LIVING ARCHIVE

TRANSCALAR (DIS)ORDER OF TREE DEBRIS IN THE LAKE GATUN

Augusta Fiseryte 5569982

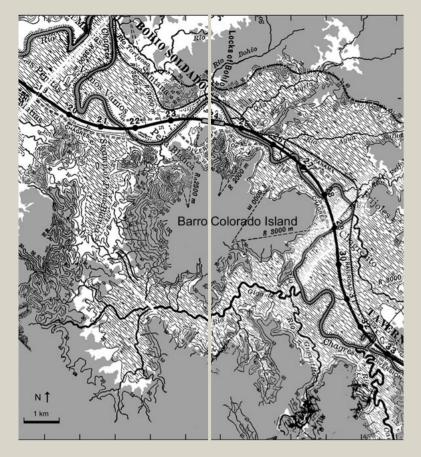
TU Delft

Borders & Territories Transient Liquidities along the New Silk Road III



Mentors: Negar Sanaan Bensi Pierre Jennen Oscar R.G. Rommens









Historic archives of Barro Colorado Island

Low Gatun water level in the past year unfolded tree trunk debris that emerged from the water's surface, informing about the past forest existence. Waterlogged timber remains a witness object of the past, which is absorbed and preserved in the water body that was flooded over a hundred years ago. As Carse revisits Panama Canal's environmental history at Gatun Lake, it becomes intriguing to revisit the matters of time and scale of the events that affected the pressure and change of waterlogged timber that is sunk in the lake. The view of the Lake creates a sense of sublime

and simultaneously undresses the fragility of the past that existed before the current body of water. The emergence of a gigantic creature of mankind, the Panama Canal, changed the morphology of the place, overlooking the outskirts. Although, Panama Canal demanded highly advanced machinery to create a physical division, nature adapted to the new conditions, as if previous ecology never existed. "Why did Panama's transit zone, a region with a long human history, appear more natural to many visitors and recent settlers during and after canal construction?"

Photograph of Gatun Lake, Panama

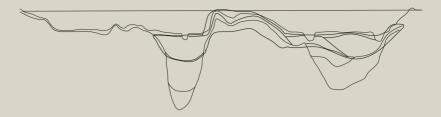


Barro Colorado
Island is one of
the examples of a
Secondary Forest
that grew after
the Panama Canal
Zone excavations
and after the Lake
Gatun flood. It
is currently the
most popular
island for scientific
investigations.

Satelite image of Barro Colorado Island



Cross Section of Panama Canal



Topology highlighting Panama Canal zone and ship route trajectory



1:50000 1:500000

The paper explores a multiscalar methodology to investigate the material and the aftermath of the material in a series and scales of events. This method employs the matters of time, space, and agency.

CRITICAL TRANSCALARITY

Time, space, and agency are three fundamentals that are considered in the analysis and are sliced into three other main phases. Each phase is responsible for a certain cluster of scales.

Time is divided into "Then"as it unfolds the history of the event, "Now" is a current state/ norm, or it informs about the past, and "Tomorrow" is the intention, planning for the upcoming/ new.

Space is divided into "Micro"as the study of the material through a microscopic lens, "Meso" is seen as a naturalistic exploration without specialized equipment or tools, and "Macro" is explored as a collection of data through a satellite lens and national or international database of the landscape.

Agency measurement explores how human agency intervenes through matters of time and space by "Collecting" data, "Witnessing" data, and creating new proposed data.

3rd SCALE

It addresses established Micro and Macro constructs and enhances the literacy of the site into a third, mediating scale.

One of the ways to understand such scale and its qualities could be discussed through our intersection of everyday life, ethics, and our relationship with the world, as Jane Bennett suggests in her book "The Enchantment of Modern Life". She would argue that the material world would

maintain a sense of agency and vitality, which would lead us to further observations of the atmosphere and our experience in it. This kind of methodology of observation would involve using the unaided human senses such as vision, touch, smell, and sound - to perceive and understand objects, and environments in their 'natural' state and scale. It's the kind of observation we engage in normally without specialized equipment or tools. Such an approach

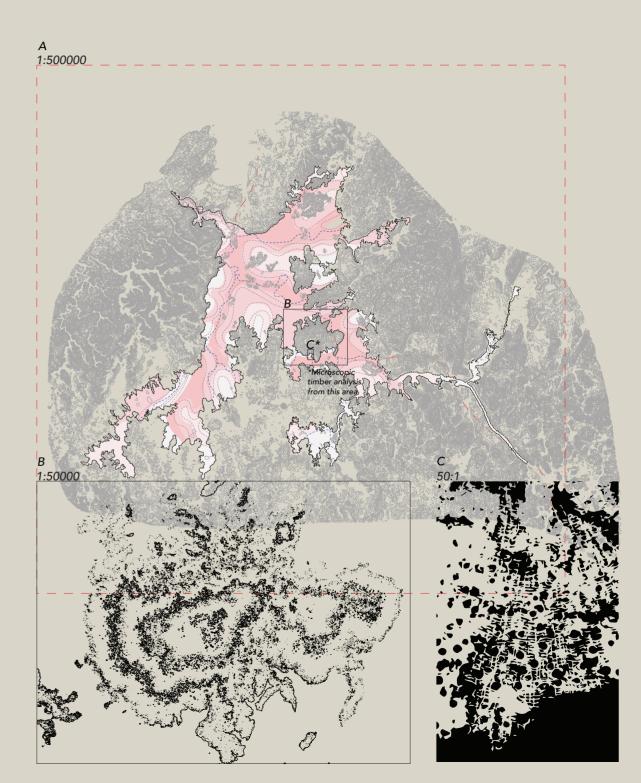
would rather be used in

science, and art.

psychology, biology, ecology,

anthropology, environmental

It illustrates the third scale, a scale that is appropriate to experience the data of the environment.





Photograph of Gatun Lake shoreline, Panama

Irene Kopelman, an artist known for her exploration of natural phenomena and scientific research through art, often delves into the idea of presenting objects without a defined context or reference point. Her work frequently involves drawing and representing elements from nature without specific scales or contextual clues, emphasizing the importance of the observer's point of reference in understanding the object or phenomenon. "Drawing inevitably prompts one to think about its different functions and forms: drawing as a medium, as a representation, as means of observation; as a way of relating landscape, to things, to knowledge."

While sketching tree objects from the Barro Colorado Island, located in Lake Gatun, Kopelman highlights the powerfulness of drawing as a method to research and analyze the object and the state of objectification. Such methodologies may vary between different specialists simply because they might have different points of interest that they aim to explore in the same piece of object. "Drawing can be a means to train the eye, to see - but not objectively per se. That's what distinguishes the artist from a scientific draftsman."











Human eye

Google maps (satellite)

Google maps (satellite) N

Microscope

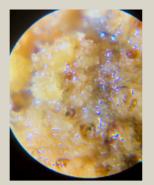
Learning the site through satellite lens, human eye lens and microscopic lens

MODI OPERANDI EXERCISE I











































Analysis of material entanglements: wood, water, salt

MODI OPERANDI EXERCISE II

One of the aims of multi-scalar methodology is to find persistent care and scrutiny in gathering things. This implies the careful gathering of the past or sincere experiencing of the present but with the notion of scale, which defines how deep it delves into the contextual matter. In Astrida Neimanis' "Bodies of Water: Posthuman Feminist Phenomenology, "sensitivity is a crucial aspect linked to her exploration of the entanglements between bodies, water, and the environment through a posthuman feminist lens. Neimanis reiterates the sensitivity by emphasizing the interconnectedness and interdependence between human and non-human entities. Therefore, the overlay of the past and present, micro, meso, and macro can help us create a

more considerable and critical gathering of details that later informs and leads us to our present and future agency.

