Circular Transitional Housing for displaced people in extreme conditions:

the case of Pakistan





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28 June 2023

Structure



The what & the why



Transitional housing



The role of circularity



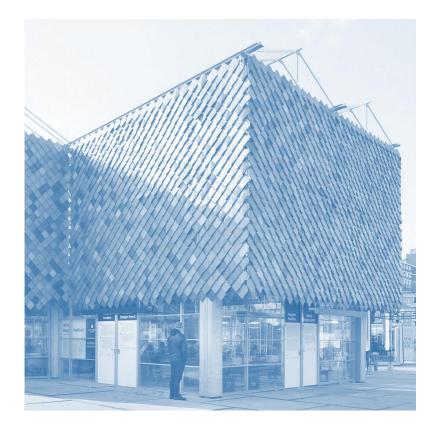
Recommendation set & evaluation tool



Design proposal Sindh, Pakistan



Conclusions & discussion



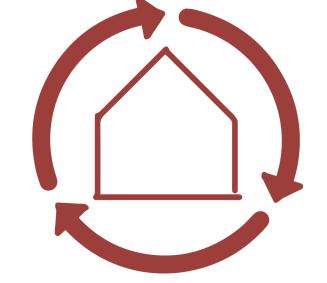














Circular transitional housing



Research objective



Investigate how **circular building principles** can be integrated in the planning of humanitarian **transitional housing units** (THUs) and thus **reduce the negative impacts** THUs may have.

Case study Pakistan



Research question



How can transitional housing for displaced people

in the extreme conditions of upper Sindh province in Pakistan

be made using circular building principles?

