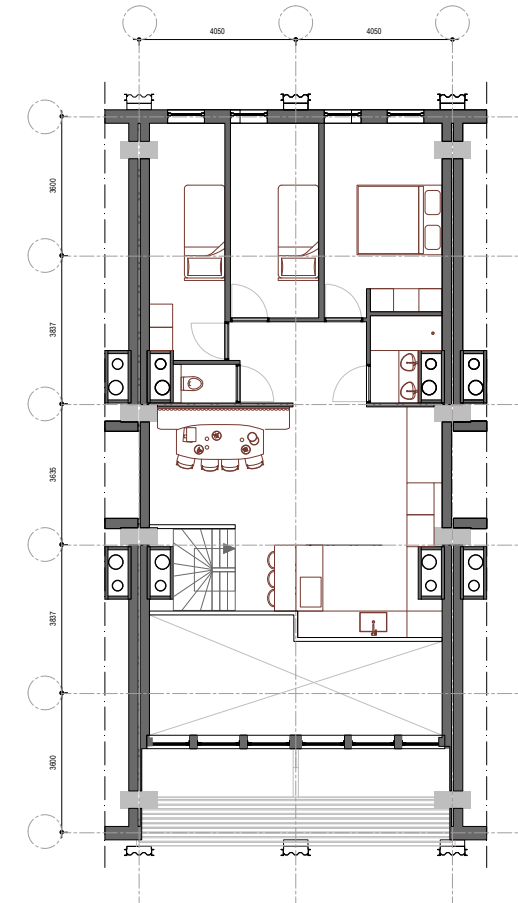
	Winter	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Heating	Low temperature floor heating Extra heating by air (WTW)	Low temperature floor heating Extra heating by air (WTW)	Low temperature floor heating	
Cooling	-	-	Cooling by air (WTW)	Cooling with floorsystem Cooling by air (WTW)
Ventilation	Type D Mechanical Climate system with WTW central in climate room in plinth			
Sun shading	Inside dwellings as option to block the low sunrays (in for example offices)	Inside dwellings as option to block the low sunrays (in for example offices)	2 options: 1. Windows get a steel awning fixed to façade 2. façade is set back in loggia	2 options: 1. Windows get a steel awning fixed to façade 2. façade is set back in loggia
Energy efficiency	WTW system Pre-heated air by airduct in the ground Heat pump (on the water for the whole district)	Solar enery Heat pump (on the water for the whole district)	Solar energy	Solar energy



1,5 person
apartment

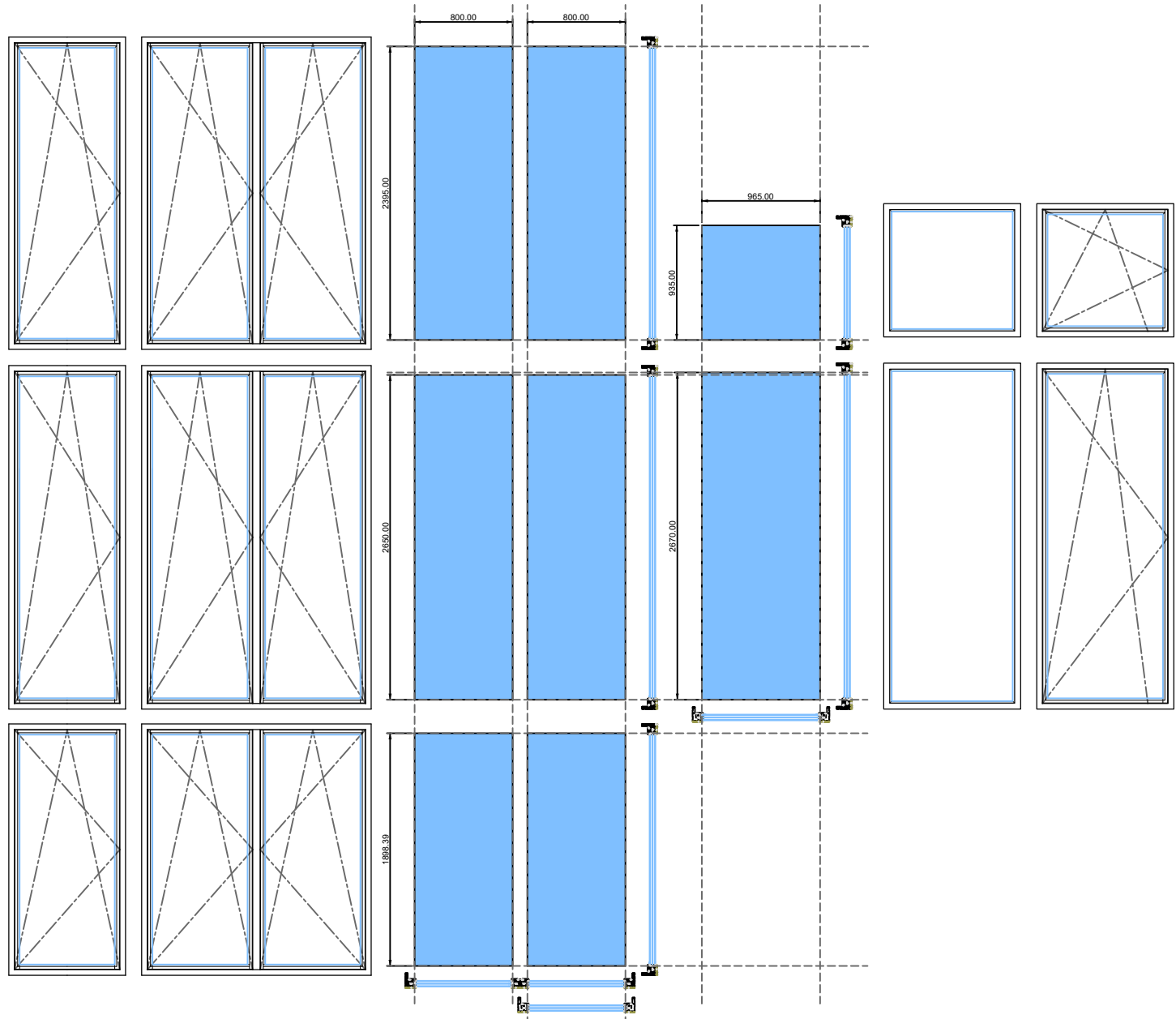
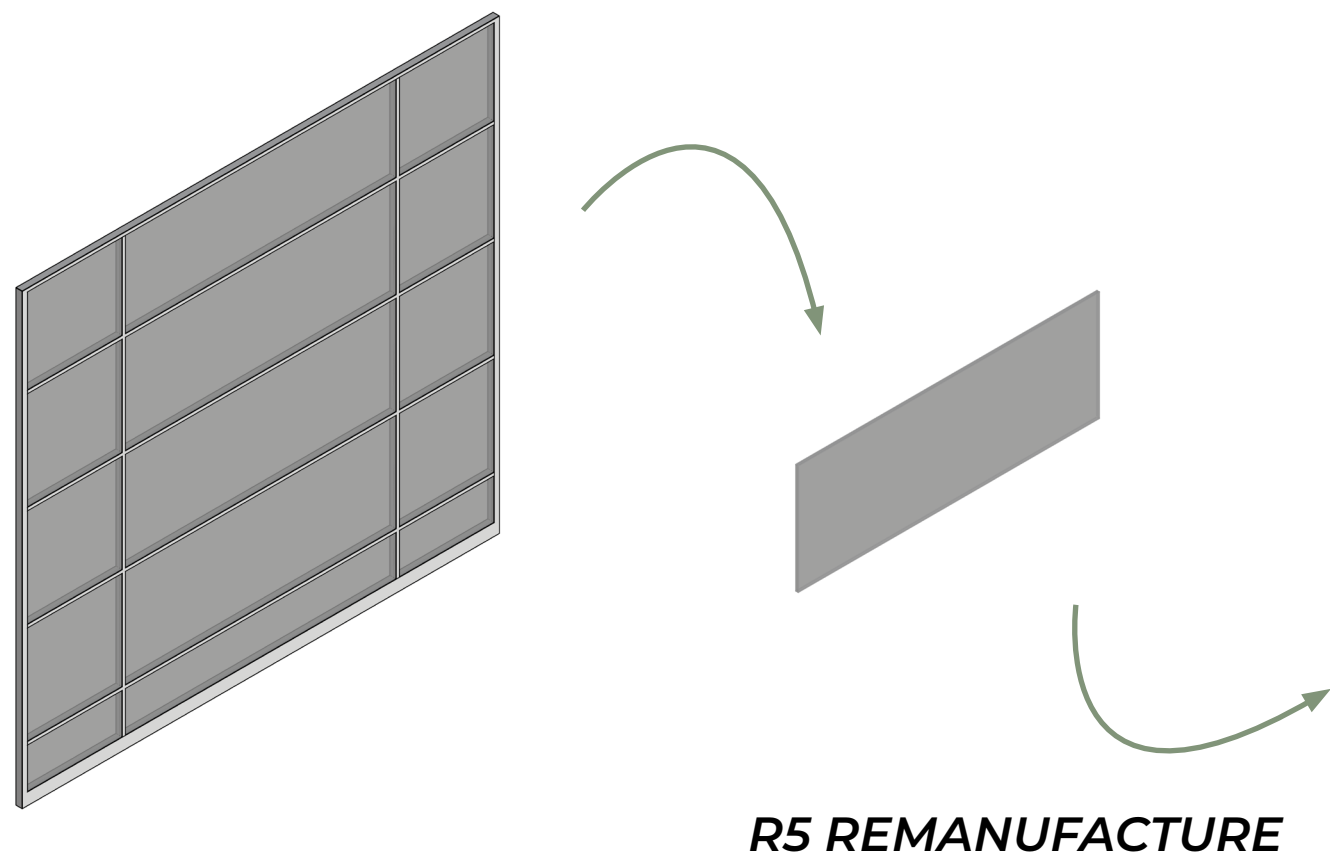


