

## Research;

Assignment
Patchwork urbanism
Scope

## Design;

Bridge Building

# Transient Liquidities along the New Silk Road IV

#### GENERAL INTRODUCTION

#### **Experimental Architecture in Socio-Political Contexts**

The 'Transient Liquidities along the New Silk Road IV' graduation studio, organized by the BORDERS & TERRITORIES (B&T) group, will offer an architectural research and design course that investigates contemporary border conditions within the larger territorial scale(s). The studio focusses on urban and territorial sites where 'other' spatial conditions have emerged, ones that are 'teeming with suggestive meanings and unexpected potential' but which have hardly been analyzed and discussed within the contemporary architectural discourse. In our day and age, it seems no longer possible to investigate space without taking global political developments into consideration, nor to ignore ecological anxieties, pressured coexistences or even economically driven migratory movements. Therefore, special attention should be given to the critical relationship between architecture and its environmental context, as well as its more general sociopolitical contexts.

The course centers on the investigation into the specific characteristics of contemporary border conditions and the larger urban and territorial scale, with a special emphasis on the socio-political context(s) of architecture. The spatial analyses initiated by the studio are intended to give an insight into how contemporary spatial practices are inscribing themselves into the urban and territorial fabrics while simultaneously providing tools to question the position of the discipline. In our view, architecture is not only dealing with social and technological issues (which anyway should not be presented as merely functional problems, thus framing the subsequent solutions), but also and especially with its intrinsic capability of creating a place that does justice to the depth and richness of human culture.

B&T considers contemporary cities and territories a testing ground for speculative approaches. To this end, the current developments in the border-territories along the 'New Silk Road' are particularly intriguing, as the spatial transformations in these areas between the 'far East' and other parts of the globe are resulting in a fascinating array of spatial transformations, where different regimes of spatial planning, border tensions, (inter-)continental infrastructural projects, political (dis-)agreements, global capitalism, extrastate utopias and the like, are re-formatting the contemporary territorial and urban landscapes.

## Transient Liquidities along the New Silk Road IV

#### GENERAL INTRODUCTION

**Experimental Architecture in Socio-Political Contexts** 

The 'Transient Liquidities along the New Silk Road IV' graduation studio, organized by the BORDERS & TERRITORIES (B&T) group, will offer an architectural research and design course that investigates contemporary border conditions within the larger territorial scale(s). The studio focusses on urban and territorial sites where 'other' spatial conditions have emerged, ones that are 'teeming with suggestive meanings and unexpected potential' but which have hardly been analyzed and discussed within the contemporary architectural discourse. In our day and age, it seems no longer possible to investigate space without taking global political developments into consideration, nor to ignore ecological anxieties, pressured coexistences or even economically driven migratory movements. Therefore, special attention should be given to the critical relationship between architecture and its environmental context, as well as its more general socio-political contexts.

The course centers on the investigation into the specific characteristics of contemporary border conditions and the larger urban and territorial scale, with a special emphasis on the socio-political context(s) of architecture. The spatial analyses initiated by the studio are intended to give an insight into how contemporary spatial practices are inscribing themselves into the urban and territorial fabrics while simultaneously providing tools to question the position of the discipline. In our view, architecture is not only dealing with social and technological issues (which anyway should not be presented as merely functional problems, thus framing the subsequent solutions), but also and especially with its intrinsic capability of creating a place that does justice to the depth and richness of human culture.

B&T considers contemporary cities and territories a testing ground for speculative approaches. To this end, the current developments in the border-territories along the 'New Silk Road' are particularly intriguing, as the spatial transformations in these areas between the 'far East' and other parts of the globe are resulting in a fascinating array of spatial transformations, where different regimes of spatial planning, border tensions, (inter-)continental infrastructural projects, political (dis-)agreements, global capitalism, extrastate utopias and the like, are re-formatting the contemporary territorial and urban landscapes.

# Transient Liquidities along the New Silk Road IV

#### GENERAL INTRODUCTION

#### **Experimental Architecture in Socio-Political Contexts**

organized by the BORDERS & TERRITORIES (B&T) group, will offer an architectural research and design course that investigates contemporary border conditions within the larger territorial scale(s). The studio focusses on urban and territorial sites where 'other' spatial conditions have emerged, ones that are 'teeming with suggestive meanings and unexpected potential' but which have hardly been analyzed and discussed within the

spatial conditions have emerged, ones that are 'teeming with suggestive meanings and unexpected potential' but which have hardly been analyzed and discussed within the contemporary architectural discourse. In our day and age, it seems no longer possible to investigate space without taking global political developments into consideration, nor to ignore ecological anxieties, pressured coexistences or even economically driven migratory movements. Therefore, special attention should be given to the critical relationship between architecture and its environmental context, as well as its more general socio-political contexts.

The course centers on the investigation into the specific characteristics of contemporary border conditions and the larger urban and territorial scale, with a special emphasis on the socio-political context(s) of architecture. The spatial analyses initiated by the studio are intended to give an insight into how contemporary spatial practices are inscribing themselves into the urban and territorial fabrics while simultaneously providing tools to question the position of the discipline. In our view, architecture is not only dealing with social and technological issues (which anyway should not be presented as merely functional problems, thus framing the subsequent solutions), but also and especially with its intrinsic capability of creating a place that does justice to the depth and richness of human culture.

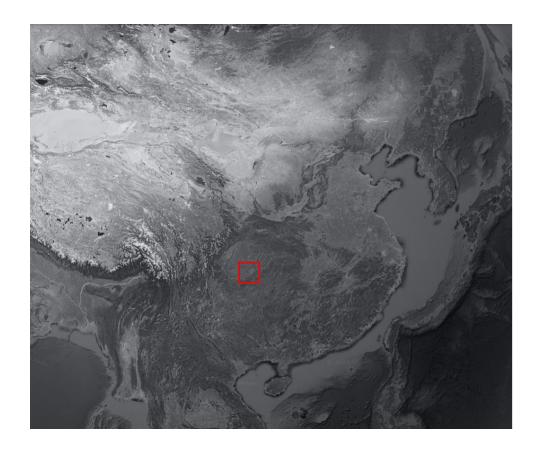
B&T considers contemporary cities and territories a testing ground for speculative approaches. To this end, the current developments in the border-territories along the 'New Silk Road' are particularly intriguing, as the spatial transformations in these areas between the 'far East' and other parts of the globe are resulting in a fascinating array of spatial transformations, where different regimes of spatial planning, border tensions, (inter-)continental infrastructural projects, political (dis-)agreements, global capitalism, extrastate utopias and the like, are re-formatting the contemporary territorial and urban landscapes.

