

# *Developing a Citizen-AI Street Design Assistant for Road Safety*

MSc MADE

AMS  
AMSTERDAM INSTITUTE FOR  
ADVANCED METROPOLITAN SOLUTIONS

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WAGENINGEN  
UNIVERSITY & RESEARCH



*Thesis Defense*

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# *Content*

## *1. Introduction*

## *2. Literature Review*

*a. road safety*

*b. AI, HCAI*

*c. Citizen participation*

## *3. Methodology & Participation*

## *4. Discussion*

## *5. Conclusion*



# *Research Highlights*

- 1. Create a Citizen-AI Educational Website (AI Prototype)*
- 2. Introducing the Sustainable Safety Concept to the Chinese-Speaking World*
- 3. Proposed the AI ARIE model*
- 4. The Citizen-AI 3E steps for the participation ladder*

# Prototype 3

Prototype 3



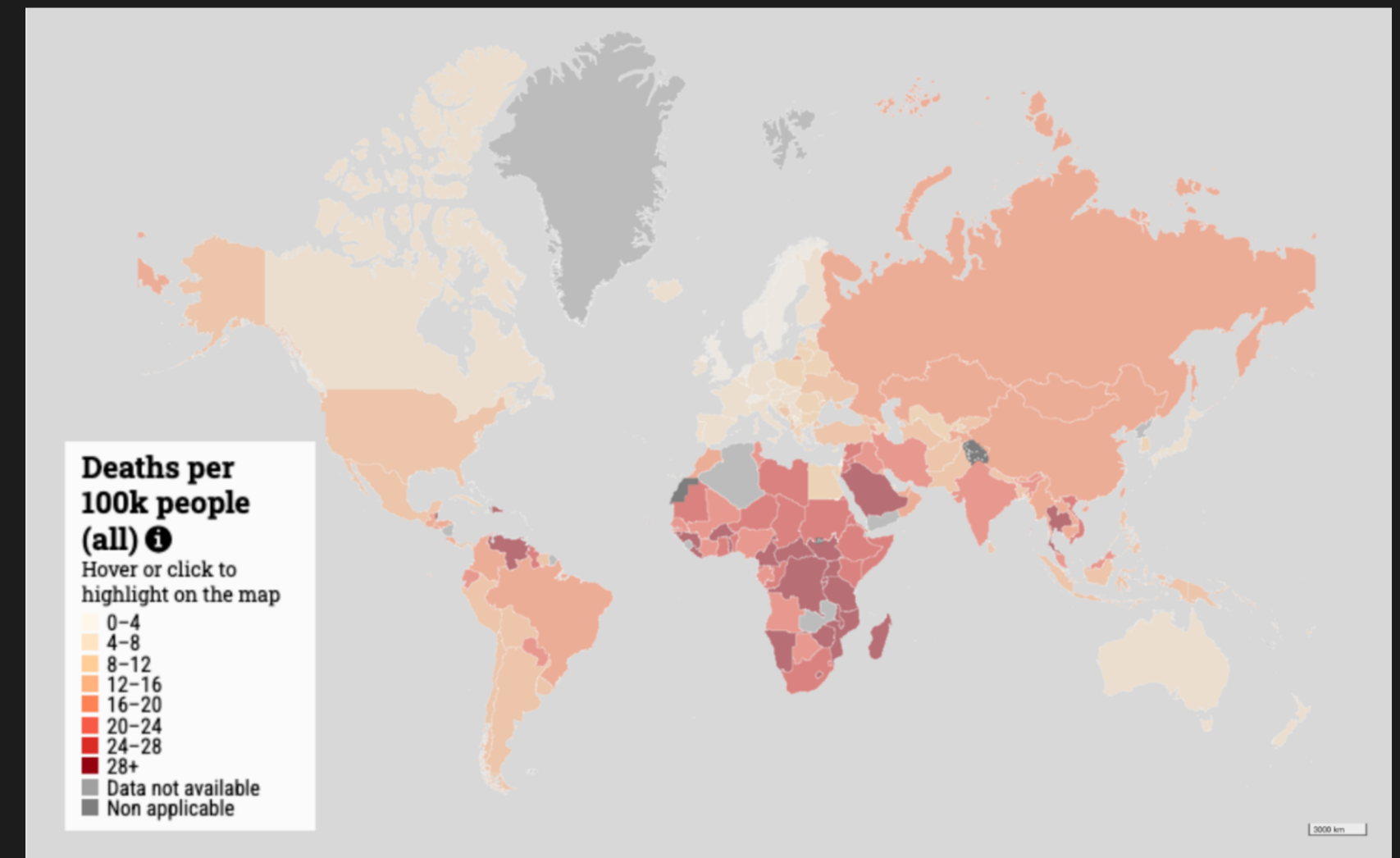
- Improving the Website
  - Data visualization
  - Call to action
  - Enhancing user interactivity
  - AI page
- Prompt improvement
  - Accessibility of Knowledge Base
  - Increase the integration



