

GROWING SOCIETY

the application of agroecology in public space design to tackle environmental and social issues

05-11-2021

MILIEUGEGRAFIE

Is er rond de evenaar straks nog landbouw mogelijk? Wat de opwarming betekent voor ons voedsel

De opwarming van de aarde, die op de klimaattop in Glasgow beperkt moet zien te worden, heeft al enorme gevolgen voor de landbouw en de voedselzekerheid. En juist de gebieden die het nu al zwaar hebben, ondervinden die.

Mac van Dinther 29 oktober 2021, 11:10

volkskrant.nl



Beeld Lauren Hillebrandt

“WILL AGRICULTURE STILL BE POSSIBLE AROUND THE EQUATOR? WHAT GLOBAL WARMING MEANS FOR OUR FOOD.”

PROBLEMS

ENVIRONMENTAL

Global warming
Climate change
Extreme weather conditions
Sea level rise
Biodiversity loss

SOCIAL

social and economic inequality
segregation
poverty in resources and knowledge
slum forming

amplified by climate change due to
unpreparedness and lack of tools



A Just Transition #3: De wereld voeden met agro-ecologie

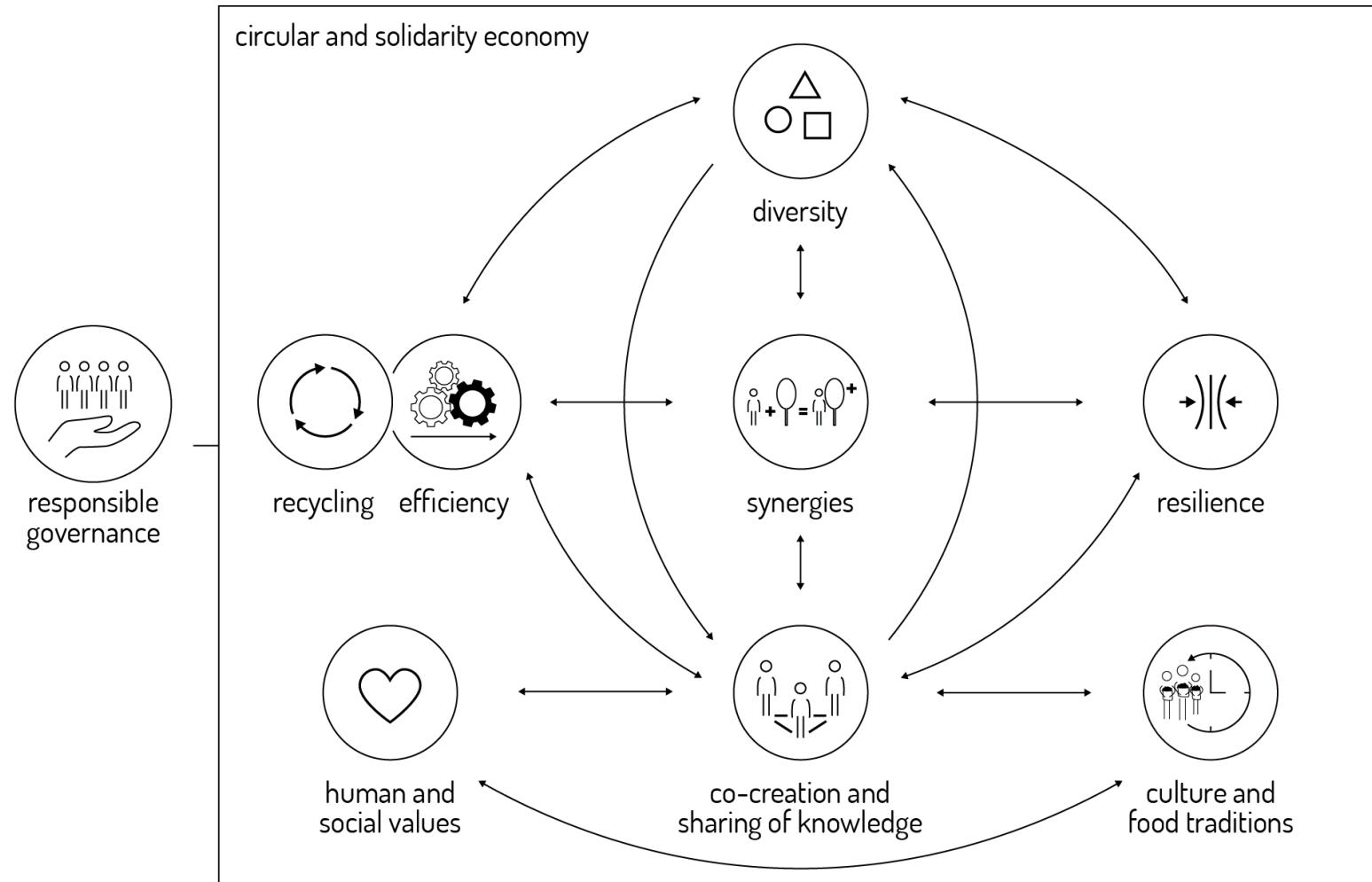
275 weergaven • 29 okt. 2020

1 6 0 DELEN OPSLAAN ...

Pakhuis de Zwijger. (2020, October 29). A Just Transition #3: De wereld voeden met agro-ecologie [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SUkHyuVzWu8&t=1548s>

AGROECOLOGY

AGROECOLOGY THEORY



by author based on FAO. (2018). The 10 elements of agroecology: Guiding the transition to sustainable food and agricultural systems. FAO. Retrieved from <http://www.fao.org/documents/card/en/c/19037EN>

HYPOTHESIS

AGROECOLOGY AS SOLUTION

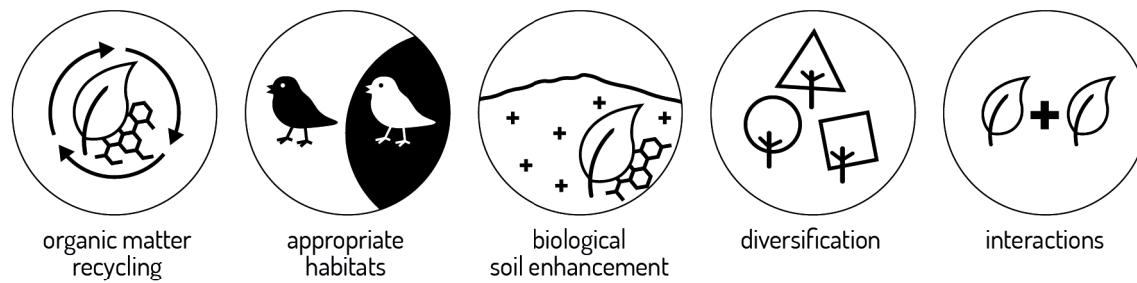
ENVIRONMENTAL

diversity
efficient use of resources
recycling

SOCIAL

responsible governance
human and social values
co-creation and sharing knowledge

AGROECOLOGY THEORY



Based on Altieri, M. A., & Nicholls, C. I. (2018). Urban Agroecology: designing biodiverse, productive and resilient city farms. *Agro Sur*, 46(2), 49–60. <https://doi.org/10.4206/agrosur.2018.v46n2-07>

AGROECOLOGY PRACTICE

Agroecology in practice

Yearly master class at organic CSA garden Ommuurde Tuin, taught by peasant farmers

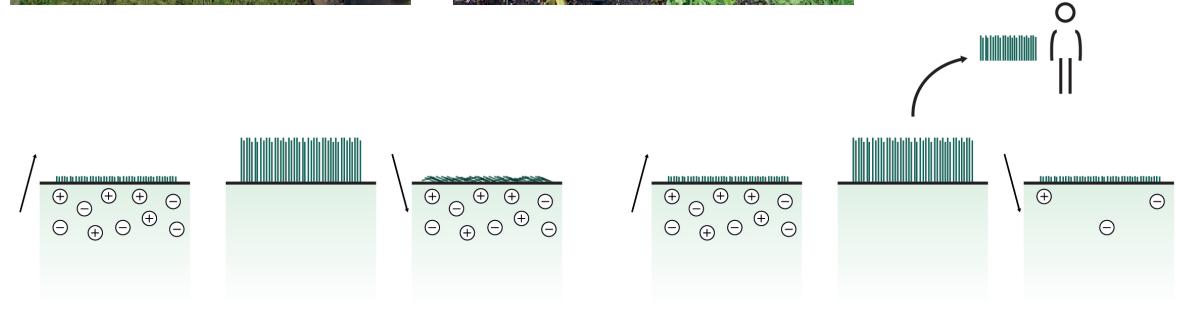
- SOIL | CROP ROTATION & DESIGN | BOKASHI COMPOST
- DISEASES & NATURAL ENEMIES
- TOOLS & MACHINES
- SEEDS & SEEDLINGS
- AGRICULTURE & CARE
- CSA | SOLIDAIRTY PAYMENT & GENERATING A FAIR INCOME

1 week in March
+ optional internship at garden
3 ECTS via FSE chairgroup (WUR)
Ommuurdetuin.nl/course

= DE OMMUURDE TUIN =



AGROECOLOGY PRACTICE

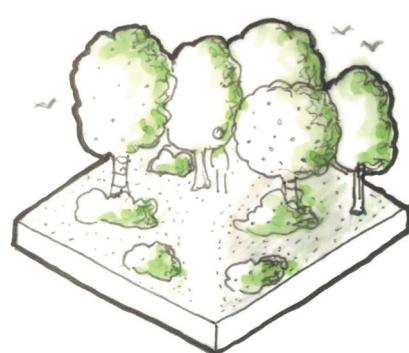


AGROECOLOGY PRACTICE

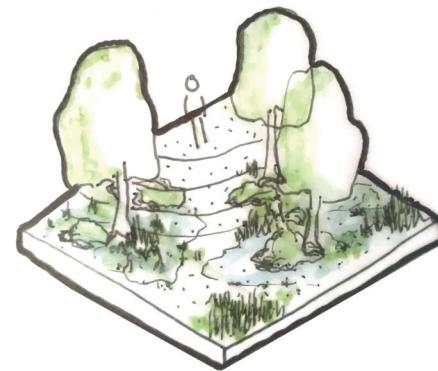
HOW IT ADDS TO BIODIVERSITY



small scale agriculture



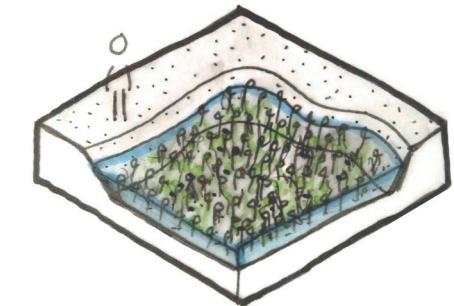
Food forest



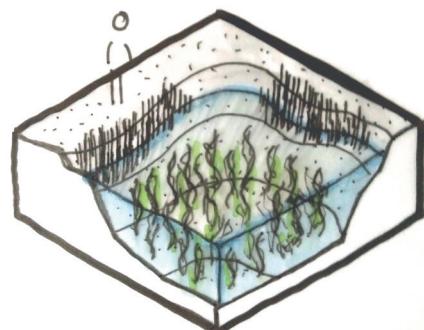
Wet food forest



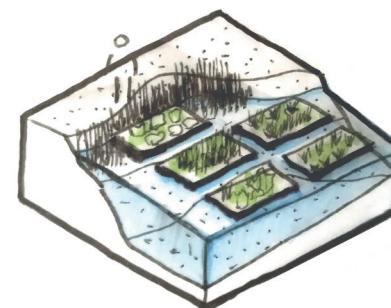
Wetland



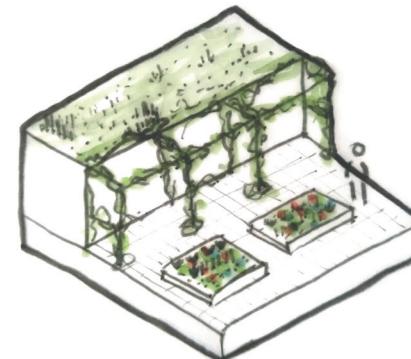
Paddy cultivation



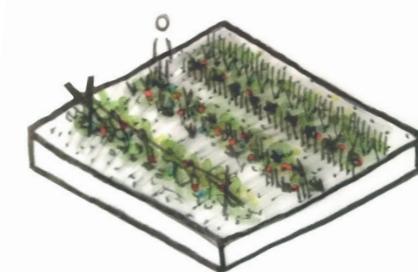
Deep aqua-agriculture



Floating agriculture



Integrated agriculture



Production field

AGROECOLOGY ORGANISATION

CSA
community supported agriculture



<https://twitter.com/CSANetwork>

HERENBOEREN



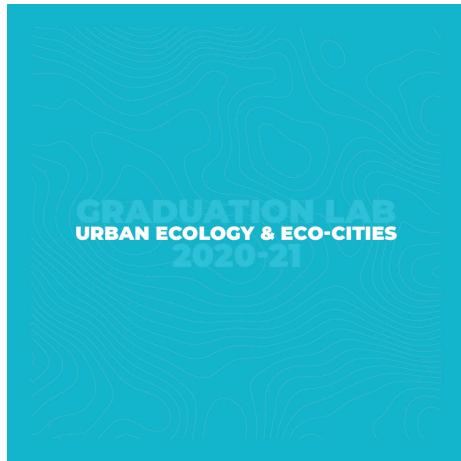
<https://www.bloeienarnhem.nl/herenboeren-arnhem/#.YVCfuLgzZPY>

AGROECOLOGY ORGANISATION GREEN INITIATIVES



UECL

URBAN ECOLOGY AND ECOCITIES LAB



<https://www.instagram.com/p/CH06m-FOMSHn/>



DakAkker, Schieblock, Rotterdam

URBAN ECOLOGY

“the whole of interactions of organisms, built structures, and the physical environment, where people are concentrated”

Richard Forman, 2014, Urban Ecology: Science of Cities

RESEARCH QUESTION

**HOW CAN A LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT TACKLE ENVIRONMENTAL
AND SOCIAL ISSUES USING AGROECOLOGY IN PUBLIC SPACE
DESIGN?**

METHODOLOGY

case study

city
+
neighbourhood

- what is the spatial situation?
- spatial analysis
- what is the environmental situation?
- environmental analysis
- what is the social situation?
- social analysis

