





Project book

2022/2023 07-07-2023

COMPLEX PROJECTS
Bodies & Building Berlin
AR3CP100

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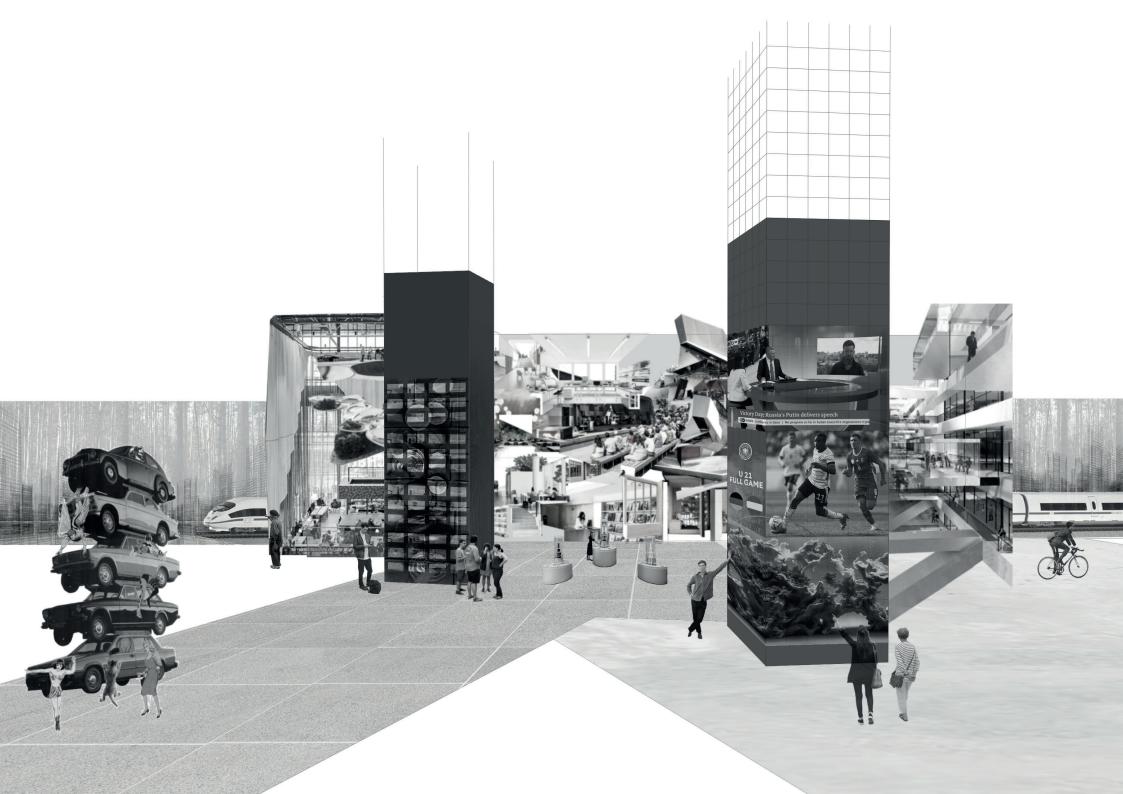
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INTRODUCTION

Train stations are becoming an increasingly important part of urban life. They are the connection between different transport hubs, a social interaction platform, and part of a culture or daily routine. However, many train stations are designed to meet only the first demand, "transporting people and making the city accessible". Many stations in Berlin are designed with these thoughts and are therefore unattractive to many passengers travelling to and from the city, leaving other modes of transportation dominant.

The design for a new train station in Berlin will primarily respond to creating a unique traveller experience to enhance the user experience. Digital media and automation technologies play an essential role in this, allowing the station user to configure their own experience at the station according to their needs. The station within which these technologies can serve the user will also have to change its character.

Adding features related to service and experience should ensure that a new platform is created that encourages travellers to use the public transport network. Moreover, adding these themes in a station reduces travel time and enhances the user experience.

The design extends the standard train station by integrating automation technologies that allow travellers to perform daily actions at the station faster. For instance, car and bicycle parking in the station is automated, eliminating parking operations. Moreover, the station will also feature service cores. Integrated into these cores are automated food and package services and digital media that can provide users with necessary travel information, daily news and weather, exhibition display and events.

Besides the addition of automation technologies, the building will also have various functions related to the traveller's daily routine,

facilitating social activities and providing work and study places. Through interactive screens in the station or the telephone, travellers can pre-select the desired functions they will use at the station. The station configures its layout using this data to make the required space available.

Finally, in addition to classifying their travel experience at the station, users can configure their space in terms of spaciousness and climate. By applying these new functions and techniques, the station will no longer be a monotonous building for the user but will be able to react to needs and adapt to current and future use.

00

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01

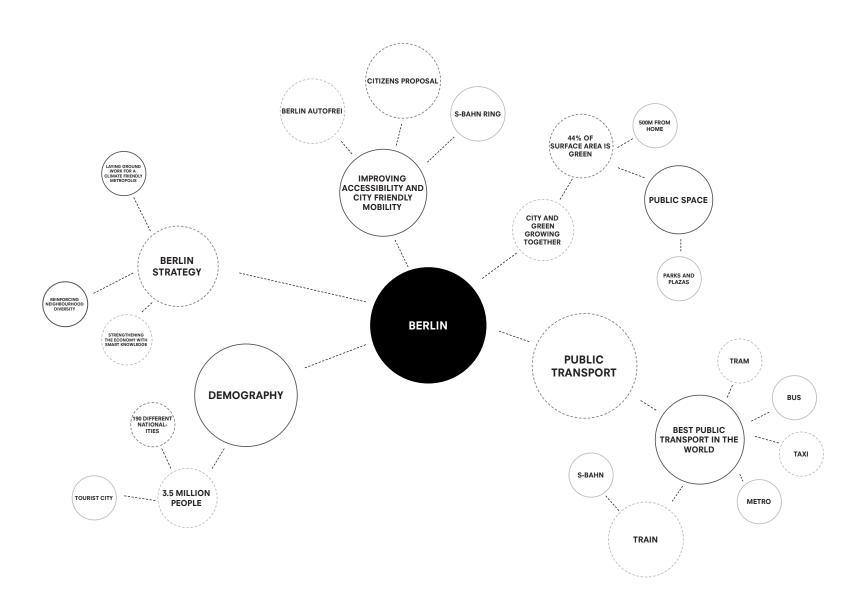
PROBLEM STATEMENT

BERLIN

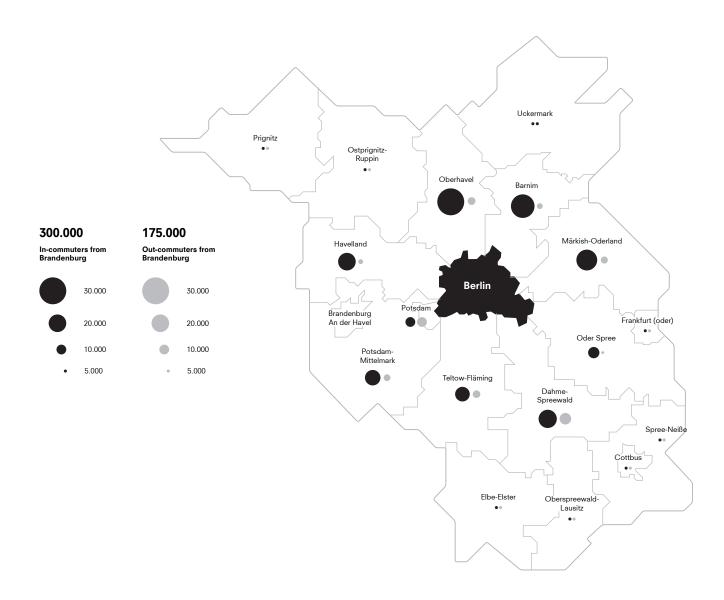


3.5 MILLION PEOPLE

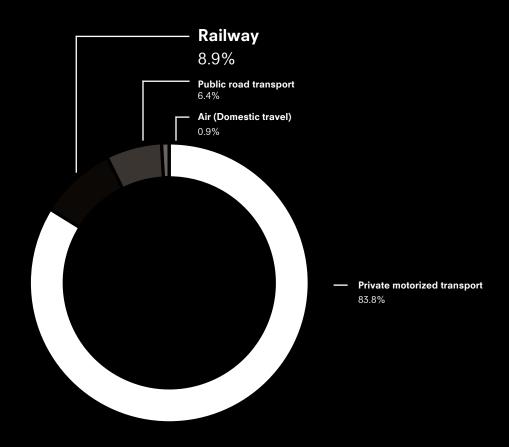
A DEVELOPED EUROPEAN CAPITAL



COMMUTING PATTERNS



COMMUTING DATA



© Courtesy of Senate Department for the Environment, Transport and Climate Protection

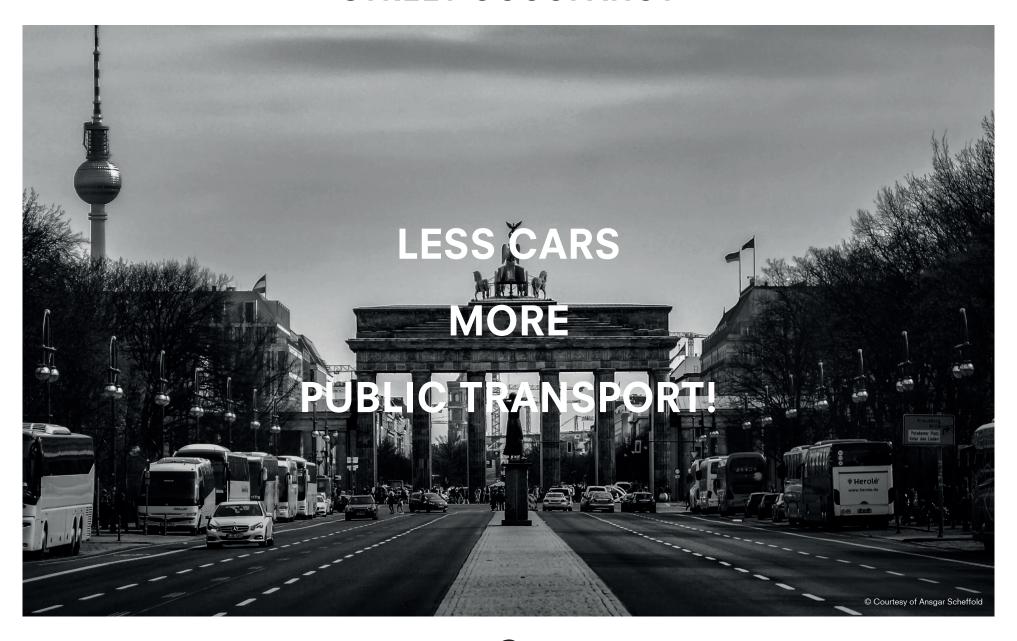
CONGESTION



UNHEALTHY CONDITIONS

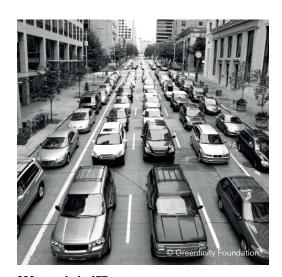


STREET OCCUPANCY





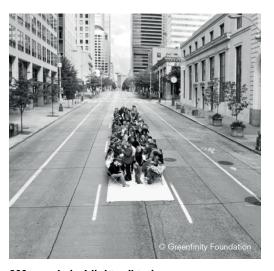
COMPACTING TRANSPORT



200 people in 177 cars



200 people in 3 buses



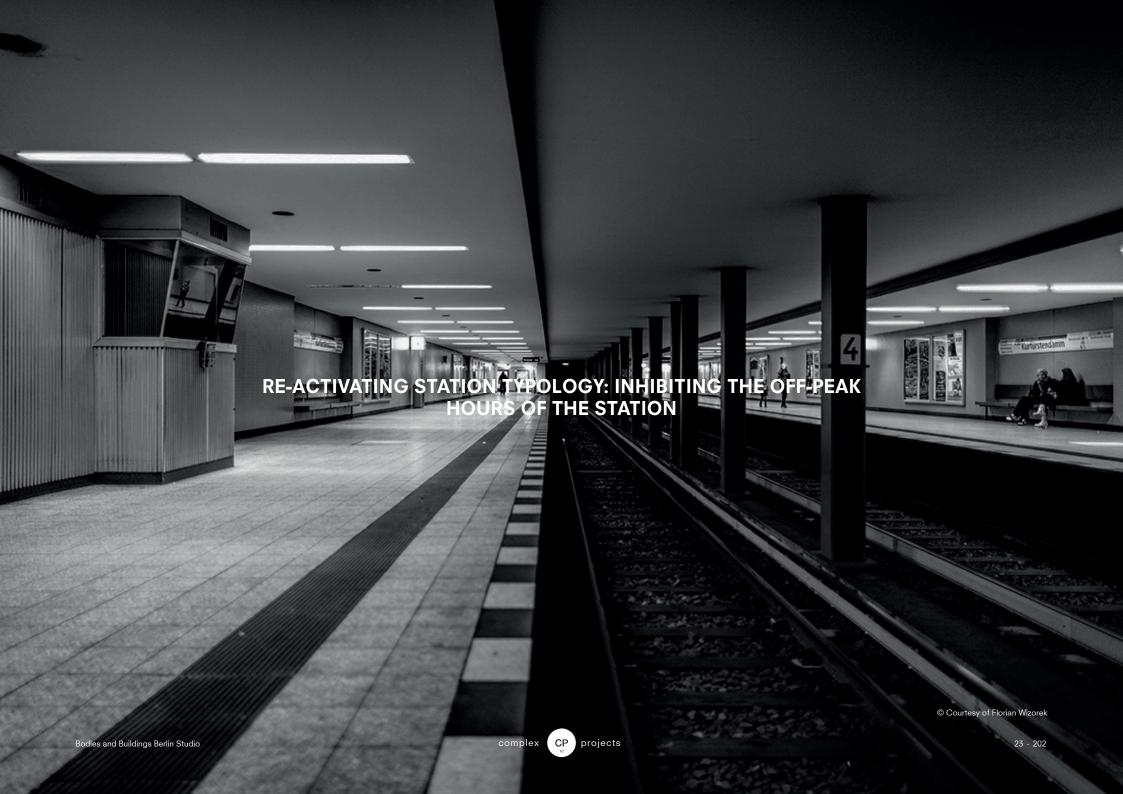
200 people in 1 light rail train

UNATTRACTIVE SYSTEM

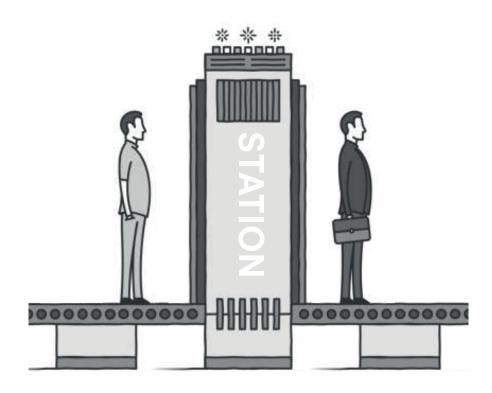








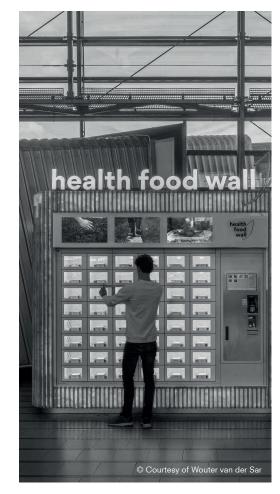
A NEW PARK-AND-RIDE SYSTEM

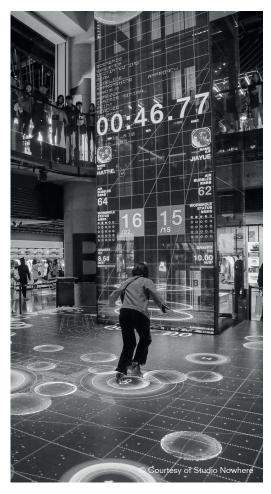


ADDING USER-BENEFICIAL SERVICES IN THE STATION

© Courtesy of IStock

A NEW PARK-AND-RIDE SYSTEM







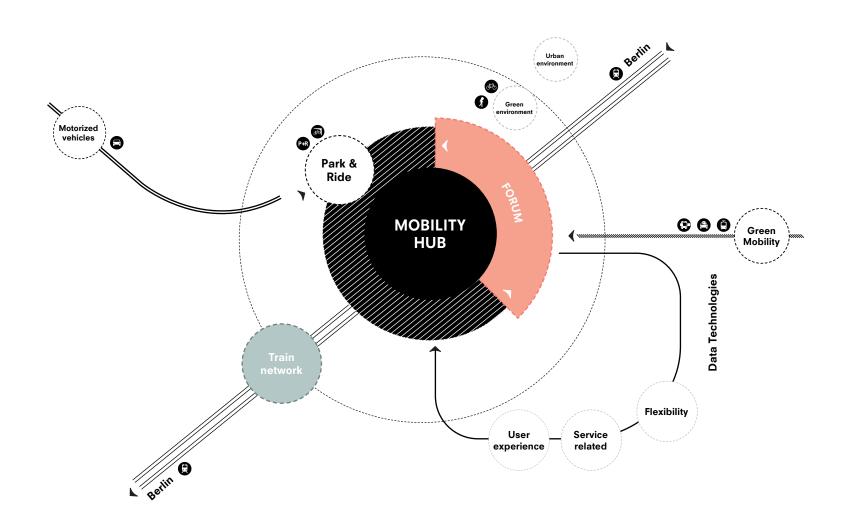
Serving

Experience

Adaptability



DESIGN AMBITION



02

CLIENT



CITIZENS' PROPOSAL



MAIN INITIATOR





Senatsverwaltung für Umwelt, Verkehr und Klimaschutz

Funding transport and infrastructure in Berlin.

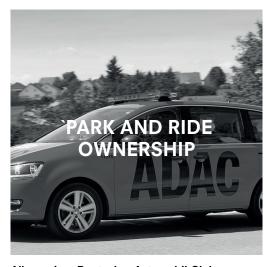
DEUTSCHE BAHN



STAKEHOLDERS



DB Netze



Allgemeiner Deutscher Automobil-Club



Berliner Verkehrsbetriebe

FORUM INITIATOR



STAKEHOLDERS

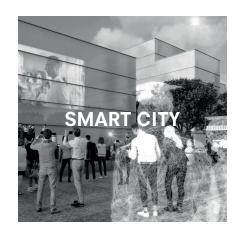








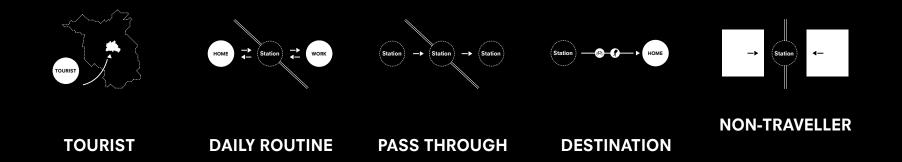




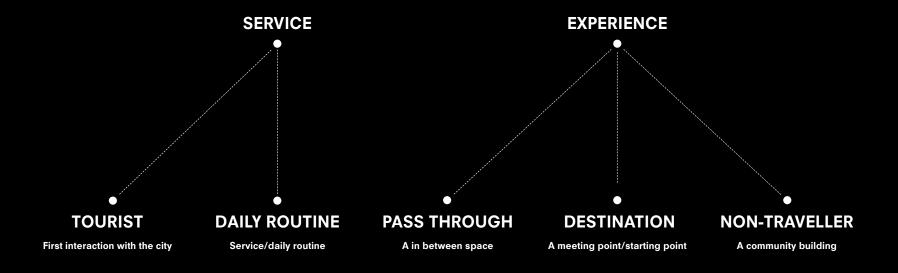
03

PROGRAM

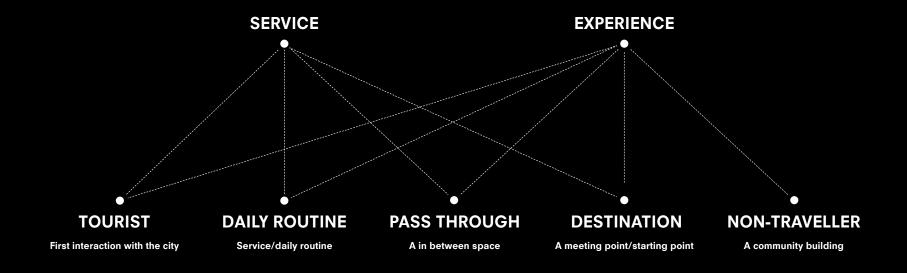
USERS



USER NEEDS



USER NEEDS



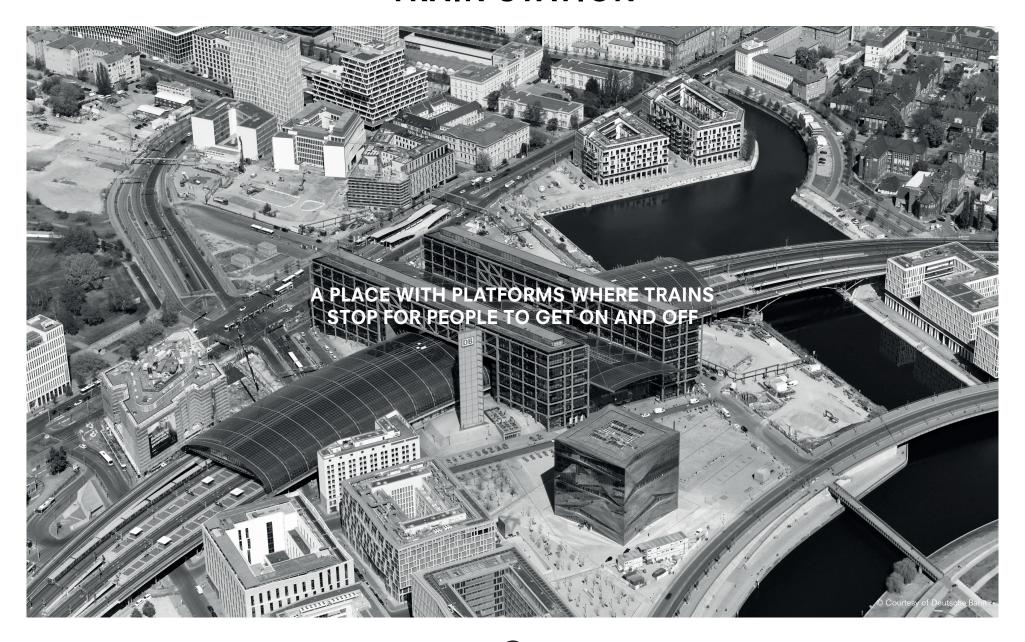
DESIGN GOAL

ENCOURAGING COMMUTERS TO USE GREEN MOBILITY

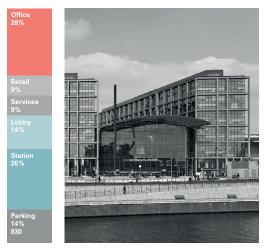


© Courtesy of Martin U Waltz

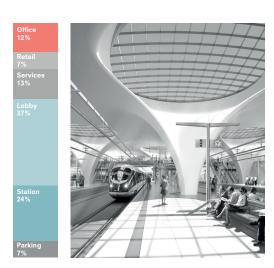
TRAIN STATION



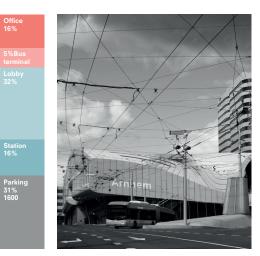
TRAIN STATION TYPOLOGY PROGRAM



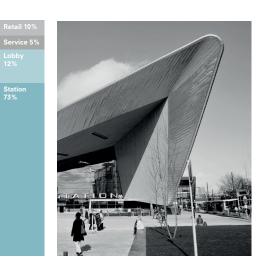
Hauptbahnhof (Berlin) 175.000 m²



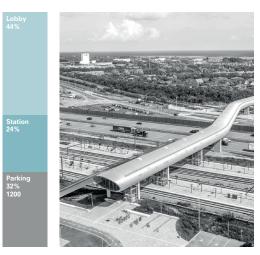
Stuttgart Central Station 121.500 m²



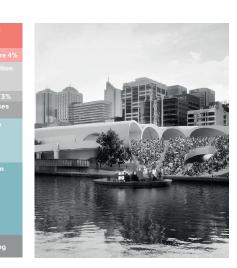
Arnhem Central 140.000 m²



Rotterdam Central Station 73.500 m²

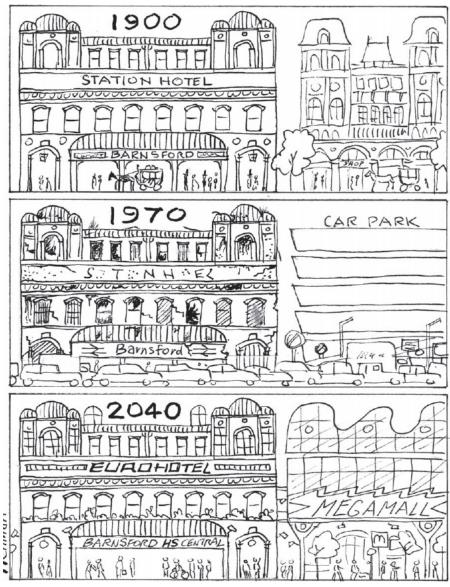


Koge Nord Station 100.000 m²



Flinders Street Station 110.000 m²

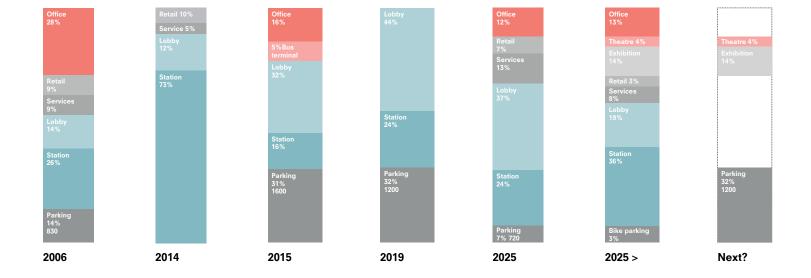
EVOLVING TYPOLOGY



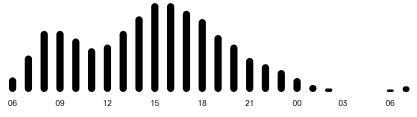
A **train station** is no longer a place where people go on and off the train. It becomes a **city centre**.

