

Time for Timber

A research on policy instruments for a successful timber transition in the Metropole region of Amsterdam

J. (Josefien) de Wind Master thesis presentation

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TU Delft | Gemeente Amsterdam

Content

Introduction

Theory

Empirical research approach

Main findings

Conclusions

Recommendations









Climate change

- Nitrogen + CO₂:emission reduction
- Resource depletion:circular economy



Image 2 | Construction pollution (dePauw, 2019)

Time for timber Introduction Theory Empirical research approach Findings Conclusions Recommendations

Climate change

- Nitrogen + CO₂:emission reduction
- Resource depletion:circular economy

Housing crisis

- Employee shortage
- ¤ Immigrants



Image 3 | Woonprotest (de Boterman, 2021)

Time for timber?





Green Deal Houtbouw Duurzaam uit de crisis

Gericht op de uitvoering van de schaalsprong houtbouw in de Metropoolregio Amsterdam 2021-2025



Image 4 | Green Deal Houtbouw: Duurzaam uit de crisis (MRA, 2021)

Timber as a construction material through the ages

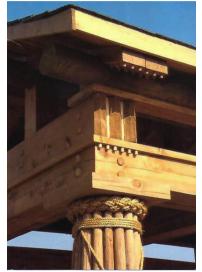


Image 5 | Greek temple (Hullworks, n.d.)



Image 6 | Pagoda of Fogong Temple (Fong, 2019)



Image 7 | Amsterdam canal houses (Hall, 2021)



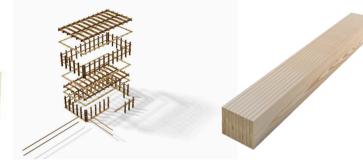
Image 8 | Haut Amsterdam (Team V, 2016)

Timber constructions

Different application methods







Cross laminated timber

Modular Modular constructions (prefab)

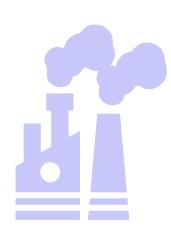
HSB Houtskeletbouw

Glulam / LVL
Glued beams /
veneer layers

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Timber constructions

- Different application methods
- Contribution to circular economy



Less emissions

Lower CO2 emissions during production



Carbon neutral

Natural carbon sink

Timber constructions

- Different application methods
- Contribution to circular economy
- **a** Other benefits



Efficient

Light weight & high strenght



Quicker

Less nuisance & quick housing production



Comfort

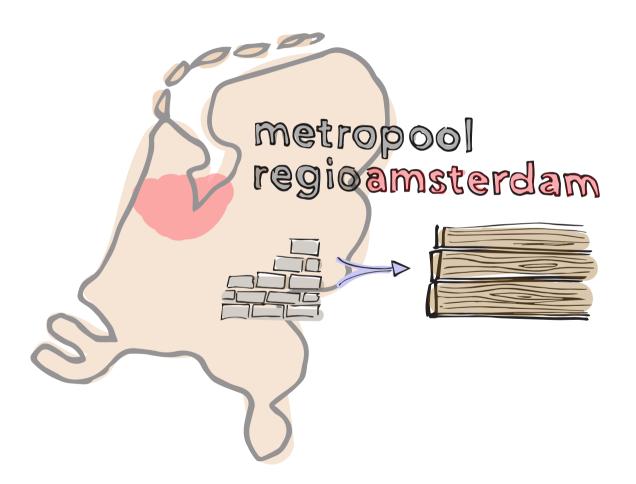
Healthy indoor



Certified

Decrease of tropical deforestation



















Financial incentives





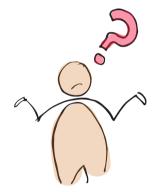




Financial incentives



Make strict rules









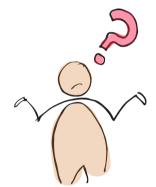
Financial incentives



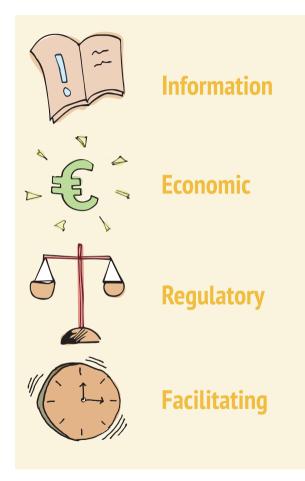
Make strict rules



Facilitate alarm







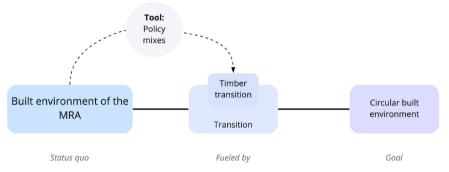
Policy instruments

"A set of techniques by which governmental authorities wield their power in attempting to ensure support and effect (or prevent) social change." (Verdung, 1998, p. 50)