Waterlogged timber in this case becomes a material for our use, for space, structure, beauty, and trade. It becomes an example of a long-processed substance that is taken by humans and modified into new forms of life. Maybe long-lasting, high-quality furniture in this case is all we need?

Overlaying scales and matters of time we can learn to be more critical, and evaluate our contribution the space.

MANIFESTO

Living Archive an extension to Barro Colorado Island for Smithsonian Institute researchers. A new visiting space for local communities



Living Archive responds to isolation

- It frames a piece of Gatun
 Lake, bordering Barro
 Colorado Island's shore.
 It challenges Barro
 Colorado Island's physical
 (surrounded by water) and
 functional (dedicated island
 for scientific purposes)
 isolation and allows its
 borders to be transgressed by
 visitors.
- 3. It responds to a social exclusivity, which has been inherited through the island's set of rules, regarding social status, gender, and literacy.
 4. It connects scientific knowledge to an applied practice, through spatial experiences and interactions.

Living Archive responds to scale

- 1. It addresses established Micro and Macro constructs and enhances the literacy of the site into a third, mediating scale.
- 2. It illustrates the third scale, a scale that is appropriate to experience the data of the environment.
- 3. It mediates between Micro and Macro worlds, through a structural assemblage of capillarity, density, and porosity.
- 4. It reacts to the microscopic significance of flora and reveals its operation to visitors.

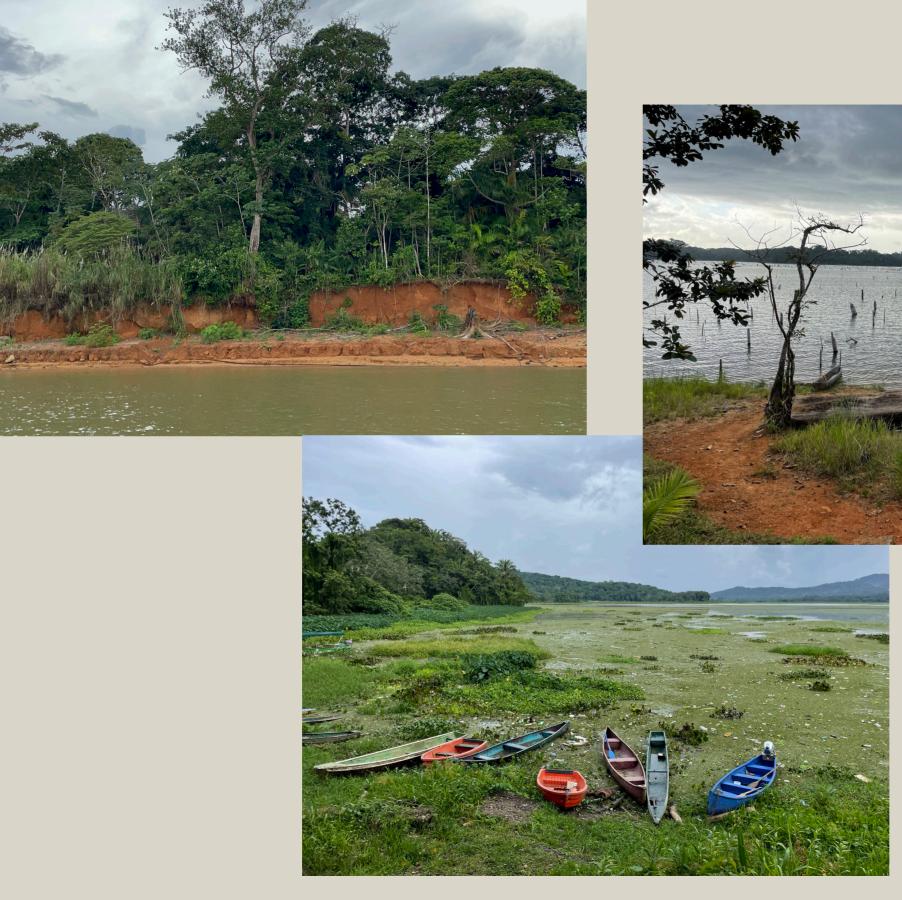
5. It reveals the site's morphology through the curating of the materials and their interaction with fluctuating liquid and dry environments.

Living Archive responds to place

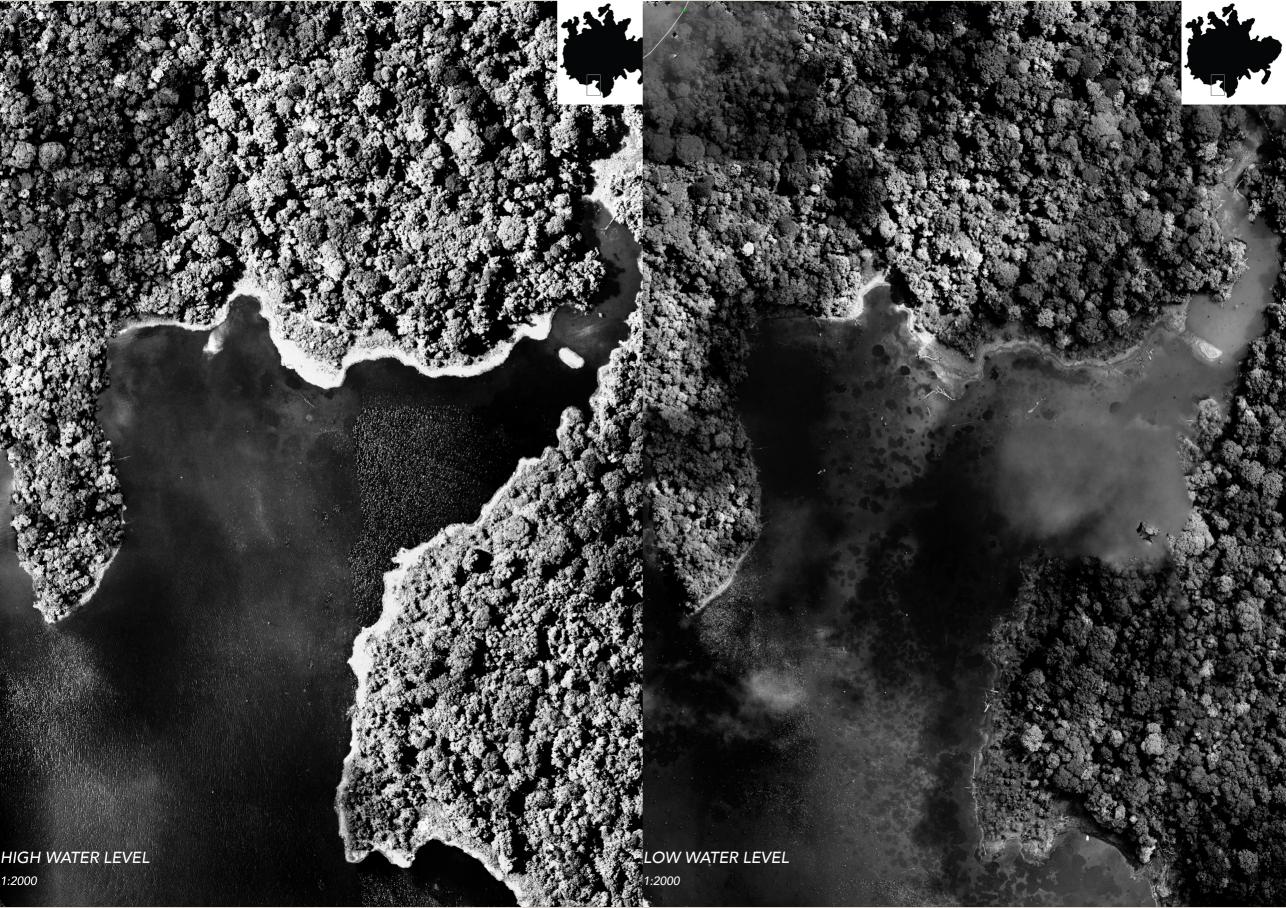
- 1. It assembles a series of spaces that have a logic to reveal ecological conditions and non-remote sensing experiences.
- 2. It reveals the vertical and horizontal qualities of the surrounding embedded materialities.
- 3. It acts as a palimpsest, created through the sculpting of the land.
- 4. It responds to fluctuating lake tides, washing the Barro Colorado coast.
- 5. It creates a healing bridge between the surrounding ecology and a human being.

