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Waveguide-based External Cavity Semiconductor Laser Arrays A Smart Optical Systems project

R.M. Oldenbeuving^{1,2*}, Y. Fan², H. Song^{3,4,5}, M. Verhaegen⁴, T. Agbana⁴, G. Schitter⁶, E.J. Klein⁷, C.J. Lee⁸, H.L. Offerhaus¹⁰,
P. D. van Voorst⁹, P.J.M. van der Slot², K.-J. Boller²

¹SATRAX B.V., Enschede, Netherlands

²Laser Physics and Nonlinear Optics, ¹⁰Optical Sciences, MESA⁺ Research Institute for Nanotechnology, University of Twente, Enschede, The Netherlands

³State Key Lab of Modern Optical Instrumentation, ⁵Ocean College, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China

⁴Delft Center for Systems and Control, Delft University of Technology, Delft, The Netherlands

⁶Automation and Control Institute, Vienna University of Technology, Vienna, Austria

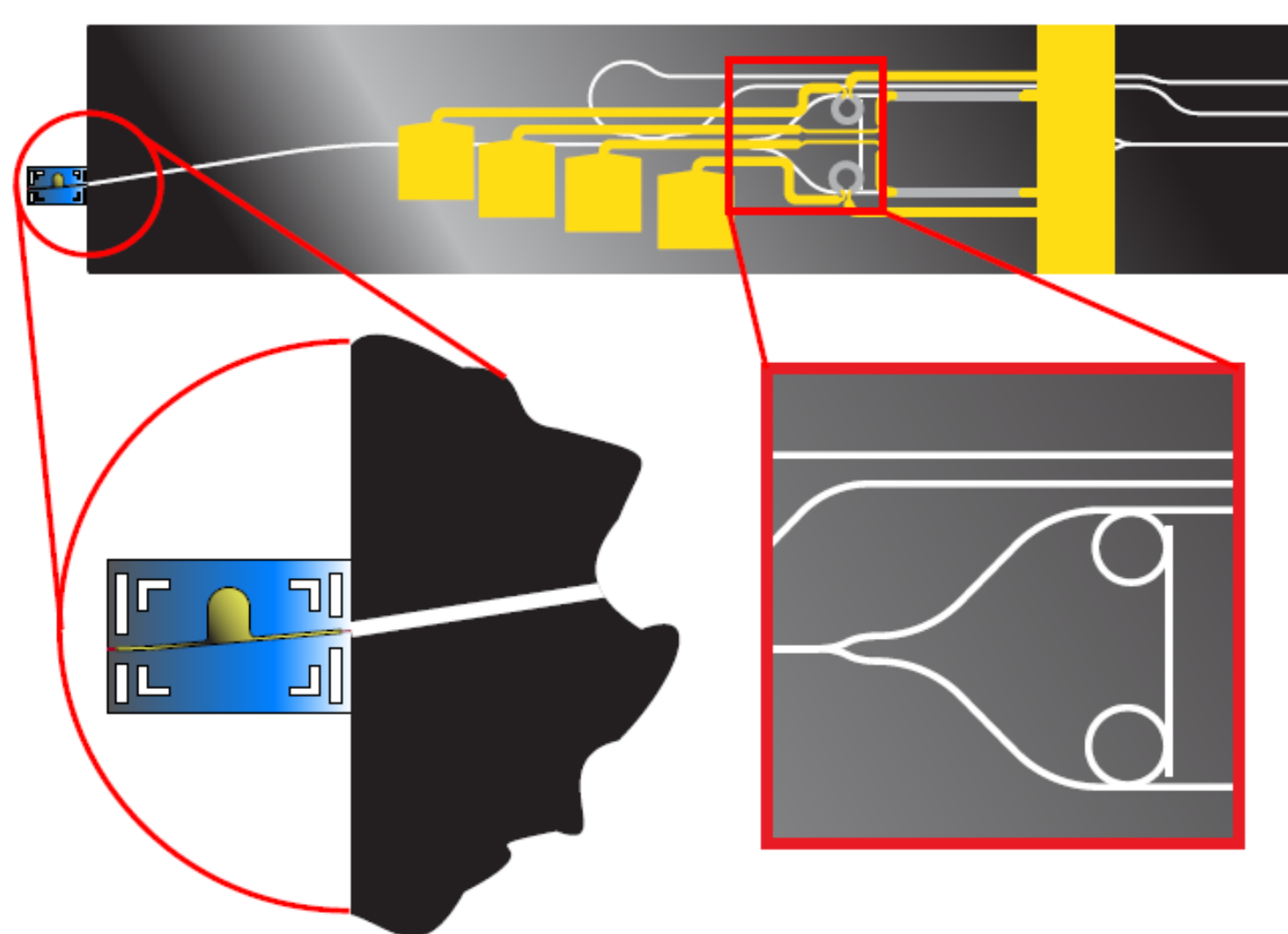
⁷XiO Photonics, Enschede The Netherlands; ⁸FOM Institute DIFFER, Nieuwegein, The Netherlands; ⁹Sensor Sense, Nijmegen, The Netherlands