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Problem statement

There is little knowledge on how a **combination of policy instruments** can be used to **foster a transition of the built environment** towards the **circular economy.**



Goal

- **Deeper understanding of:** the effects and the requirements for policy instruments for this transition.
- Provide advice about: the combination of policy instruments that can foster the timber transition.

Main research question

How can a combination of **policy instruments** foster a transition to **timber housing constructions** in the **MRA?**

<u>Time for timber</u> Introduction <u>Theory</u> Empirical research approach Findings <u>Conclusions</u> Recommendations

Research topics

- **Literature**
- Empirical research

- Literature review & theoretical framework
- Contribution of timber constructions to a circular economy
- Policy instruments for a sustainability transition

Theoretical framework

Research topics

- z Literature study
- **Empirical study**

Literature review & theoretical framework

- Contribution of timber constructions to a circular economy
- Policy instruments for a sustainability transition

Theoretical framework

Qualitative case study research

- Stakeholder involvement
- **Covenant** (proposed policy mix)
- Needed policy instruments
- Effect of current policy instruments

Empirical research approach

Introduction

Theory

Theoretical framework

Time for timber

Policy mix building blocks (Rogge & Reichardt, 2016.

Successfully develop a **combination of policy instruments** (= policy mix) for a **sustainability transition**POLICY MIX

Findings

Conclusions

Recommendations

Policy characteristics Dimensions Coherence Comprehensiveness Credibility Consistency Geography Governance **Elements Policy processes** level Instruments **Policy** implementation Policy field Strategy **Policy** Time making

Policy characteristics

Analytical framework

Policy mix building blocks (Rogge & Reichardt, 2016.

Successfully develop a **combination of policy instruments** (= policy mix) for a **sustainability transition**

Dimensions

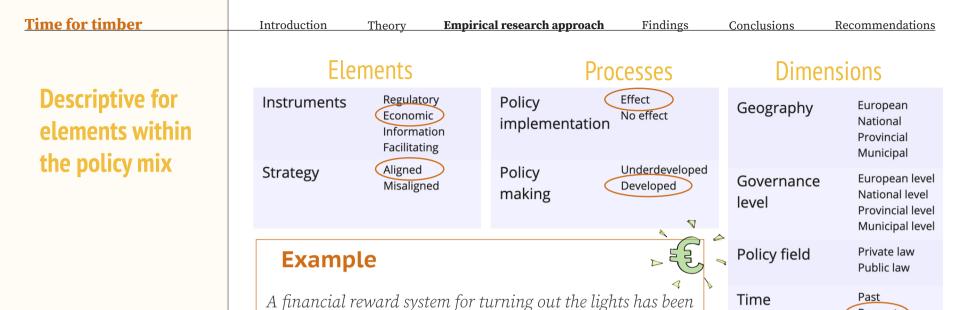
European National

Provincial Municipal European level National level Provincial level Municipal level Private law Public law

Past Present Future

Coherence	Comprehensivene: Absent Somewhat		Credibility	Consistency		Geography
Elen Instruments	nents Regulatory Economic Information Facilitating		Policy pro Policy implementation	DCESSES Effect No effect		Governance level Policy field
Strategy	Aligned Misaligned		Policy making	Underdeveloped Developed		Time

Time for timber	Introduction	Theory Empi	rical research approach	Findings	Conclusions	Recommendations	
	Ele	ments	Pro	cesses	Dimensions		
Descriptive for elements within	Instruments	Regulatory Economic Information Facilitating	Policy implementation	Effect No effect	Geography	European National Provincial Municipal	
the policy mix	Strategy	Aligned Misaligned	Policy making	Underdeveloped Developed	Governance level	European level National level Provincial level Municipal level	
					Policy field	Private law Public law	
					Time	Past Present Future	



developed. It has effect as the energy bills al already lower!