Shelter is more than a roof







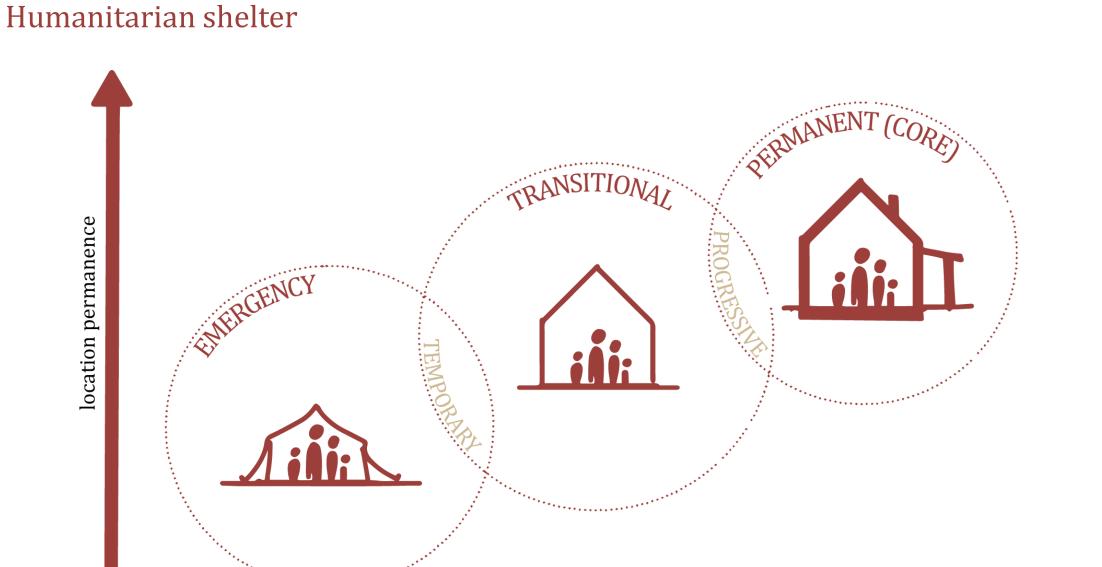












shelter duration

emergency onset

Transitional housing



Displaced population





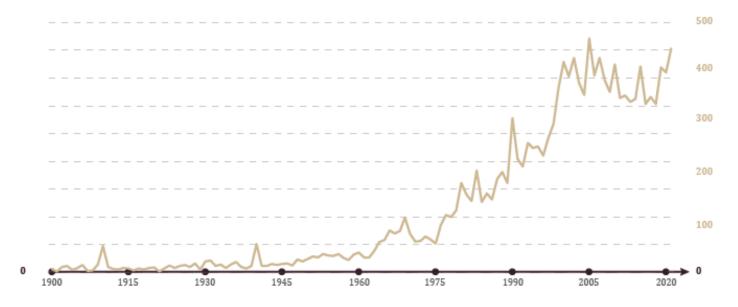




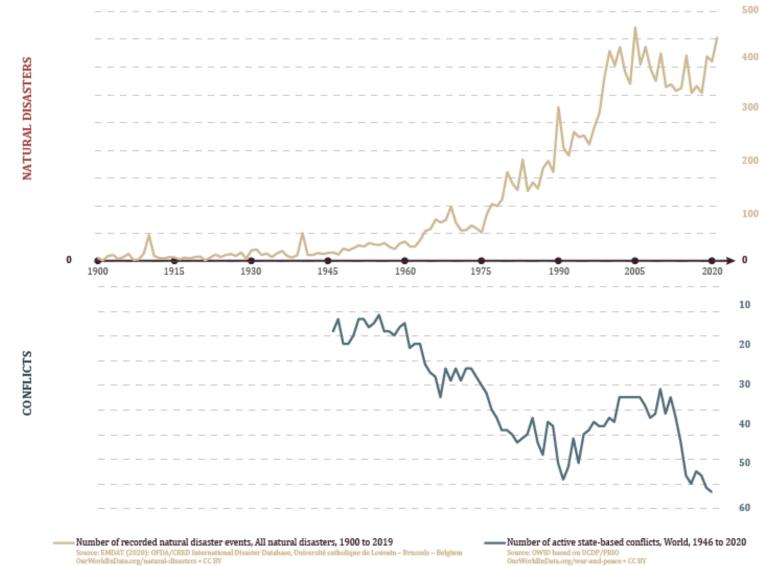






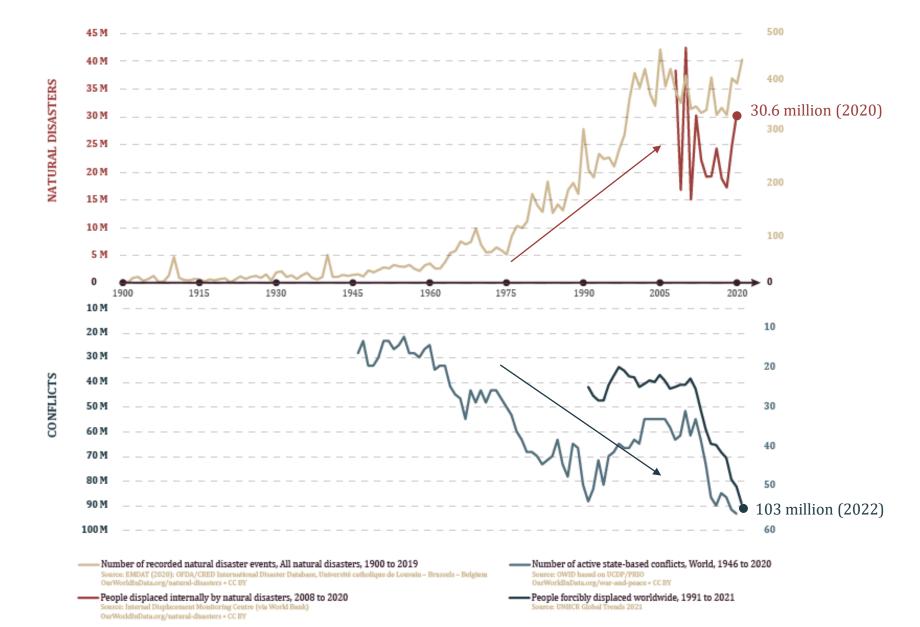














> 1% of the world's population is NOW displaced UNOCHA, 2022

Transitional housing: growing demand

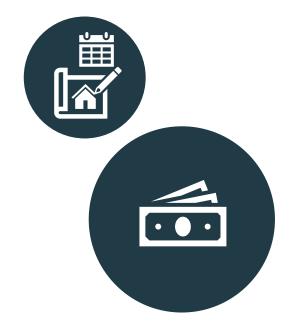


Transitional Housing





Transitional Housing





Transitional Housing











Transitional Housing







Transitional Housing



























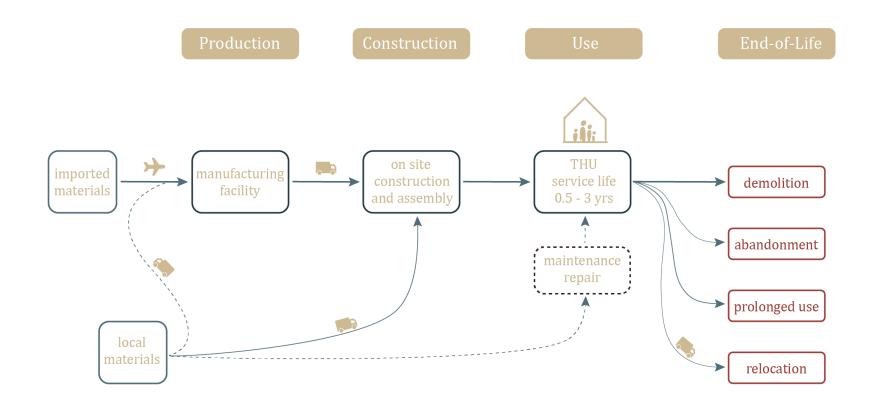






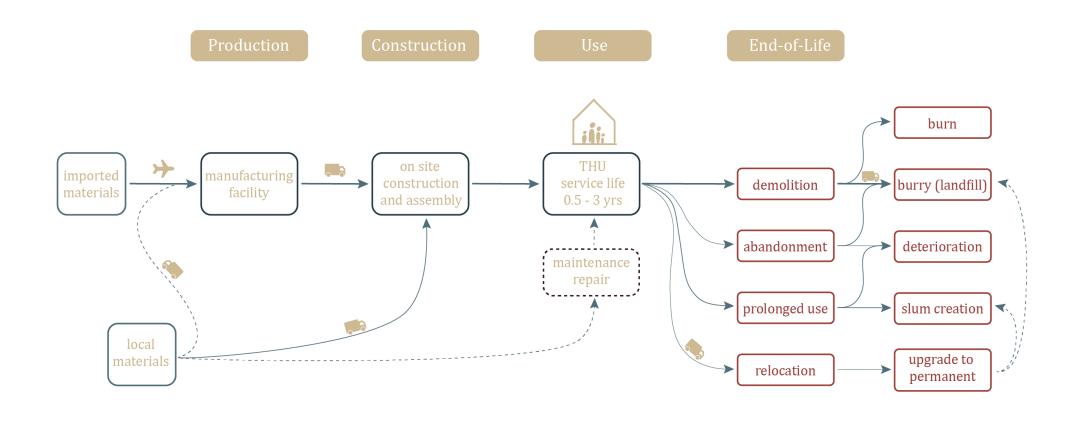


Common lifecycle and EoL scenarios



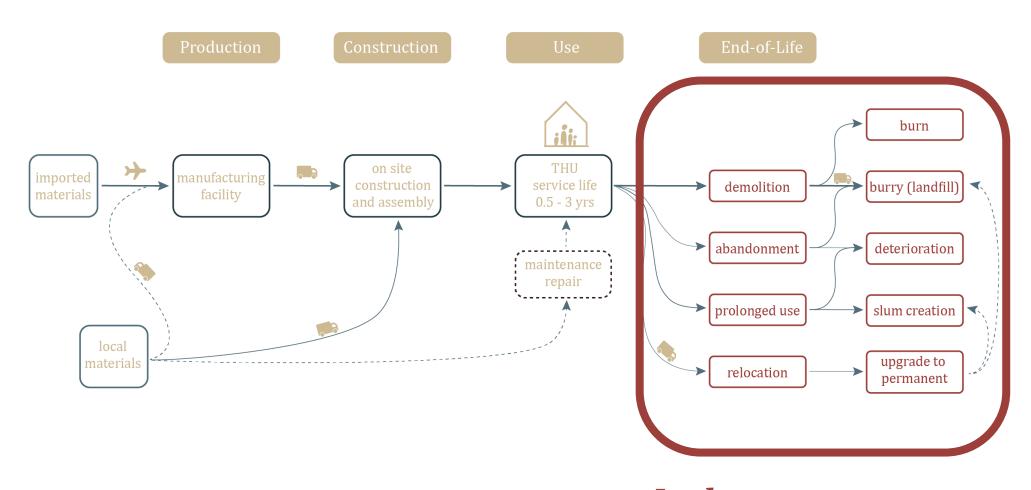


Common lifecycle and EoL scenarios





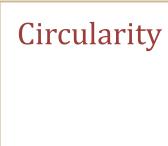
Common lifecycle and EoL scenarios

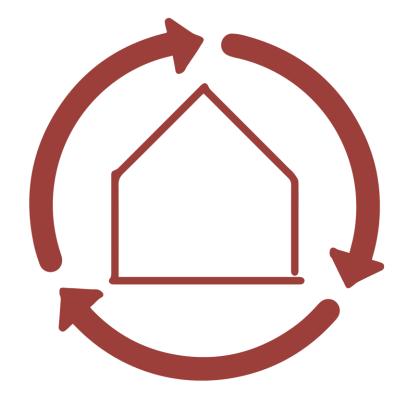


probability of action transportation means

high low by air by land

Is there an alternative?





Circularity





Make clean renewables

Use

again

secondary

materials

Use less virgin materials



Circularity

Integration of circular building principles in the planning of THUs can help bring economical value back to the donors, strengthen the community resilience and keep the materials in the technical and biological loop.

circularity potential

R0 **Refuse**

R1 Rethink

R2 Reduce

R3 Reuse

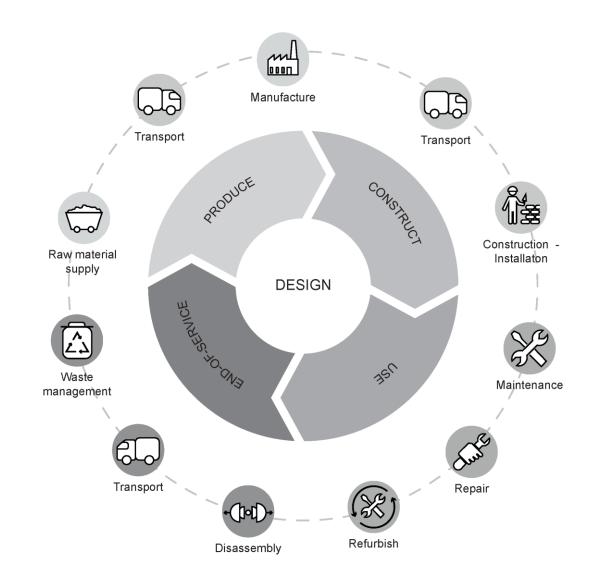
R4 Repair

R5 Refurbish

R6 Remanufacture

R7 Repurpose

R8 Recycle



circularity potential

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R1 Rethink

R2 **Reduce**

R3 Reuse

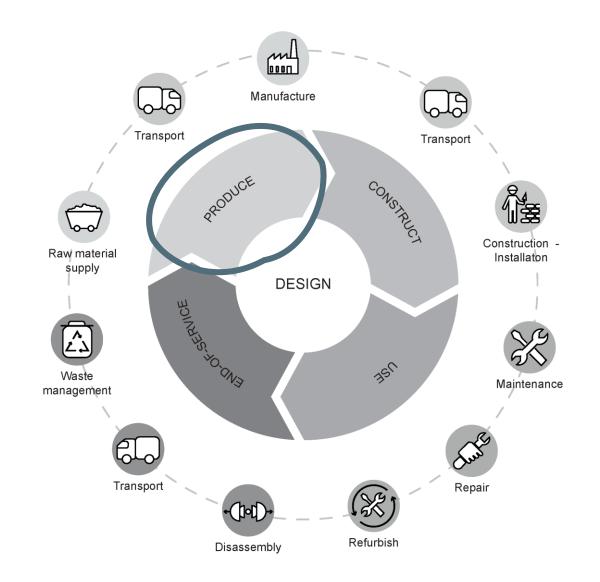
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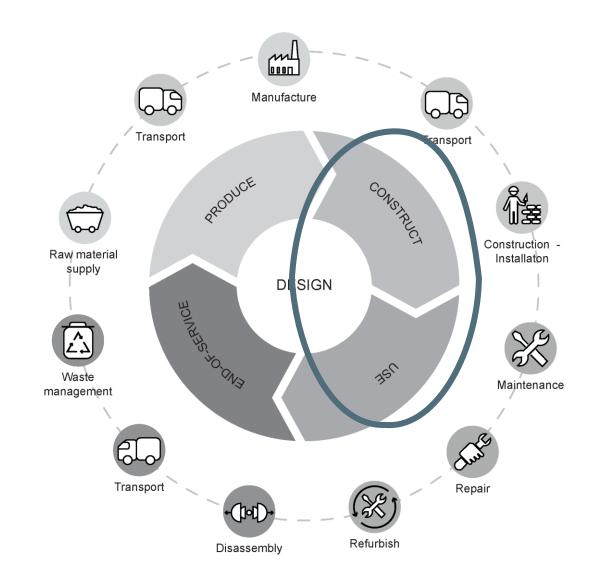
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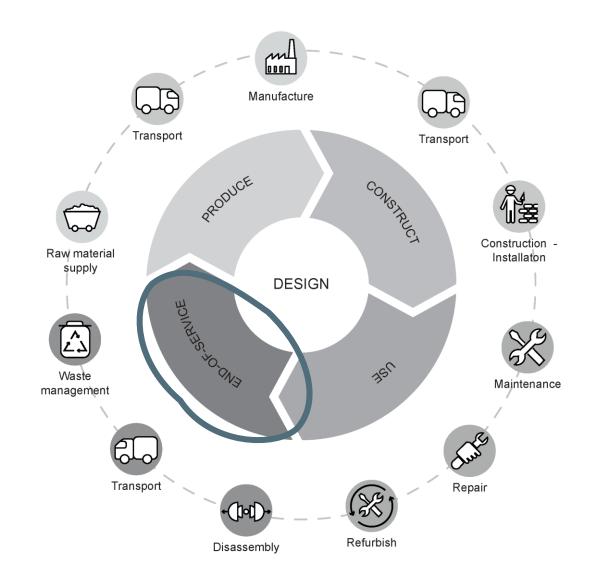
R4 Repair