Family
apartment



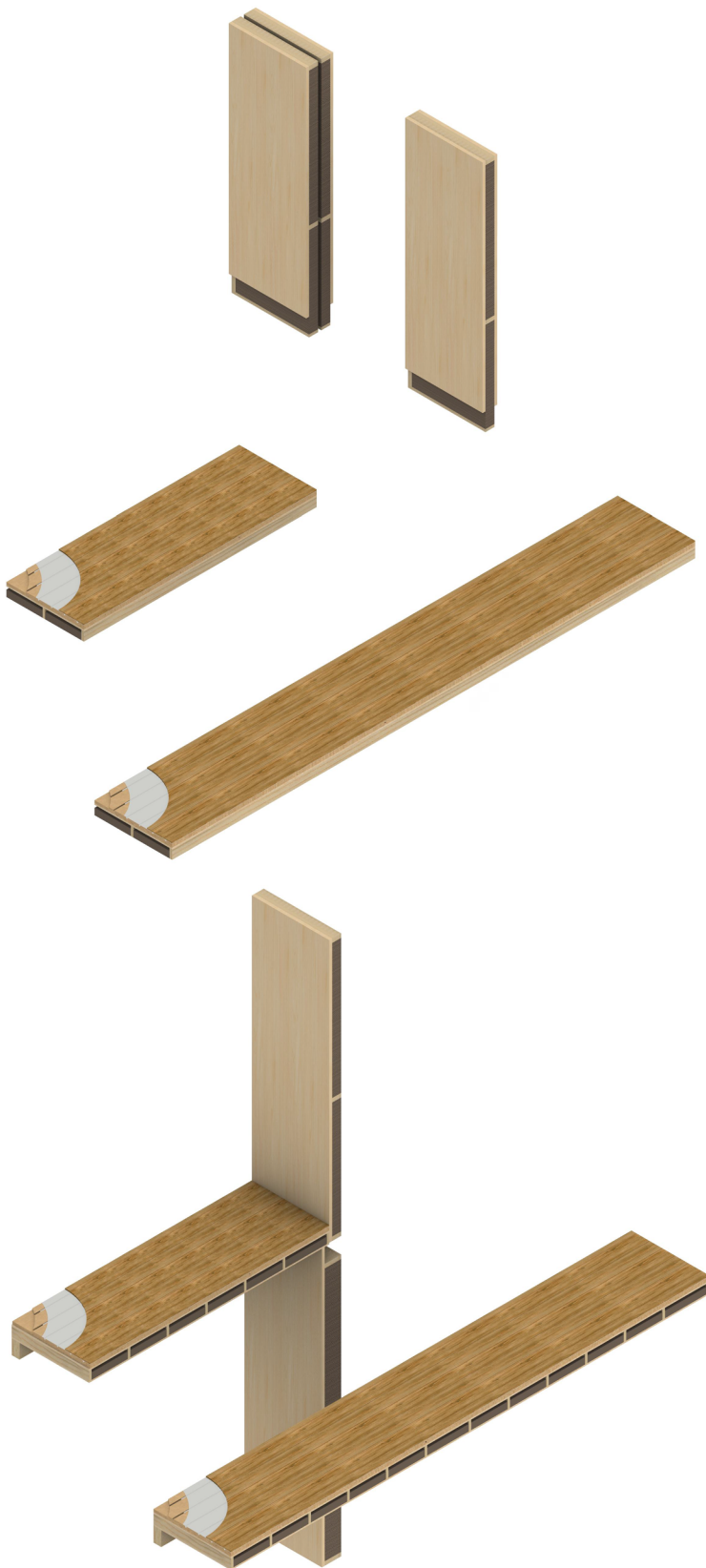
OTHER REUSE STRATEGIES

STEP 3:
INCREASE CIRCULARITY WITH
DESIGN IN EARLY STAGE

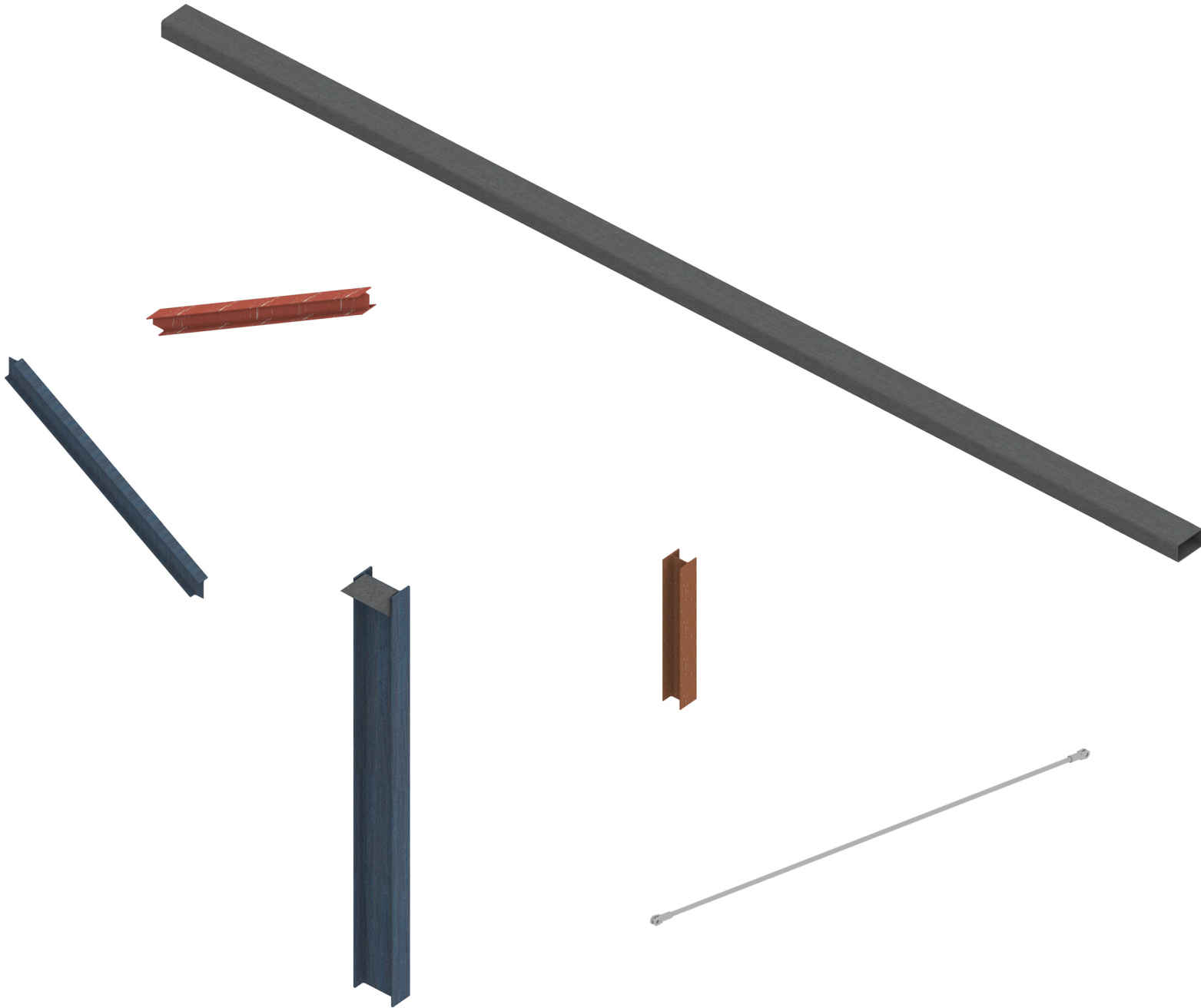


Biobased Materials

Standard dimensions
(600 or 1200 mm width)



