

RELINK: LEIDEN UNIVERSITY

RISING ABOVE THE EXISTENT

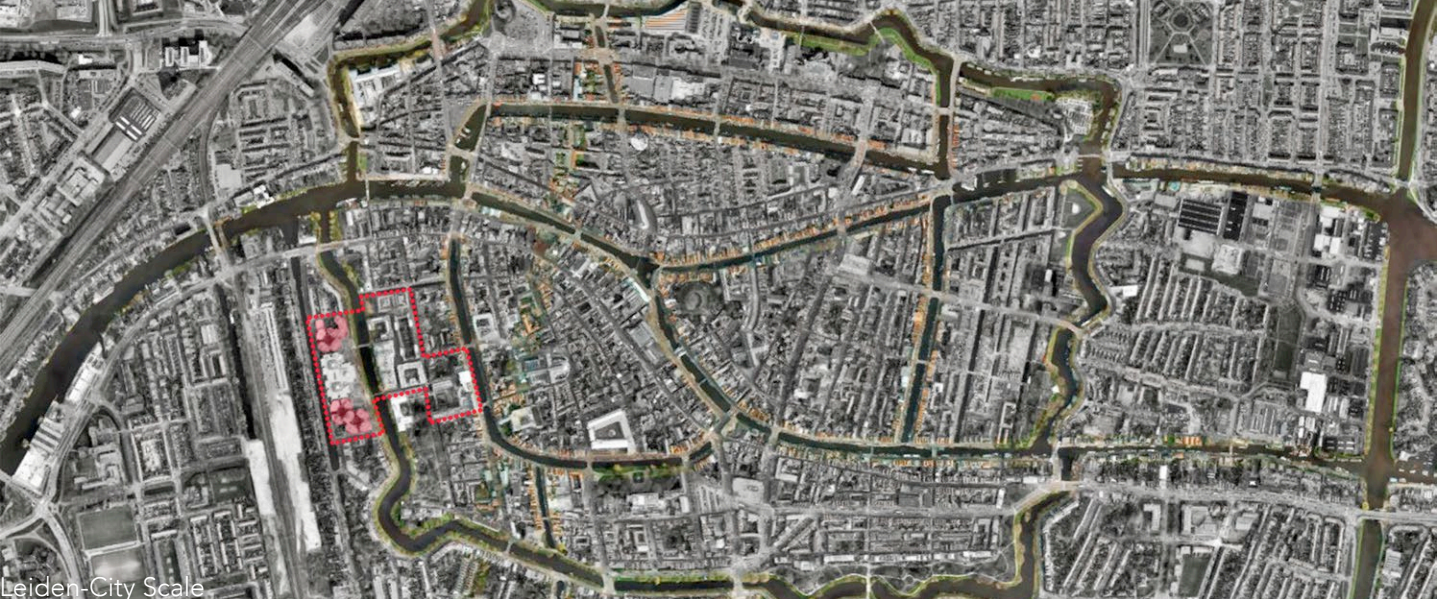
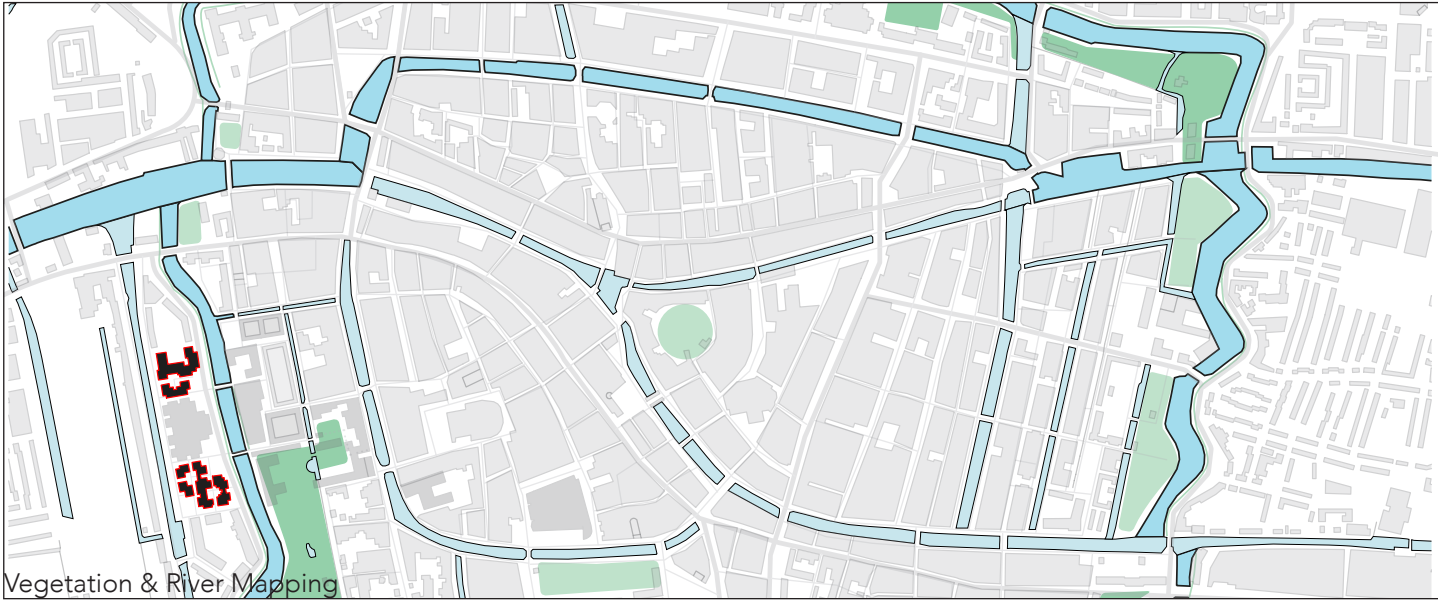
Leiden University, Faculty of Humanities



YIANNOS MEXIS

Introduction to the Project

Site Location



The Campus



Arsenaal Building



Lipsius Building



Johan Huizinga Building



PN van Eyckhof Building



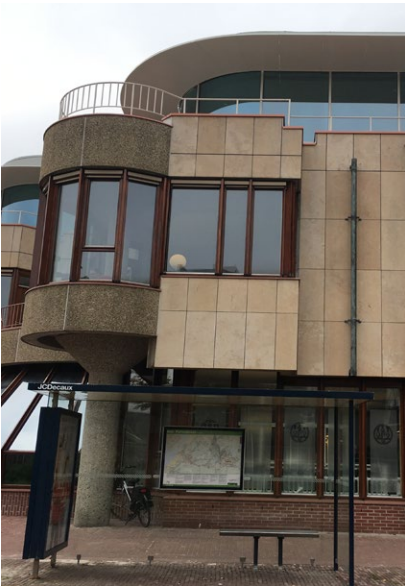
Narrow pathways and the distinguishing columns



Reuvens Building



P.J. Veth Building



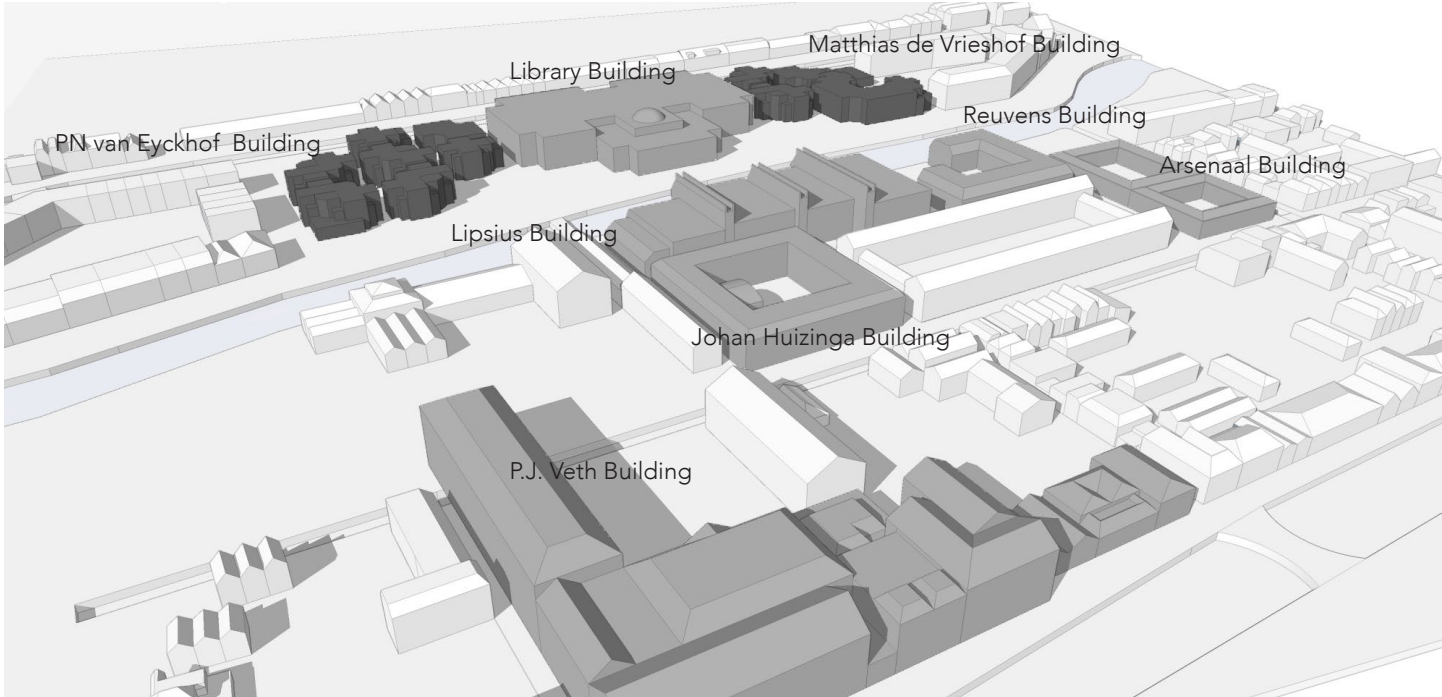
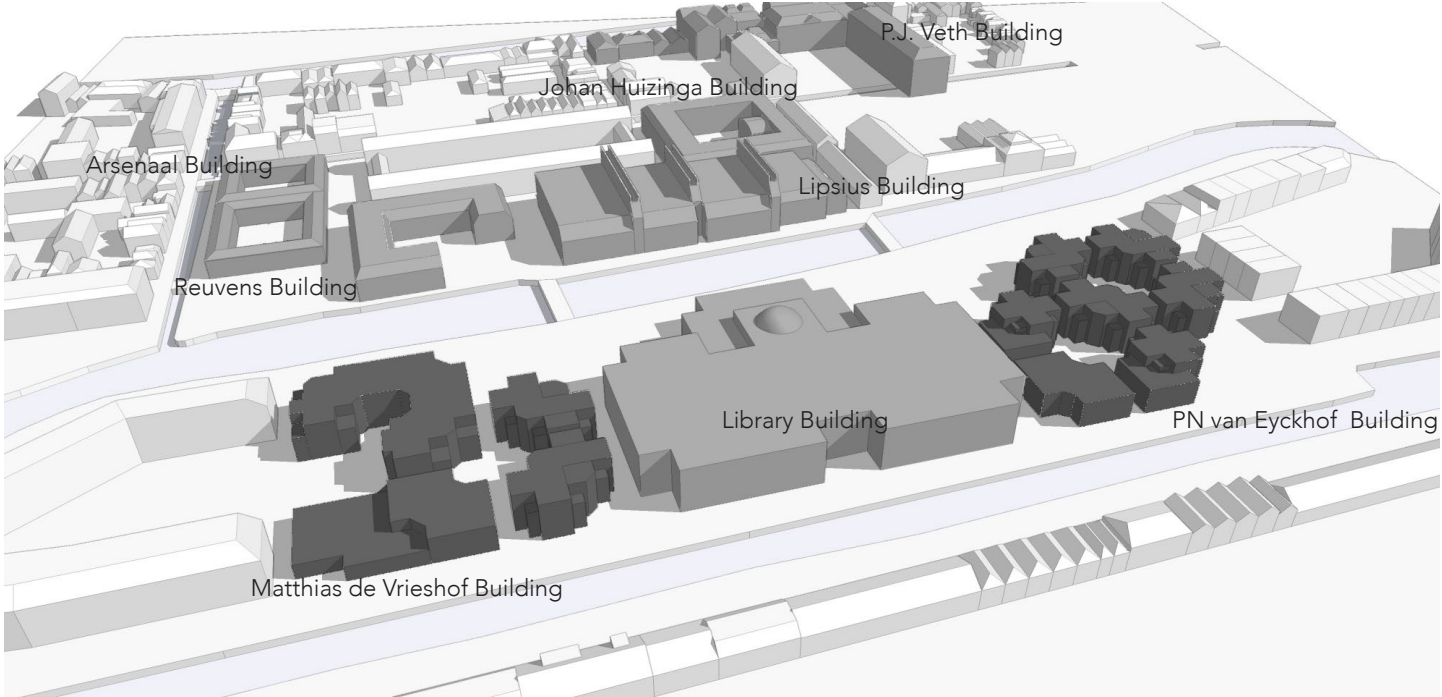
Library

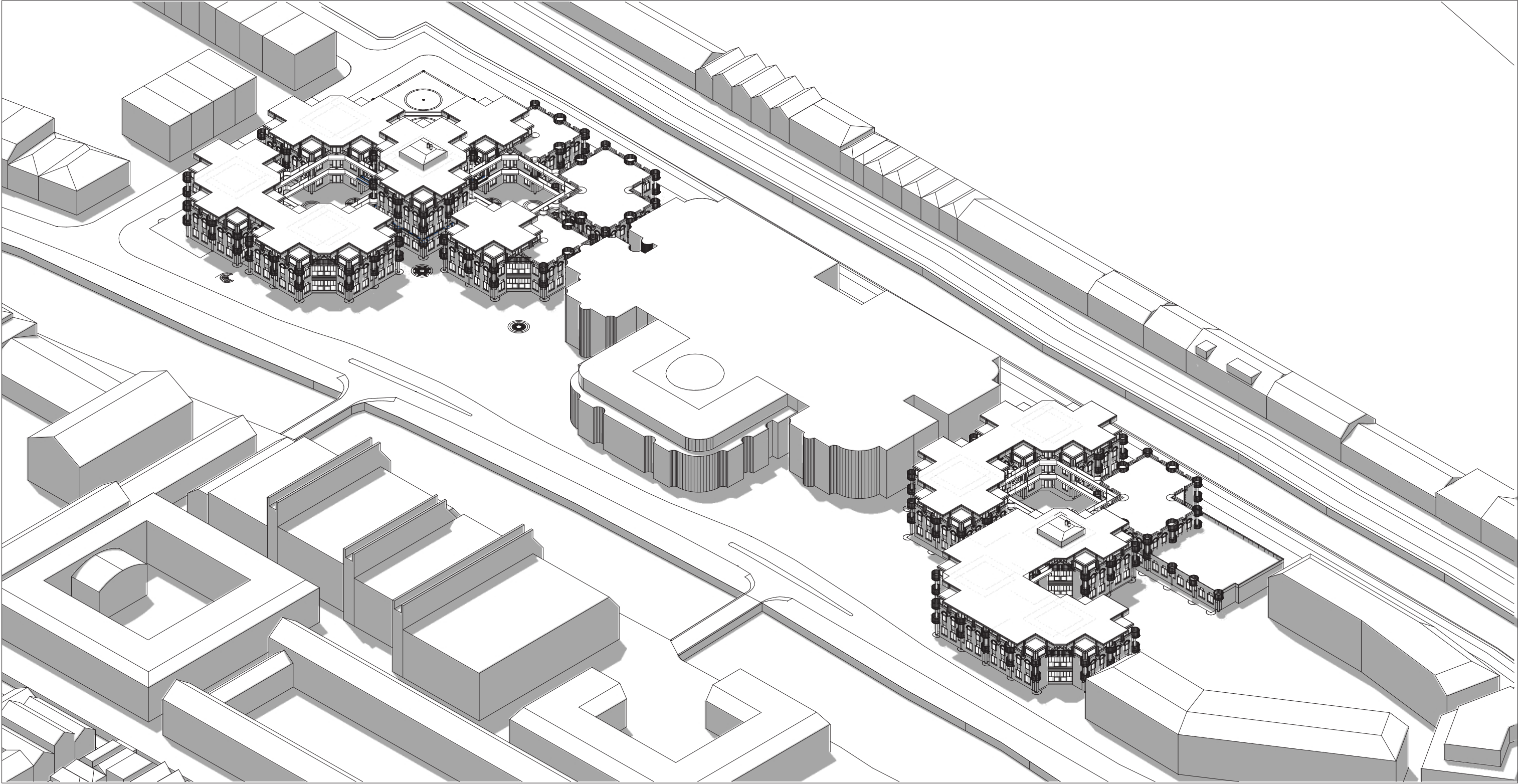


Pathways and cantilever roofs

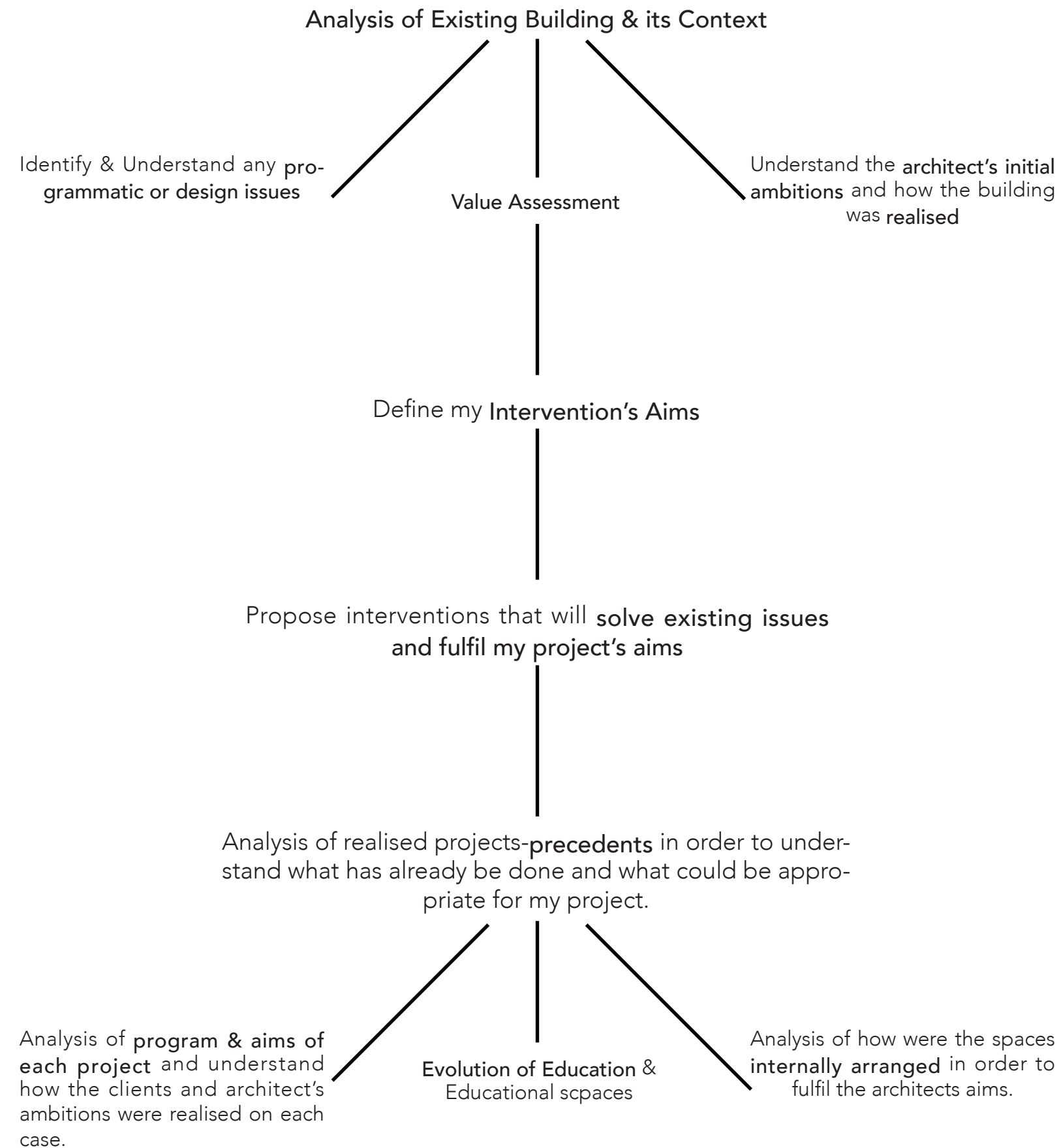


Courtyards

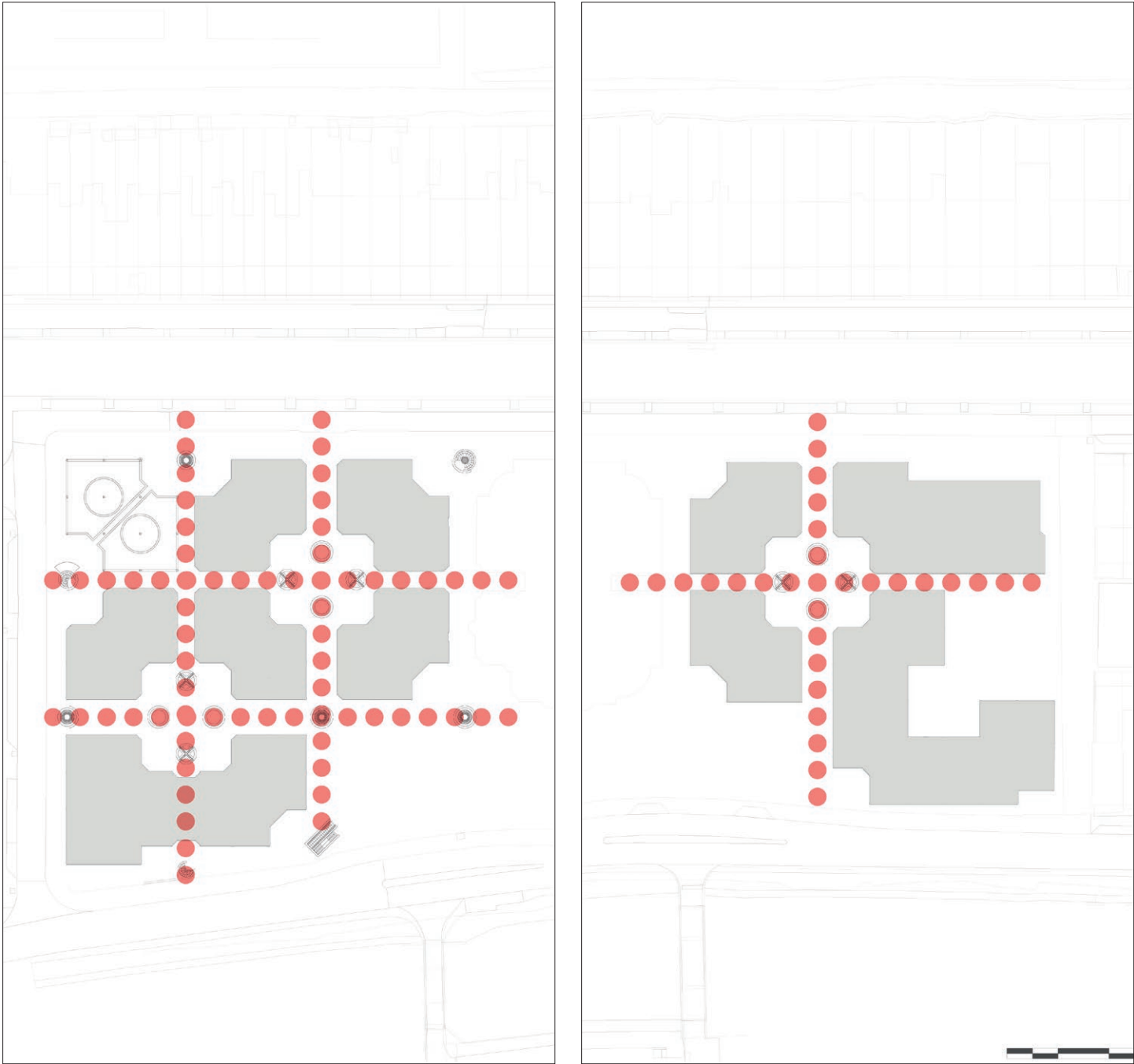




Project Aims



Initial Concept - Ambitions

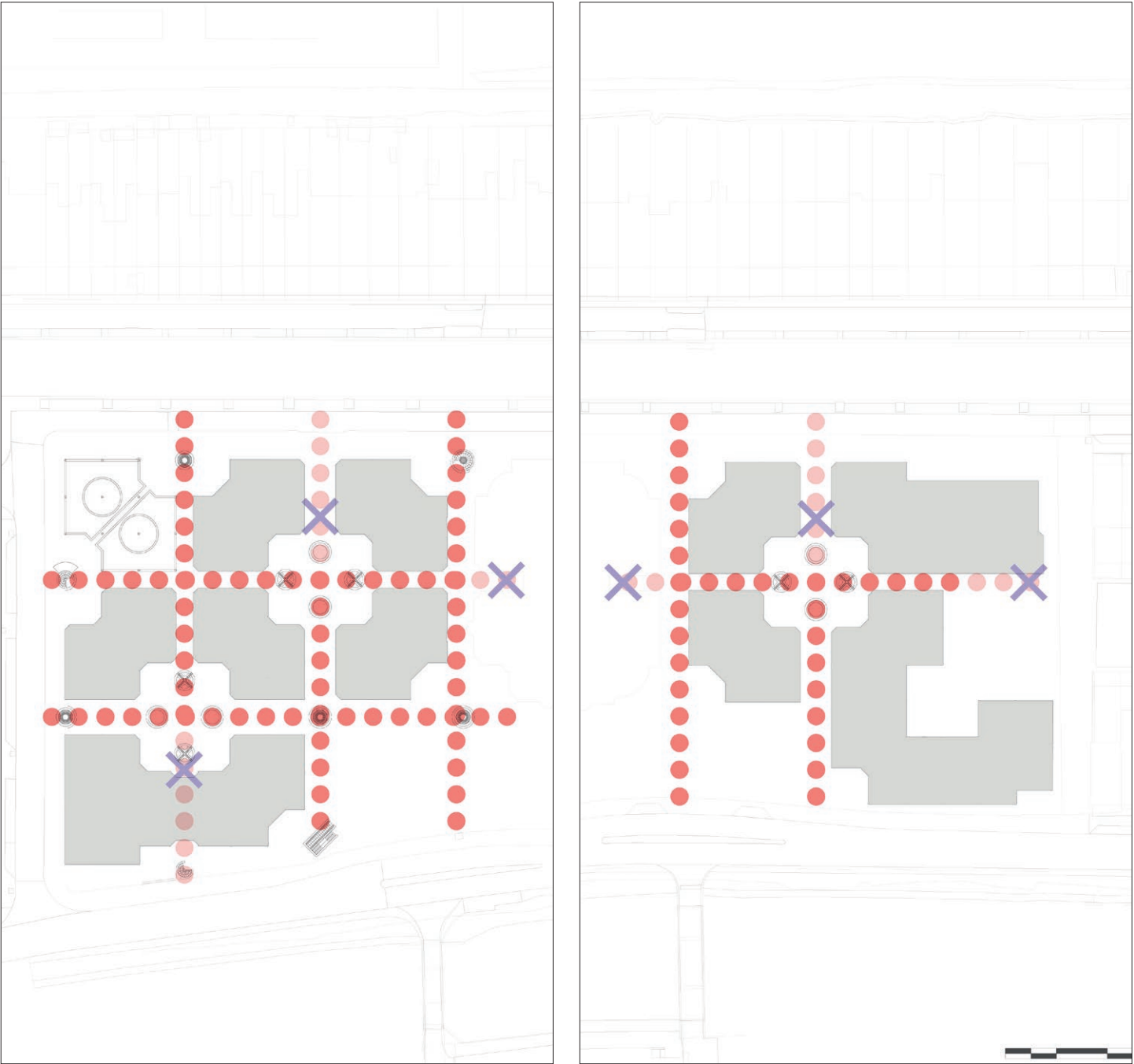


Axes

Following the Structuralism movement, Joop van Stigt, the building's architect, his ambition was to create a building open to its context initiating public interaction.

The perpendicular axes open up and connect the cluster to its context, highlighting the social character of the building.

Realised Proposal



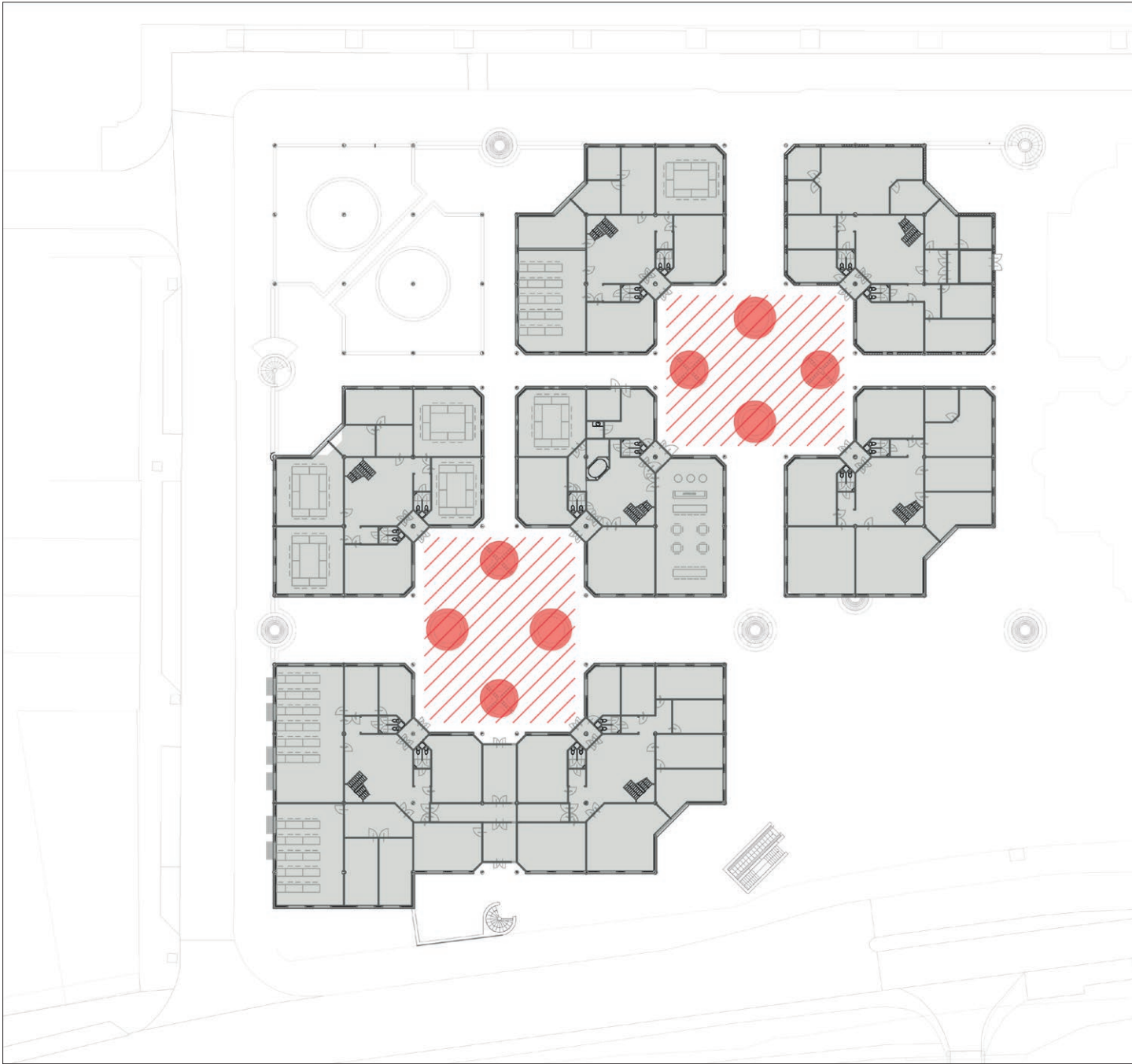
Axes

Despite the architect's original ambitions, to open up the building to its context, highlighting the social aspect of Structuralism, the axes do not function as they were originally intended.

On the diagram above one can see the points where the axes lead to a dead end or do not even exist. In both right and left clusters, the vertical axes are blocked, either by the underground parking or by buildings. On the other hand the horizontal axes guide the public to the library, which side entrances are not in function, leading to dead ends.

That being said, one can understand that the axes do not serve any purpose for the general public, making them functional only for the building's users.

Initial Concept - Ambitions

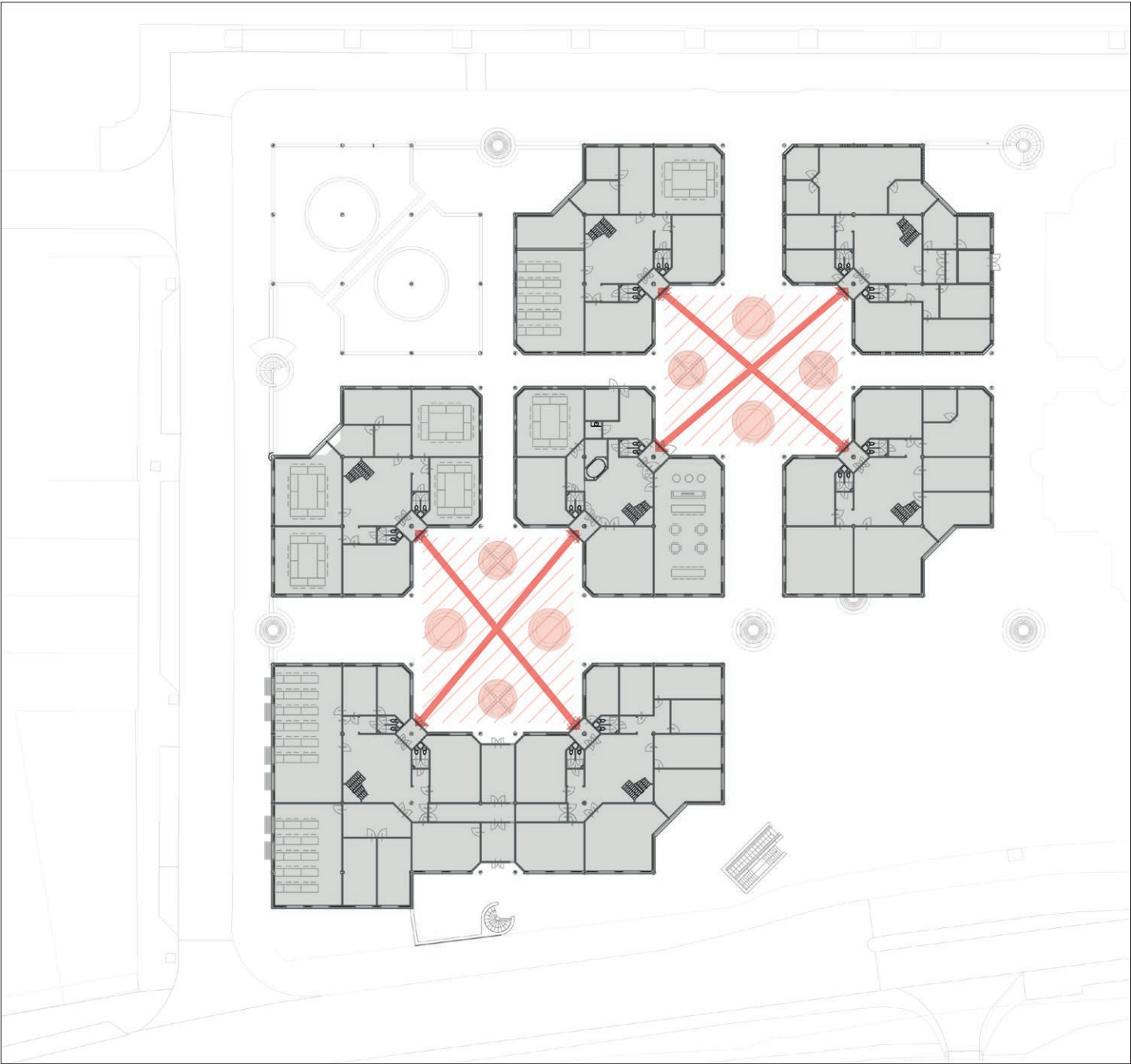


Courtyards

Additionally to the axes, the courtyards in the centre of both clusters, enhance the Structuralism idea of socialization and human interaction.

In order to stimulate human interaction and create a more pleasant environment for the users, round sitting elements and vegetation was added in the courtyards.

Realised Proposal



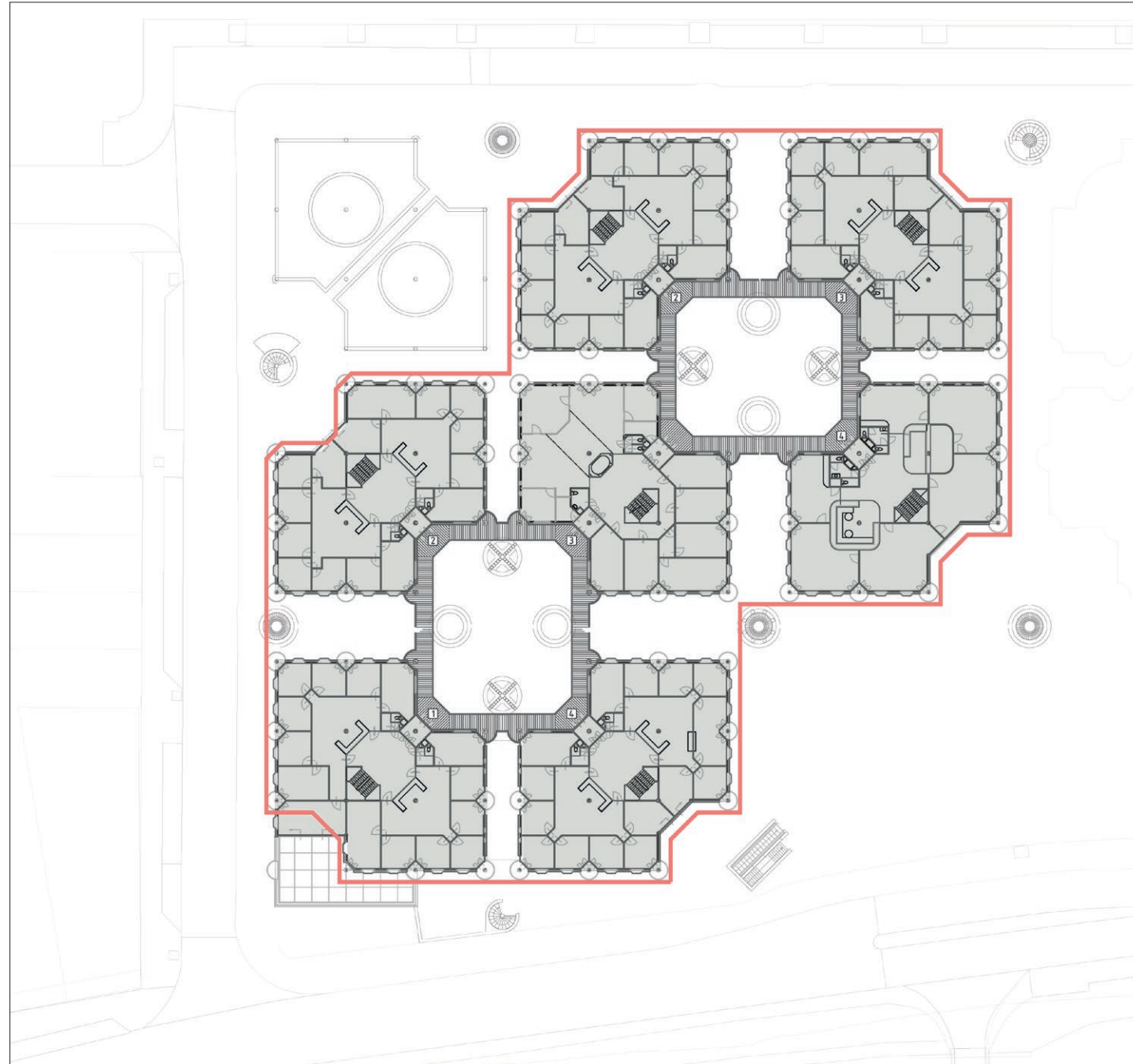
Courtyards

Despite the architect's intention to make the courtyards an interaction space that people would use as a meeting place, the spaces do not function as they architect had planned.

Currently there is no vegetation in the decorative round elements and the sitting areas are even barely used. Observing how people use the space, it only served circulation purposes, providing access to the buildings surrounding the courtyards.

The hard wall materials of the space together with the dark and cold atmosphere do not create a pleasant area, in order to stimulate human interaction.

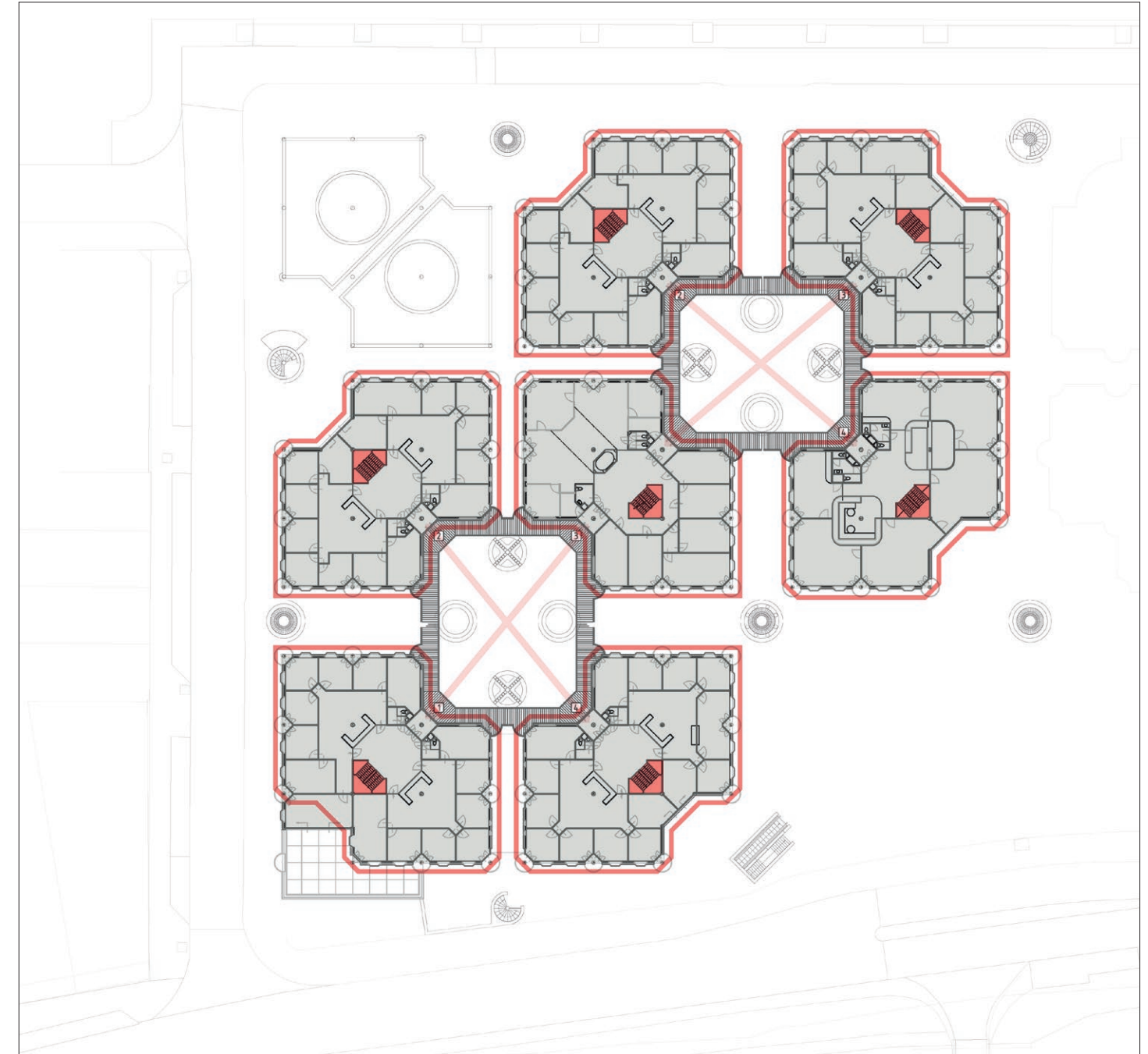
Initial Concept - Ambitions



Cluster

Looking at cluster's footprint, one can understand that this shape has been created by the overlapping of two squares. The overlapping (link) between the two squares the interactive (linking) idea of Structuralism, together with the axes which theoretically open up the building to its context and the courtyards are all elements which prove the architects original intention to create a cluster whose individual buildings (components) function all together as one unit.