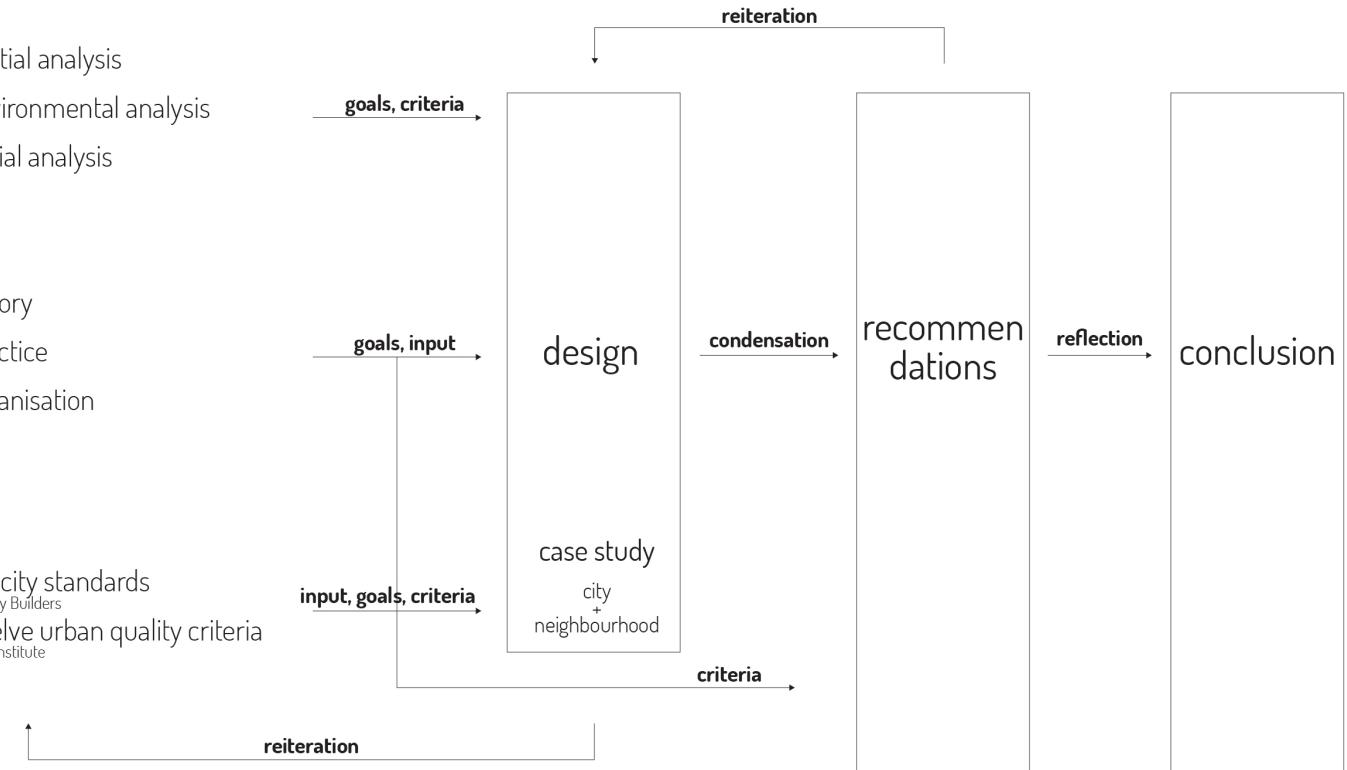
agroecology

theory
+
practice

- what is agroecology?
- theory
- how can agroecology be used in an urban application?
- practice
- how can agroecology be implemented in durable design?
- organisation

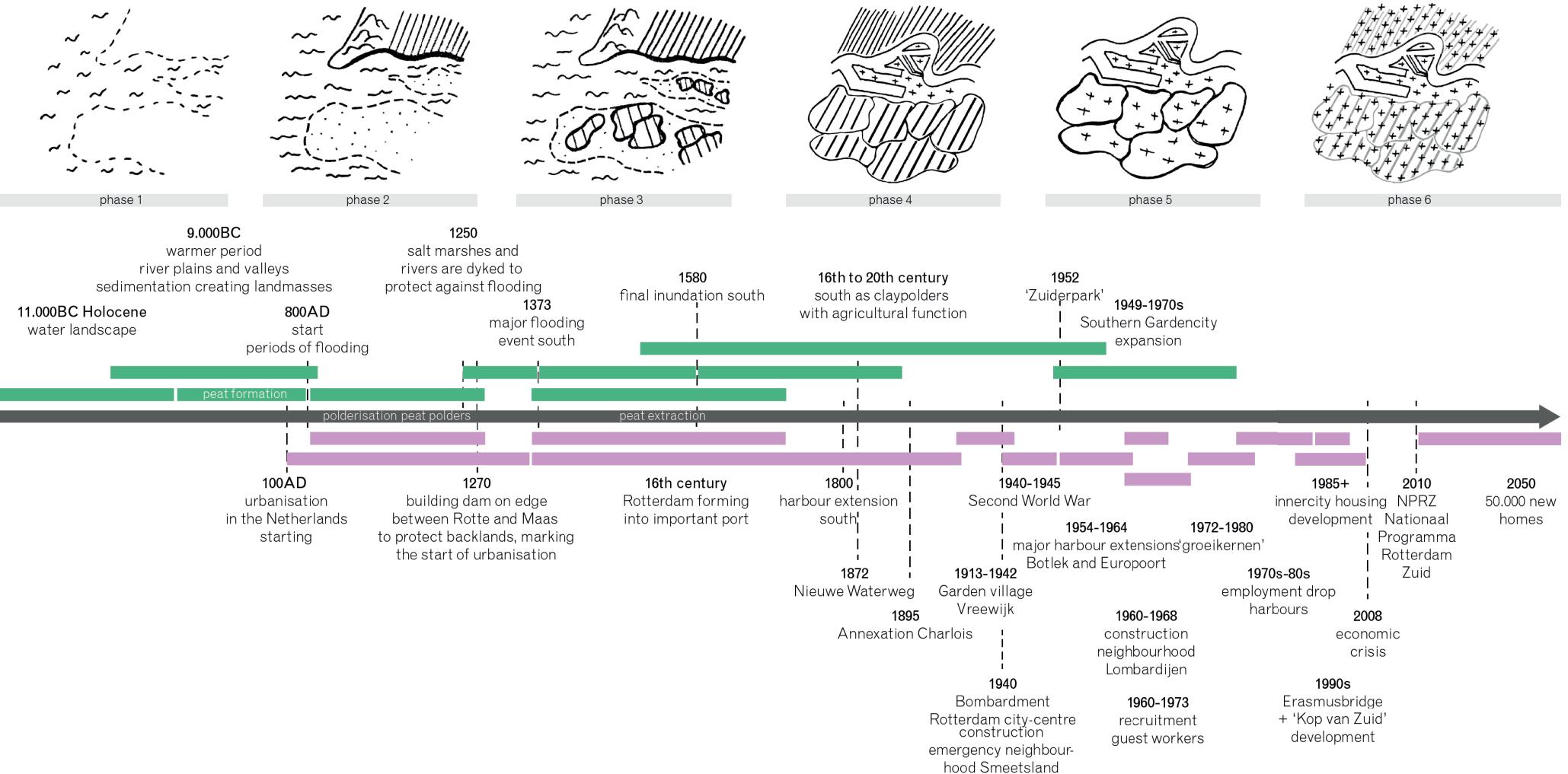
public space design

- what are criteria for public space design?
- ecocity standards
Ecocity Builders
- what are possibilities for reapplication?
- twelve urban quality criteria
Gehl institute



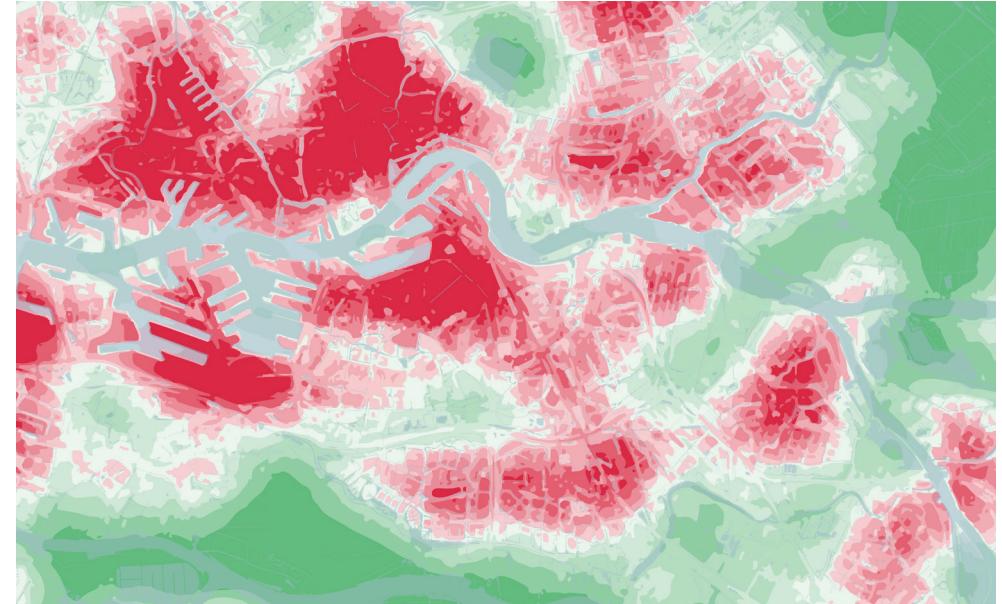
CASE STUDY INTRODUCTION

ROTTERDAM STORYLINE

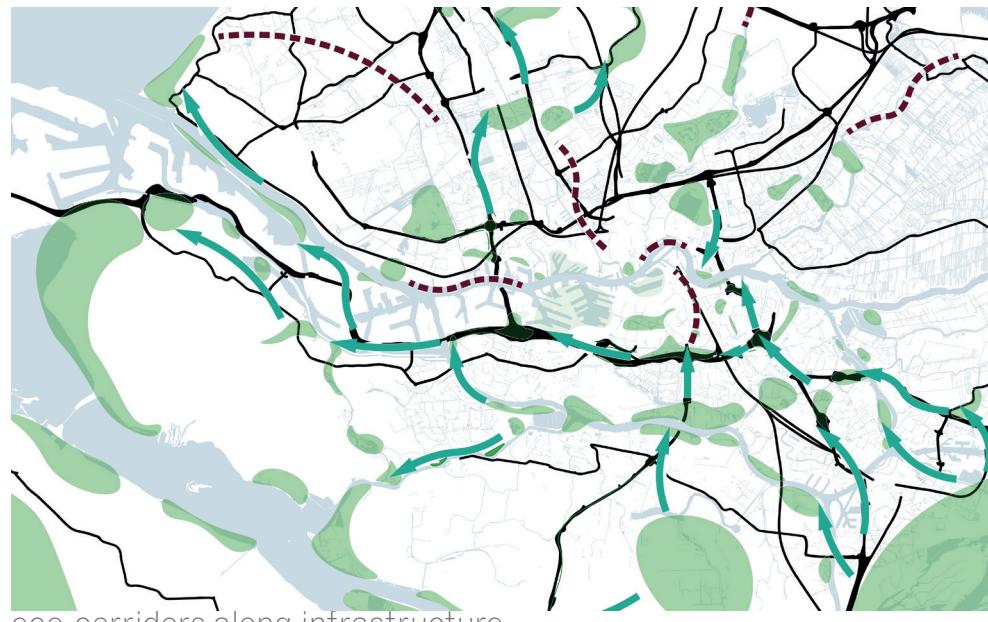




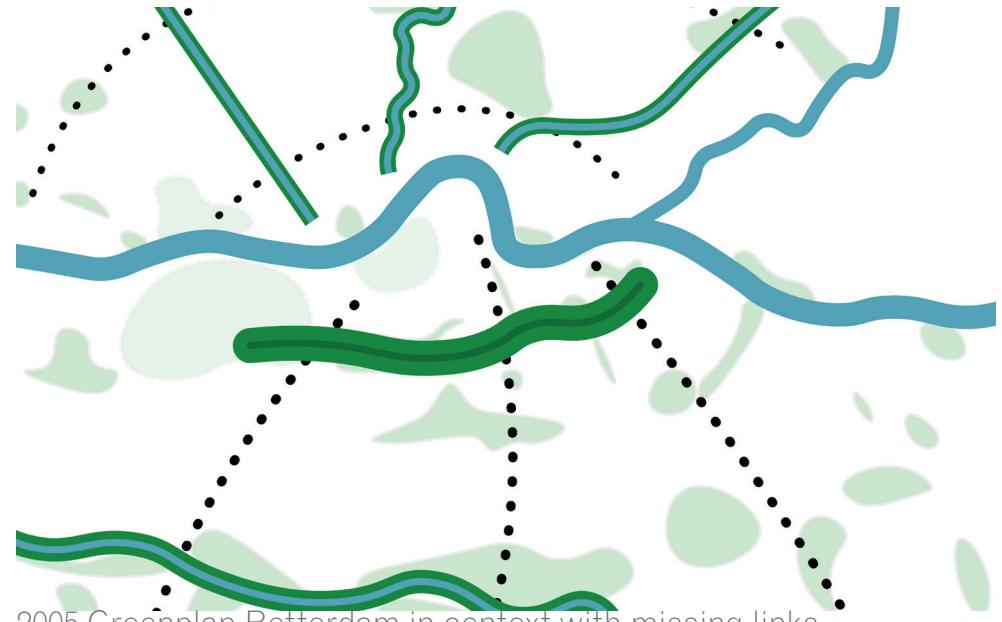
stepping stones



urban heat island effect



eco-corridors along infrastructure



2005 Groenplan Rotterdam in context with missing links



LOMBARDIJEN STORYLINE

LOMBARDIJEN PAST



1850



1900



1938



1958



1968

Kadaster. (n.d.). Topotijdreis: 200 jaar topografische kaarten. Topotijdreis. <https://www.topotijdreis.nl/>

LOMBARDIJEN PAST



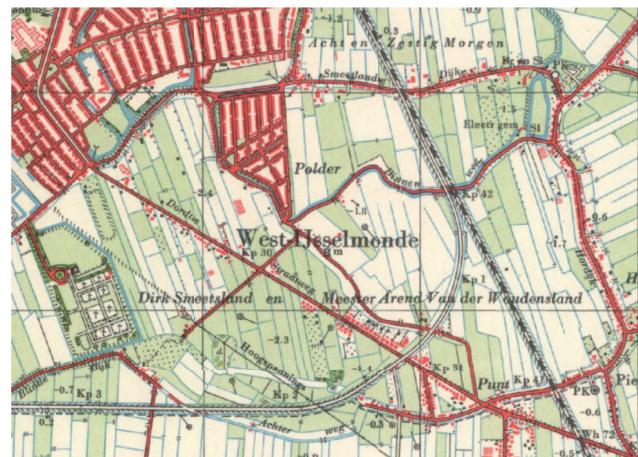
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LOMBARDIJEN PAST



