

GEODELTA



Point clouds





3D meshes



Segment Anything Model









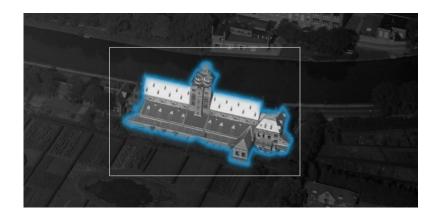
Oblique imagery

3D mesh

SAM

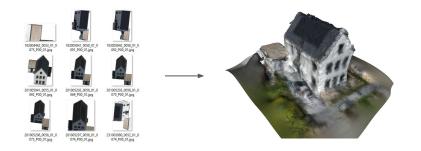
Extracting buildings from oblique photos

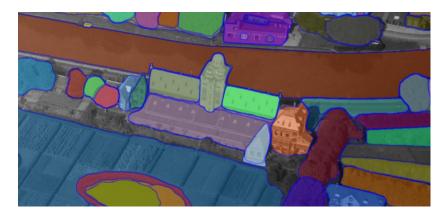




Phase II

Making efficient meshes from building segments





Extracting buildings from oblique photos











Around 2,500 oblique photos



+- 40 buildings/image



BAG dataset



flight plans

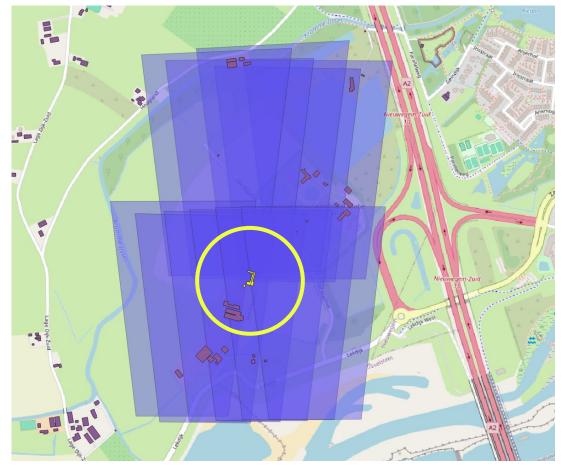


image to building correspondence



	01 251 5 2				DDV 5 1	2004
CameraId	PixelSize [μm]	Width [px]	Height [px]	Focal [mm]	PPX [mm]	PPY [mm]
Back	3.76	14204	10652	108.694	-0.045	-0.048
Fwd	3.76	14204	10652	108.752	0.06	-0.154
Left	3.76	14204	10652	108.836	-0.146	0.227
Right	3.76	14204	10652	108.807	0.033	-0.076
ImageId	X [m]	Y [m]	Z [m]	Omega [deg]	Phi [deg]	Kappa [deg]
262000203_0067_01_0110_P00_01	131187.73650	457238.56580	427.39680	-0.20540	44.80360	269.42430
262000204_0067_01_0109_P00_01	131137.40660	457238.13440	429.09200	-0.19240	44.81710	269.36400
262000205_0067_01_0108_P00_01	131087.09660	457237.63790	431.21260	-0.22510	44.83760	269.44480
262000206_0067_01_0107_P00_01	131036.71030	457237.31560	433.30000	-0.13140	44.85400	269.47040
262000207 0067 01 0106 P00 01	130986,29360	457237.65140	435.29080	-0.56930	44.80520	269.04450