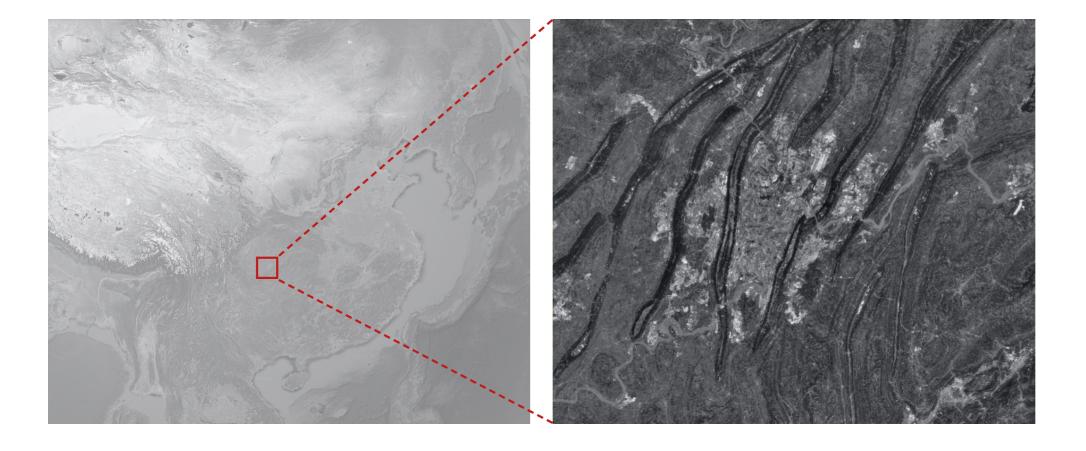


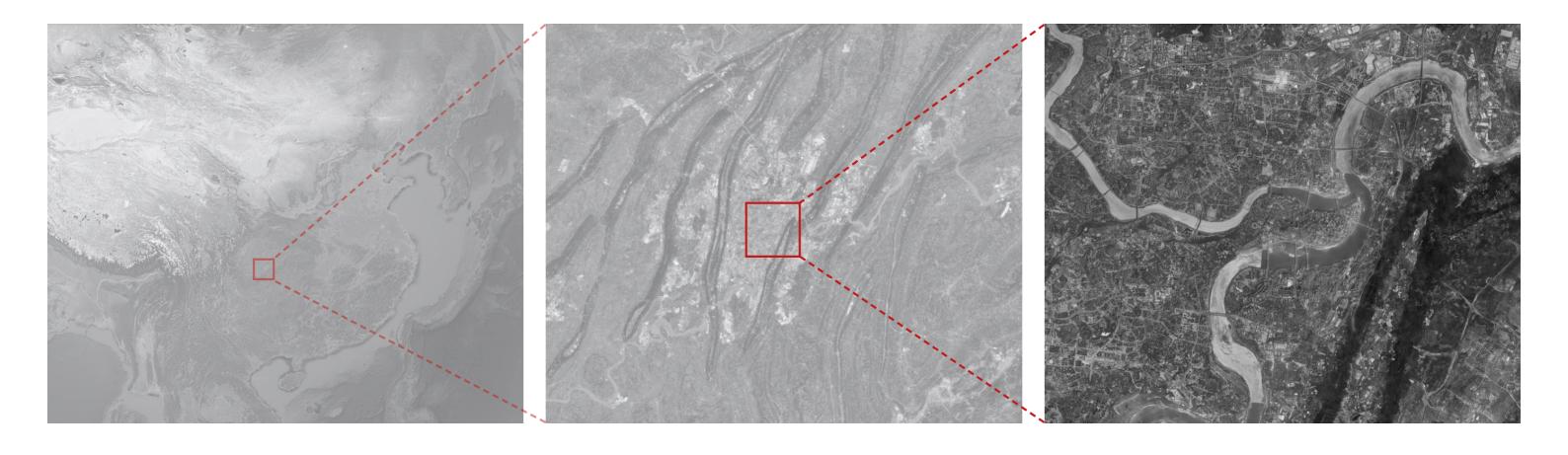






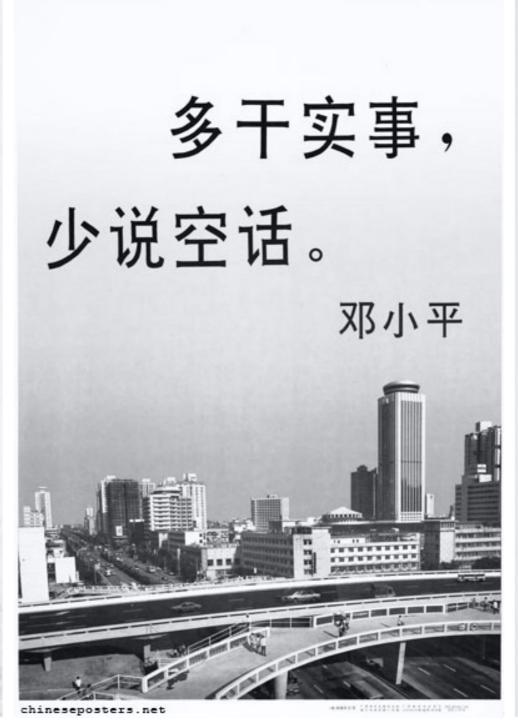








1959 The vegetables are green, the cucumbers plump, the yield is abundant



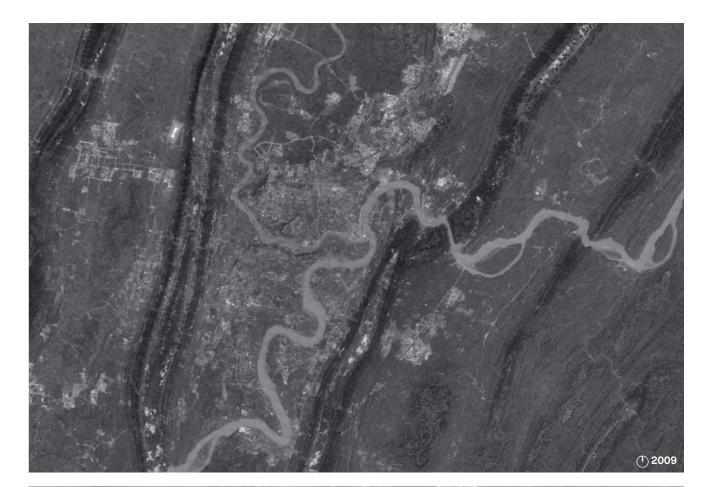
1992 We should do more and engage less in empty talk



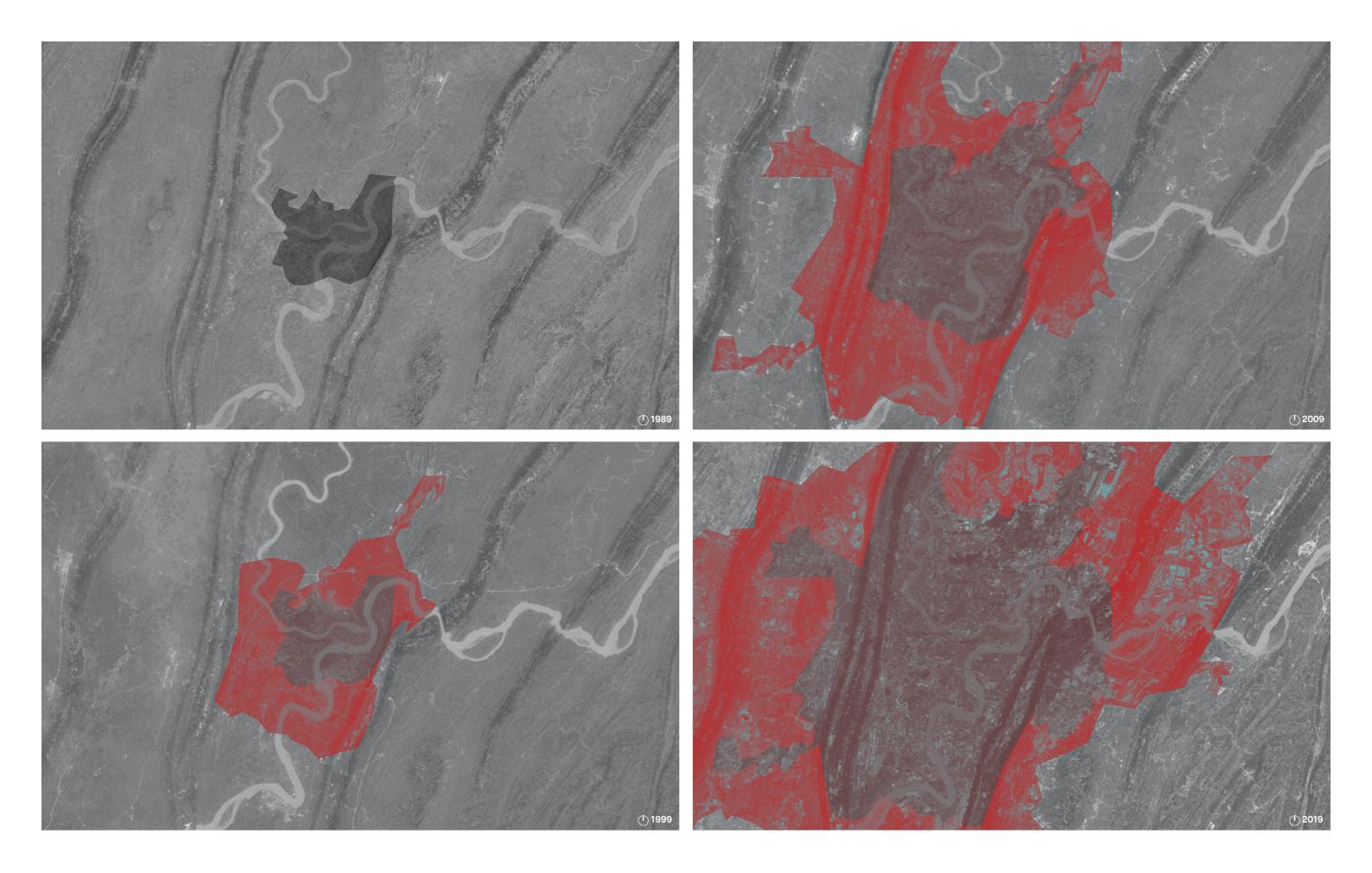
2000 Report truthfully, do a good job in the national cencus

