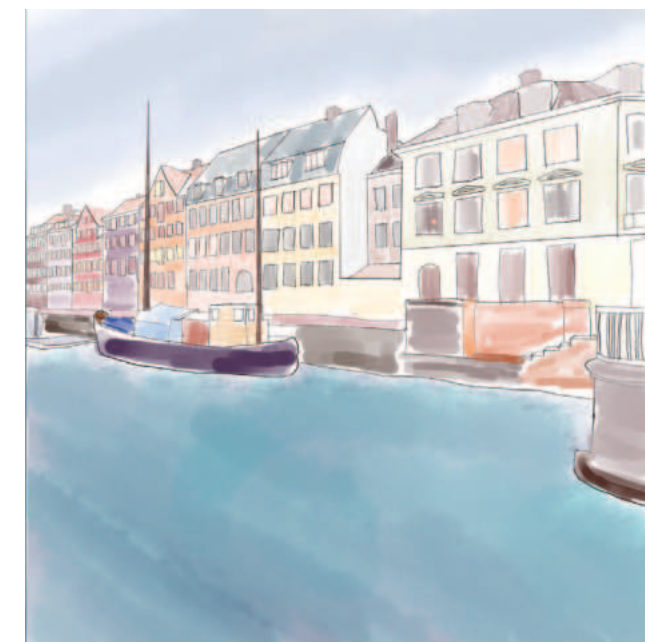
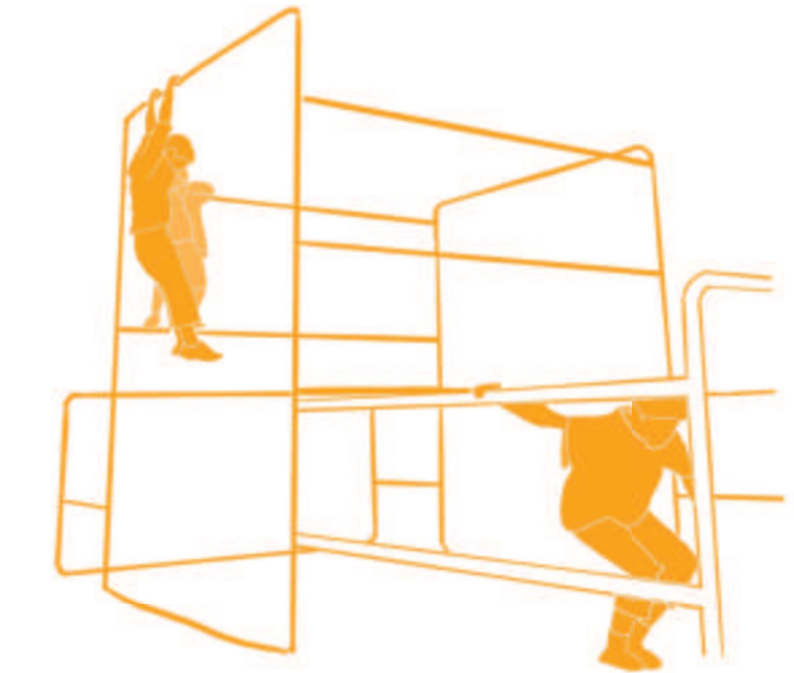
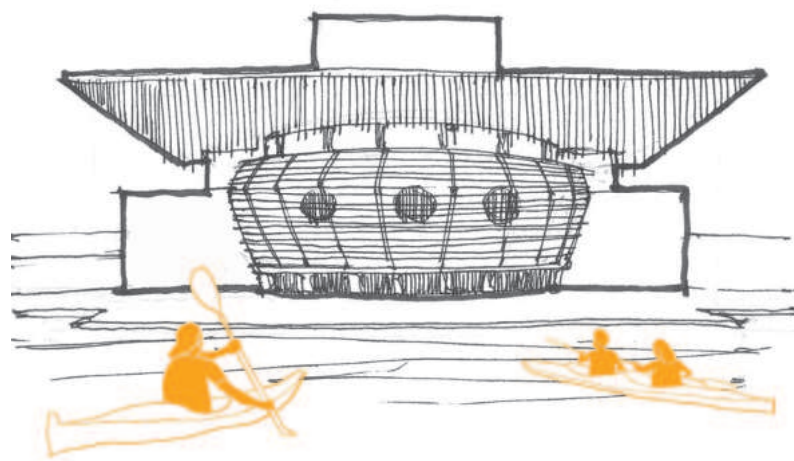
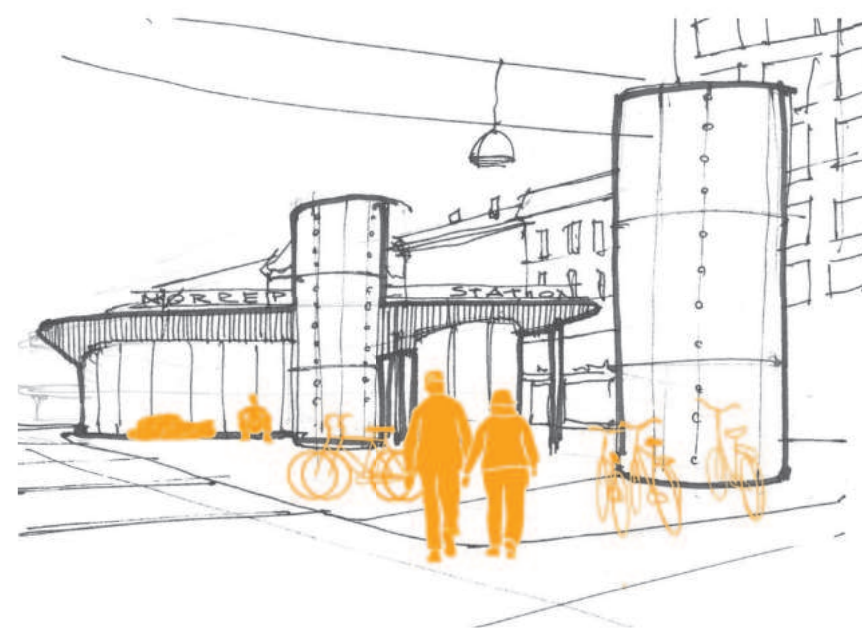
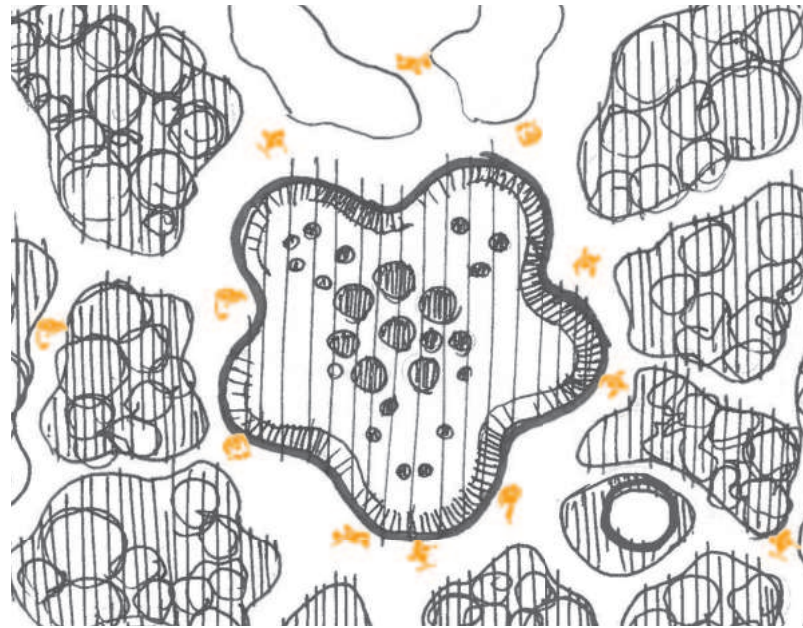


RESEARCH BY DESIGN JOURNAL

Alex Buijsman
5943086
18-06-2025

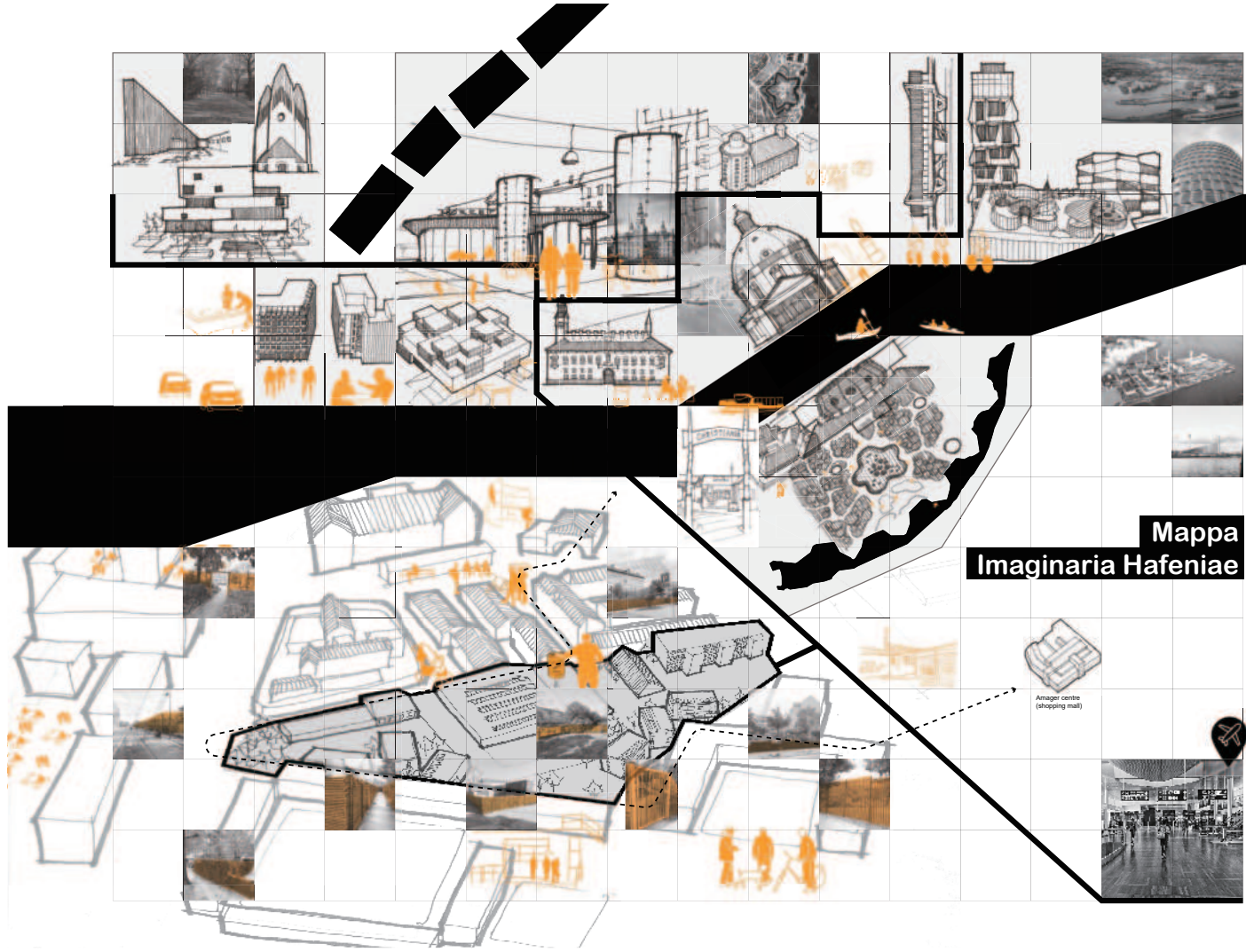
Design P1

The people of Copenhagen. Copenhagen is filled with exciting architecture and inspiring people. All these difference experiences inspired to draw the different interactions between these people. Ultimately resulting in a framework of exchanges





Two of the concluding pieces of the research on both Kopenhagen and Sundholm itself, showing the intricate connection within this city.



PEOPLE

Denmark is believed to be the homeland of the happiest country in the world, despite their rather gloomy weather for the majority of the year. Danes, and in this instance Copenhageners, tend to cope with it in a very good manner, enjoying their life to the fullest, yet in a modest way.

This poster is a sum-up of the research about people of Copenhagen and focuses on four main aspects: Society - how is it built and what are the main tendencies, Hygge - the danish term describing the coziness and social tightness, Play - how the Danes tend to spend their free time and Work - what is their approach to it?

HYGGE

intimacy, trust & authenticity > consumerism, competition & material abundance

- 'making do' remain valued despite material abundance - incompatability with excessive consumption or extravagant lifestyles
- means of social control - middle-class perceives it as essential cultural element & criticizes the upper-class for lacking it
- associated with simplicity, comfort, and a sense of warmth, frequently experienced at home but not limited to it

"Hygge encourages interactions that are informal, authentic, inclusive and close-knit, creating a protective social space where people feel safe to express themselves without judgment. It promotes bonding over shared experiences, particularly in smaller, familiar settings like homes, cafes, or public parks."

PLAY

SOCIETY

WORK

Jing Ge
Alex Buijsman
Puria Moayyebi
Mikolaj Chmielec

A conclusion on the point of departure for the view on hybridity, the angle that has been taken for the project and the first research questions.

HYBRIDITY

The user plays a key role in determining how a building is utilized. However, architecture can target hybridity and connection, and with that stimulate certain behavior. This does not mean that the hybridity that the building provides is used in the way that the design proposes but can influence the availability and the possibility of the use of hybridity.

Sundholm is an area that has to be treated with respect. Many different groups can be found on a small surface, some of which do not connect well with each other. Think of groups with different cultural backgrounds, (low-income) families and drug addicts or just groups with different opinions. Although hybridity is something that should be stimulated, you would never put two dominant dogs opposite each other. Instead, you first let them get used to each other. The public building in this case being the defuser between these groups.

Building wise, this means not to let them interact on all, but on certain levels. Dividing certain functions and groups and between them create common ground, a place where they come together. Through architectural design, such as different lines of sight and transparency these groups already know of each other's existence inside of the building and in that sense, get used to (and be comfortable with) each other. At that moment a better connection can be made on the common ground.

This does not mean that all groups clash. Some can be connected more easily. Within these groups, a fusion even can be made. Think of the young generation (students) teaching the older generation how to use new technology or the older generation teaching children discipline, confidence and respect for older generation and each other through the art of boxing or fitness. Even a more vulnerable group like the homeless people could be connected by creating a workshop in the building that can repair bicycles or other products relatively cheap for the low-income families. This is not a direct or hard connection, but something that creates respect between these groups which is the first step towards a better understanding and thus a step towards a community on a larger scale.

Encouraging respect through exchange, sightlines, transparency and with that hybridity, can be the first step to a vibrant community with an interplay of different cultures, ideas, and experiences. The emphasis not being on forcing these groups to meet, but giving them the opportunity through architectural design. Only using transparency can already create more understanding between groups. Creating points of connection will further that goal.

Overall, In a place like Sundholm, hybridity in the public realm will be a place to bring people together not by forcing connection but by giving the opportunity for interaction on multiple levels, starting at visibility. Its up to the different users to then decide what and when the next step will be and up to the architect to provide it.

QUESTIONS

MAIN QUESTION

How can architectural design contribute to the feeling of safety and comfort, and with that create a safer environment for its users?

SUB QUESTIONS

How can social control be stimulated through architectural design?

In what ways can lighting design be optimized to improve both real and perceived safety and comfort?

How can urban architecture address the needs of diverse user groups and still ensure a universally safe environment?

In what way do architectural elements like materials, forms and colors impact the feeling of safety inside a building?

What architectural features most influence users' perception of safety in urban spaces?

What are effective design strategies for integrating green spaces while maintaining high visibility and security?

How might we design a public building focusing on health & comfort for the local community of Sundholm and non-profit organisations in order to provide a safe, welcoming space that fosters a sense of security in a divided neighborhood.

Action: “Design a public building focusing on health and comfort”

Target group: “Local community of Sundholm”

Stakeholders: “non-profit organisations”

Outcome: “Safe, welcoming space that fosters a sense of security”

Context: “A divided neighborhood”

Design P2

Well-being is a relatively new concept with a lot of research being conducted at the moment looking at a wide variety of variables. In the case of Sundholm, because of the many different (cultural) groups and individuals, the chosen research should target these groups in a universal way that gives space for connectivity but also individuality. The new economic foundation is an independent think tank that was commissioned to develop a set of evidence-based actions to improve personal well-being. From former research they developed a long list of evidence-based actions to enhance well-being in a universal way and then reduced this to 5 points that reflected the key findings of their research. These 5 ways to well-being are: Connect, Be active, Take notice, Keep learning, and give.



NEURO - ARCHITECTURE

For the interior environment, the design principle should focus on shapes, color, materials, and comfort to create spaces where people feel safe, comfortable, and happy. The research method that connects neuroscience with architecture is called Neuro-architecture.

Neuro-architecture introduces key insights into how the brain responds to space, emphasizing coherence, biophilic design, sensory comfort, and emotional safety. Together, these systems gave me a clear structure to assess and design environments that actively support mental, physical, and social well-being. They formed the basis on which the following decisions were made..



THERMAL COMFORT



AIR QUALITY



NATURAL MATERIALS



BIOPHILIC DESIGN



LIGHTING



ACOUSTICS



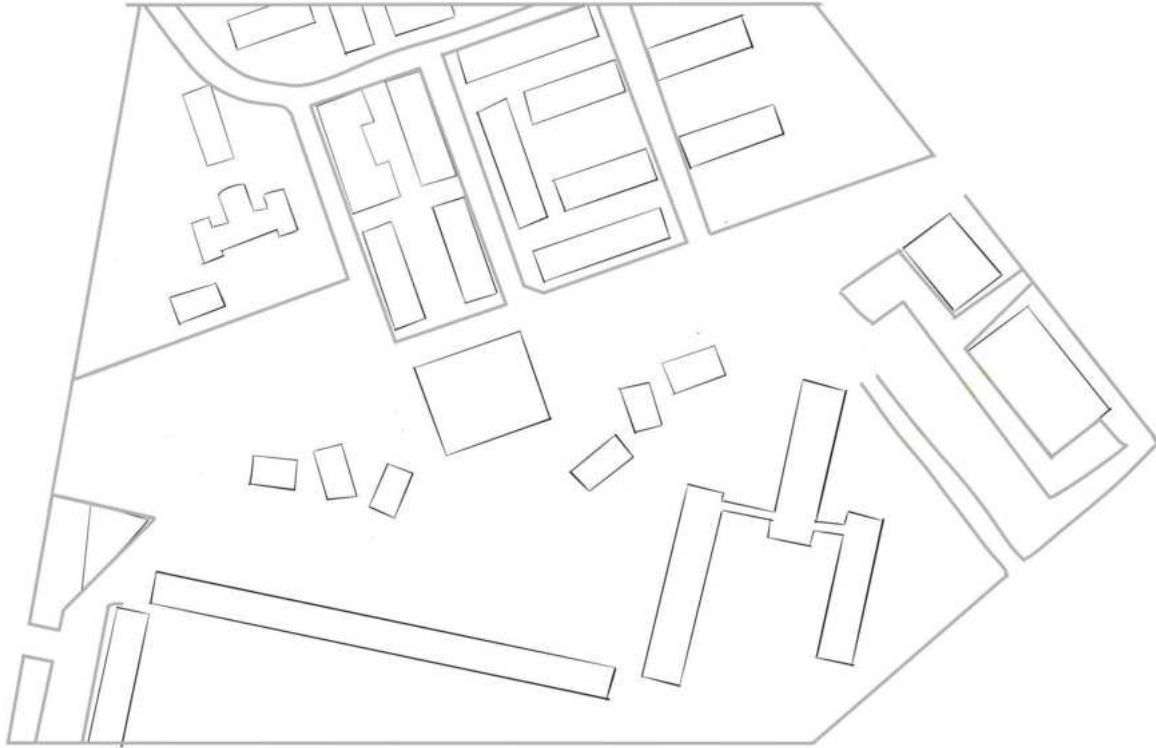
COLOR PSYCHOLOGY



RESTORATIVE SPACES



ORGANIC FORMS

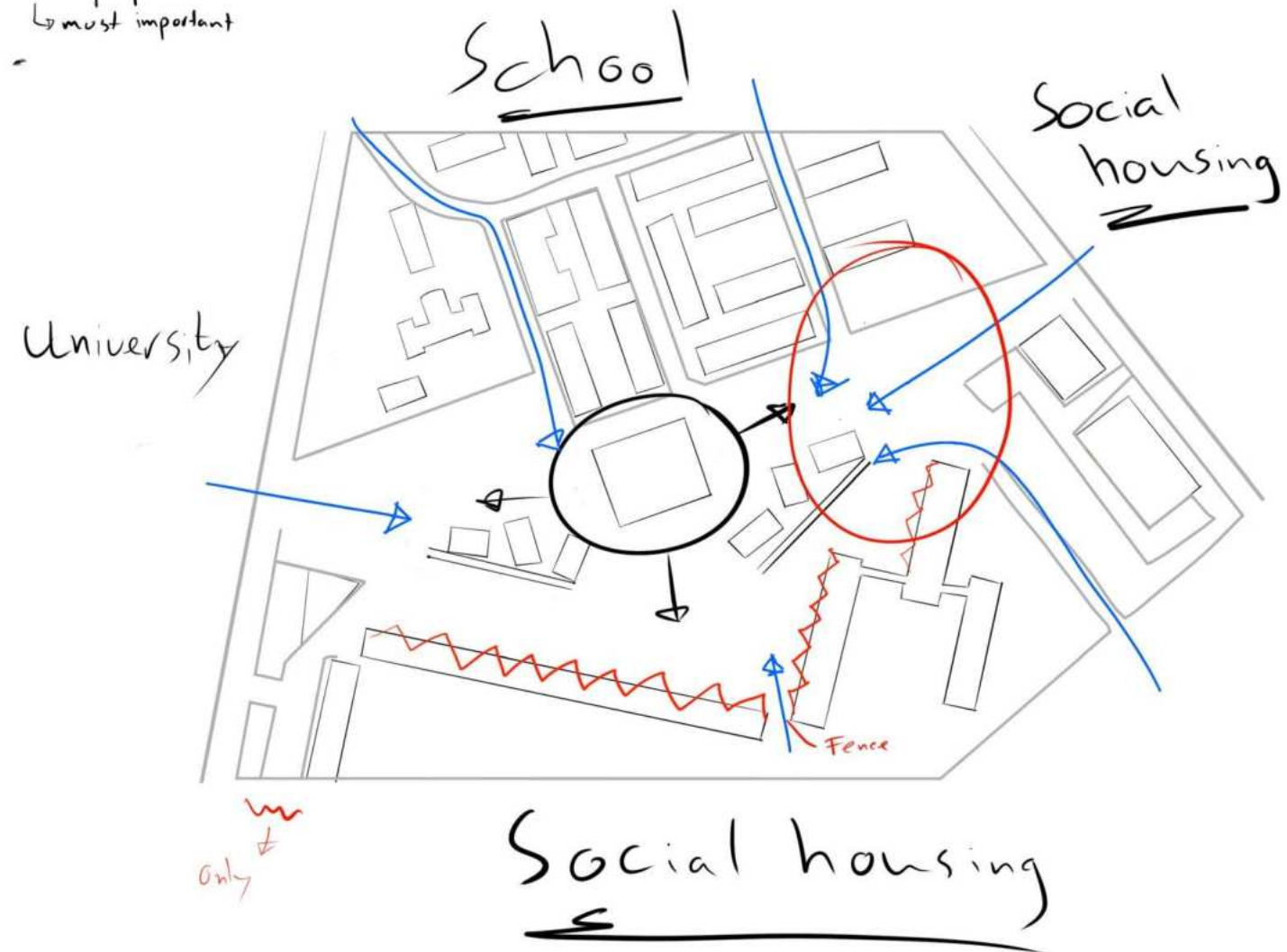


First idea on implementation of green landscape in the site area

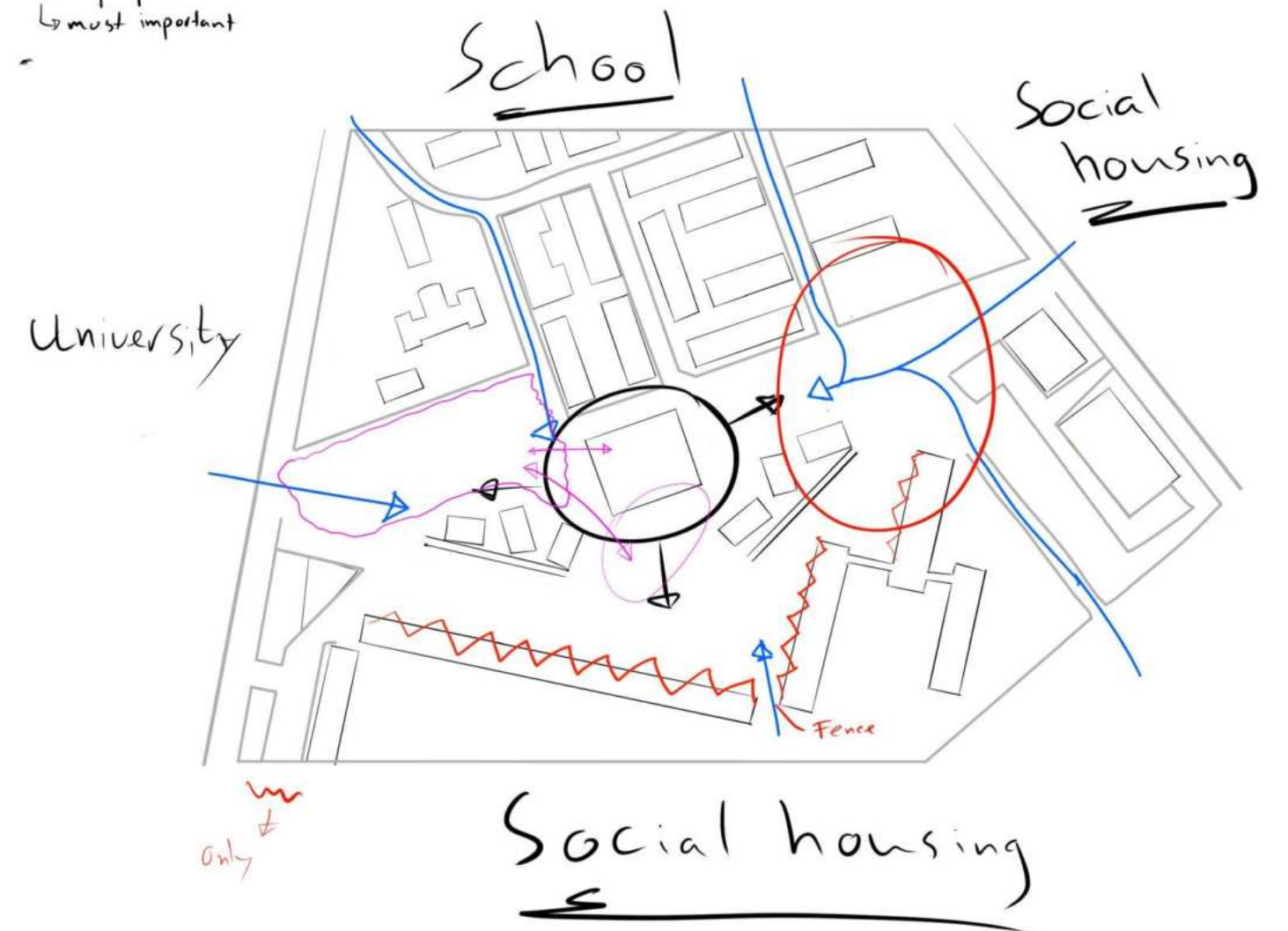


First sketch of combining multiple ambitions

- For people who live there
↳ most important



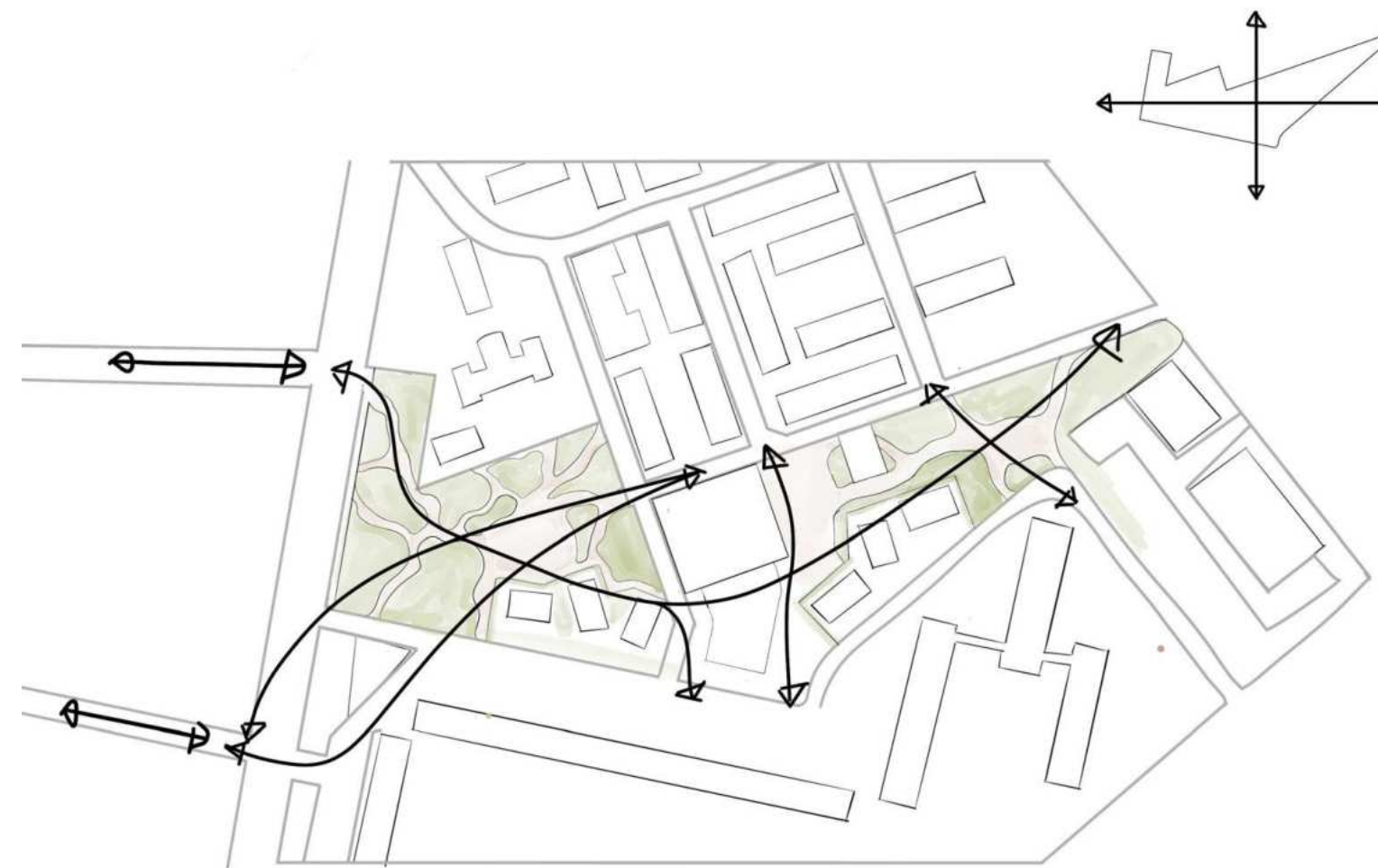
- For people who live there
↳ most important

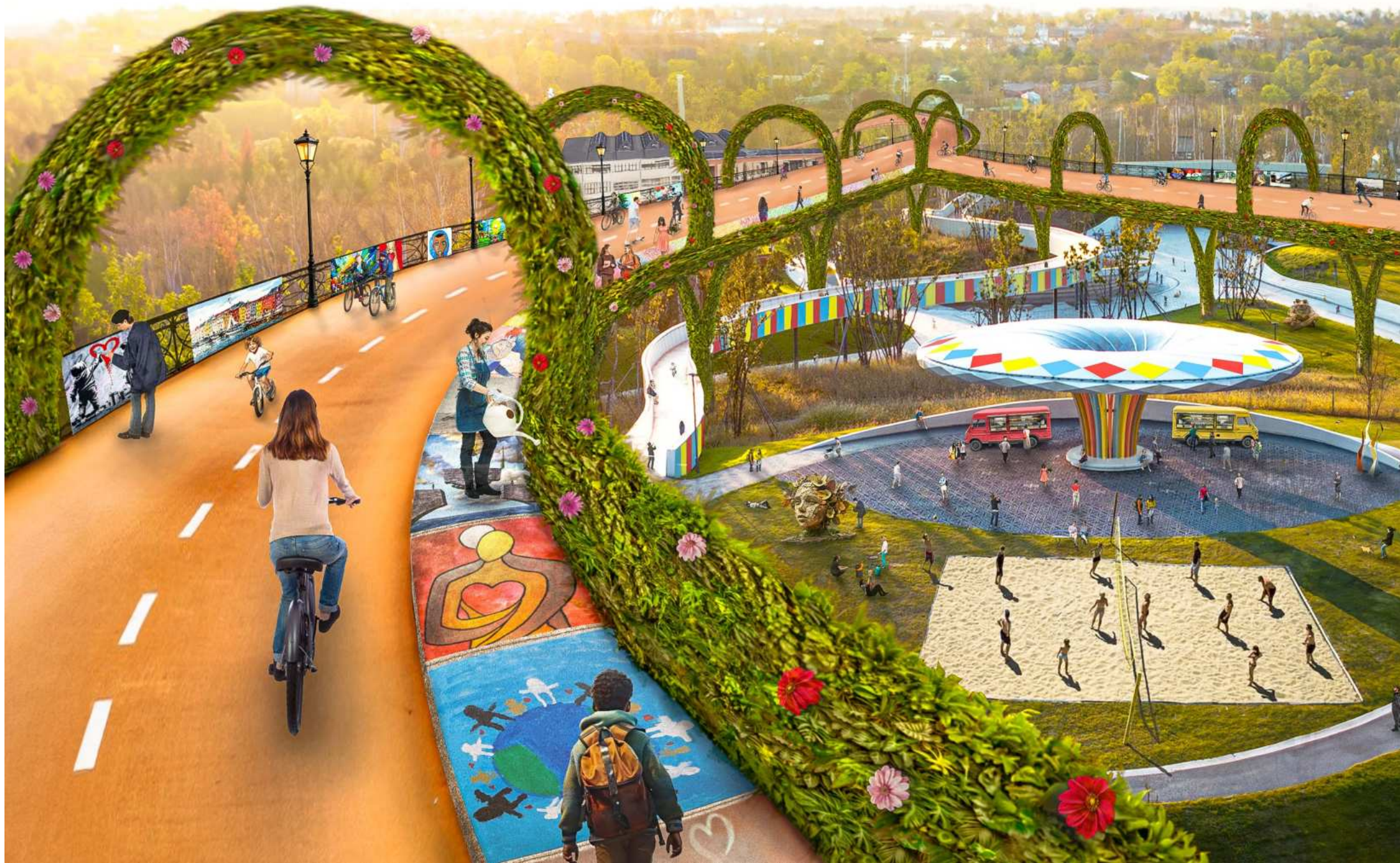




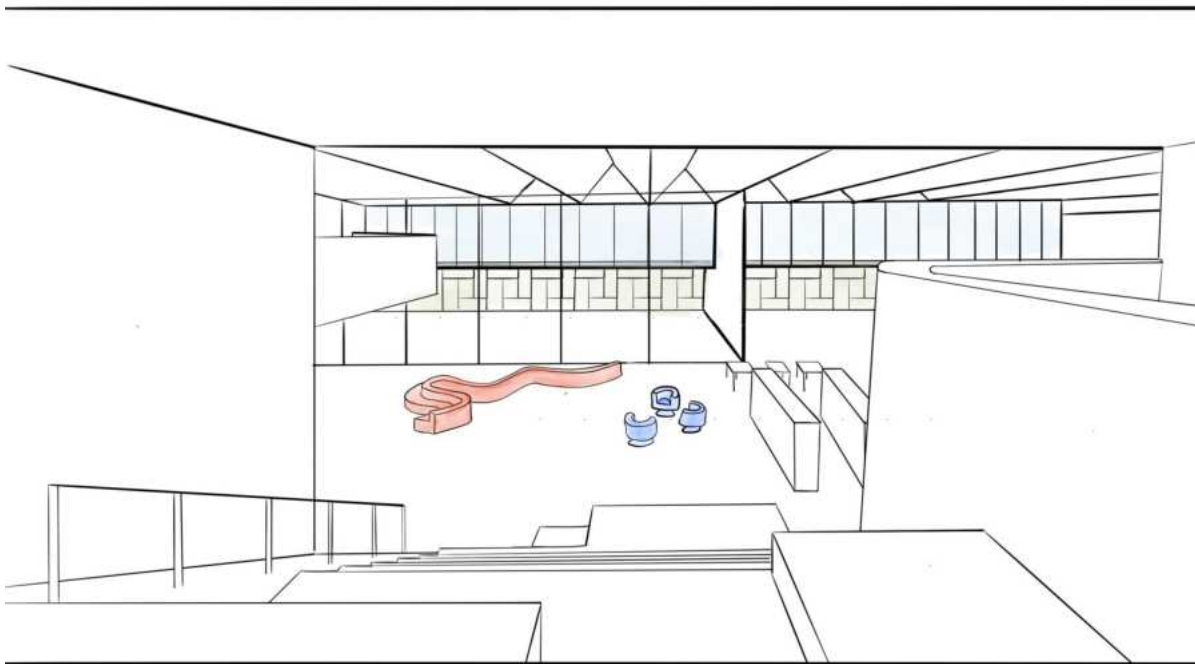
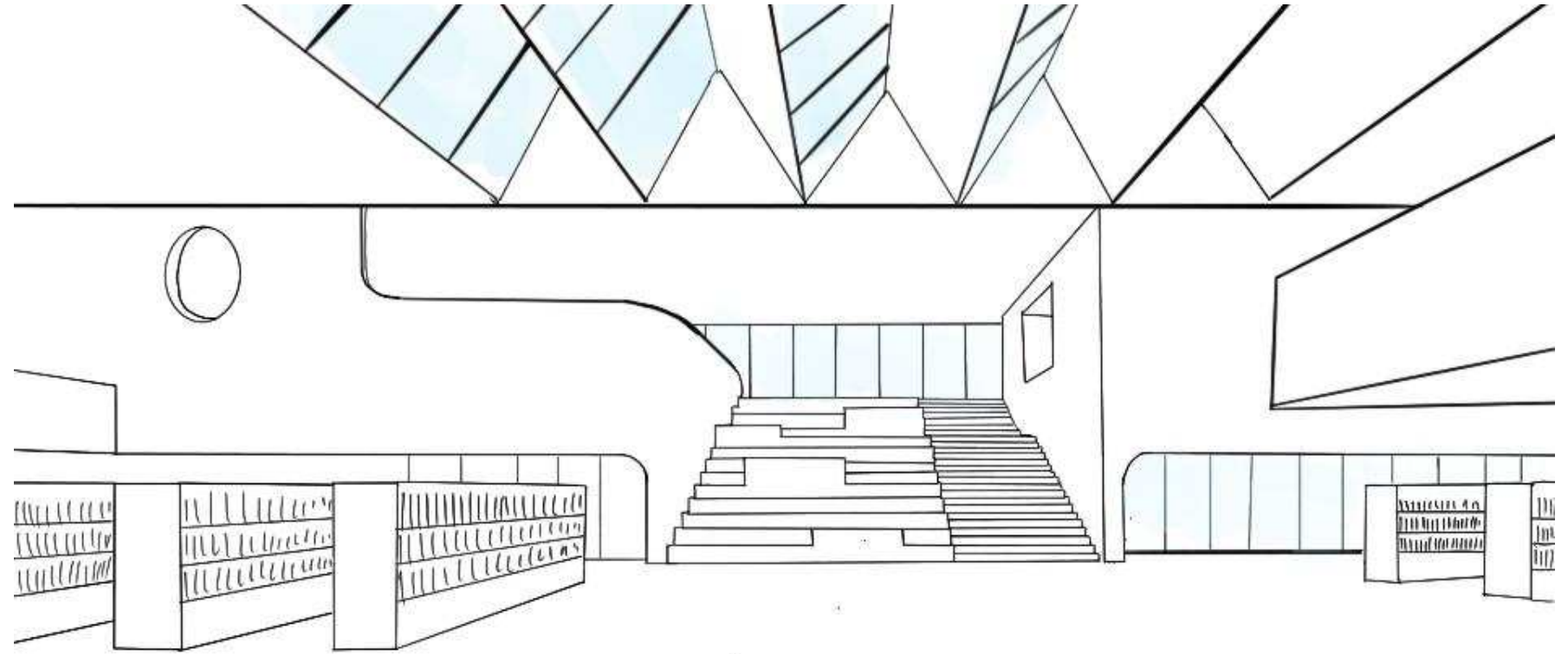
Examples of landscape design