# *Road safety as a global challenge*

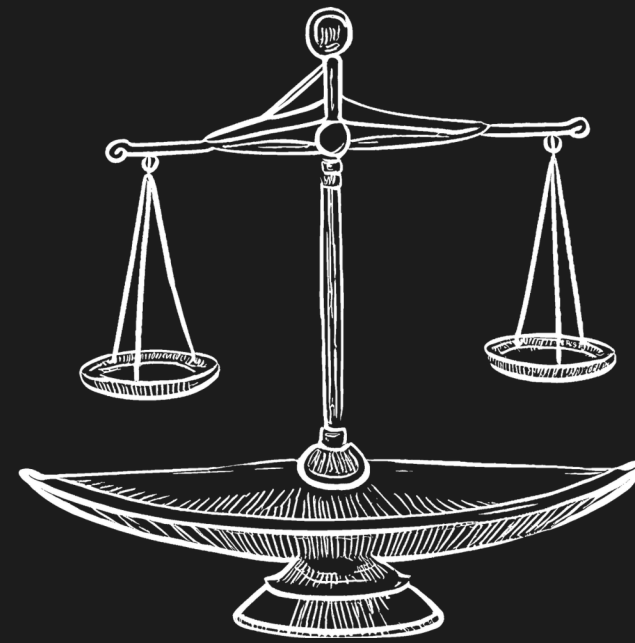
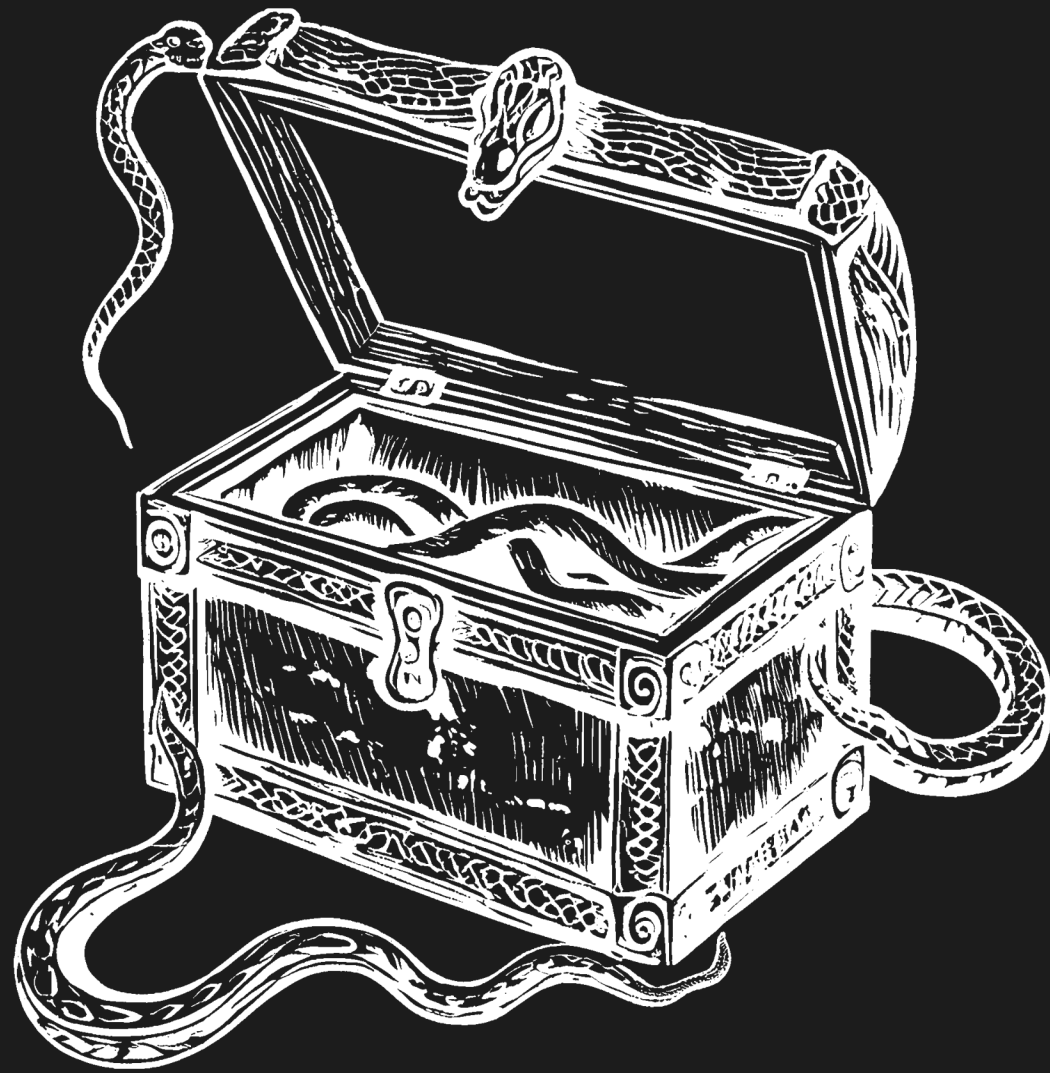
- 1.19 million fatalities, ~ 26 sec/ 1 person.
- Strive for zero deaths by 2050 (Vision zero goal)

1. The *uneven distribution* of road deaths in the world
2. Lack of experts, knowledge, bad governance
3. A socio-technical challenge
4. Road design is an important element.





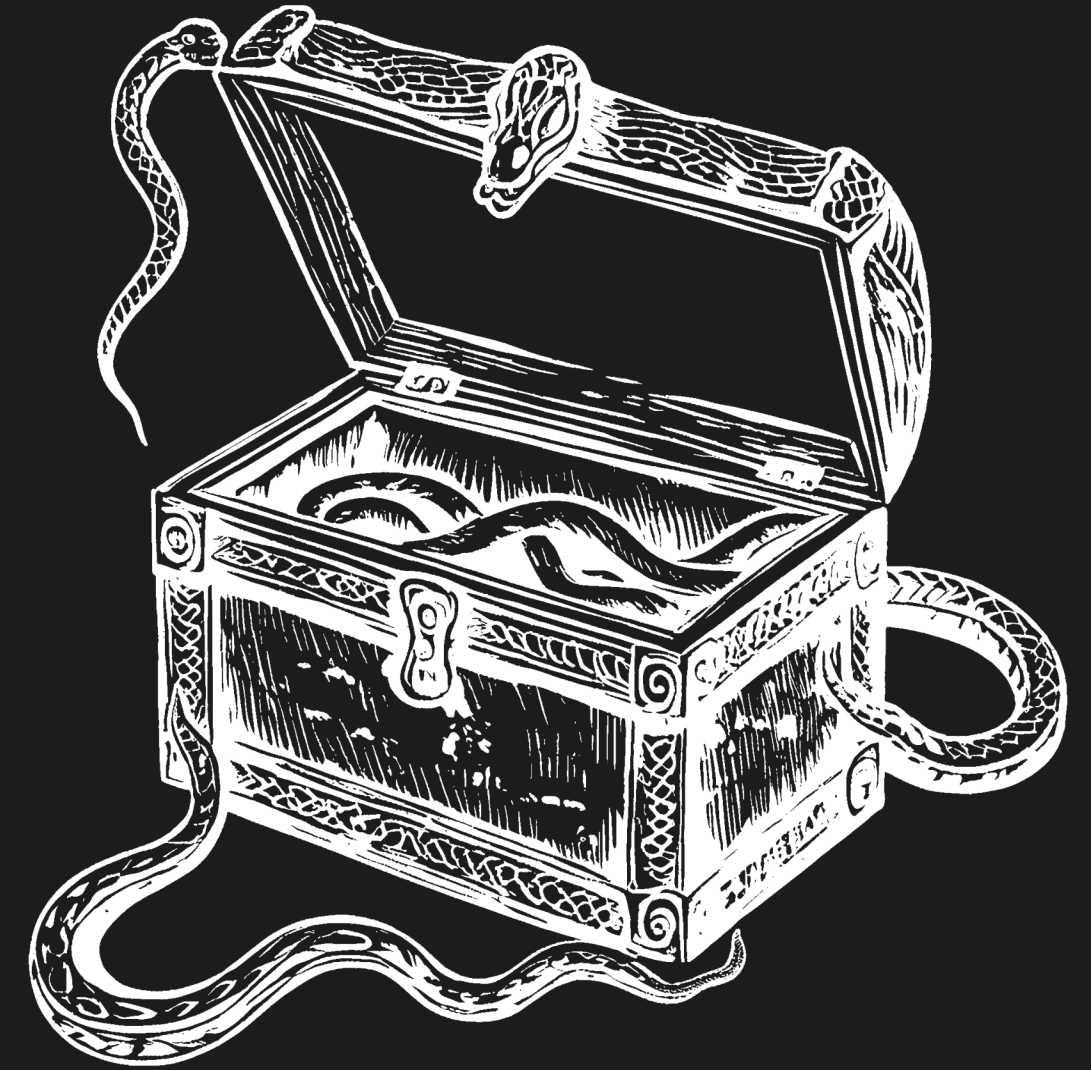
# *Gen-AI Future: A Pandora or Jeffersonian Scenario?*



# *AI's Pandora Scenario*

AI brings all **evils** to humanity and weaken democracy.

- Facilitates centralization of control over information
- Fake vocal political support
- Create the illusion
- Reinforce 'filter bubbles'



*Savaget et al. (2019). Note: definitions based on Barber (1998).*



# *AI's Jeffersonian Scenario*

AI brings all **virtues** to humanity and enhance democracy.