* corresponding author: r.m.oldenbeuving@satrax.nl

Waveguide based external cavity semiconductor laser (WECSL)

Goal

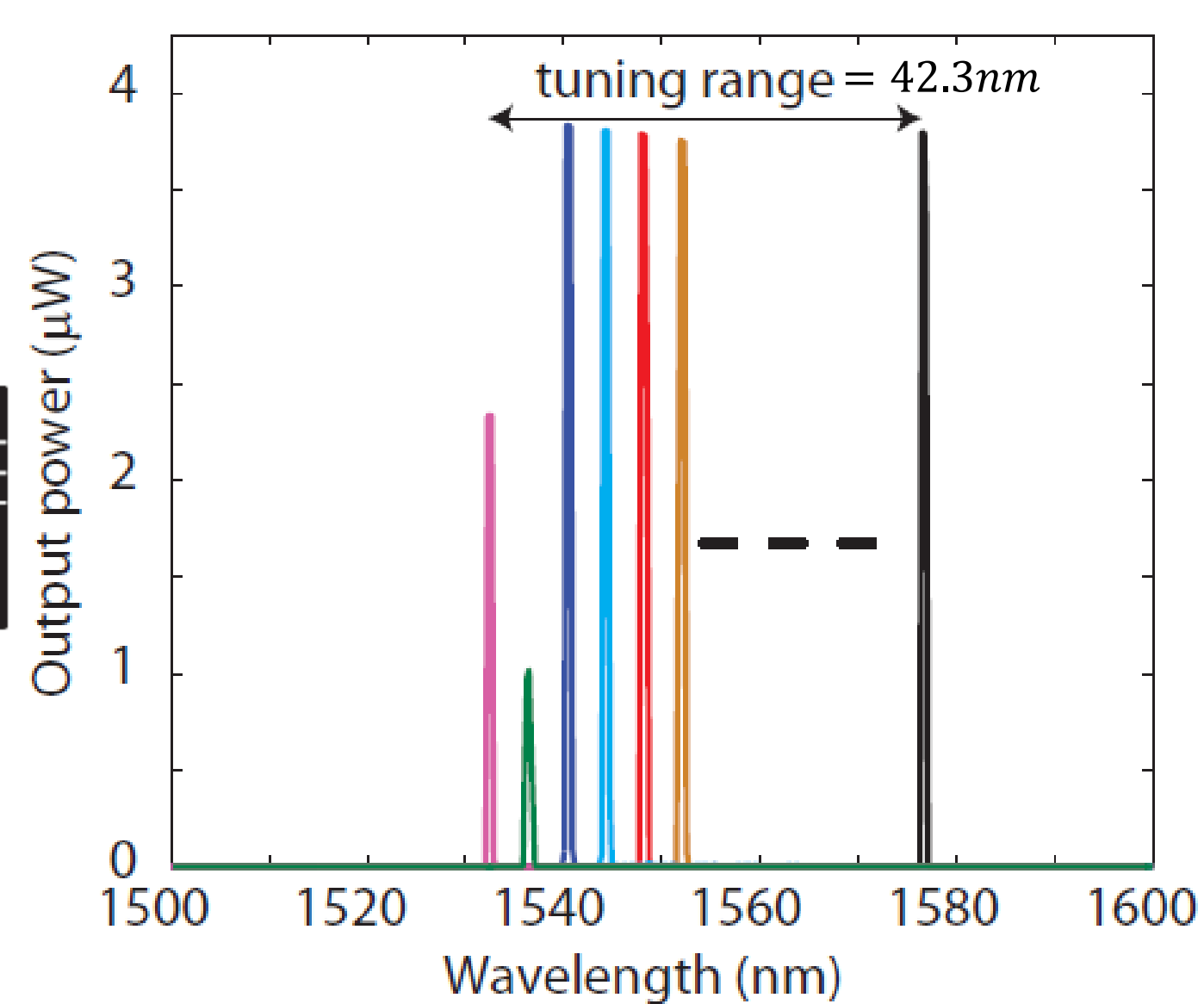
- Widely tunable
- Single longitudinal oscillation
- Narrow linewidth
- Small footprint (~mm²)