© Courtesy of Louis Hellman

PROGRAM CONCLUSIONS



BUILDING USAGE PATTERN



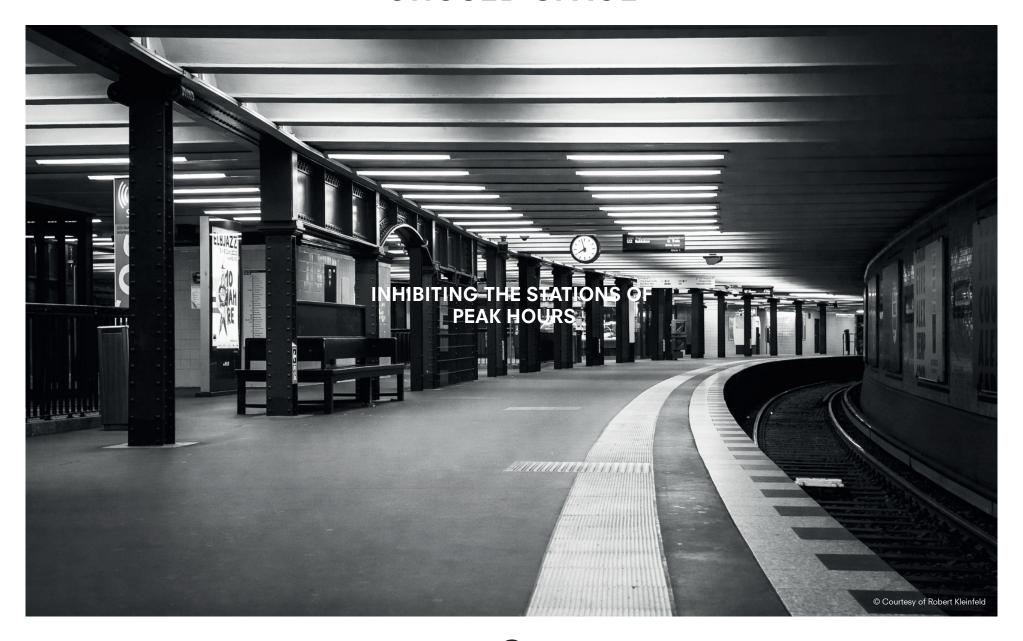


Weekday commuting

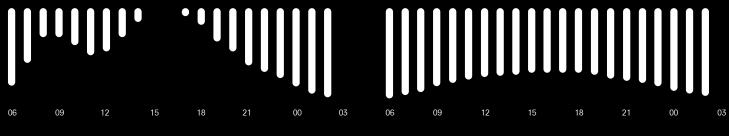
Weekend commuting

Designed to withstand peak moments.

UNUSED SPACE



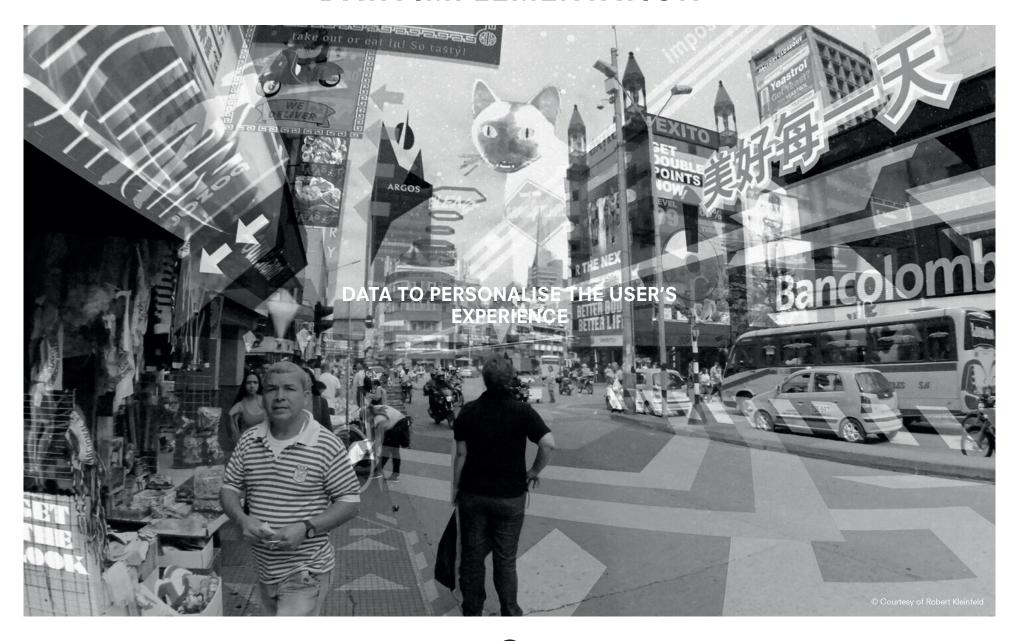
DESIGN GOAL



MAIN DESIGN CHALLENGE

DESIGNING A P+R STATION WHICH ENCOURAGES COMMUTERS TO LEAVE THEIR CAR OUTSIDE THE CITY BY SHORTENING TRANSITION TIME BETWEEN TRANSPORT MODES (CAR TO TRAIN) AND ADDING OTHER BENEFITS (FUNCTIONAL COMMUTER SERVICES) WHEN COMMUTING TOWARDS BERLIN.

DATA IMPLEMENTATION



A PERSONALISED EXPERIENCE







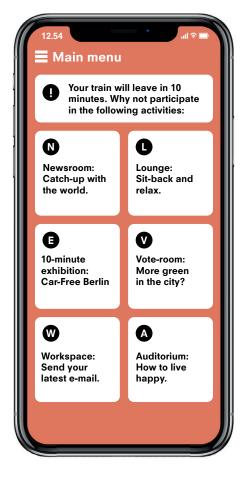
User experience



Building flexibility

PHONE TO COMMUNICATE







Service related User experience Building flexibility

A NEW FORUM



BUILDING ZONES



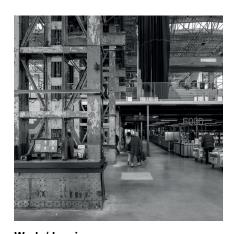
Play / Active



Watch / Present



Service / Routine



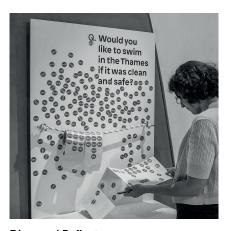
Work / Inspire



Inform / Catch-up



Relax / dream



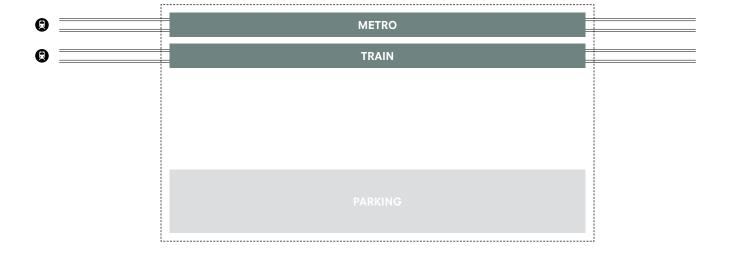
Discuss / Reflect



Mobility / Maintanence

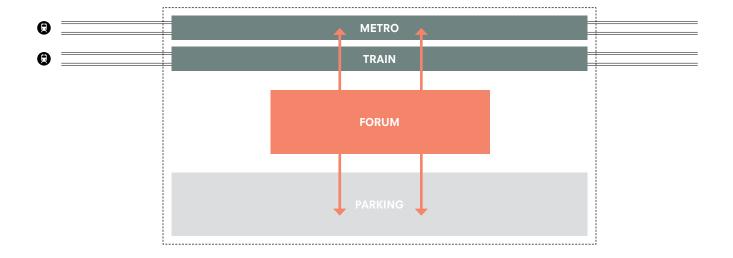


PROGRAM ORGANISATION



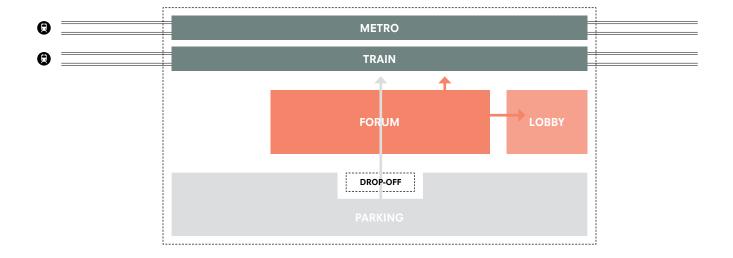
Regular typology = Parking and station.

PROGRAM ORGANISATION



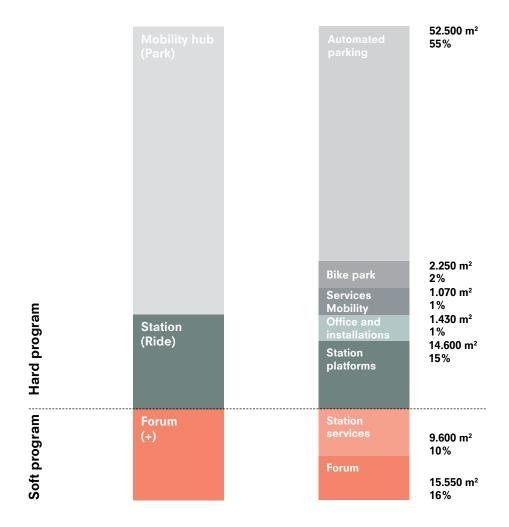
Forum = main connecting element.

PROGRAM ORGANISATION



Car drop-off area = next to the forum.

PROGRAM IN PERCENTAGE



Program total:

96.800 m²

HARD PROGRAM

Station (Ride)

Services Mobility 1.070 m²

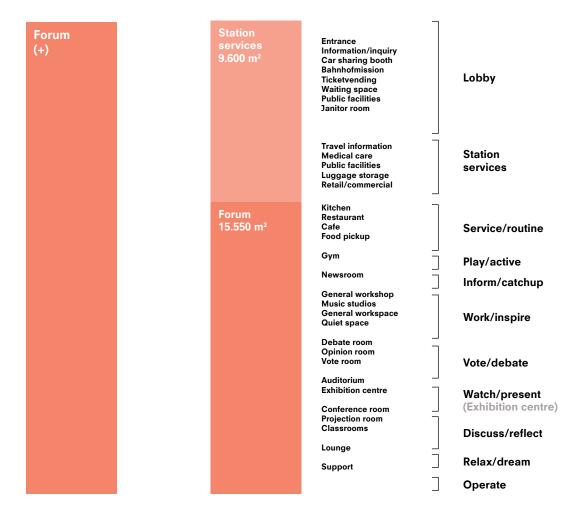
1.7500 parking spots (underground) 4.000 parking spots Car wash Car mechanic Car glass Kiss and ride Parking staff office Railway police IC kurierdienst Office space guard and train drivers **Admin offices** Maintenance Station S-bahn tracks (4) platforms Tracks DB (4) 14.600 m²

Tram platform (outside) Bus platform (outside) Taxi stand (outside) Water taxi (outside)

Program total:

71.850 m²

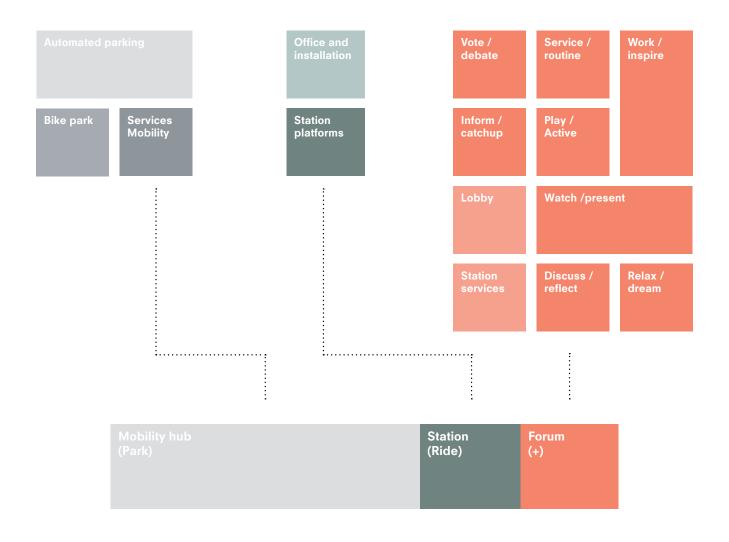
SOFT PROGRAM



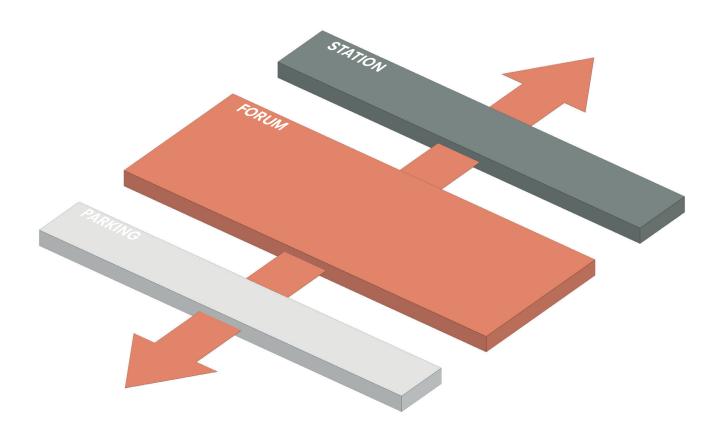
Program total:

25.150 m²

PROGRAMMATIC RELATIONS

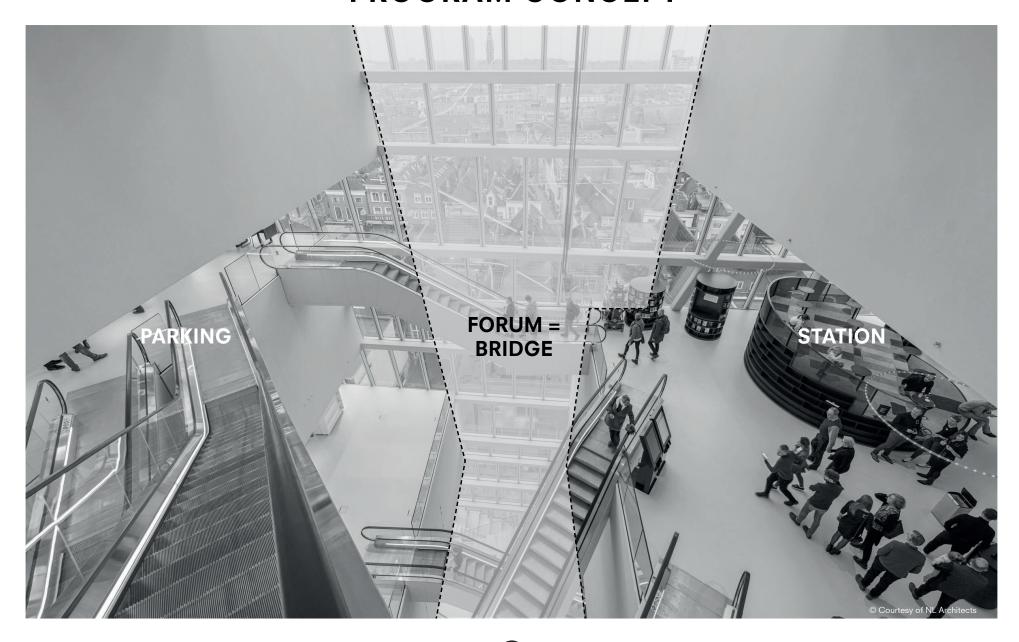


PROGRAM CONCEPT

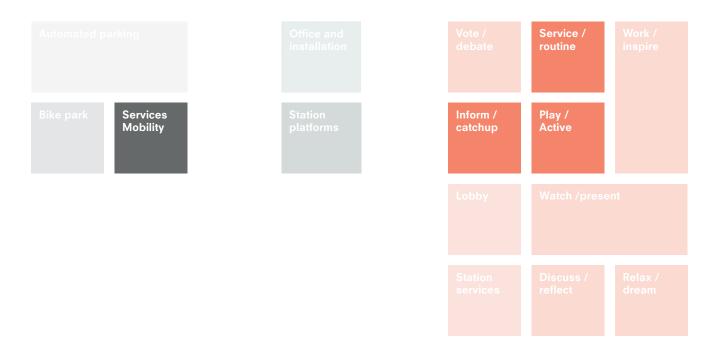


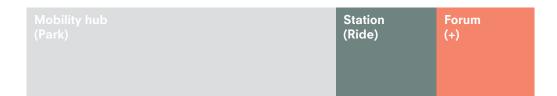
Forum as connecting element.

PROGRAM CONCEPT

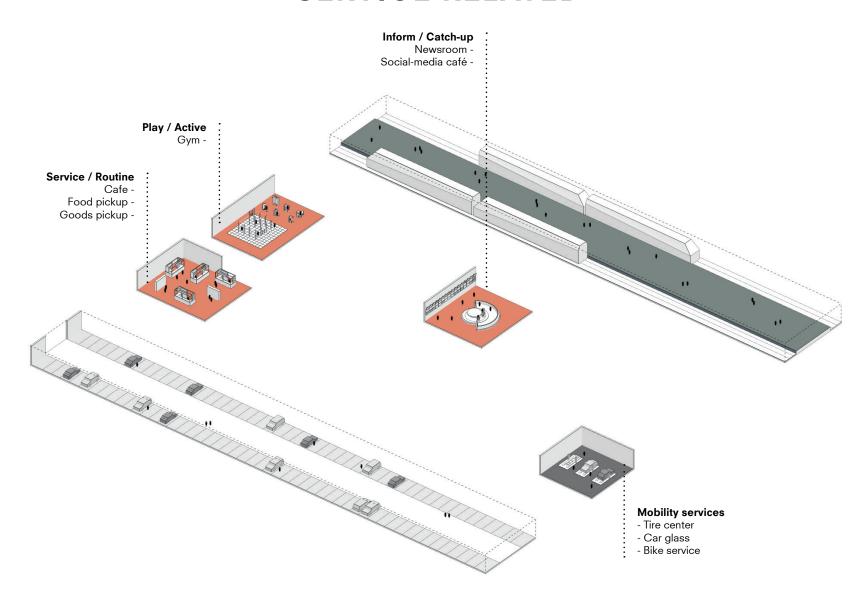


SERVICE RELATED

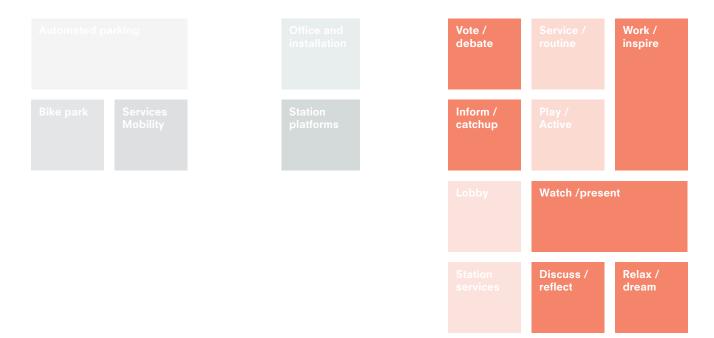




SERVICE RELATED

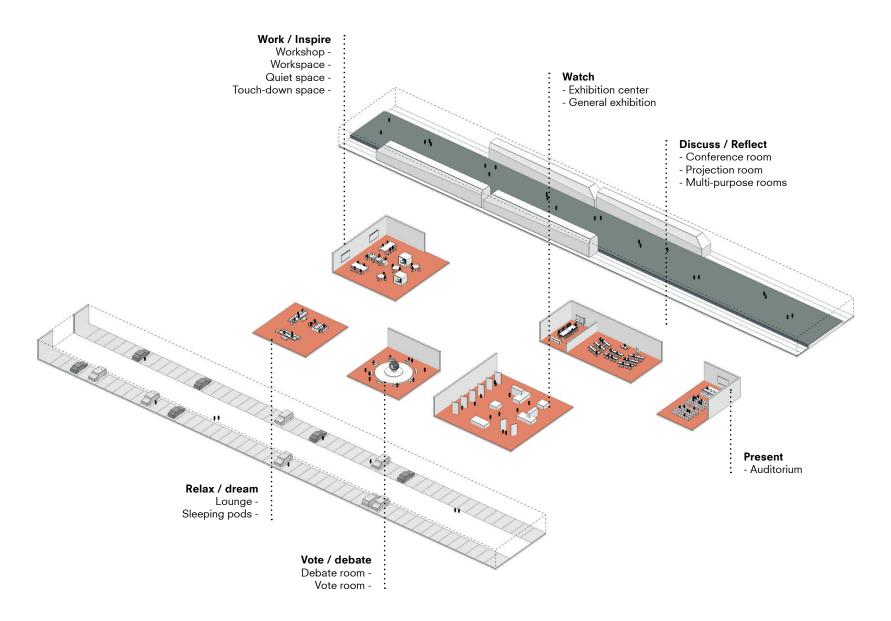


EXPERIENCE RELATED

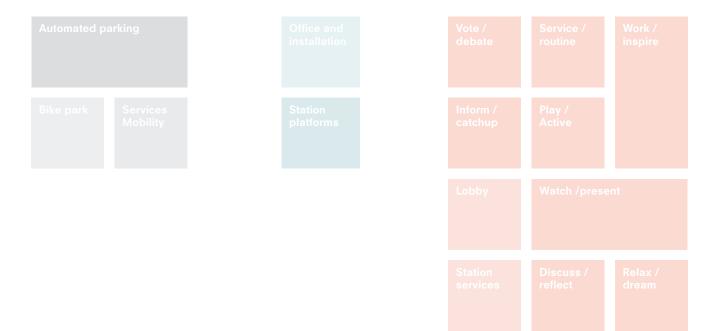


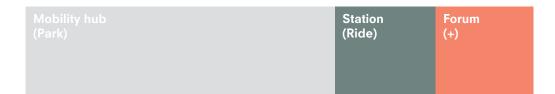


EXPERIENCE RELATED

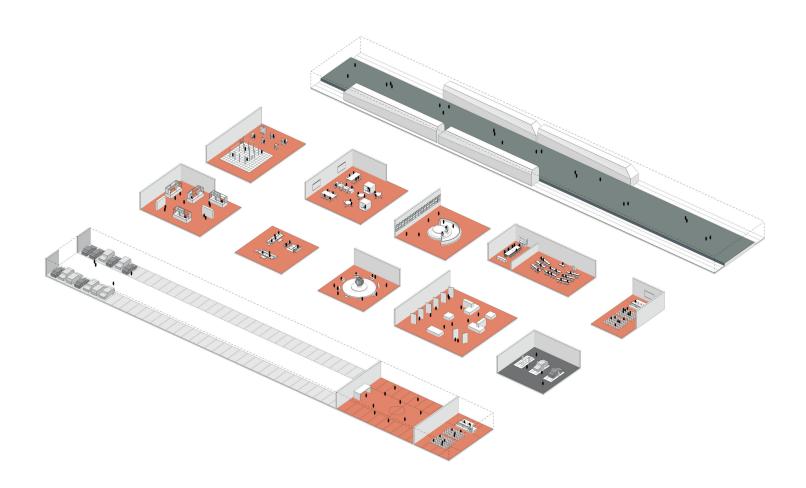


FLEXIBILITY





SMART PARKING

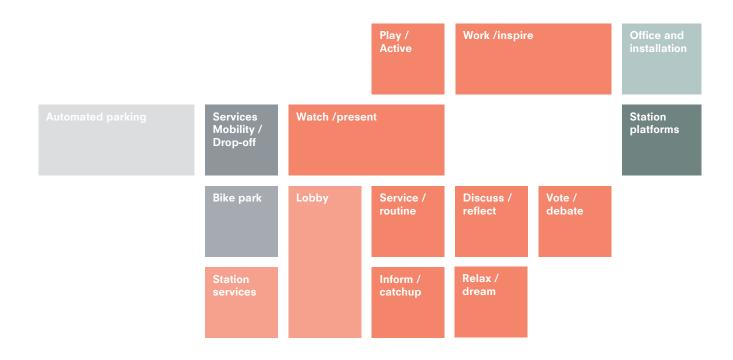


Controlled parking and off-peak usage.