Donor Steel



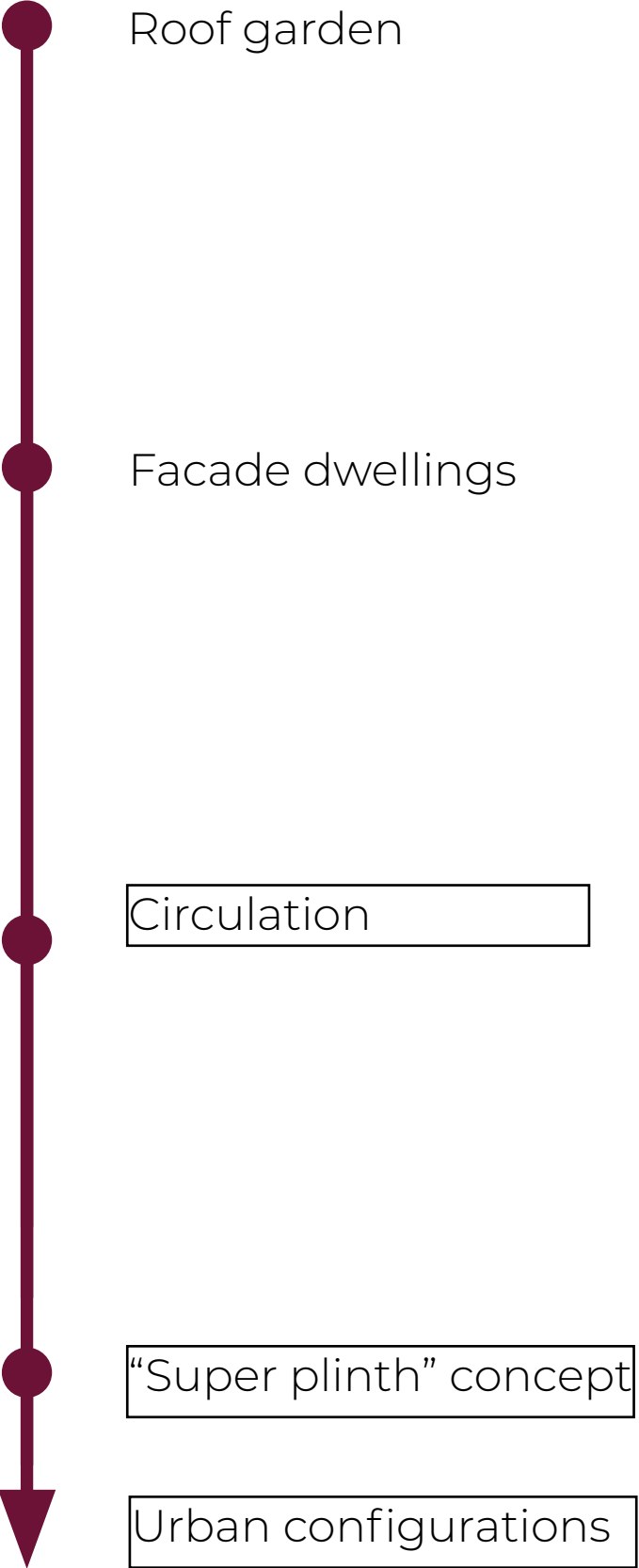
+

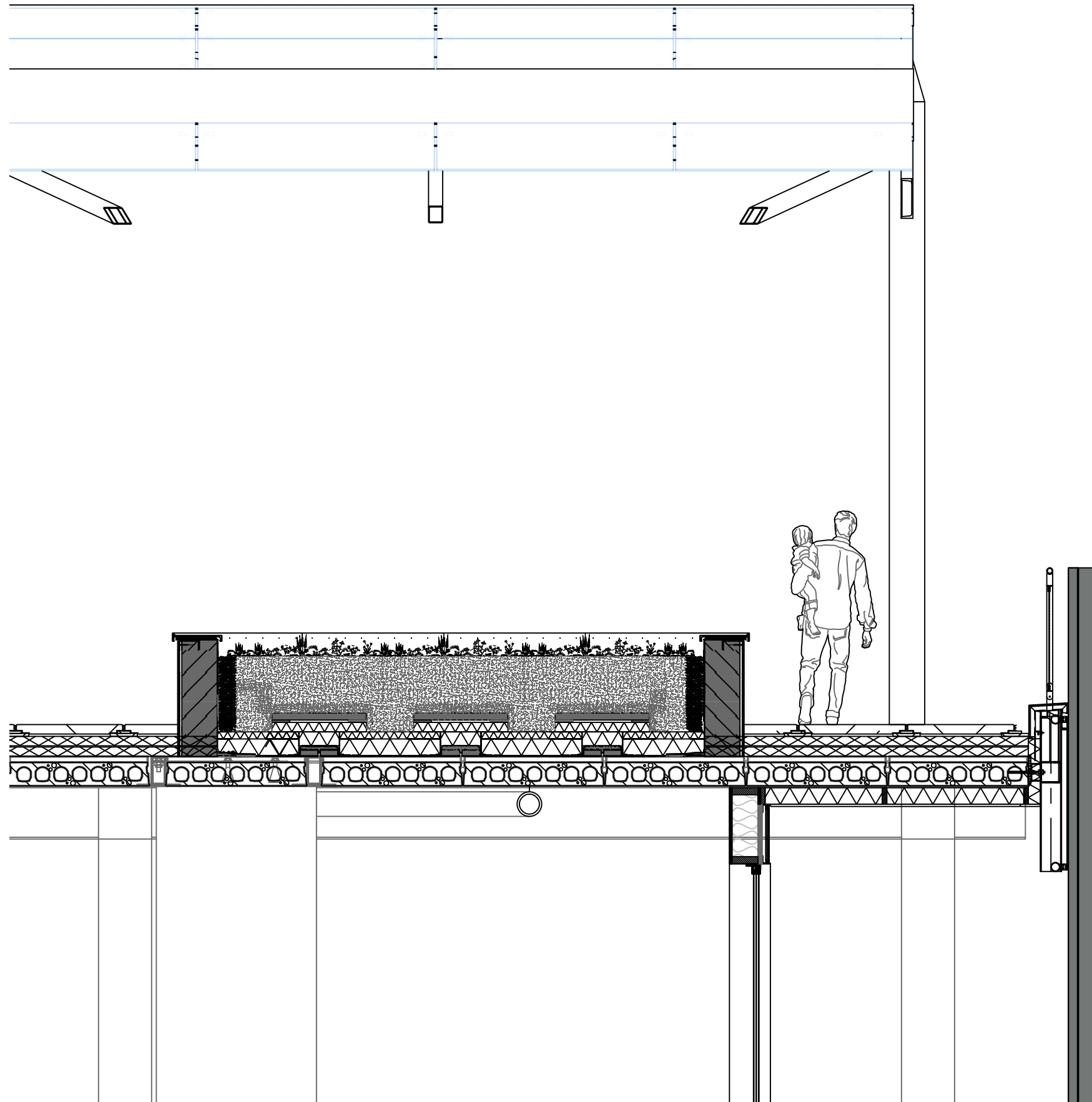
Fragment - Dwelling loft

scale 1:40

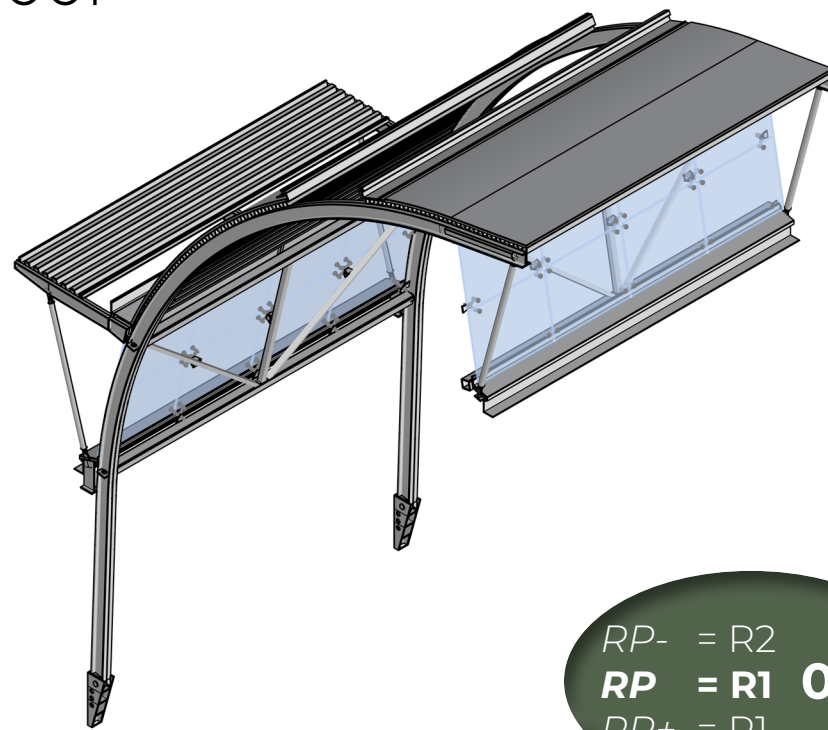


Fragment - Dwelling loft
scale 1:40





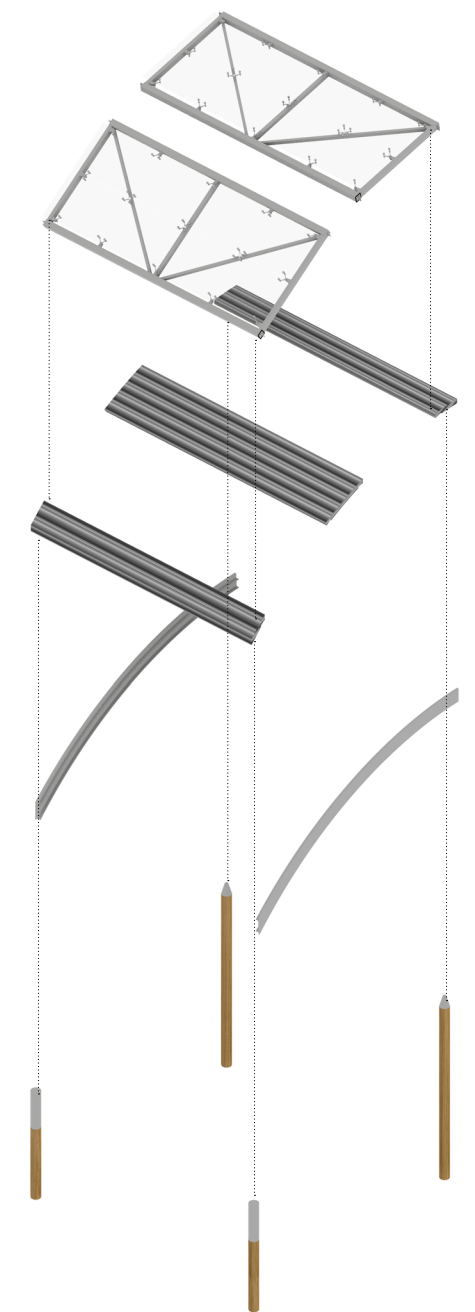
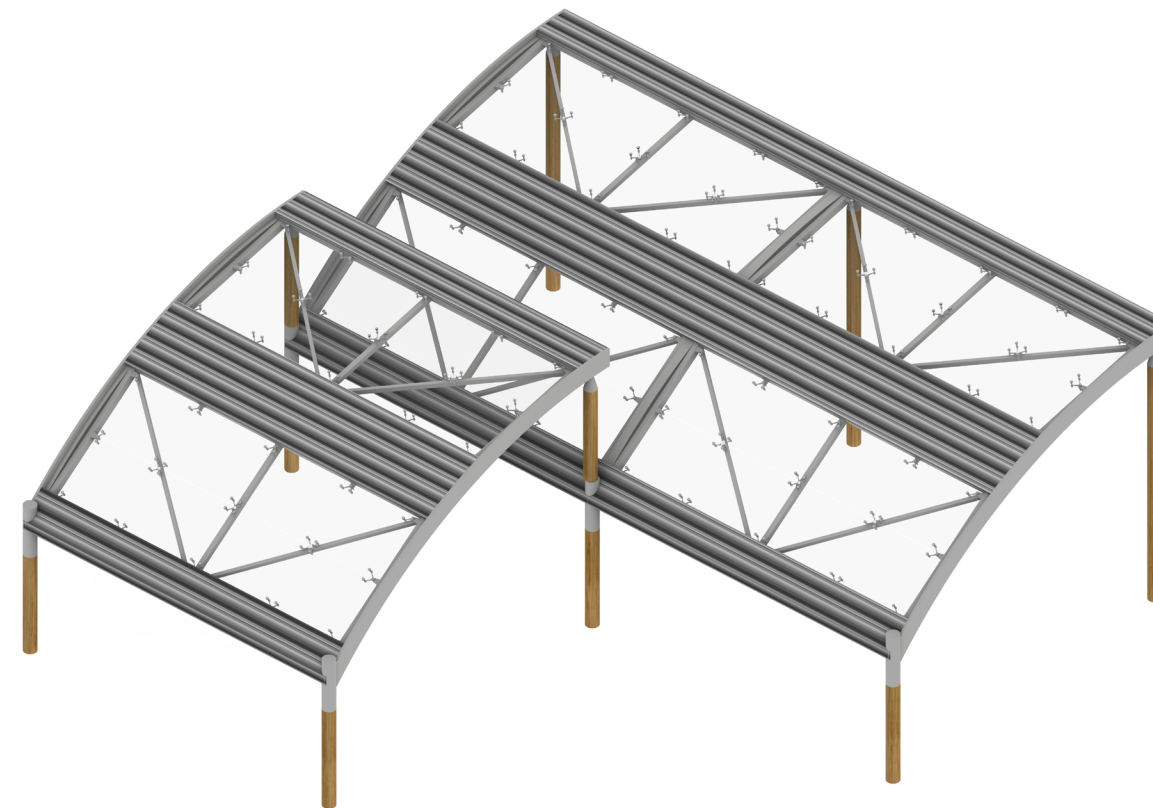
Roof