Realised Design



Cluster

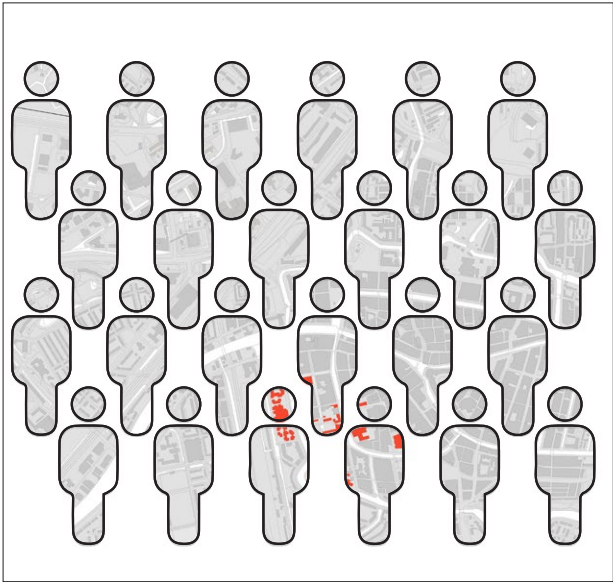
Once again, the architect's original ambition were never realised. In reality, each volume functions individually. Because of the main circulation areas (staircases) being in each building's core and the courtyards are not a pleasant environment for the users, to spend time, the idea of all building functioning as one, is lost.

Being on site, and observing the way people experience and use the space, one can see that the way the functions are arranged in the buildings there is no real need for students to move from one building to another. This, together with the lack of an enjoyable exterior space that could stimulate student to use it, has isolated each of the buildings. This has resulted in losing the theoretical links between the volumes, that would make them function all together as a composition.

Realised Proposal

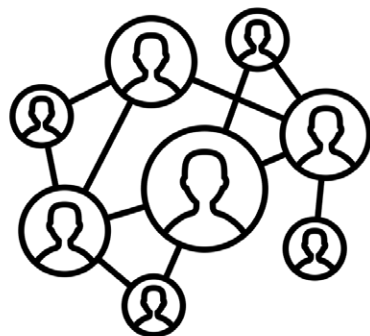
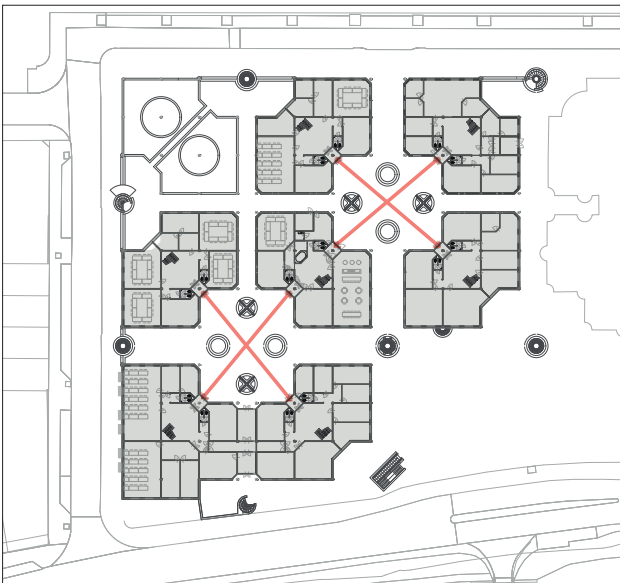
Reconnect the University with Leiden

One of my project's aims is to connect the University to Leiden. This would require alterations in the building's form as well as program.



Lively & Functional Courtyards

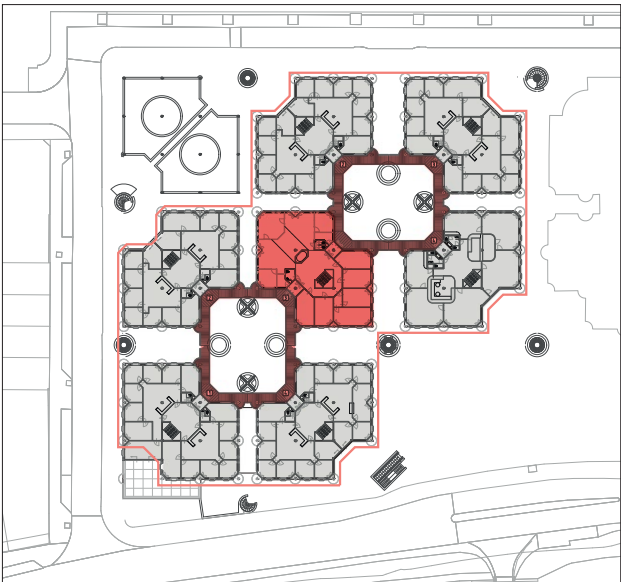
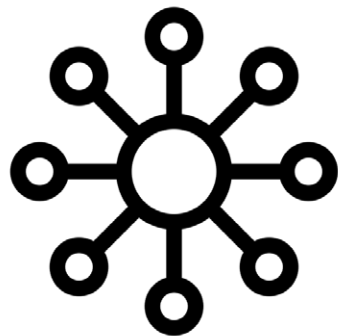
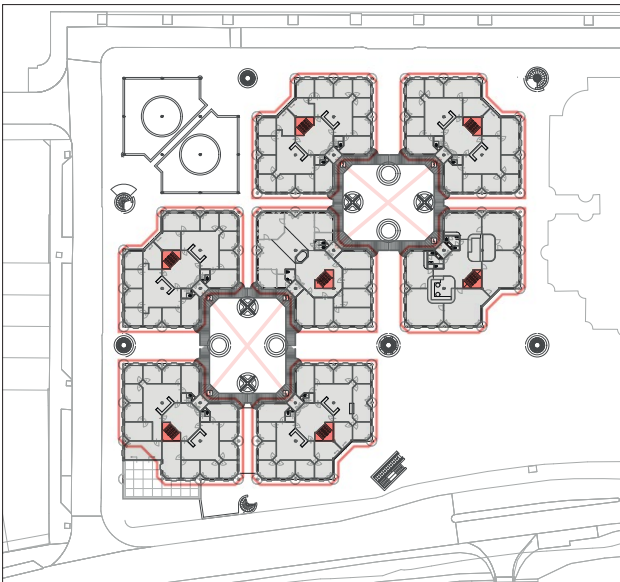
One of my project's aims it to make the courtyards function according to the architect's initials ambitions.



In order to achieve this, interventions on the courtyard need to take place, making the courtyards a more pleasant and functional space.

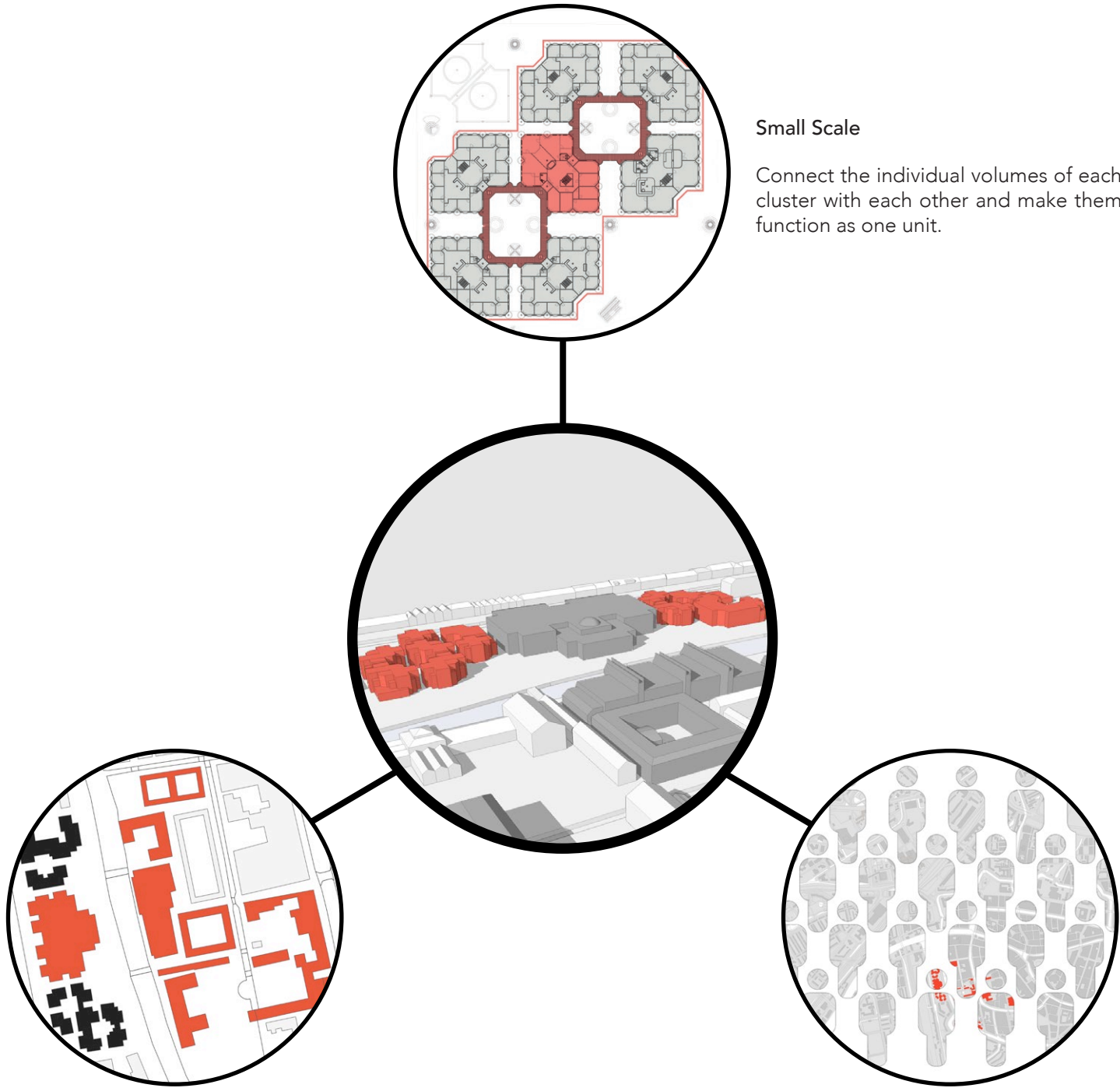
One Building

Making the buildings function as one unit is one of the most significant aspects that I am aiming to achieve with my intervention



Using the middle volume and the bridges as a linking element between the cluster's two squares, my aim is to unite the building's isolated components.

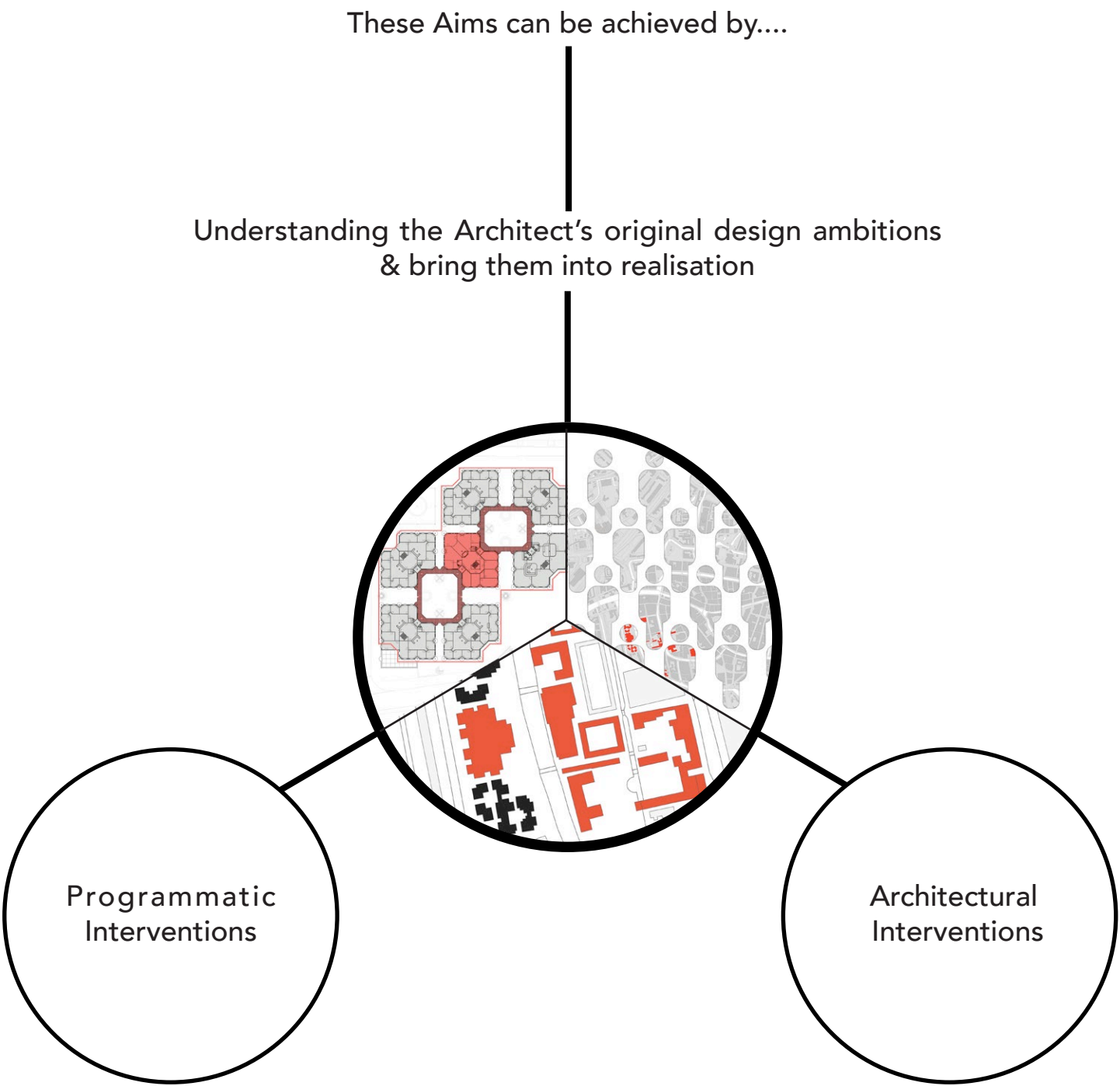
Design Aims



Small Scale
Connect the individual volumes of each cluster with each other and make them function as one unit.

Medium Scale
Connect the PN van Eyckhof & Matthias de Vrieshof Buildings with the rest of Leiden's University's buildings.

Large Scale
Connect the University with the society. Make it an integral part of Leiden.



These Aims can be achieved by....

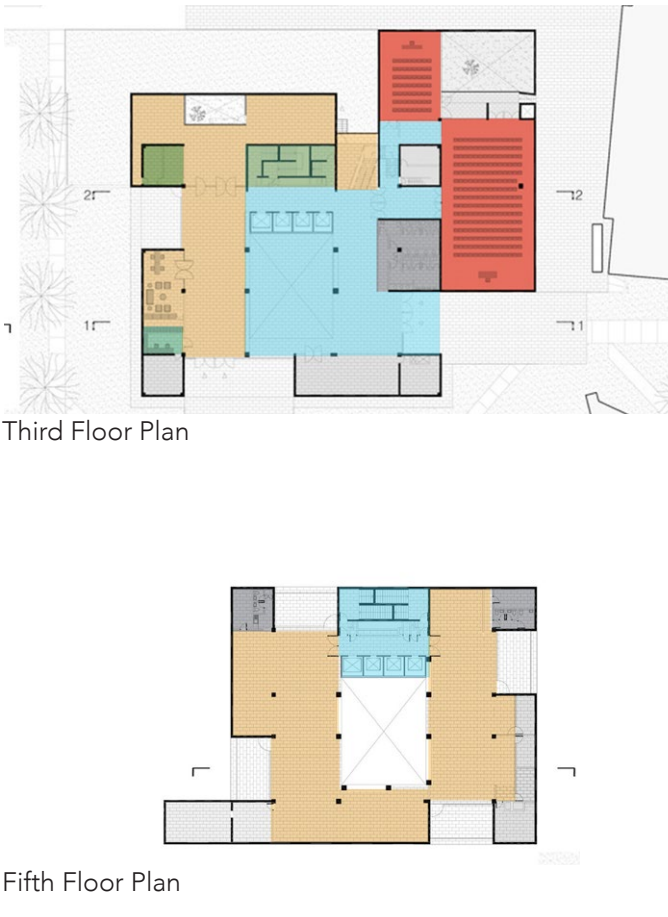
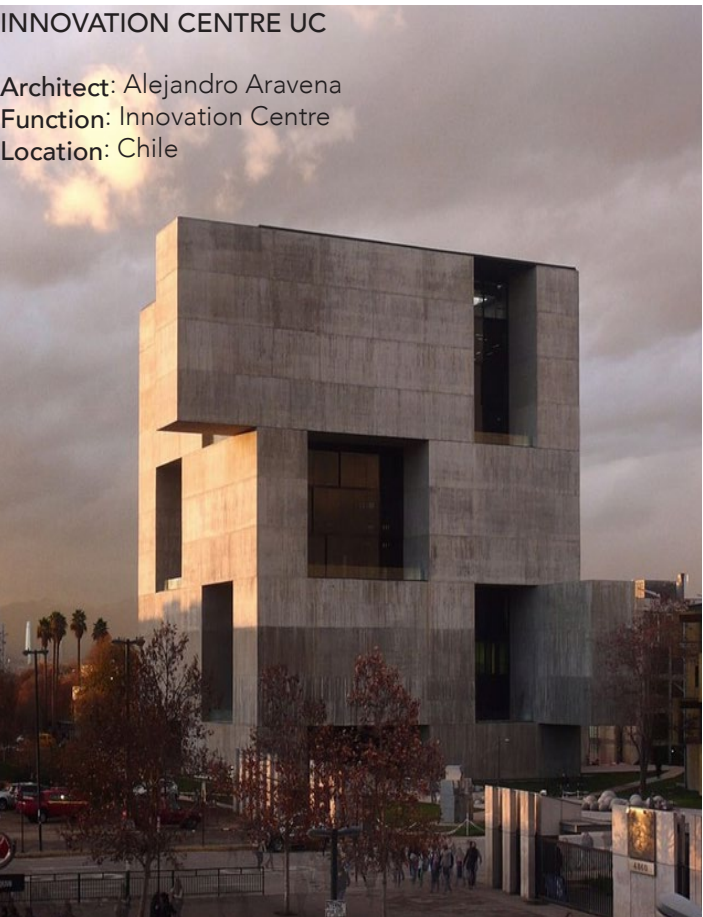
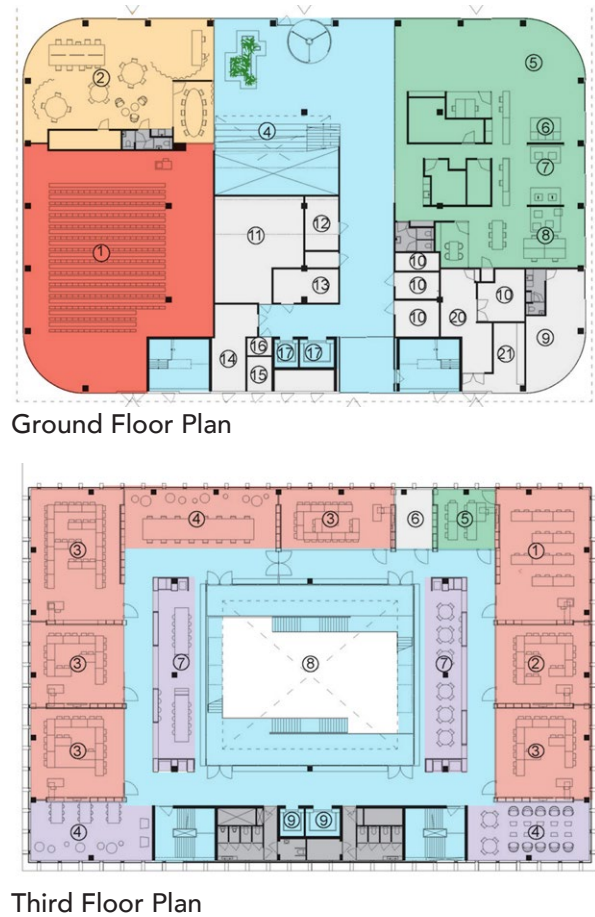
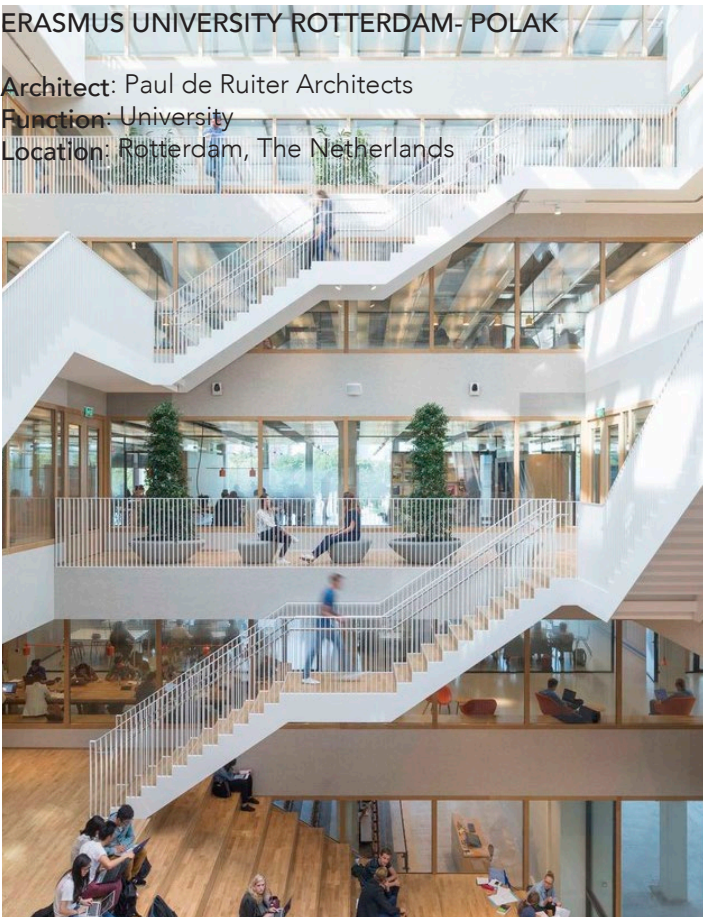
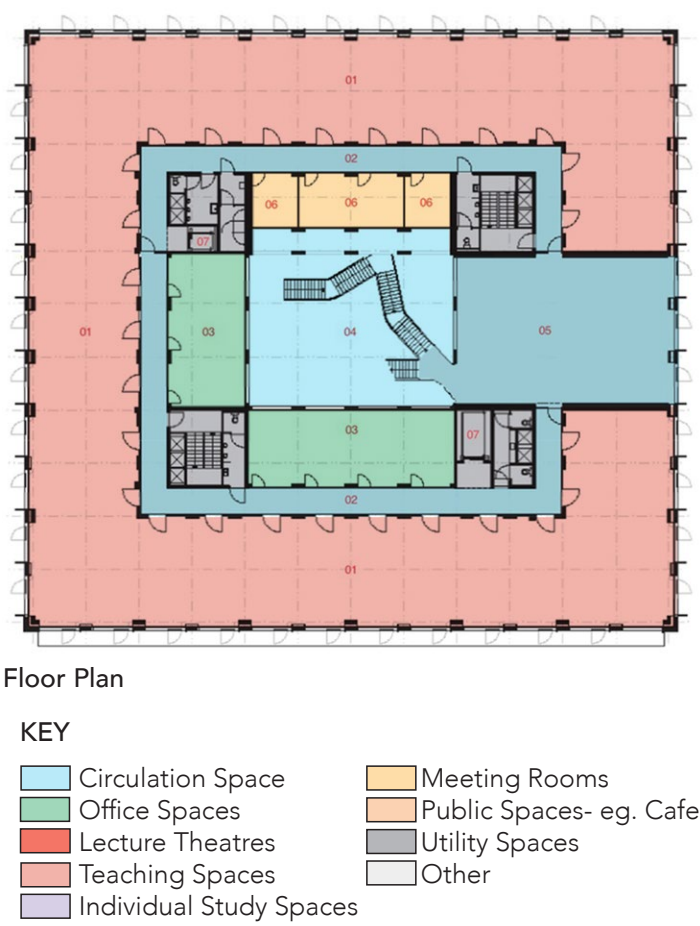
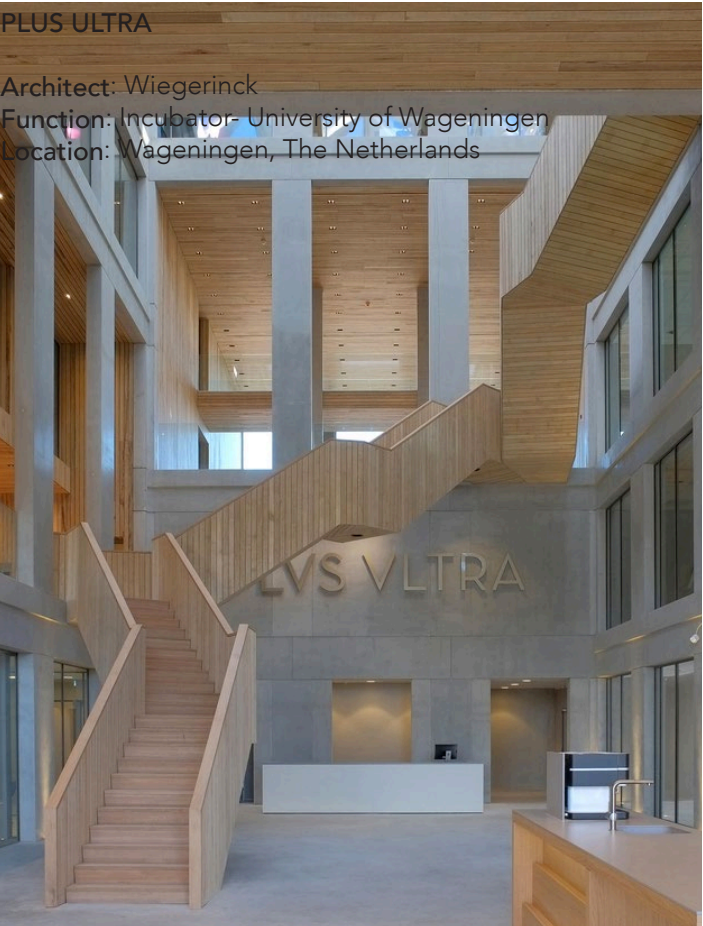
Understanding the Architect's original design ambitions & bring them into realisation

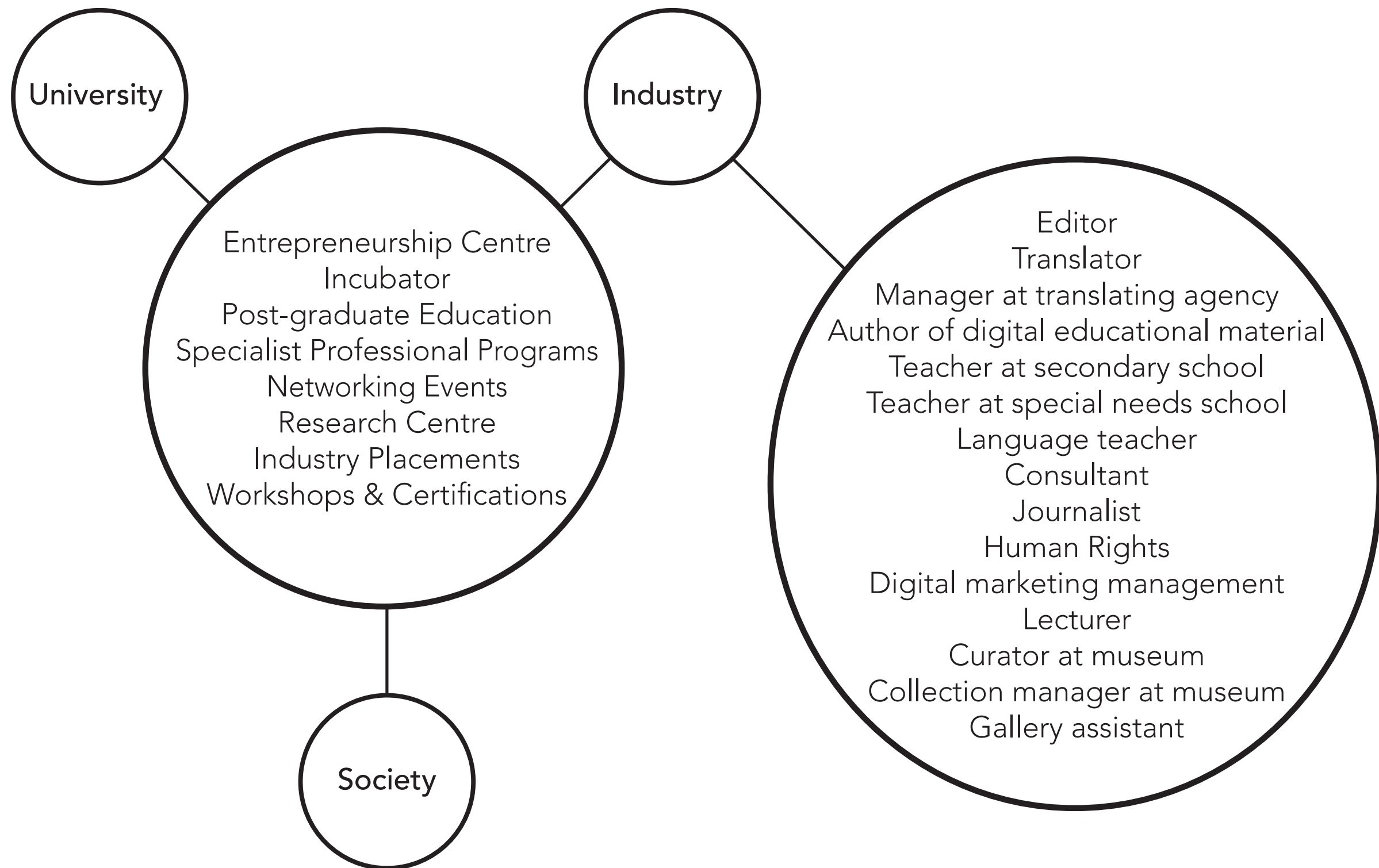
Programmatic Interventions

Architectural Interventions

Programmatic Interventions Precedent Analysis

Precedent Analysis

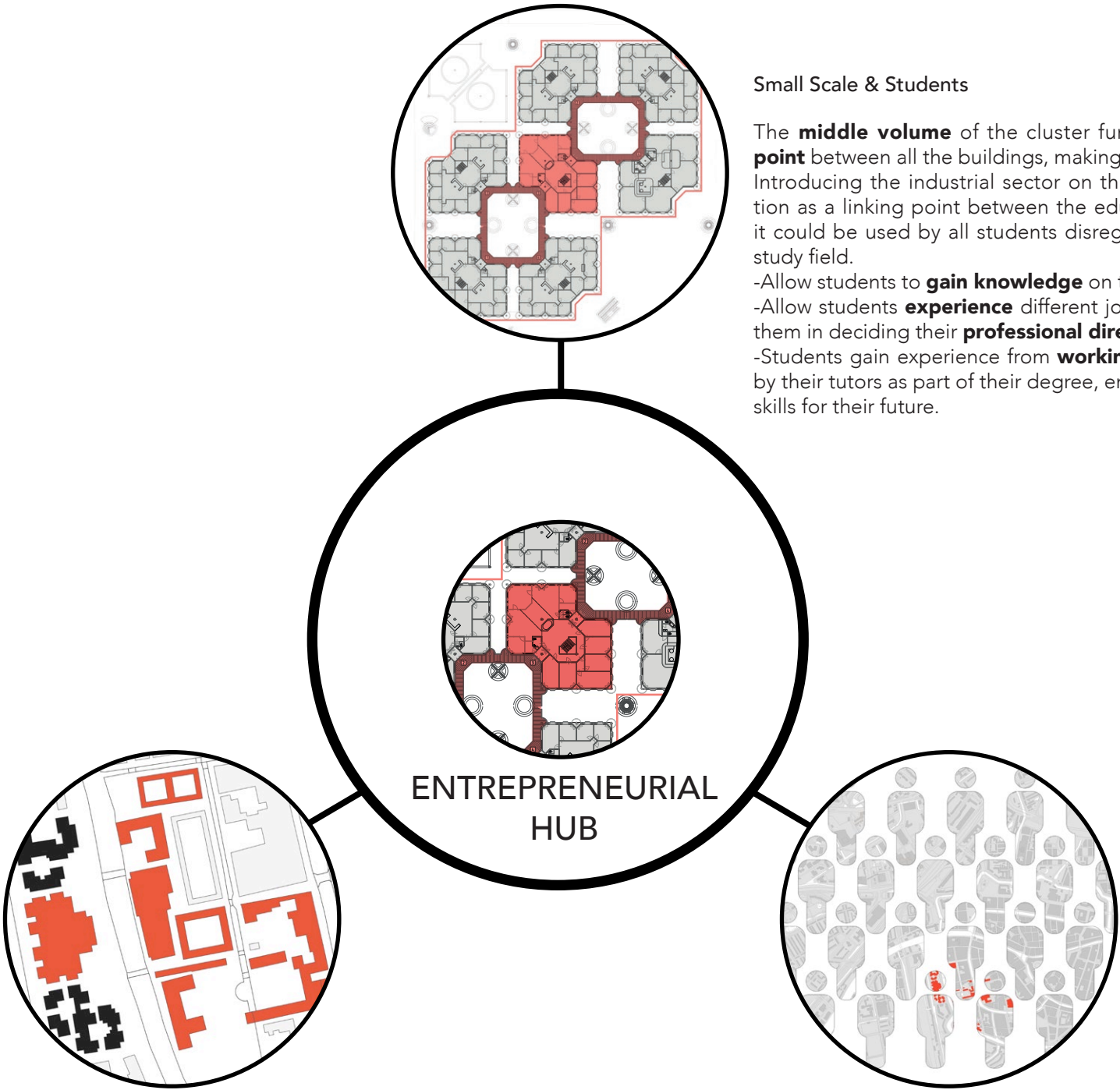




Medium Scale

The addition of an incubator & entrepreneurship centre, where students can **interact with professionals** can draw the attention of students from different departments.

- This addition could become the university's new **"front image"**, showing its **innovative character** and **strengthening** its position in the educational market.
- Students placement** as part of their degree would also allow the university to make a profit allowing it to invest more on the development of the university.



Small Scale & Students

The **middle volume** of the cluster functions as the **linking point** between all the buildings, making it "unique". Introducing the industrial sector on this volume would function as a linking point between the educational buildings, as it could be used by all students disregarding their particular study field.

- Allow students to **gain knowledge** on the **professional field**.
- Allow students **experience** different job positions, and assist them in deciding their **professional direction**.
- Students gain experience from **working in practice**, guided by their tutors as part of their degree, enriching them with vital skills for their future.

Large Scale

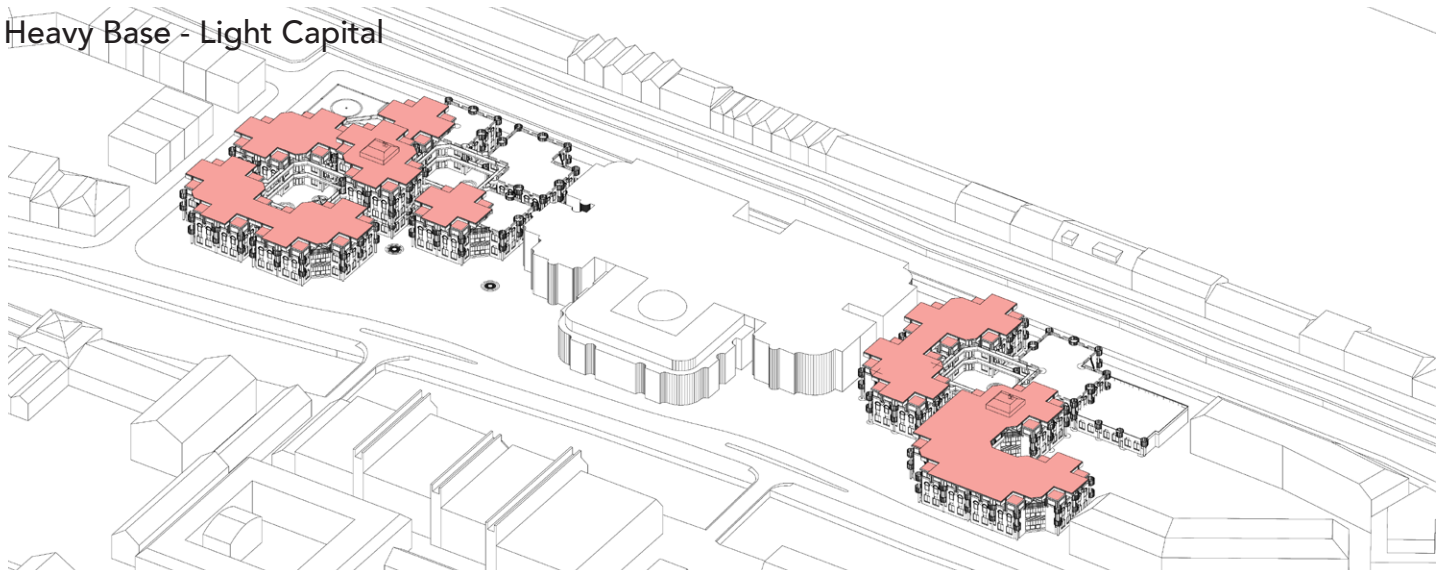
The addition of a new function in the university that would be open for **interaction-partnerships with off-campus companies** and the people of Leiden, would make the university open to the city and to external-non-related parties in general, **linking** the university with **Leiden** and the **educational & industrial world**.

- Students will also **provide services** to the **general public** on specific professional positions that will be held in the university.

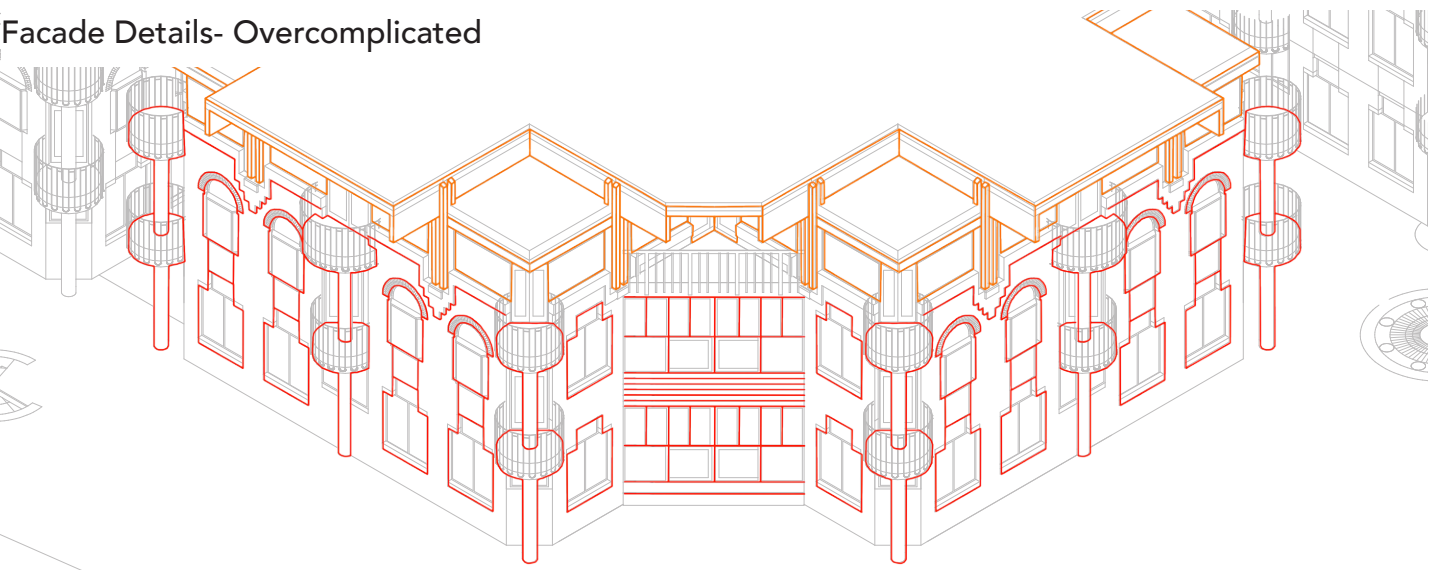
Architectural Interventions
Existing Building & Precedent Analysis

WSD Complex - Volume Analysis

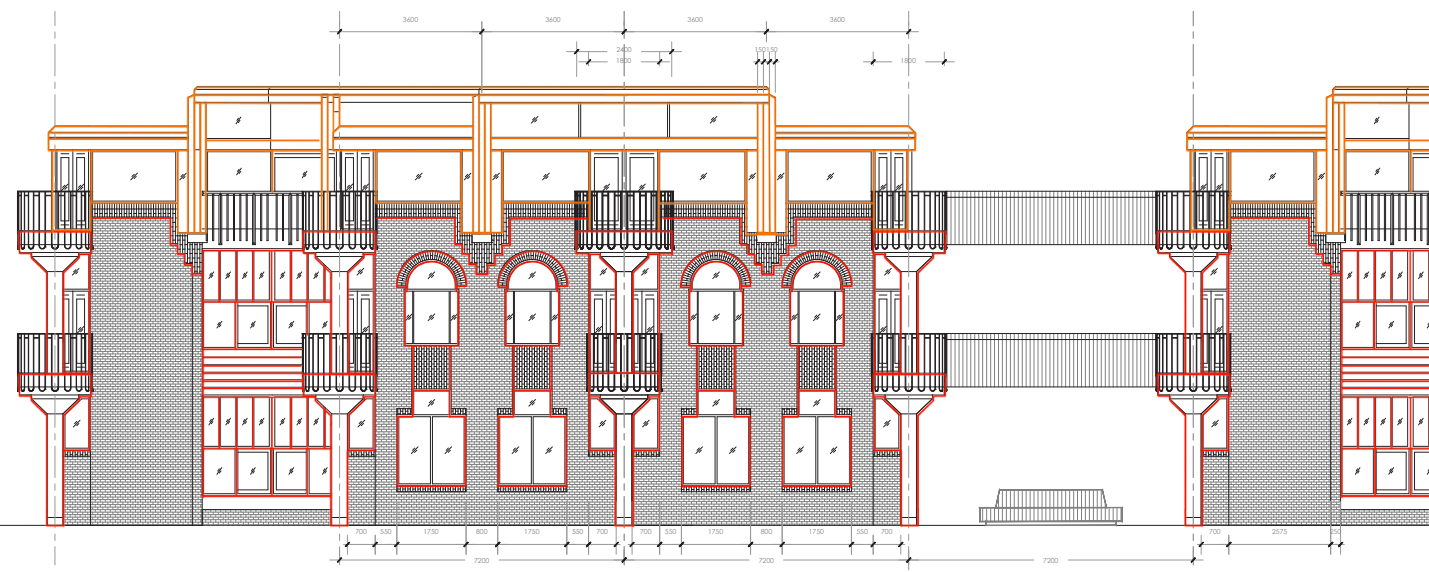
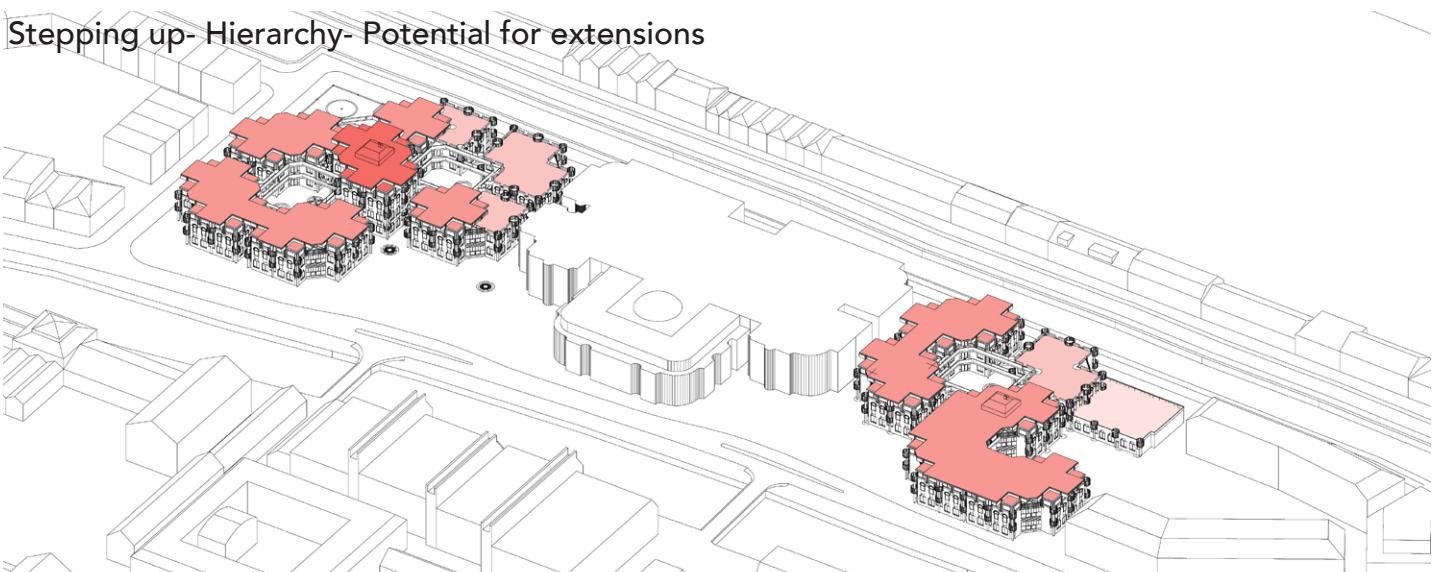
Heavy Base - Light Capital