1850



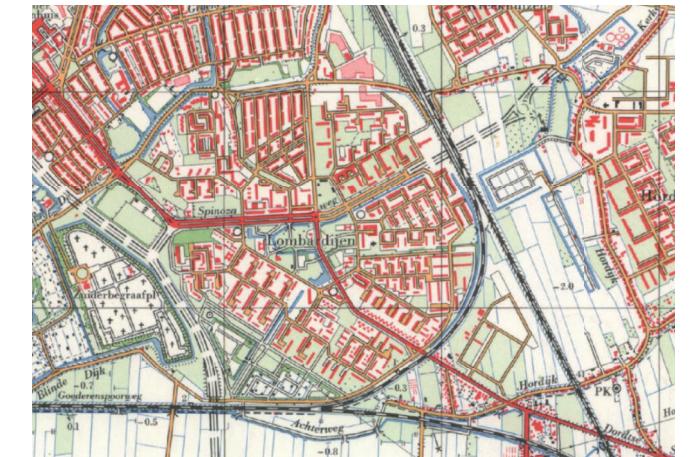
1900



1938



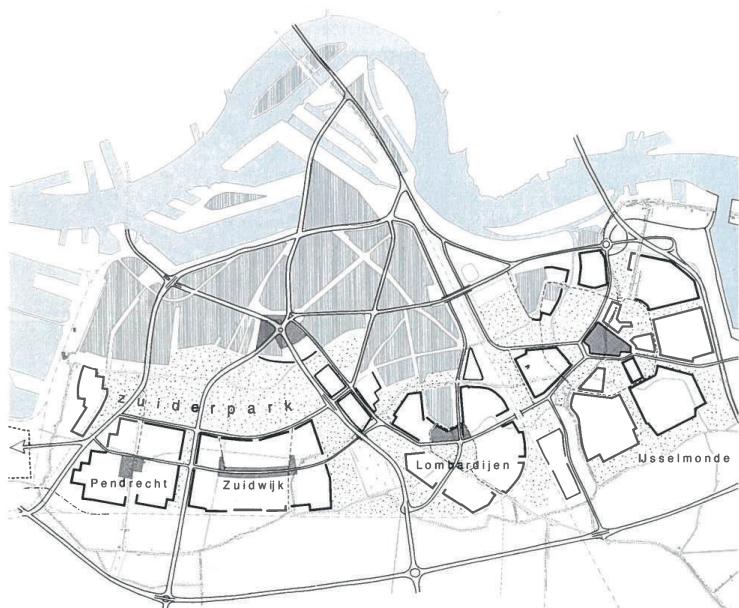
1958



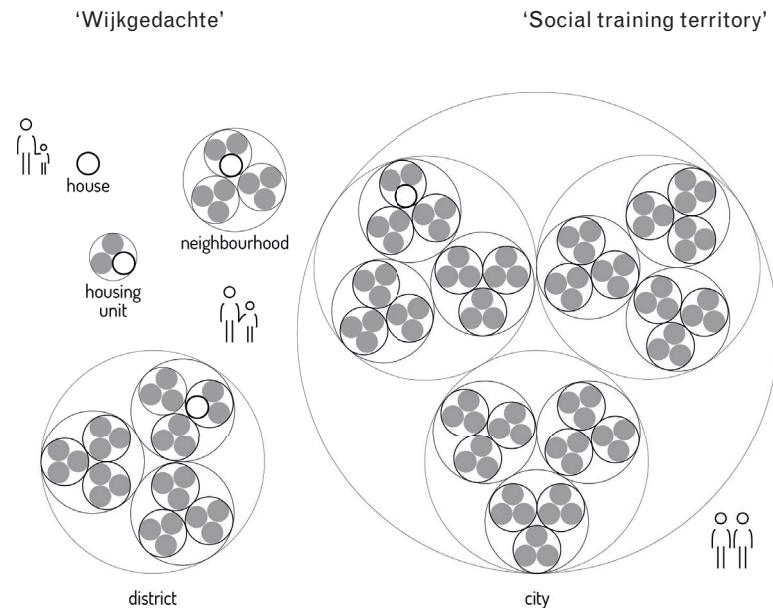
1968

Kadaster. (n.d.). Topotijdreis: 200 jaar topografische kaarten. Topotijdreis. <https://www.topotijdreis.nl/>

LOMBARDIJEN GARDENCITY



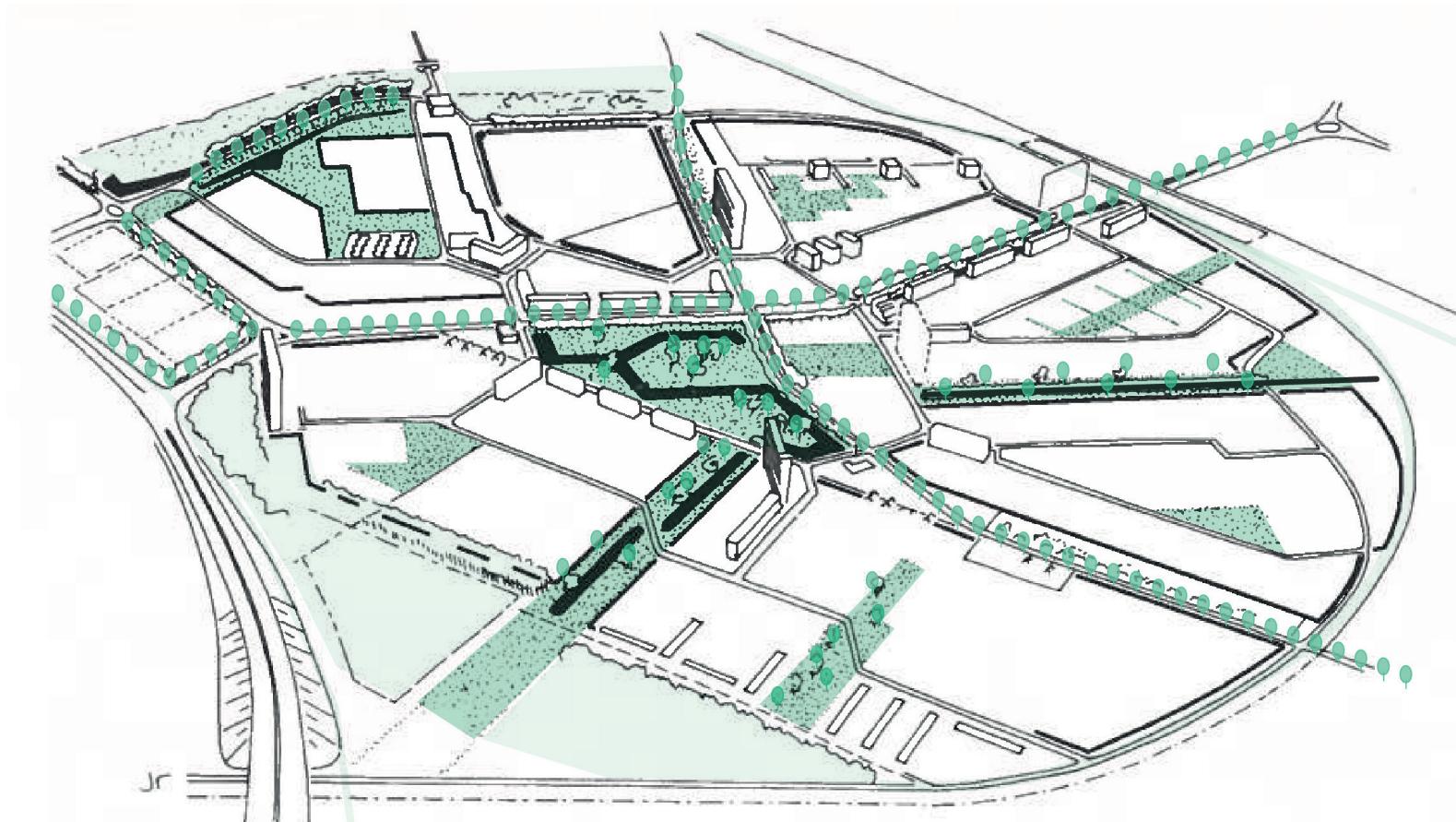
page 135 of Zweerink, K., & Hage, K. (2005). Van Pendrecht tot Ommoord. Bussum: Uitgeverij Thoth.



LOMBARDIJEN GARDENCITY



by author based on page 170 of Zweerink, K., & Hage, K. (2005). Van Pendrecht tot Ommoord. Bussum: Uitgeverij Thoth.



page 171 of Zweerink, K., & Hage, K. (2005). Van Pendrecht tot Ommoord. Bussum: Uitgeverij Thoth. edited by author

BUILT ENVIRONMENT



development diagnosis



ACTIVITY



low high

N 0 100 200 300m



activity diagnosis

WATER



water management diagnosis

1. introduction
2. agroecology
3. research
- 4. case study**
5. criteria
6. design
7. conclusion

BIODIVERSITY



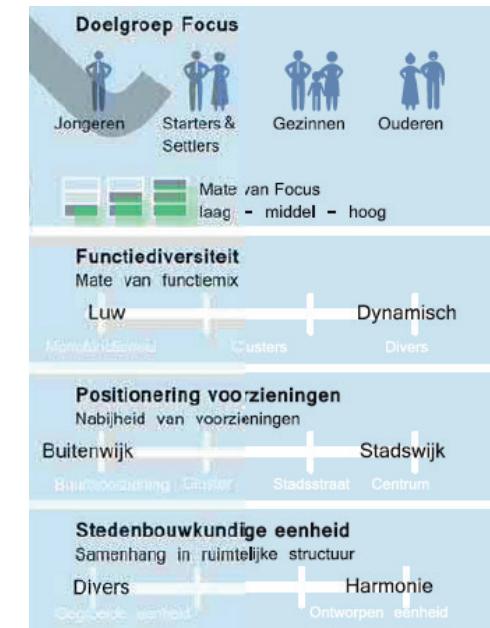
biodiversity diagnosis

1. introduction
2. agroecology
3. research
- 4. case study**
5. criteria
6. design
7. conclusion

LOMBARDIJEN DENSIFICATION



Algemeen Dagblad. (2019, July 18). Hier gaat Rotterdam de komende jaren tienduizenden huizen bouwen. AD.nl. <https://www.ad.nl/rotterdam/hier-gaat-rotterdam-de-komende-jaren-tienduizenden-huizen-bouwen~a990df97/>



page 9 of Gemeente Rotterdam. (2018). Concept gebiedsatlas ontwikkeling woningvoorraad: Uitwerking woonvisie 2030. Retrieved from https://rotterdam.raadsinformatie.nl/document/6307670/1/s18bb001355_2_30080_tds

CRITERIA

ORGANISATIONAL CRITERIA

- paid coördinator**
leading characters
- true cost and value**
informed, broad and alternative valuation
- empowerment**
empowering and activating to generate agency
- community involvement throughout**
strength in co-creation and inclusive projects
- set spaces for use**
opening and inviting spaces for broad ownership
- security for longevity**
economical viability and governmental support
opening space for long term investments

GENERAL DESIGN CRITERIA

- integrated natural systems**
- diversity in space, function and vegetation**
- focus on soil improvement**
- mindful of growth cycles and rotations**
- dense programming**
to avoid lost spaces
- flexible interpretation**

PUBLIC SPACE DESIGN CRITERIA

- 12 Urban quality criteria - Gehl institute**
 - protection**
against traffic and accidents, from harm by others,
against unpleasant sensory experience
 - comfort**
options for mobility, to stand and linger, for sitting, for seeing,
for talking, listening and hearing, for play, exercise and activities
 - enjoyment**
opportunities to enjoy the positive aspects of climate, experience
of aesthetic qualities and positive sensory experience

(Gehl Institute, 2018)
- ecocity standards - Ecocity builders**
 - urban design**
access by proximity, environmental friendly transport, safe
and affordable housing and green building
 - biogeophysical conditions**
clean air, clean and safe water, clean and renewable energy, healthy soil,
responsible resources and materials, healthy and accessible food
 - sociocultural conditions**
healthy culture, community capacity/governance, healthy
and equitable economy, lifelong education and quality of life/wellbeing
 - ecological imperatives**
healthy biodiversity, earth's carrying capacity and ecological integrity

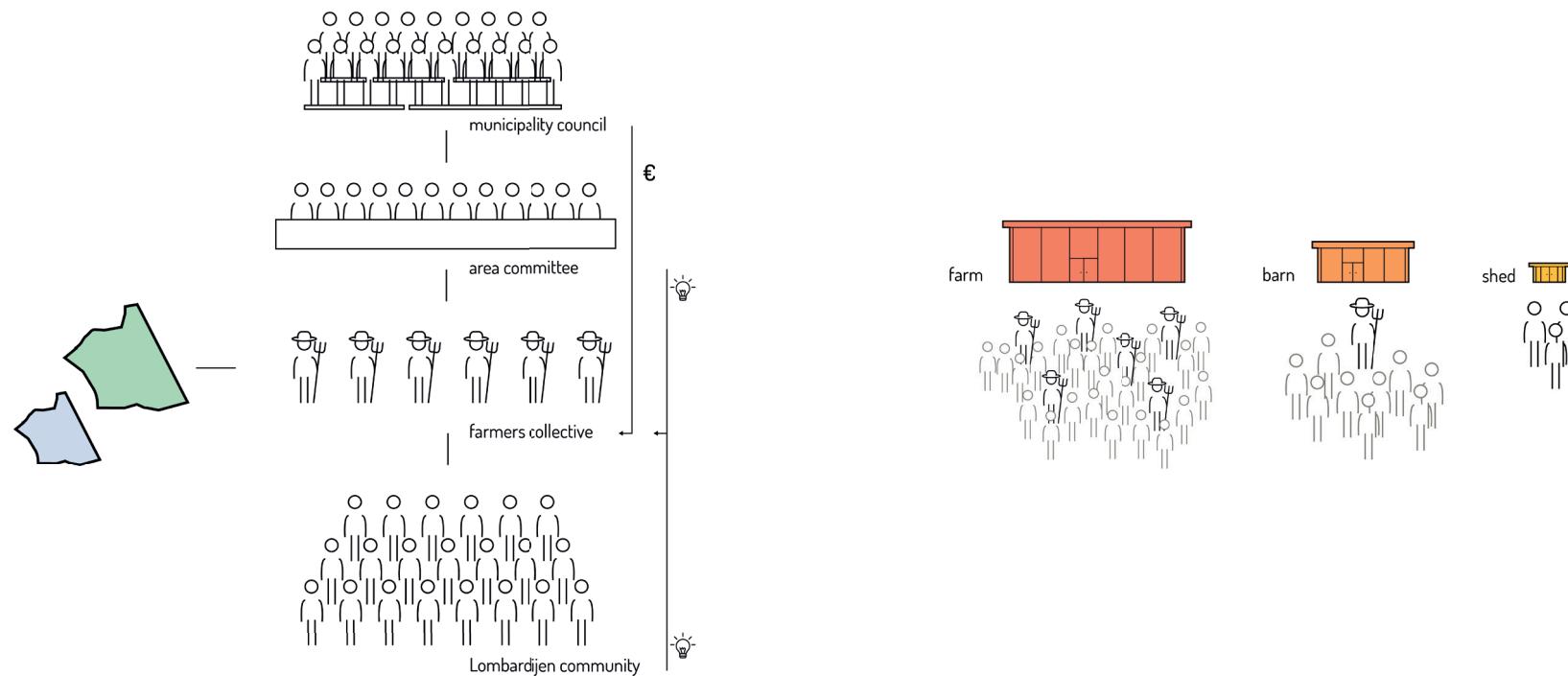
(Ecocity Standards, 2018)
- criteria for urban density - David Sim**
 - diversity in built form and outdoor spaces
 - flexibility, human scale and walkability
 - sense of control and identity and a pleasant microclimate
 - smaller carbon footprint and greater biodiversity

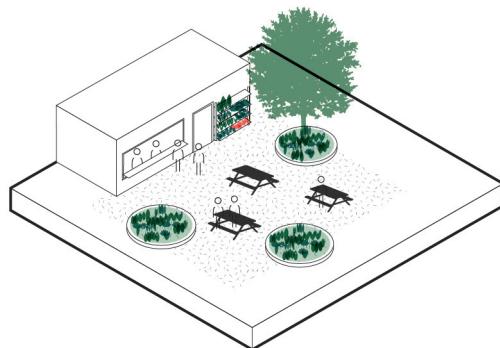
(Ecocity Standards, 2018)