Present

Future

Time for timber Introduction **Empirical research approach** Findings Recommendations Theory Conclusions Elements Processes **Dimensions Descriptive for** Regulatory Effect **Policy** Instruments European Geography No effect Economic National implementation elements within Information Provincial **Facilitating** Municipal the policy mix Aligned Underdeveloped **Policy** Strategy European level Governance Misaligned Developed making National level level Provincial level Municipal level Private law Policy field Public law Past Time Present Characteristics Future **Descriptive for Policy characteristics** the whole policy Coherence Comprehensiveness Credibility Consistency Absent | Somewhat in place | Fully in place mix

Time for timber Introduction **Empirical research approach Findings** Recommendations Theory Conclusions Elements Dimensions Processes **Descriptive for** Regulatory Effect **Policy** Instruments European Geography Economic No effect National implementation elements within Information Provincial **Facilitating** Municipal the policy mix Aligned Underdeveloped Strategy Policy European level Governance Developed Misaligned making National level level Provincial level Municipal level Private law Policy field Public law Past Time Present Characteristics **Future Descriptive for Policy characteristics** the whole policy Coherence Comprehensiveness Credibility Consistency Absent | Somewhat in place | Fully in place mix Credibility: **believability** Consistency: **elements alignment**

Coherence: processes alignment

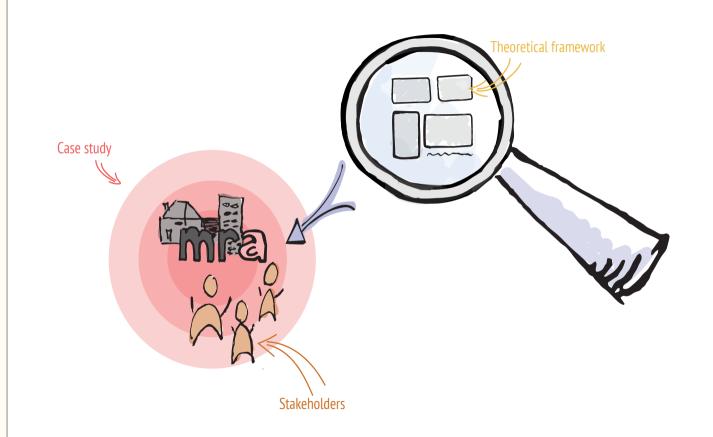
Comprehensiveness: extensiveness

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Time for timber Introduction Theory Empirical research approach Findings Conclusions Recommendations

Stepwise operationalisation

- 1. Stakeholder anaysis
- 2. Case study description+ analysis
- 3. Semi-structured interviews



Stepwise operationalisation

1. Stakeholder anaysis

- 2. Case study description
 - + analysis
- 3. Semi-structured interviews



Stakeholder involvement

(Non-)governmental stakeholders from covenant

<u>Time for timber</u> Introduction Theory <u>Empirical research approach</u> Findings <u>Conclusions</u> Recommendations

Stepwise operationalisation

- 1. Stakeholder analysis
- 2. Case study description + analysis
- 3. Semi-structured interviews



Stakeholder involvement

(Non-)governmental stakeholders from covenant



Covenant

'Green Deal: Houtbouw'

Stepwise operationalisation

- 1. Stakeholder analysis
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- 3. Semi-structured interviews



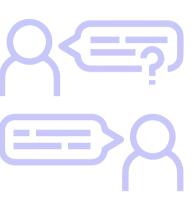
Stakeholder involvement

(Non-)governmental stakeholders from covenant



Covenant

'Green Deal: Houtbouw'



Effect & needed policy instruments

Perceived effects & what is necessary

Time for timber Introduction Theory Empirical research approach Findings Conclusions Recommendations

Findings step 1-Stakeholder analysis

- Simplified method of Bryson (2004)
- Governmental stakeholders
- Non-governmental stakeholders



Analysis

- Generally capable to comply to covenant
- Non-governmental: biggestbarrier is current regulations
- Governmental: biggest barrier is incoherency



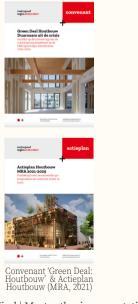
Validation

- There are more barriers,including a lacking demand
- Incoherency due to lack of knowledge

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Findings step 2-Case study

Analysis based on analytical framework





Analysis

- **n** No **economic** instruments
- No concrete goals and goal assessment
- Lacking consistency with existing policies



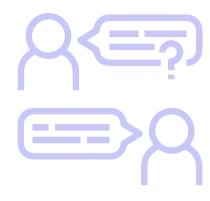
Validation

- Covenant is **not binding**:'Coalition of the willing'
- z Lack of knowledge

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Findings step 3-Interviews

- ¤ Semi-structured
- ¤ 21 interviews
- Deductive coding with AtlasTI
- Analysis based on analytical framework