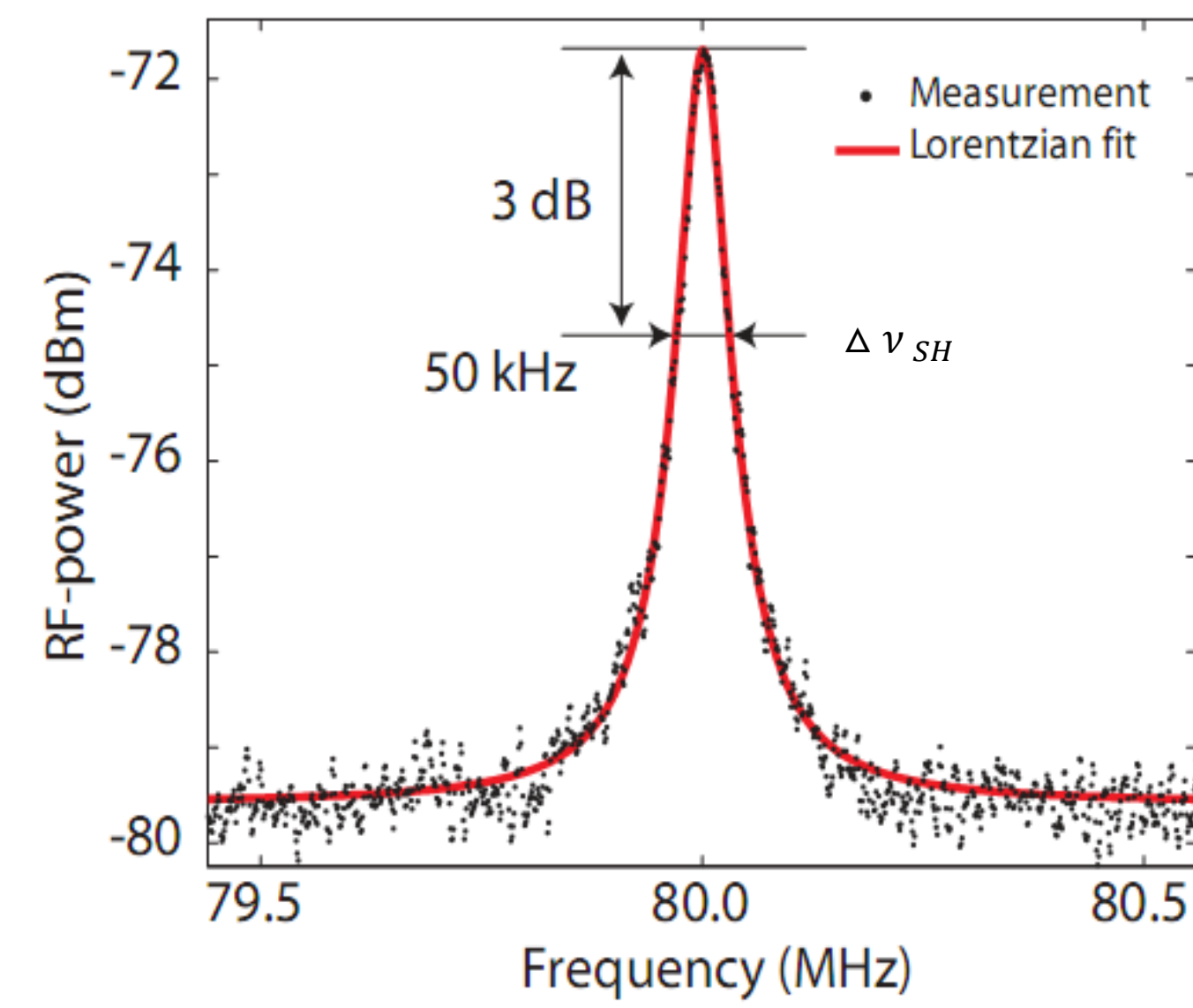
Techniques

- Low loss external waveguide circuit
- Mirror-like device for spectrally filtered feedback (double-ring resonators)
- Hybrid integration of active material (InP) and passive material (Si₃N₄)