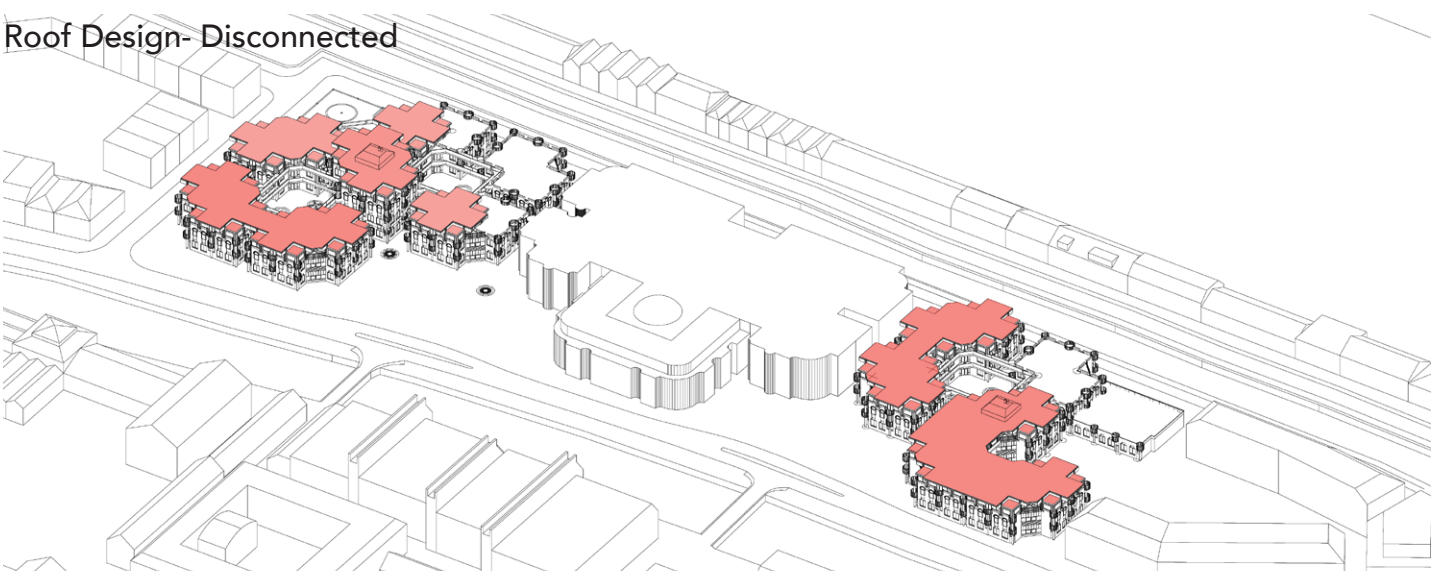
Facade Details- Overcomplicated



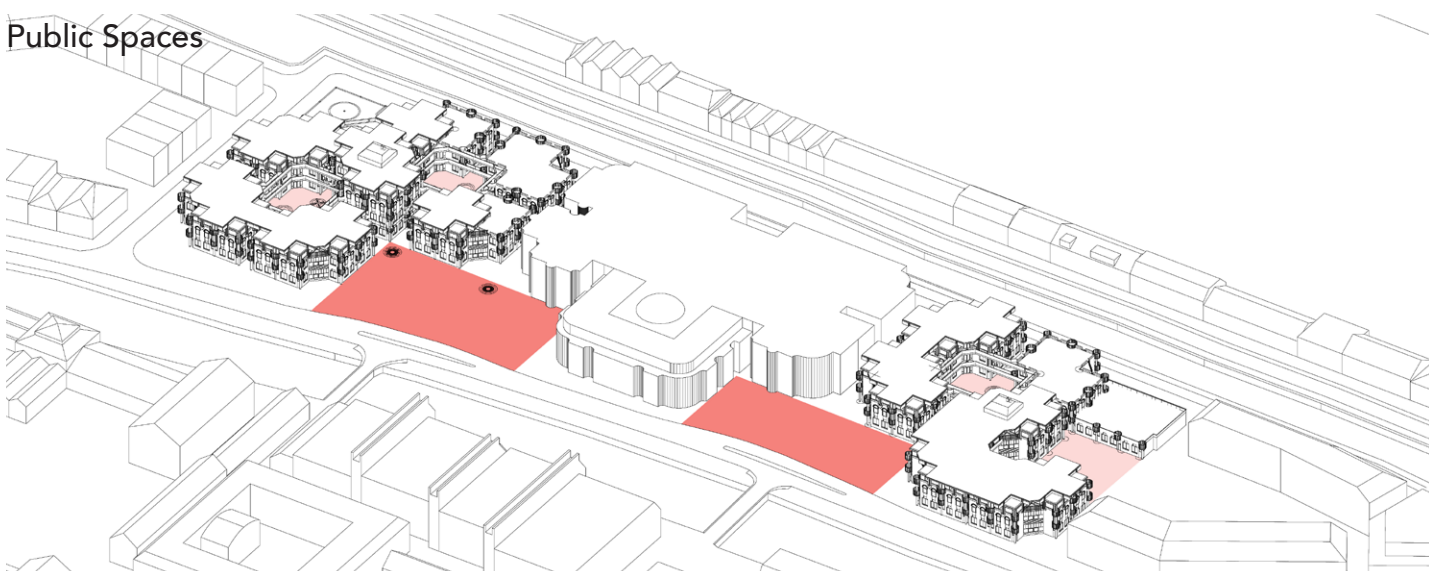
Stepping up- Hierarchy- Potential for extensions



Roof Design- Disconnected

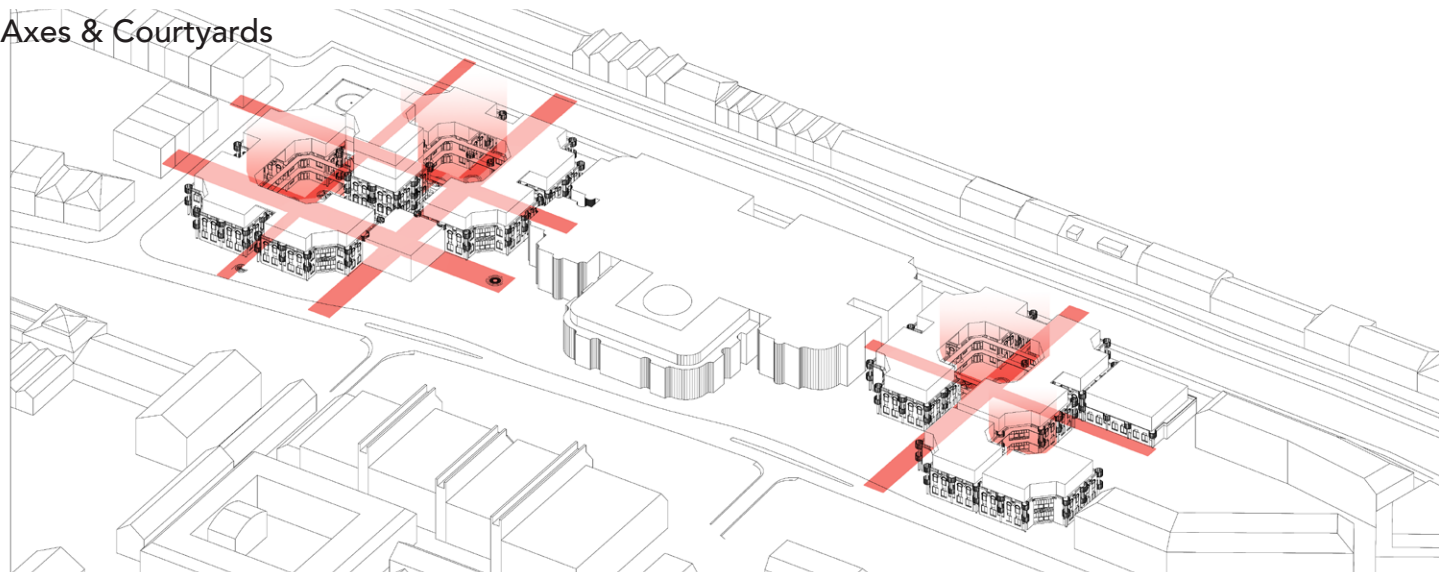


Public Spaces

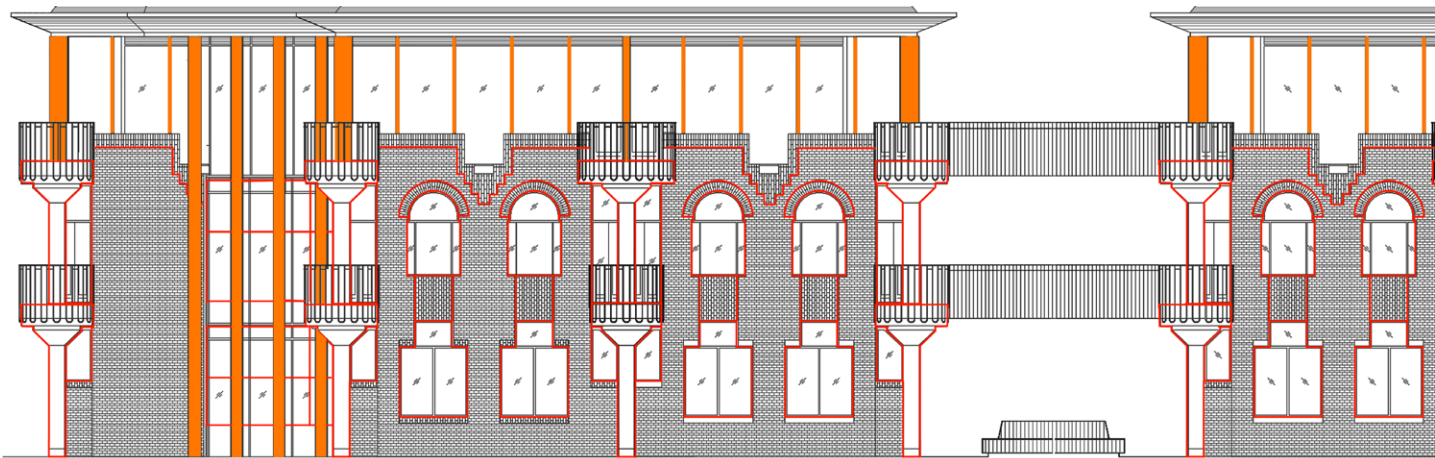


Proposal Concept

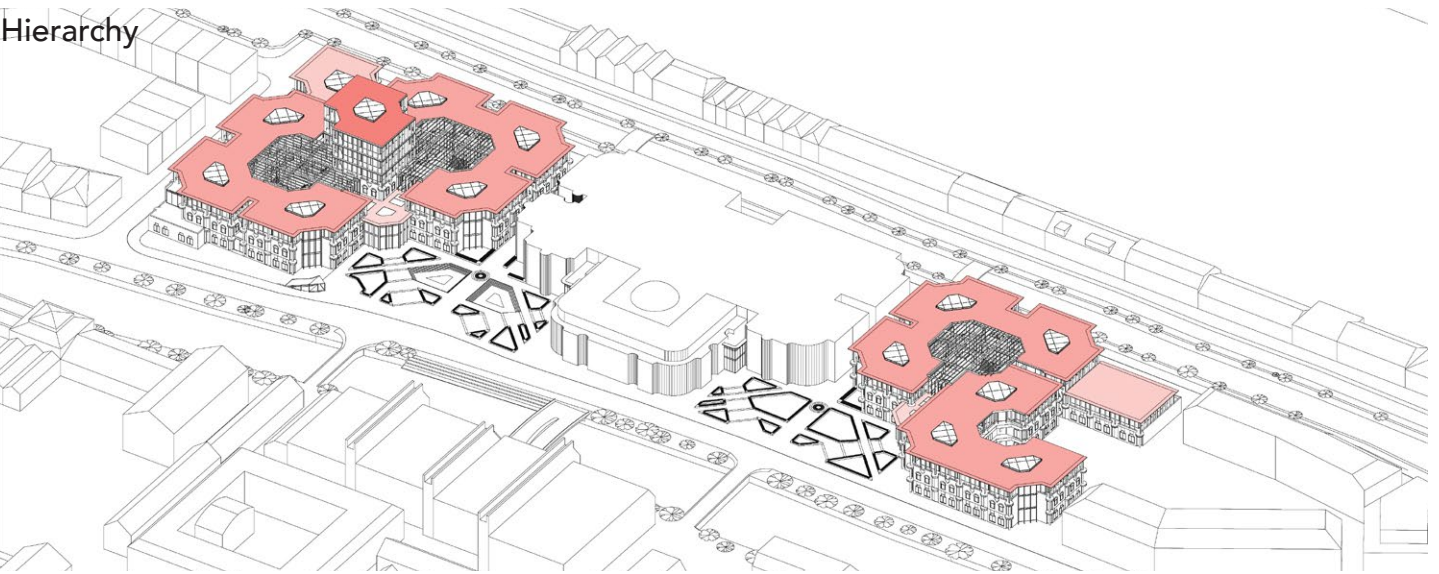
Axes & Courtyards



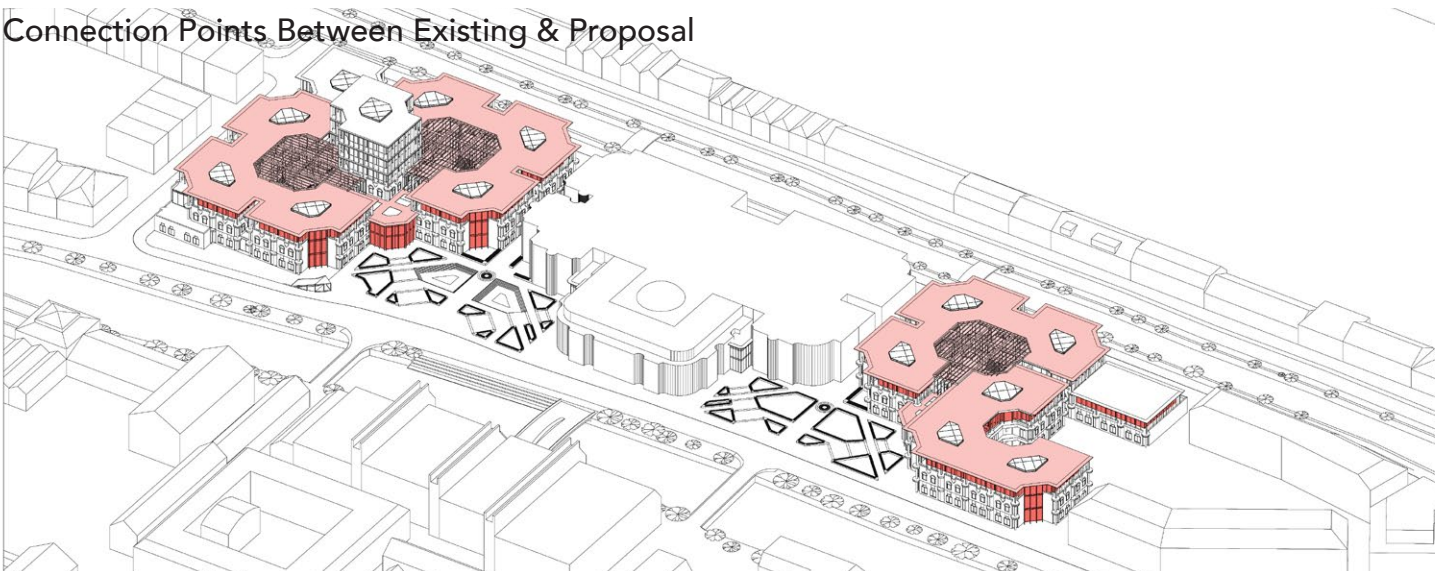
Detailed Base- Simple Top



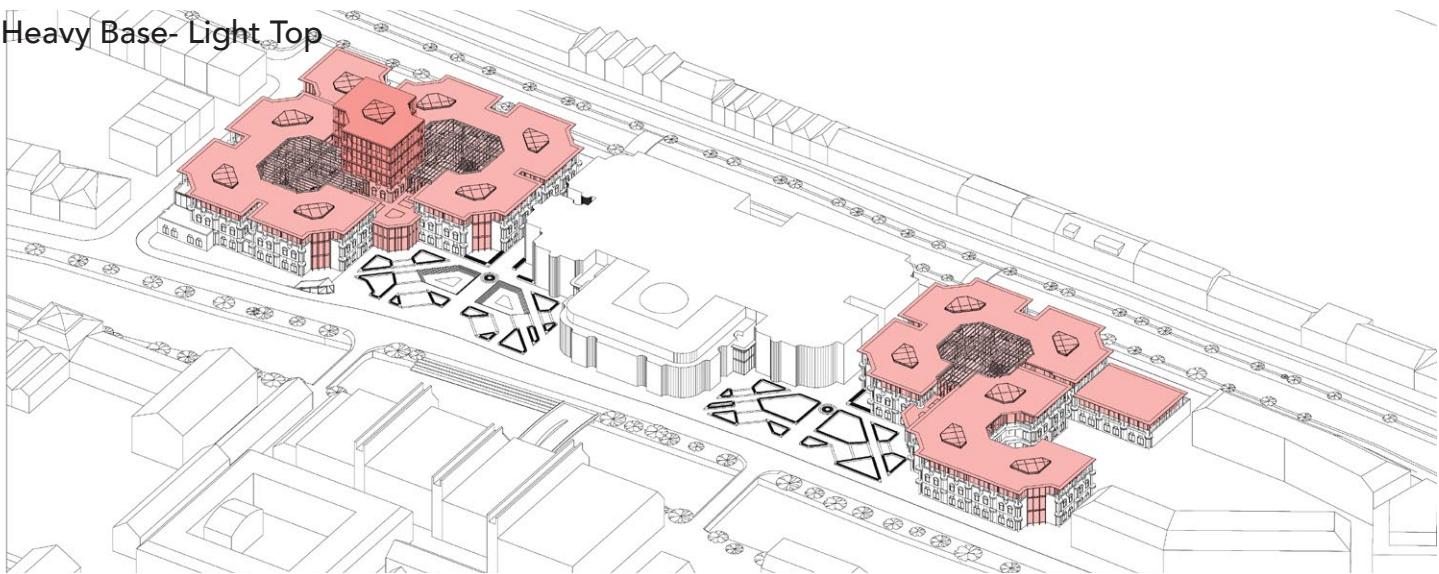
Hierarchy



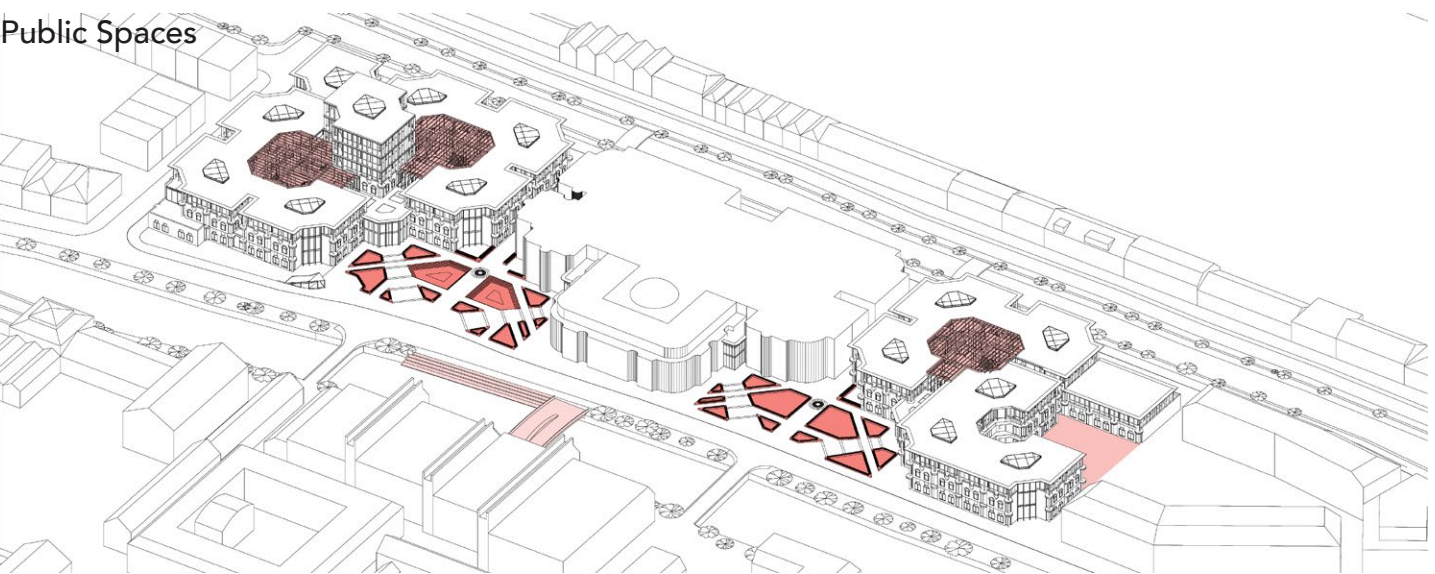
Connection Points Between Existing & Proposal



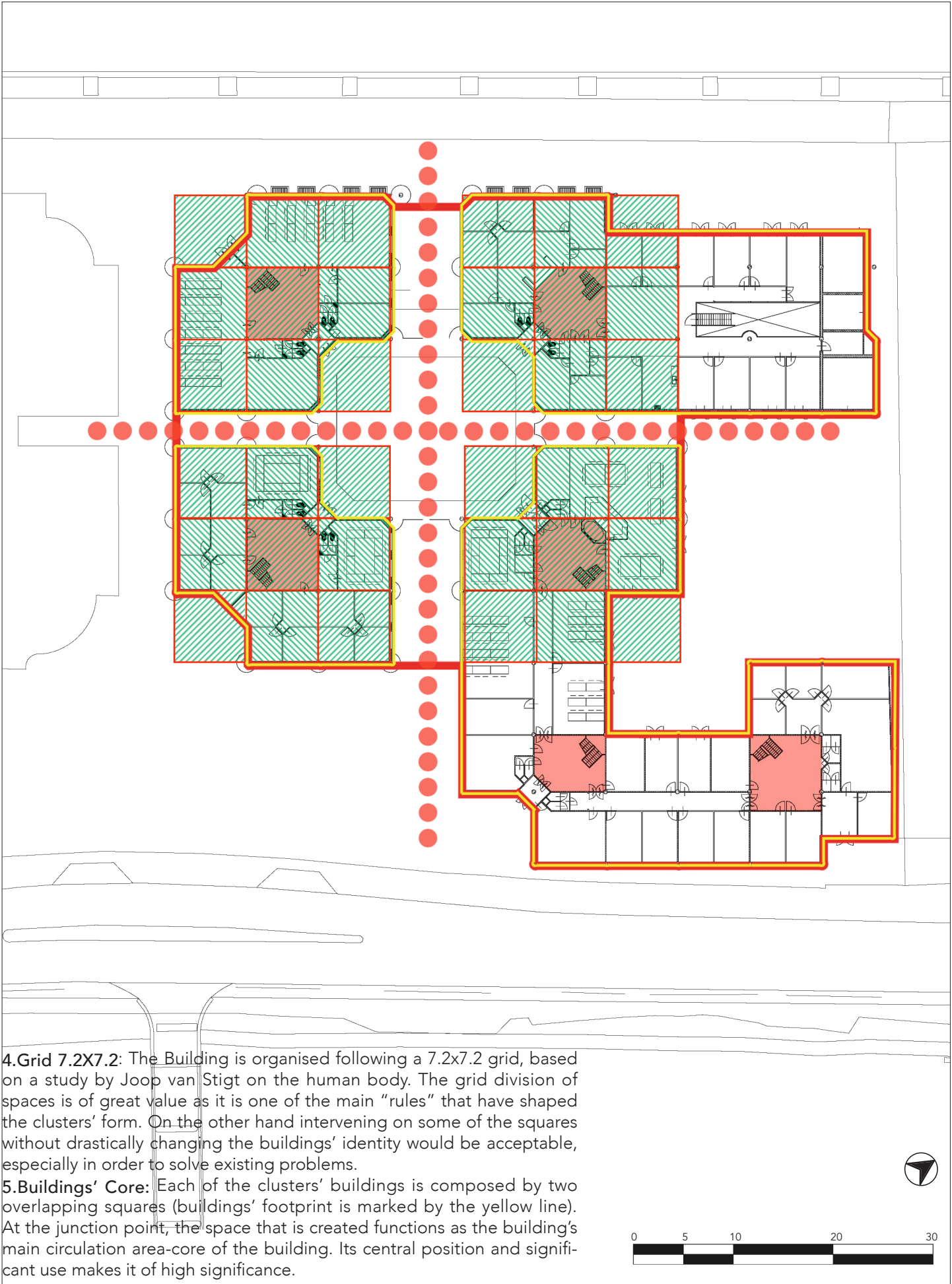
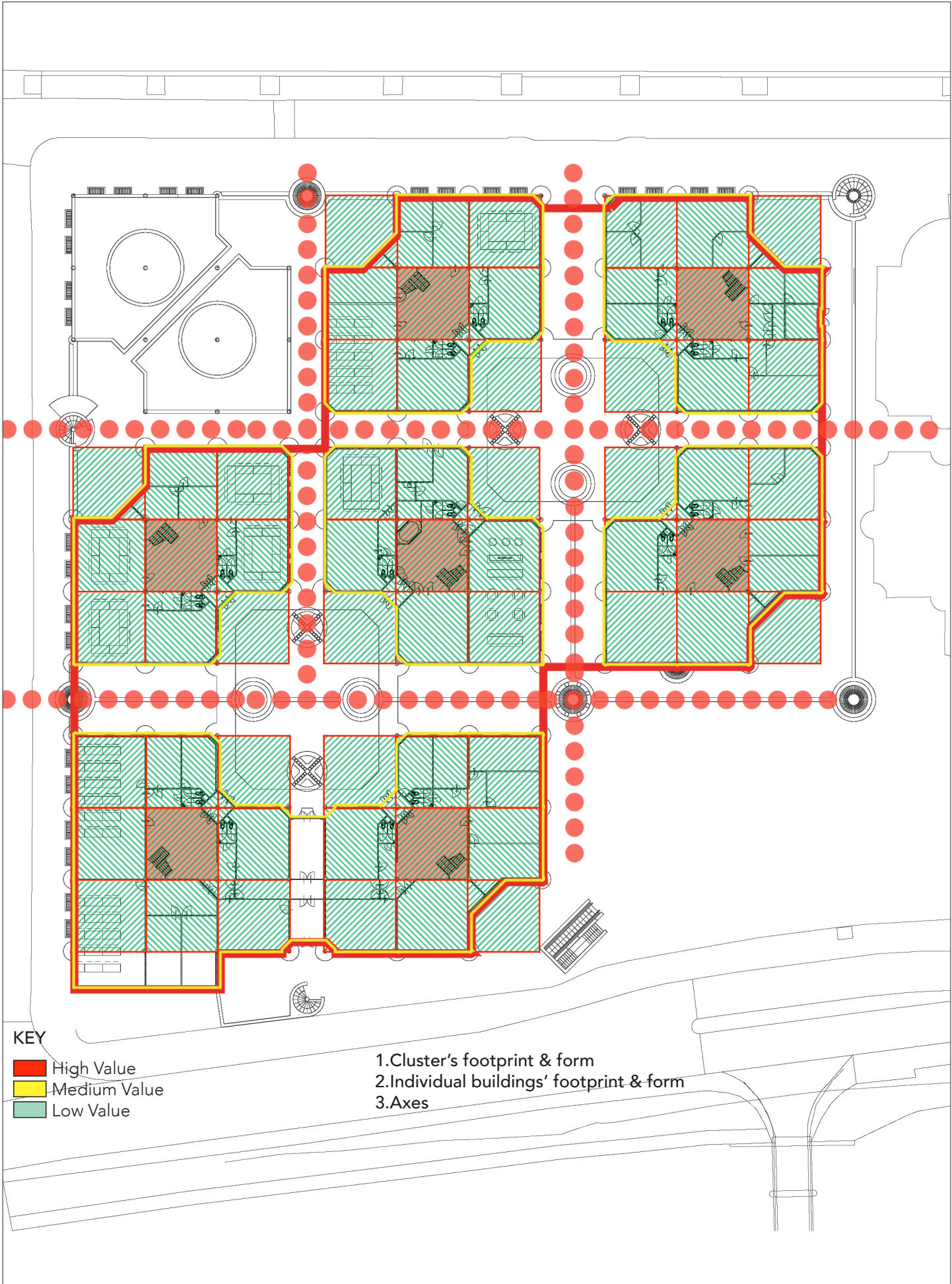
Heavy Base- Light Top



Public Spaces



Value Assessment



WSD Complex - Value Assessment Façades

Reinforced concrete structure

Use value	:	(+) Very durable structural materials / In a good condition (-) Cold bridge issues
Material significance	:	(+) Washed texture (-) Common building material
Composition	:	(+) The form of these columns dominates the overall appearance of the buildings / Correspond with Library Bld.

Brick ornaments

Use value	:	(+) Load bearing
		(-)
Material significance	:	(+) Extrude brick was a common building materials after 1850
		(-)
Composition	:	(+) Expression of the craftsmanship and identity of Joop van Stigt

Steel railings

Use value	:	(+)
		(-) The balconies are seldom used
Material significance	:	(+)
		(-) Rusted material
Composition	:	(+) gives a lighter appearance for the massive block

Timber framed openings

Use value	:	(+) Daylight / No cold bridge issue (-) The balconies are seldom used
Material significance	:	(+) In a good condition / Very durable wood species (-)
Composition	:	(+) Light top frame / minimalist

Timber framework

Use value	:	(+) Very durable structural materials / No cold bridge issue
Material significance	:	(+) In a good condition (-)
Composition	:	(+) Cantilever timber beams represent Van Stigt's design identity

Brick masonry

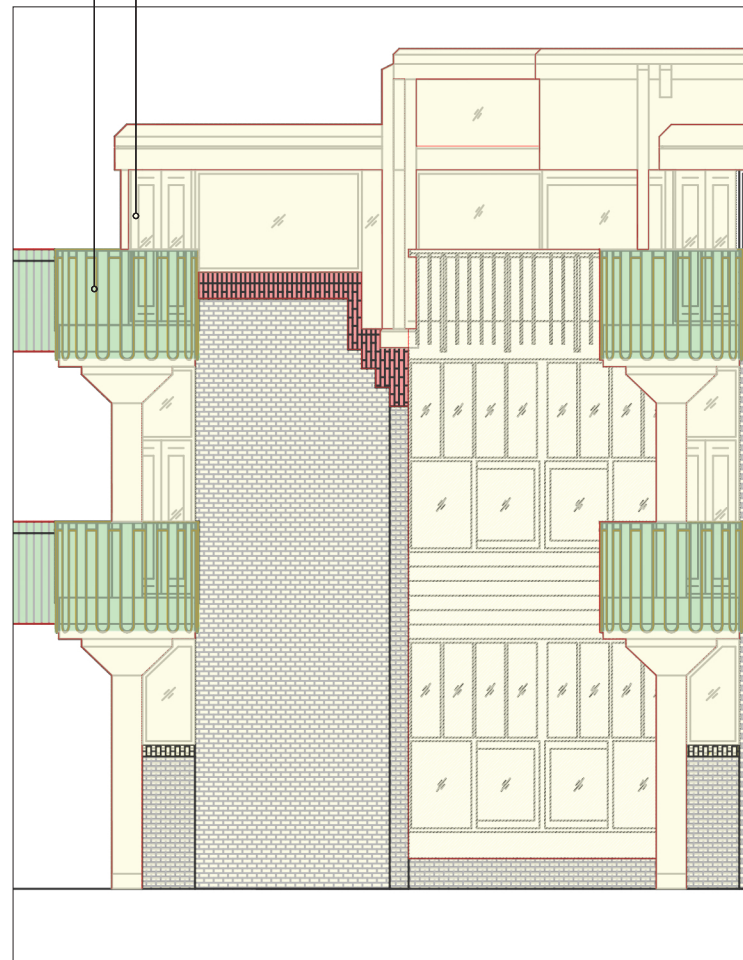
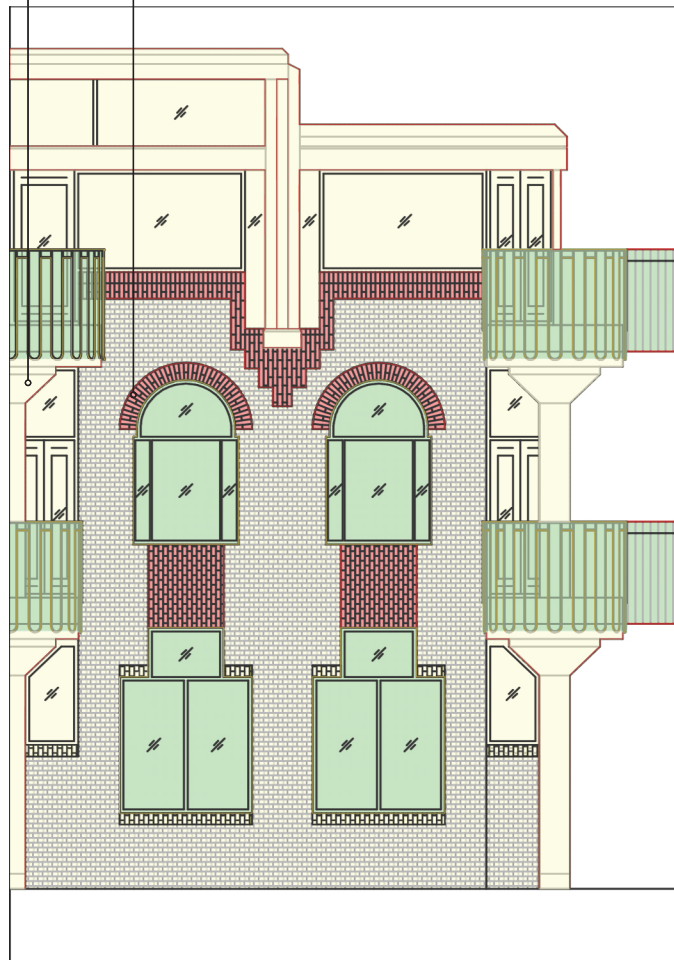
Use value	:	(+) Load bearing
		(-)
Material significance	:	(+) Extrude brick was a common building materials after 1850
		(-)
Composition	:	(+) Colour and texture of brick masonry walls dominates the overall appearance of the buildings

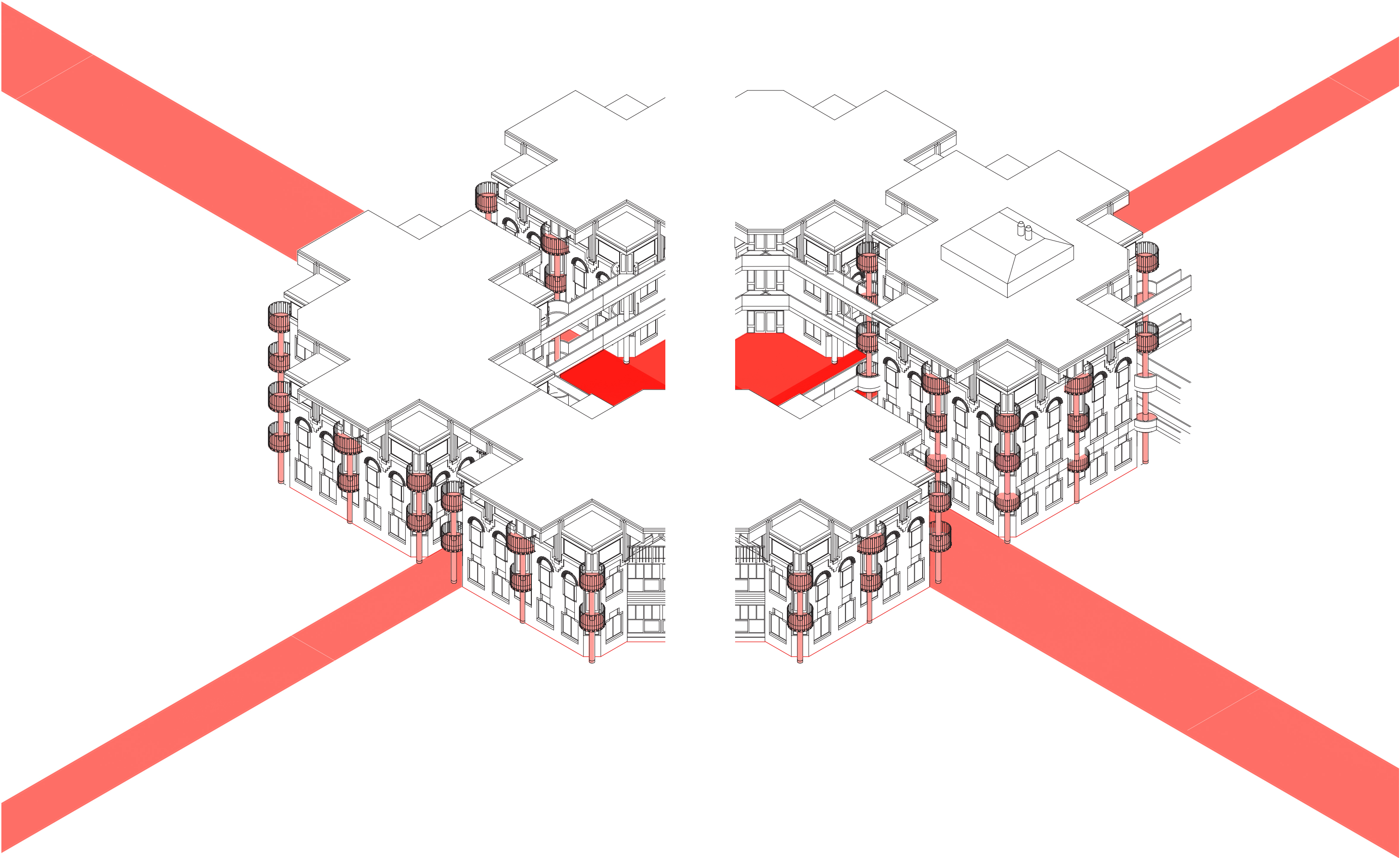
Timber railings

Use value	:	(+) Very durable structural materials / No cold bridge issue
Material significance	:	(-) The link-bridges are seldom used (+) Weathering material
Composition	:	(+) Colour and texture of timber railings dominates the overall appearance of the internal courtyards

Steel framed openings

Use value	:	(+) Daylight
		(-) Cold bridge issues
Material	:	(+) In a good condition
significance		(-) Cold bridge issues
Composition	:	(+) Light frame / minimalist

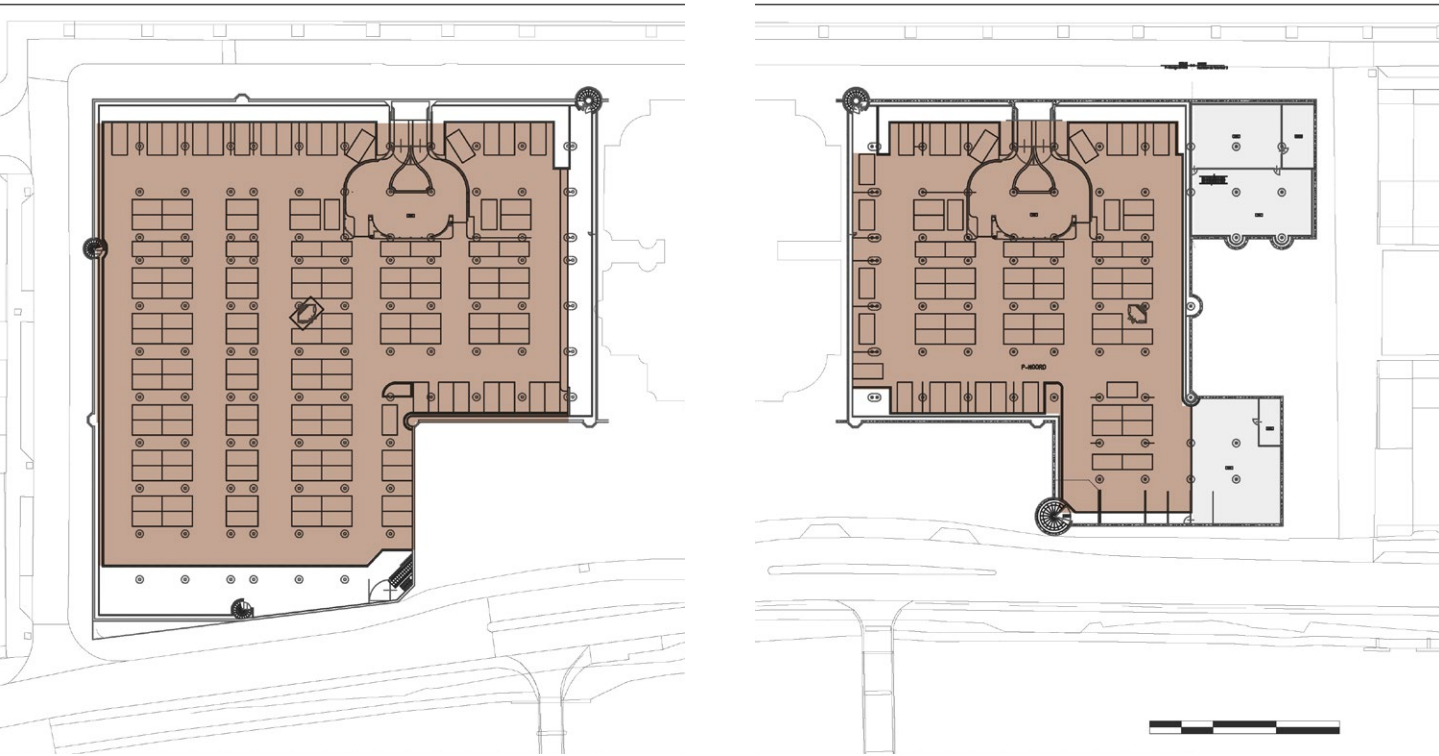




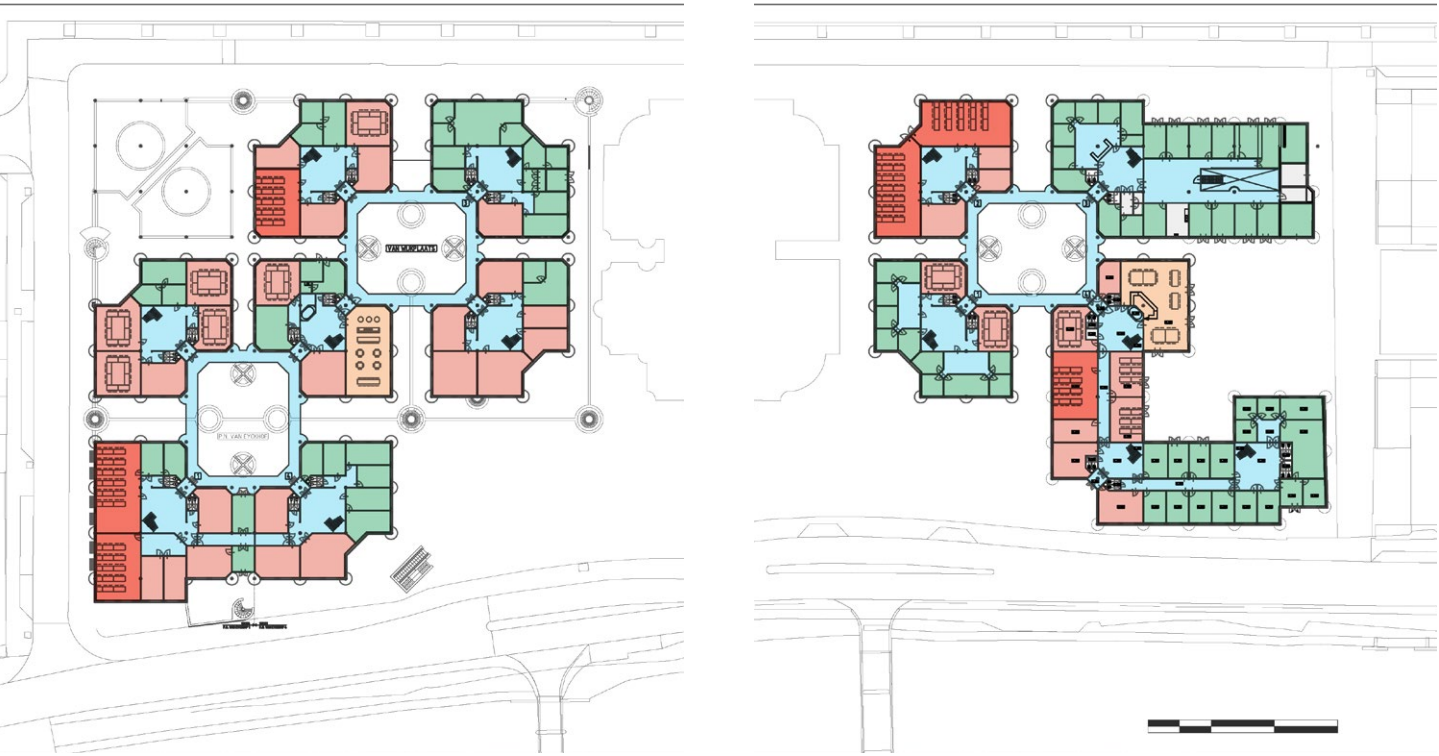
Plan Analysis & Transformation Framework