- Permit marginalized people's participation
- Engage and inform voters about political issue
- Increase people's voices
- Auditing for transparency



*Savaget et al. (2019). Note: definitions based on Barber (1998).*

*RQ: “How can we develop an AI-driven tool that uses Gen-AI to assist in a safer street redesign process for citizens?”*

## *Social Aspect*

- *What effective **road safety methods or guidelines** worldwide can inspire countries and communities in need?*
- *How **can AI better enhance civil society's** response to road safety challenges?*

## *Social Aspect*

- *What literature on AI's societal impact can help design applications for social welfare while preventing misuse?*
- *What gaps exist in discussions about optimizing AI for civil society?*

## *Technical Aspect*

- *How can this AI prototype be made **user-friendly** and **accessible for citizens**, allowing them to address street design issues effectively?*
- *What are the current **limitations** of frequently used AI applications (in this case, ChatGPT-4) in contributing to safer street design?*



## *II. Literature Review:*

### *Road Safety*

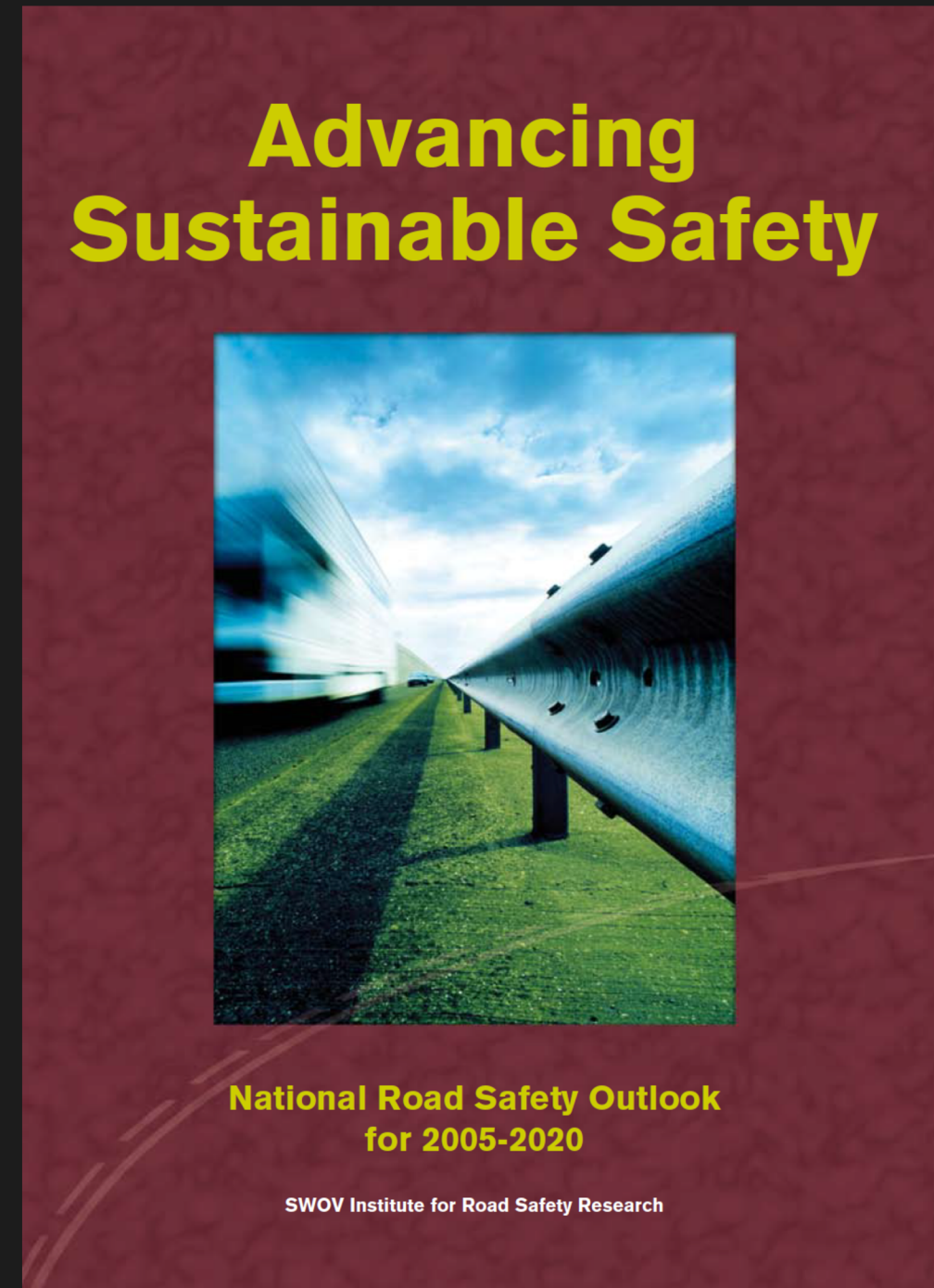
# II. Literature Review

Purpose	1900–1920	1920–1950	1950–1970	1960–1985	1985/1990–Now
Crash	<u>Chance phenomenon,</u> <u>bad luck</u>	Road devils, accident-prone drivers	Road user or vehicle or road	Multi-causal approach	Result of the integral road system
Measure	On an ad hoc basis	<u>Educate,</u> <u>punish</u>	Choice from the 3E’s	Technical solutions for vehicle & road	Adapt road system to road user

Source: Hagenzieker et al (2014), adopted from OECD transport research

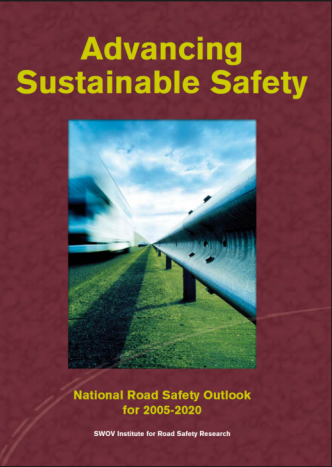
# *Sustainable Safety, NL*

- 1. Functionality of roads*
- 2. Homogeneity in mass, speed, and direction*
- 3. Forgiving Road Design*
- 4. Predictability of traffic behavior by a recognizable road design*
- 5. State Awareness*



*Source: Sustainable Safety 3rd edition - The Advanced Vision for 2018-2030*

# Sustainable Safety, NL



Year	1992	2006	2018
Pages	185	215	35
Language	Dutch	English/ Dutch	English/ Dutch
	<div>1.<i>Functionality</i> of roads 2.<i>Homogeneity</i> in mass, speed, and direction 3.<i>Predictability</i> of traffic behavior by a recognizable road design</div>	<div>1.<i>Functionality</i> 2.<i>Homogeneity</i> 3.<i>Forgiving Road Design</i> 4.<i>Predictability</i> 5.<i>State Awareness</i></div>	<div>1.<i>Functionality</i> 2.<i>(Bio)mechanics</i> 3.<i>Psychologists</i> 4.<i>Allocating Responsibility</i> 5.<i>Learning and innovating</i></div>