Obliques orientation data





Phase I Using the reprojected bounding box as input prompt for SAM





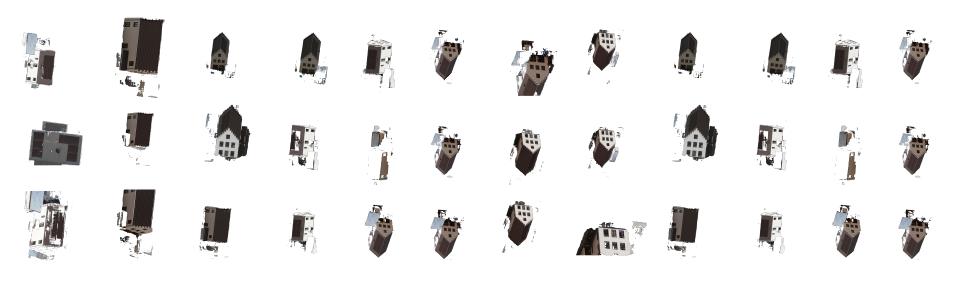
Obliques

2D image prompt

Segmented mask

Phase I

All the mask belonging to one building

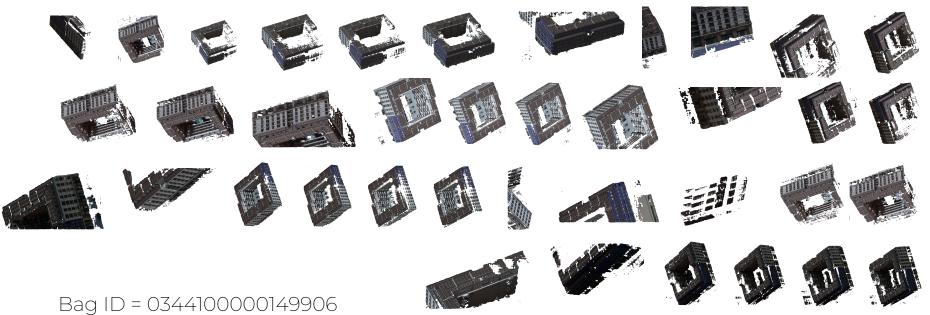


Bag ID = 0344100000157440

All the mask belonging to one building



All the mask belonging to one building



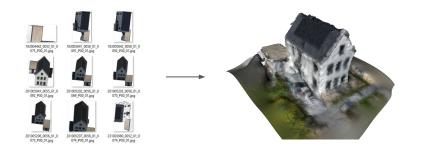
Extracting buildings from oblique photos