$RP^- = R2$
 $RP = R1$ 0,83
 $RP^+ = R1$

DP Low

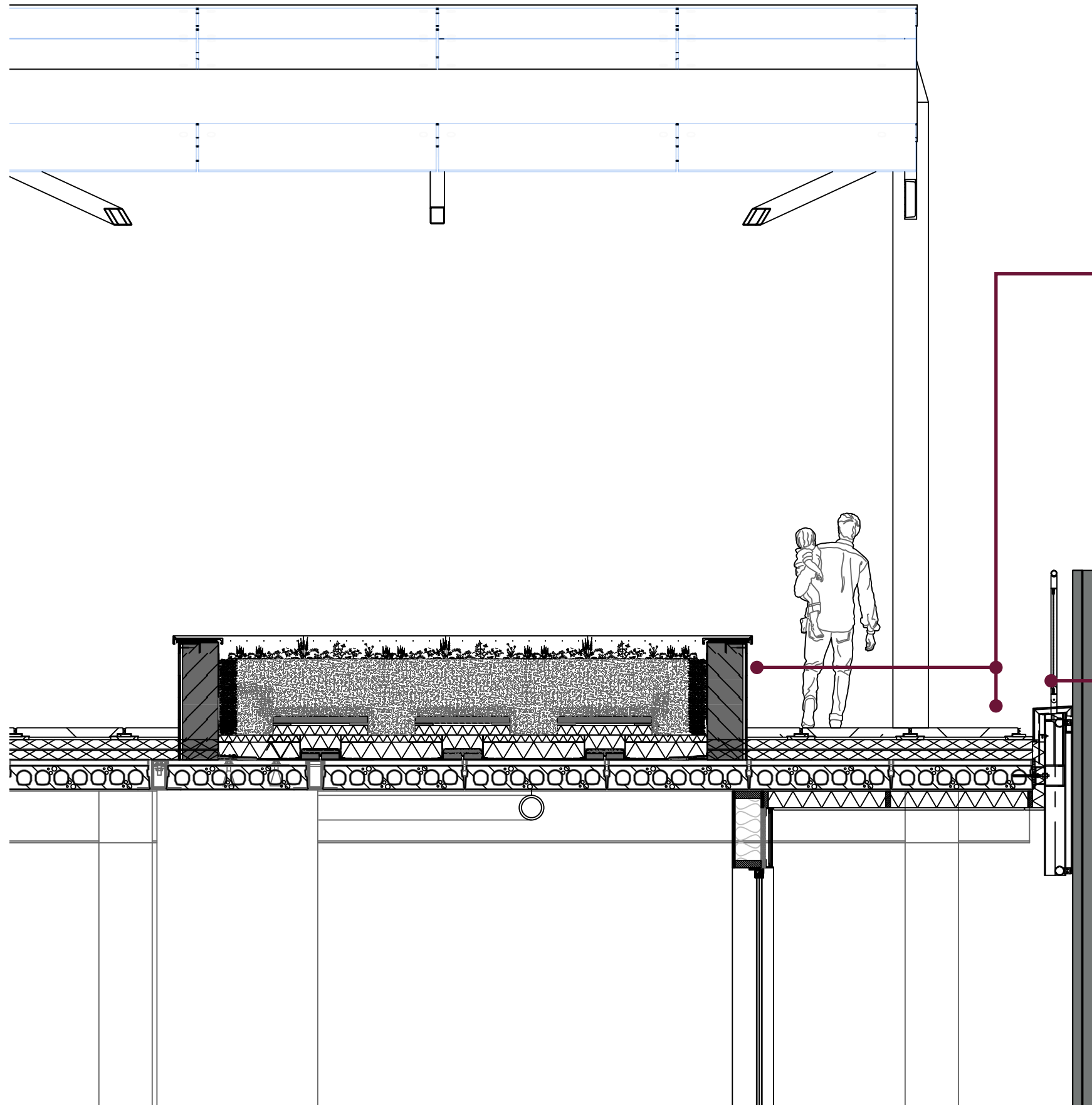
R3 REPURPOSE



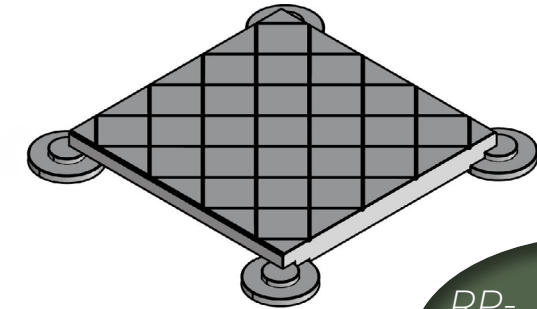
Space for solar panels

Creating covered outdoor spaces

Urban vegetable garden on roof



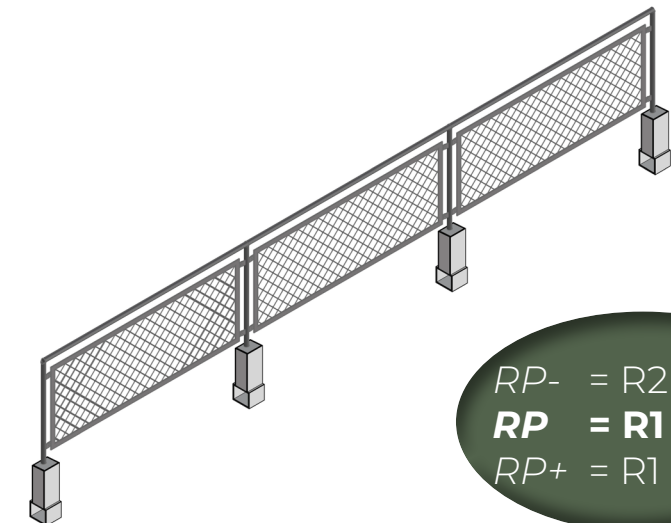
Tiles + tensioning elements



$RP_- = R2$
 $RP = R1$ 0,97
 $RP_+ = R1$

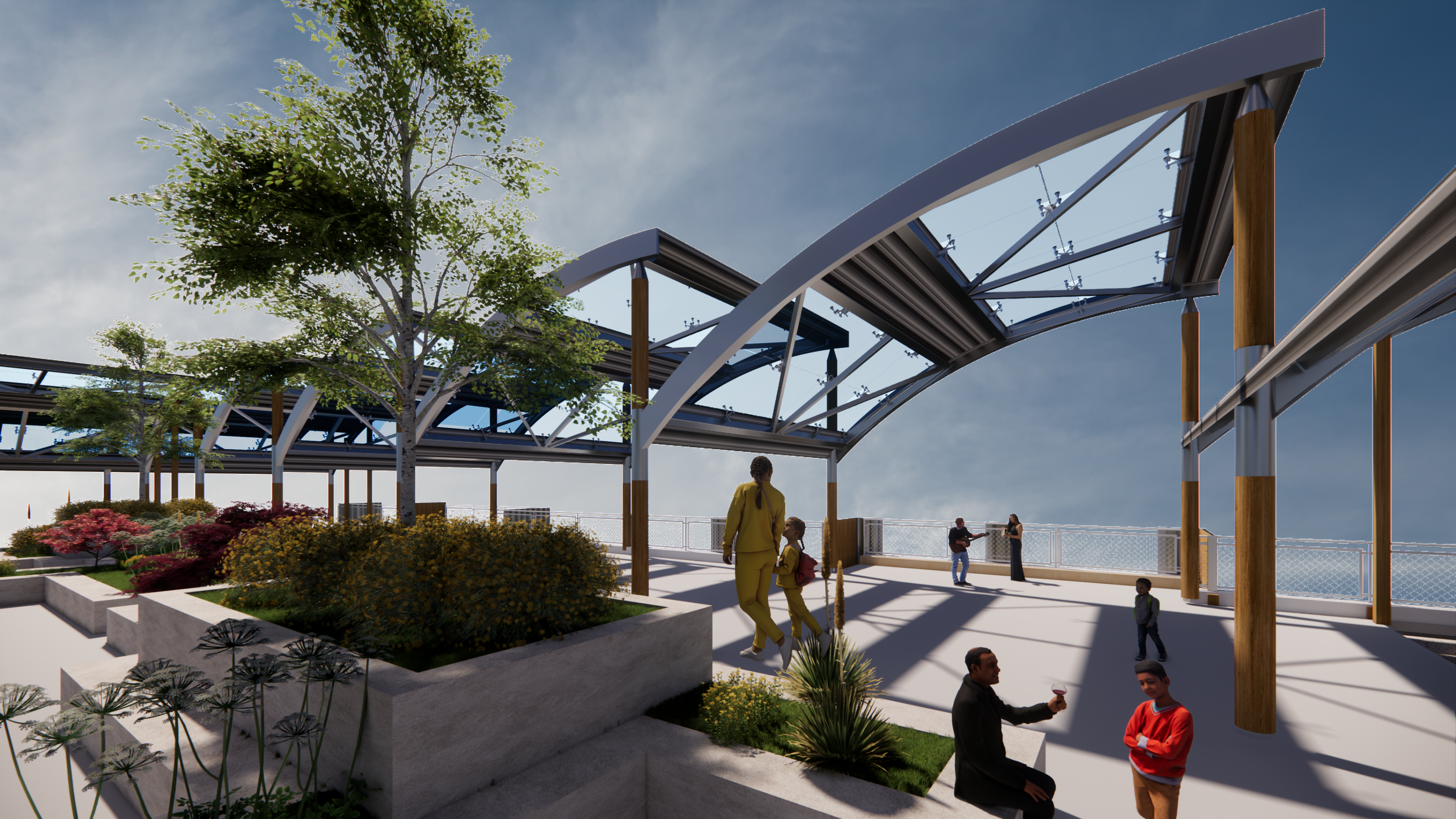
DP High

Roof fence

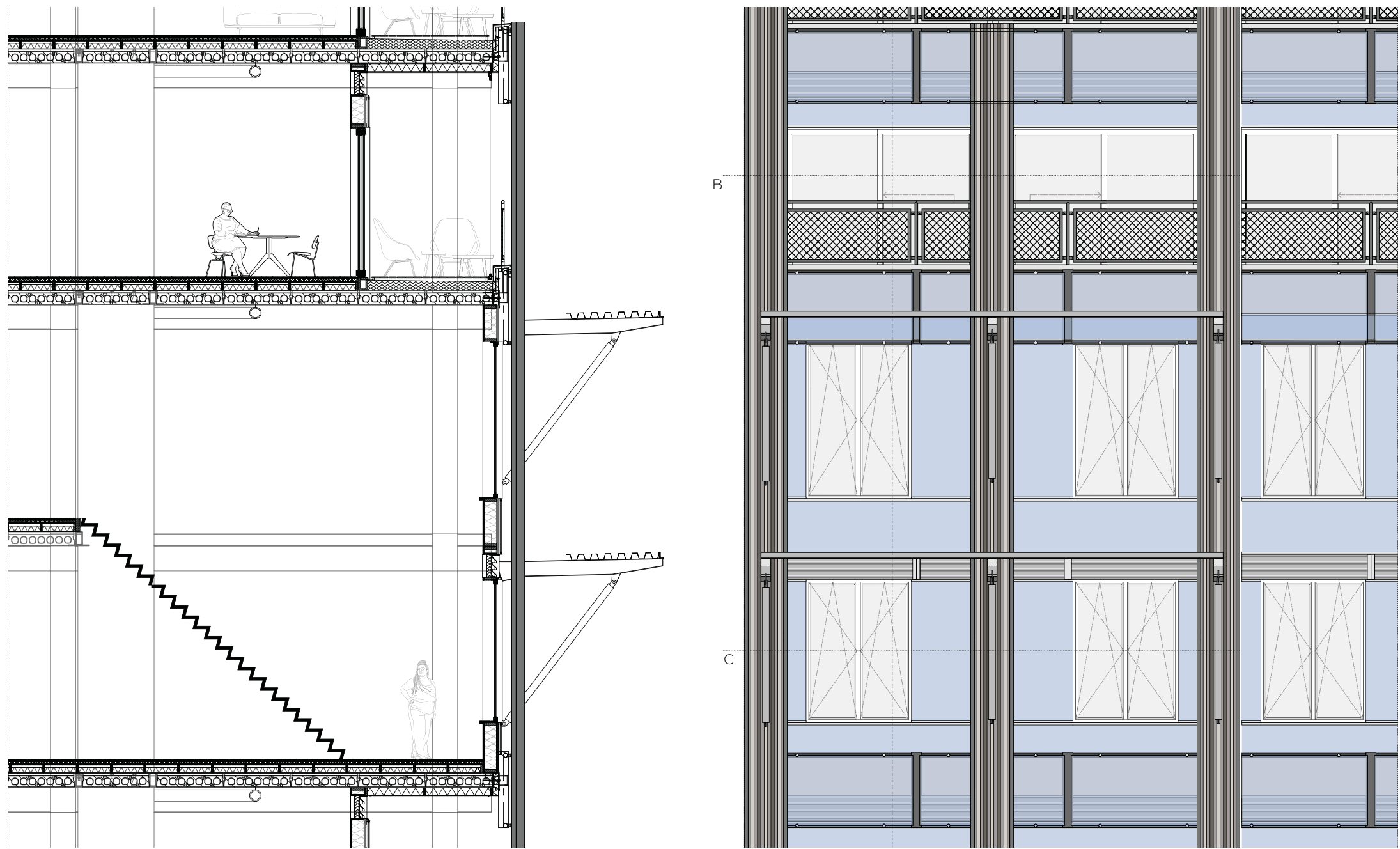


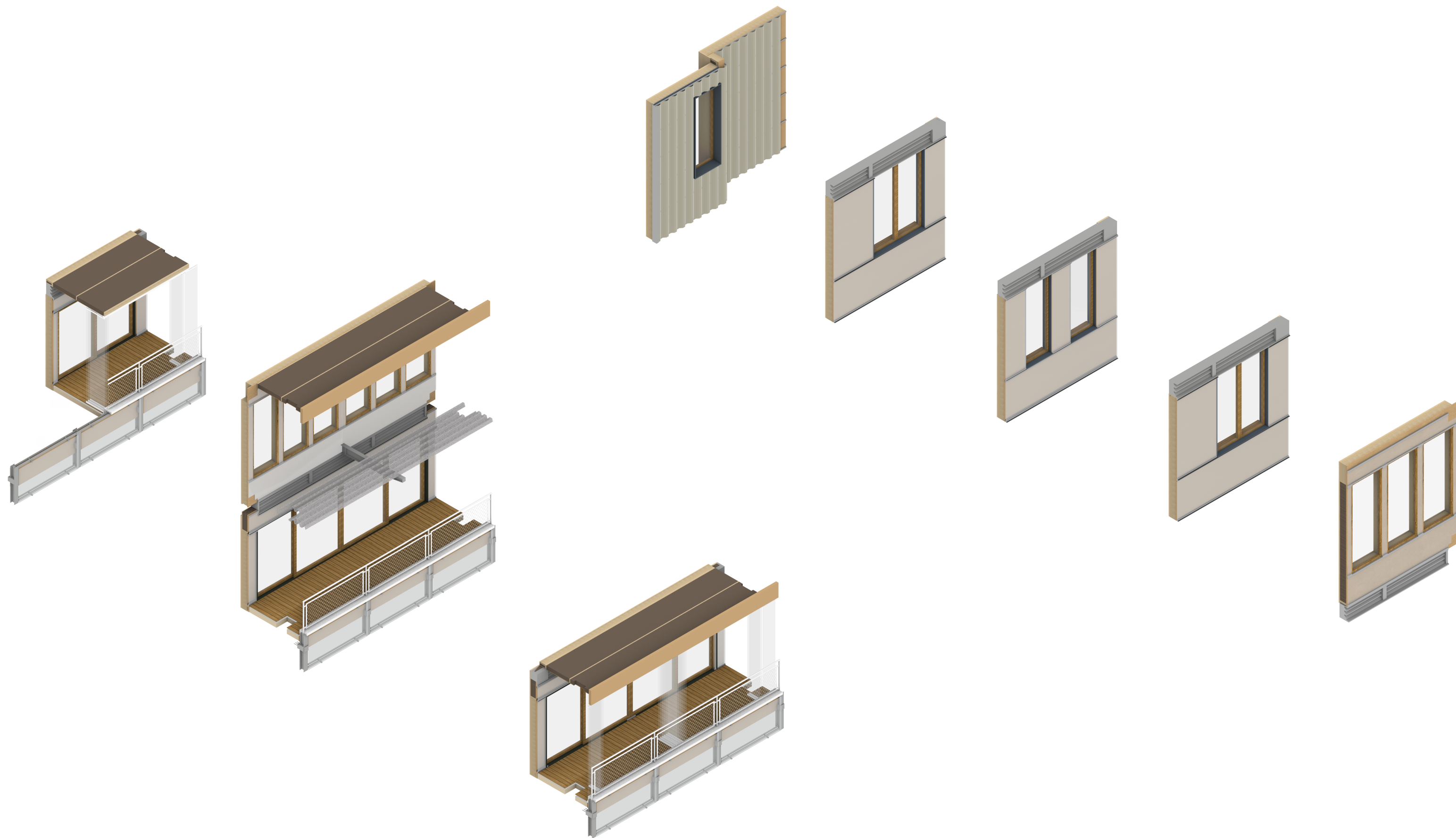
$RP_- = R2$
 $RP = R1$ 0,97
 $RP_+ = R1$

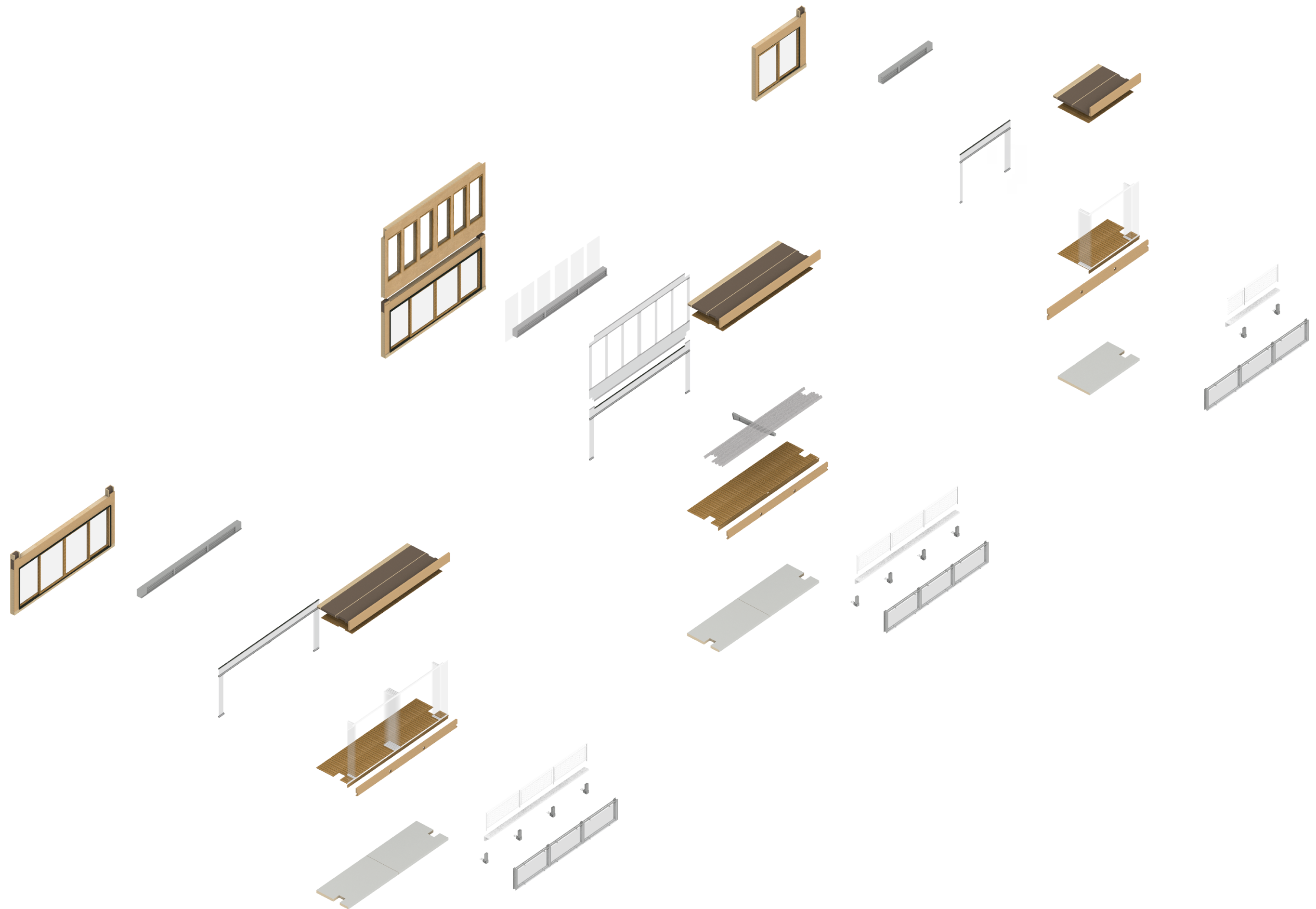
DP Medium



Facade dwellings

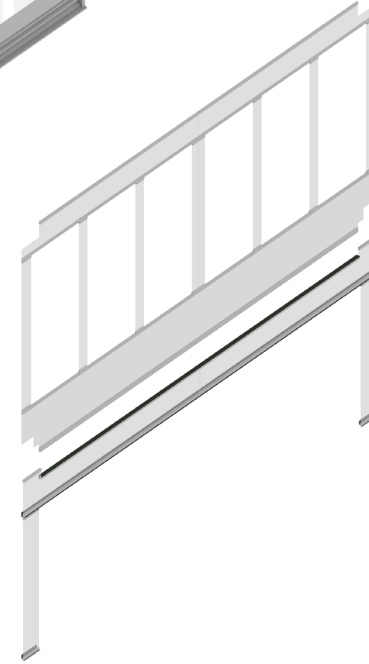
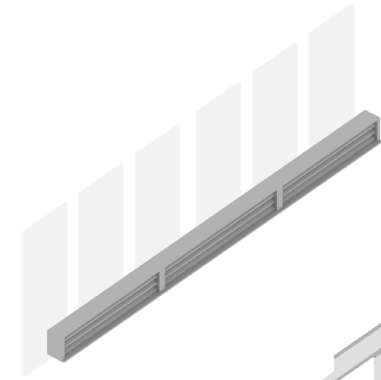




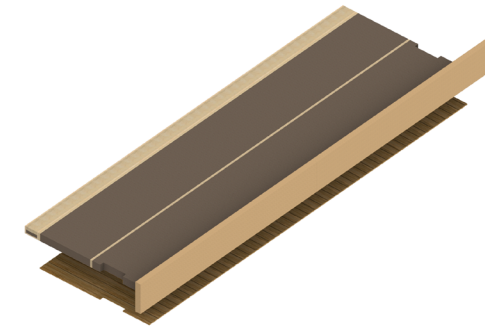


Biobased

R4 Refurbish



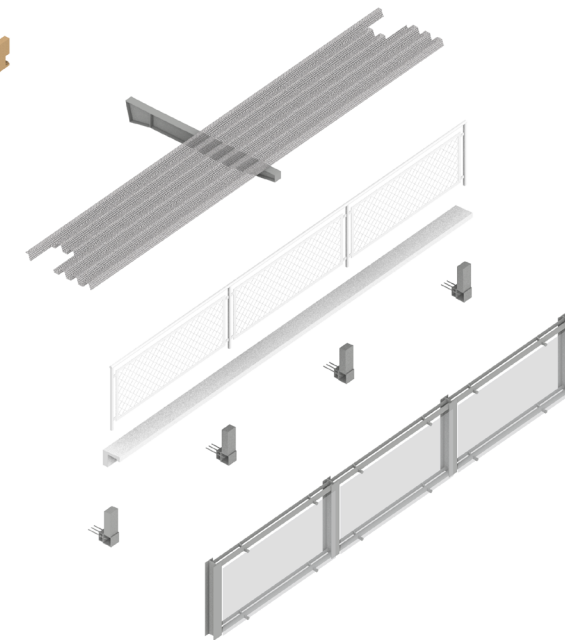
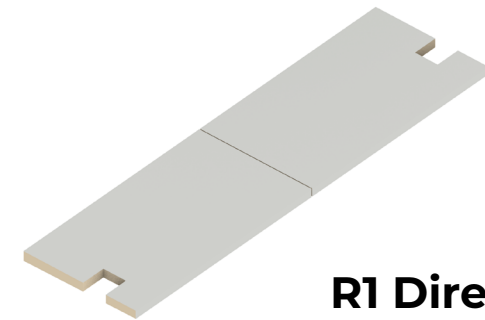
R1 Direct reuse