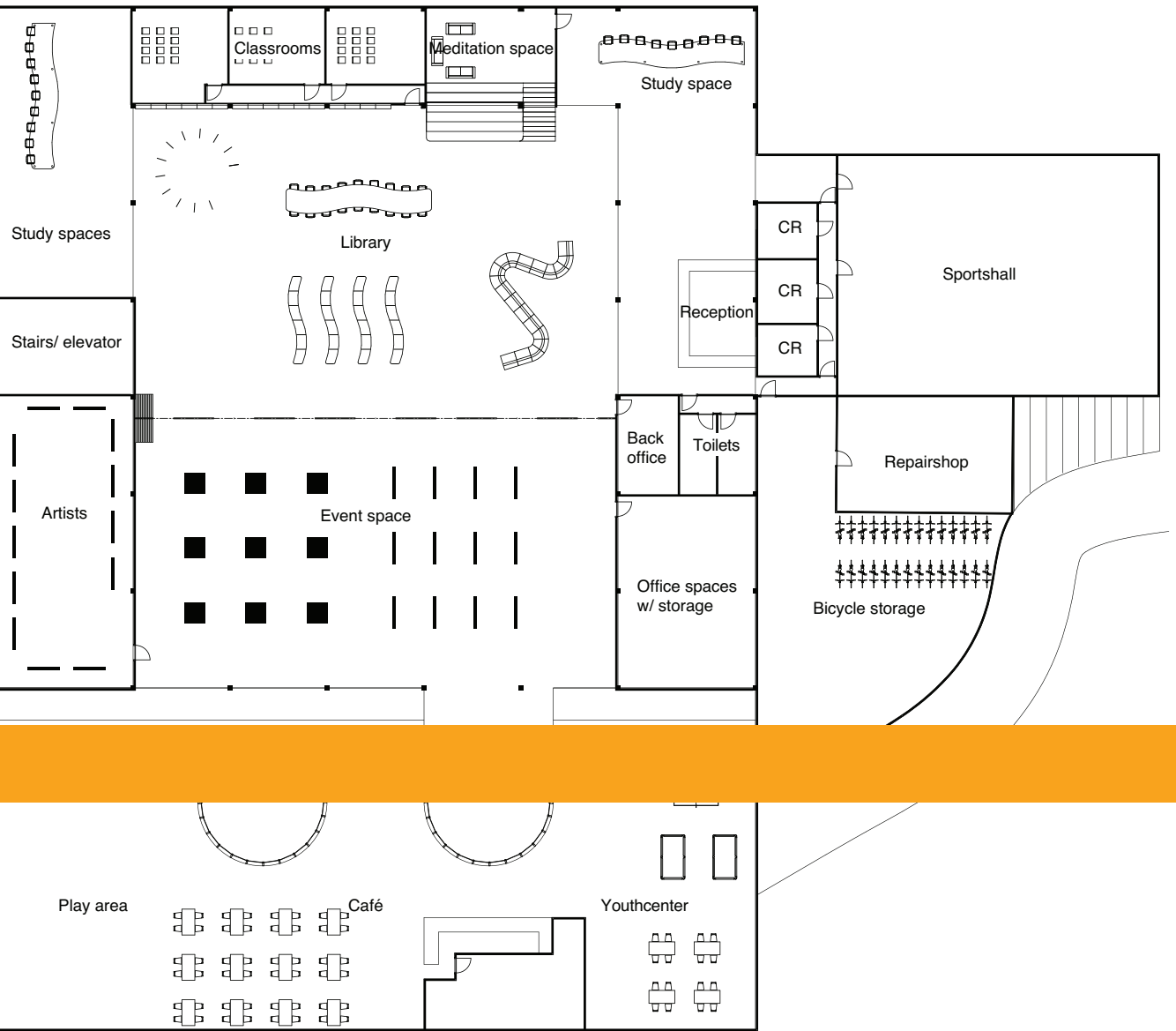
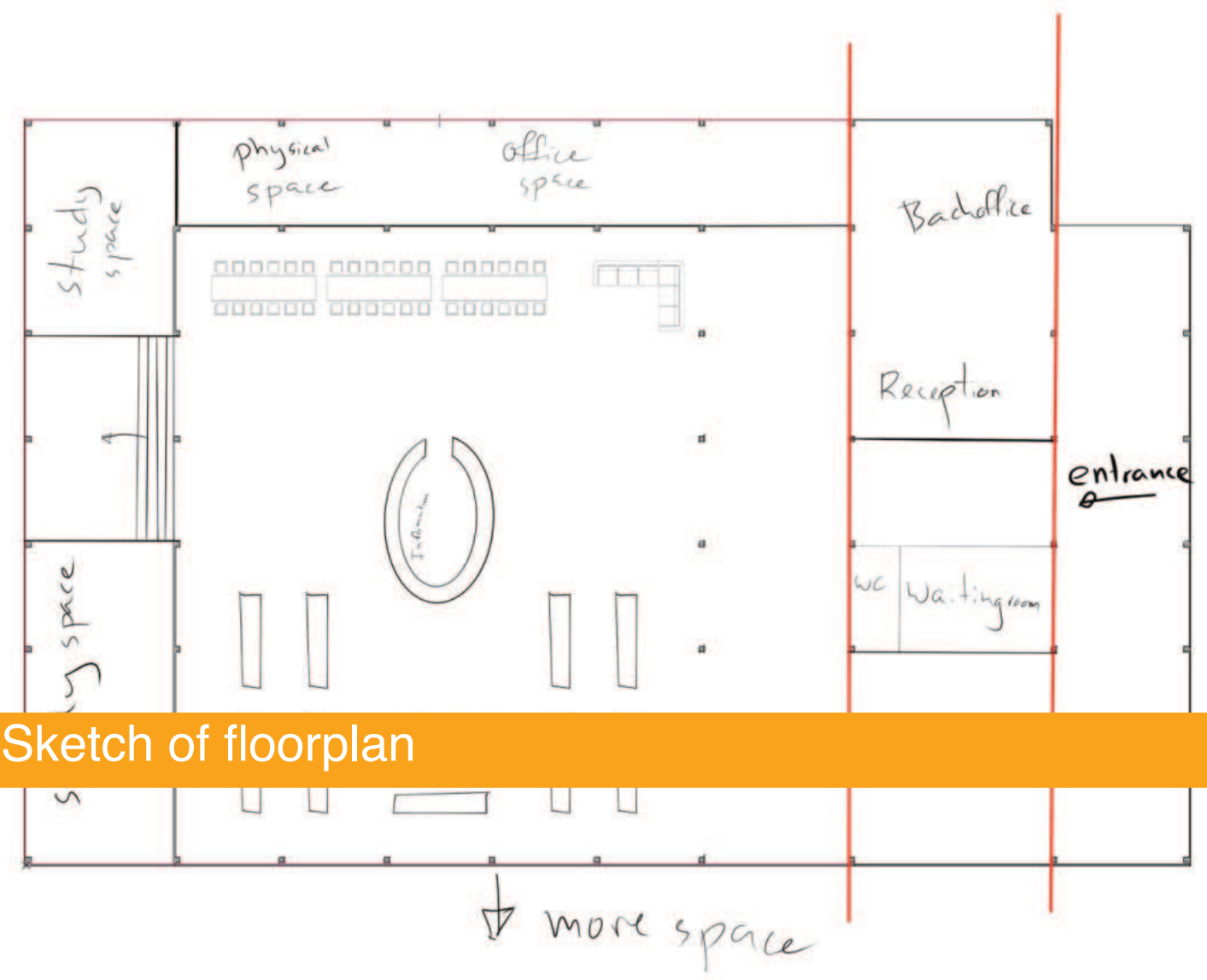
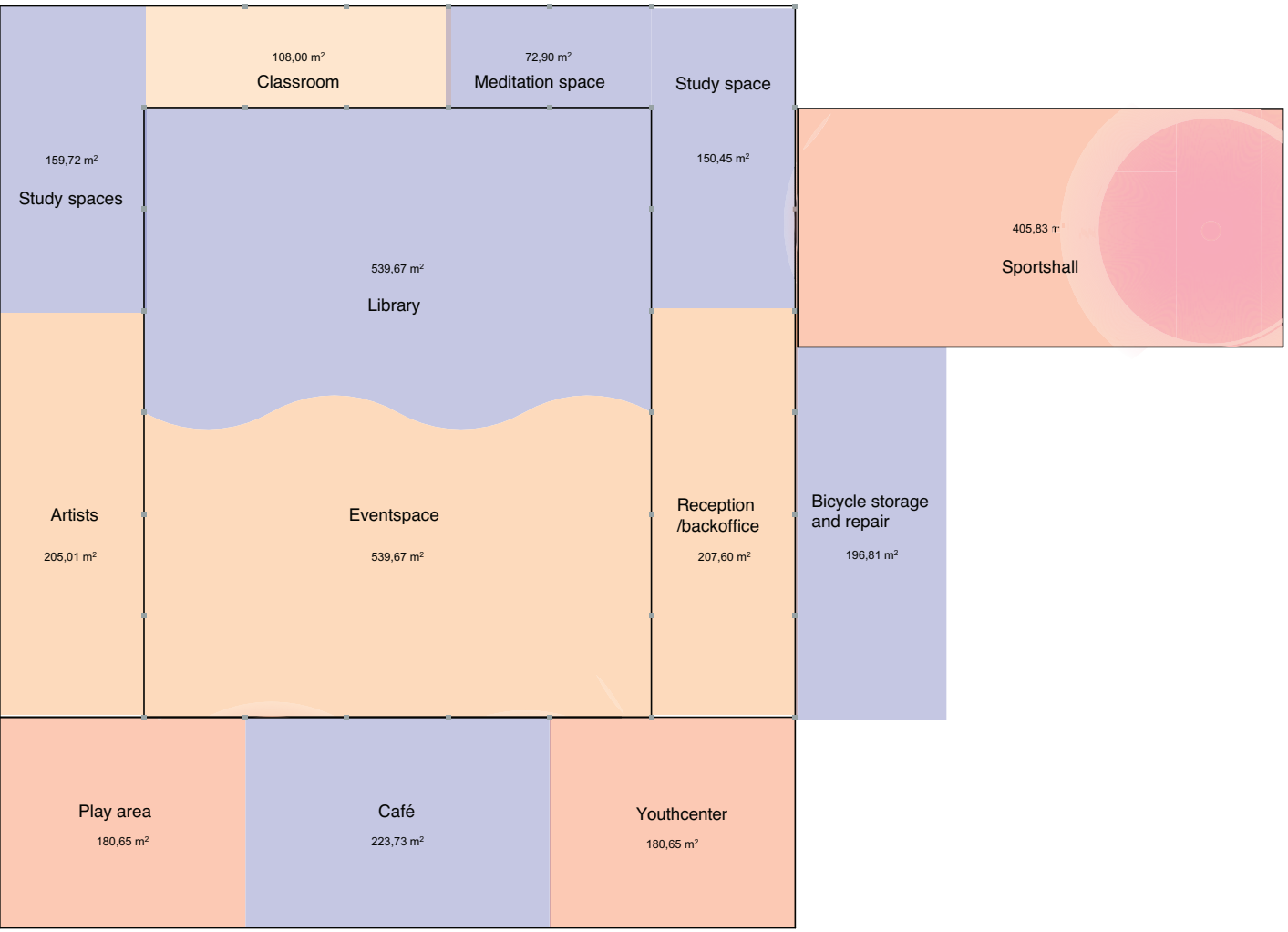




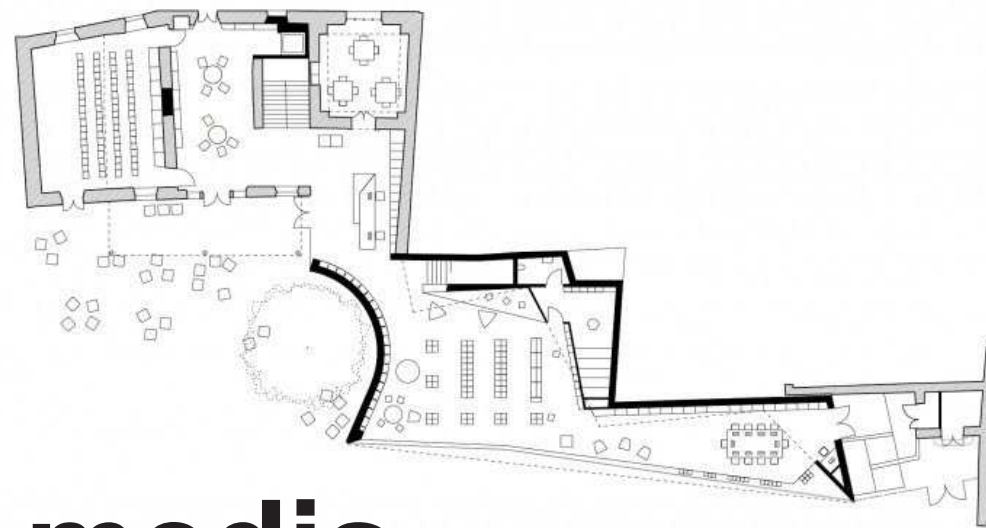
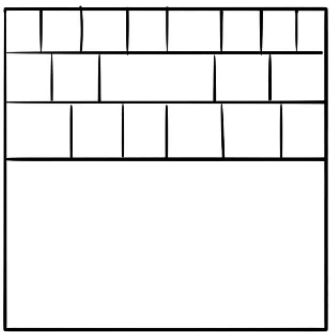
Collage of external environment



Sketch of internal environment



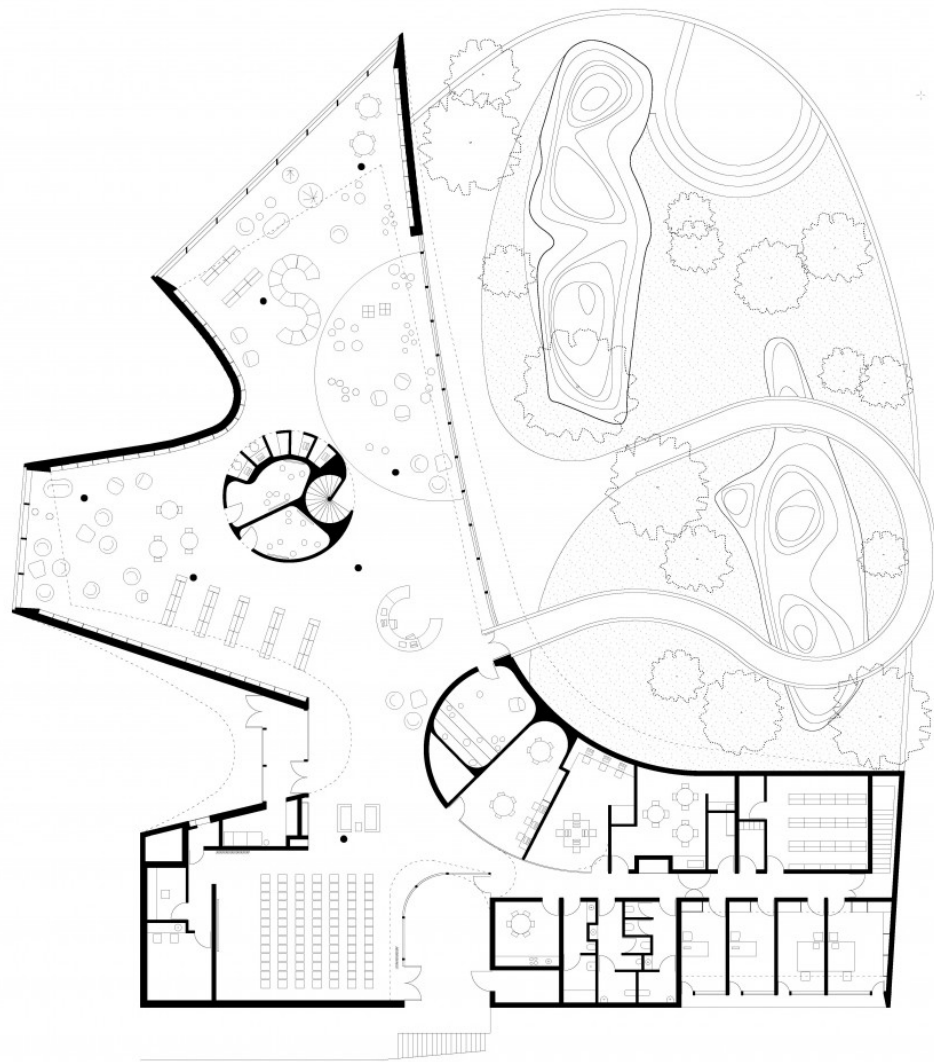
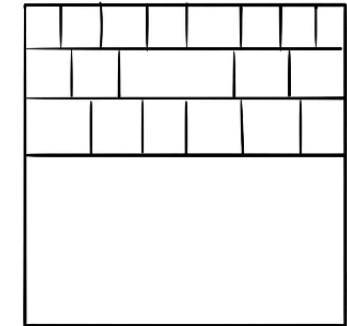
Sketch of floorplan



‘Pierre bottero’ media library and park

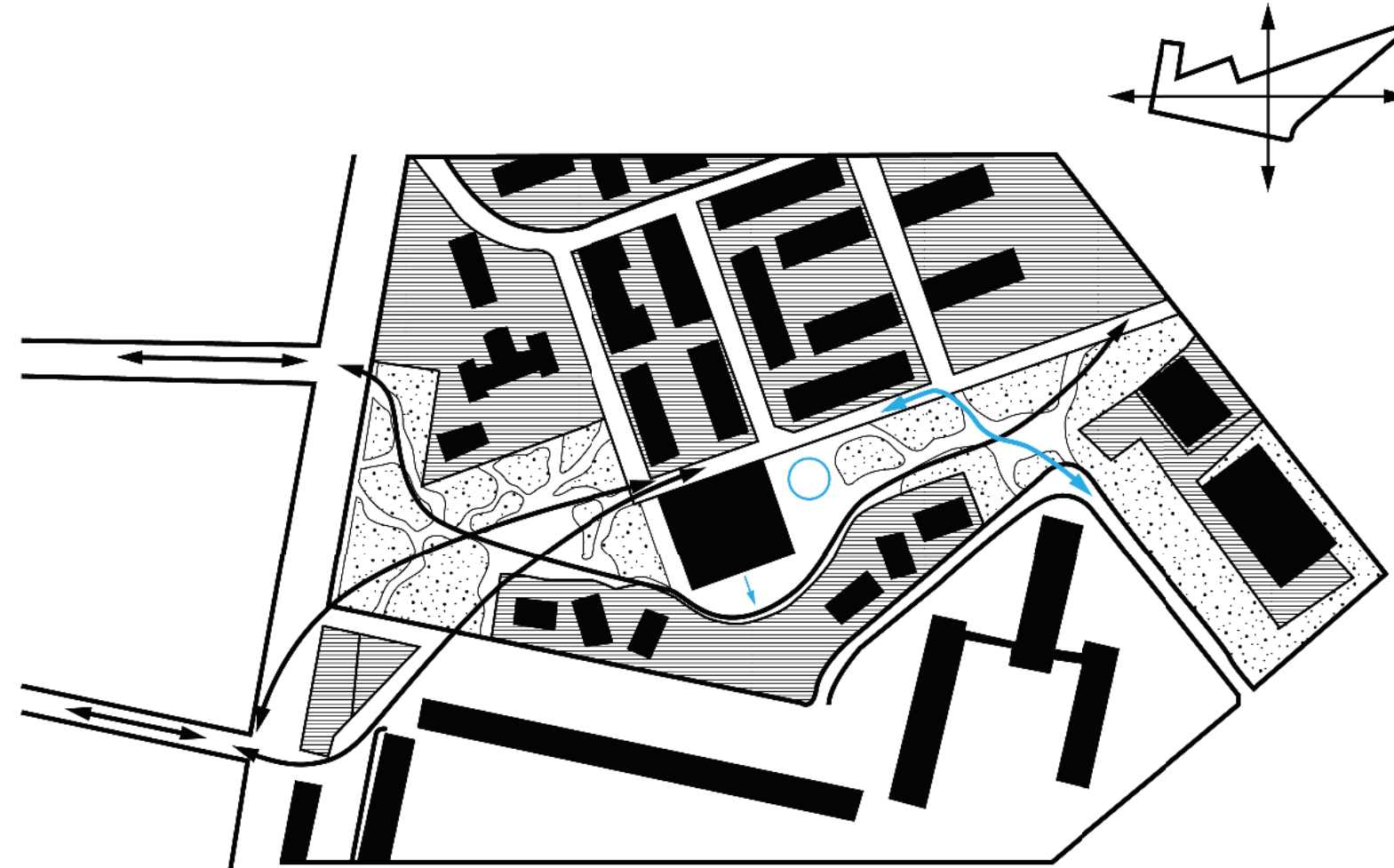
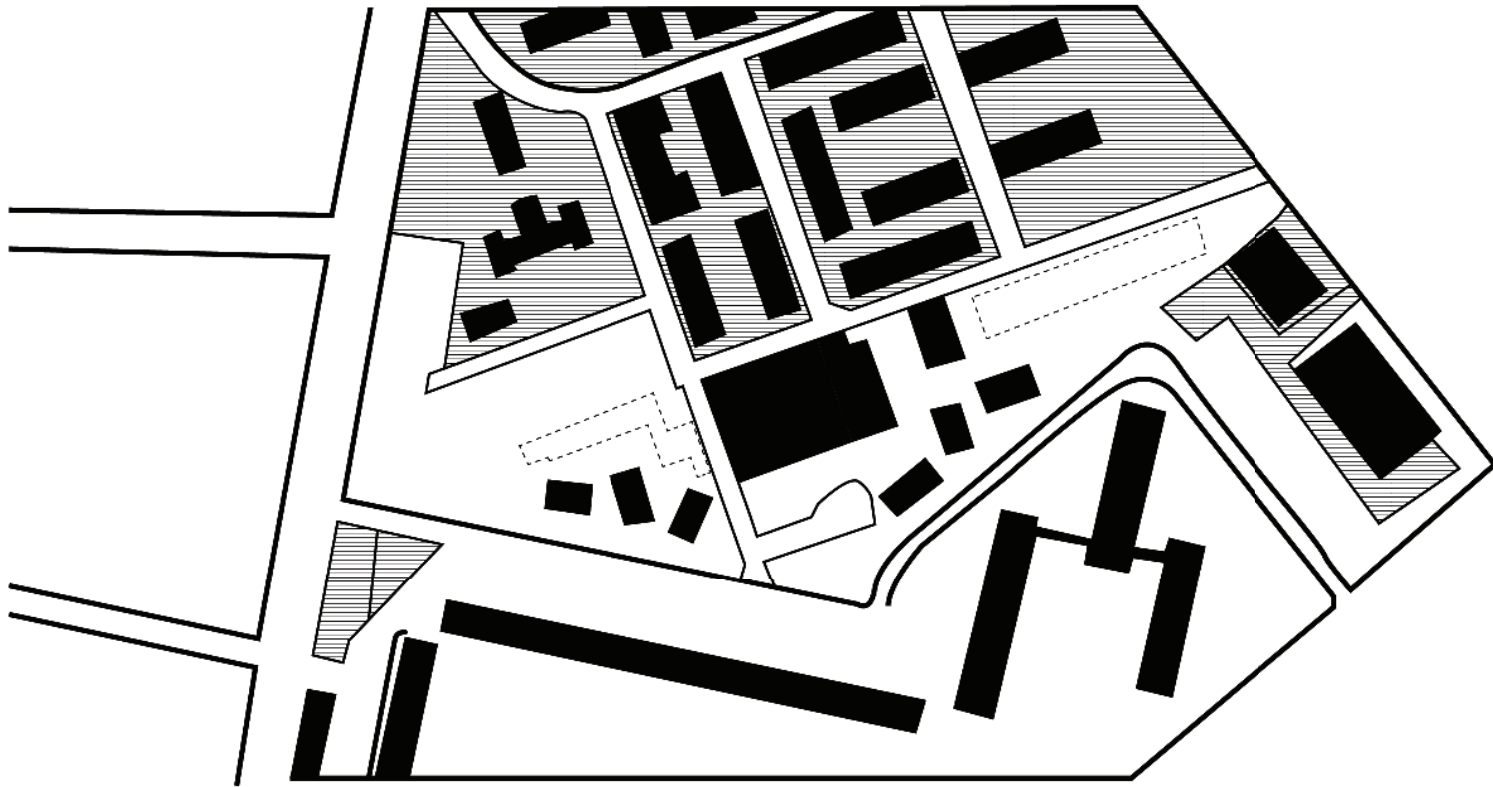