DESIGN

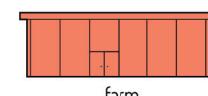
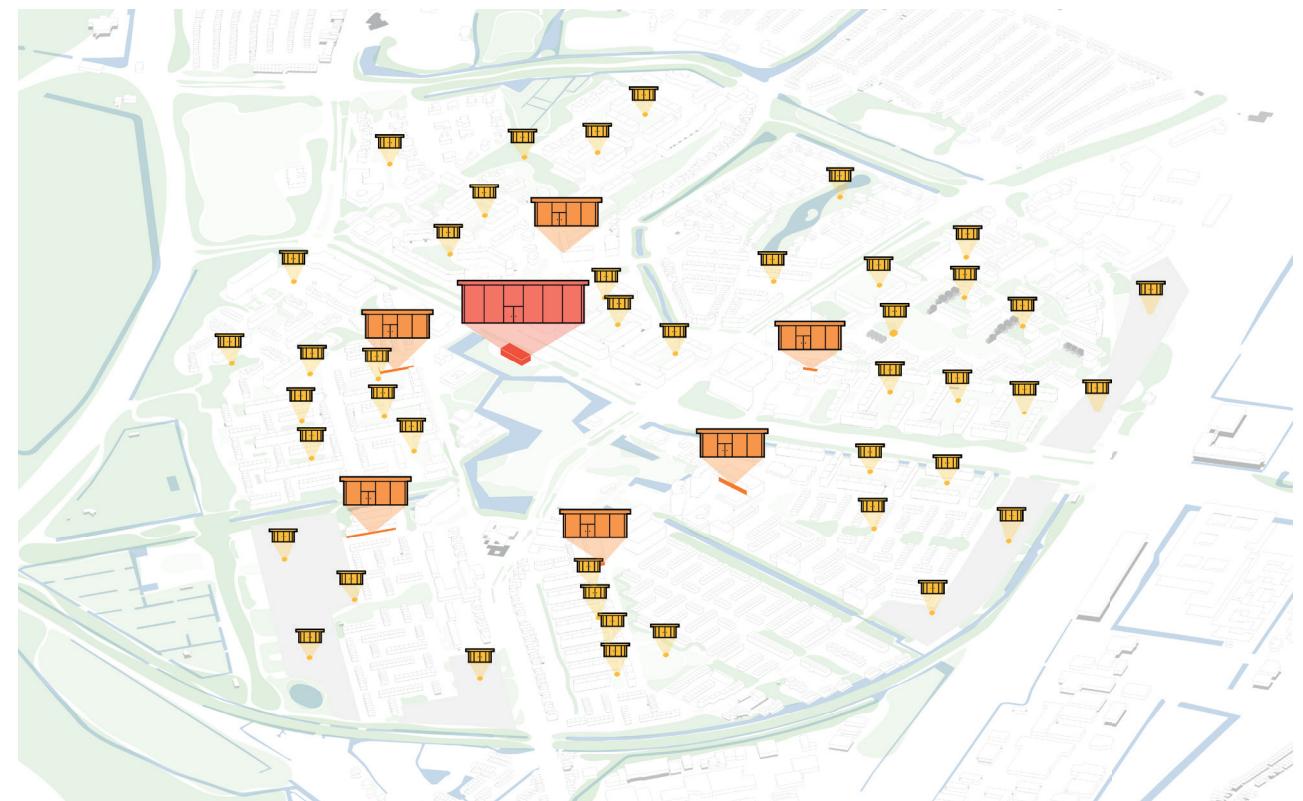
GARDEN CITY TO FARMING CITY

FARM BARN SHED STRATEGY





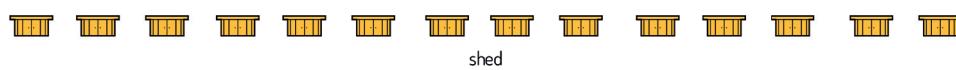
social hubs



farm

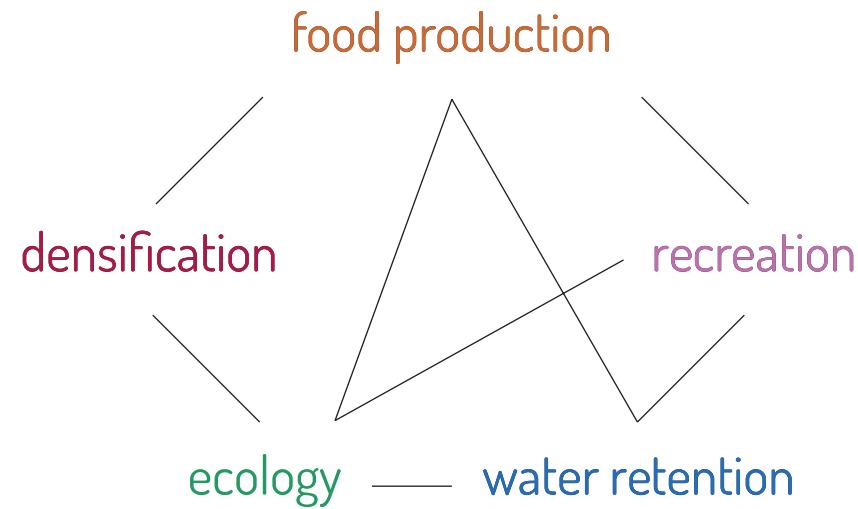


barn



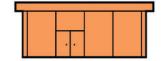
shed

LOMBARDIJEN VISION

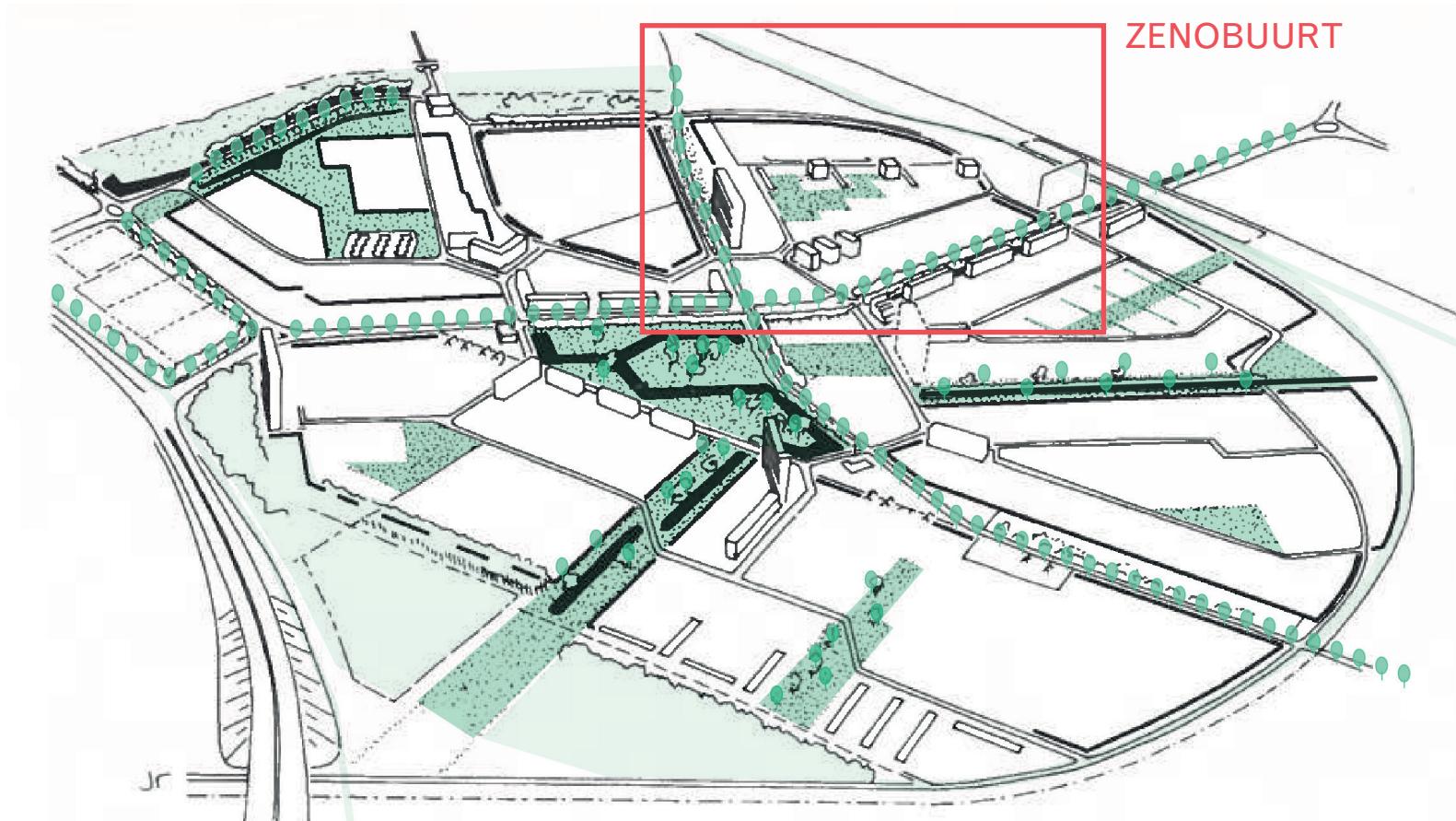


LOMBARDIJEN VISION





ZENOBUURT MASTERPLAN



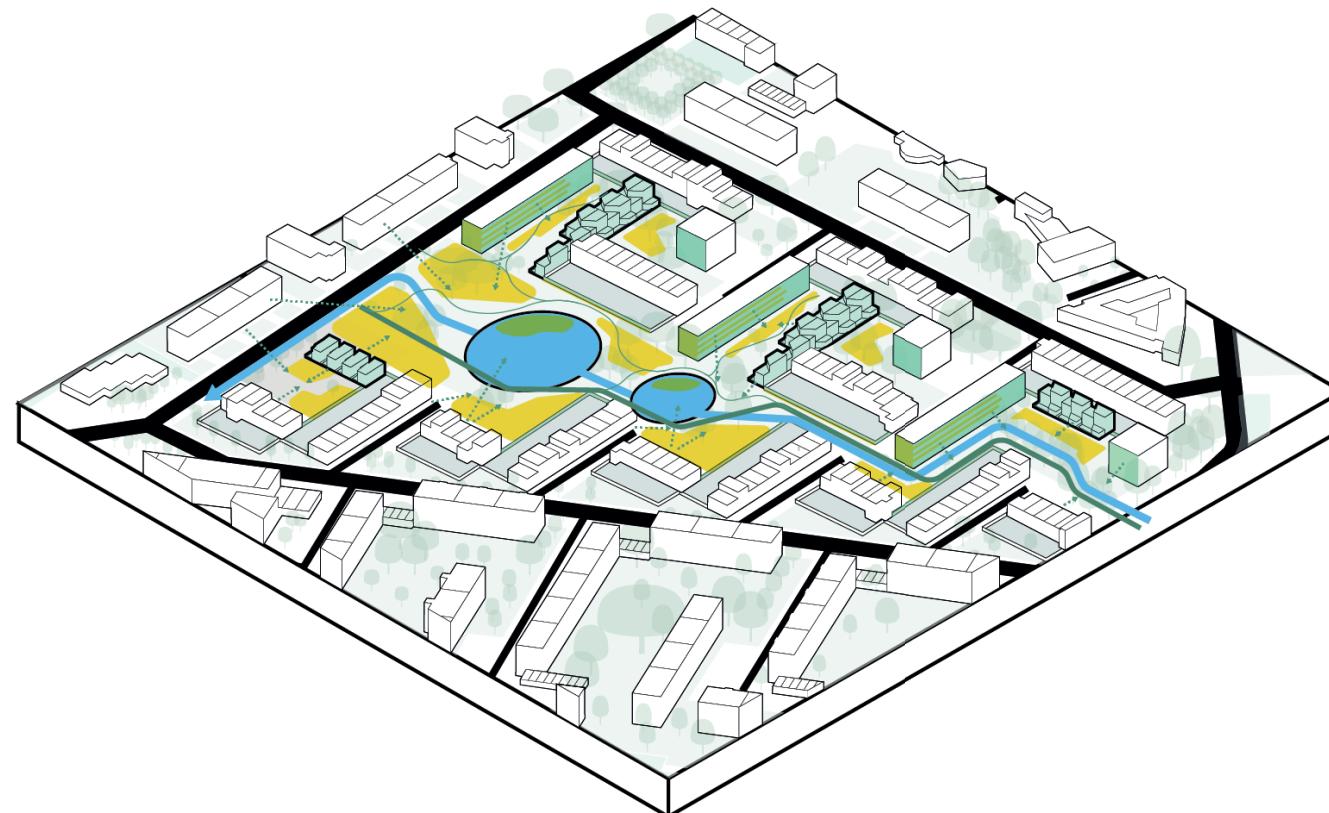
page 171 of Zweerink, K., & Hage, K. (2005). Van Pendrecht tot Ommoord. Bussum: Uitgeverij Thoth. edited by author



