



## **Across two worlds**

Participatory Designing for Urban Adaptation Justice  
in the public spaces of Černý Most, Prague

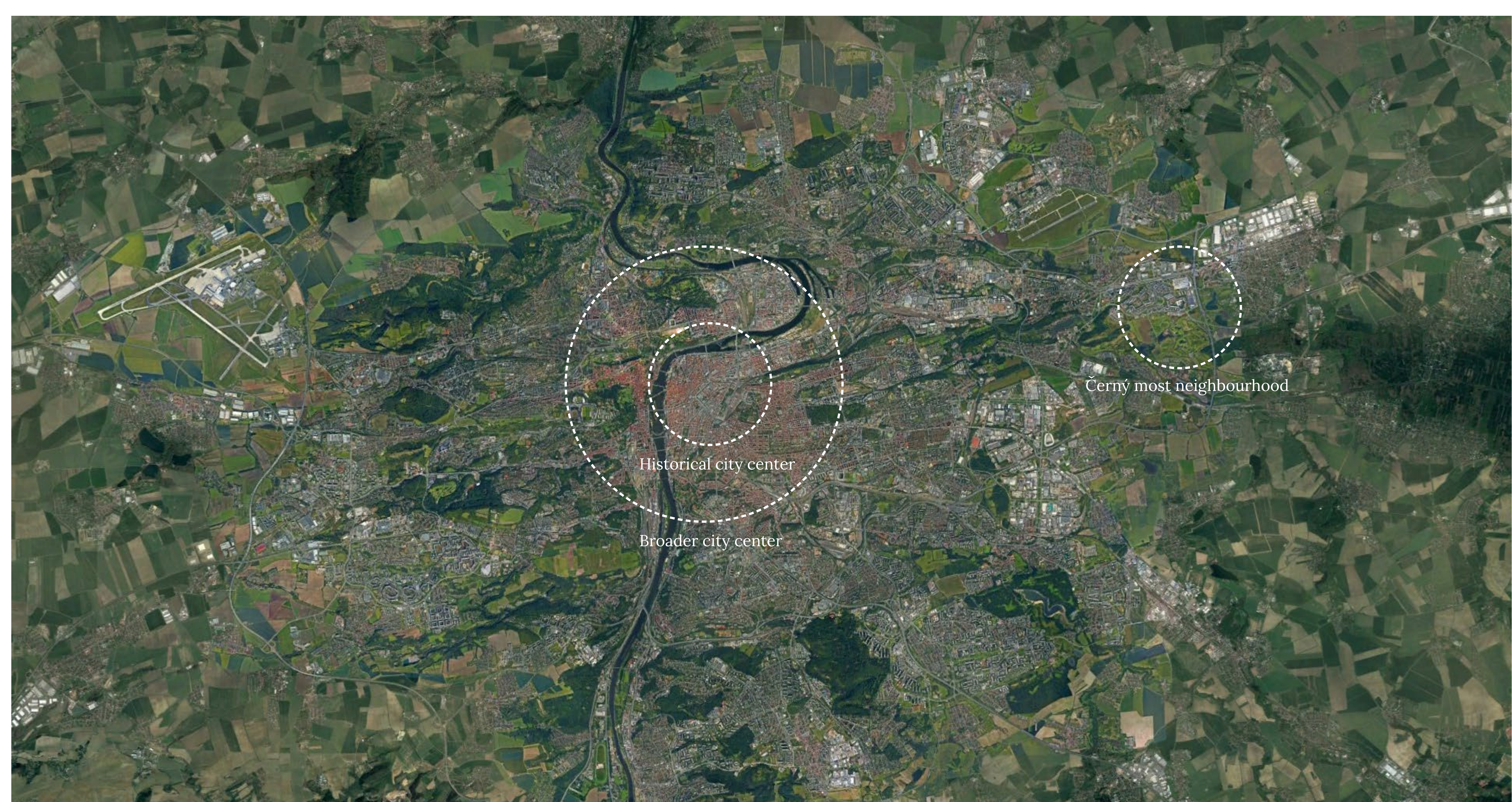
***This is a story of exclusion. A battle over public space.***

---









**This story takes place in Prague**

Source: Google Earth





**Černý Most**  
Source: Author



ZDE NESTOUPAT







## History of development

Source: Linka č.141, IPR Praha, Google Earth, Čc̄m, Plechárna

Filip Chládek



# Black Bridge as Bronx. Occupying apartments by the municipality is also a crime

December 11, 2022 10:29 am

In November alone, two serious incidents - a murder in Bryksova Street on November 22, a schoolboy shot with an air rifle on November 1. And on September 27, the arrest of a man who supplied drug dealers with meth and marijuana. After looking at the newspaper headlines, it seems that something is not right on Prague's Černý Most. Comparisons are made with New York's Bronx, which has become synonymous with a high-crime neighborhood, and it also has to do with the anonymity of the environment.



# Černý Most, the most stigmatized place in Prague, is not to blame for our middle-class fears

Sever iDnes.cz published an article Černý Most as the Bronx, in which the author concludes that "something is not right" at Černý Most. Why are similar stickers so popular?

Michal Lehečka 16/12/2022



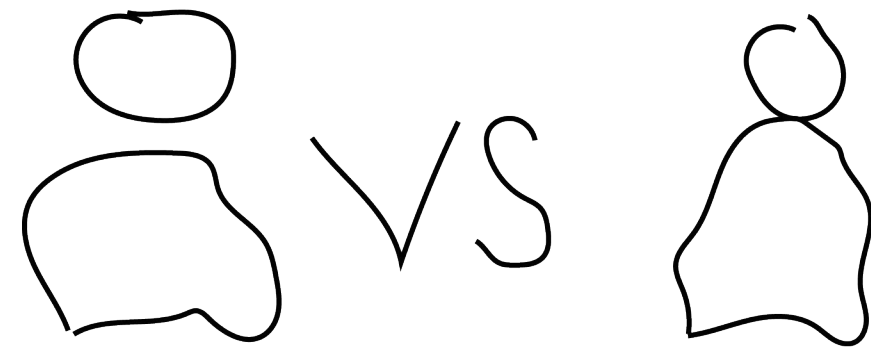
Lukas Vltavsky  
Expres.cz  
August 7, 2022, 1:15 p.m.

Facebook, X, Instagram icons

## Stigmatization

Source: idnes.cz, alarm.cz, expres.cz



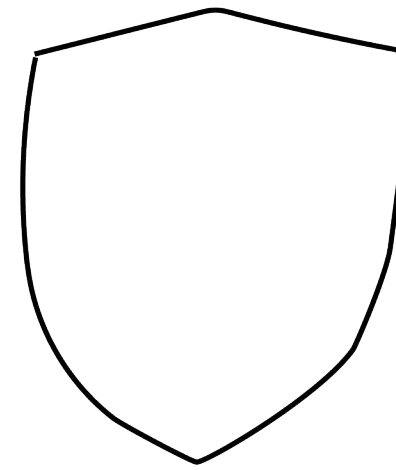


***It is the fear of crime rather than the actual levels of crime that are the driver of privatization of the public realm. She argues that while the bad reputation of neighbourhoods created by the media has undoubtedly driven a lot of the fear, processes of polarization of communities also cause fear of strangers.***



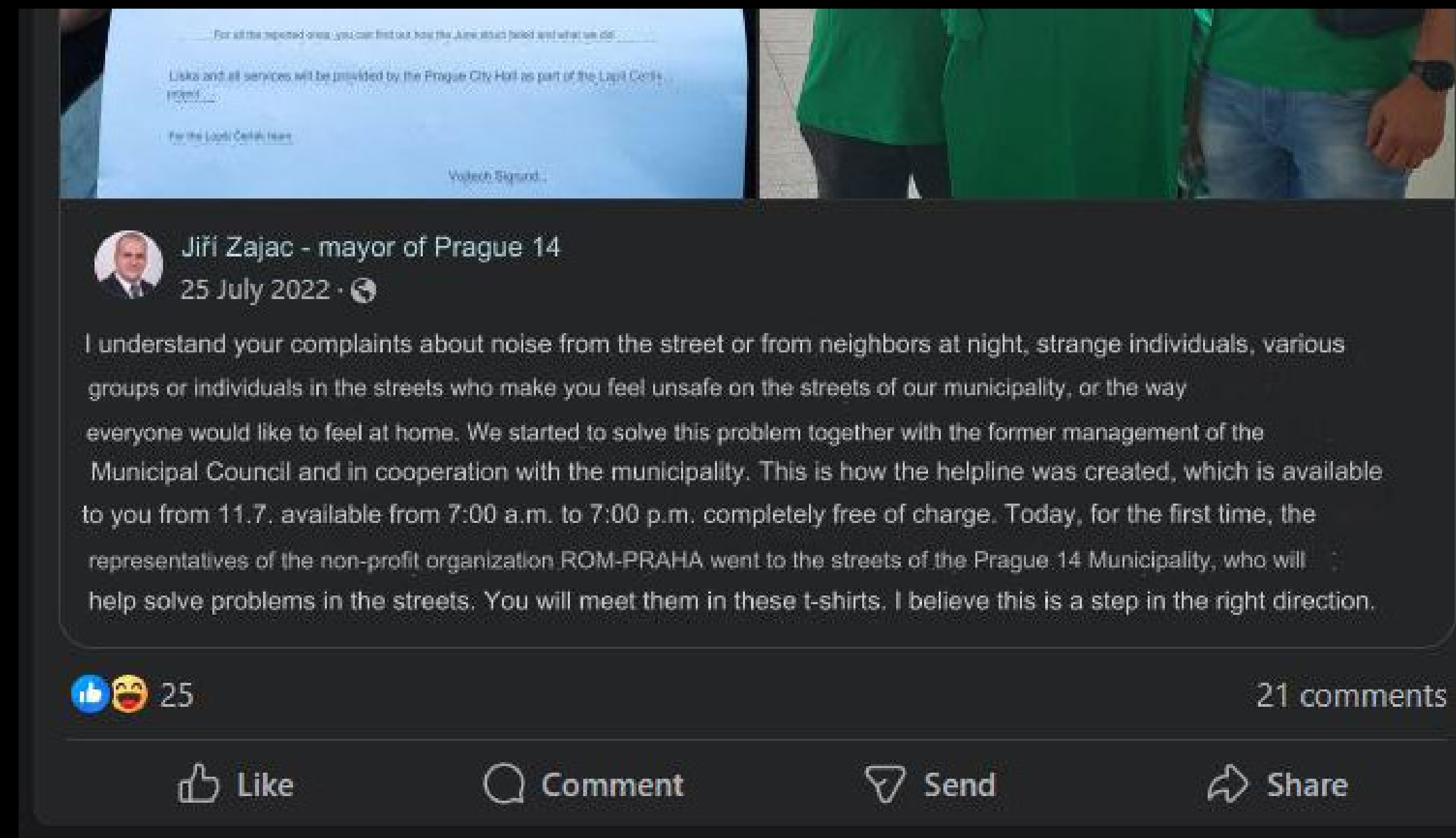
**Fear of crime rather than actual levels of crime**

Source: facebook



*The fragmentation and social segregation ... lead to the **arguments that public space can be made safer through various combinations of defensive design, surveillance or control.***





**Mayor promising to solve the problems with “strange individuals who make you feel unsafe”**

Source: facebook

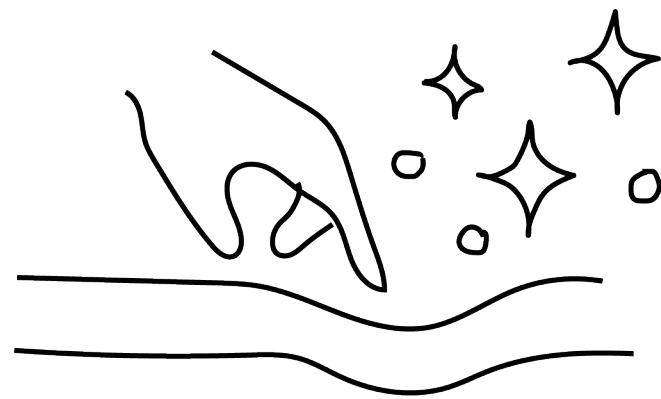


“ Are you repeatedly **bothered by noisy neighbours** at night?  
Are your fellow citizens threatening someone’s property or health?  
Are there **violations of good manners and order**?  
Are neighbourly relations **escalating into a potential conflict**?

”  
Call us and we will help you.








René Boer in his book *Smooth City* comments on a concept of development happening in cities globally, an ongoing **push for perfection, optimization, control, and comfort** that is increasingly dominating urban landscapes worldwide, **excluding certain groups of people** by wealthy upper-middle class.



Černý Most and surroundings (Prague 9)  
Zdeněk Dřimal. 14 May · 🌐

Dear and dear fellow citizens, I would like to thank you all very much for the many visits to our new swimming pool near the Černý mosta metro station, as it is already a few minutes before 8:00 p.m. So for today we already report that the last swimmers will come out of the water and go to their bungalows and we're done, but see you tomorrow. Have a nice day and see you tomorrow 🤗🤗🤗👍👍👍



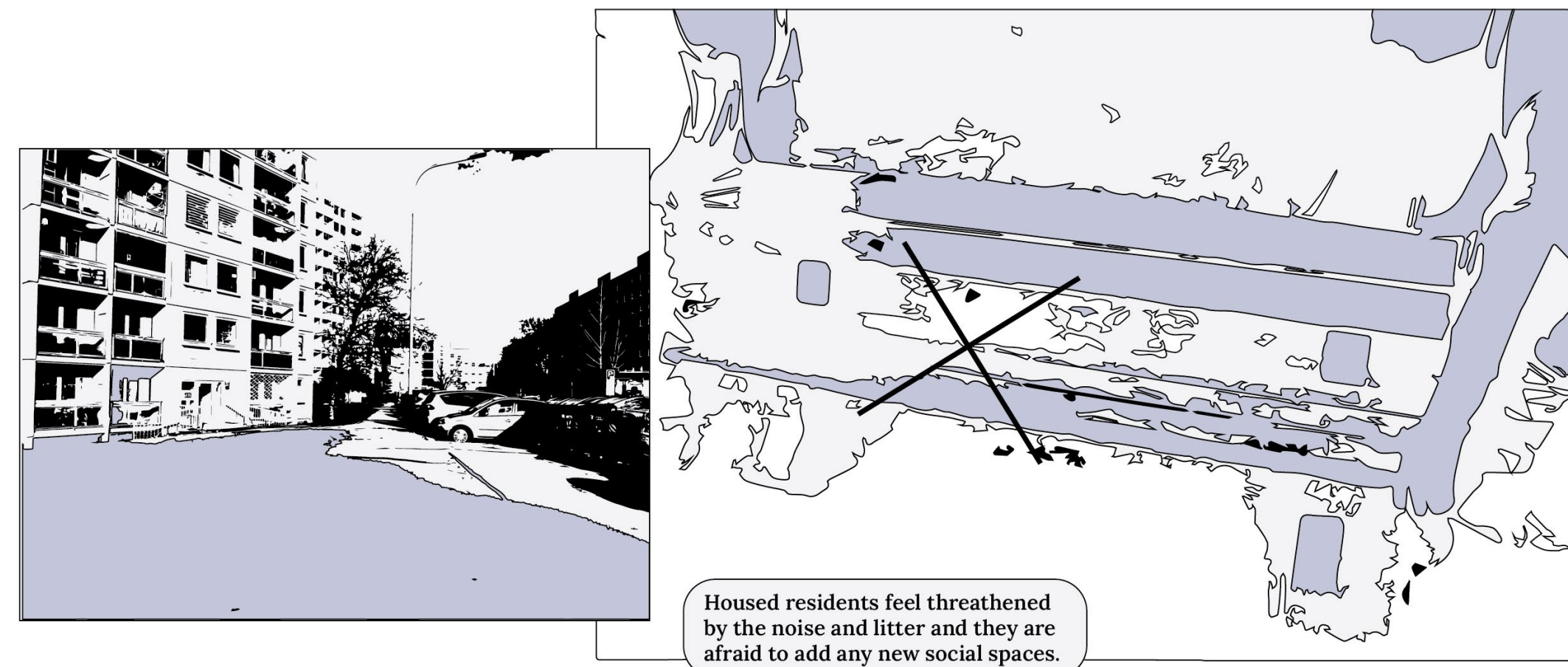
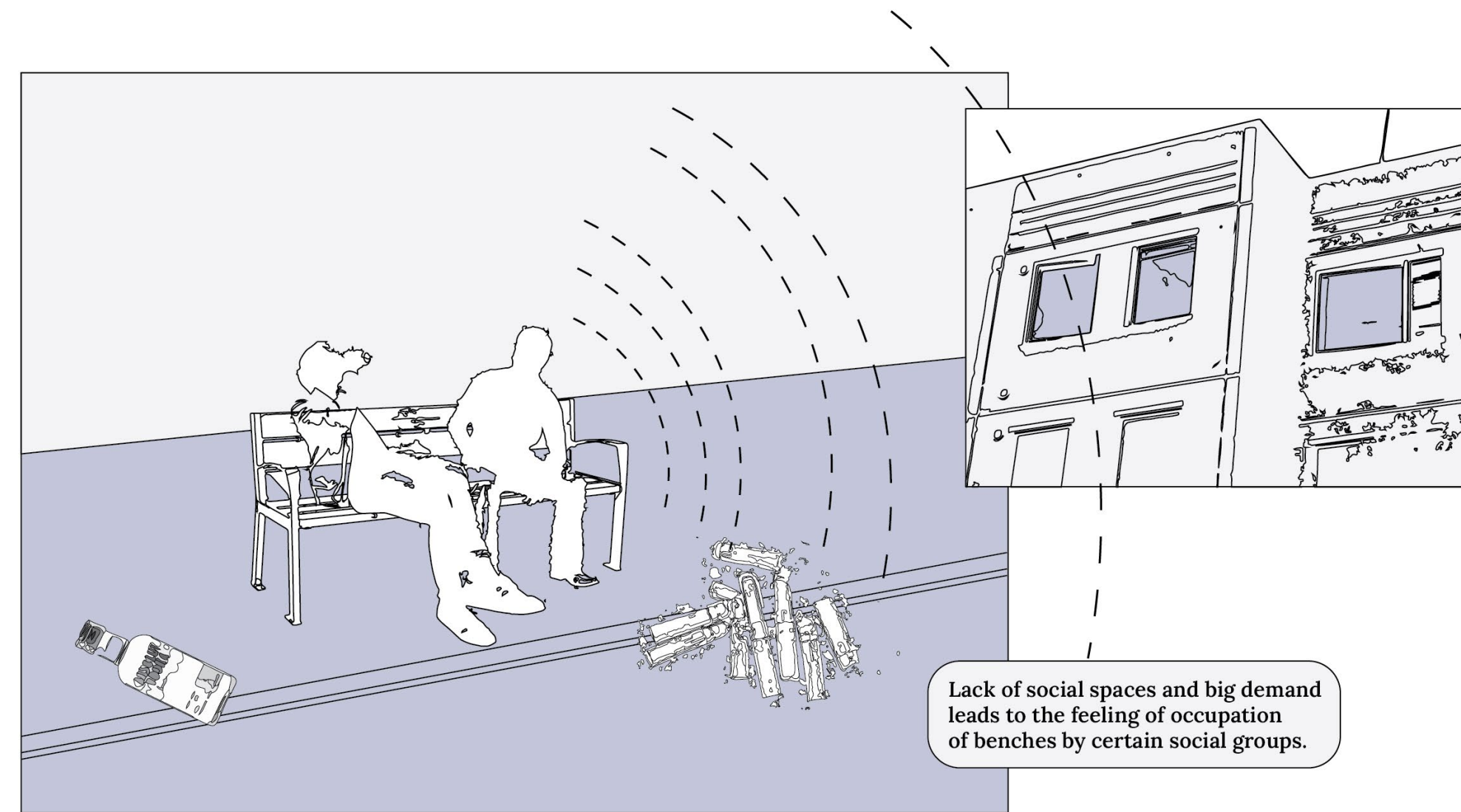
👍👍👍 Dan Šafránek and 62 others · 4 comments · 2 shares

👍 Like    💬 Comment    📧 Send    ➦ Share

**Lack of public spaces leads to overexposure of the conflict**

Source: facebook





### Smoothing of public space, making it vulnerable

Source: Author

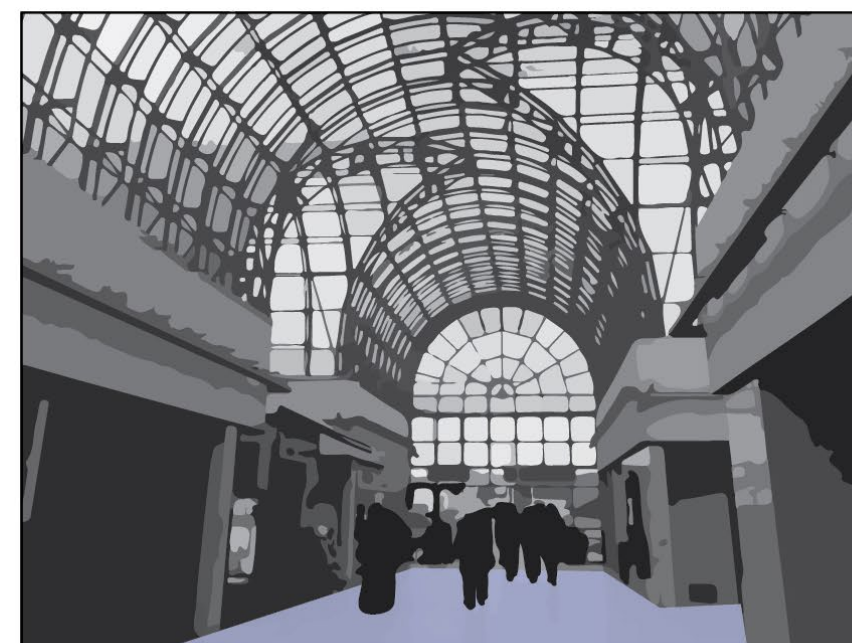
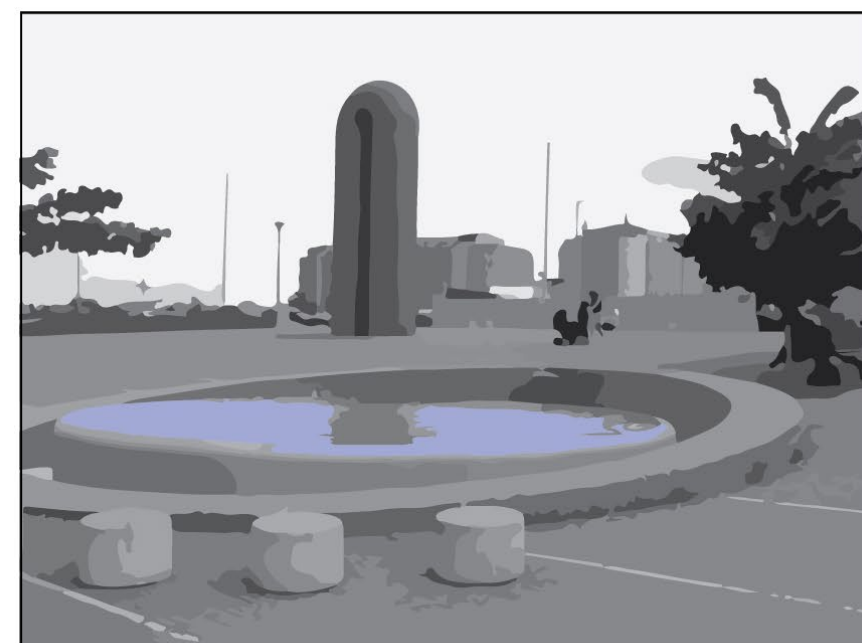




● ●  
Social distribution  
(Unemployment, social spaces)