Source: Sustainable Safety 3rd edition - The Advanced Vision for 2018-2030

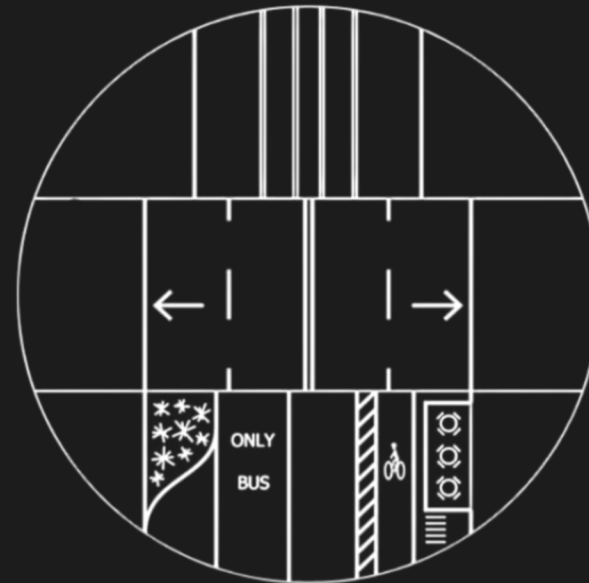
# *Street Design Guide, US & Global*



**Streets Are Public Spaces**



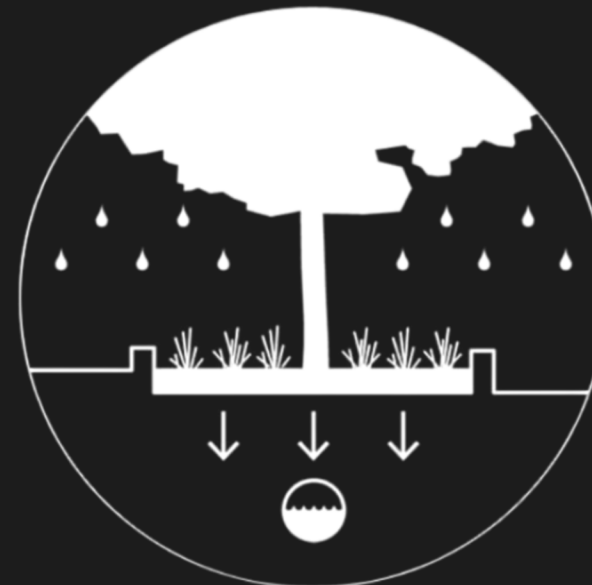
**Great Streets are Great for Businesses**



**Streets Can Be Changed**



**Design for Safety**



**Streets Are Ecosystems**

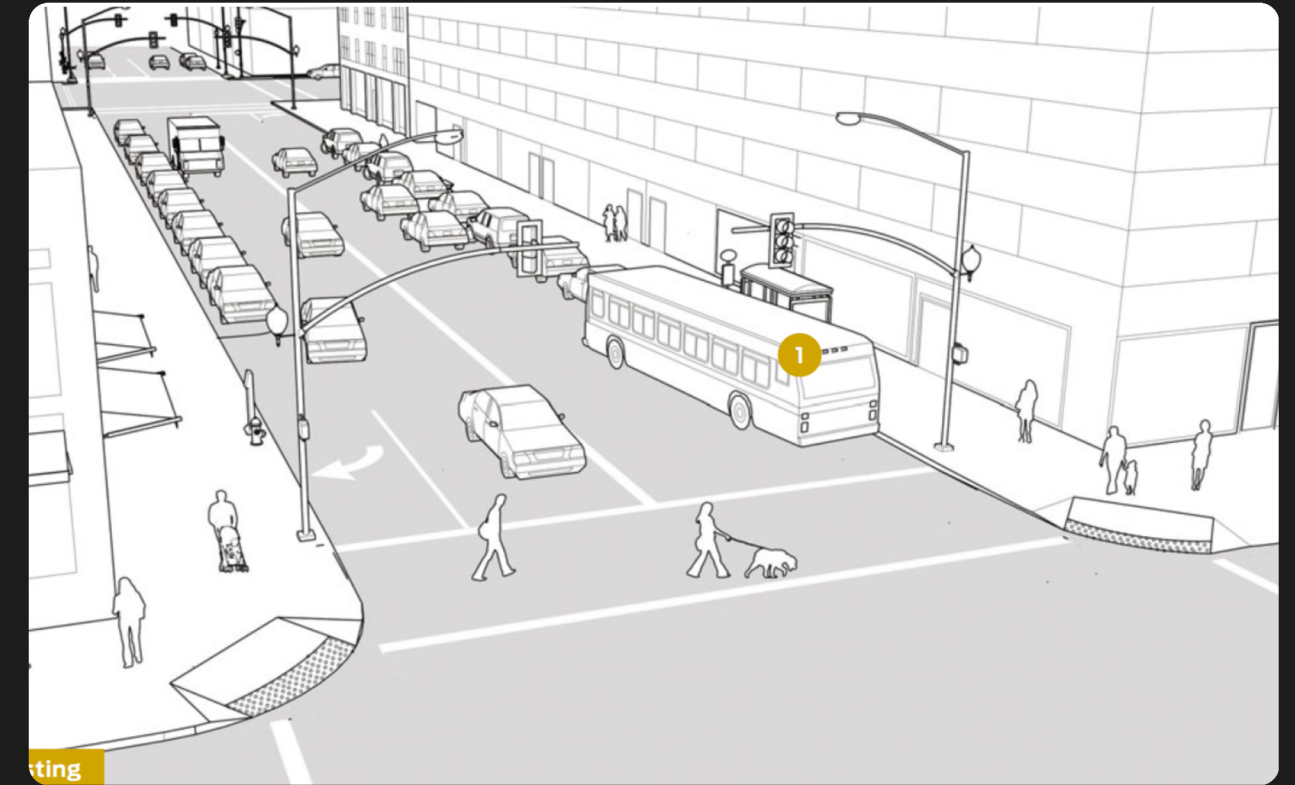


**Act Now!**





## Existing



## Redesign



Source: Urban Street Design Guide (NACTO, 2013)

<i>Features</i>	<i>Sustainable Safety</i>	<i>Urban Street Design Guide</i>
<b>Editors/ Authors</b>	SWOV <i>Institute for road safety research</i>	NACTO and GDCI
<b>Publication Year</b>	1992, 2006, 2018	2013, 2016
<b>Primary Focus</b>	Road safety through <b>systematic risk reduction</b> , focused on road safety	<b>Redesign urban streets for safety and livability</b> , also integrating the public transit system
<b>Target Audience</b>	Policy Makers, <b>Traffic Planners</b> , and Road Engineers	Policy Makers, <b>Urban Designers</b> , Cycling, and Pedestrian Advocates
<b>Road/Street Design Principles</b>	<b>Functionality, Homogeneity, Forgivingness, Predictability, State awareness</b> (Based on 2006 version)	Streets Are <b>Public Spaces</b> ; Streets can help with urban vitality <b>Streets need to be reconfigured</b> to meet new needs; <b>Design for safety</b> ; <b>Streets are ecosystem</b> ; Using a <b>phased approach</b> to major redesigns

