Thesis Defense

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Creating a methodology to more objectively measure the performance of reconstruction algorithms for large urban objects generated from low detailed complete ground truth models

Why are reconstruction algorithms usefull?



Why are reconstruction algorithms usefull?



How to get a model

- Using pictures or video
- Scanning
- Modeling in the computer

Photos and videos



Photos and videos



Pros and Cons

- Is cheap to make
- Is easy to make
- Low quality models







[









[2]

Pros and Cons

- Very detailed
- Good for small objects and objects that have no obstruction and can be seen from the scanner
- Takes lots of time
- Expensive
- Obstructions
- Missing elements



Modeling by hand



Pros and Cons

- Details take lots of time
- Simple structures can be made quickly and are complete

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Reconstruction algorithms

Reconstruction algorithms

Multi-View Stereo	Novel View	Neural Surface
	Synthesis	Reconstruction

Multi-View Stereo	Novel View Synthesis	Neural Surface Reconstruction
COLMAP	Nerfacto	Neus-Facto
PatchmatchNet	Gaussian splatting	VoISDF

Multi view stereo







NVS Gausian splatting





[1] Signed Distance Field Sphere Tracing Depth Normal

Reconstruction algorithms

	Multi-View Stereo	Novel View Synthesis	Neural Surface Reconstruction
input	Images	Images	Images
output	Point cloud	Images	Mesh

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	Pictures	Model
MVS		Х
NVS	Х	
NSR		Х

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Large urban objects









	Left	Right
Hausdorff	6.188	5.677
Chamfer	0.553	0.437
F-Score	0.484	0.439



[4]









Courthouse



Can we develop a methodology that allows us to evaluate the quality of reconstruction algorithms, for architectural purposes, without the use of a highly detailed complete ground truth model?









Courthouse





How to get complete ground truth models?


Main: Can we develop a methodology that allows us to evaluate the quality of reconstruction algorithms, for architectural purposes, without the use of a highly detailed complete ground truth model? Main: Can we develop a methodology that allows us to evaluate the quality of reconstruction algorithms, for architectural purposes, without the use of a highly detailed complete ground truth model?



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- 1. Are the reconstruction algorithms able to reconstruct a scene from a low resolution model of a large urban object.
- 2.What are the features that we can extract from a low resolution model, that can be used to test the quality of the generated meshes.

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- 3.Does the width of the region around the extracted feature influence the

quality of the evaluation metrics.

- 1) Search for models
- 2) Create dataset from the models
- 3) Run algorithm









TUDelft

1) Search for models that after conversion have no or minor texture errors

- 2) Create dataset from the models
- 3) Run algorithm

















TUDelft

• Alpha masks





- Alpha masks
- Depth maps





- Alpha masks
- Depth maps
- Normal maps



- Alpha masks
- Depth maps
- Normal maps
- Number of images

- Alpha masks
- Depth maps
- Normal maps
- Number of images
- Distance of camera to object

- Alpha masks
- Depth maps
- Normal maps
- Number of images
- Distance of camera to object
- Maximum vertical oscillation



TUDelft



- Alpha masks
- Depth maps
- Normal maps
- Number of images
- Distance of camera to object
- Maximum vertical oscillation
- COLMAP poses

- Alpha masks
- Depth maps
- Normal maps
- Number of images
- Distance of camera to object
- Maximum vertical oscillation
- COLMAP poses
- Directional light

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- COLMAP poses
- Directional light
- Environment lighting

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- Light intensity













Nerfacto

Splatfacto





PatchmatchNet

COLMAP







COLMAP

COLMAP





VoISDF

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		NeuS-facto			VolSDF		
		Hausdorff↓	chamfer↓	F-score↑	Hausdorff↓	chamfer↓	F-score↑
large small	25	22.570	5.097	0.188	22.135	5.047	0.457
	40	20.931	6.871	0.240	35.061	8.986	0.402
	60	27.048	9.561	0.234	39.463	13.761	0.084
	25	22.998	4.997	0.185	22.579	5.556	0.473
	40	20.980	6.814	0.257	35.293	10.165	0.435
	60	27.277	9.774	0.233	39.870	14.245	0.049
	full	17.407	1.801	0.397	11.907	1.159	0.541

		Hausdorff	chamfer	F-score	combined
	25	50%	50%	40%	46.7%
large	40	50%	70%	30%	50%
_	60	50%	70%	40%	53.3%
	25	60%	60%	40%	53.3%
small	40	60%	70%	40%	56.7%
	60	50%	70%	50%	56.7%
	full	50%	40%	50%	46.7%

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In this thesis we show that it is possible to create a methodology for a more objective evaluation of the performance of mesh reconstruction algorithms of large urban objects generated from low detailed complete ground truth models. We have also demonstrated that it is possible to render large urban objects from low detailed manual modeled buildings with photo (realistic) textures for the three algorithm groups.

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Thank you for your attention