**Spatial inequality**  
Source: Prague 14, IPR

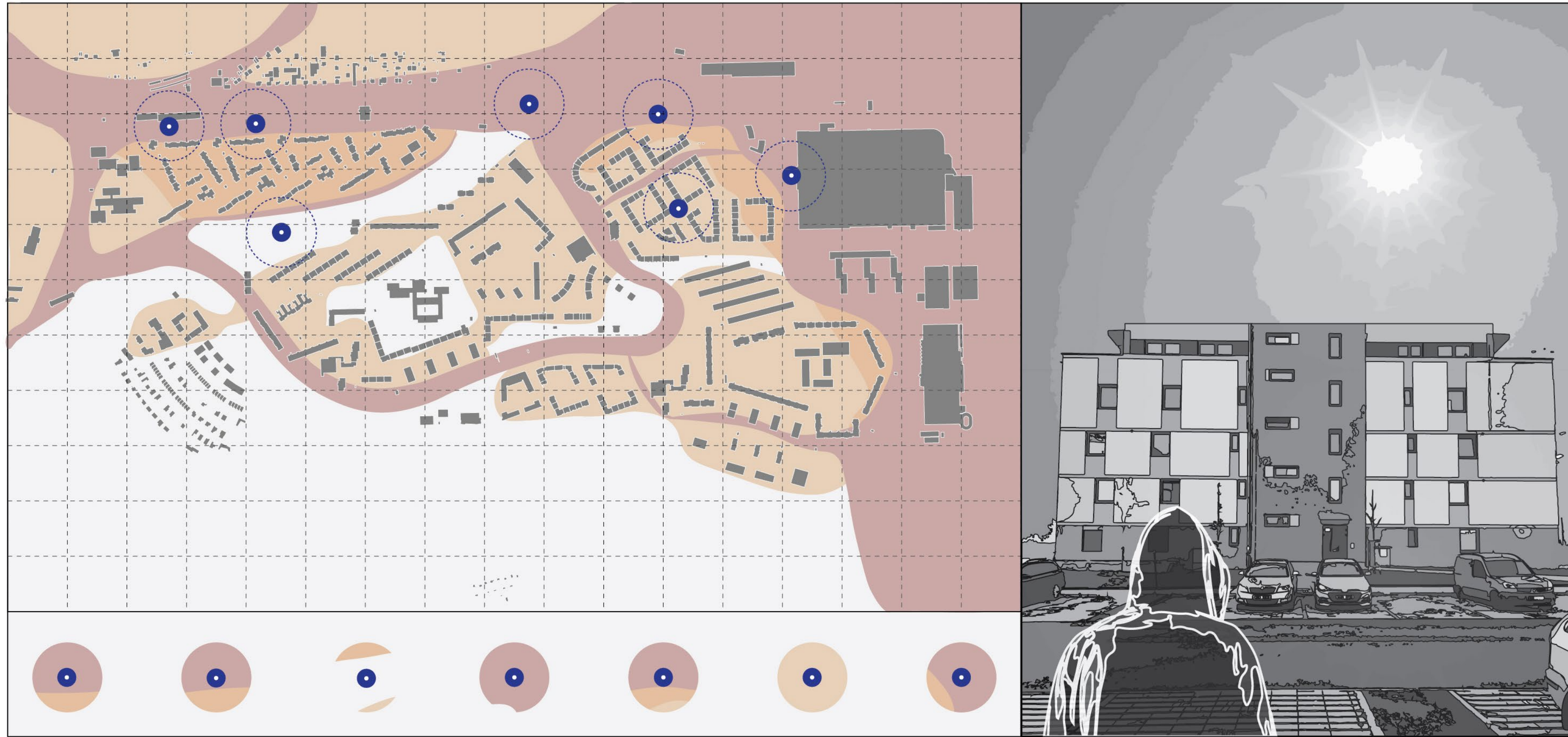




## Places of exposure in the neighbourhood

Source: Author mapping

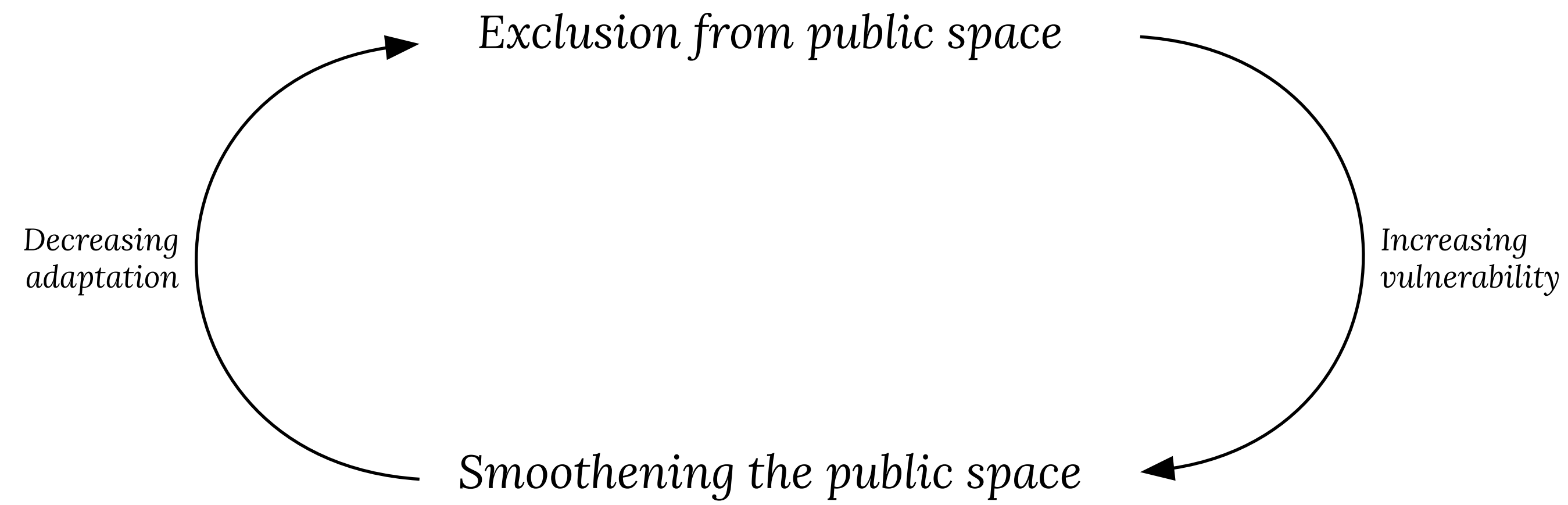




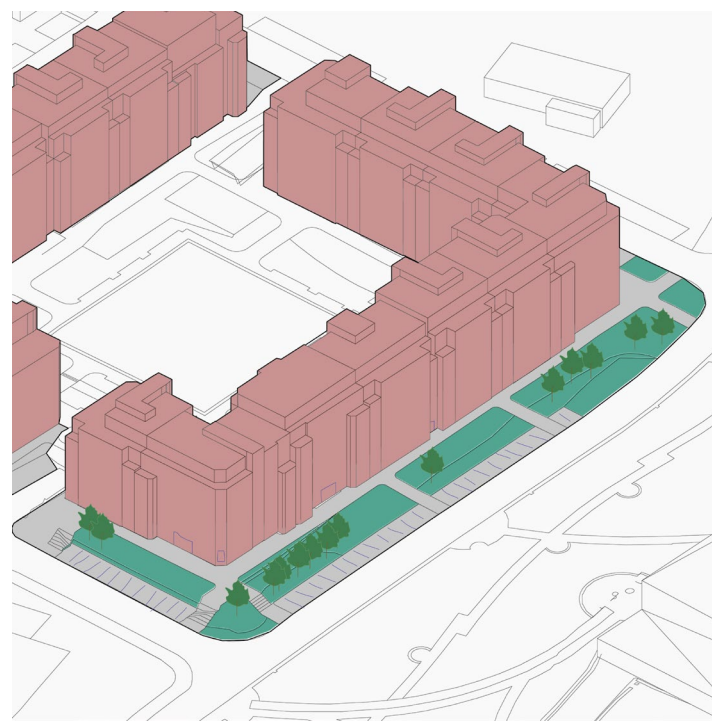
## Climate vulnerability and injustice

Source: Author

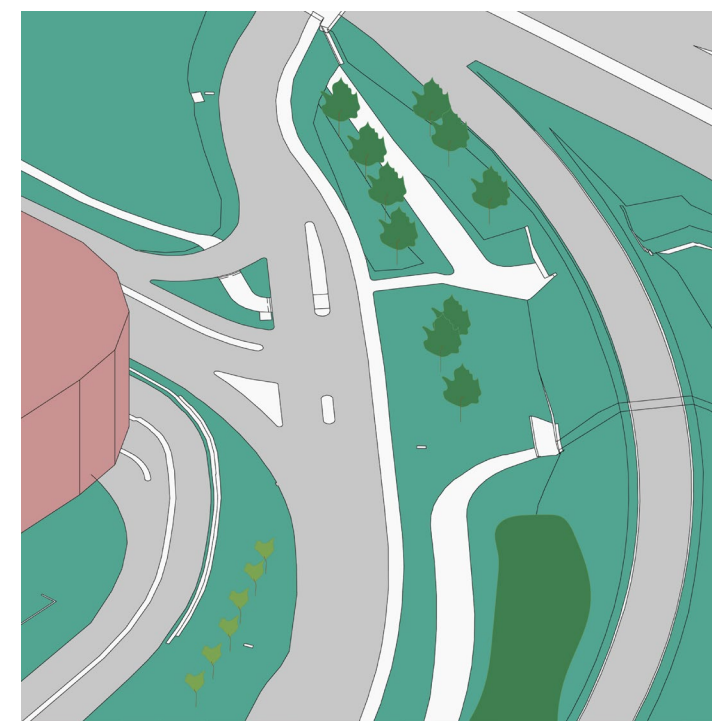








Buildings and parter



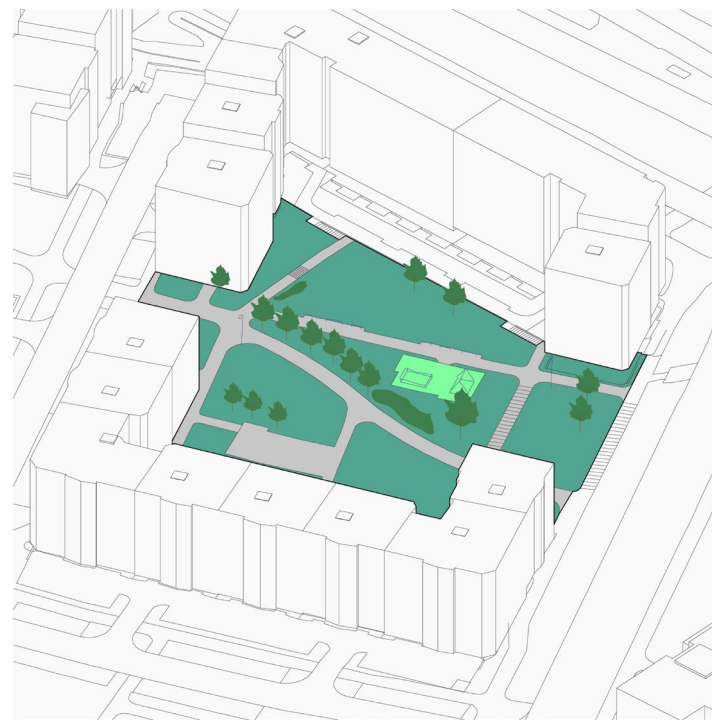
Vague terrains and peripheries



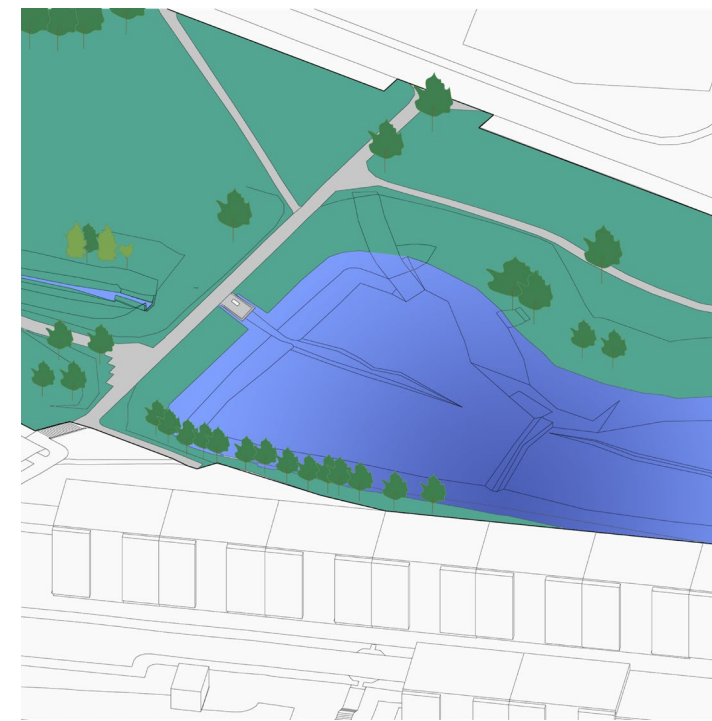
Main road



Small public spaces



Public courtyard

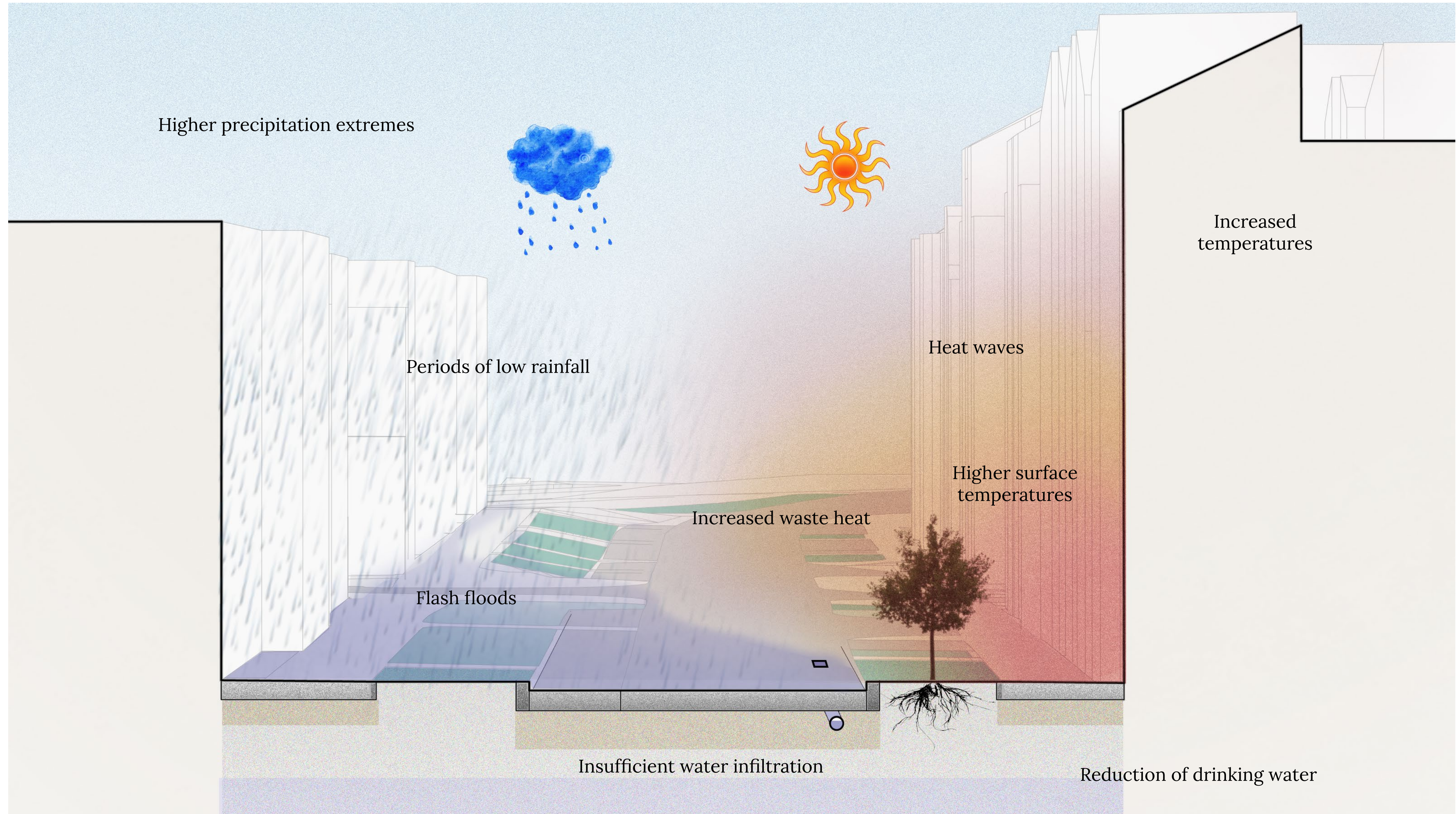


Landscapes, parks and river

# State of the public space

Source: Author





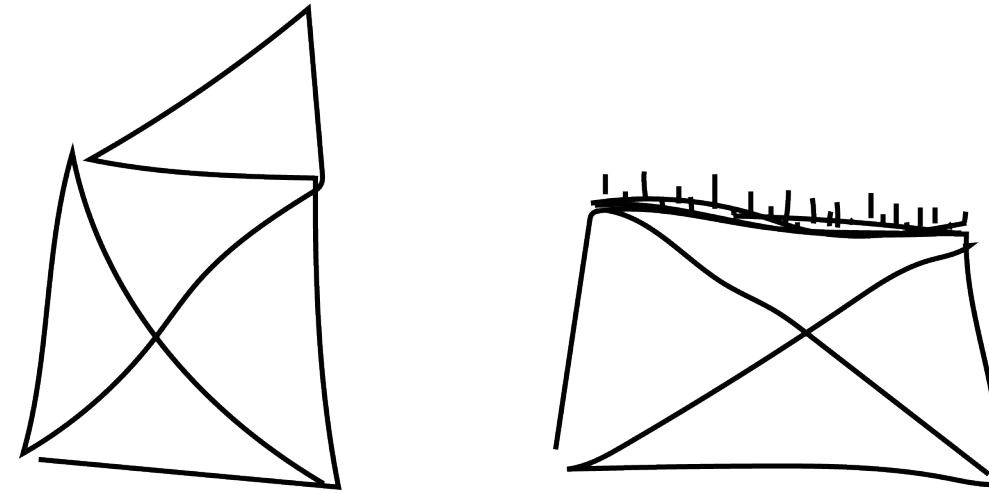
**Climate change impacts**

Source: IPCC 2022





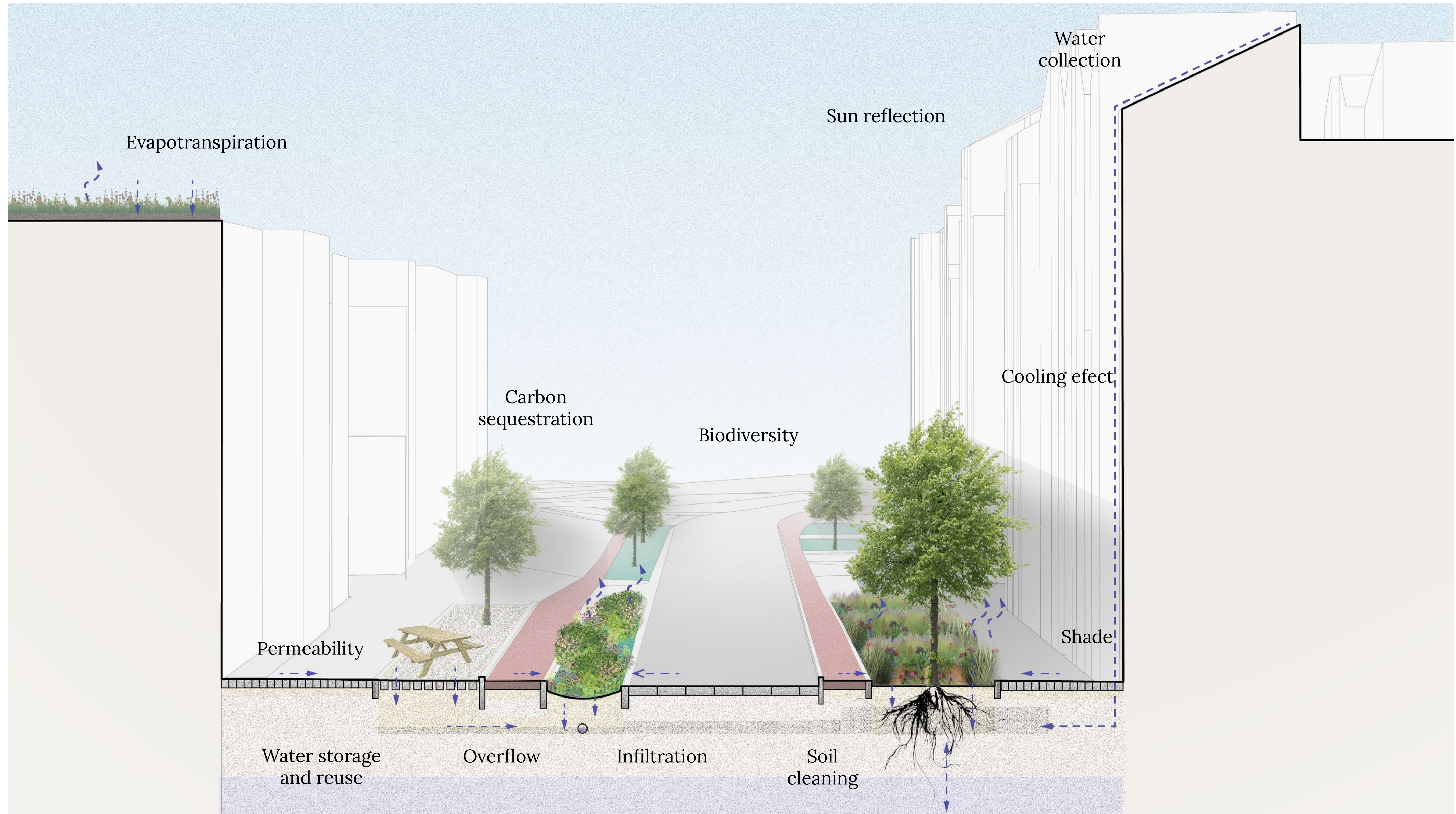




**Technical measures usually provide only one function**  
- e.g. light surfaces on roofs reduce surface temperature.

**The advantage of nature-based adaptation measures is the combination of different functions within one measure** - e.g. roof garden - water retention, lower surface temperature, biodiversity enhancement or evapotranspiration.

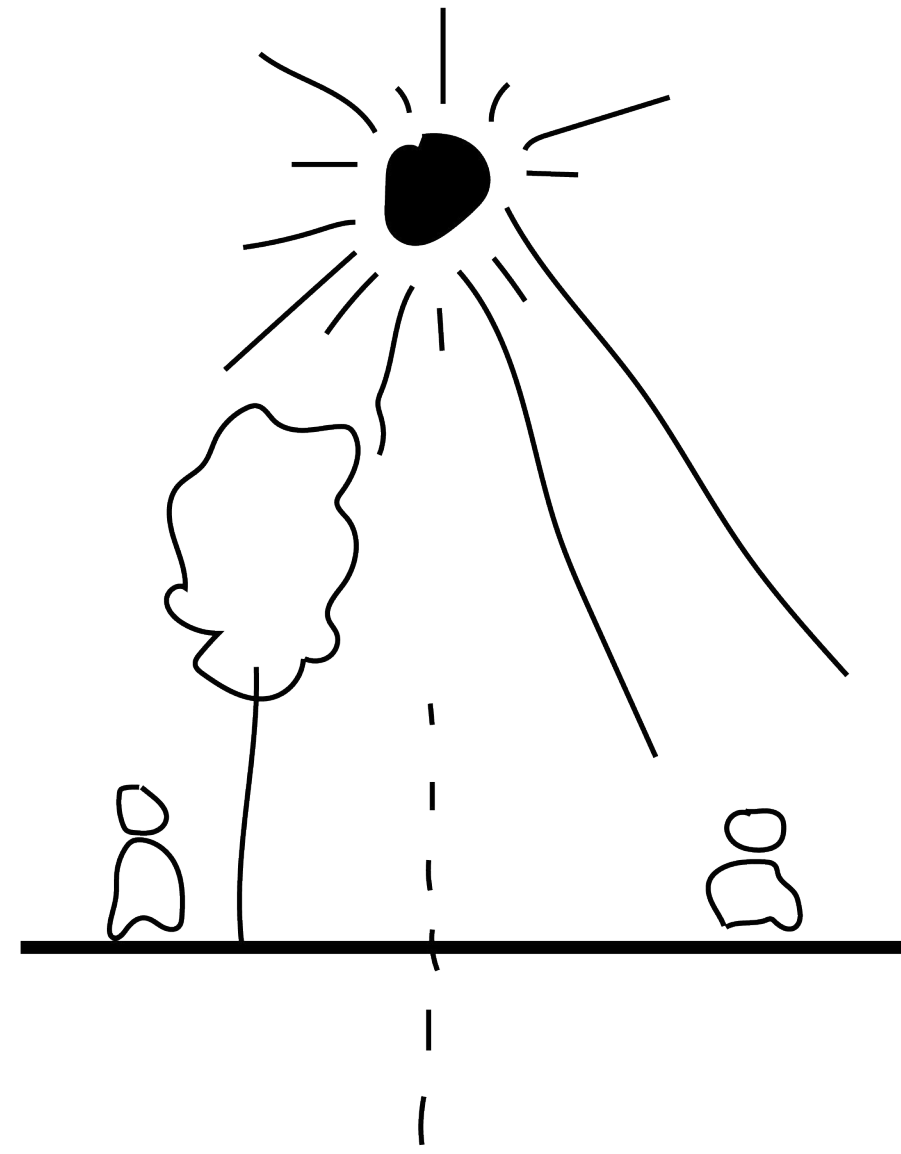




**Nature-based solutions**

Source: World Bank 2021





*The problem with nature-based solutions is that benefits of projects are rarely evenly distributed, as political processes often fail to consider spatial injustices.*

### **Inequality**

Source: Long and Rice 2019





### Environmental distribution

Source: IPR





SECOND & OUTLET  
Muháčkova 618



VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

VIUS

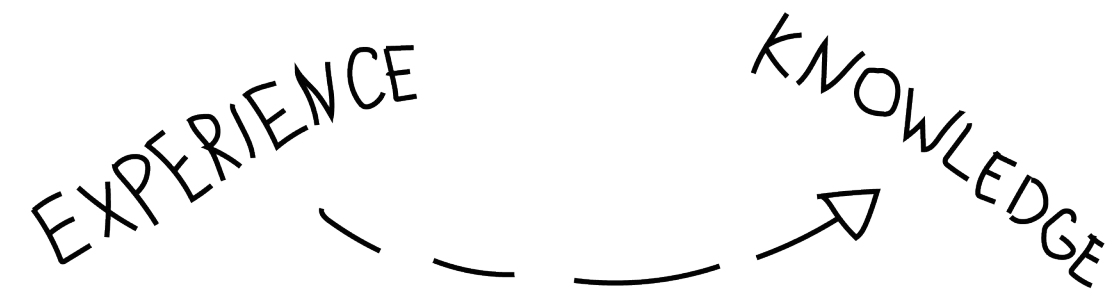
VIUS

VIUS



1.
  - **...(i) insufficient understanding of contextual vulnerability by interventions planners and implementers, including socio-political relations of gender, race, age (dis)ability and class;**
2.
  - **(ii) inequitable participation by vulnerable and affected groups in planning and implementation, leading to top-down processes and poor representation of marginalised groups' perspectives**





### **A framework for empathy in design**

*A designer steps into the life of the user, wanders around for a while and then steps out of the life of the user with a deeper understanding of this user.*

(1) discovery (2) immersion (3) connection (4) detachment



## *Participation*

---

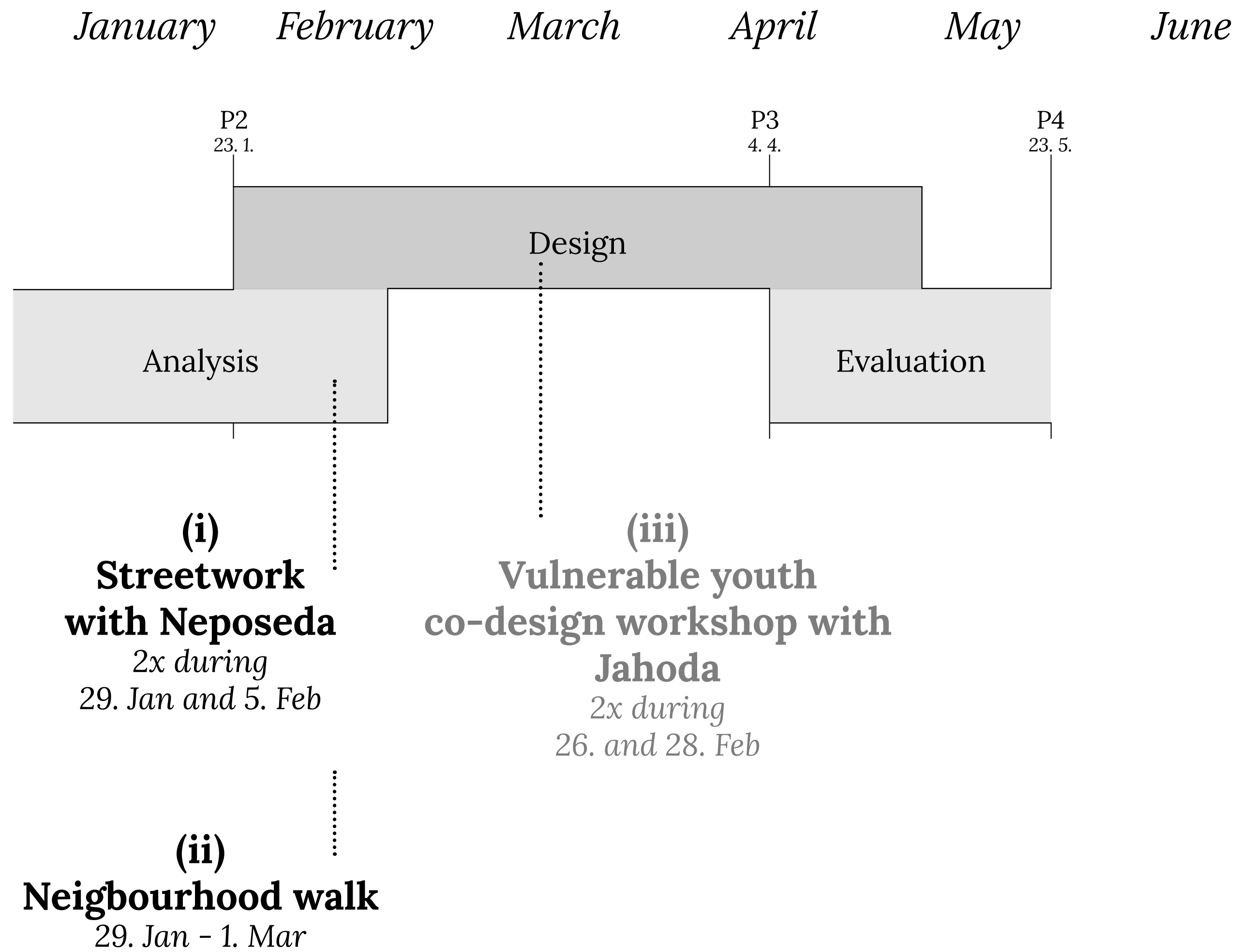


Participation with  
unhoused people



Neposeda

Neposeda z.ú.  
Streetwork Crossroad



Timeline

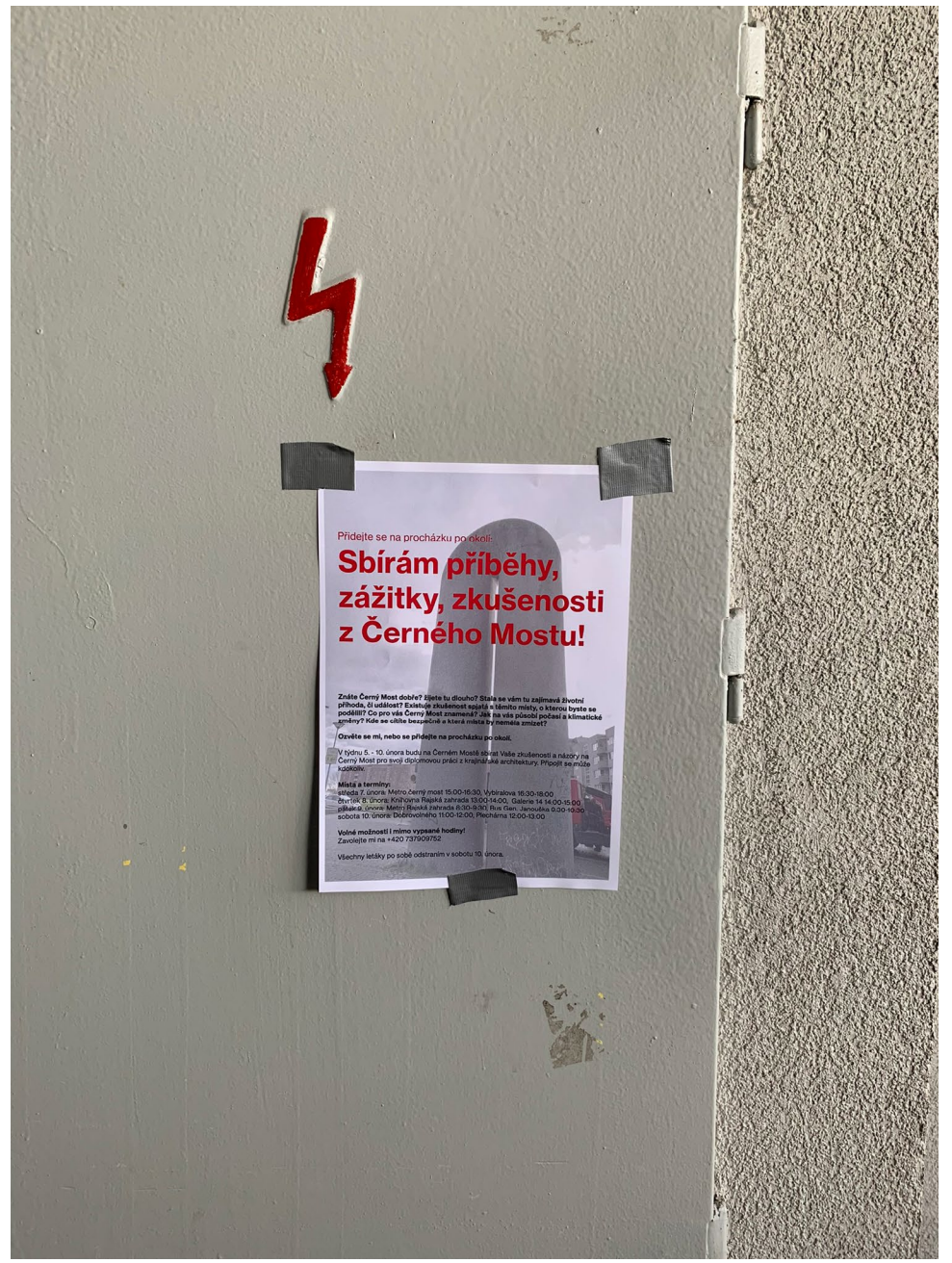
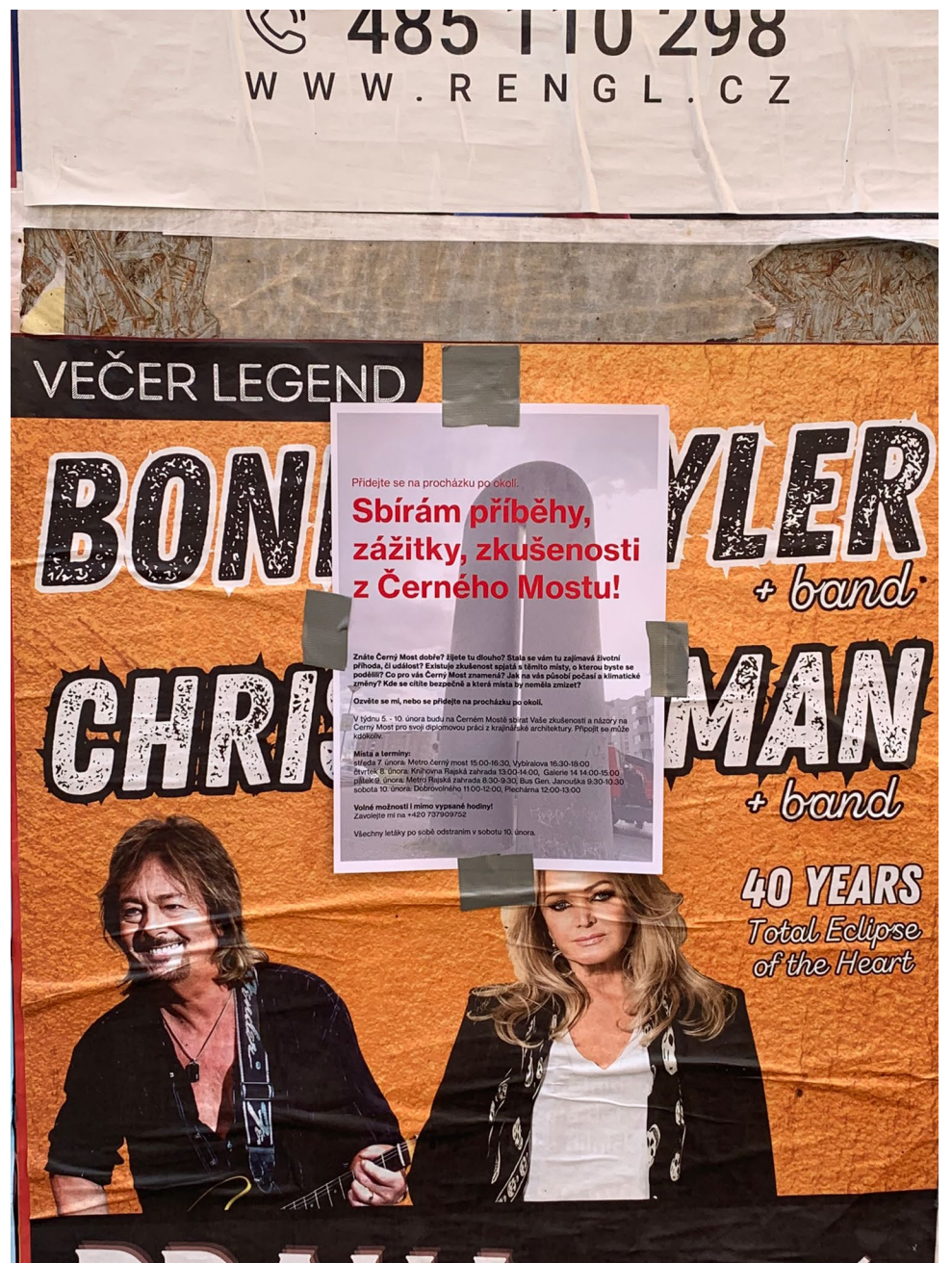
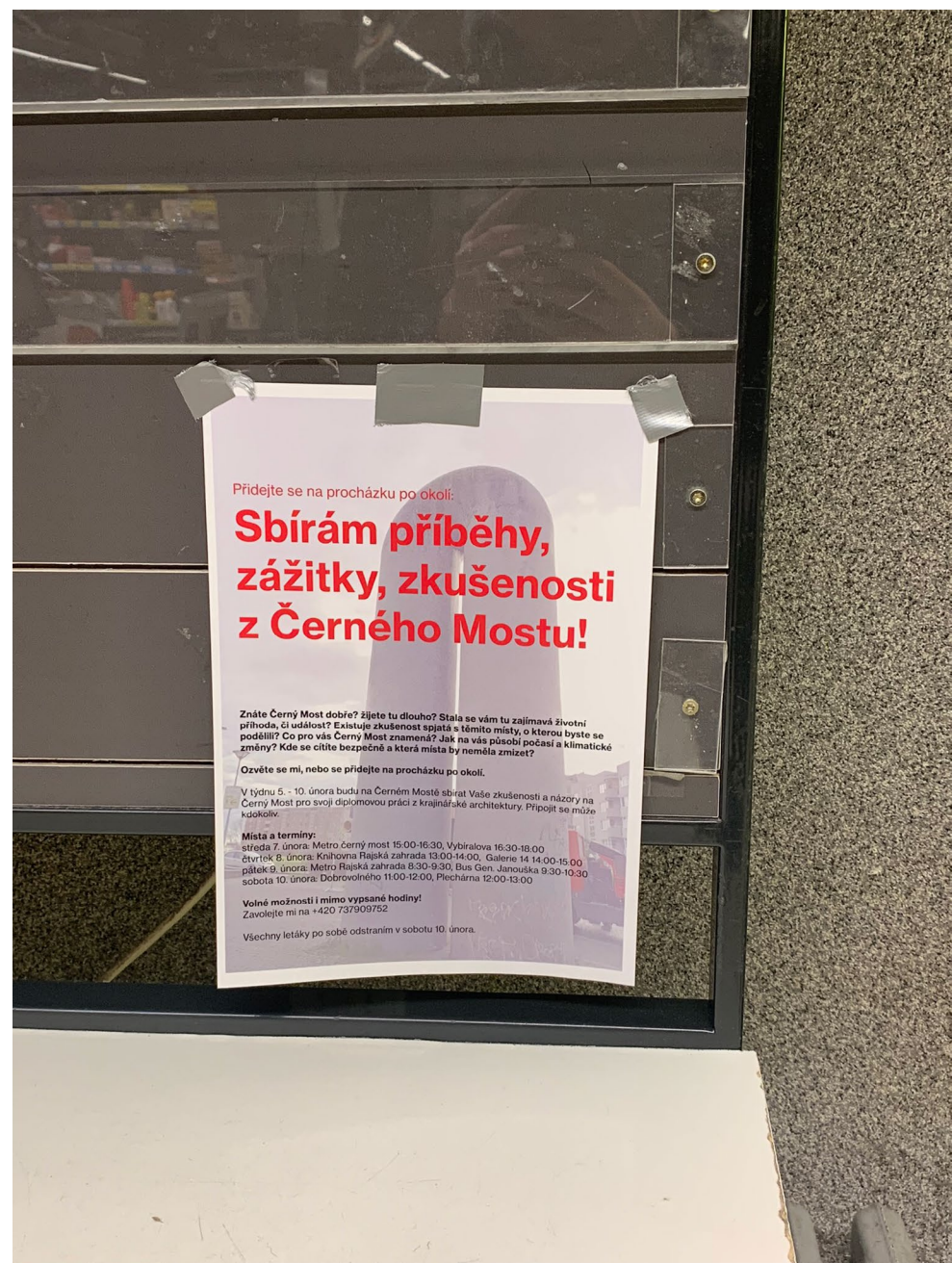
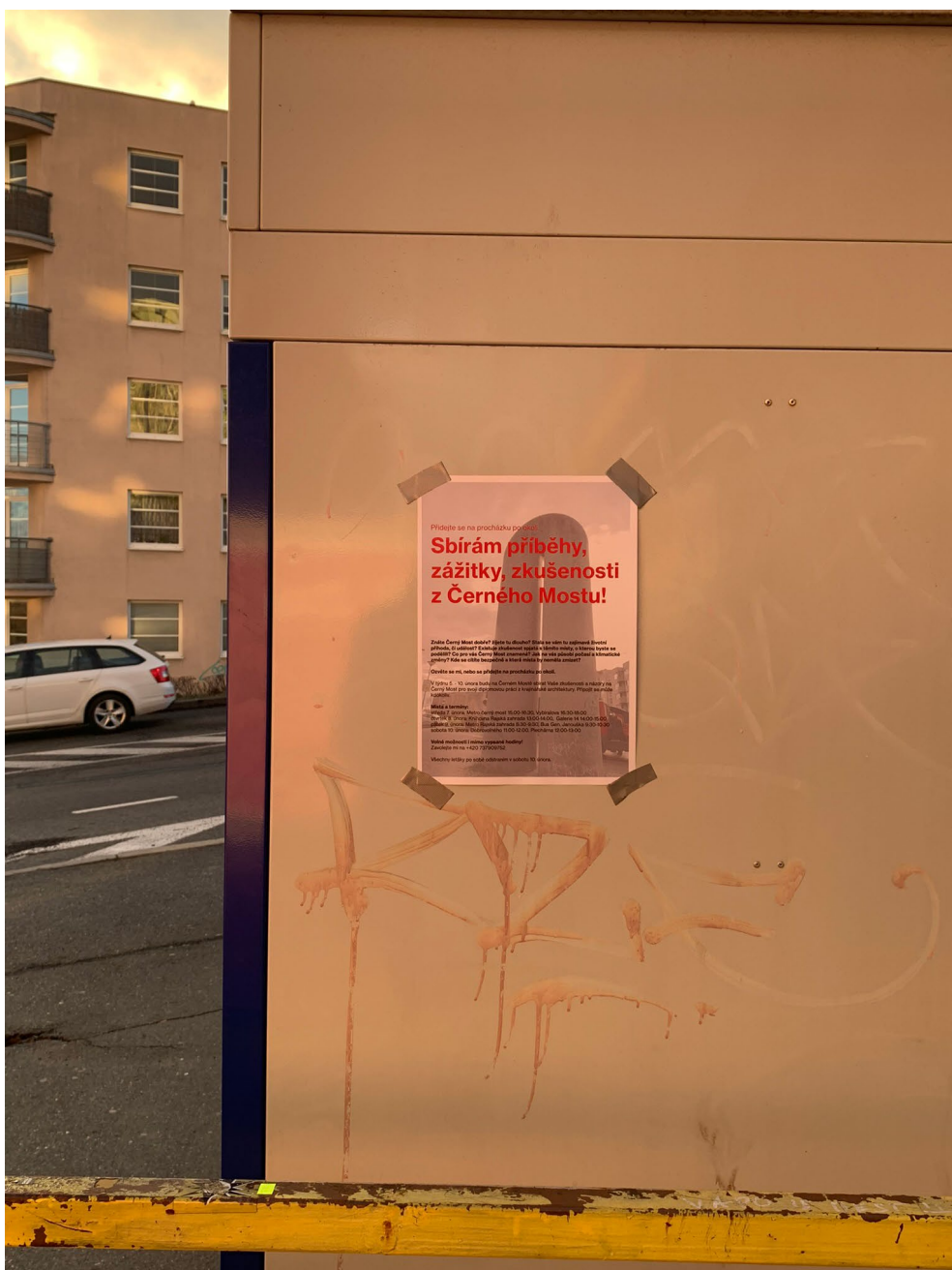