SMART PARKING

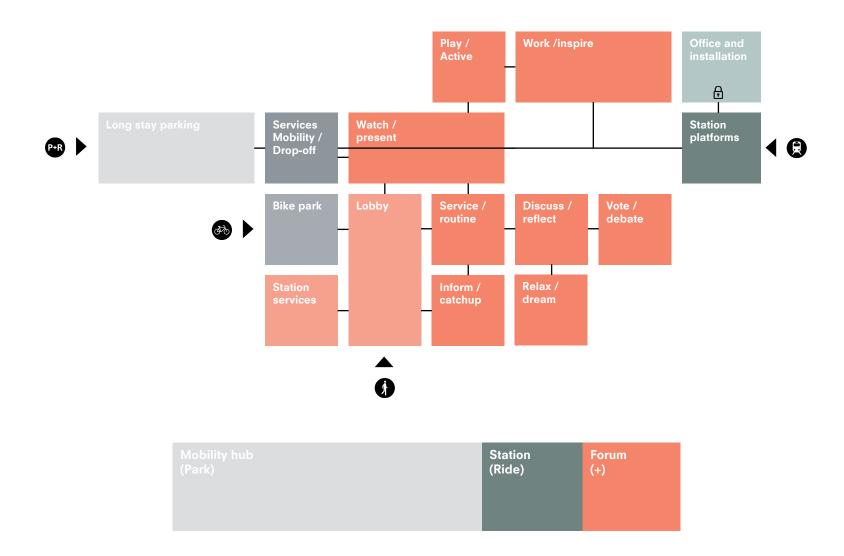


PROGRAMMATIC RELATIONS

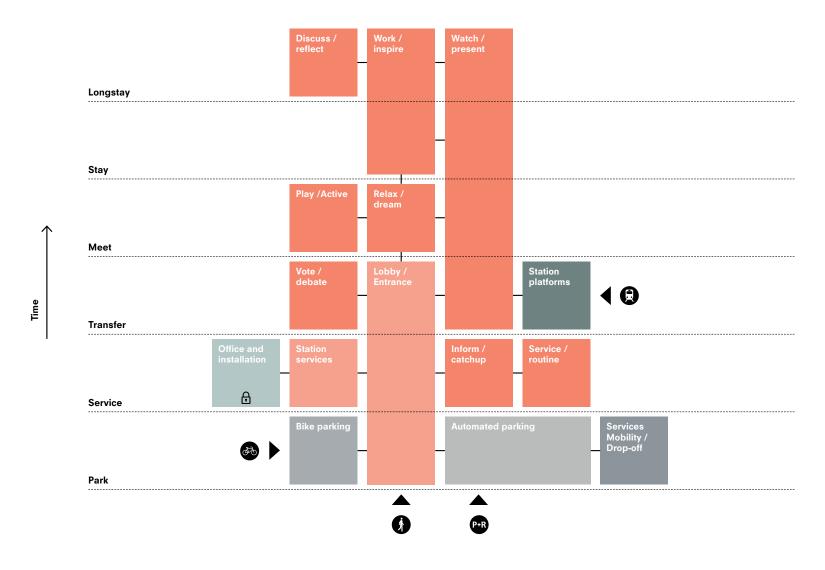




PROGRAMMATIC RELATIONS



PROGRAM RELATIONS

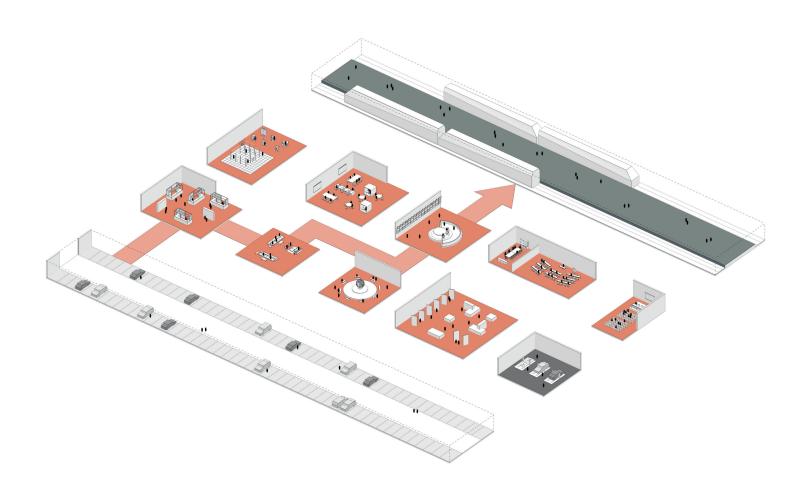


The program is organised on time spent at the station.

FORUM

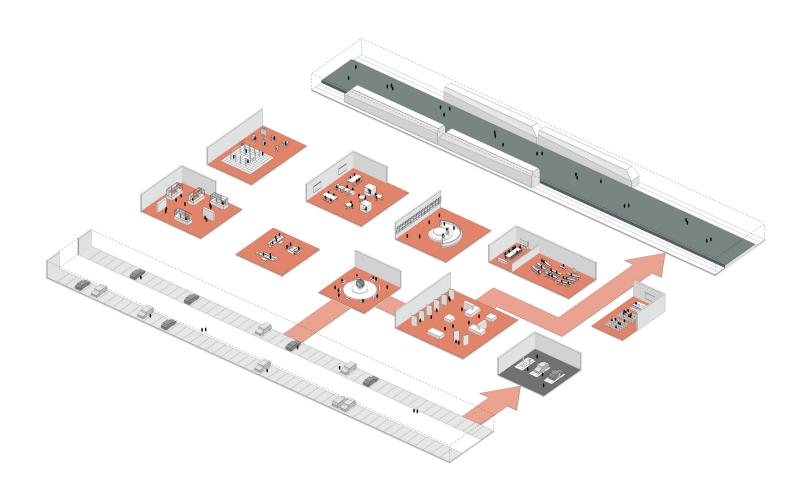


DAILY TRIP



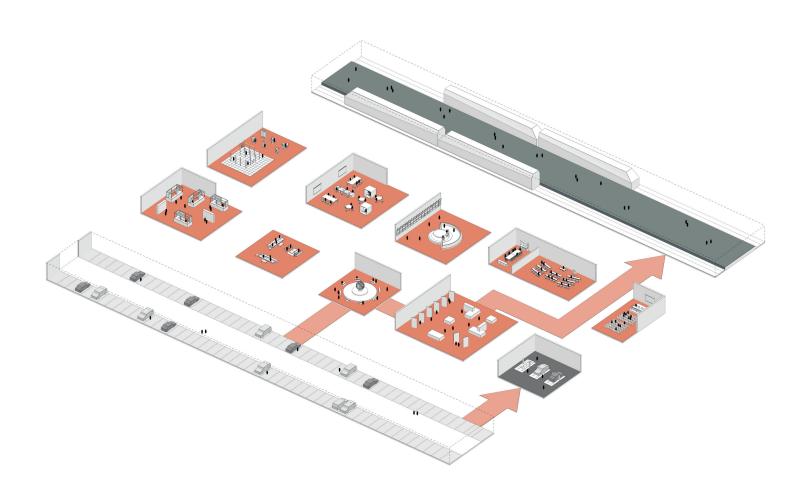
Using the service aspect of the building.

PARK AND RIDE



Utilising the parking facility.

IN-BETWEEN SPACE



A space to work.

04

SITE



SITE AMBITIONS









Integration of car free berlin

A masterplan that fully integrates the vision of a car-free Berlin to make the building on site able to serve a car-free city.

Operational site

The site should be 24/7 accessible and operational. Incorporating leisure on the site or strengthening existing activities.

Activating green corridor

Activating green spaces in Berlin. By re-connecting them through the buildings with Berlin's green corridor network.

Eliminating borders

The building site should eliminate borders created by Berlin's infrastructure network

BUILDING SPECIFIC



BUILDING SPECIFIC



Road network

Mapping the road network to develop potential locations for a new train station for Berlin.



Rail network

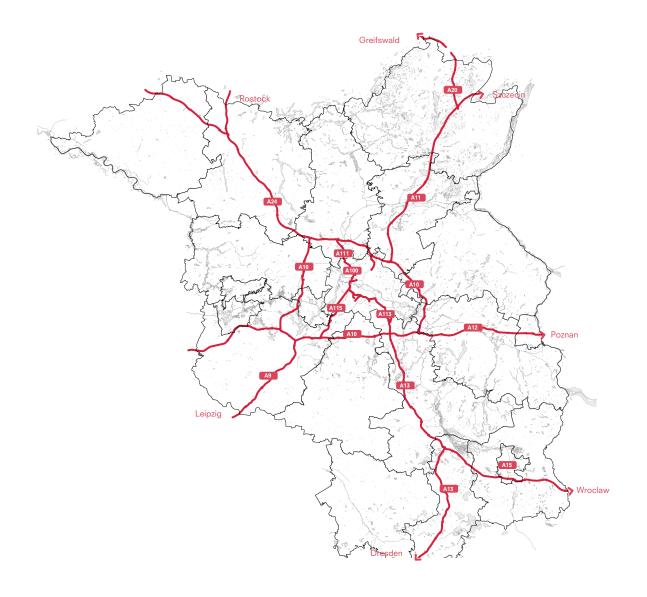
Mapping the rail network to develop potential locations for a new train station for Berlin.



Car free border

Mapping the intersection between road, rail and the car-free border to identify possible locations for a parkand-ride station.

ROAD CONNECTIONS



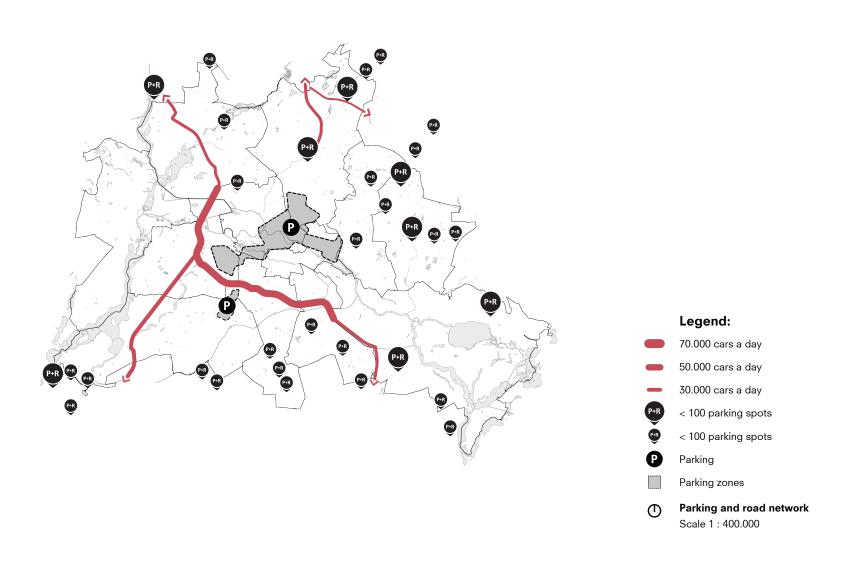
Bundesautobahn:

- Bundesautobahn 9 45.000 - 60.000
- Bundesautobahn 10 60.000 75.000
- Bundesautobahn 11 < 30.000
- Bundesautobahn 12 30.000 - 45.000
- Bundesautobahn 13 45.000 - 60.000
- Bundesautobahn 15 < 30.000
- Bundesautobahn 19 < 30.000
- Bundesautobahn 20 < 30.000
- Bundesautobahn 24 30.000 - 45.000

Legend:

- Motorway
- Brandenburg road network
 Scale 1: 400.000

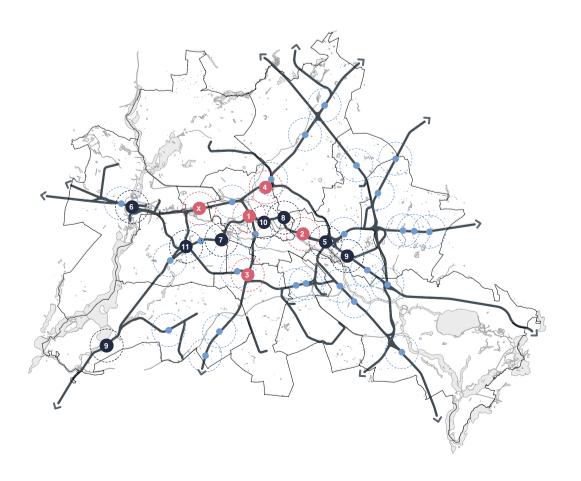
PARKING LOCATIONS



CAR FREE CITY



TRAIN STATIONS



Berlin main stations:

- Berlin Hauptbahnhof 330.000 Categorie 1 ICE, IC, RE, RB, S
- Station Berlin Ostbanhof 100.000 Categorie 1 ICE, IC, RE, RB, S
- Station Berlin Südkreuz 110.000 Categorie 1 ICE, IC, RE, RB, S
- Station Berlin Gesundbrunnen 140.000 Categorie 1 ICE, IC, RE, S

Others:

- S-Bahn stations n/a Categorie 4 RE, RB, S
- Possible site location 100.000 Categorie 1 IC, RE, RB, S
- Station surface area
 Scale 1 : 400.000

A100 HIGHWAY



POTENTIAL SITES



Legend:



Train network

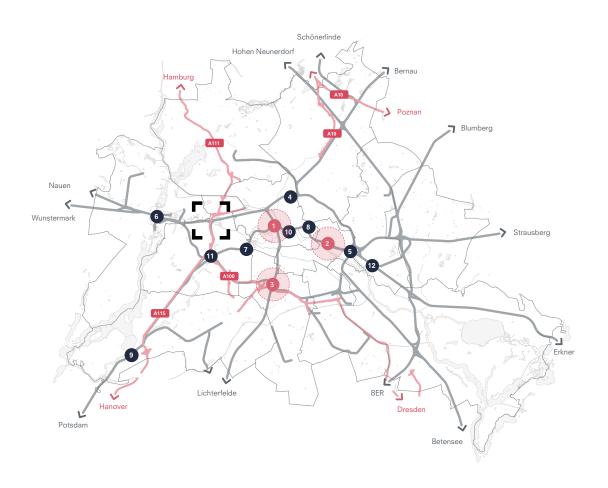
Road networkRoad network

U-Bahn network

Inter modality locations

Scale 1: 400.000

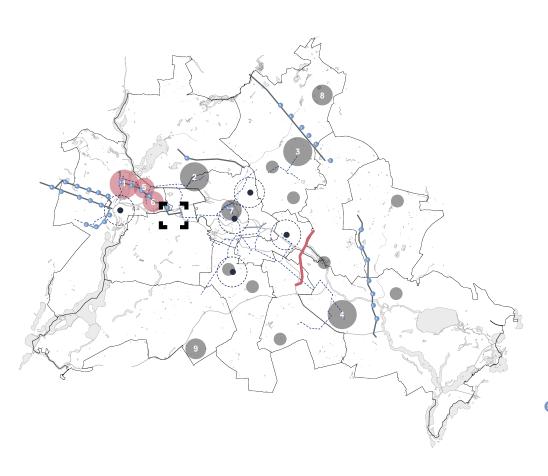
TRAIN AND CAR NETWORK



Legend:

- Park and ride stations
- Railway stations
- Road network
- Road network
- U-Bahn network
- Inter modality locations
 Scale 1:400.000

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS



New city quarters

- Wasserstadt oberhavel 12.750 Dwellings 1995 - 2017
- Schumacher Quartier 5.000 Dwellings 2022-2030
- Blankenburger Suden 6.000 Dwellings 2022-2030
- Johannisthal / Adlershof 5.000 Dwellings 2023-2025

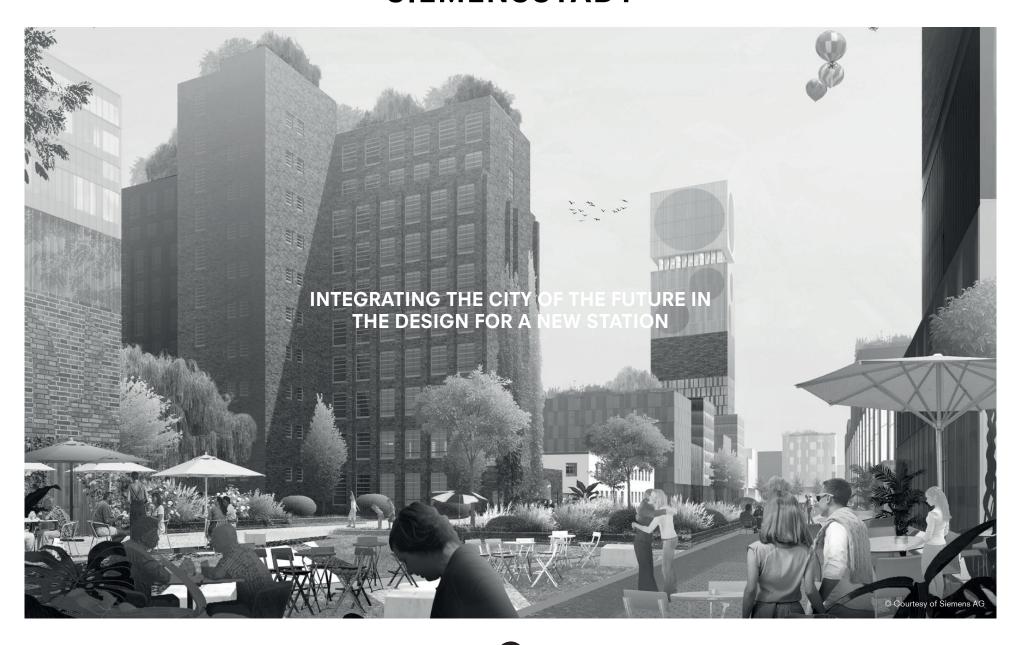
- Insel Gartenfeld 3.700 Dwellings 2022
- Siemenstadt 2.0 3.000 Dwellings 2022 - 2030
- Europacity
 3.000 Dwellings
 2022 2030
- Buch 3.100 Dwellings 2013 - 2020
- Lichterfelde-Süd 2.500 Dwellings 2019 - 2022

Legend:

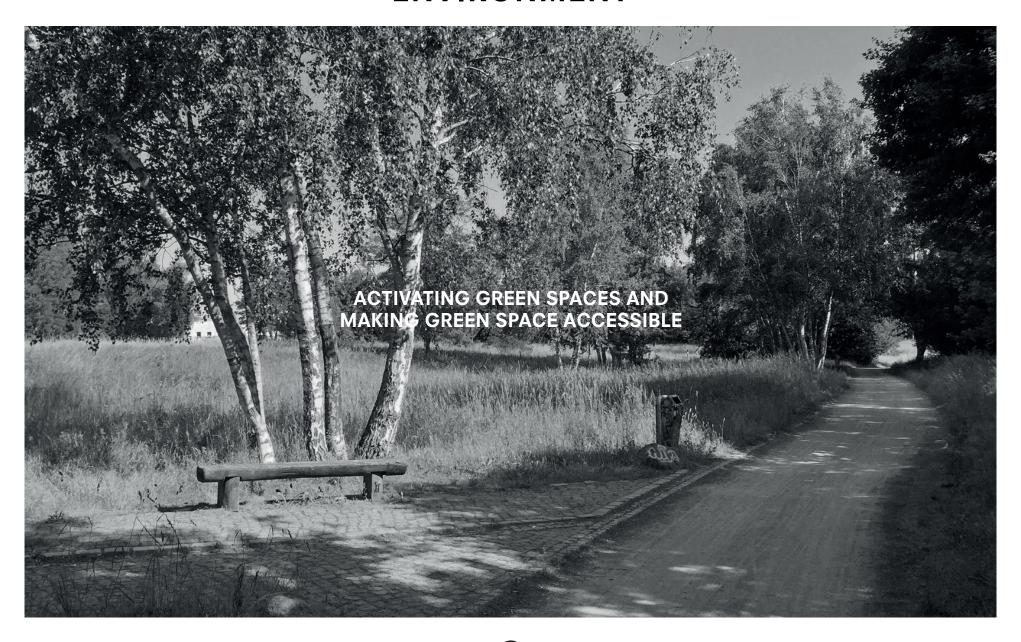
- New U-bahn route
- New S-bahn route
- New motorway
- -- New tram routes
- Main train stations
- Possible new sub stations
- City development, 2000 dwellings
- Site location
- Brandenburg rail network

Scale 1: 400.000

SIEMENSSTADT



ENVIRONMENT



ENVIRONMENT SPECIFIC



In or next to environment

Mapping out environment to come up with locations where the building can act as a gateway to nature.



Connect to green corridor

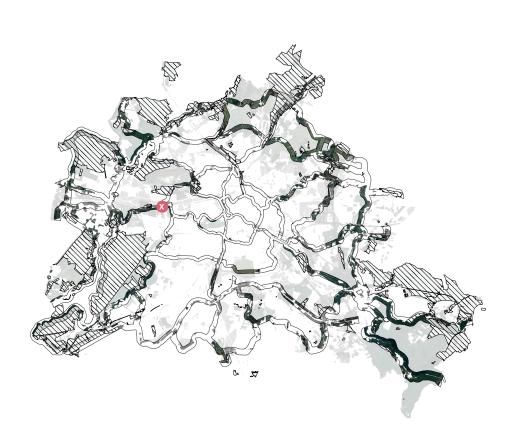
Strengthen Berlin's network of green corridors and encourage their use by creating destinations for the network.



Protected areas

Excluding protected areas such as nature reserves to preserve valuable environment.

ENVIRONMENT





Valuable environment

Neglected urban spaces



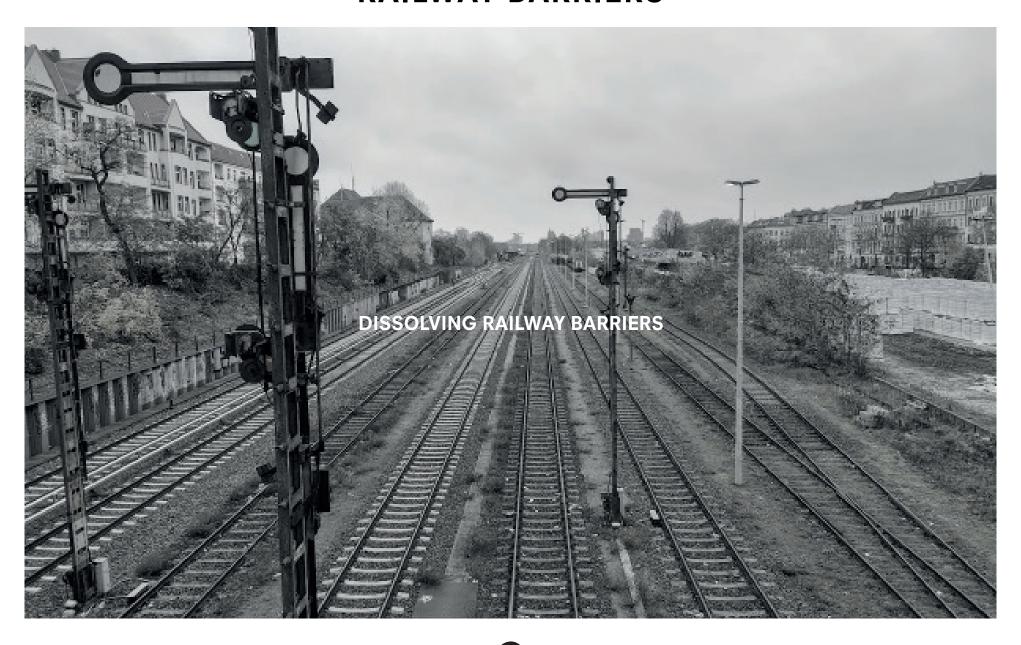
Restricted areas

Legend:

Possible location of intermodal train station.