Existing Plan Analysis - Basement

Basement



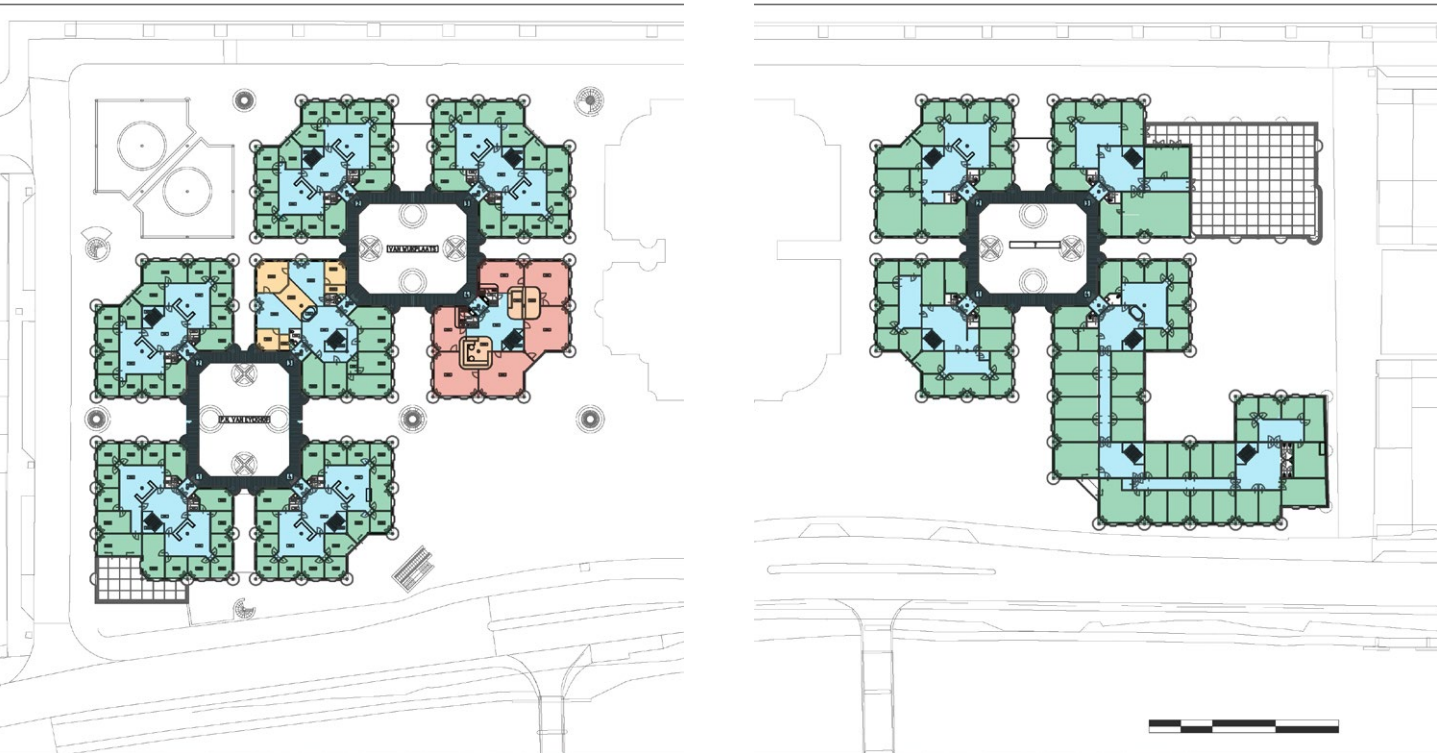
Ground Floor



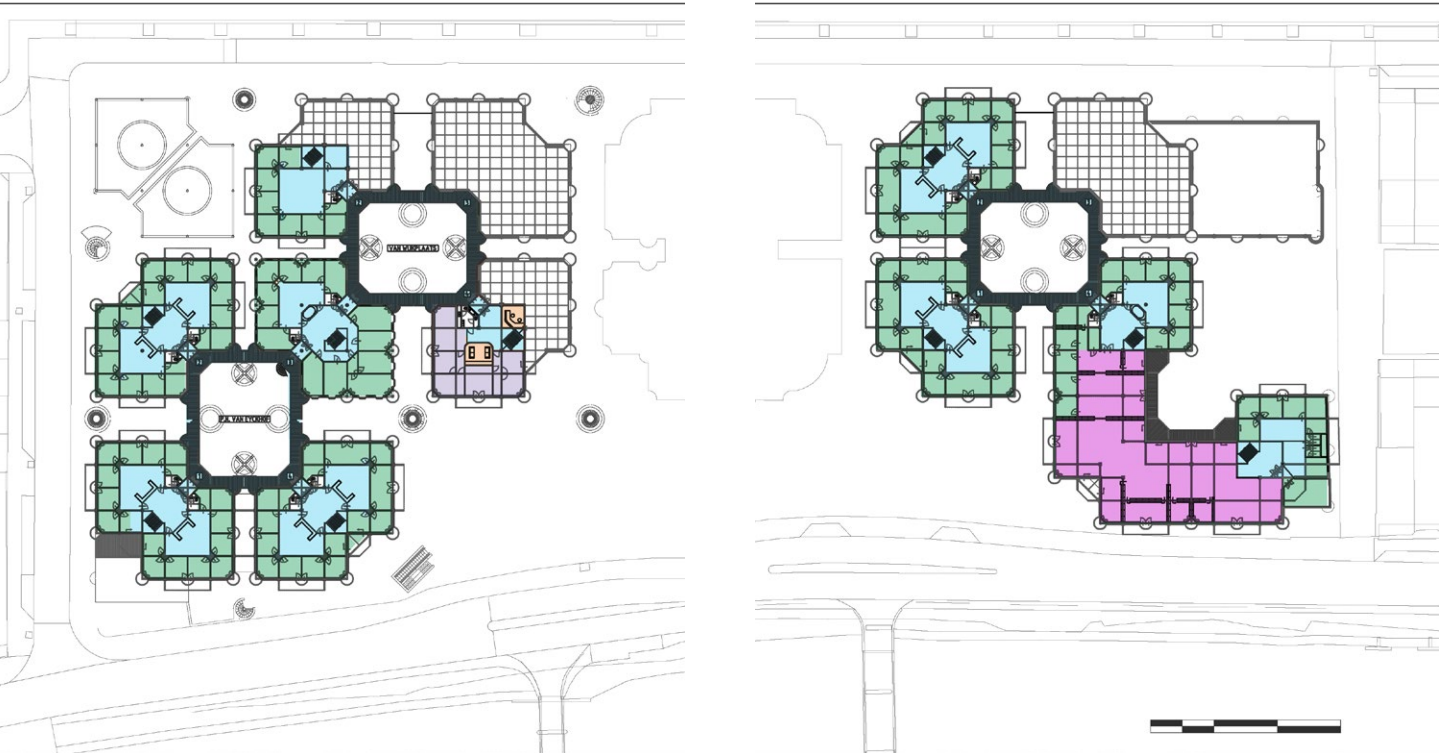
KEY

Circulation Space	Meeting Rooms
Office Spaces	Public Spaces- eg. Cafe
Lecture Theatres	Parking Space
Teaching Spaces	Other
Individual Study Spaces	

First Floor



Second Floor

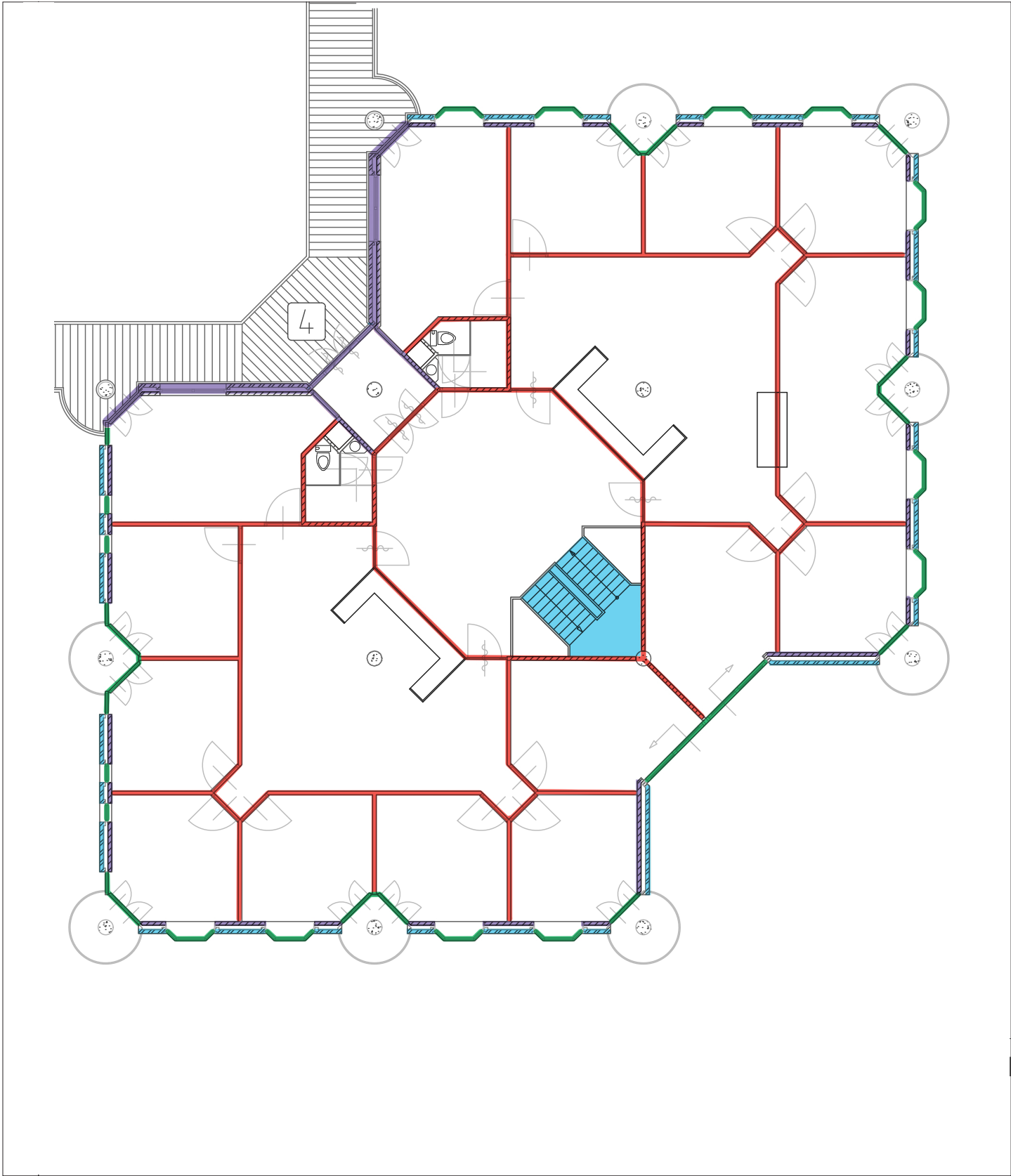


Total Sq. meters (15.500 sq.m.)

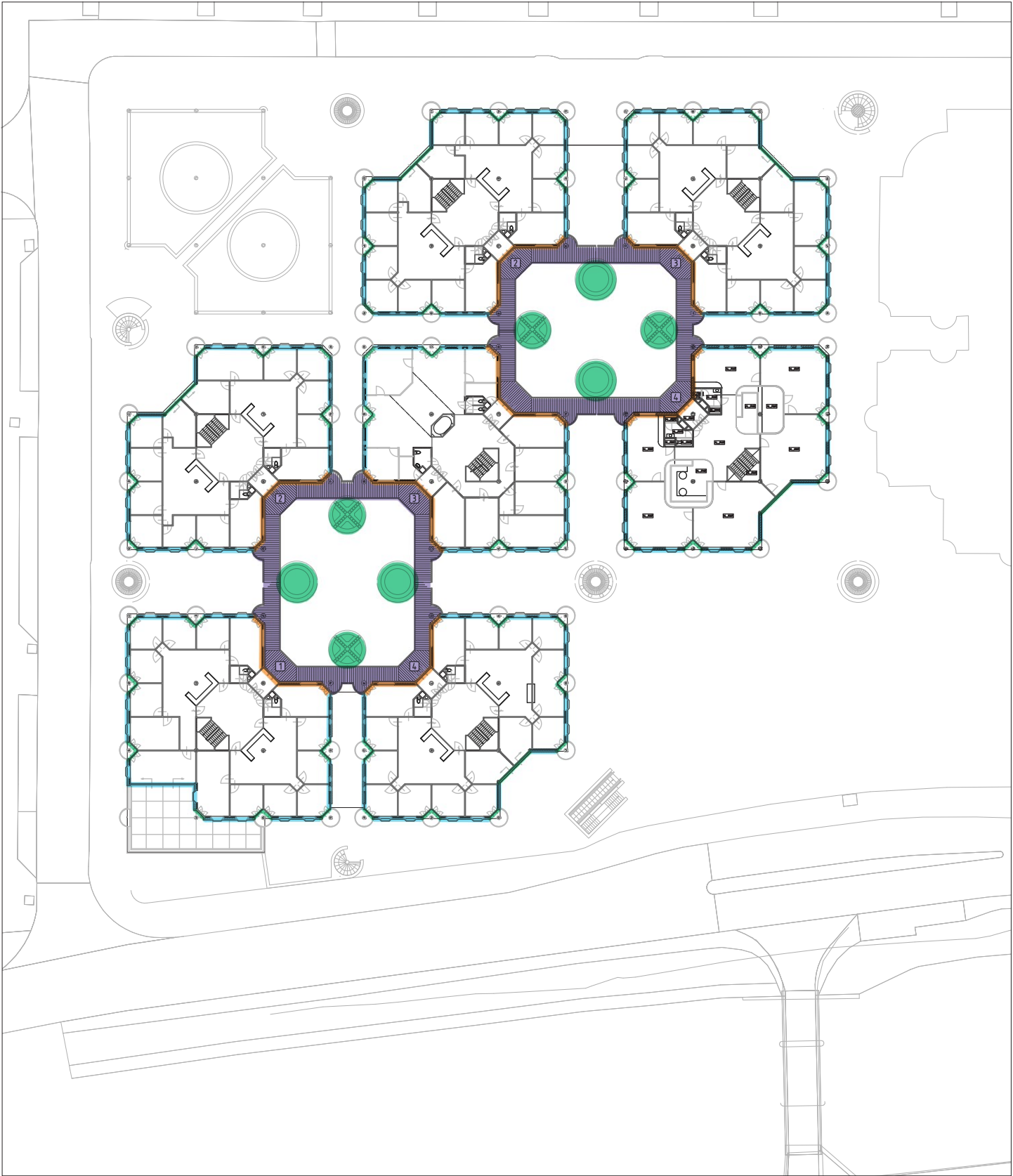
Lecture Theatres & Teaching Spaces: 1100 sq.m.	6.8%
Office Spaces: 9.700 sq.m.	58%
Library: 870 sq.m.	5.6%

Meeting Room: 400 sq.m.	2.5%
Public Spaces: 600 sq.m.	4%
Circulation Space: 3.200 sq.m.	19.6%
Utility Spaces: 450 sq.m.	2.9%
Other: 400 sq.m.	2.6%

Transformation Framework



- KEY
- Preserve
 - Replace Materials
 - Demolish
 - Renovate- Change materials-finishes
 - Possibility for removal and alternation



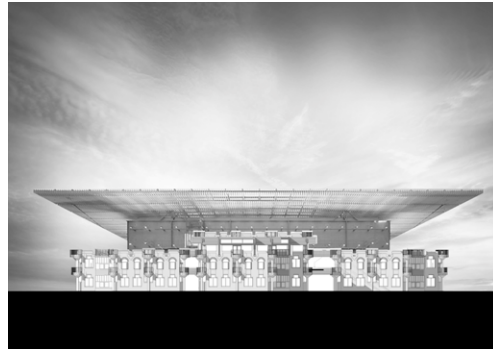
- KEY
- Preserve
 - Replace Materials
 - Demolish
 - Renovate- Change materials-finishes
 - Possibility for removal and alternation

Form Study & Precedent Experimentation

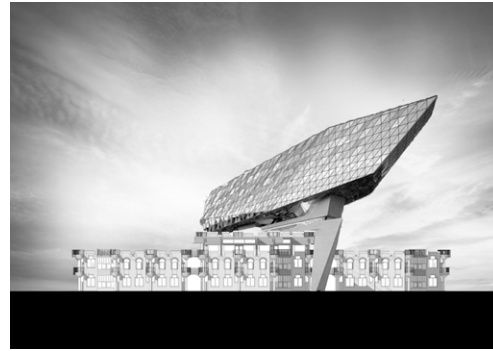
Precedent Study - Form Finding



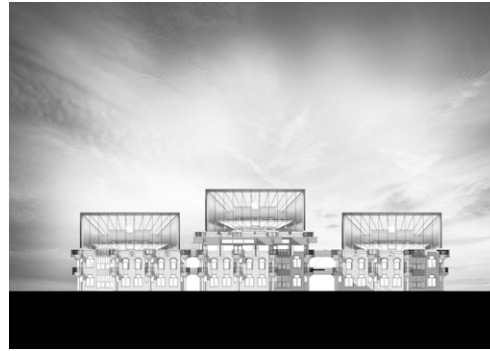
Administration Building in N. Shanghai



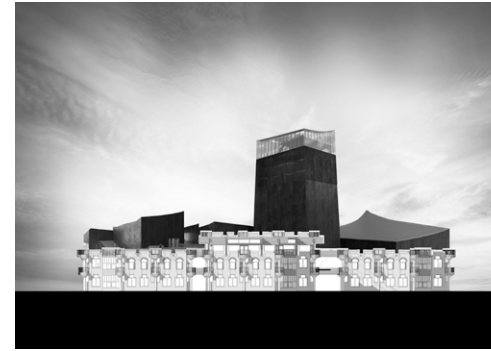
Angelli Art Museum



Antwerp Port House



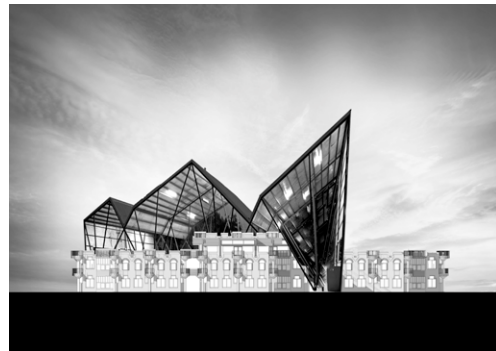
Apple Store Asia, Foster



Bilbao Helsinki Winning Proposal



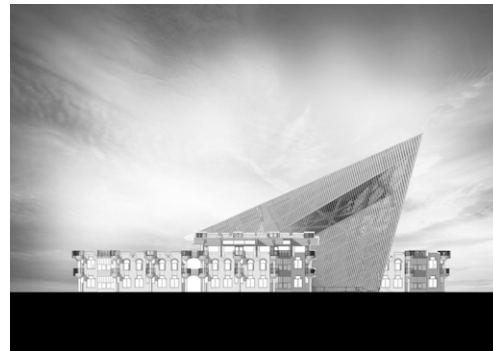
Canadian War Museum



Chonnabot Community School Canteen



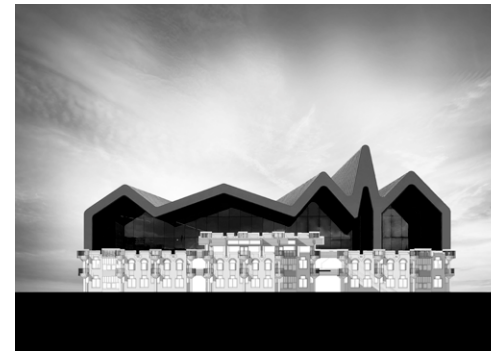
Cite du Vin



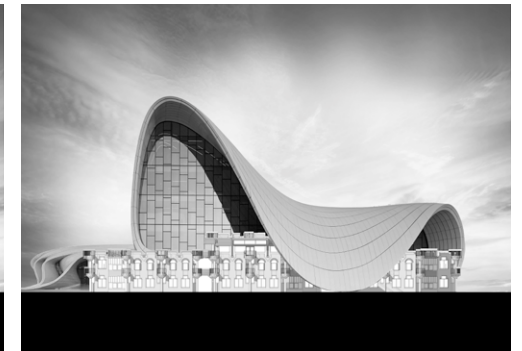
Dresden Military Museum



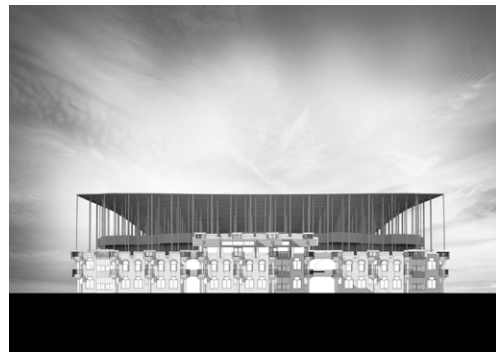
El Philharmonie



Glasgow Riverside Museum of Transport



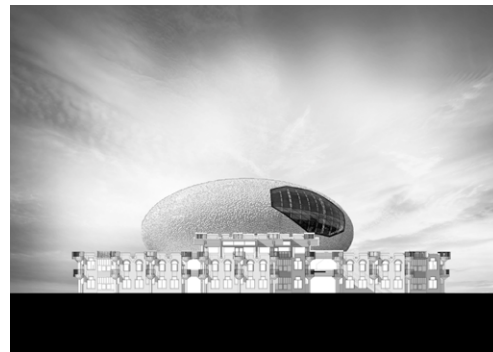
Heydar Aliyev Centre



Matmut Stadium Bordeaux



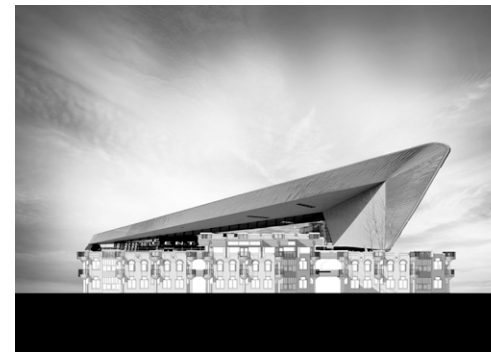
Maxxi Museum



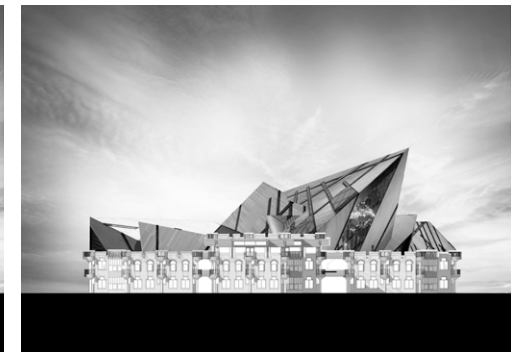
Museum de Fundatie, Bierman Henket



Open University Amsterdam



Rotterdam Central Station



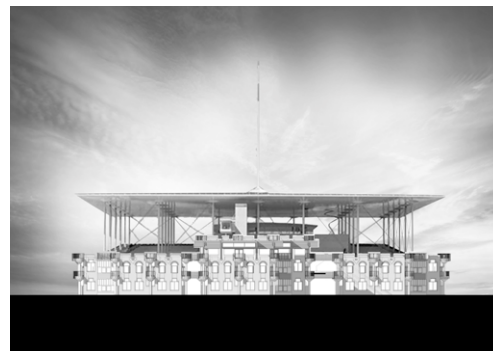
Royal Ontario Museum



Seona Reid, Steven Holl



The Shard



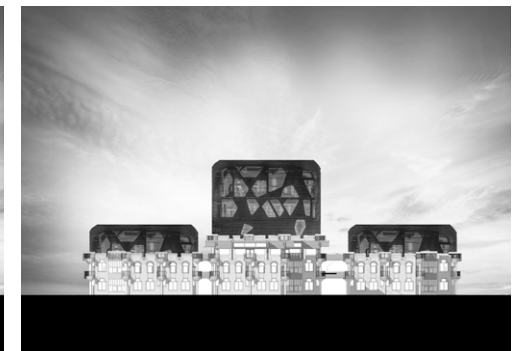
Stavros Niarchos Foundation Cultural Centre



