

Graduation Plan

Master of Science Architecture, Urbanism & Building Sciences



Graduation Plan: All tracks

Submit your Graduation Plan to the Board of Examiners (Examencommissie-BK@tudelft.nl), Mentors and Delegate of the Board of Examiners one week before P2 at the latest.

The graduation plan consists of at least the following data/segments:

Personal information	
Name	Athanasios Rodiftsis
Student number	4943295
Telephone number	
Private e-mail address	

Studio		
Name / Theme	[Building Technology Sustainable Design Graduation Studio / Design Informatics and Structural Design & Mechanics]	
Main mentor	Dr. S. Asut	Design Informatics
Second mentor	Dr.ir. F.A. Veer	Structural Design & Mechanics
Argumentation of choice of the studio	<p>The building industry is increasingly adopting innovative manufacturing technologies, such as additive manufacturing in construction. This can lead to significant changes in the construction pipeline, as well as to a reevaluation of construction materials. Building with earth, while having clay as the main binder has the potential to become an alternative to building with concrete, which is responsible for the big environmental impact of construction industry.</p> <p><u>TiSD annotation</u> This thesis will also be part of the TiSD annotation. My interest in concepts such as sustainability and circularity led me to structure my electives with as many credits related to sustainable development as I could. Sustainability is central to the theme of the project. Through efficient use of energy and resources, the impact of construction on the environment can be minimized.</p>	

Graduation project	
Title of the graduation project	Robotic Additive Manufacturing (RAM) of an earthen shell structure: structural optimization through computational design
Goal	
Location:	Greece
The posed problem,	The energy consumption of construction industry amounts to 40% of the total energy used in most countries. In addition, carbon emissions of concrete amount to 8% of global emissions. Through the traditional way of construction, buildings end up as construction waste, as their lifecycle is not considered.

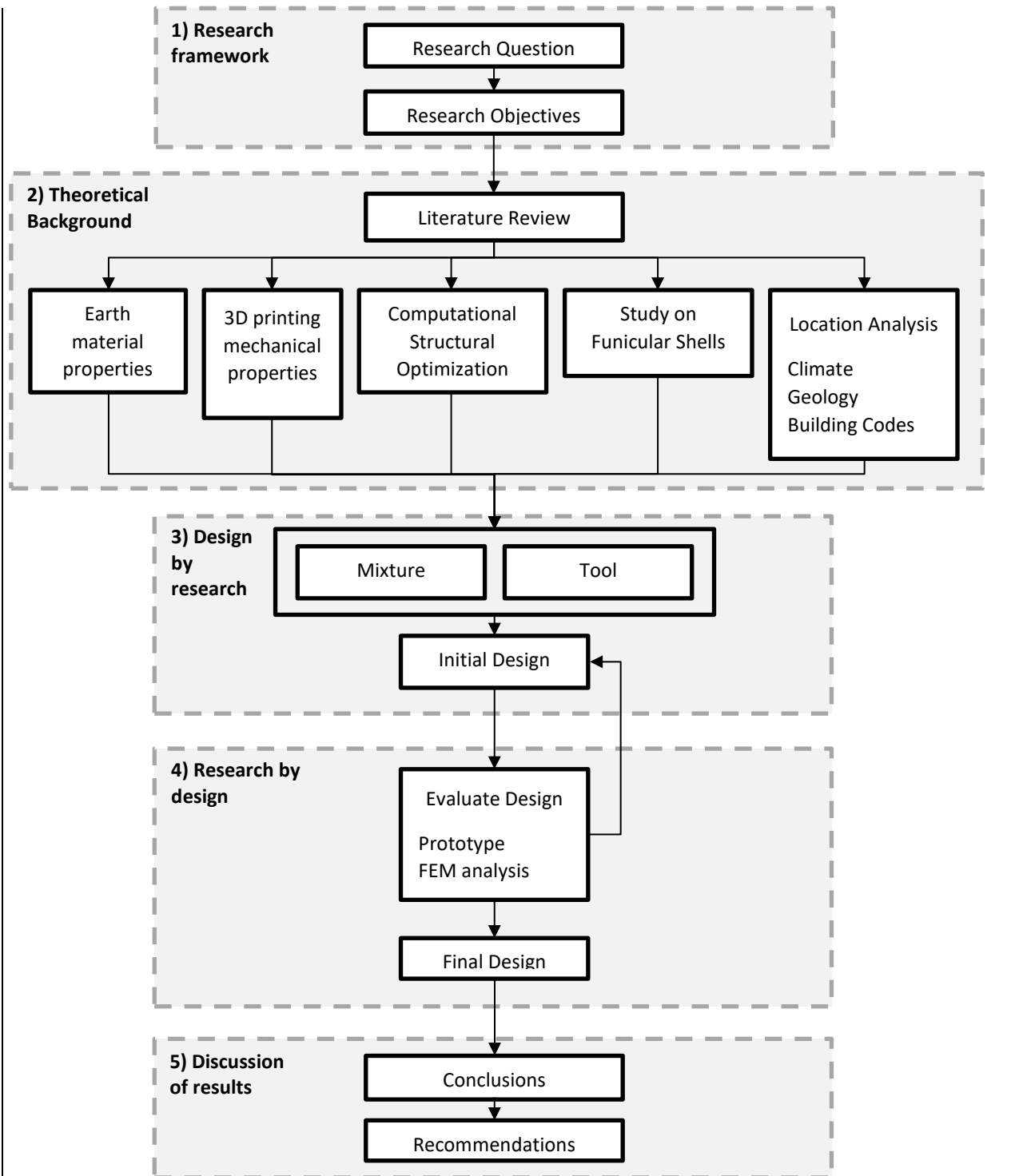
	<p>Moreover, their design is sub-optimal as high performance criteria are hard to implement. 3D printing in construction using earth can address these issues through highly efficient performative design with an environmentally friendly, recyclable material. Structural optimization will ensure stability with minimal use of material.</p>
<p>research questions and</p>	<p>The main research objective is to contribute to innovation in construction by developing a pipeline for 3D printing in construction using earth.</p> <p>The main research question is:</p> <p>How to develop a design to fabrication workflow for a structurally optimized shell towards robotic additive manufacturing by clay binder?</p> <p>The sub research questions are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are the design and performance criteria involved in designing a robotically 3D printed component? • What are the advantages and limitations of using clay? What is the best mixture in this setup? • What is the effect of infill / layer height / fibers / kiln / extrusion speed / drying time / geometry in the mechanical properties of the component? • What is the projected environmental impact of the proposed construction?
<p>Design assignment in which these result.</p>	<p>The research question leads to the development of an integrated workflow from design to production. The design assignment will be a proof of concept of the proposed workflow:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Structurally optimized earthen shell structure created using entirely reusable, recyclable materials sourced from the local terrain
<p>[This should be formulated in such a way that the graduation project can answer these questions. The definition of the problem has to be significant to a clearly defined area of research and design.]</p>	