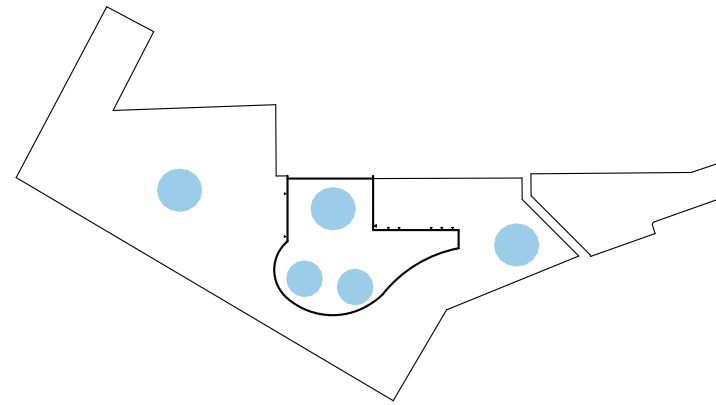
Porto-Vecchio 2022 Animu media library



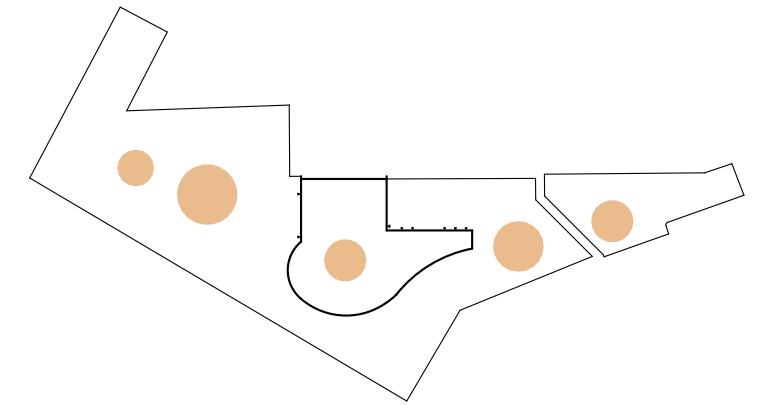
Design P3



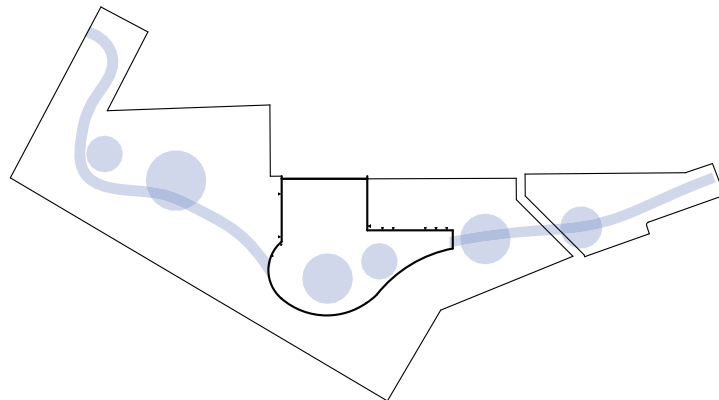




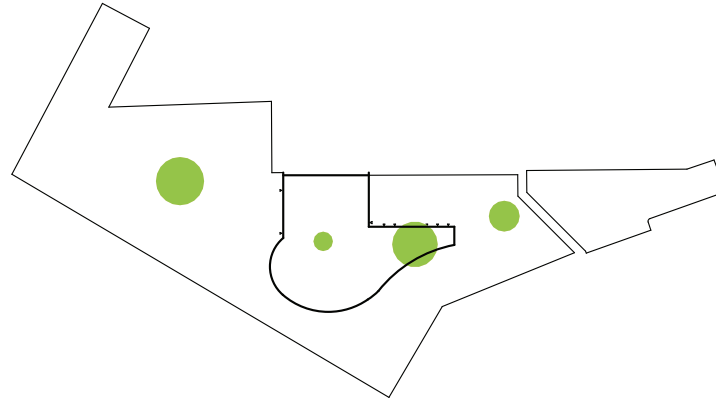
Keep Learning



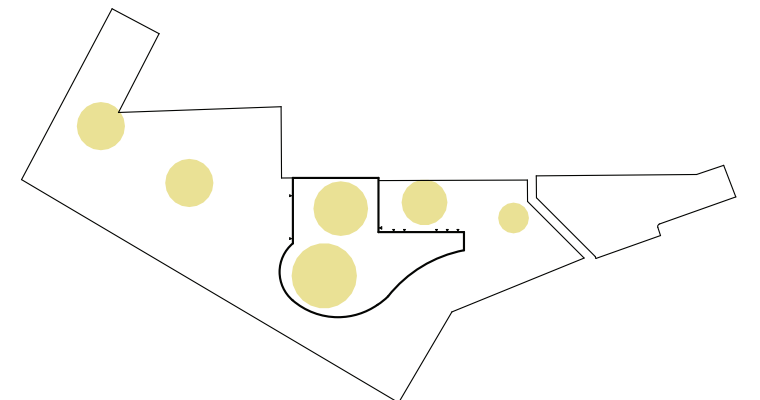
Connect



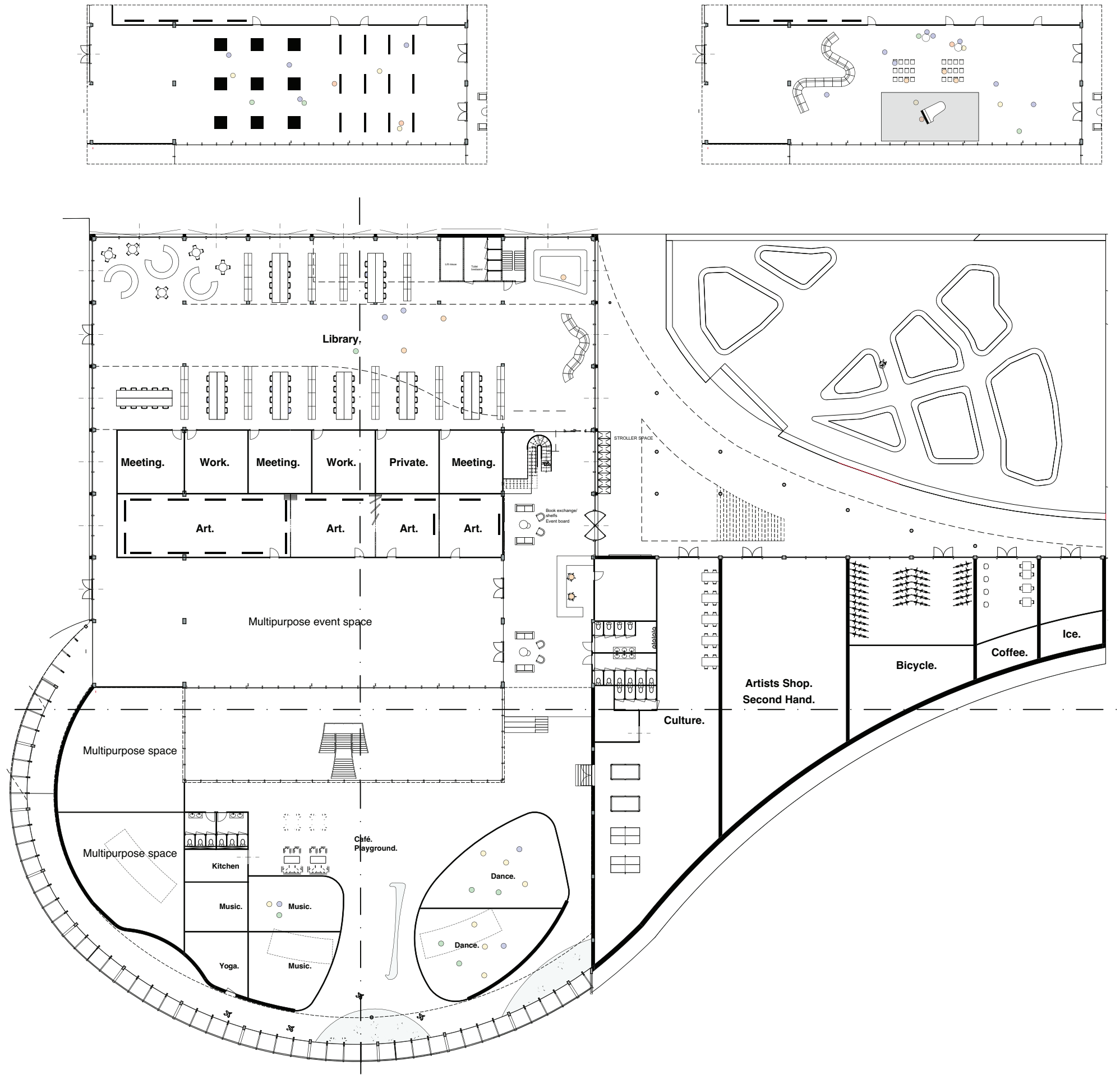
Be Active

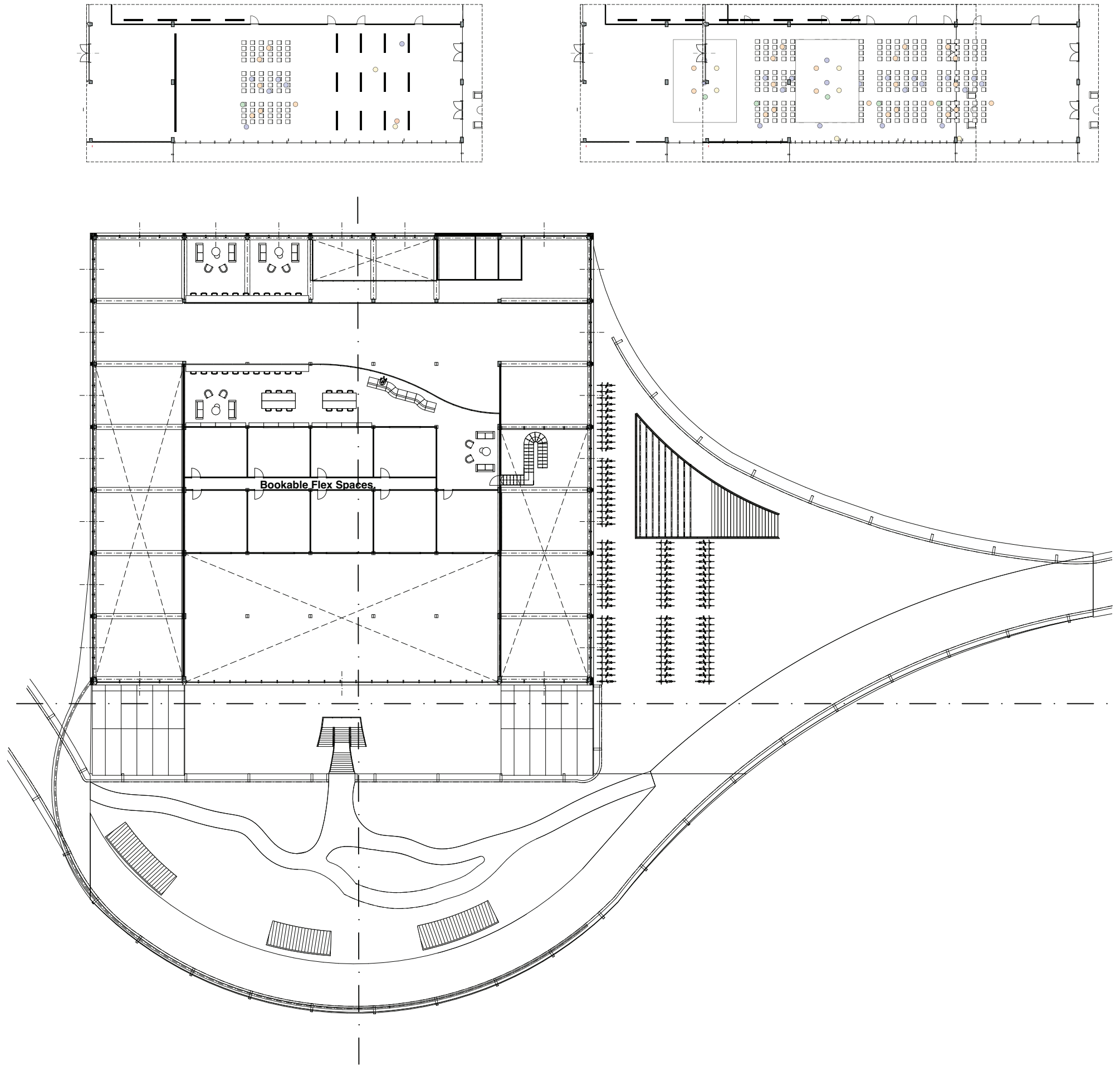


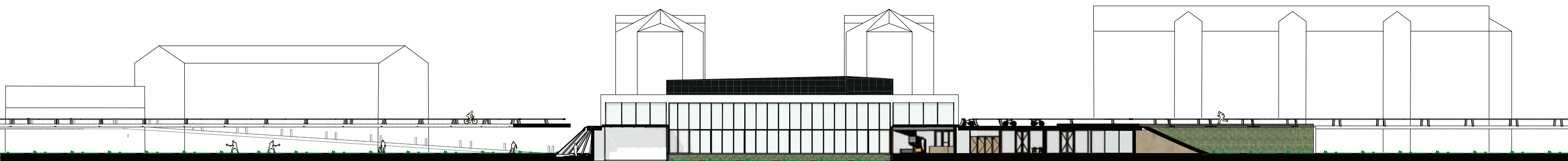
Give to Others

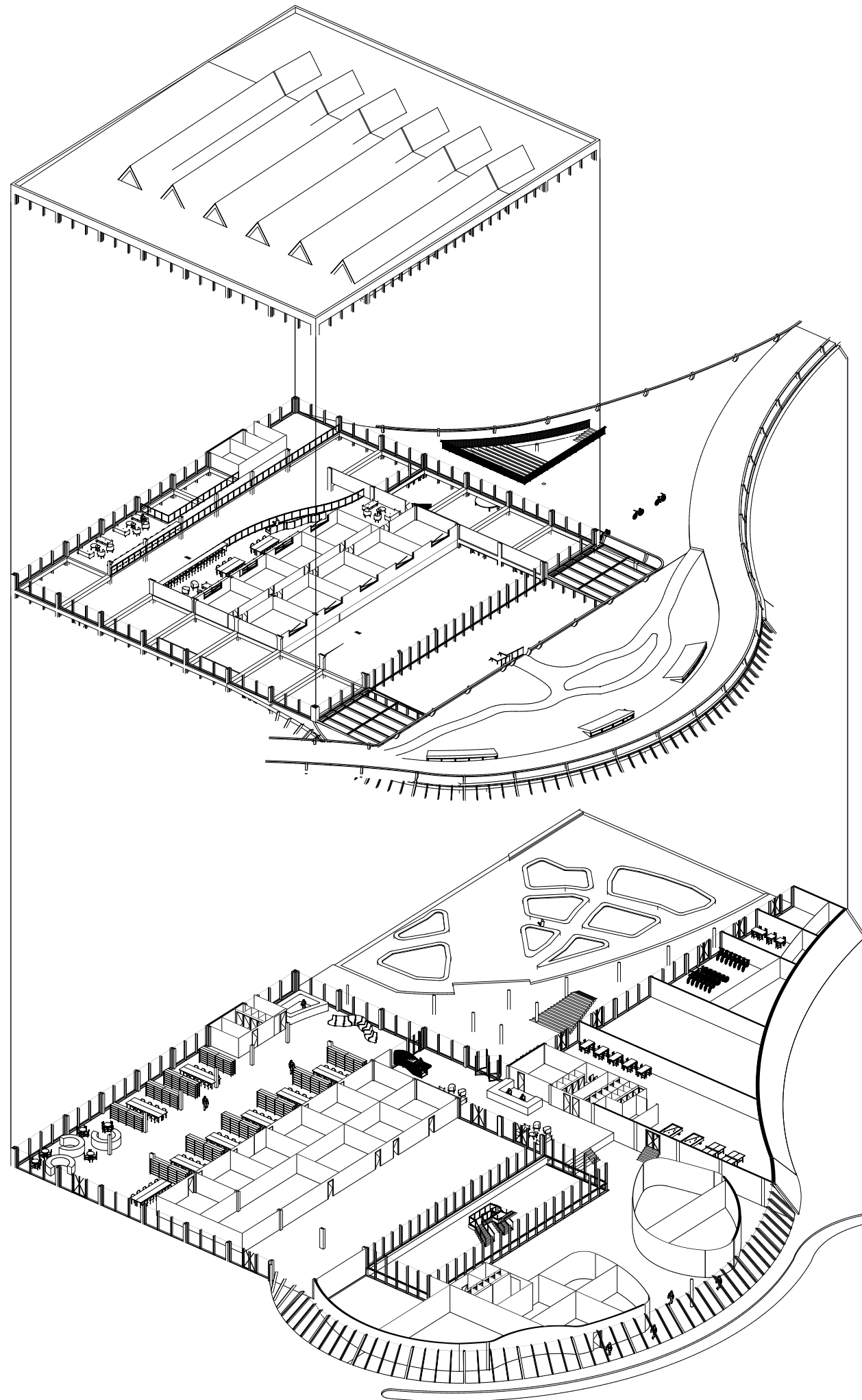


Take Notice









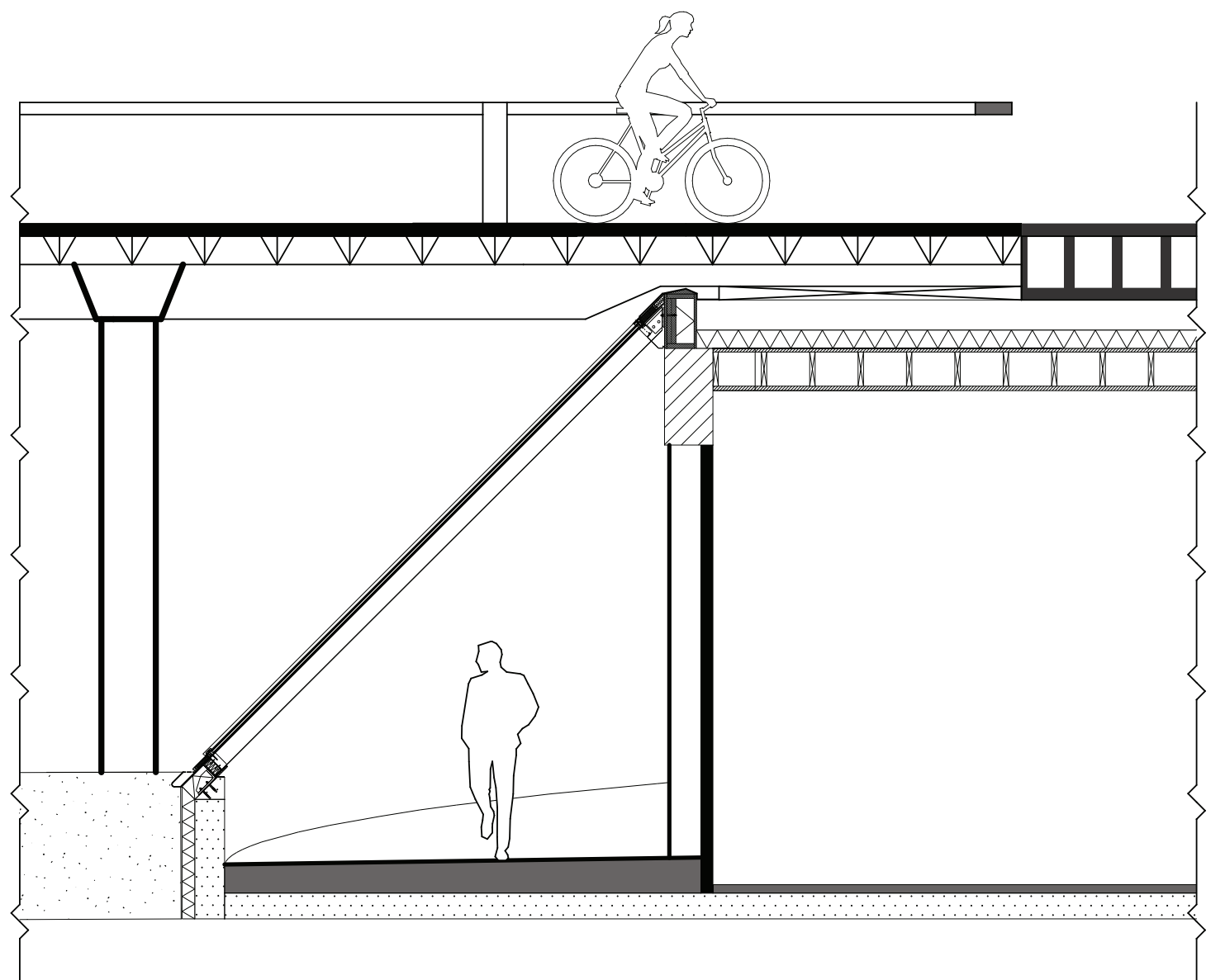
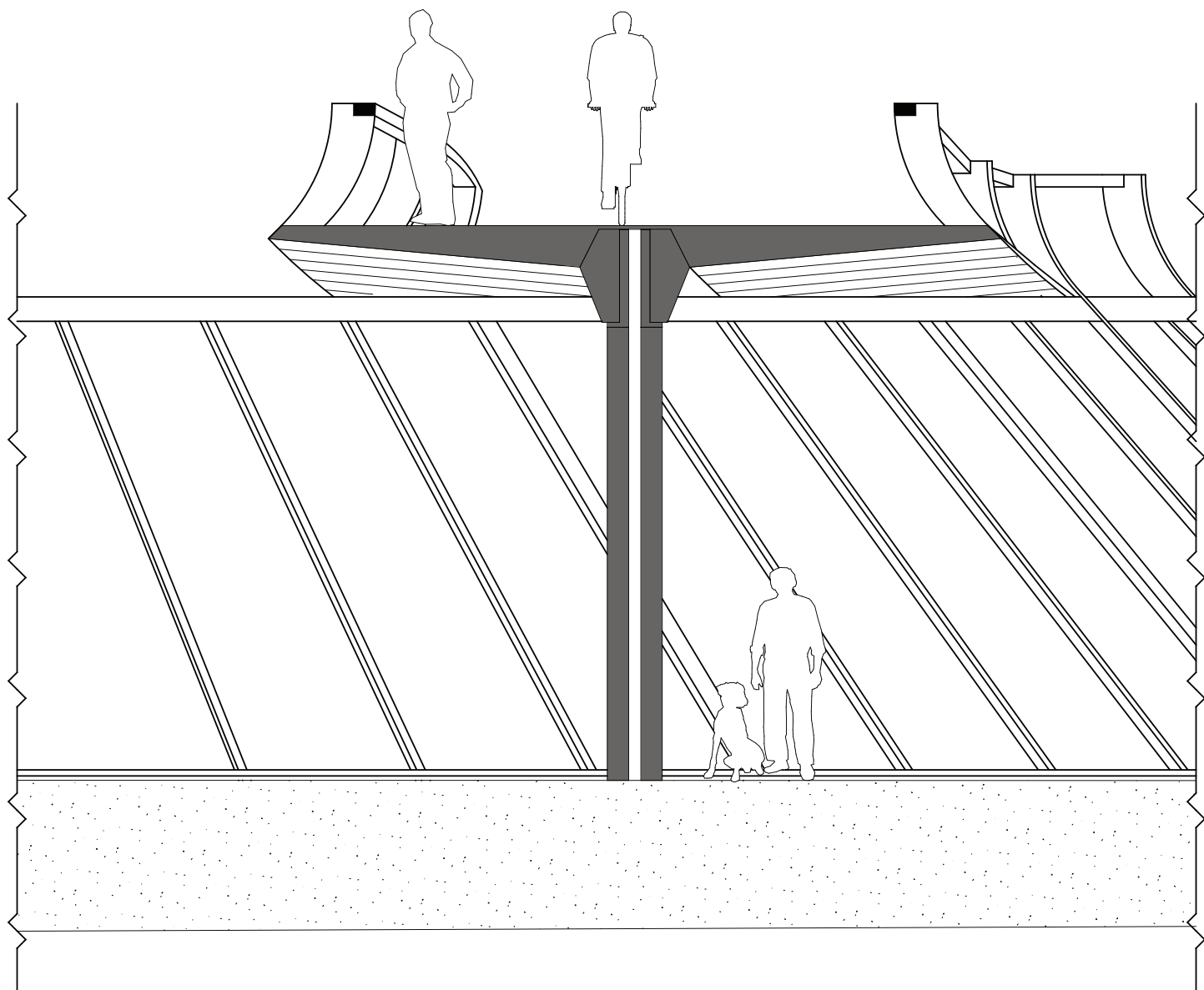
Library during the day Rendered with Comfy UI



Event space during a concert COnnect - Space Encounters



Front Entrance during the evening Rendered with Comfy UI



Design TBD

For the structure of the new part of the building. Cross Laminated Timber is used as a sustainable building method. It is build against the existing fabrikken in a way to preserve the amount of materials that is used. Other than the main structure, this chapters shows the detailing of the Nabohus together with the most important references.

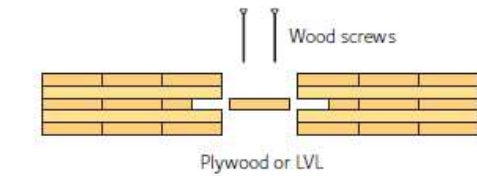
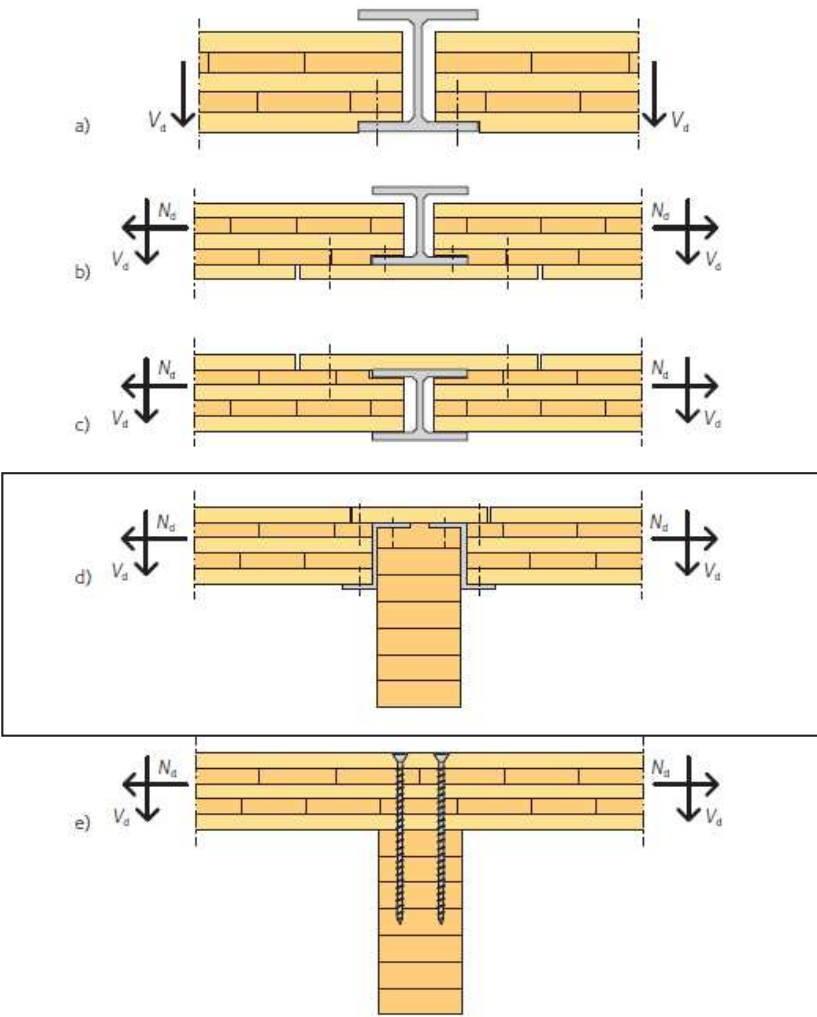


Figure 4.7 Joint with loose tongue.

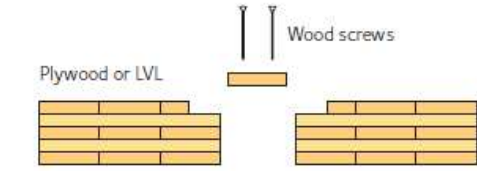


Figure 4.8 Joint with single cover plate.

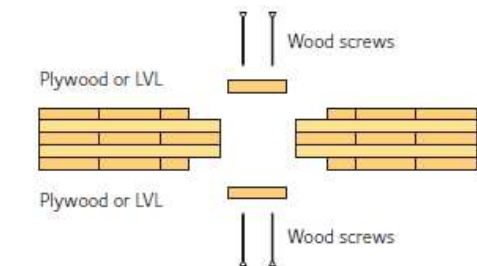
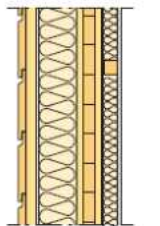
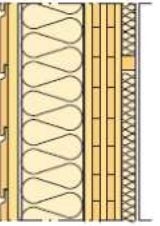
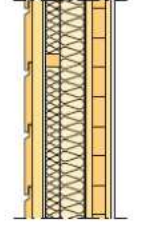
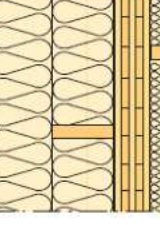
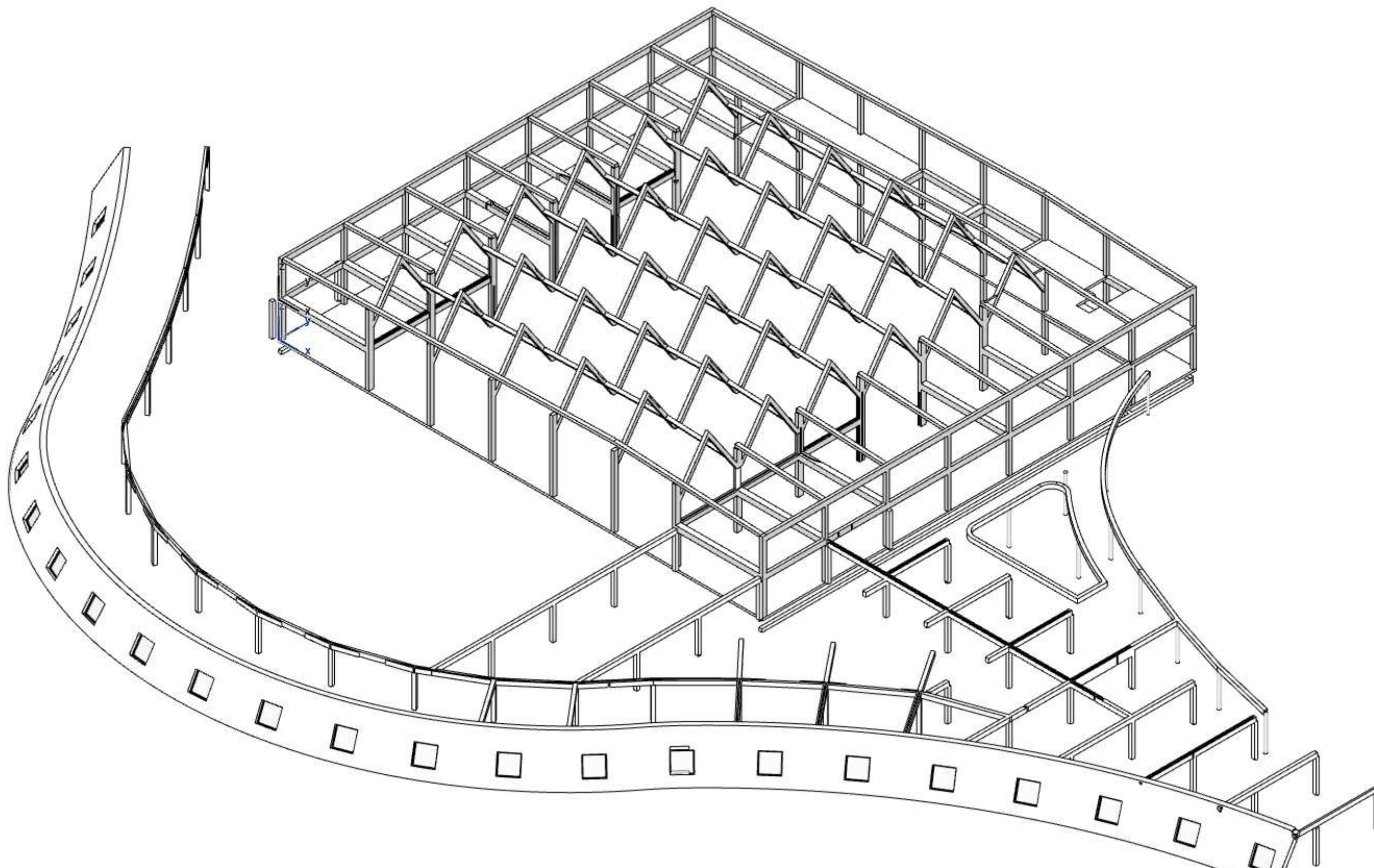


Figure 4.9 Joint with double cover plates.

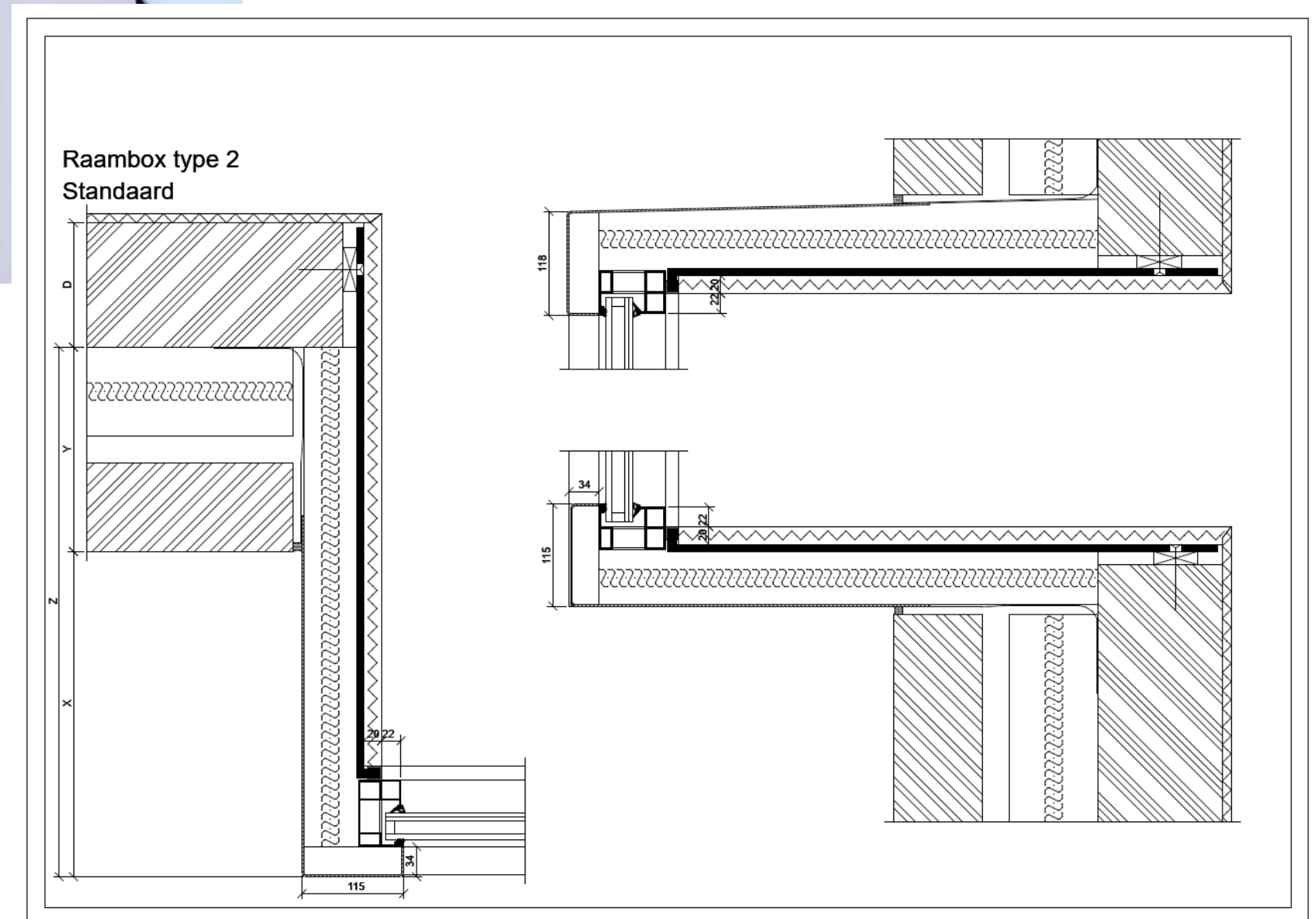
The CLT Handbook 75

Table 6.7 Selection of external wall designs.

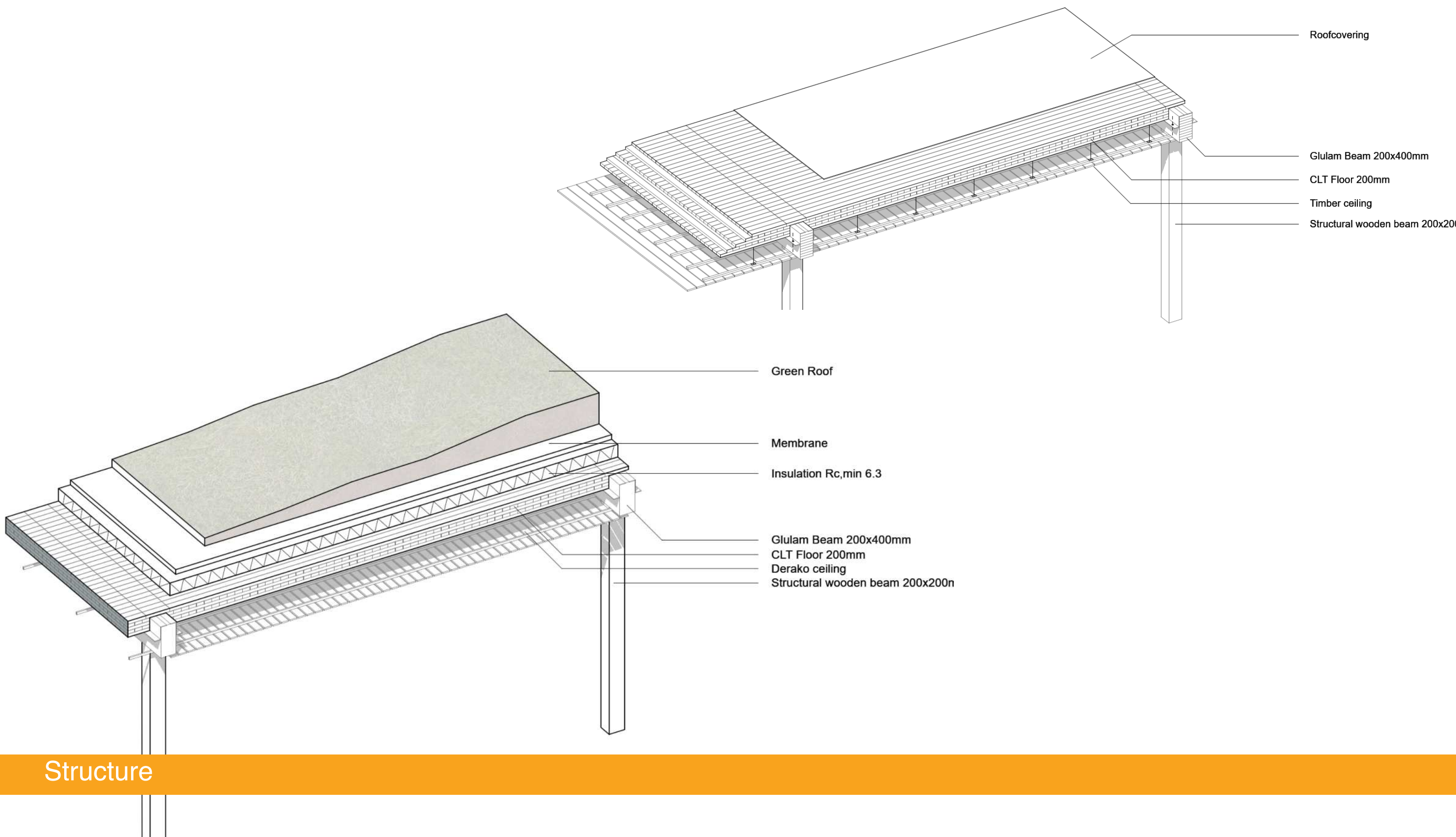
Wall type	Material (mm)	U-value [W/m²K]	Total thickness (mm)	Fire class	Udisolering $D_{s,e}$ (C; C _{tr})
	Wall type 1 22 external cladding 34 battens Wind protection 120 heavy insulation 80 CLT panel Vapour retarder 45 studs and insulation 13 plasterboard	0.25	314	REI60	38 (-1;-4)
	Wall type 2 22 external cladding 34 battens Wind protection Vapour retarder 195 heavy insulation 100 CLT panel 45 studs and insulation 13 plasterboard	0.15	409	REI60	41 (-;-)
	Wall type 3 22 external cladding 34 battens Wind protection 45 studs and insulation 95 insulation Vapour retarder 80 CLT panel 15 fire-resistant plasterboard	0.25	291	REI60	51 (-3;-9)
	Wall type 4 22 external cladding 34 battens Wind protection 170 vertical studs and insulation 170 horizontal studs and insulation Vapour retarder 100 CLT panel 45 studs and insulation 2 x 13 mm plasterboard	0.10	567	REI90	52 (-;-)

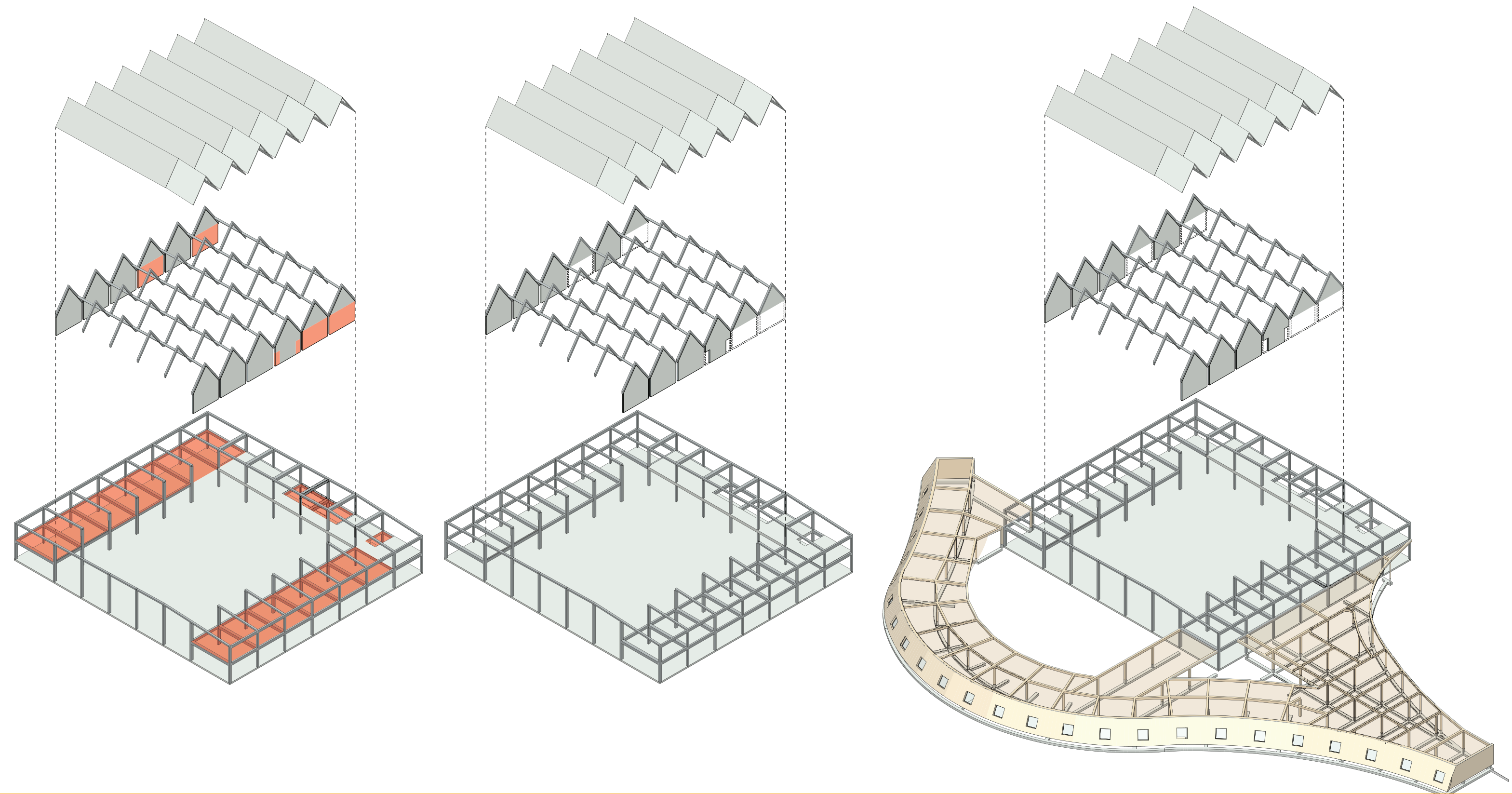


First construction drawing

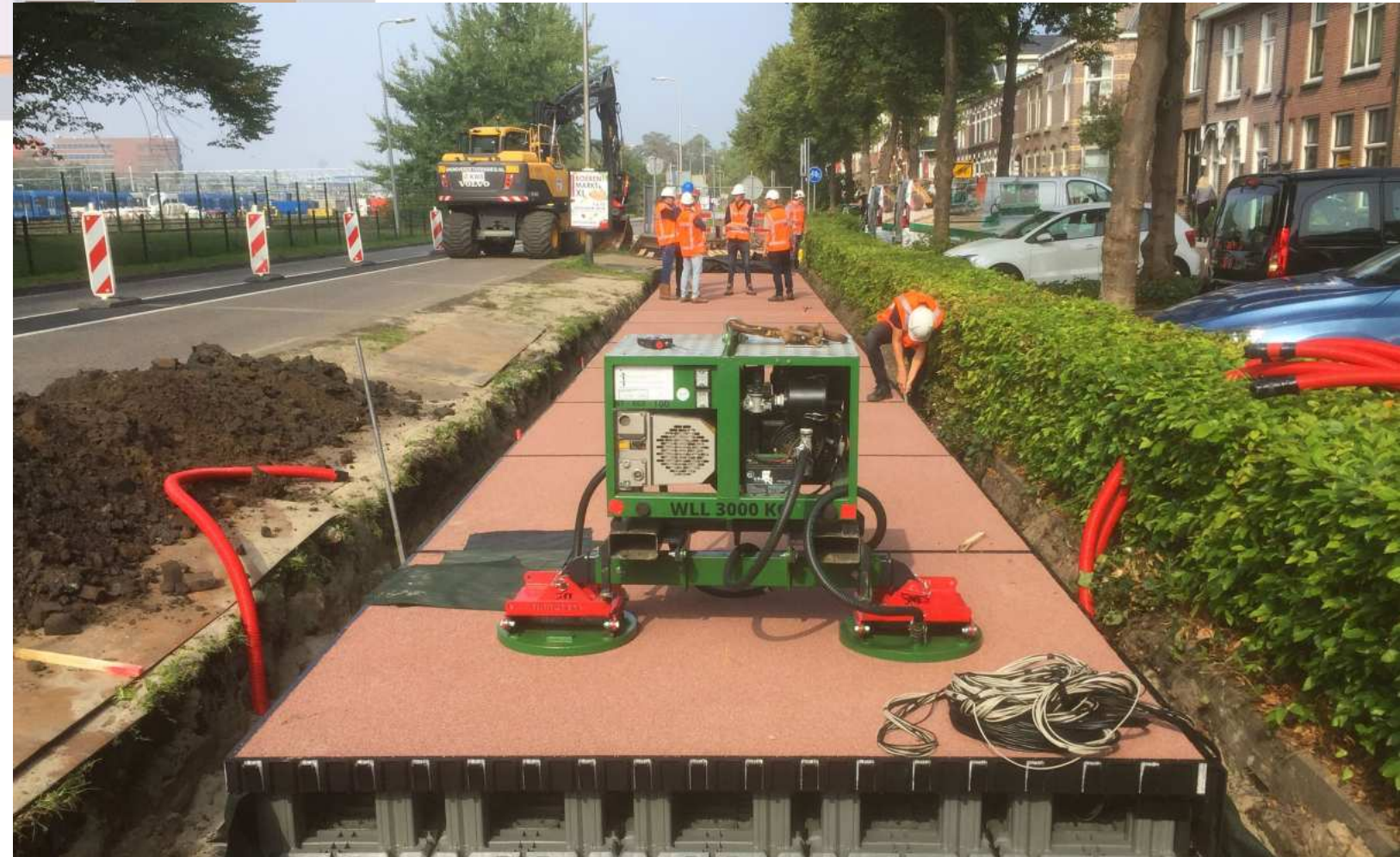
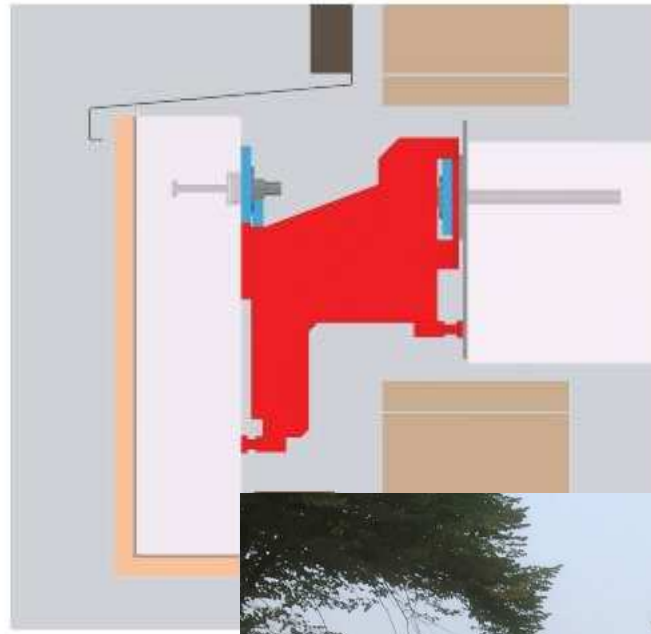
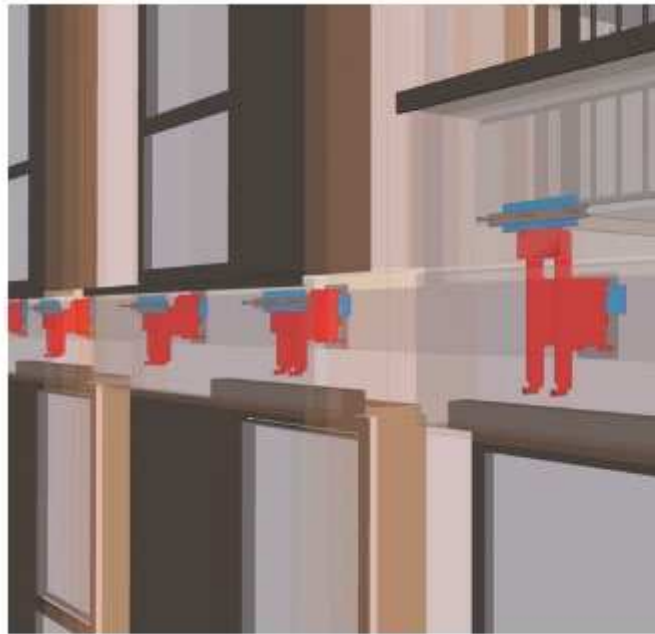


