### RE HOUSING

#### **INTERVAM**

@ Camera Obscuradreef in Overvecht Zuid, Utrecht



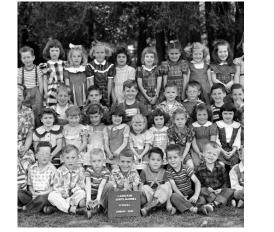
VAM is one of many building systems with non-traditional-building-methods that were invented and built on a large scale in the postwar mass housing reconstruction in Utrecht. The graduation project deals with re-housing of Intervam flats at Camera Obscuradreef, Overvecht Zuid. Based on research and analysis, the existing housing needs something extra with privacy regulation to its future upgrade. The project focus on constructing the physical environment with all sorts of signals to clearly identify the existence of territories at various scales (borders, entrance and areas), to bridge the missing link between the urban public and private dwelling and to support the group of residents to regulate their interaction with others.

HISTORI-CAL BACK-GROUND (-1965)

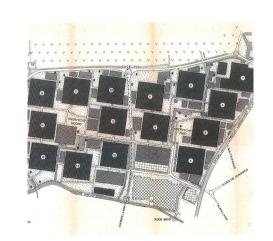


























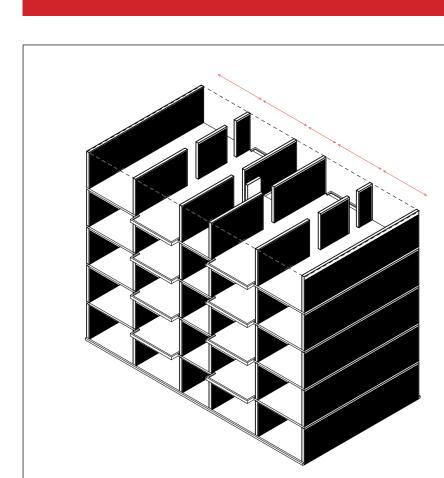




#### SITE

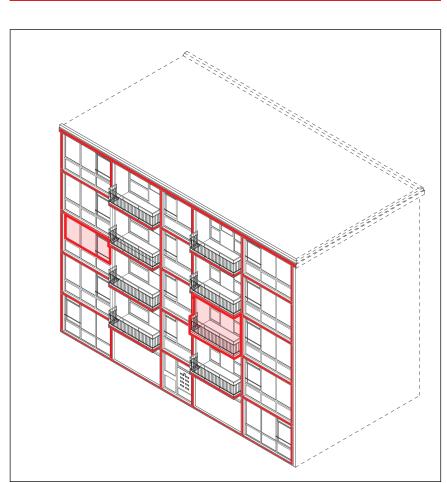
CULTURAL VALUE

#### STRUCTURE



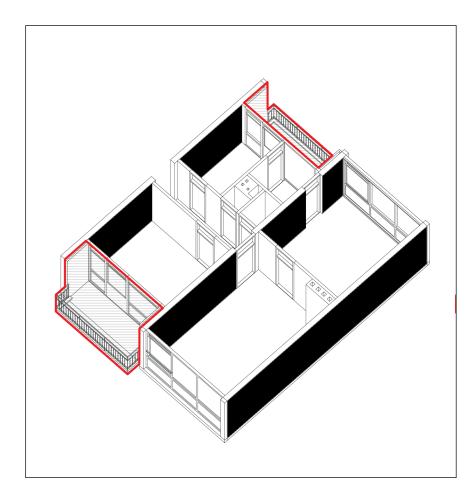
VAM structure, as the most significant characteristic of non-conventional-building method system, embodies the use value and historical value of post-war rational reconstruction

#### SKIN

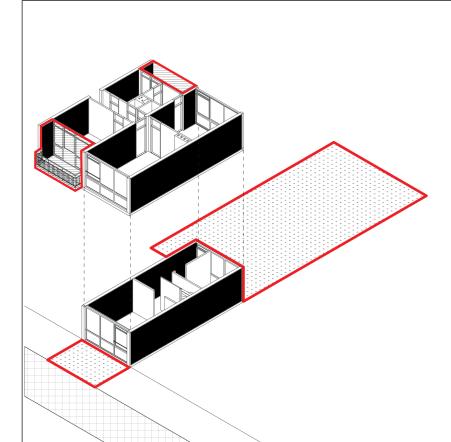


The form of grid is one of the main characters of the post-war non-conventional VAM system. The large window and balcony are the design product representing the historical value of Light, Air and Space.

#### SPACE & STUFF

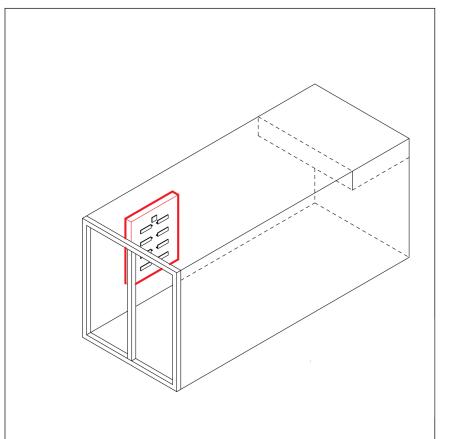


Two balconies in one household were a luxury at that



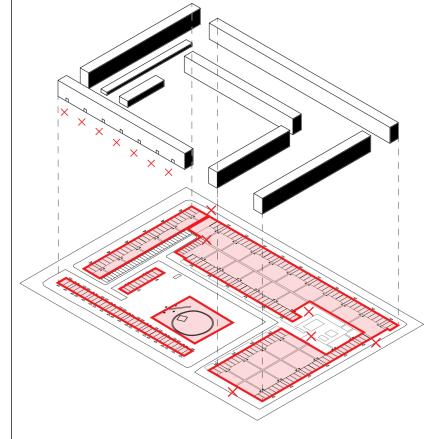
In terms of space, rooms with large window, balcony and garden exemplify the historical value of Light, Air and

Space.