R5 Refurbish

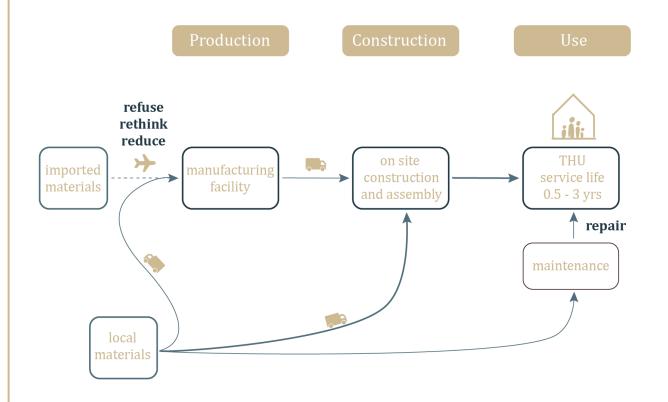
R6 Remanufacture

R7 Repurpose

R8 Recycle

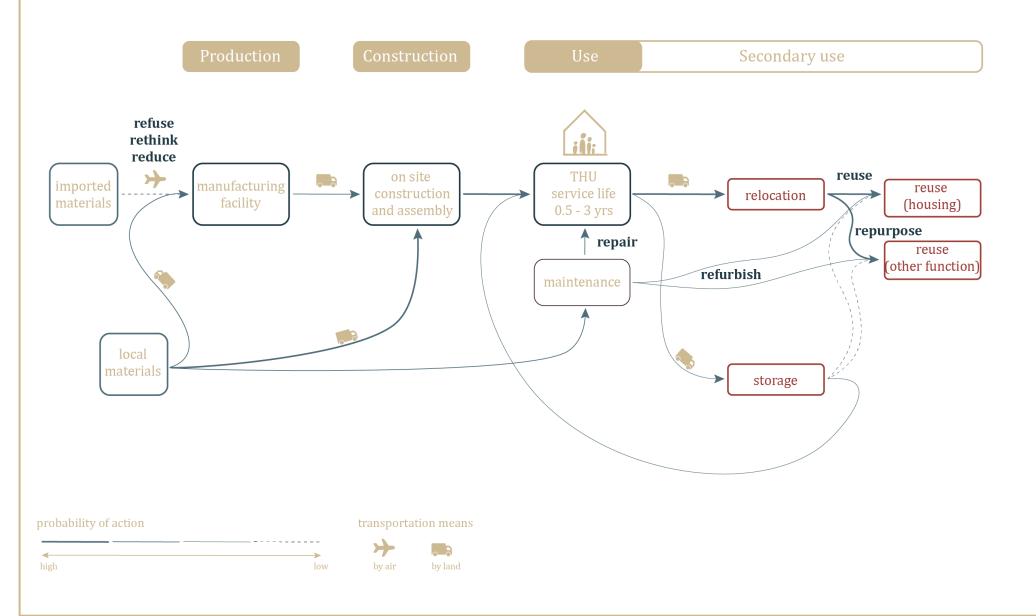




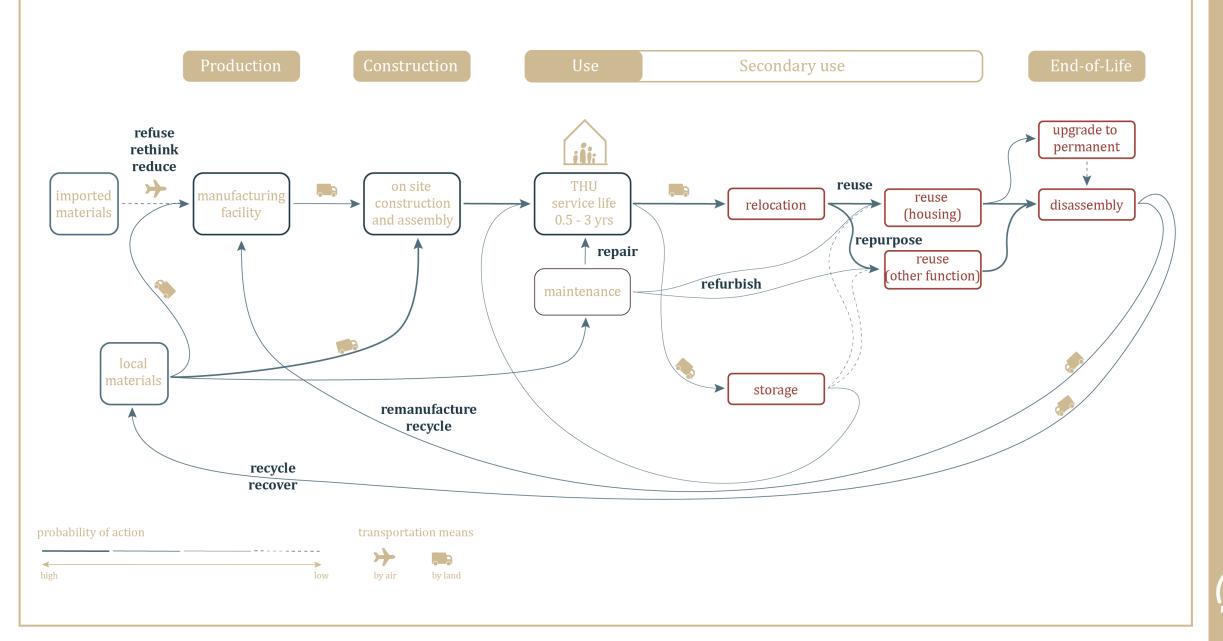




Alternative lifecycle and EoL scenarios



Alternative lifecycle and EoL scenarios



Domains of circularity



Material



Design



Manufacturing



Management









Material

Loc	al	
		_

material

Biobased material

Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams

Design

Design for disassembly

Modular design

Design for longevity

Design for standardisation

Design for adaptability

Material optimisation

Design for recycling

Manufacturing

Prefabrication

Additive manufacturing

CNC milling

Robotics

Vernacular building techniques

Management

Create guidelines

Take-back agreements

Scenario planning

Product as a service

BIM

Material passport





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BAMB



preventing extraction of raw materials

less emissions and embodied energy



requires quality control

availability might be limited





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BAMB



controlled production environment

improved safety on construction site



transportation needs to be considered

need for large factory space





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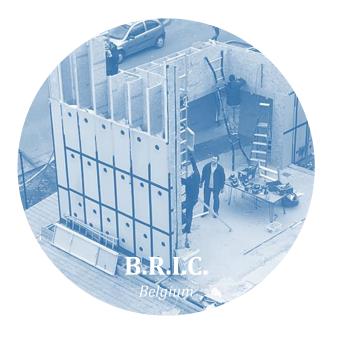
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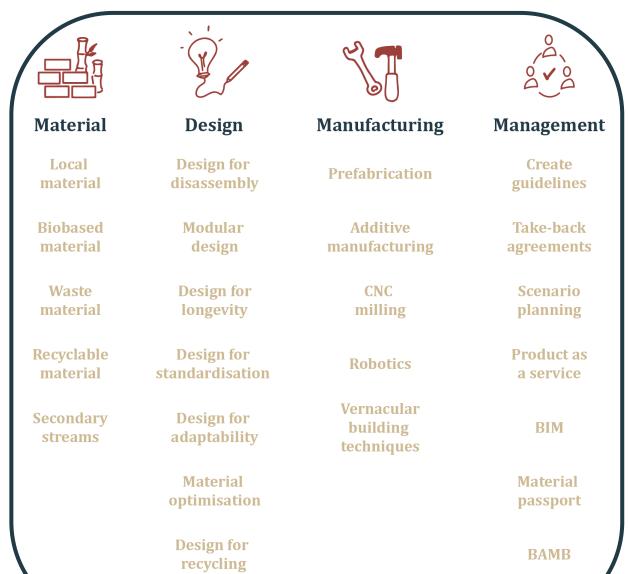
Product as a service

BIM

Material passport



Recommendation set and evaluation tool: need



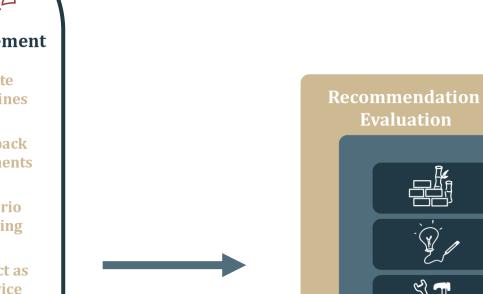




Recommendation set and evaluation tool



recycling



Recommendation set and evaluation tool



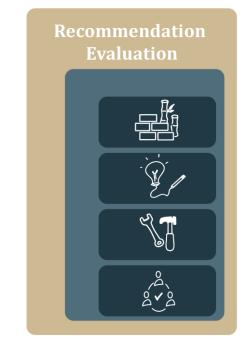
Design support

new projects



Design evaluation

exisiting projects



Case study: Pakistan







Pakistan





Pakistan





> 231 M population 2023



53.3% under 25 year old (2016)





6.5average
household size





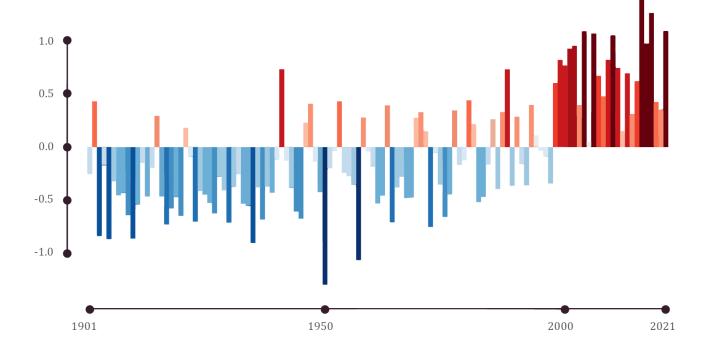
wasta
forming
social connection



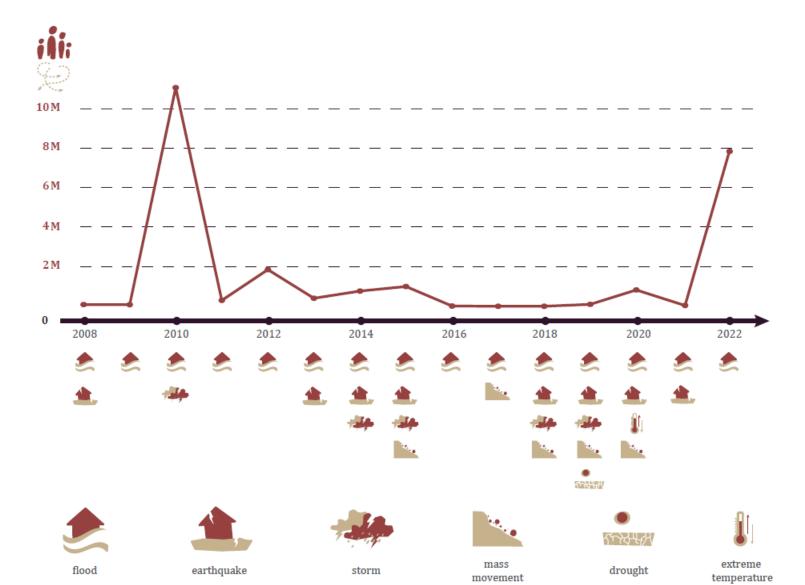
90% live on less than \$10 per day

Climate change vulnerability

Temperature change in Pakistan, relative to average of 1971 – 2000 [°C]