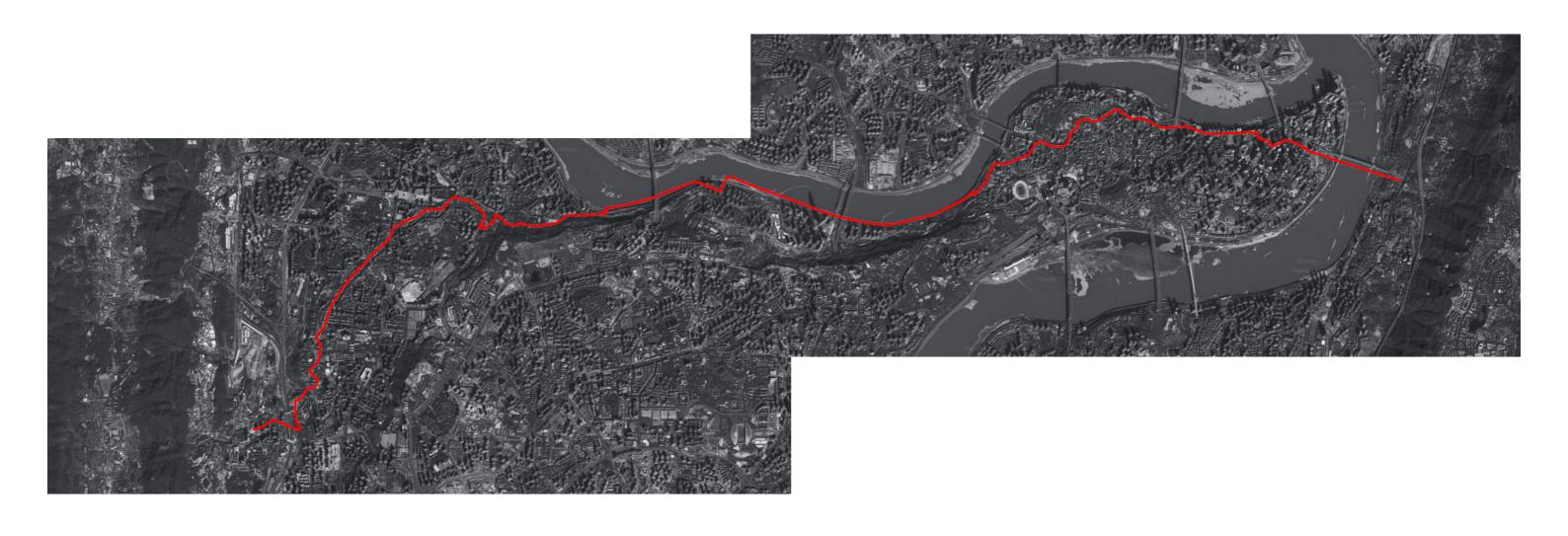


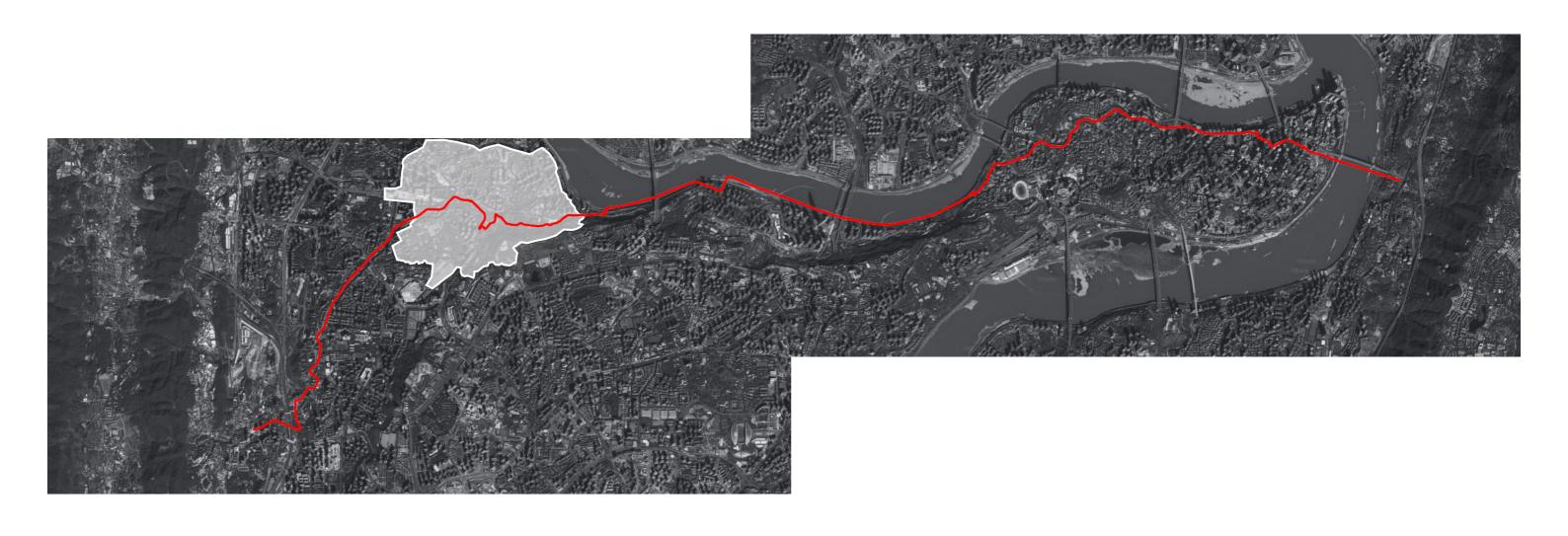


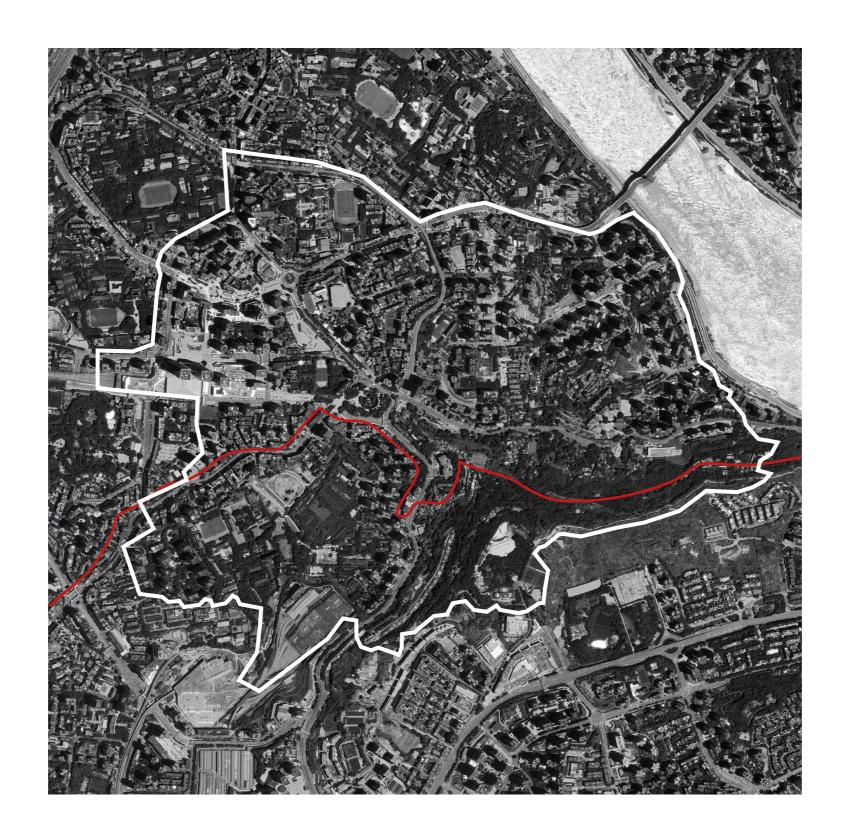














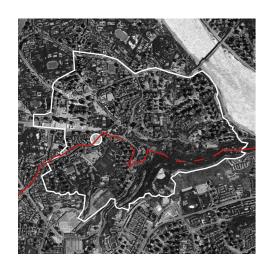


Image from own collection Satellite images retreived from Google Earth, accessed in March 2025



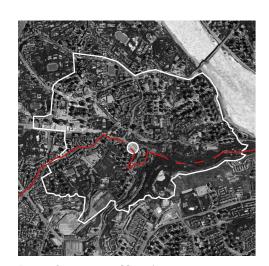