Process

Method description

The method follows the steps as illustrated in the diagram:

- 1) Research Framework
- 2) Literature Review
- 3) Design by Research
- 4) Research by Design
- 5) Discussion of results



Literature and general practical preference

The main research avenues are:

- Material scope exploration with emphasis on mechanical properties
- Robotic manufacturing process and its effect on mechanical properties
- Computational Design for Structural Optimization
- Funicular shell design
- Location Analysis in terms of climate, geology and building codes

Literature

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- [2] De Wit, S. (2016), Parametric Segmental Timber Shell Structures Using Form-Finding: In combination with structural analysis and digital fabrication, Eindhoven, The Netherlands

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- [11] Rahul, A. V., Santhanam, M., Meena, H., & Ghani, Z. (2019, August 21). Mechanical characterization of 3D printable concrete. Retrieved from <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0950061819321282?via=ihub>.
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Reflection

1. What is the relation between your graduation (project) topic, the studio topic (if applicable), your master track (A,U,BT,LA,MBE), and your master programme (MSc AUBS)?

The main themes of the topic are:

- Robotic Additive Manufacturing (RAM)
- Structural Design optimization
- Sustainable materials innovation

Therefore, the topic merges Design Informatics and Structural Design & Mechanics, while using an environmentally friendly material, through the prism of the Sustainable Design Graduation studio.

2. What is the relevance of your graduation work in the larger social, professional and scientific framework?

Social

The graduation work introduces a construction process with low environmental impact and reduced CO2 emissions. It achieves these through a reduction in transport operations and costs by the employment of natural material resources, providing an alternative to concrete. On a broader sense, the method promotes the capitalization of local workforce and resources for construction, since no advanced training is needed to utilize the tools and the materials are decided based on availability. This can assist in the democratization of production technologies, through an open-source construction paradigm and a reduction in the cost of construction. As 3D printing in construction is an emerging concept, the project ultimately contributes to the expansion of human knowledge.

Professional

In the professional framework, the project achieves high construction performances, through the integration of computational optimization in the design and manufacturing process. This can contribute not only in mistake reduction but also in the integration of additional functions during printing, such as structural optimization, thermal insulation, natural ventilation and secondary working avoidance.

Scientific

In the scientific realm, the work adopts novel evaluation methods through the digitization of the construction process, BIM, file-to-factory. 3D printing offers the replicability of the architectural project, with high-quality standards.

Realization of non-standard architectural geometries and material saving through algorithmic design

Time planning

The time planning is shown by the table on the next page

Timeline | Graduation planning

Calendar Week	NOVEMBER		DECEMBER		JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY																																		
	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28															
Course week	1.10	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	CW	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.10	KW	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.10	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.10	4.11	4.12	4.13	4.14	4.15	4.16	4.17	4.18	4.19	4.20	4.21	4.22	4.23	4.24	4.25	4.26	4.27	4.28

RESEARCH OBJECTIVE TOPIC	Activity																																	
	P1							P2							P3							P4							P5					
INSPIRATION	Selection of Graduation topic																																	
3D PRINTING	Reference Projects																																	
	Construction																																	
	Guidelines Variables																																	
MATERIAL	Types of clay																																	
	Mechanical properties																																	
	Mixture Exploration																																	
LOCATION	Climate Data																																	
	Material Availability																																	
	Building Codes																																	
COMPONENT	Case Study																																	
	Generative Design																																	
	Types of load-bearing component																																	
	Component Choice																																	
	Preliminary Design																																	
	Final Design																																	
	Prototype Selection																																	
STRUCTURAL OPTIMIZATION	Analysis & Criteria																																	
	Load Cases & Failure Modes																																	
	Convex optimization																																	
	Material optimization																																	
	Infill effect																																	
ROBOT	Manufacturing Process																																	
	Robotic control																																	
	Layering design																																	
	Infill Design																																	
PROTOTYPE	Nozzle Shape																																	
	Manufacturing																																	
	FEA Simulation																																	
	Laboratory Testing																																	
ASSESSMENT	Results																																	
	Discussion																																	
	Reflection																																	
EXAMS	Retake																																	
	Report																																	
DOCUMENTATION	Drawings																																	
	Presentation																																	