Living Archive responds to time

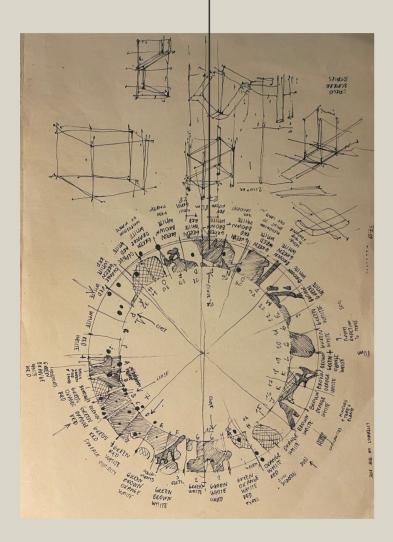
- 1. It invites visitors to stay for an extended time to stop and notice a change, and explore the qualities of the place.
- 2. It documents surrounding natural phenomena through time, by archiving its presence and the future.
- 3. It enhances the cyclicities and temporalities of the environment, appropriating its presence into a third scale.



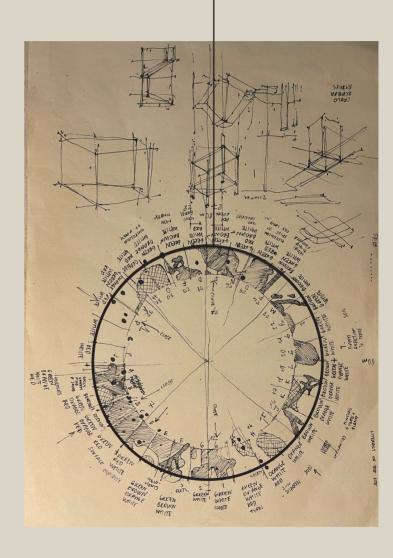




Analytical sketch introducing program based on the Gatun Lake site condition. Site flora that belongs inside the structure will be observed and connected with the architectural space.

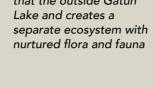


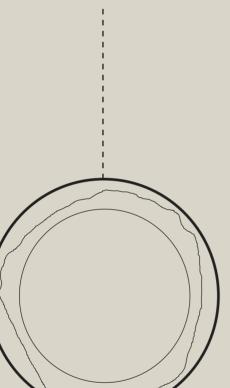
Highlight of the wall, which separates inside water system from the outside water. Wall protects inside system from salts, 'polluting' Panama Canal with the ocean water



Macro agency

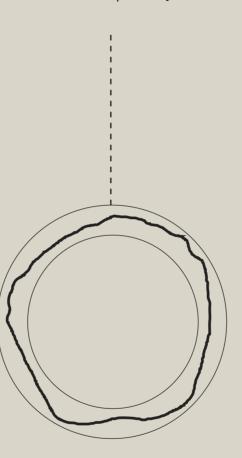
Water inside structure becomes more purified that the outside Gatun





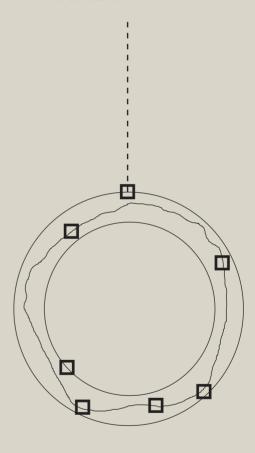
Meso agency

Mediating path inside structure, which provides access for a person to walk, experience the inside ecosystem of Gatun Lake and learn algae, trees and water animals personally



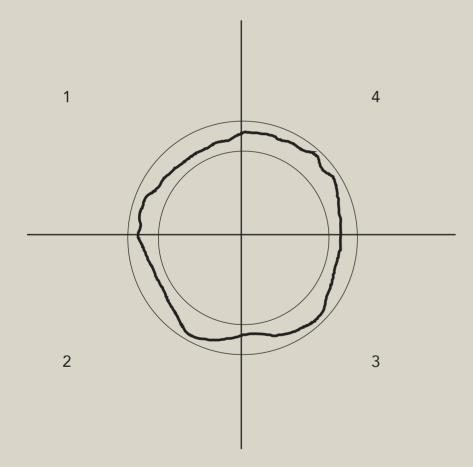
Micro agency

Material changes of the structure in contact with water and two separated water systems, the difference of water plants and difference of salination, accumulation of salts outside the structure