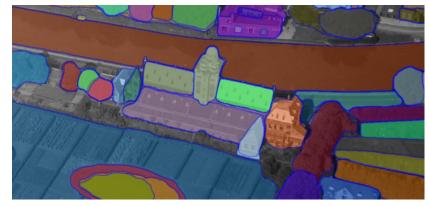




Phase II

Making efficient meshes from building segments





1. Input photos



Camera 1





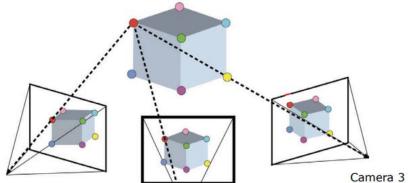
2. Feature extraction & matching







3. Sparse 3D reconstruction



4. Dense 3D reconstruction



5. Mesh creation



Camera 2

PROBLEM: key points are extracted without connection to mesh quality

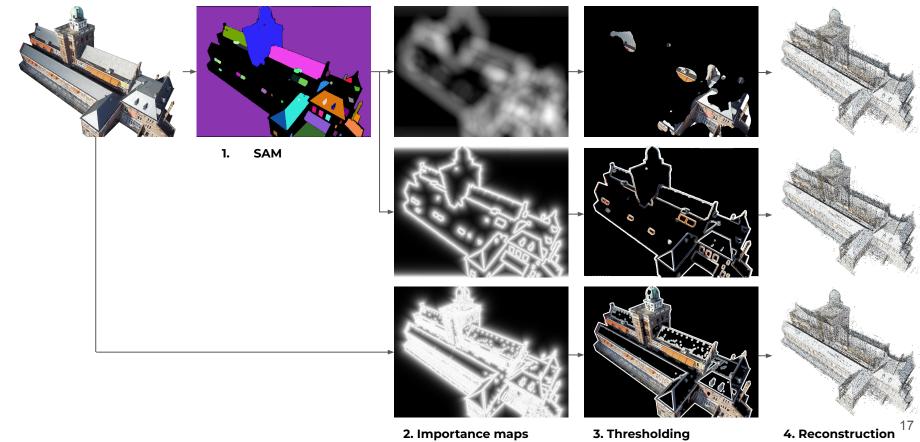




GOAL: Guide algorithm on where to spend resources

Phase II

Selecting important regions in the images for reconstruction

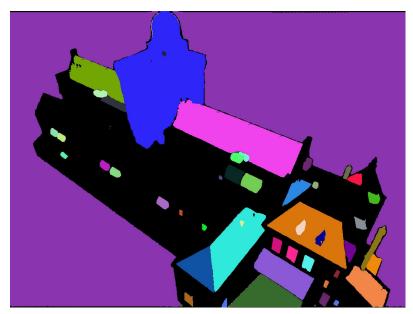


SAM kernel entropy

Importance map



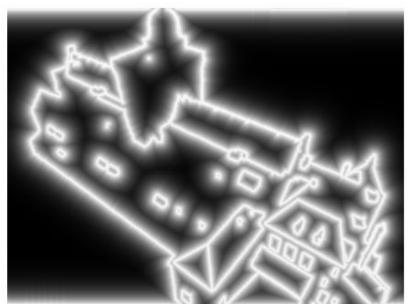
SAM segmentation



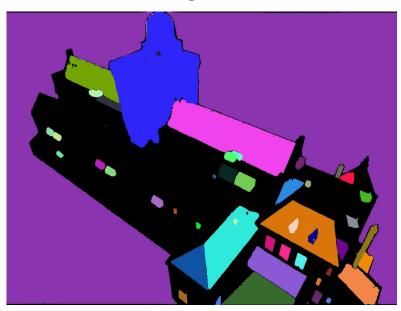
Importance is where there is most uncertainty about mask distribution

SAM edge distance

Importance map



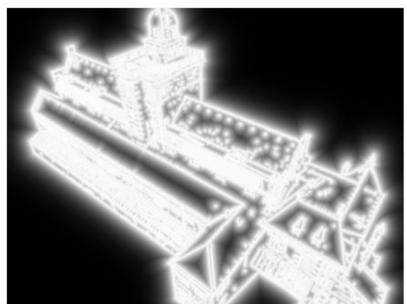
SAM segmentation



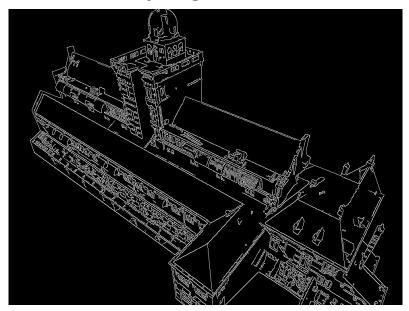
Importance is near the edges of SAM masks