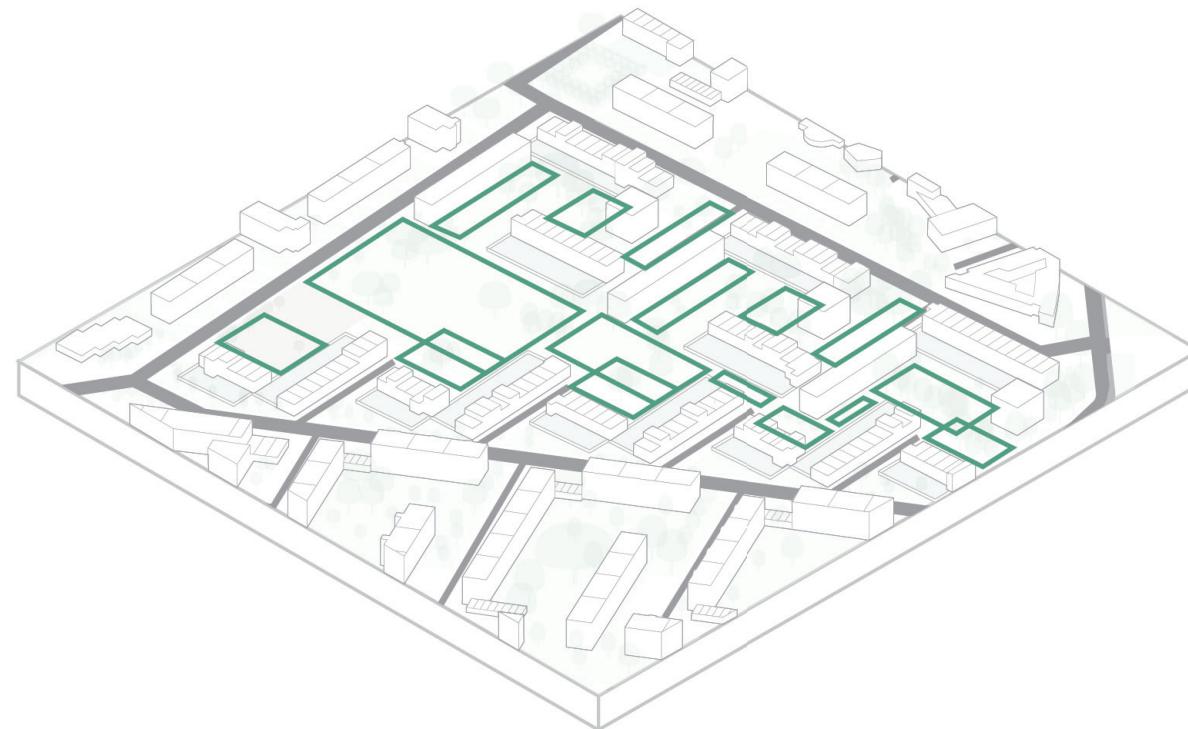




ZENOBUURT

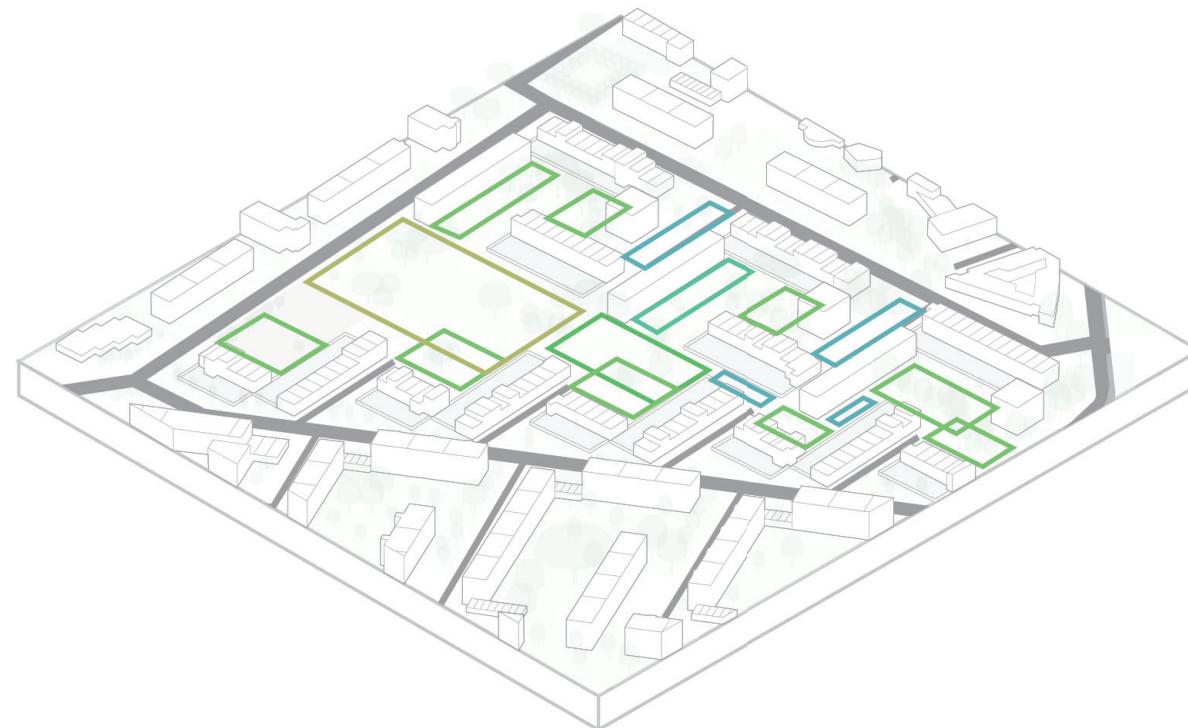


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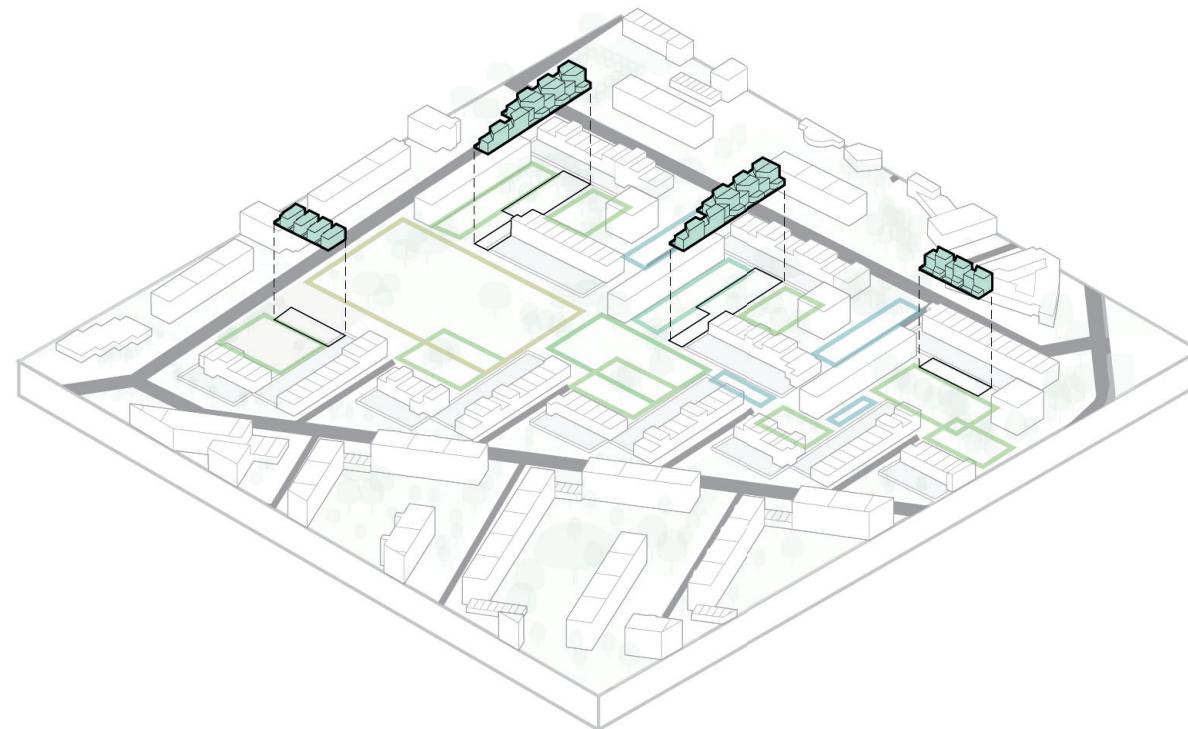
creating enclosed spaces

ZENOBUURT



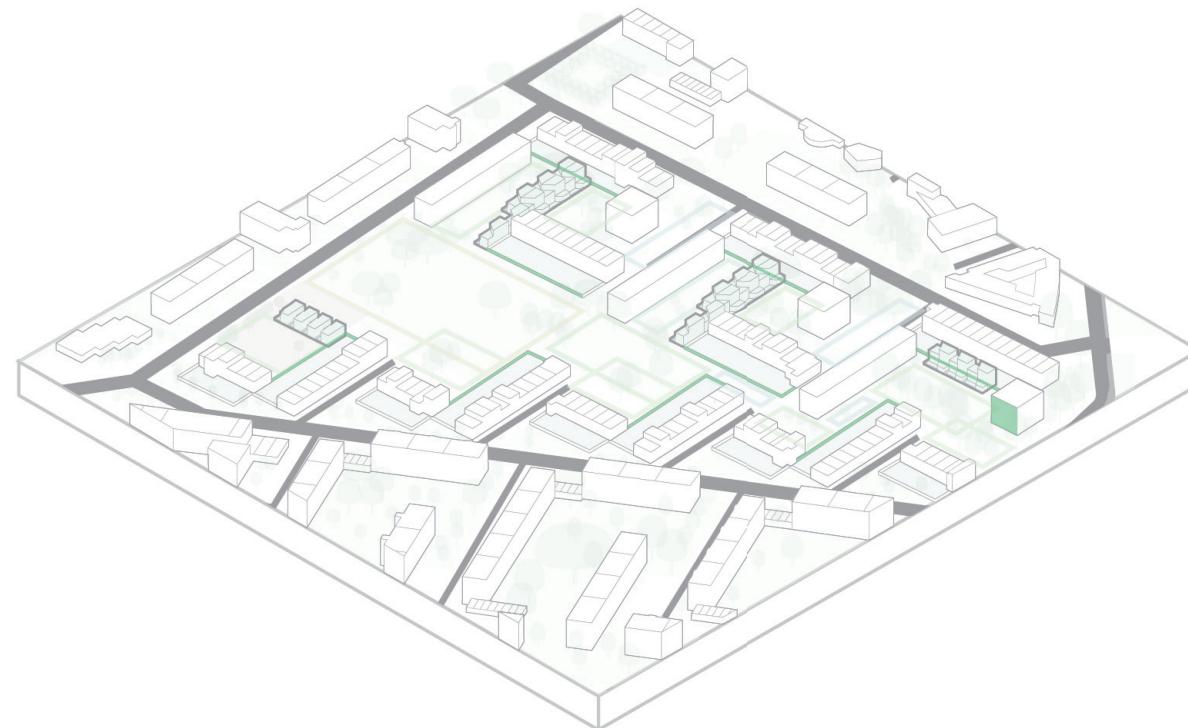
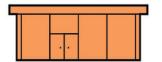
differentiating spaces

ZENOBUURT



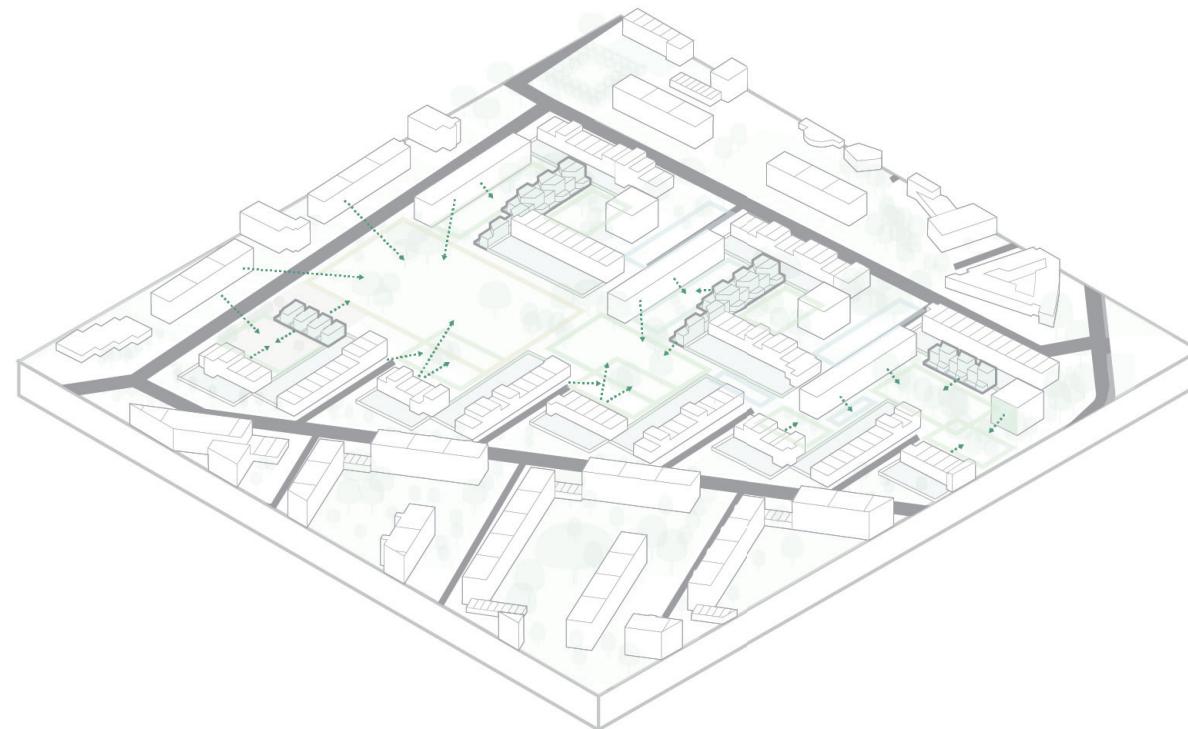
generating activity and enclosure through accupunctural densification

ZENOBUURT



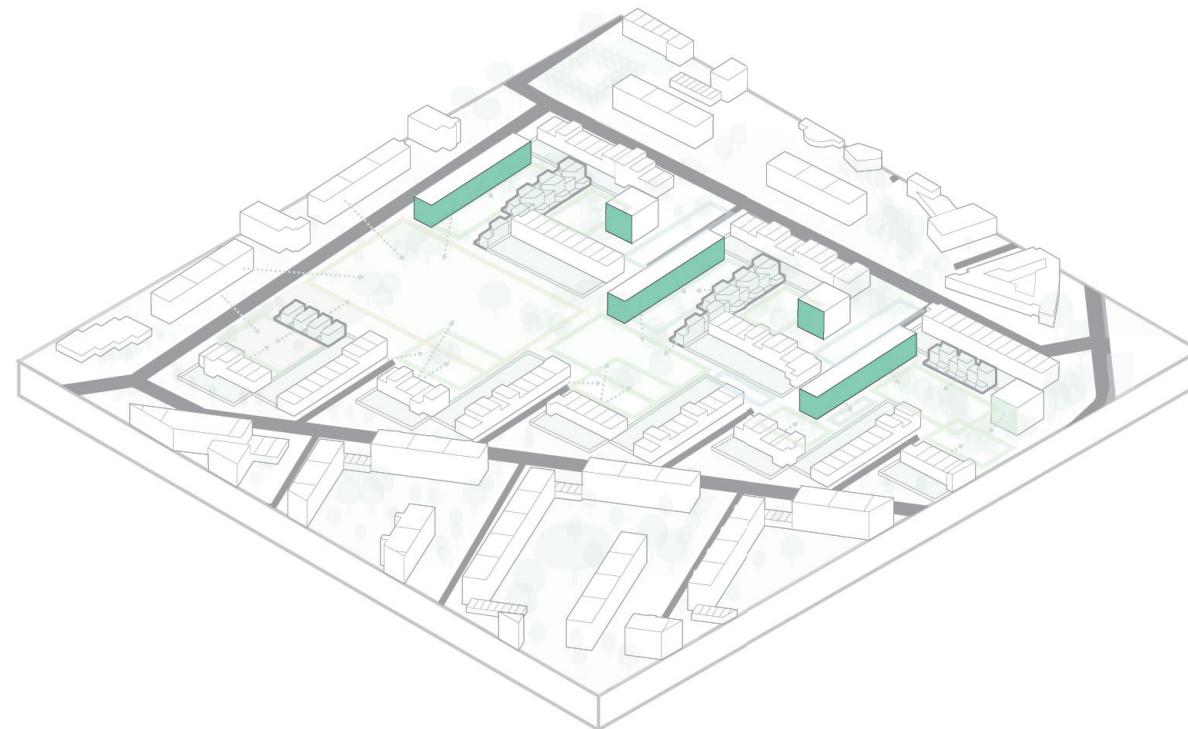
activating dead facades and fences through vegetation

ZENOBUURT



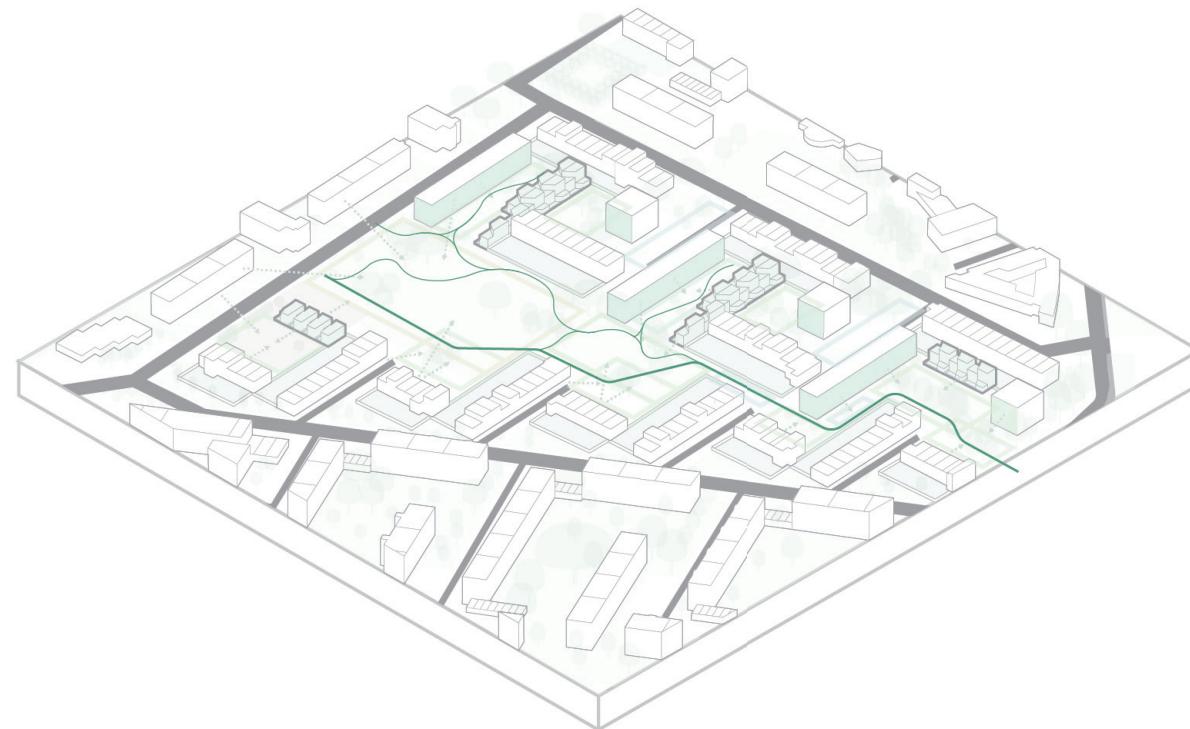
linking spaces with buildings for social control and eyes on the street