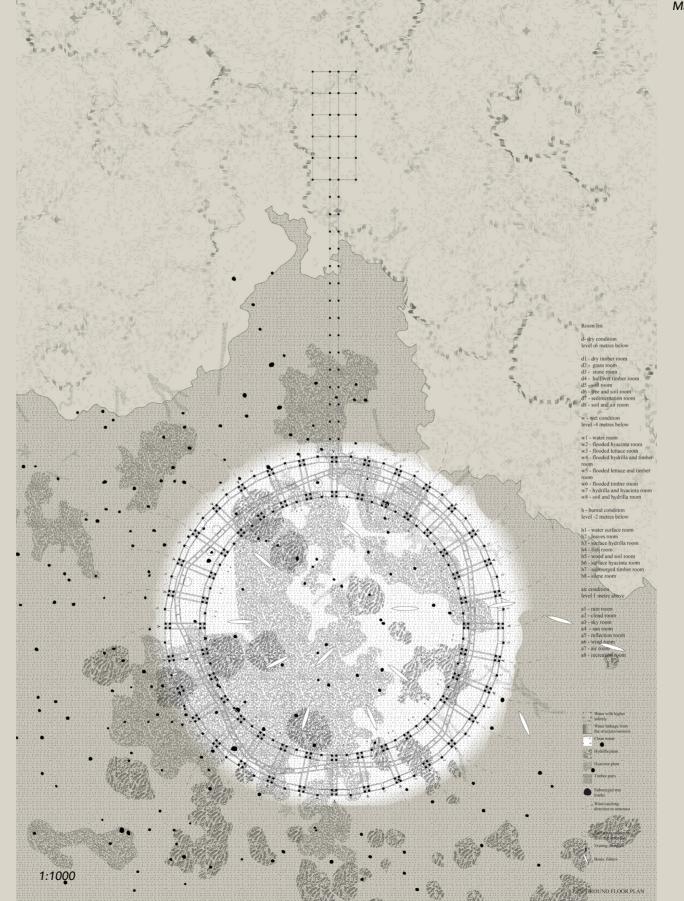


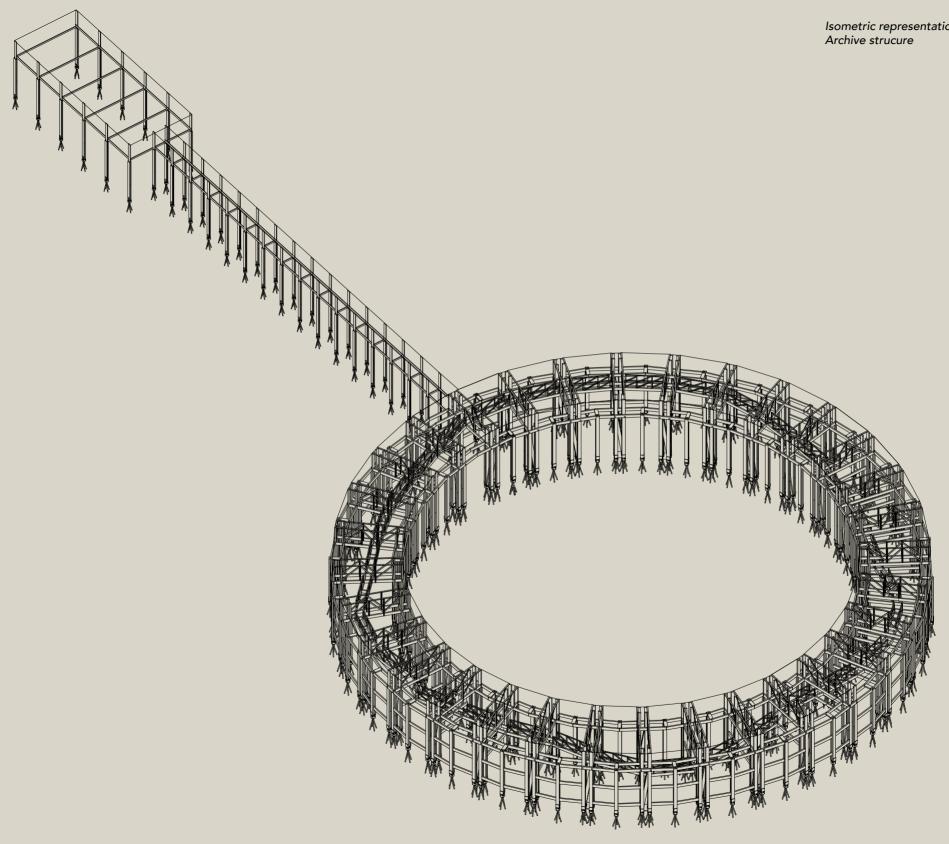
Walkway

Platform built in four different levels





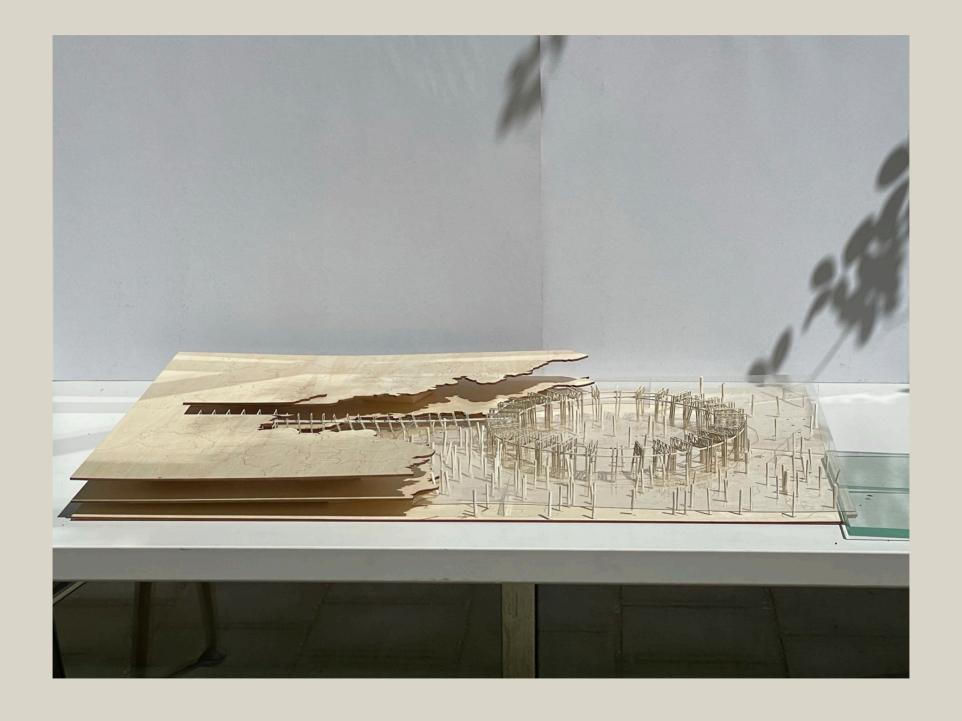




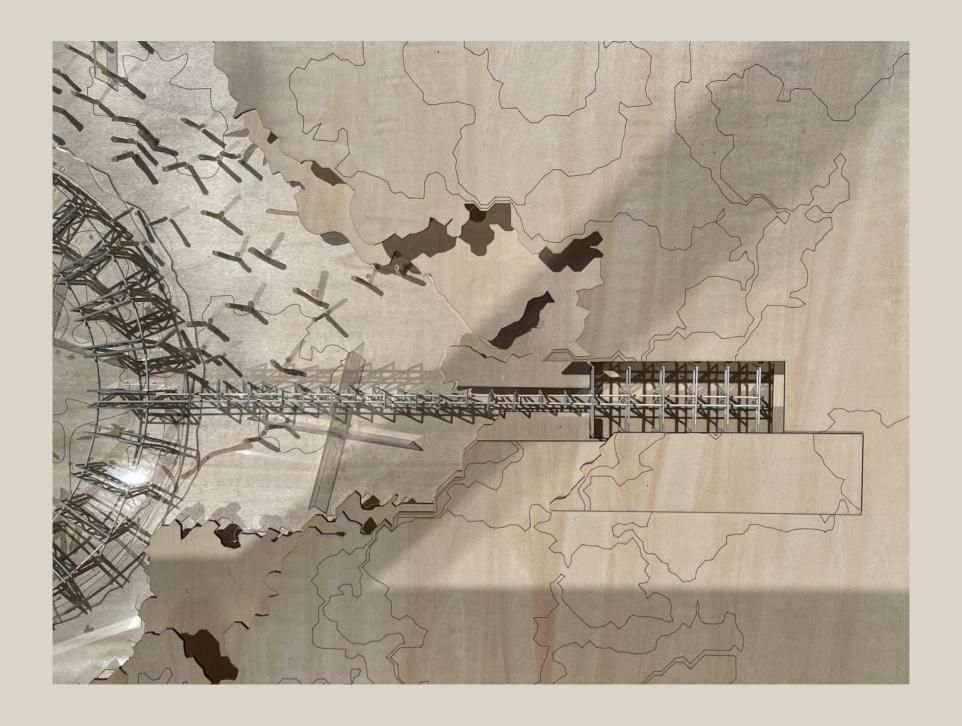
Scale 1:250 Macro agency

Model representing architectural typology and position in the landscape context.

- Bridge connecting Barro Colorado land to a Living Archive circle
- Circle separating sweet clean water inside structure from salinated water of Panama Canal
- Position of structural poles in the lake's bottom
- -Relationship of the structure with water, waterlogged tree trunks and plants







Scale 1:50 Meso agency

Model representing structural performance, circulation, materiality of the architecture and the soil

- Representation of timber construction
- Application of structure's facade with cotton textile
- Change of soil in sweet water system versus salinated water
- Accumulation of salts on the outside structure's facade
- Representation of the space for human scale and navigation
- Lower bridge following to the dry room reused from aluminum liquid container