Use of external windows



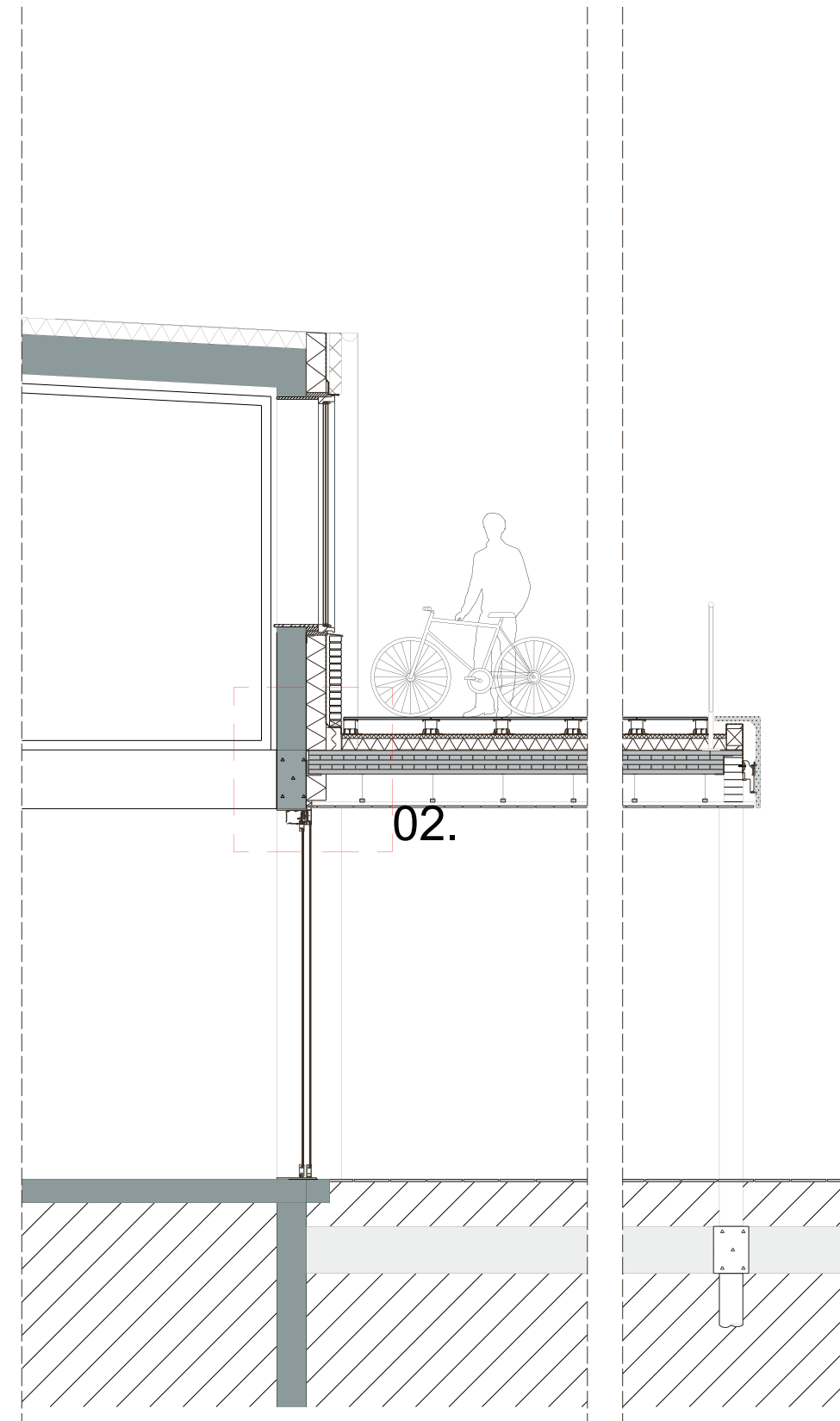
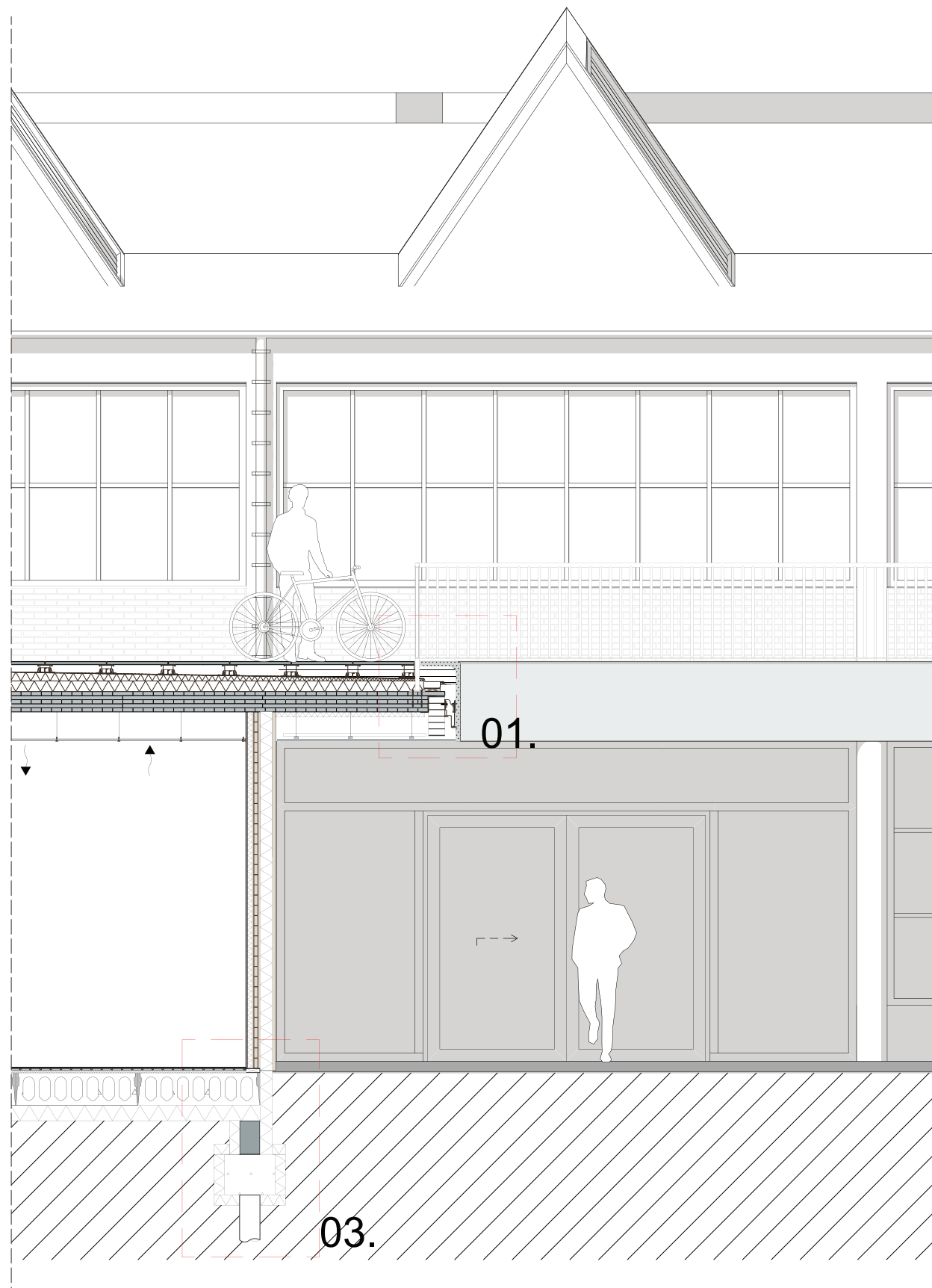


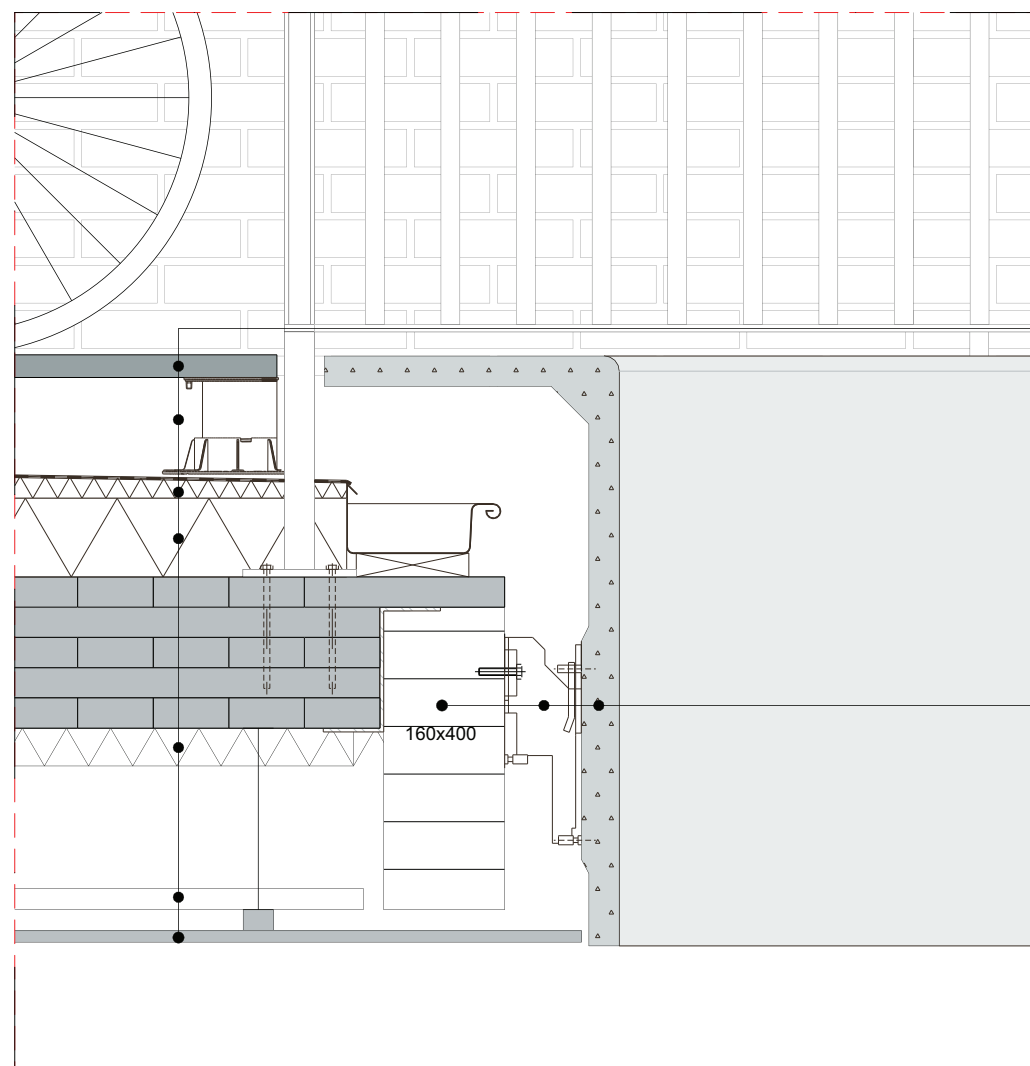
Final construction design



Technical details



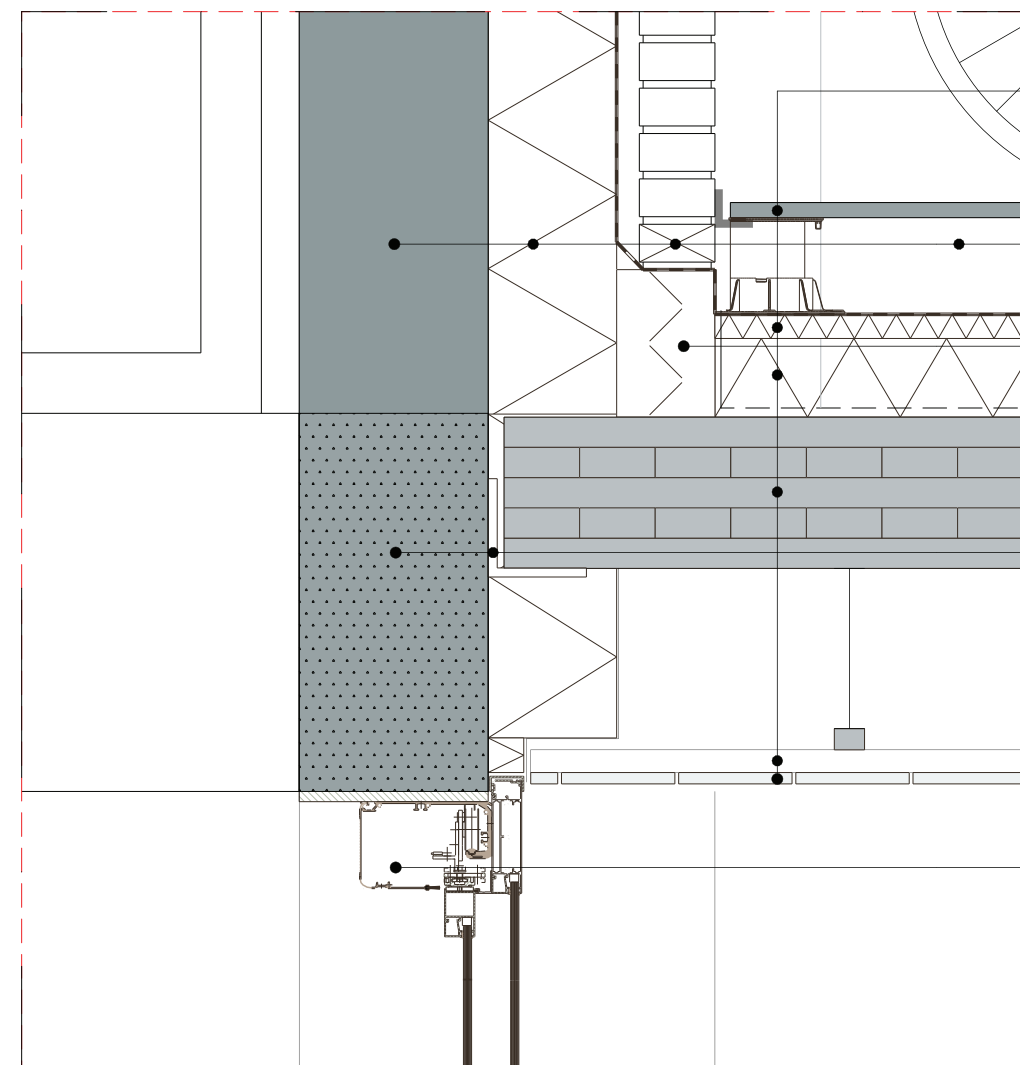




-Tiles 30mm
 -Paving Pedestal
 -Tapered Insulation
 -Insulation Rc-min= 5m2K/W
 -CLT floor 200mm
 -Framing 2x 28x40mm
 -Timber finish 20mm

-Glulam 160x400mm
 -Facade fixing system
 -Concrete facade strip

01.



-Tiles 20mm
 -Tapered Insulation
 -Insulation Rc-min= 5m2K/W
 -CLT floor 200mm
 -Framing 2x 28x40mm
 -Timber finish 20mm

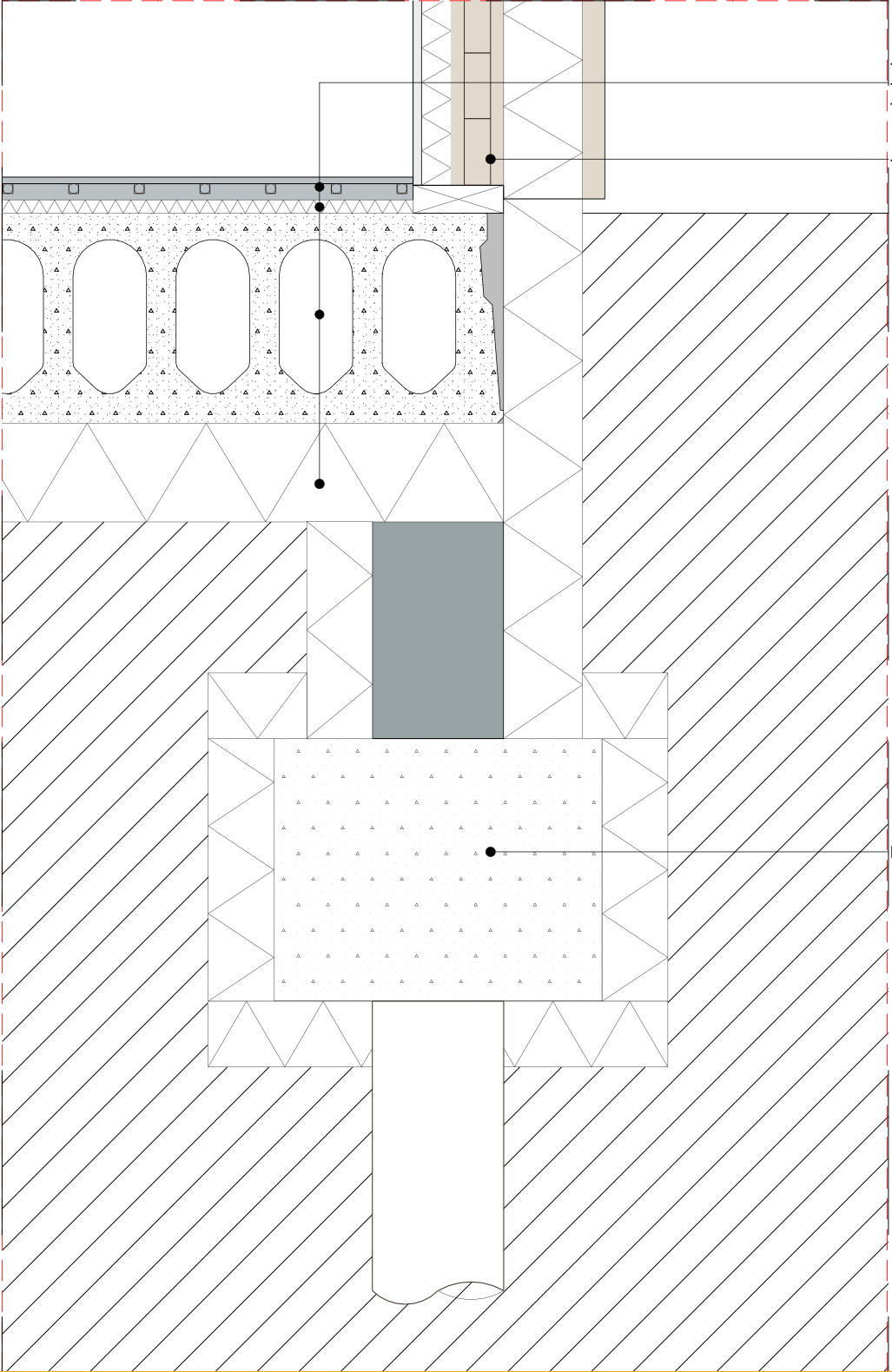
-Pavement pedestal
 -Brick 100mm
 -Insulation Rc-min= 5.0m2K/W
 -Existing brick structure

-Insulated building block

-Existing structural beam
 -L Angle

-Aluminium sliding door

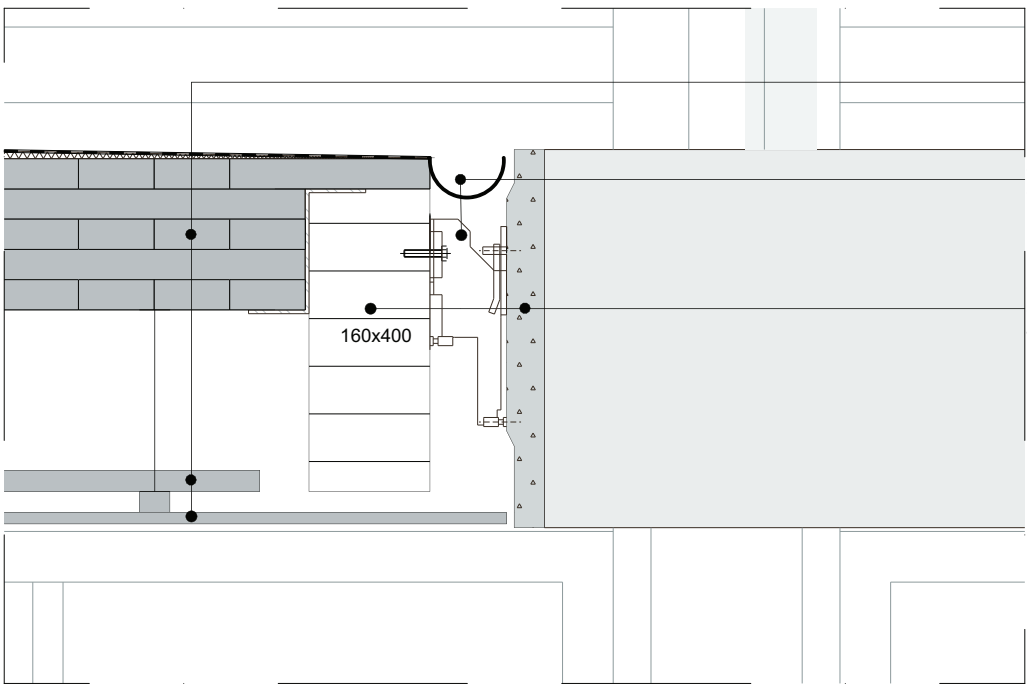
02.



- Fermacell estrichfloor with floorheating 55mm
- Remountable hollow core slab 320mm
- Floorinsulation 150mm
- Prefabricated Cross laminated timber facade wall

Foundation beam

03.



- Waterproof layer
- Tapered Insulation 200mm
- CLT floor
- Framing 2x 28x40mm
- Timber finish 20mm
- Roof gutter
- Concrete anker
- Glulam 160x400
- Facade fixing system
- Concrete facade strip

04.

P5

WELL-BEING WITHIN ALL SCALES

Alex Buijsman | 5943086

Under supervision of: Henk Bulstra | Florian Eckardt | Sien van Dam



The background image shows a modern, two-story building with large glass windows and a courtyard. The building has a flat roof and a light-colored facade. The courtyard is paved with light-colored tiles and features several large, circular planters with trees. People are walking and sitting in the courtyard. The sky is blue with some clouds.

INTRODUCTION CONTEXT PROCESS PROPOSAL



WHAT IS A PUBLIC CONDENSER?

INTRODUCTION

PUBLIC CONDENSER

1

Introduction
Public Condenser

Public Condenser:

- i. An open architecture that seeks to create new political forces, new ways of acting, and new forms of public.
- ii. The apparatus of the Public Condenser, spatially, provides a new notion of collectivity, community, and usage

5

Public Condenser: definition by Yuncheng Jeffrey Deng,
Commons of Care – Copenhagen, Vesterbro – Public Building Graduation Studio Public Condenser, 2019-2020





SUNDHOLM

“LET’S JUST FEAR EVERYTHING”

LET'S JUST FEAR
EVERYTHING

INTRODUCTION

CONTEXT

COPENHAGEN



SUNDHOLM



SITE



INTRODUCTION

HISTORY



1908

1945

2000

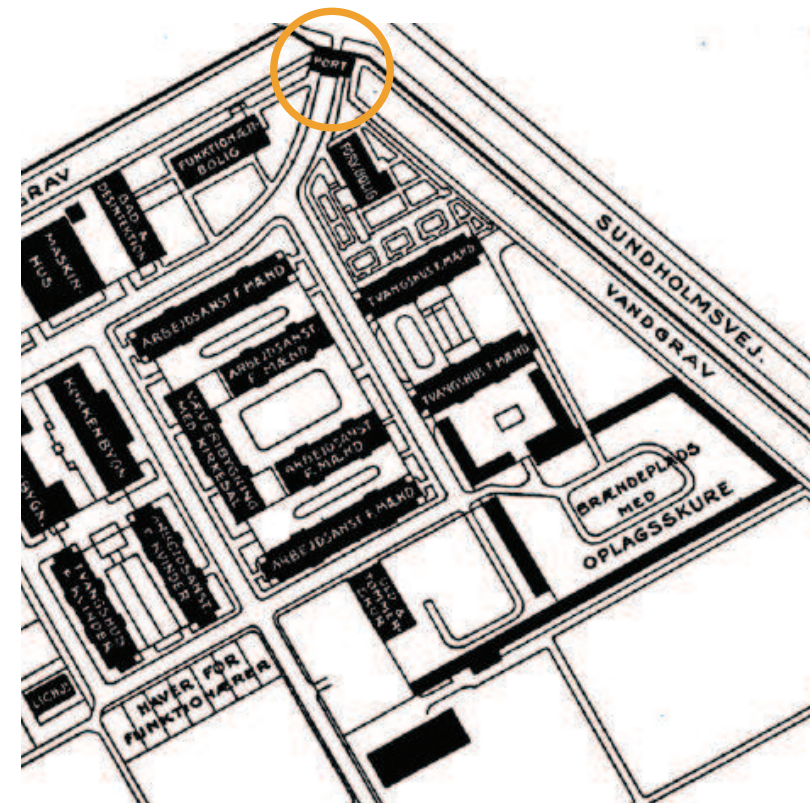
INTRODUCTION

HISTORY



INTRODUCTION

TODAY



CONTEXT

VULNERABILITY



CONTEXT

QUALITIES



CONTEXT

CONCLUSION

A neighborhood divided by cultural background,
socio-economic challenges, vulnerability



Disconnect among residents



Social Isolation



Pressure on physical, mental and social well-being & Health

PROCESS

RESEARCH QUESTION

RESEARCH QUESTION

“How can architectural design in the Sundholm Neighborhood promote physical, mental, and social well-being across diverse communities within a public condenser?”

WELL-BEING

[wel-bi-in] **noun**

The state of being comfortable, healthy and happy

PROCESS

NABOHUS

NABOHUS

PROCESS

NABOHUS

NABO

[na;bo] **noun**

1. *A person living near or next to another; a neighbor*
2. *A fellow resident in a shared environment, such as a street, building or community*

PROCESS

NABOHUS

HUS

[Hus] **noun**

1. *A building for human habitation; a house*
2. *A structure for a specific function or gathering
(e.g. community hall)*