Stedelijk Museum



Tate Modern

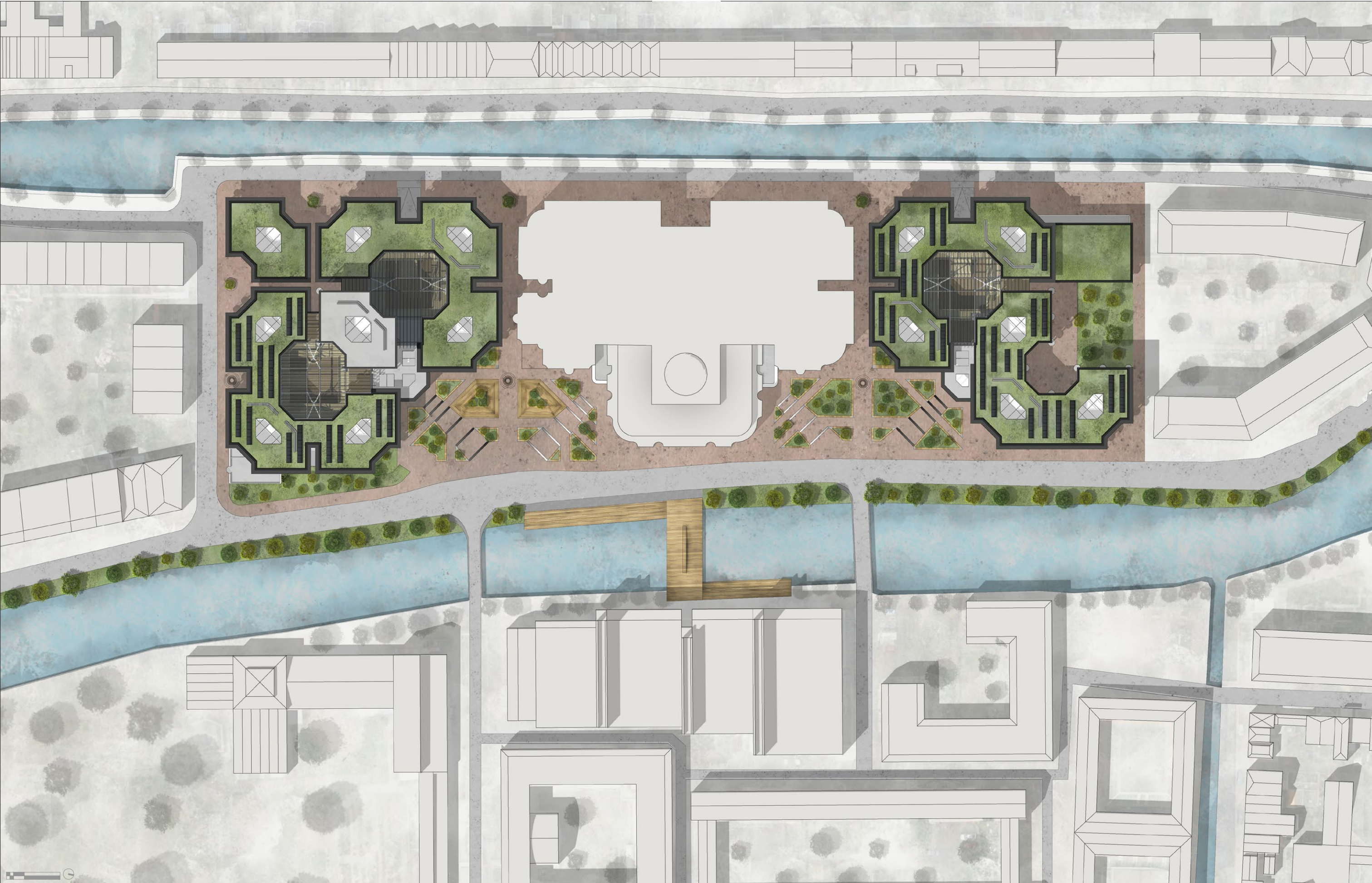


Villanueva Congress Centre

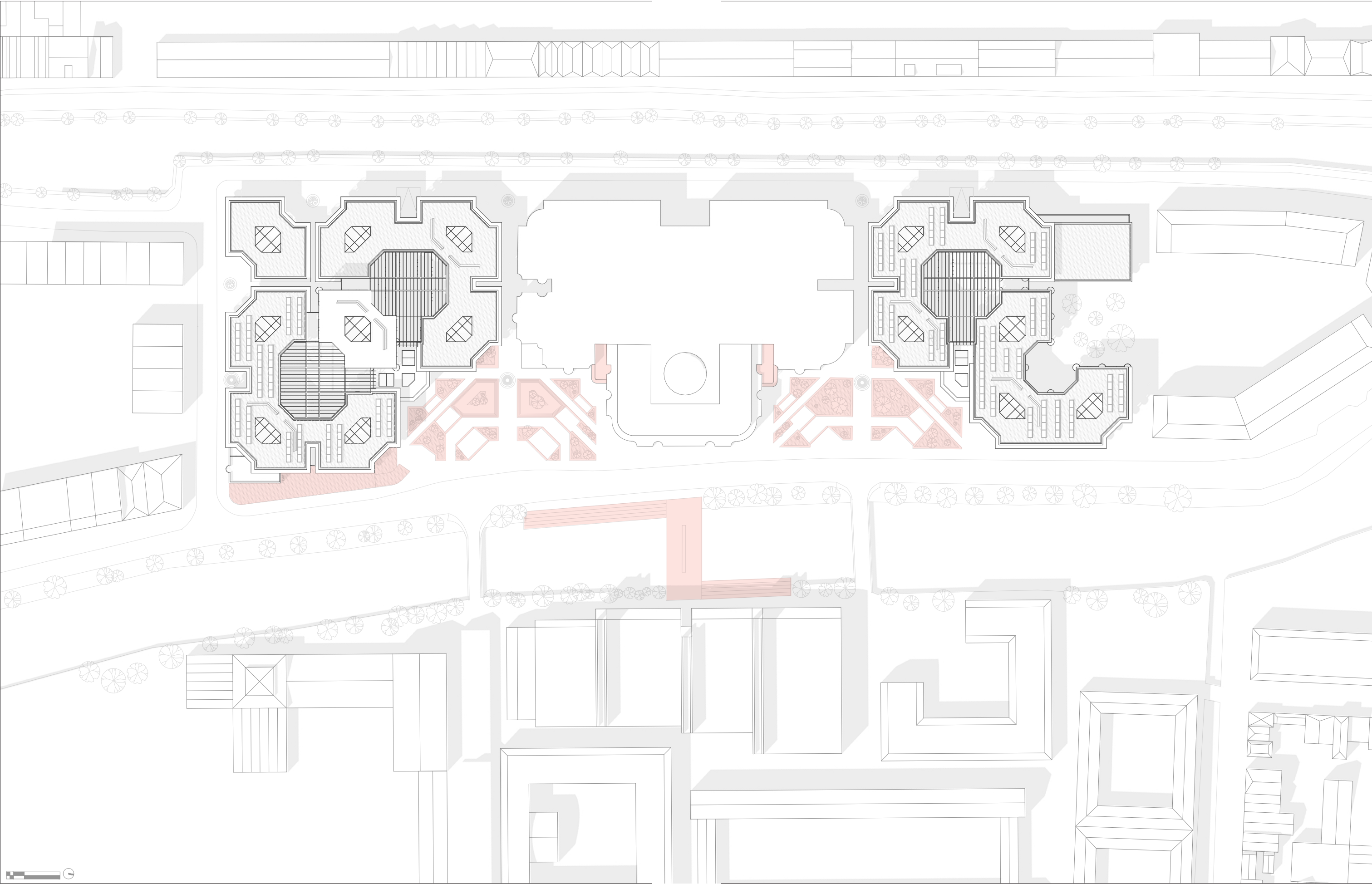
Intervention

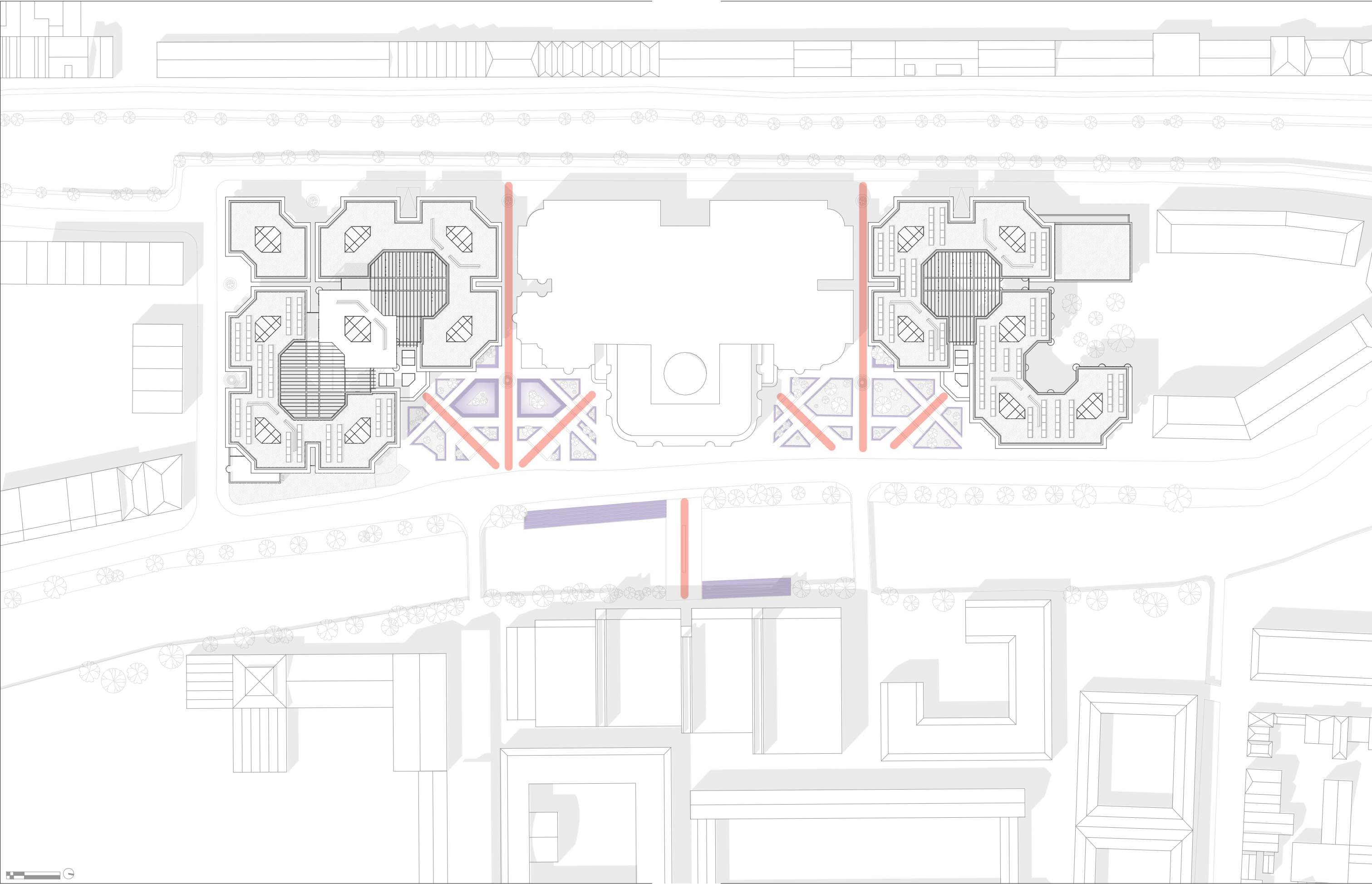
Axonometric View





Masterplan

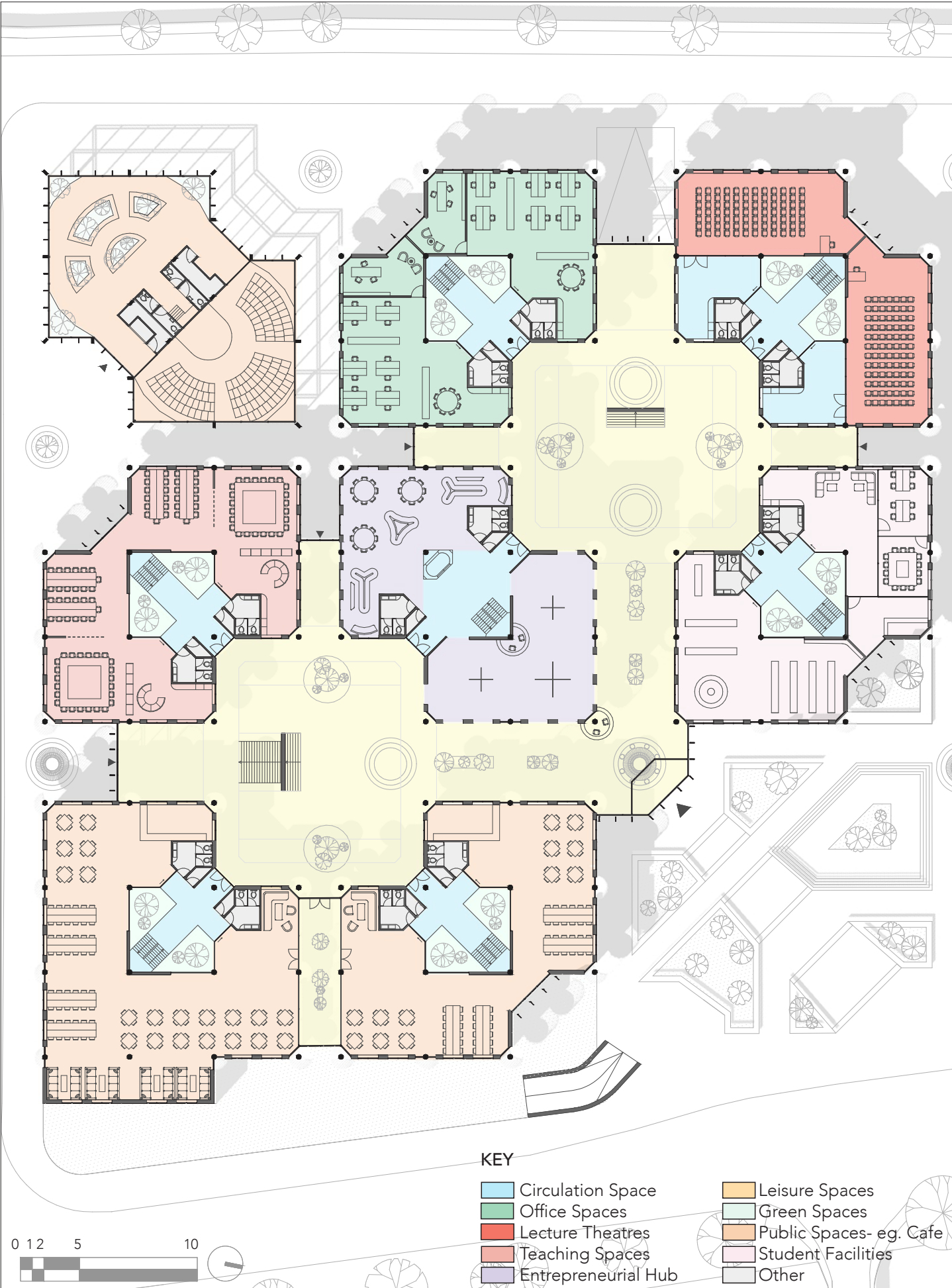




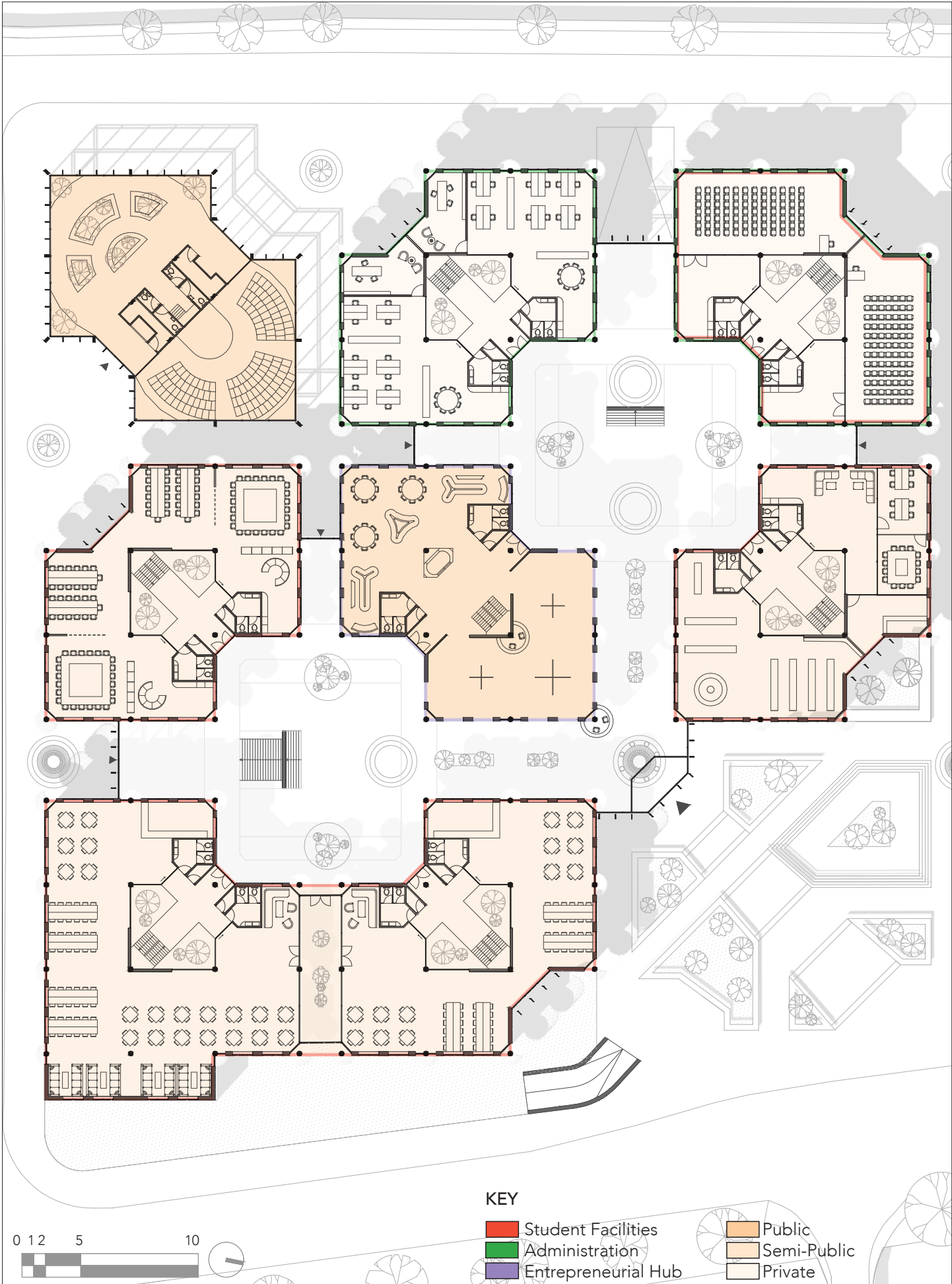
Ground Floor Plan



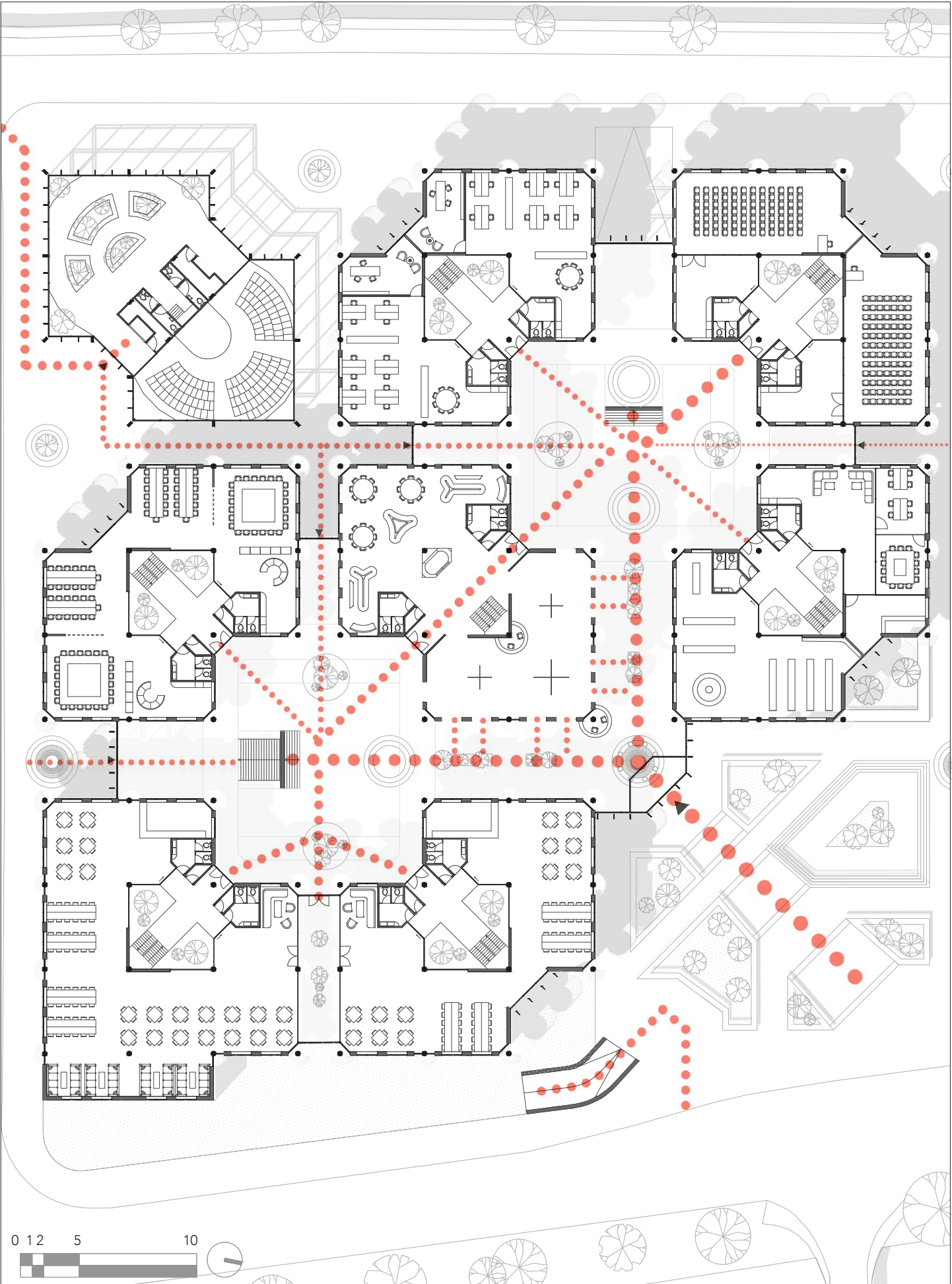
Ground Floor Plan - Analysis



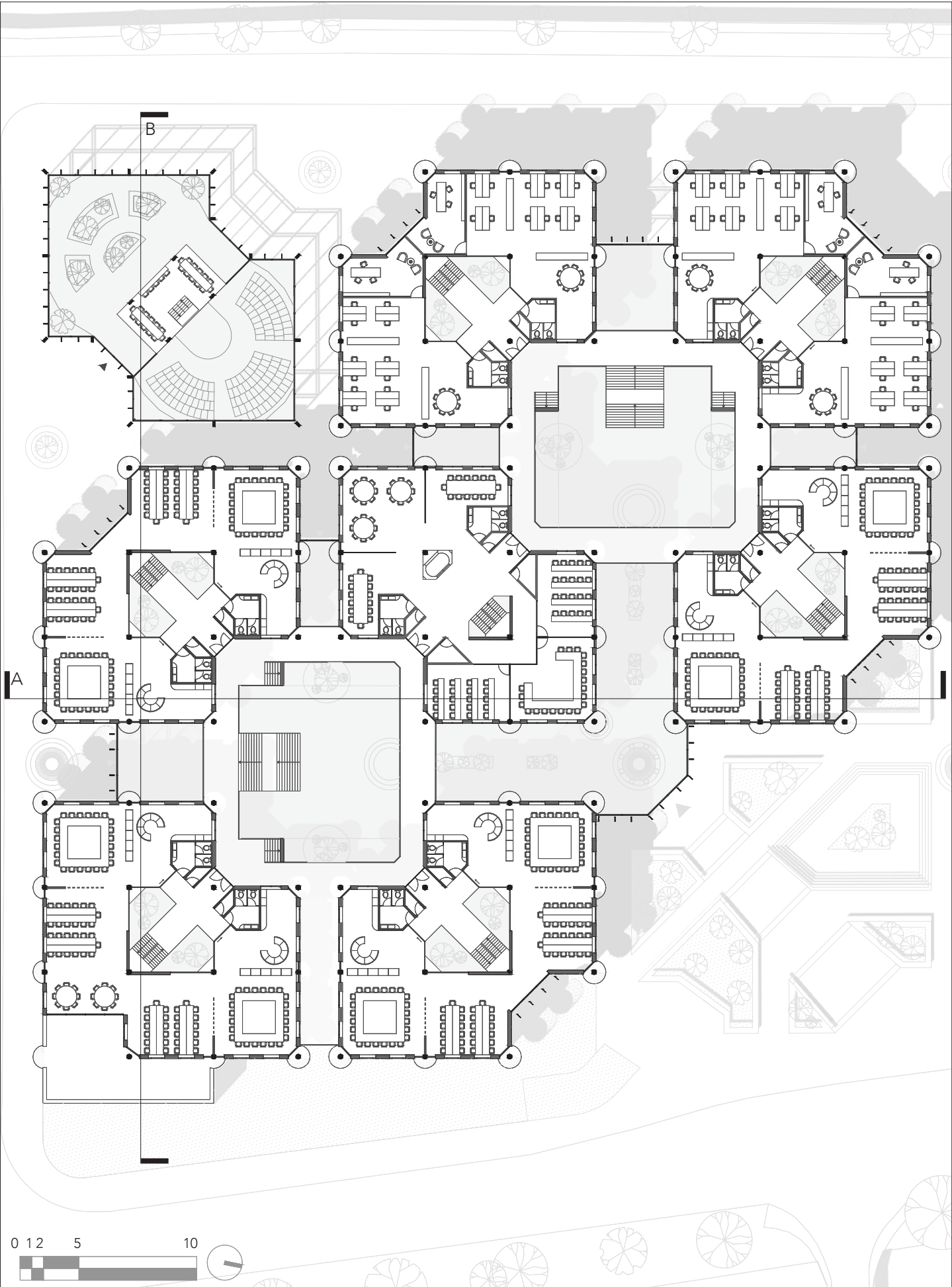
Ground Floor Plan - Zoning



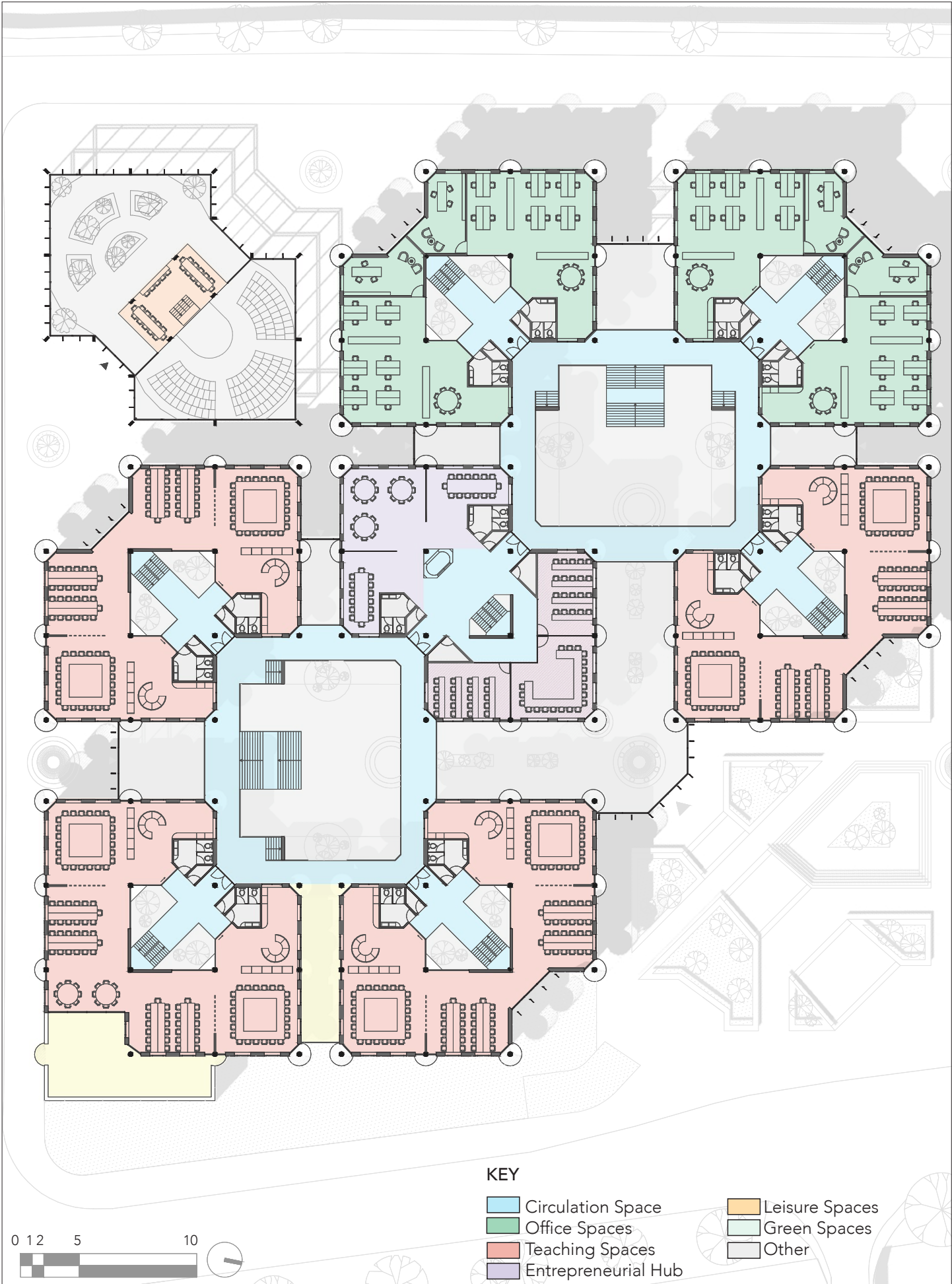
Ground Floor Plan - Circulation Diagram



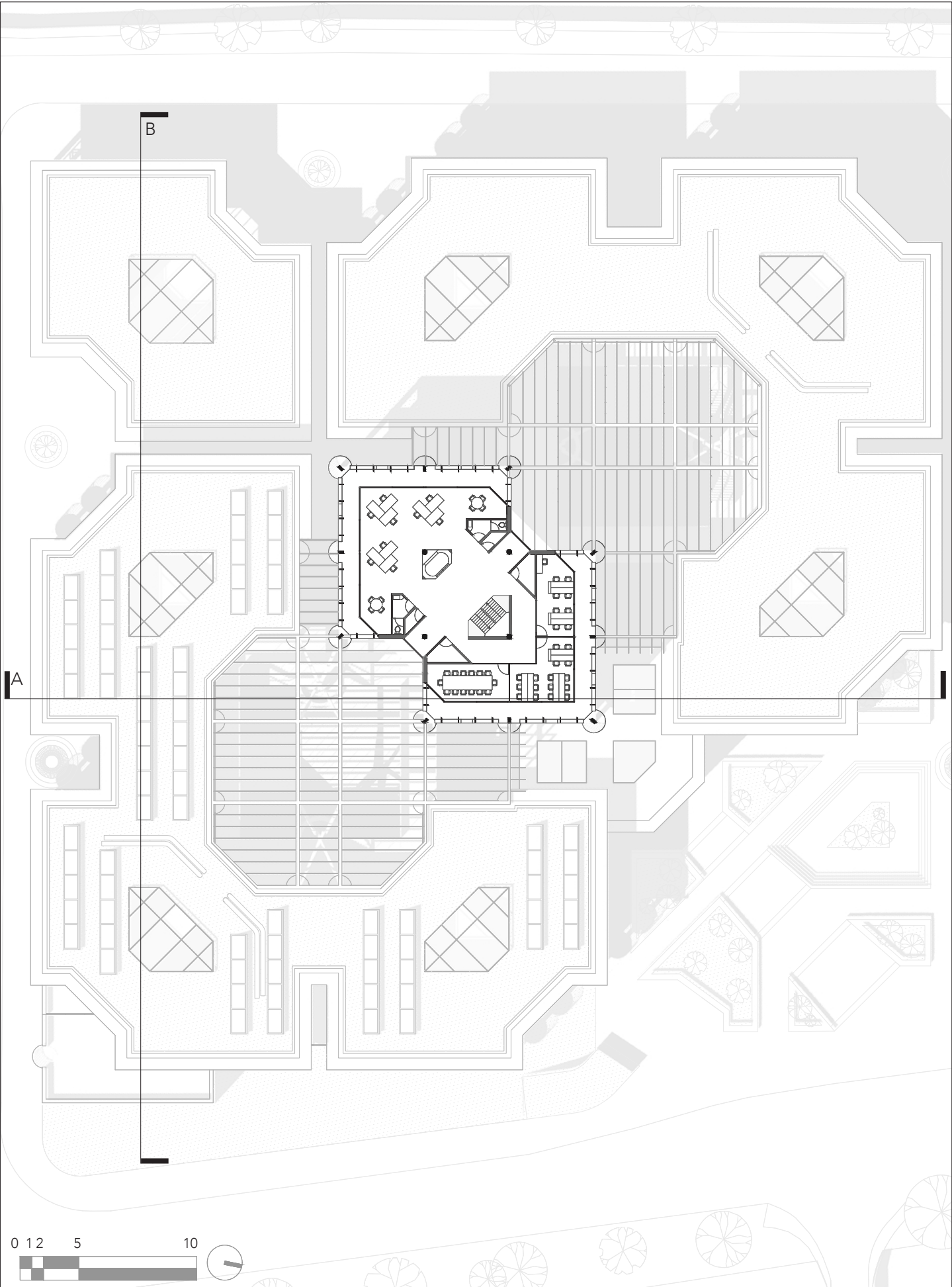
First Floor Plan



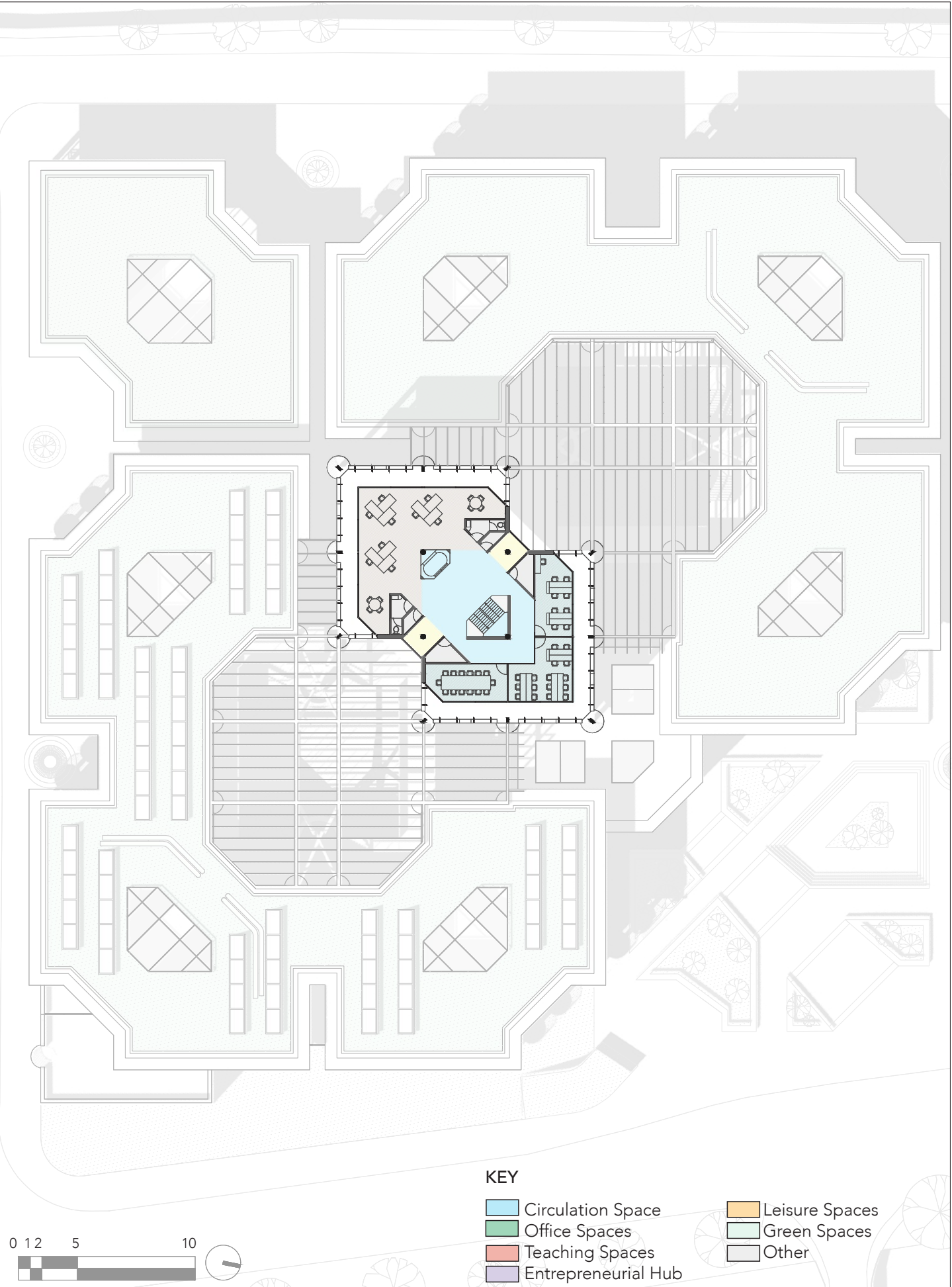
First Floor Plan - Analysis



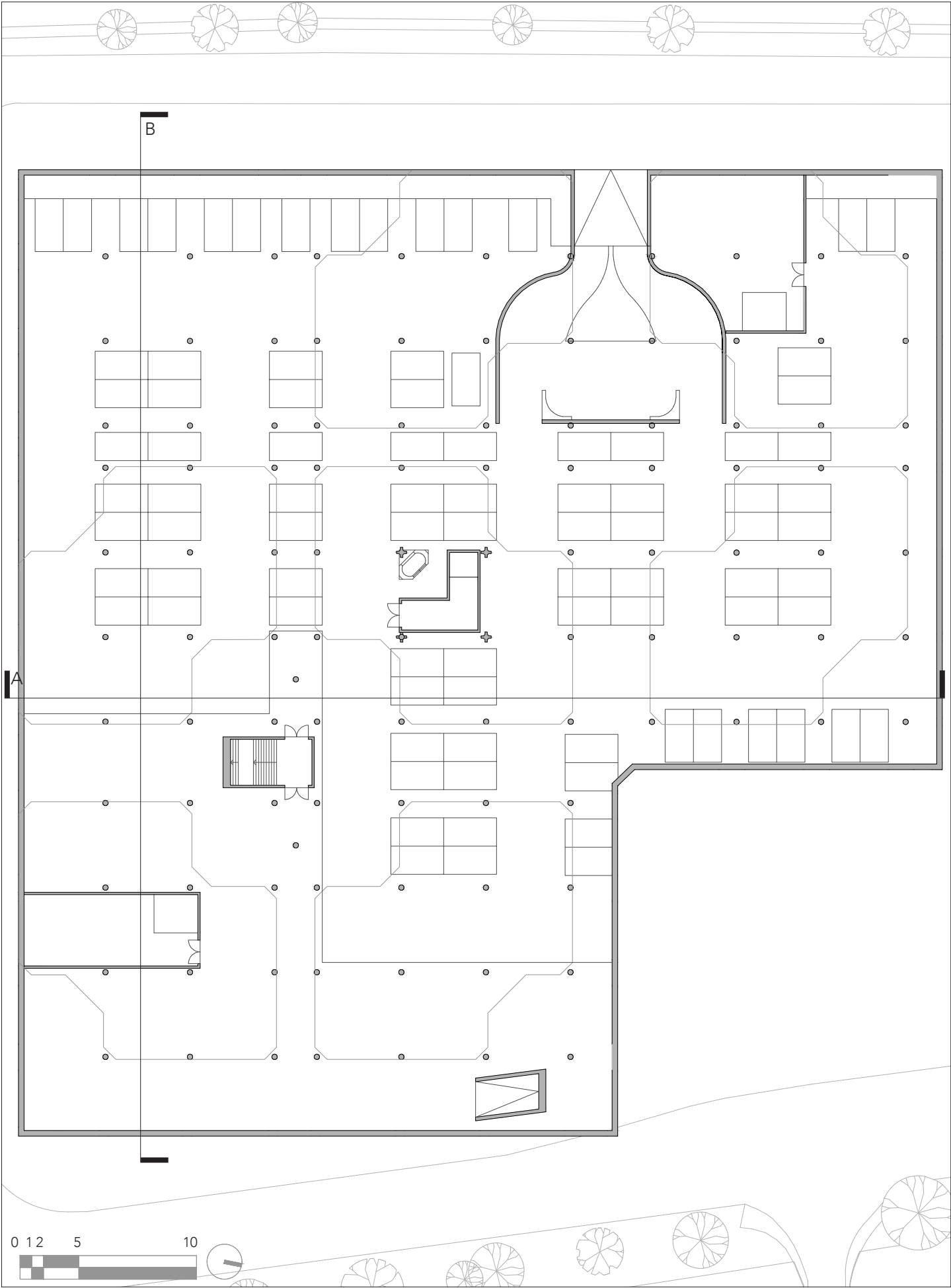
Fourth Floor Plan



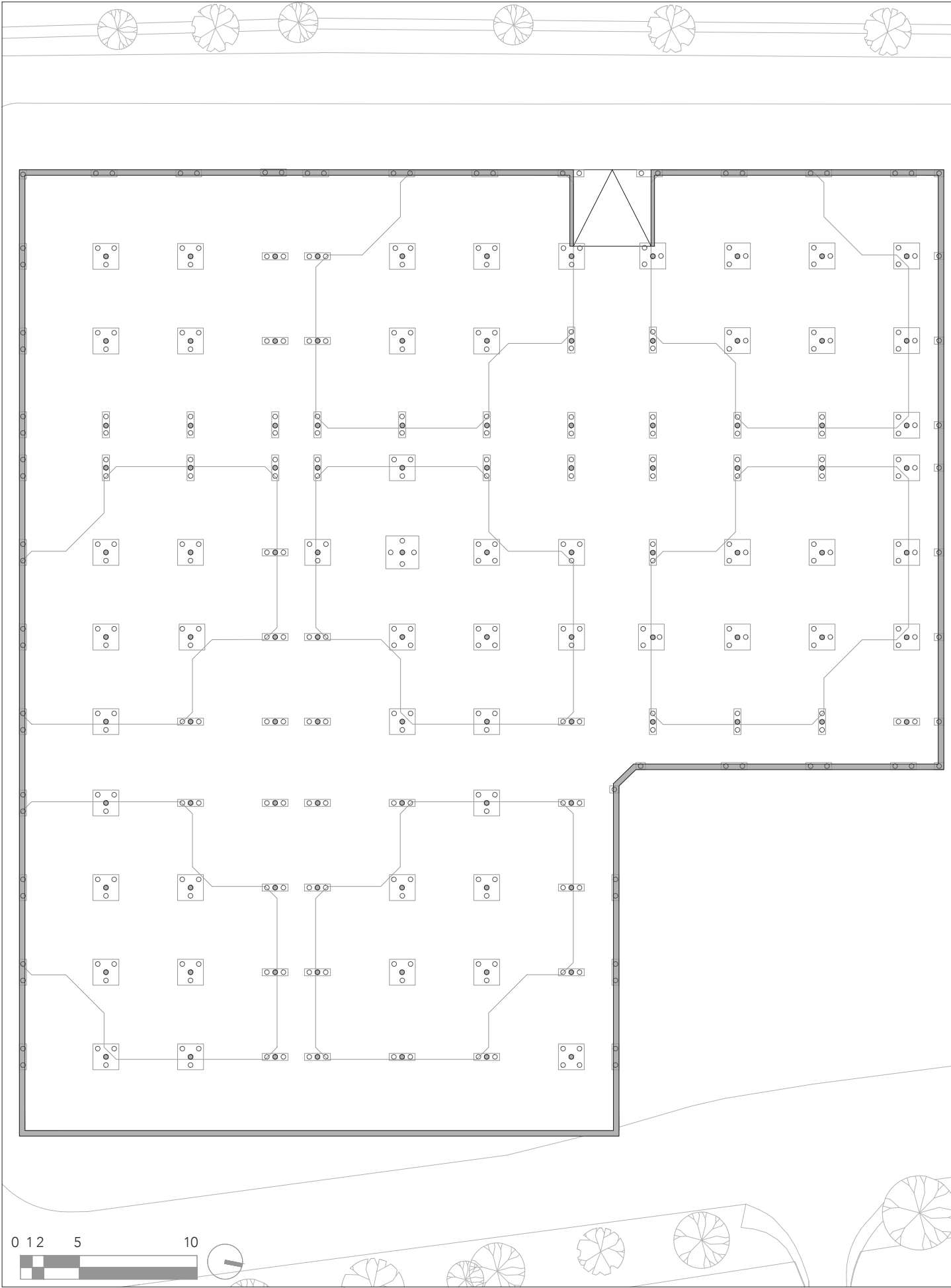
Fourth Floor Plan - Analysis



Basement Plan



Foundation Plan



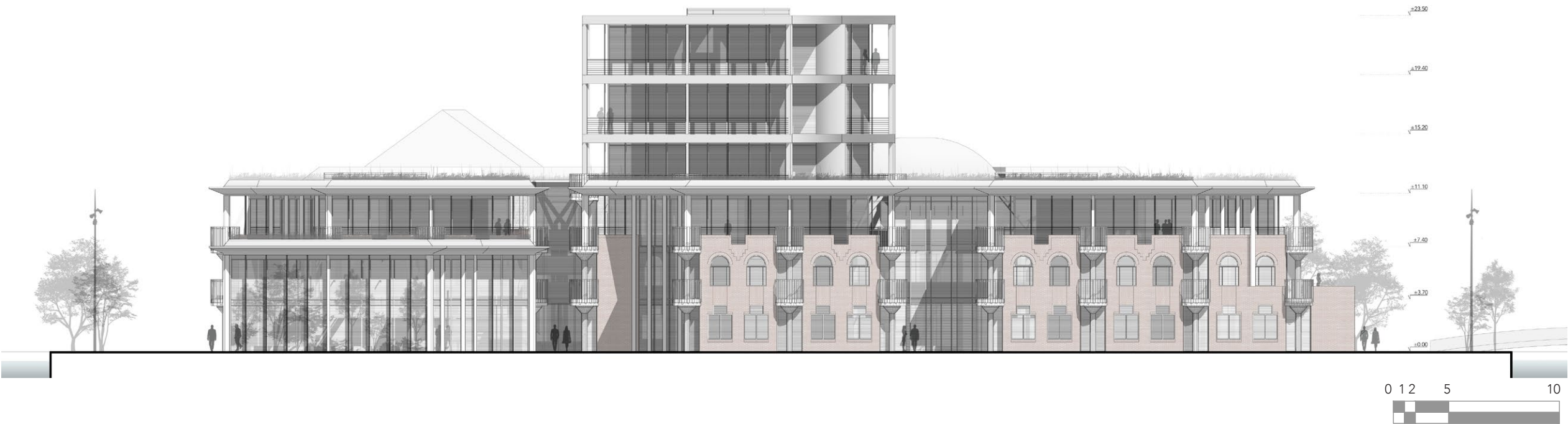
East Elevation



Section A



South Elevation



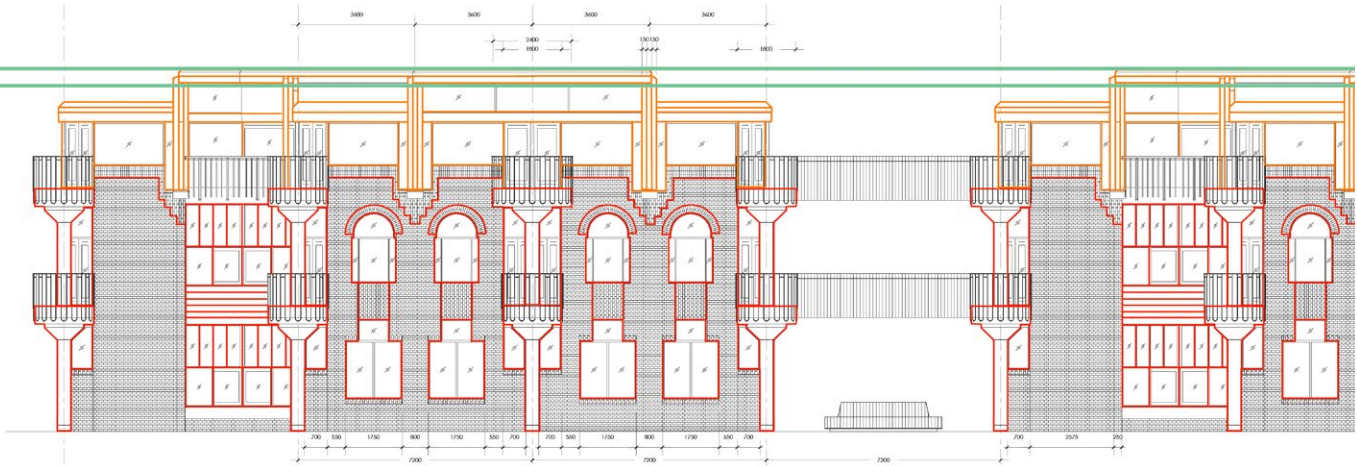
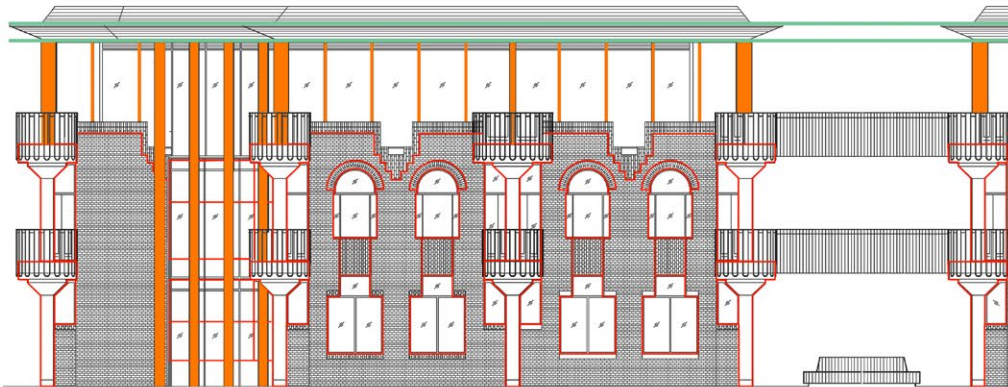
Section B



Sectional Perspective



Volume Relation Between Existing & Proposal- Process



Volume Relation Between Existing & Proposal- Process



Existing View



Exterior Perspective



Existing View



Exterior Perspective



Existing View



Exterior Perspective



Existing View



Exterior Perspective



Existing View



Exterior Perspective



Existing View



Exterior Perspective



Existing View

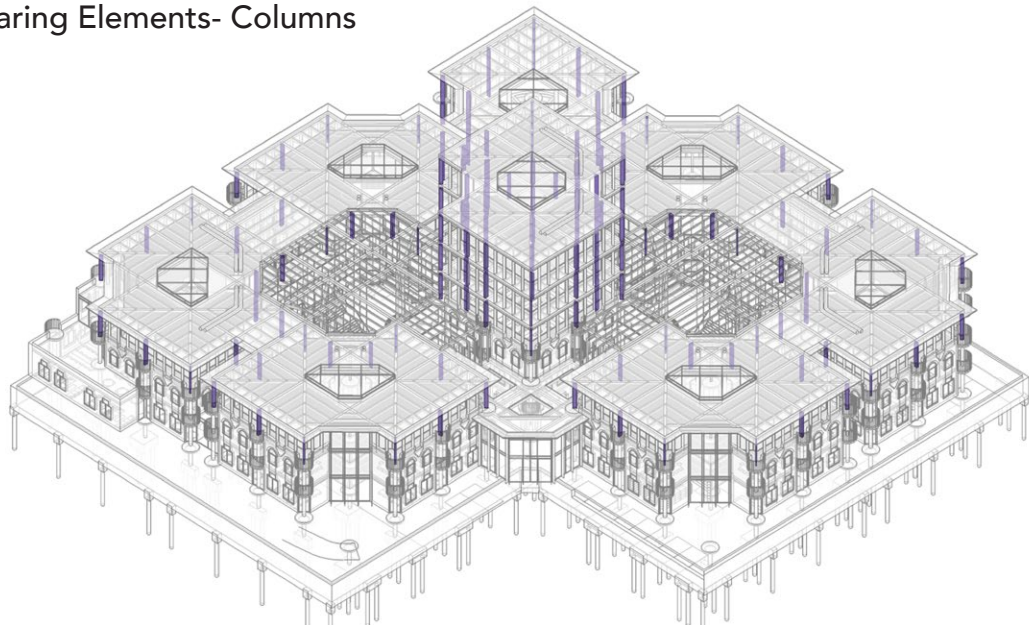


Perspective View

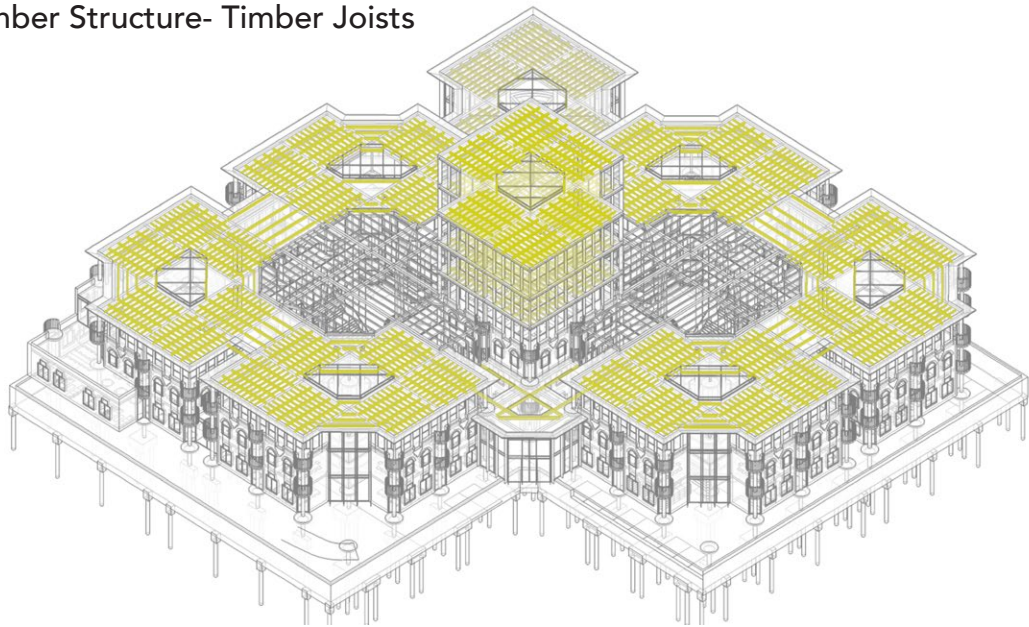


Structural Axonometric

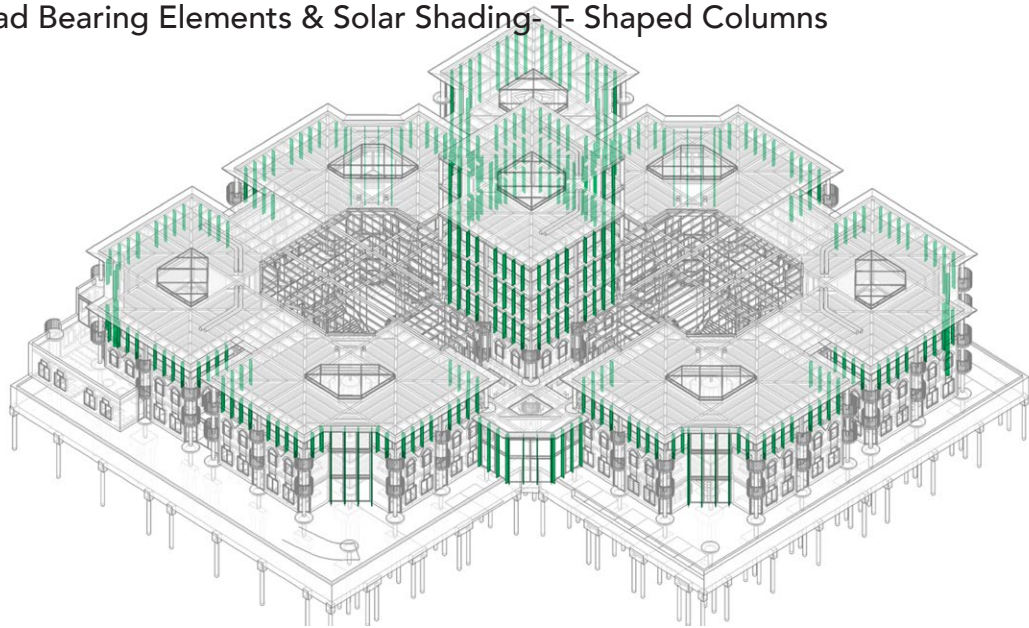
Main Load Bearing Elements- Columns



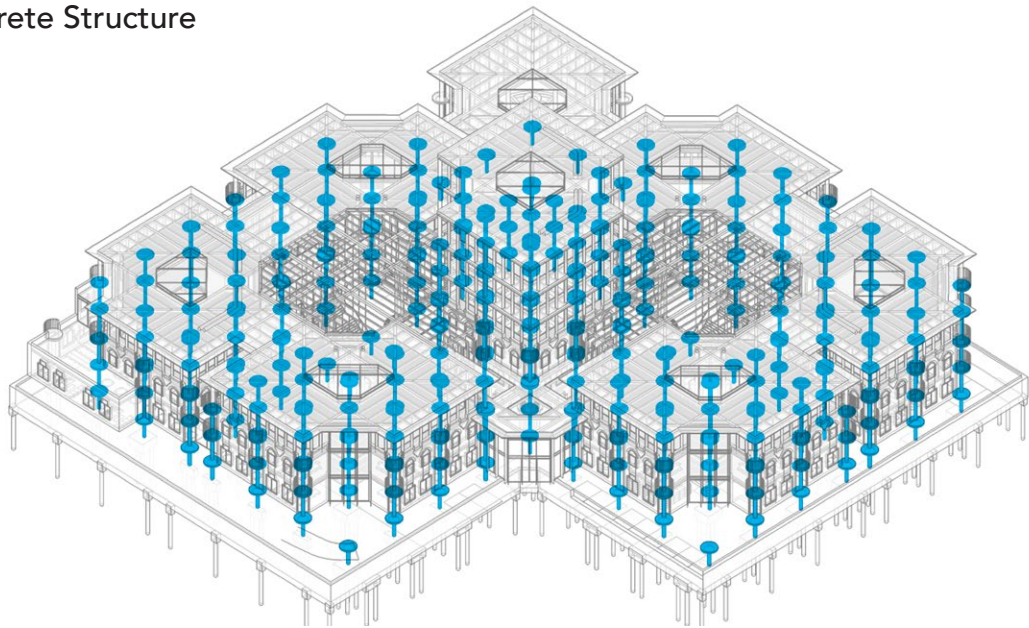
Secondary Timber Structure- Timber Joists



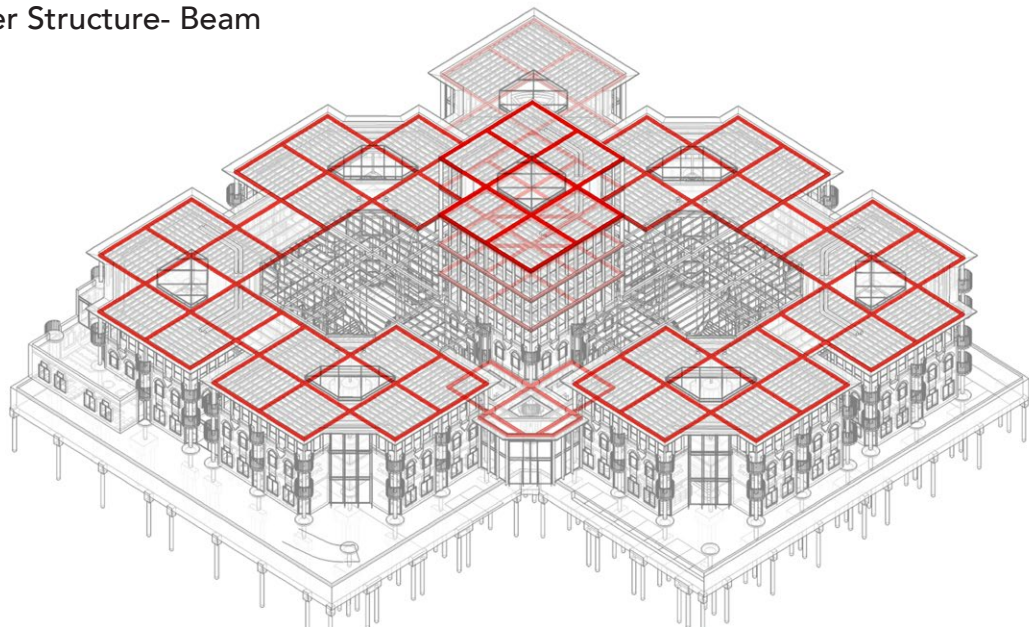
Secondary Load Bearing Elements & Solar Shading- T- Shaped Columns