The original entrance was with the characters of openness and transparency, indicating the quality of Light, Air and Space.

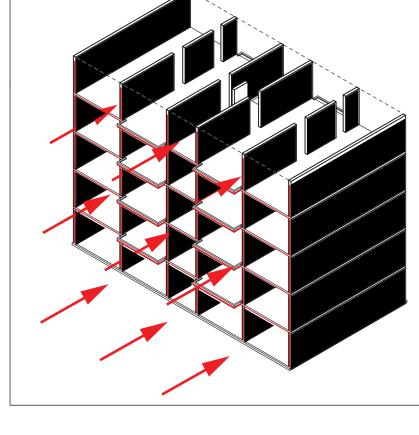
# CURRENT SITUATION



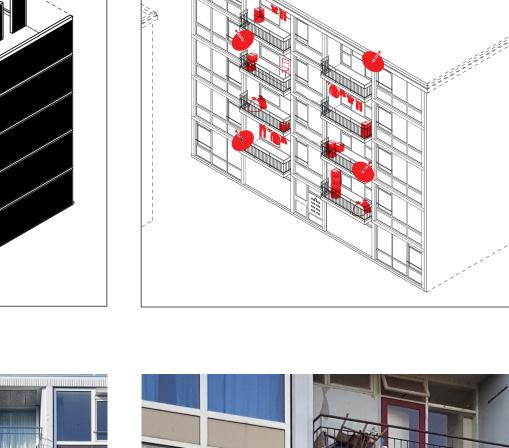
With its spacious and open character, the green structure

in Camera Obscuradreef was the physical representative

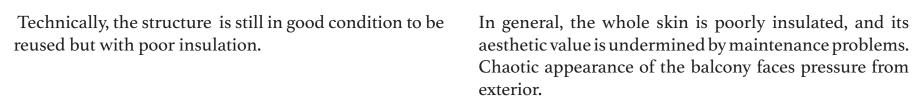
of the historical value of "Light, Air and Space"



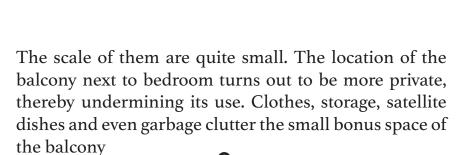
reused but with poor insulation.

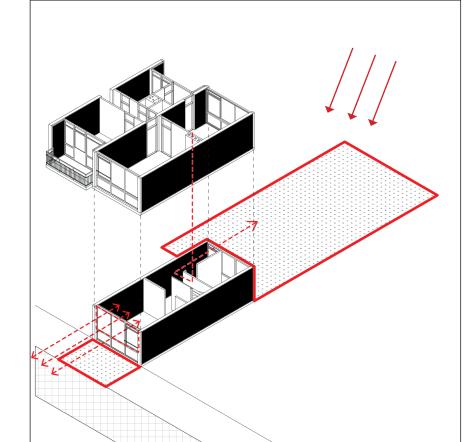






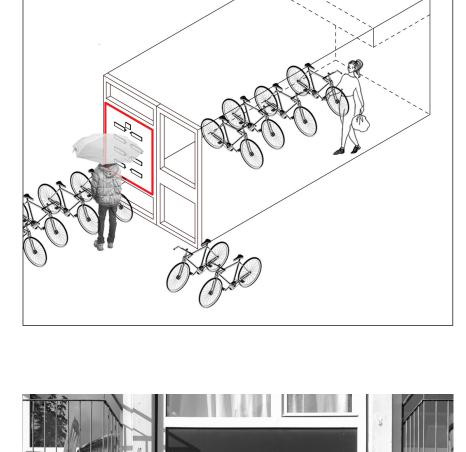






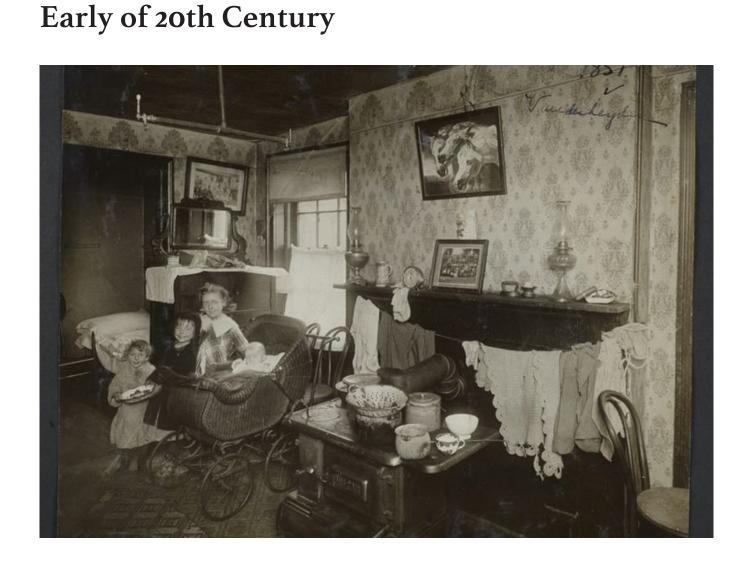


The bedroom with large windows on the ground floor is facing the public street and causes privacy problem. Inconvenient accessibility and overlooking are big downsides of the garden.