**Neighbourhood walks  
with housed residents**

29. Jan - 9. Feb



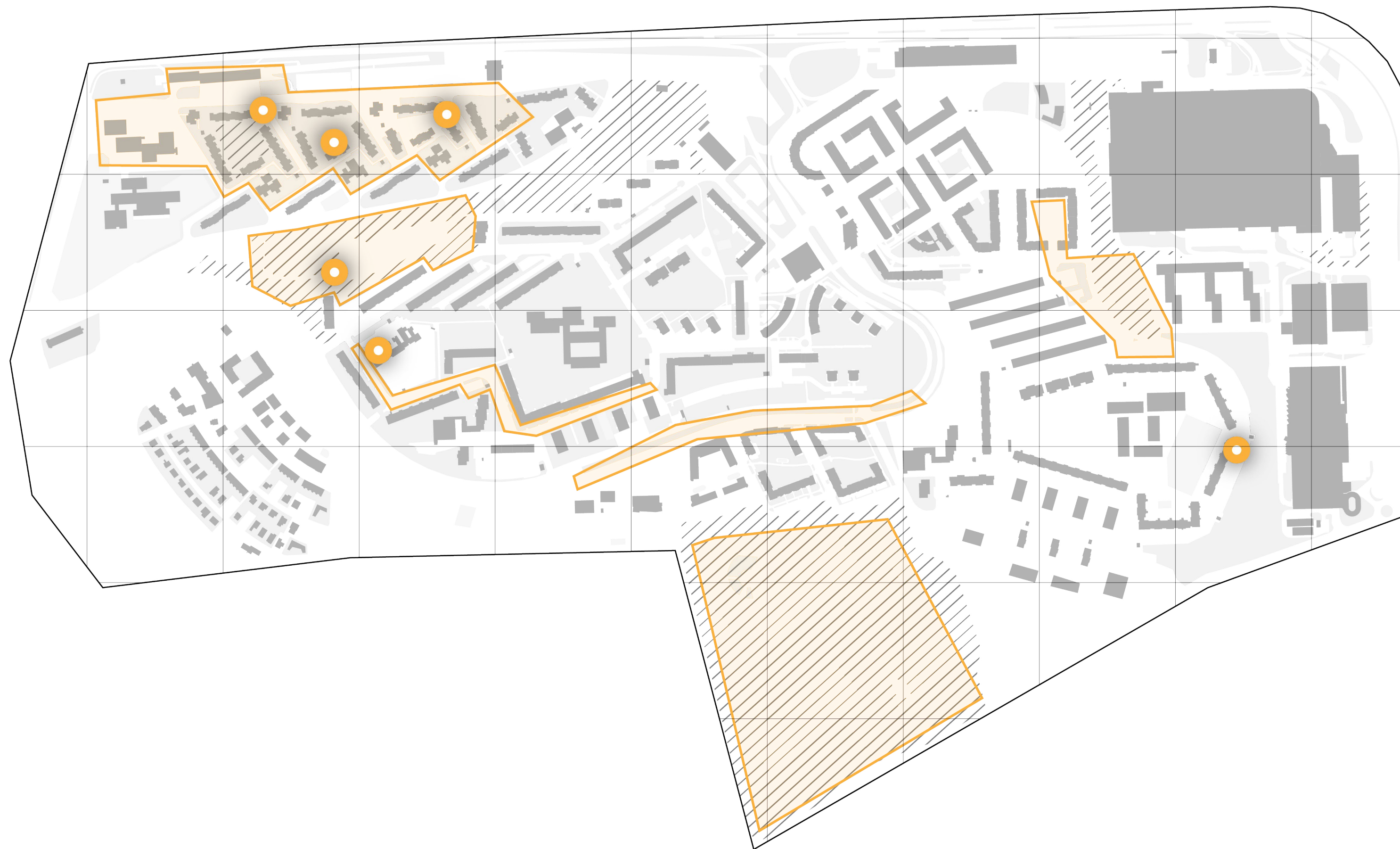




## Process

Source: Author





**Location**  
Source: Author





*Affection to the neighbourhood*



*Safety, feeling of danger*



*Conflict and stigma*



*Maintenance is an issue*



*Green is great*



*Noise complaints, fear of new social spaces*



*Big parks are crowded*



*Smaller public spaces are missing*



*Unused water areas*



*Wrong species of trees are used*

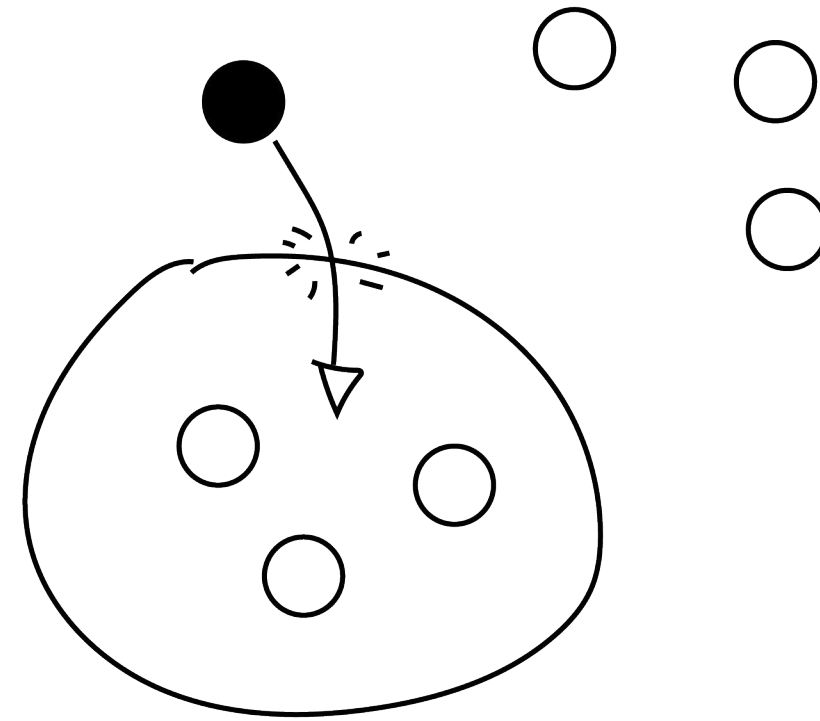
## **General outcomes**

Source: Author









***Different social contexts may require different approaches, especially in order to attract and sustain dialogue with 'hard to reach' stakeholders who may be reluctant to contribute their time or knowledge to the process.***

### **Different approaches**

Source: Few, Brown, and Tompkins 2007



## “COME TO US” APPROACH



**Spatial justice**



**Streetwork with unhoused residents  
in collaboration with local NGO**

*29. Jan and 5. Feb*





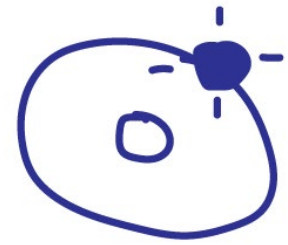


**Streetwork**  
Source: Author









*Periphery is good*



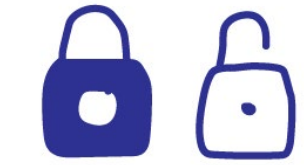
*Affachment to  
the neighbourhood*



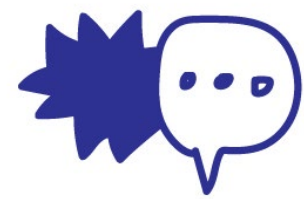
*Dissapearing  
benches and void  
spaces*



*Seasonality*



*Public and private*



*Noise and socializing*



*Pets and nature*



*Spending time at  
busy places*



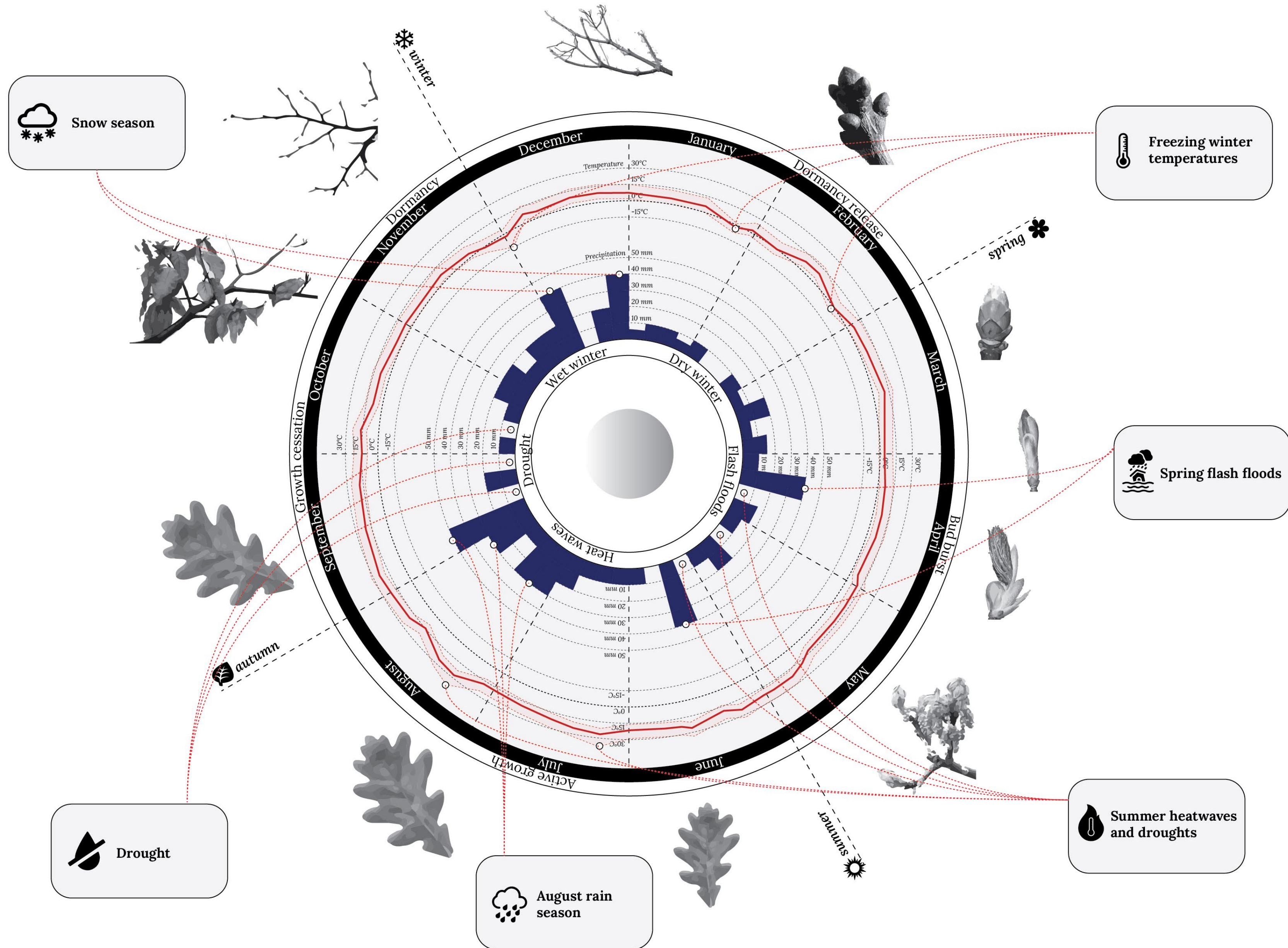
*Engagement and  
community*



*Conflict and  
territoriality*

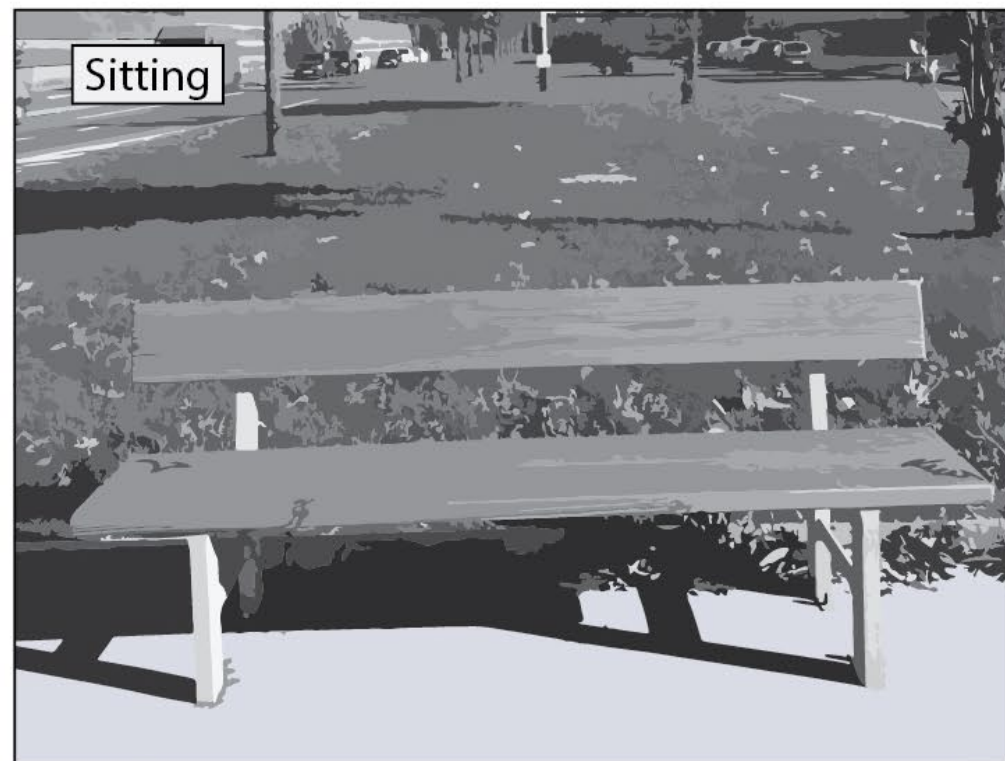
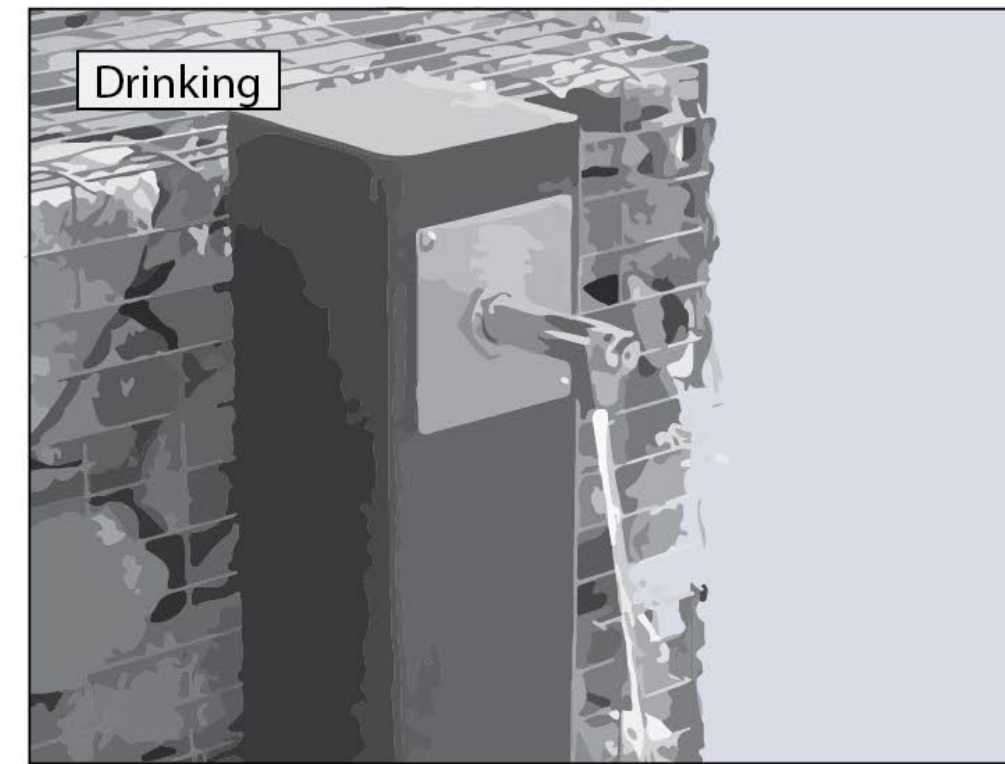
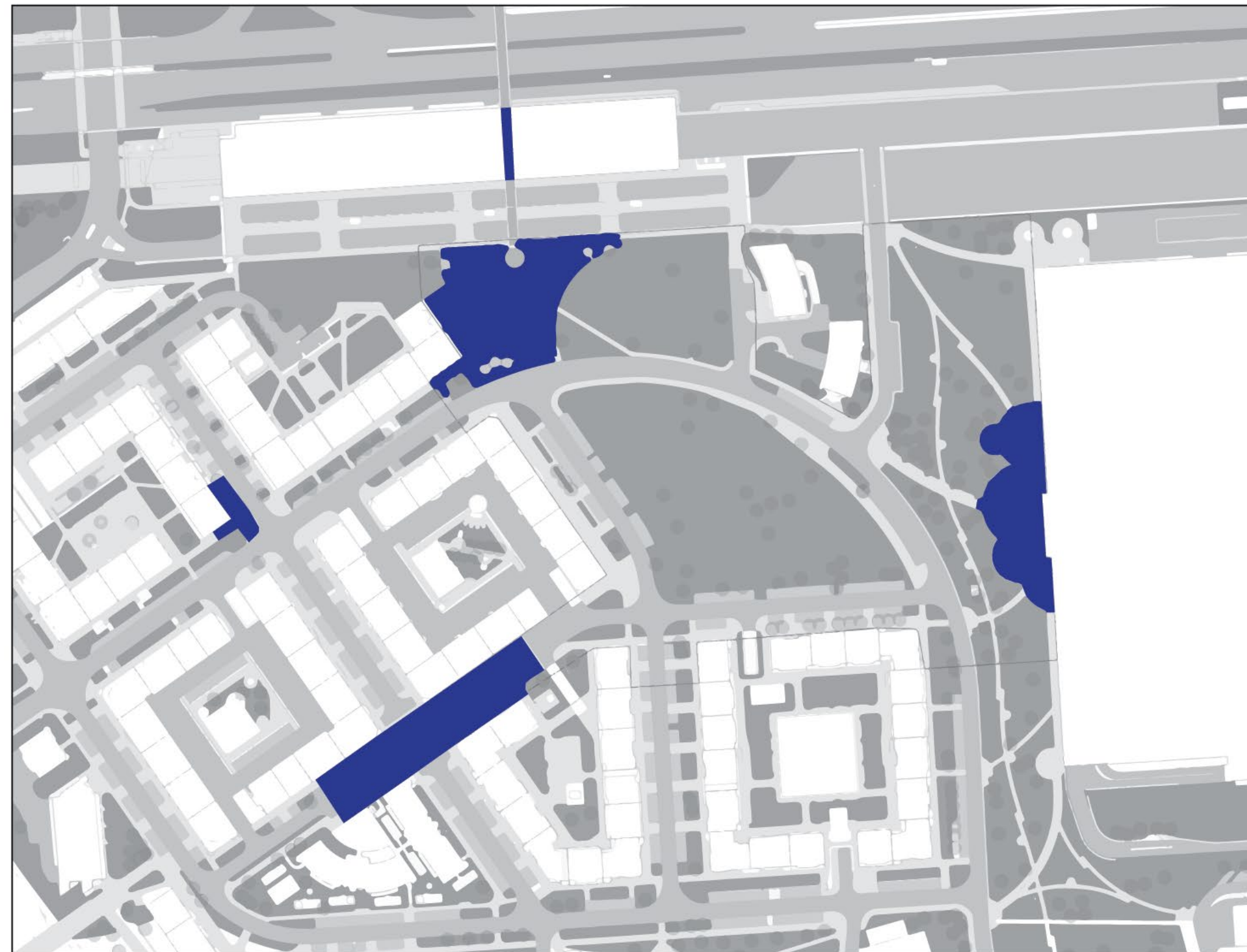
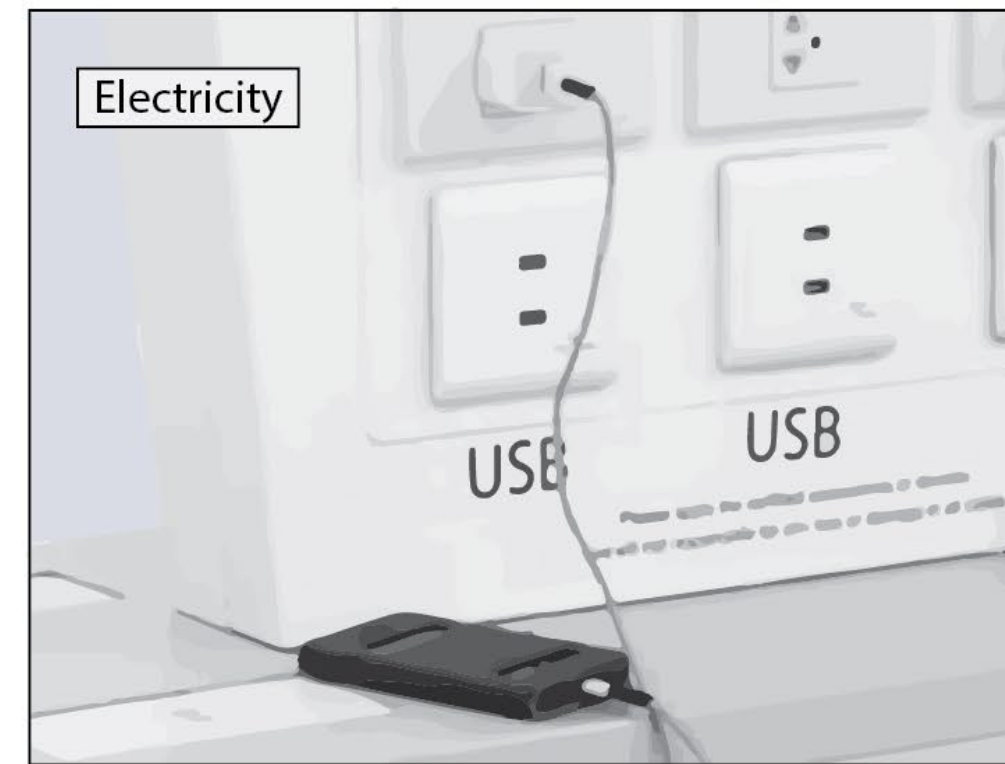
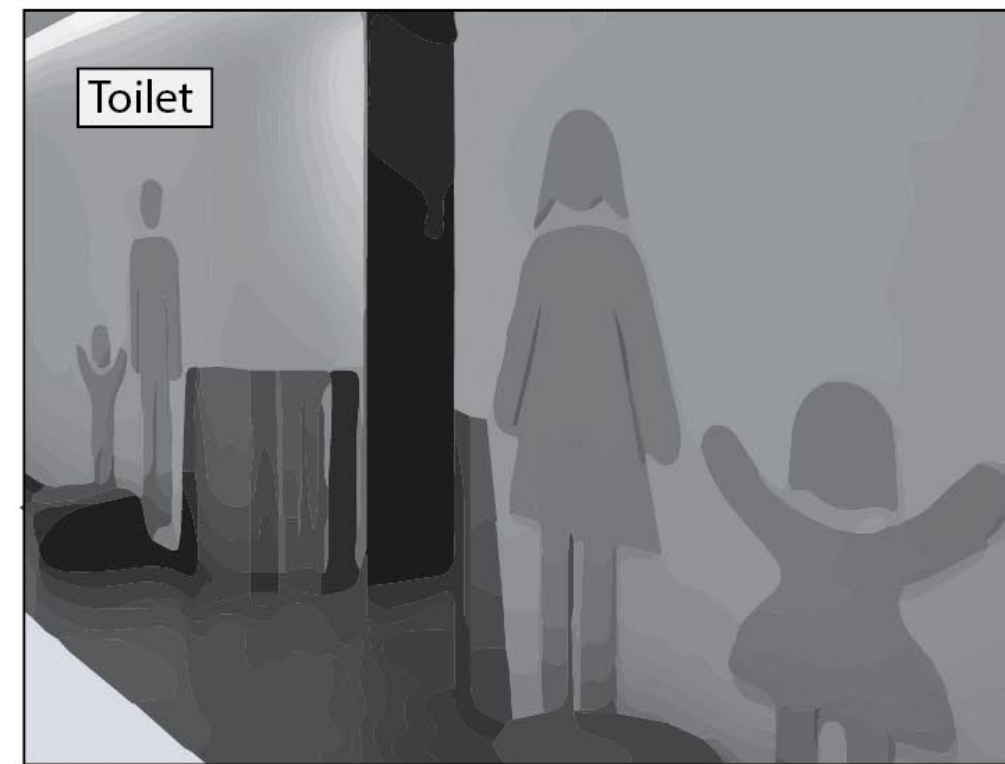
**General outcomes**





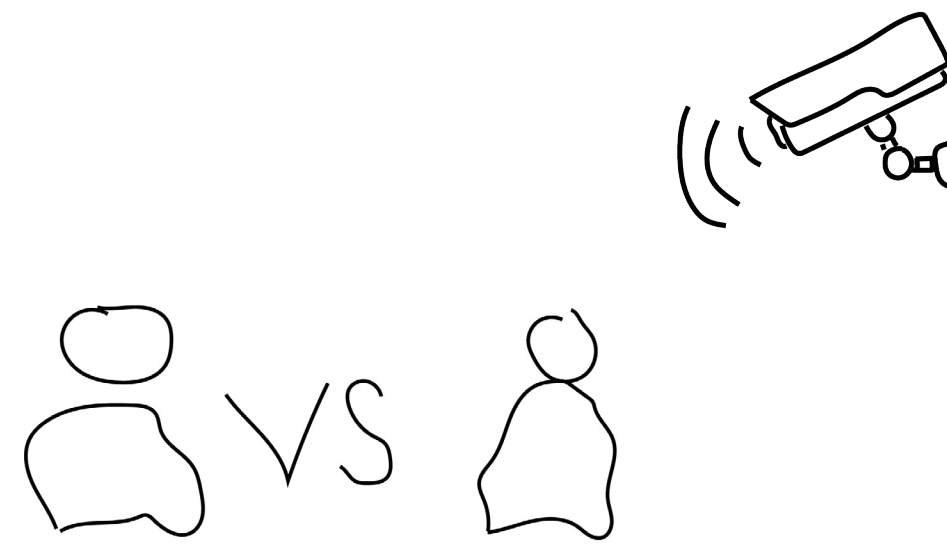
**Climate vulnerabilities**





**Basic needs**





**There is an on-going conflict.**  
**One solution would be to exclude,**  
**to control, to smoothen the public space.**



***„Perhaps true safety has very little to do  
with discrimination and isolation.”***

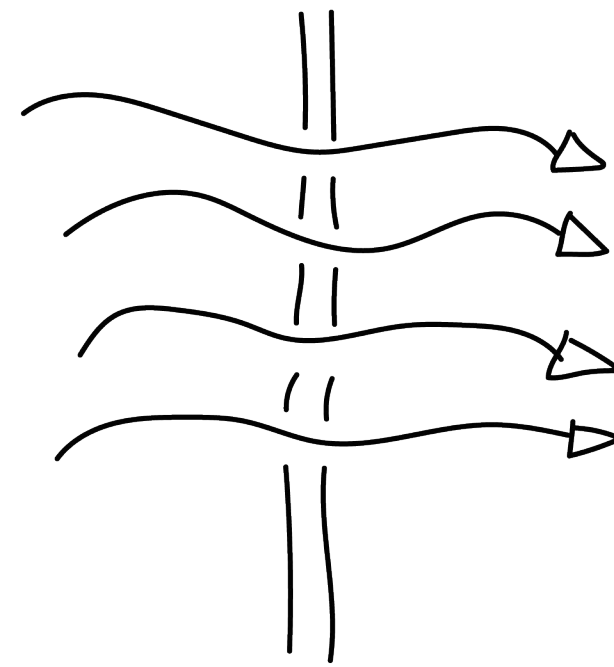
*Jess Myers, Here There Be Dragons podcast*



***...people's lives should be knitted together  
through necessity by making different  
people engage with each other in order to  
survive, and that this can't occur without  
friction and conflict.***

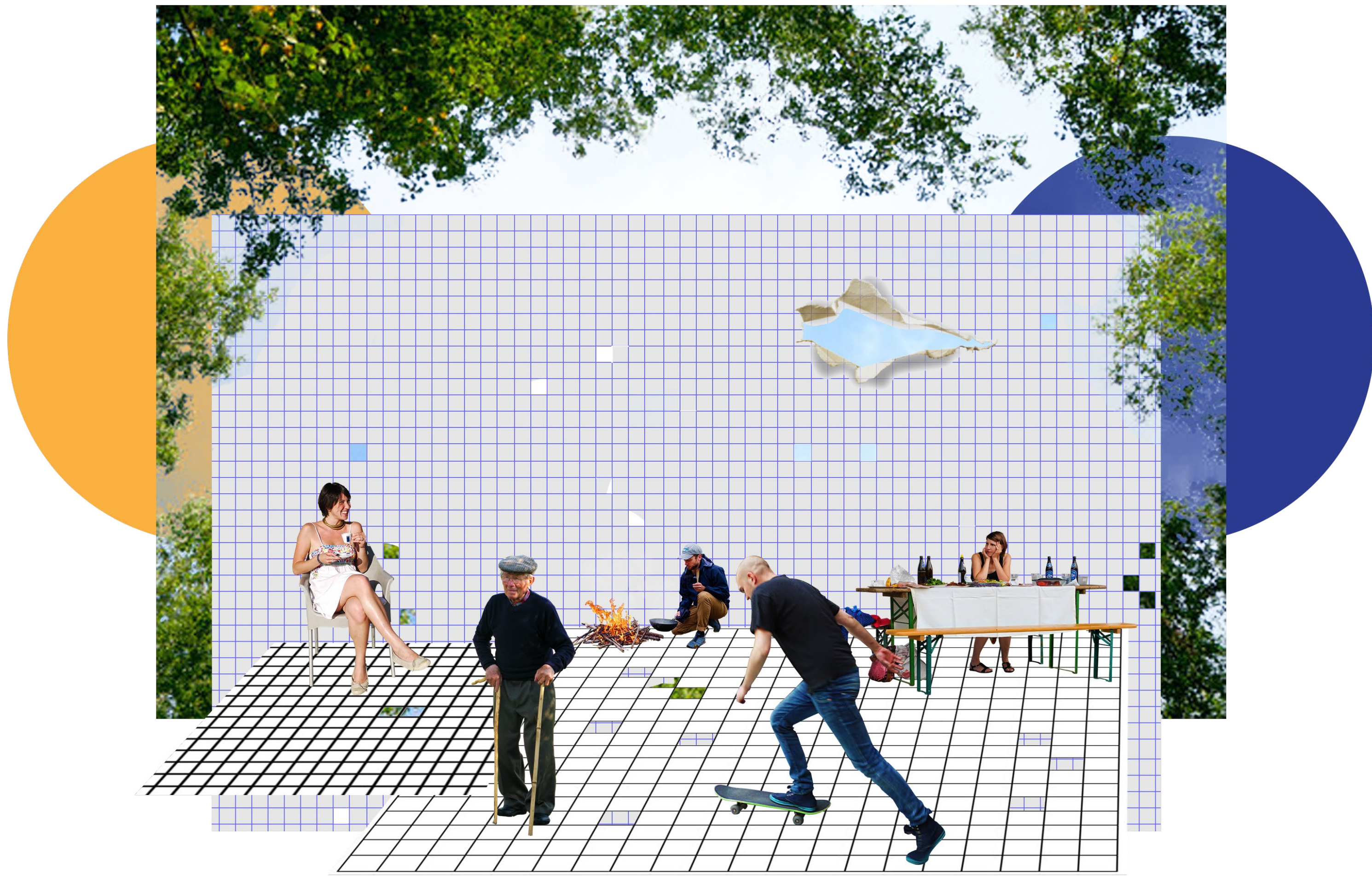
*Richard Sennett The Uses of Disorder*





Boer does not advocate for the opposite of smoothness, but instead wants to move to a porous public spaces. **Porosity in his view is a way of connecting across, or making punctures in the flat surface of the smooth city.**