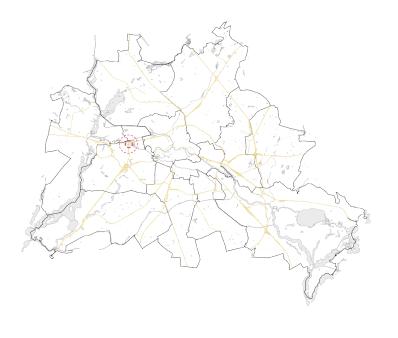
Buildable environment
Scale 1: 400.000

RAILWAY BARRIERS



RAILWAY BARRIERS





Legend:

- Site location
- Existing railway station
- Railway barrier
- Railway barrier
- Railway barriers
 Scale 1: 400.000

Legend top:

Site location
Railway corridor

SITE LOCATION



PUBLIC TRANSPORT



Legend:

- S-Bahn-, U-Bahn-, Train station
- Site location
- Motorway
- Primary- and secondary roads
- U-Bahn network
- S-Bahn network
- Railway
- ① Public transportation network

Scale 1 : 50.000

CAR FREE BORDER



Legend:

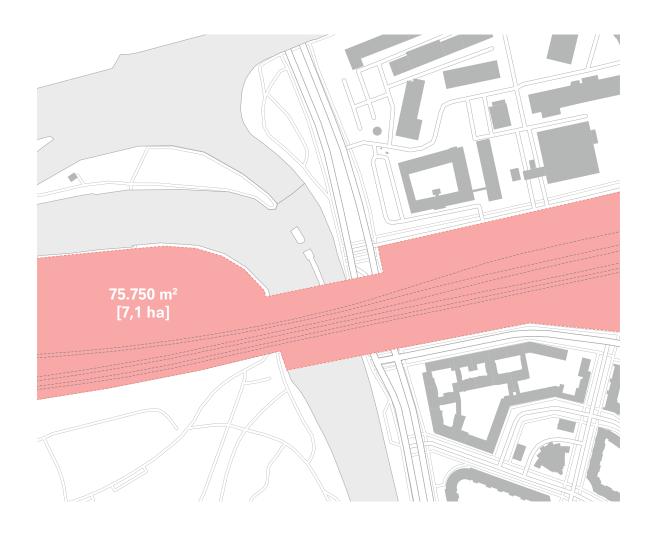
- S-Bahn-, U-Bahn-, Train station
- Site location
- Motorway
- Primary- and secondary roads
- U-Bahn network
- S-Bahn network
- Railway
- Public transportation network

Scale 1 : 50.000

05

SCHEMATIC DESIGN

BUILDABLE AREA

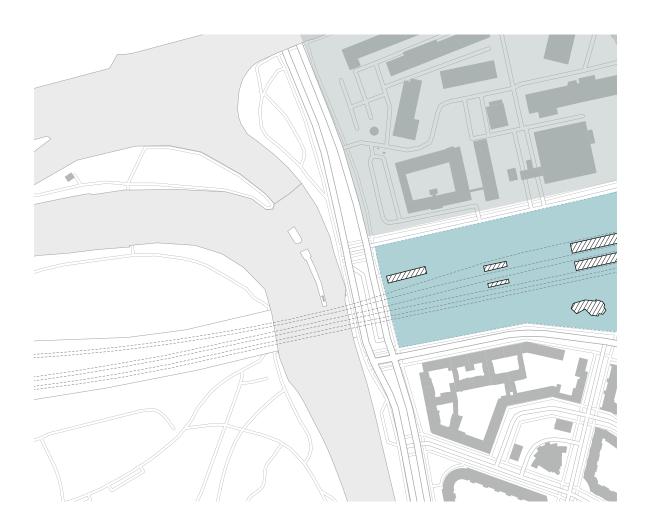


Building on the existing railway corridor.

STATION BRIDGE

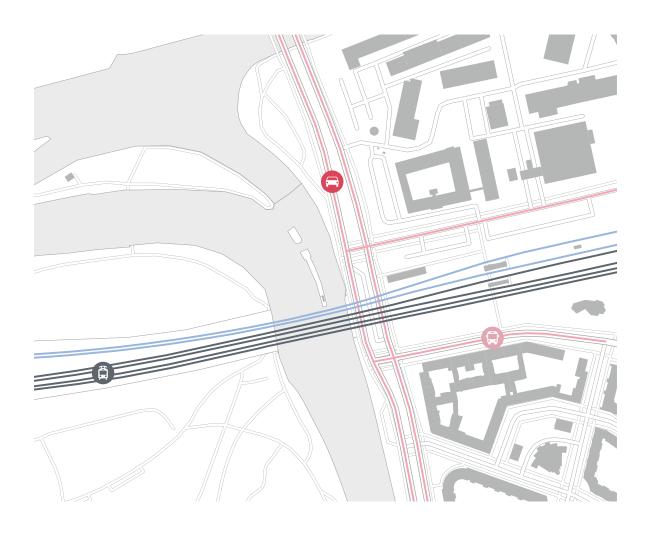


EXISTING STATION



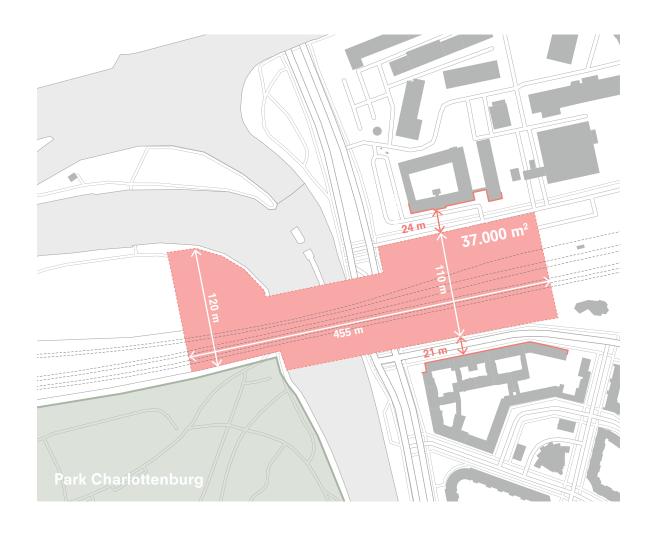
Re-using and repositioning the existing railway station.

INFRASTRUCTURE



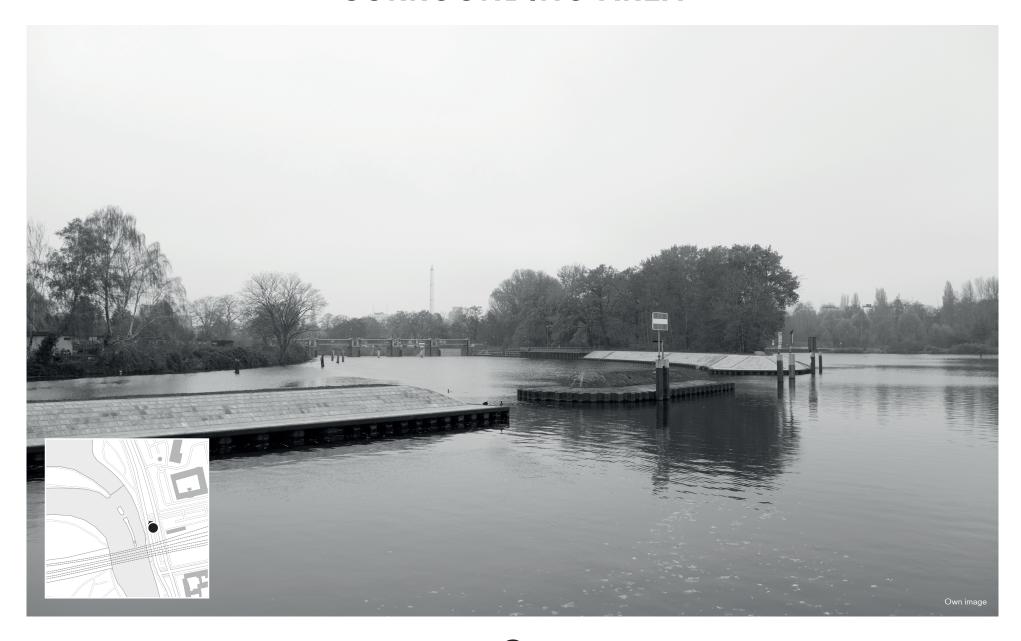
Existing infrastructure connections.

SITE CONDITIONS

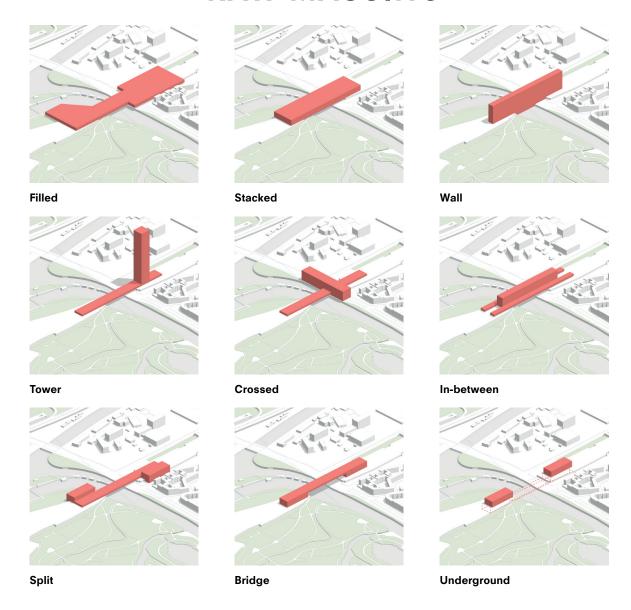


Station boundaries.

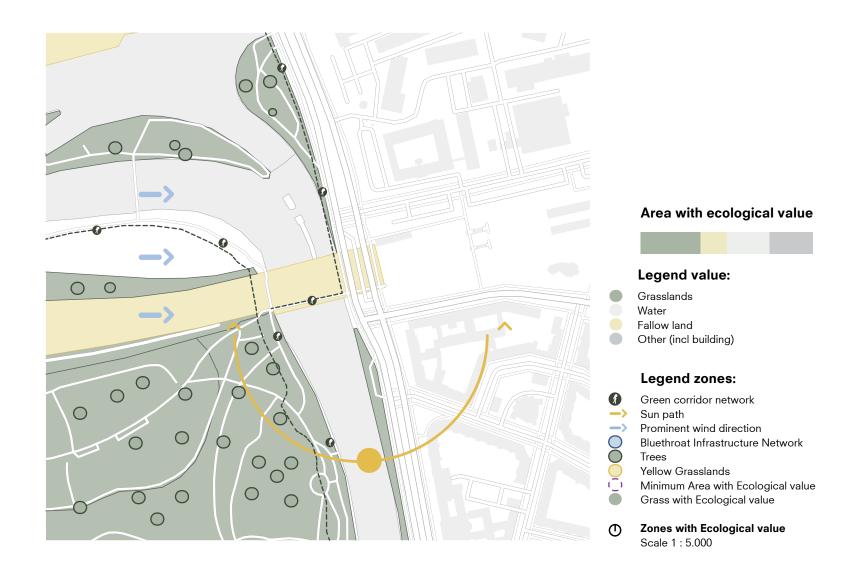
SURROUNDING AREA



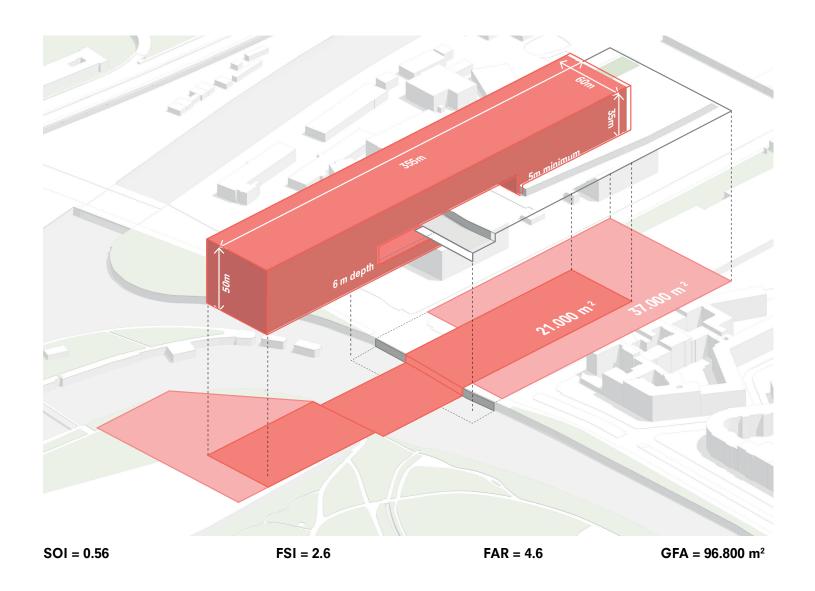
RAW MASSING



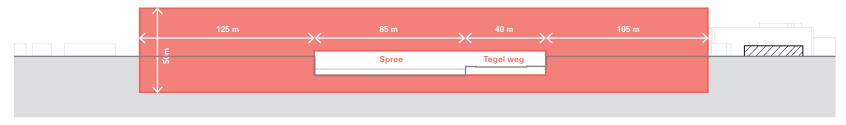
CLIMATE AND ECOLOGICAL VALUE



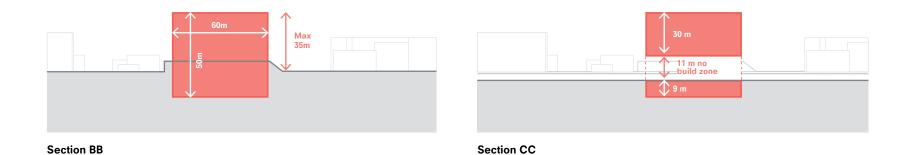
CONSTRAINTS



CONSTRAINTS



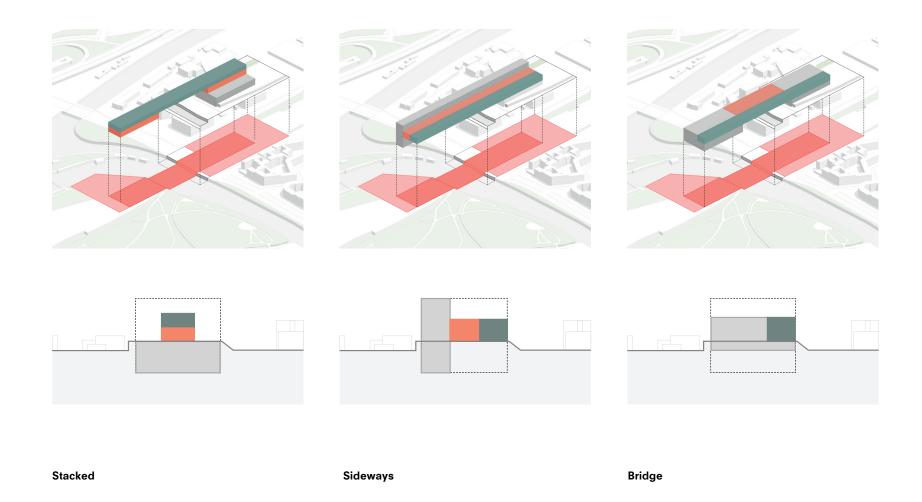
Section AA



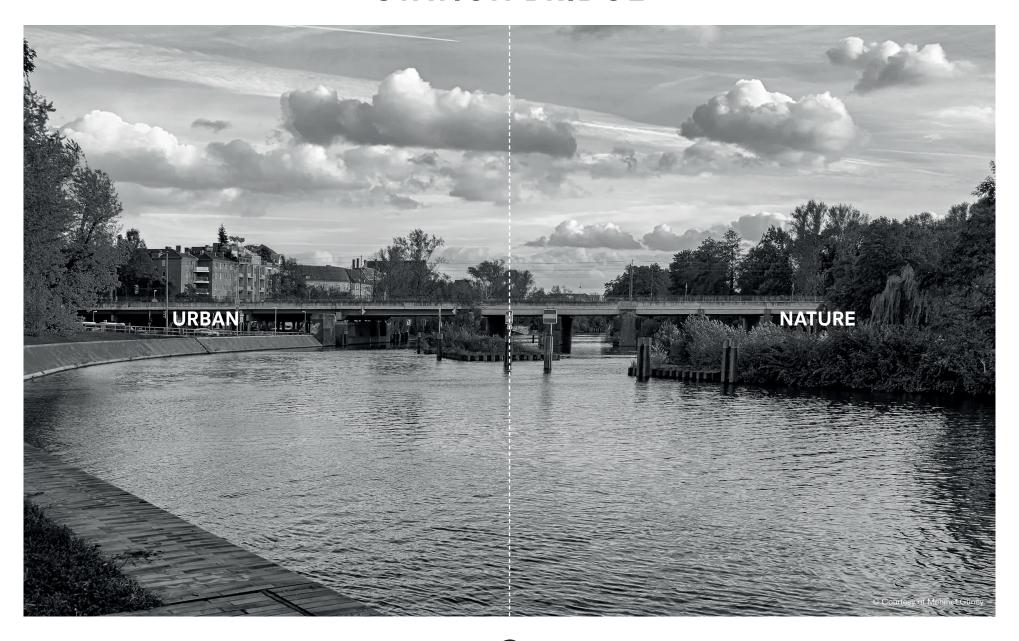
RAW MASSING



PROGRAM OPTIONS



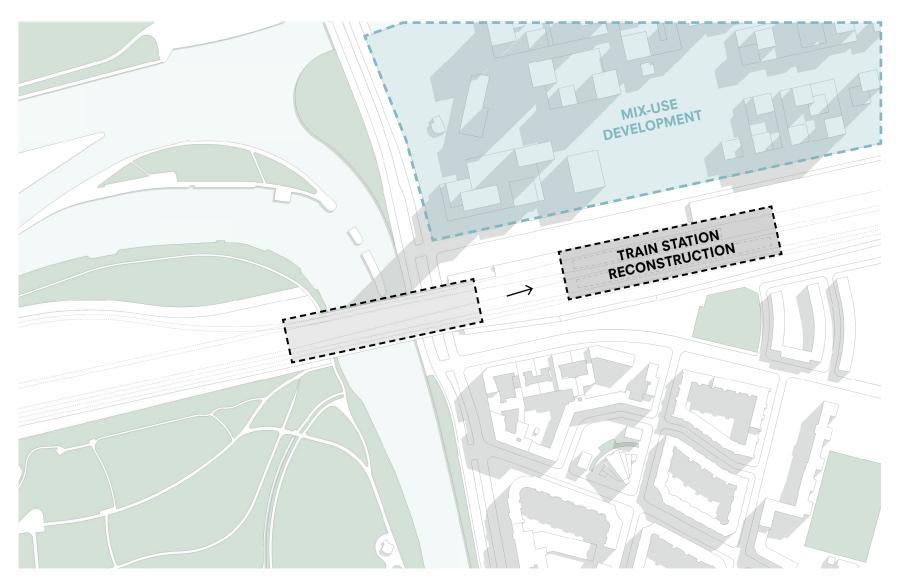
STATION BRIDGE



06

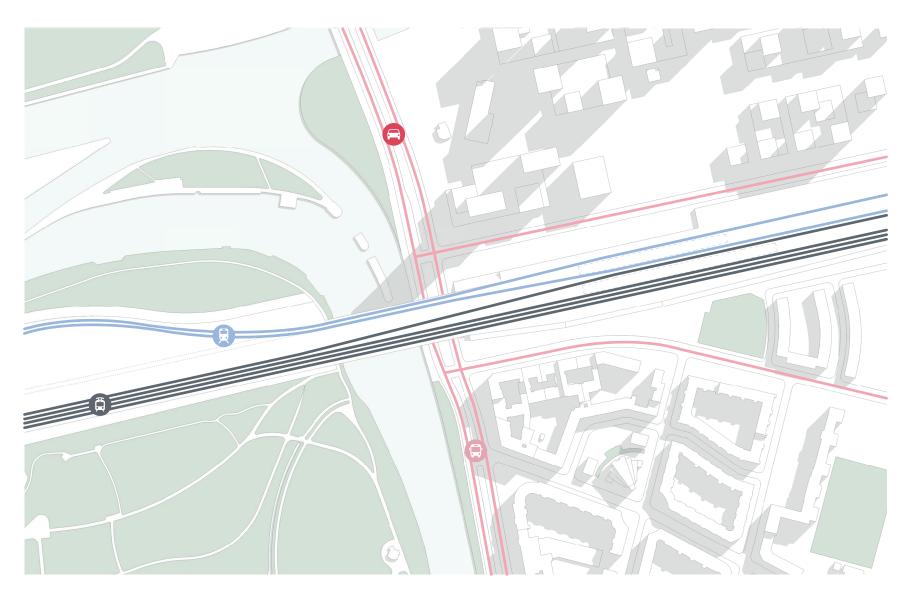
REVISED SCHEMATIC DESIGN

RELOCATION



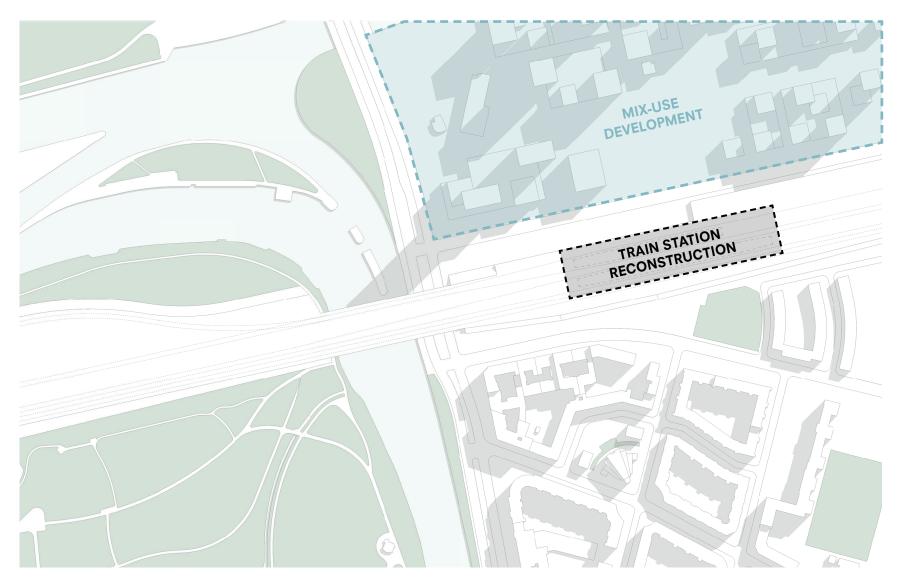
Reconstruction of the station area.

EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE



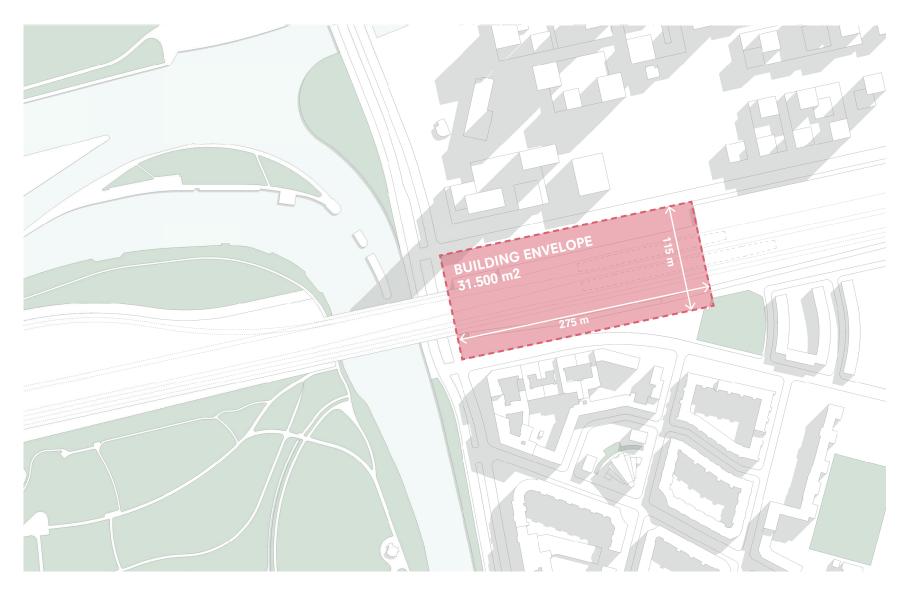
Existing infrastructure connections.