*Source: Edited and organized by this research (based on SS and USDG)*

## *II. Literature Review*

### *AI and Human Cetered AI*

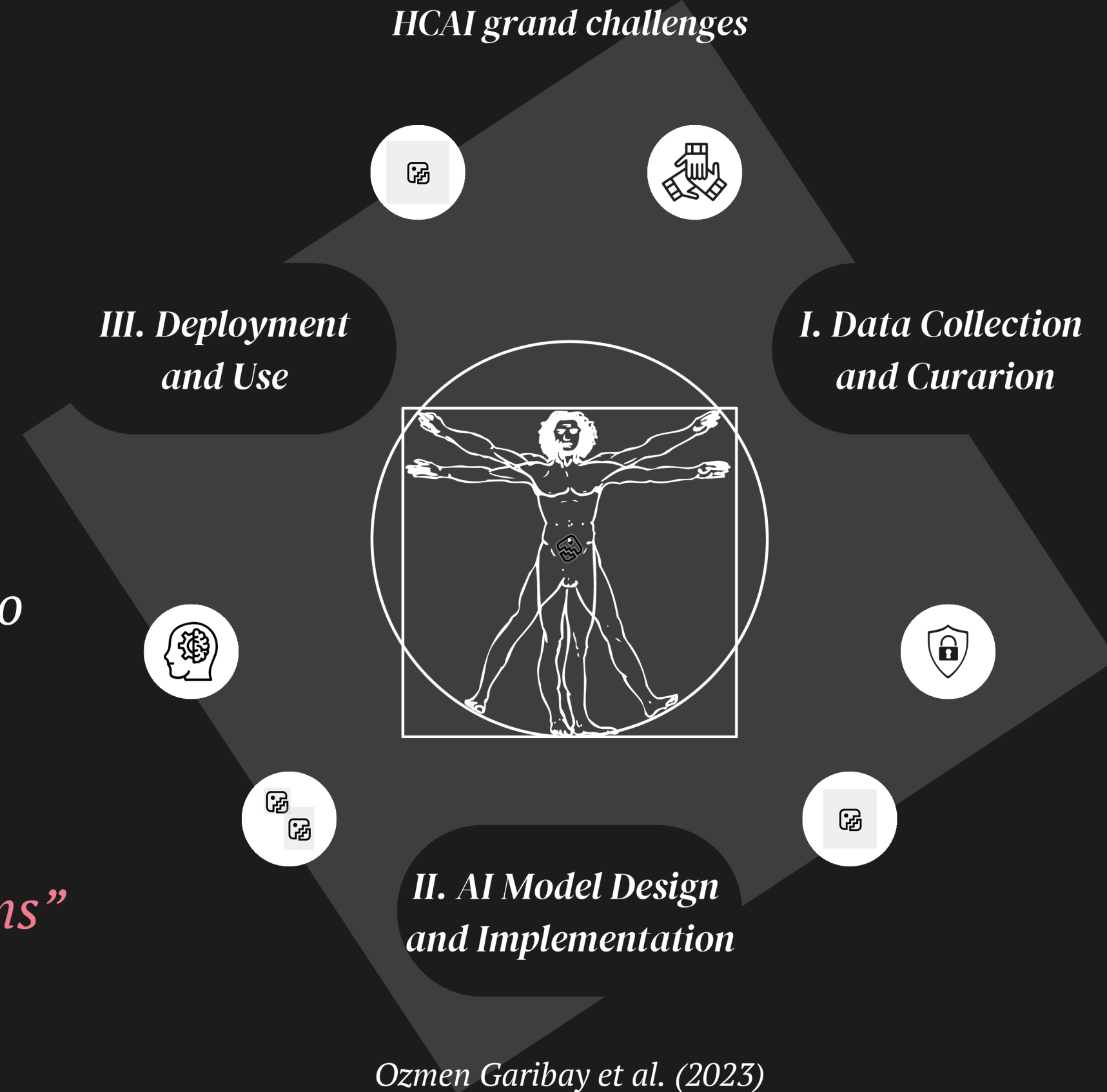


# *Human-centered AI (HCAI)*

Emergence of the Human-Centered Artificial Intelligence (HCAI) concept in 2019

*Riedl (2019) noted that scientists anticipate HCAI to possess two key abilities:*

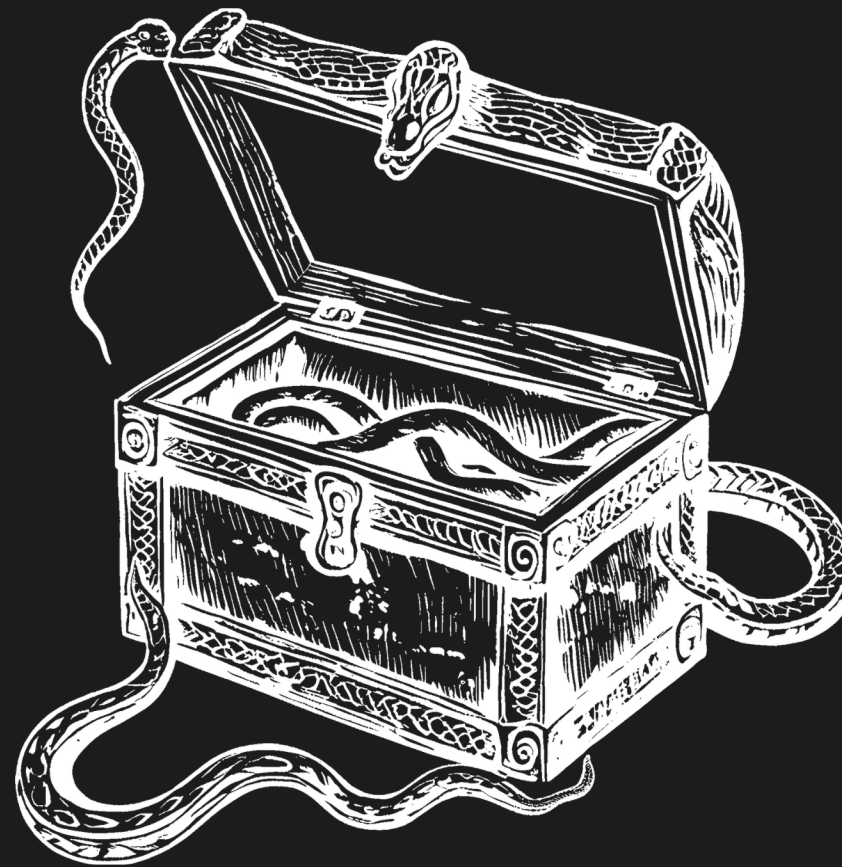
- *“Make AI Understanding humans”*
- *“Facilitating human understanding of AI systems”*
- *“Fairness, Explainability, and Transparency”*



# *Gen-AI Concerns and Challenges*

*Fui-Hoon Nah et al. (2023)*

*Harmful content*  
*Inappropriate content*  
*AI-Misuse*  
  
*Bias*  
*Over-reliance*  
*Digital and AI divide*  
*Hallucination*



*Human well-being  
oriented*  
*Privacy and security*  
*Authenticity*  
*Copyright*  
  
*Data Quality*  
*Prompt engineering*  
*Transparency and explainability*  
*Ethics and governance*  
*AI literacy and  
intelligence augmentation*