## Approach



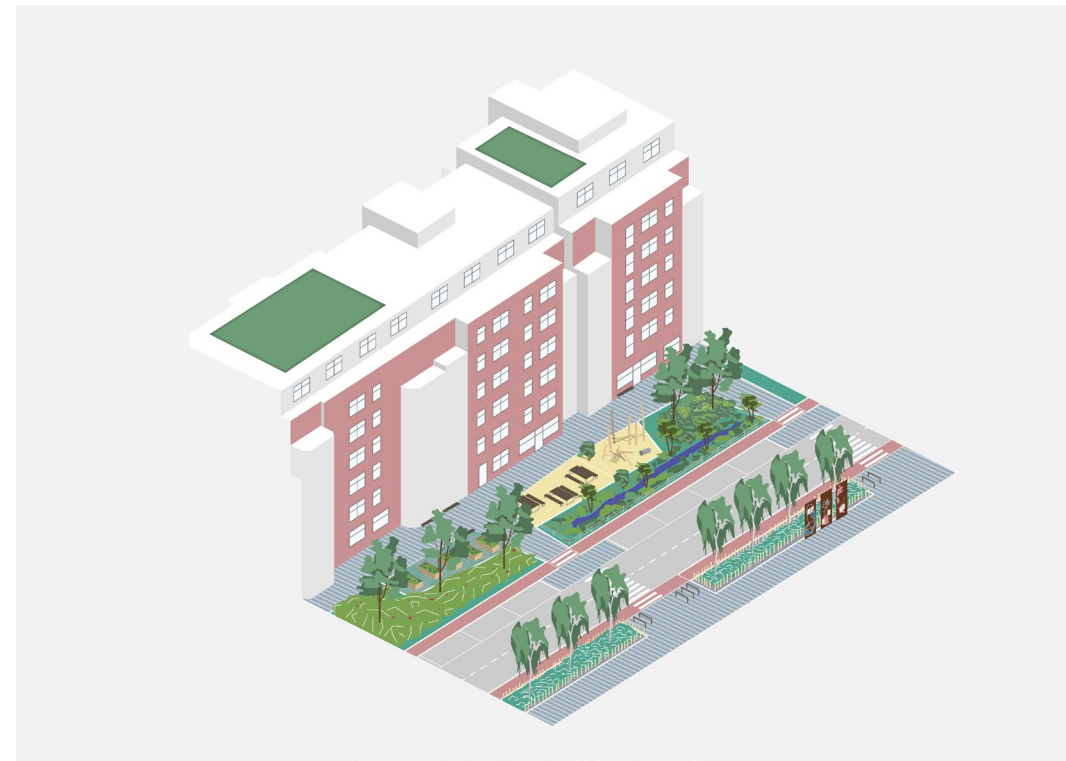
## *Neighbourhood design principles*

---





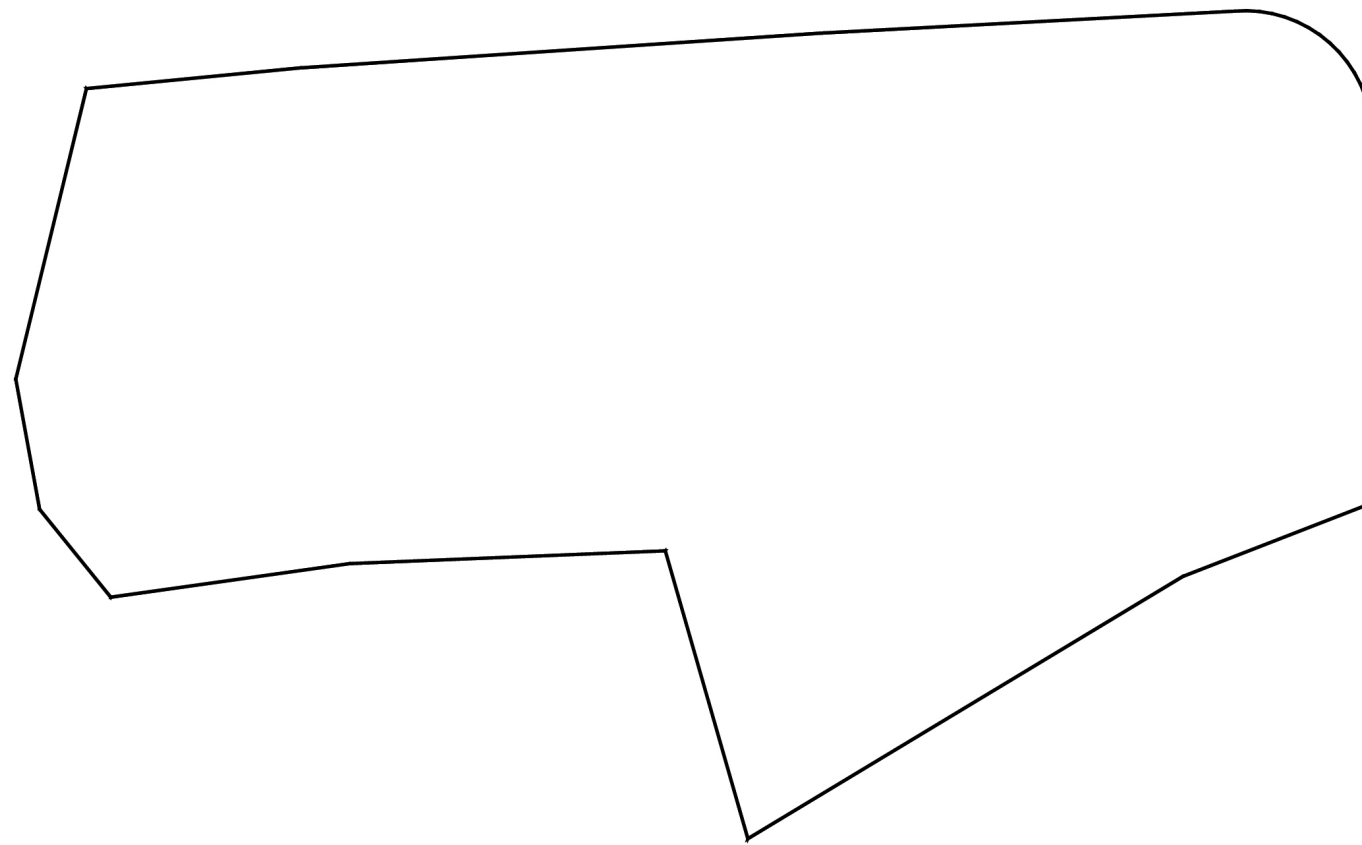
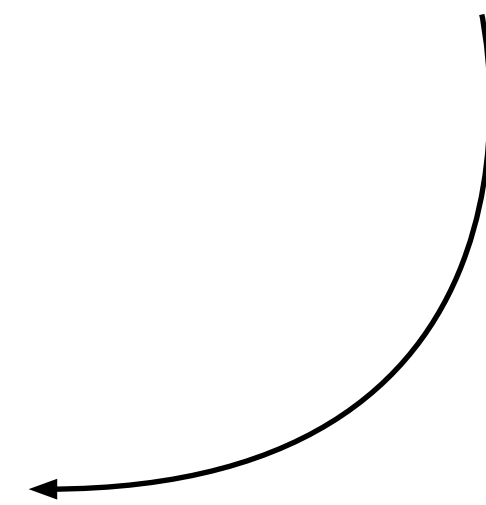
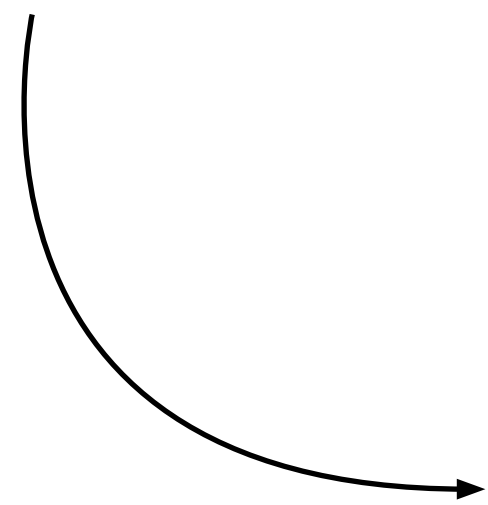
*Nature-based solutions*



*Design toolbox*

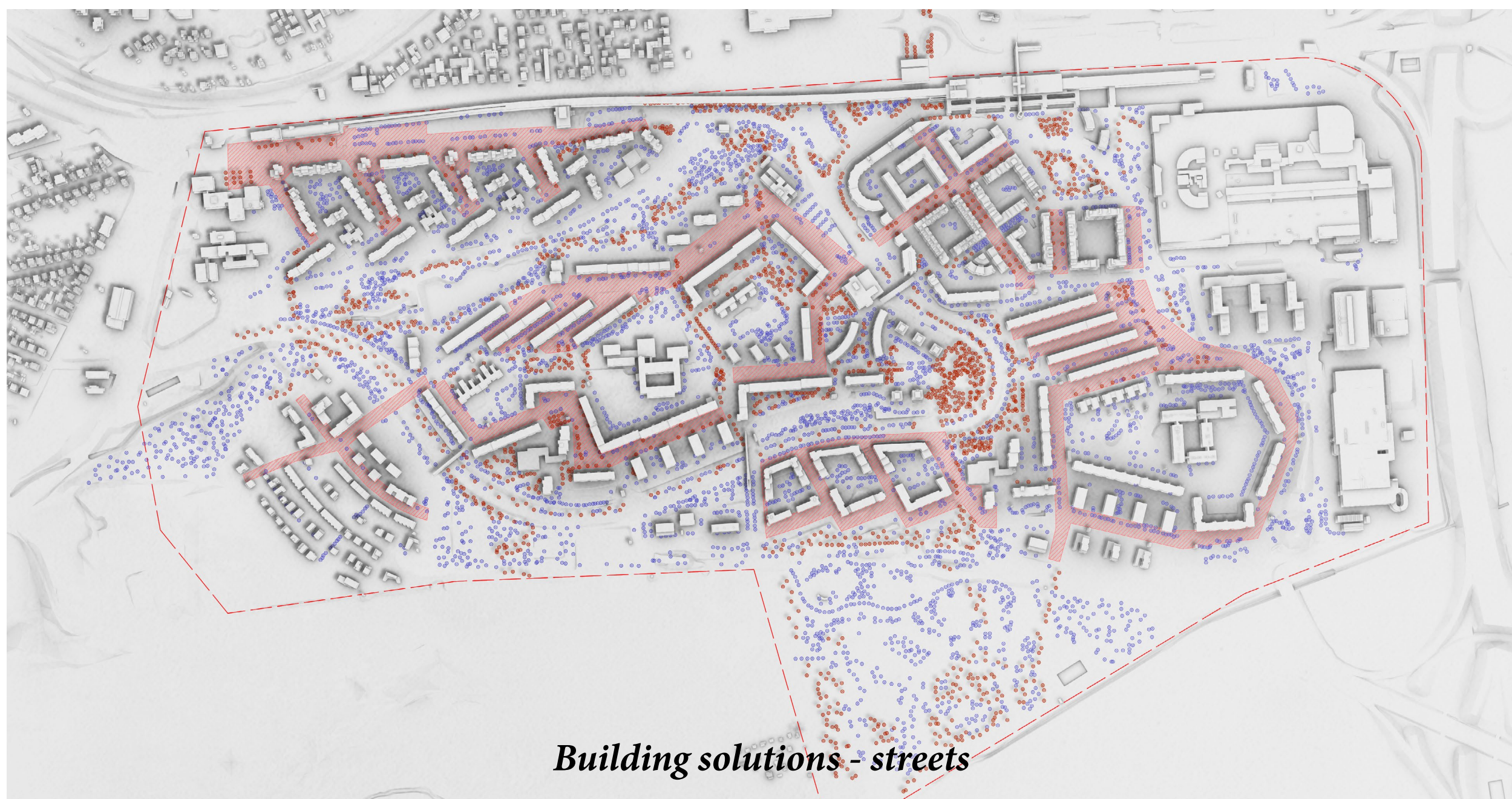
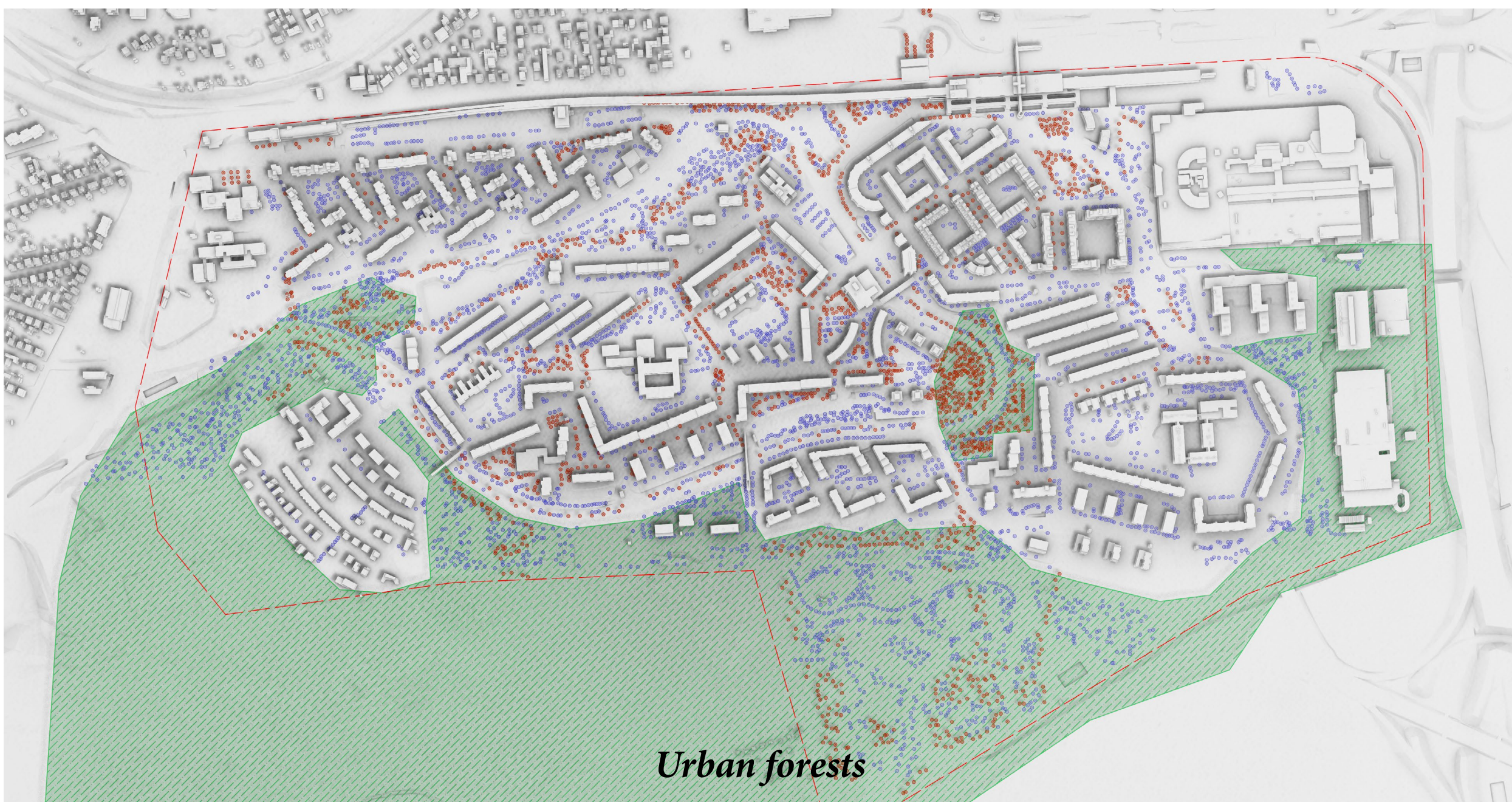


*Identity*



**Three parts**





**Nature-based solutions distribution**



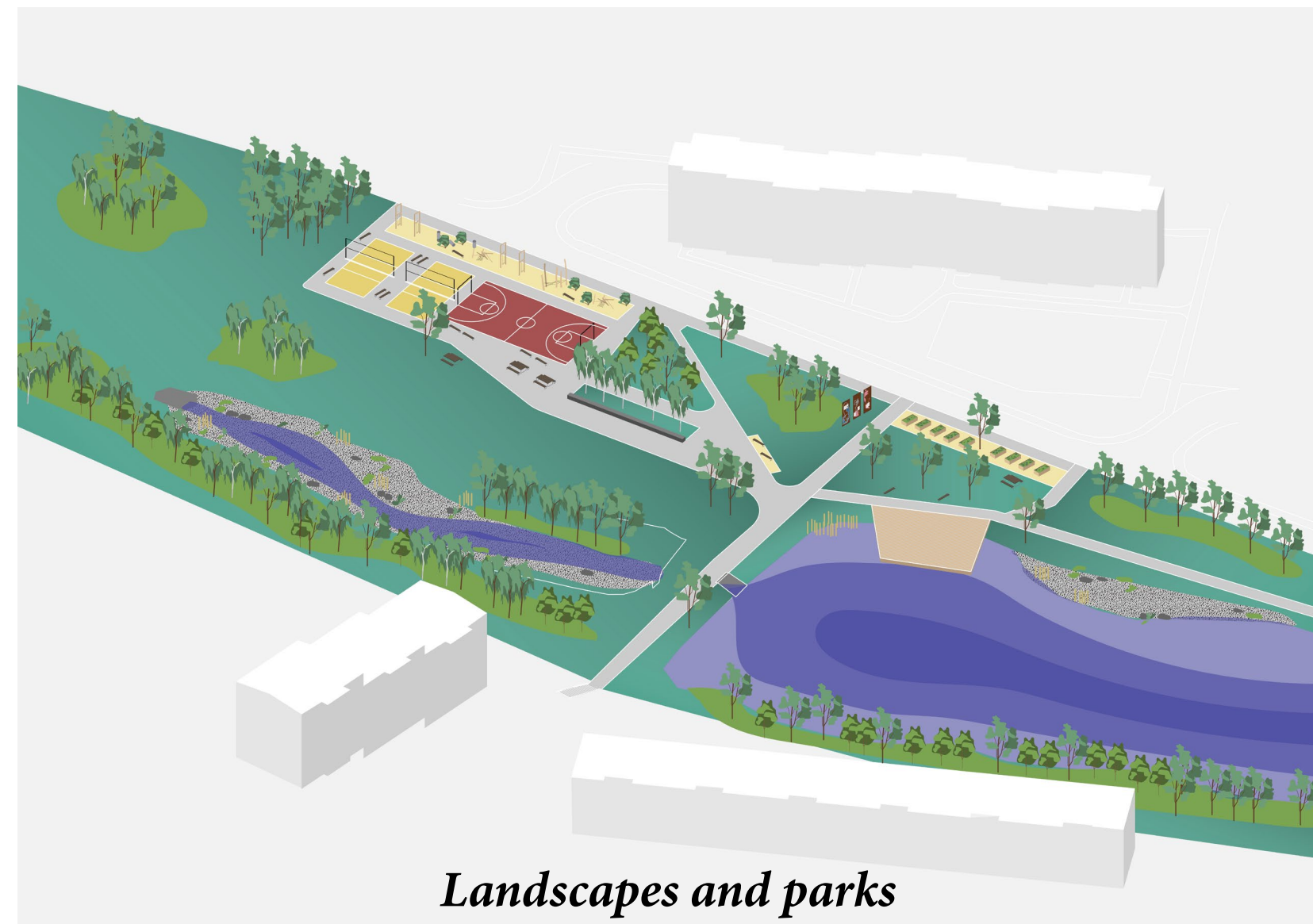
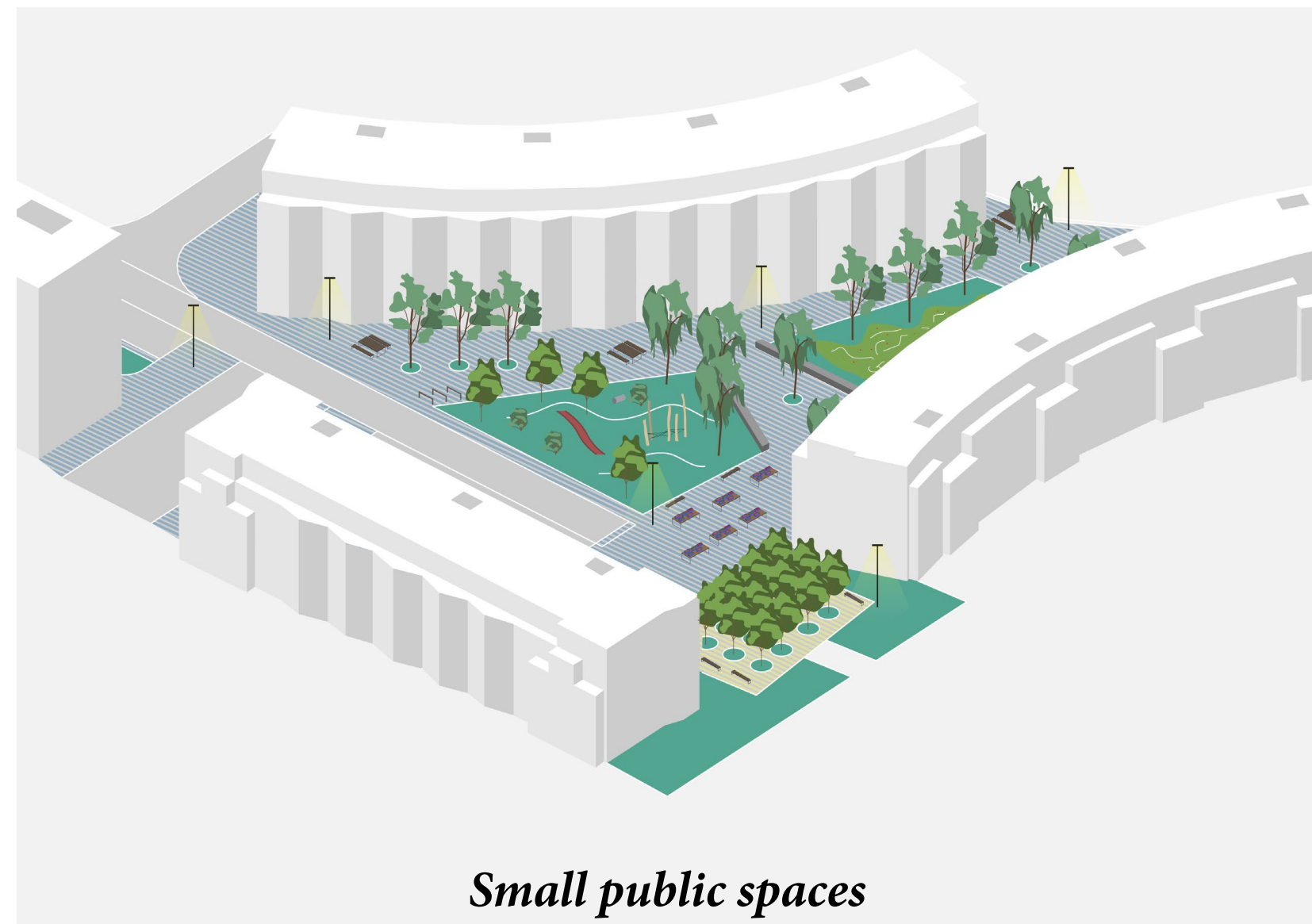
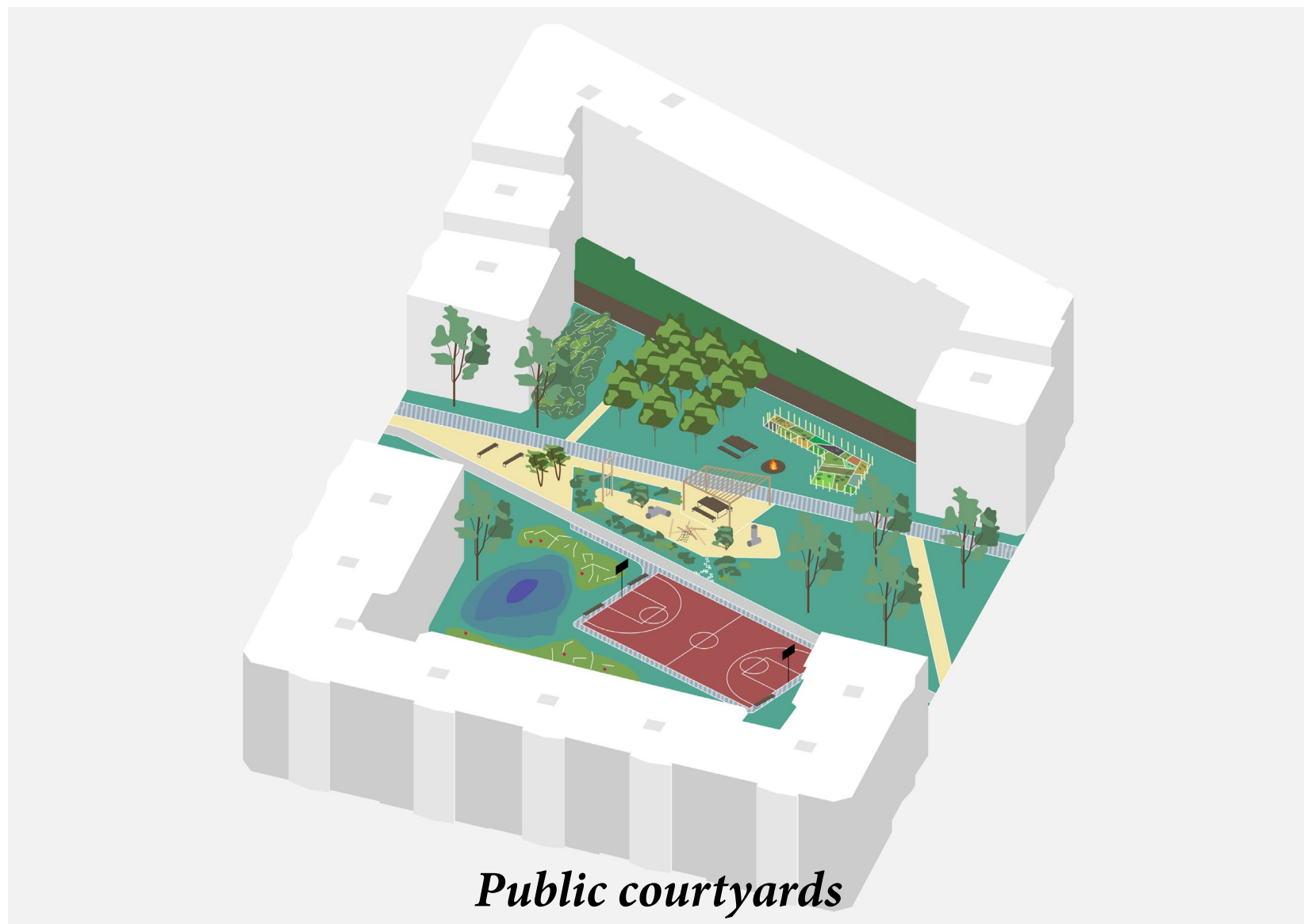
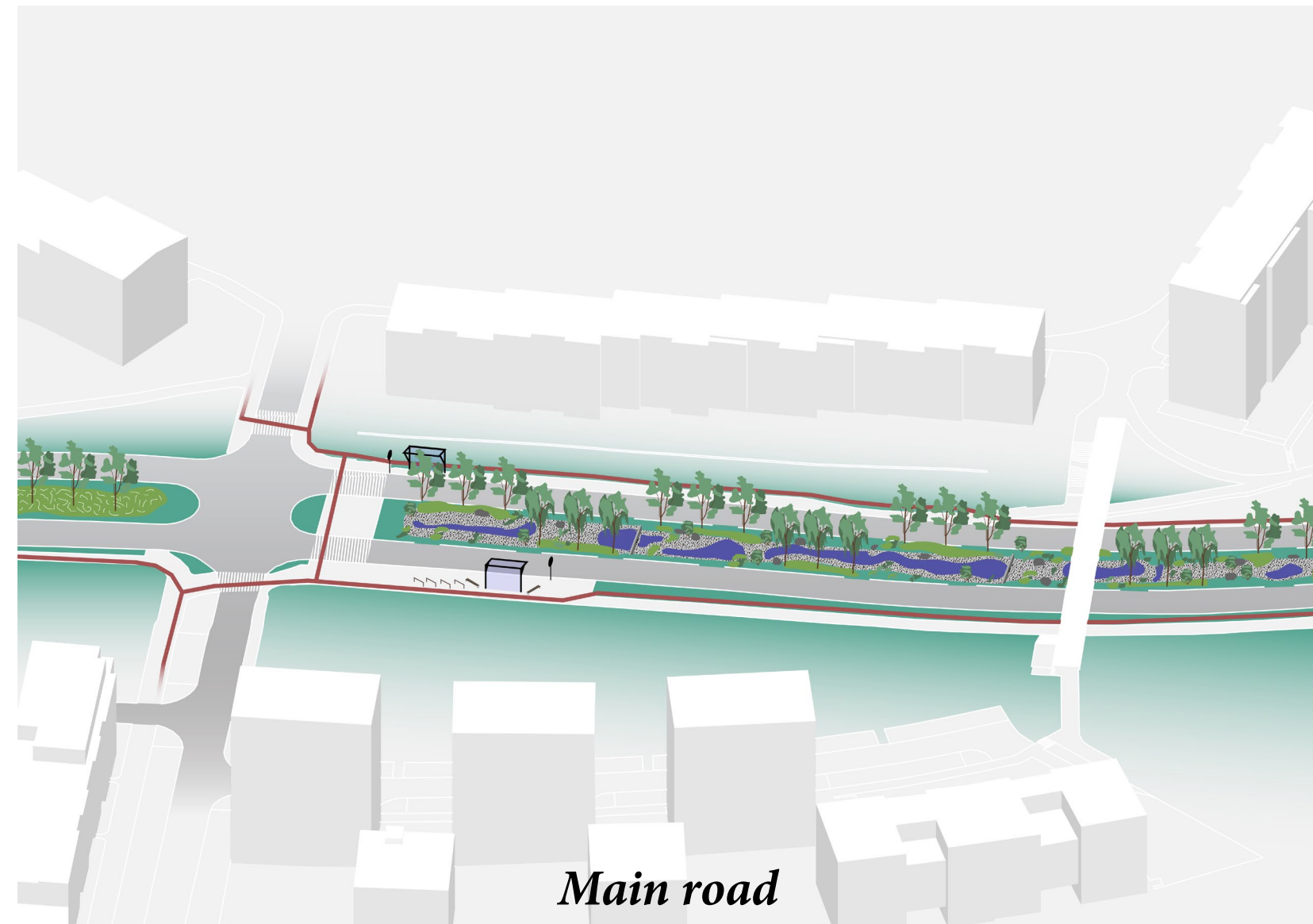
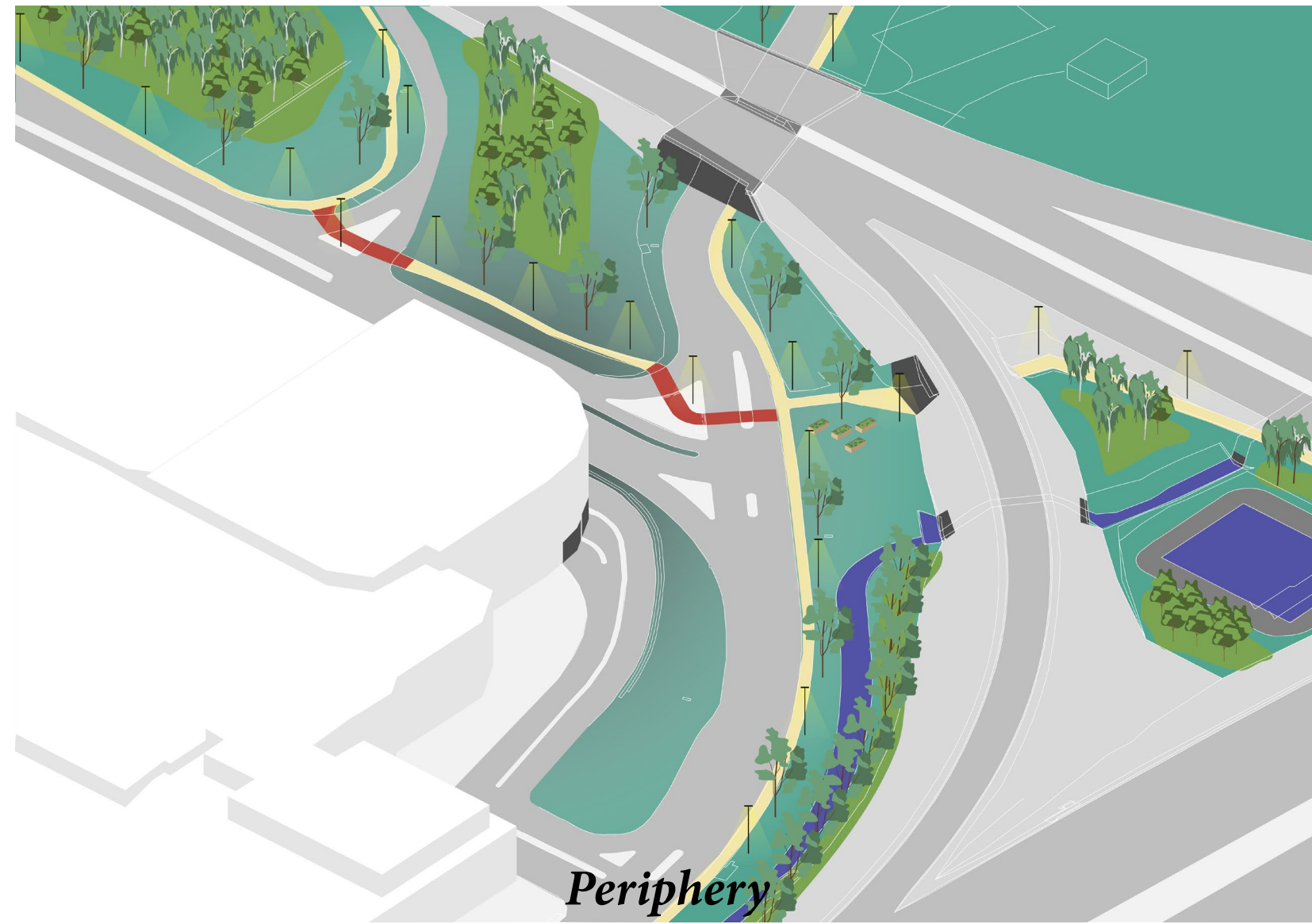