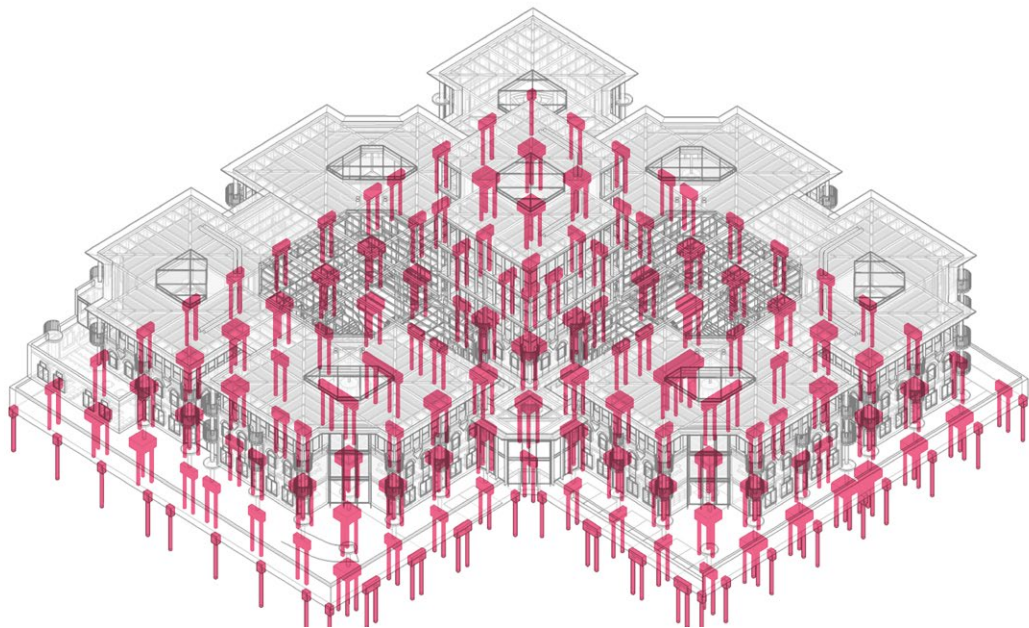
Existing Concrete Structure



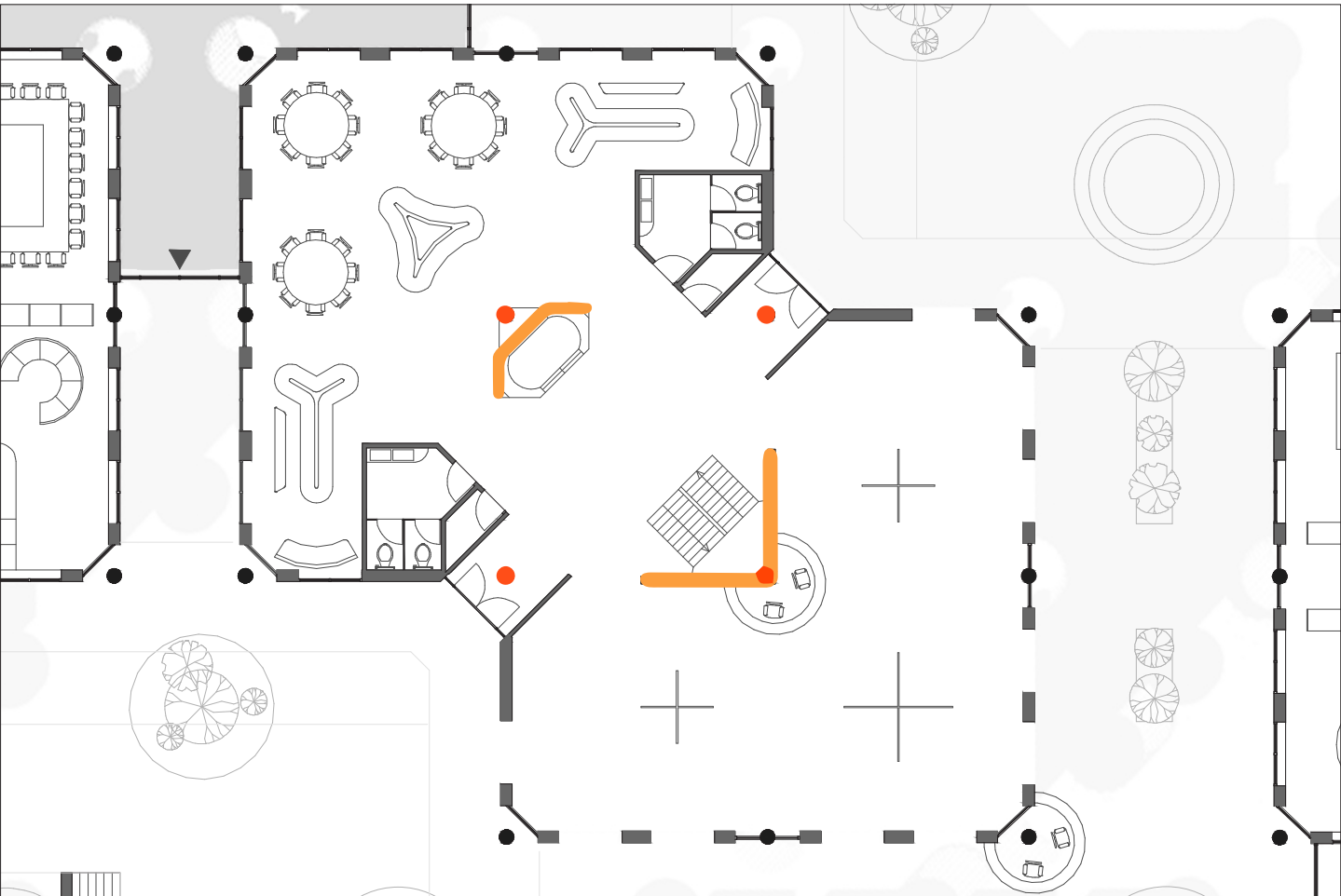
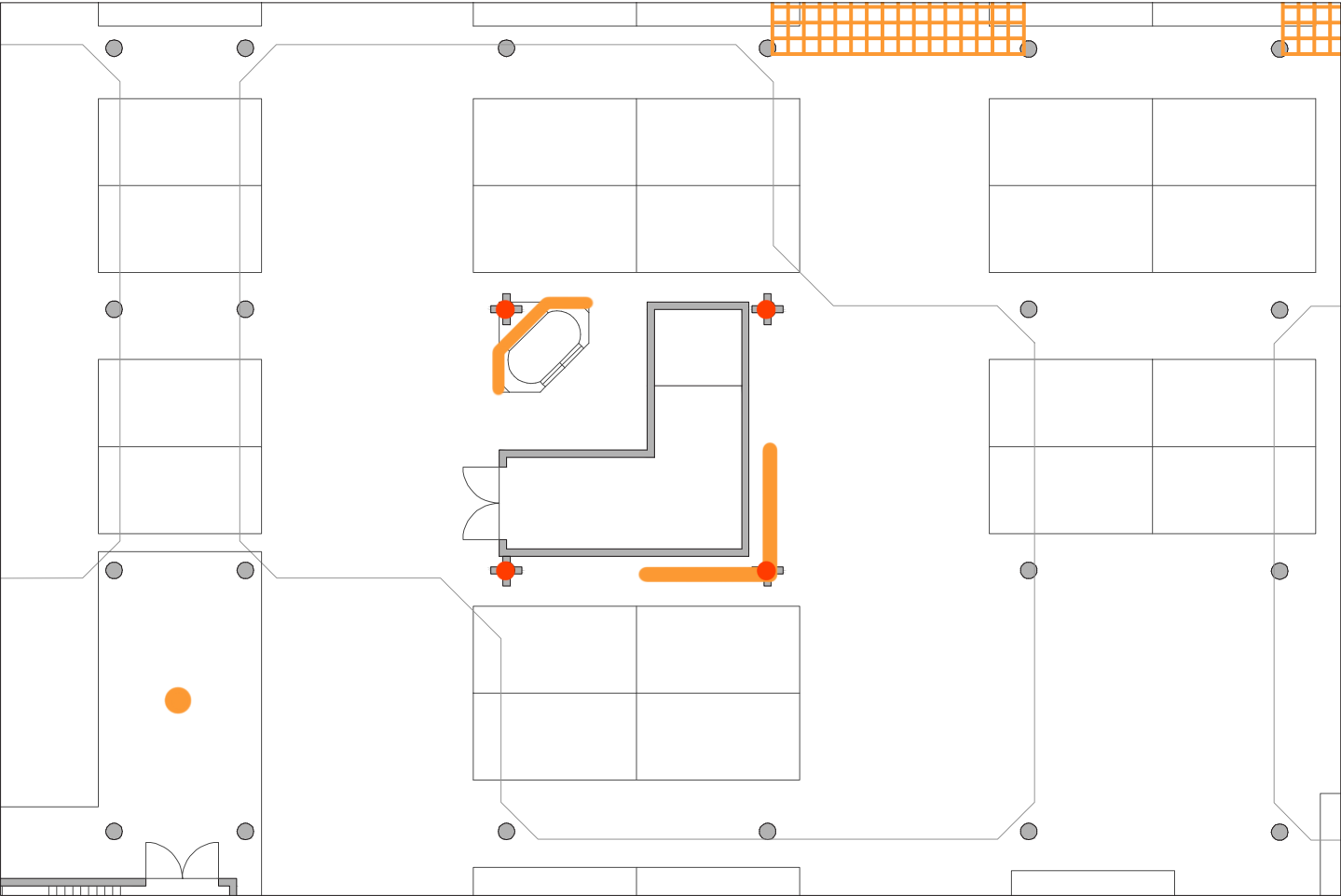
Primary Timber Structure- Beam



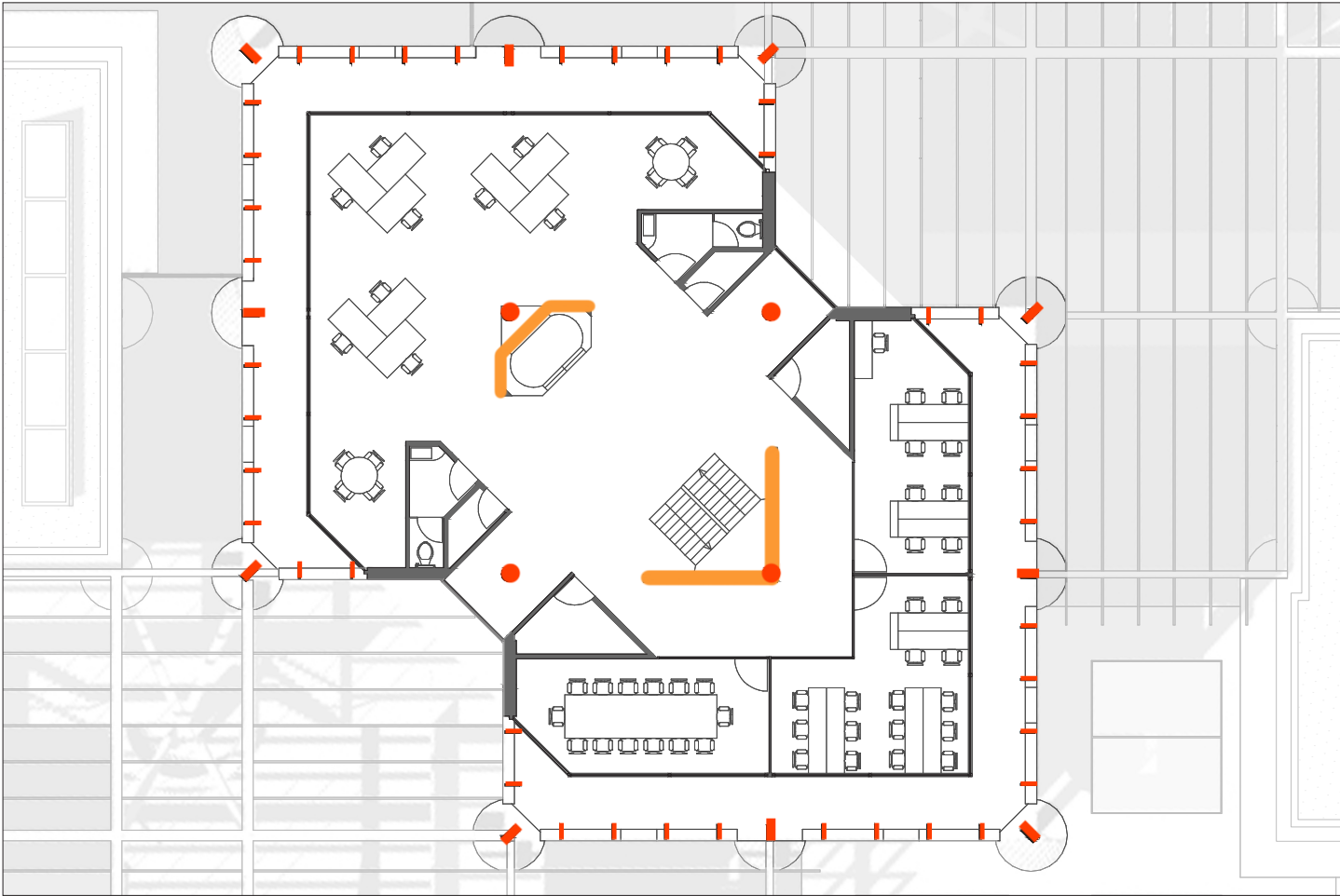
Foundations



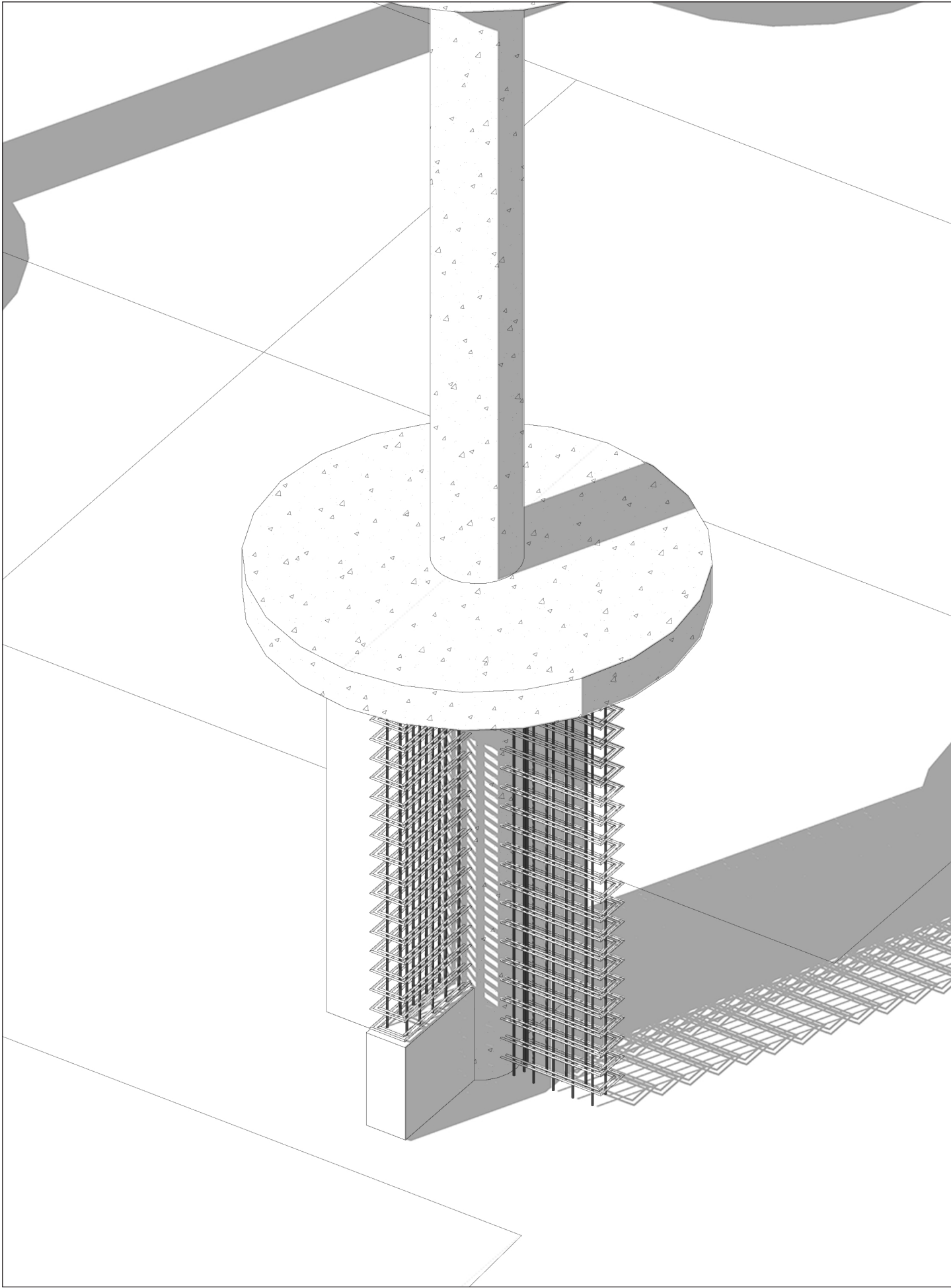
Existing Structure - Reinforcement



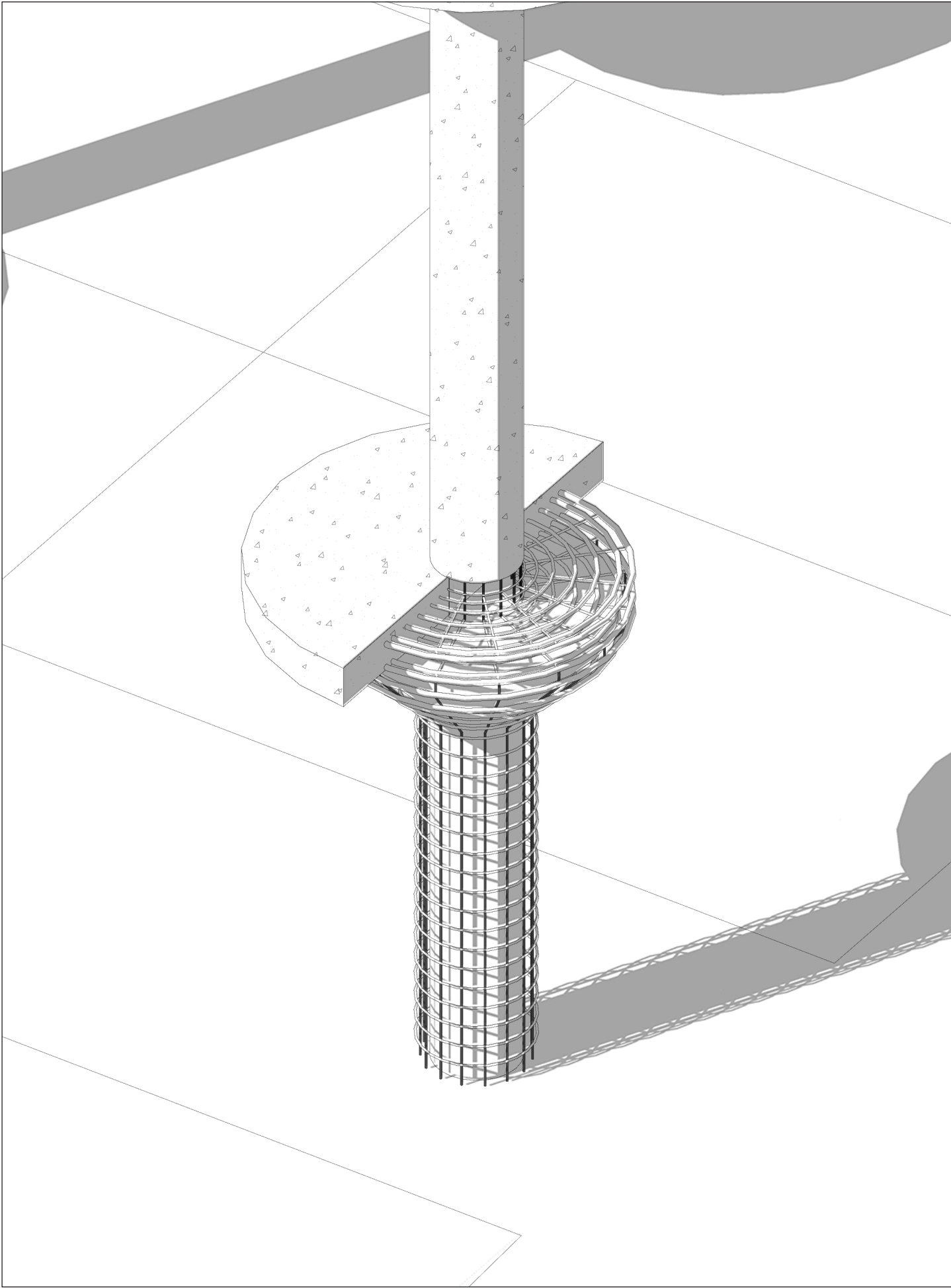
Proposal Structure - Columns & Beams



Column Reinforcement on Basement



Column Reinforcement on Overground Levels

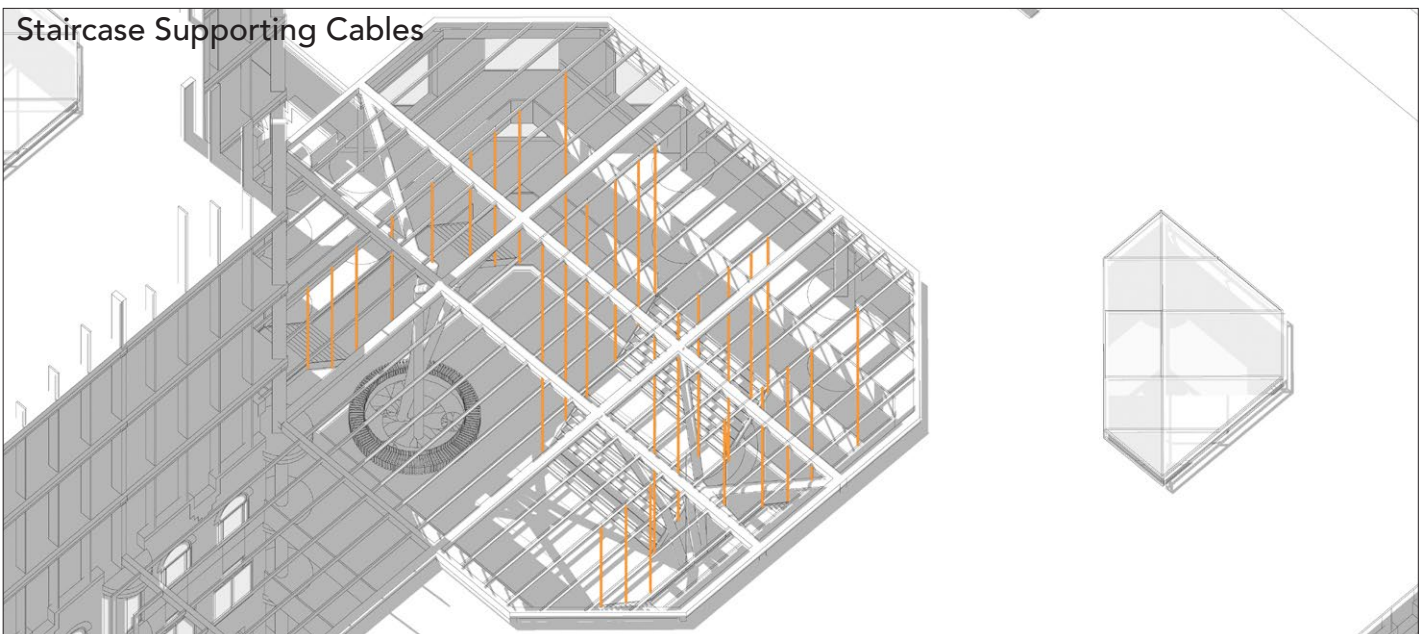
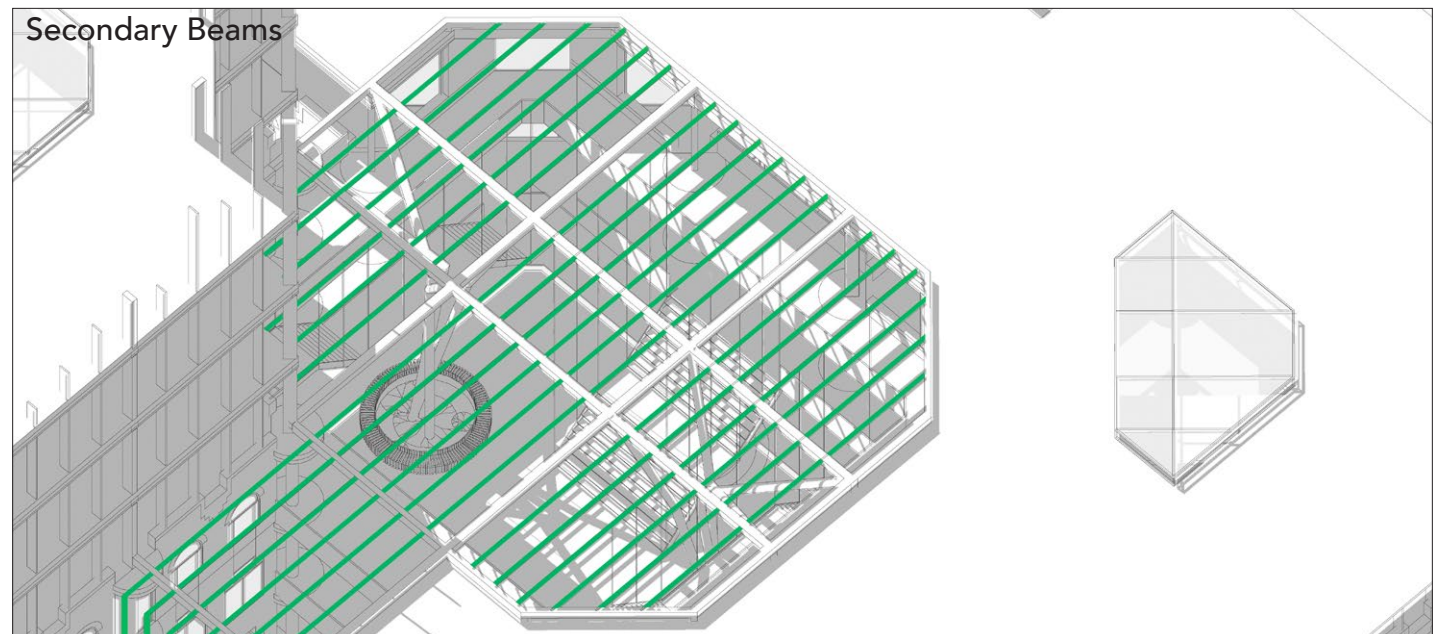
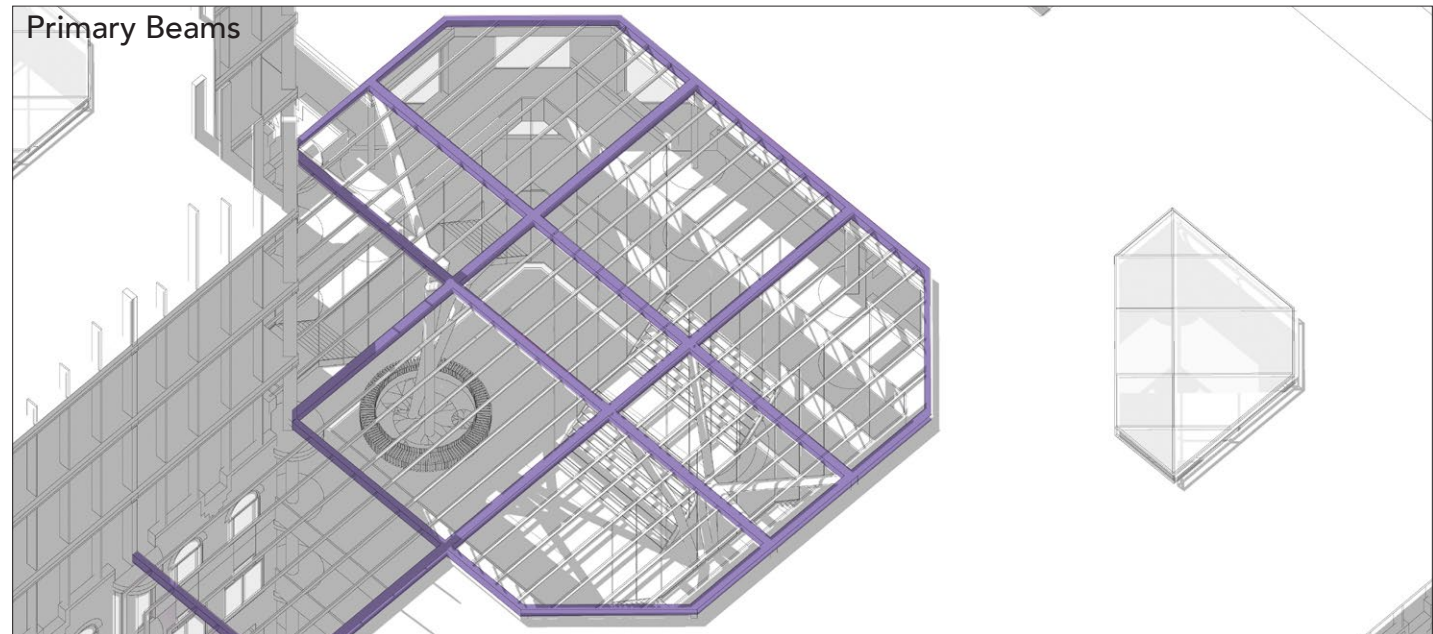
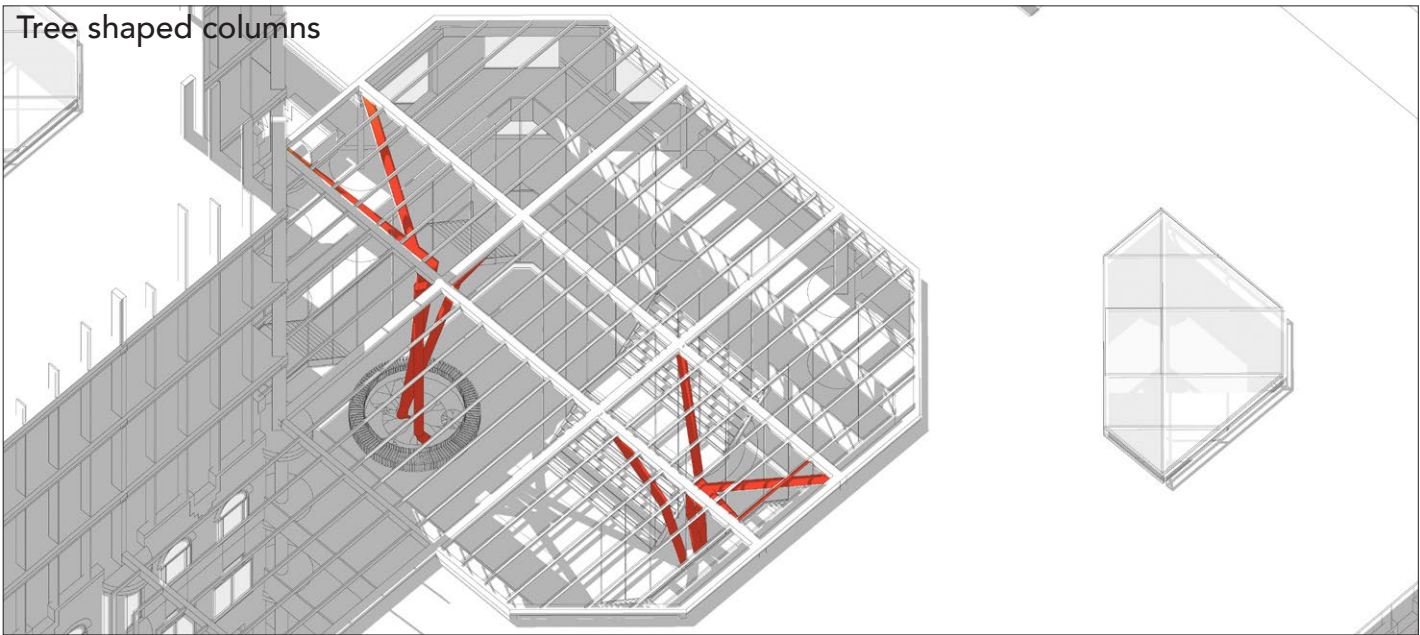
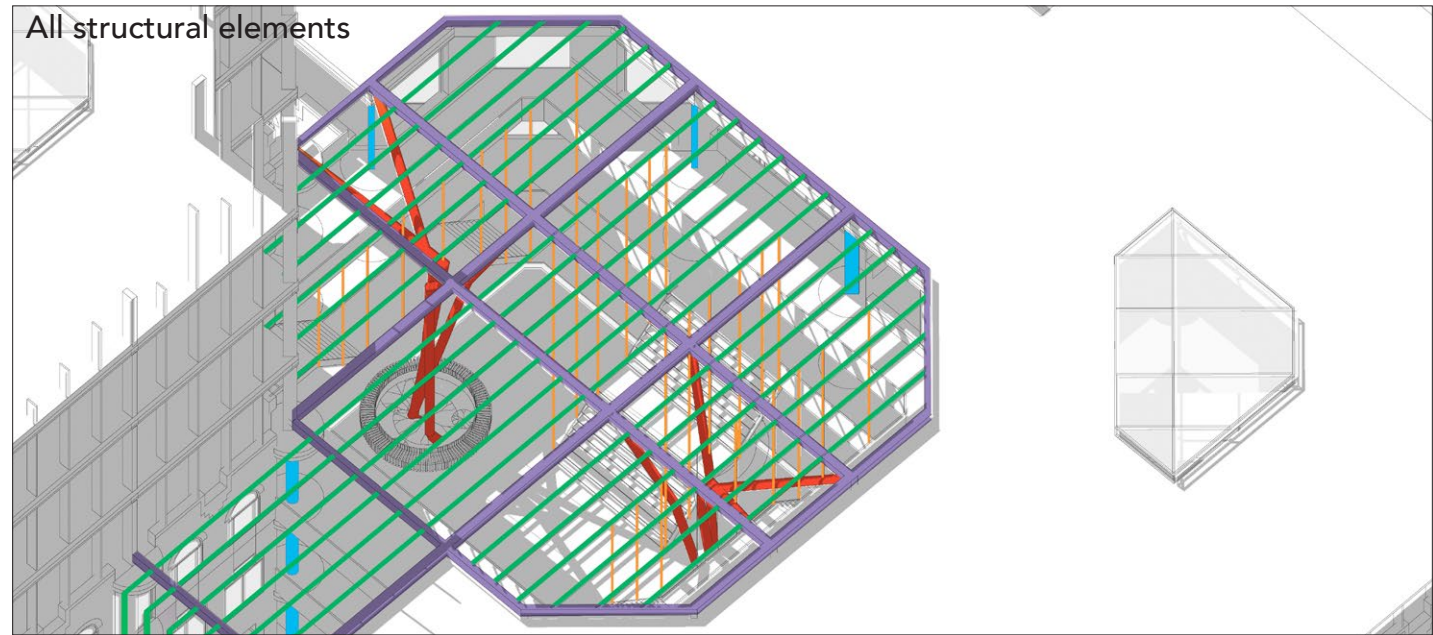