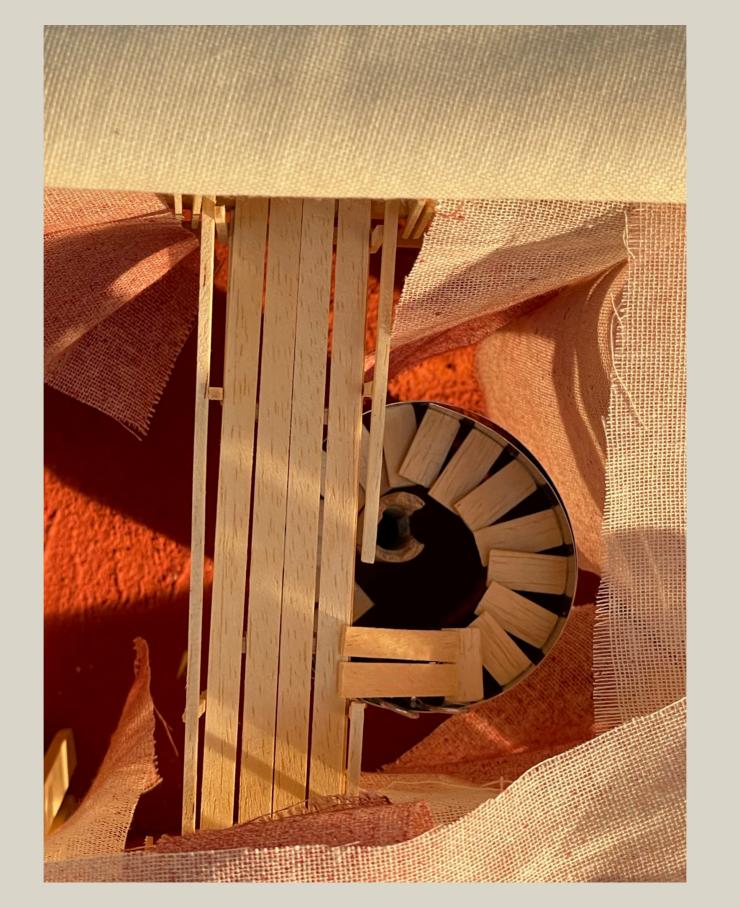








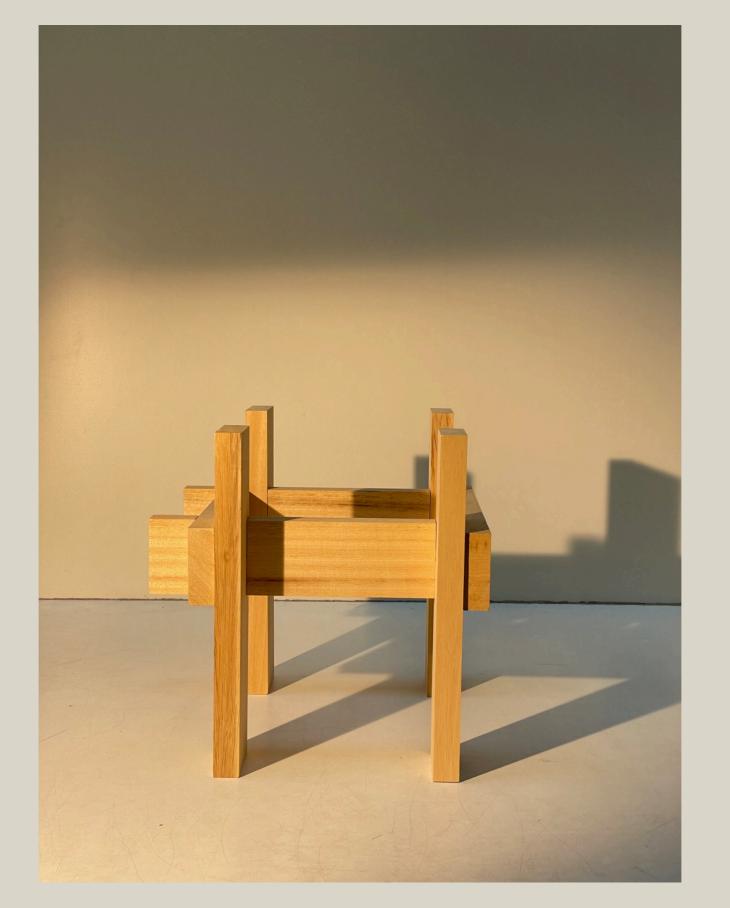




Scale 1:5 Micro agency

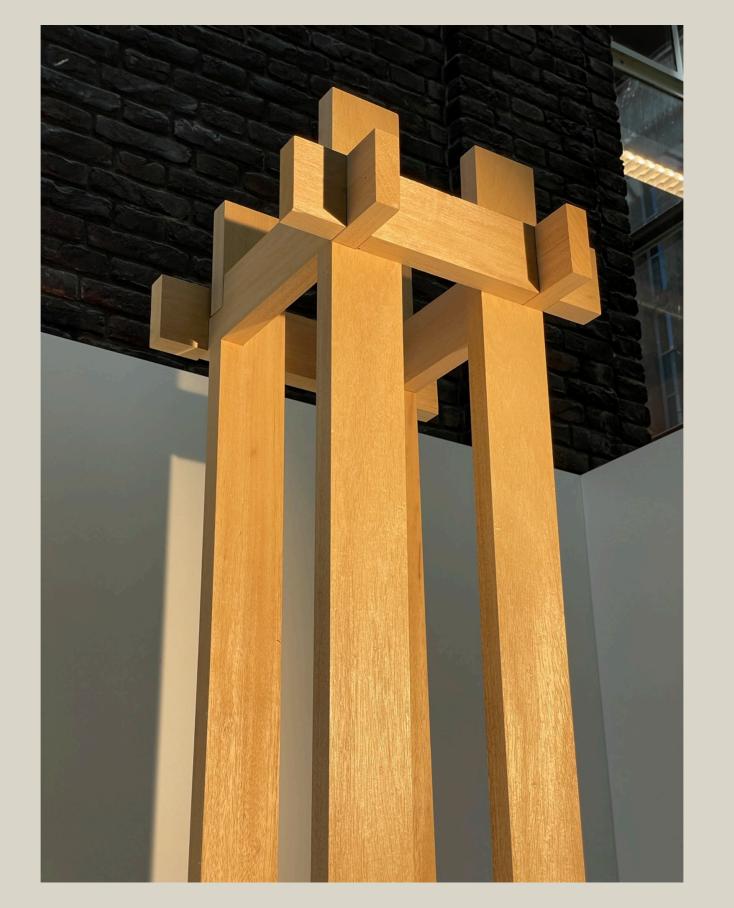
Model representing wood joint performance, circularity and stability of the structure

- Representation of timber beam's assemblage
- Timber material performance in a humid environment
- Representation of minimal structural entanglement with a possibility to replace details
- Micro scale performance which leads to a Macro scale ecology
- Representation of a structure that combines structural stability and visual case study through time