The harsh border causes inconvenient use in rainy days. Moreover, some residents park their bicycles inside and narrow the space for safety reasons.



The spatial structure and inconvenient route of the green

space breed the segregation, the lack of use and the lack



Nieuwe Bouwen movement|Light Air Space





**Current Situation** 



#### QUALITY OF LIVING

**NEW DEMANDS** 

#### PRIVACY REGULATION

GENEROUS PRIVATE OUTDOOR SPACE

MORE SPACE/ BONUS SPACE

GENEROUS STORAGE

COMFORT (light/ air/ thermal/ acoustic...)

(health/view/social link...)

MAINTENANCE

(Easy to maintain/less maintenance/durable material)

ECONOMY

(Low energy and maintenance cost in a long run) SOCIAL INTERACTION&COHESION

SOMTHING EXTRA

GAP

## RE HOUSING

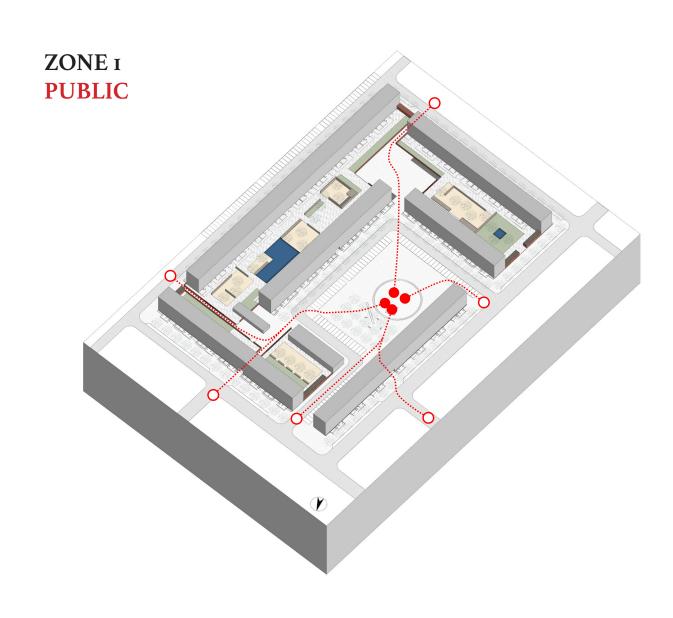
**INTERVAM** 

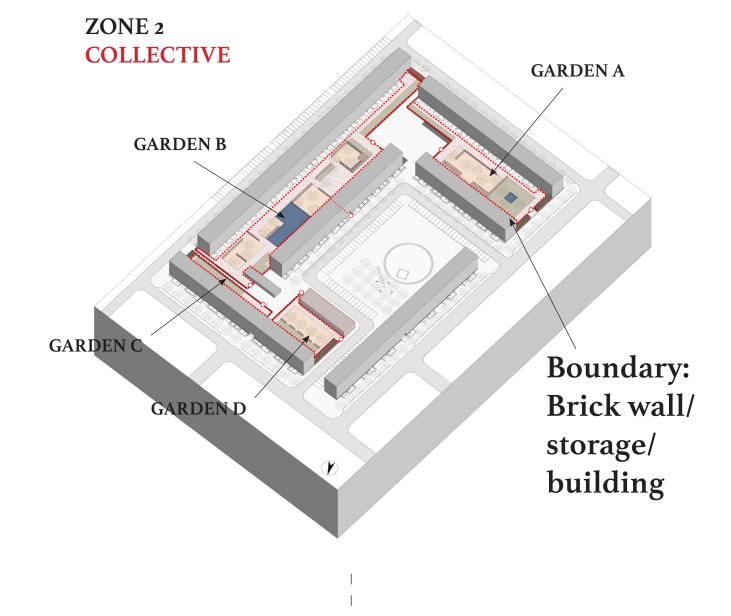
@ Camera Obscuradreef in Overvecht Zuid, Utrecht