Measured tuning WECSL output



Self-heterodyne measurement of line width

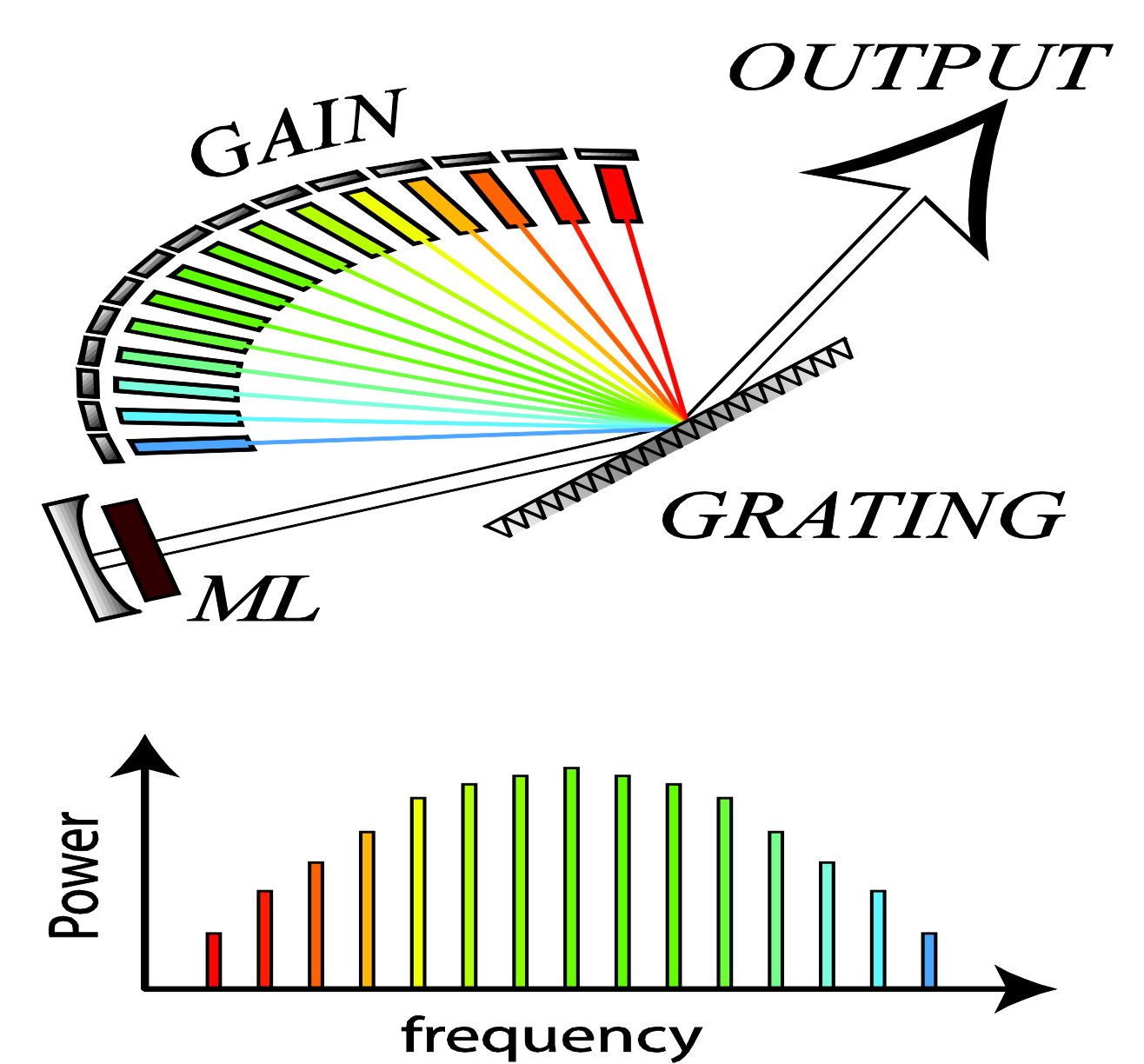


- Very narrow linewidth achieved
- $$\Delta \nu = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \nu_{SH} = 25 \text{ kHz}$$