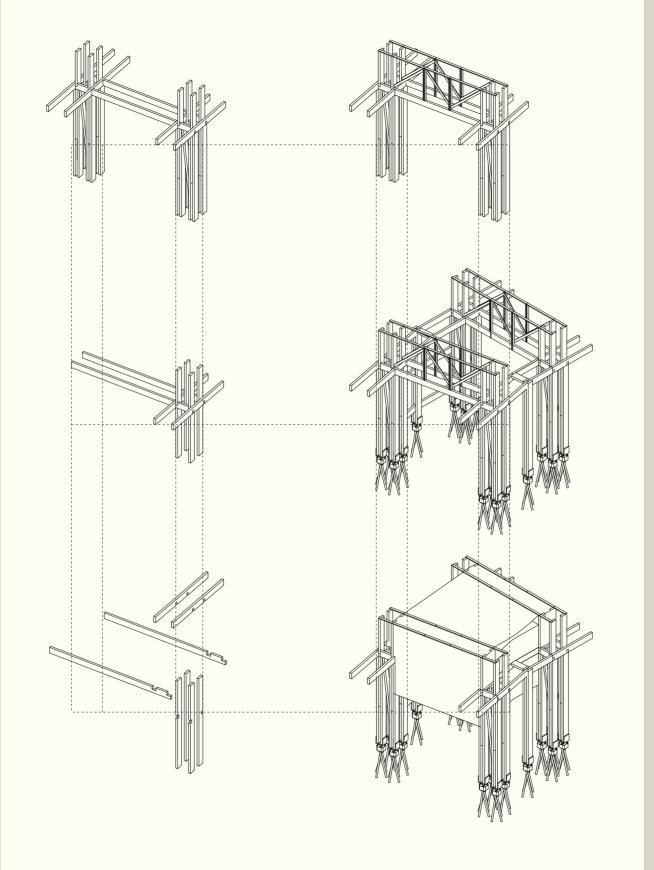


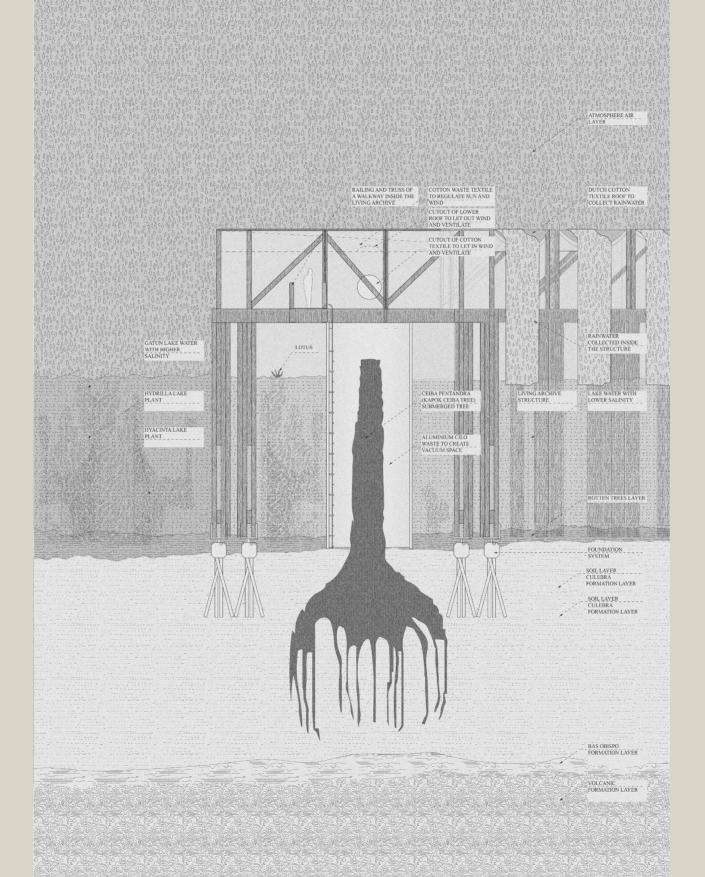


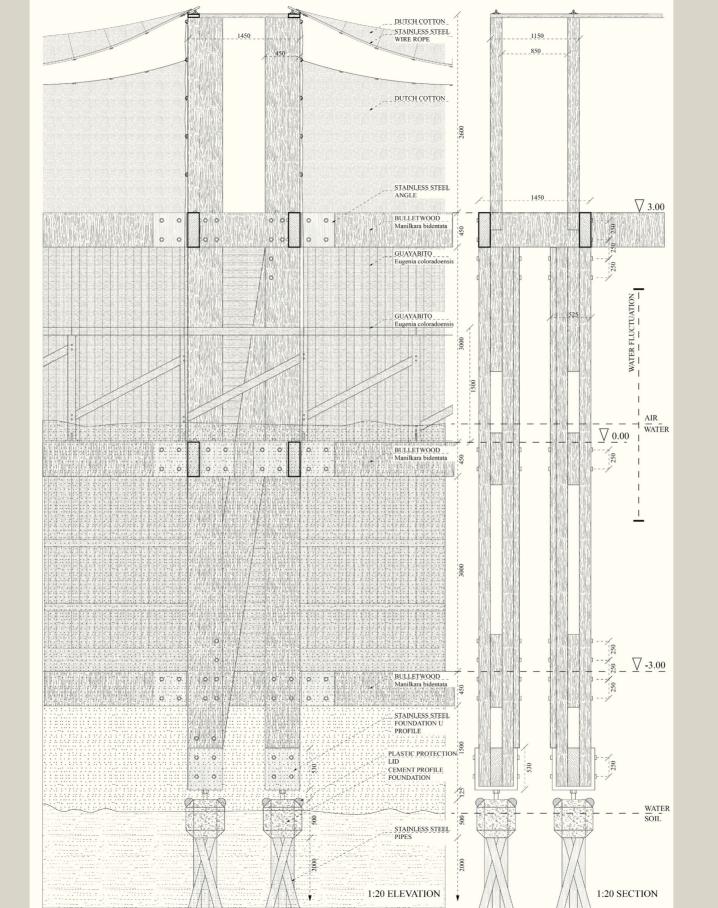


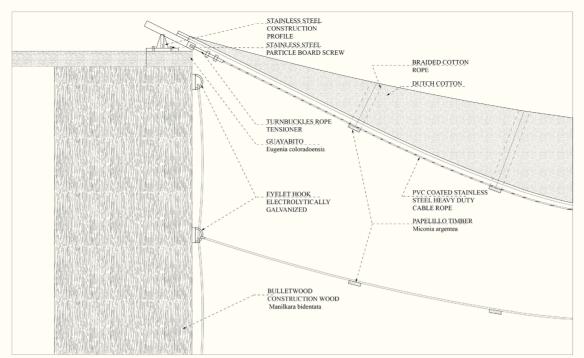