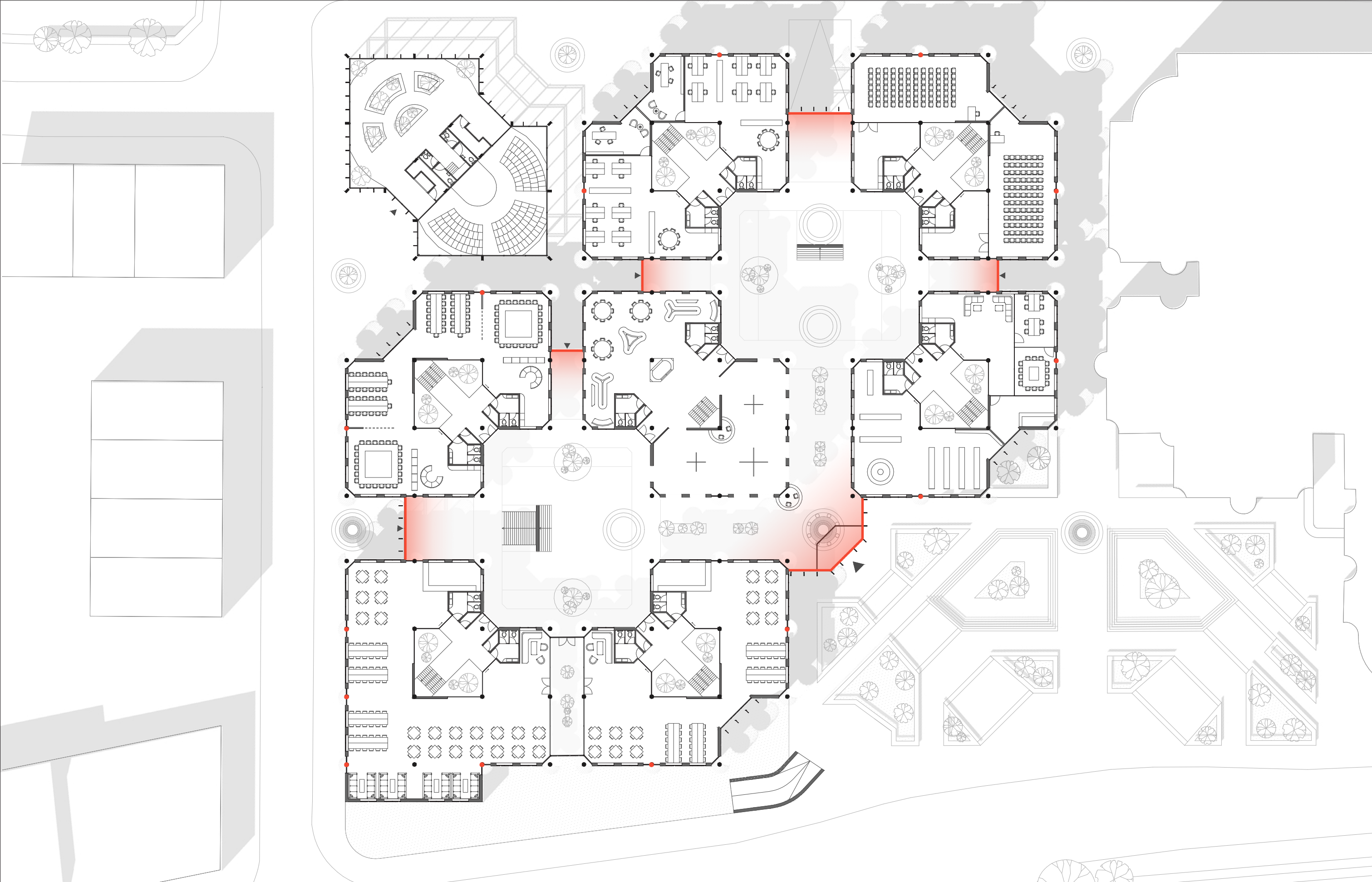
Perspective View



Structural Axonometric- Courtyard



Thermal Bridge - Plan

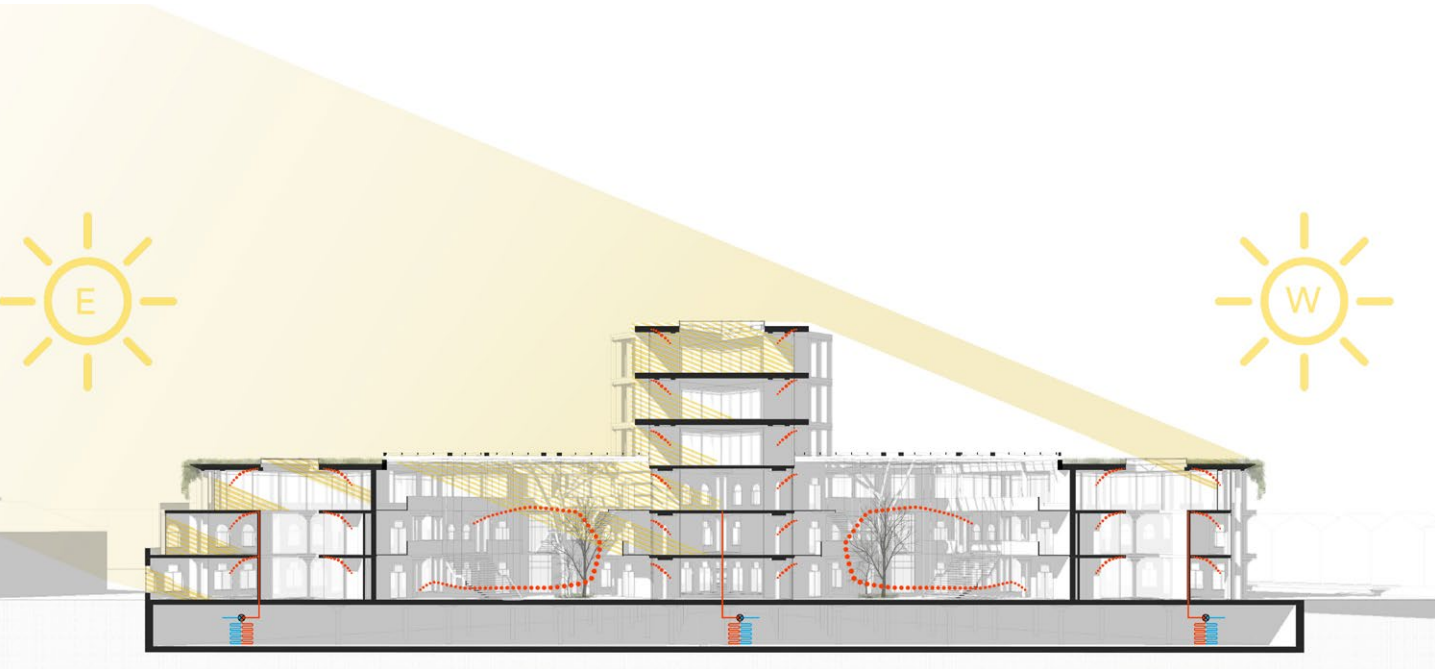


Environmental Strategies Diagram

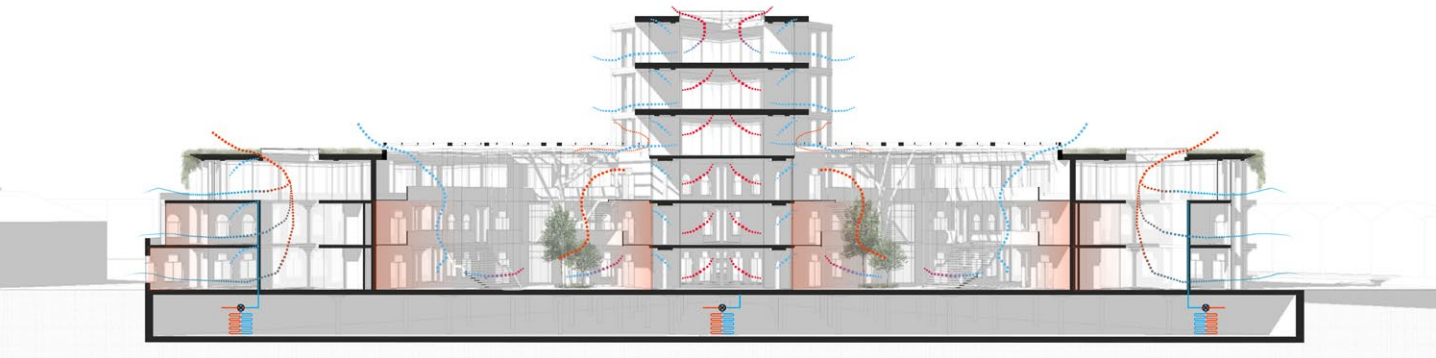
Summer Day



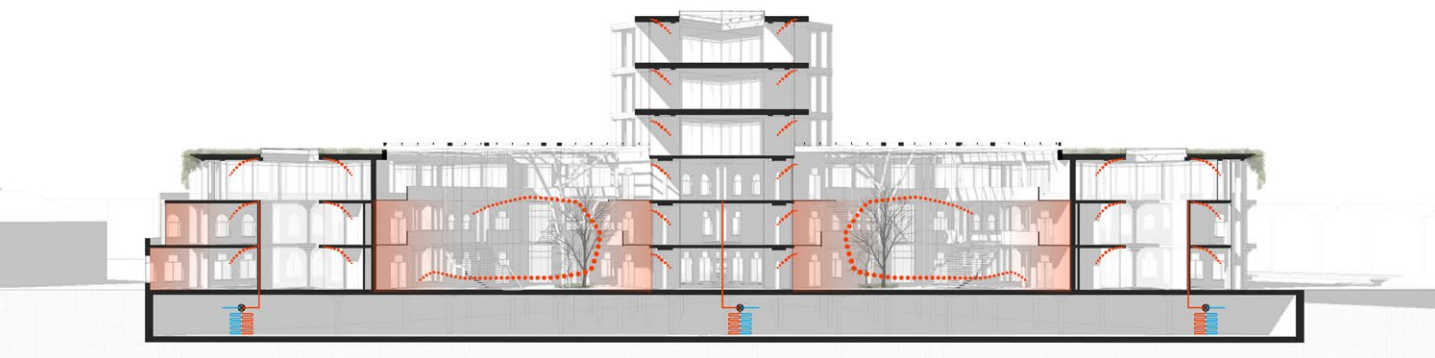
Winter Day



Summer Night



Winter Night



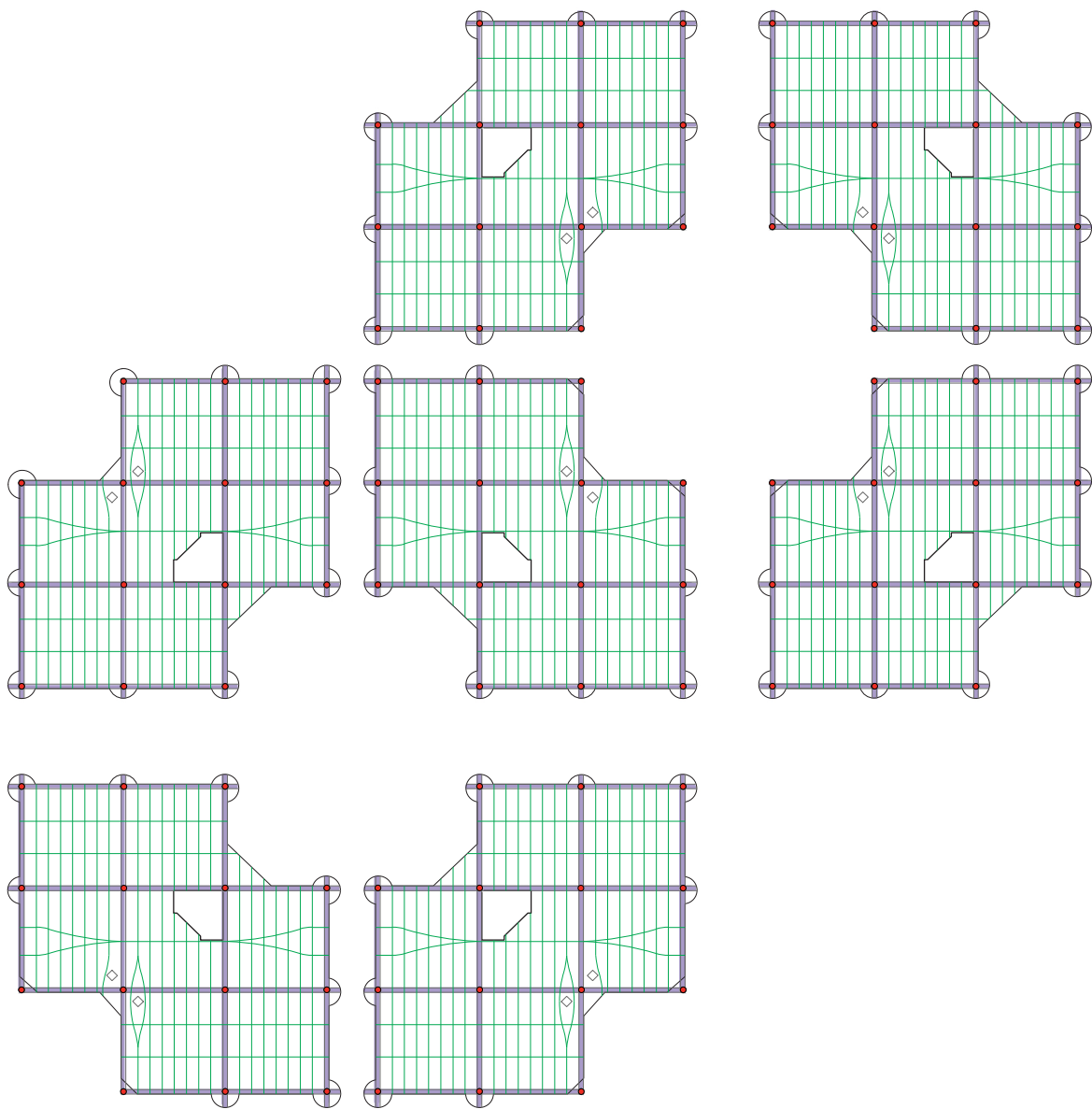
Existing View



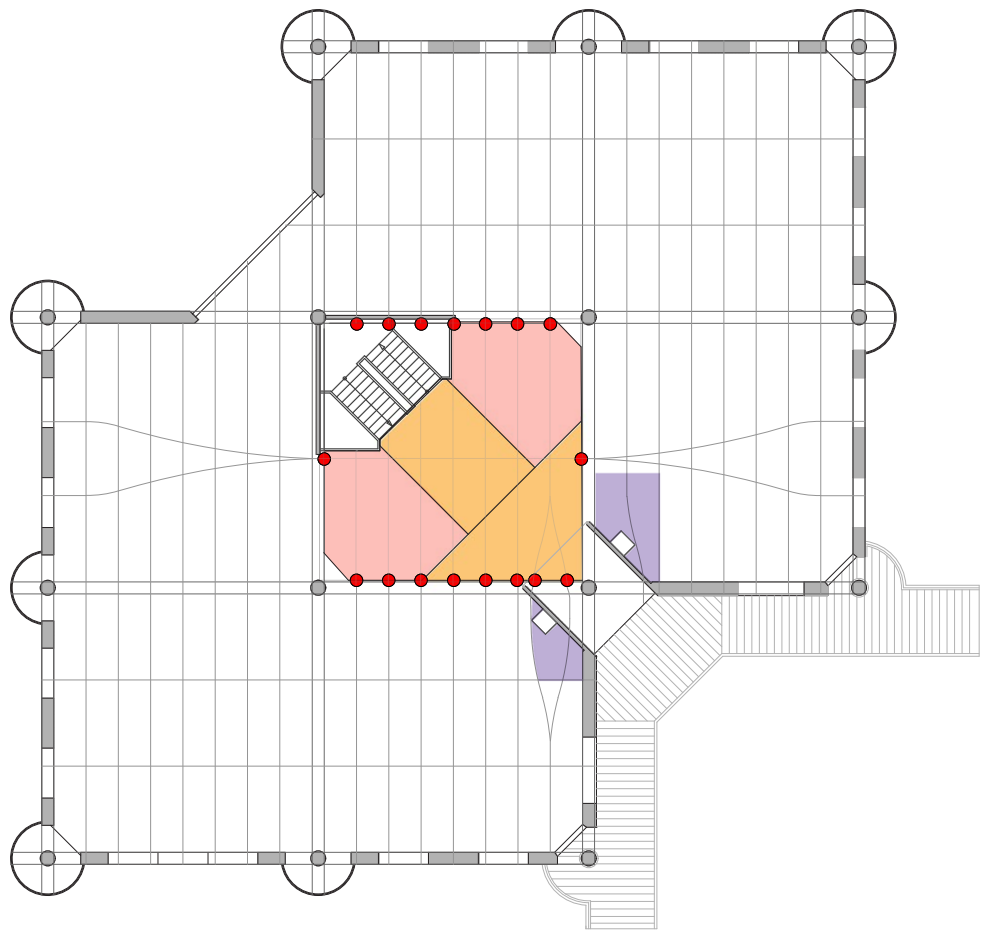
Perspective View





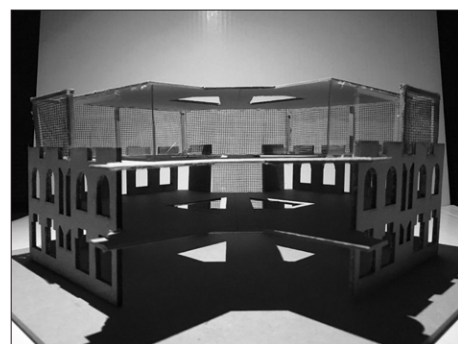
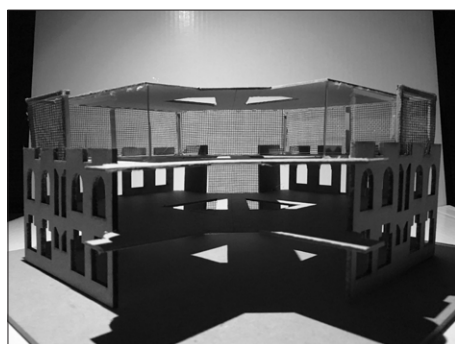
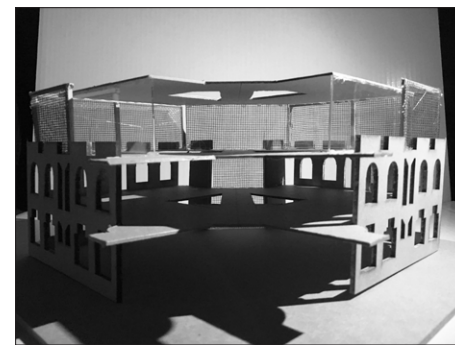
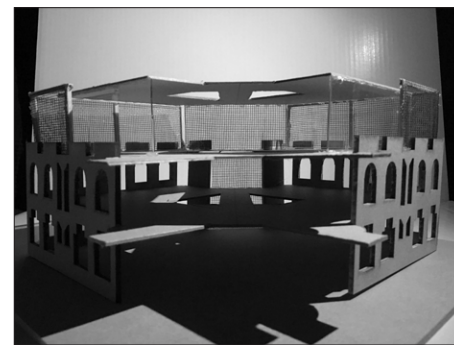
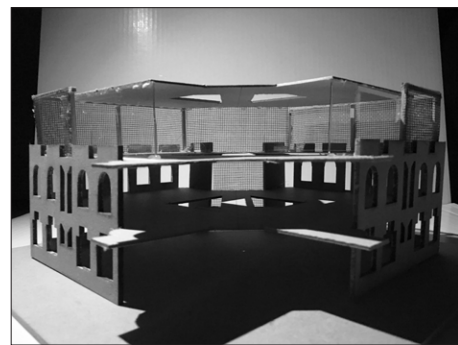
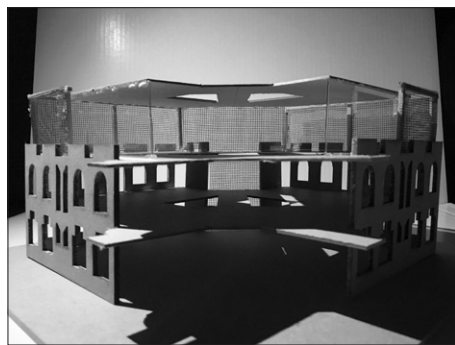
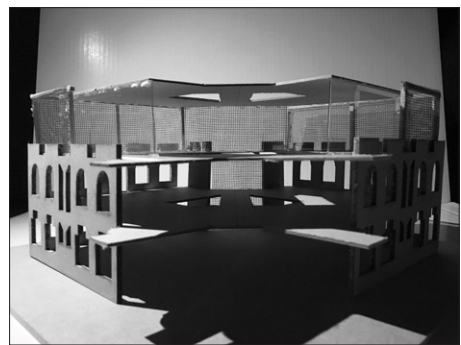
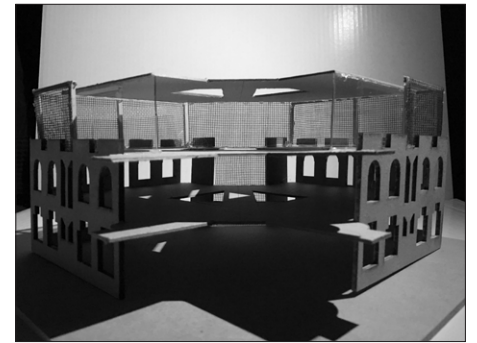
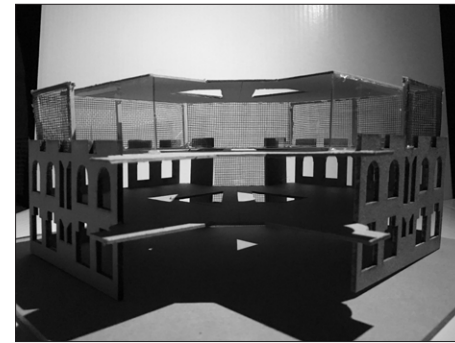
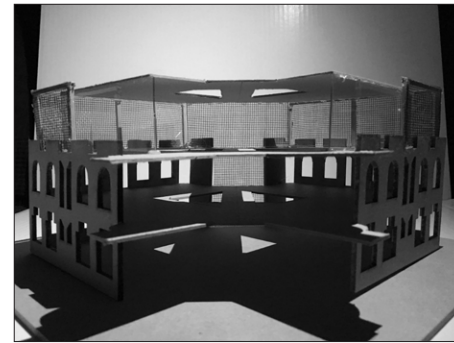
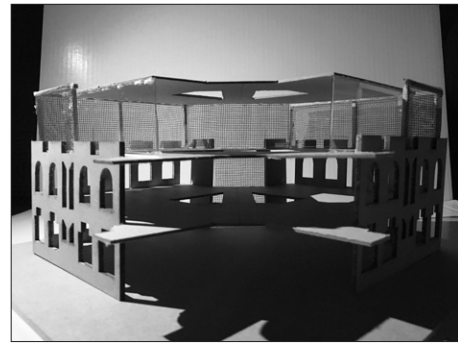
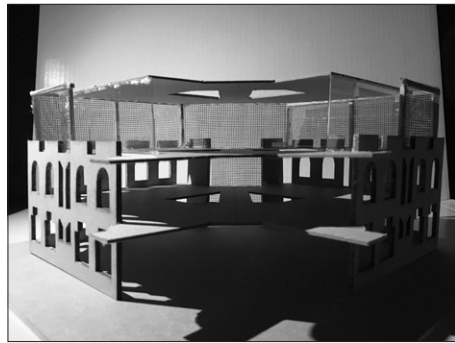
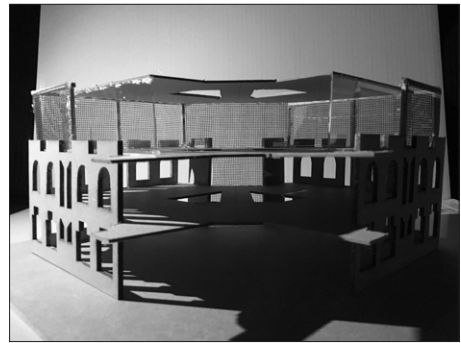
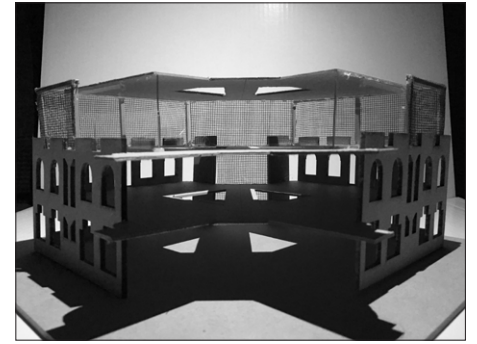
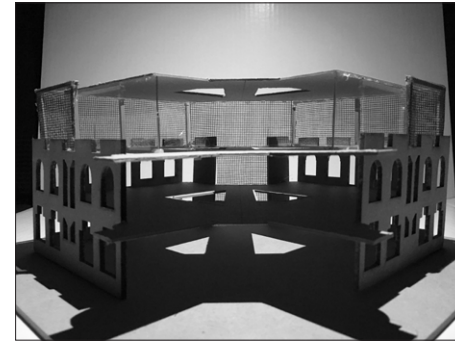
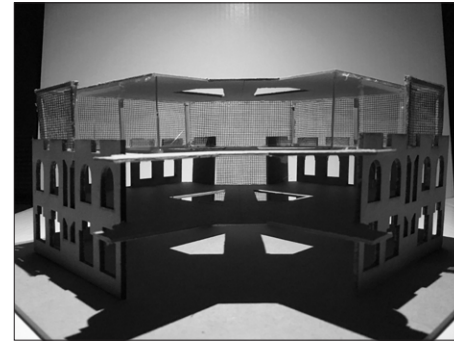
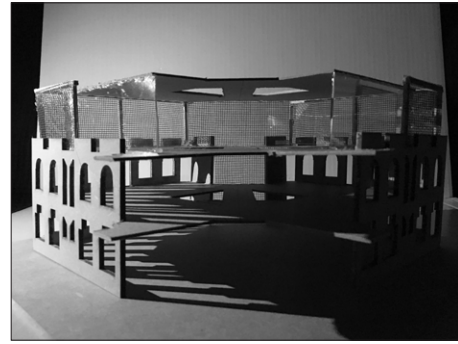
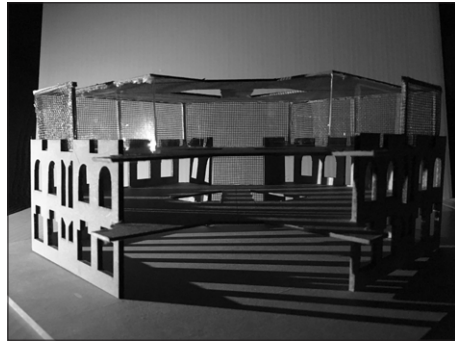


- KEY
- Primary Structure- Columns
 - Primary Structure- Steel reinforcement
 - Secondary Structure- Steel reinforcement



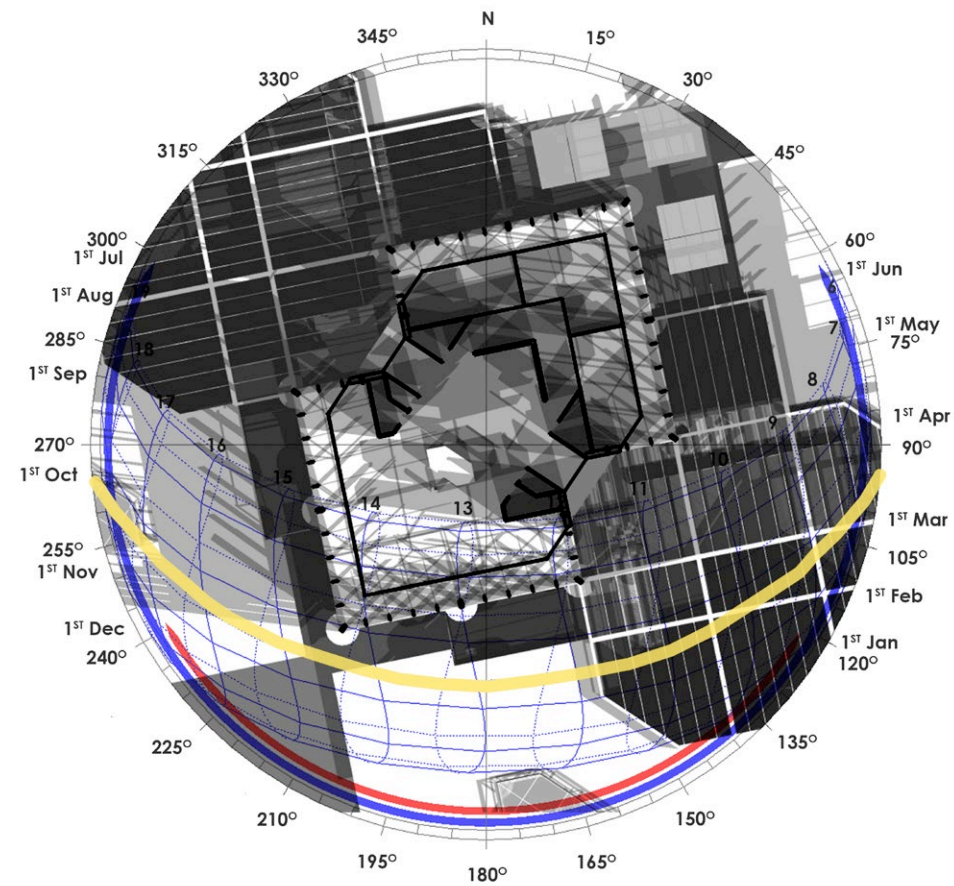
- KEY
- Fix in place the pre-stressed cables
 - Remove floor slab
 - Replace floor
 - Possible positions for new services voids. (Steel cables should remain intact)