**Nature-based solutions distribution**





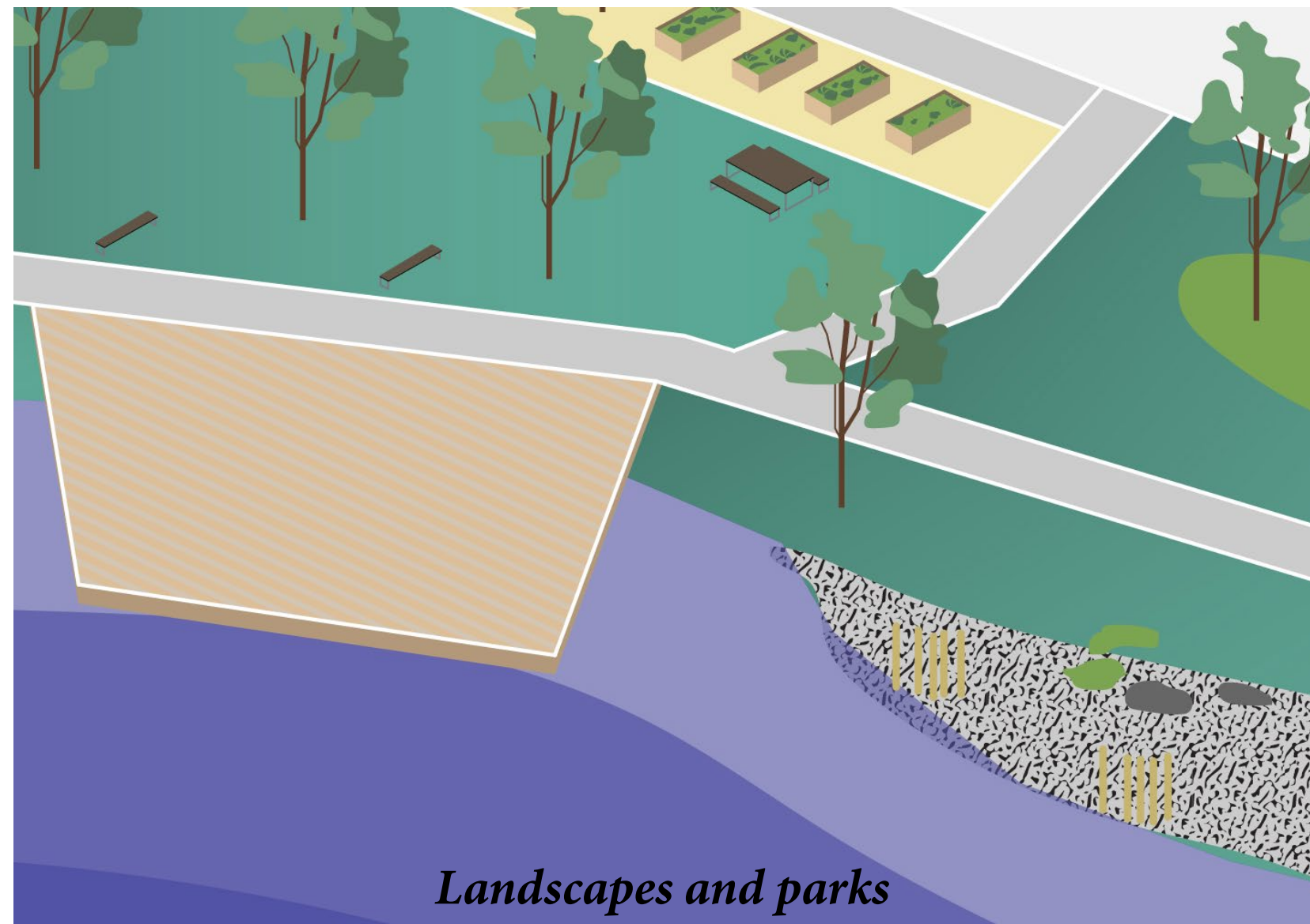
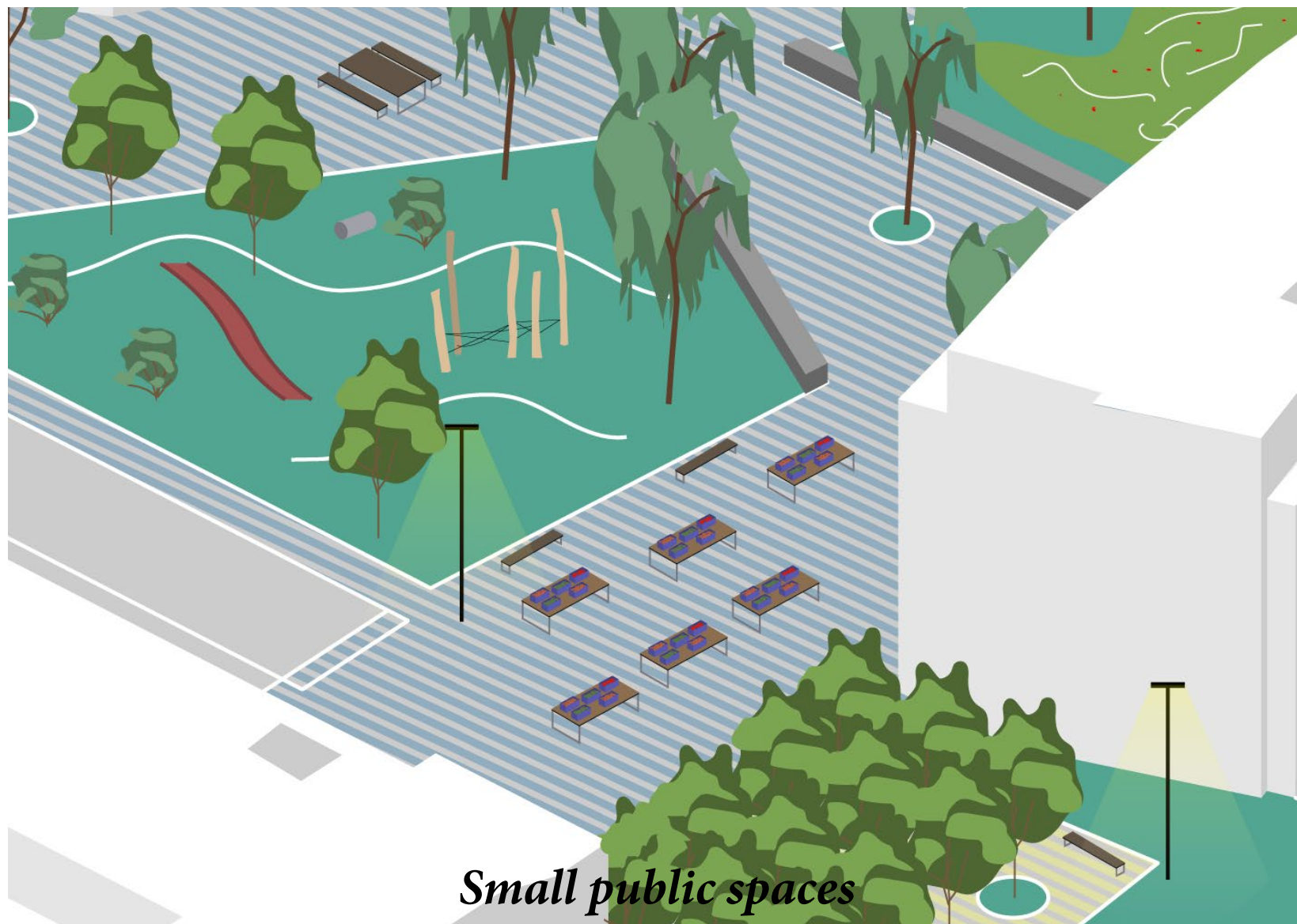
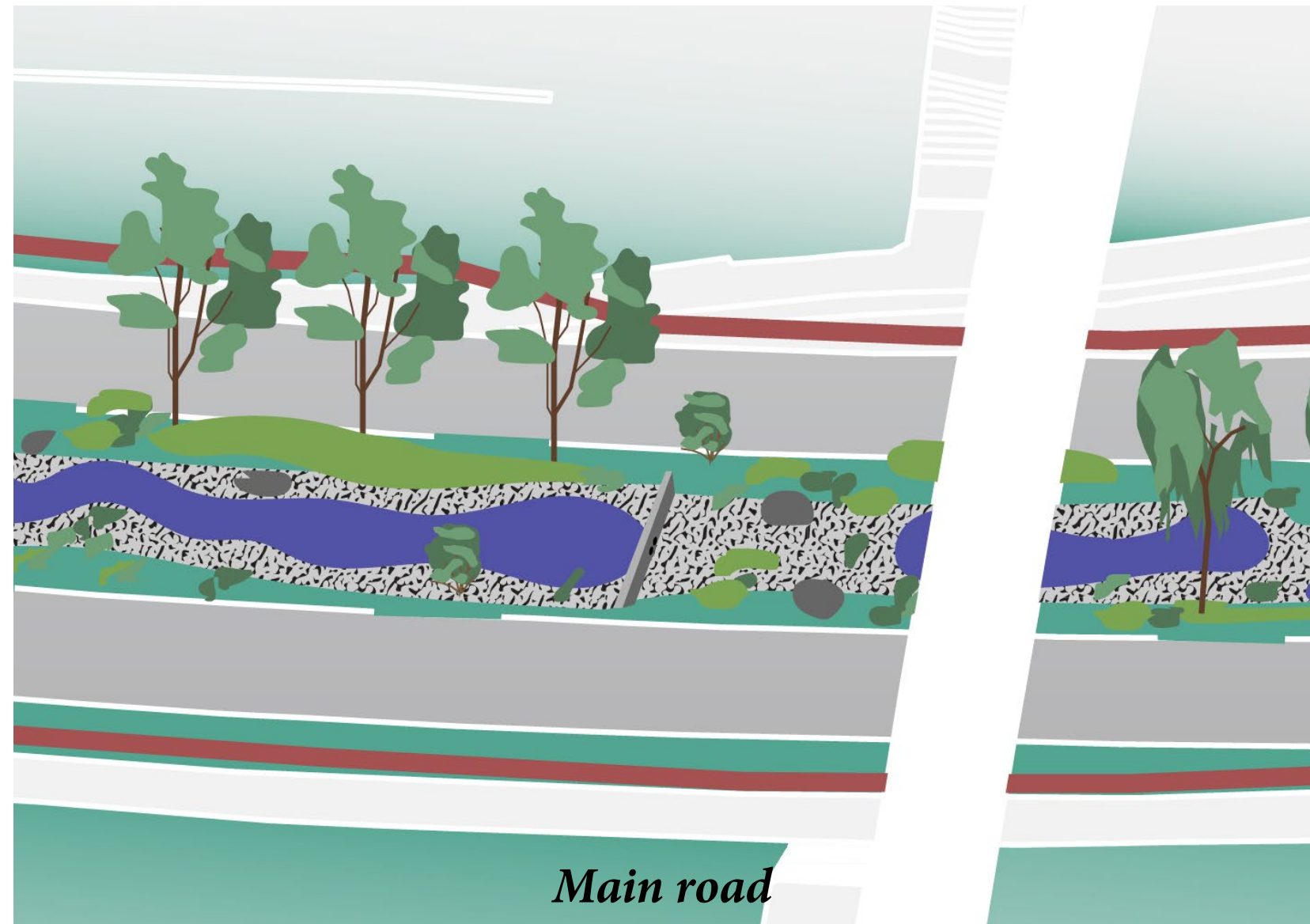
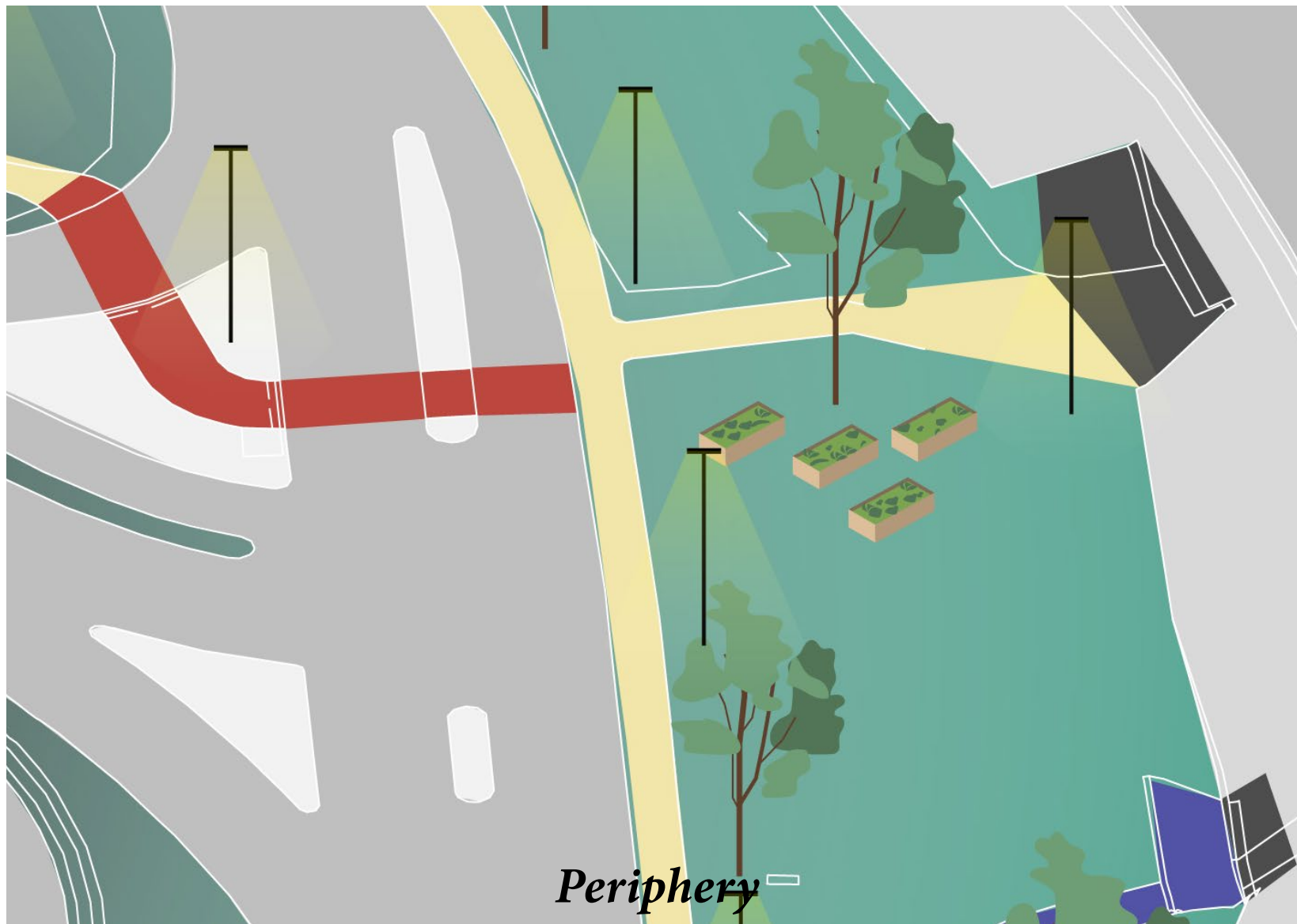




**Design toolbox**

Source: Author



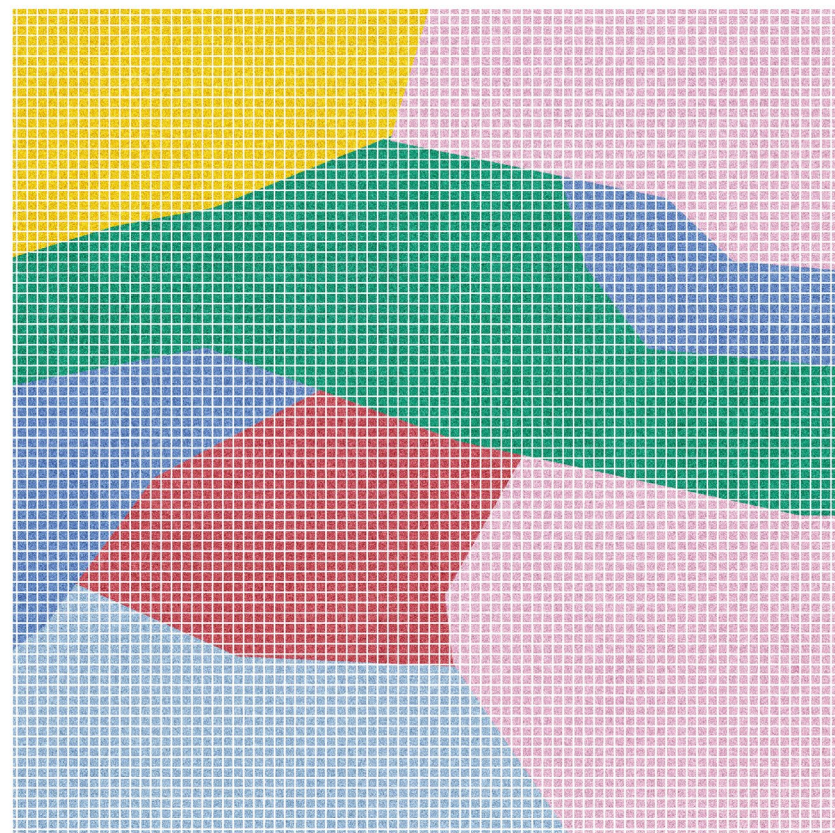
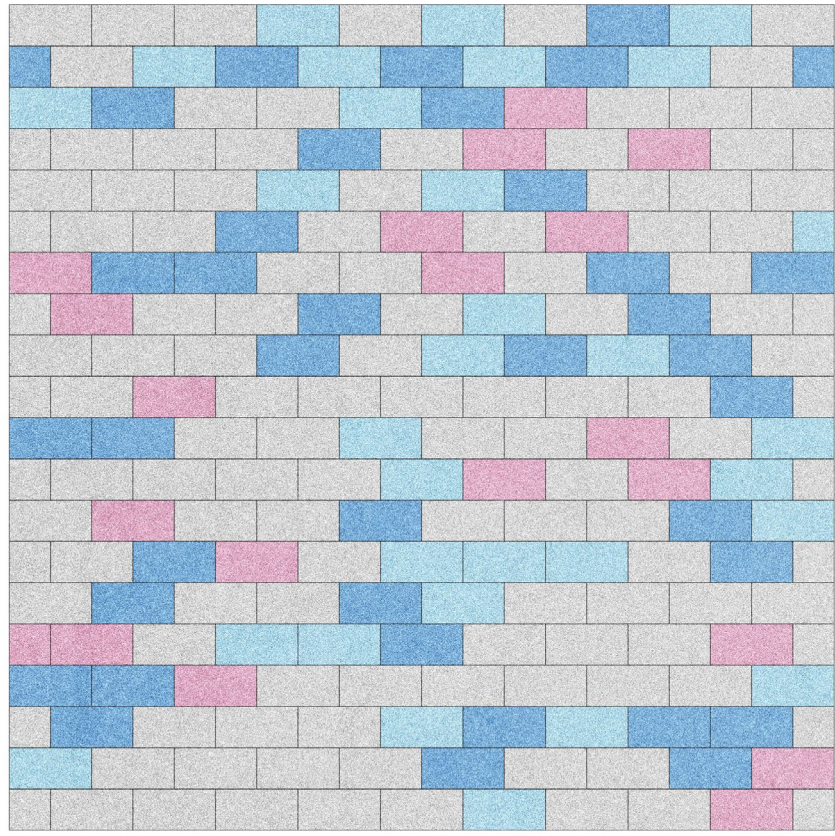


**Closeups**  
Source: Author



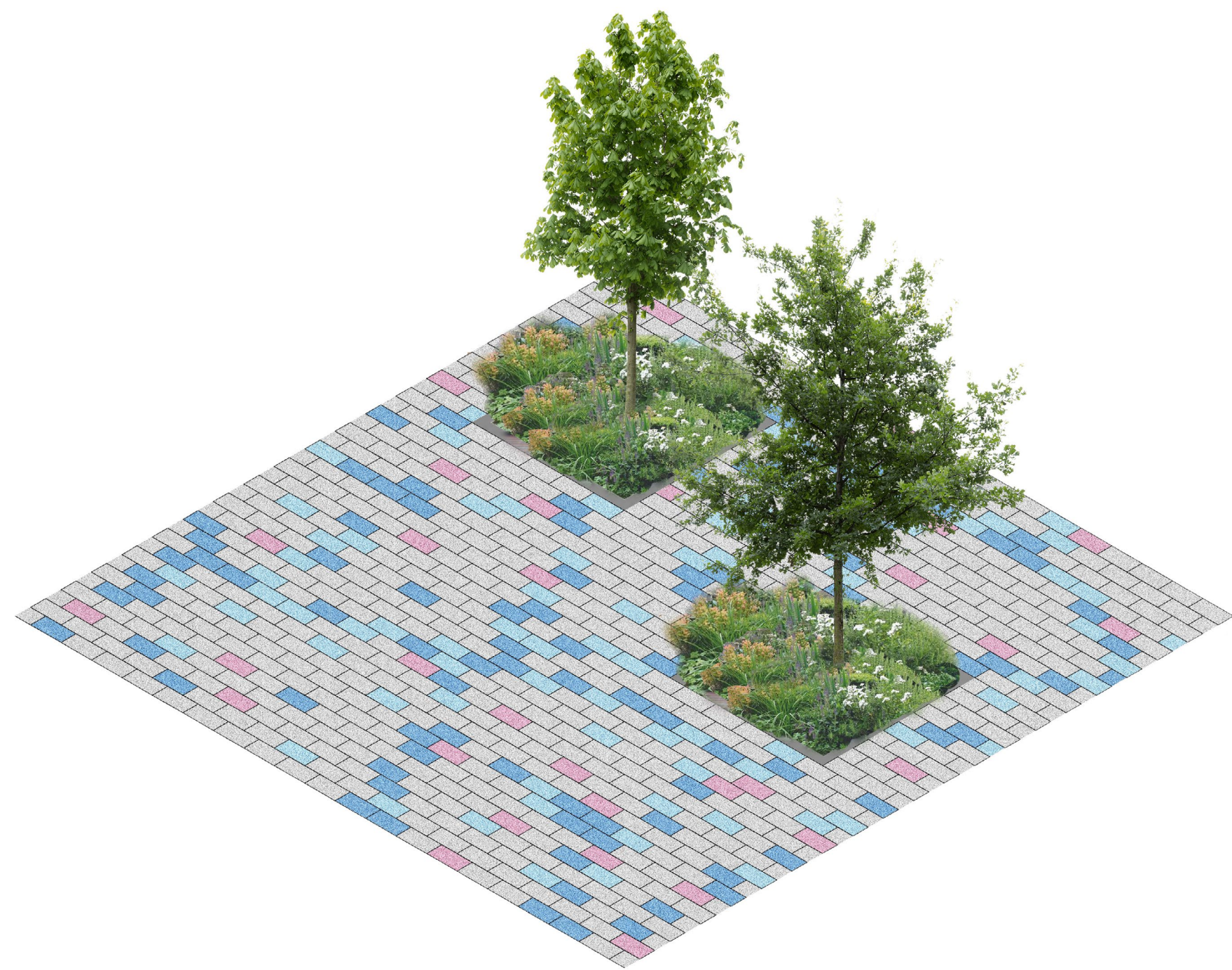




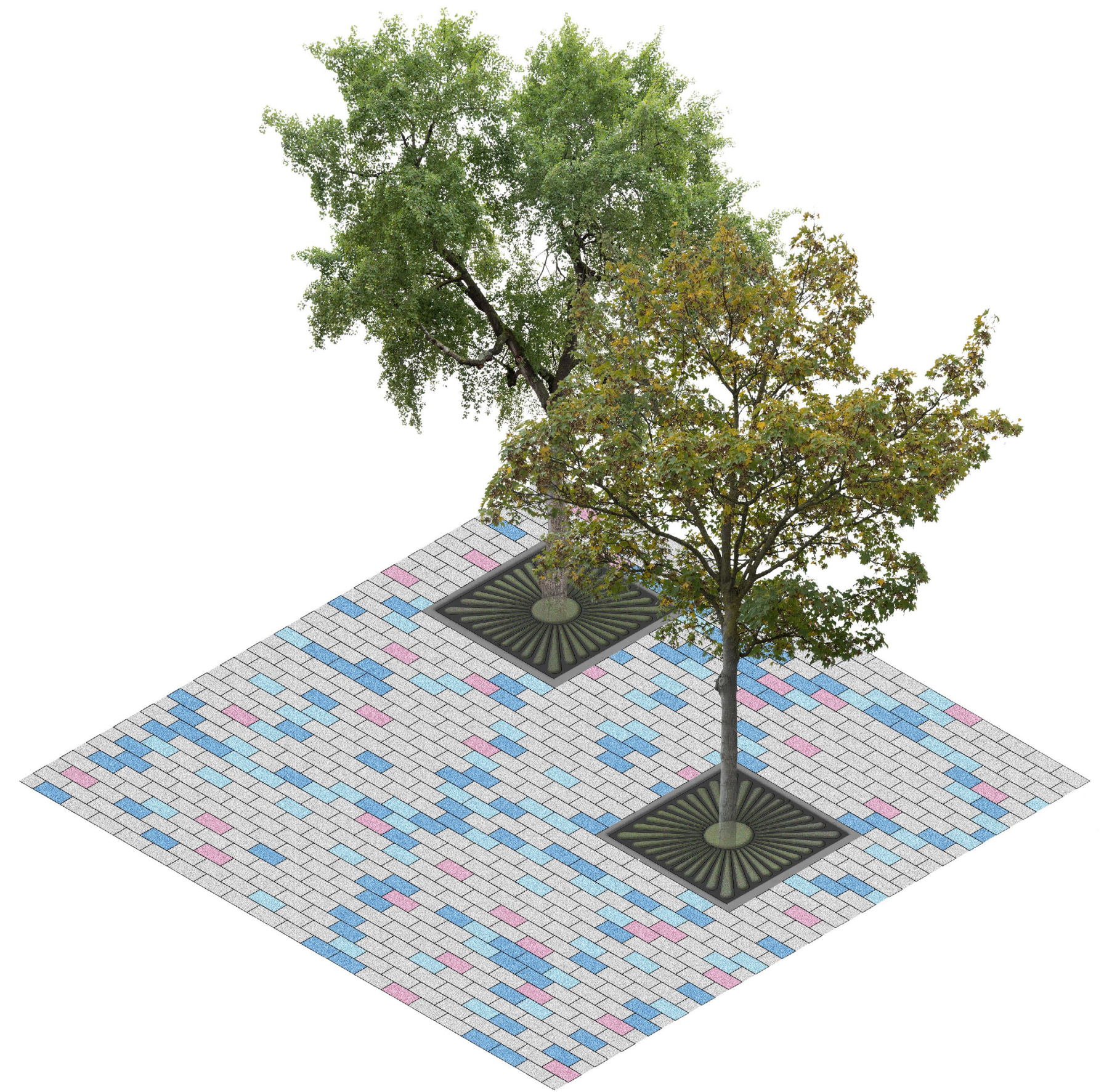


**Identity for the neighbourhood**





*Initial stage*



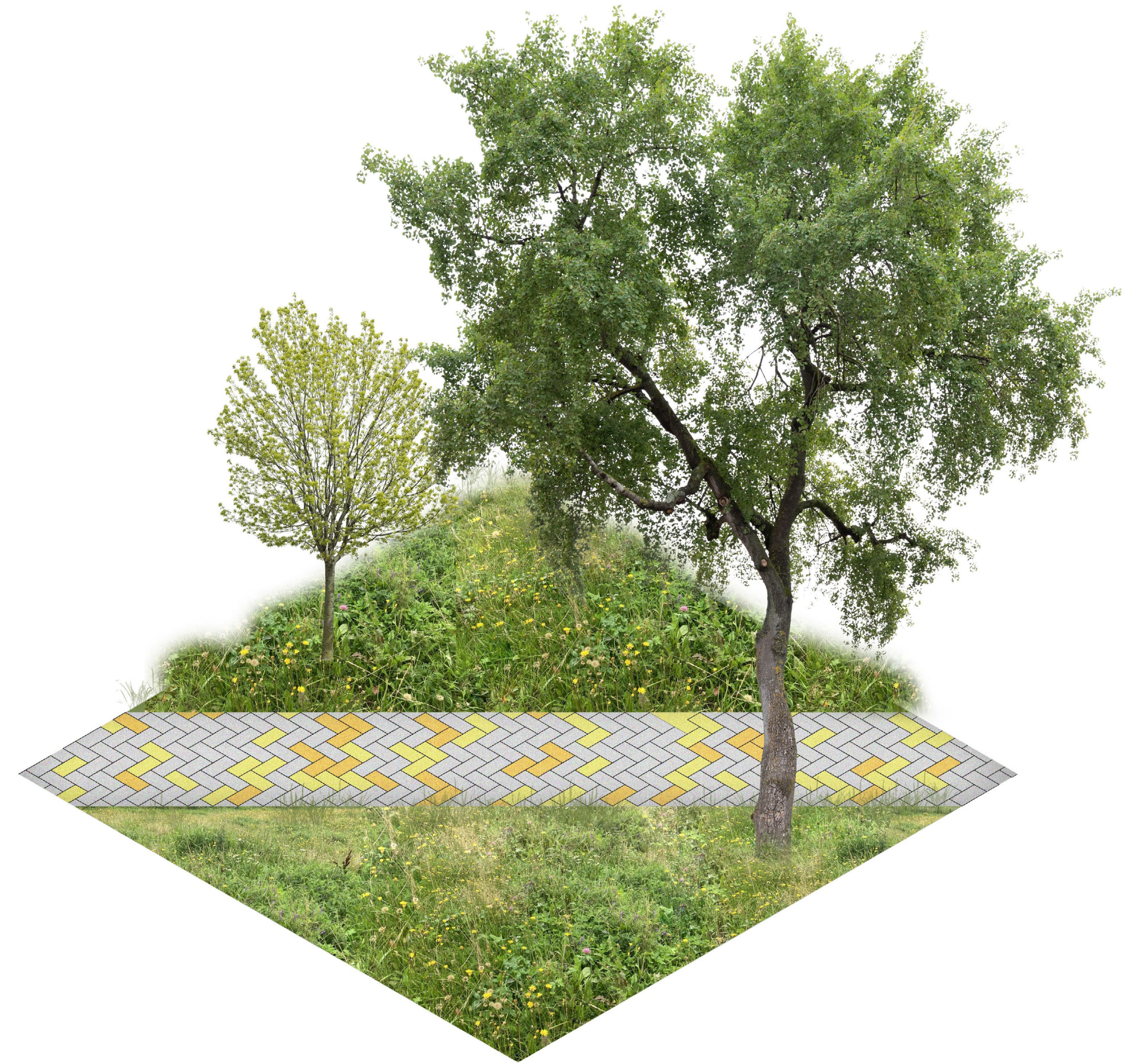
*Over time*

**Paved areas**





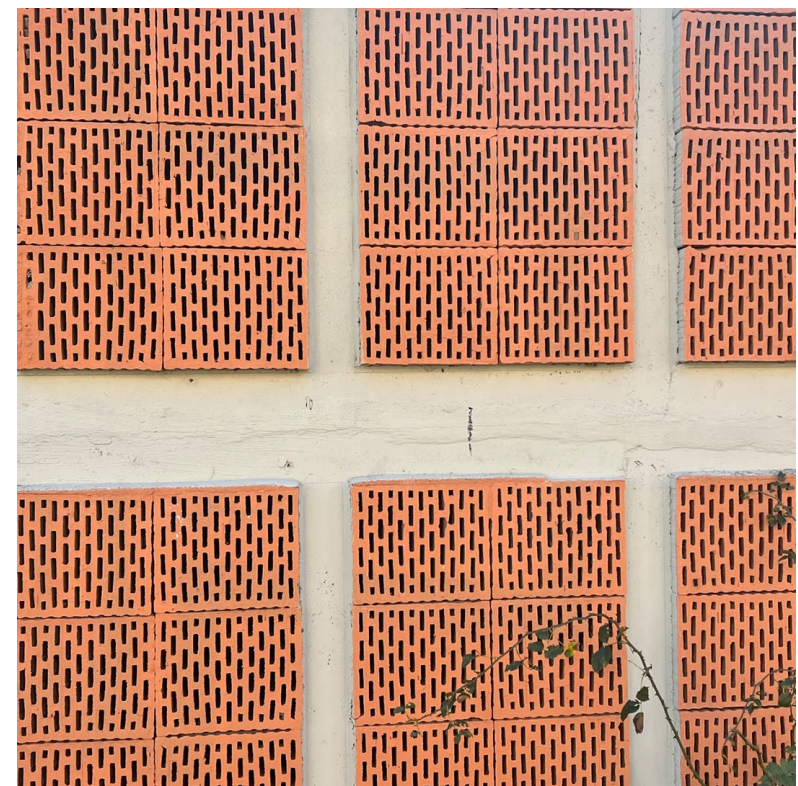
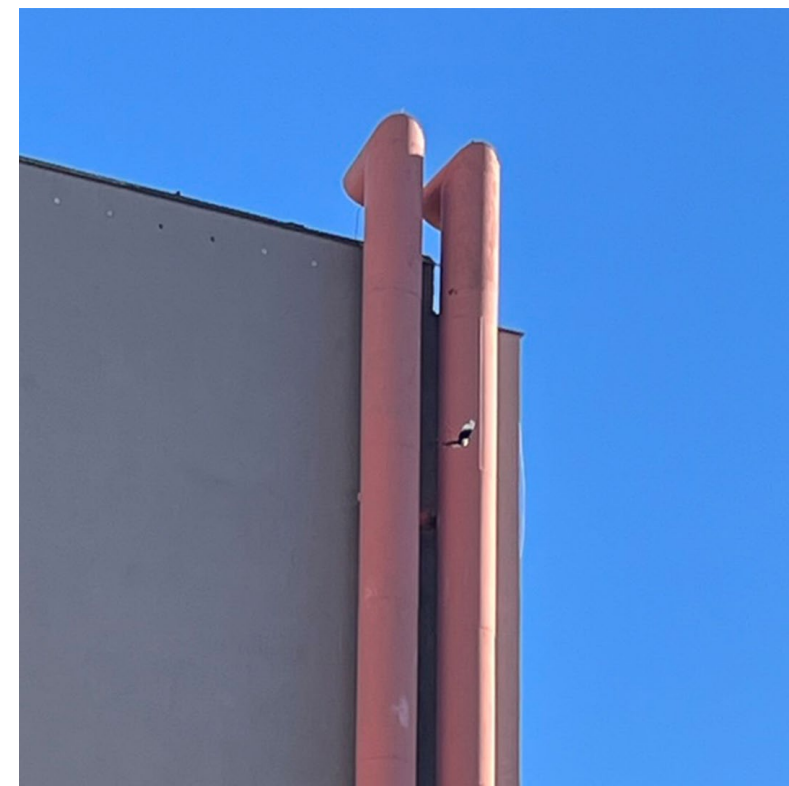
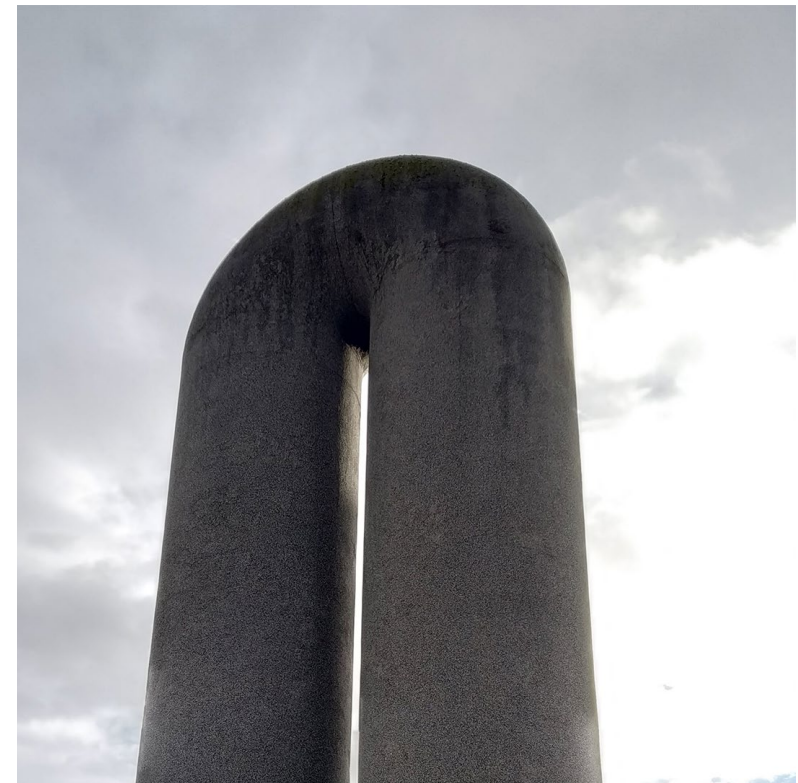
*Initial stage*