Analysis

- Regulatory and facilitating instruments most important
- Regulatory instruments mainly on national and municipal level

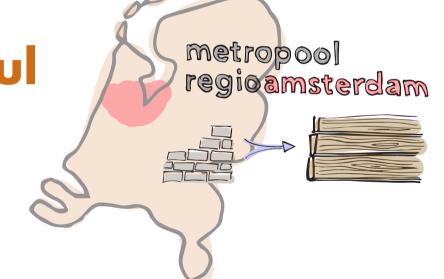


Validation

- Set a clear goal for clear goal for regulatory instruments
- Facilitating instruments needed to make other instruments work, the 'how to'

Develop a successful policy mix?





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Introduction Theory Empirical research approach Findings Conclusions Recommendations

Policy characteristics

Dimensions

Coherence Comprehensiveness Credibility Consistency Geography European

Absent | Somewhat in place | Fully in place

Findings in analytical framework

1. Instruments, processes & dimensions

2. Characteristics

Elements Instruments Regulatory Economic Information Facilitating Strategy Aligned Misaligned Policy Misaligned

Policy processes Policy Effect Implementation Policy Underdeveloped making Developed



Effect & needed policy instruments

Perceived effects & what is necessary

Findings in analytical framework

- 1. Instruments, processes & dimensions
- 2. Characteristics



Existing instruments with positive effects



Example

Nitrogen regulations (implemented on national level) have a positive effect on the timber transition.

Dimensions

European

National

Provincial Municipal

European level

National level

Provincial level

Municipal level

Private law

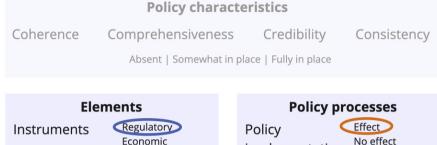
Public law

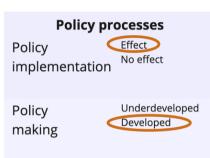
Past

Present Future

Findings in analytical framework

- 1. Instruments, processes & dimensions
- 2. Characteristics







Existing instruments with positive effects

Information

Facilitating

Misaligned

Aligned

Existing instruments with negative effects



Strategy

Example

Standardization that is used for the assessments of buildings doesn't always allow for timber.

Findings in analytical framework

- 1. Instruments, processes & dimensions
- 2. Characteristics





Existing instruments that are necessary



Example

Include award criteria for timber constructions in tender requirements.

Findings in analytical framework

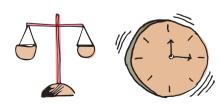
- 1. Instruments, processes & dimensions
- 2. Characteristics







- Existing instruments that are necessary
- **n** Non-existing instruments that are necessary



Strategy

Example

Priority in the permit process for timber (biobased material) to accalerate the project process.

Policy characteristics Dimensions European Coherence Comprehensiveness Credibility Consistency Geography National Absent | Somewhat in place | Fully in place Provincial Municipal European level Governance **Elements Policy processes** National level level Regulatory Effect Provincial level Policy Instruments No effect Fconomic Municipal level implementation Information Private law Policy field **Facilitating** Public law Aligned Underdeveloped Policy Strategy Misaligned Developed Past Time making Present Future Coherence: **Somewhat in place** 2. Characteristics Comprehensiveness: Somewhat in place Credibility: Fully in place **Example** Consistency: Absent

inconsistent policymaking.

Empirical research approach

Findings

Different interests within one municipality can lead to

Conclusions

Recommendations

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Time for timber

Findings in

analytical

framework

1. Instruments,

processes & dimensions

Introduction

Theory

Key takeaways from the interviews



Regulatory instruments

- Improve norms and standardization for timber
 - Make assessment processes standardized
 - ¤ Include timber & biobased
 - ¤ European and national level
- 2. Appoint more locations for timber constructions
 - Covenant as guiding principle?
 - Also on provincial level
 - More room in zoning plans & 'plot passports'
- 3. Priority in permit process for timber constructions
 - Accaleration of biobased projects
 - Exclude aspects from permit assessment
- 4. Include award criteria for timber in tenders
 - use BREAAM (material criteria)
 - Look at impact perspective
- 5. Government as client in the permit process