REDEVELOPMENT



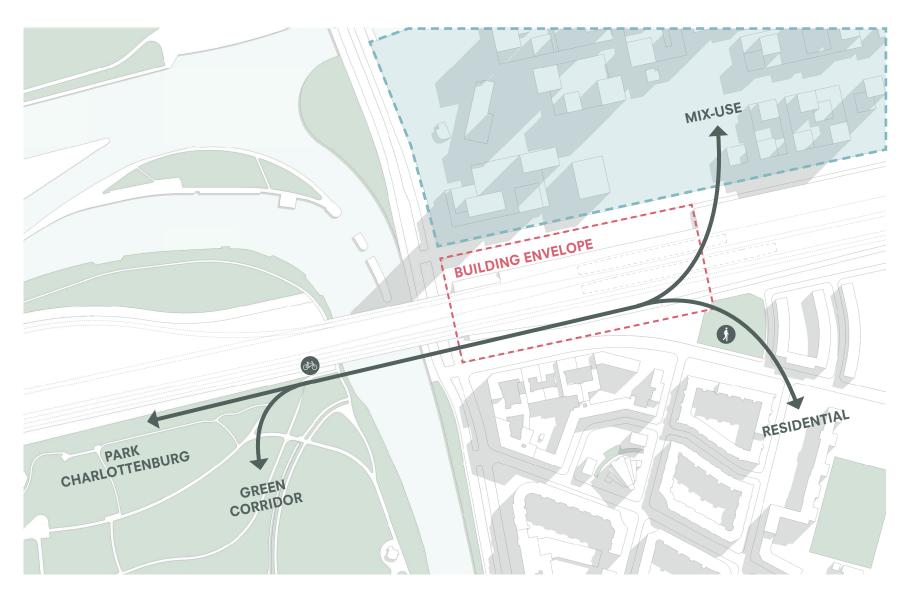
Reconstruction of the station area.

BUILDING ENVELOPE



A plot on the interconnection between urban, mobility and environment.

URBAN IMPLEMENTATION



Strengthening urban relationships.

SITE CONDITIONS



Park Charlottenburg

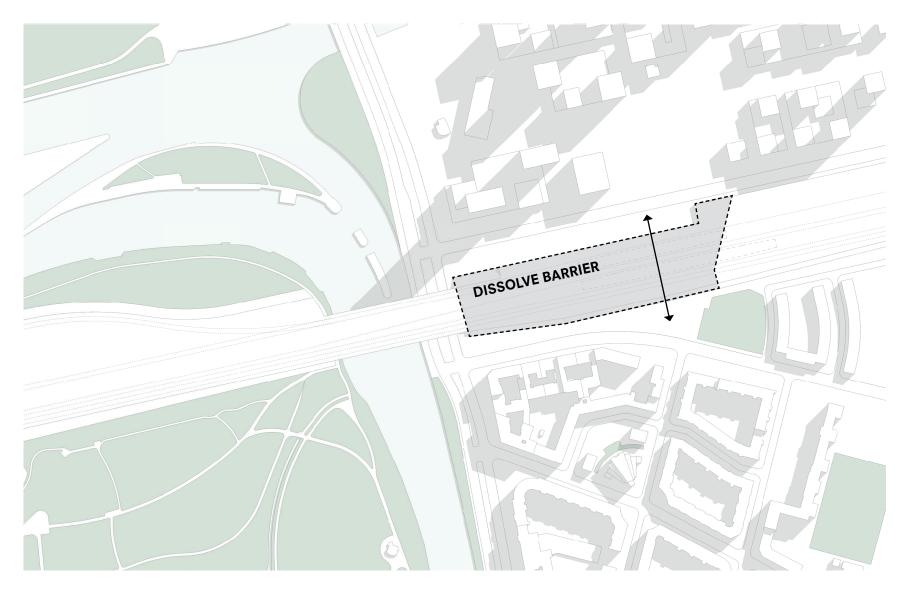


Jungfernheide



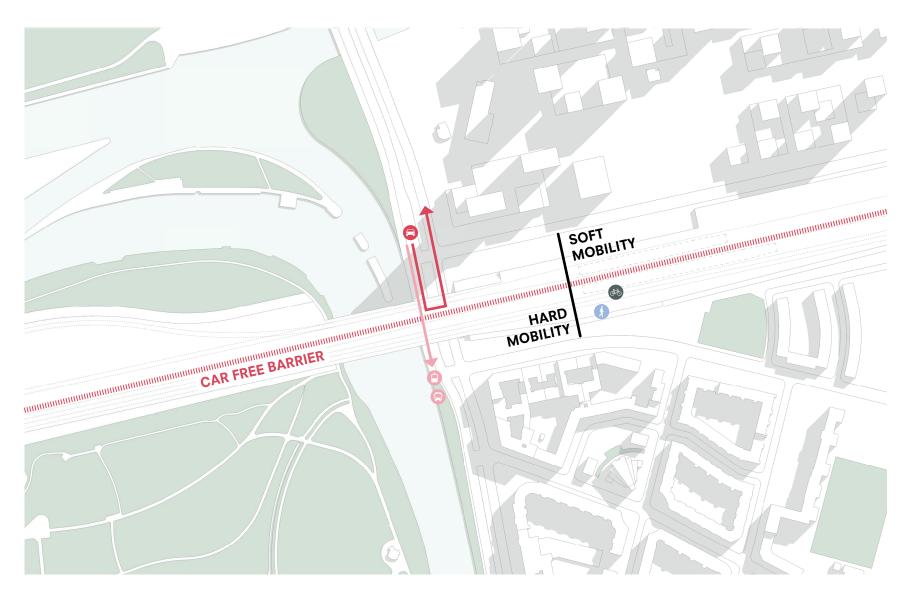
Redevelopment

SITE AMBITION



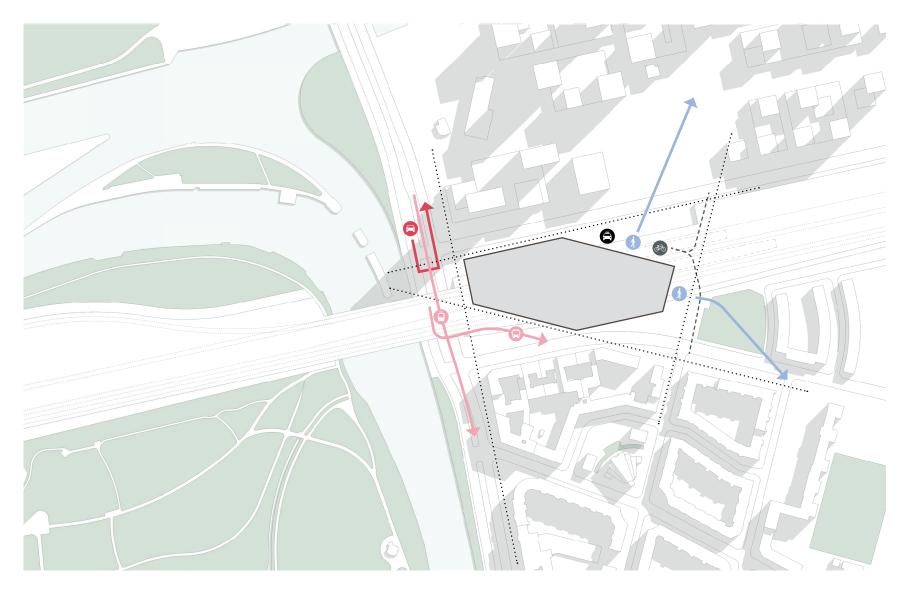
Dissolving the railway barrier.

SITE AMBITIONS



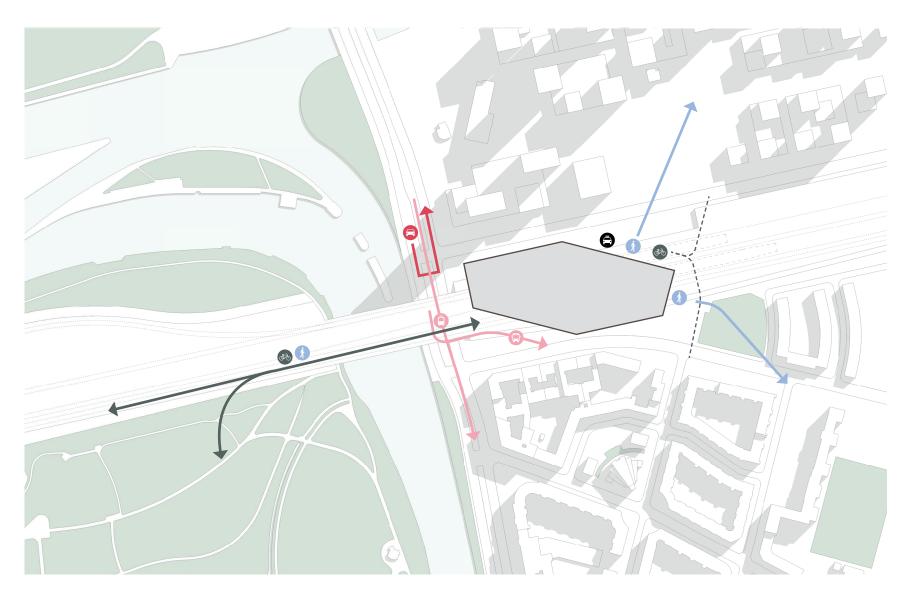
Using the station building as a separator.

SITE AMBITIONS



Organised and shaped by surroundings.

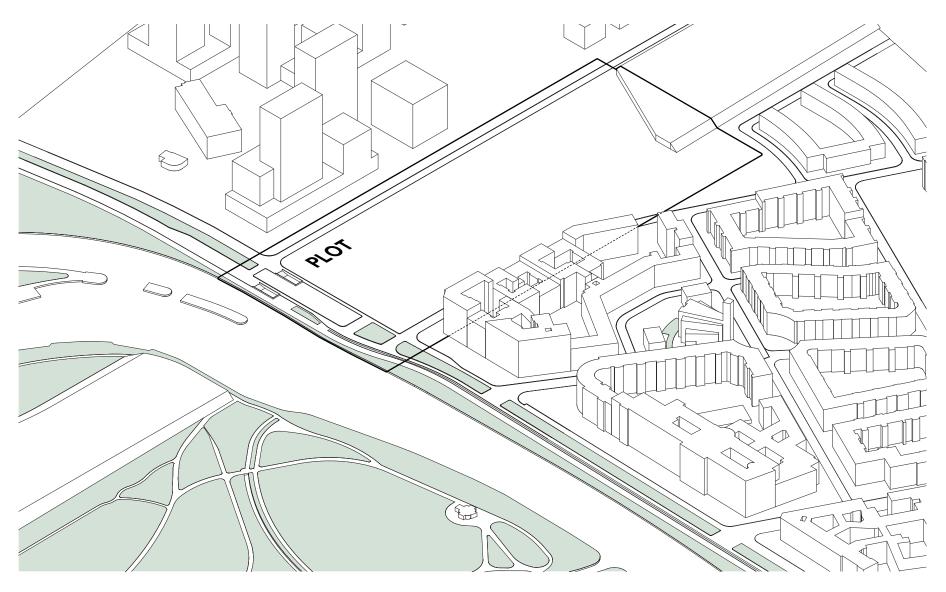
SITE AMBITIONS



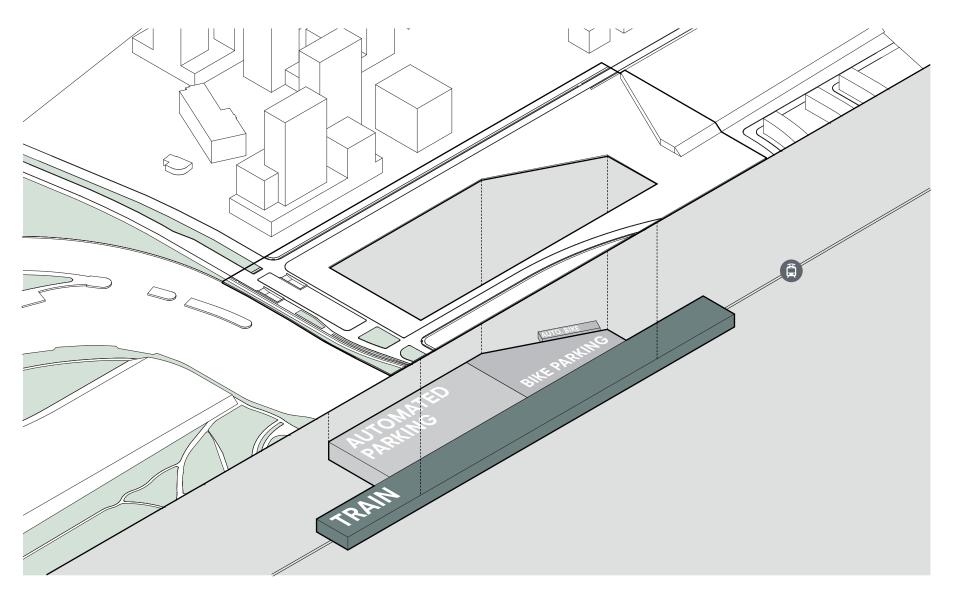
Underground rail and existing bridge as a green corridor.

07

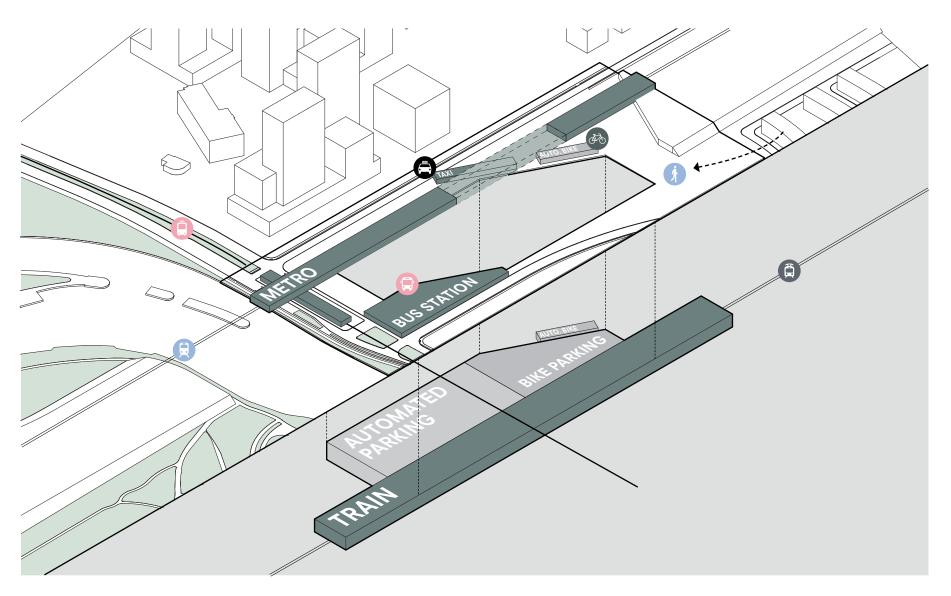
BUILDING ORGANISATION



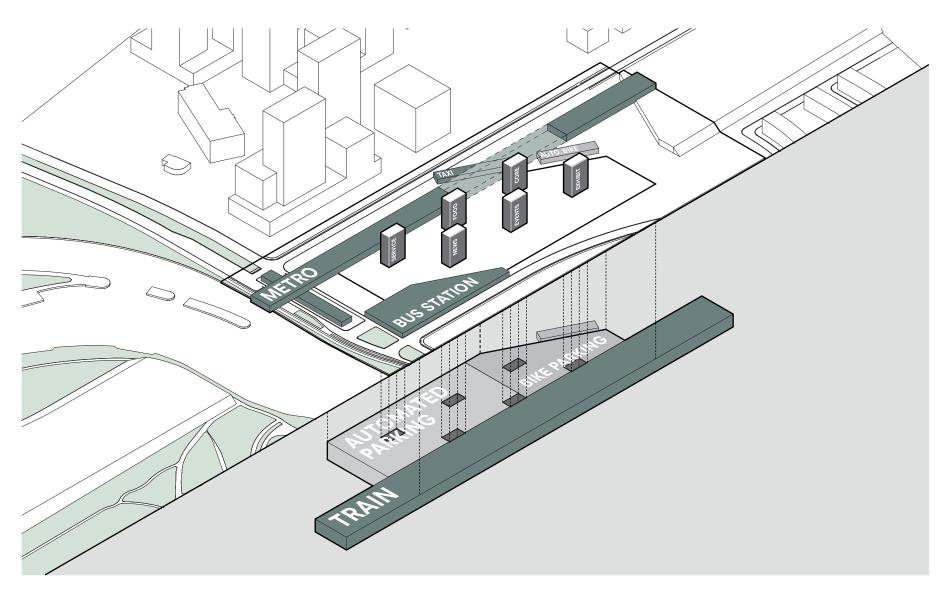
Building plot.



Hiding the hard infrastructure on site.

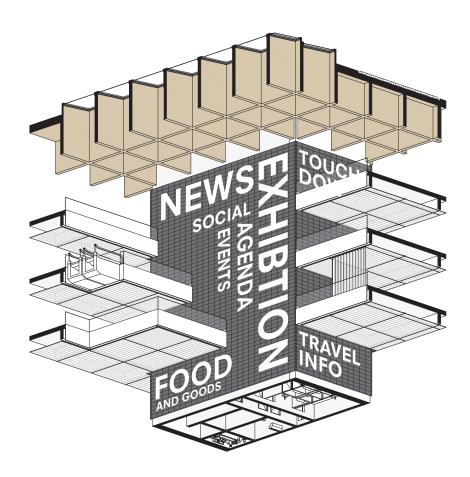


Modes of transportation are placed around the central building zone.



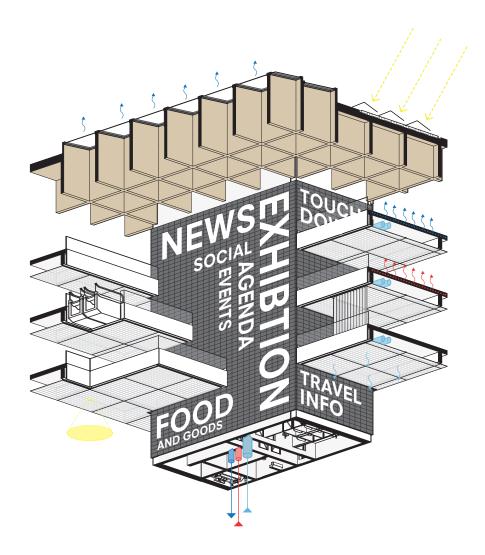
Building service cores are placed in the middle of the plot.

SERVICE CORE



Service core is a way of showing and serving the user throughout their journey...

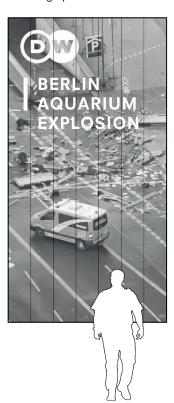
CLIMATE SYSTEM



But also integrates most climate and technical systems in one system.

LED SCREEN INTERACTION

Catch-upCatching-up with news



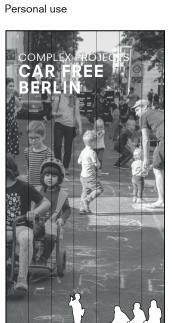
ServiceDaily-routine



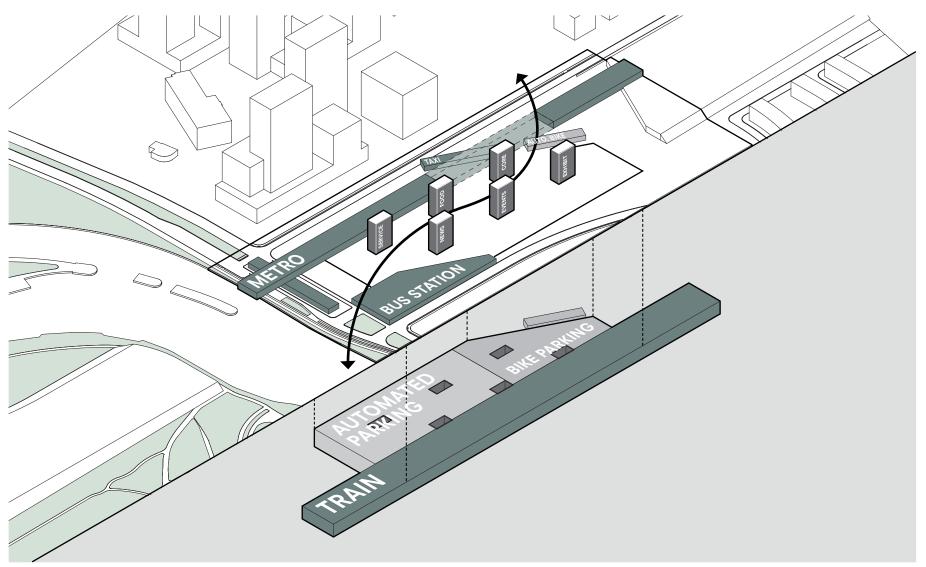
EventDisplay events



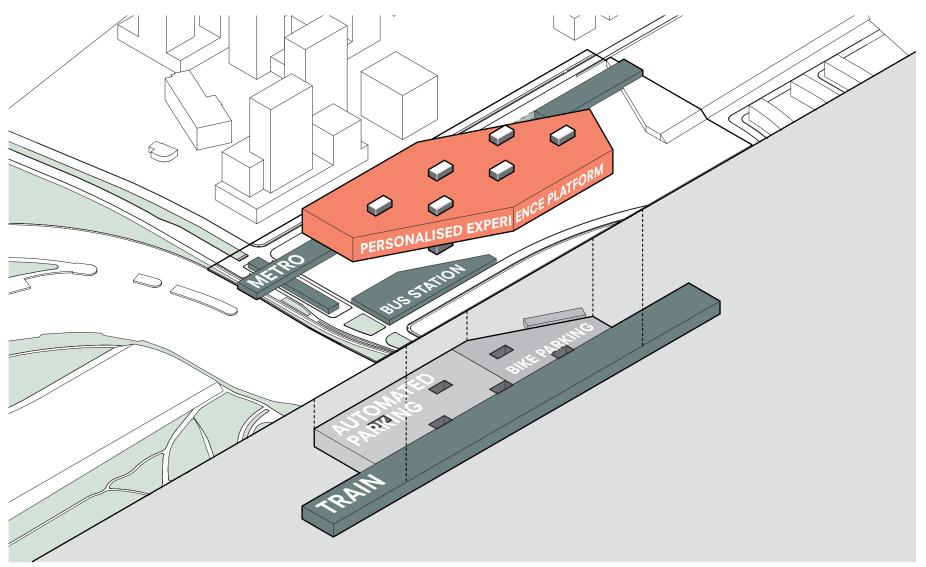
Presentation



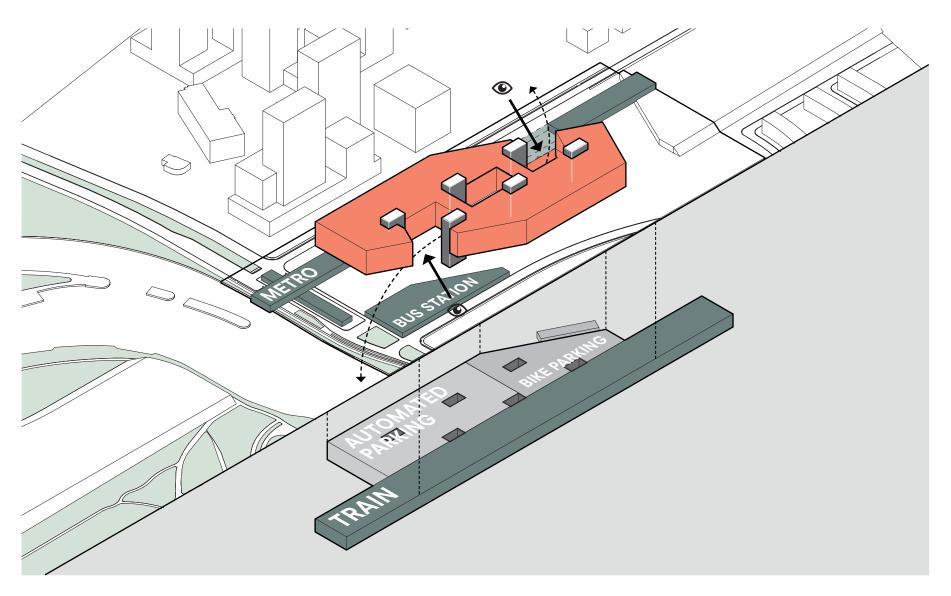
The core can serve the user by catching up, personal use, events and daily routine service.