Canny edge detection

Importance map



Canny edge detection



Importance is near the visual edges

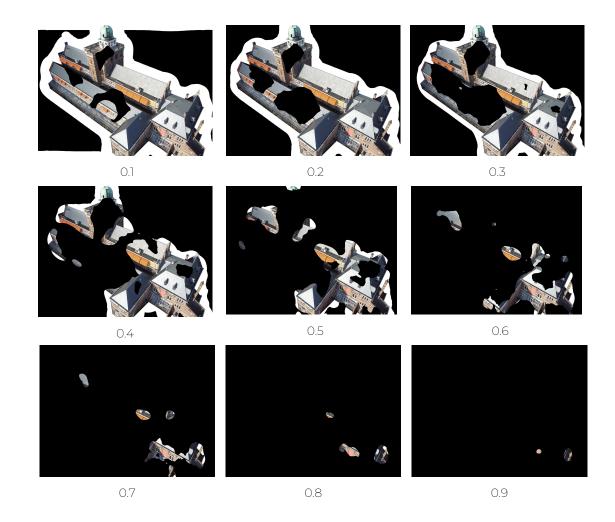
Phase II thresholding



Input image



Importance map [0-1.0] SAM kernel entropy



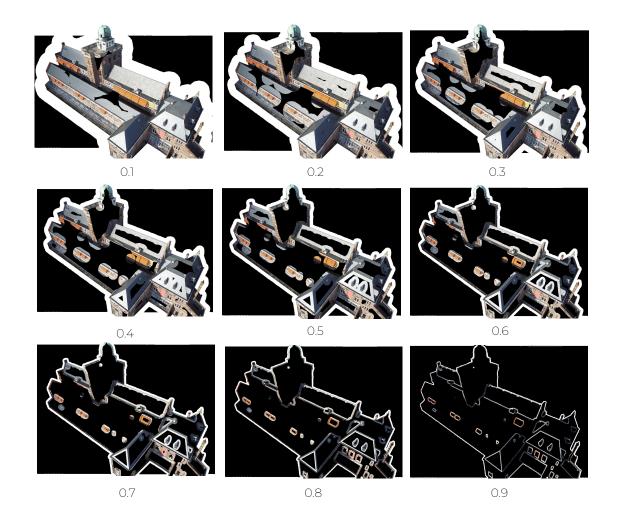
Phase II thresholding



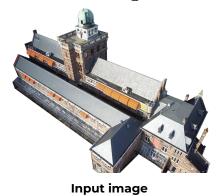
Input image



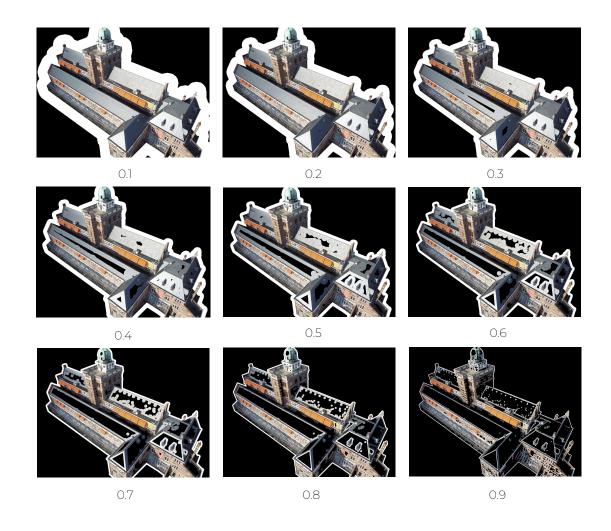
Importance map [0-1.0] SAM edge distance



Phase II thresholding



Importance map [0-1.0] SAM kernel entropy



1. Input photos

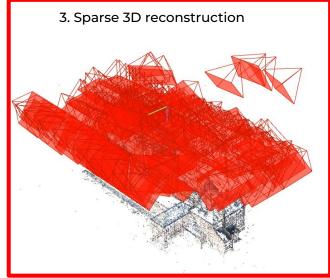




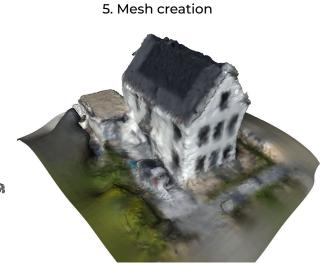


2. Feature extraction & matching



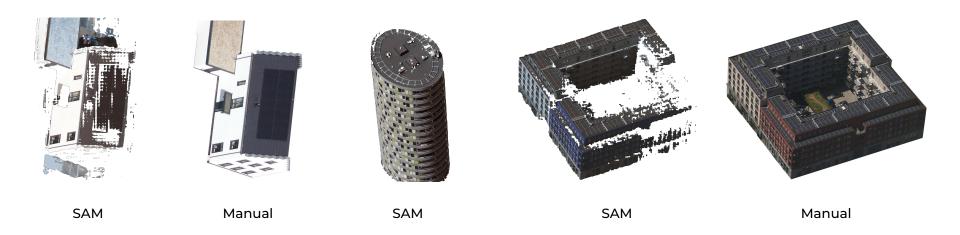






Phase II

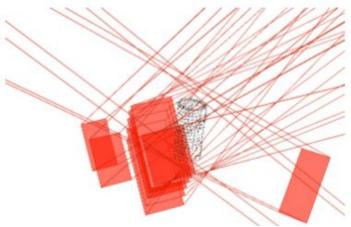
Reconstruction



5 different datasets3 different importance maps9 different thresholds135 configurations for reconstruction