## *II. Literature Review:* *Citizen Participation*

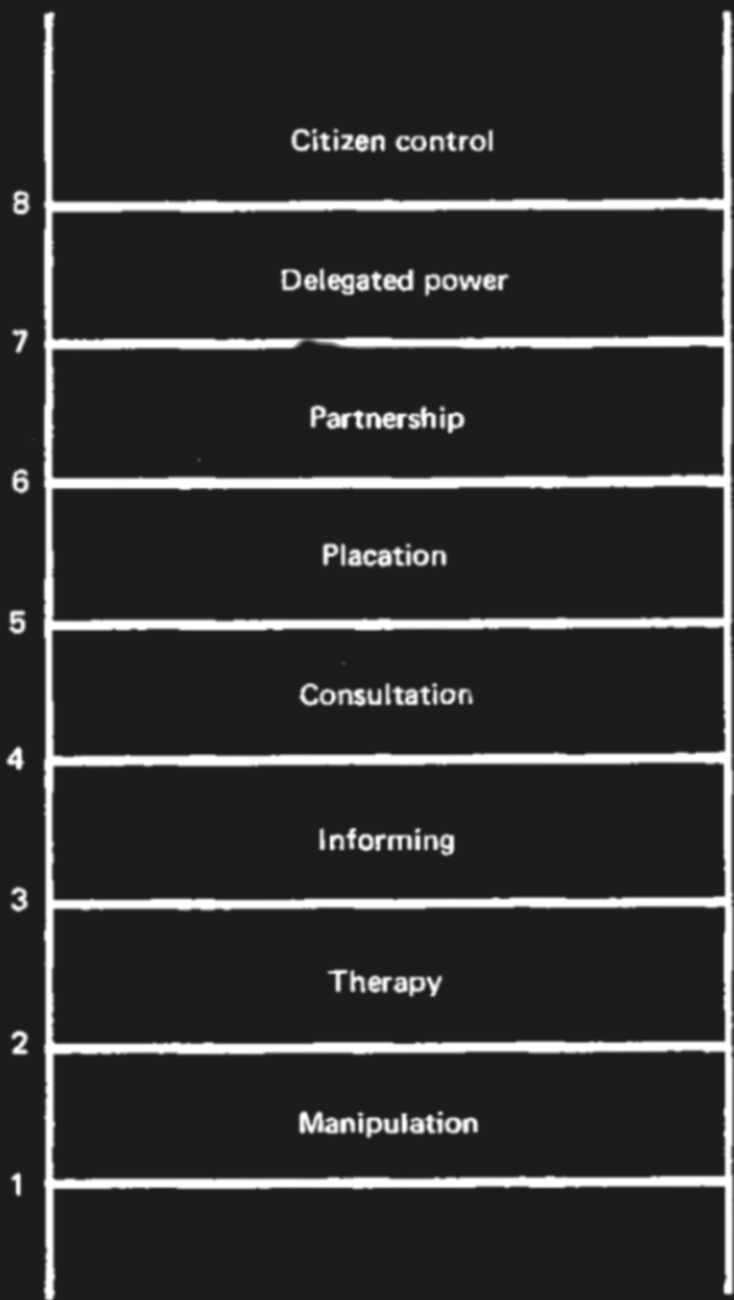
# Arnstein's Citizen participation ladder

Arnstein (1969)

Citizen Power  
Degree

Tokenism  
Degree

Non-  
participation



## CITIZEN PARTICIPATION

- SHERRY R. ARNSTEIN, 1969



FIGURE 1

*French Student Poster. In English, I participate; you participate; he participates; we participate; you participate . . . They profit.*

# *Participation ladder in AI era?*

Tritter's suggestion:

- Incorporating citizens into the evaluation cycle
- Increase mutual trust between users and professionals
- Strengthen “Professional Development”

Rung	Citizens vs. AI Developers
6. Partnership	1. <b>Citizens collaborate</b> 2. Co-policy-making 3. Problem-solving
7. Delegated Power	1. <b>Citizens serve as key decision-makers</b> 2. Overseeing plans and resources within specific limits.
8. Citizen Control	1. <b>Citizens act as complete controllers,</b> 2. Holding all policy and management decision-making power.

*Adapted from Arnstein (1969), by this research*

*II. Literature Review:*  
*The outcome*

# *The ARIE (Aria) Model*

*By this Research*

## *Avoid*

*Harmful content*  
*Inappropriate content*  
*AI-Misuse*

## *Insist*

*Human well-being oriented*  
*Privacy and security*  
*Authenticity*  
*Copyright*



## *Reduce*

*Bias*  
*Over-reliance*  
*Digital and AI divide*  
*Hallucination*

## *Encourage (Advocate)*

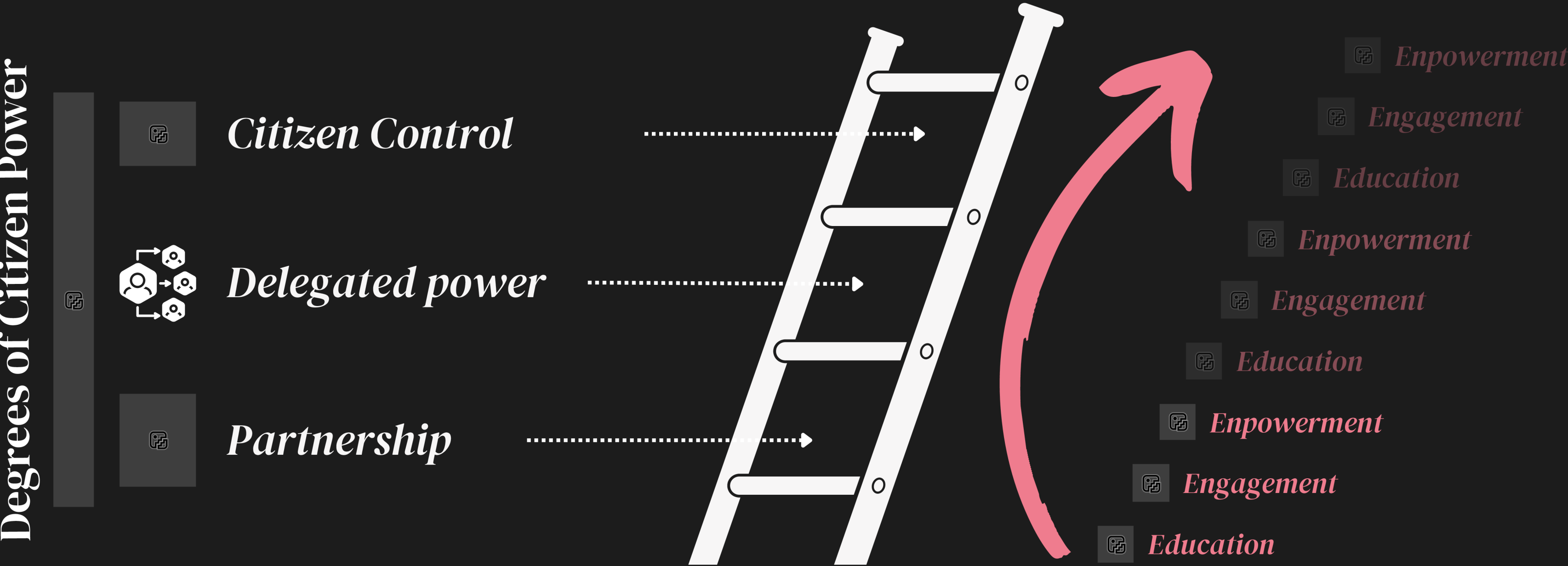
*Citizen-AI 3E practice*  
*Data Quality*  
*Prompt engineering*  
*Transparency and explainability*  
*Ethics and governance*  
*AI literacy*

*Inspired by Fui-Hoon Nah, Ozlem Ozmen Garibay et al. (2023), developed by this research*