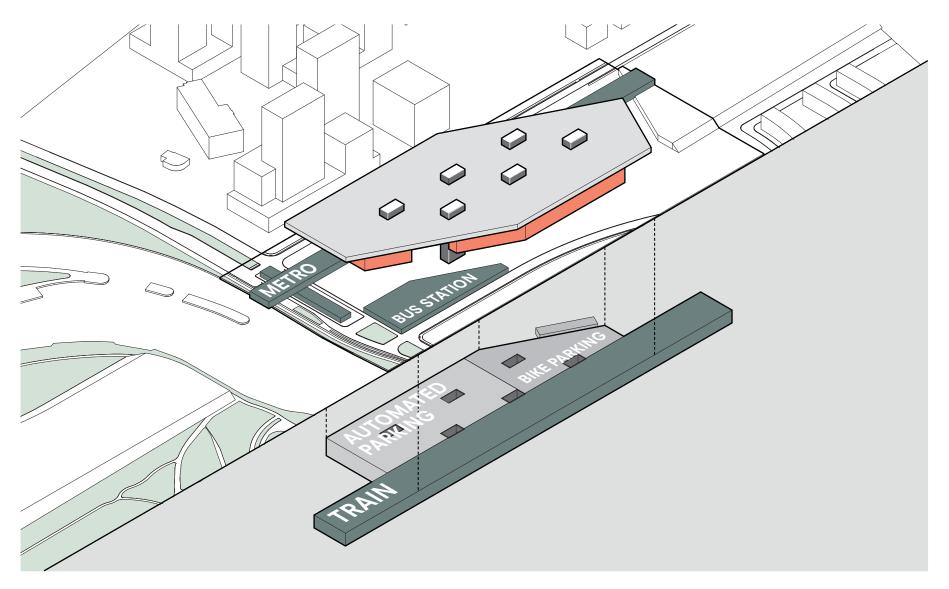
The main circulation flow in the building goes through the central zone between the service cores.



The personalised experience platform (forum) is attached to the service cores.

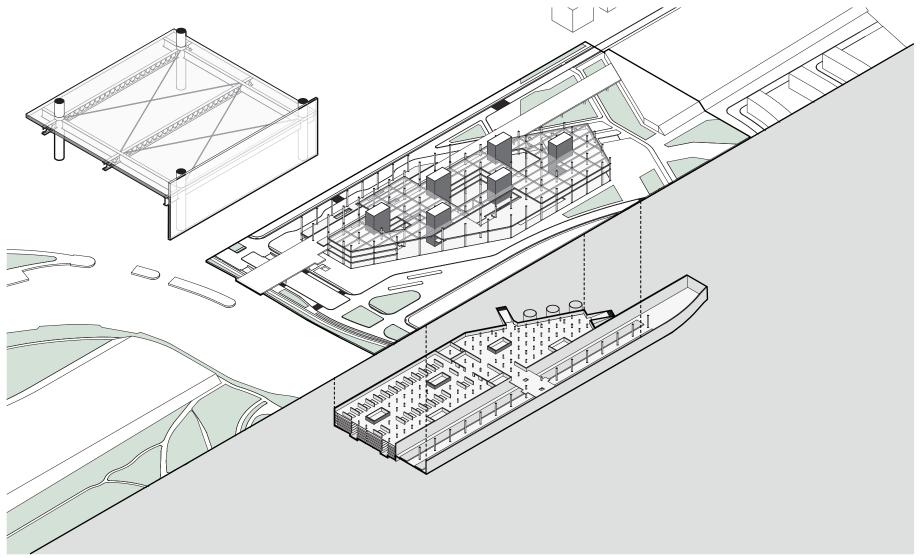


The forum is cut open to have a view of the service cores.



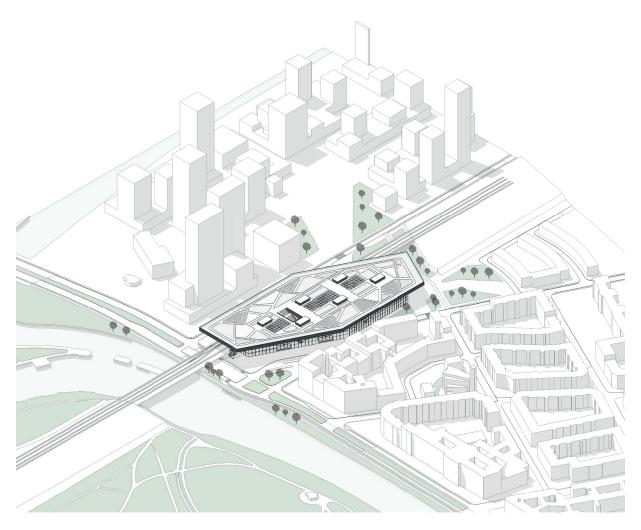
All is covered underneath one roof.

STRUCTURAL CONCEPT



The structural concept is based on a 14.4 by 14.4 grid. Allowing maximum flexibility and making the service cores standalone.

DESIGN OVERVIEW

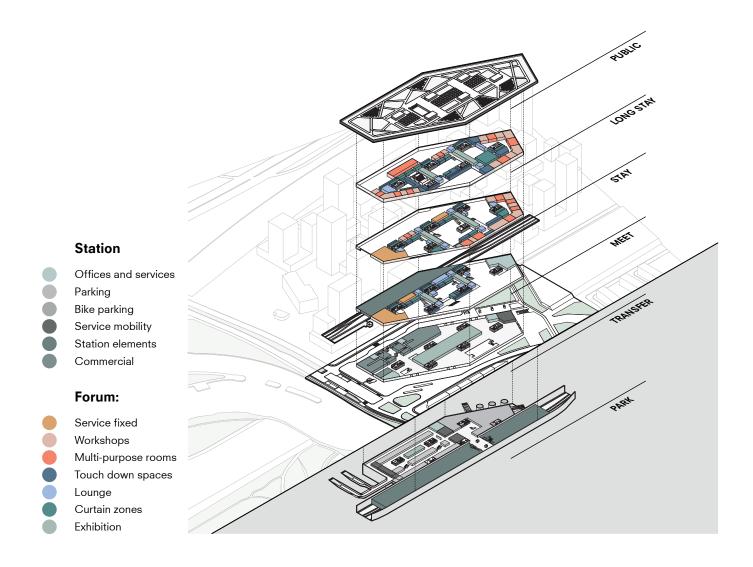


Which resulted in this building...

08

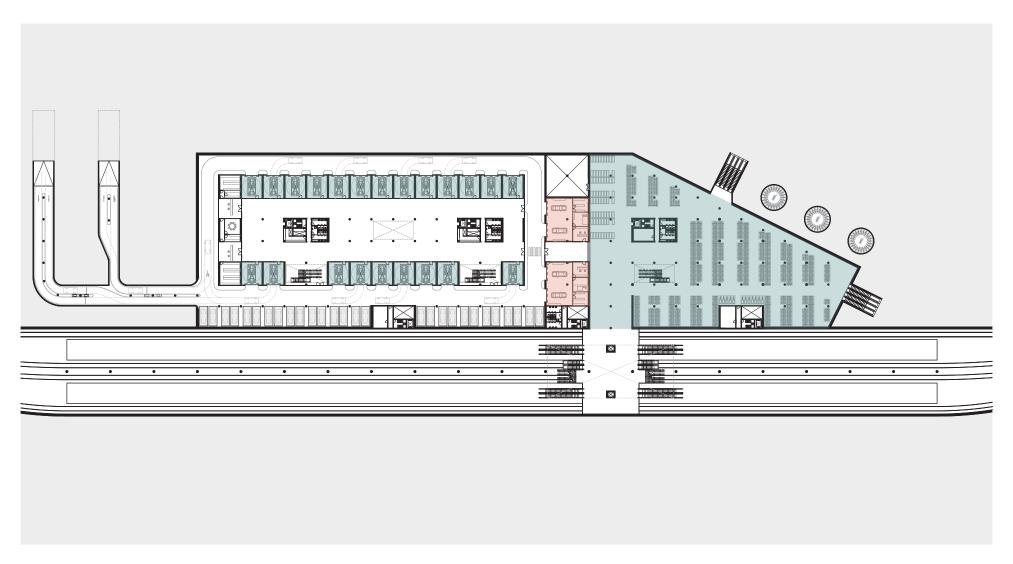
ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

BUILDING ORGANISATION



Program placement based on time spent in the building.

BASEMENT

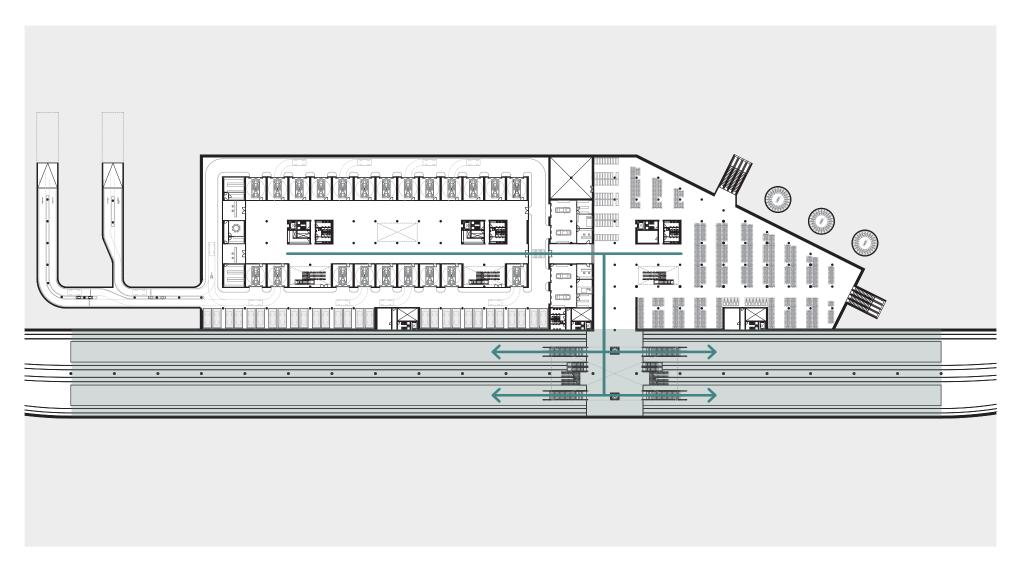


Bike and car oriented services.

CAR DROP-OFF

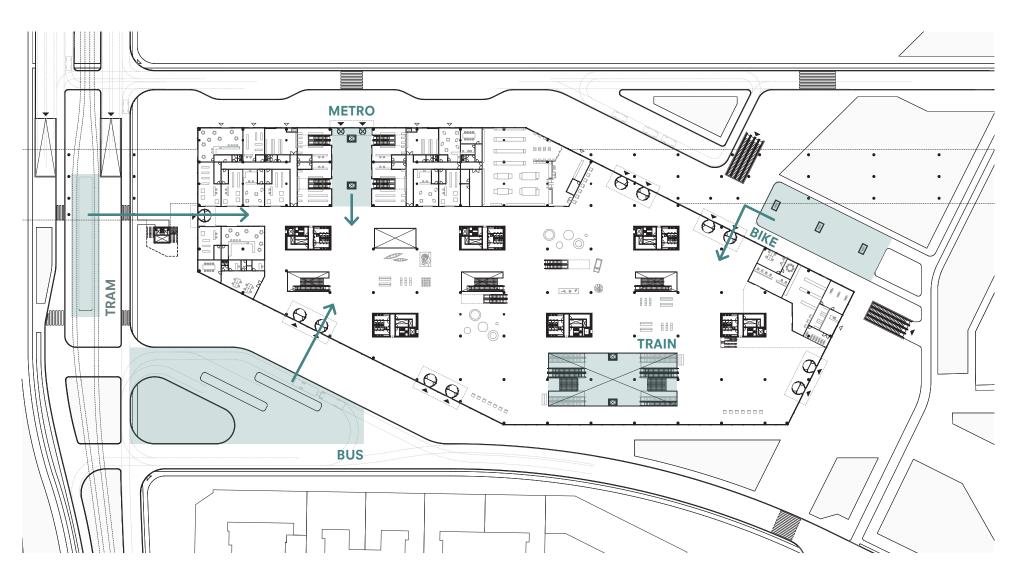


BASEMENT



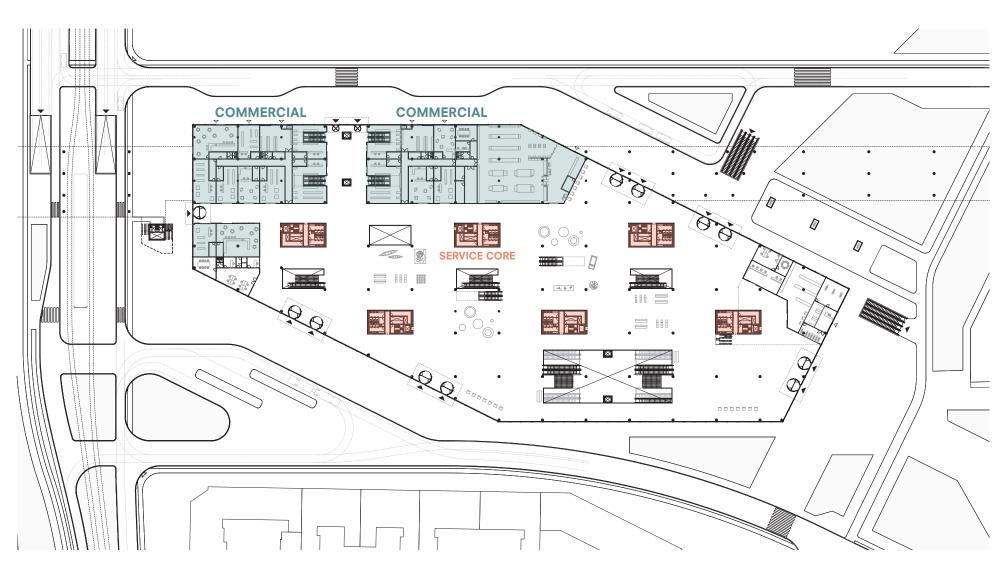
Directly connected to train station.

GROUND FLOOR



Oriented on switching modes of transportation.

GROUND FLOOR

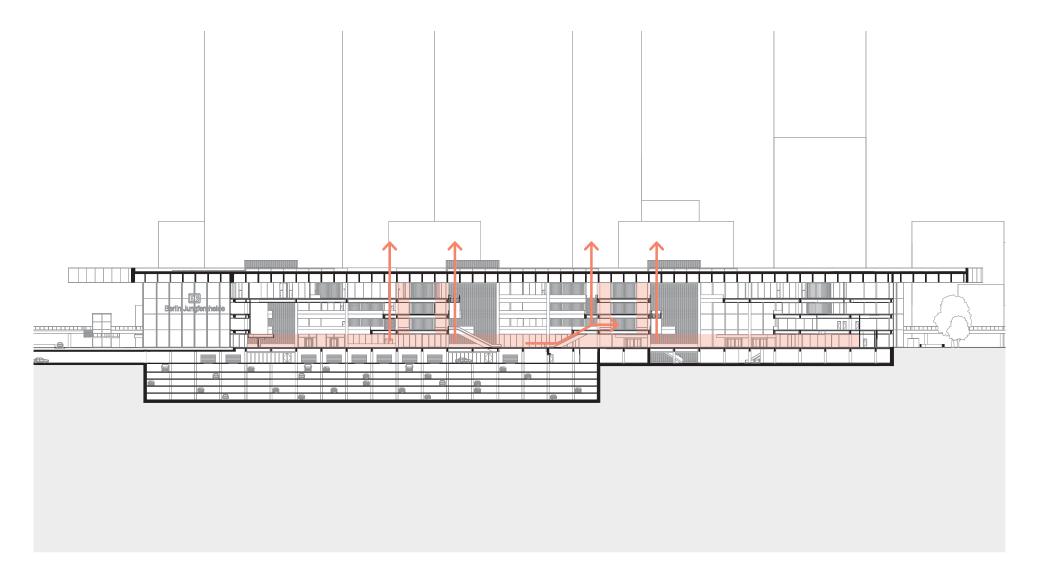


Big station hall with service related amenities.

SERVICE CORE

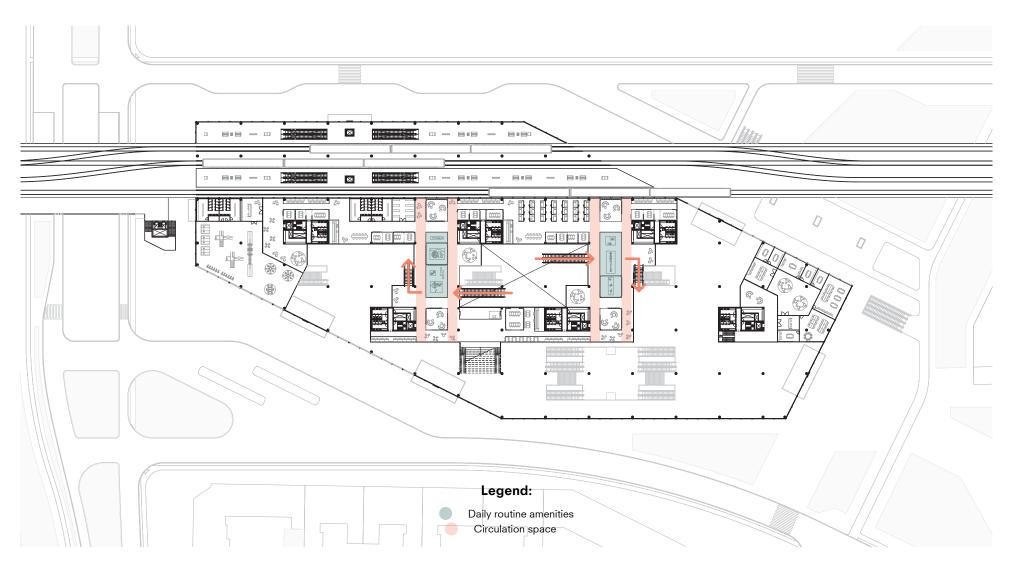


LONGITUDINAL SECTION



Main circulation space.

FIRST FLOOR

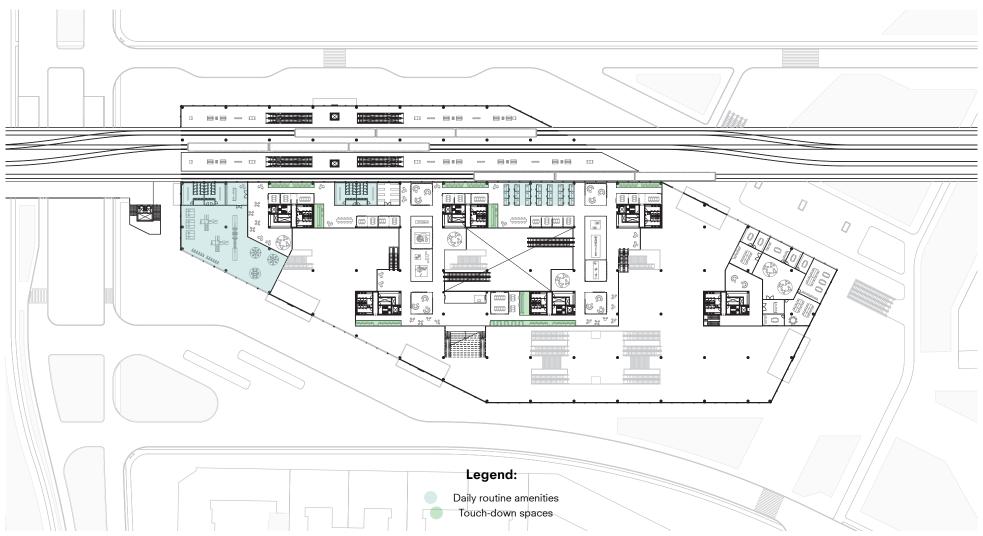


Exhibition zones adjacent to main circulation

EXHIBITION ZONE

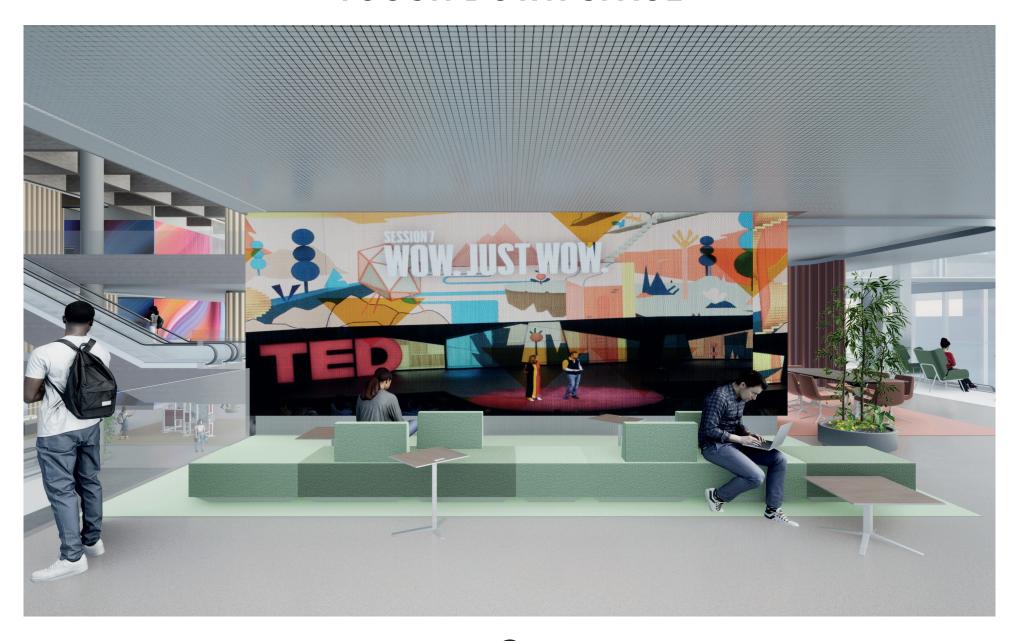


FIRST FLOOR

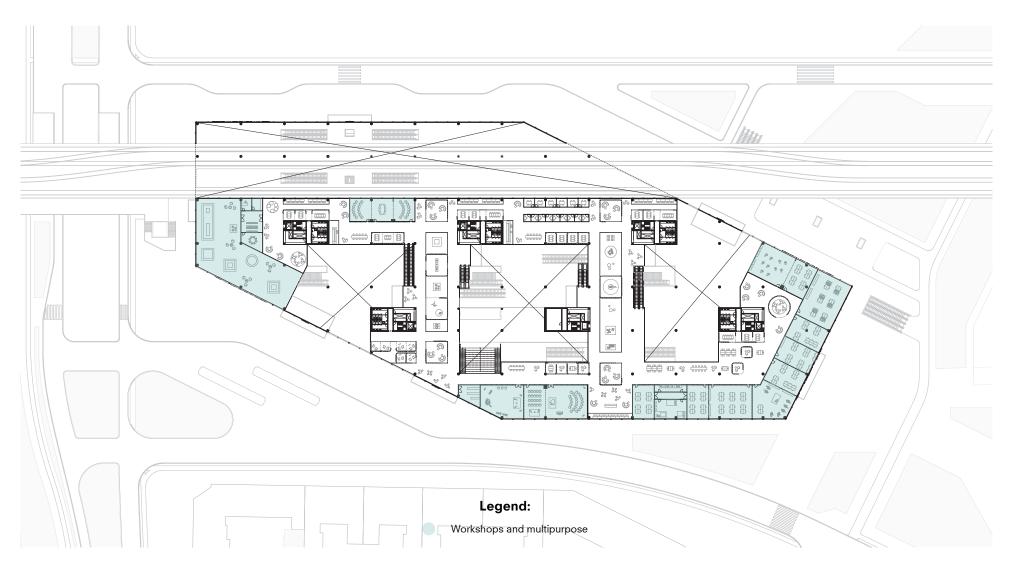


Short stay lounge and working spaces. Contains also daily routine amenities.