Reconstruction

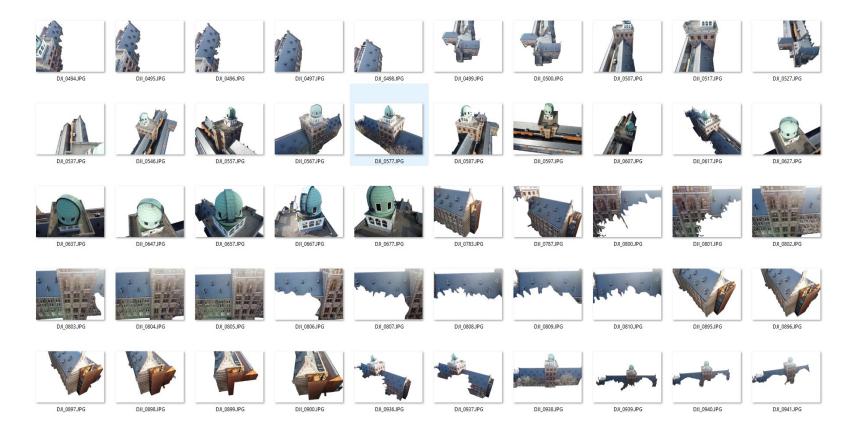




Only one reconstruction success

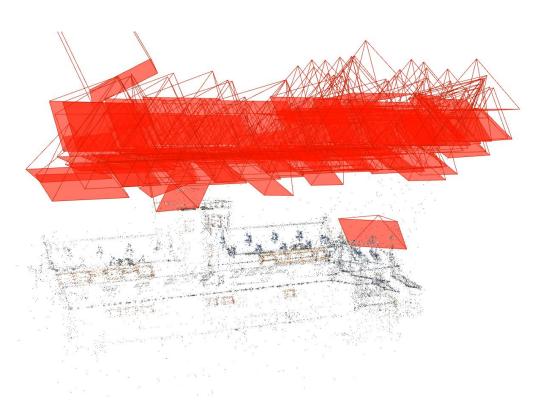
Not enough context and overlap for good reconstruction