#### QUALITY OF LIVING=

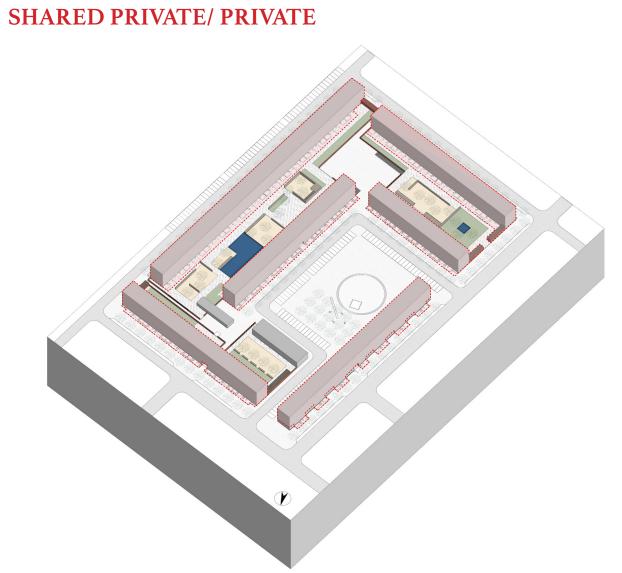
# SOMETHING EXTRA ∞ PRIVACY REGULATION

#### SITE ZONING





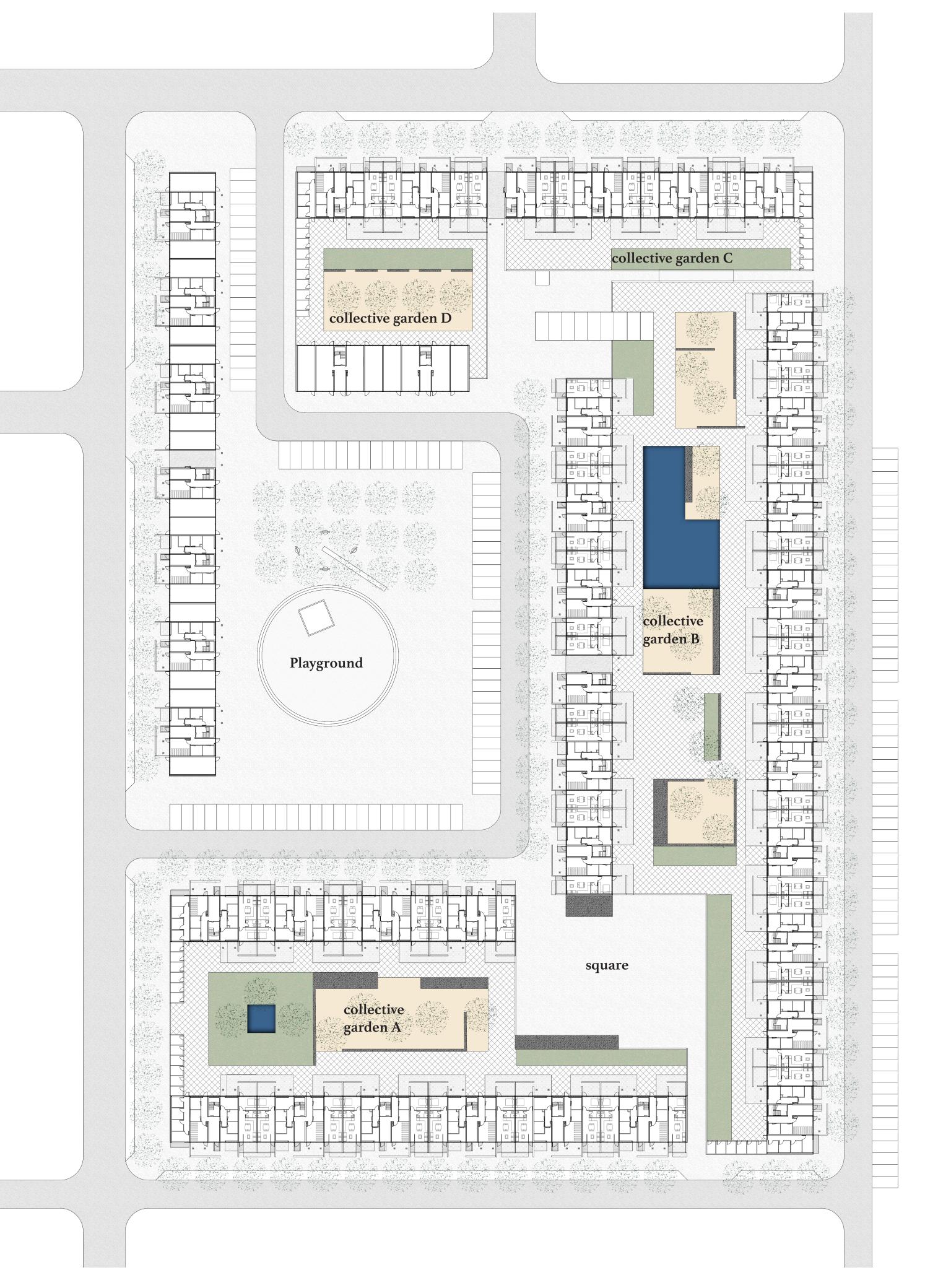
ZONE 3





COLLECTIVE GARDEN B

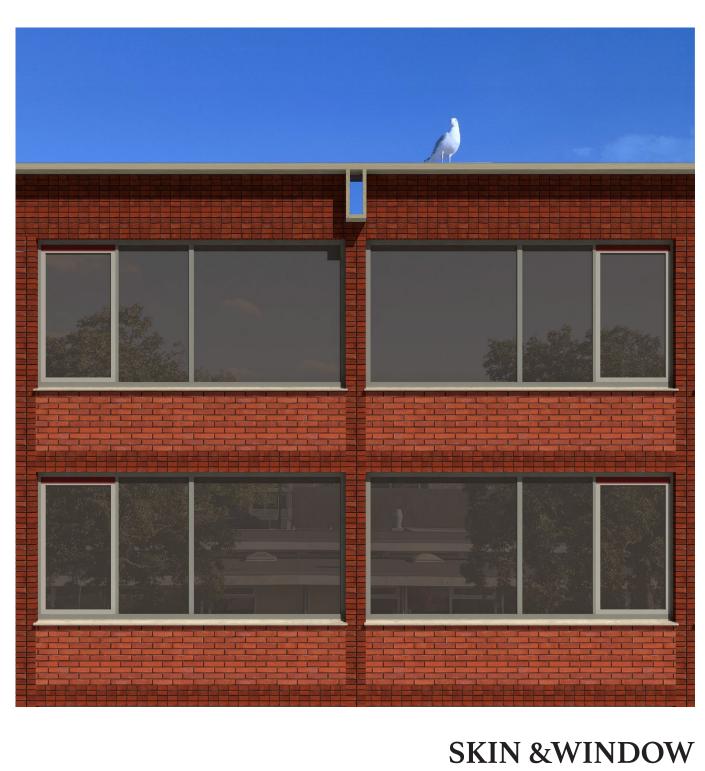
Boundary: Concrete wall (lower than 1.5m)