ZENOBUURT



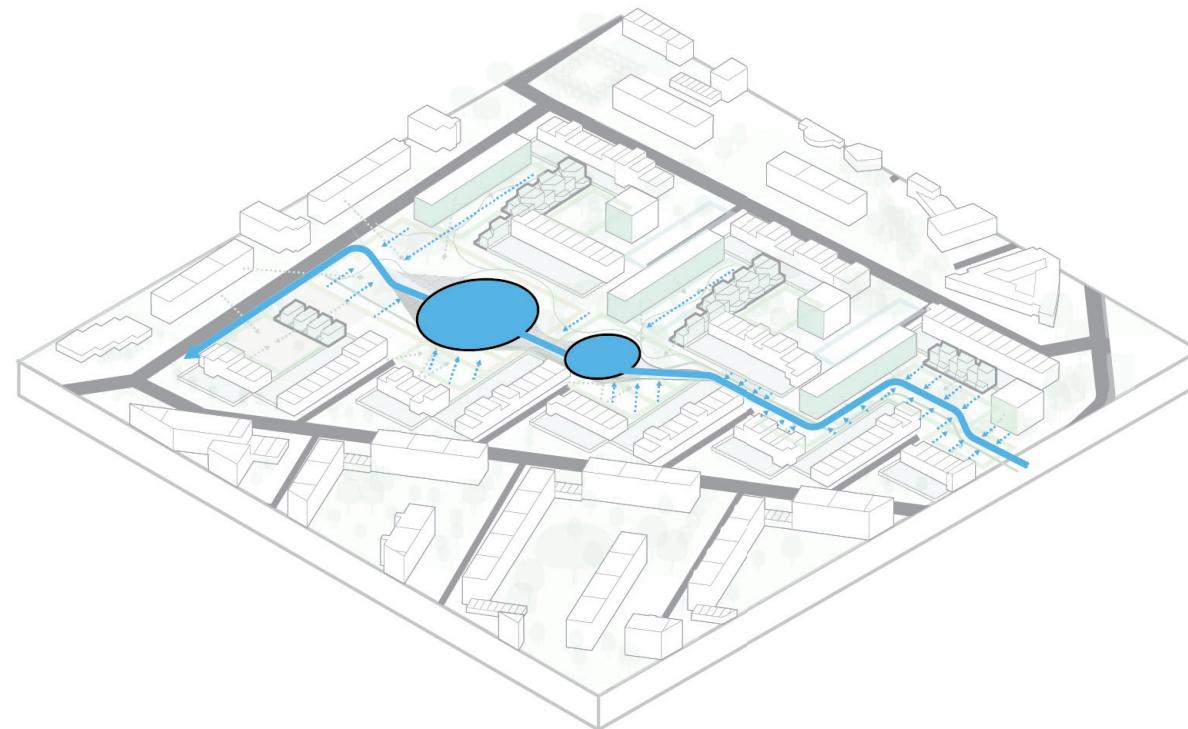
involving back facades through easy access

ZENOBUURT



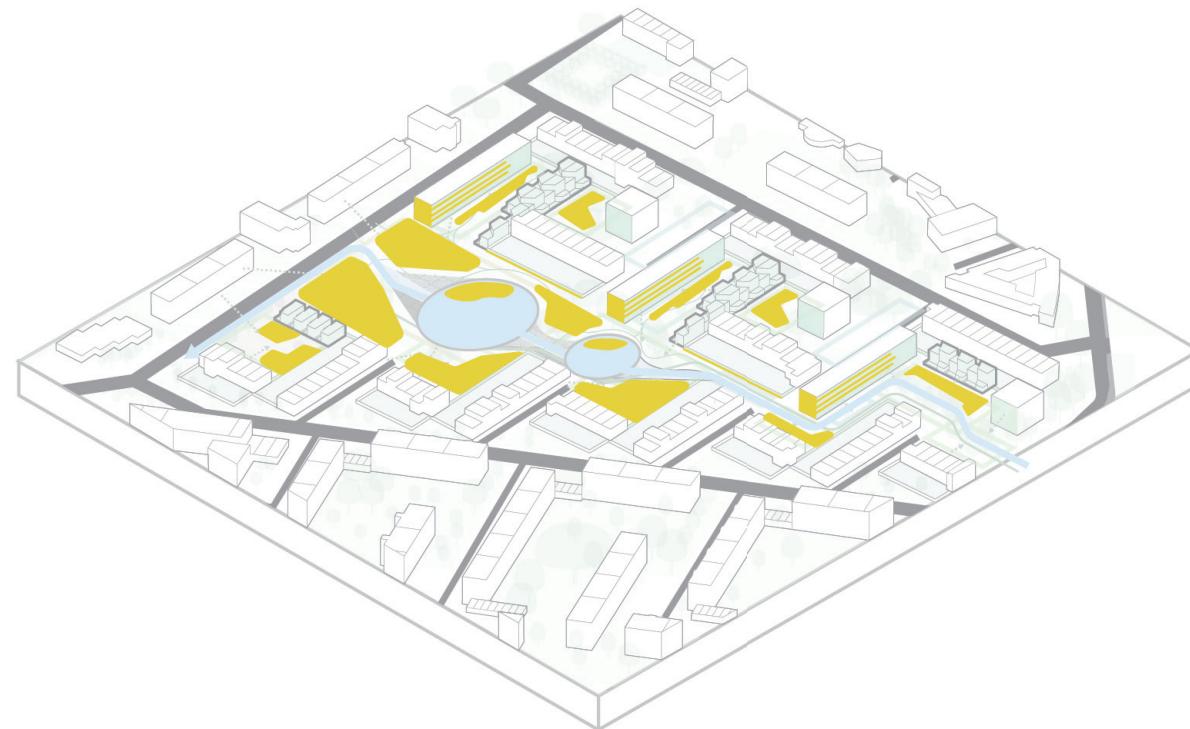
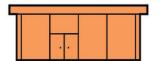
offering direct and organic routes through the contrast of maintained and wild characters

ZENOBUURT



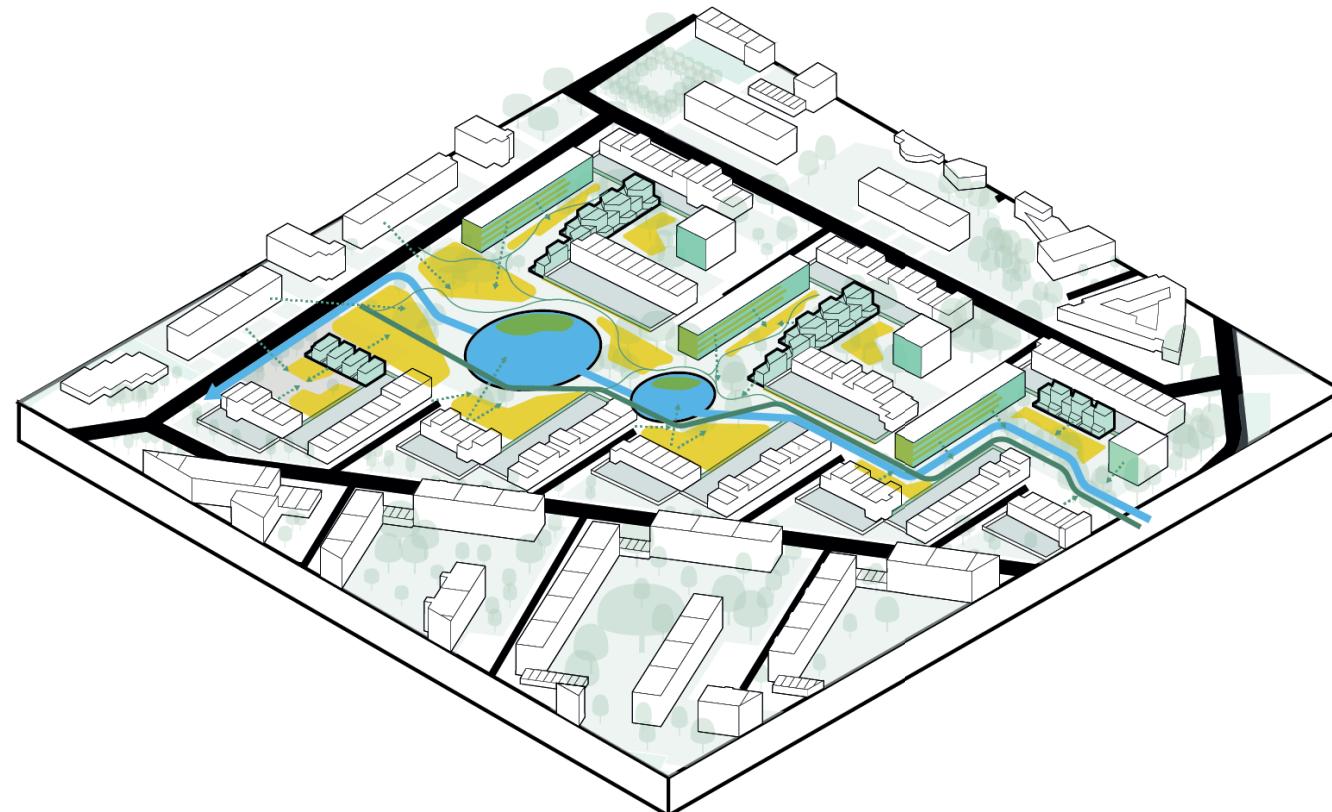
introducing a waterstructure for water storage, guiding movement and transporting precipitation

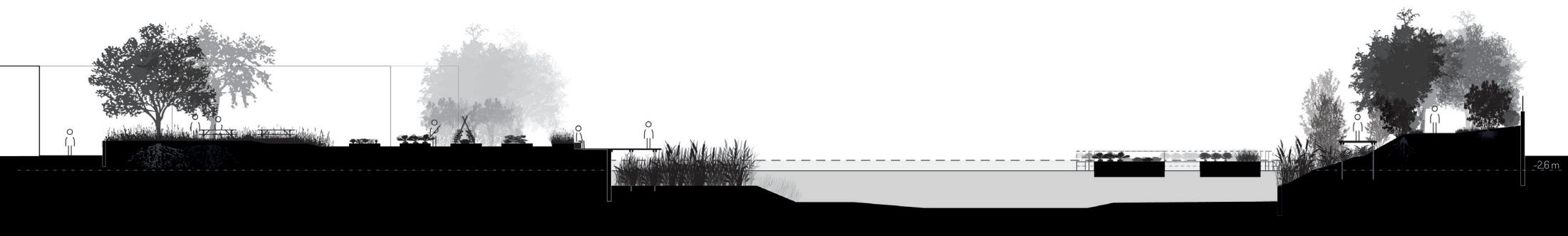
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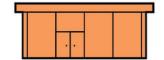


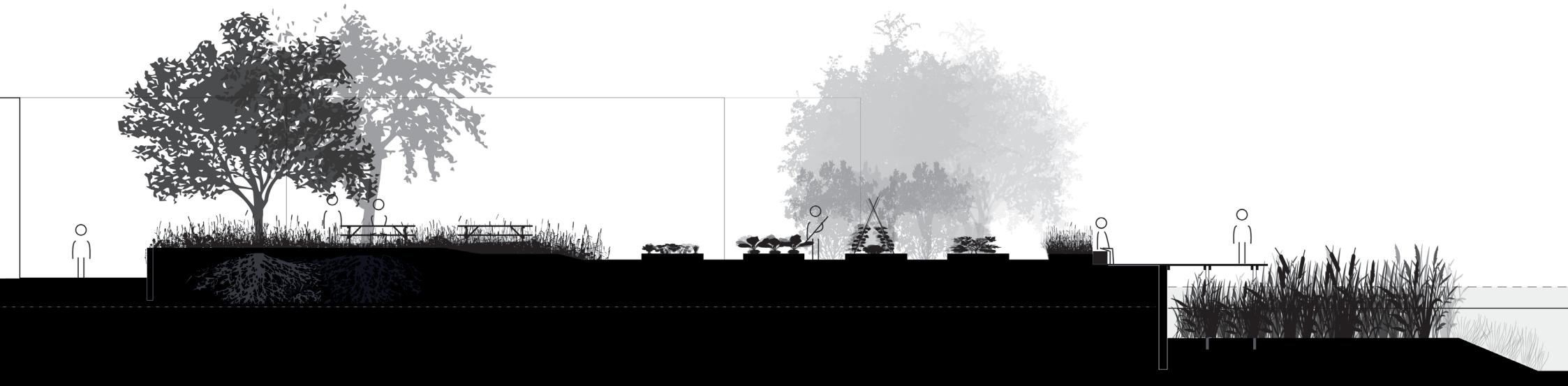
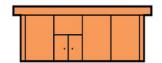
introducing food production for programming, social cohesion, bio-diversity enhancement and resilience