TOUCH DOWN SPACE

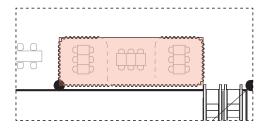


THIRD FLOOR

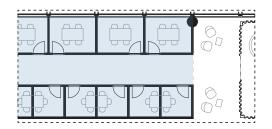


Fixed spaces

THIRD FLOOR



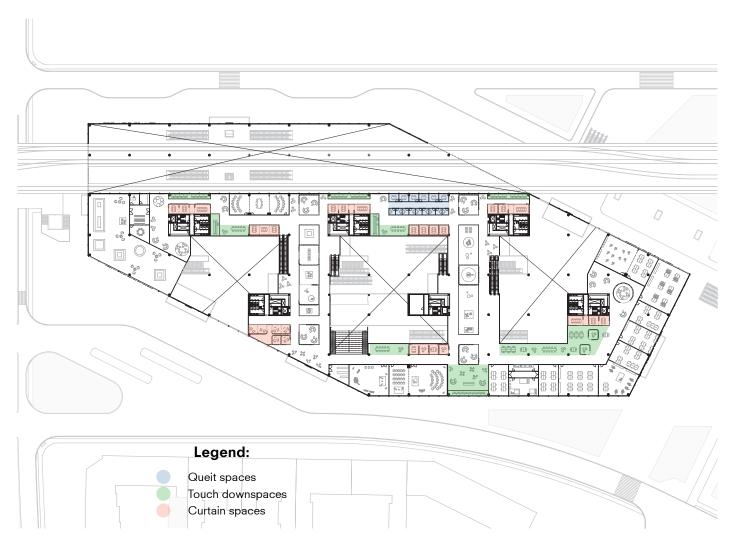
CURTAIN SPACE



QUIET SPACES

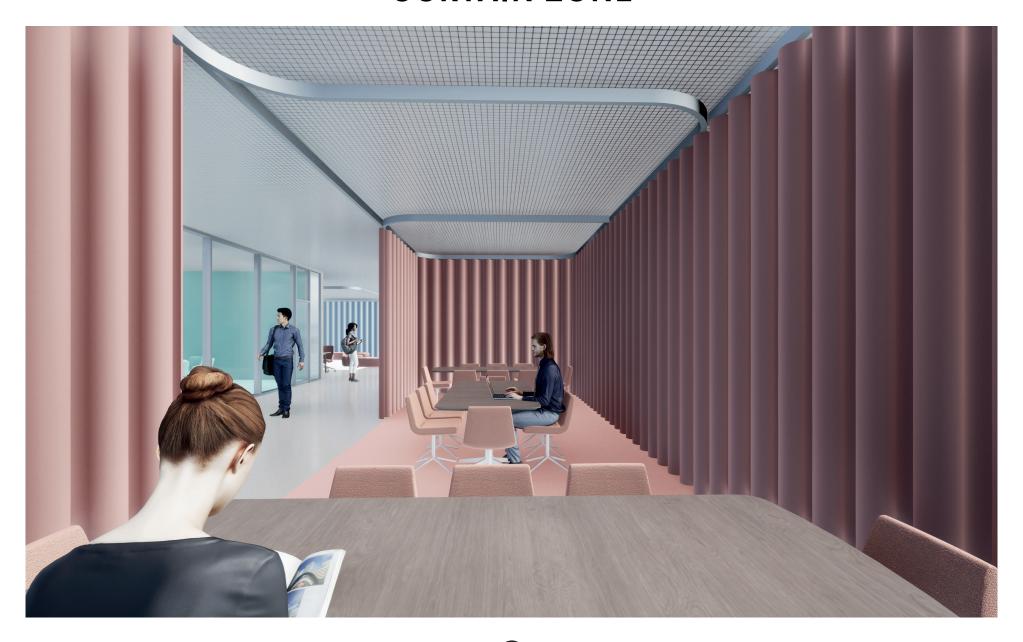


TOUCH DOWNSPACES

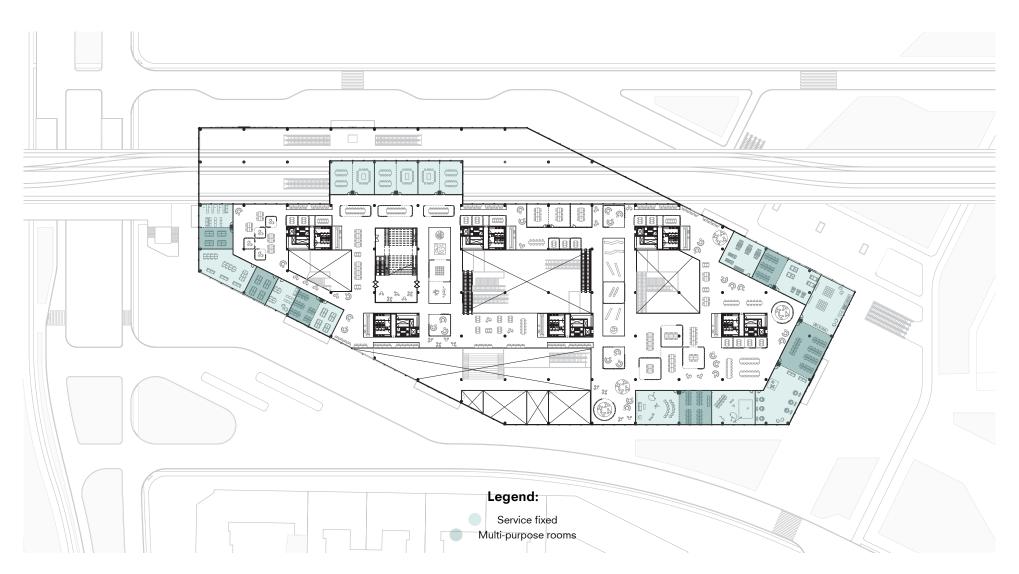


Workspaces

CURTAIN ZONE



THIRD FLOOR

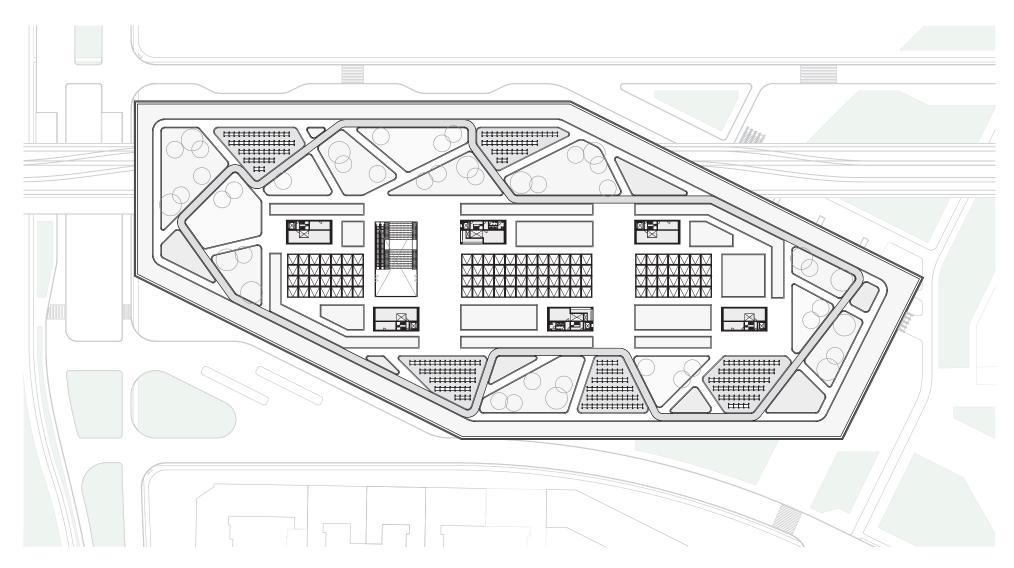


Workshop and long stay oriented formal character of actives.

WORKSHOP SPACE



ROOF

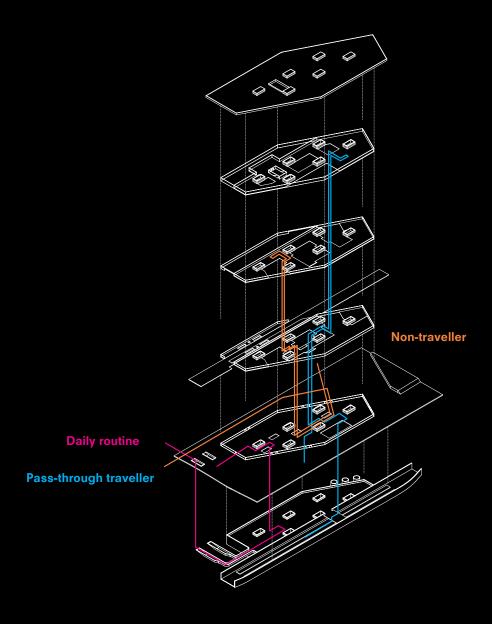


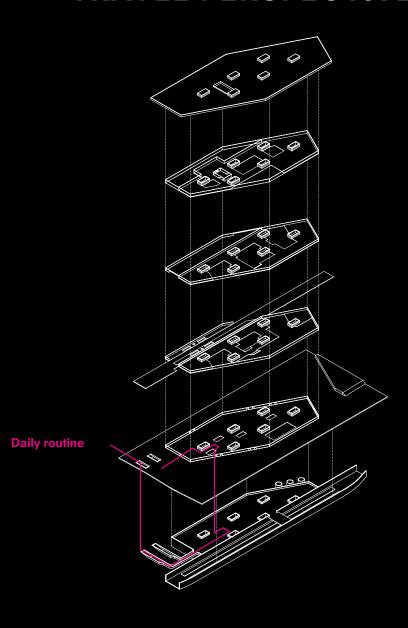
Public accessible roof for the neighbourhood or to relax during travel.

ROOF TERRACE



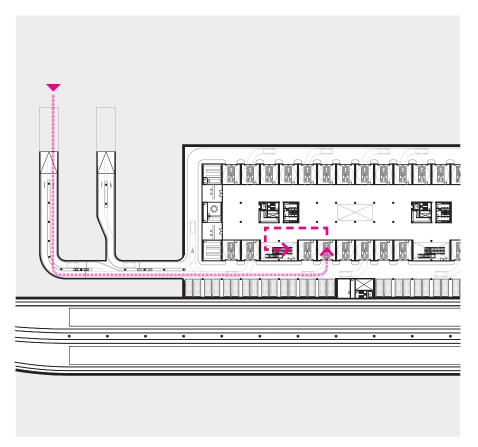
09





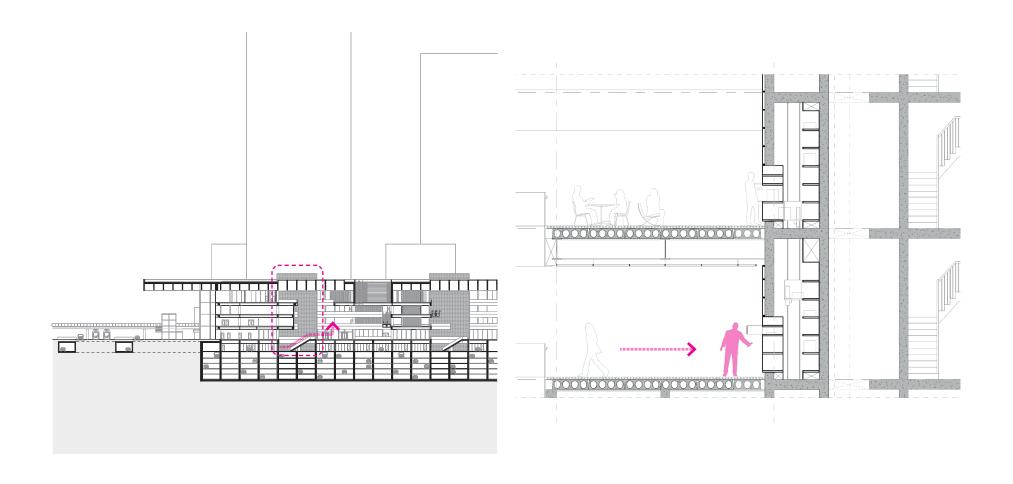


The car traveller arrives at the station after exiting the A100 highway...

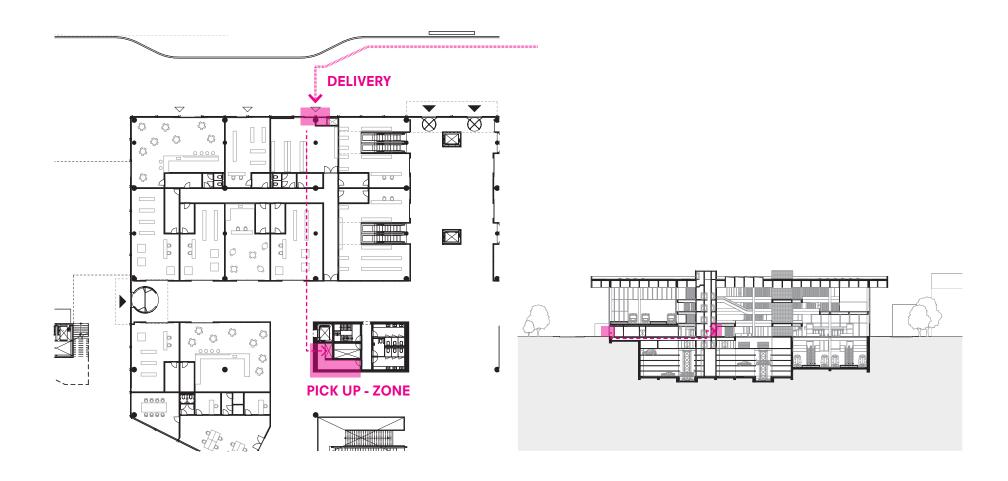




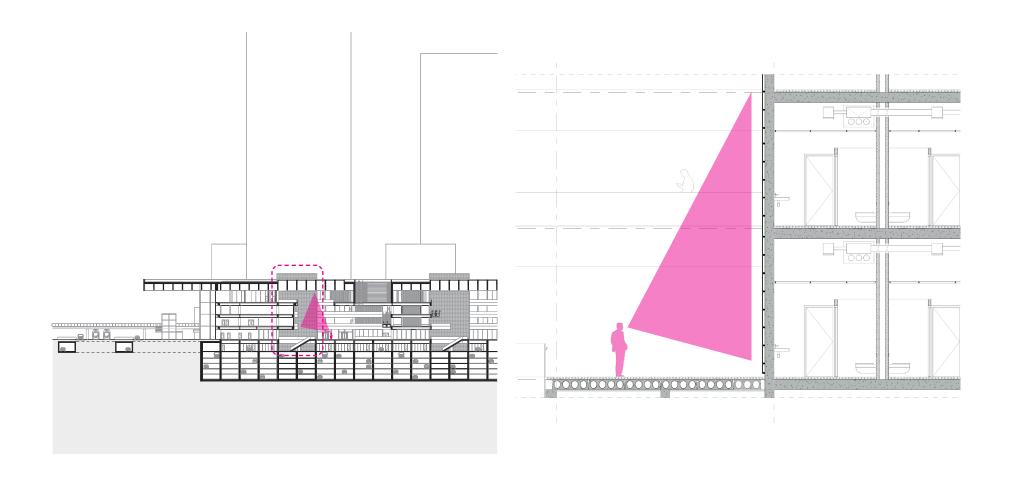
The automated parking facility takes over parking operations and allows cars to be used as a mode of transportation for other users...



After leaving the parking level he walks towards one of the building service cores. Here he picks up his breakfast which was delivered based on his time of arrival...

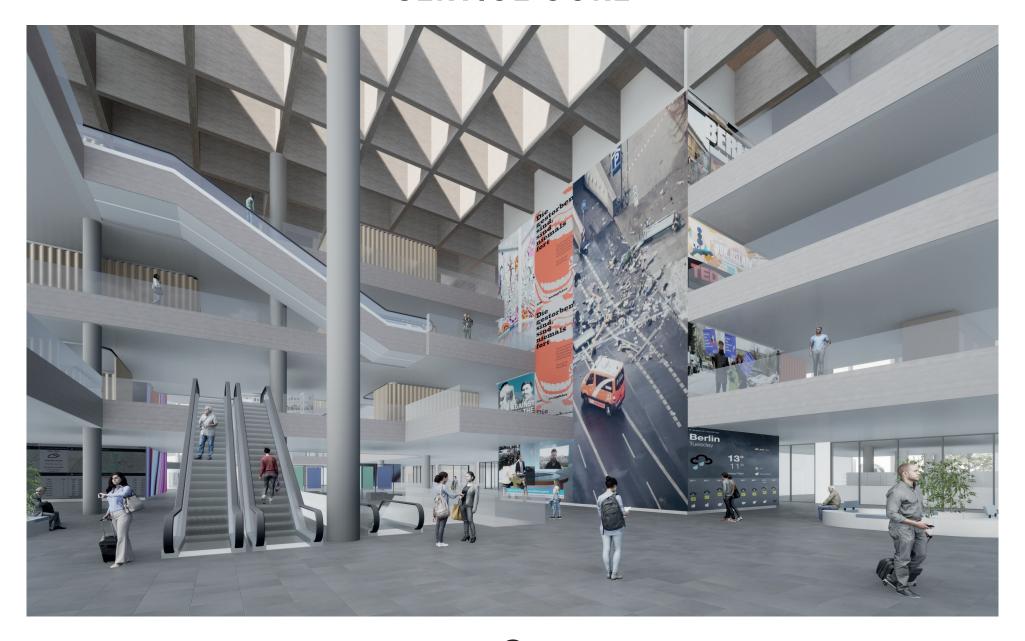


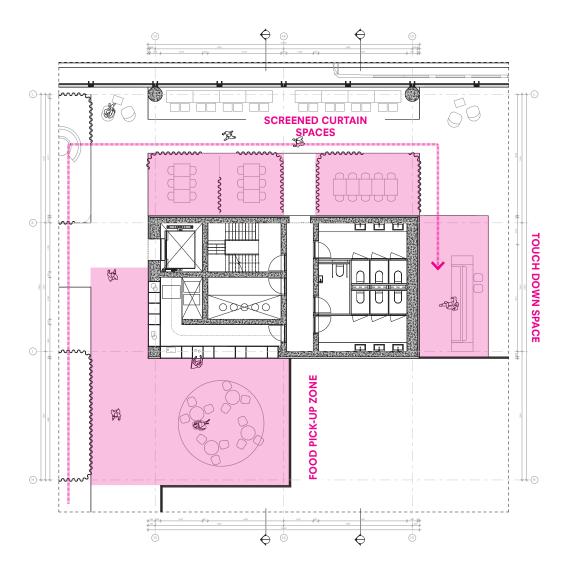
The breakfast was prepared in a café near the station, part of the building's automated delivery programme...



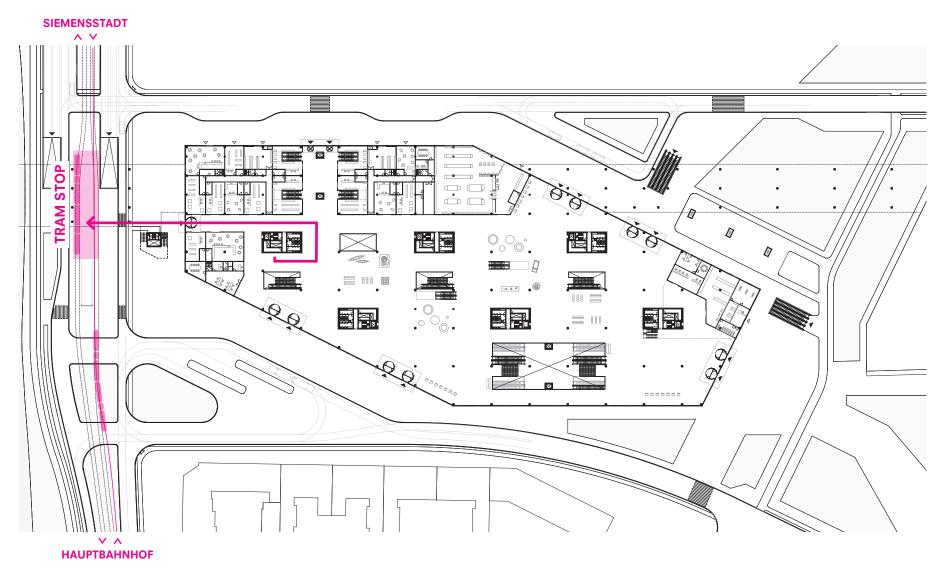
While at the core, the traveller uses the main screen to catch up with the daily news and weather report...

SERVICE CORE

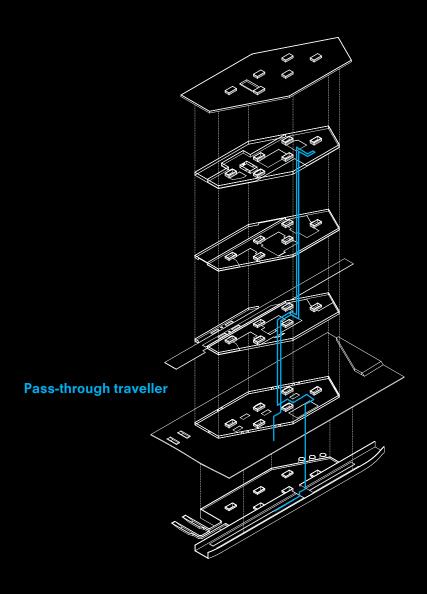




The traveller uses touch-down spaces at the core to connect their phone to the screen to watch his social media...

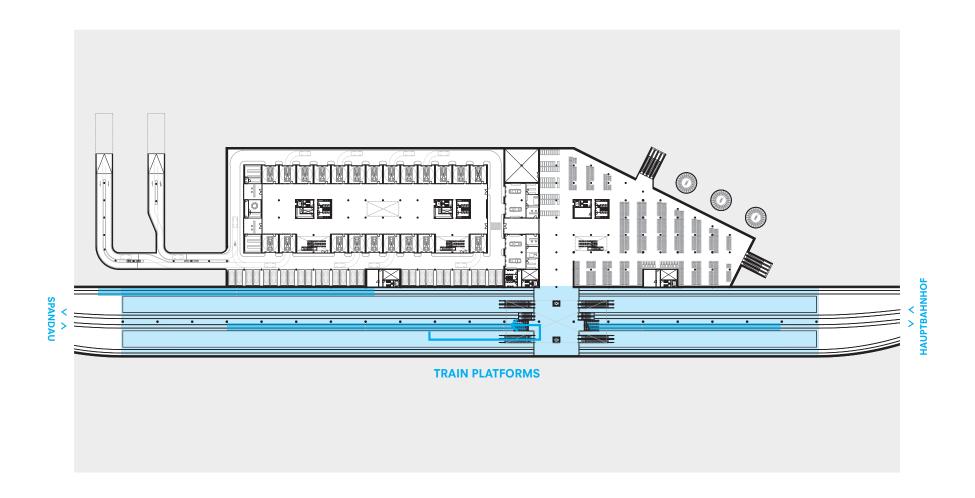


After breakfast, the traveller leaves the building to catch the tram, which rides precisely on time.

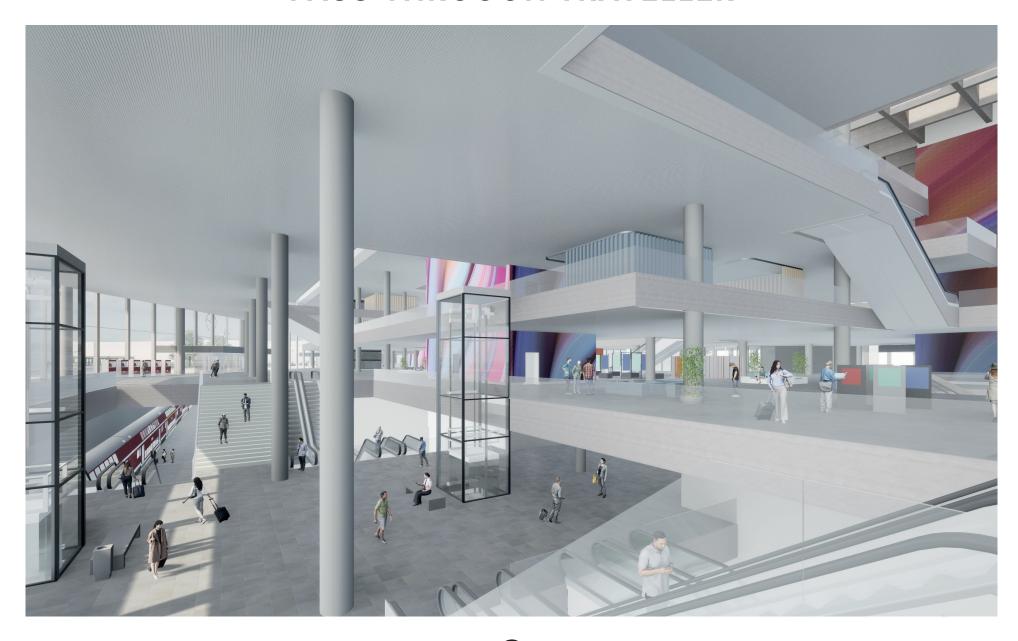


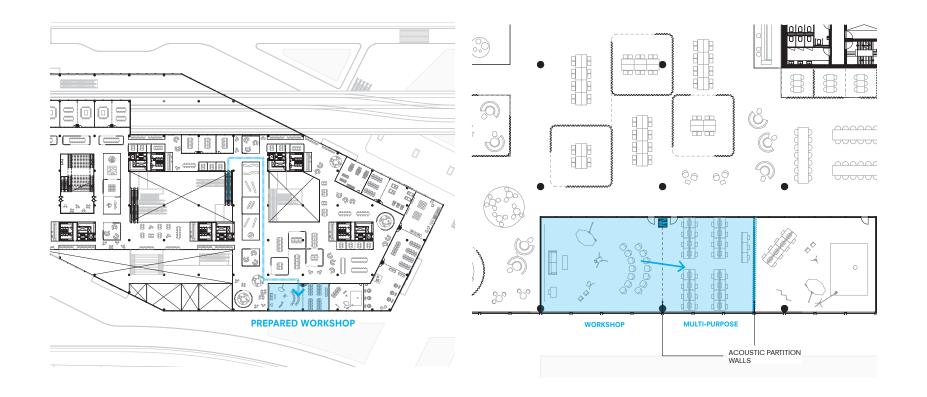


During his journey, the traveller was notified about the station's activities today. The traveller registered for a workshop following his arrival time...