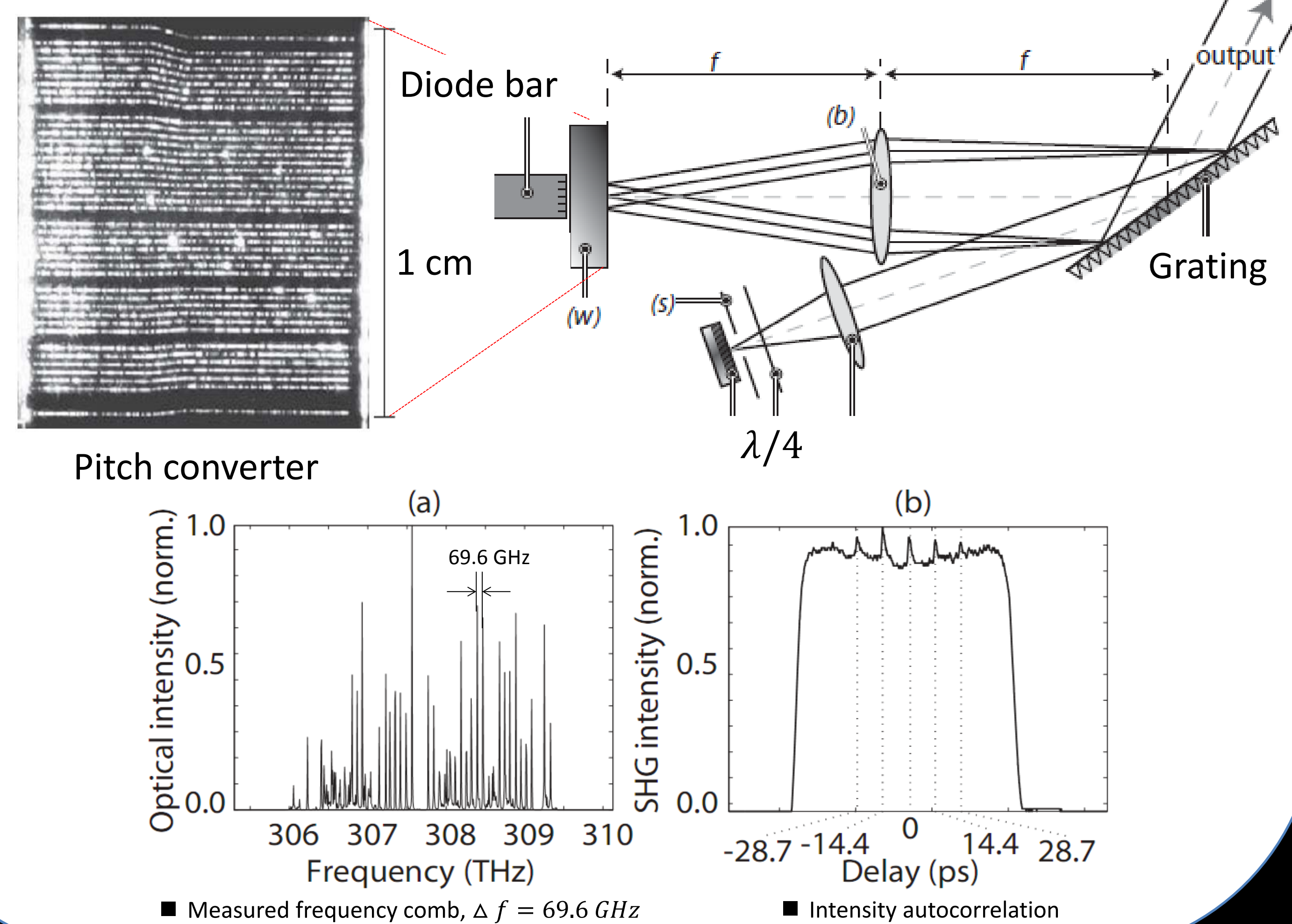
Separate gain (SEGA) mode locking

Goal

- High repetition rate mode locked laser
- More elements = Higher output power
- Broader spectrum = reduced pulse duration



Experiment setup



Injection locking of a WECSL