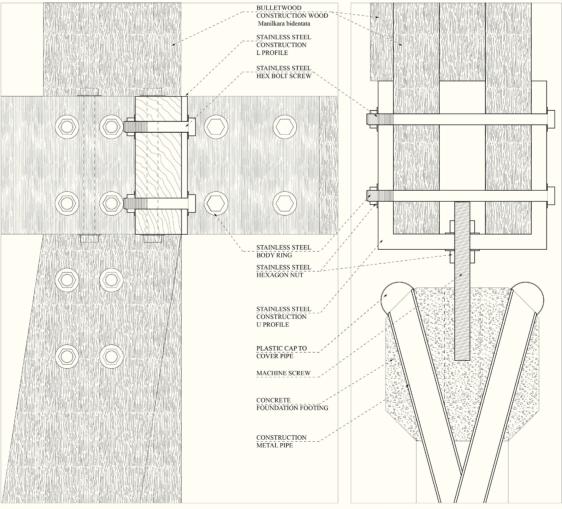








1:5 ROOF DETAIL



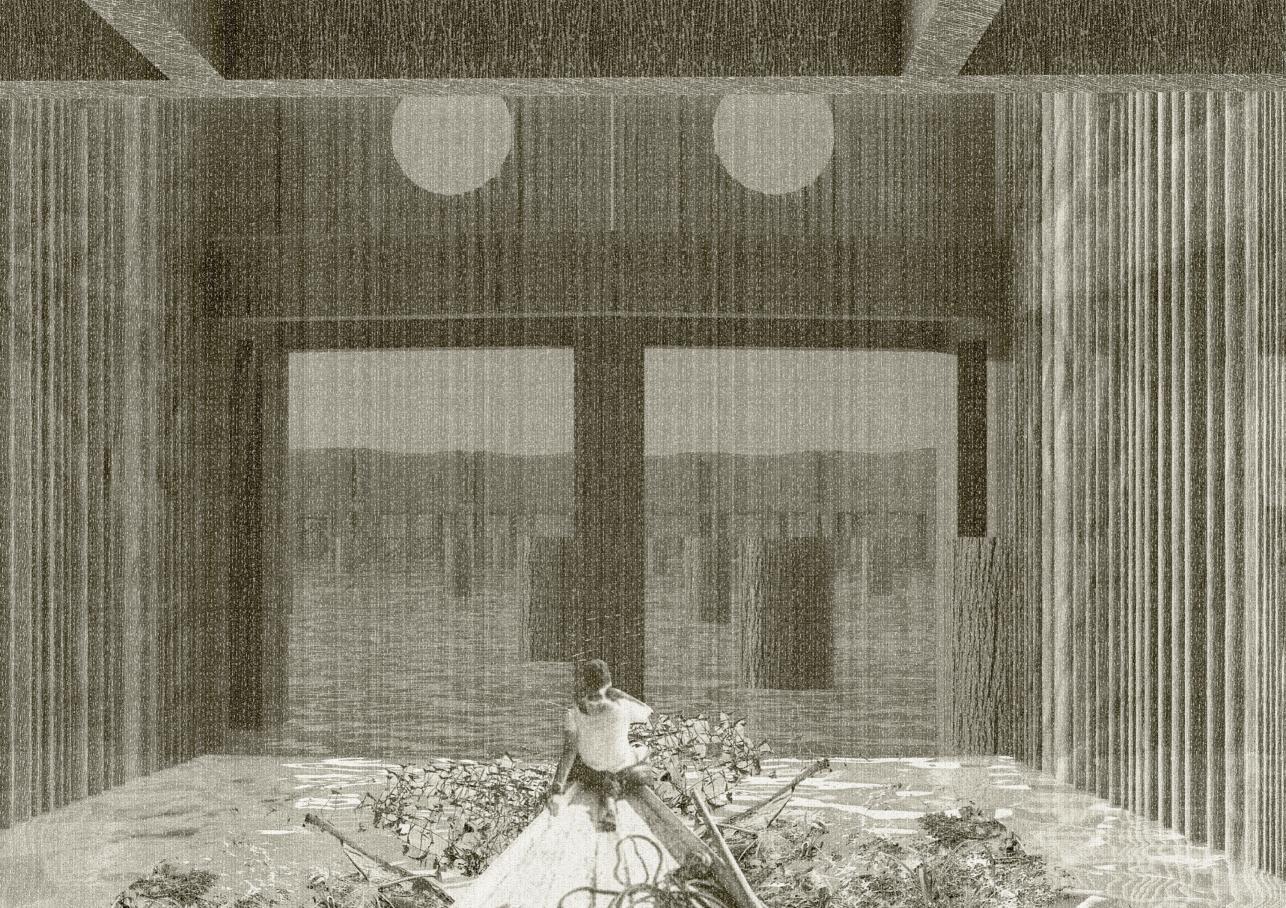
1:5 PLATFORM DETAIL

1:5 FOUNDATION DETAIL

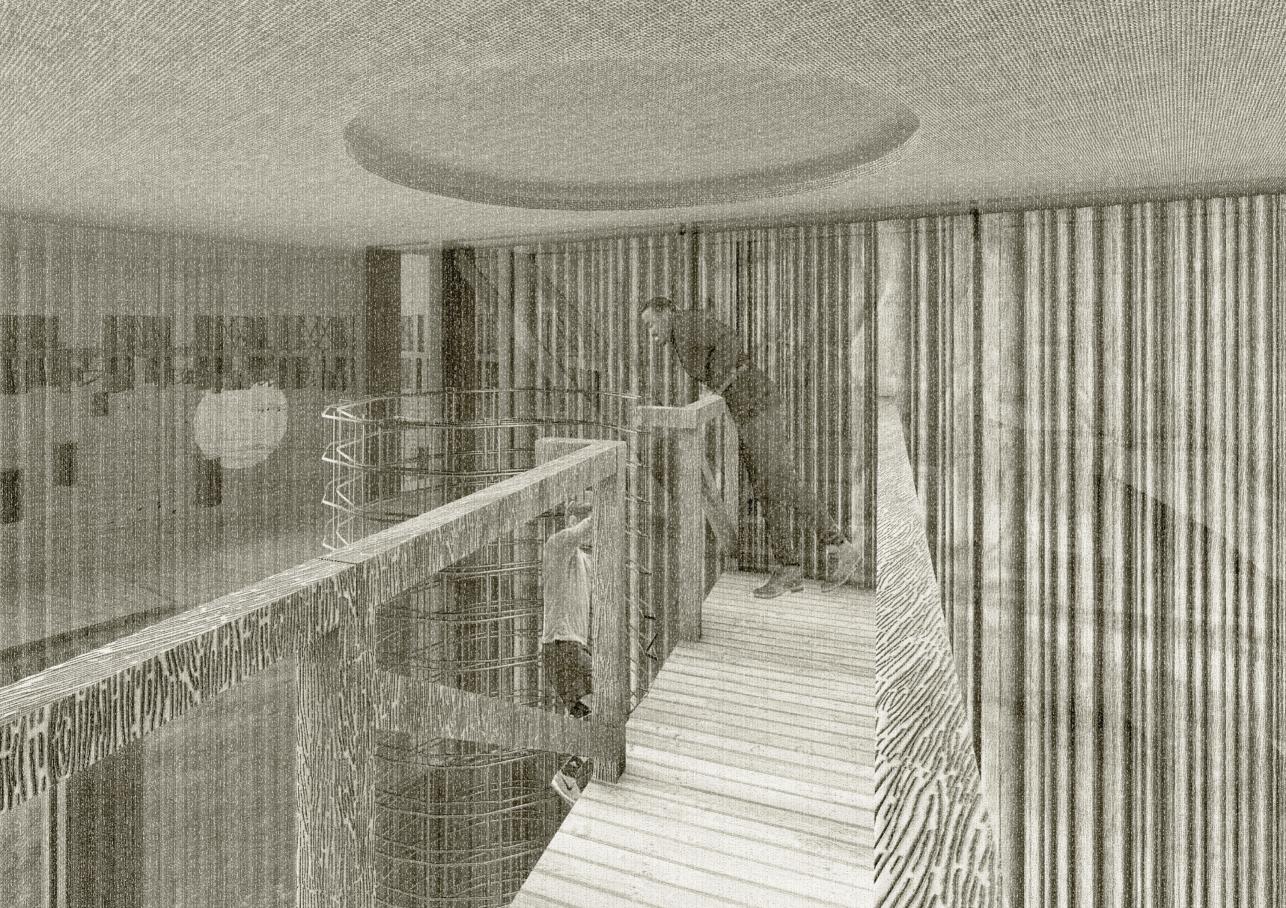