PROCESS

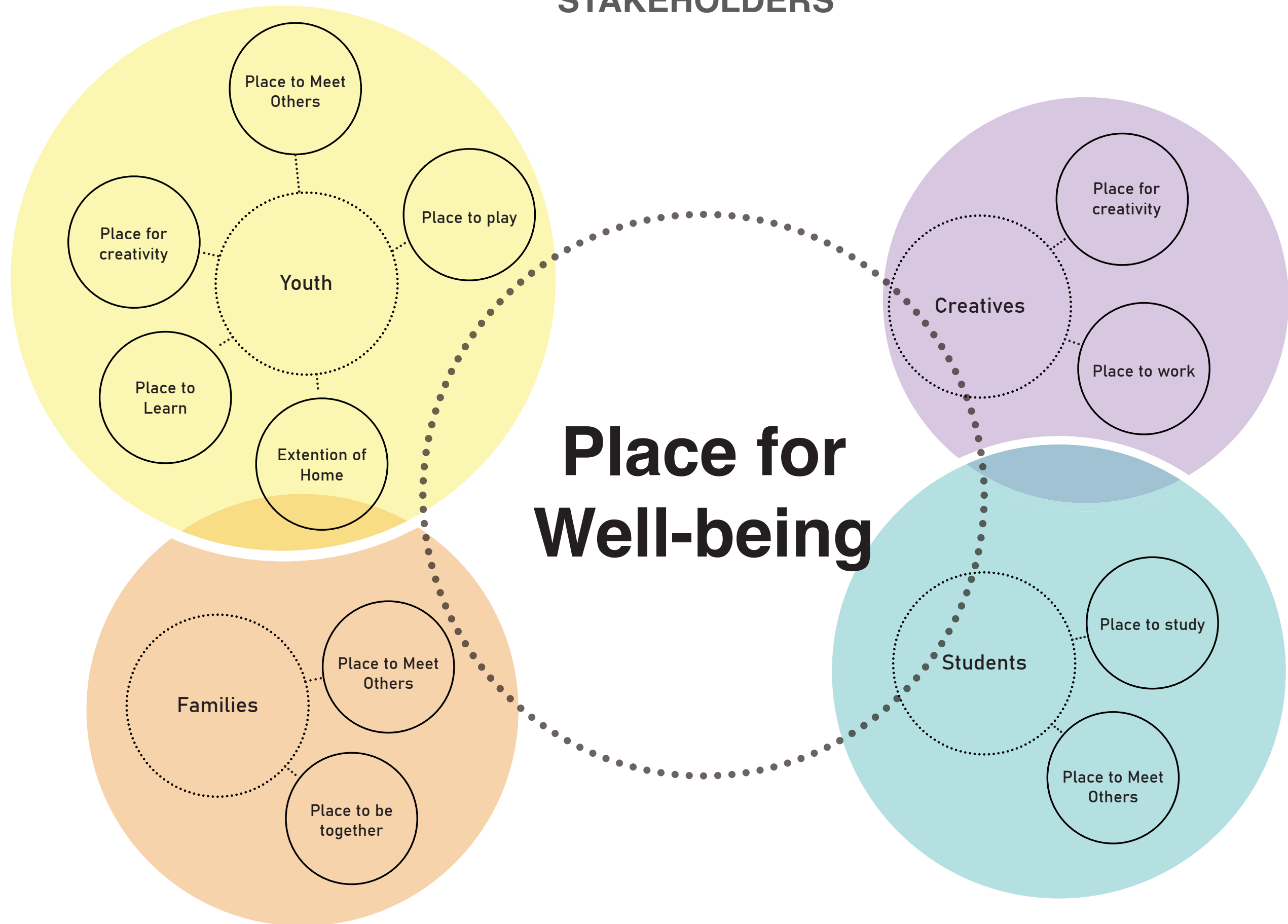
NABOHUS

NABOHUS

**A HOUSE FOR NEIGHBOURS;
A SHARED SPACE FOR
CONNECTION, CARE, AND
COMMUNITY**

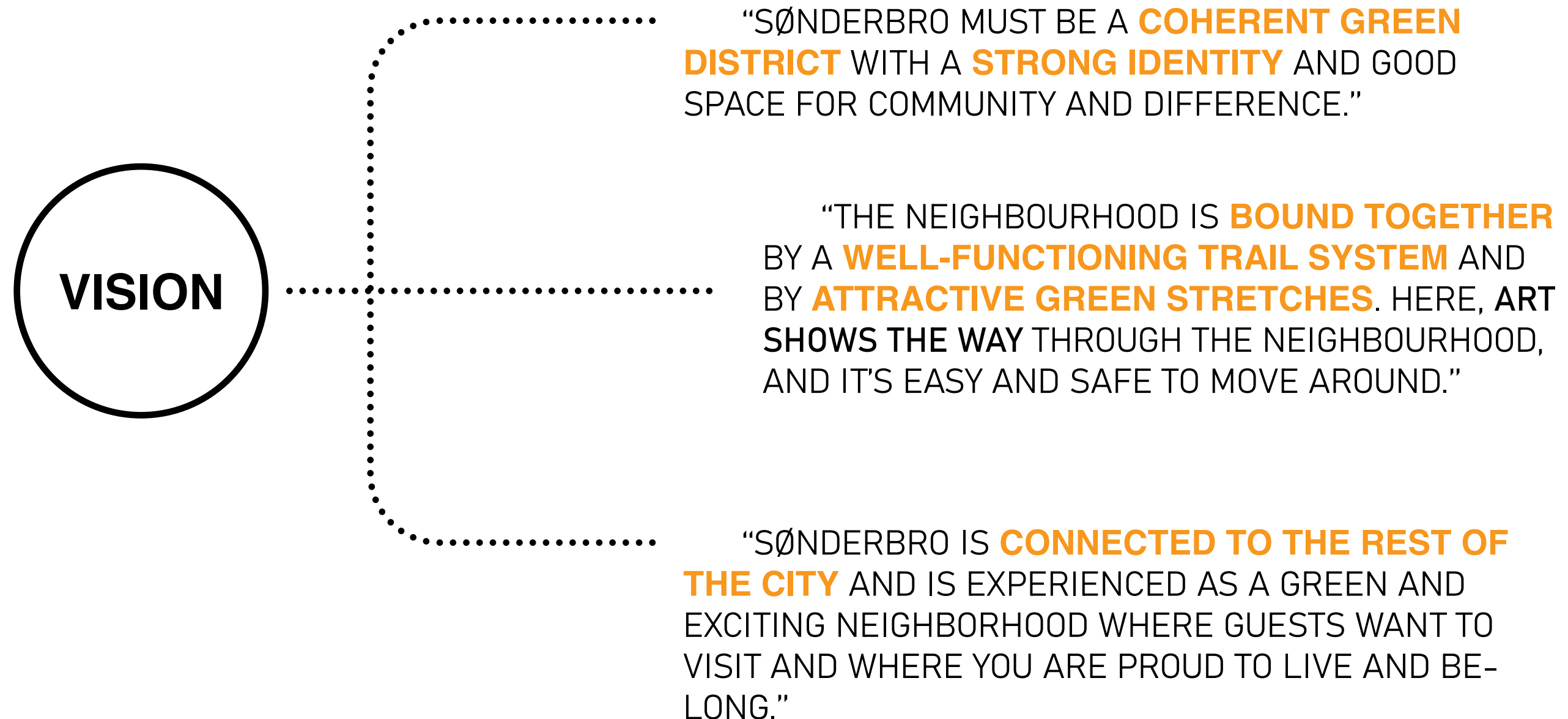
PROCESS

STAKEHOLDERS



PROCESS

MUNICIPALITY VISION



Kopenhagen
University

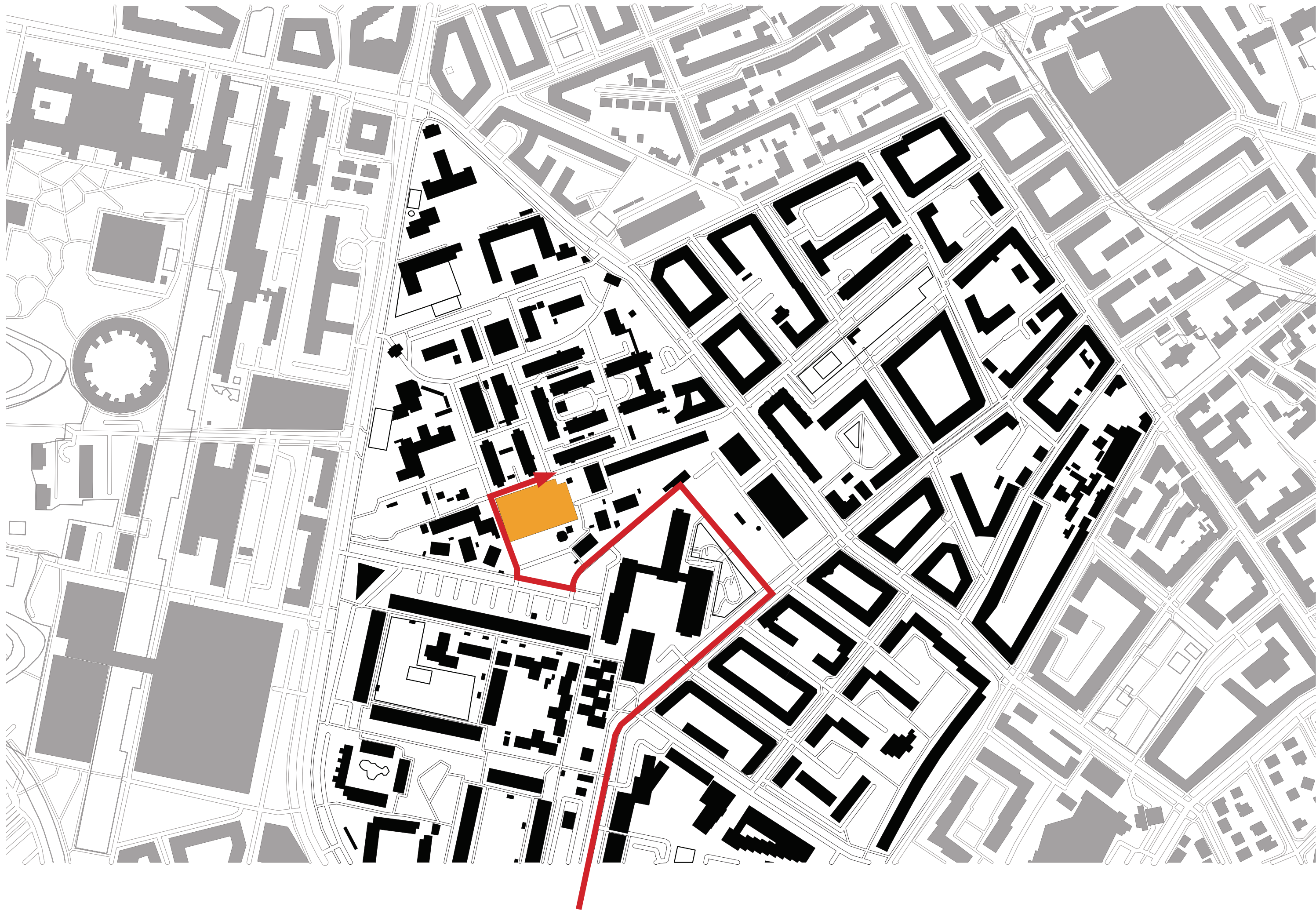
Amager
Shopping
Center

Residency

Concert
Hall

Residency





PROCESS

FABRIKKEN



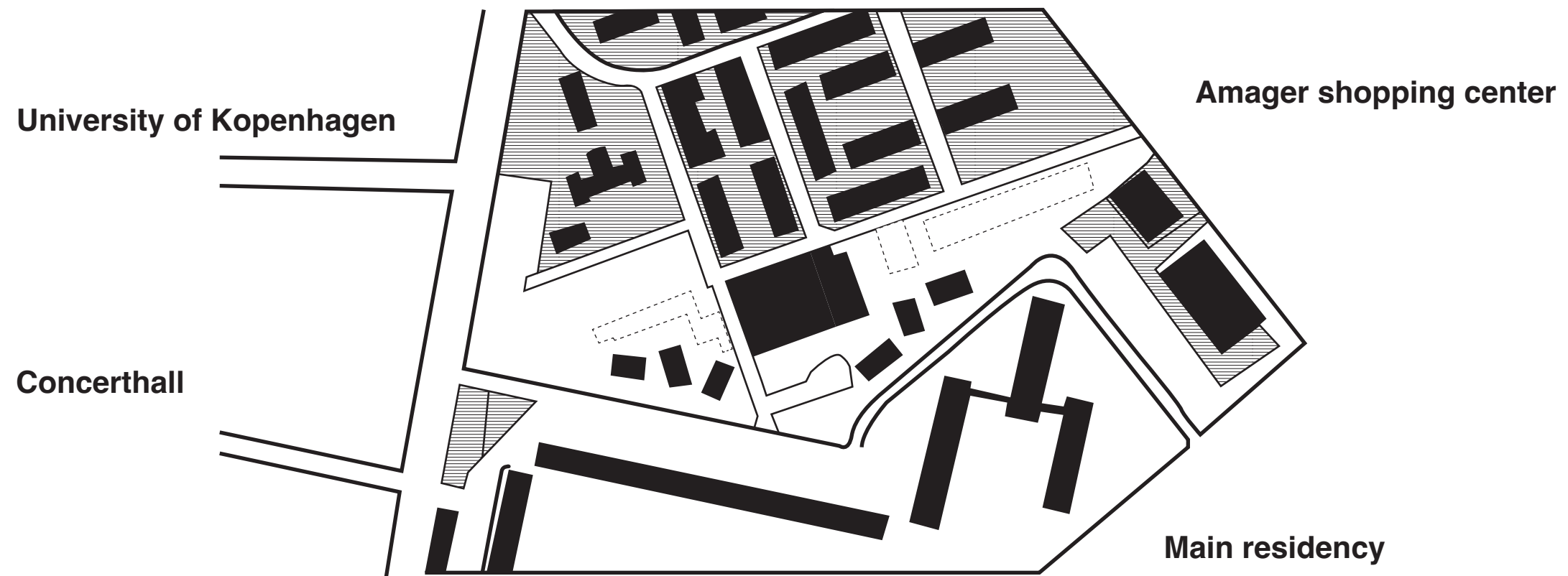
PROCESS

FABRIKKEN



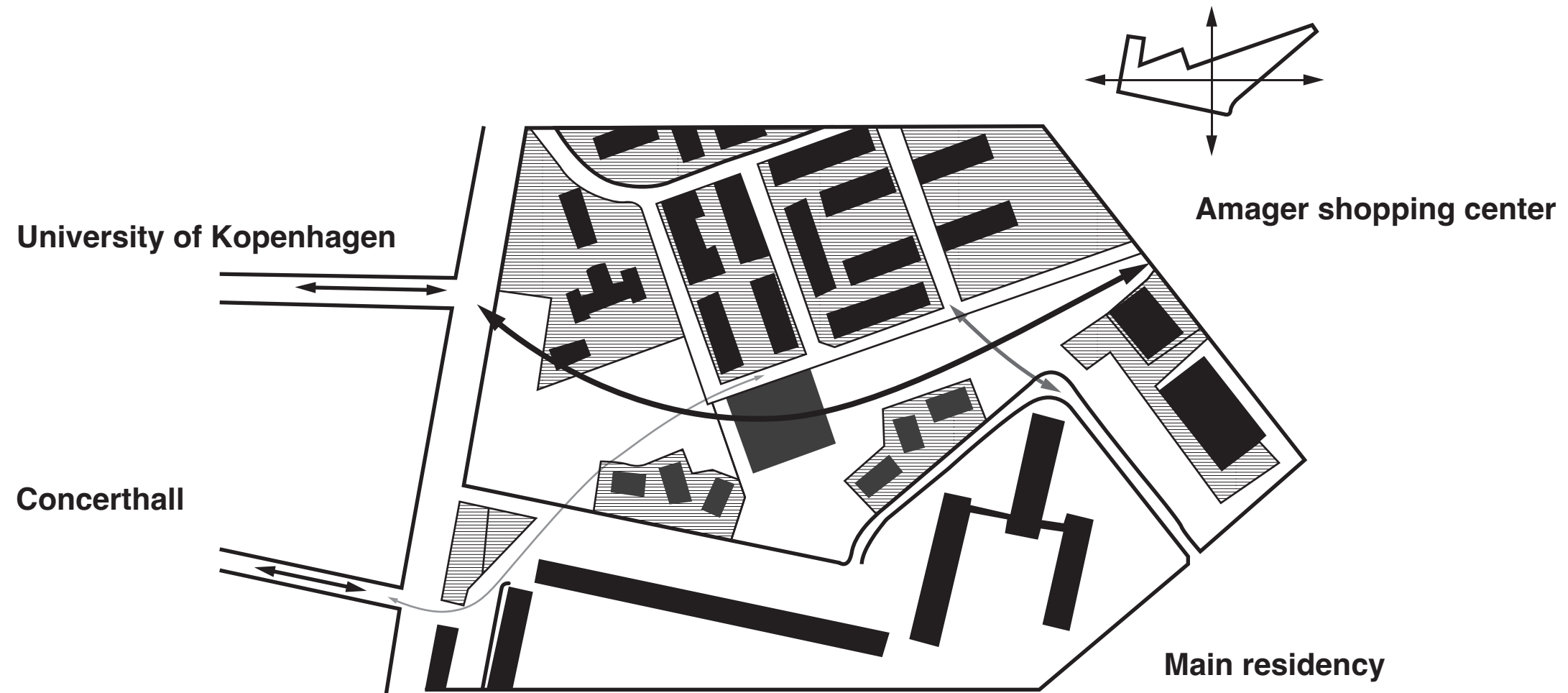
PROCESS

SITE ANALYSIS



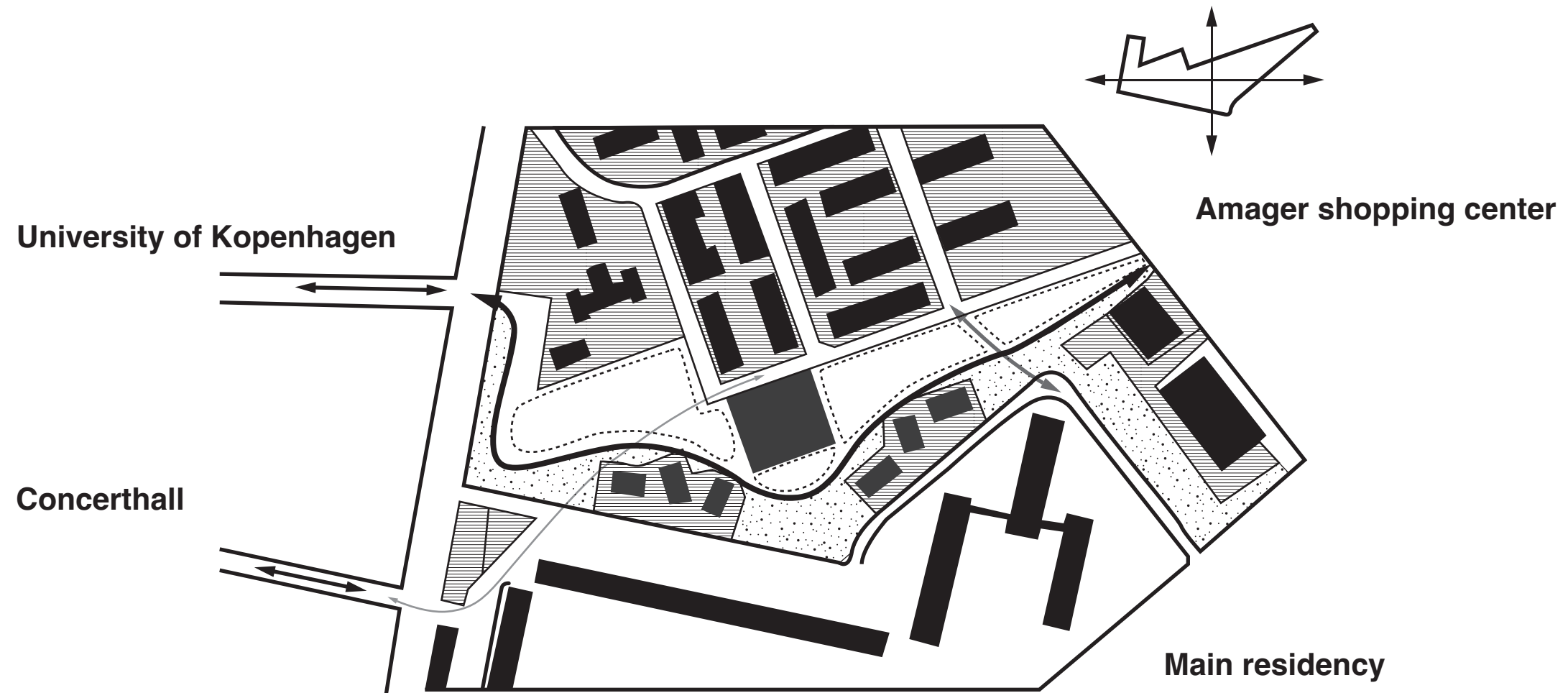
PROCESS

SITE ANALYSIS



PROCESS

SITE ANALYSIS



PROCESS

WELL-BEING CONCEPT

‘BROAD FOCUS ON USER GROUPS’



‘SPACE FOR INDIVIDUALS’



‘SPACE FOR GATHERING’



A vertical dotted line in orange color runs down the center of the page.

NEEF

NEW ECONOMICS FOUNDATION

‘THE PROJECT AIMS TO ANALYZE THE MOST IMPORTANT DRIVERS OF MENTAL CAPITAL AND WELL-BEING TO DEVELOP A LONG-TERM VISION FOR MAXIMIZING MENTAL CAPITAL AND WELL-BEING’



5 WAYS TO WELL-BEING

PROCESS

5 WAYS TO WELL-BEING

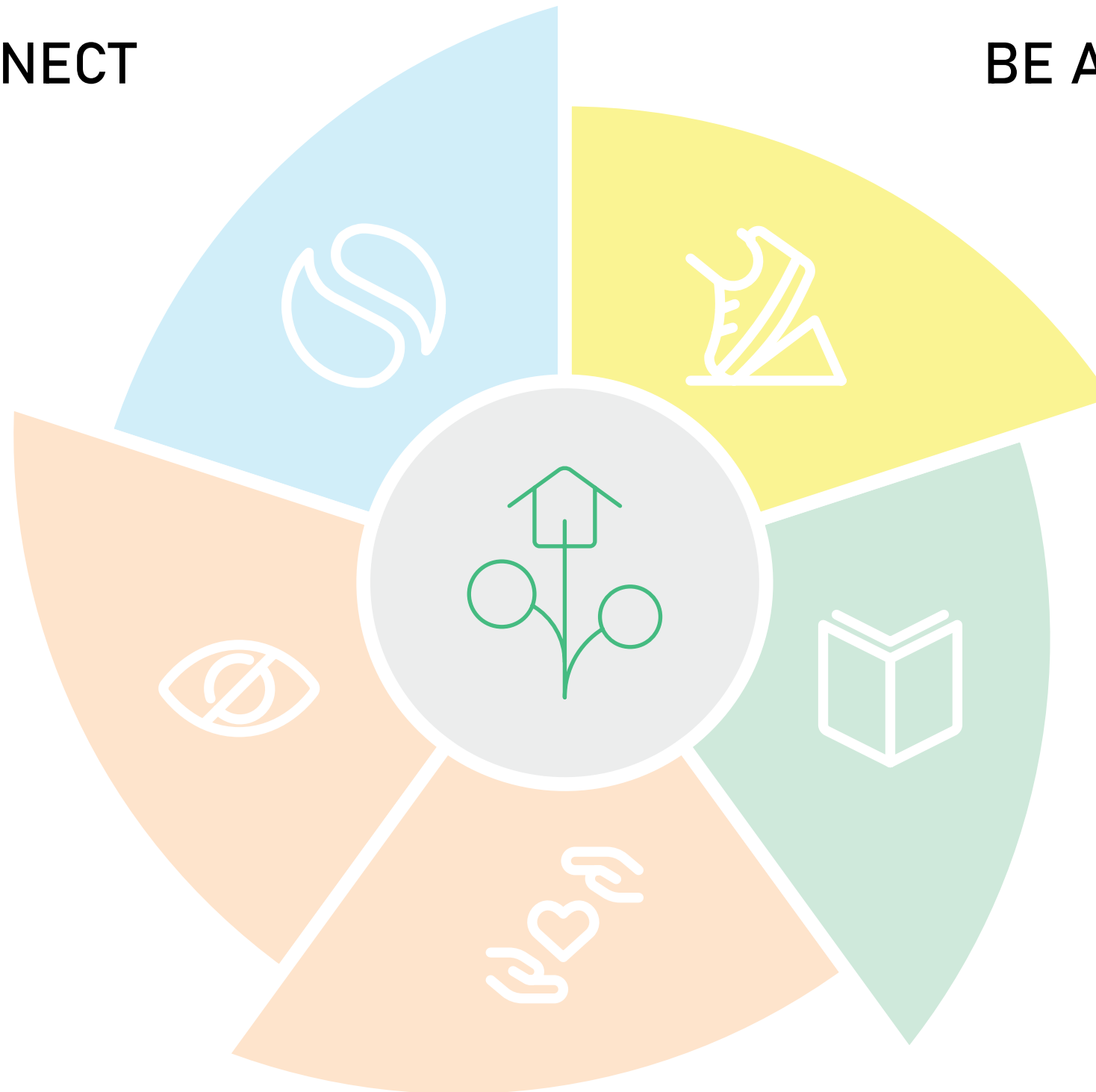
CONNECT

BE ACTIVE

KEEP LEARNING

GIVE TO OTHERS

TAKE NOTICE





‘PRINCIPLE BASED ON SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH’



NEURO-ARCHITECTURE

APPLIES PRINCIPLES OF NEUROSCIENCE TO ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN, SEEKING TO CREATE SPACES THAT POSITIVELY INFLUENCE COGNITIVE FUNCTION, WELL-BEING, AND OVERALL EXPERIENCE.

Neuroarchitecture: How the Perception of Our Surroundings Impacts the Brain; Sarah Abbas