Image from own collection Satellite images retreived from Google Earth, accessed in March 2025





Image from own collection Satellite images retreived from Google Earth, accessed in March 2025

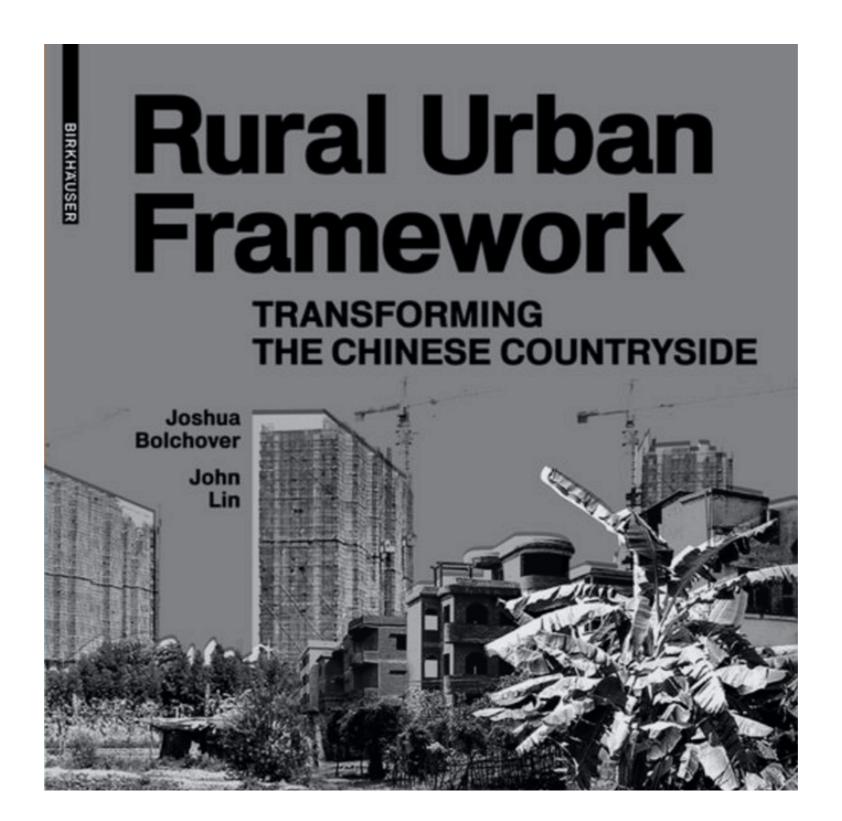








Images from own collection Satellite images retreived from Google Earth, accessed in March 2025