Facilitating instruments

- More municipal capacity on timber projects for faster turnaround time
 - More active involvement & contact
 - $\tt m$ Bring together knowledge & experience
 - Deepening own knowledge (e.g. fire department)
- 2. More transparency in assessment process
 - Proactive attitude during assessment process
 - ¤ Early involvement
- 3. Assistance & proactiveness after project delivery
 - ¤ Quickly renting out the projects
- 4. Closing the future businesscase for timber rather than financial incentives
 - ¤ Commitments with suppliers
 - Buyer groups or other provisioning
- 5. Partnering with the community
 - ¤ Increase knowledge, expertise, collaboration
 - Show the market trust for intrinsic motivation



Other takeaways

- . Inconsistency has counteracting effects & loss of trust from the market
 - Inconsistent policy implementation (varying policies)
 - Inconsistent policy making (different incentives between and within departments)
 - Deepening own knowledge (e.g. fire department)
- 2. Many municipalities are not concerned with the topic
 - Other priorities and not enough capacity
 - ¤ Cultural differences (incentives, ambitions)
 - No integrated responsibilities and agreements: 'lost' topics
- 3. More information & kowledge exchange about timber is needed
 - on all levels, in a triple helix collaboration
- 4. More emphasis on, and alignment with the covenant

Main research question

How can a combination of **policy instruments** foster a transition to **timber housing constructions** in the **MRA?**

Main research question

How can a combination of **policy instruments** foster a transition to **timber housing constructions** in the **MRA?**

Content

- z Combination needed
- Regulatory & facilitating (the 'how to')
- Research hindering instruments
- g Gain characteristics

Development

- Research barriers for stakeholders
- Alignment in and between different governments
- Foremost: a way of thinking! (analytical stance, use framework)

Time for timber Introduction Theory Empirical research approach Findings **Conclusions** Recommendations **Limitations** Literature Analytical Stakeholder Interviews framework analysis study Not all participants and

Lacking connection to transition literature

Deductive coding gives limited results

Simplified version due to research scope

not generalizable

Time for timber	Introduction	Theory	Empirical resea	arch approach	Findings	Conclusions	<u>Recommendations</u>
)				• •	
Recommendations ¤ For policymakers in general	Understand implications, needs and interes of involved stakeholders		More emphasis on regulatory instruments	Understan importanc of facilitati instrumen	ce ng	More alignment between governments in policymaking	Use the operationalization of the AF as a background for policy development
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Time for timber

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....

Recommendations

- p For policymakers in general
- **Addition for** policymakers in the timber transition



Understand implications, needs and interests of involved stakeholders



More emphasis on regulatory instruments



Understand importance of facilitating instruments

More alignment between governments in policymaking

Use the operationalization of the AF as a background for policy development



Do not limit the implementation of policy instruments to the current regulations



Implement more facilitating instruments



Improve consistency in policymaking and implementation

ical research approach Findings Conclusions Recommendations
Complement the olicy mix theory with transition theories Decision-making Timeline for implementation of overcome barriers policy instruments

Time for timber

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Recommendations

Future research

Concluding recommendation in relation to my internship at Gemeente Amsterdam Conduct another case study

Complement the policy mix theory with theories on sustainable transitions

Decision-making models for PI's to overcome barriers

Timeline for implementation of policy instruments

Complement currently used method

- "New' instruments"
- x why & how

Analytical operationalizatiom

- Theoretical background
- Roadmap for policymakers

Thank you for your time! Questions?



Time for timber	Introduction	Theory	Empirical research approach	Findings	Conclusions	Recommendations
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<u>l'ime for timber</u>	Introduction Theory	Empirical research approach	Findings	Conclusions	Recommendations		
References	Image 1 Team V. (2016	6). 'HAUTE ARCHITECTURE' IN HOUTEN With https://teamv.nl/haute-architecture-in-h	WOONTOREN AMS' nouten-woontoren	TERDAM [Render], from amsterdam/	m TeamV, retrieved		
	Image 2 dePauw, R. (2019). How to decrease construction pollution across your job sites [Photo], from ExacTime, retrieved June 28th, 2022, from https://www.exaktime.com/blog/how-to-decrease-construction-pollution-across-your-job-sites/						
	Image 3 de Boterman	, L. (2021). Zo blijf je opkomen voor een beter .com/nl/article/epnegj/voor-een-beter-woo	woonbeleid [Photo] onbeleid	, from Vice, retrieved	June 28th, 2022, from		
	Image 4 MRA. (2021).	Green Deal Houtbouw: Duurzaam uit de cris v.metropoolregioamsterdam.nl/wp-conter	sis [Report cover], f nt/uploads/2021/10	from MRA, retrieved Fo /Convenant-Green-Dea	ebruary 22th, 2022, al-Houtbouw.pdf		
	Image 5 Hullworks. (r	n.d.). <i>The Ancient Greek Temple</i> [Photo], from re-classical-building/					
	11110000	The Sakyamuni Pagoda of Fogong Temple [P/wiki/Pagoda_of_Fogong_Temple]	hoto], from Wikipe	edia, retrieved June 28t	th, 2022, from https://		
	Image 7 Hall, z.D. (20	(21). 'Canals, cobbles and wonky houses': the from https://www.ft.com/content/a9e83b73	•	,	ial Times, retrieved		