*Over time*

**Unpaved areas**





Elements, inspiration





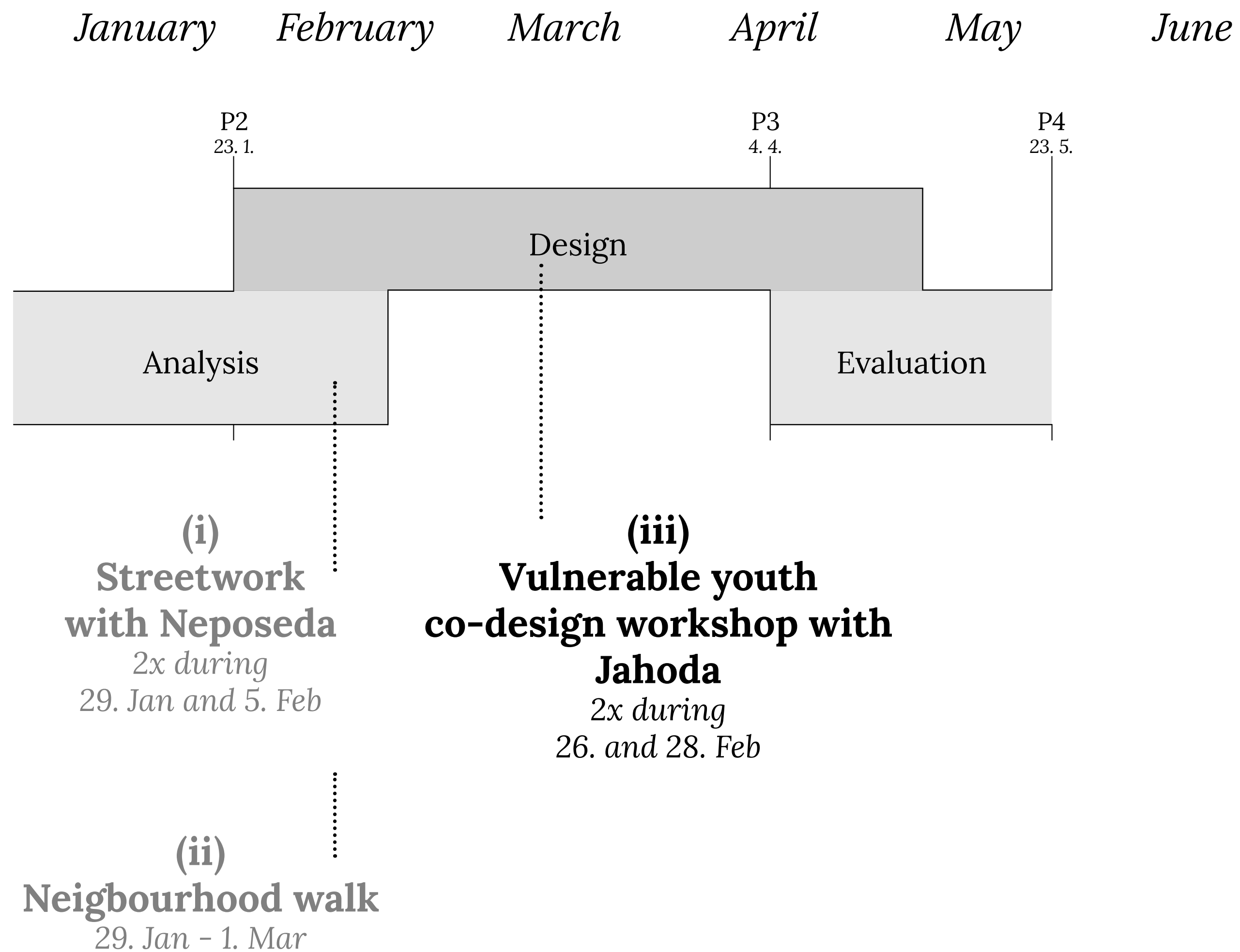
**Identity for the neighbourhood**



*Co-design*

---



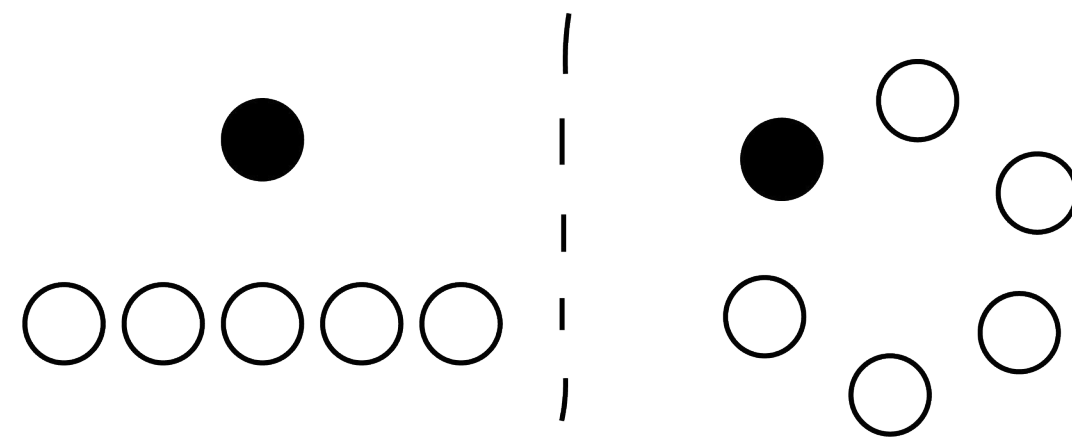


**Participation with teenagers at risk**

**Jahoda z.ú.**  
Low-threshold club

**Timeline**

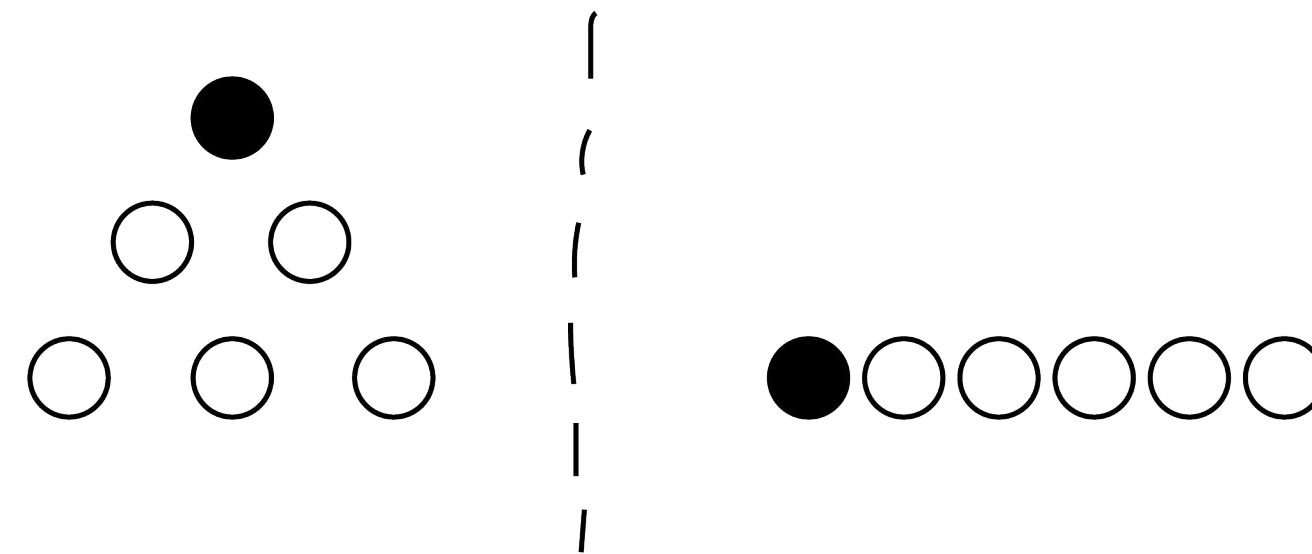




There is a difference **between executing participation and having the real power and agency** needed to influence the outcome of the project.

Much of what is presented as participatory **is closer to educating and informing people and securing their support for plans** rather than giving them a **genuine voice to change things**.





*Pre-existing **power relations** have a tendency to persist in participation despite the claims that they promote bottom-up decision-making.*

*That is why **power is of fundamental importance** and has to be very explicitly taken into account when considering the objective of participation.*



**Vulnerable youth co-design workshop  
in collaboration with local NGO**

26. and 28. Febraury



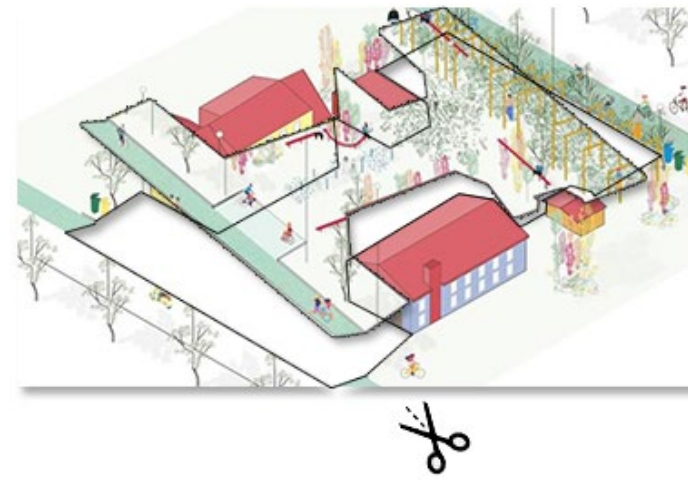


### Analysis



1) Locating positives and negatives, brainstorming things we miss in the location

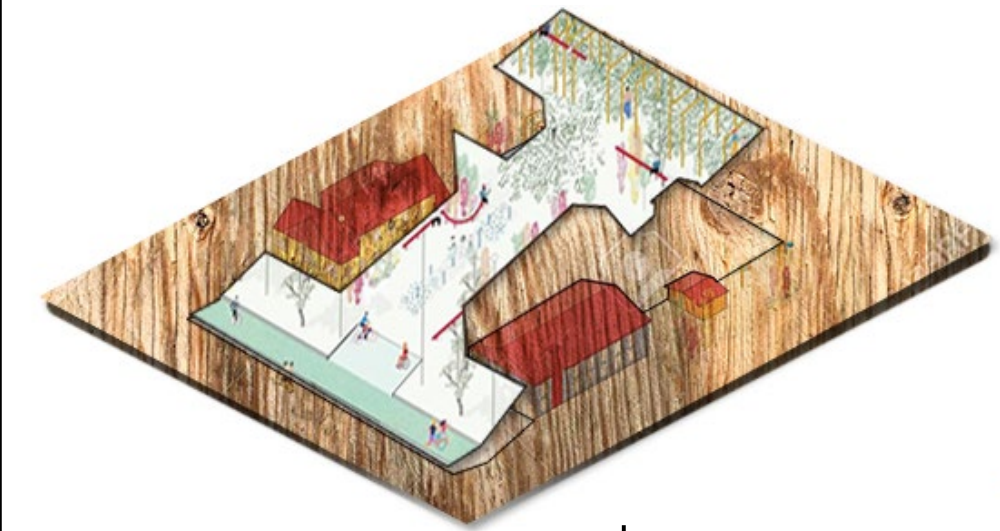
### Design



2) Drawing ideas into a simple axonometry

3) Cut out the plan

### Evaluation



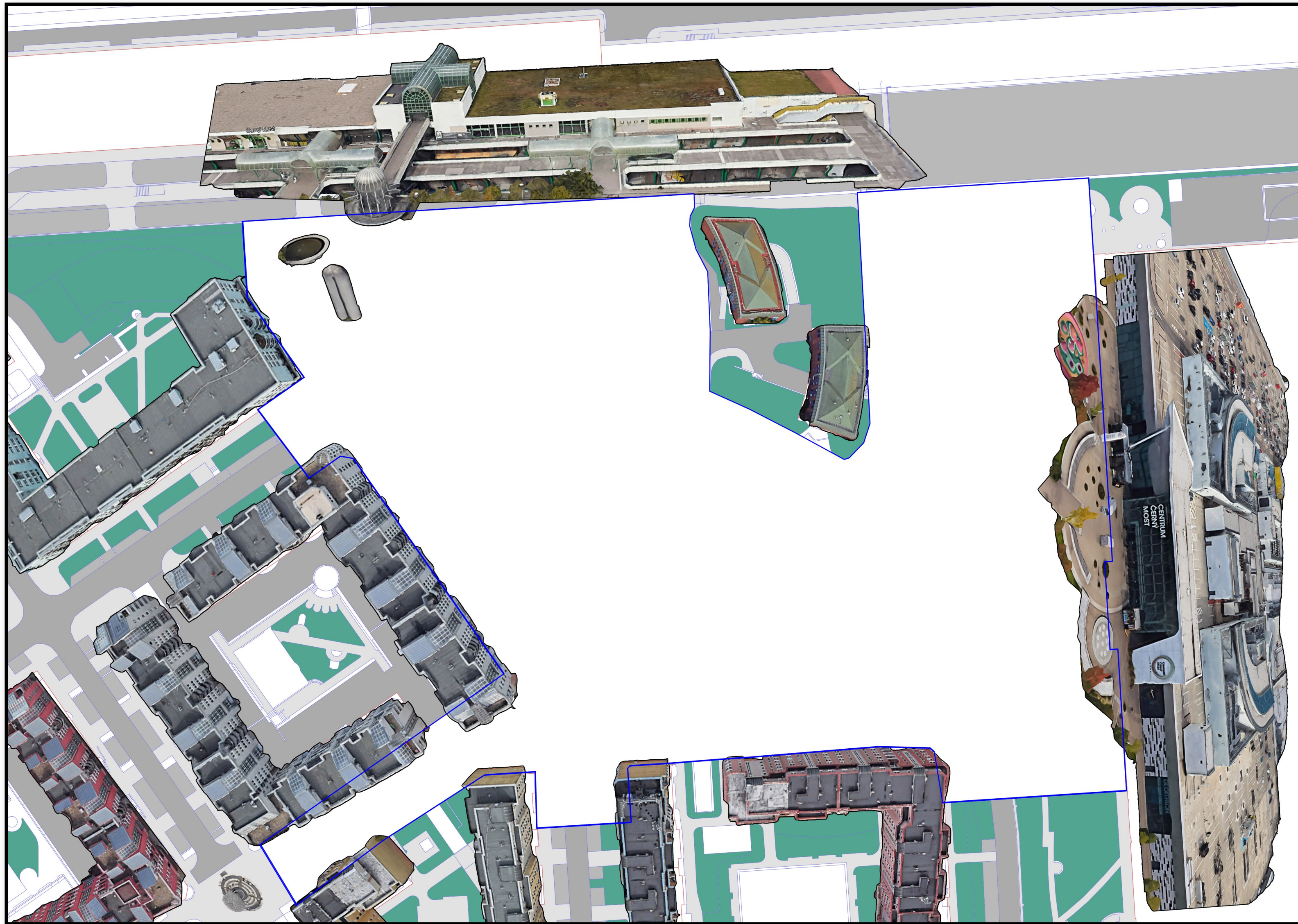
4) Add it into physical model

5) Comparing how the context changes, adding other things, adding 3D trees

### Activities

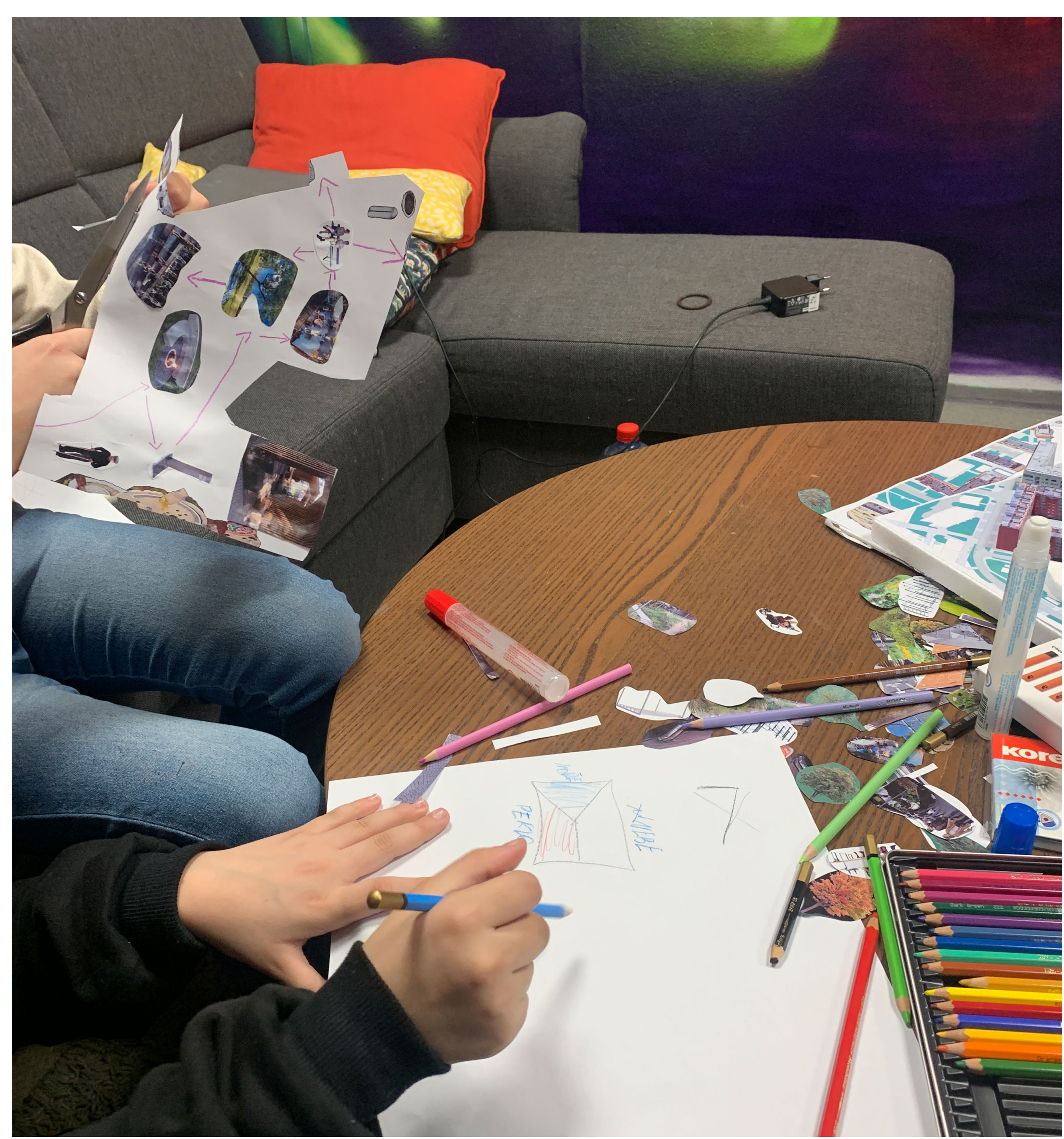
Source: Author





**Location**  
Source: Author





**Process**  
Source: participation





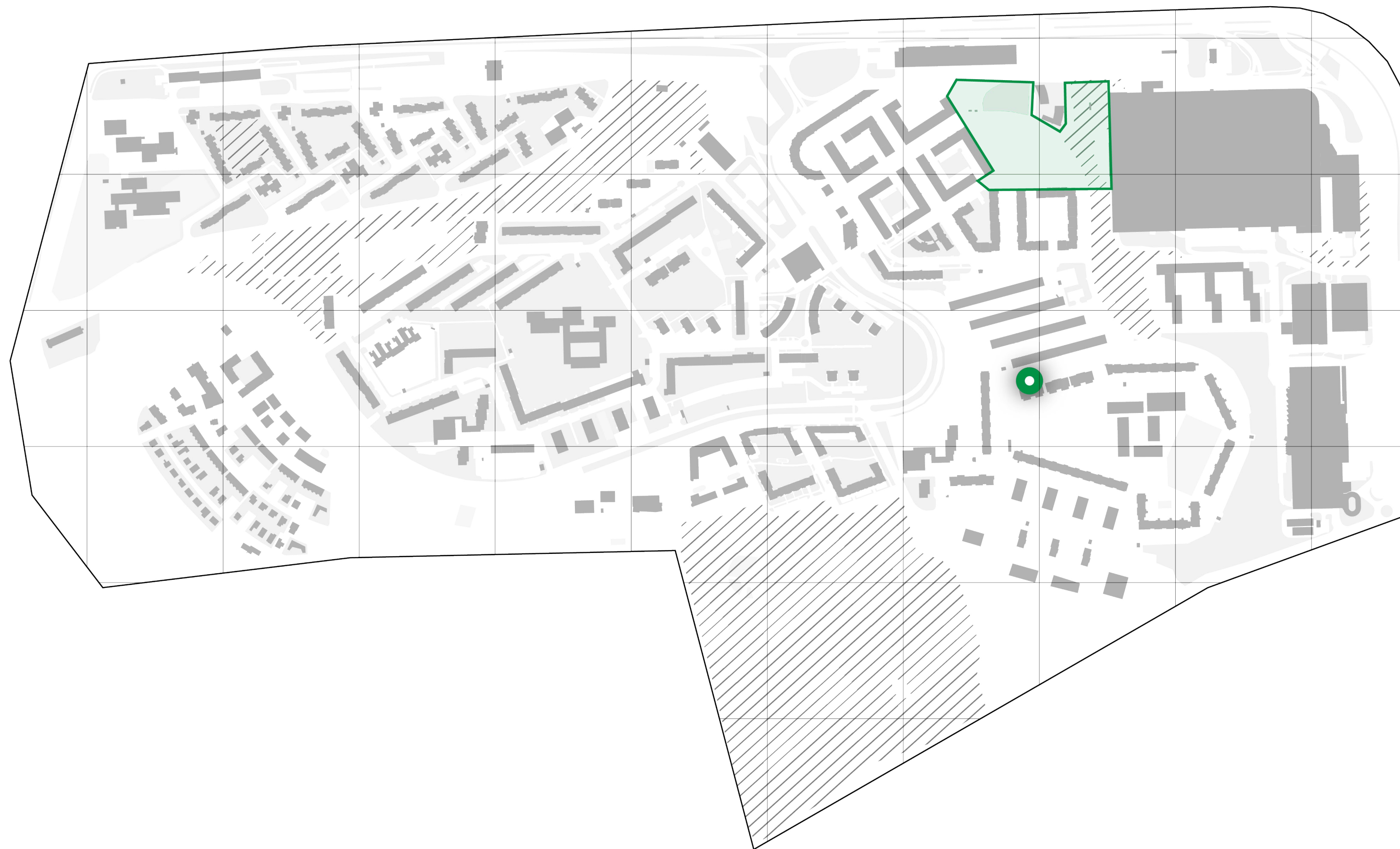
**Process**  
Source: participation





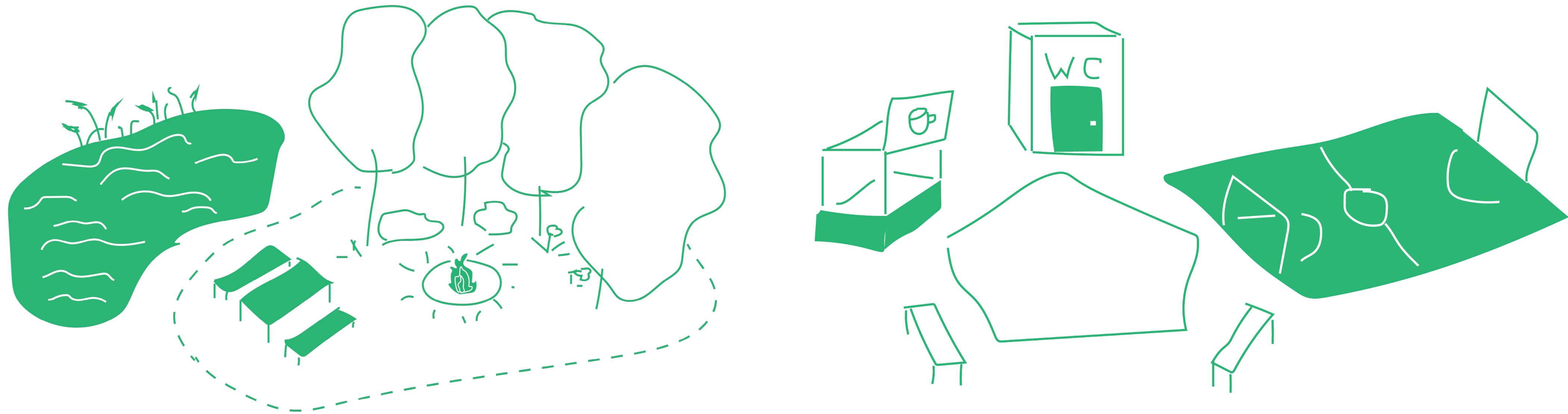
**Desings**  
Source: participation






**Location**  
Source: Author






The most important thing is adding trees, various types of greenery and shade.




One of the first reaction was bringing water, biotopes, fountains and drinking fountains to the area.



The whole site has no energy and happiness. It is grey and is missing colours and optimism. Opportunity.



There is very little to do. Places for culture, for dates, BBQ, picnics, Cafés, seating, gyms...



Perception of a wide range of actors, such as animals and unhoused people. Recognition of conflict. The need for safety. Public toilets, maintenance, drugs.

**General outcomes**

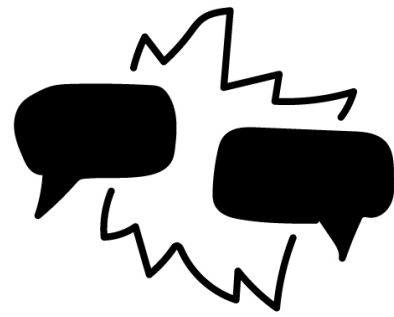
Source: Author



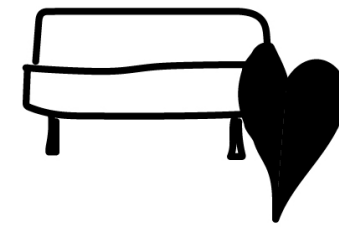
*Location design*

---

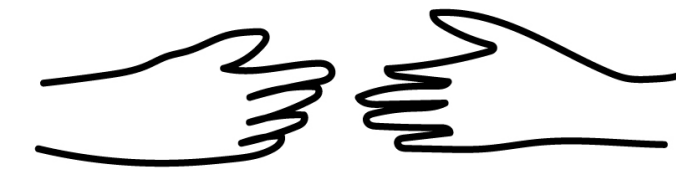




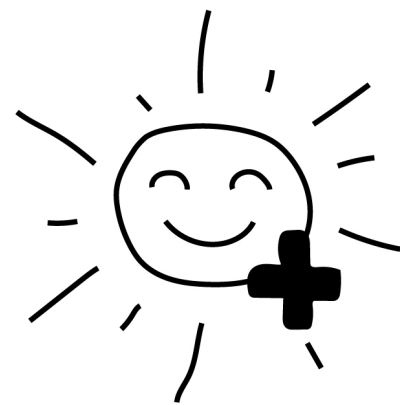
1. | *Dispersing the exposure of the social conflict.*



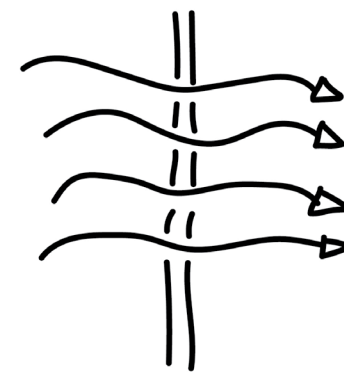
2. | *Creating open, inviting and accessible spaces.*



3. | *Meeting the basic needs of the most vulnerable.*



4. | *Using the wishes of the teenagers.*



5. | *Allowing difference, usage, porosity.*



6. | *Protecting everyone from the climate change.*

## The goals for the design

Source: Author





Ceska

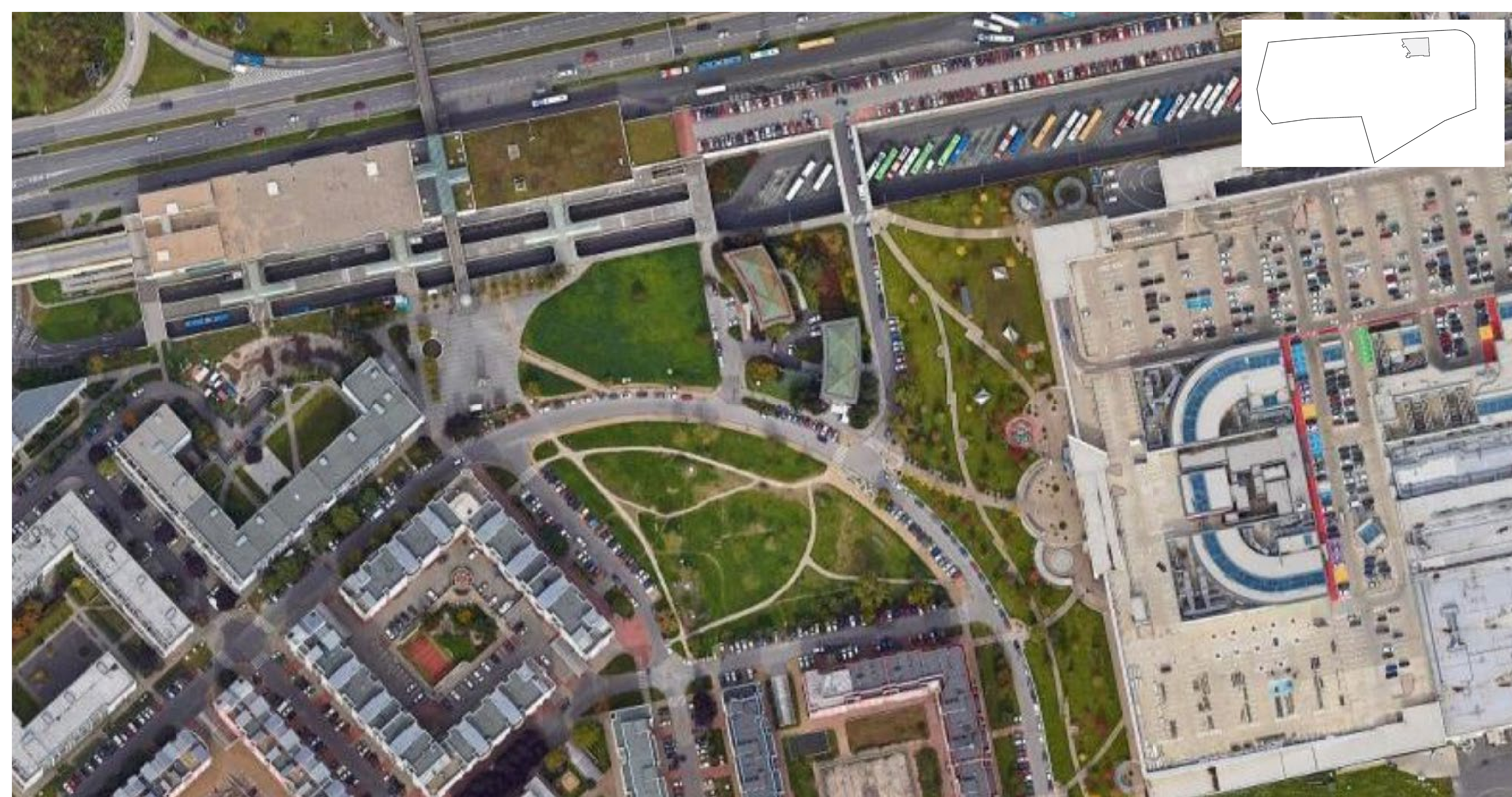
ADLA  
LYZC

KB

DECATHLON

25. Vlna





**Location**

Source: Google Earth

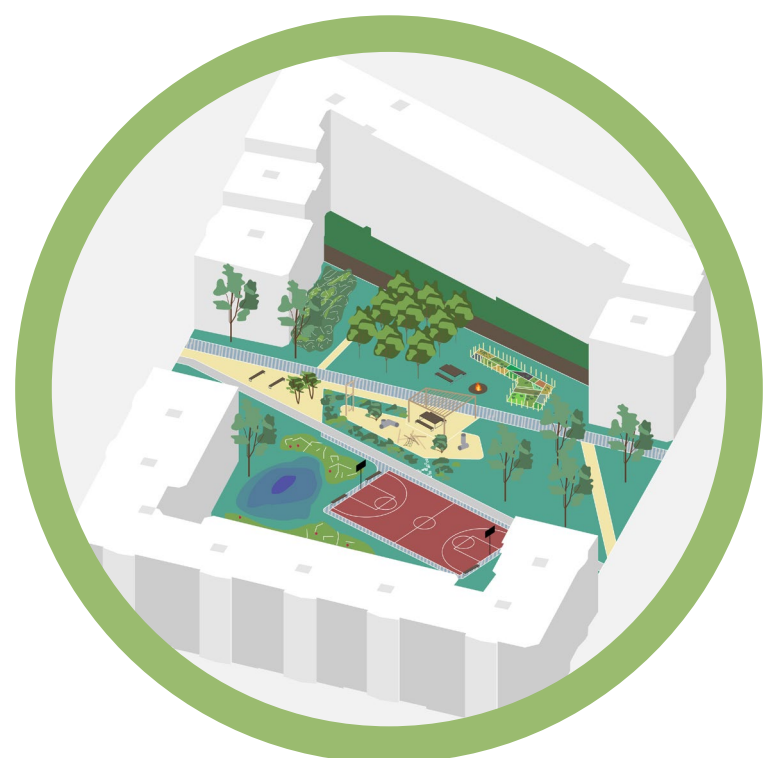
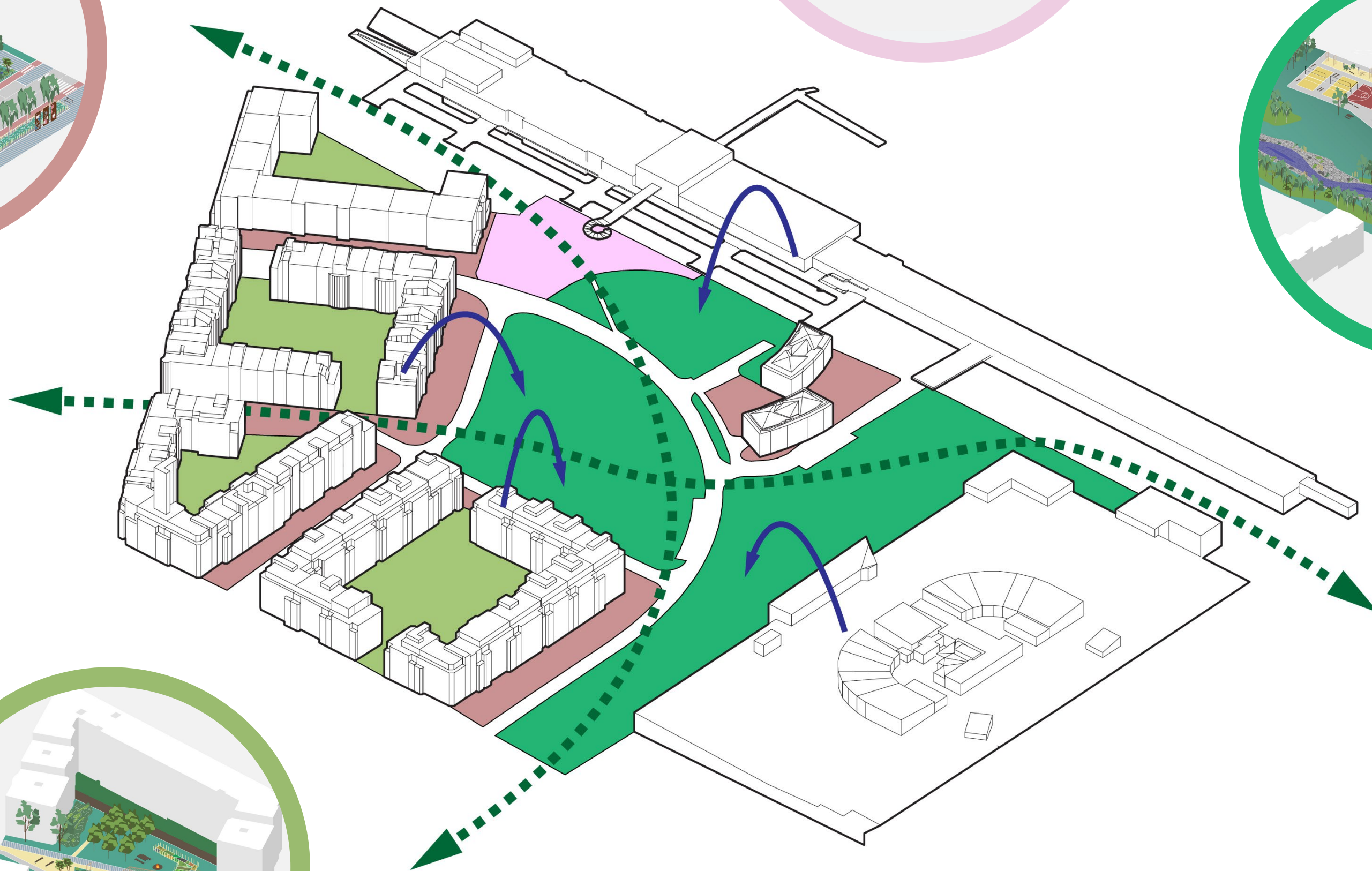
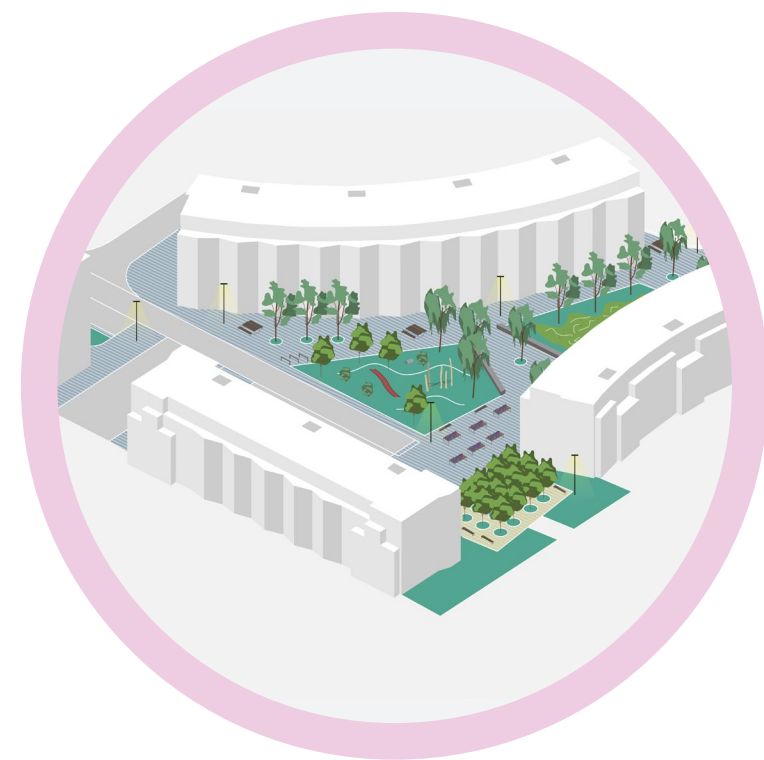