PROCESS

NEURO-ARCHITECTURE



THERMAL
COMFORT



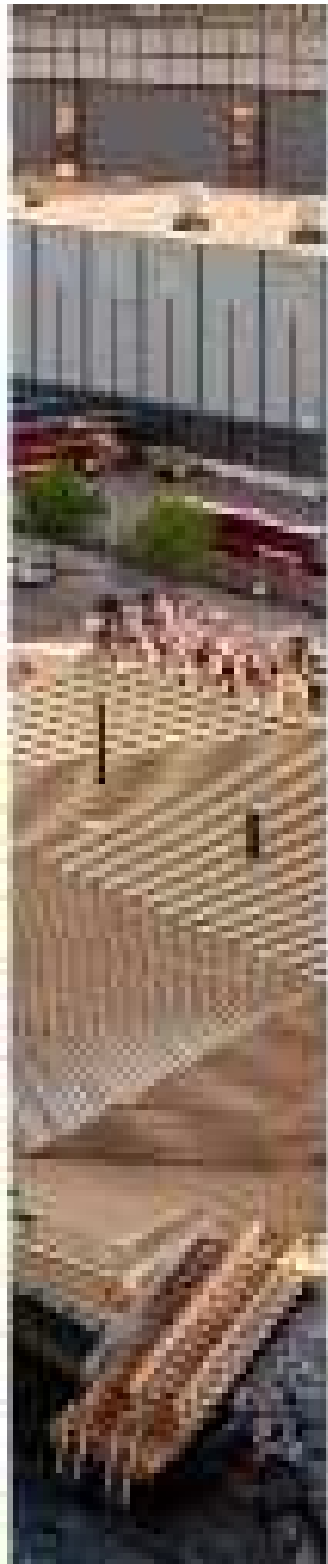
AIR QUALITY



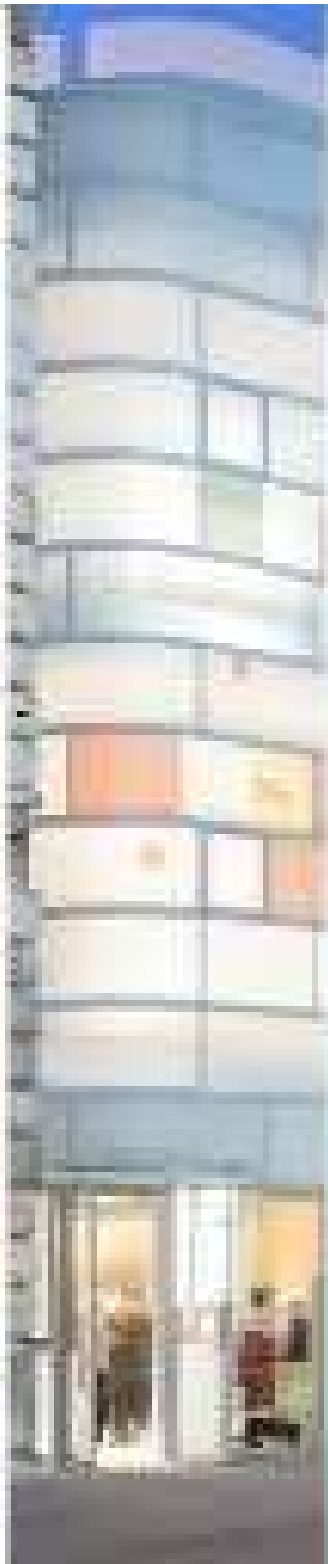
NATURAL
MATERIALS



BIOPHILIC
DESIGN



LIGHTING



ACOUSTICS



COLOR
PSYCHOLOGY



RESTORATIVE
SPACES



ORGANIC FORMS

PROCESS

NEURO-ARCHITECTURE

OPENABLE WINDOWS

GOOD VENTILATION

INDIVIDUAL CONTROL

UNIVERSAL CONTROL

THERMAL COMFORT

AIR QUALITY

PROCESS

NEURO-ARCHITECTURE



THERMAL
COMFORT



AIR QUALITY



NATURAL
MATERIALS



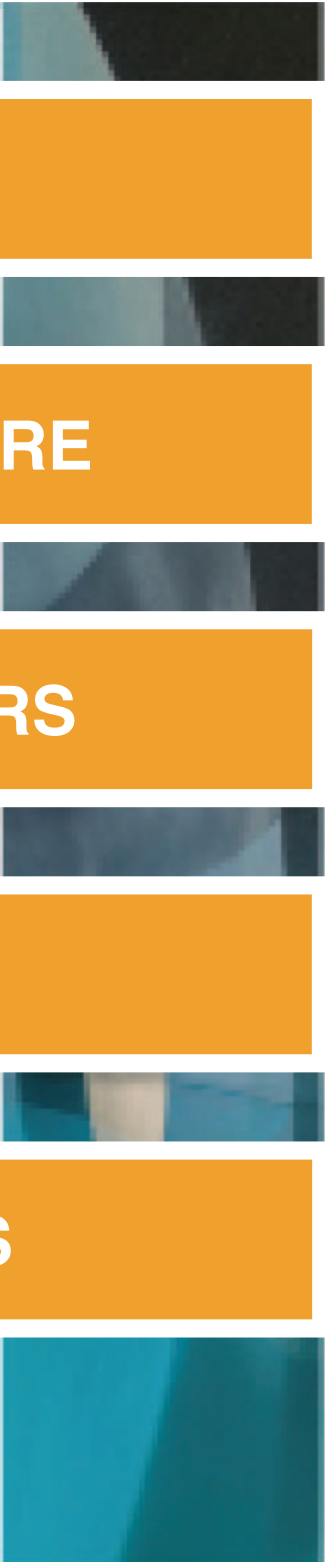
BIOPHILIC
DESIGN



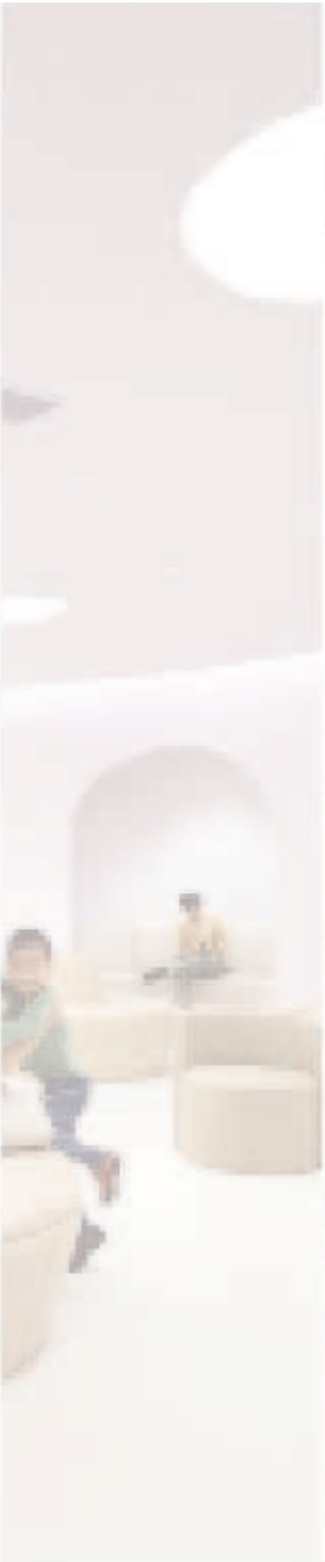
LIGHTING



ACOUSTICS



COLOR
PSYCHOLOGY



RESTORATIVE
SPACES



ORGANIC FORMS

WOOD

CONTACT WITH NATURE

AVOID HARD CORNERS

SOFT MATERIALS

SOFT BOUNDARIES

PROCESS

NEURO-ARCHITECTURE



NATURAL LIGHTING



SOFT LIGHTING



PEACEFUL SPACE



SOFT MATERIALS



THERMAL
COMFORT

AIR QUALITY

NATURAL
MATERIALS

BIOPHILIC
DESIGN



LIGHTING



ACOUSTICS



COLOR
PSYCHOLOGY



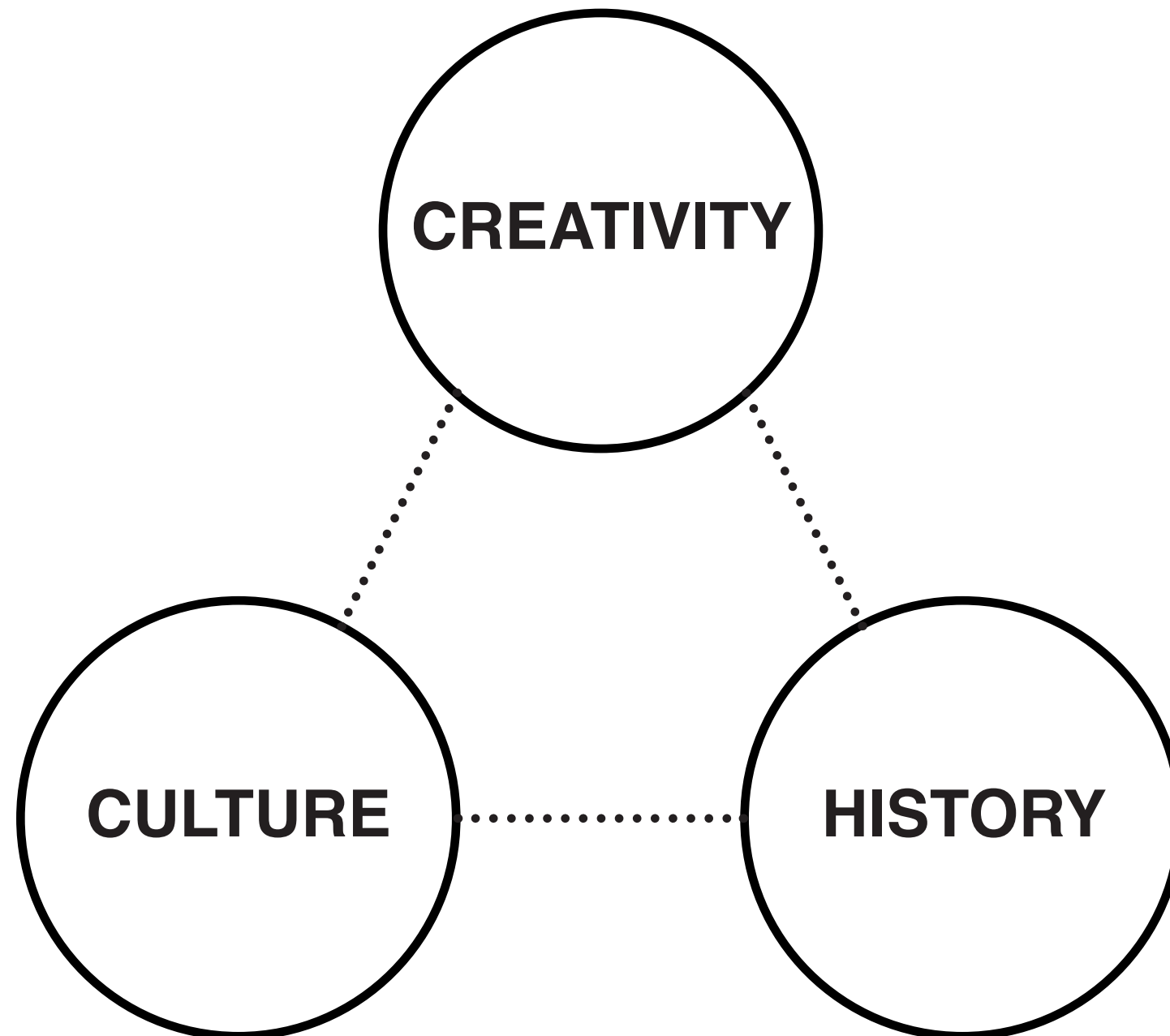
RESTORATIVE
SPACES



ORGANIC FORMS

PROCESS

IDENTITY



PROPOSAL

LANDSCAPE



1 Transportation

2 Wet surface

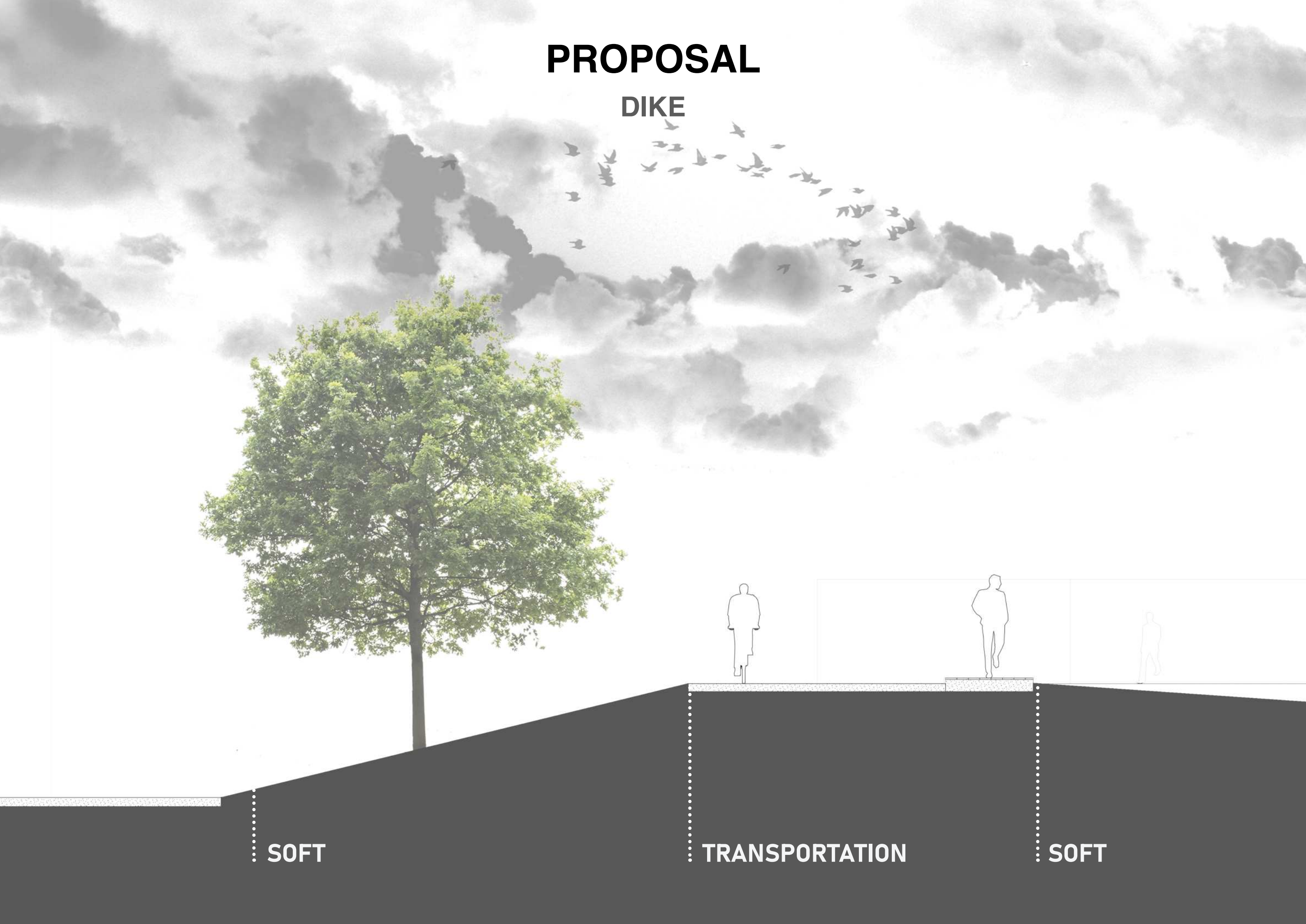
3 Hard surface

4 Soft surface

5 Connection

PROPOSAL

DIKE



SOFT

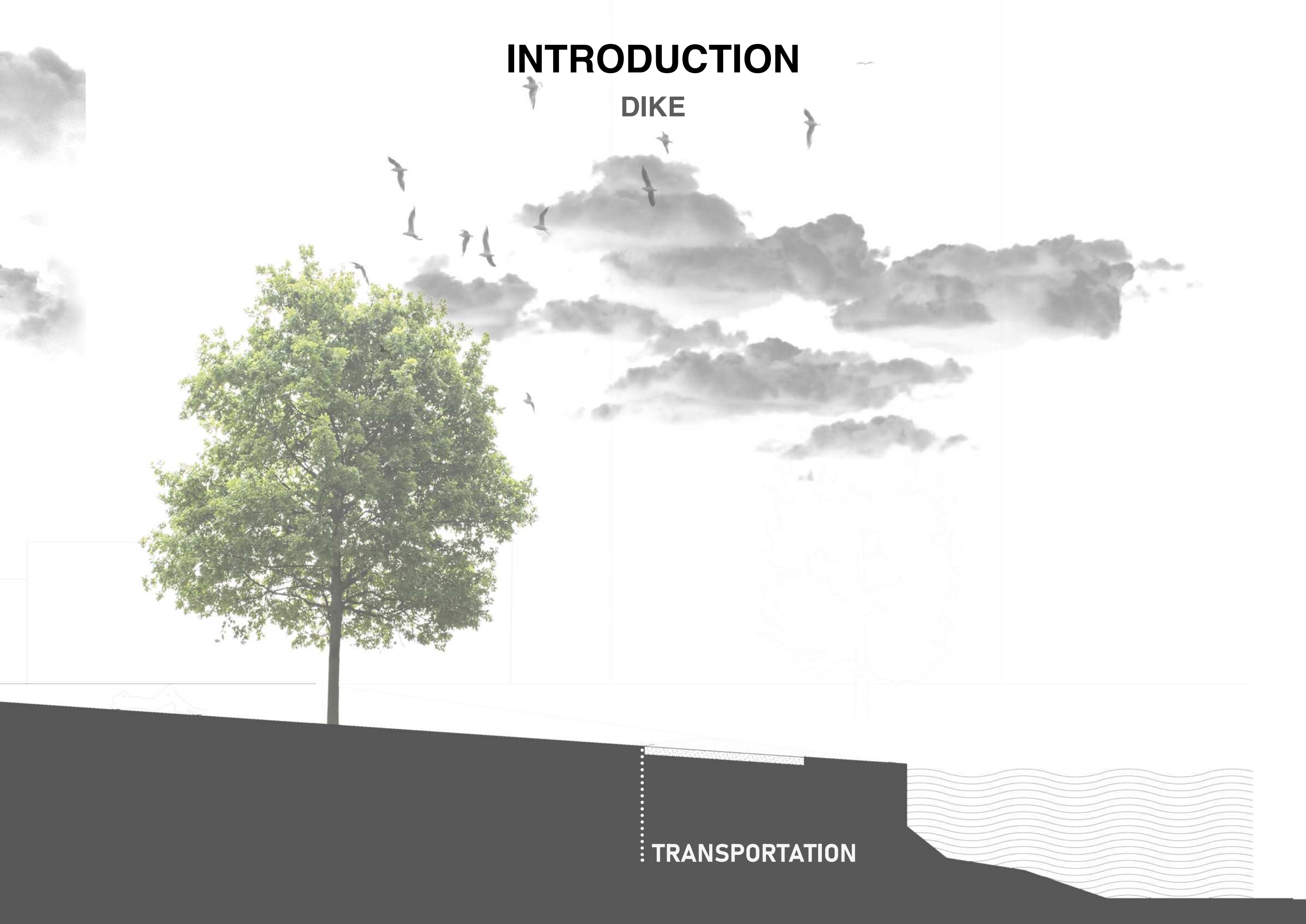
TRANSPORTATION

SOFT

INTRODUCTION

DIKE

TRANSPORTATION



PROPOSAL

5 WAYS TO WELL-BEING

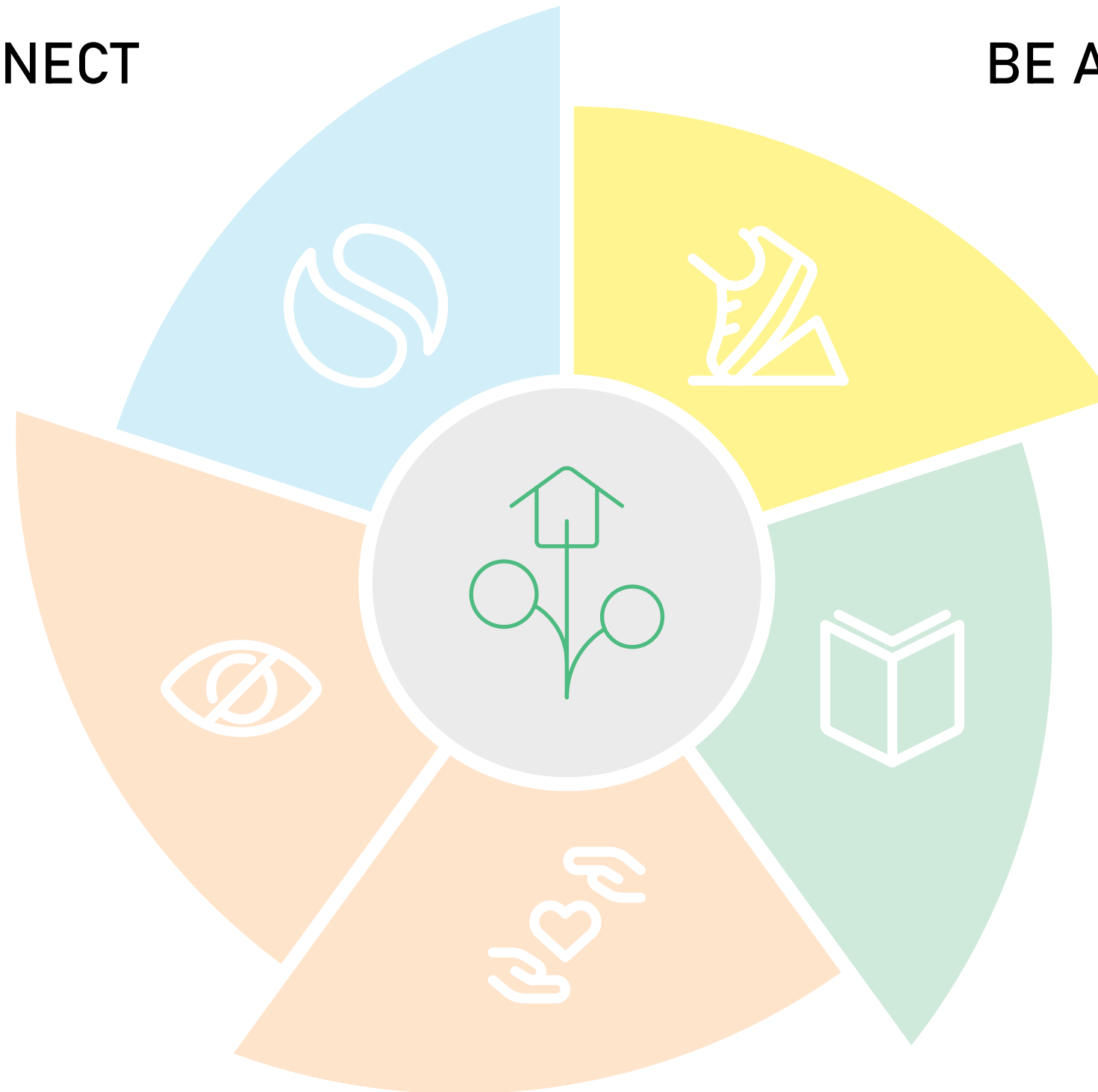
CONNECT

BE ACTIVE

KEEP LEARNING

GIVE TO OTHERS

TAKE NOTICE



PROPOSAL

CONNECT

CONNECT



PROPOSAL

CONNECT



PROPOSAL

CONNECT



PROPOSAL

BE ACTIVE

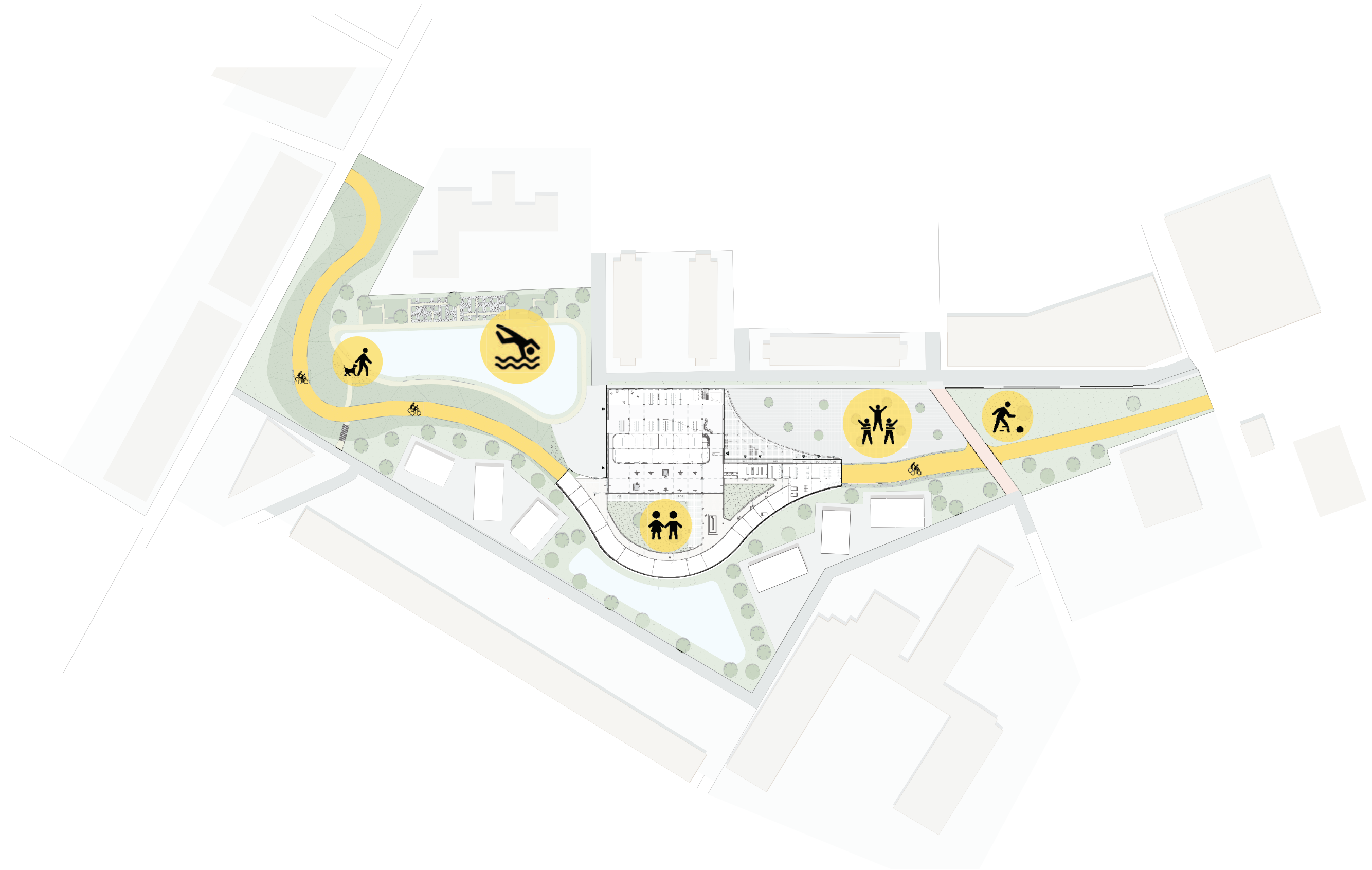
BE ACTIVE

WALK OR RUN
STEP OUTSIDE
EXERCISE



PROPOSAL

BE ACTIVE



PROPOSAL

BE ACTIVE



PROPOSAL

KEEP LEARNING

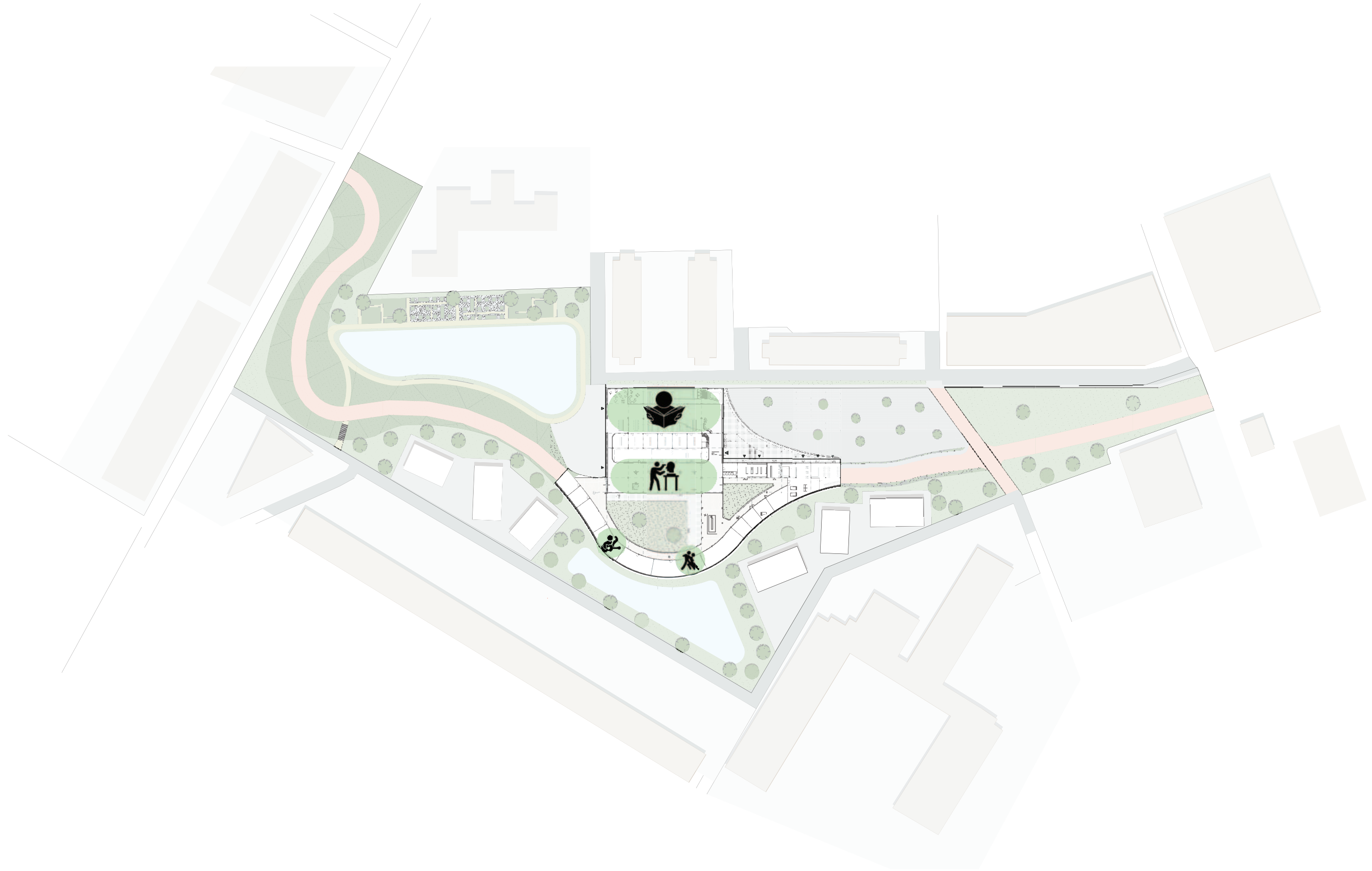


KEEP LEARNING

SET A CHALLENGE
TRY SOMETHING NEW
PLAY AN INSTRUMENT

PROPOSAL

KEEP LEARNING



PROPOSAL

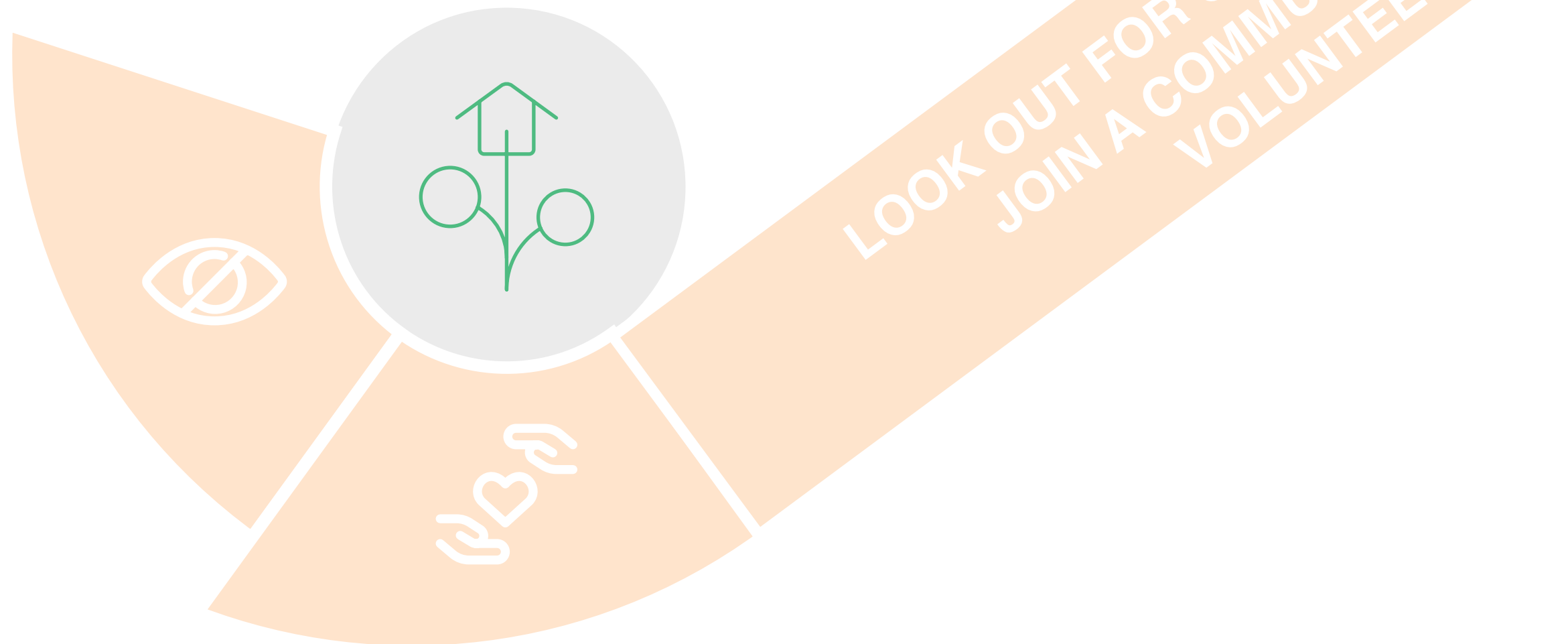
KEEP LEARNING



PROPOSAL

GIVE TO OTHERS & TAKE NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE



GIVE TO OTHERS

PROPOSAL
GIVE TO OTHERS & TAKE NOTICE

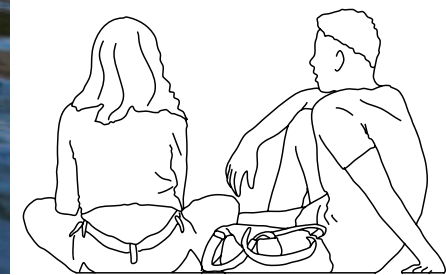
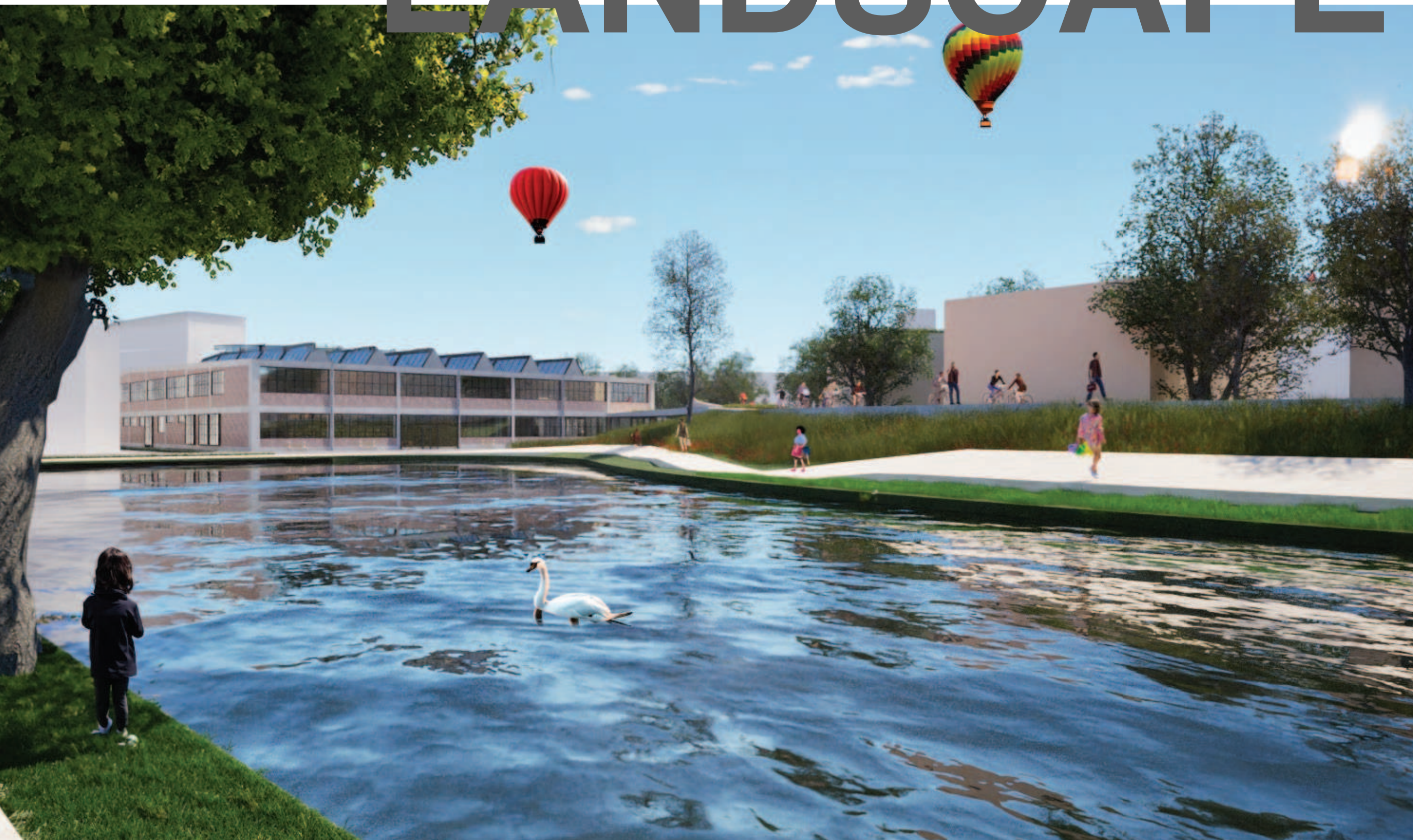


PROPOSAL

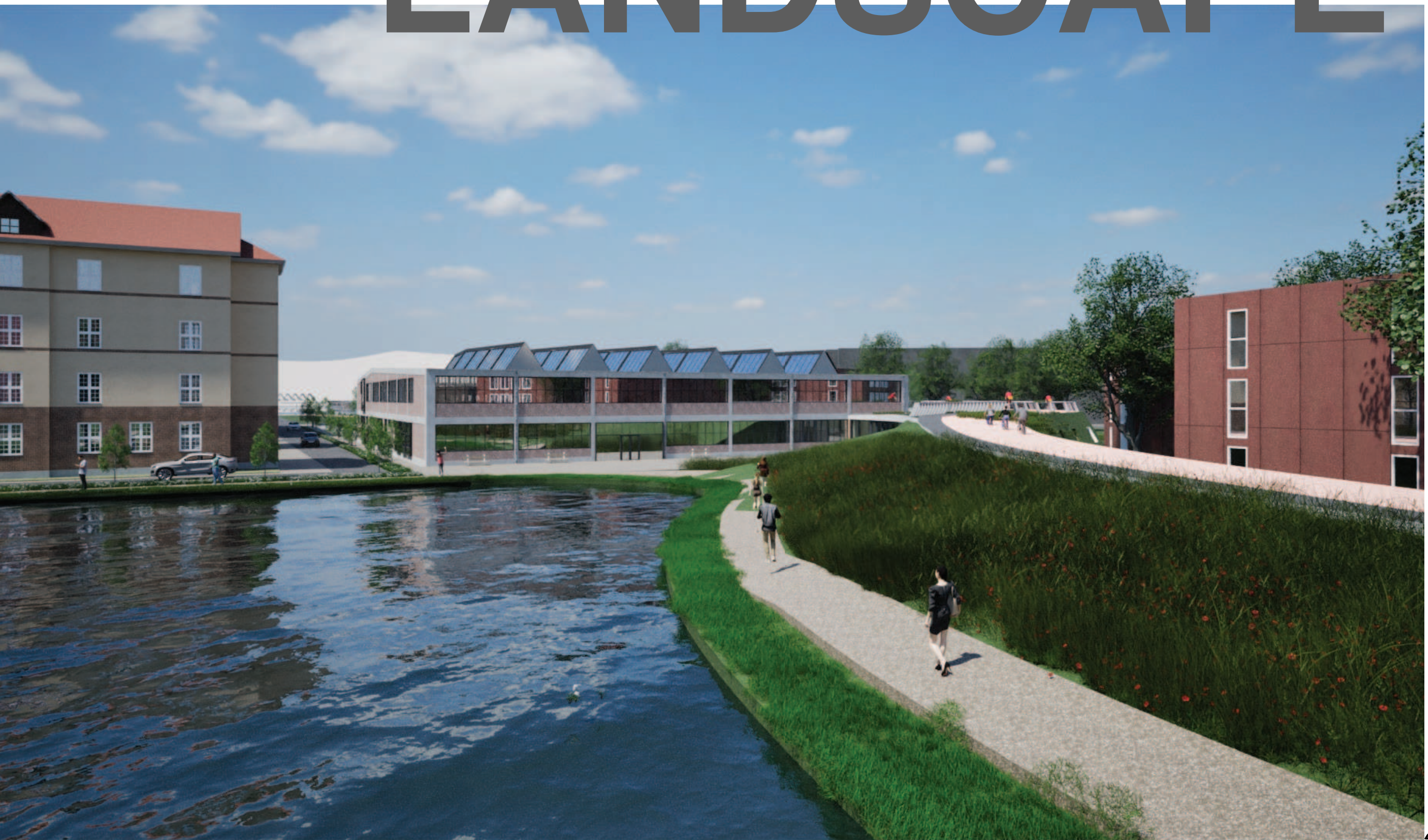
GIVE TO OTHERS & TAKE NOTICE



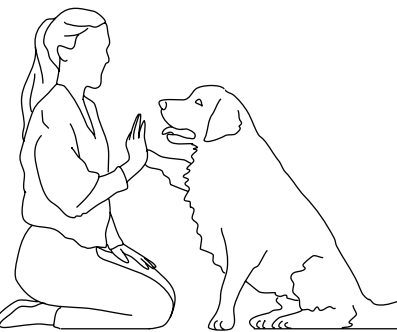
LANDSCAPE



LANDSCAPE



LANDSCAPE



PROPOSAL

FABRIKKEN



PROPOSAL

FABRIKKEN



PROPOSAL

FABRIKKEN

OLD



PROPOSAL

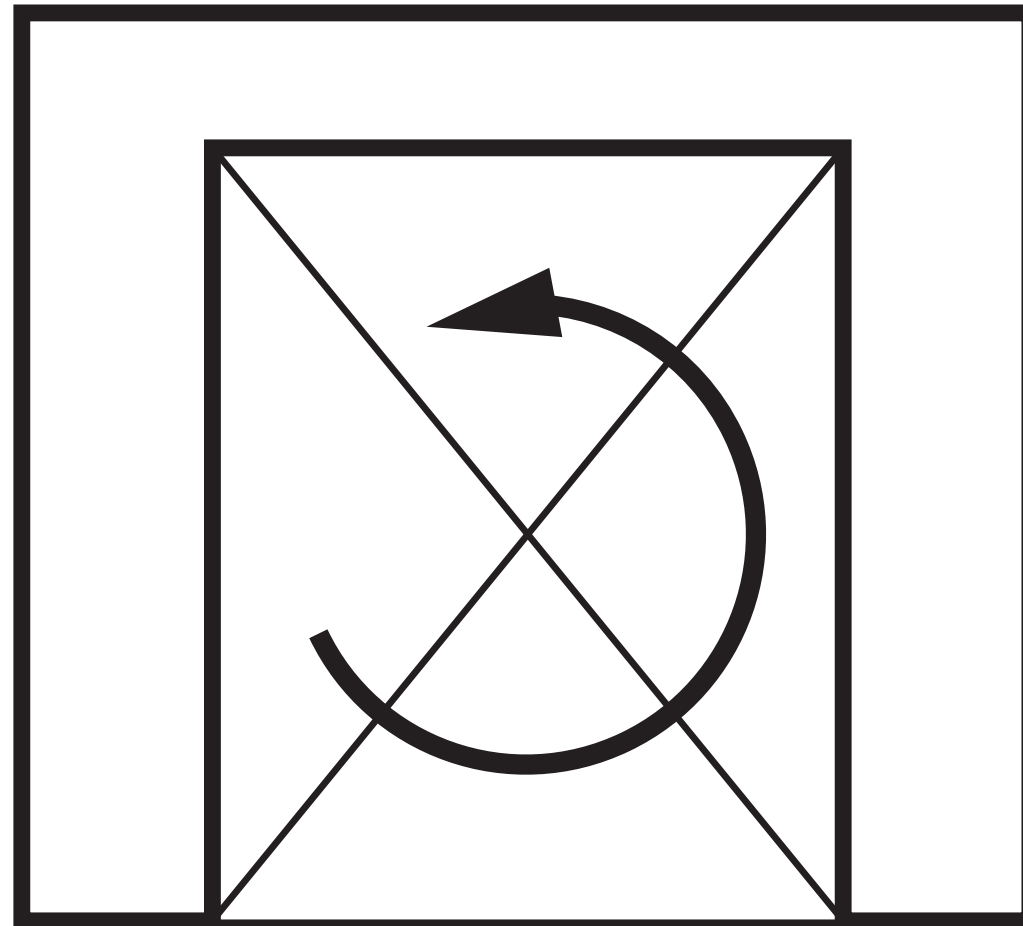
FABRIKKEN

NEW



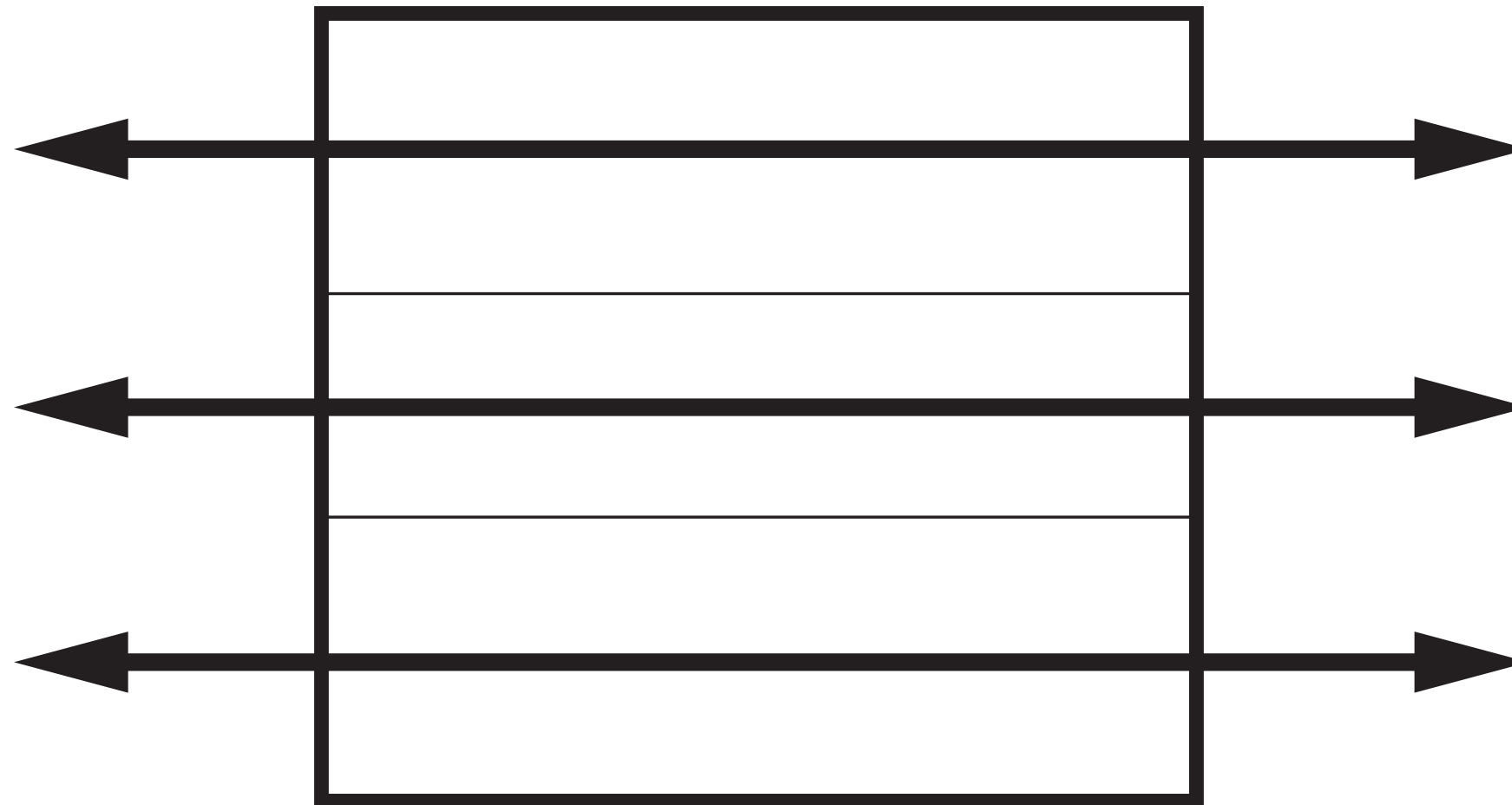
PROPOSAL

EXISTING GRID



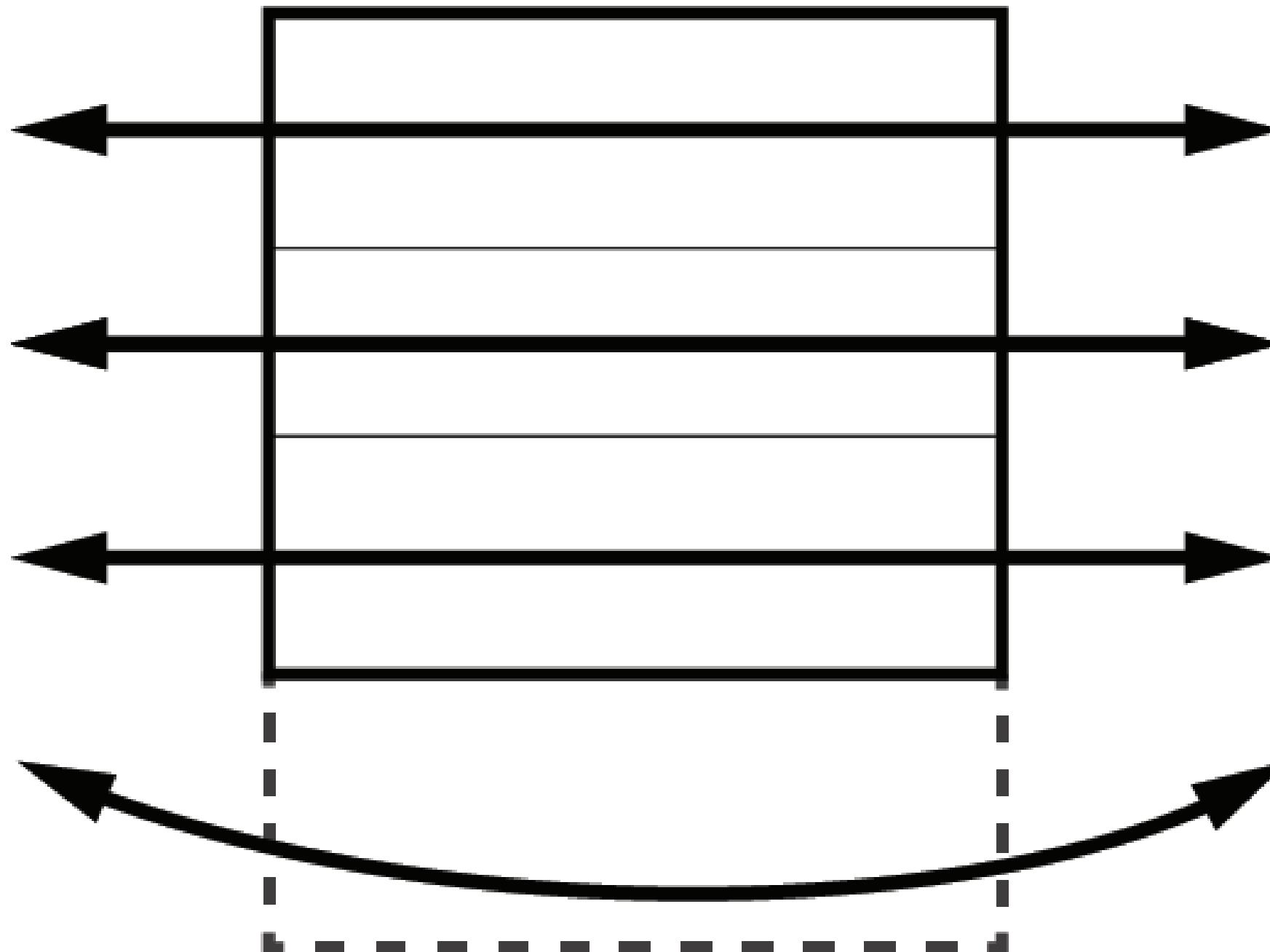
PROPOSAL

NEW GRID



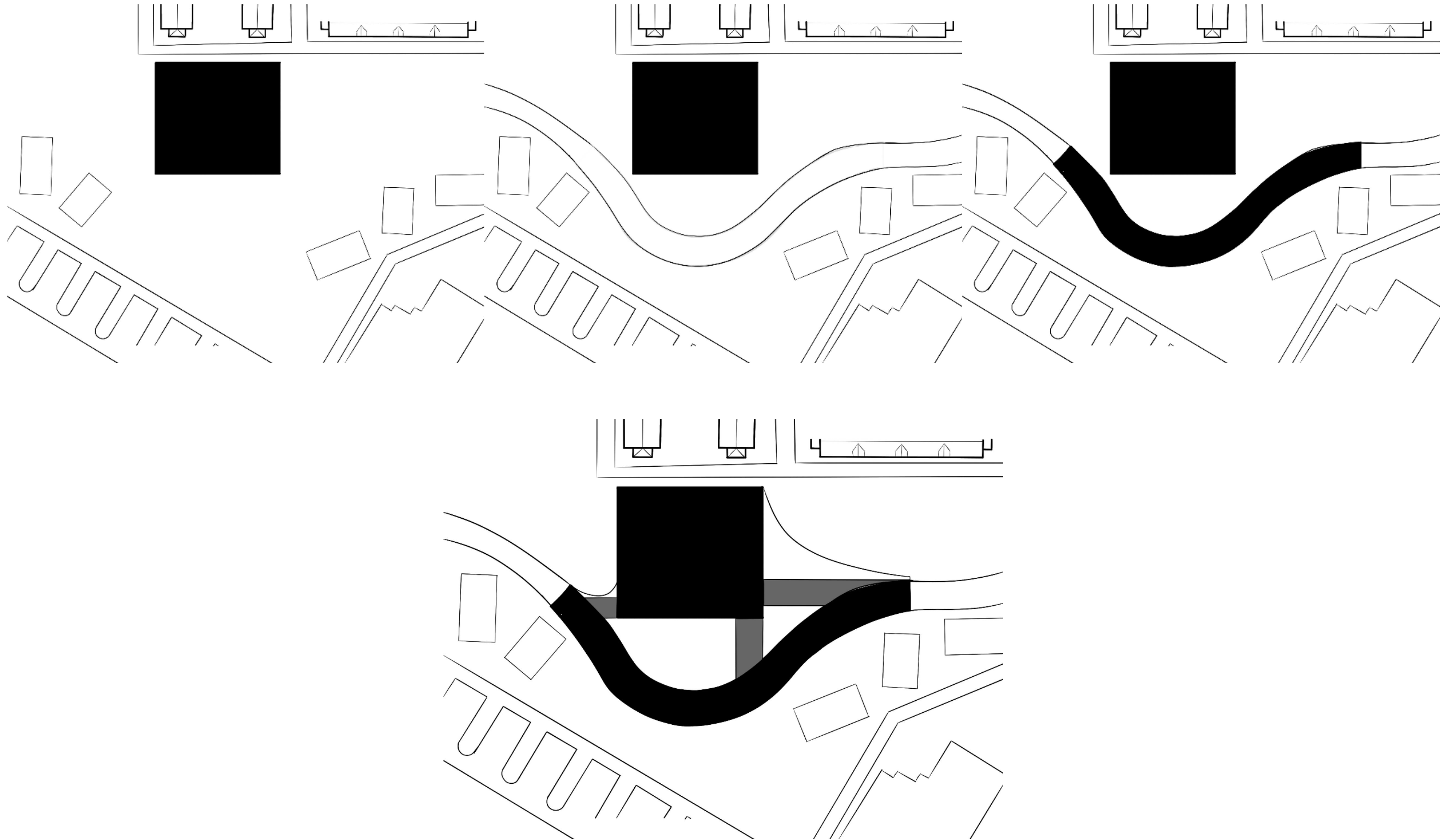
PROPOSAL

ADDITION



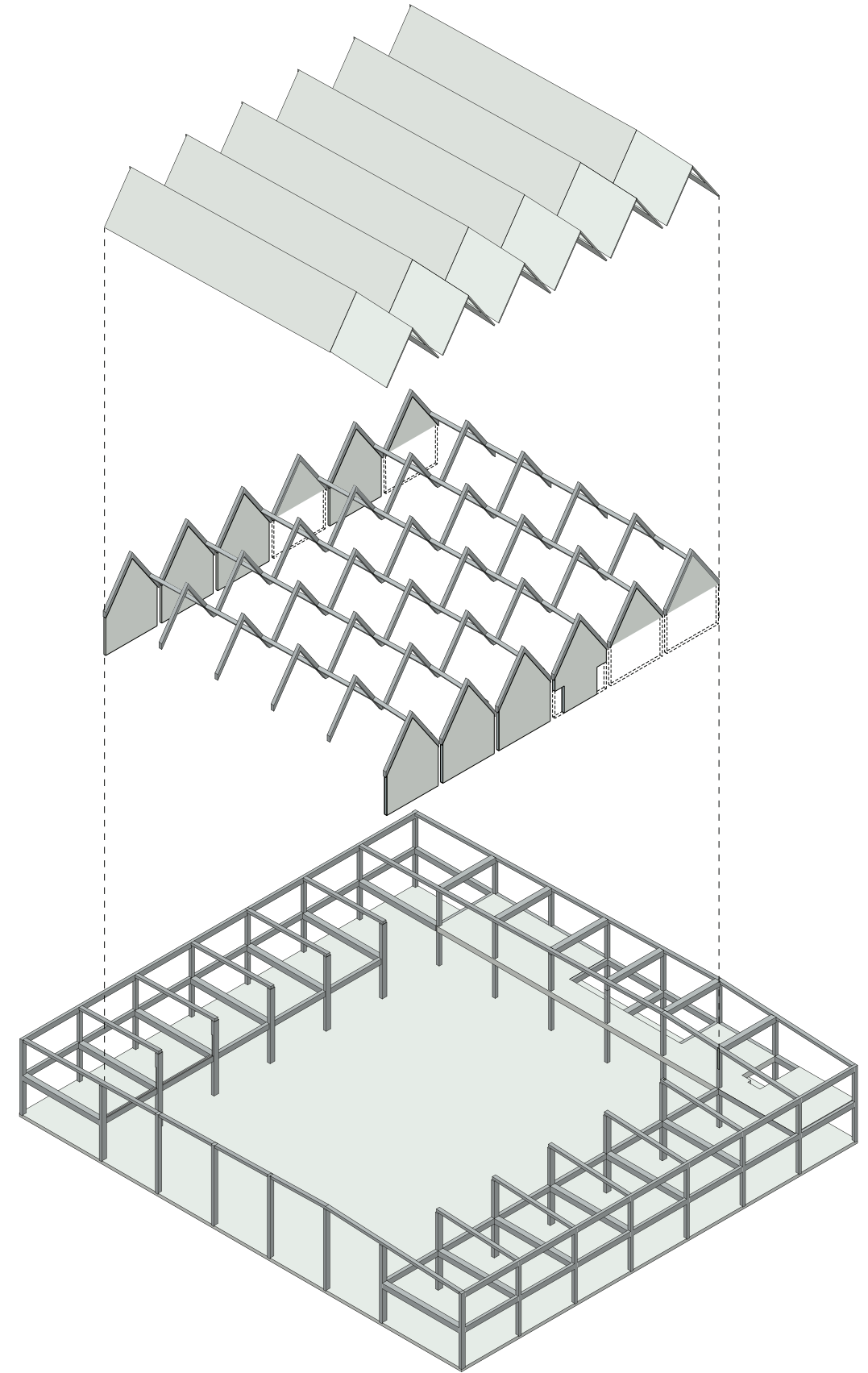
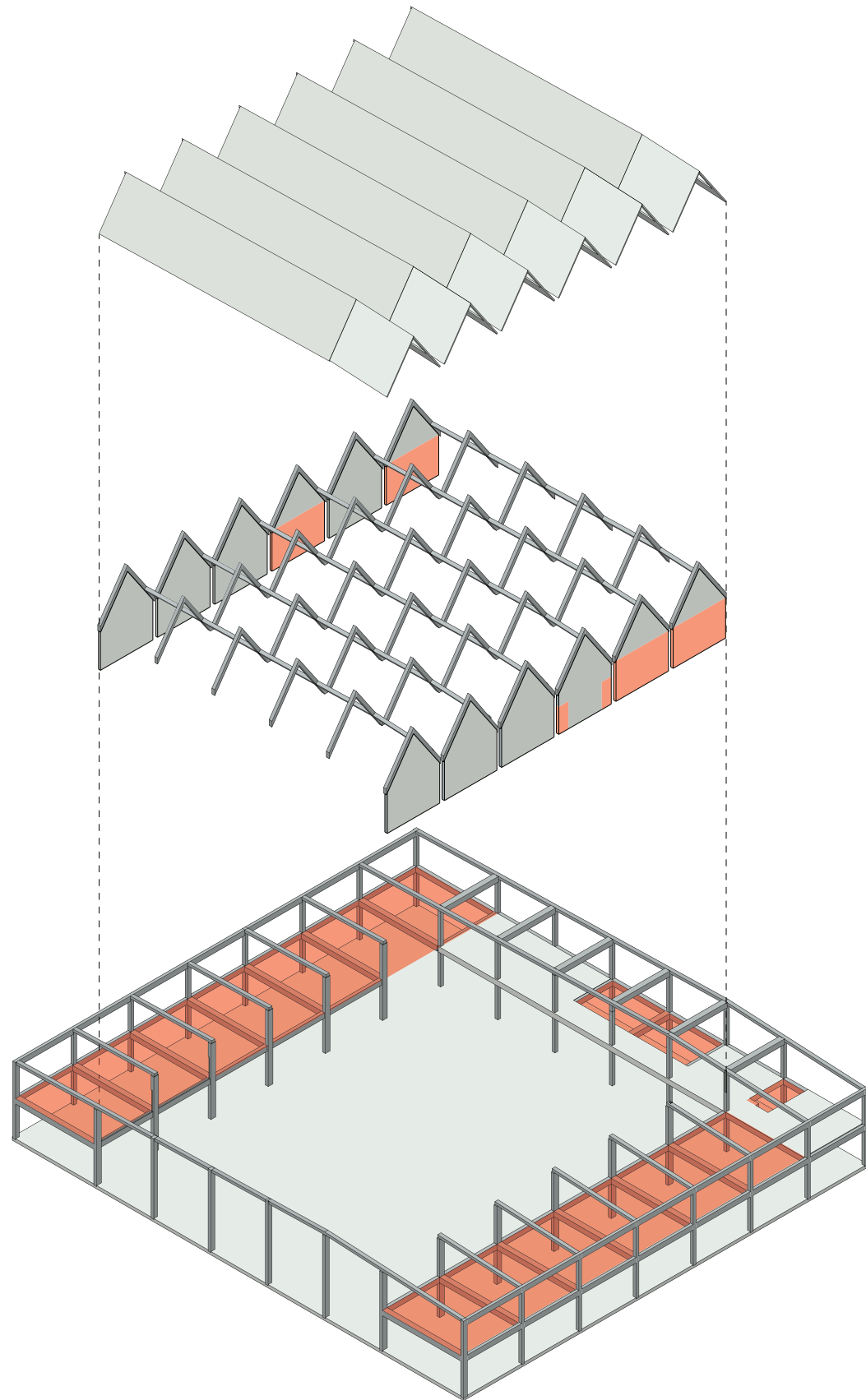
PROPOSAL