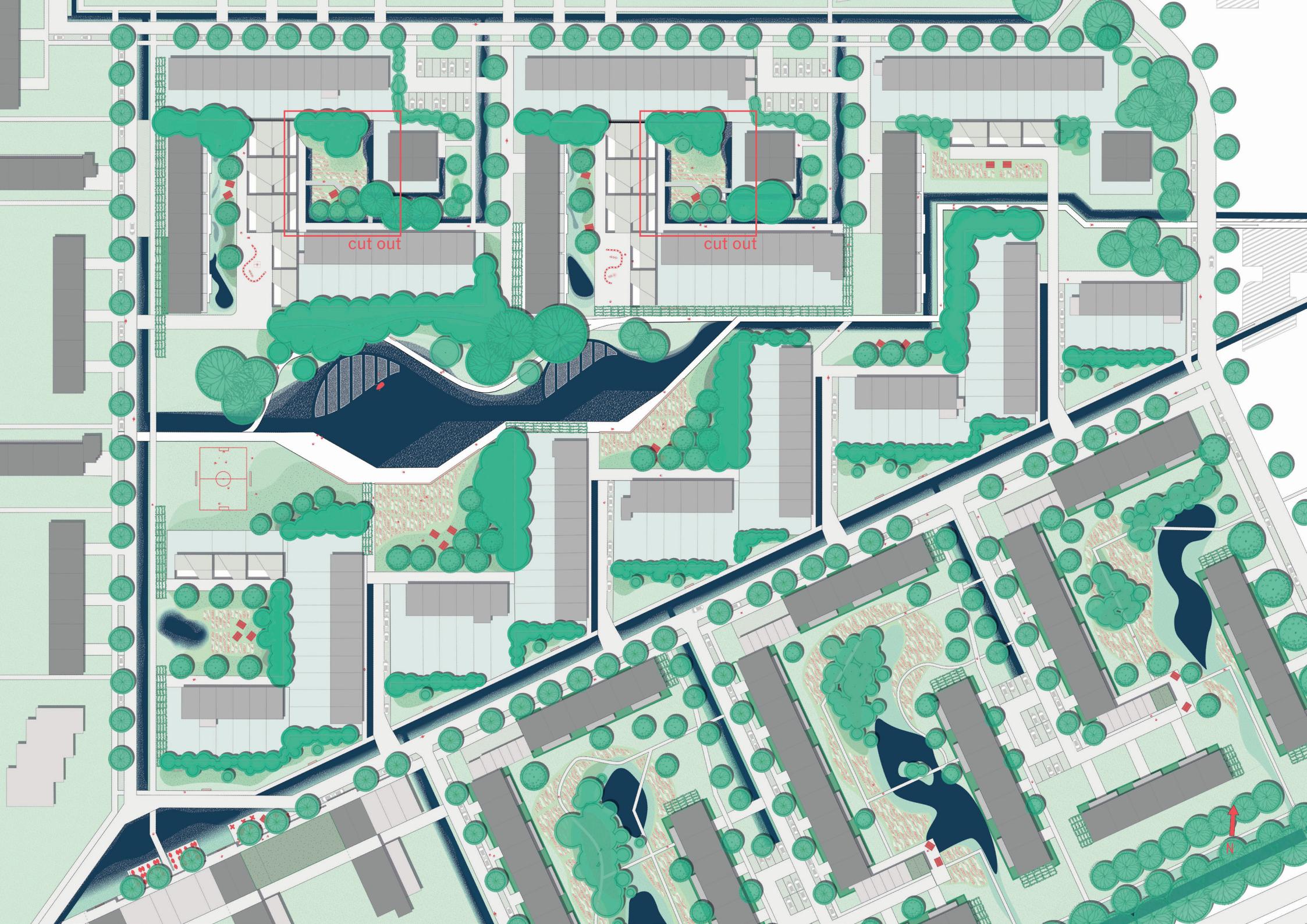
ZENOBUURT



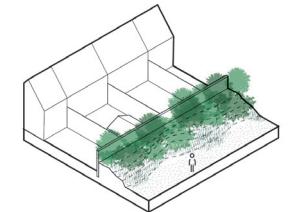
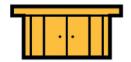
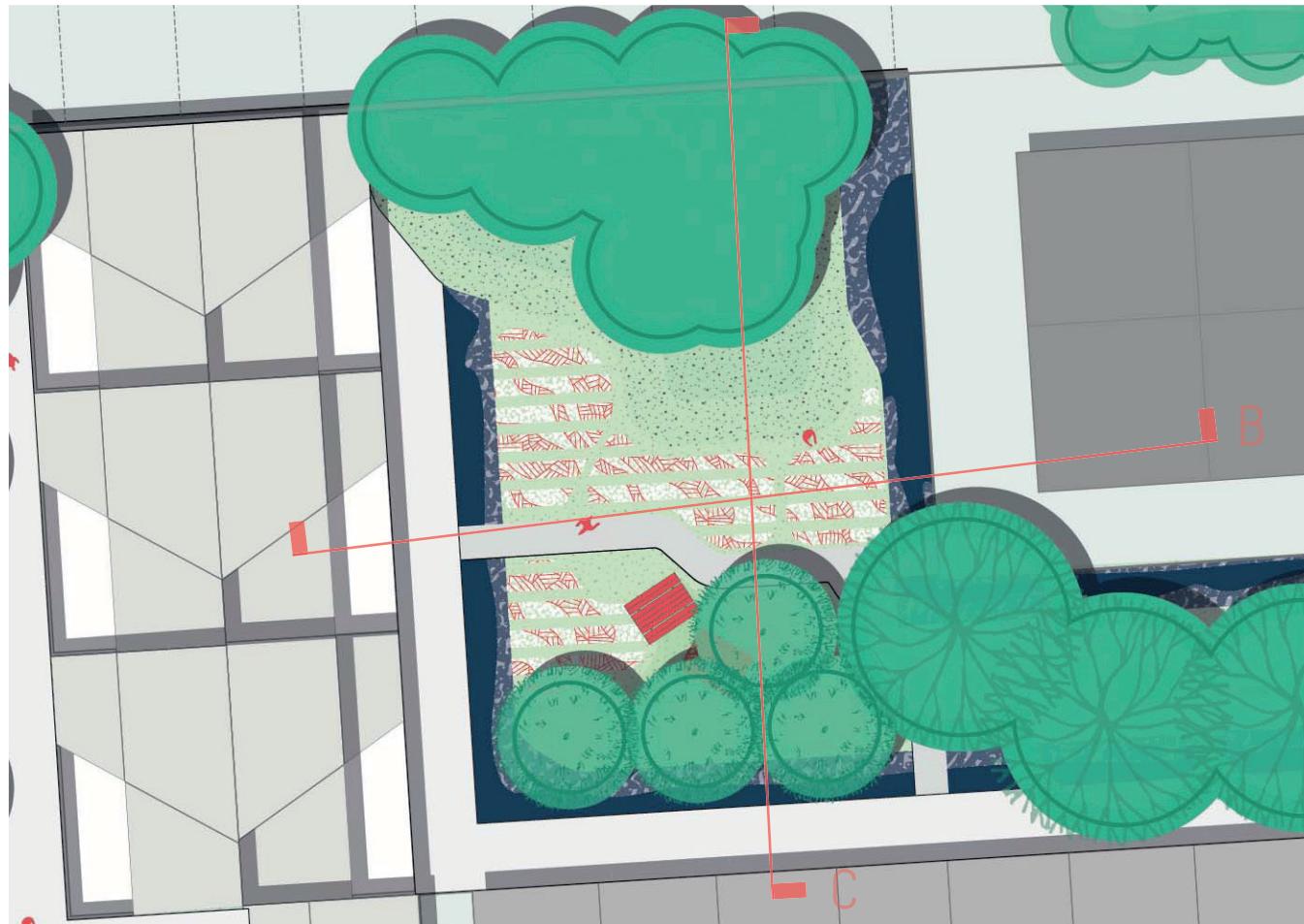




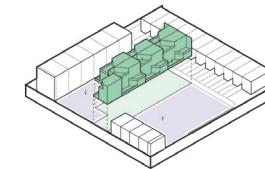




SHED DESIGN



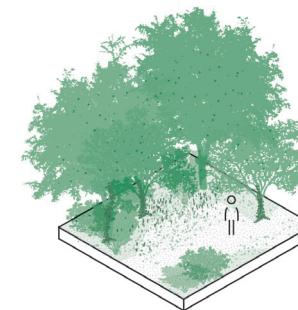
vegetation wall



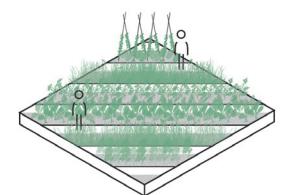
densification for activation



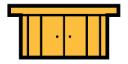
meeting spaces

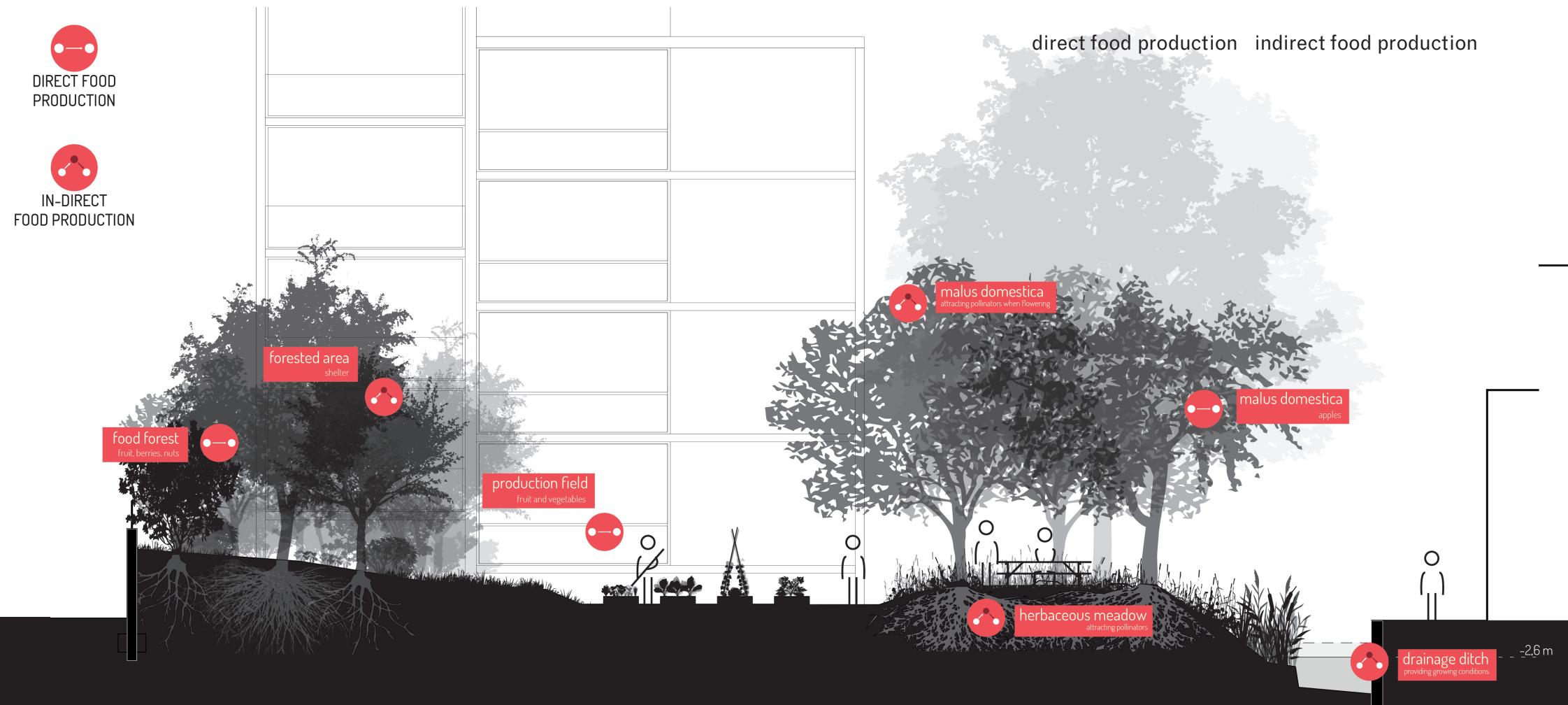


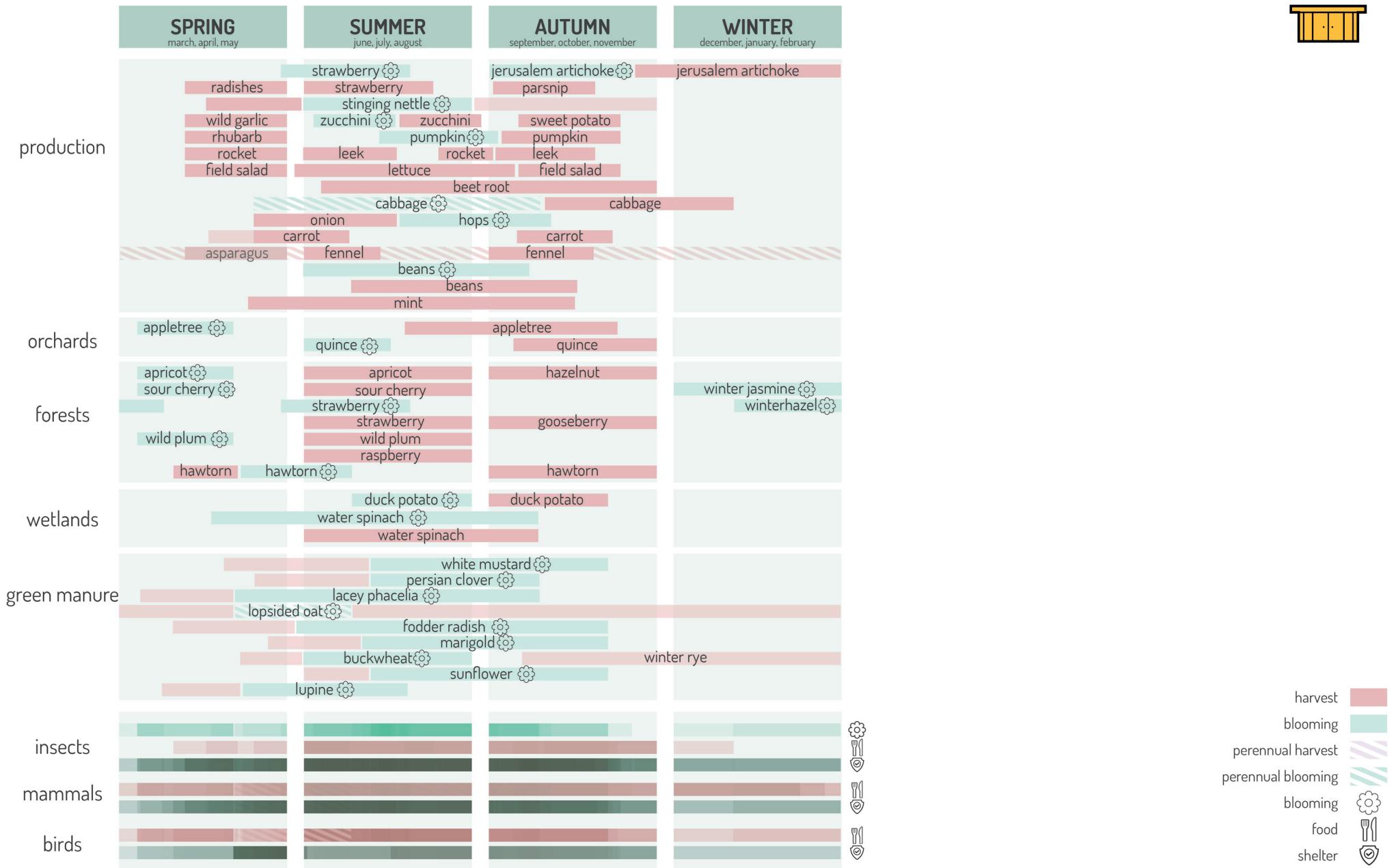
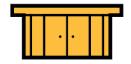
food forest