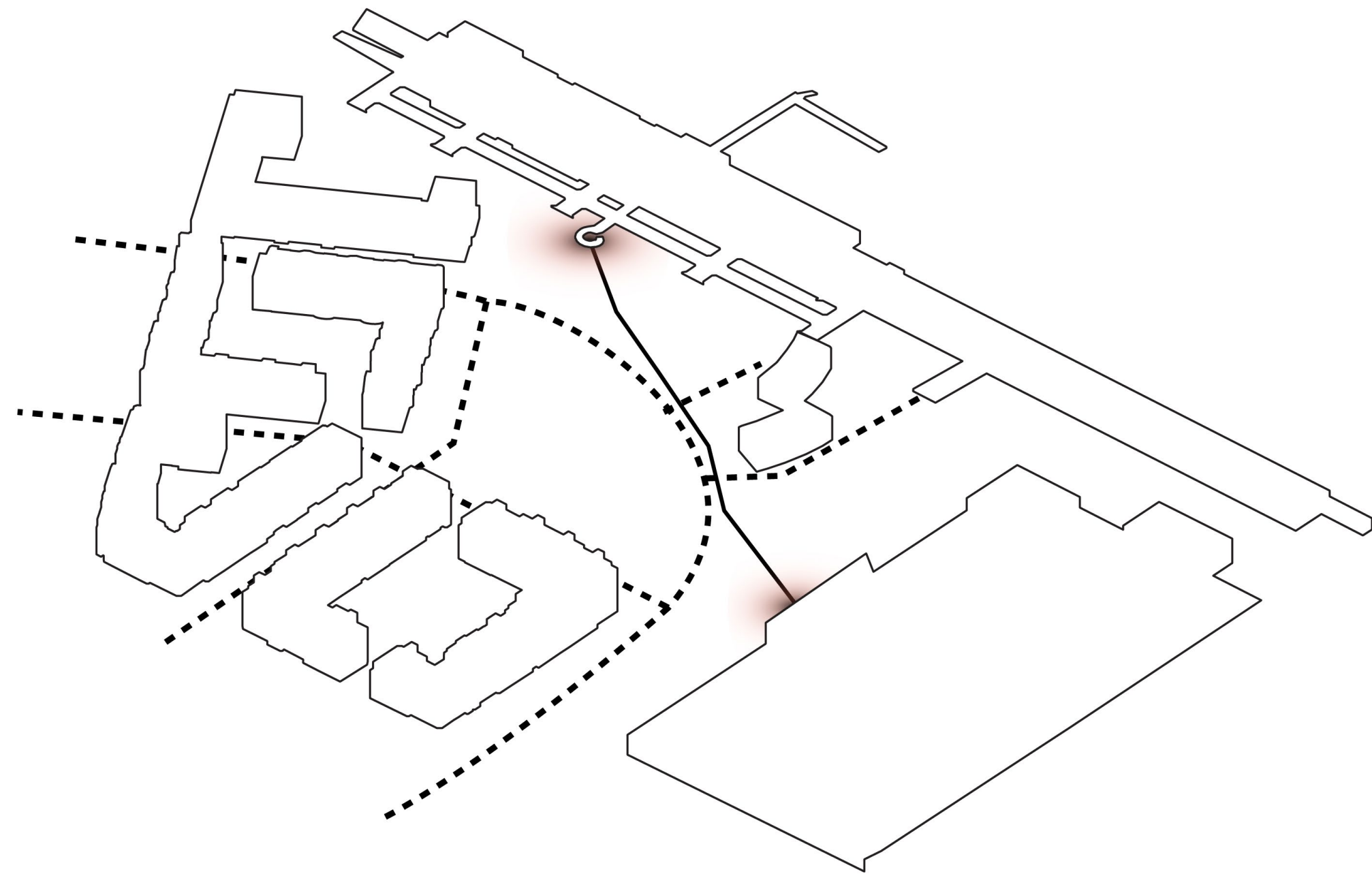
## Location

Source: Author, Google Earth

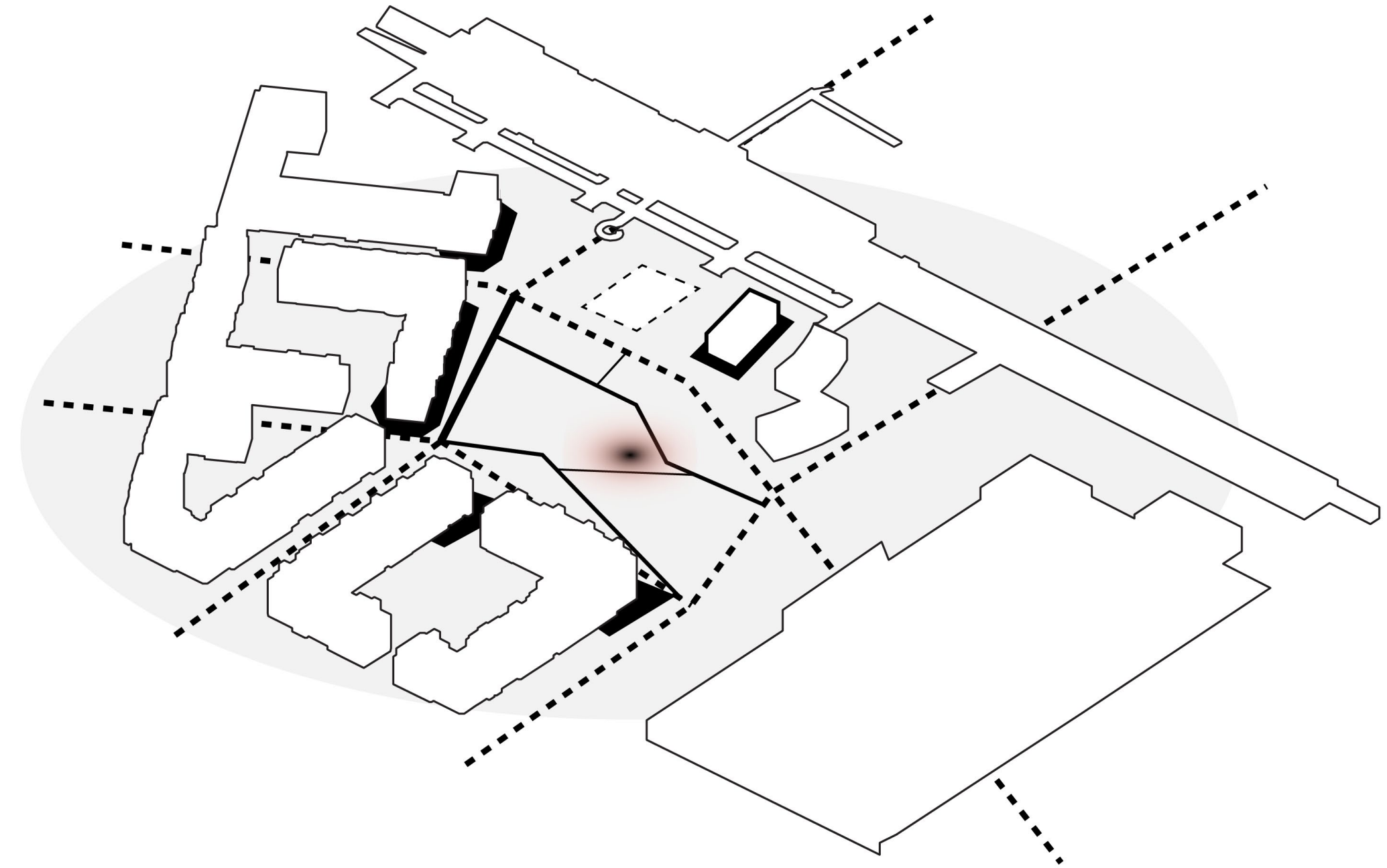






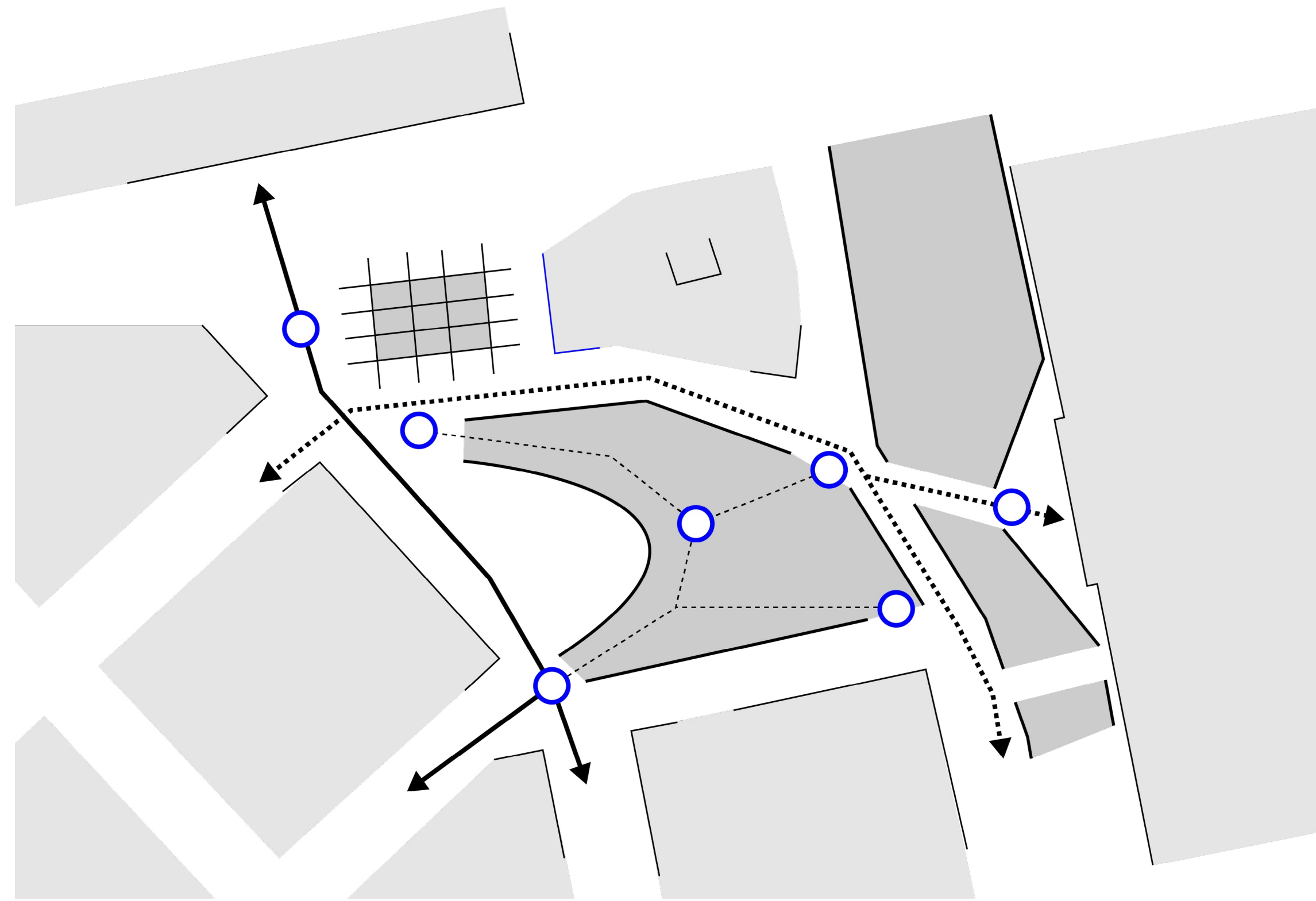


Present situation

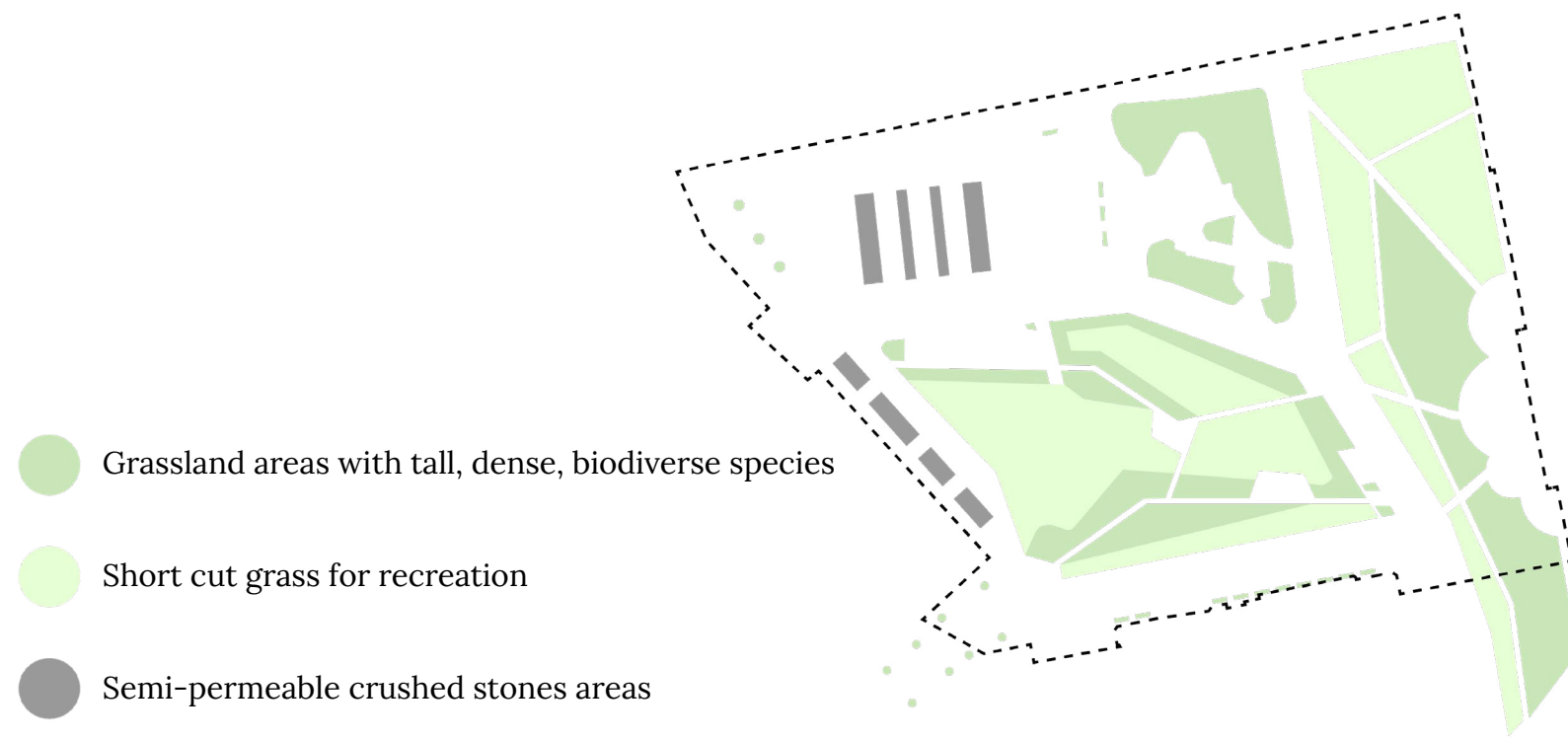


Concept





- Active parts (playground, skatepark, sport)
- Passive parts (calmer areas for sitting)
- Public spaces with higher importance
- Community garden



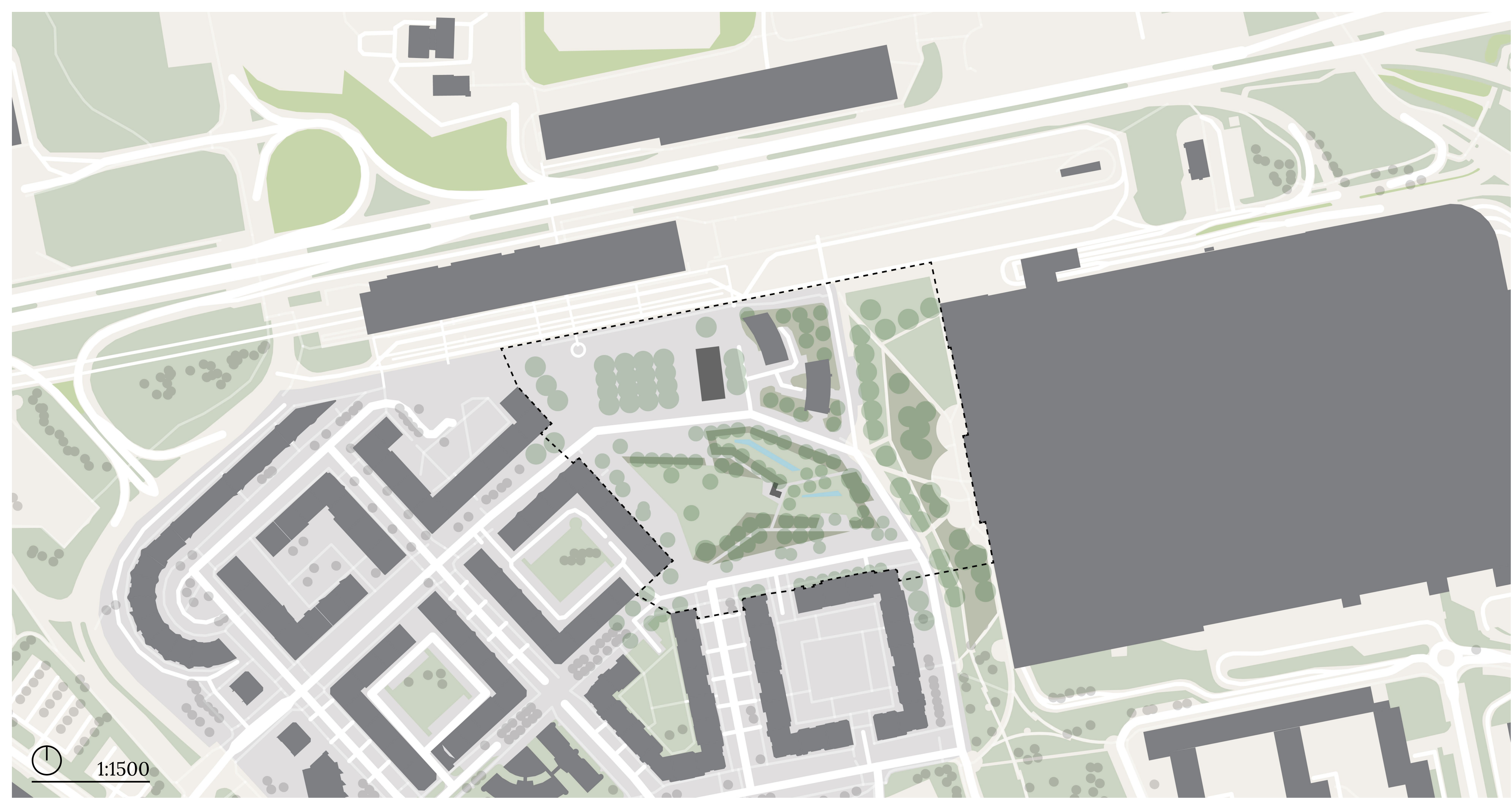
- Grassland areas with tall, dense, biodiverse species
- Short cut grass for recreation
- Semi-permeable crushed stones areas
- Water surfaces for storing rain water



- Fraxinus excelsior
- Acer campestre
- Sorbus aucuparia
- Tilia europaea
- Betula pendula

**Concept**  
Source: Author

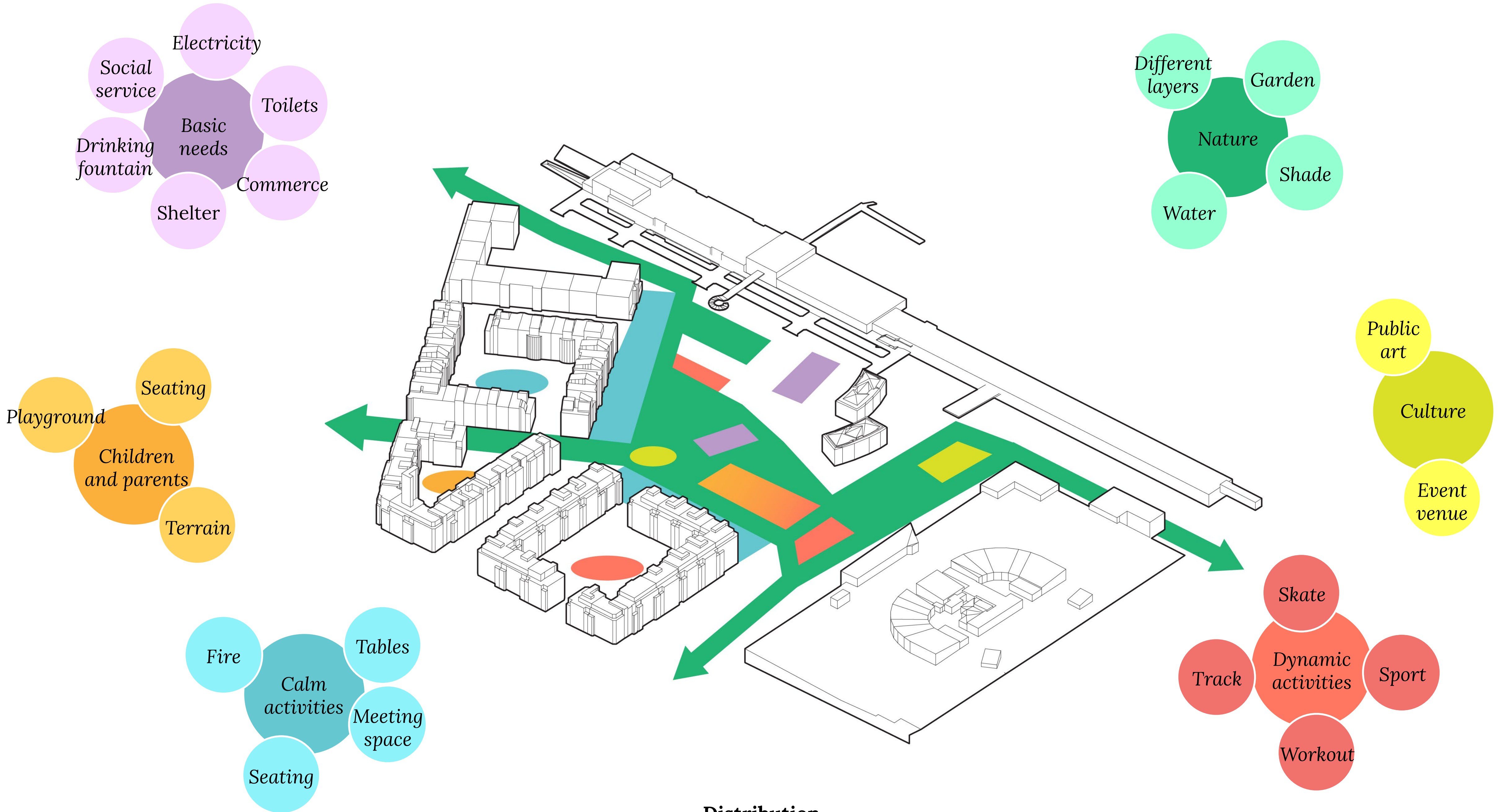




**Broader relations**

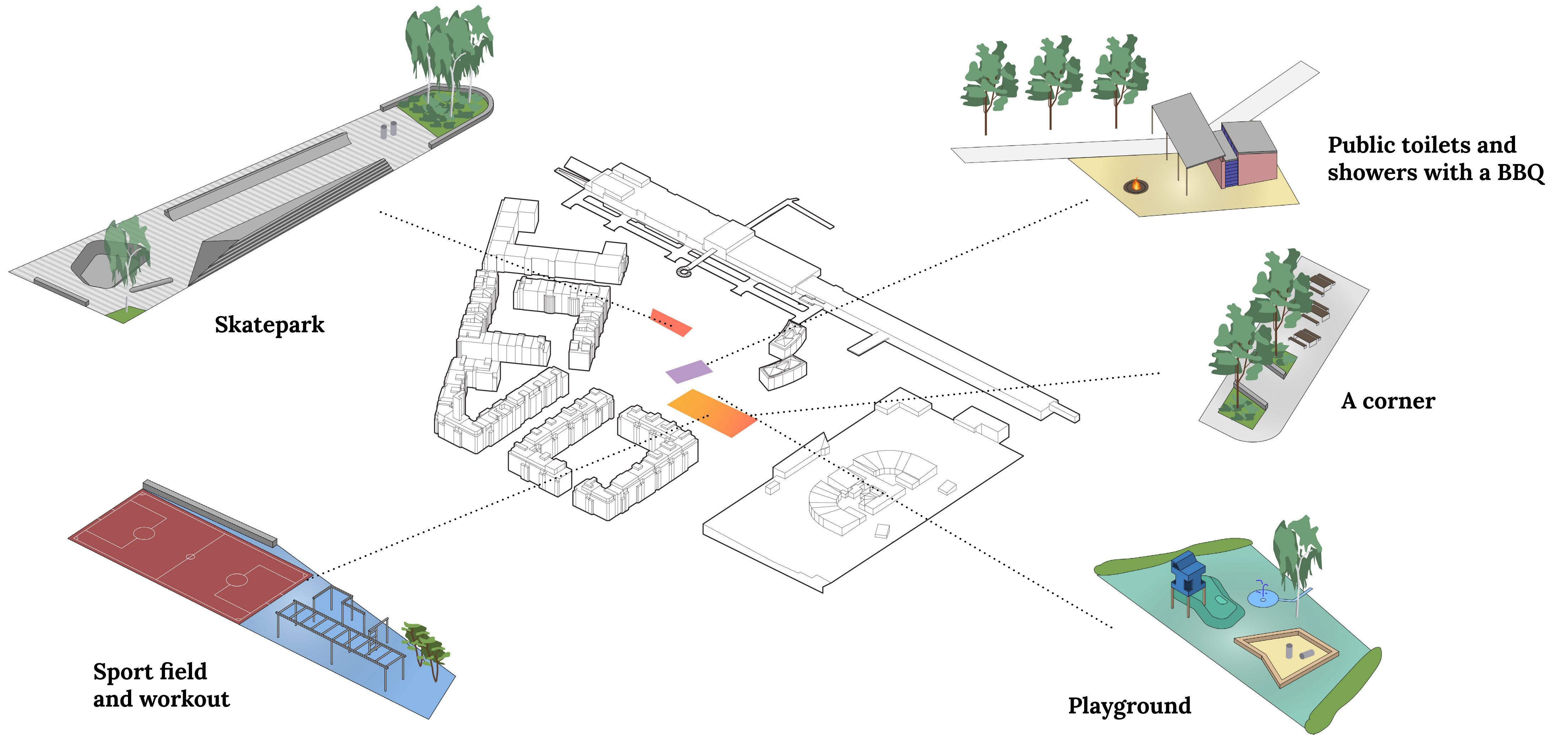
Source: Author





**Distribution**  
Source: Author





**Locations**  
Source: Author





**Axonometry**  
Source: Author



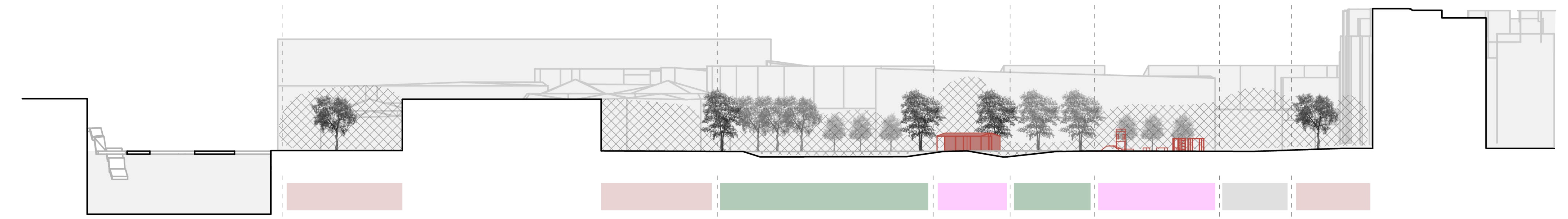
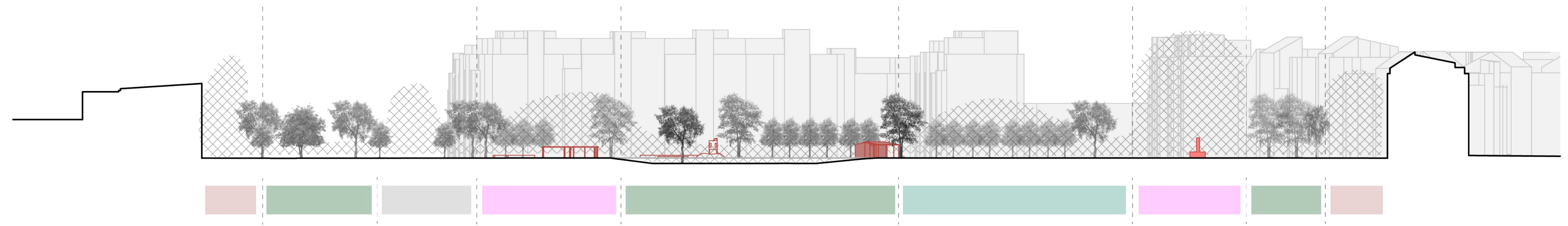