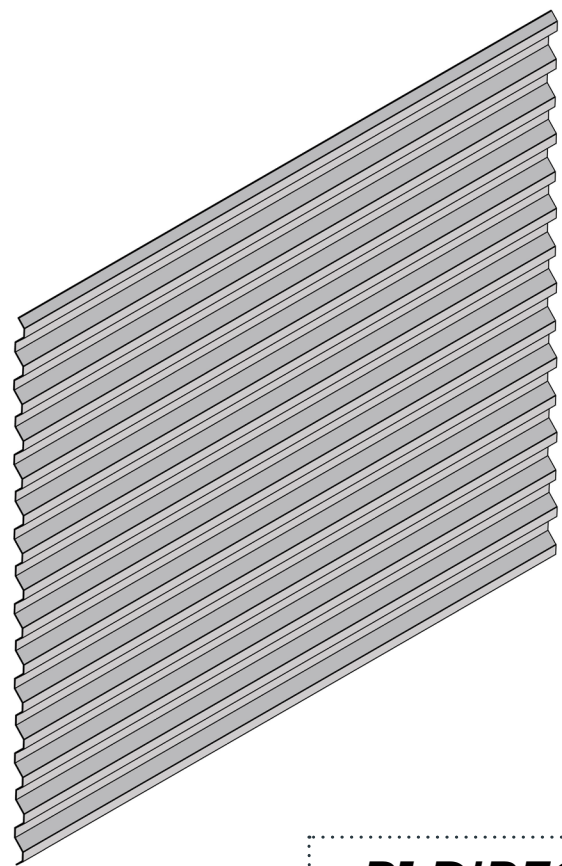
Biobased + *R7*



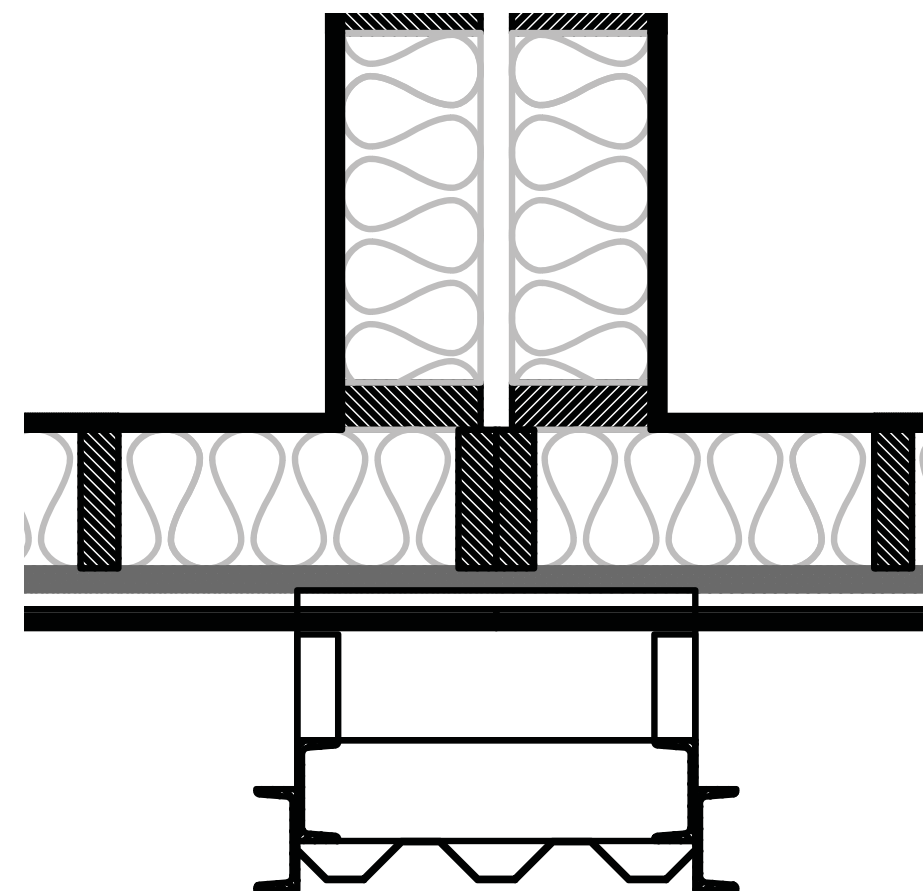
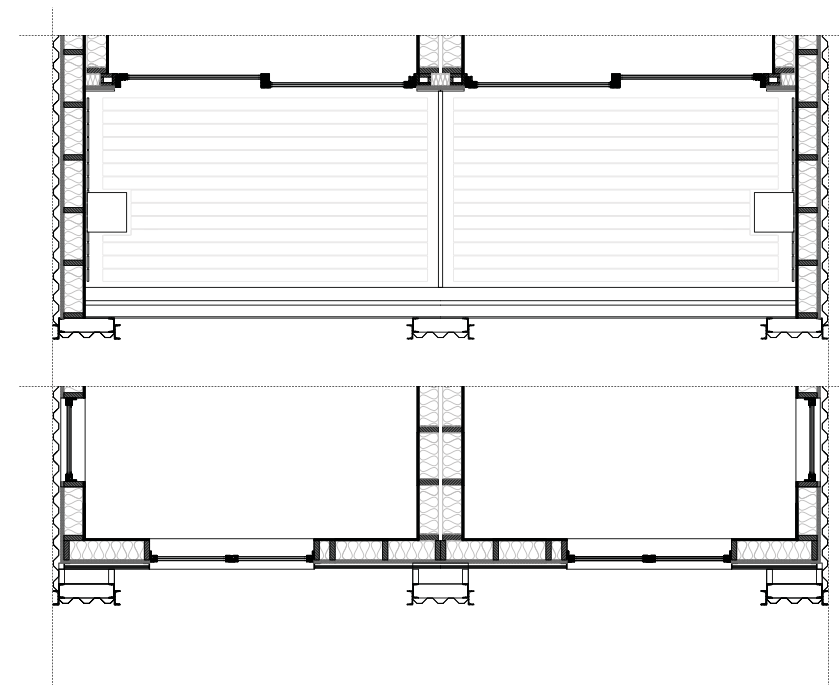
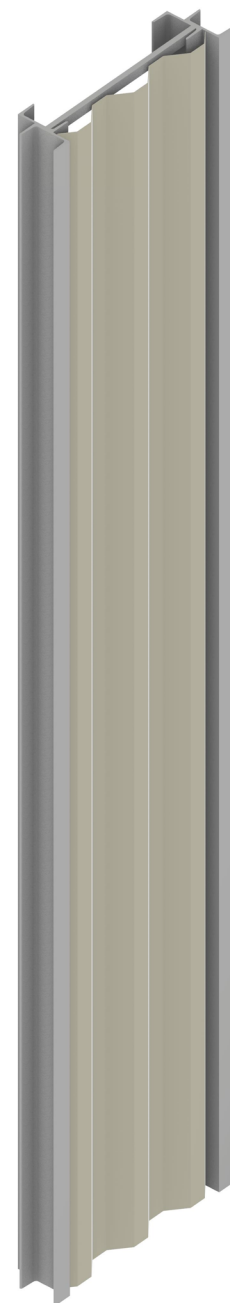
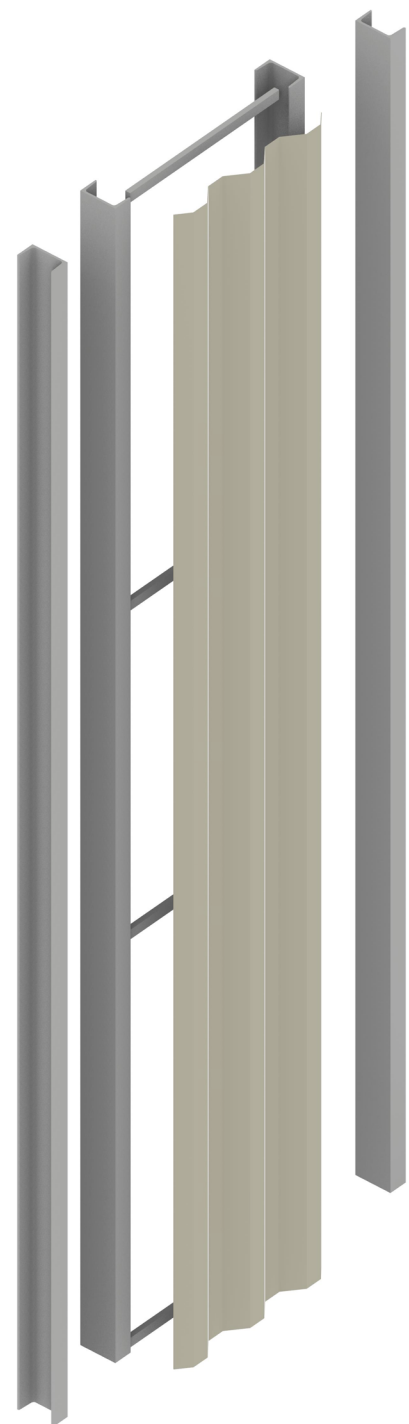
R1 Direct reuse





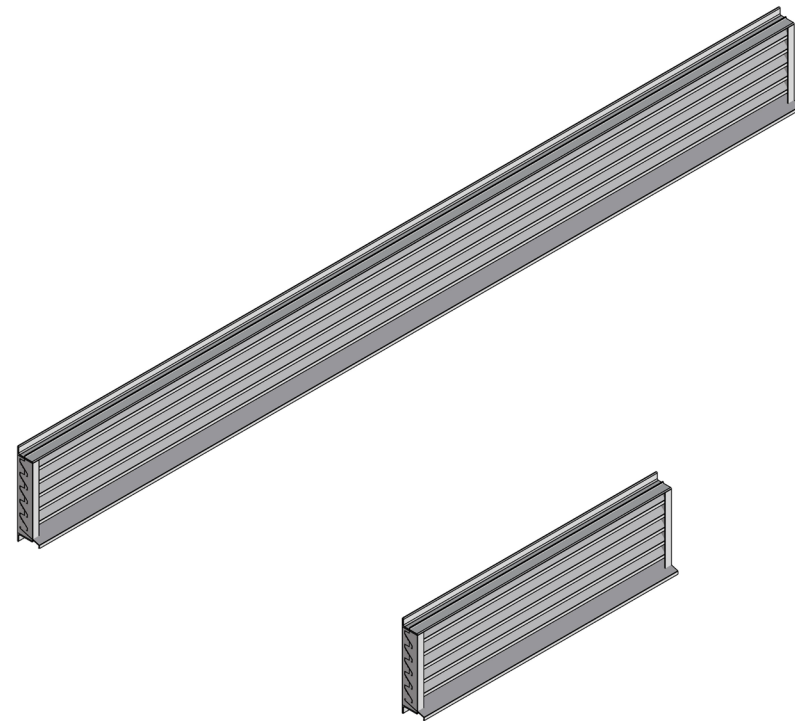


R1 DIRECT REUSE

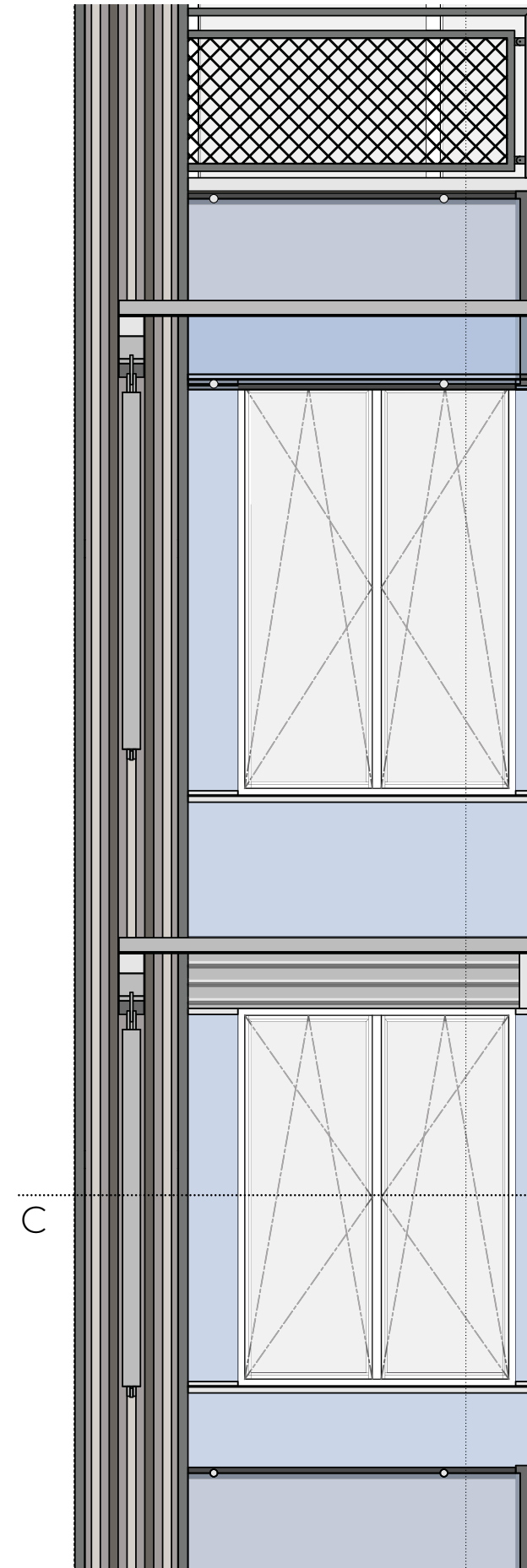
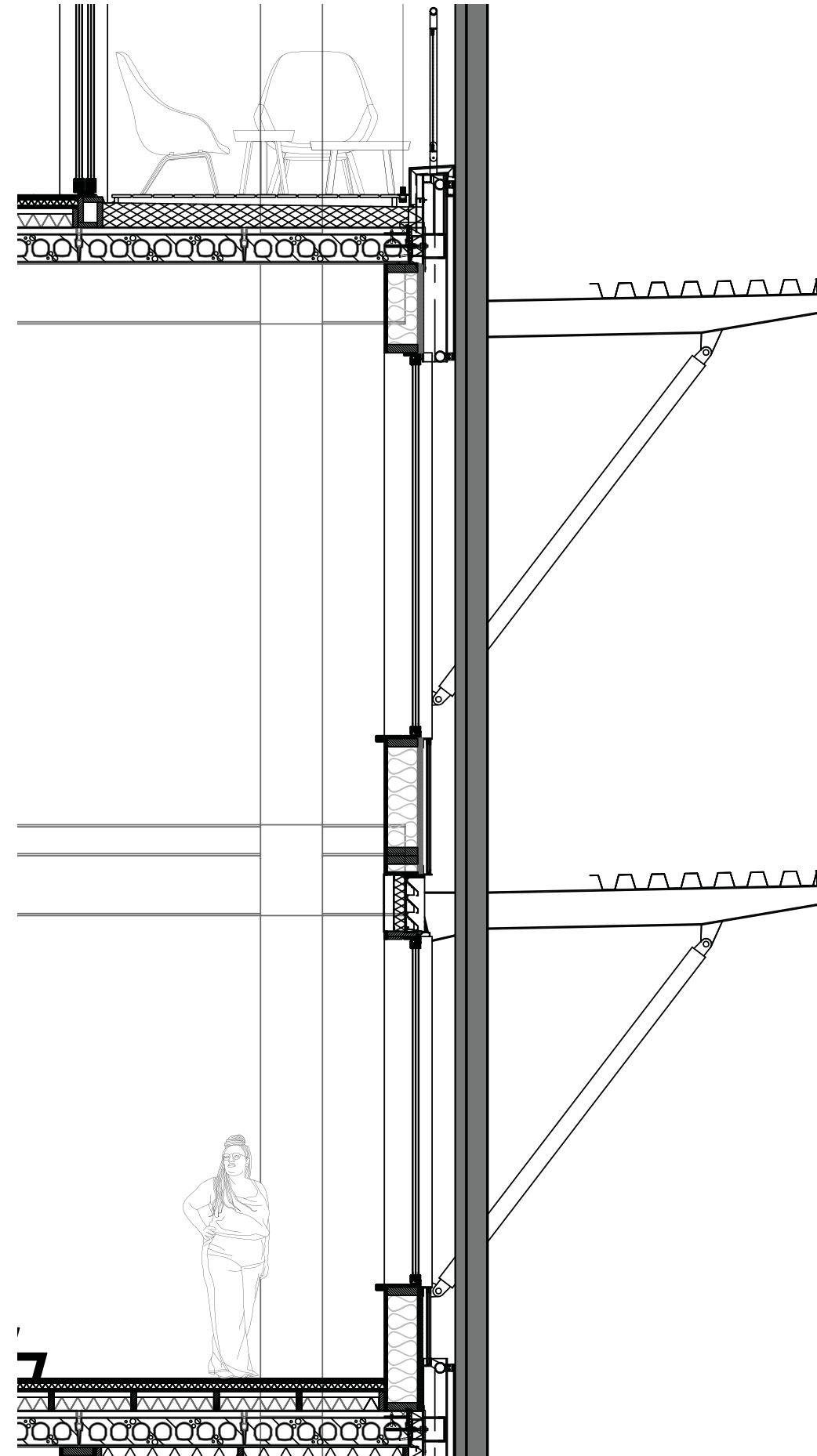