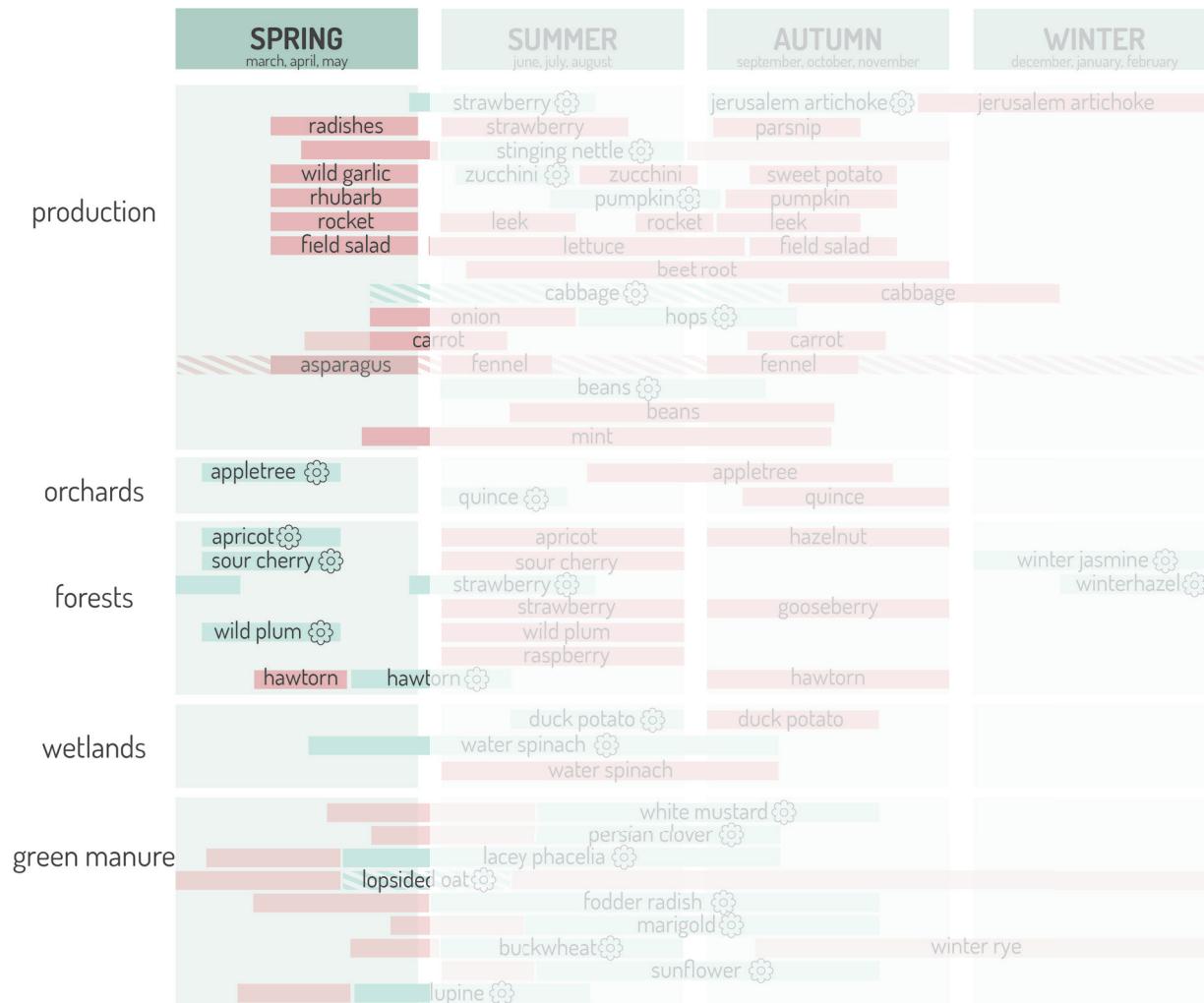


production fields

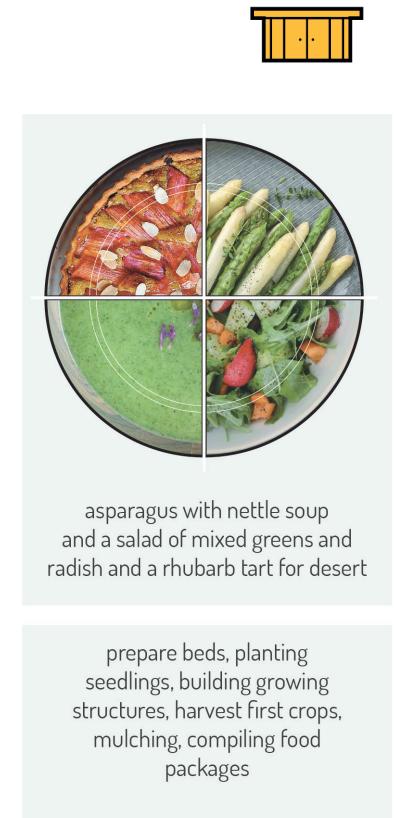




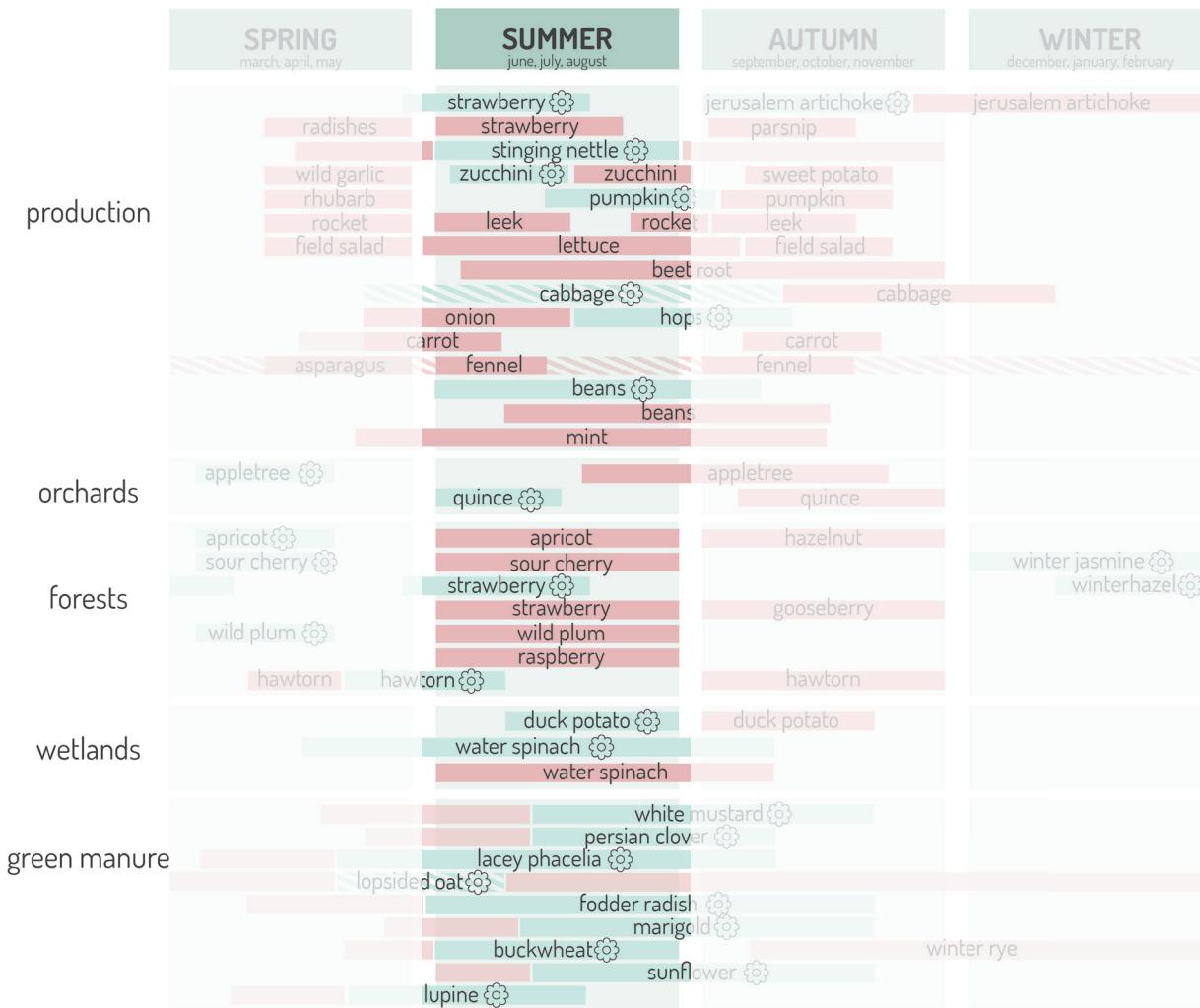




menu

actions
volunteers

- harvest
- blooming
- perennial harvest
- perennial blooming
- blooming
- food
- shelter



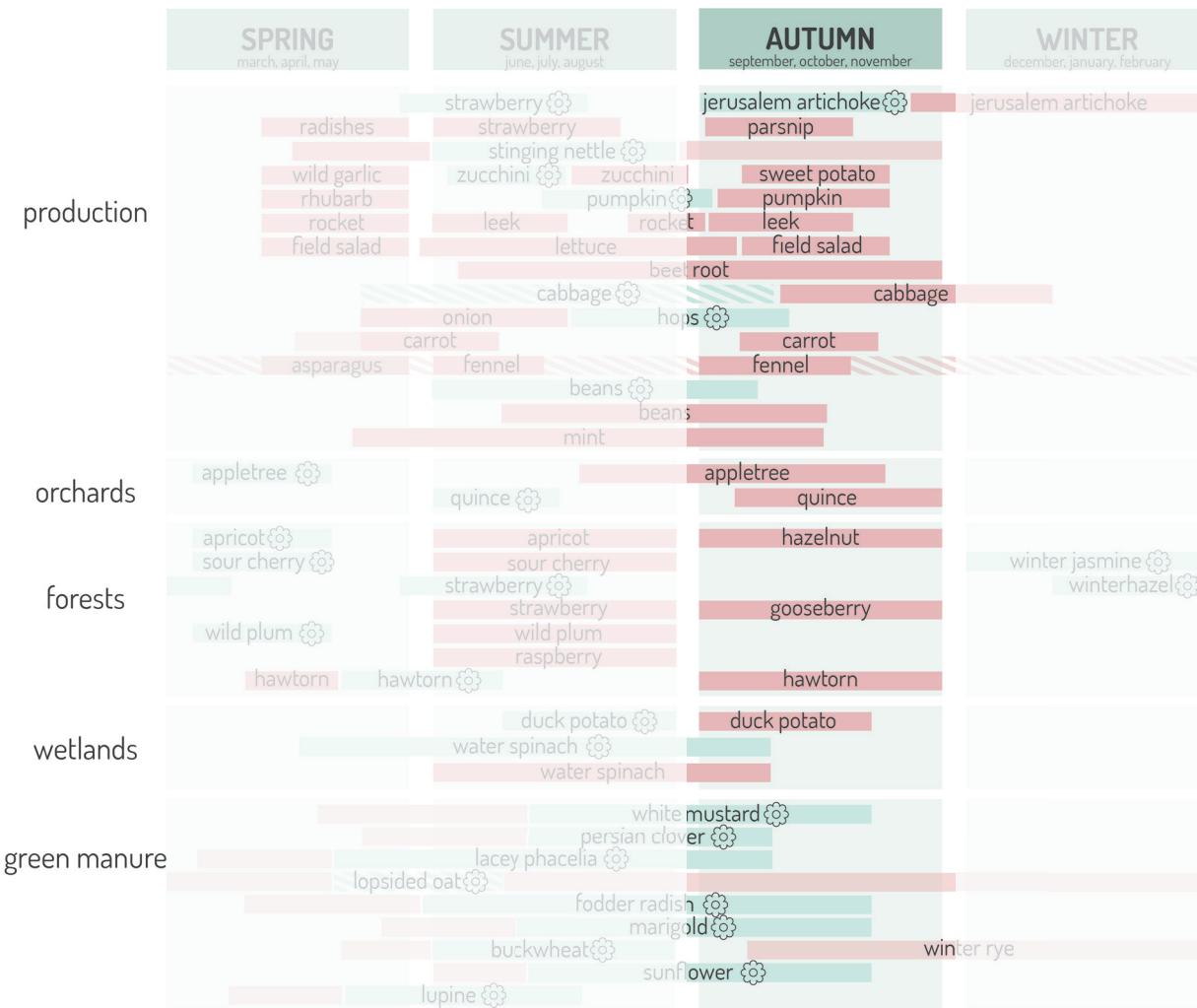
menu



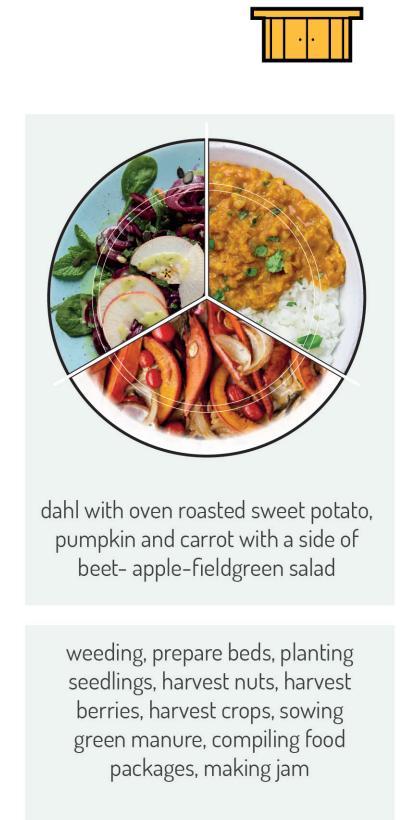
actions volunteers

weeding, covering crops for pests, prepare beds, planting seedlings, harvest crops, harvest fruit, sowing green manure, compiling food packages, making jam

- harvest
- blooming
- perennial harvest
- perennial blooming
- blooming
- food
- shelter



menu





menu

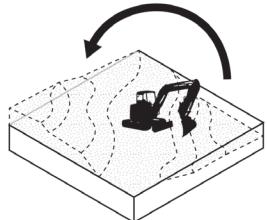
actions
volunteers

- harvest
- blooming
- perennial harvest
- perennial blooming
- blooming
- food
- shelter

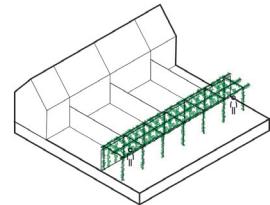
FEEDING LOMBARDIJEN



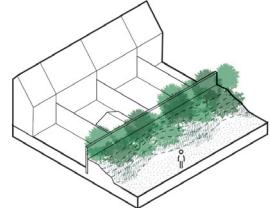
REAPPLICATION



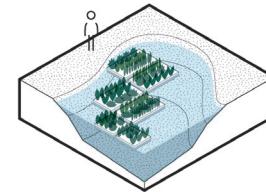
creating relief



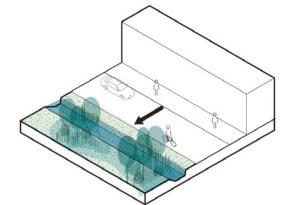
living fences



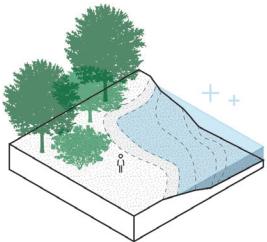
vegetation wall



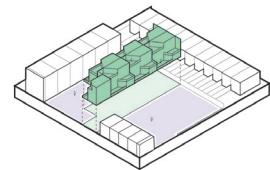
hydroponics



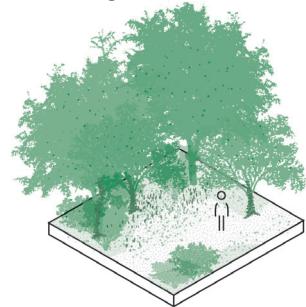
water buffering



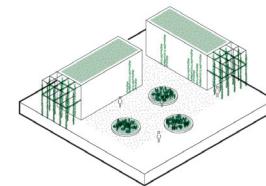
adding surface water



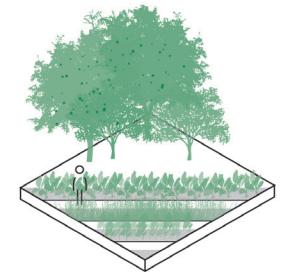
densification for activation



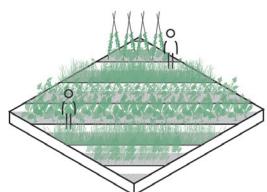
food forest



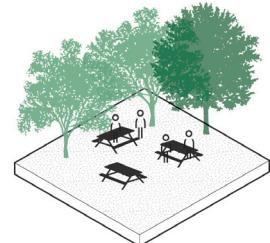
integrated food production



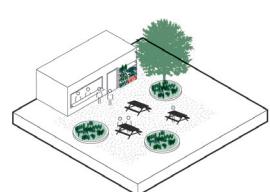
direct food production



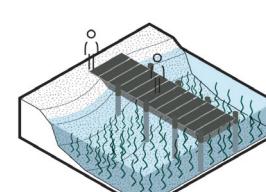
production fields



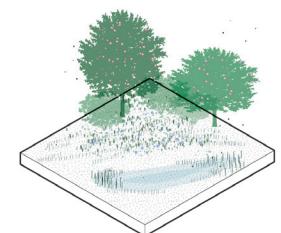
meeting spaces



social hubs



aquatic agriculture



indirect food production

CONCLUSION

RESEARCH QUESTION

HOW CAN I, AS A LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, TACKLE ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL ISSUES USING AGROECOLOGY IN PUBLIC SPACE DESIGN?



GROWING SOCIETY

the application of agroecology in public space design to tackle environmental and social issues

05-11-2021