1:500

### Siteplan

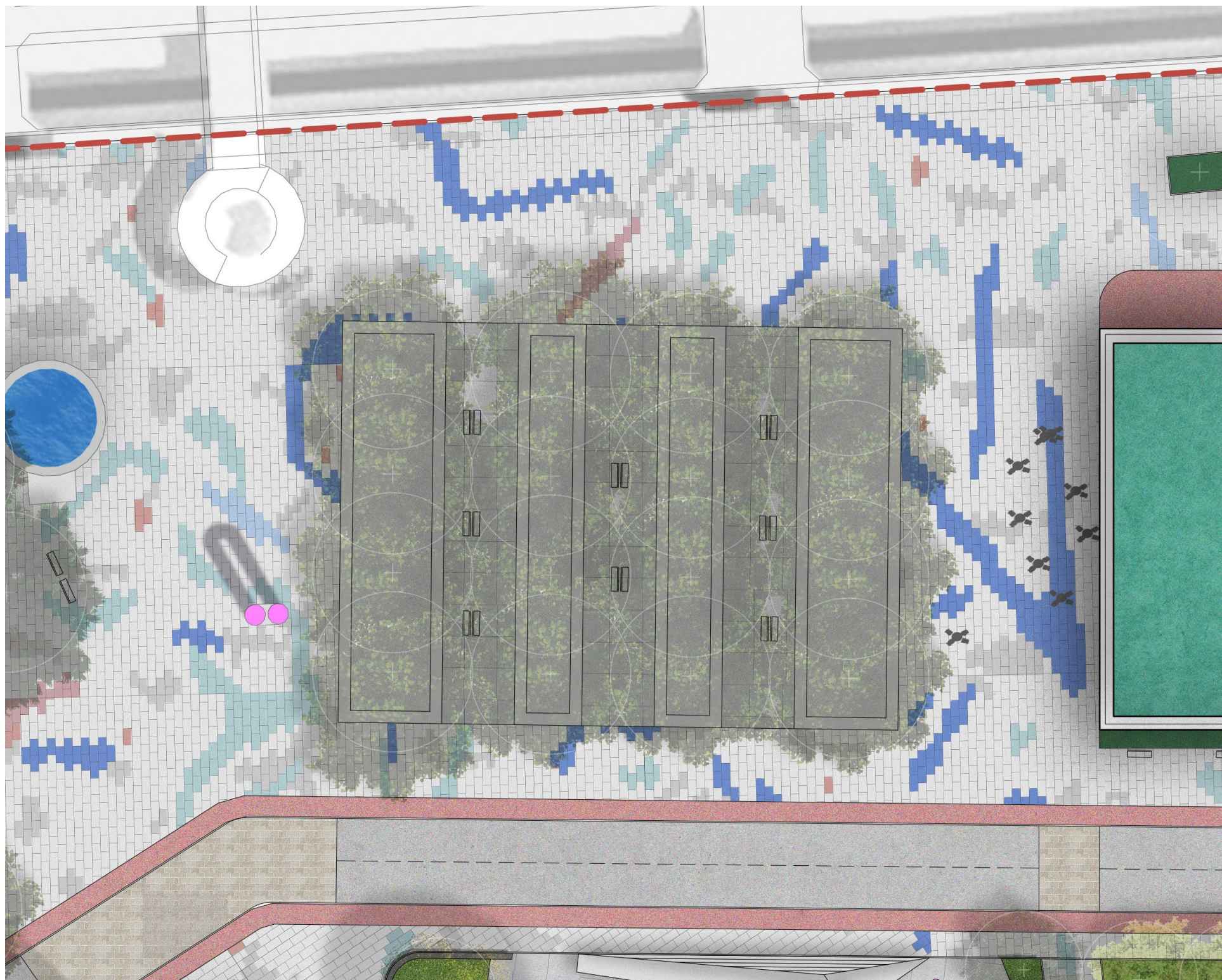
Source: Author





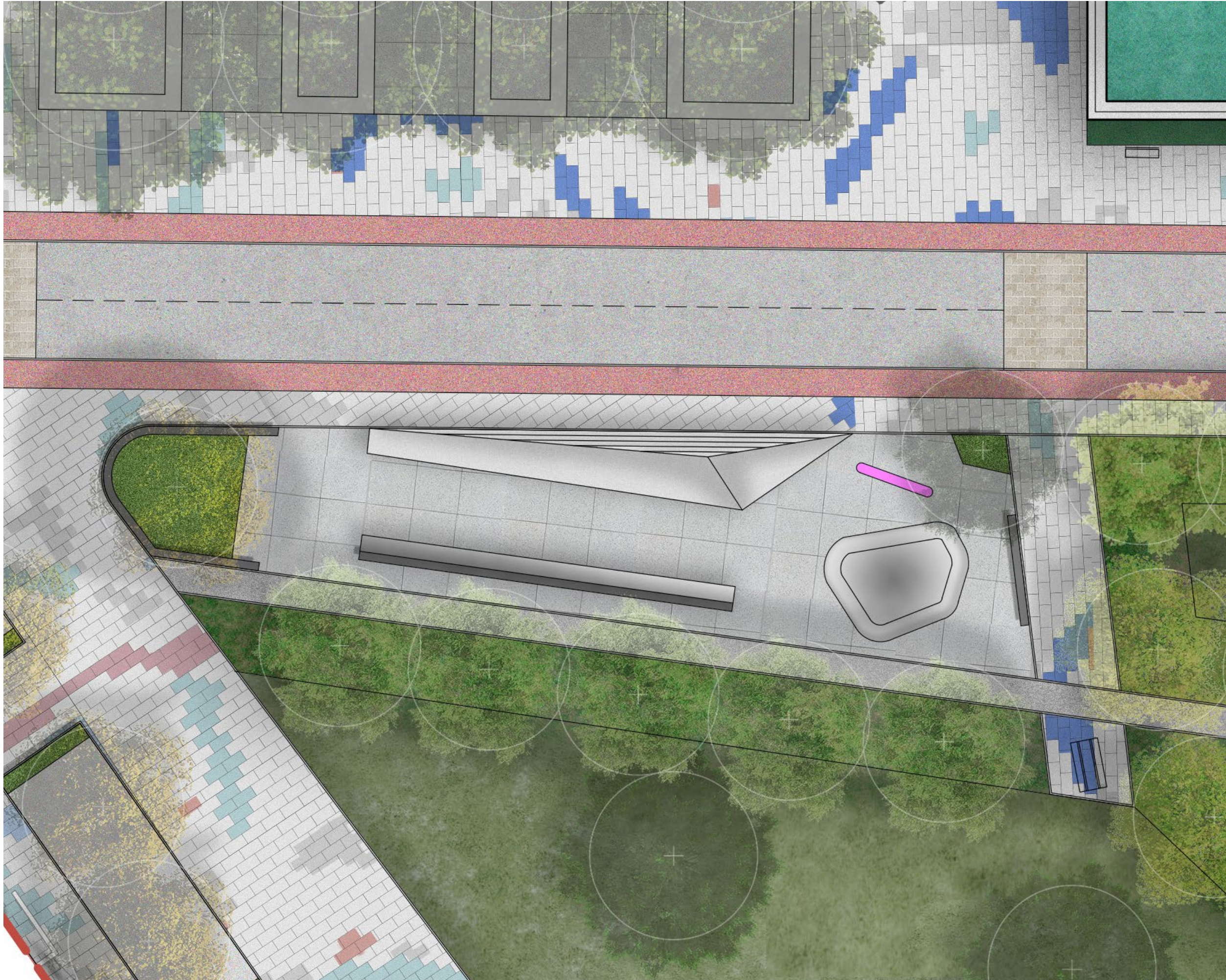
**Sections**  
Source: Author





**Bosquet gradient**  
Source: Author



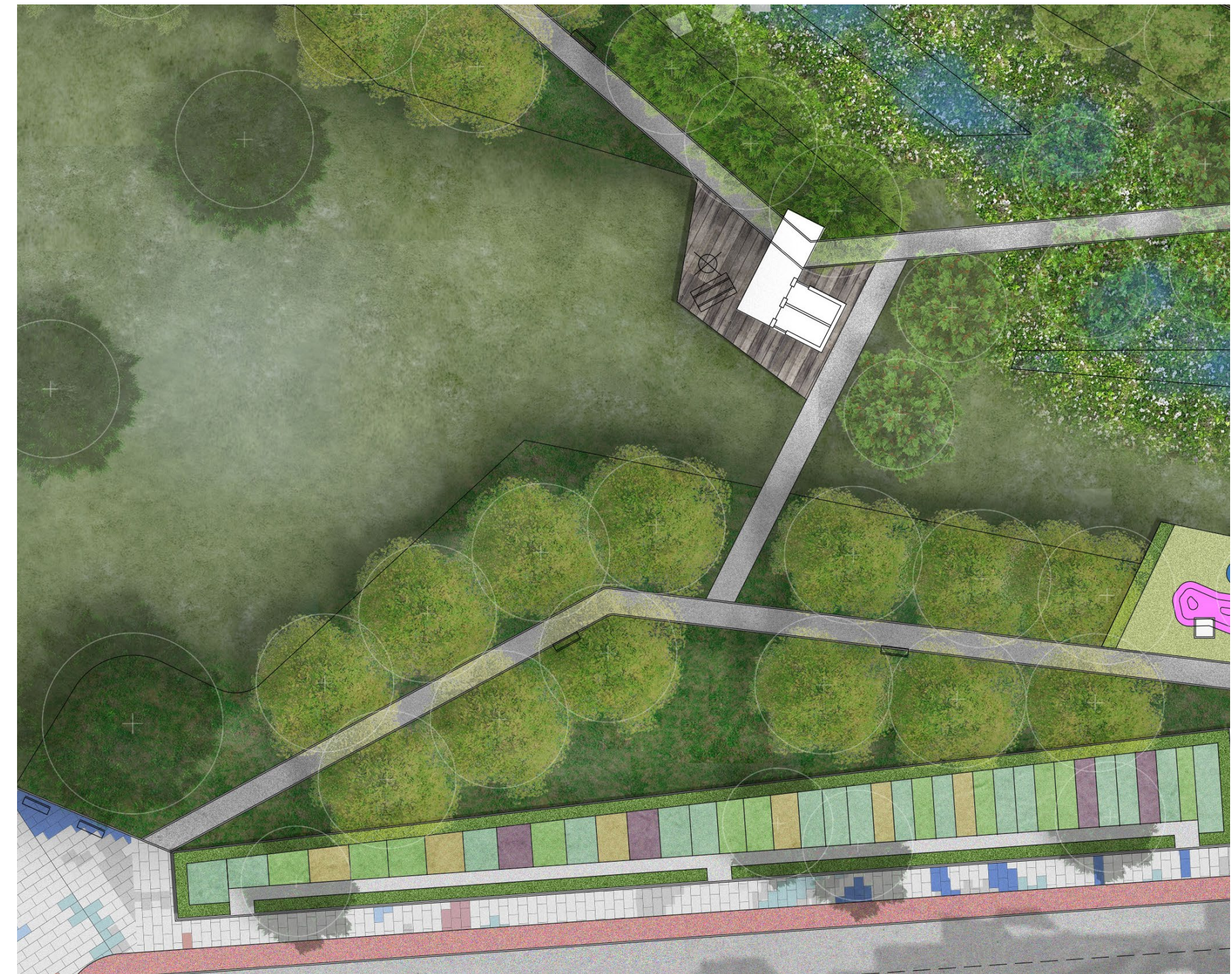






**View into the park**  
Source: Author





**Inside outside gradient**

Source: Author





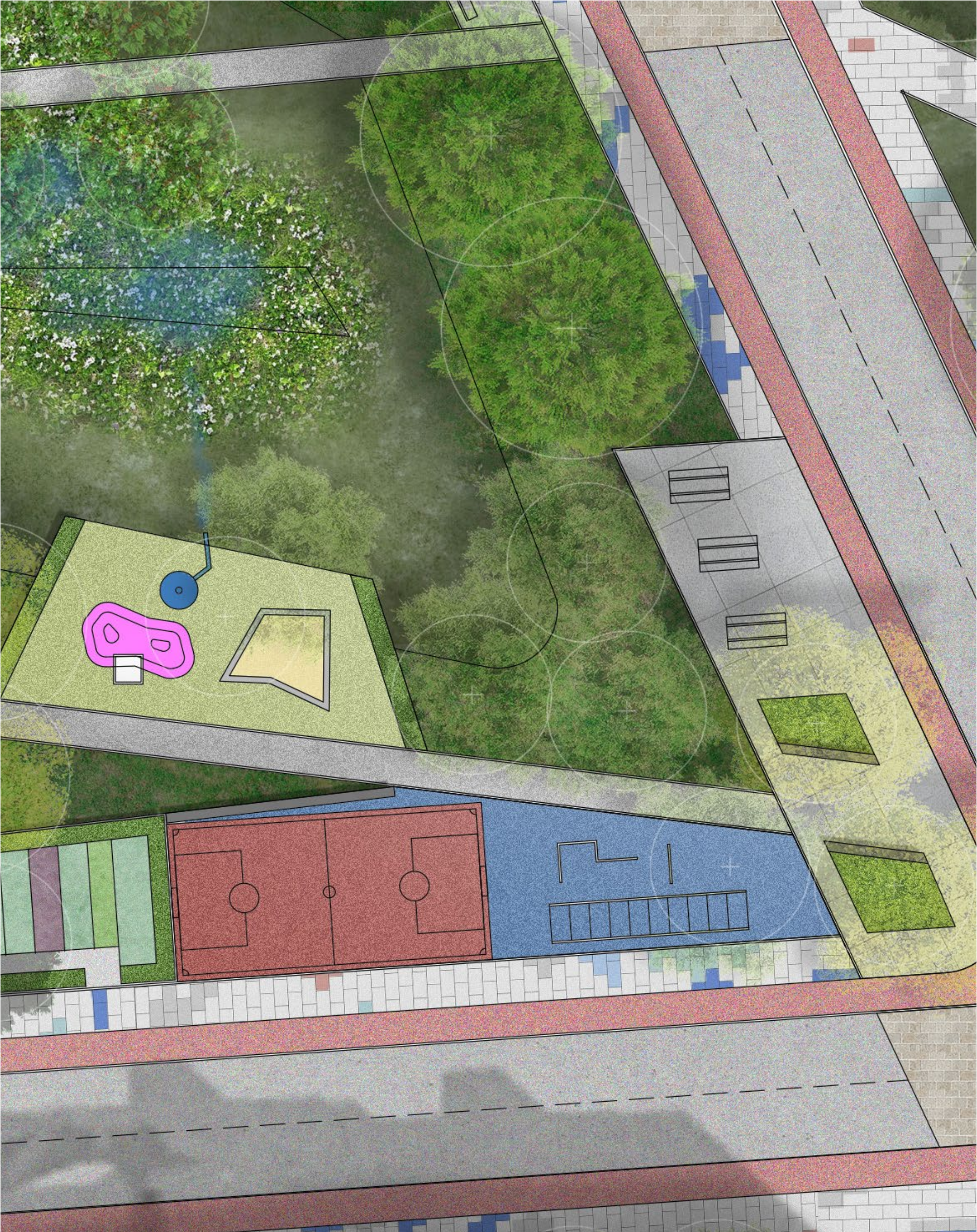
**Heart of the park**

Source: Author









**Spaces next to each other**

Source: Author

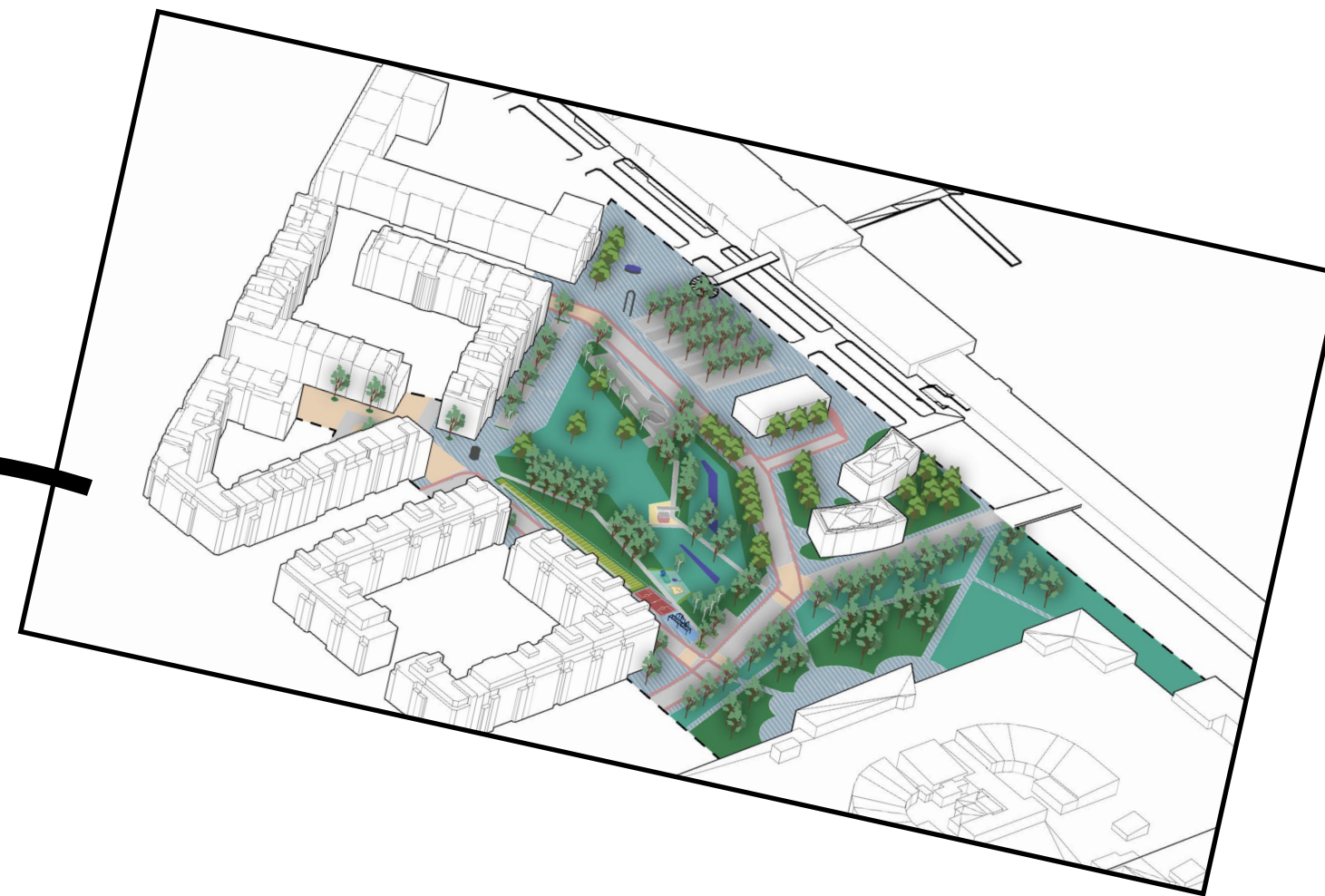
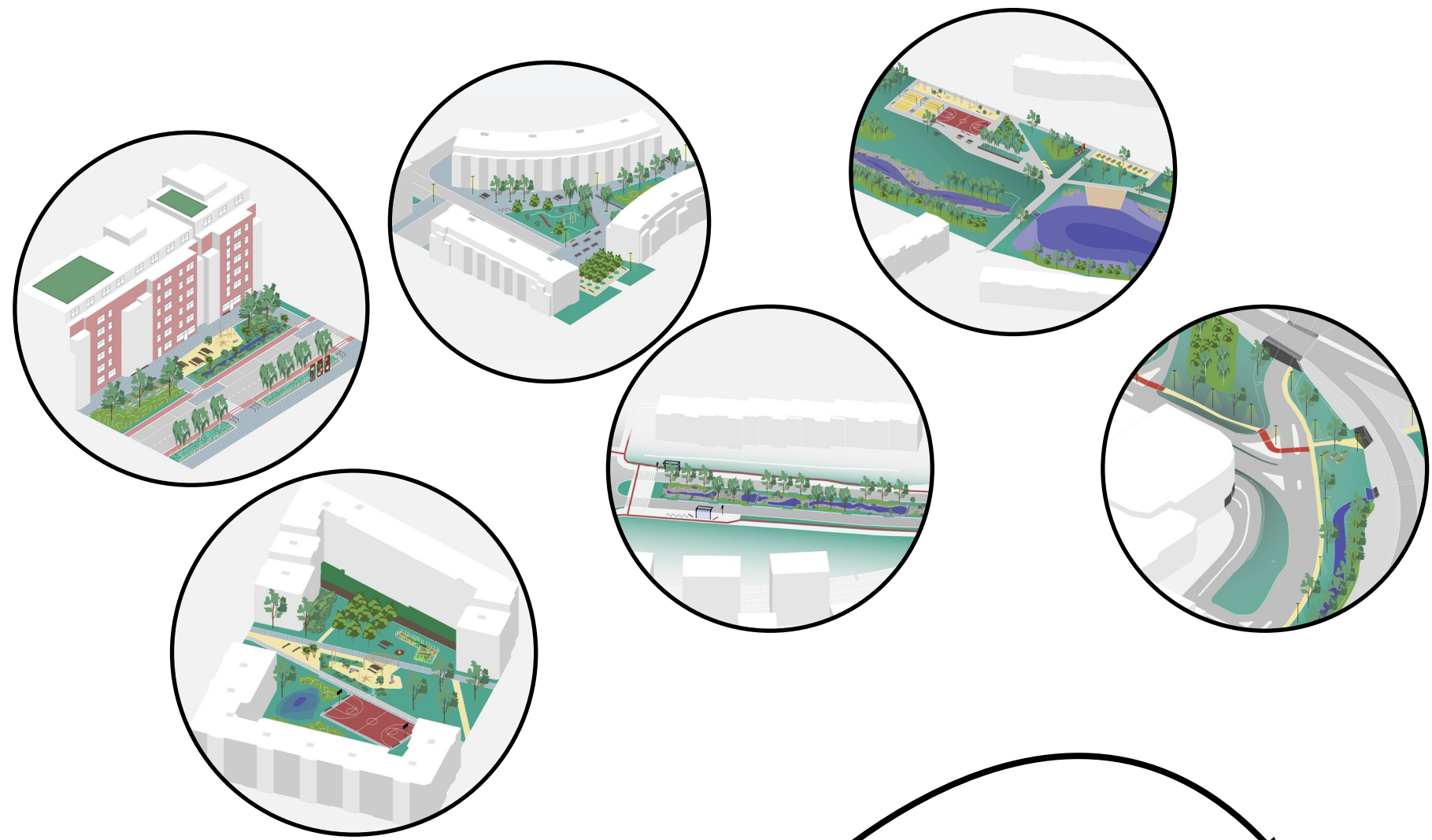




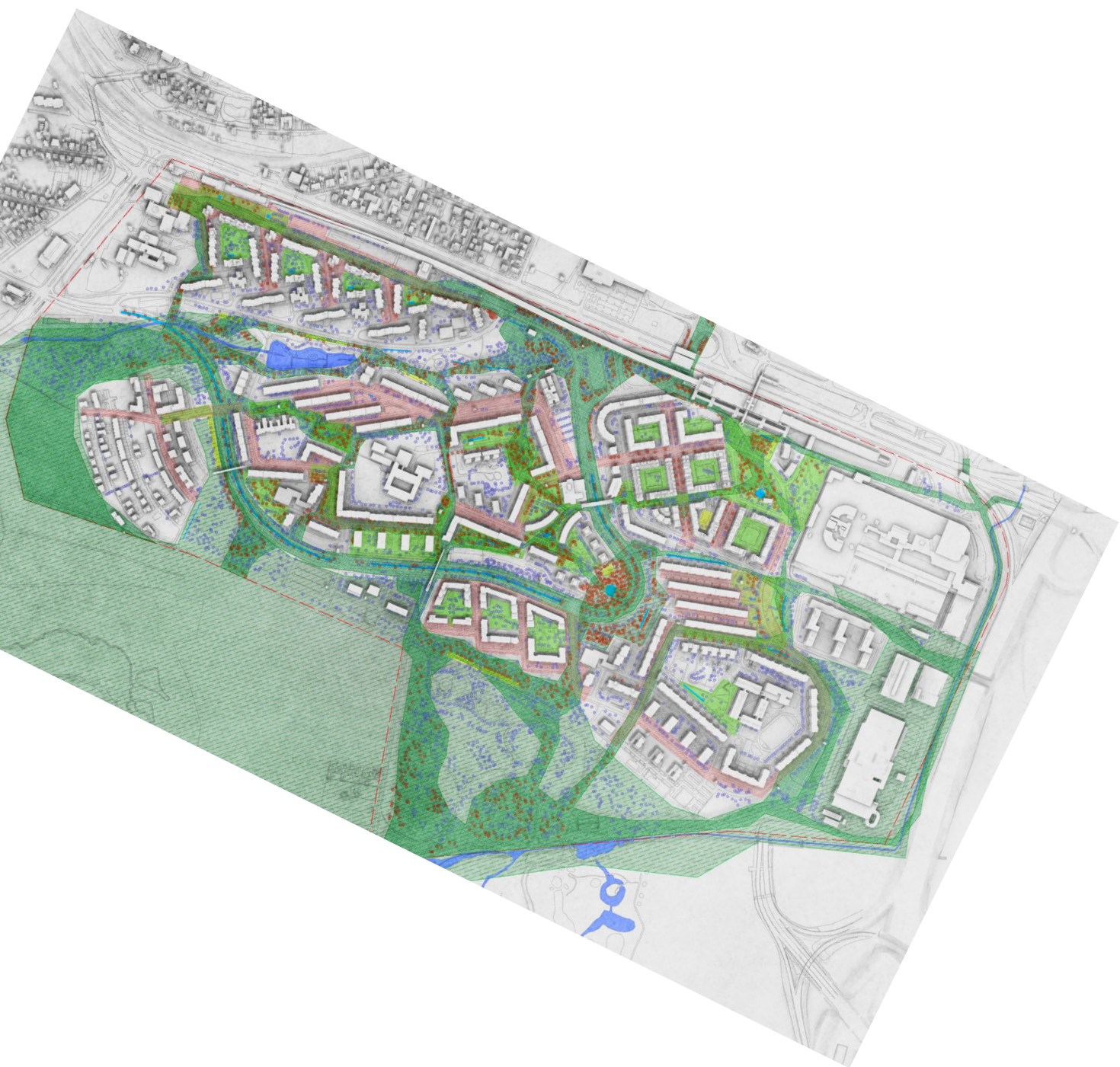
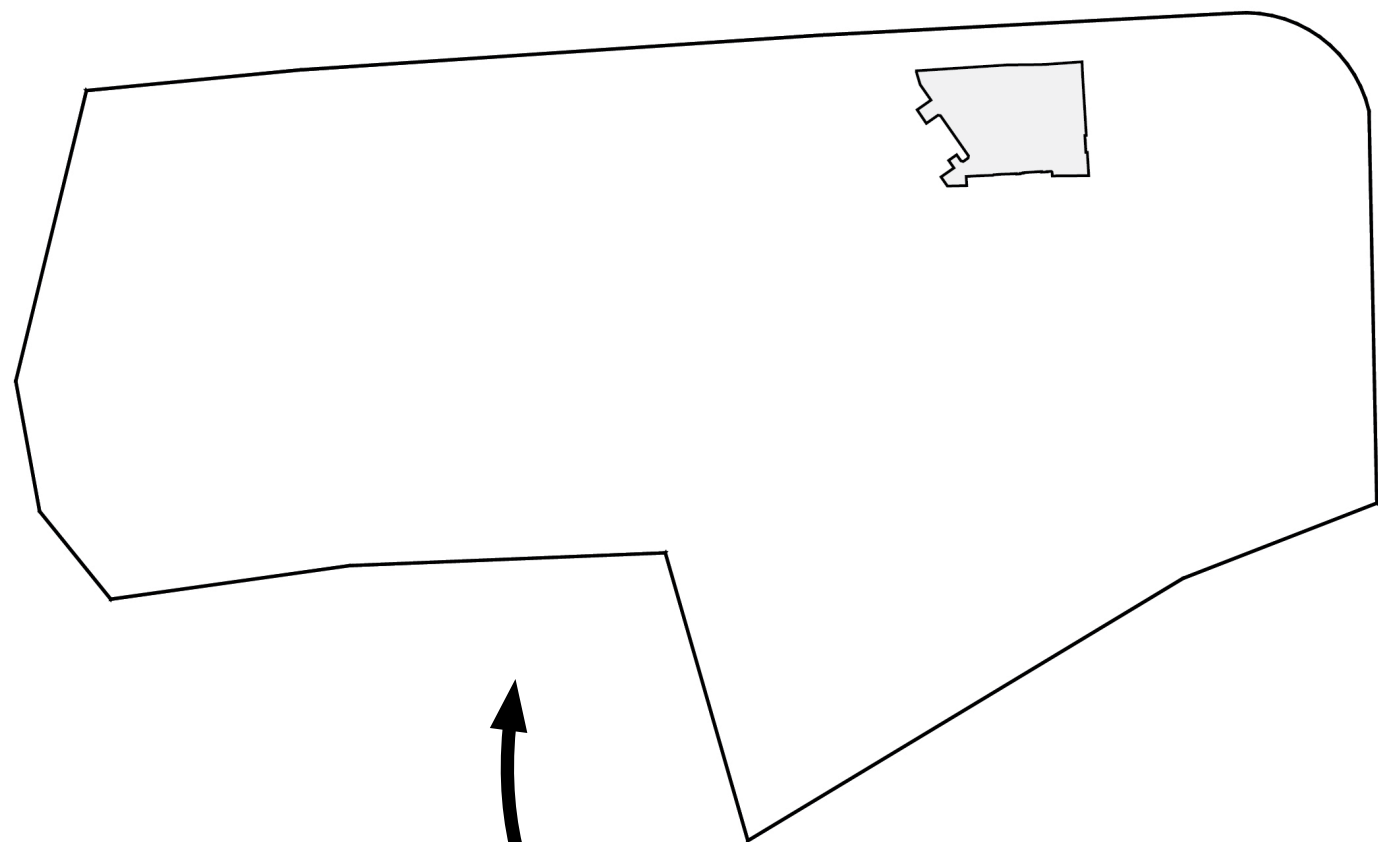
**Squares on the edges**

*Source: Author*





?



?



**Future**  
Source: Author



## *Conclusion and reflection*

---





***Interpretation.***



***The process is important.***



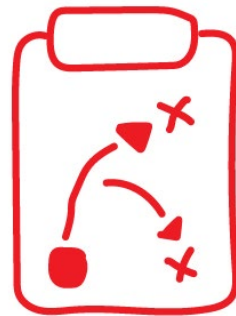
***Collaboration.***



***It is a method, a tool, an instrument, not a checkbox.***



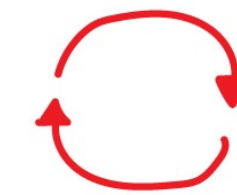
***Reaching out to people.***



***Planing a tailored activity, inspire, but not control.***



***Listen and improvise.***



***Frequency and repetition.***

## **How to participate**

*Source: Author*






*Participatory designing allowed me to do the best analysis of a site I have ever done.*






*Participation for me was an approach,  
not a single structured checkbox.*





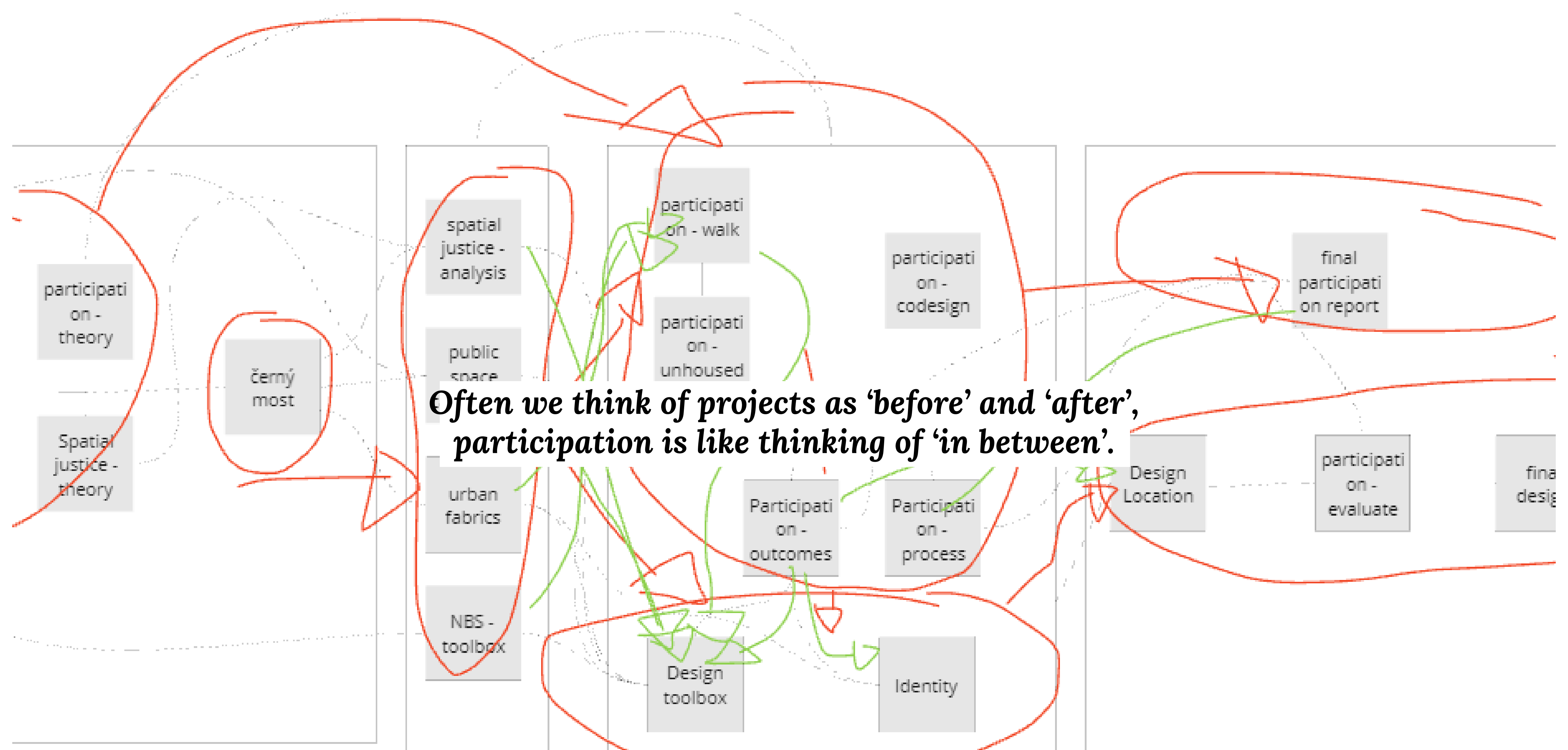
*Designing participation is like  
designing a method to easily communicate.*



A photograph of a grassy area with people lying on the ground. In the background, there is a modern grey apartment building with many windows. A small kiosk with a sign that reads "ZMRZLINOVÝ RÁJ" is visible. A paved sidewalk runs along the bottom right of the frame. The text overlay is centered in the middle of the image.


*Often solutions exist outside of the design,  
that does not mean I can overlook the issues.*





***Often we think of projects as 'before' and 'after', participation is like thinking of 'in between'.***





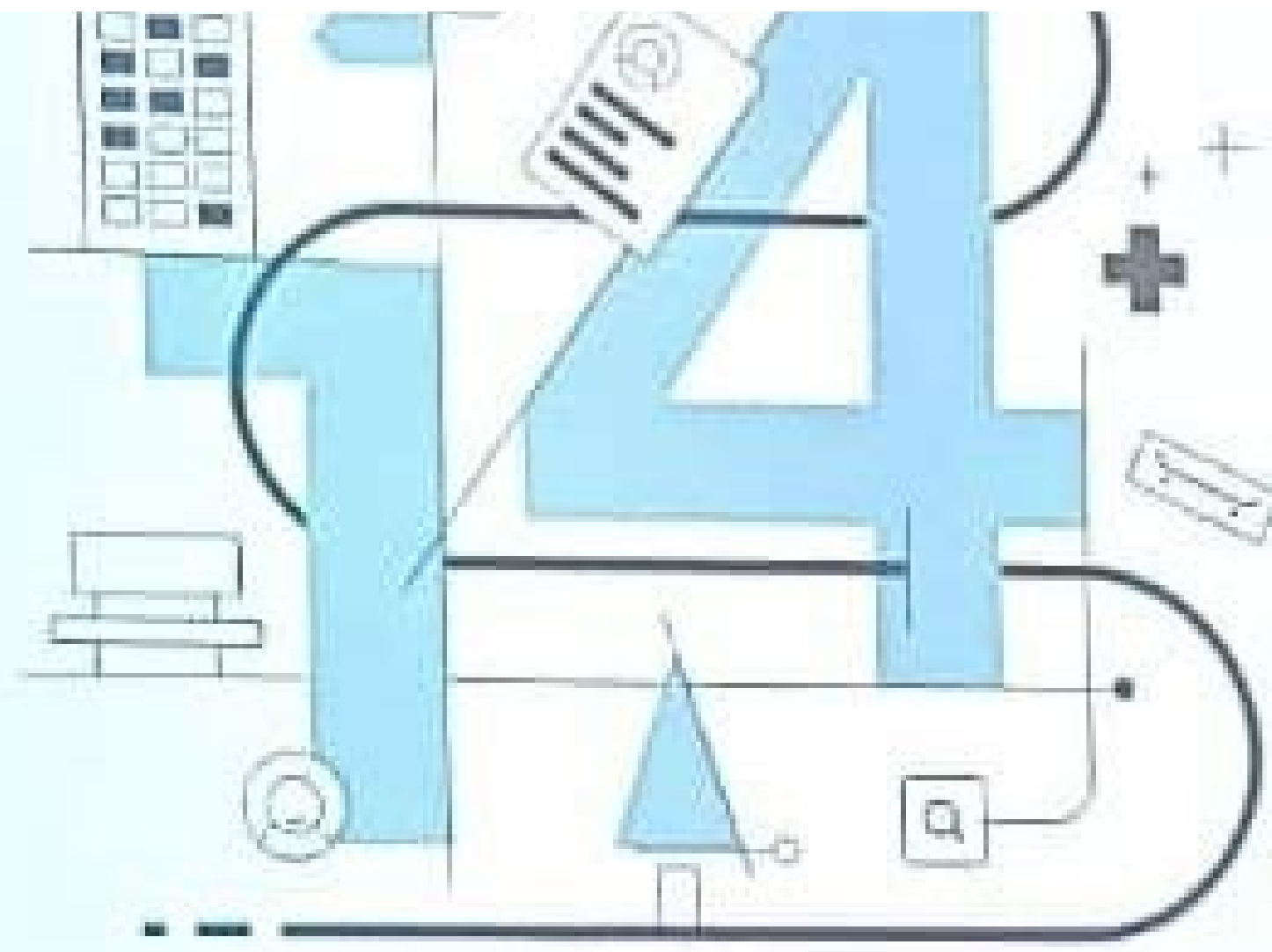
*Role of the designer is to make participation effective, role of the participator is to make participation easy and understandable.*



*Conflicts can help us understand different positions.*







***Understanding and challenging power is important,  
we need to be honest about it upfront.***

14

Workshop s vedením města 11. 06 2024



***Participation is empathy.***





*Zonder wrijving geen glans.  
No shine without friction.*

Thank you!