MRA. (2021). Actieplan Houtbouw MRA 2021-2025: Publiek-privaat samenwerkingsprogramma en concrete acties in 2022 [Report], from MRA, retrieved February 22th, 2022, from https://www.metropoolregioamsterdam.nl/wp-content/uploads/2021/10/Convenant-Green-Deal-Houtbouw.pdf

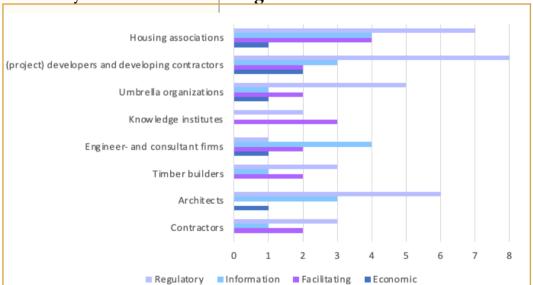
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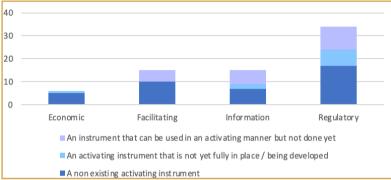
Introduction Theory SQ5: Which policy instruments are necessary

for an effective timber transition?

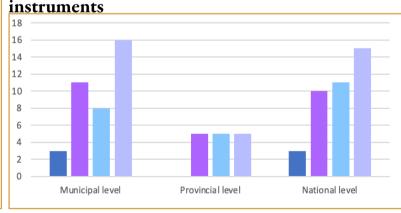
Necessary instruments according to the different stakeholders



Empirical research Insertiments that are perceived necessary fordiens timber transition



Required implementation level of necessary



How can a combination of policy instruments foster the transition to timber housing construction in the MRA?

Complex...

- Nature of policies
- Effectiveness of policies
- Interests and needs of stakeholders

Focus on

- Combination rather than individual instruments
- Regulatory instruments
- Implications (interests and needs) of stakeholders that hinder the transition
- Communication between different governmental levels
- Avoid misalignment within organization
- Improving the characteristics of the policy mix

Recommendations

Policymakers in general



Understand implications, needs and interests of involved stakeholders



More emphasis on regulatory instruments



Assessment of governmental responsibilities



Government alignment in policymaking



Understand importance of facilitating



Assessment of characteristics of policy mix

Timber transition



Research on hindering regulatory



Implement new not yet existing instruments



Design based on implications, needs and interests of stakeholders





Assessment of using the policy mix building blocks

Future research



Timeline for implementation of policy instruments



Decision-making models for PI's for implications

Examples of instruments

Non existing activating instrument

'If you dare to make a difference in this as a municipality that you say, well, we treat construction projects with priority, that would be a very nice step.'

Activating instrument that is not yet fully in place or being developed

'What would help a lot is to have some kind of a carbon tax and to arrange a fee for a carbon storage.' An instrument that can be used in an activating manner but not done yet

'But I do see opportunities, because the province, but certainly also the national government, is just transcending municipalities and projects, so you could certainly have a lot of exchange there in terms of knowledge sharing, I think.'

An existing instrument that hinders the transition / covenant

'The testing framework is actually fully geared to traditional construction, so the moment you come up with an alternative we actually test against the same yardstick as we use to test traditional construction and there are tests that are not very useful and some things are not tested that you would say, well, we should actually pay more.'

An existing instrument that activates the transition / covenant

'Well, I actually notice now within the municipality that they are quite cooperative and facilitating and in any case the municipality of Amsterdam is, I think, ahead when it comes to the accumulated knowledge for timber construction.'