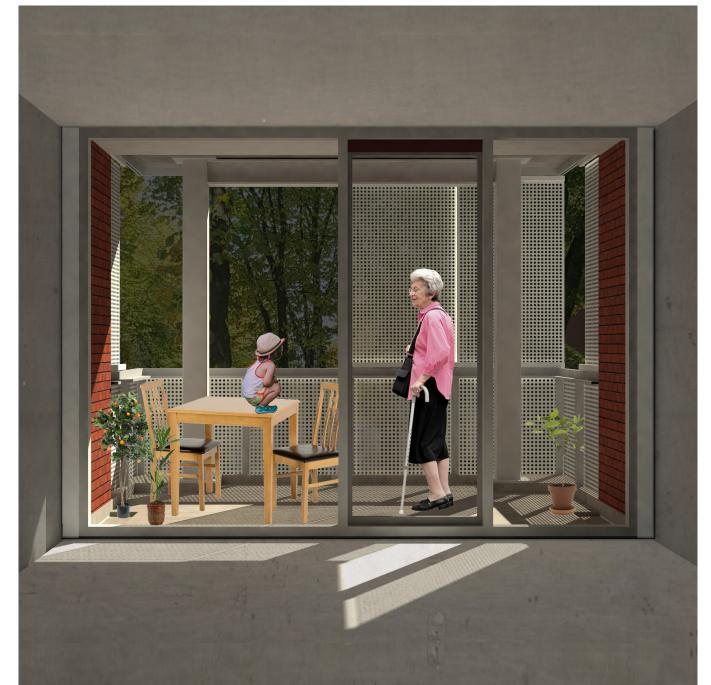


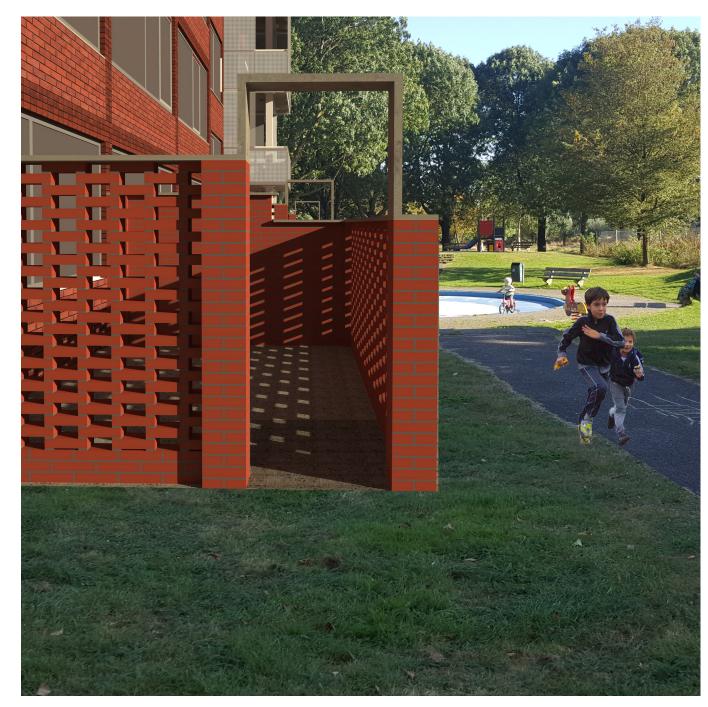
GROUND FLOOR PLAN 1:500

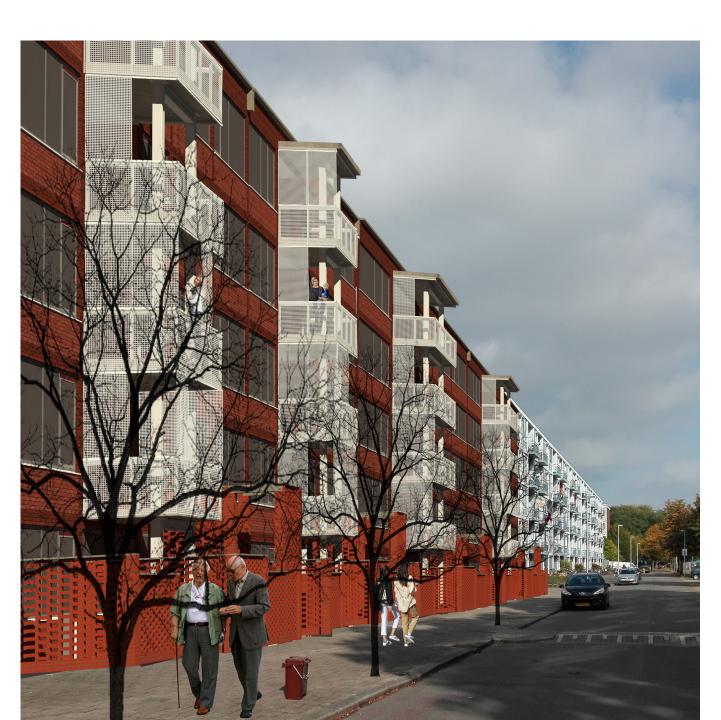
#### FACADE ZONE (SKIN & SPACE)