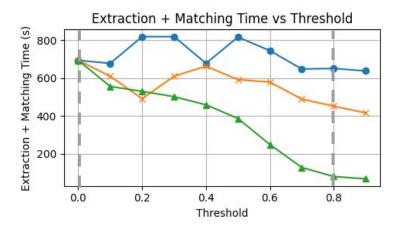
Geodelta office drone dataset

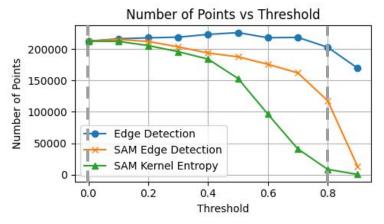


Phase II

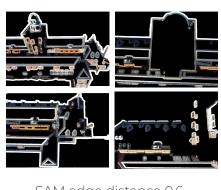
Geodelta office drone dataset







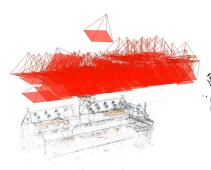
Evaluating mesh quality



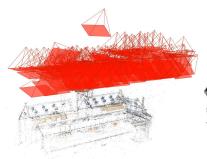




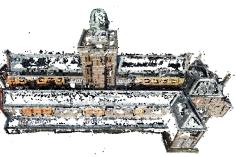
Full images



sparse reconstruction



sparse reconstruction



dense reconstruction



dense reconstruction



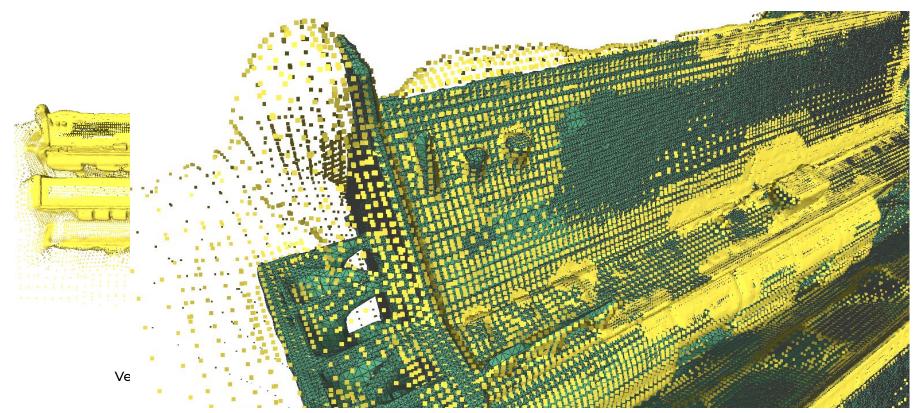
mesh



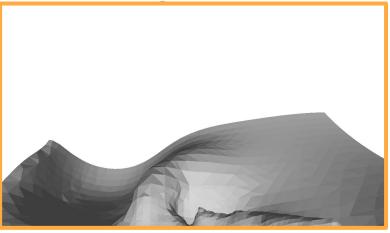
Ground truth

Phase II

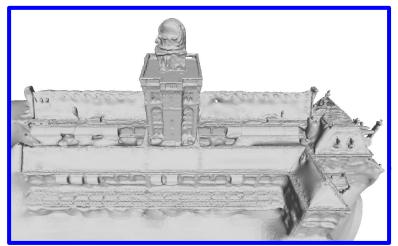
Evaluating mesh quality





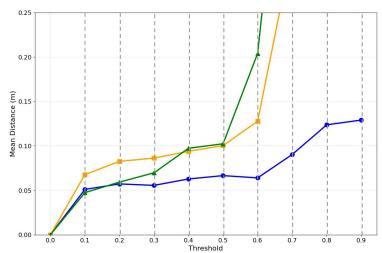


SAM kernel entropy



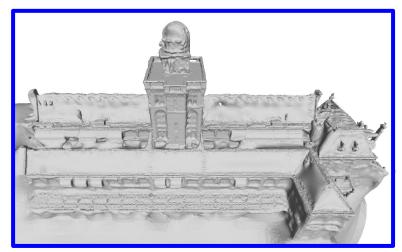
Canny edge distance

SAM edge distance





SAM kernel entropy



Canny edge distance

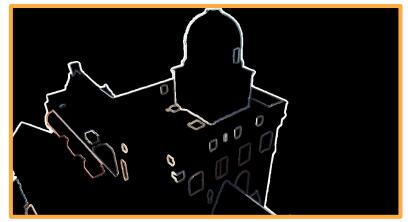
SAM edge distance

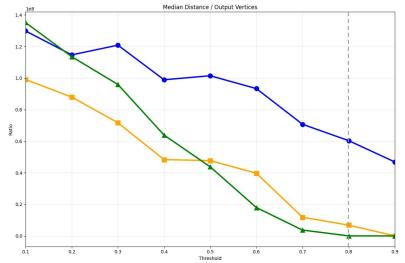
SAM Kernel Entropy Points % Savings		SAM Edge Points	Distance Entropy % Savings	Canny Edge Entropy Points % Savings		
7.564.981	0%	7.564.981	0%	7.564.981	0%	
6,842,222	9.6%	7,339,276	3.0%	7,425,792	1.8%	
6.353.980	16.0%	6.673.821	11.8%	7.248.932	4.2%	
5,663,213	25.1%	5,539,212	26.8%	7,070,308	6.5%	
3,785,706	50.0%	4,520,885	40.2%	6,743,709	10.9%	
2,533,572	66.5%	3,522,776	53.4%	6,306,428	16.6%	
1,157,186	84.7%	2,498,264	66.9%	5,996,500	20.7%	
442,145	94.2%	1,728,857	77.1%	5,041,322	33.4%	
53,149	99.3%	982,411	87.0%	4,484,251	40.7%	
1,404	99.98%	108,029	98.6%	3,326,978	56.0%	

Mesh quality - output size ratio

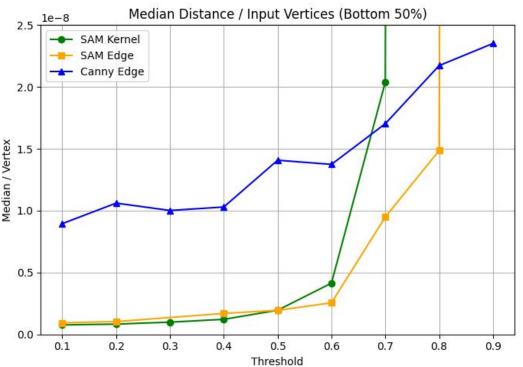


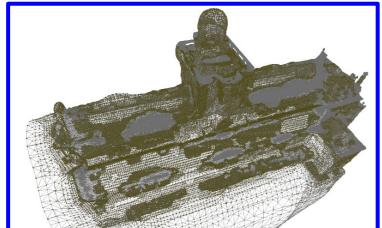




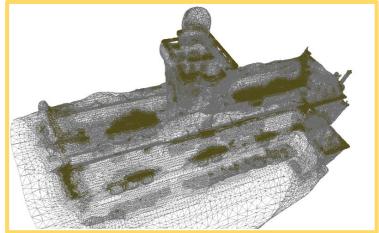


Dense vs. sparse quality



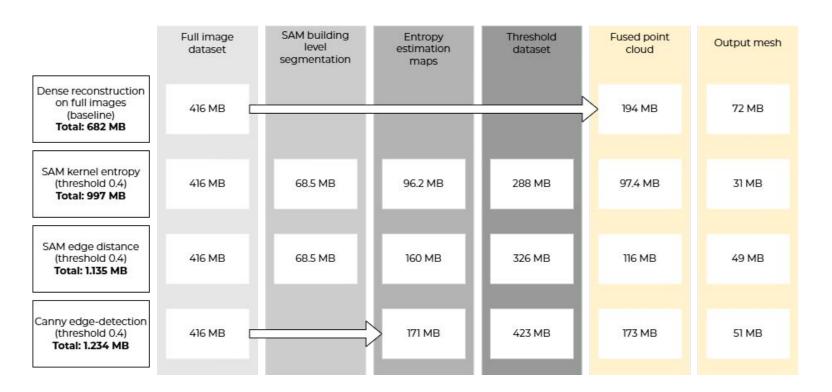


dense areas (top 50% density)