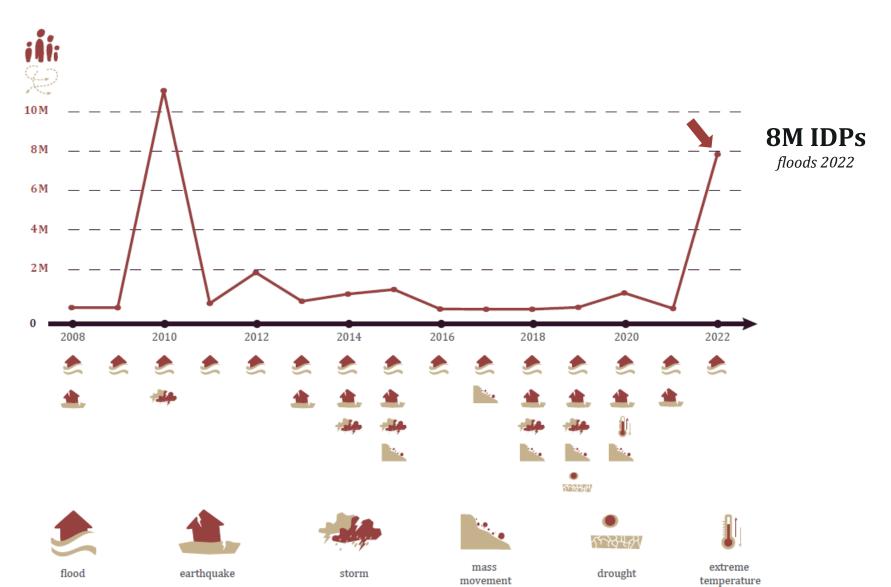


Displacement and causes





Displacement and causes



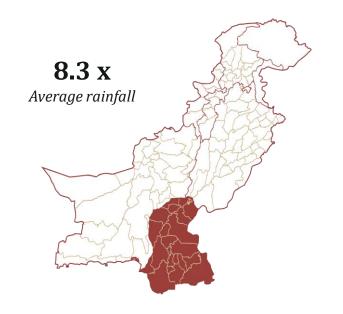


Floods 2022





Sindh province









1.1MHouses damaged



683KHouses destroyed

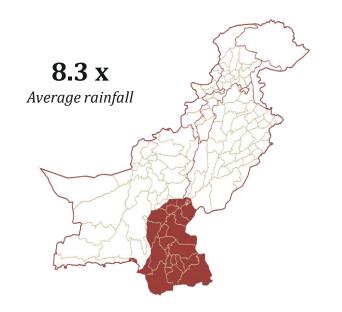


430K *Livestock loss*





Sindh province





1.1MHouses damaged



683KHouses destroyed



430K *Livestock loss*





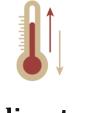








Design requirements



climate appropriate

5° to 45°€



culture appropriate

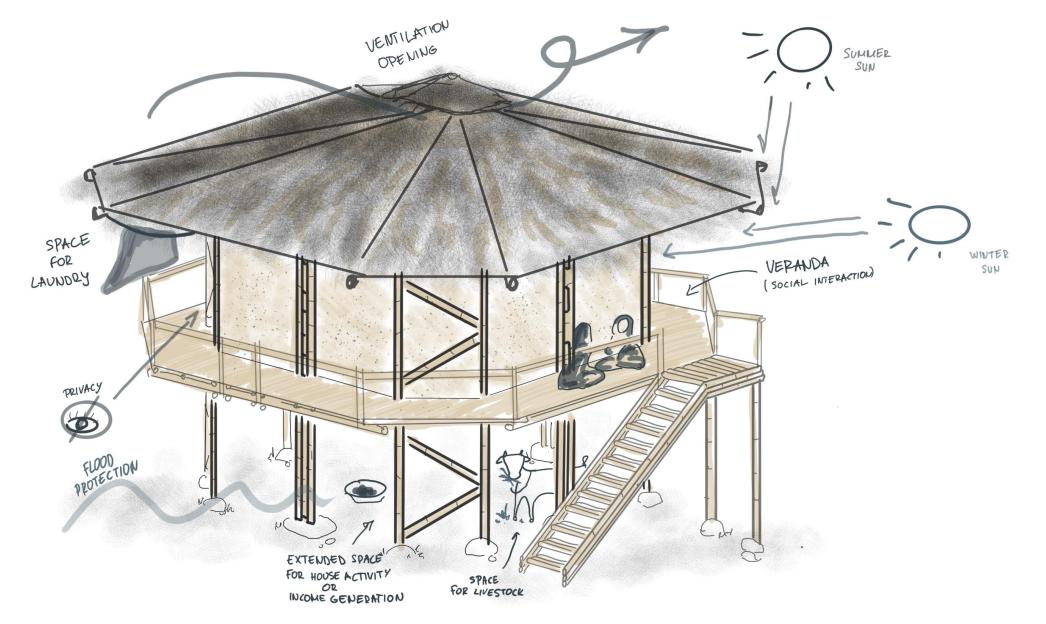


covered outdoor space



income opportunity

Concept



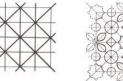
Concept Ajrak

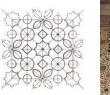
ajrak – *blue* (arabic)