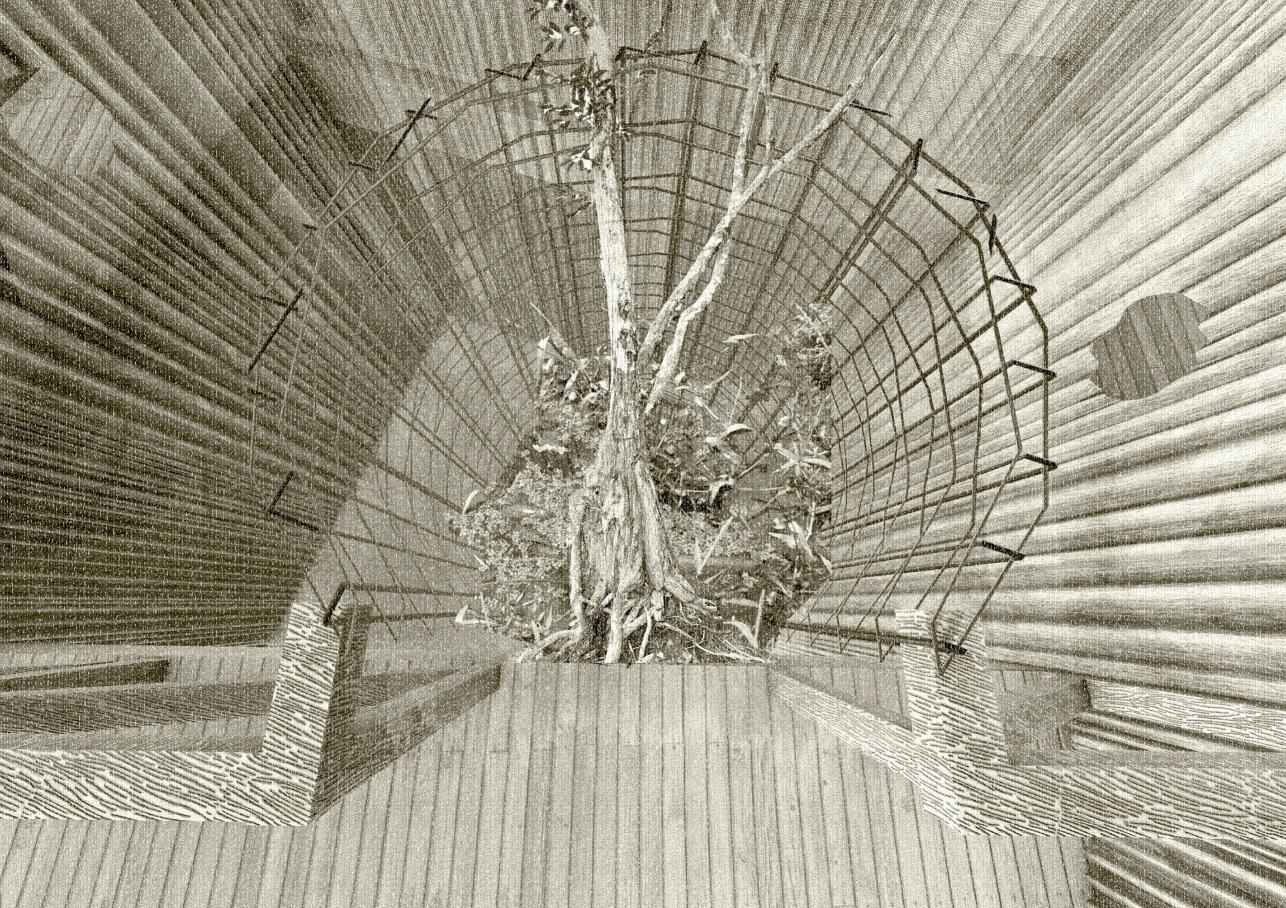




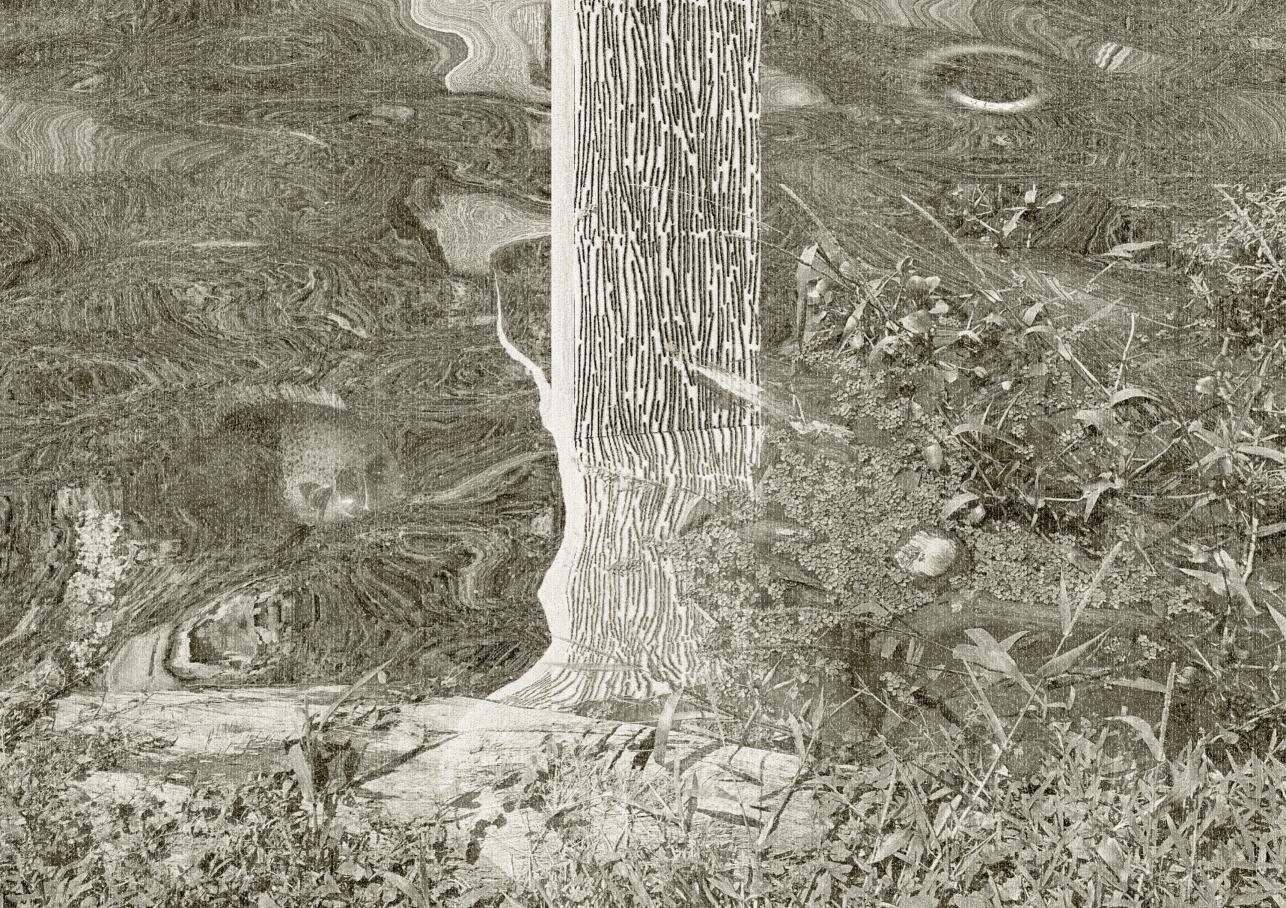




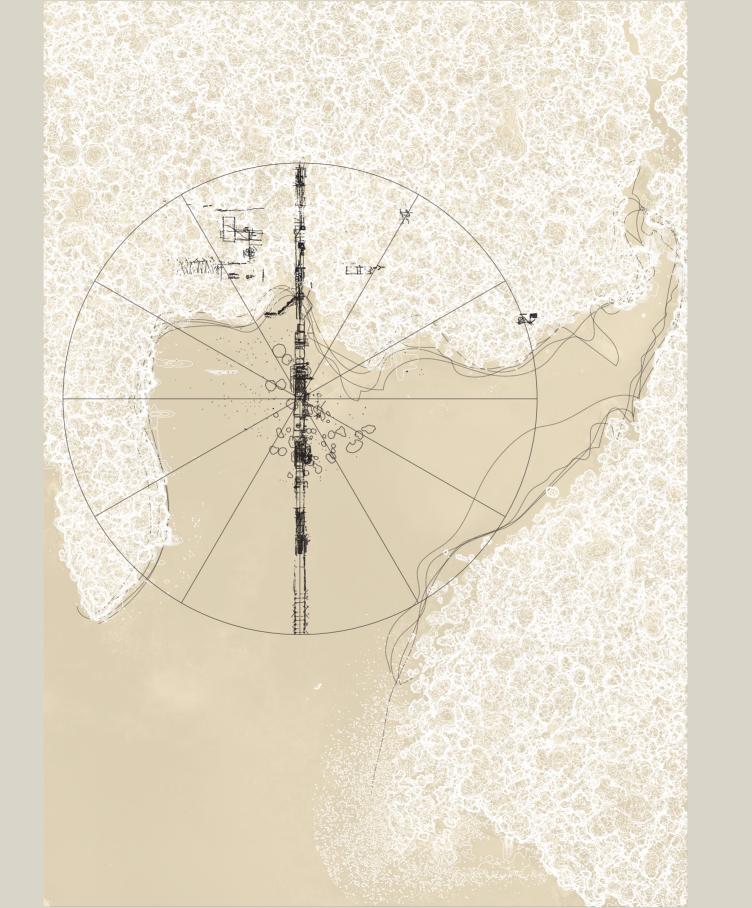












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