INBETWEEN ZONE 3 and ZONE 1,2







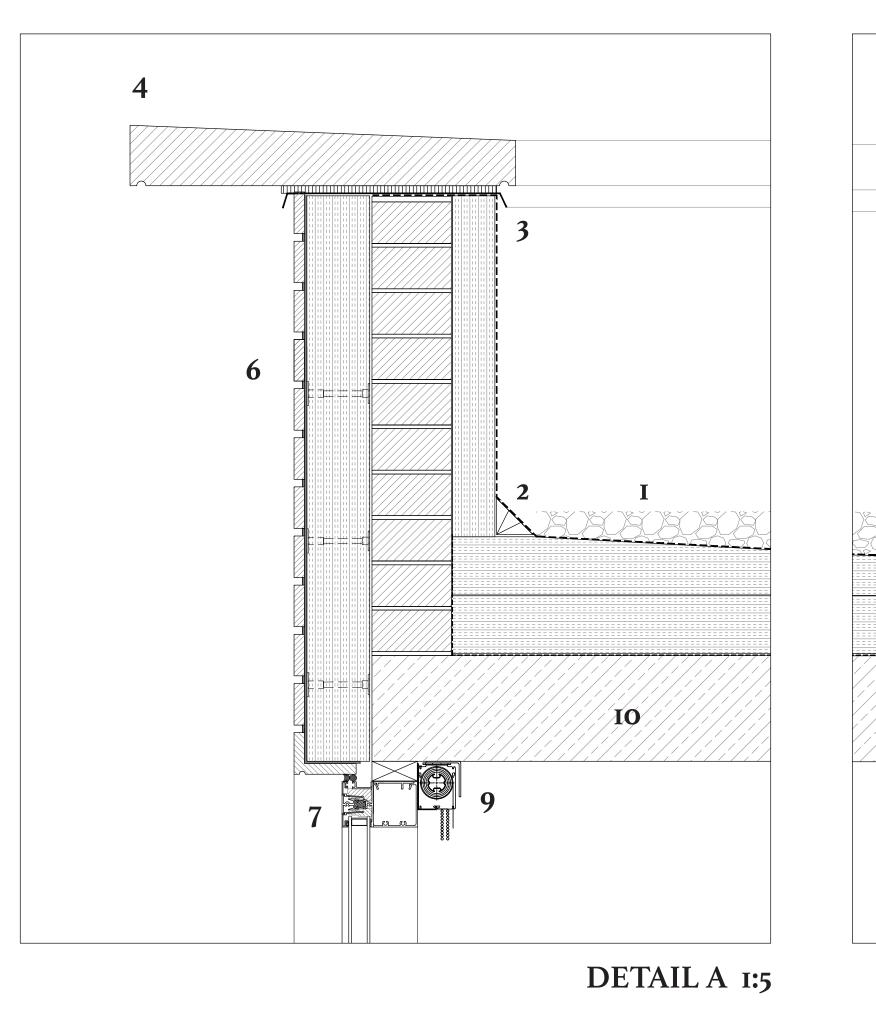


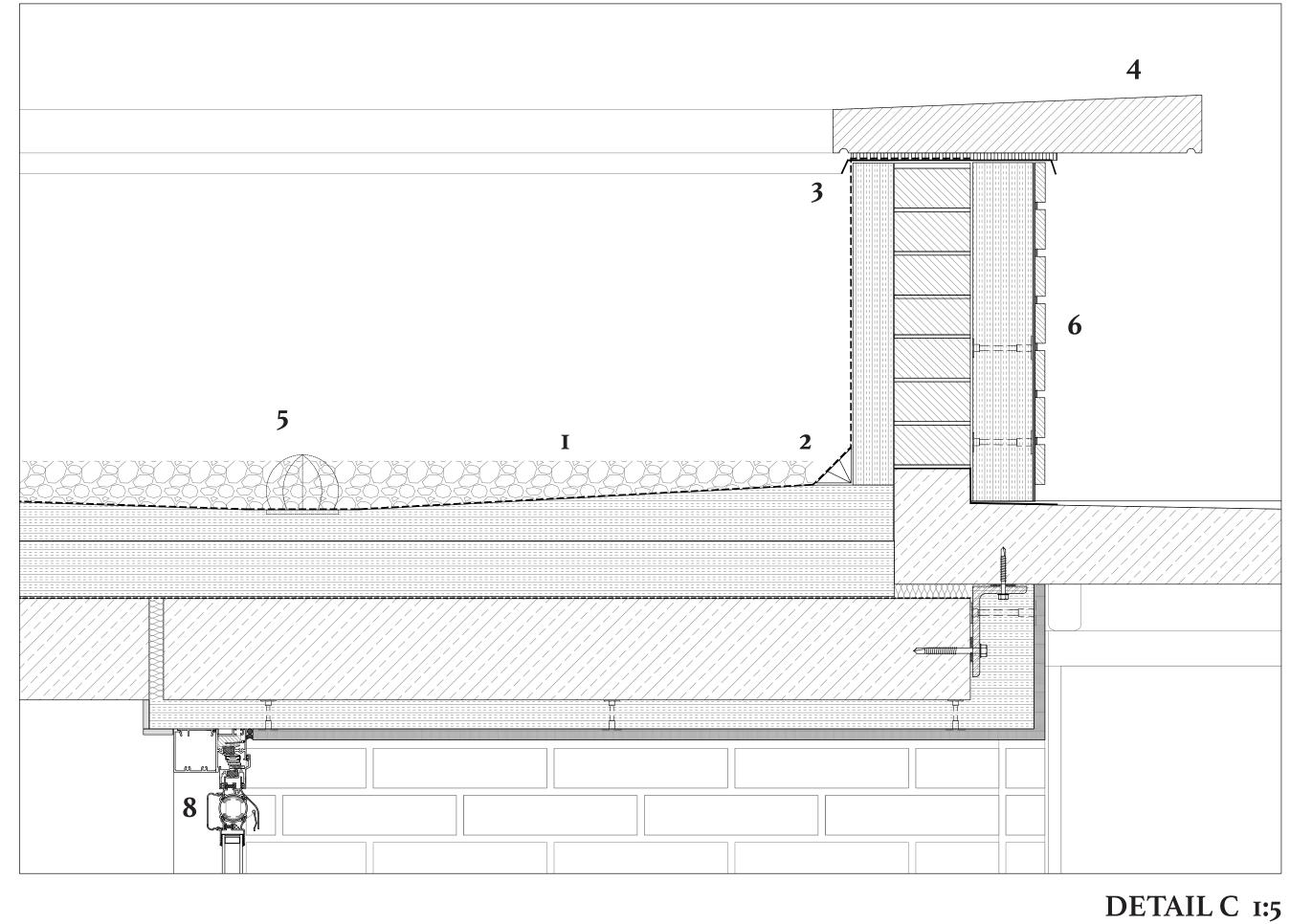
SKIN &WINDOW BALCONY ENTRANCE











**ROOF** U=0.234 I. bed of gravel on filter mat bitumen coating

mineral wool 80 mm x 2 vapor barrier sd=100 mm, 0.5mm existing concrete slab 140mm 2. cant strip

3. aluminum flashing 4. aerated concrete coping 5. drainage pipe

6. thermo steen with polyurethane insulating foam 100mm aerated concrete parapet polyurethane insulating foam 60mm

#### **WINDOW**

7. double glazing with aluminium 8. openable window/door with natural air intake grill, painted red 9. curtain 10.light concrete sill(exterior) II. wooden sill (interior) with mental support

#### WALL

12. thermo steen with polyurethane insulating foam 100mm aerated concrete parapet h=720mm cement plaster finish 10 mm

**FLOOR** 

13. floating screed construction: cement screed 35mm impact sound insulation 10mm damp proof membrane existing concrete slab 140mm

#### **BALCONY**

14. existing concrete slab 140mm 15. new floor FRC 80mm 16. drainage 17. thermo steen panel 100mm 18. existing load bearing wall

steel structure: square steel column 200x200mm d=16mm I beam 200x200 mm d=9mm fin connection with bolts

balcony skin system: aluminium baluster, rail, sliding track perforated aluminium screen