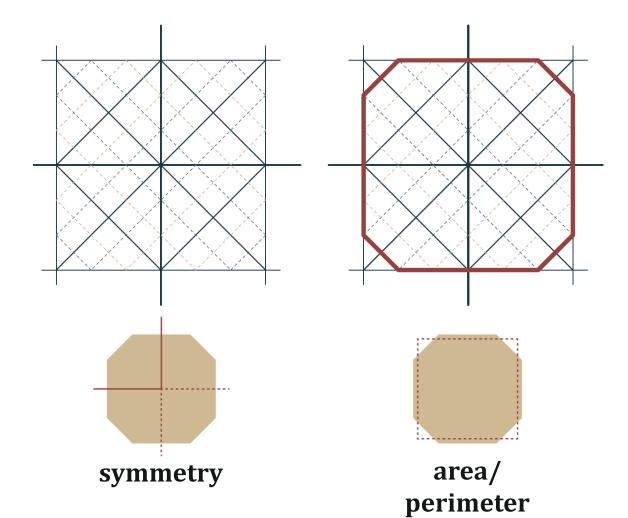




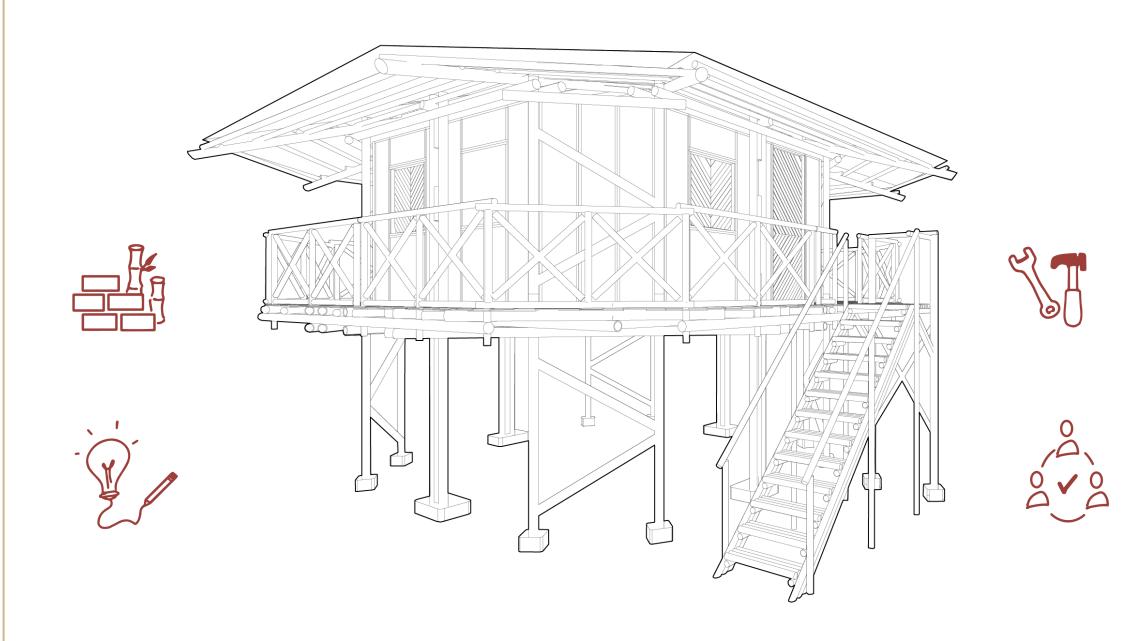
Concept Ajrak

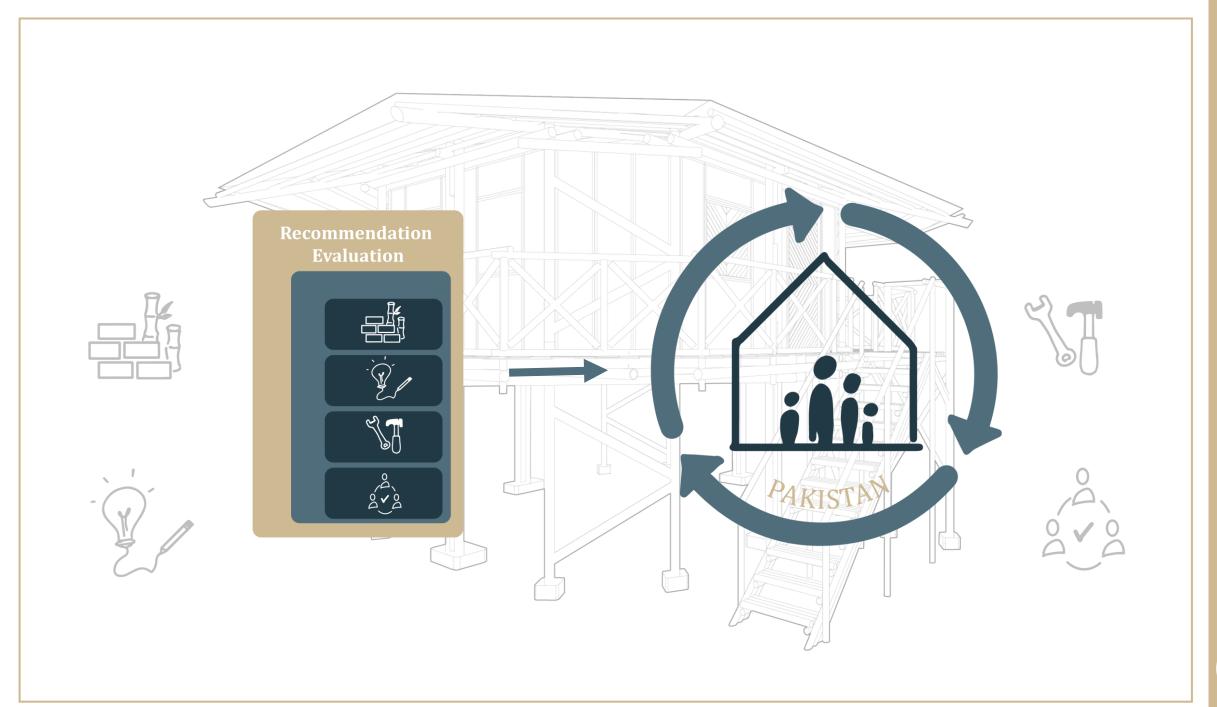






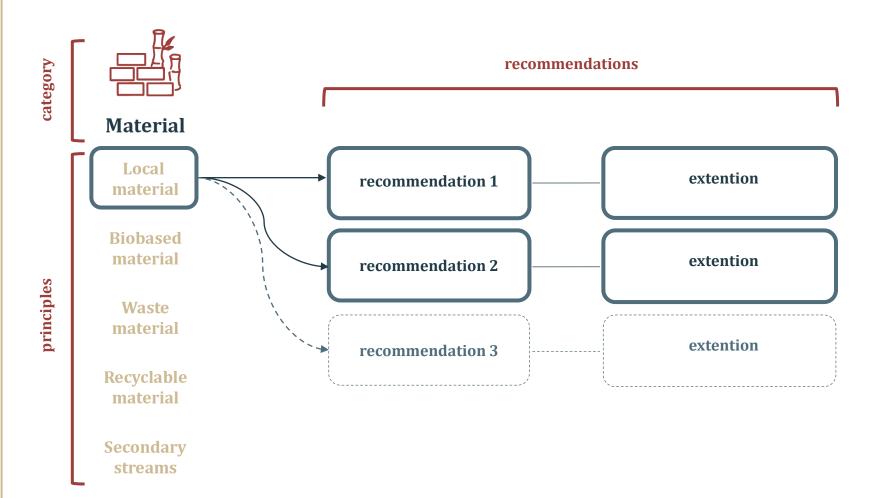






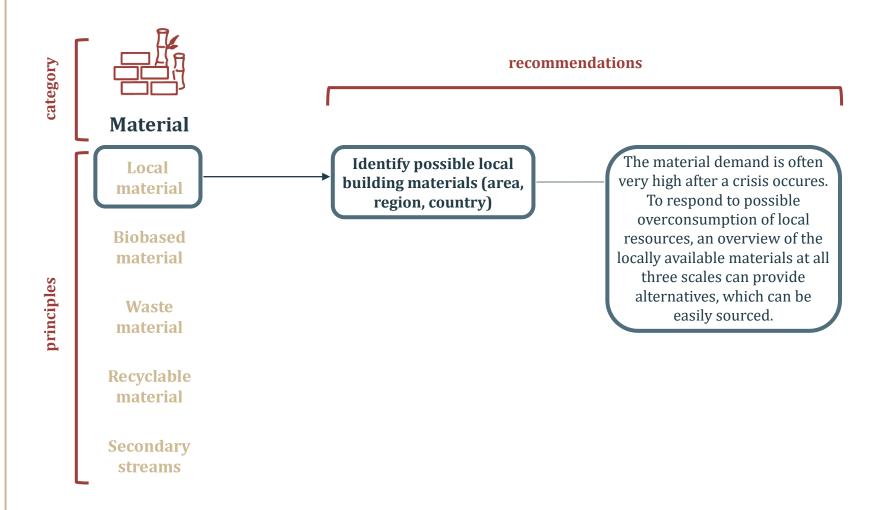
Recommendation set and evaluation tool





Recommendation set and evaluation tool







Material

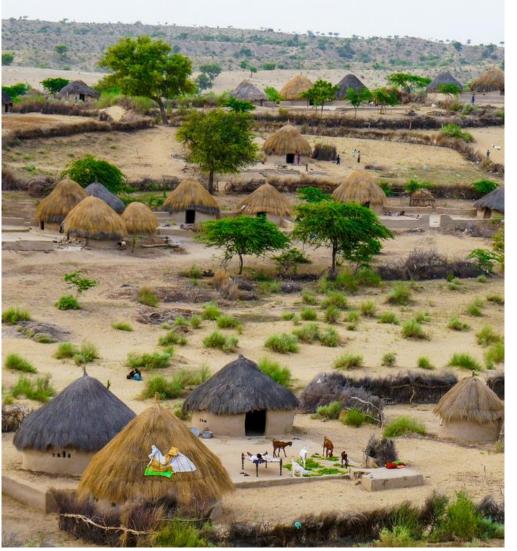
Local material

Biobased material

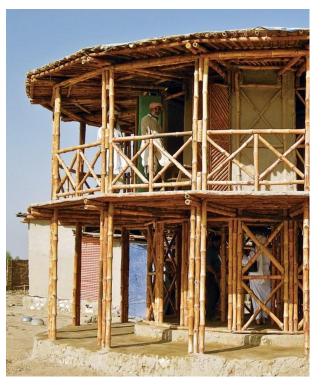
Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams











Material

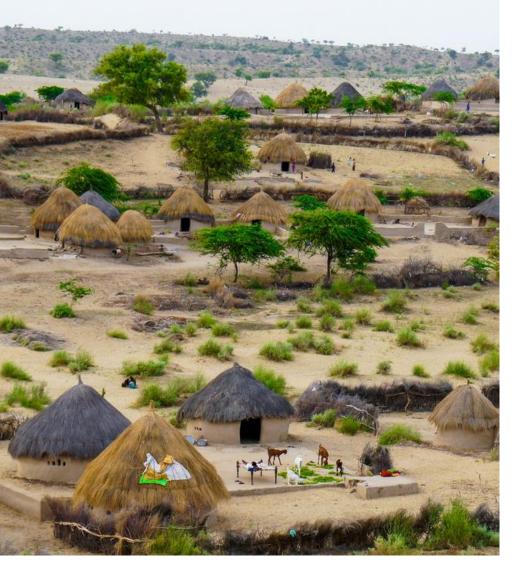
Local material

Biobased material

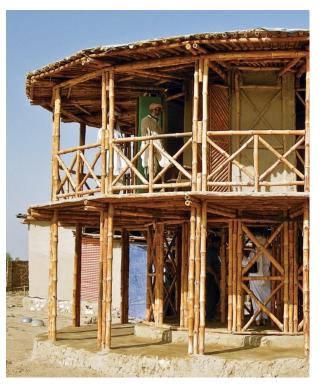
Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams











Material

Local material

Identify possible local building materials (area, region, country)

Biobased material

Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams



Material

Local material

Biobased material

Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams



earth

































Material

Local material

Identify possible local building materials (area, region, country)





Biobased material

Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams





Material

Local material Environmental impact of materials' sourcing and processing

Biobased material Consider the harvest season





Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams









Material

Local material

Biobased material

Waste material

Recyclable material

Identify waste materials (area, region, country)



byproduct

Hemp shives + lime binder + H₂O



HEMP







Material

Local material

Consider ease of maintenance

Biobased material

Avoid toxic chemicals

Waste material

Recyclable material

Secondary streams











Material

Local material

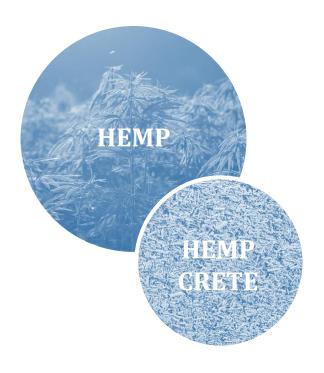
Biobased material Identify suitable disposal options and their availability