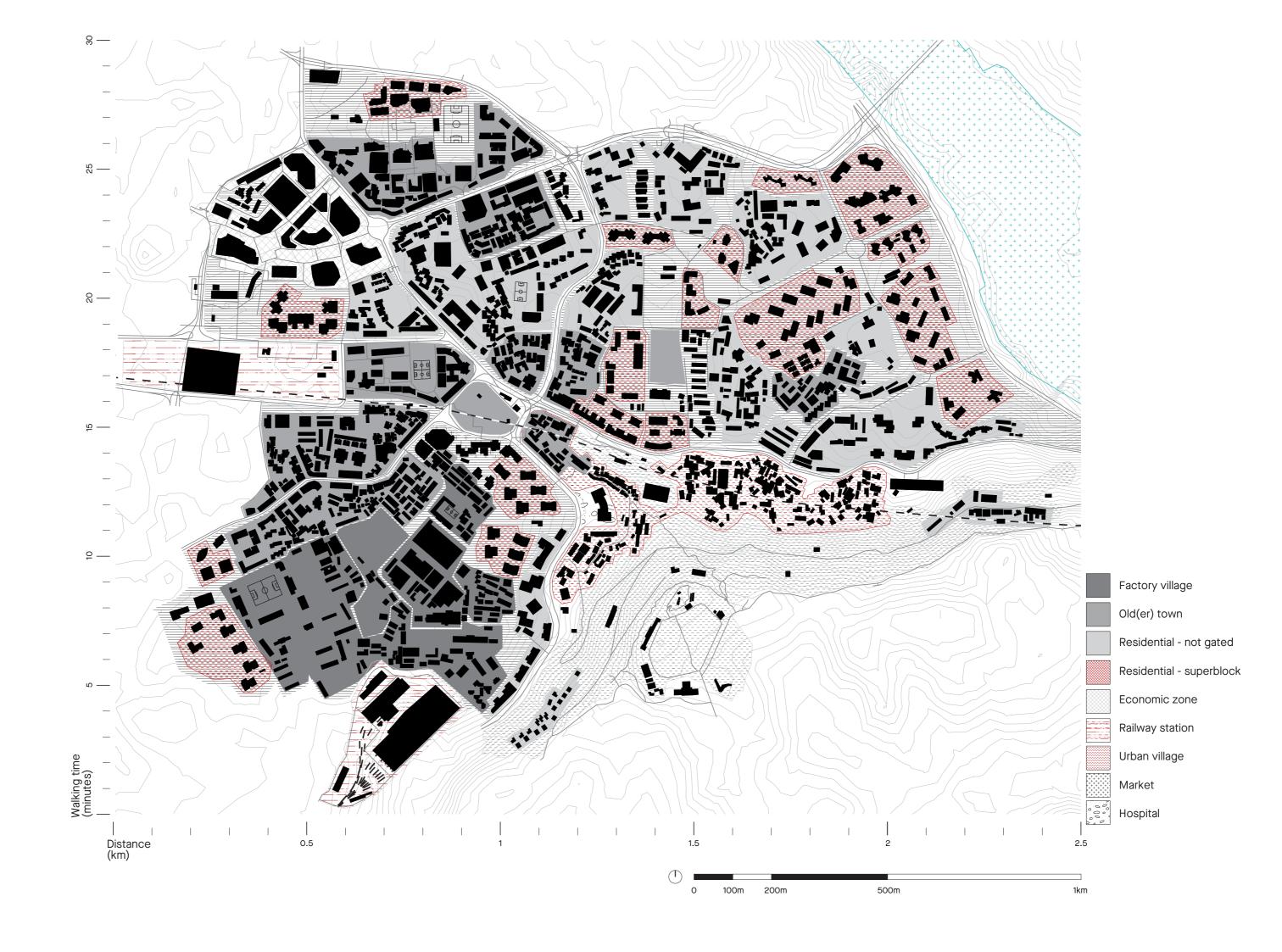


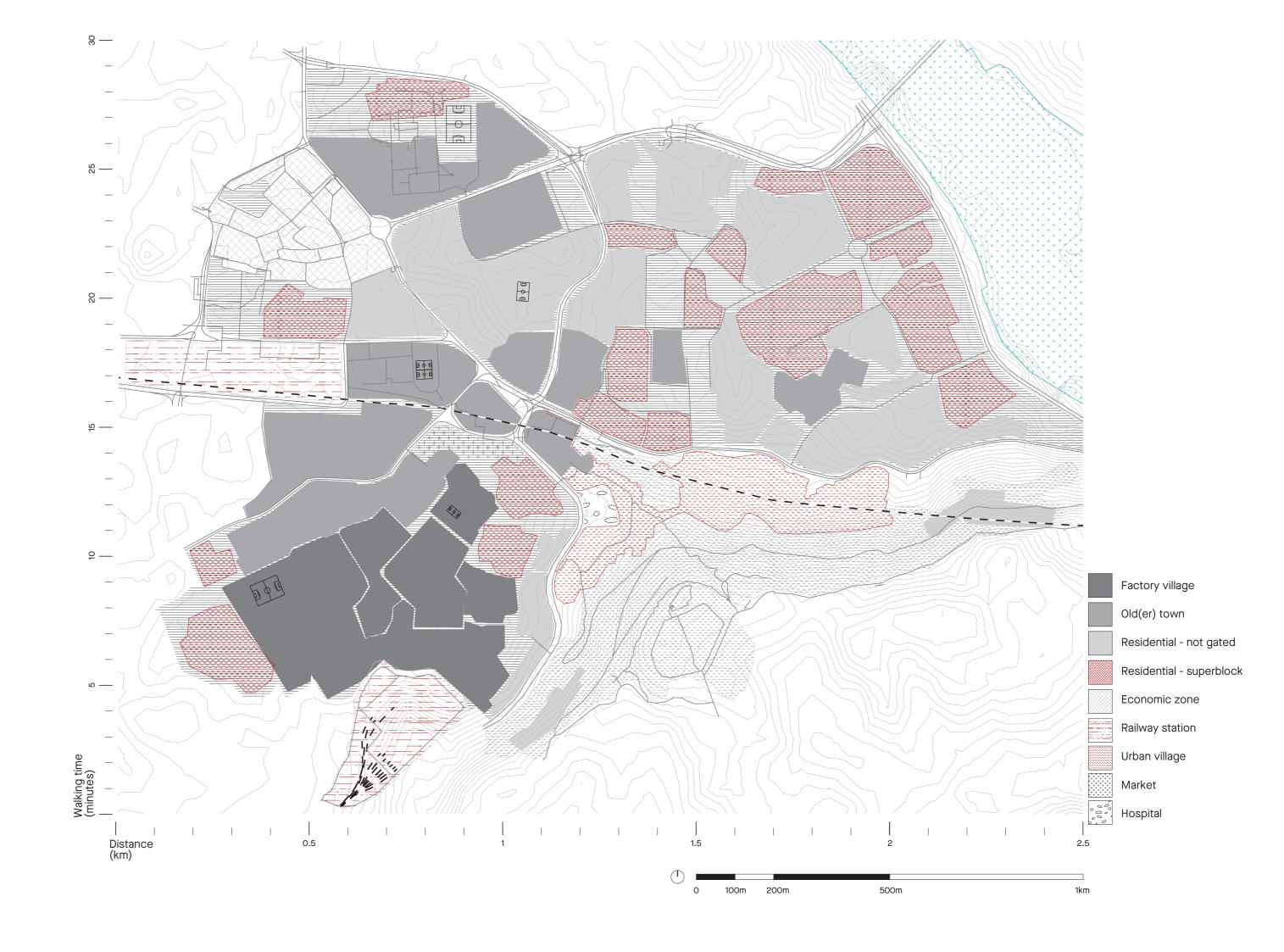


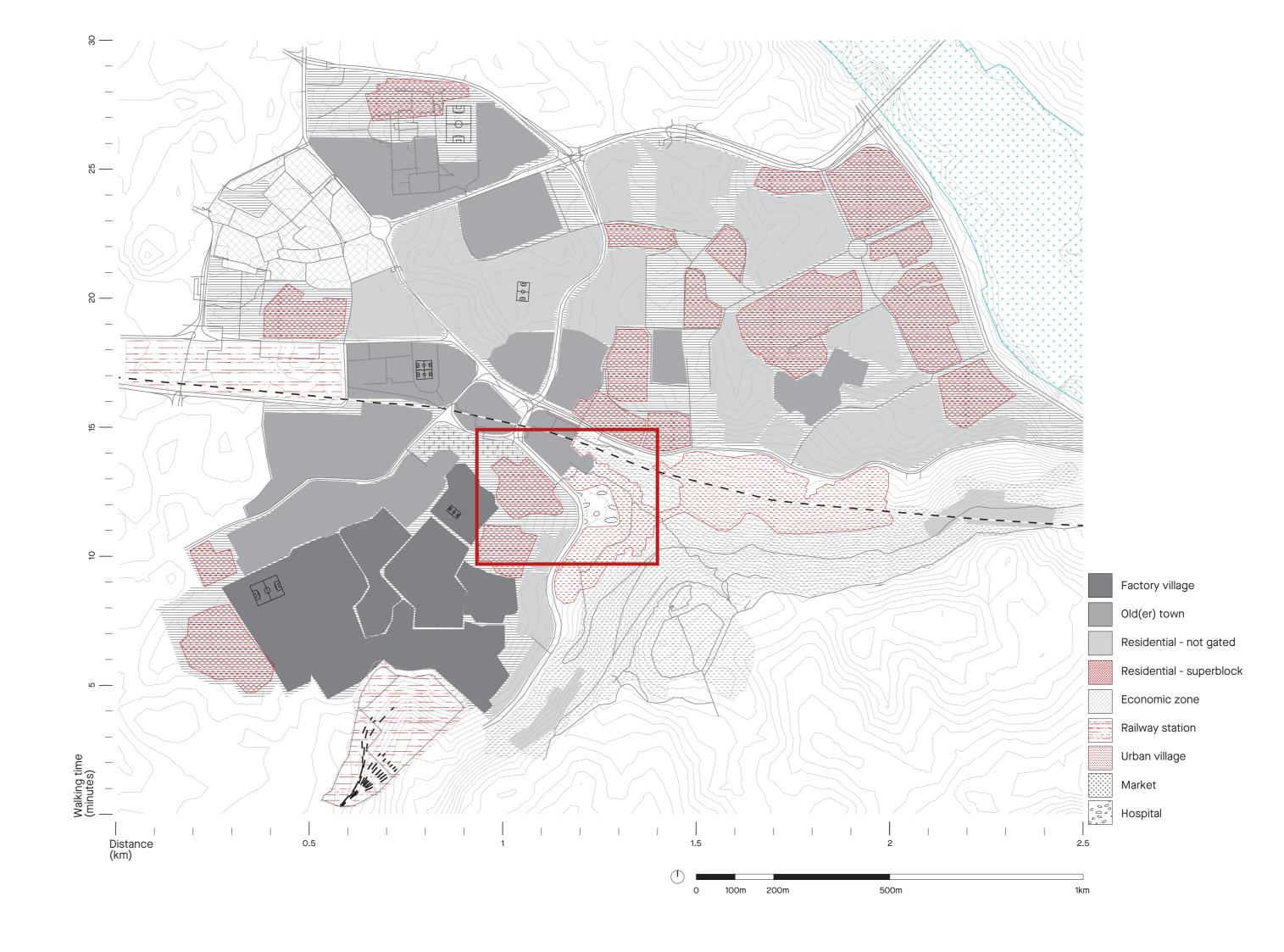


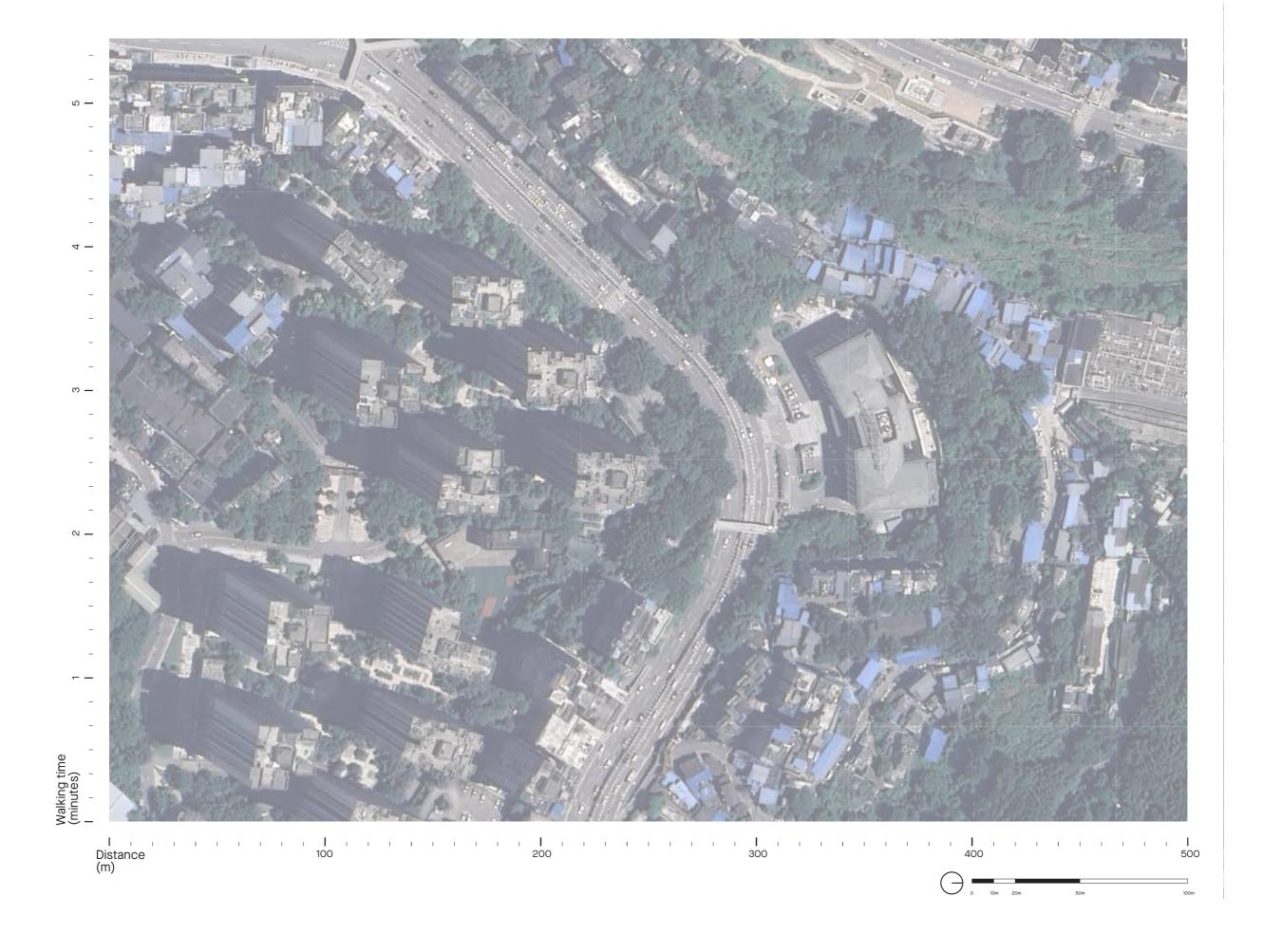
`...irrational and unpredictable adjacencies: fish ponds next to factories, abandoned houses next to new tower blocks, informal settlements next to formally planned commercial blocks, farmland next to golf courses'