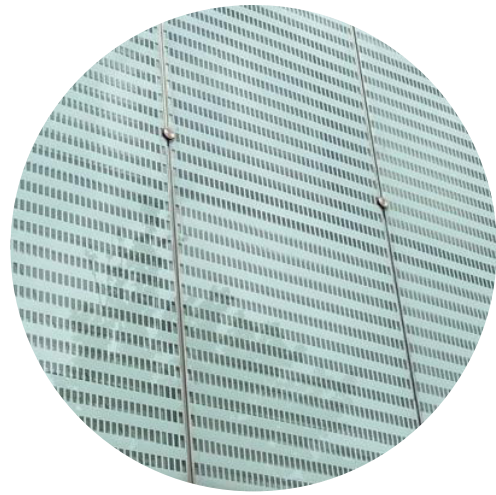
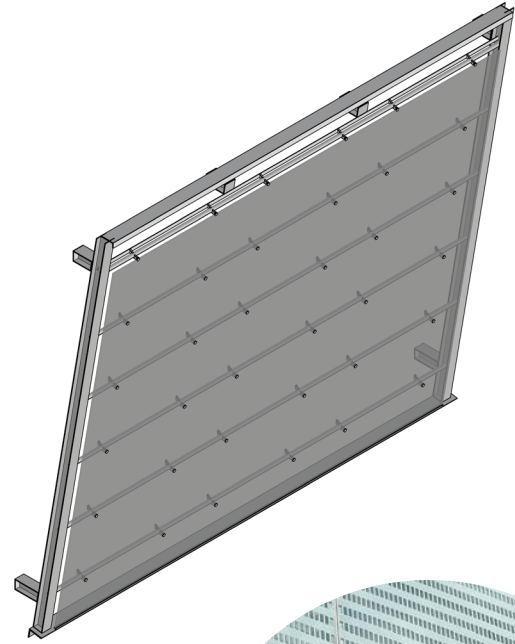


R1 DIRECT REUSE

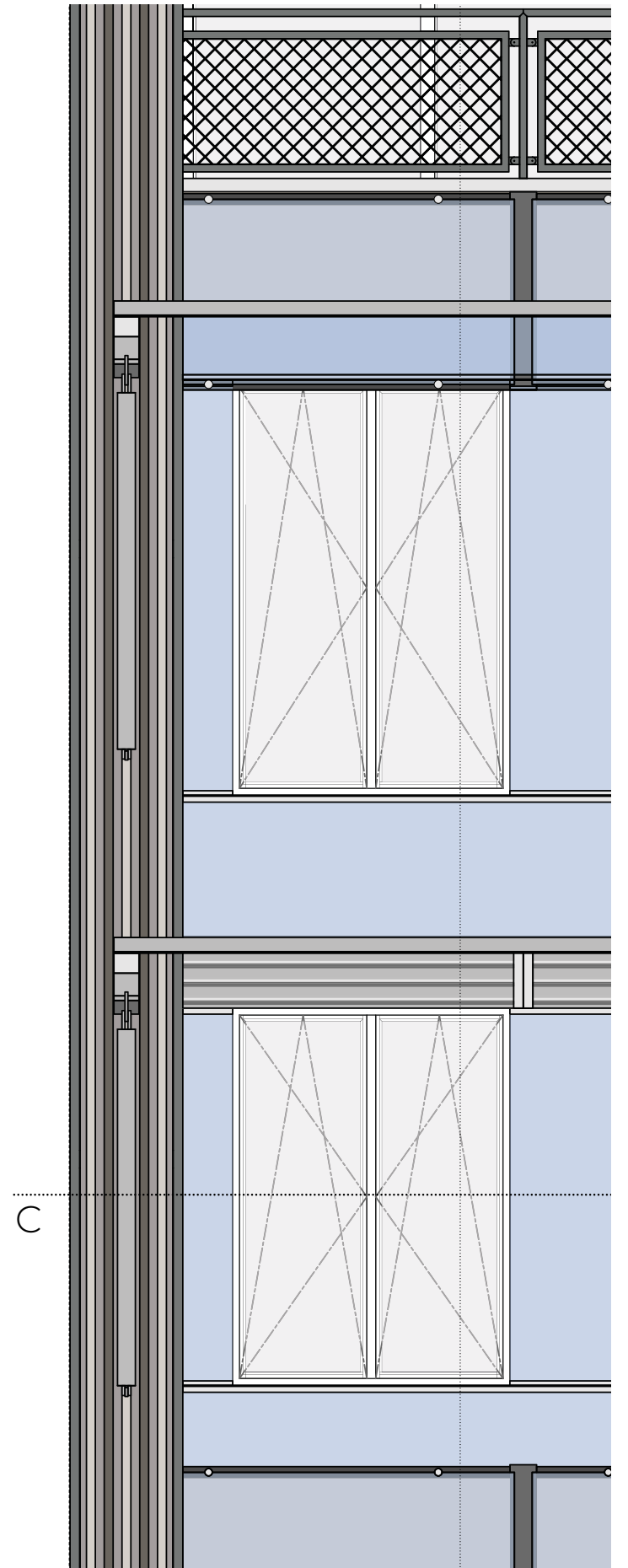
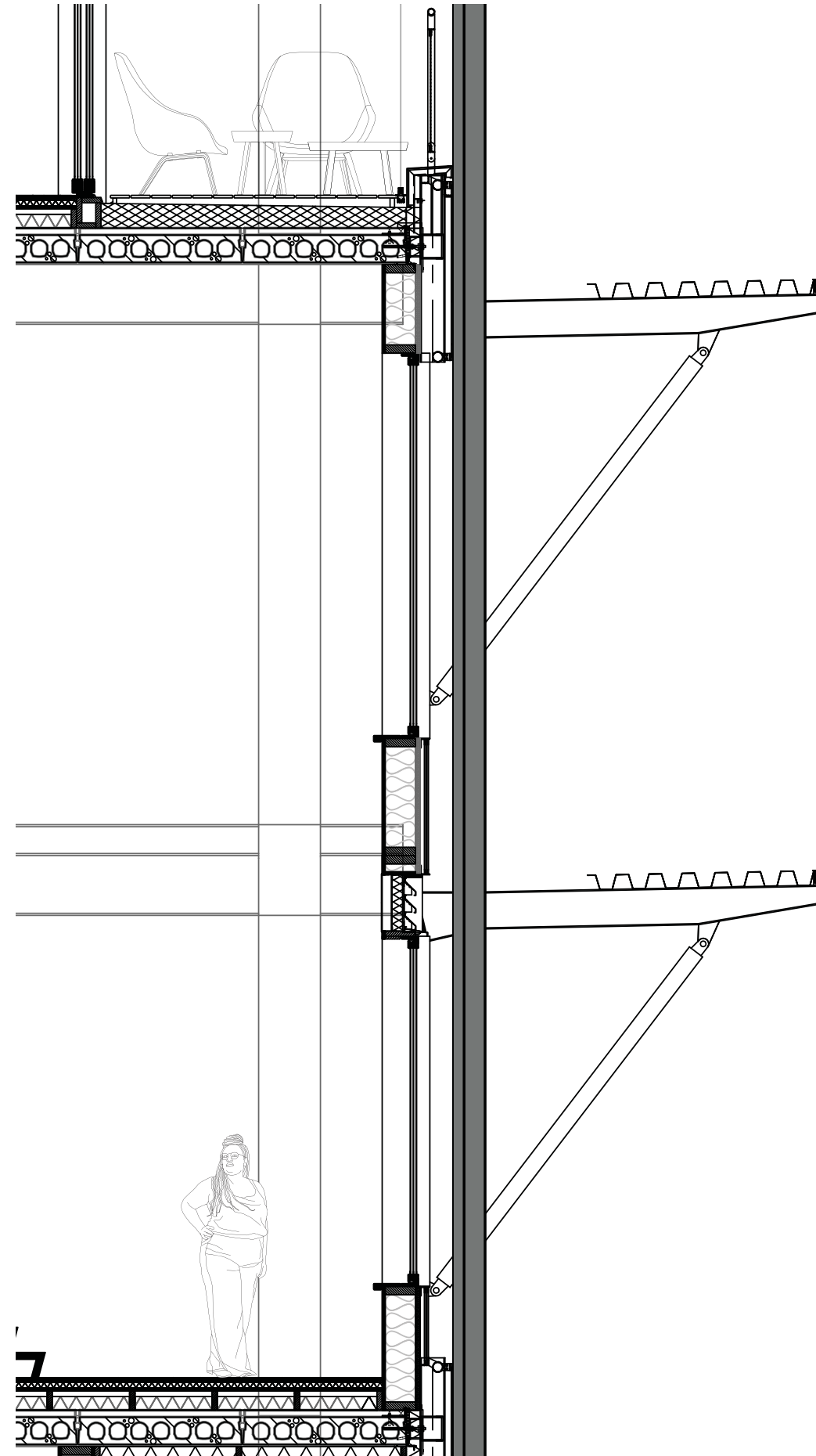