CONCEPT



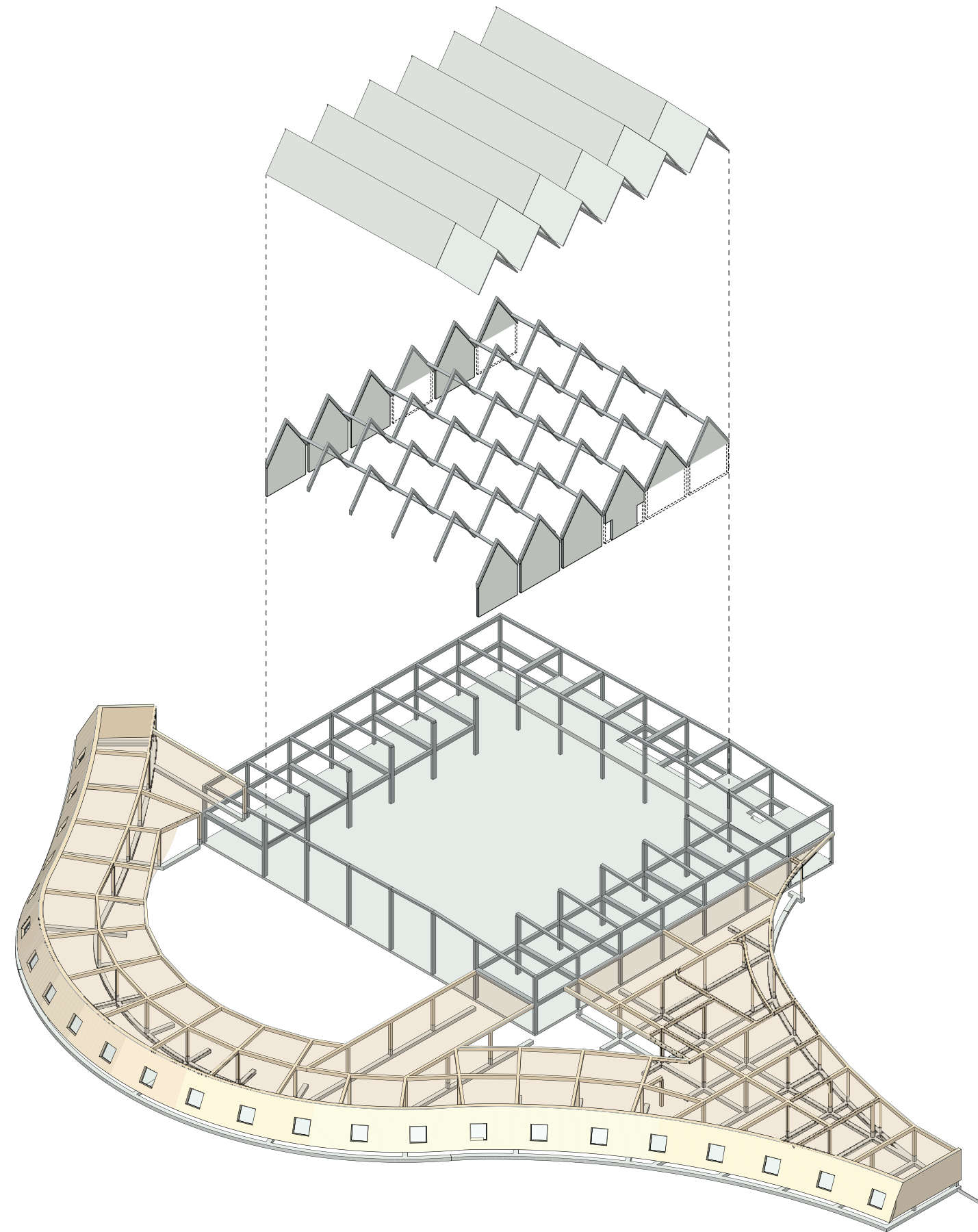
PROPOSAL

STRUCTURAL CHANGE



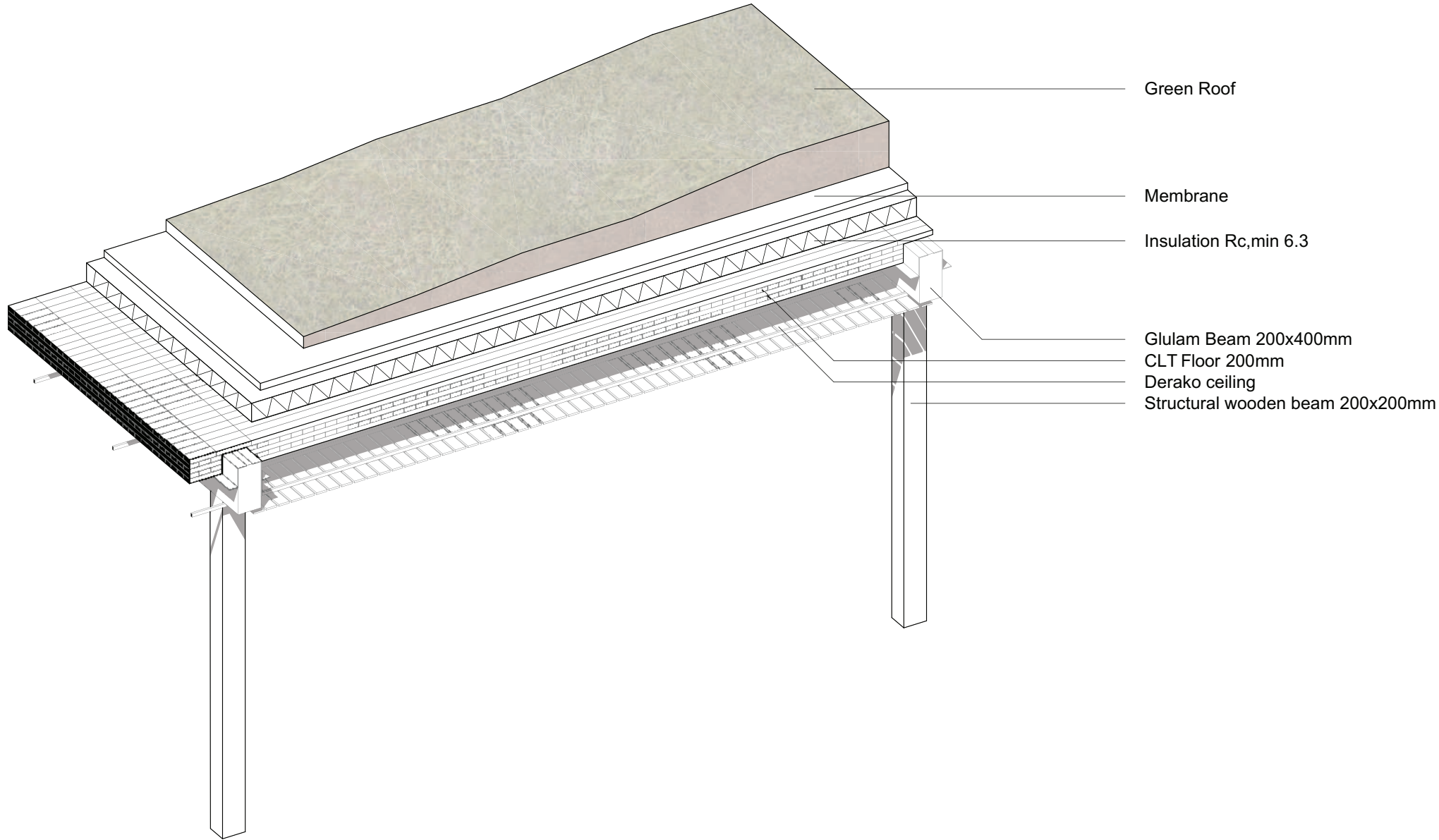
PROPOSAL

ADDED STRUCTURE



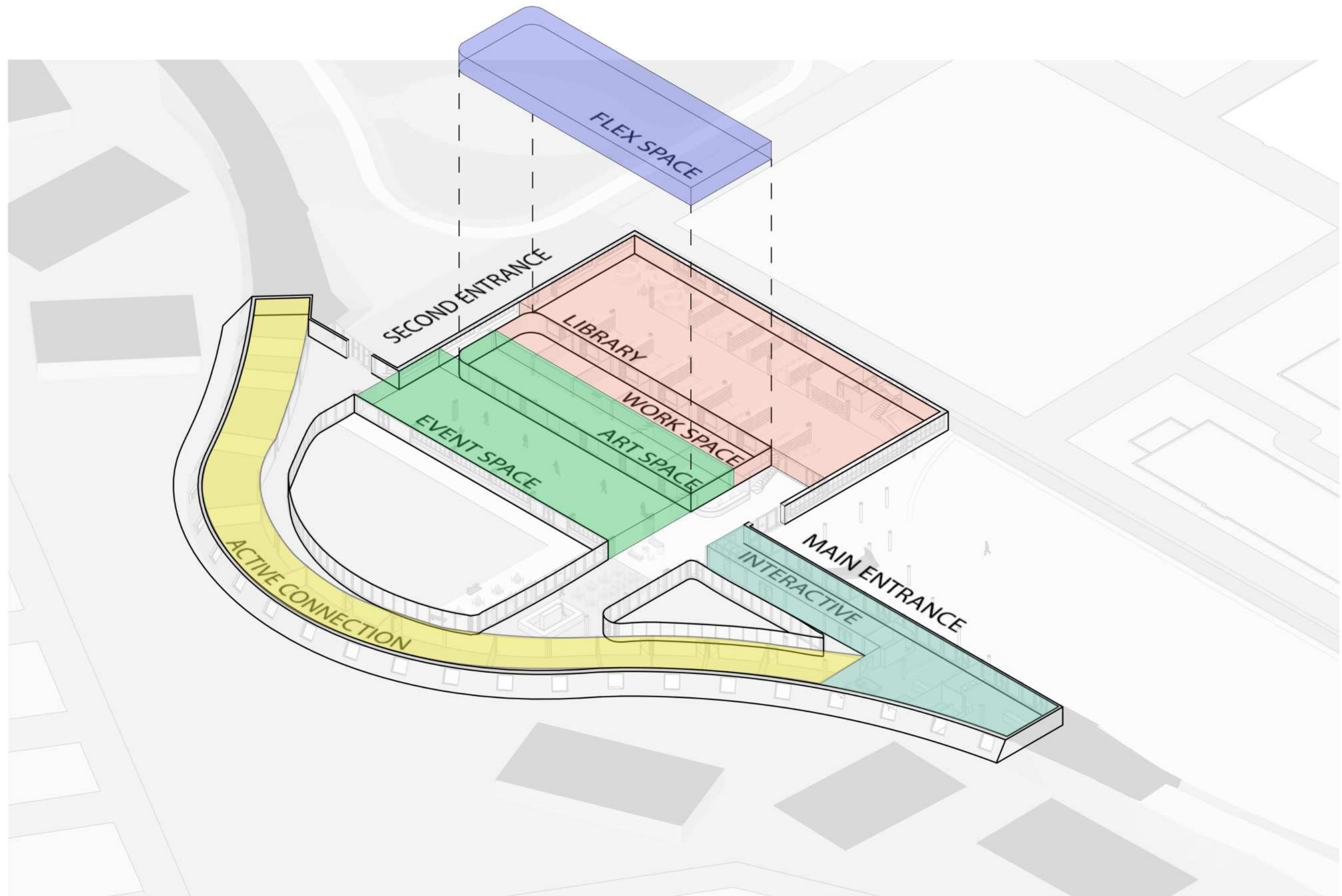
PROPOSAL

STRUCTURAL METHOD



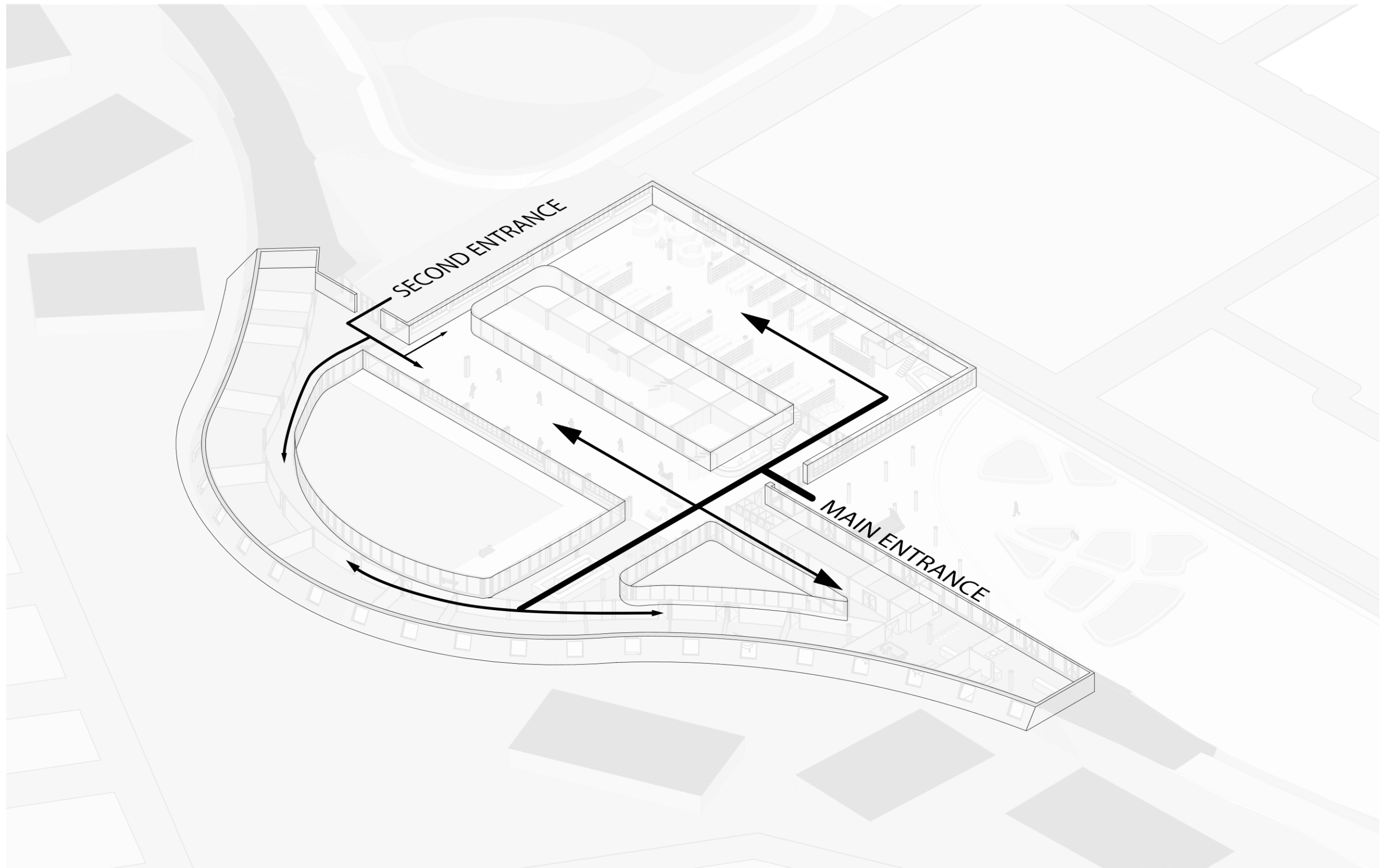
PROPOSAL

PROGRAM



PROPOSAL

ROUTING





PROPOSAL

NEIGHBORS

Mira & Paul

Elena & Thomas



Origin: Eastern European
Family of 4 living in Sundholm

Kevin



Origin: Danish
Student at the university living in Sundholm

PROPOSAL

THE NEIGHBORS

Kevin



- Studies math at the university and lives in Sundholm
- No space at home and university is too crowded
- Wants to support a local initiative for Tutoring

PROPOSAL

THE NEIGHBORS

Mira

- Introverted and isolated due to her language barrier.
- Lonely and disconnected when her family is away.
- Is curious, hopeful, and open to new connections.

Paul

- Works at the city center managing a coffee place
- Loves to visit art in his spare time



Elena

- Just started high school
- Has some trouble with math

Thomas

- Is at the end of his primary school
- Is inspired to start learning an instrument

PROPOSAL

WEEKPLANNER



FRONT SQUARE

Saturday 8:00-12:00
Food Market
Sunday 8:00-13:00
Clothing Market

EVENT SPACE!



Monday 8:00; Opening Art Gallery
Thursday 18:00; Closing Art Gallery
Friday 20:00; Traditional Dance Performance

LIBRARY TUTORING INITIATIVE



Monday 14:00-15:00
Math Tutoring
Wednesday 14:00-15:00
Language Tutoring
Friday 14:00-15:00
History Tutoring

SIGN UP AT
WWW.NABOHUS.COM

UNDER THE DIKE



Monday to Friday: 9:00-17:00; Guitar Lessons
Monday to Friday: 9:00-17:00; Dance Lessons
Wednesday to Friday 18:00; Yoga Lessons



NABOHUS

PLANNING FOR 16TH TO 22TH OF JUNE
WWW.NABOHUS.COM

NABO BAR

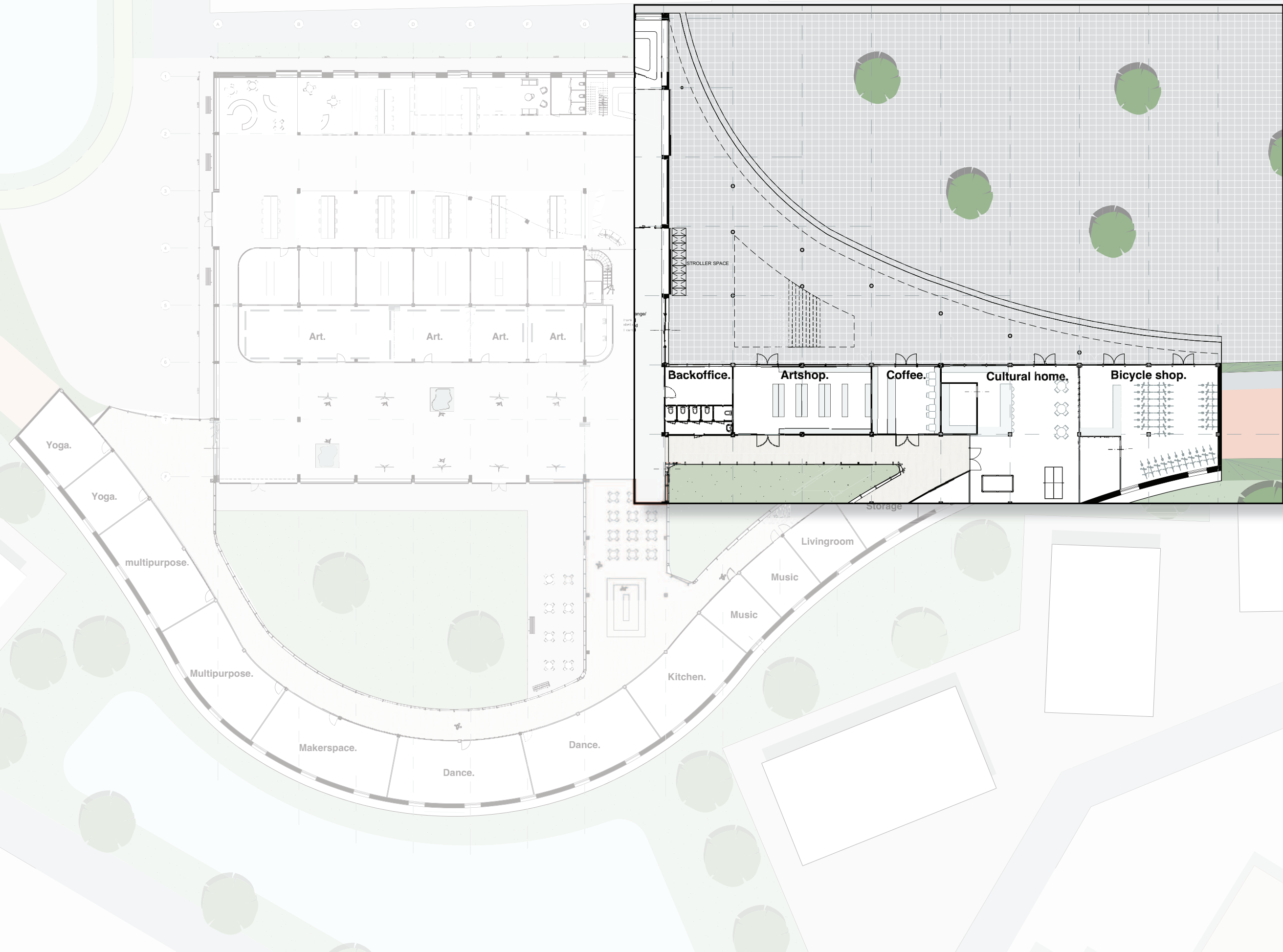
Thursday 20:00
Cocktail Night!
Friday 20:00
80's Night



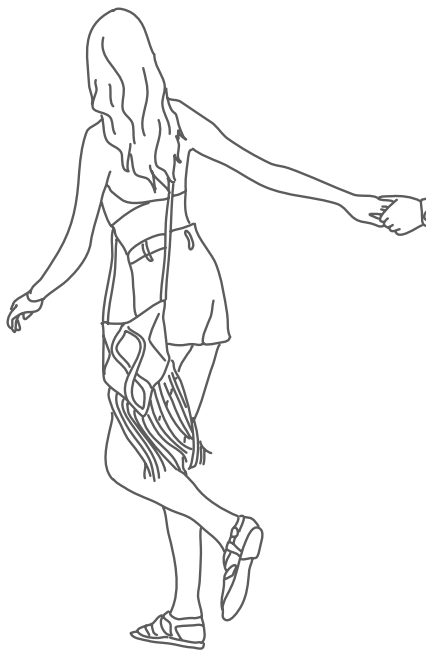
WANT TO RESERVE A (STUDIO)SPACE? COME BY OR TAKE A LOOK ON THE WEBSITE!

PROPOSAL

MAIN SQUARE



ENTRANCE

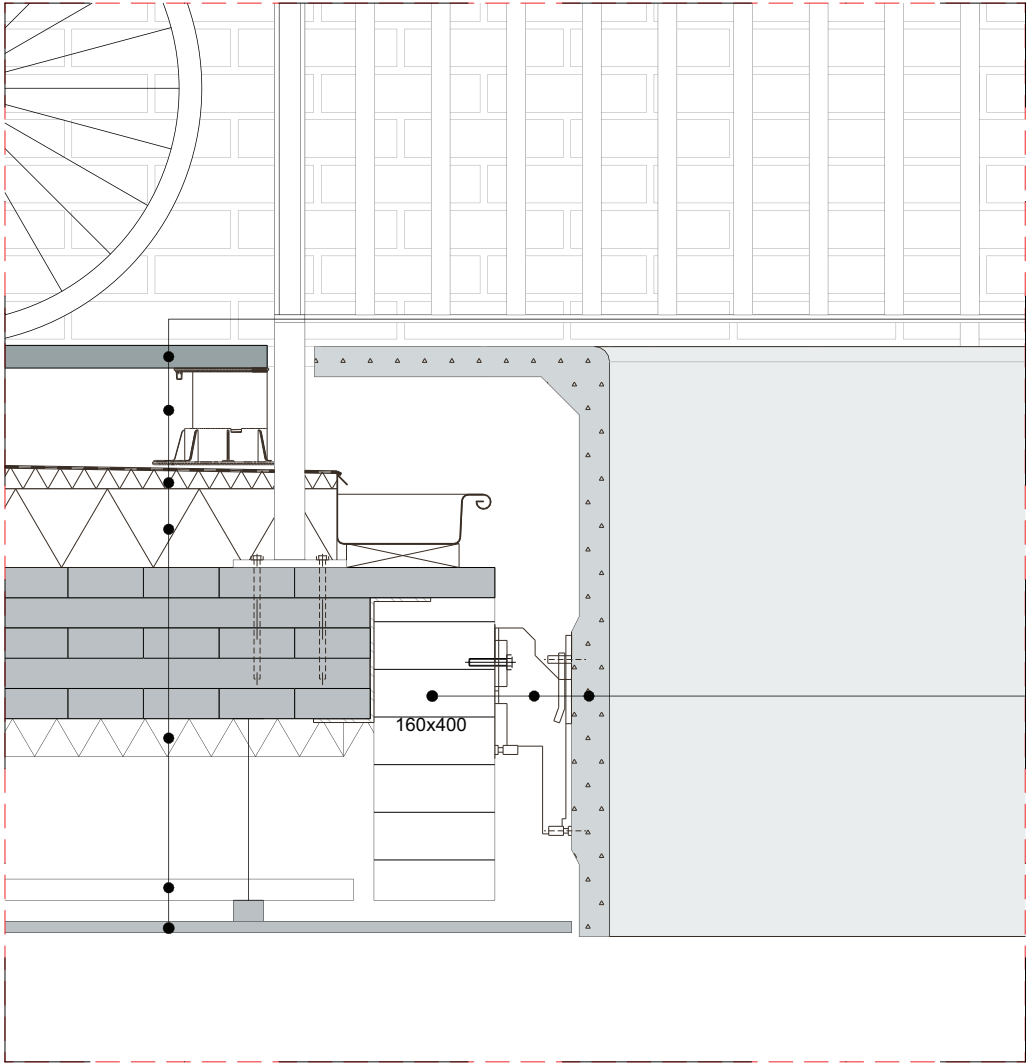
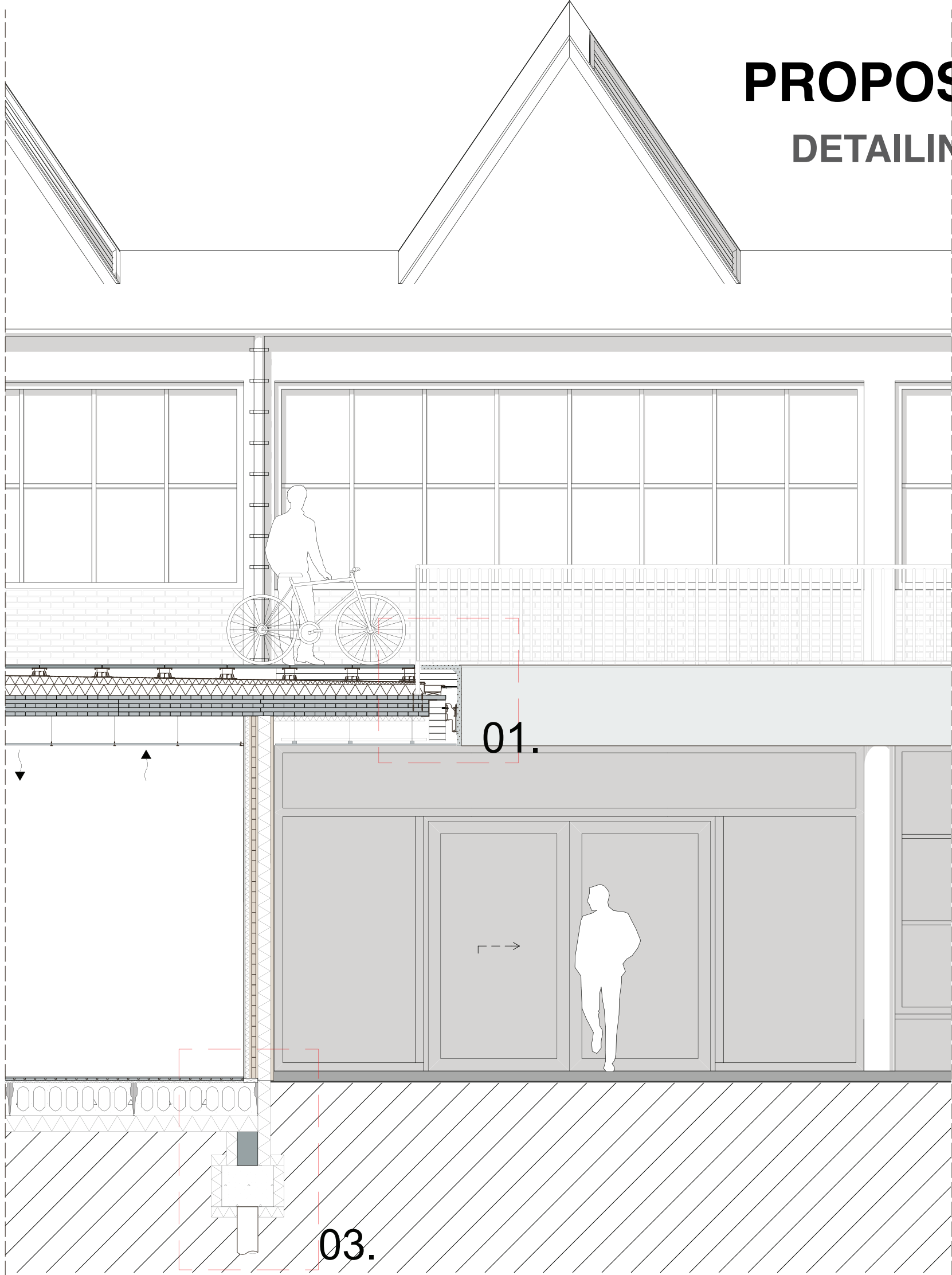


LANDSCAPE



PROPOSAL

DETAILING



- Tiles 30mm
- Paving Pedestal
- Tapered Insulation
- Insulation Rc-min= 5m2K/W
- CLT floor 200mm
- Framing 2x 28x40mm
- Timber finish 20mm

- Glulam 160x400mm
- Facade fixing system
- Concrete facade strip

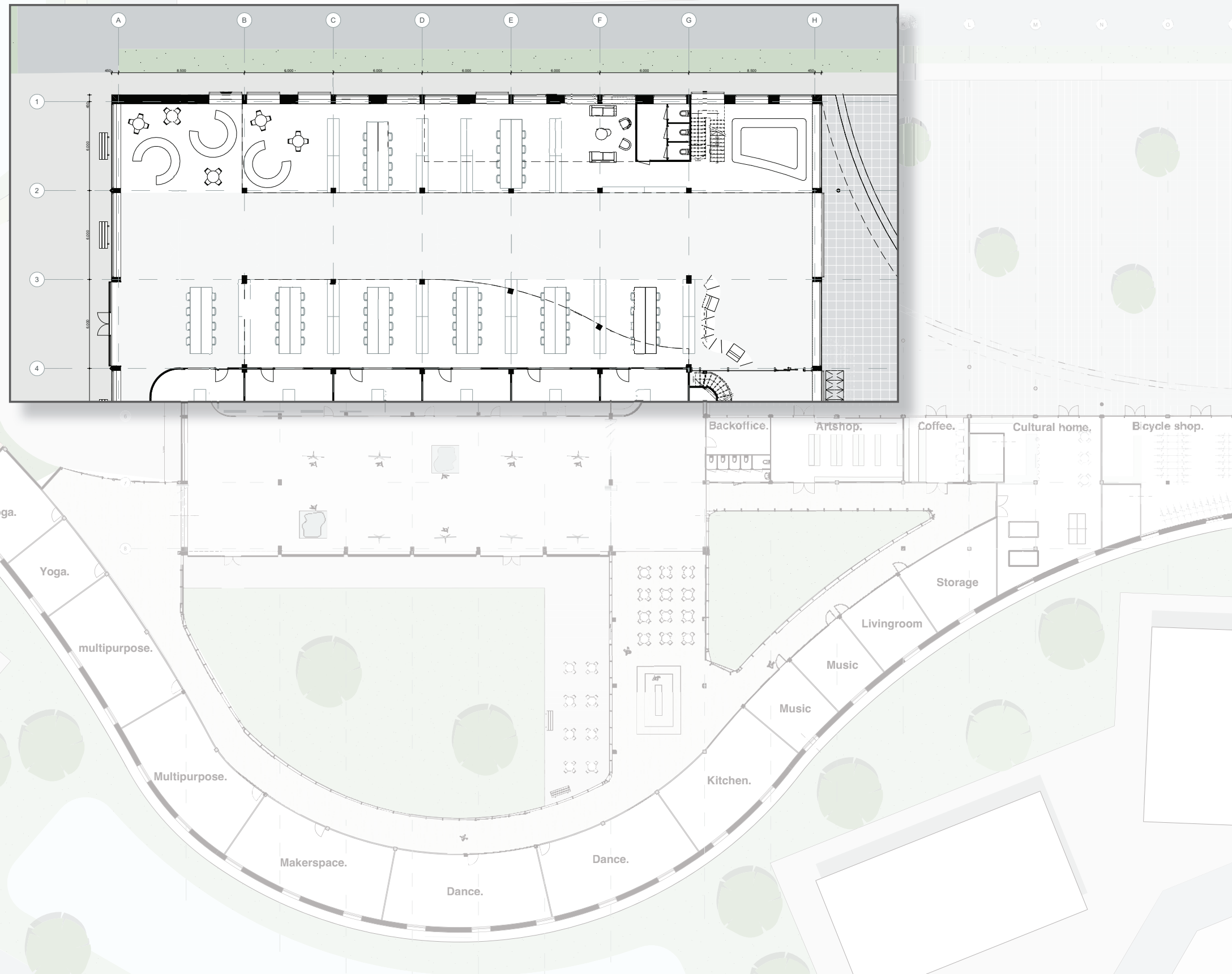
01.