Goal

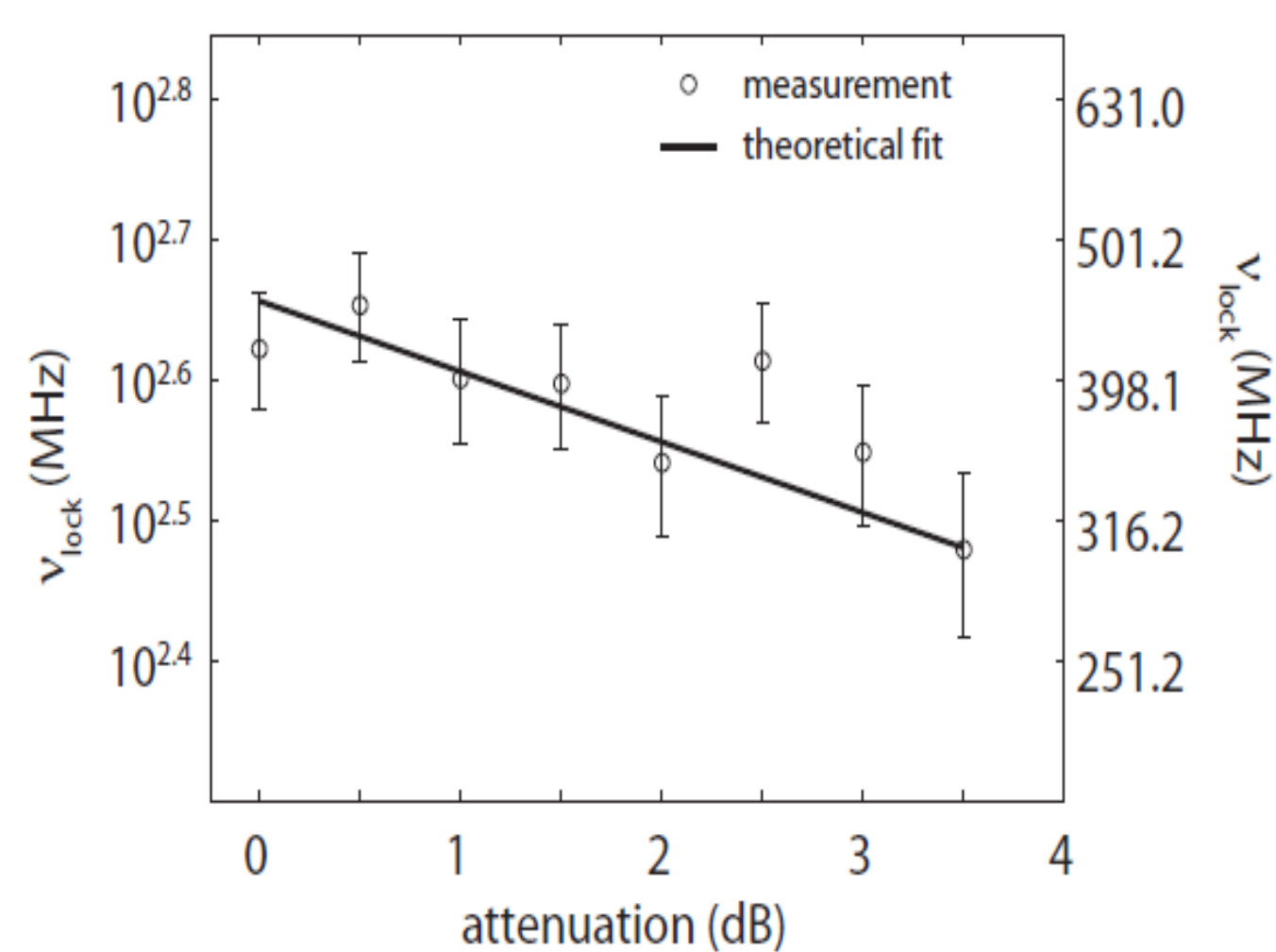
- Investigate the potential to build WECSL arrays with locked frequency and phase
- Verify injection locking as a tool to measure the Q-factor of complicated cavity with unknown losses.