# Citizen-AI ladder *3E* steps

By this Research

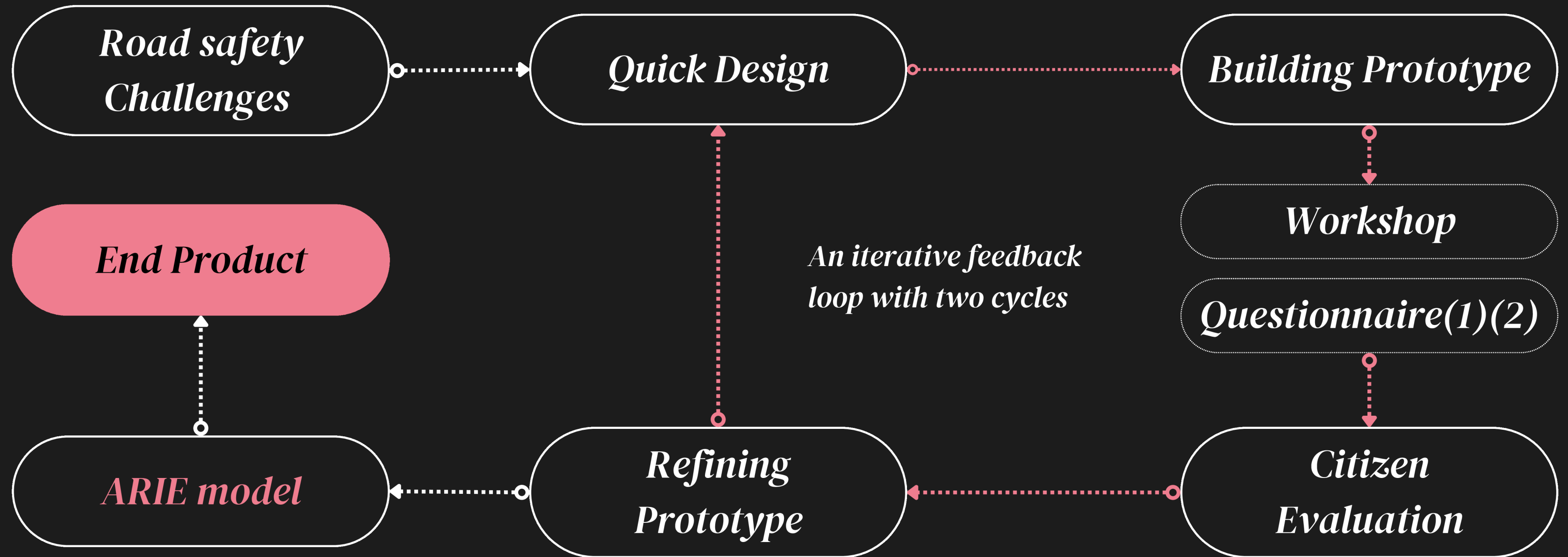


### *III. Methodology & Participation*

- Prototyping*
- Workshop and Questionnaires*

# III. Methodology

*Prototyping Method (Camburn et al., 2017)*



# *Workshop and Questionnaires*

Workshop: 6 participants

Questionnaires (40 min): 25 participants

- Diverse backgrounds
- Prototype testing
- Focused on qualitative feedback

Road safety ratings(1-10, unsafe-safe): 4.08 (W)/ 4.2 (Q)

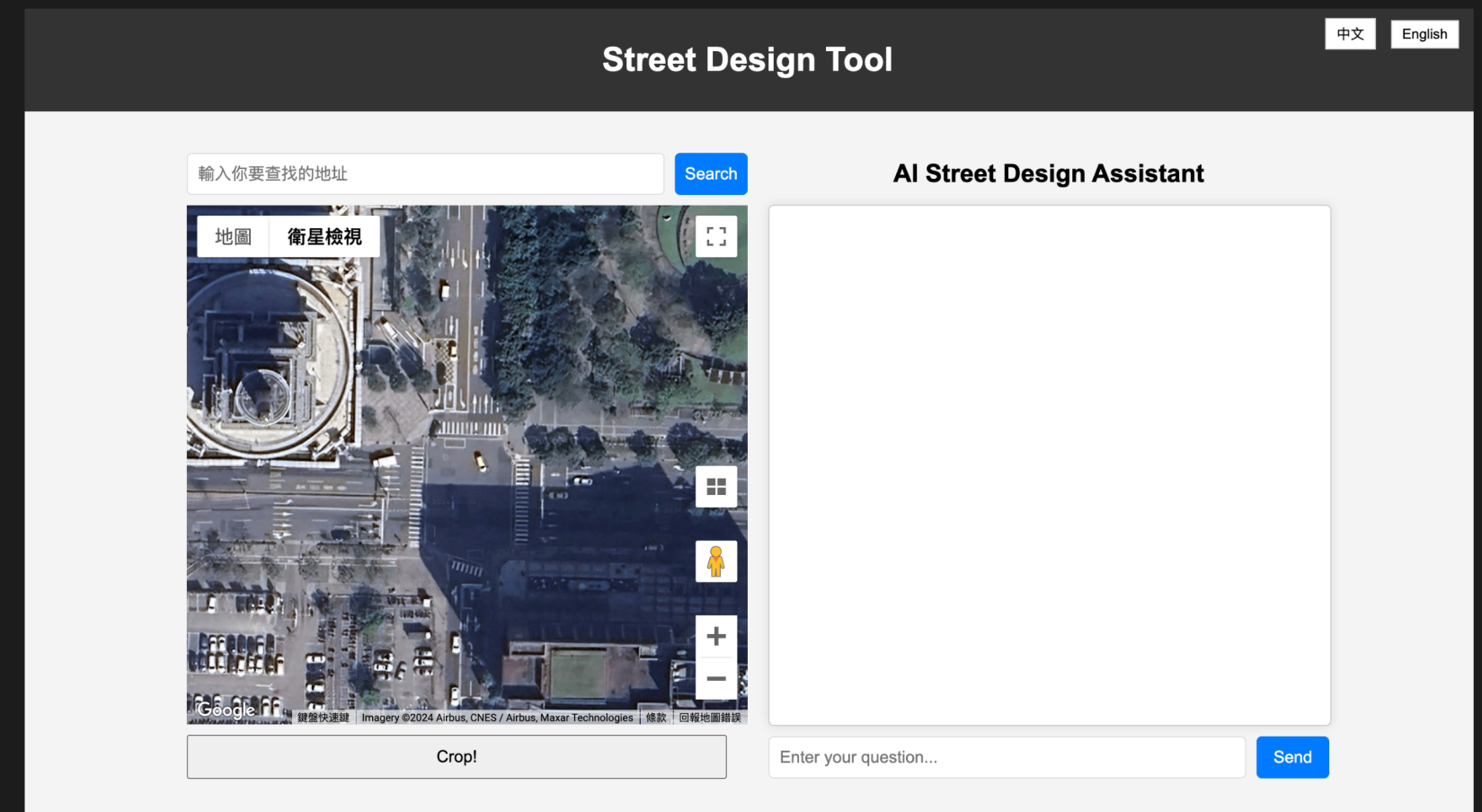
Frequency of using Gen-AI (days/ week): 5 Days (W)/ 3.2 Days (Q)

# Prototype 0

Google maps API + Open AI API

- Language (En/ TC/ SC)
- Computer/ Smart phone interface
- Google map and search bar
  - Bug - streetview
- Chatbot
  - Bug
    - GPT Response format
    - Image upload function