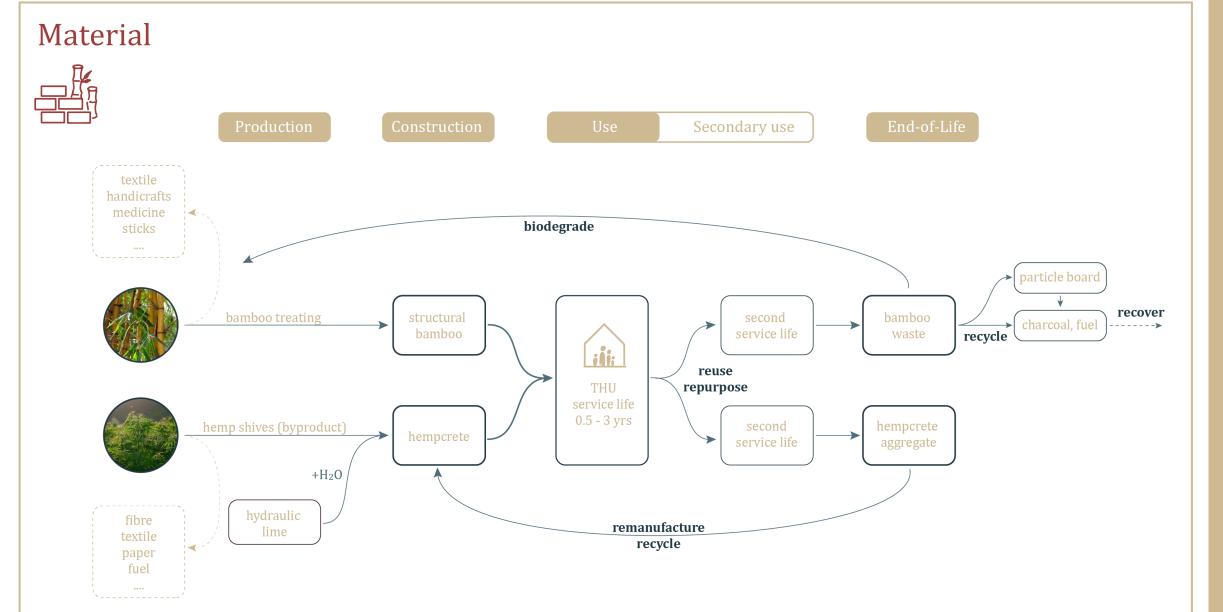
Waste material

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Secondary streams









Design

Design for disassembly

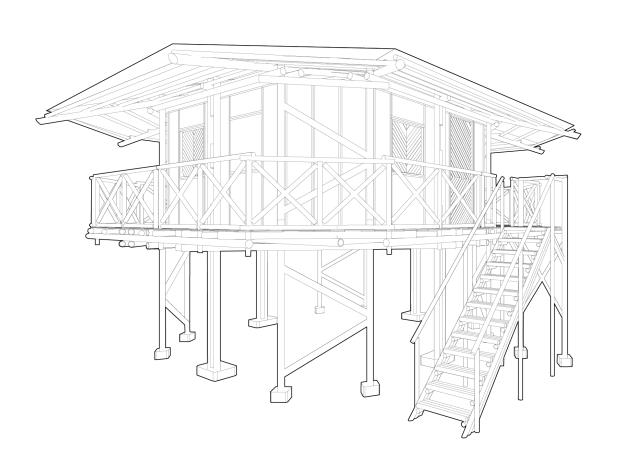
Modular design

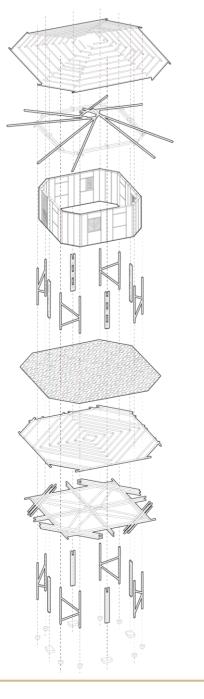
Design for longevity

Design for standardisation

Design for adaptability

Material optimisation









Design for disassembly

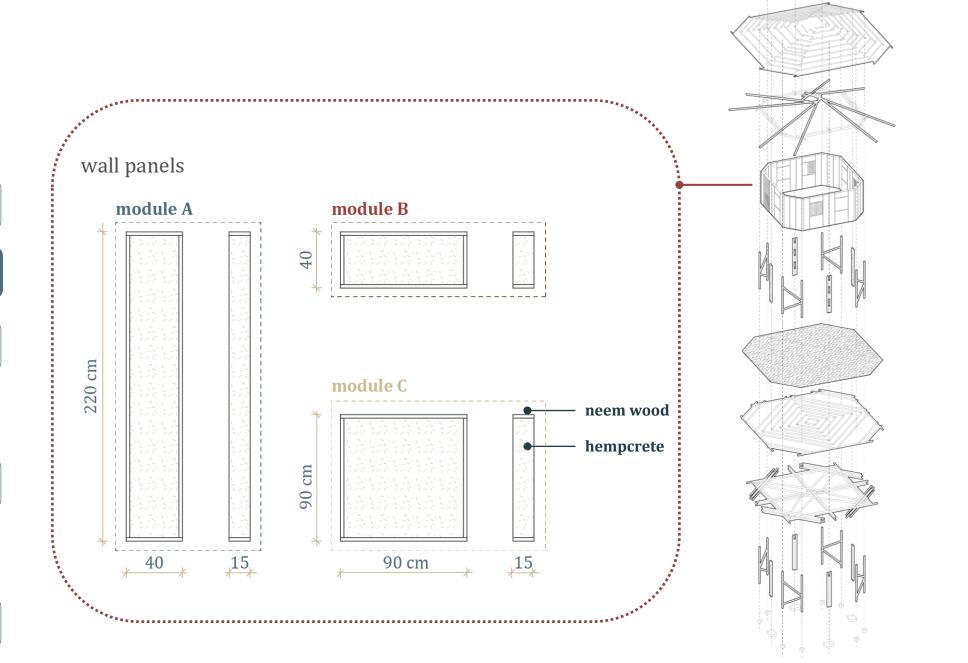
Modular design

Design for longevity

Design for standardisation

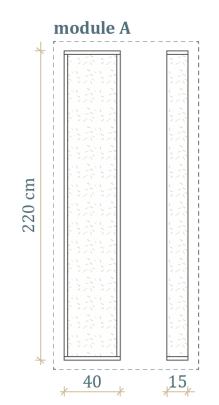
Design for adaptability

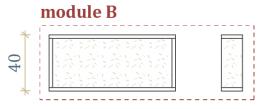
Material optimisation

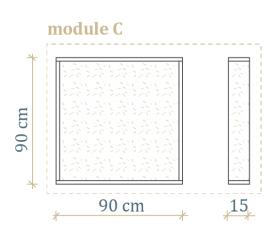


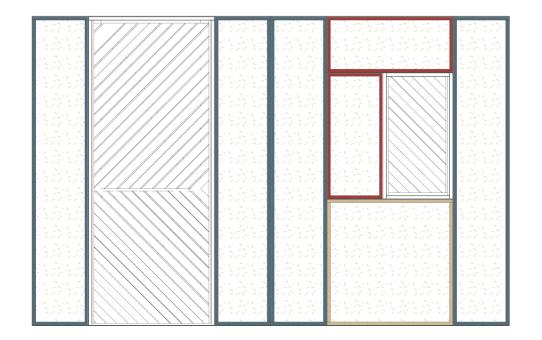


wall panels











Design

Design for disassembly

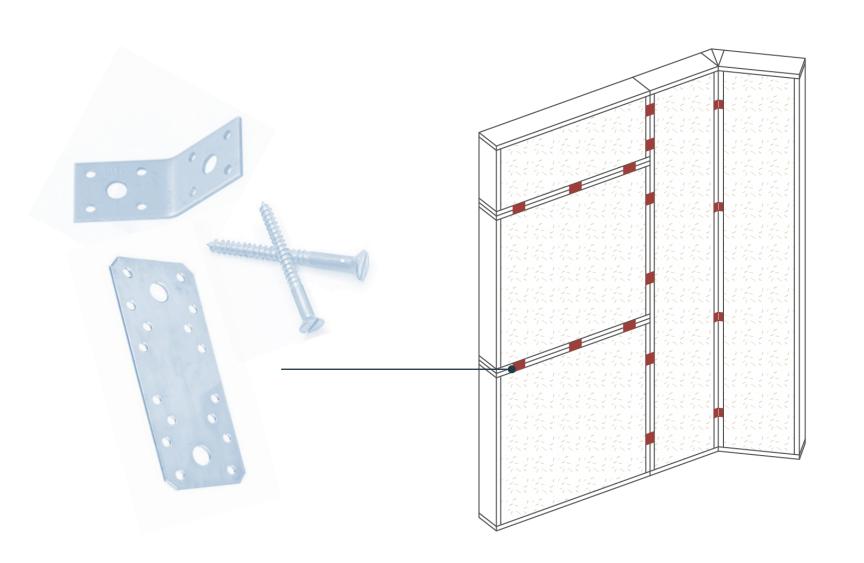
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Design

Design for disassembly

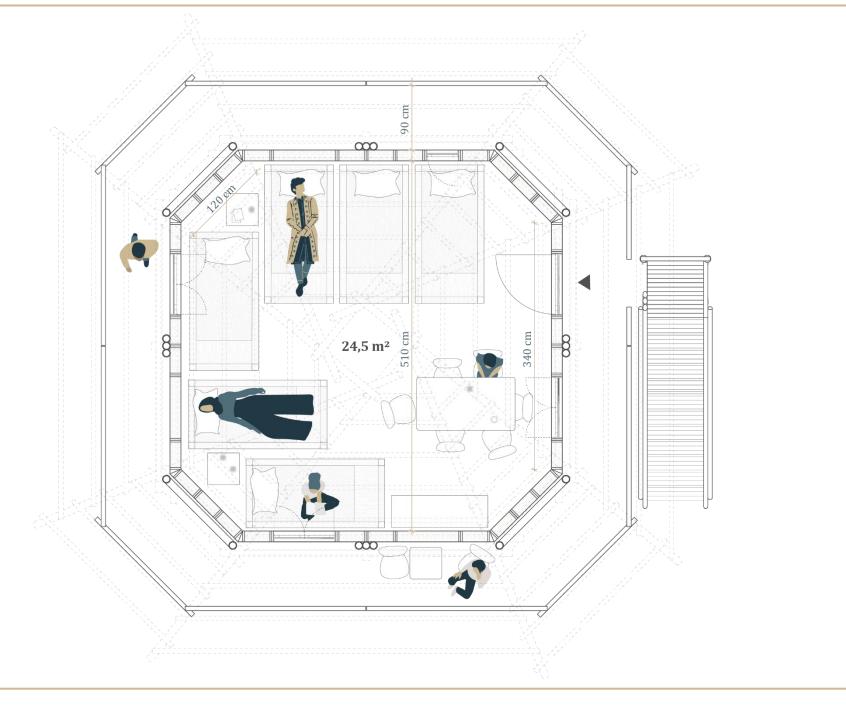
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Design

Design for disassembly

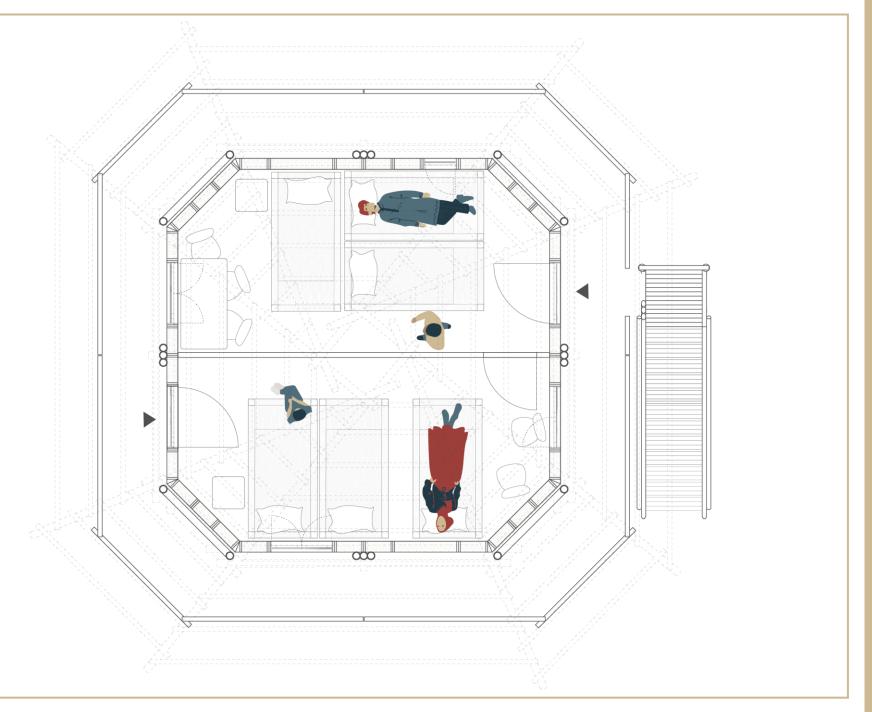
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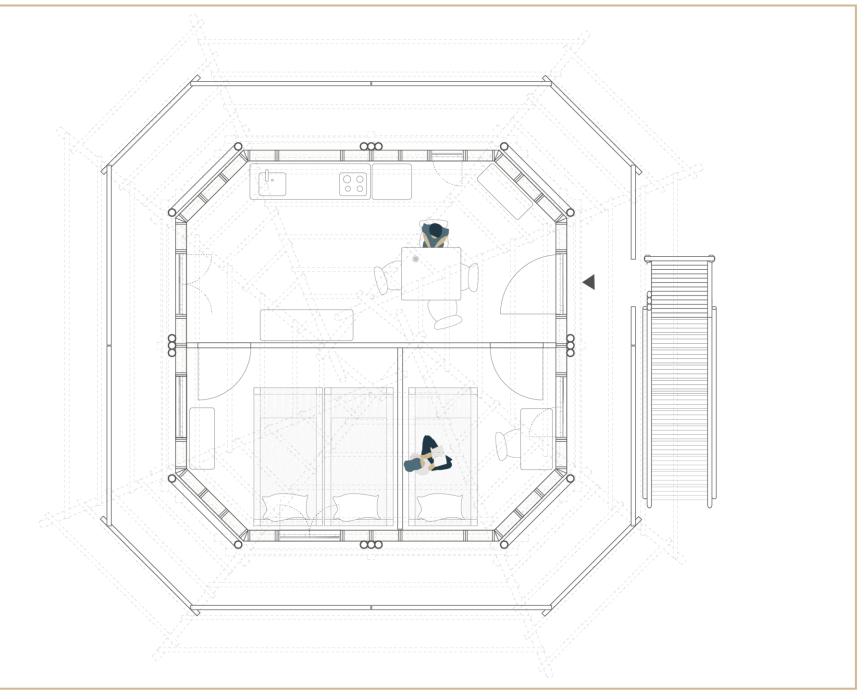
Modular design