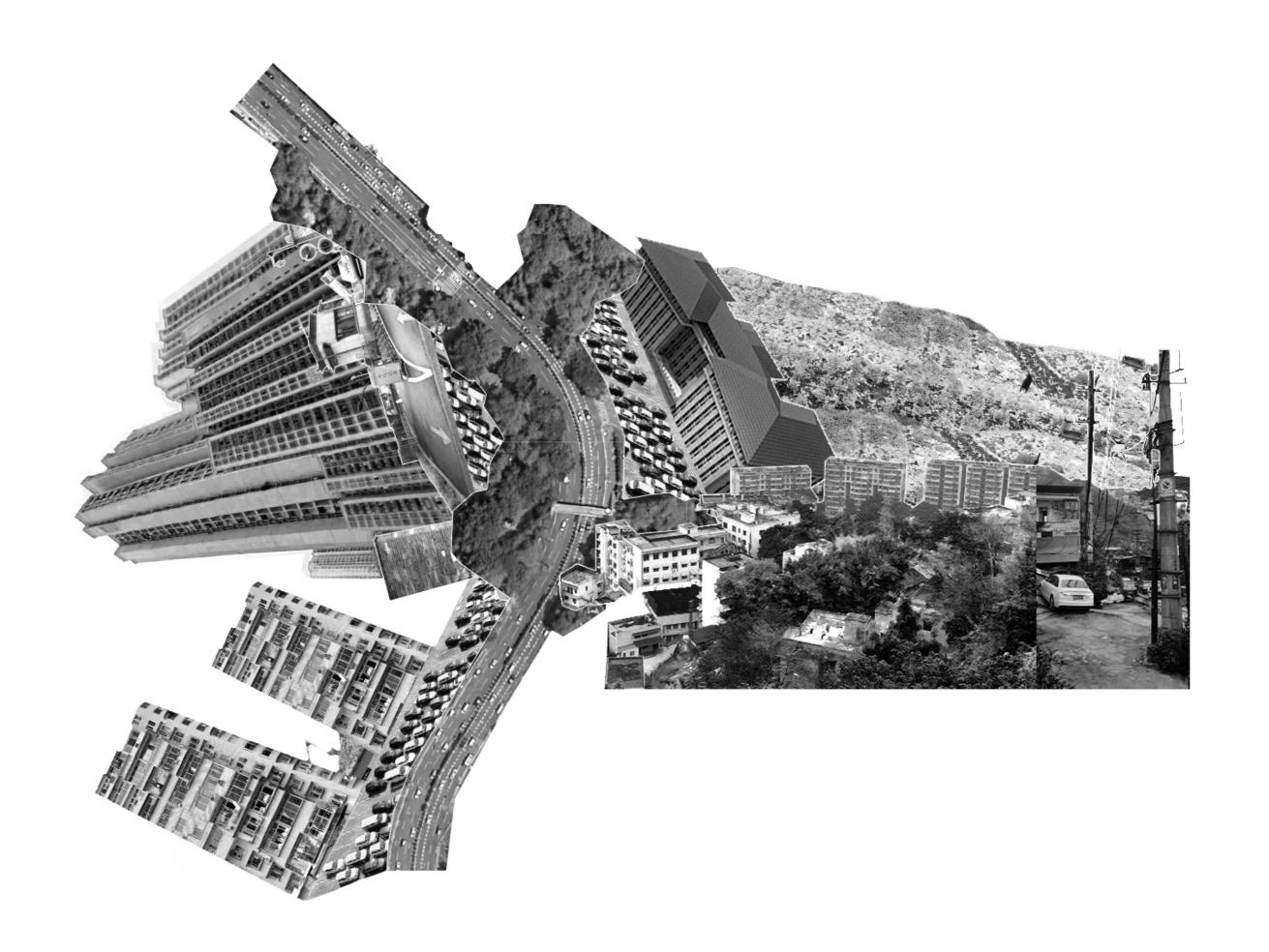


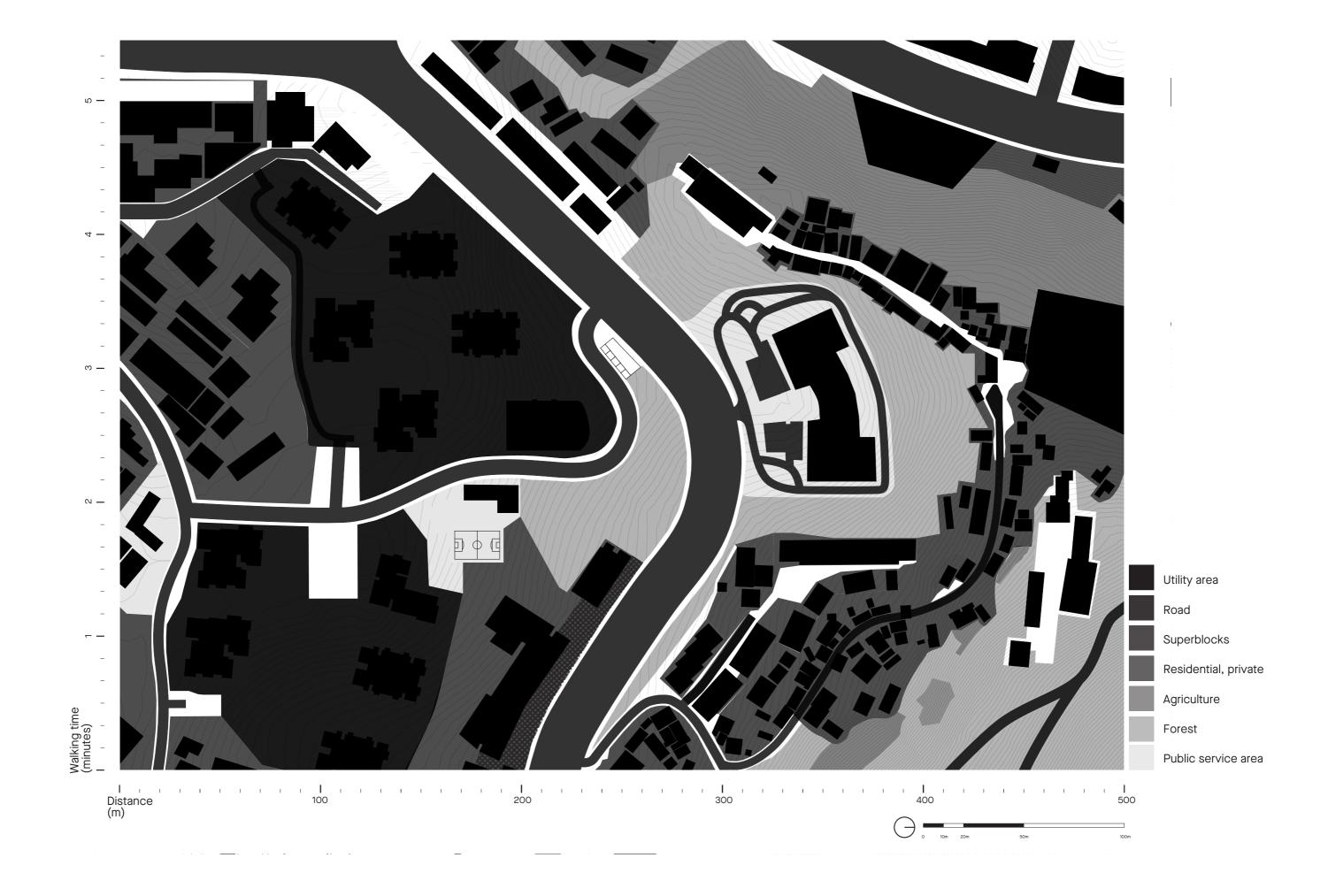


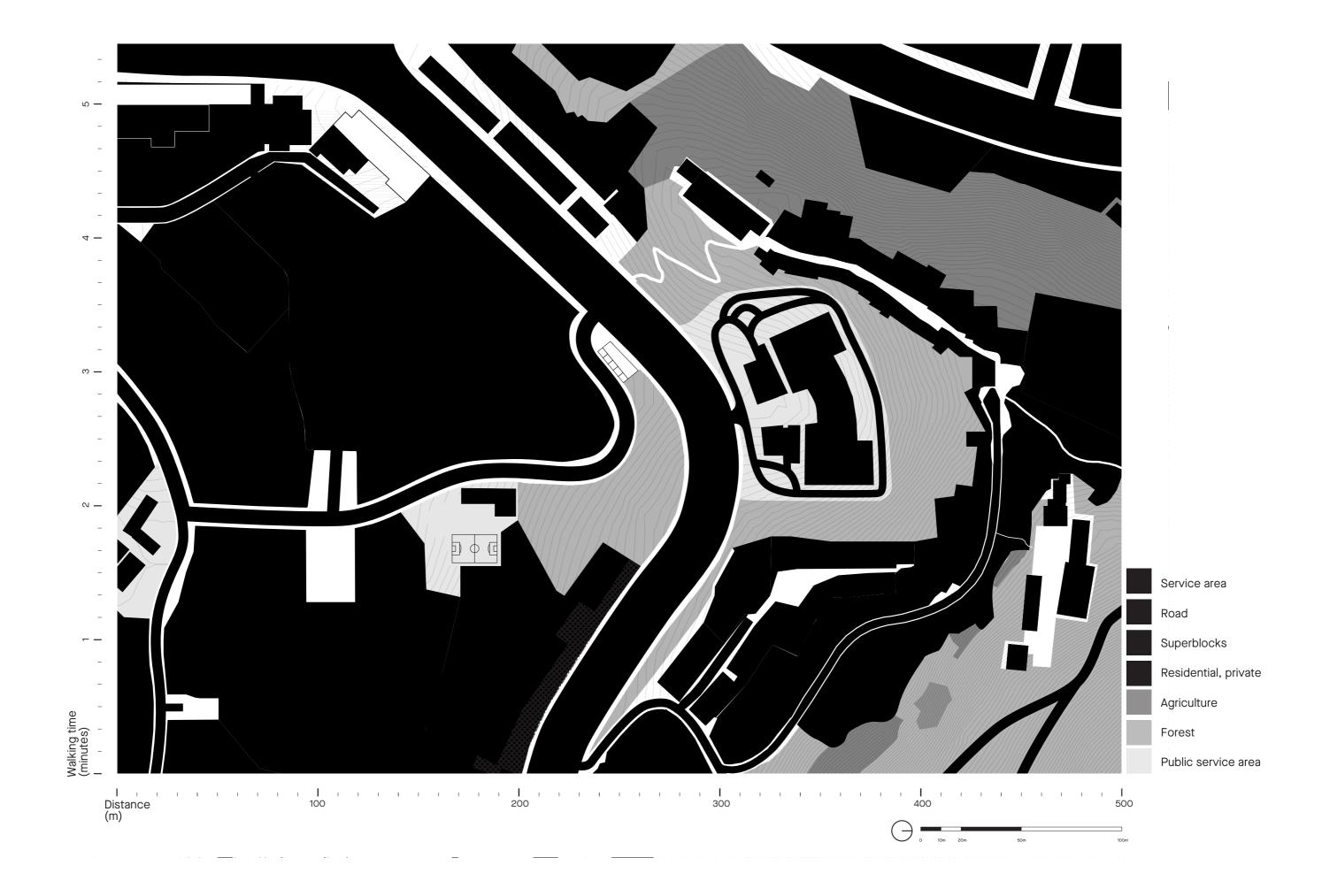


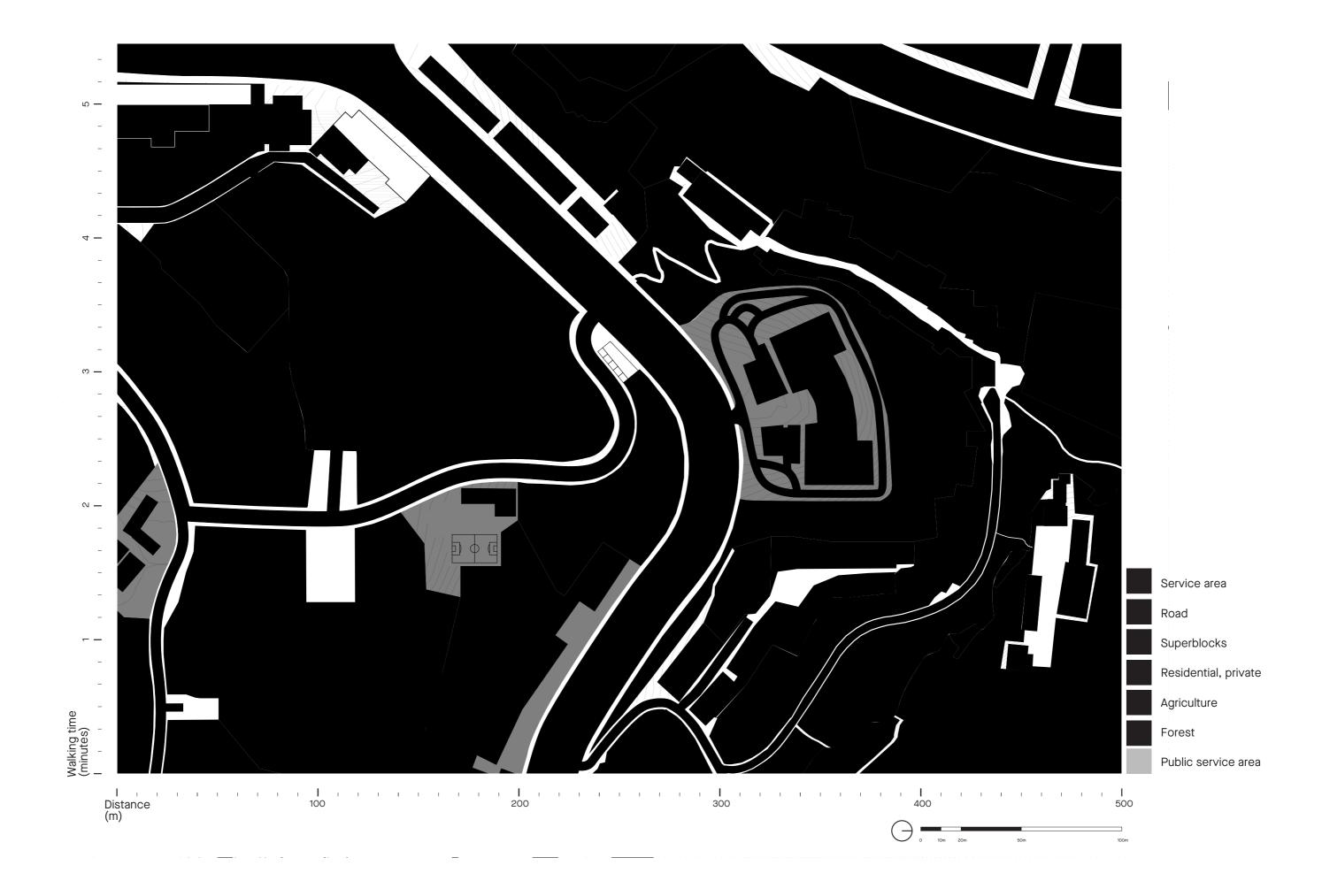
















China and Chinese society have developed incredibly rapidly over the past 50 years, and in that time, cities have grown very, very, very quickly.

This rapid urbanisation involves a transformation of rural land into urban land.

China and Chinese society have developed incredibly rapidly over the past 50 years, and in that time, cities have grown very, very, very quickly.

This rapid urbanisation involves a transformation of rural land into urban land.

The transition from rural to urban is not a homogeneous process. Plots right next to each other can develop in very different ways.

China and Chinese society have developed incredibly rapidly over the past 50 years, and in that time, cities have grown very, very, very quickly.

This rapid urbanisation involves a transformation of rural land into urban land.

The transition from rural to urban is not a homogeneous process. Plots right next to each other can develop in very different ways.

This creates a patchwork urbanism, with contemporary border conditions that have surprising characteristics.

China and Chinese society have developed incredibly rapidly over the past 50 years, and in that time, cities have grown very, very, very quickly.

This rapid urbanisation involves a transformation of rural land into urban land.

The transition from rural to urban is not a homogeneous process. Plots right next to each other can develop in very different ways.

This creates a patchwork urbanism, with contemporary border conditions that have surprising characteristics.

Further fueled by the mountainous terrain, the patchwork urbanism creates some issues as well, this has to do primarily with the presence of pleasant urban space, and connections between different patches of land.

China and Chinese society have developed incredibly rapidly over the past 50 years, and in that time, cities have grown very, very, very quickly.

This rapid urbanisation involves a transformation of rural land into urban land.

The transition from rural to urban is not a homogeneous process. Plots right next to each other can develop in very different ways.

This creates a patchwork urbanism, with contemporary border conditions that have surprising characteristics.

Further fueled by the mountainous terrain, the patchwork urbanism creates some issues as well, this has to do primarily with the presence of pleasant urban space, and connections between different patches of land.

Can I design something that improves connections, and that adds a new kind of space non existent in the present landscape.