Prototype 0



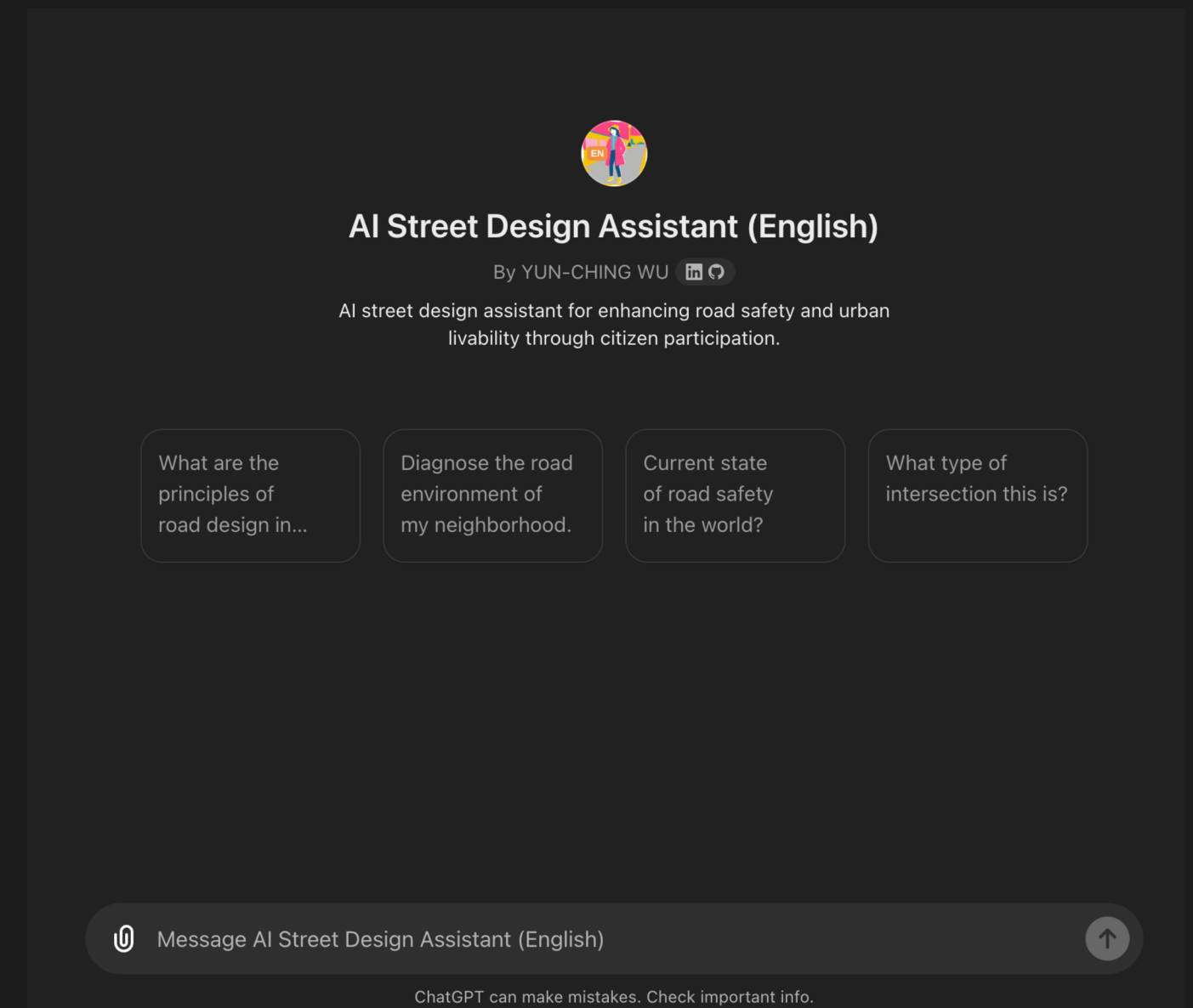


# Prototype 1

## Customized GPT

- Prompt
  - Citation
  - User's Checklist
  - User Interaction
    - Satellite maps or street-view images
  - Concise:
    - No longer than 150 words.
  - Accuracy:
    - 100% aligned with the knowledge base.

Prototype 1



# *Workshop and Questionnaires Feedback*

## *Concerns, Suggestions, and Criticisms*

---

- Lacks appeal for general users
- Need visual support
- Knowledge Base
- Data Transparency
- Too vague
- Outdated data

- 
- Spatial scale is imprecise

## *Improvement measures*

- visualized webpages
- Include a clear list of references
- Prompt adaption: linked to documents and websites
- Continuously update and maintain the prototype and website based on the latest research.

- 
- The limitation of the LLM model
  - The importance of expertise
  - Include this in the suggestions for future research.

# *Prototype 2*

Integrated Website + Customized GPT (Semi-AI)

- **Website**
  - Presenting the concept of Sustainable safety
  - Linked to Urban Street Design Guide
- **Prompt improvement**
  - Invite users to share street views
  - Provide link attachments

*Prototype 2*



English 繁體中文 简体中文

## **Welcome!**

Urban Street Design Assistant for Road Safety  
Inspired by Sustainable Safety & Urban Street Design Guide

Sustainable Safety(SWOV) | NACTO | Open AI | YUNCHING WU

# Workshop and Questionnaires (2)

Summary of the Feedback on Prototype 2

- Motivation for Engagement
  - Negative view of road safety
  - Not everyone is inspired by the prototype
  - The government bears all the responsibility
- Limitation in local context
  - May neglect the local context
  - The answer from the chatbot is too general

	Average Rate	Median Rate
Prototype1 - AI Chatbot	7.12	7
Prototype2 - Integrated Website	7.72	8



# Prototype 3

Prototype 3



- Improving the Website
  - Data visualization
  - Call to action
  - Enhancing user interactivity
  - AI page
- Prompt improvement
  - Accessibility of Knowledge Base
  - Increase the integration



## *IV. Discussion*

*Q:*

*“How can we develop an AI-driven tool that uses Gen-AI to assist in a safer street redesign process for citizens?”*

- *Prototyping Methodology*
- *Human-Centered AI (HCAI), ARIE model*
- *Civil society*

# *Social Aspect*

- *What effective road safety **methods or guidelines** worldwide can inspire countries and communities in need?*
  - *Road safety principles: **SS and USDG***
- *How can **AI** better enhance civil society's response to road safety challenges?*
  - *Using **Customized Chatbot** as a user-friendly tool*
  - ***Knowledge base** and prompting methods*
  - *Citizen-AI 3E model*

# *Social Aspect*

*SQ2:*

- *What **literature on AI's** societal impact can help design applications for social welfare while preventing misuse?*
  - *The Human-Centered AI (HCAI) principles*
- *What **gaps** exist in discussions about optimizing AI for civil society?*
  - *the ARIE model*
  - *Citizen AI, the 3E steps practice*



## *Technical Aspect*

*Q1. How can this AI prototype be made **user-friendly and accessible for citizens**, allowing them to address street design issues effectively?*

- Visualization*
- Interactive features and prompt design*
- Multilingual support*
- Citizen's Feedback*

*Q2. What are the **current limitations** of frequently used AI applications (in this case, ChatGPT-4) in contributing to safer street design?*

- Limitation:*
  - AI-generated visuals and Spatial precision*
  - Expert indispensability*

# *Conclusion*

- 1. Create a Citizen-AI Educational Website (AI Prototype)*
- 2. Introducing the Sustainable Safety Concept to the Chinese-Speaking World*
- 3. Bridging the Gap Between Urban Design and Road Safety*
- 4. Proposed the AI ARIE model*
- 5. The Citizen-AI 3E steps for the participation ladder*

## *VII. Conclusion*

### *Future Study:*

*a. Technical: Numerous AI applications can enhance road safety, and innovation is important.*

*a. Social:*

*i. Engaging citizens in the development process is crucial.*

*ii. An extended study of the ARIE model is potential.*

*Thank you!*