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Design for disassembly

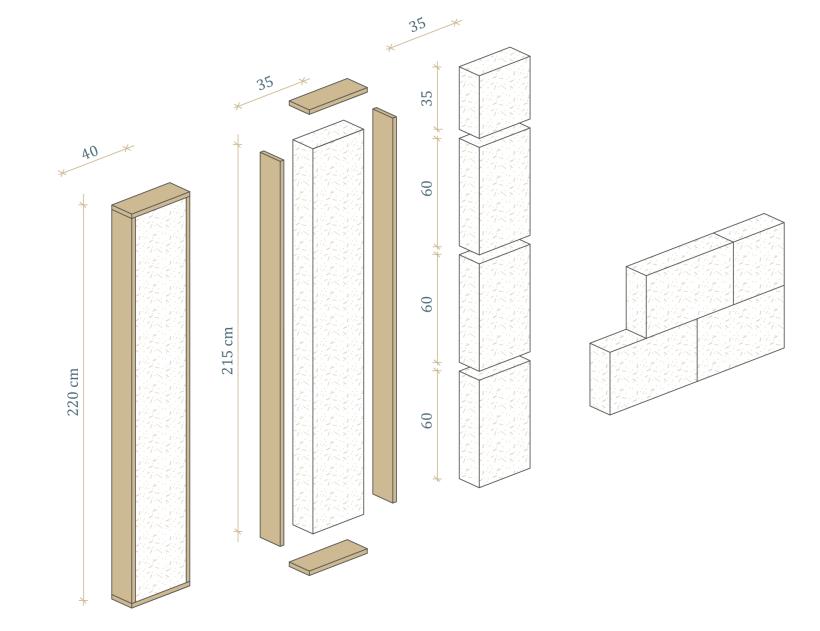
Modular design

Design for longevity

Design for standardisation

> **Design for** adaptability

Material optimisation







Design

Design for disassembly

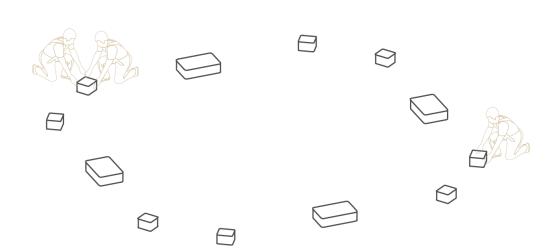
Modular design

Design for longevity

Design for standardisation

Design for adaptability

Material optimisation





Manufacturing



Manufacturing

Prefabrication

Additive manufacturing

CNC milling

Robotics

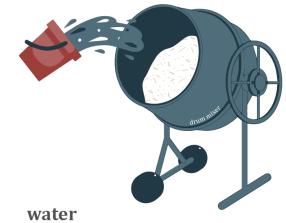
Vernacular building techniques



hemp shives 1 kg



lime binder 1.5 kg



21



Manufacturing



Manufacturing

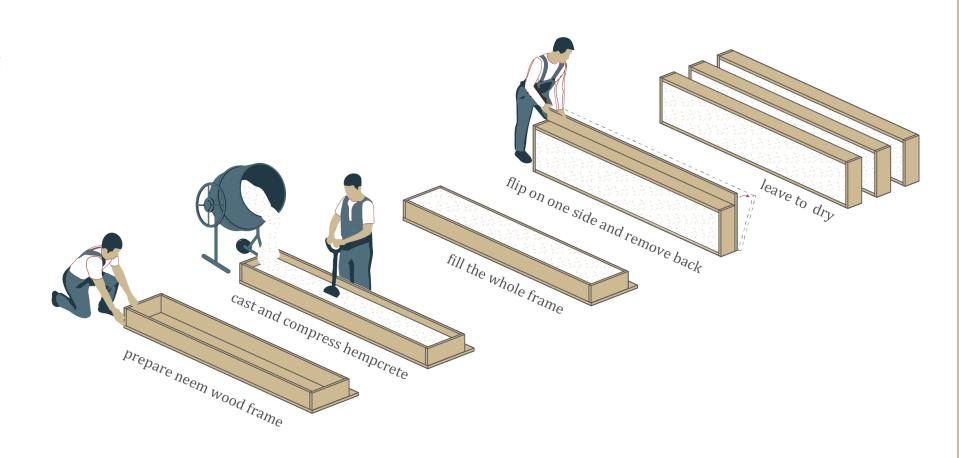
Prefabrication

Additive manufacturing

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Robotics

Vernacular building techniques





Management

Create guidelines

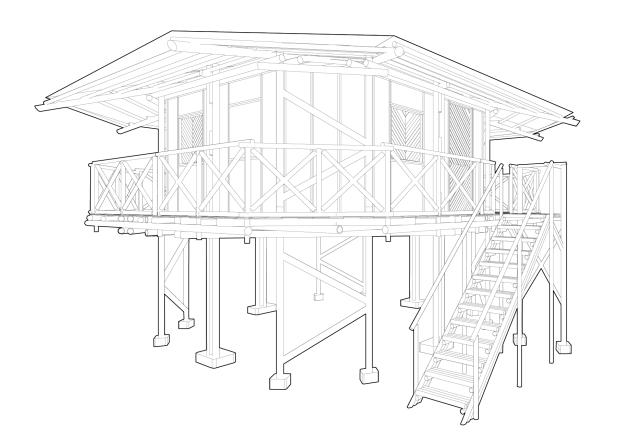
Take-back agreements

Scenario planning

Product as a service

BIM

Material passport







Management

Create guidelines

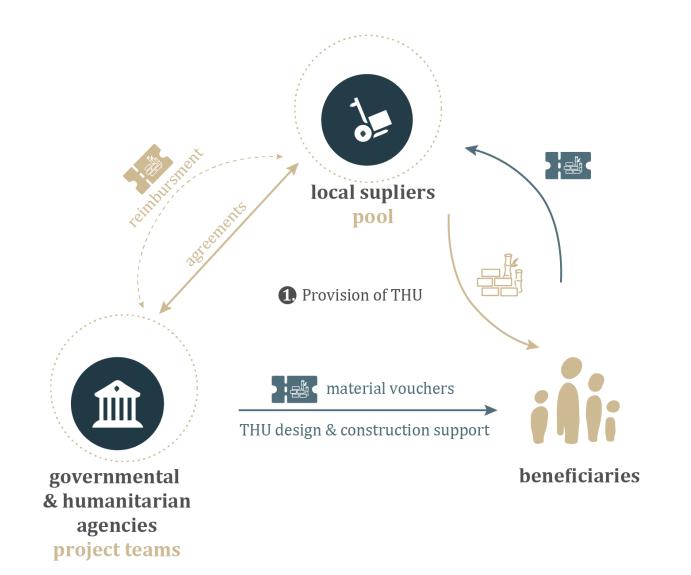
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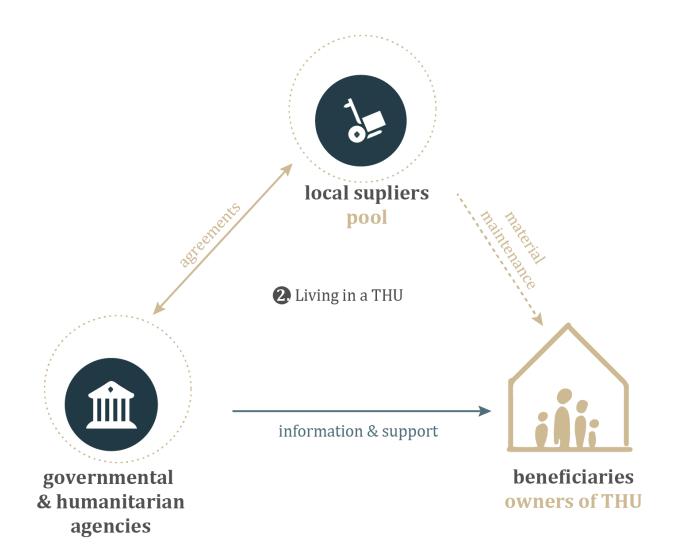
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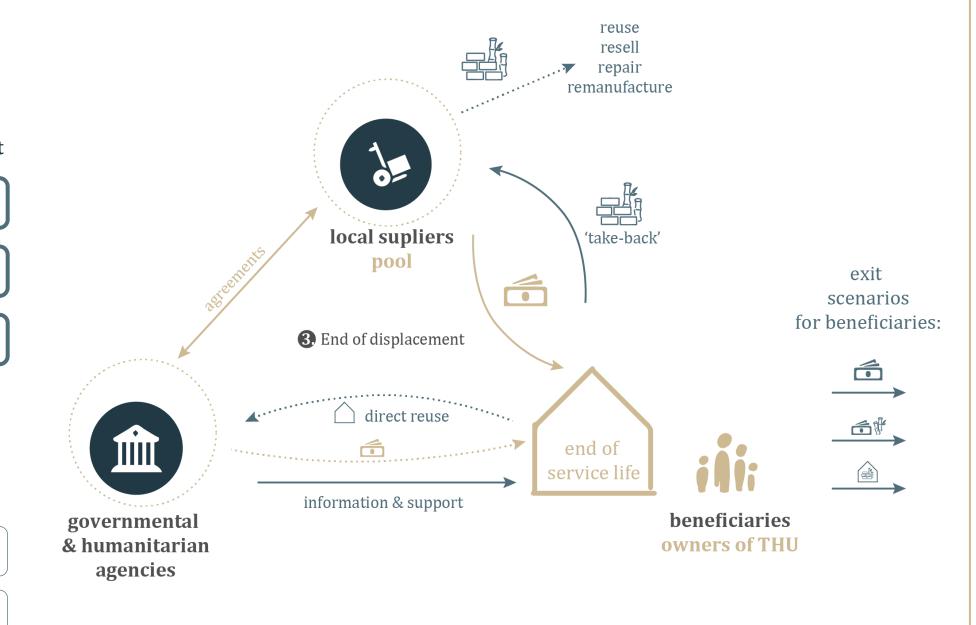
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Circularity principles