#### **FOOT**

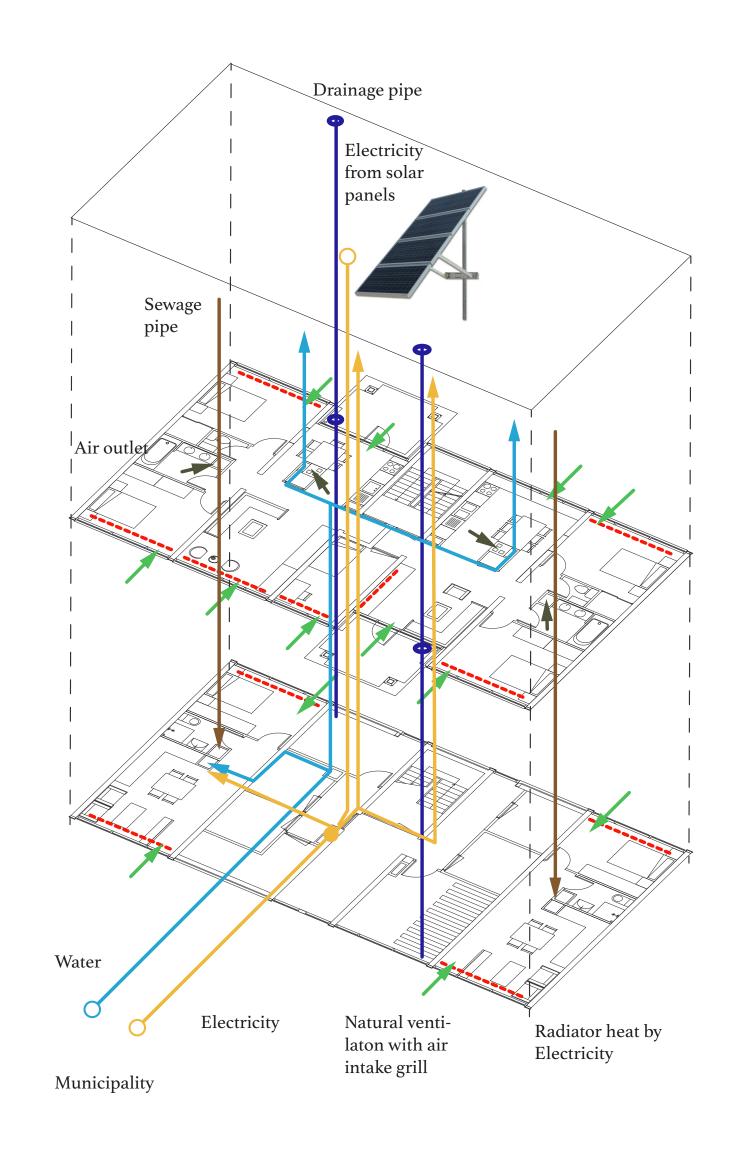
24. gravel

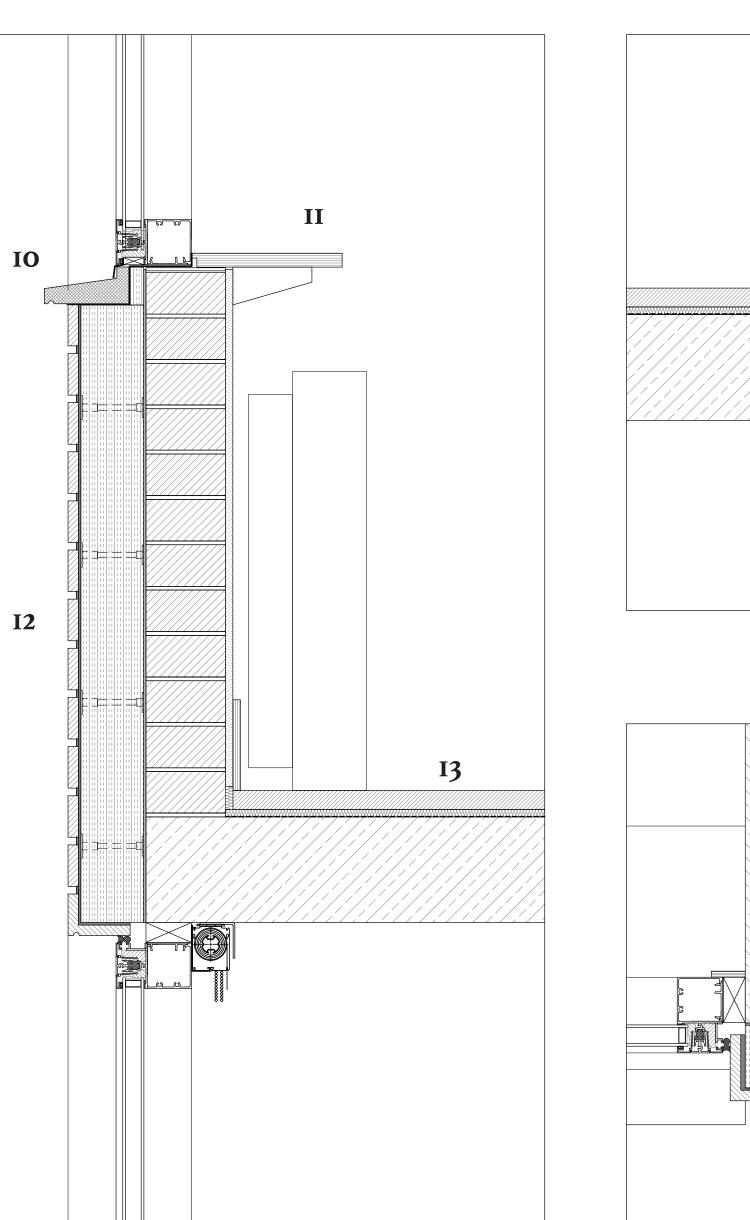
(see section 2-2)

(see section 2-2,3-3)

19. cement screed 20. concrete slab foundation cast on site 150 mm 21. prefab concrete beam 22. polyurethane insulating foam 80 mm 23. door dorpel with drainage channels

#### SERVICE INSTALLATION SCHEME





DETAIL B 1:5