Theory

- When subject to light injection from a Master laser, the frequency of the Slave laser could be locked within the range

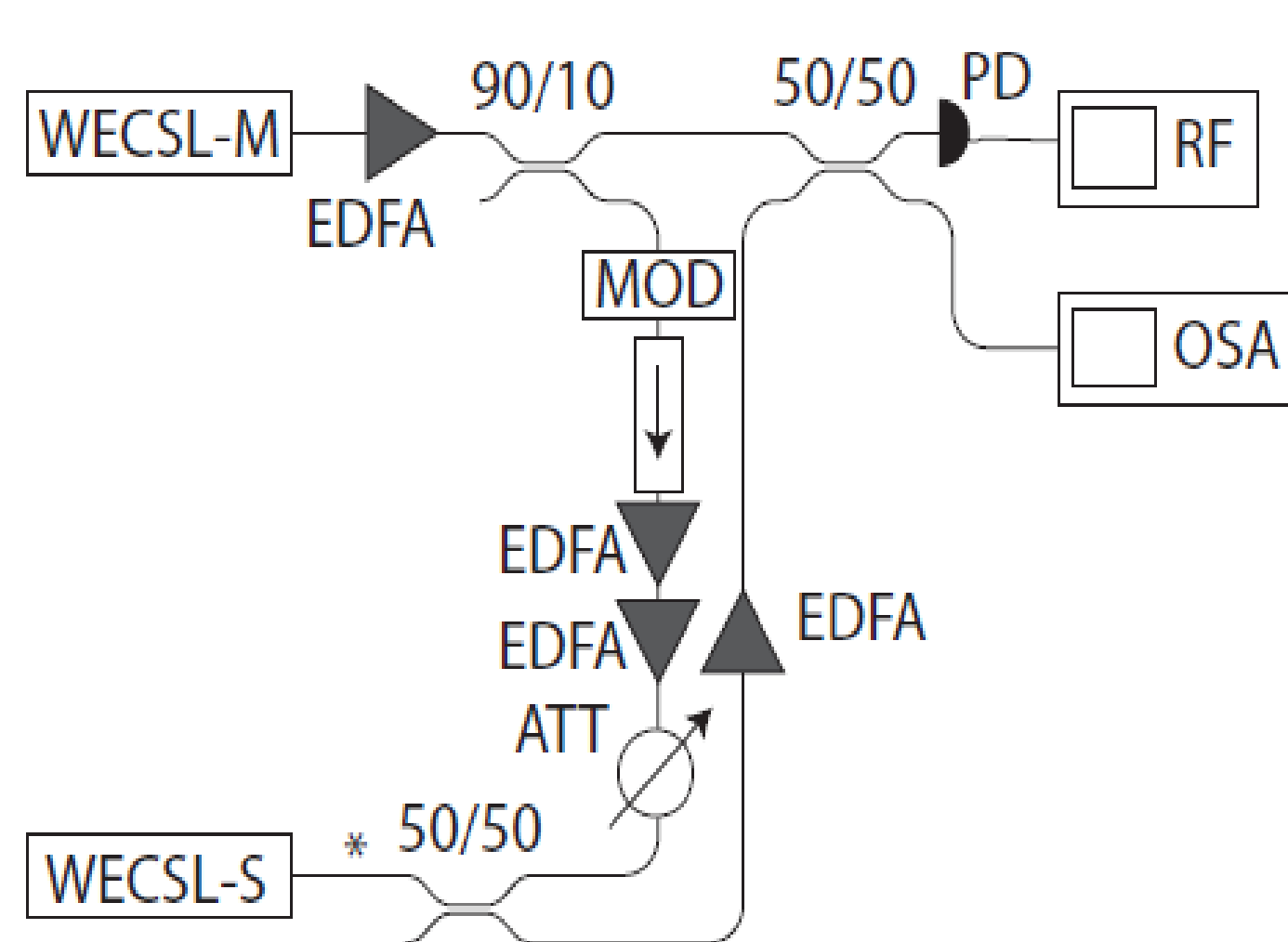
$$\nu_{lock} = \frac{\nu_{SL}}{Q} \sqrt{\frac{P_i}{P_{SL}}}$$