ENTRANCE

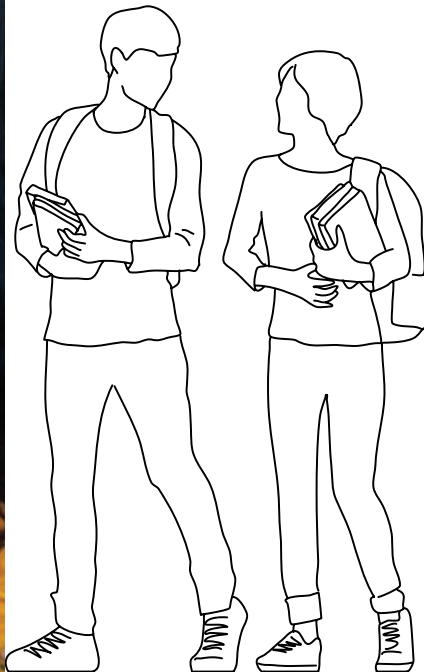


PROPOSAL

LIBRARY

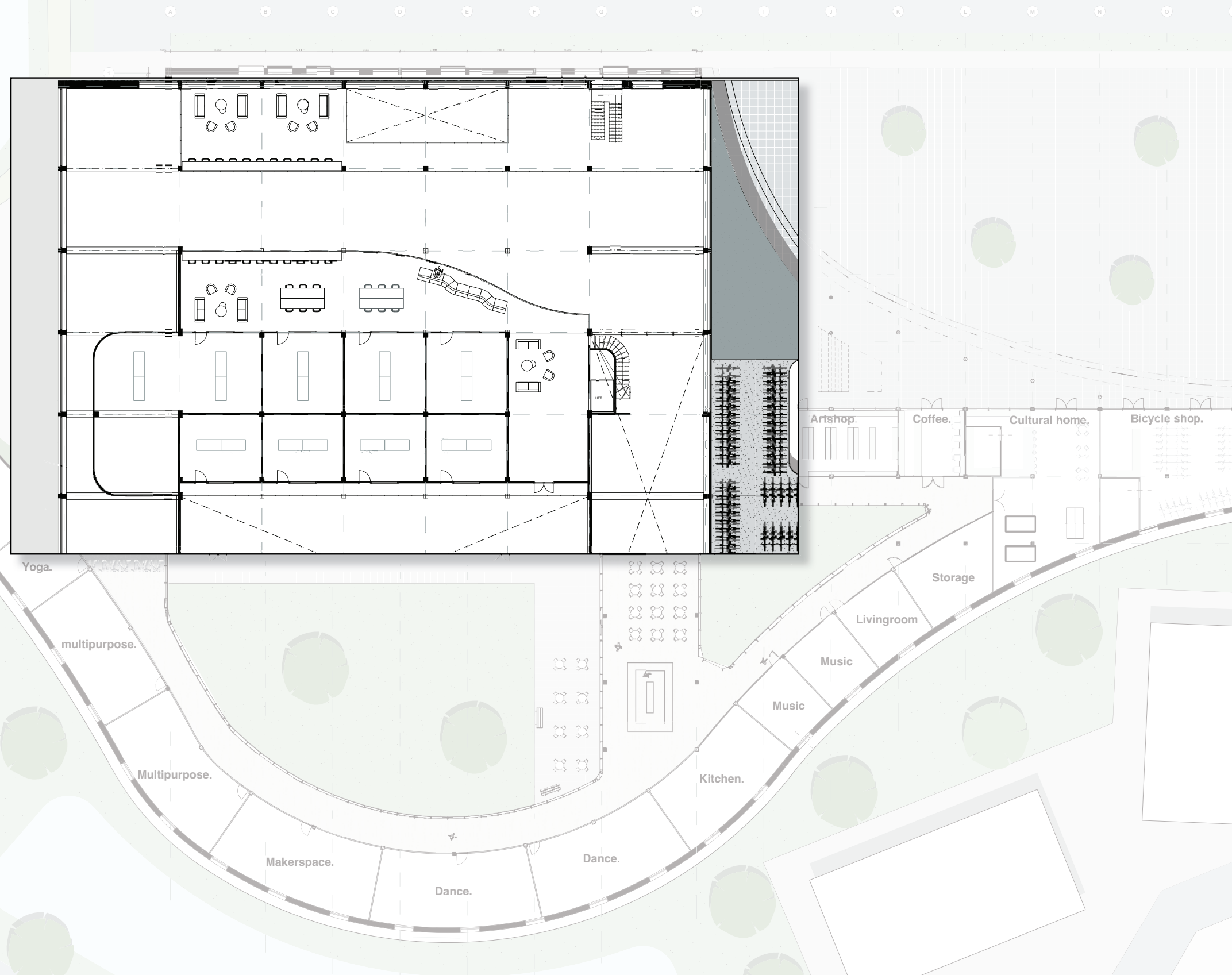


LIBRARY



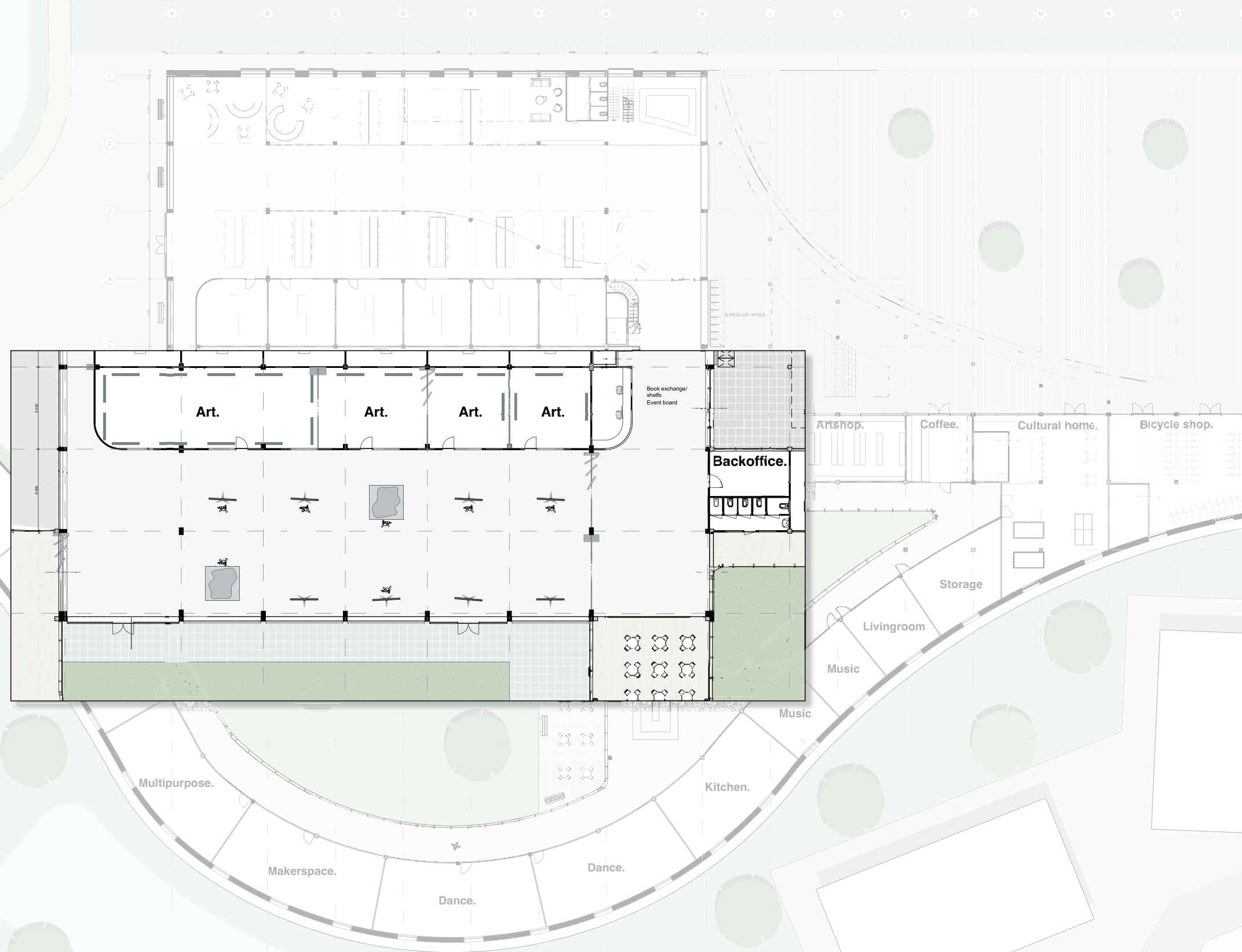
PROPOSAL

FLEX SPACES



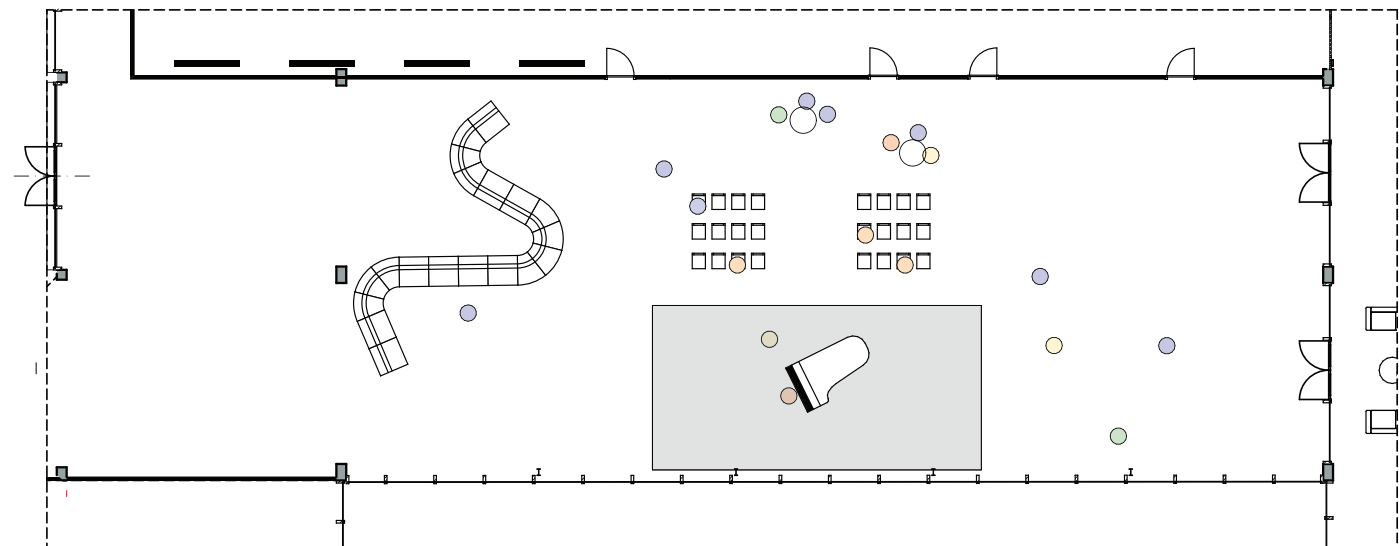
PROPOSAL

EVENT SPACE

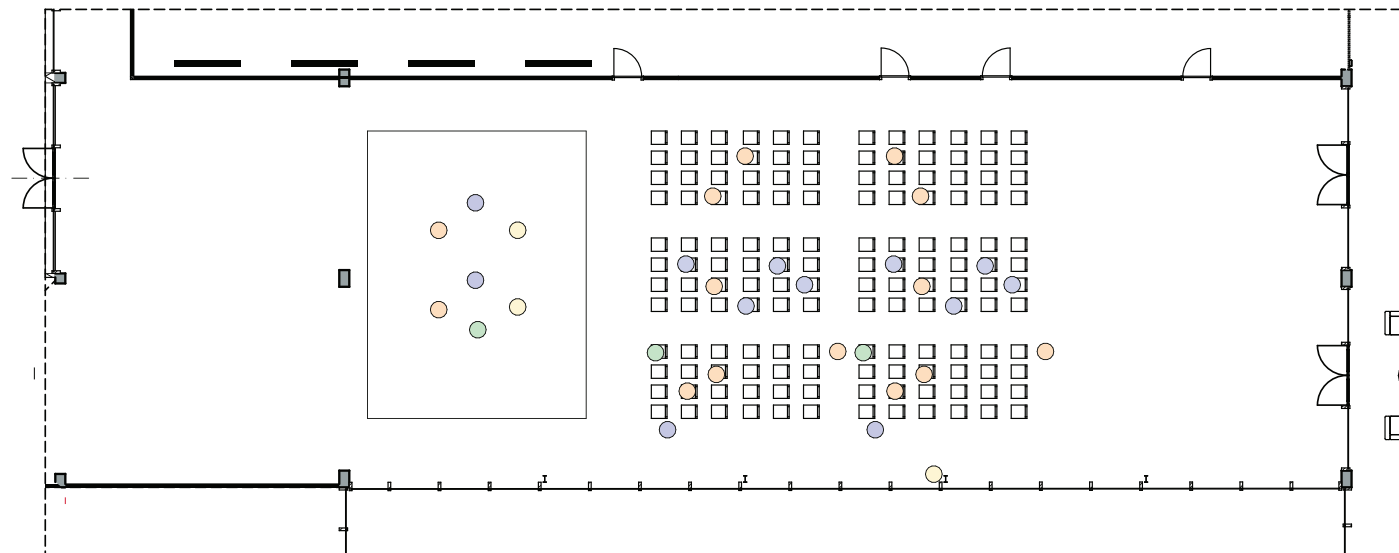


PROPOSAL

OPTIONS EVENTSPACE



MUSIC PERFORMANCE



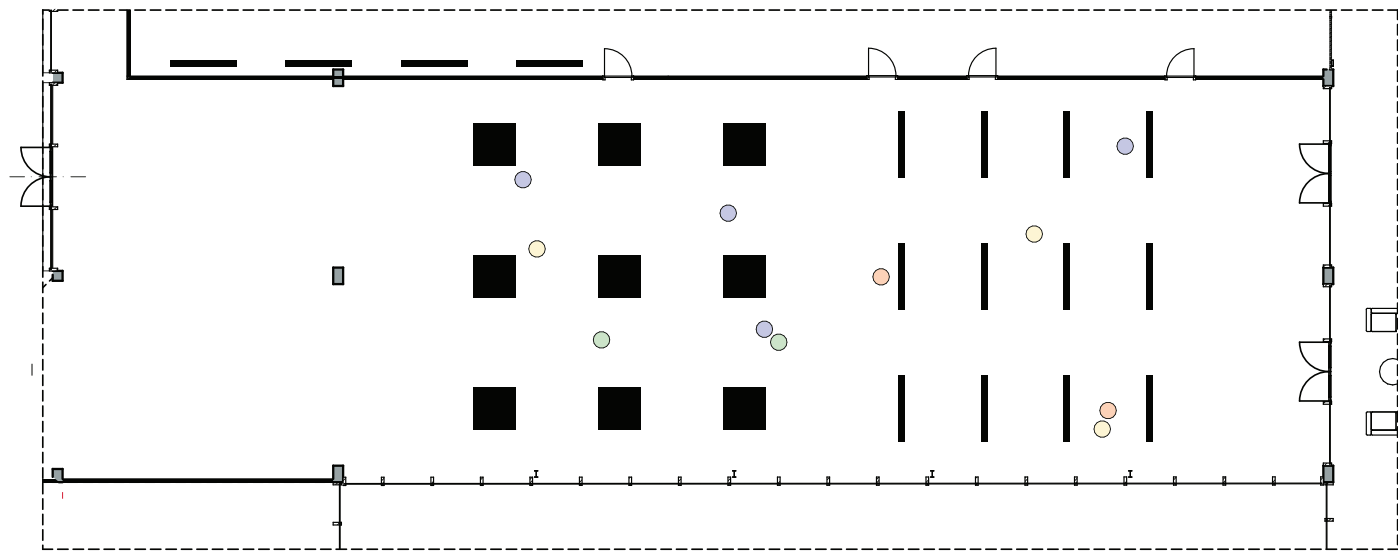
DANCE PERFORMANCE

DANCE

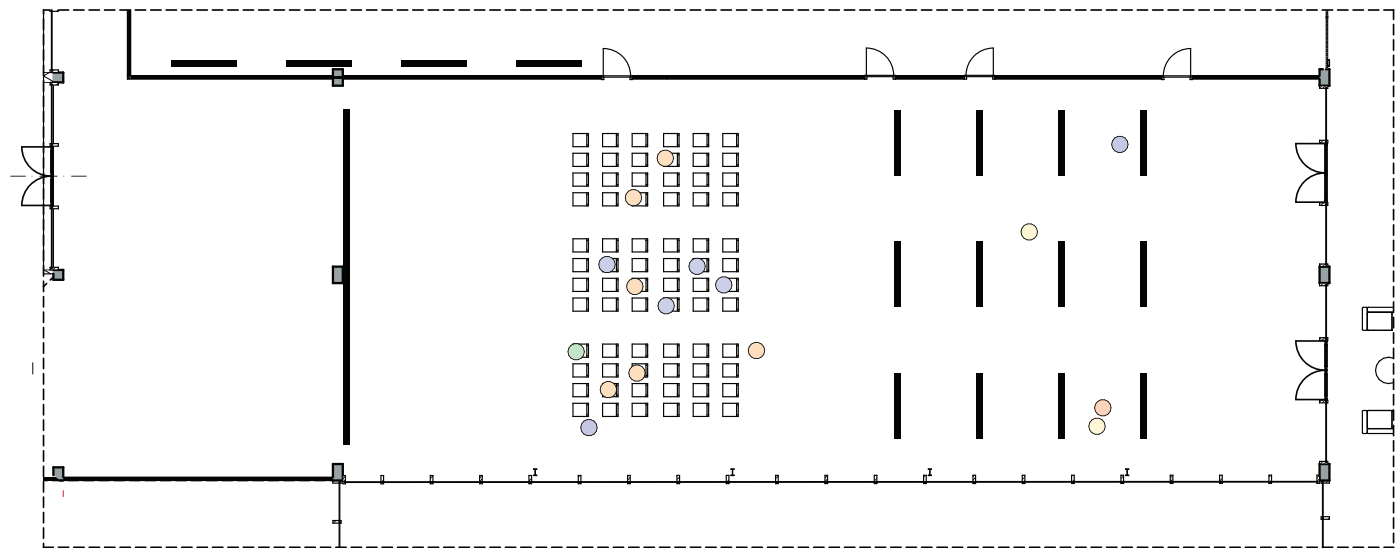


PROPOSAL

OPTIONS EVENTSPACE

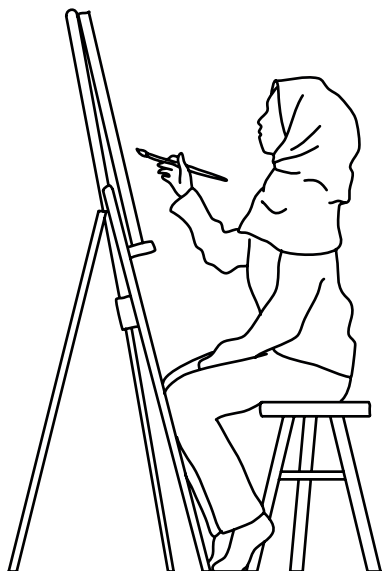
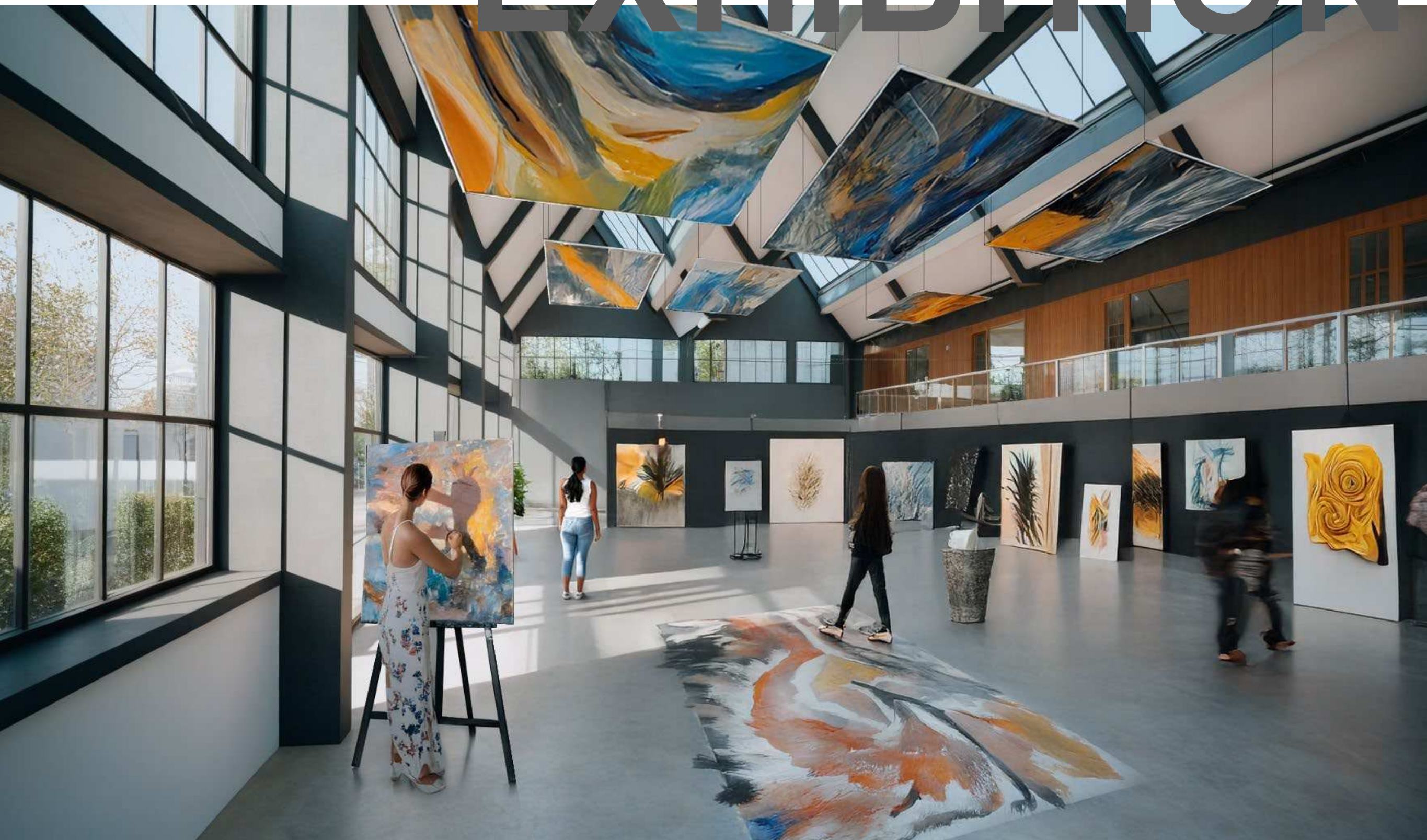


EXHIBITION



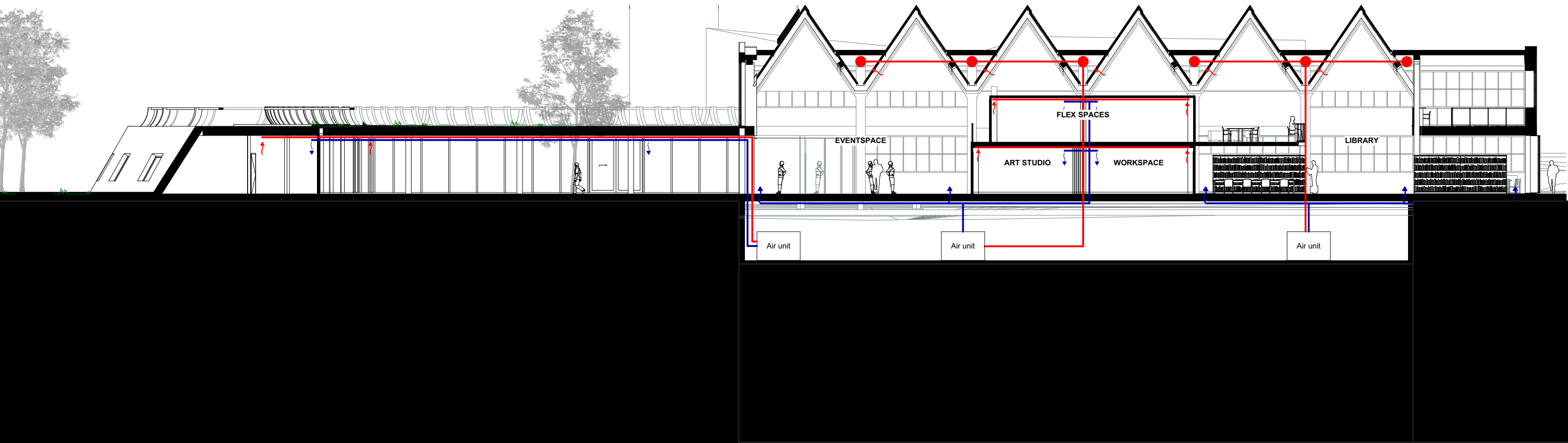
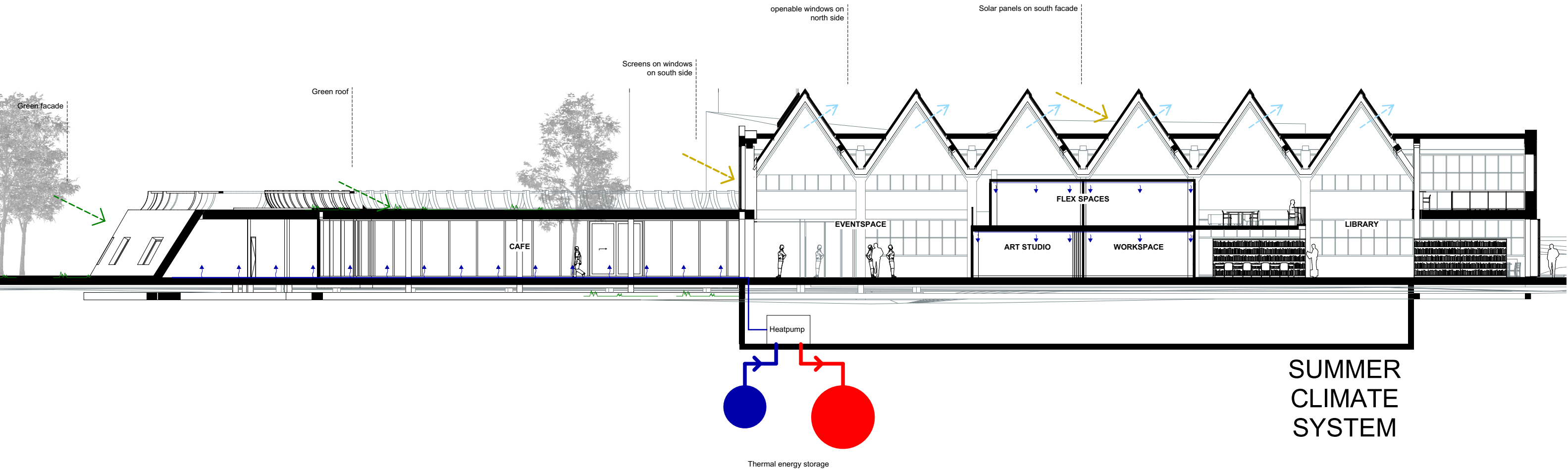
MOVIE

EXHIBITION



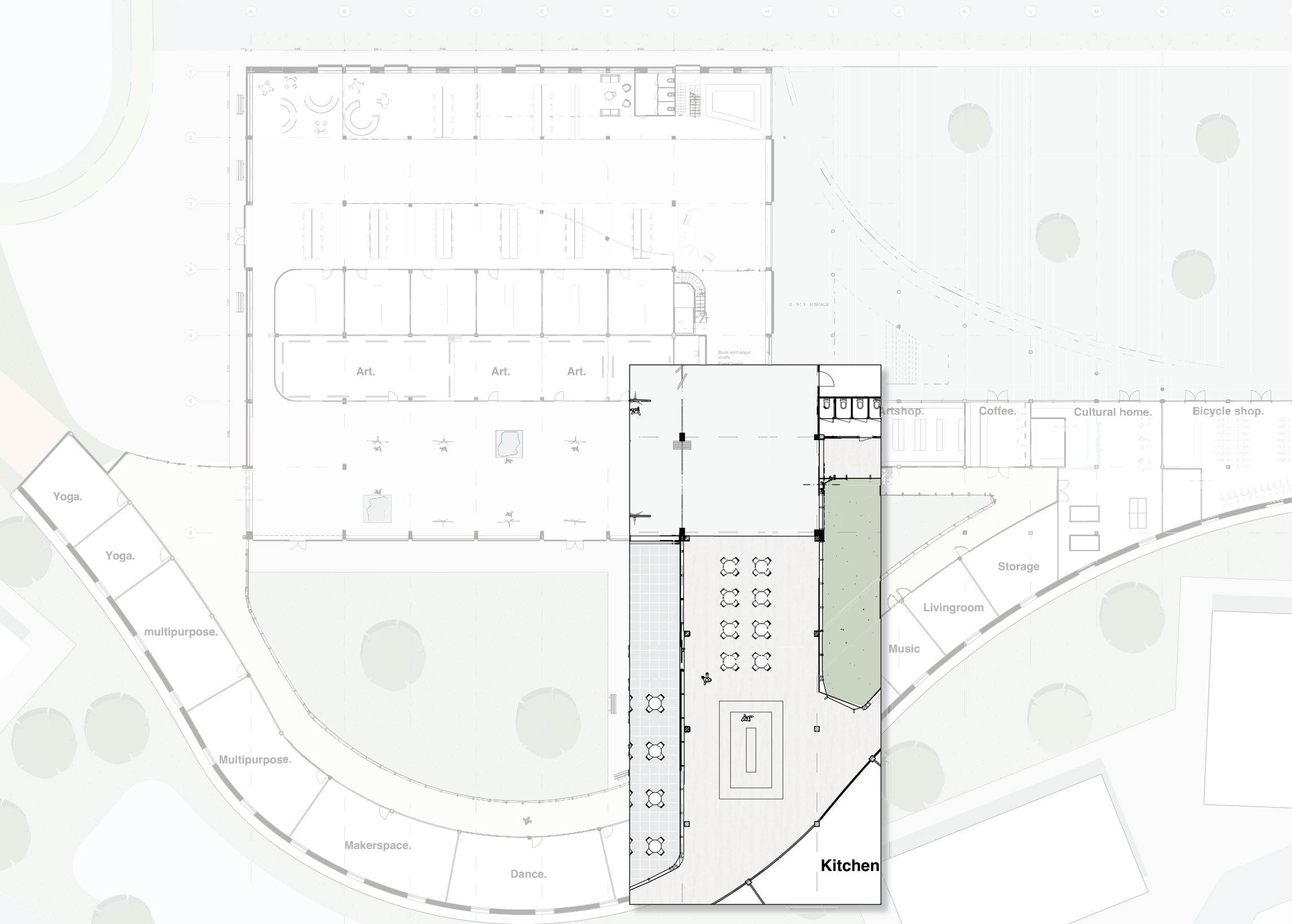
PROPOSAL

CLIMATE SECTION



PROPOSAL

CAFE

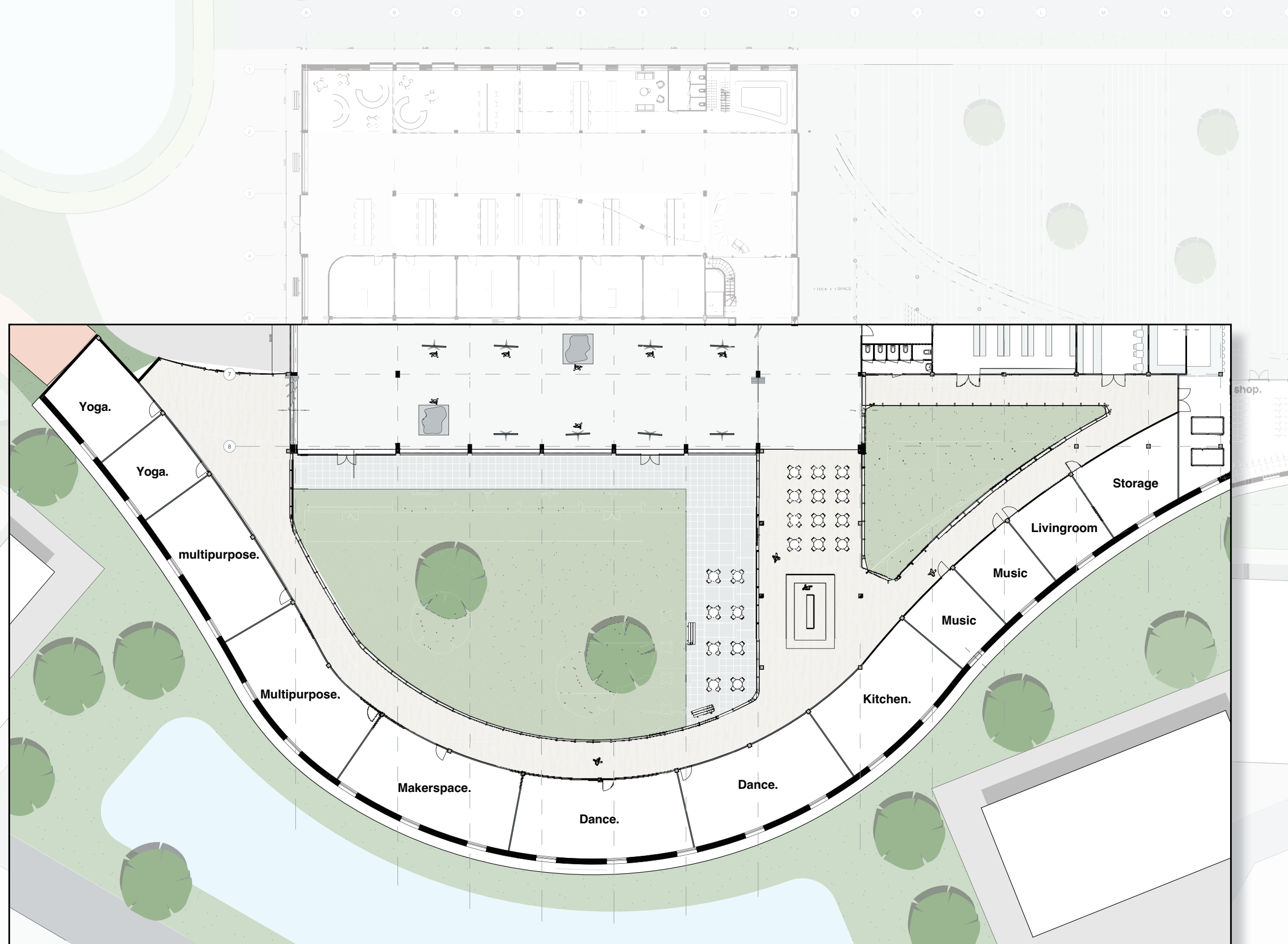


HABITAT



PROPOSAL

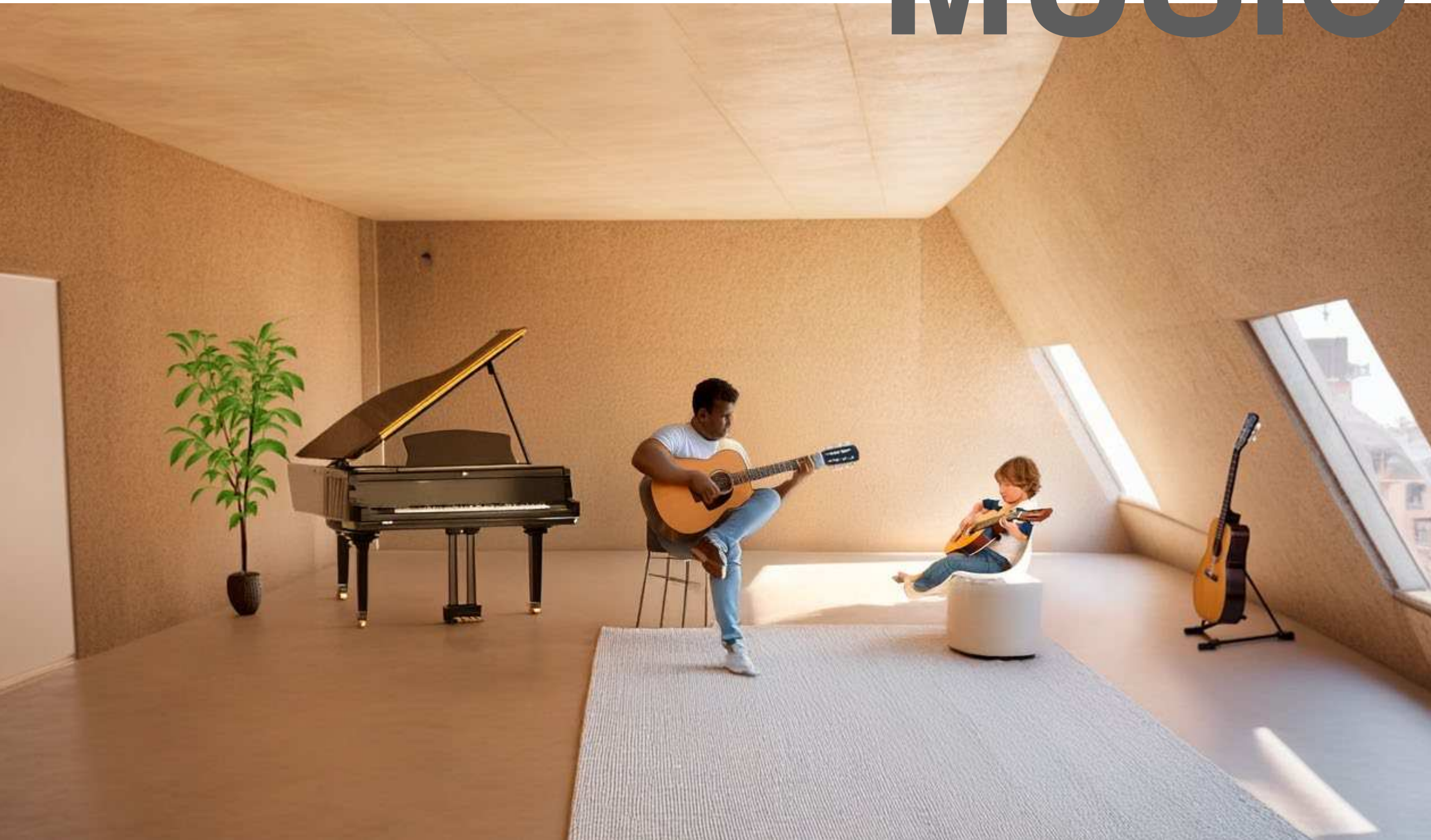
UNDER THE DIKE

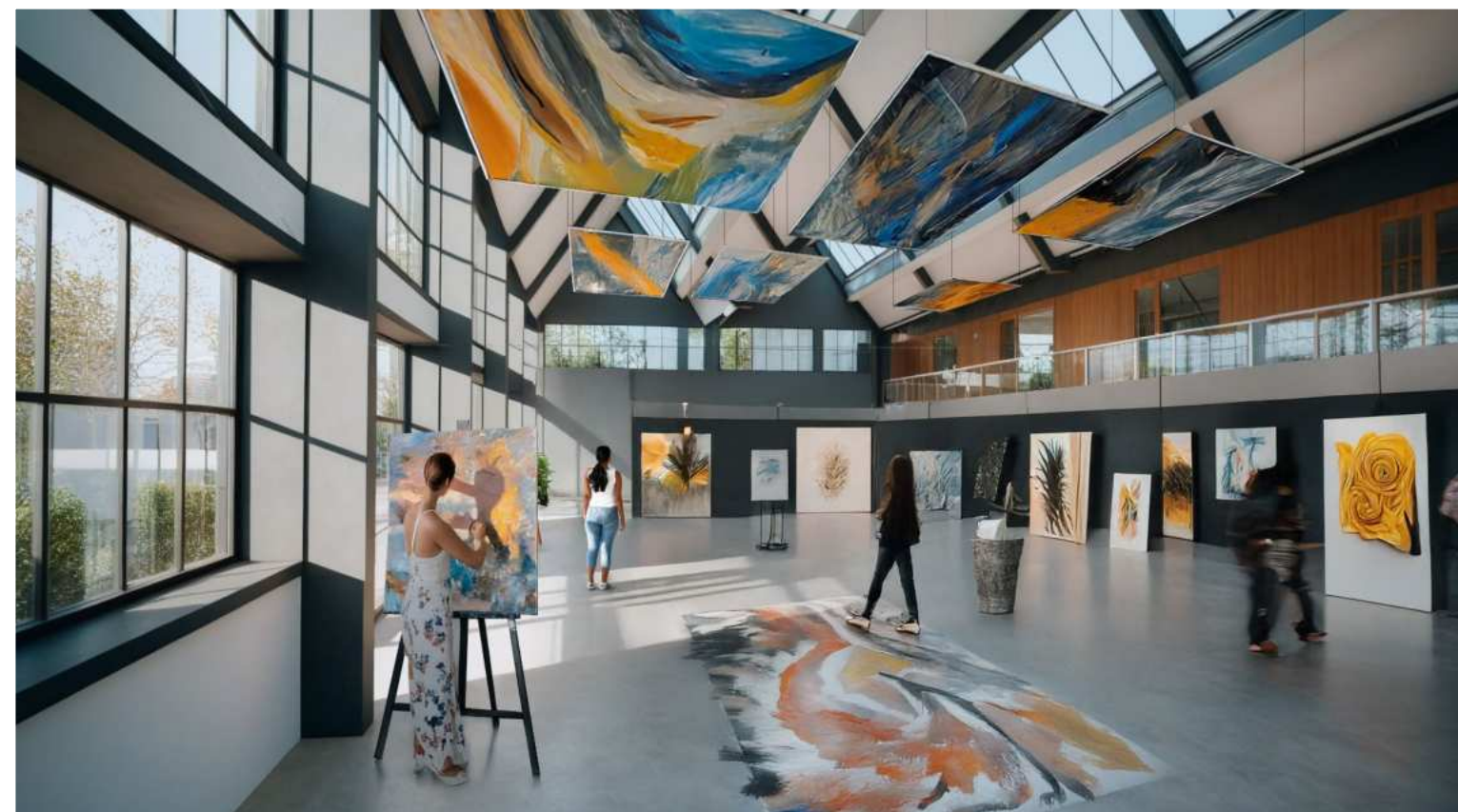


INNER STREET



MUSIC







CONNECTOR



CONNECTOR WITHIN ALL-SCALES





**WELL-BEING WITHIN
ALL SCALES**

A photograph of a modern building with large glass windows and a courtyard. The building has a flat roof and is surrounded by trees. In the foreground, there is a paved courtyard with several people, including children, walking and sitting. There are also large, circular planters with trees in the courtyard. The sky is blue with some clouds.

WELL-BEING WITHIN ALL SCALES

THANK YOU