The pass-through traveller arrives by train from outside Berlin...

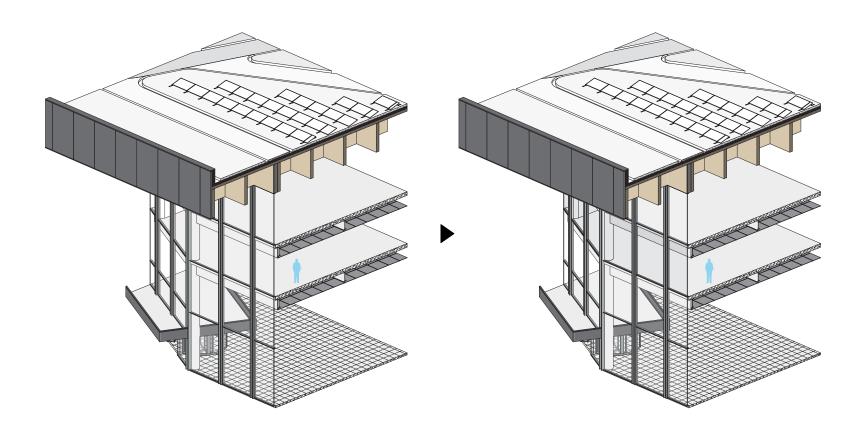




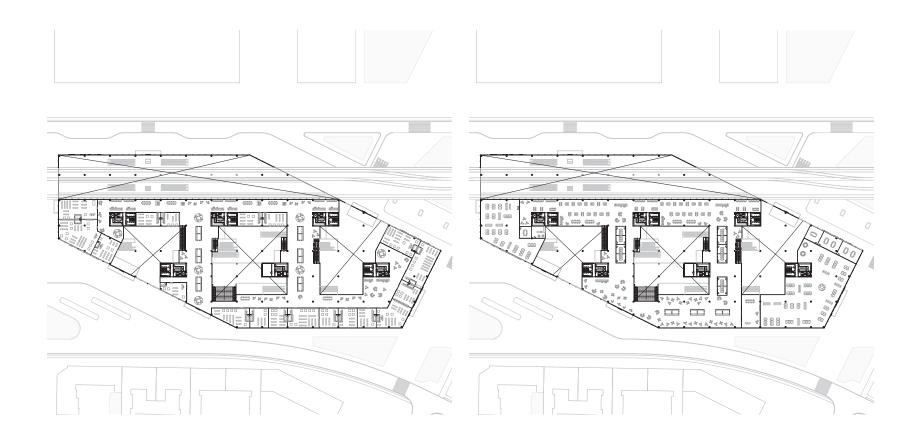
The building reconfigures its layout to provide enough space for the workshop by connecting the adjacent classroom by opening the partition wall...





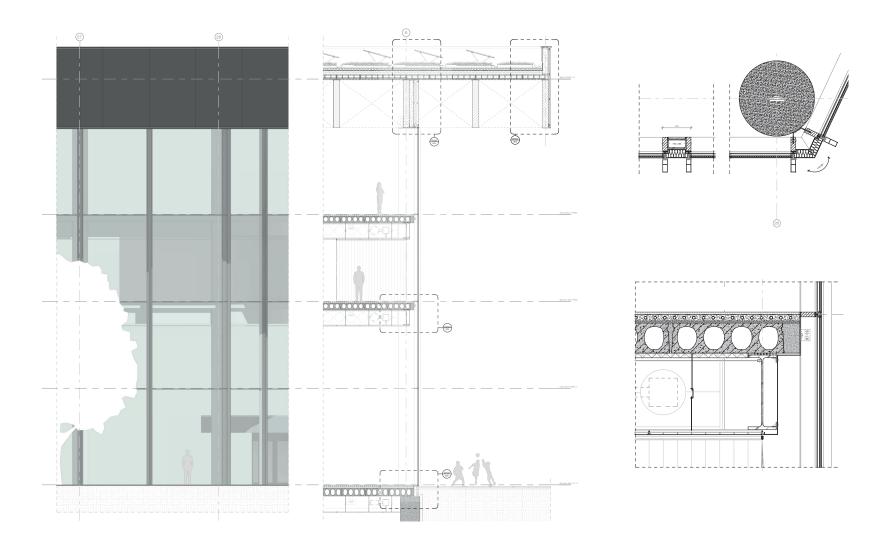


The facade can also be adapted to the use of the space behind it by adjusting the tint of the glass to the desired amount of daylight...



Through its flexible layout. The building can also facilitate other types of program...

FRAGMENT

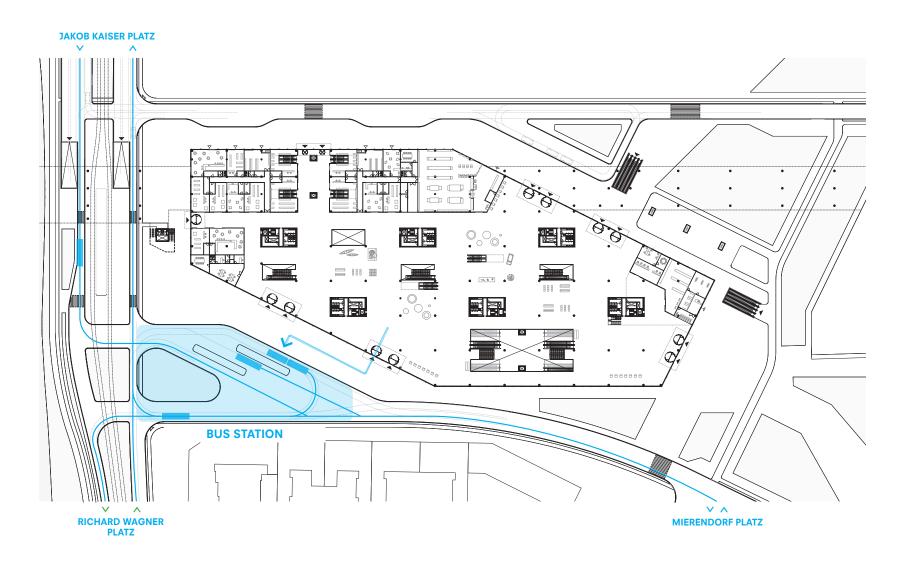


The curtain wall facade maximizes daylight in the building. Also provides configuration of the infill in the future...

CURTAIN WALL FACADE

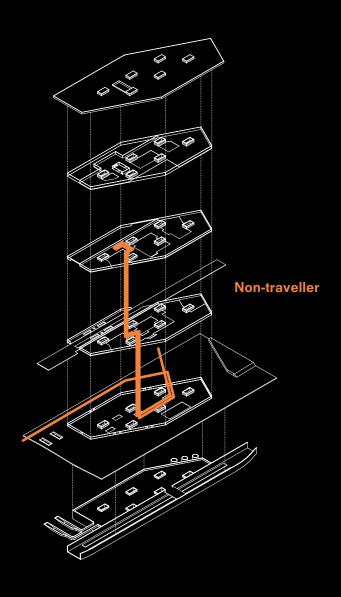


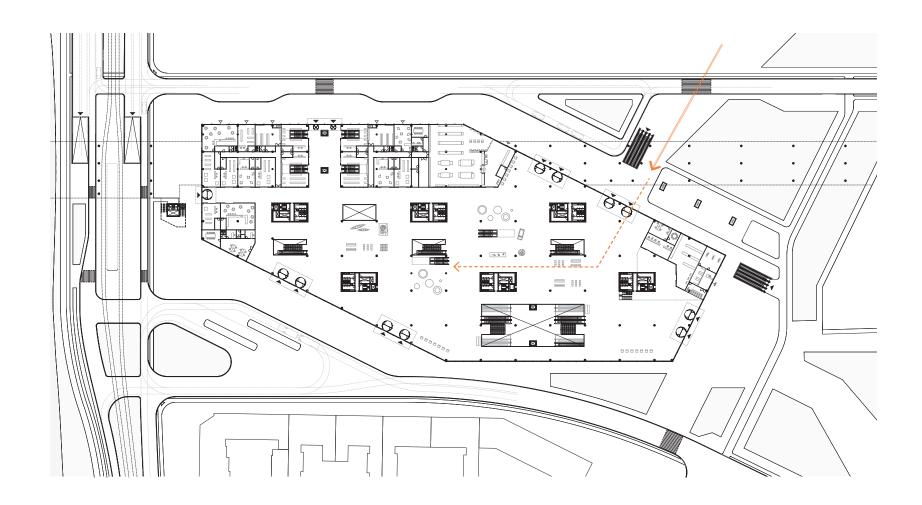
PASS-THROUGH TRAVELLER



After the workshop the pass-trough traveller leaves the building by bus.

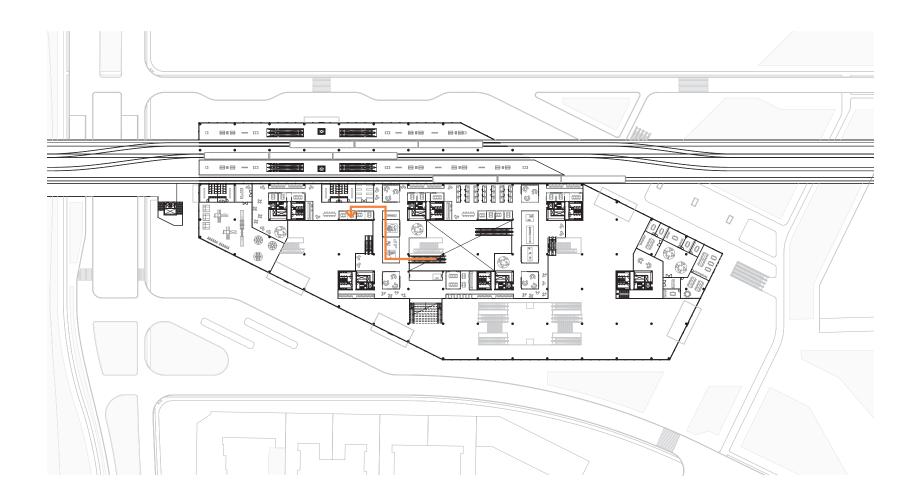
TRAVEL PERSPECTIVES





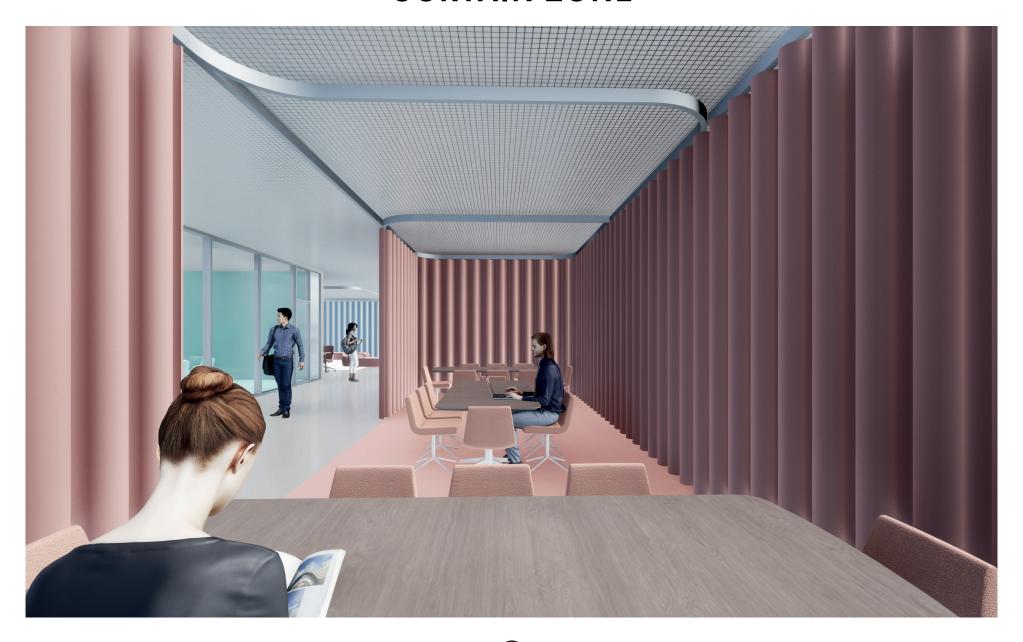
The non-traveller arrives on foot and uses the station during its offpeak hours. They arrive at the building's north entrance...



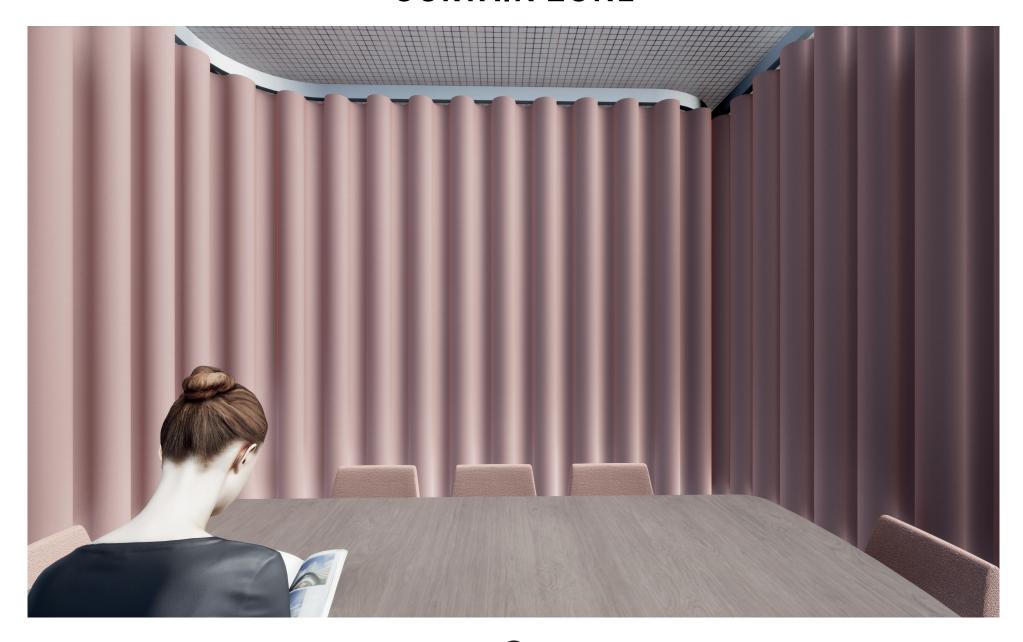


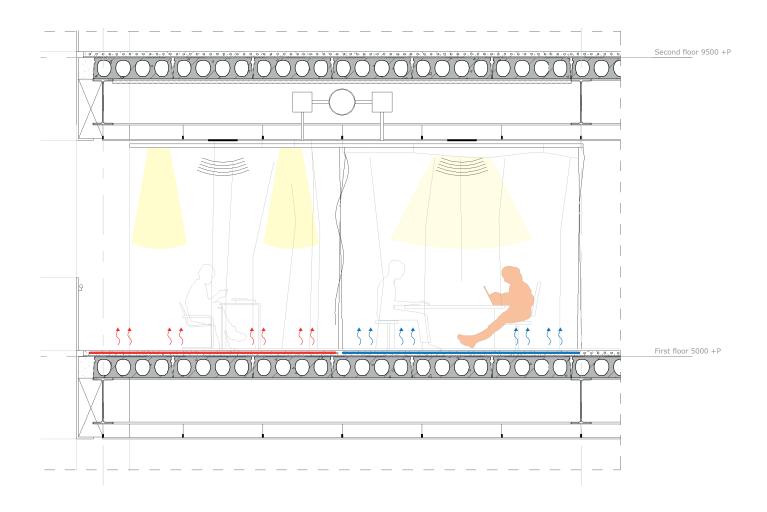
The traveller has an online meeting which he can hold in three different types of workspaces in the building...

CURTAIN ZONE



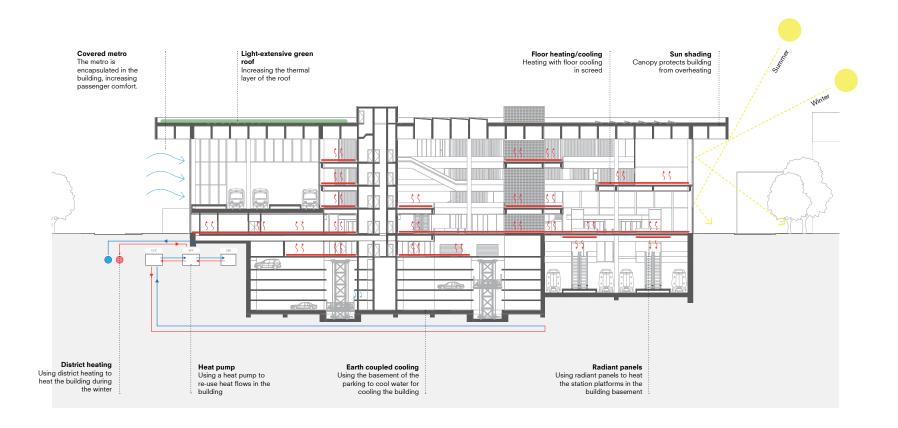
CURTAIN ZONE





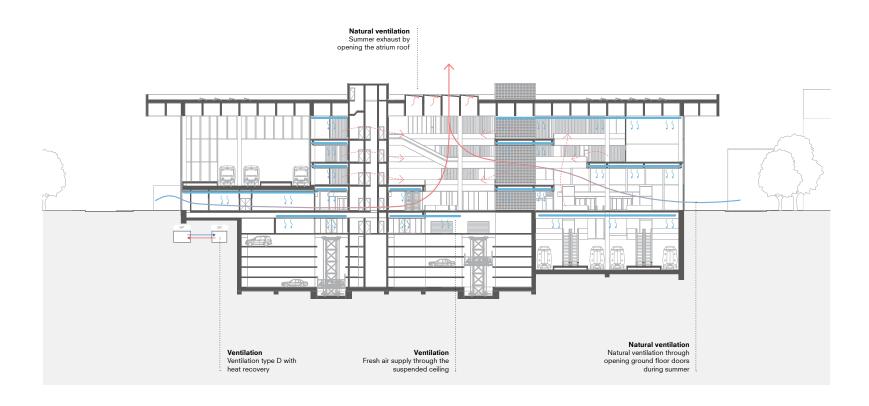
Spot heating and cooling of the space can be controlled, as light intensity, and he can use the sound system...

CLIMATE

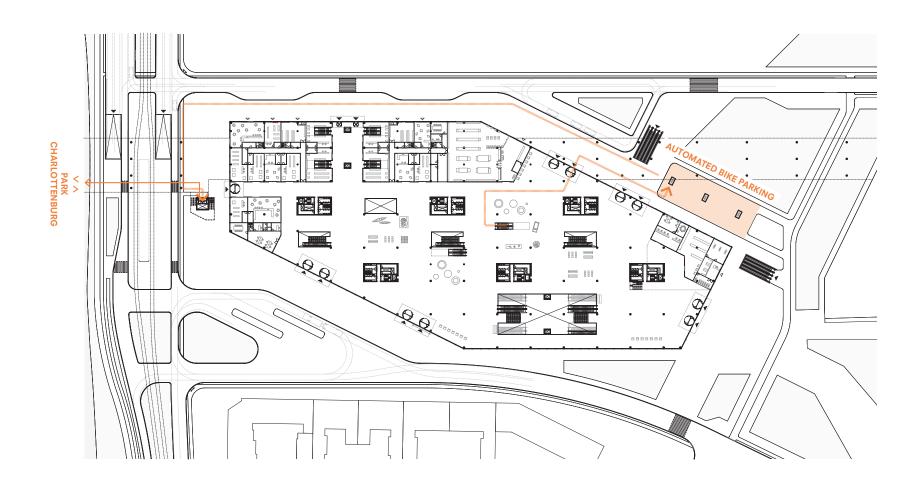


District heating and earth-coupled cooling. Sunshade protects the building from overheating...

VENTILATION



Ventilation from the ceiling of the building. In summer, natural ventilation through the atrium roof...

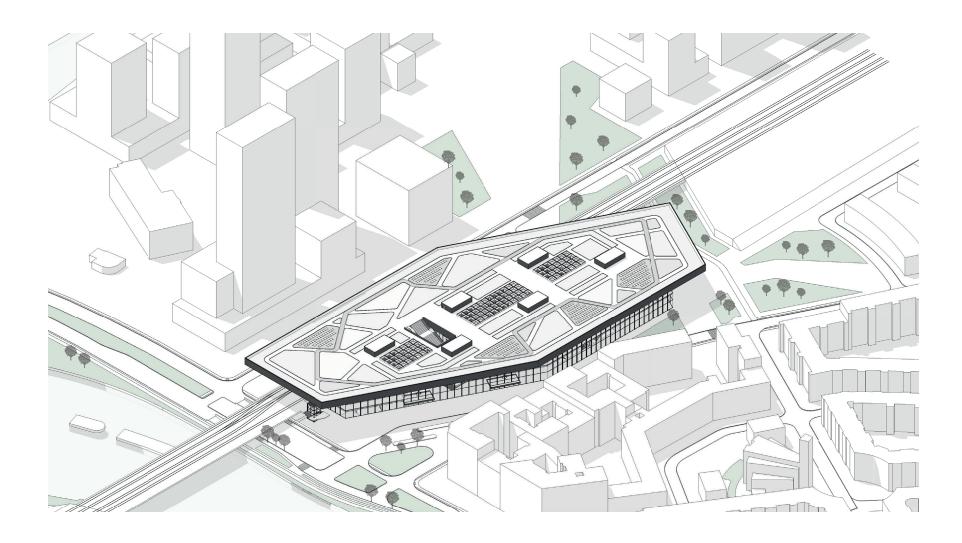


The traveller leaves the station by picking up their bike at the bike rejection pods, cycles towards the bike bridge, and leaves the station area through the adjacent park...

10

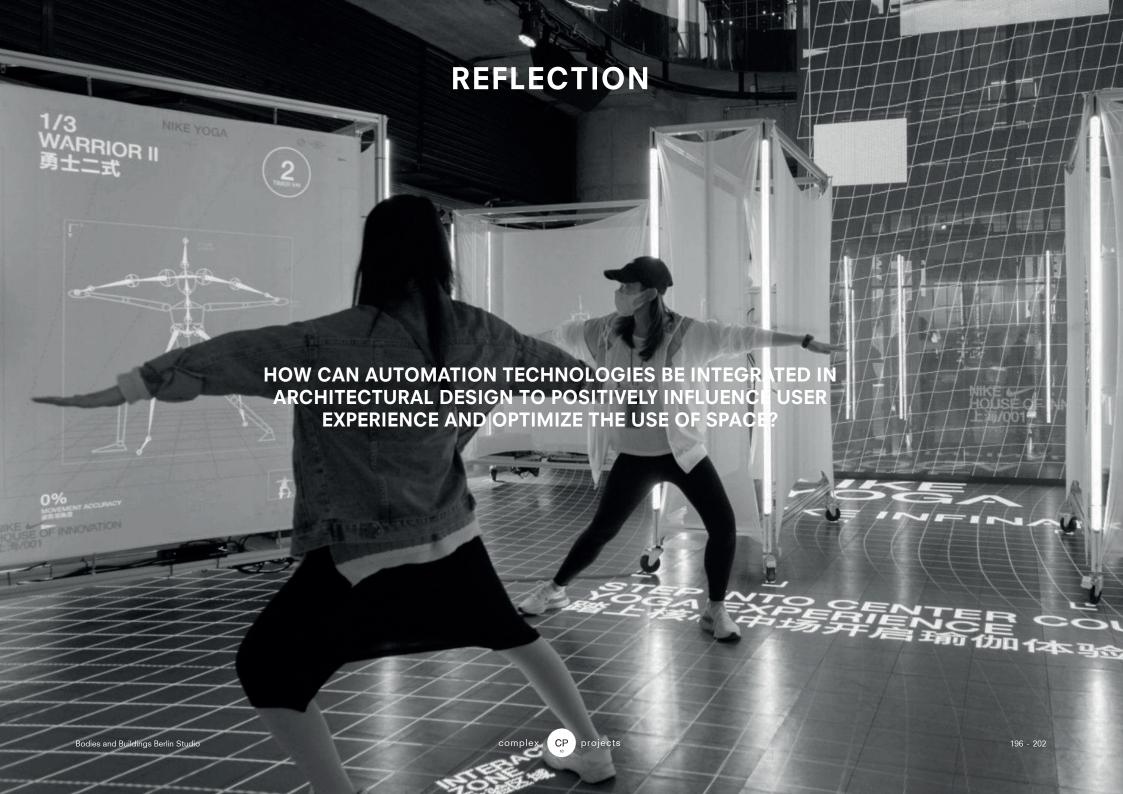
CONCLUSION

DESIGN OVERVIEW



Multimodality Forum

A more service and experience-related approach towards train stations.





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