Main result



- Successful injection locking observed
- Estimated Q-factor = 7.7 · 10⁴
- Q-factor inferred from measured WECSL linewidth = 1.5 · 10⁵

Experiment setup



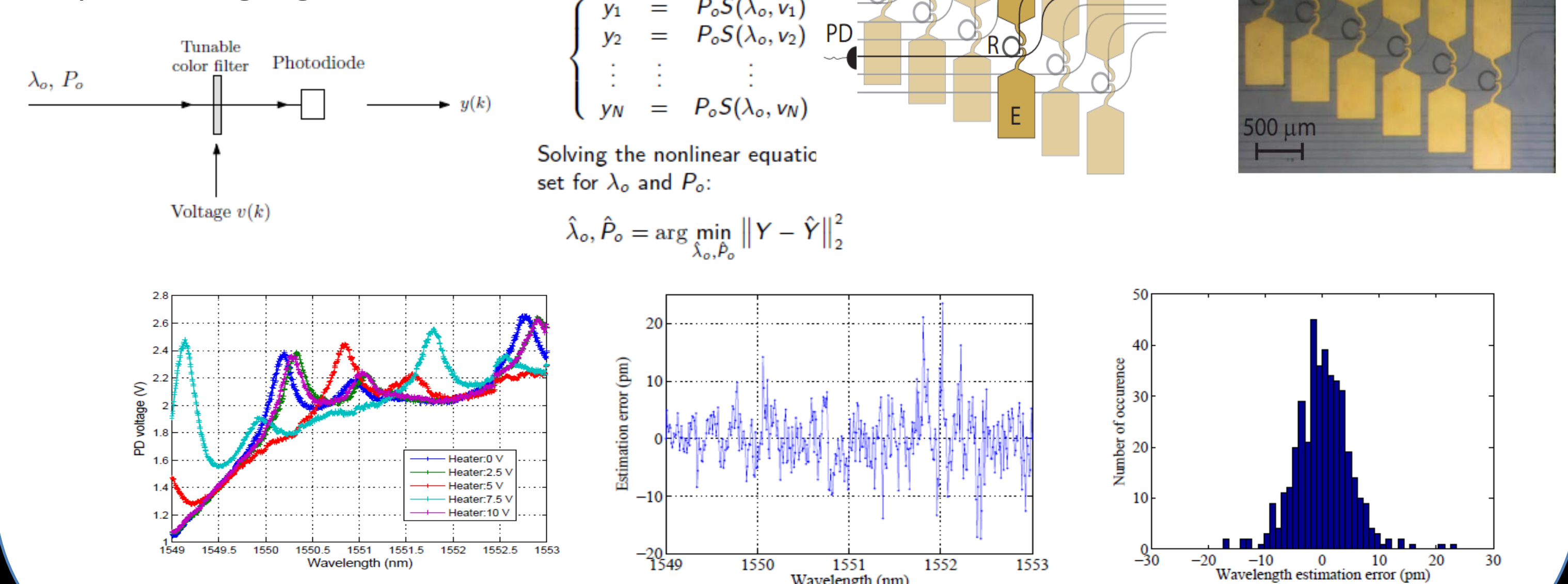
High precision wavelength estimation

Goal

- Accurate wavelength monitoring devices for all integrated optics

Method

- Measuring detected signal from voltage tunable microring resonator + smart signal processing algorithm



- Spectral sensitivity by voltage tuning the microring resonator

- Wavelength estimation of high precision

- Histogram of the wavelength estimation error