Material

Design

Manufacturing

Management

Local material Design for disassembly

Prefabrication

Create guidelines

Biobased material Modular design Additive manufacturing

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Secondary streams Design for adaptability

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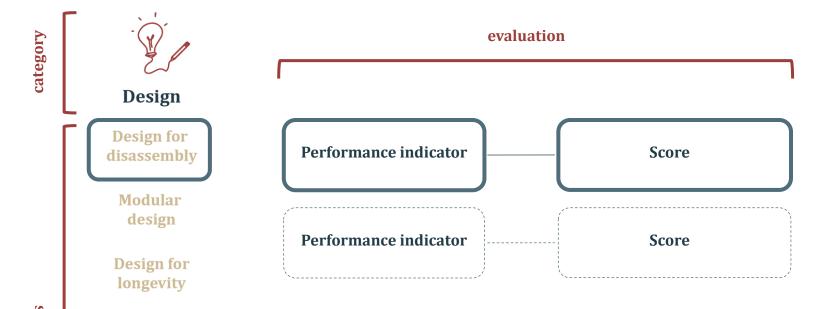
Material passport





Recommendation set and evaluation tool





principles

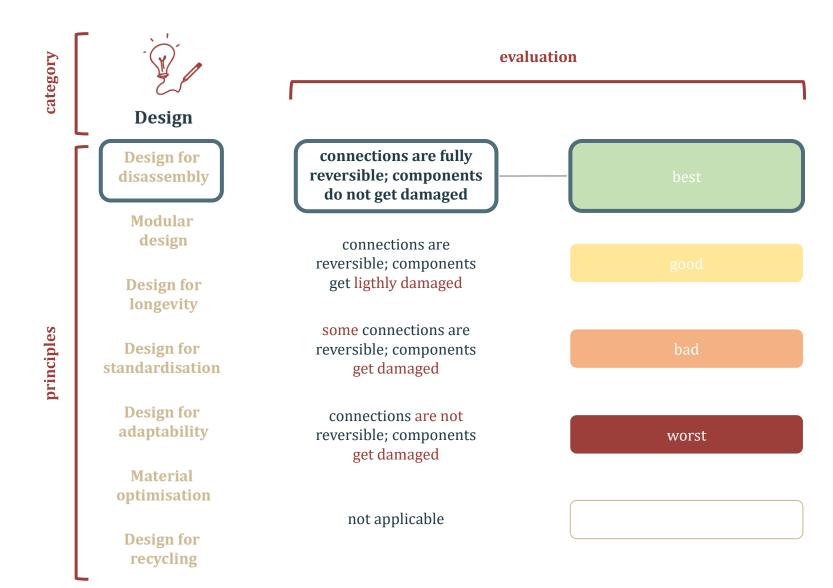
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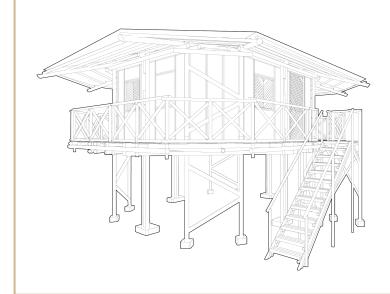
Recommendation set and evaluation tool





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Design evaluation						

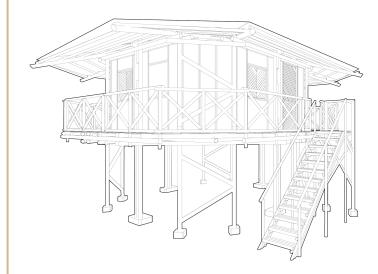
I. Material 1.1 Local materials 1.2 Biobased materials 1.3 Waste materials 1.4 Recyclable materials 1.5 Secondary streams II. Design 2.1 Design for disassembly 2.2 Modular design 2.3 Design for longevity 2.4 Design for standardisation 2.5 Design for adaptability 2.6 Material optimisation 2.7 Design for recycling III. Manufacture 3.1 Prefabrication 3.2 Additive manufacturing 3.3 CNC milling 3.4 Robotics 3.5 Vernacular building techniques IV. Management 4.1 Create guidelines 4.2 Take-back agreements 4.3 Scenario planning 4.4 Product as a service 4.5 Building information model (BIM) 4.6 Material passport 4.7 Building as material banks (BAMB)		Category	Principle		Evaluation	Evaluation overview		
1.2 Biobased materials 1.3 Waste materials 1.4 Recyclable materials 1.5 Secondary streams 1. Design 2.1 Design for disassembly 2.2 Modular design 2.3 Design for longevity 2.4 Design for standardisation 2.5 Design for adaptability 2.6 Material optimisation 2.7 Design for recycling 111. Manufacture 3.1 Prefabrication 3.2 Additive manufacturing 3.3 CNC milling 3.4 Robotics 3.5 Vernacular building techniques 11V. Management 4.1 Create guidelines 4.2 Take-back agreements 4.3 Scenario planning 4.4 Product as a service 4.5 Building information model (BIM) 4.6 Material passport	I.	Material						
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2.5 Design for adaptability 2.6 Material optimisation 2.7 Design for recycling III. Manufacture 3.1 Prefabrication 3.2 Additive manufacturing 3.3 CNC milling 3.4 Robotics 3.5 Vernacular building techniques IV. Management 4.1 Create guidelines 4.2 Take-back agreements 4.3 Scenario planning 4.4 Product as a service 4.5 Building information model (BIM) 4.6 Material passport			ı					
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4.7 Building as material banks (BAMB)			4.6	Material passport				
			4.7	Building as material banks (BAMB)				



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Design evaluation					



No	Category	Prir	ciple	Evaluatio	n overvie	w
I.	Material	П				
		1.1	Local materials			
		1.2	Biobased materials			
		1.3	Waste materials			
		1.4	Recyclable materials			
		1.5	Secondary streams			
II.	Design					
	-	2.1	Design for disassembly			
		2.2	Modular design			
		2.3	Design for longevity			
		2.4	Design for standardisation			
		2.5	Design for adaptability			
		2.6	Material optimisation			
		2.7	Design for recycling			
TTT	Manufacture	⊢				
111.	Manuracture	3.1	Prefabrication			
		3.2	Additive manufacturing			
		3.3	CNC milling			
		3.4	Robotics			
		3.5	Vernacular building techniques			
TV.	Management	\vdash				
	gement	4.1	Create guidelines			
		4.2	Take-back agreements			
		4.3	Scenario planning			
		4.4	Product as a service			
		4.5	Building information model (BIM)			
		4.6	Material passport			
		4.7	Building as material banks (BAMB)		_	
		4.7	Building as material banks (BAMB)			



Conclusion



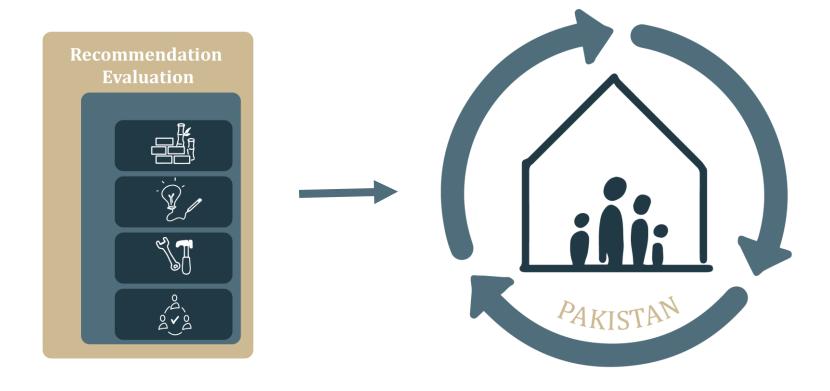
How can transitional housing for displaced people

in the extreme conditions of upper Sindh province in Pakistan

be made using circular building principles?

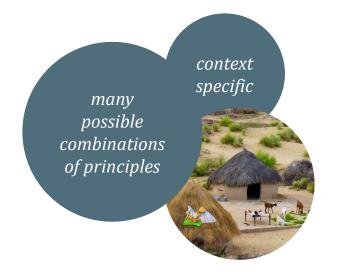


Conclusion



Conclusion





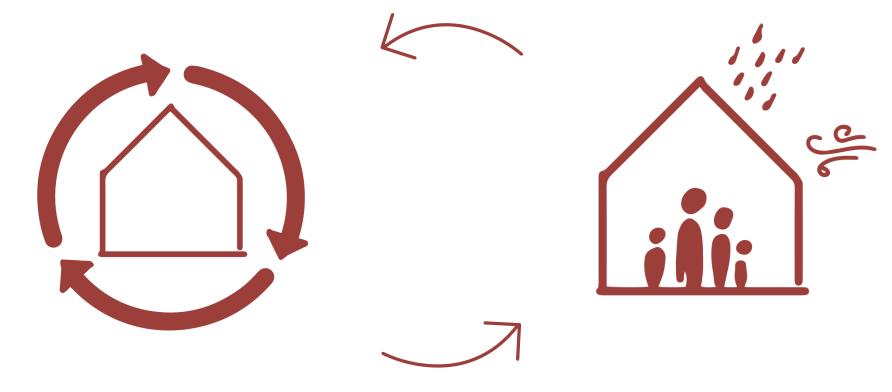






Discussion

Innovation under extreme conditions benefits the built environment



Circularity principles reduce negative impacts



Thank you for your attention! Questions?