R4 REFURBISH

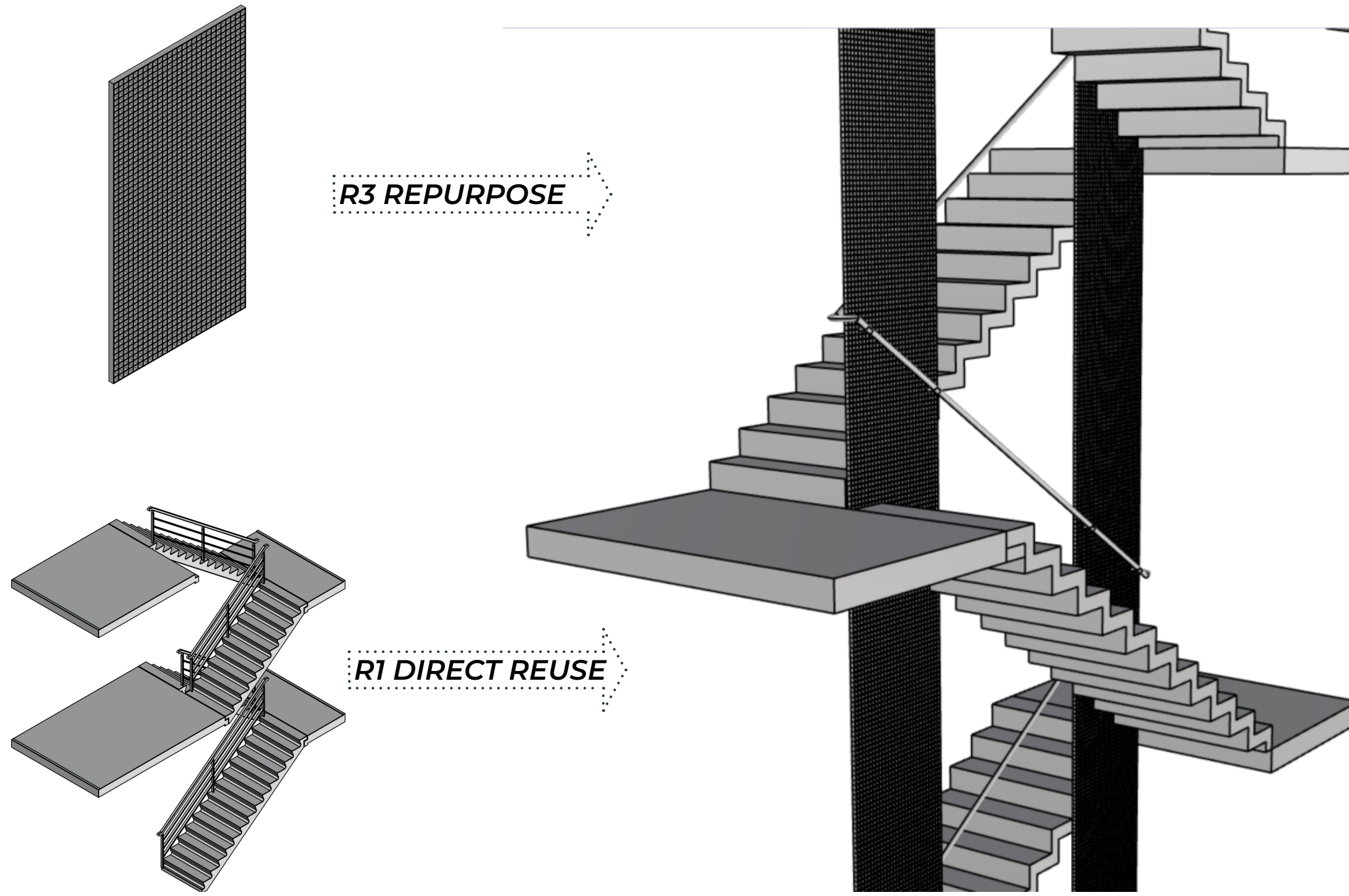




R1 DIRECT REUSE

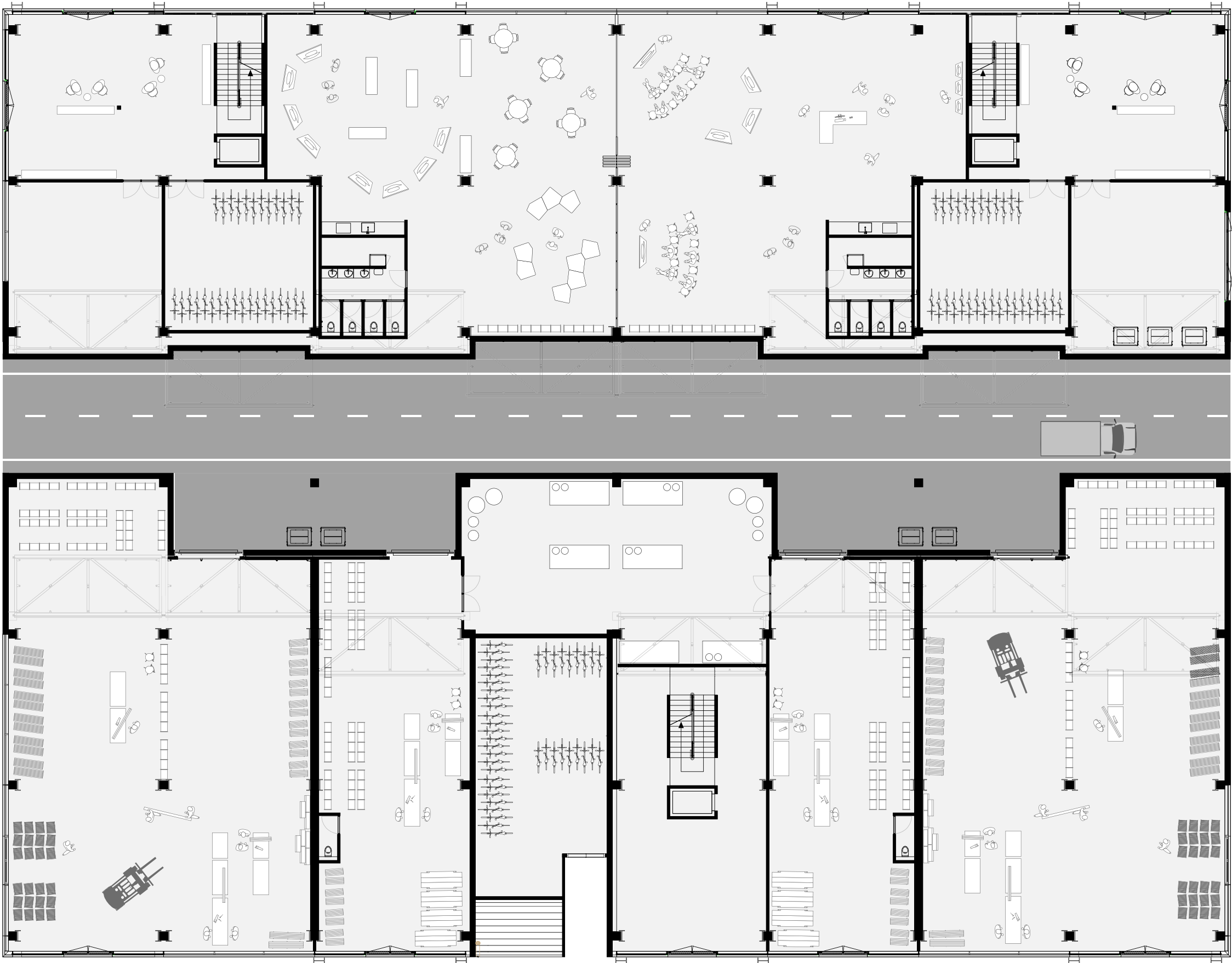


Circulation

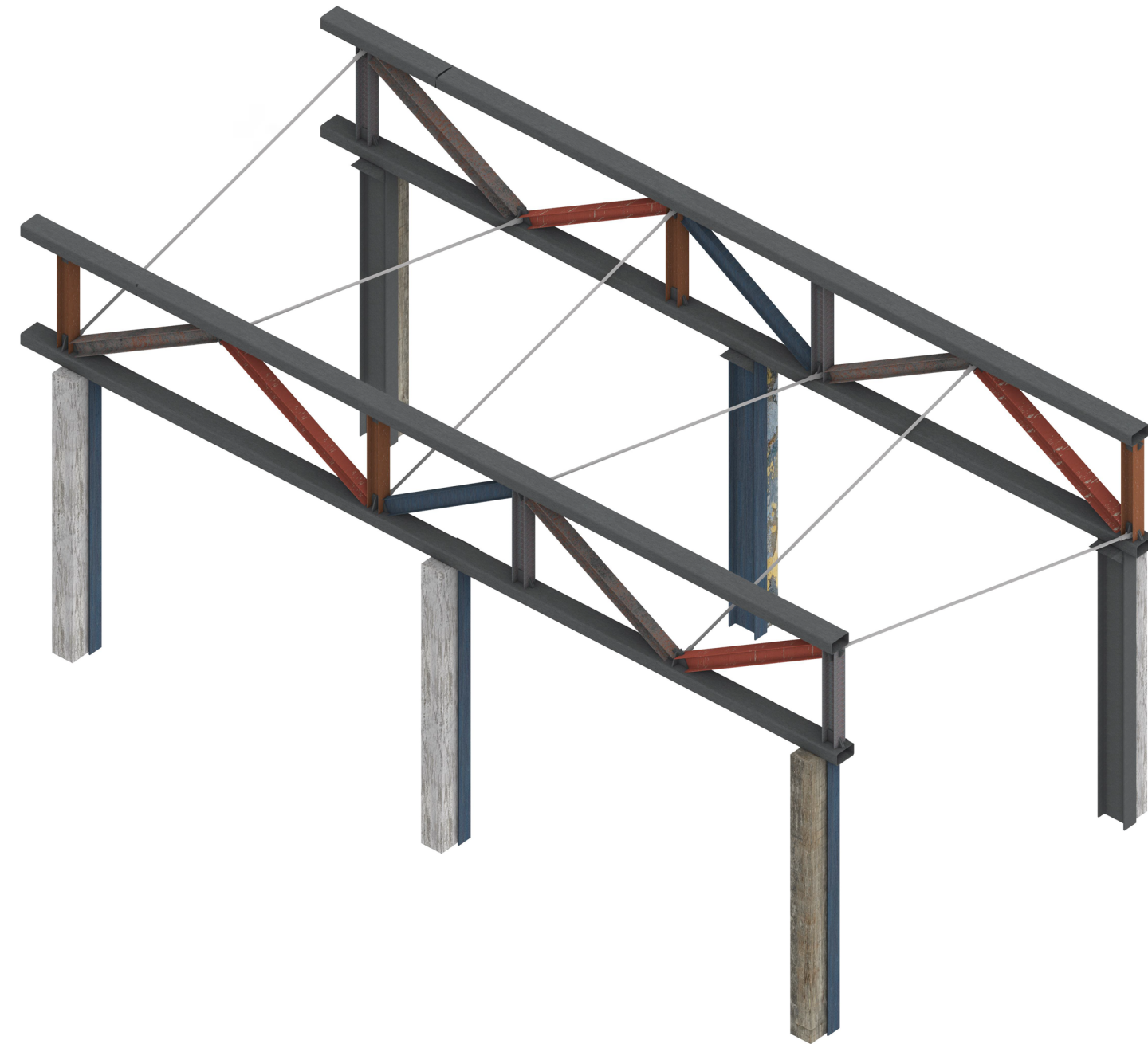


“Super Plinth”

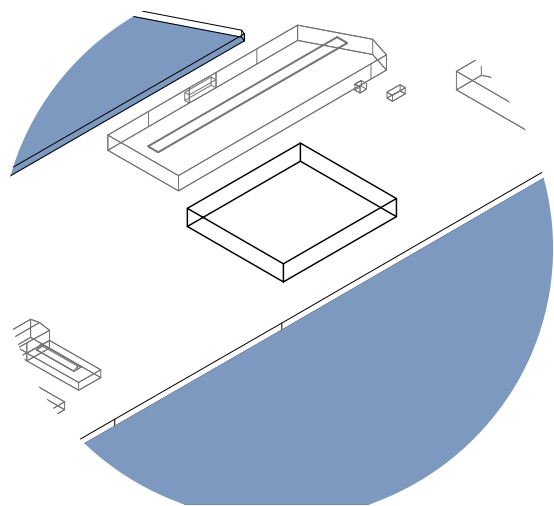
Makers District



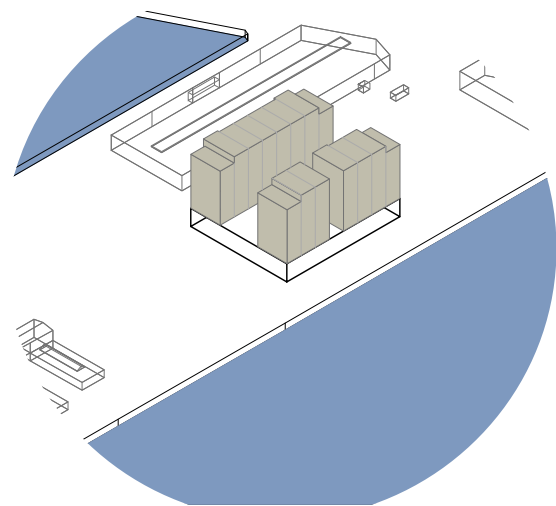




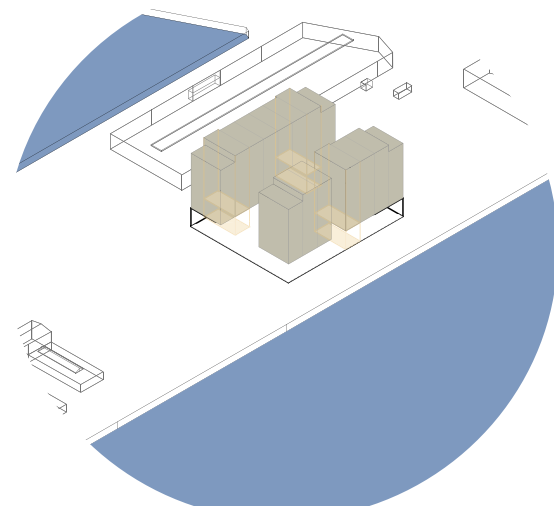
Urban Configuration



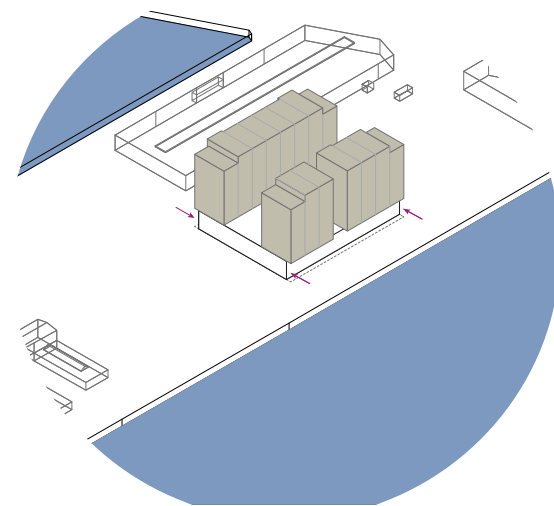
Building area Merwehaven master plan
Plinth same height as surrounding buildings