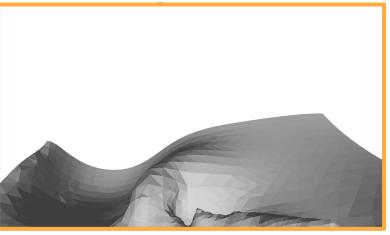


sparse areas (bottom 50% density)

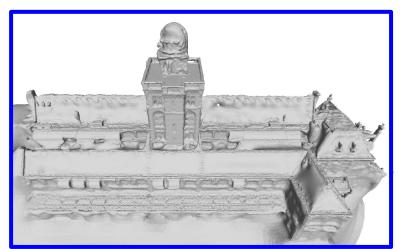
Full memory pipeline context





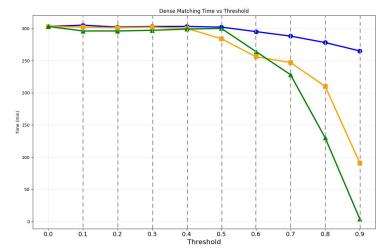


SAM kernel entropy



Canny edge distance

SAM edge distance



10. Results - mesh quality vs. runtime

Only slight reduction in runtime on dense matching, full pipeline increases

	SAM building level segmentation	Entropy estimation maps generation	Thresholding of image dataset	Dense matching
Dense reconstruction on full images (baseline) Total: 5h3m				5h3m
SAM kernel entropy (threshold 0.4) Total: 12h24m44s	6h32m14s	51m20s	2m10s	4h59m
SAM edge distance (threshold 0.4) Total: 12h8m43s	6h32m14s	34m19s	2m10s	5h0m
Canny edge-detection (threshold 0.4) Total: 5h7m55s		2m45s	2m10s	5h3m







Oblique imagery

3D mesh

SAM





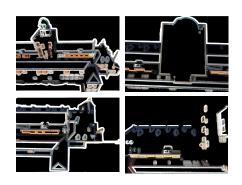


Ar 2000 and limplies put most os



+400 buildings/image





SAM edge distance 0.6



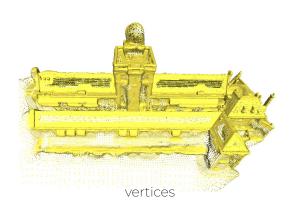
Full images



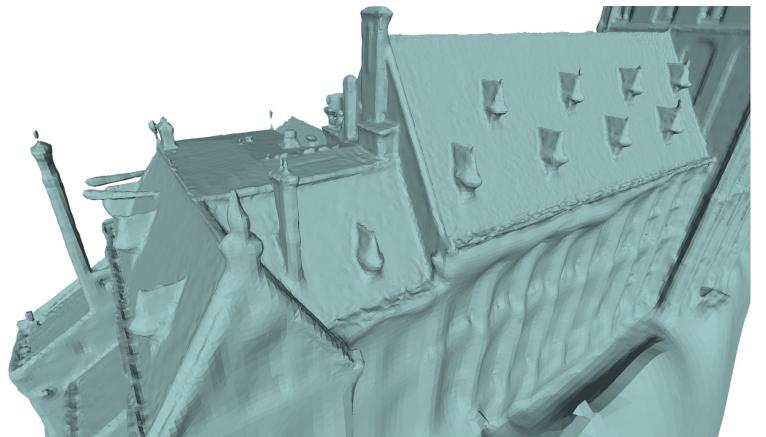
mesh



Ground truth



faces



Threshold = 0.9

Threshold = 0.8

Threshold = 0.7

Threshold = 0.6

Threshold = 0.5

Threshold = 0.4

Threshold = 0.3

Threshold = 0.2

Threshold = 0.1







canny 0.5 sam edge 0.5 sam kernel 0.5