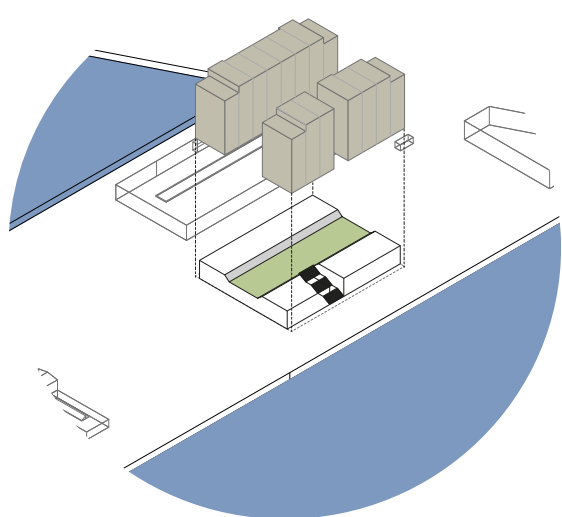
Top-up dwelling



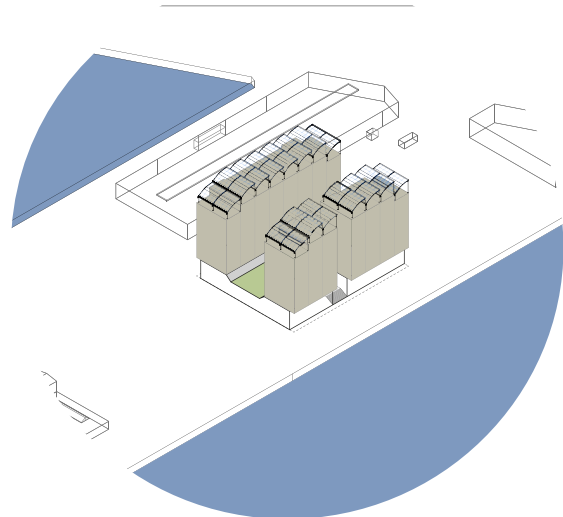
Enclosure via portico with social lobby



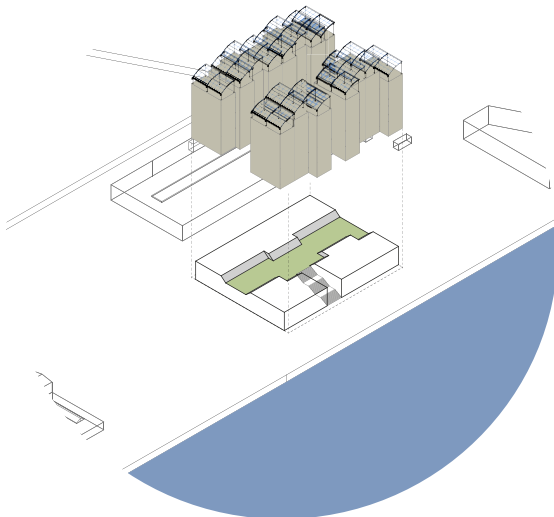
Set-back plinth



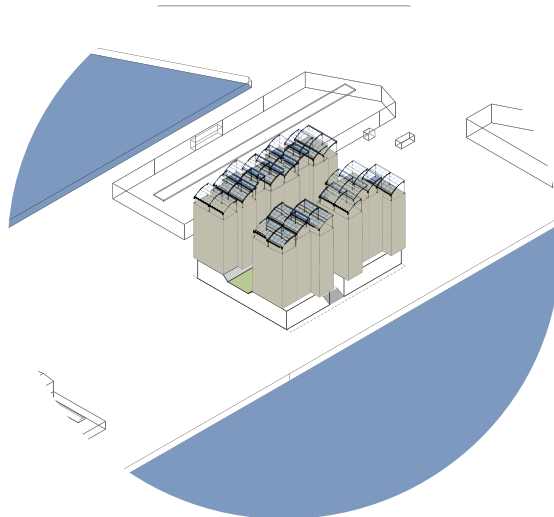
Innergarden



Covered outdoor spaces on roof terraces

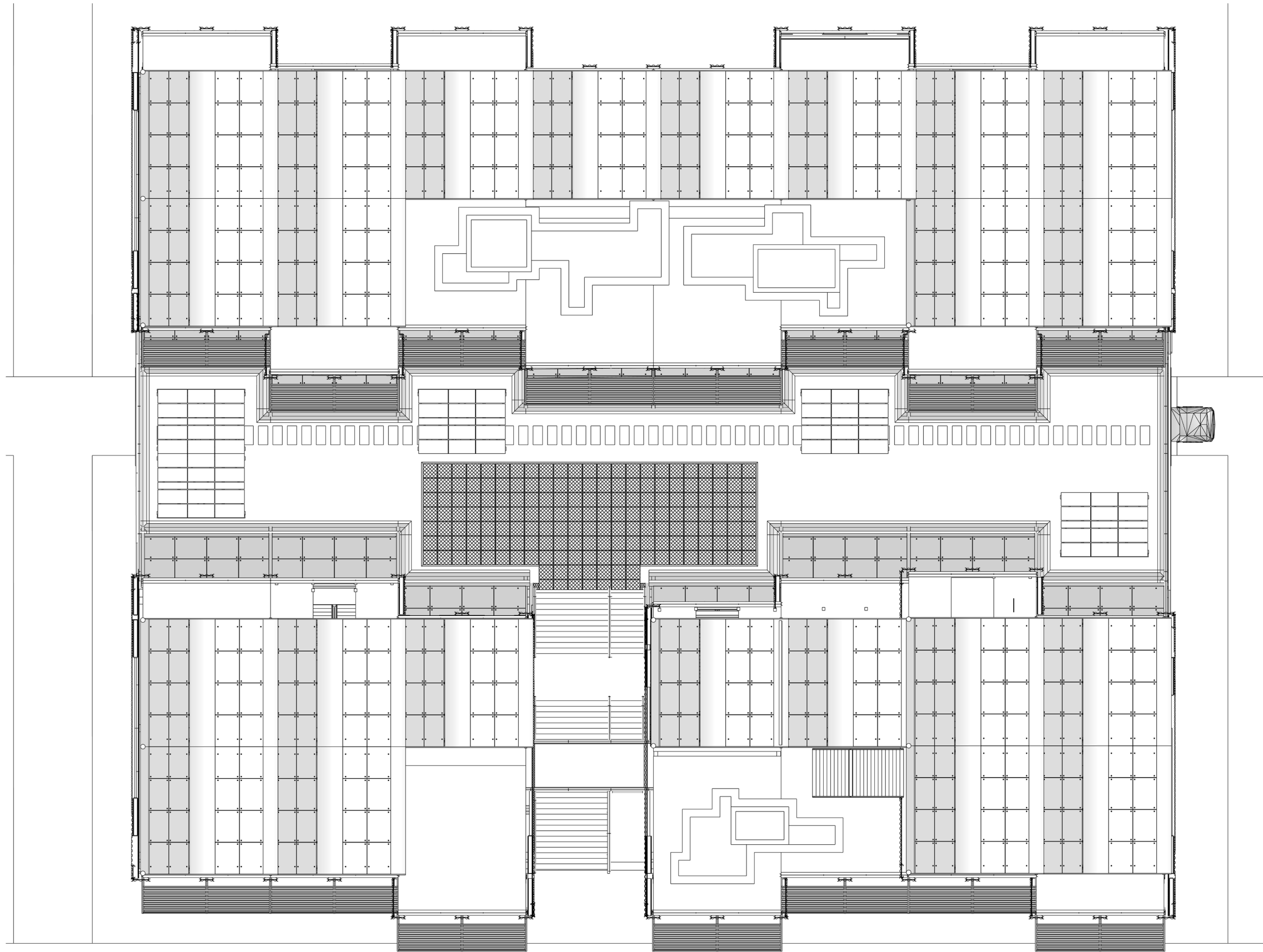


Distord

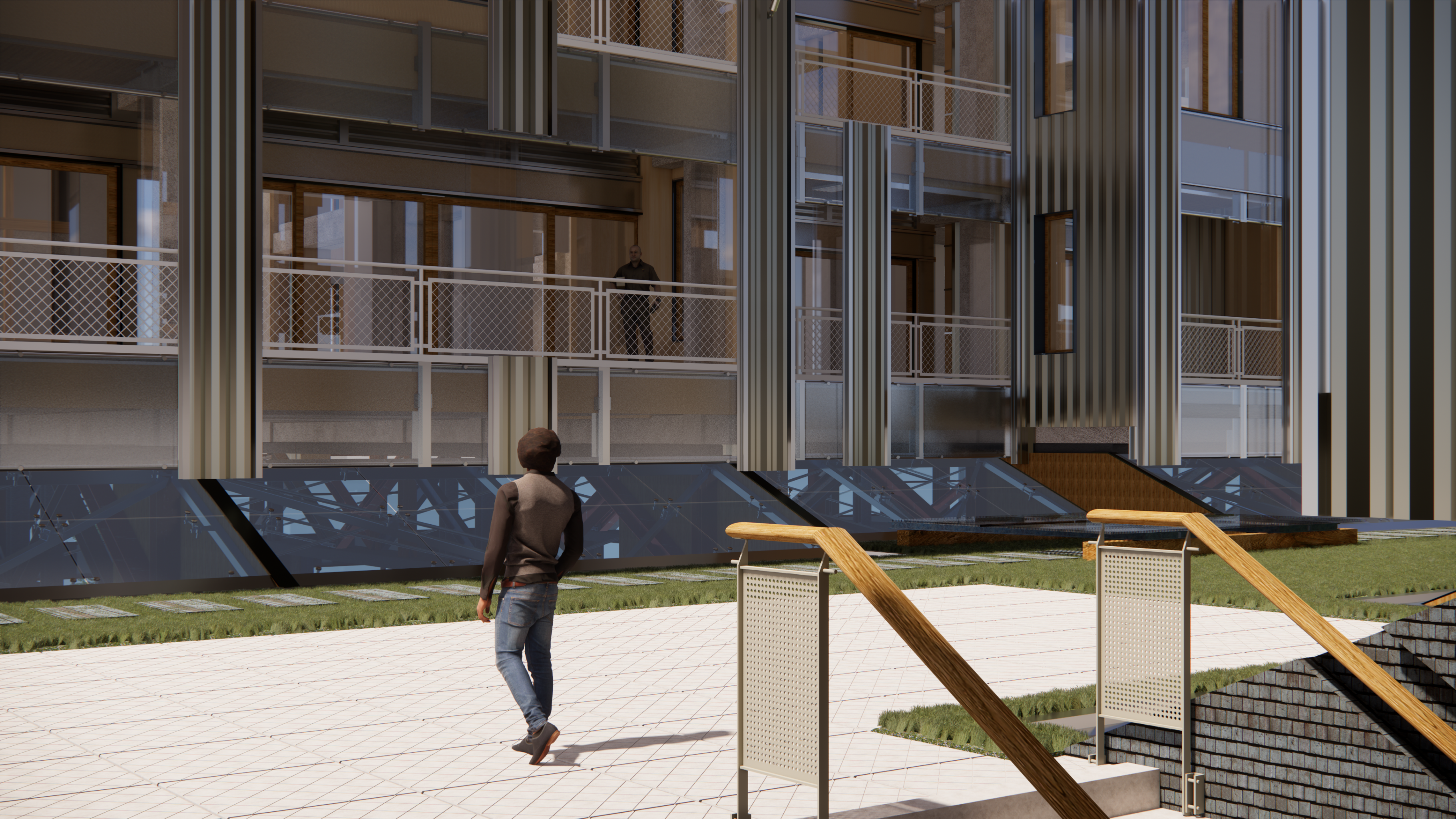


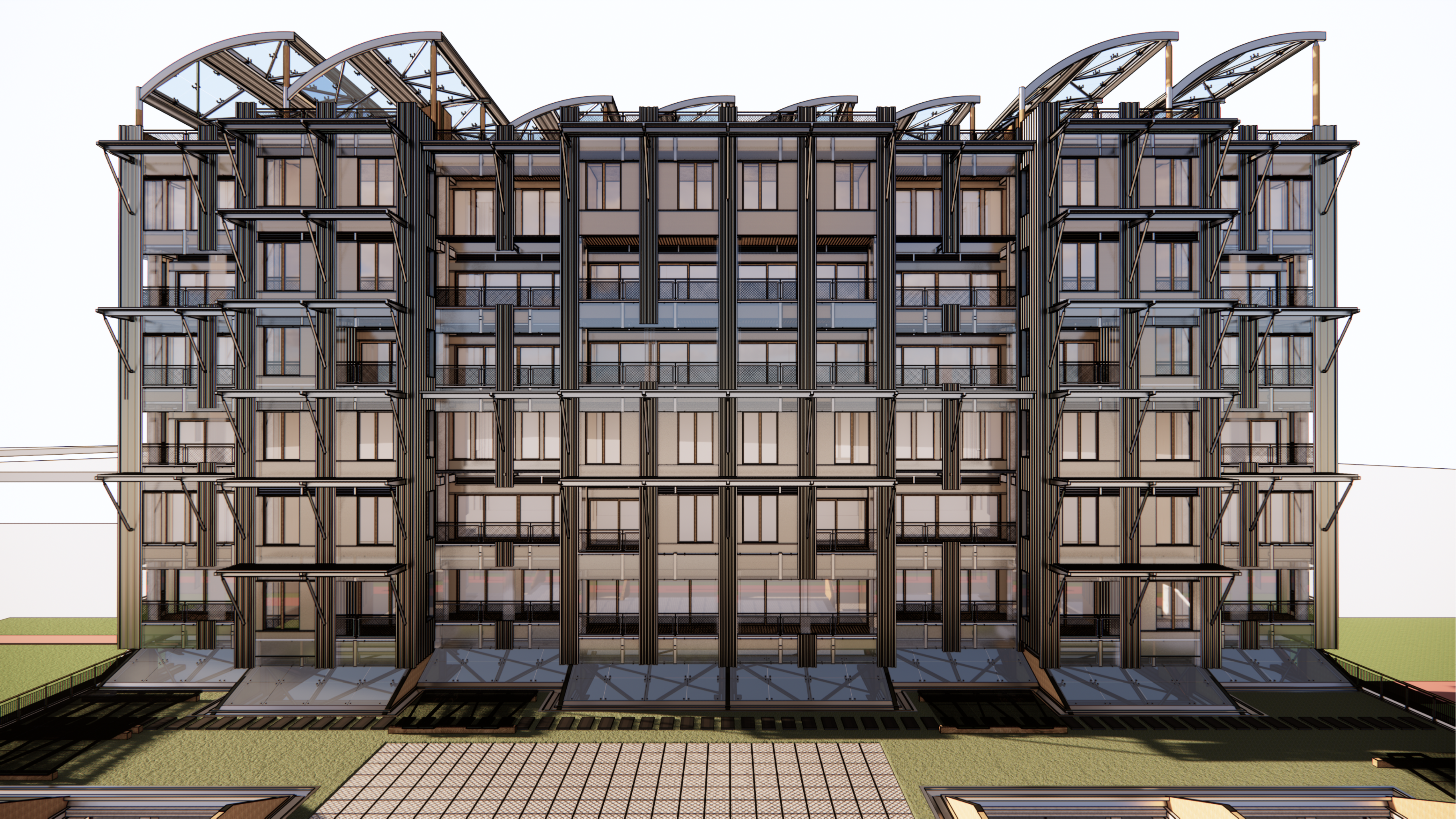
Urban configuration













45% reused

40% biobased

15% most sustainable supplier



M+M4H

A FUTURE-PROOF CIRCULAR LIVE-WORK BUILDING



QUESTIONS?