Void Study - Shadow Analysis

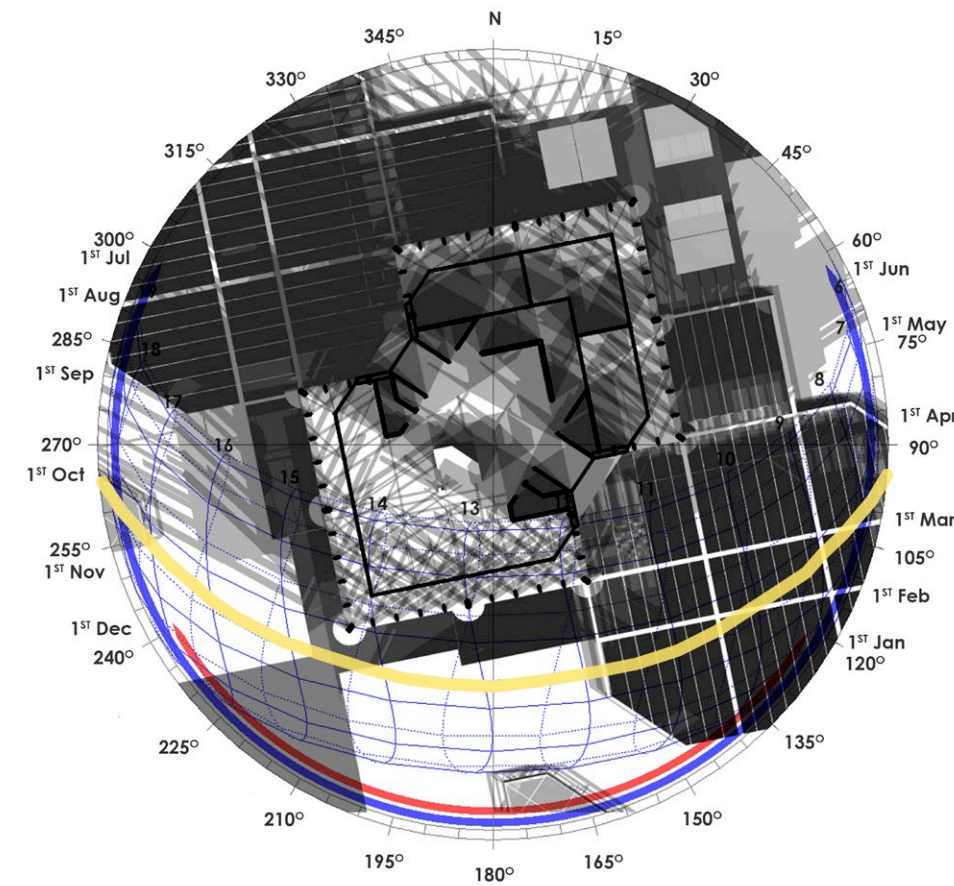


Shadow Study & Solar Analysis

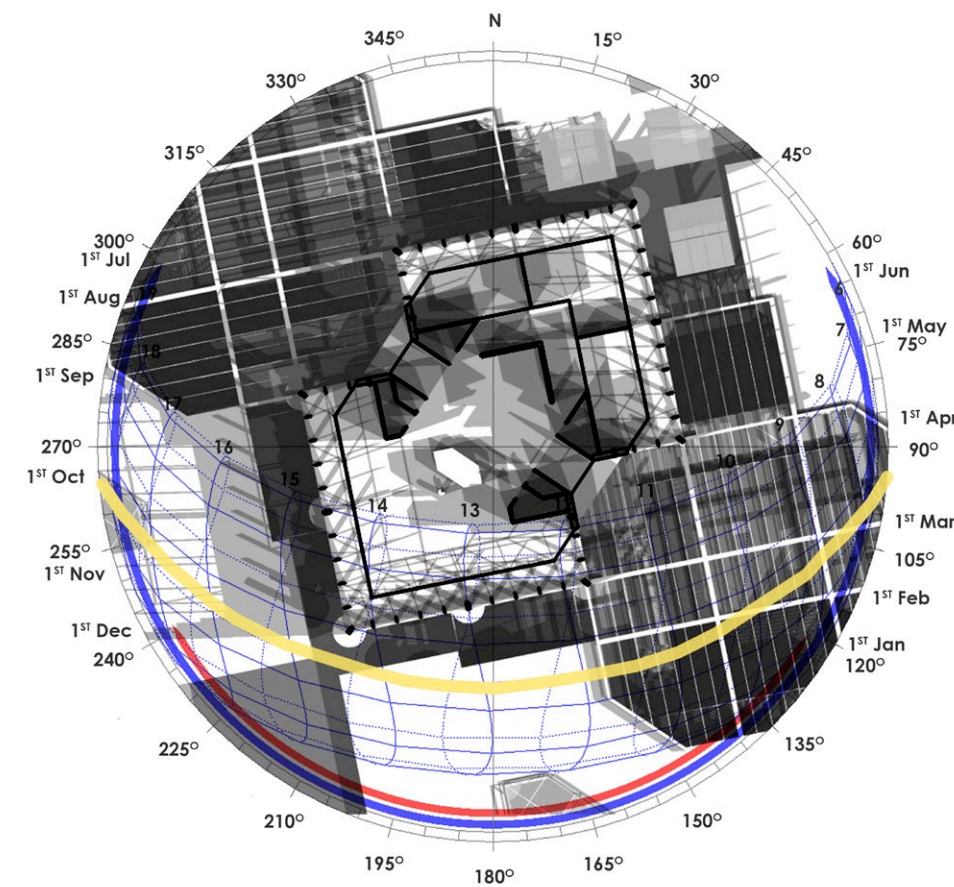
21 March



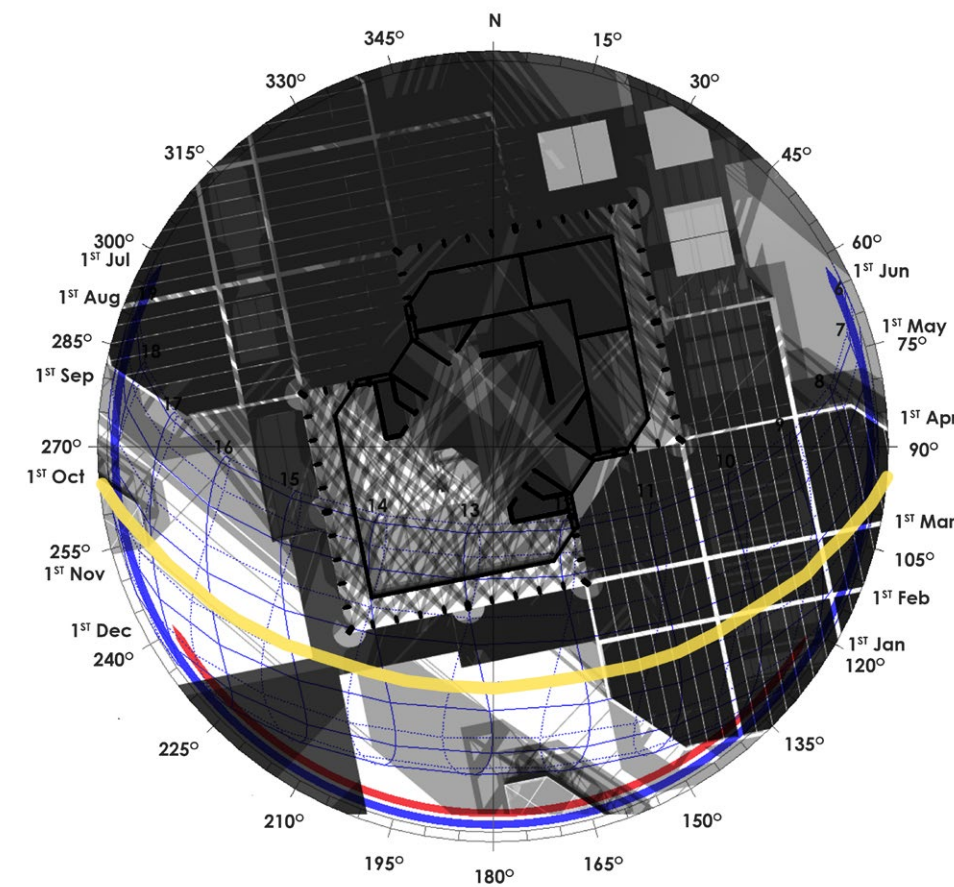
21 September



21 June

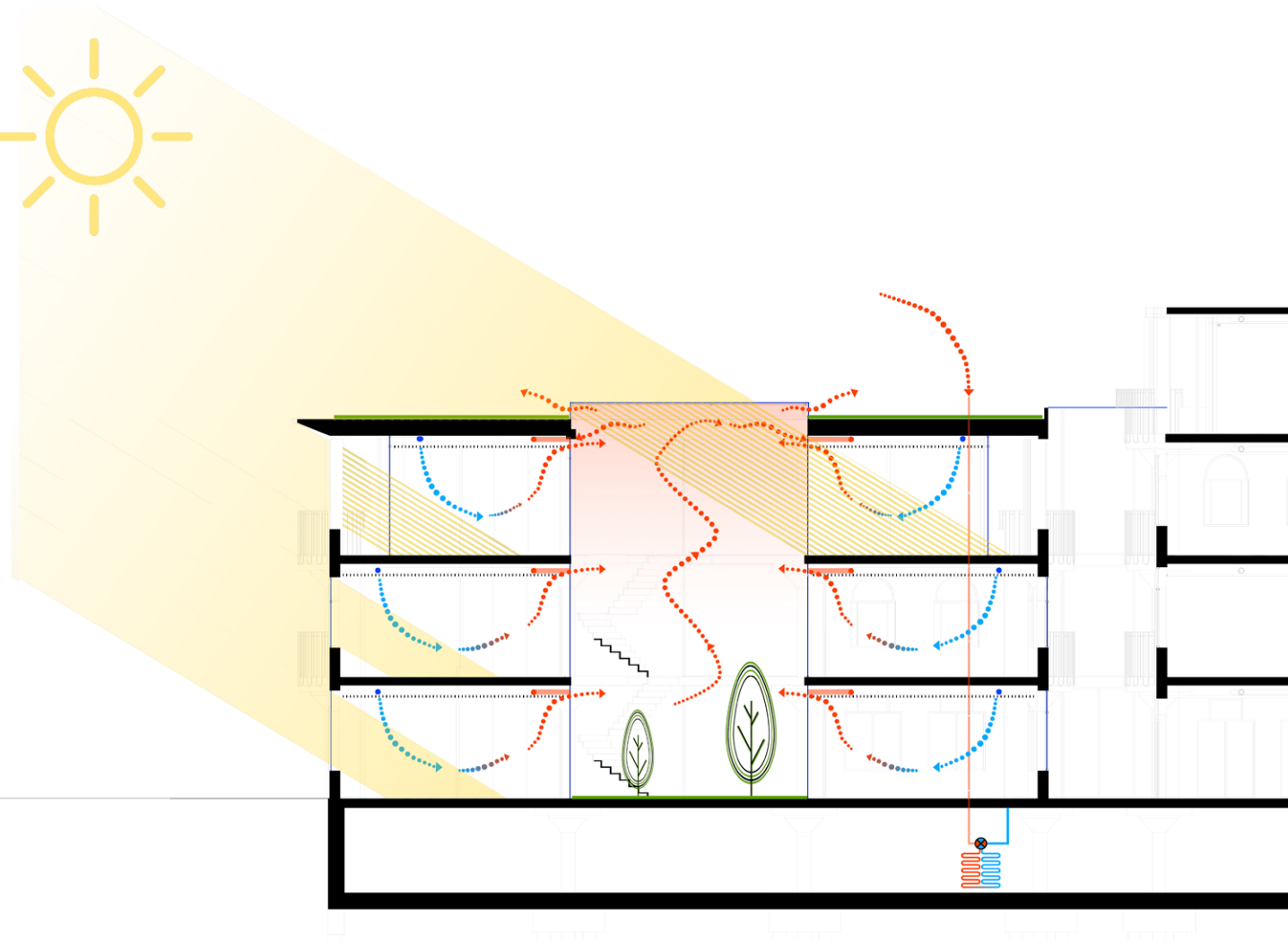


21 December

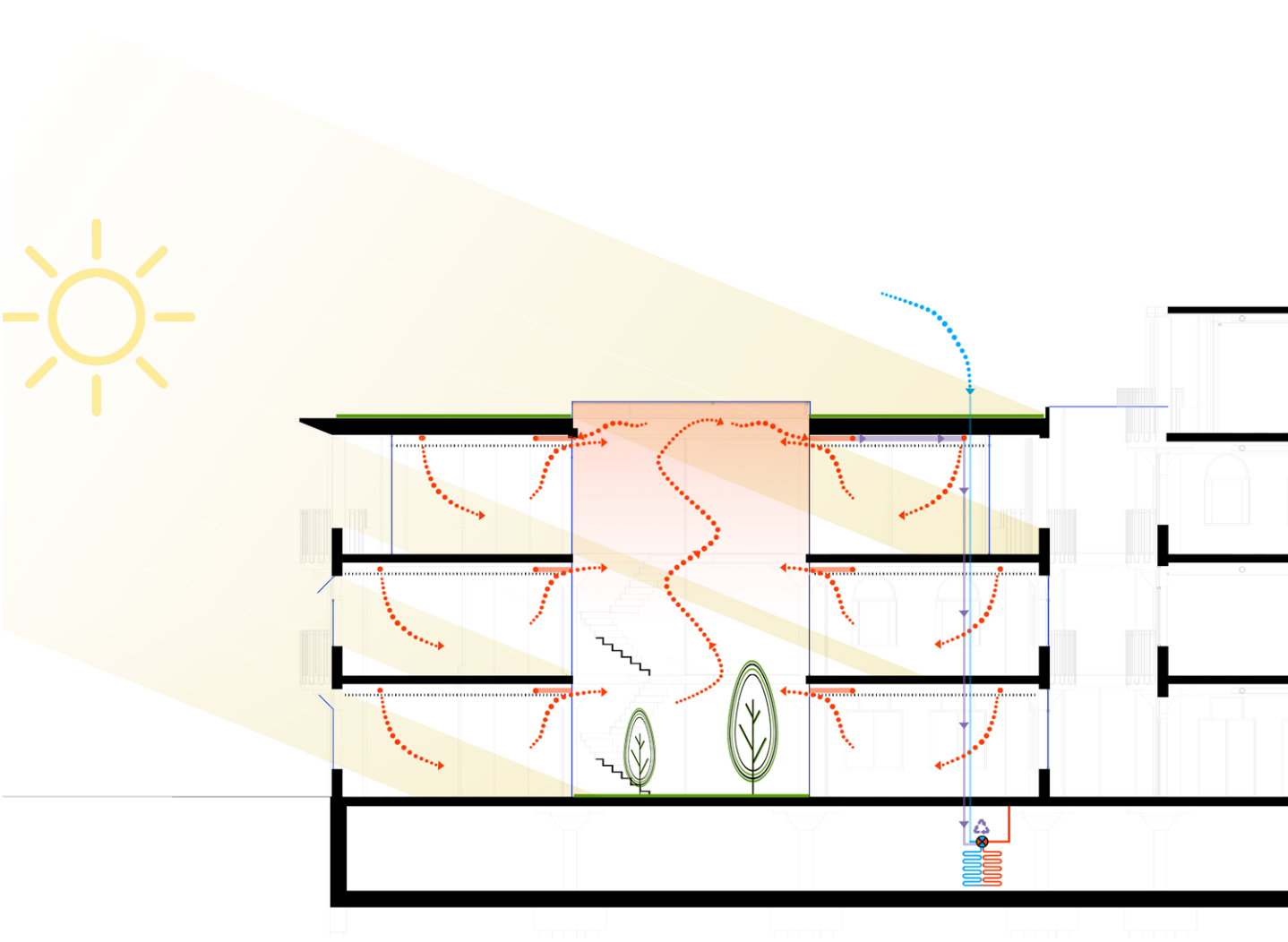


Environmental Strategies Diagram

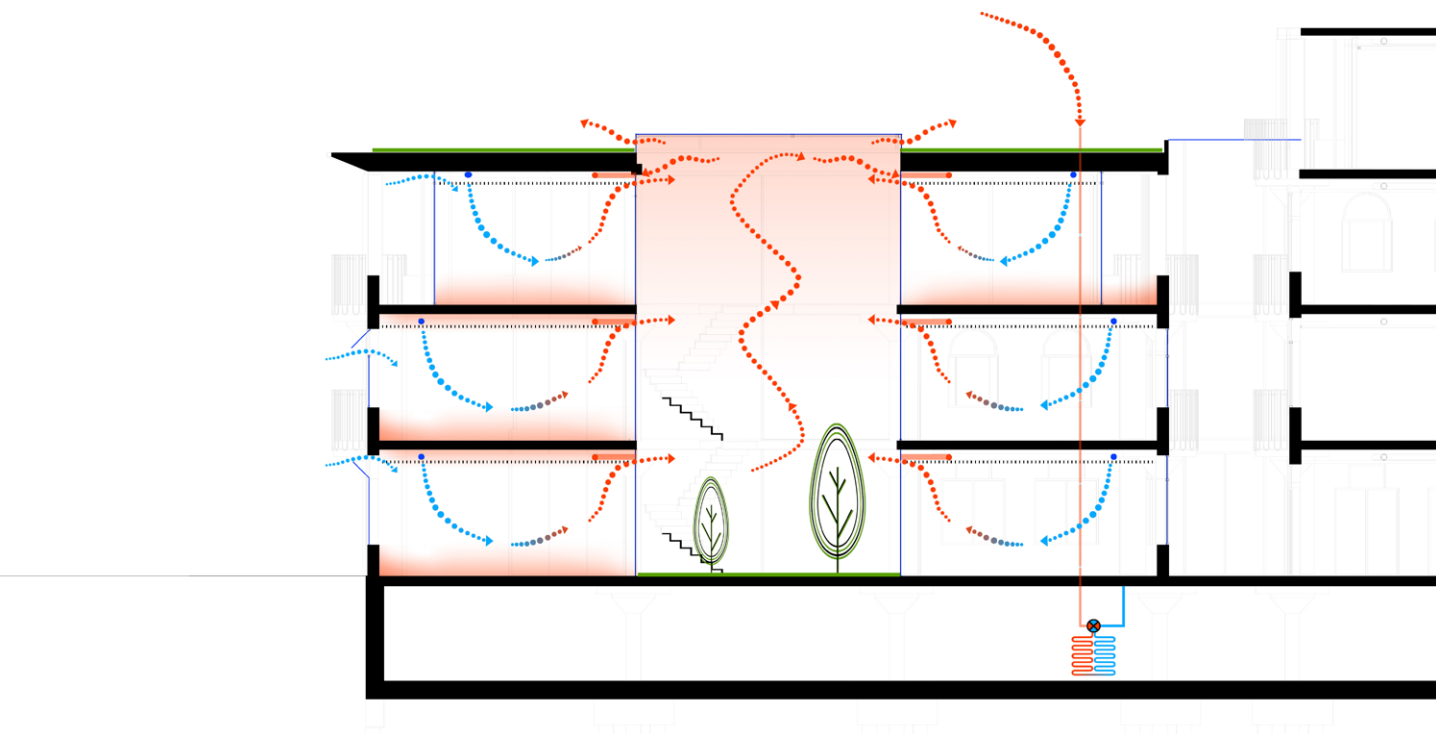
Summer Day



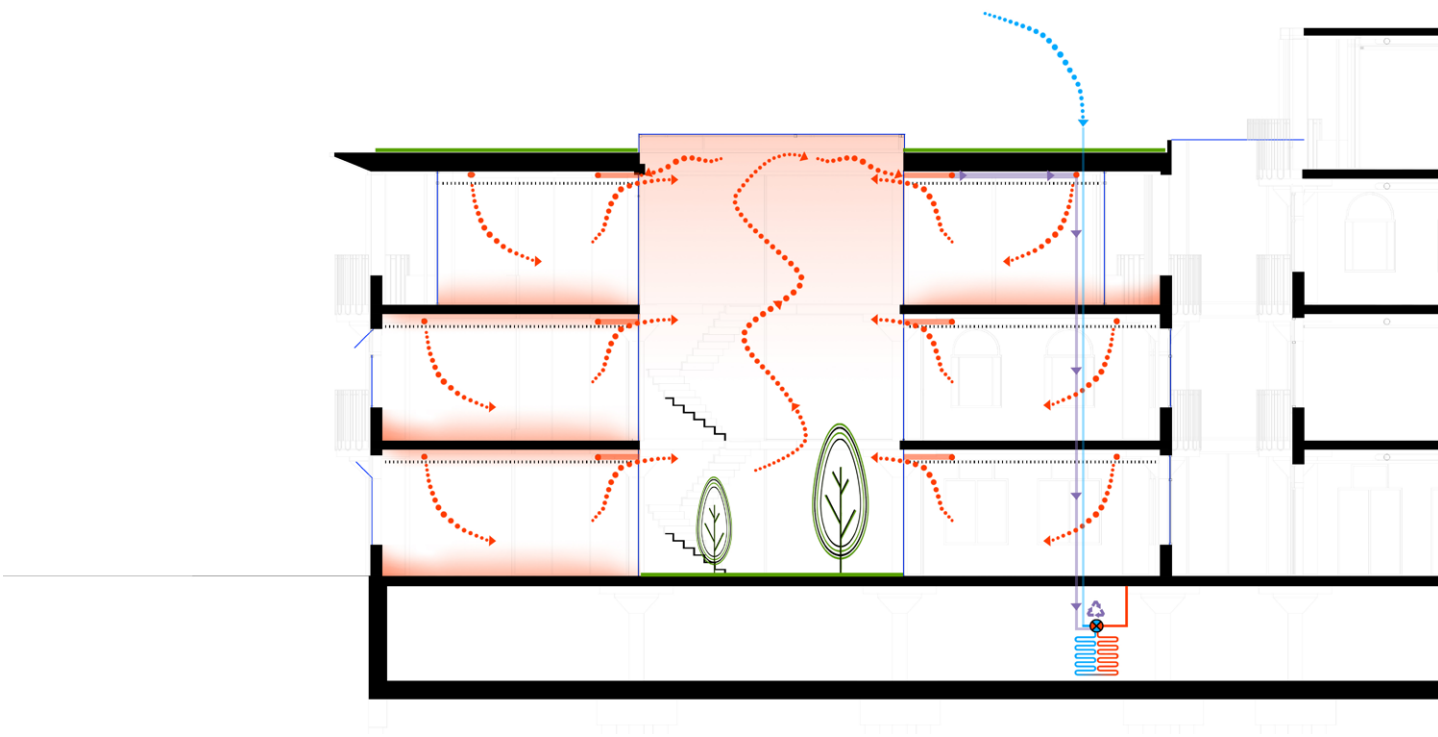
Winter Day



Summer Night

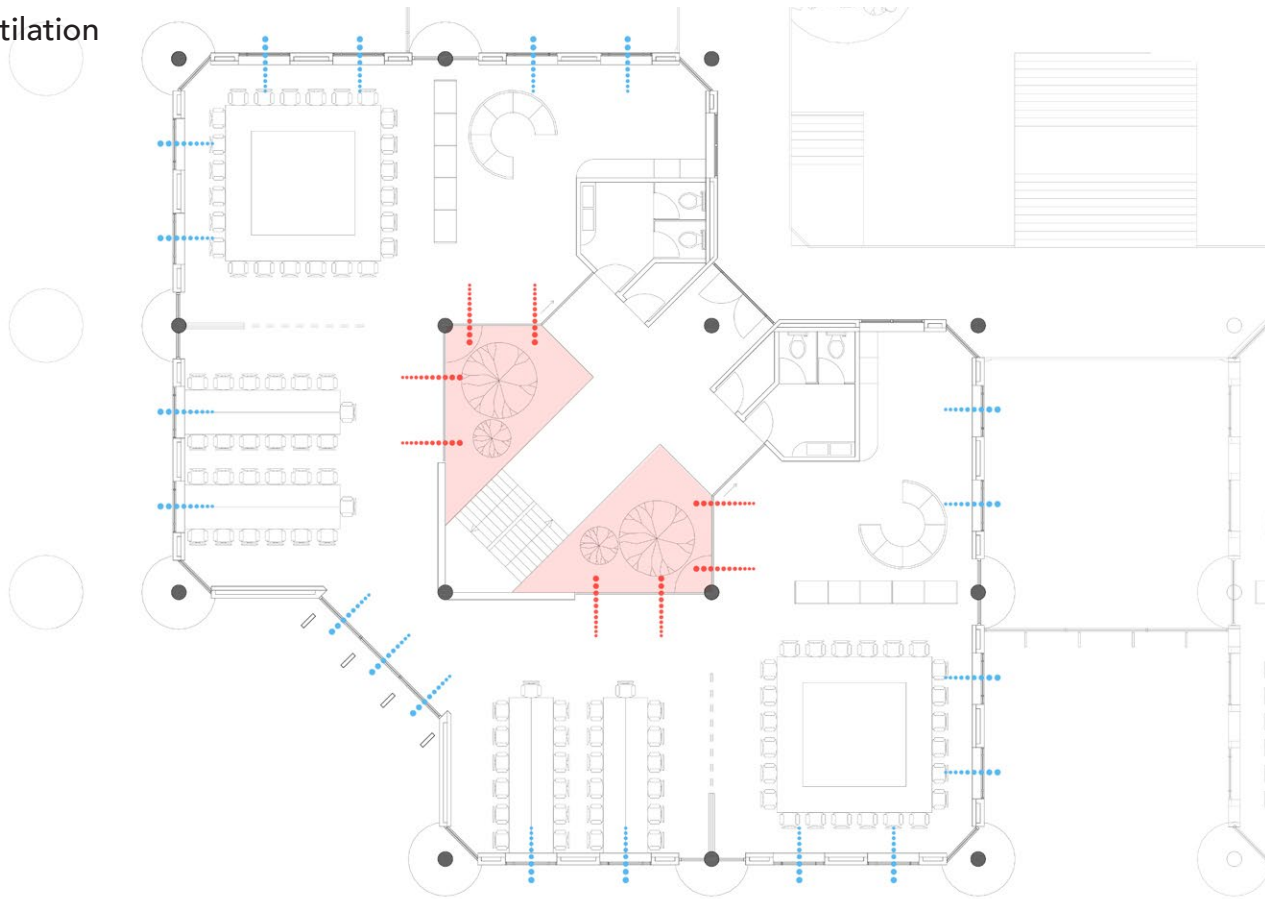


Winter Night

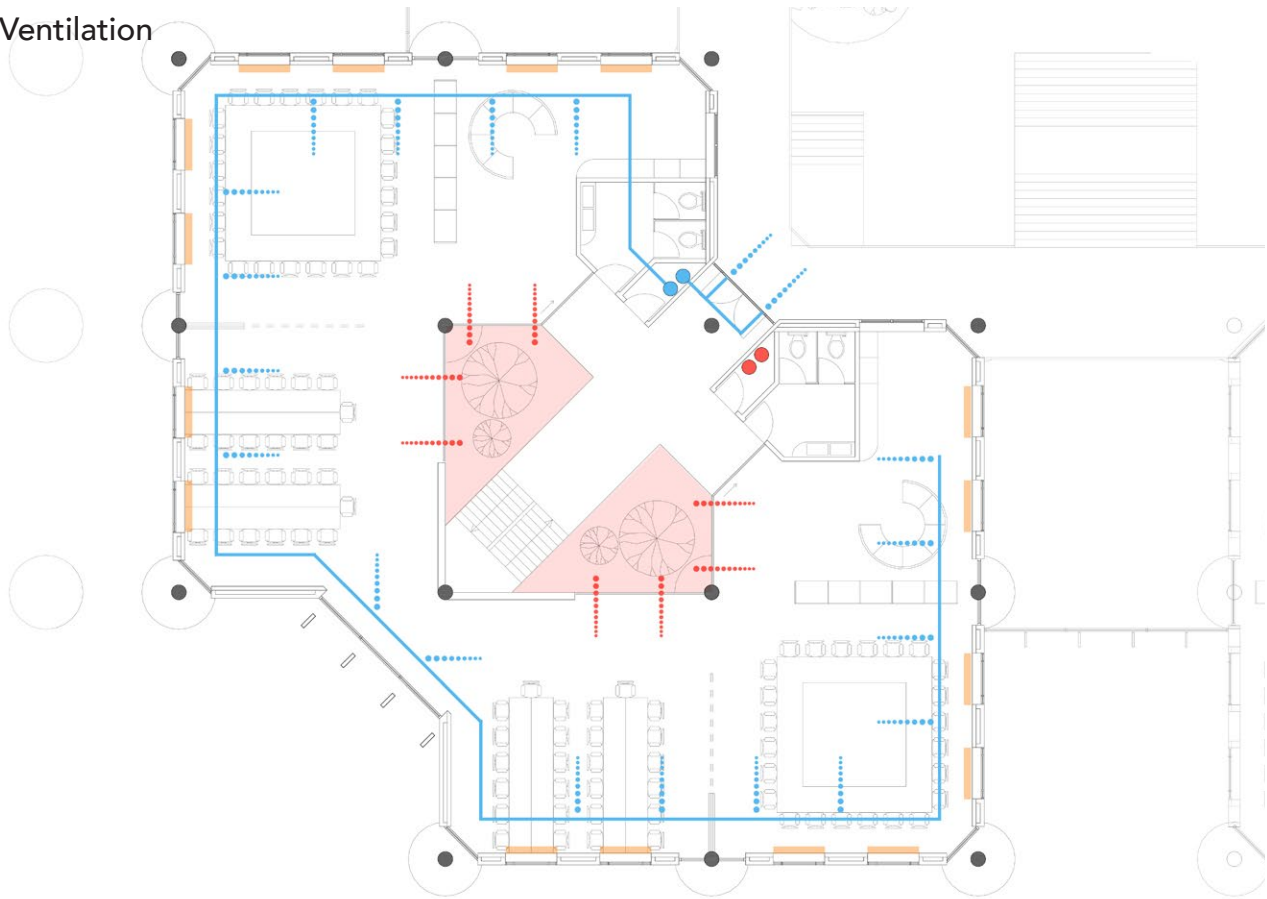


Ventilation Diagram - Existing Buildings' Plan

Natural Ventilation

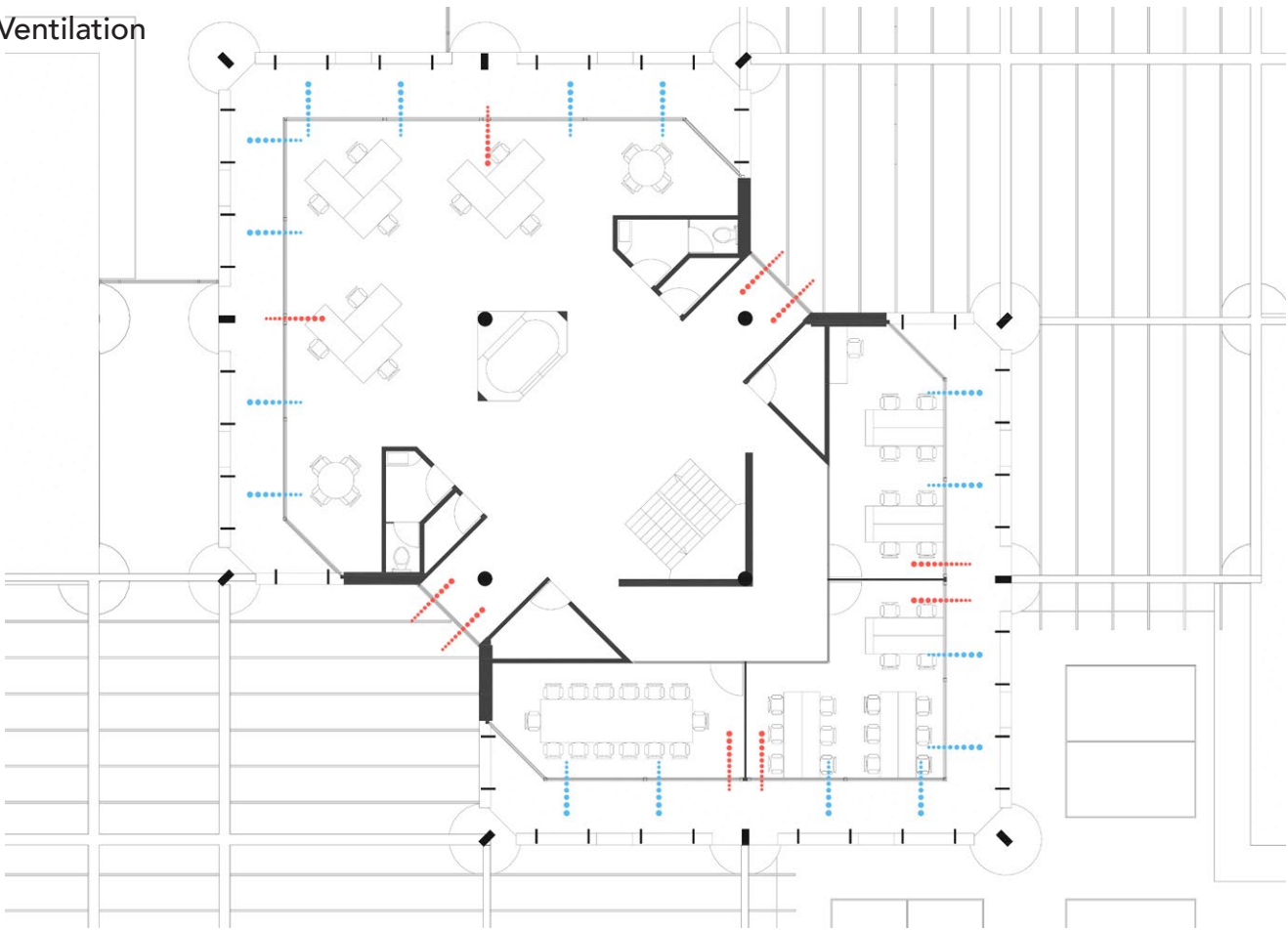


Mechanical Ventilation

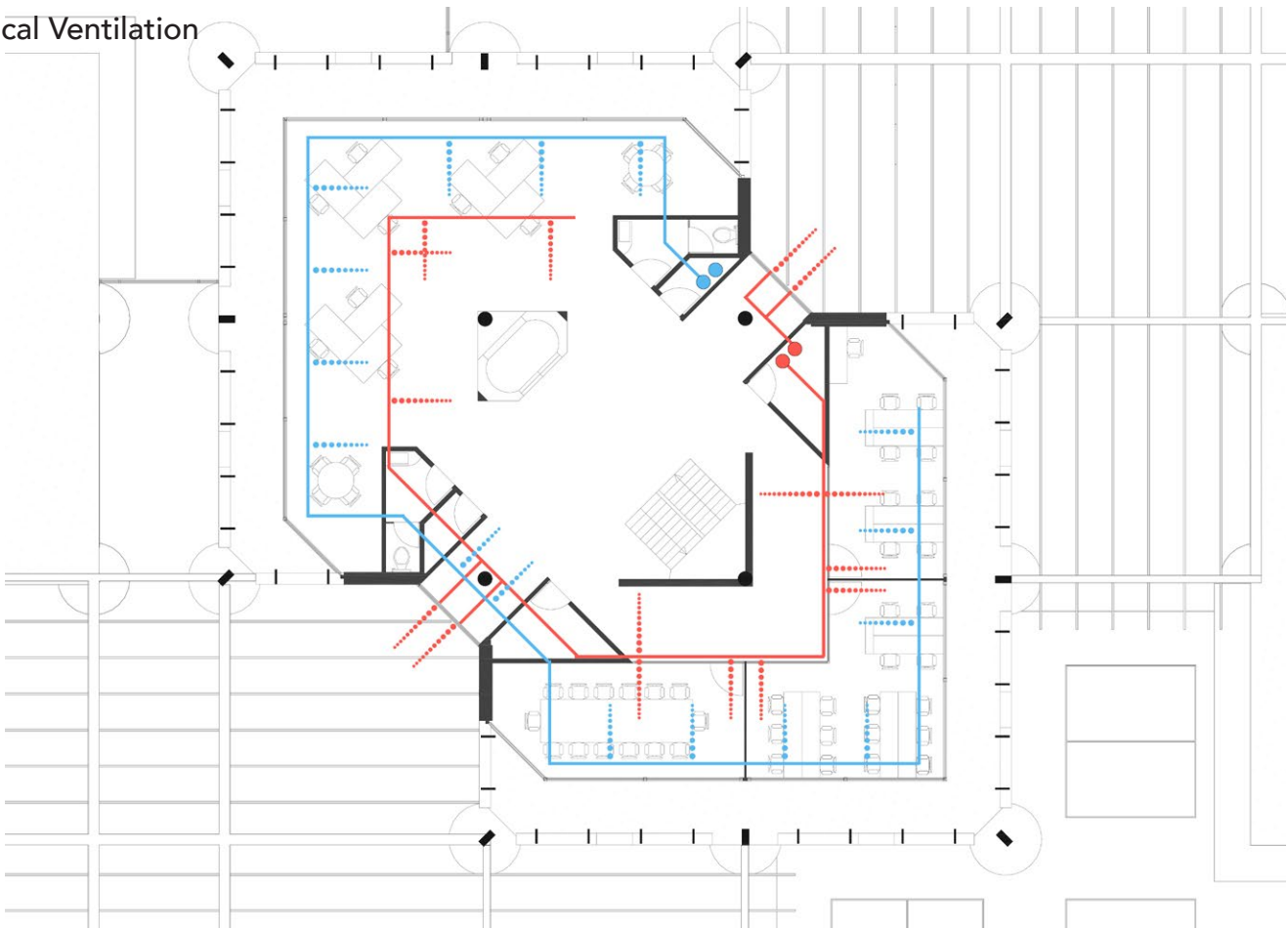


Ventilation Diagram - Extensions' Plan

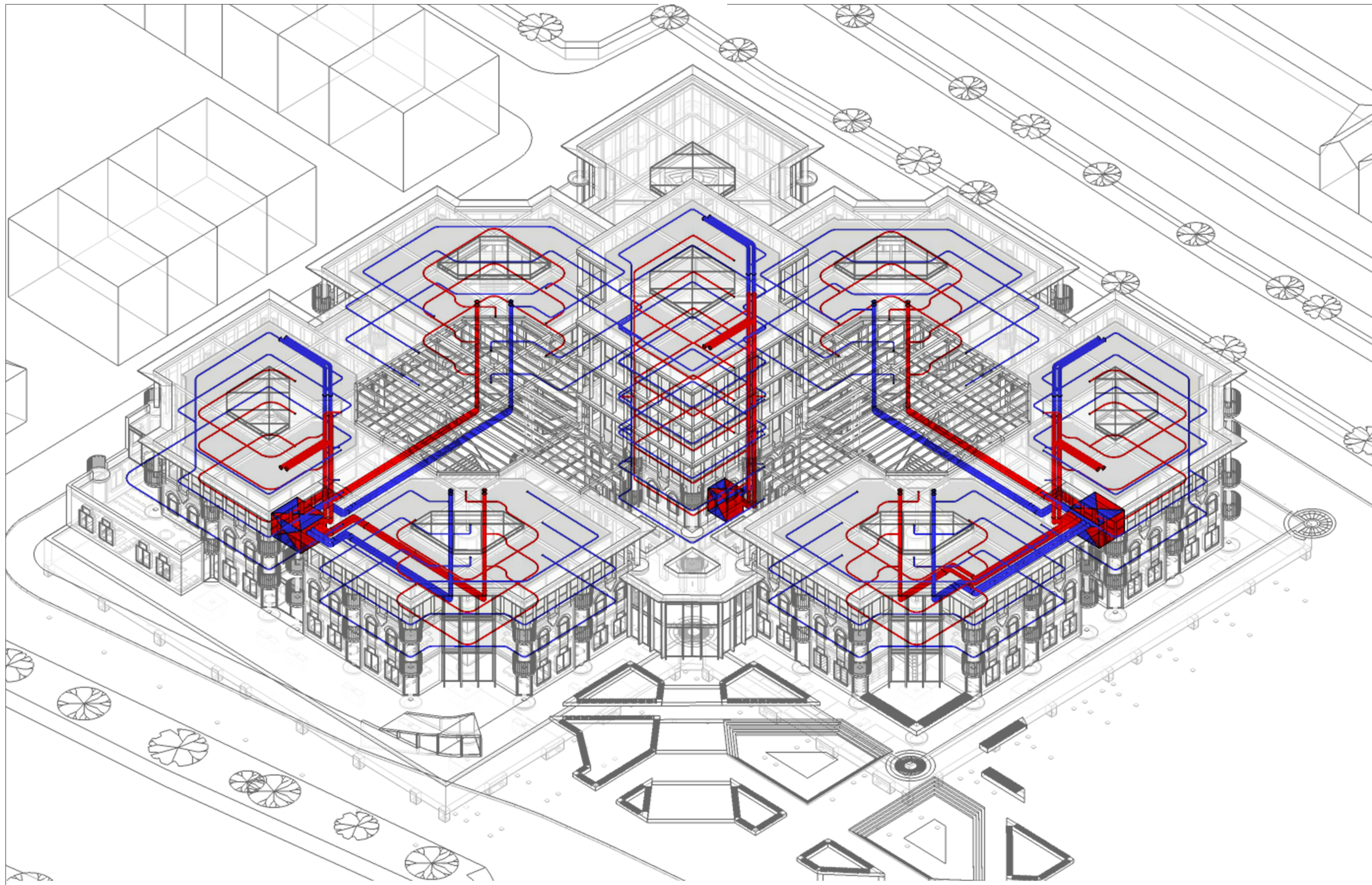
Natural Ventilation

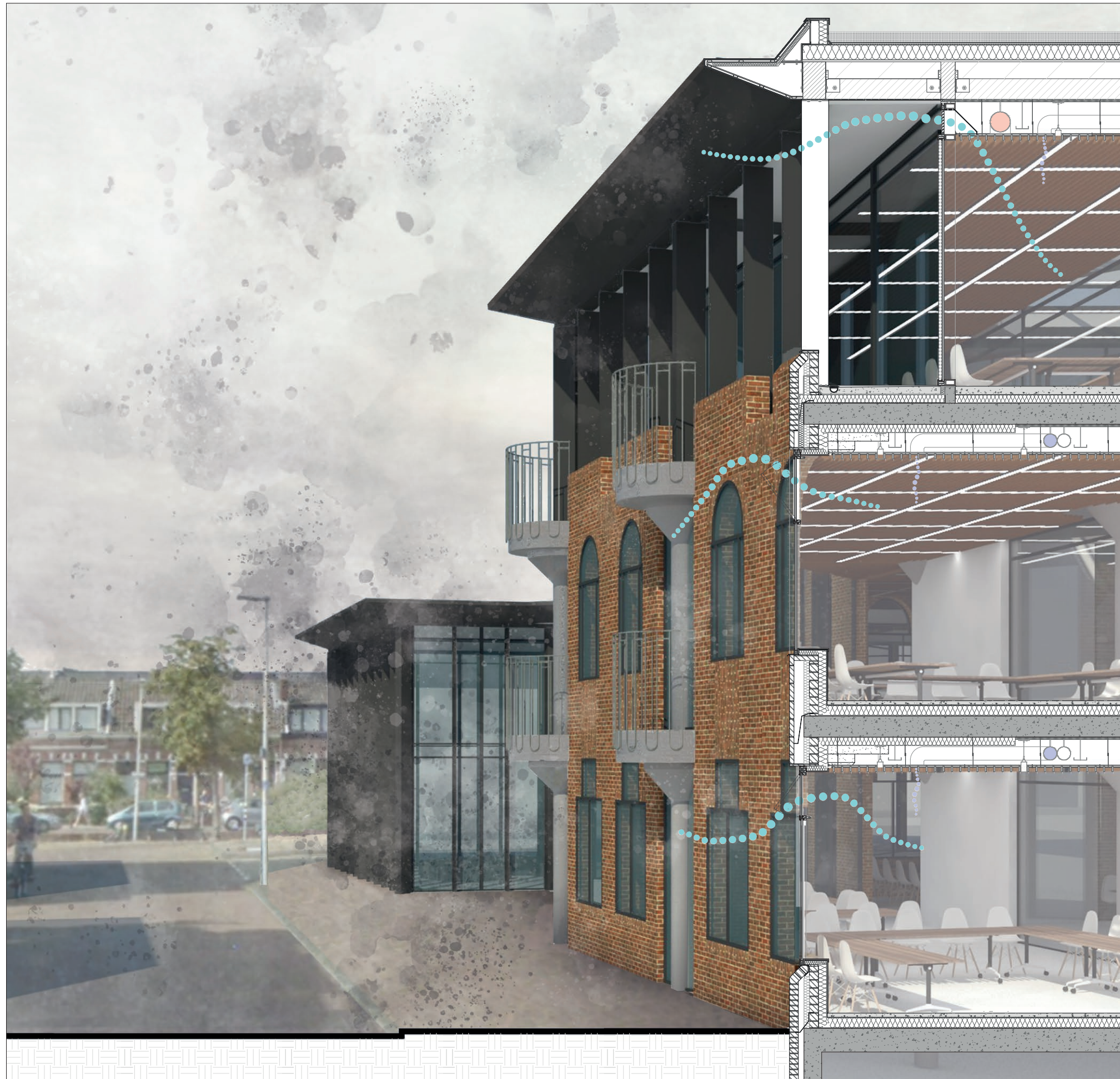


Mechanical Ventilation

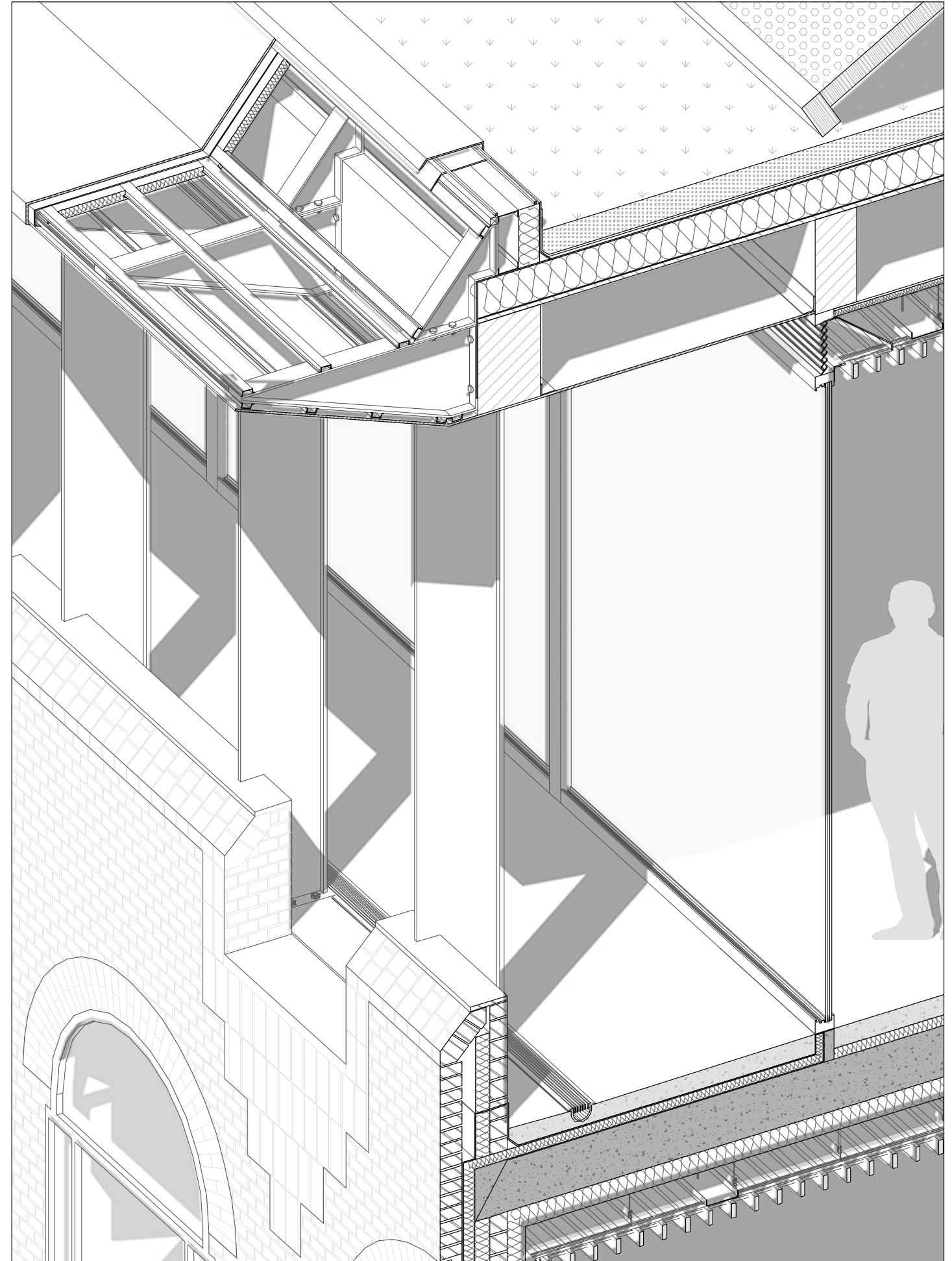
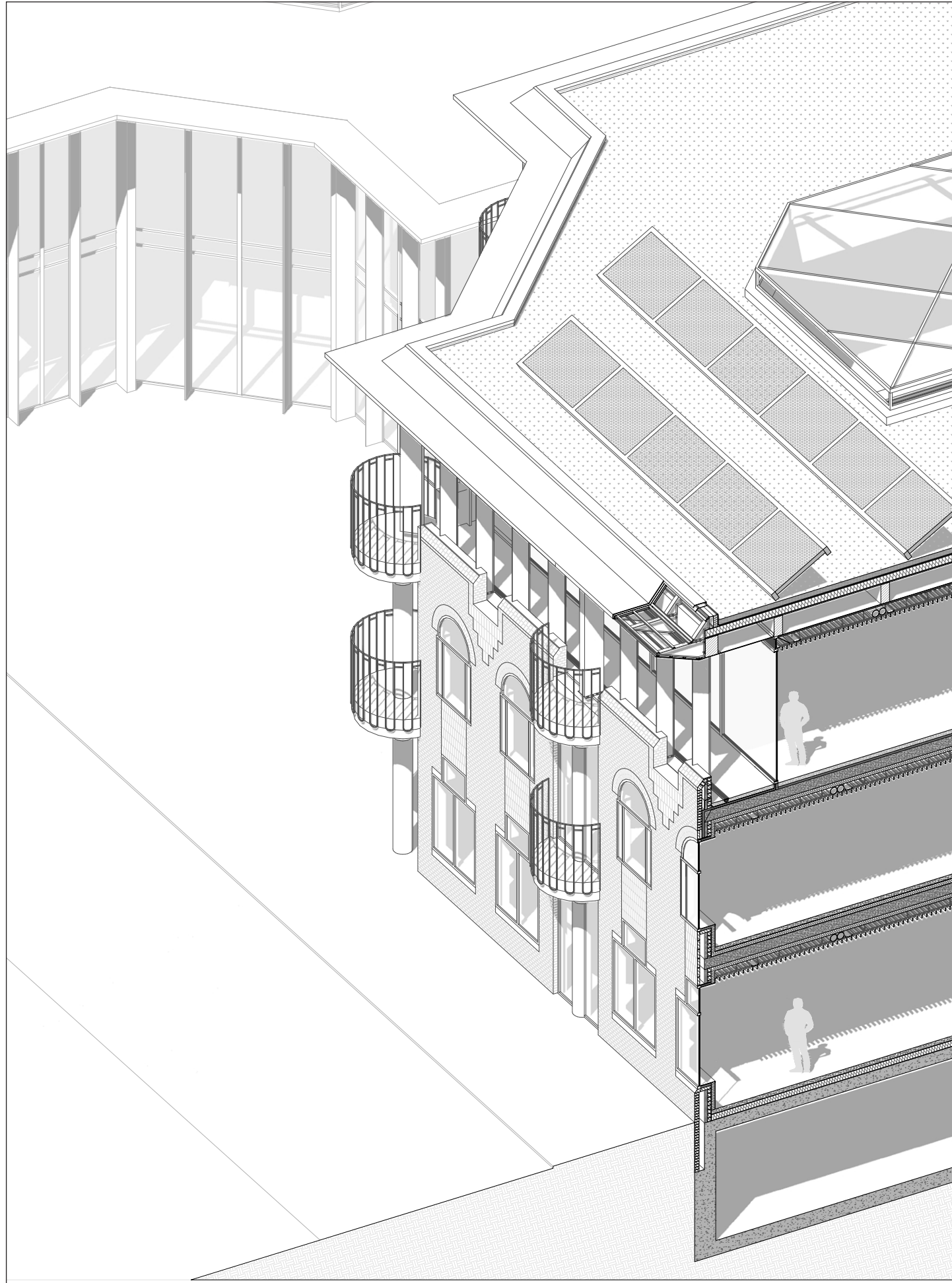


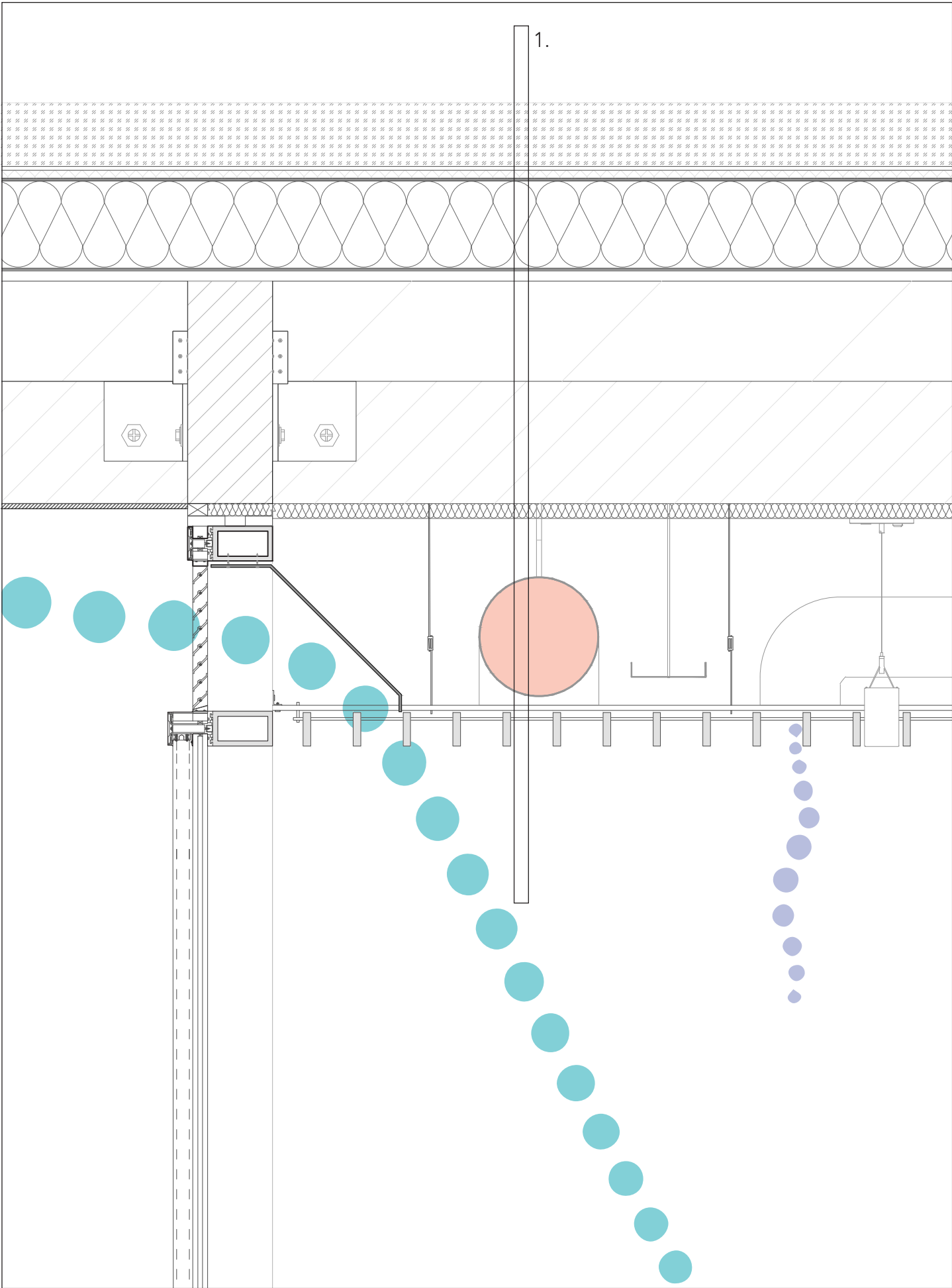
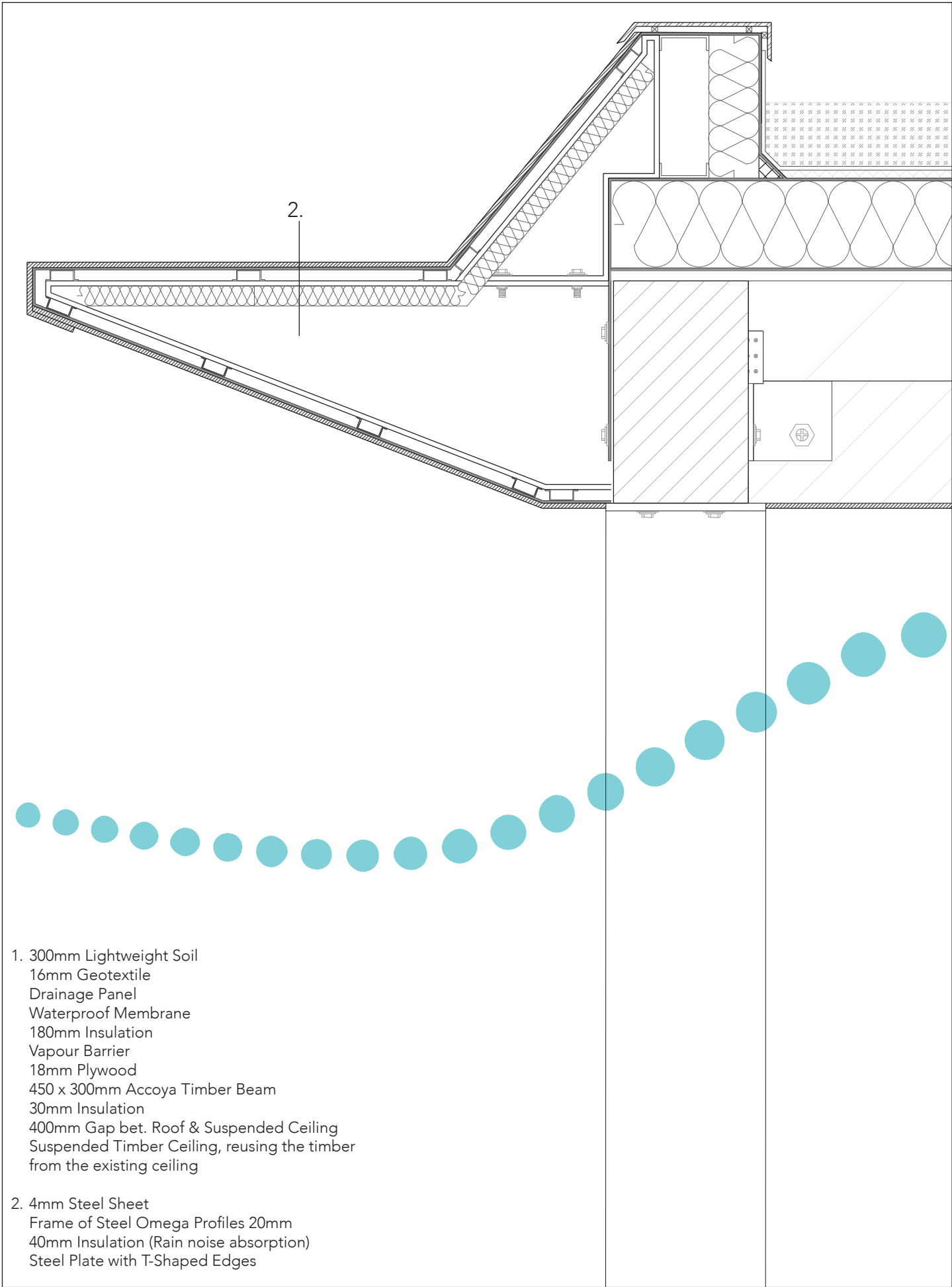
Axonometric Diagram- Mechanical Ventilation

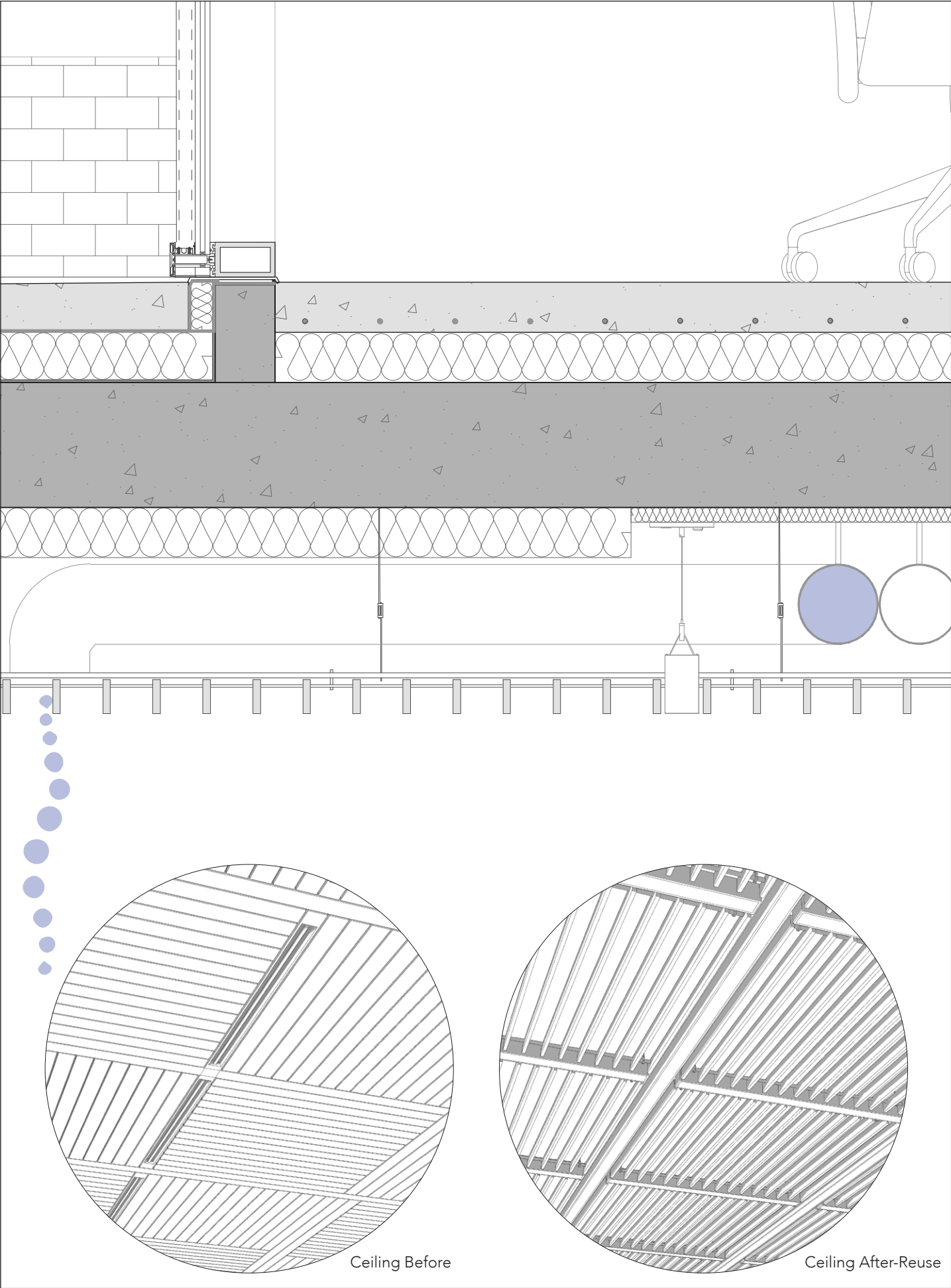
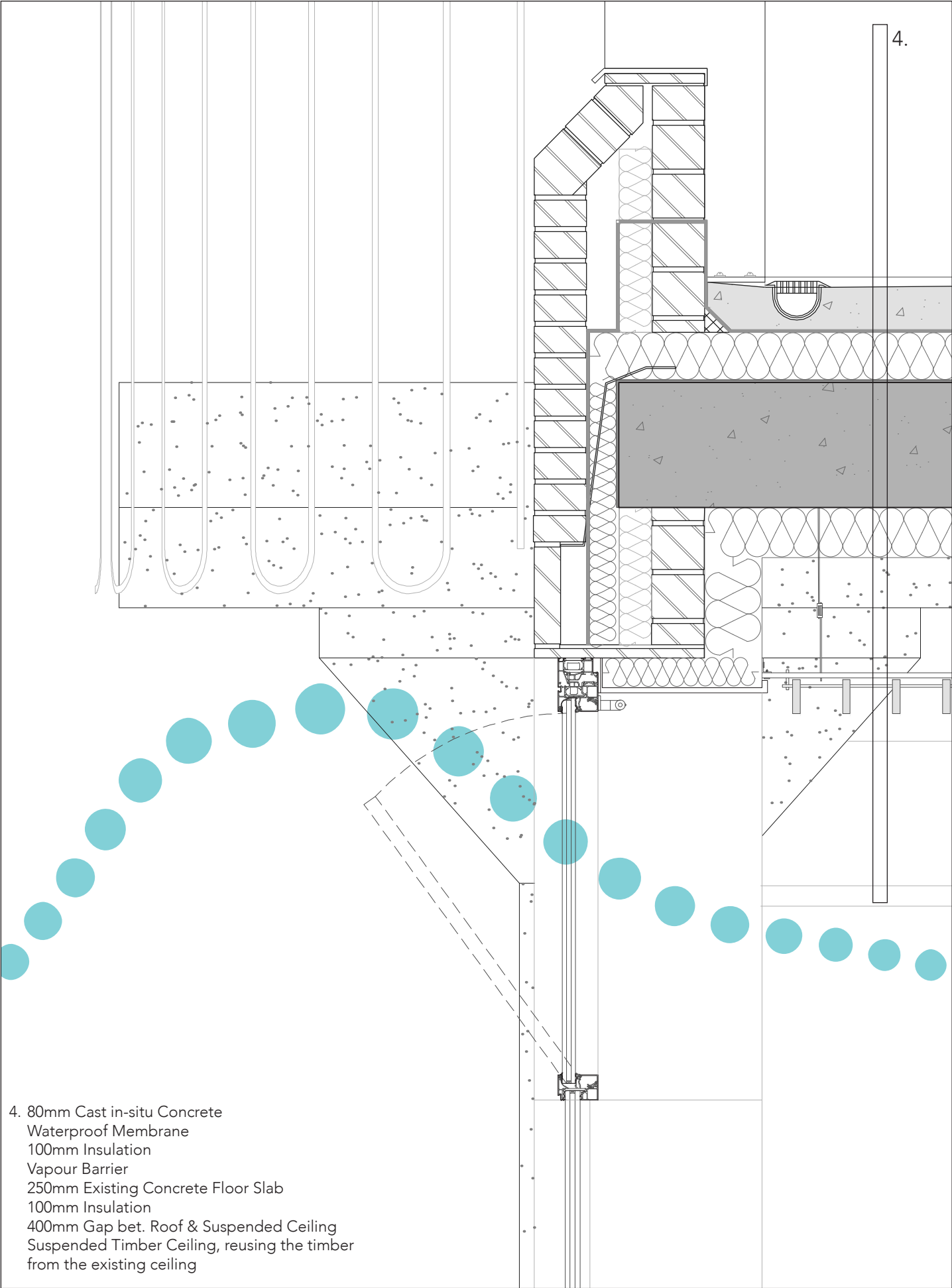




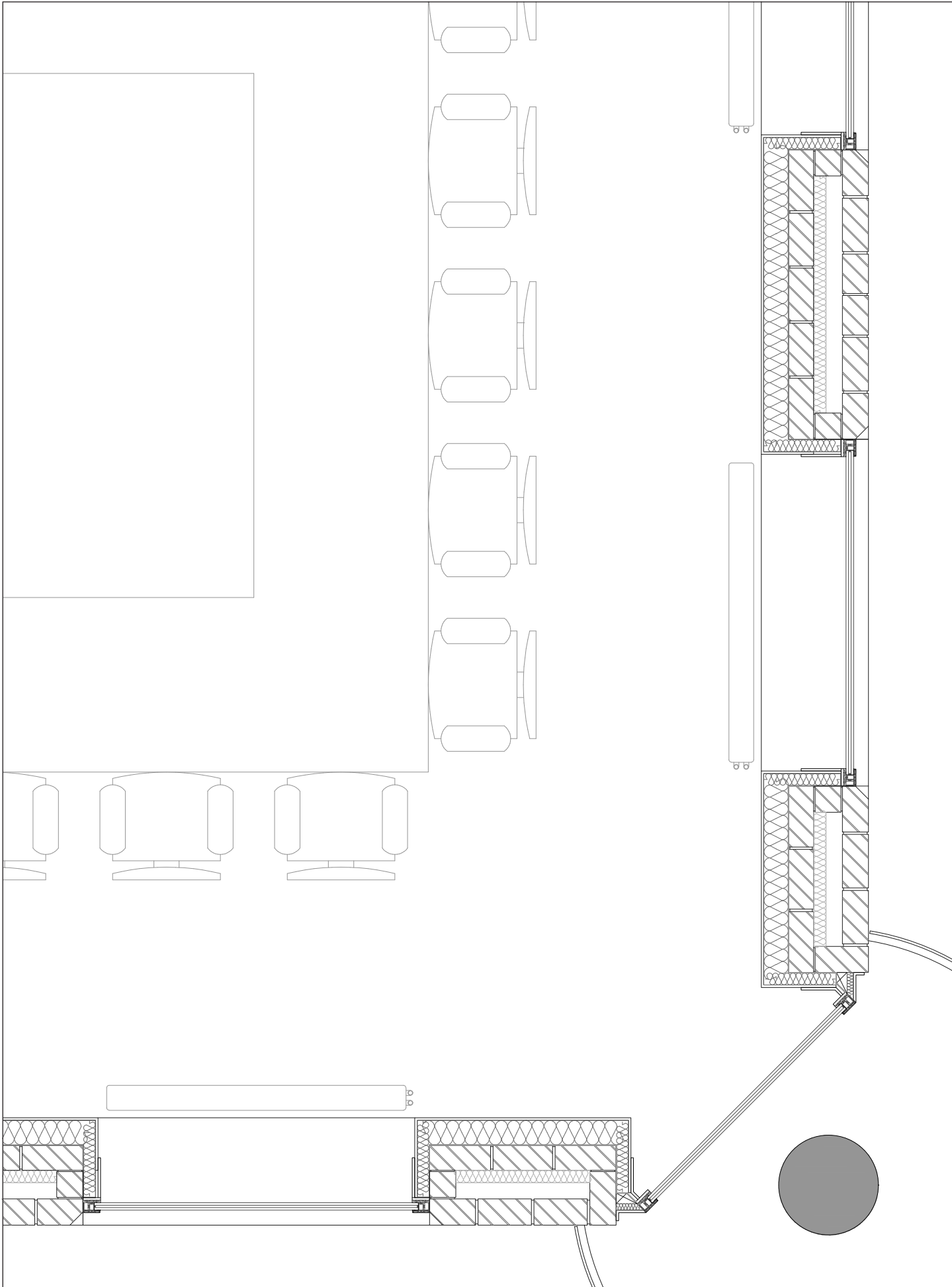
3D Axonometric Detail



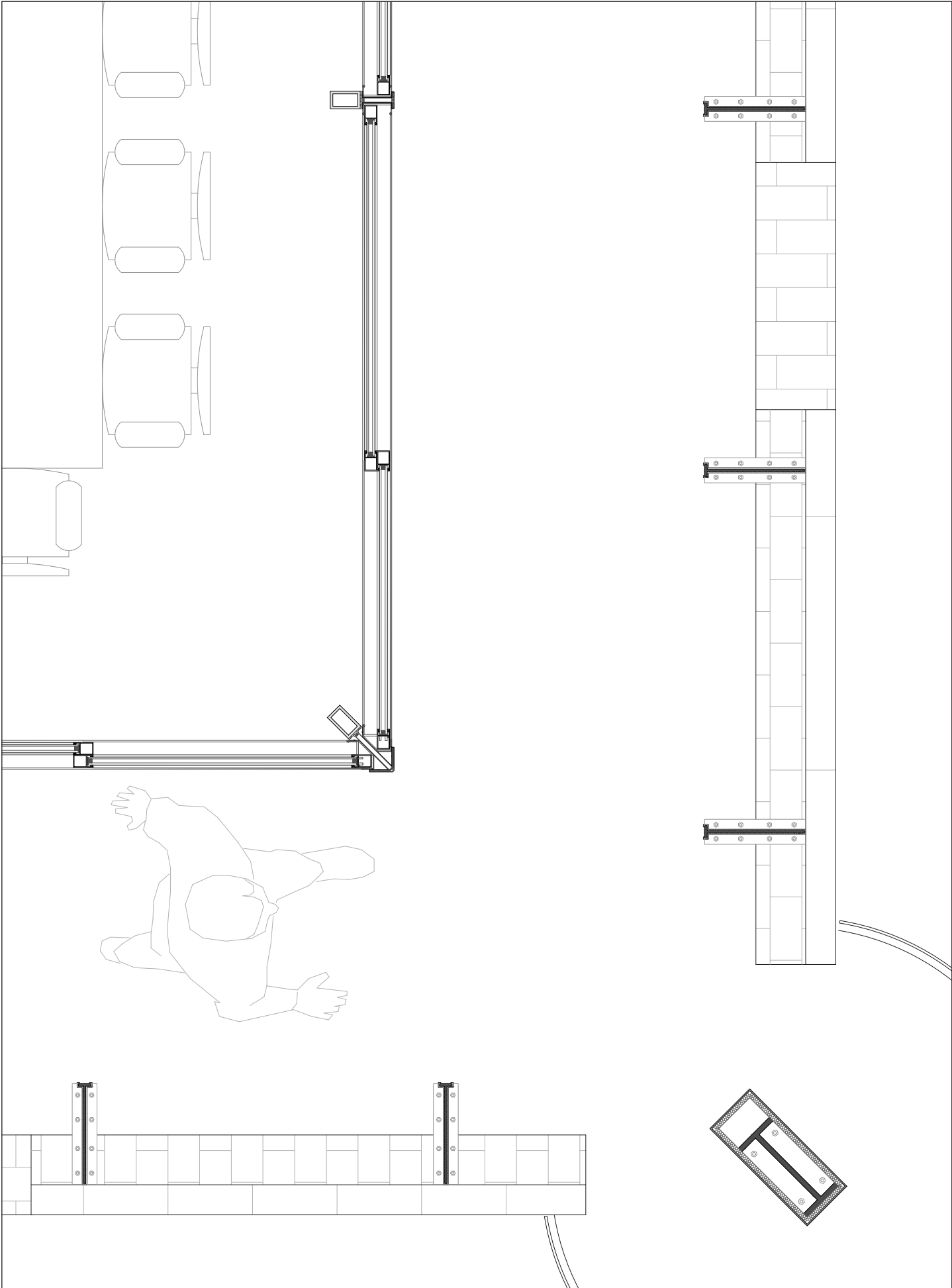




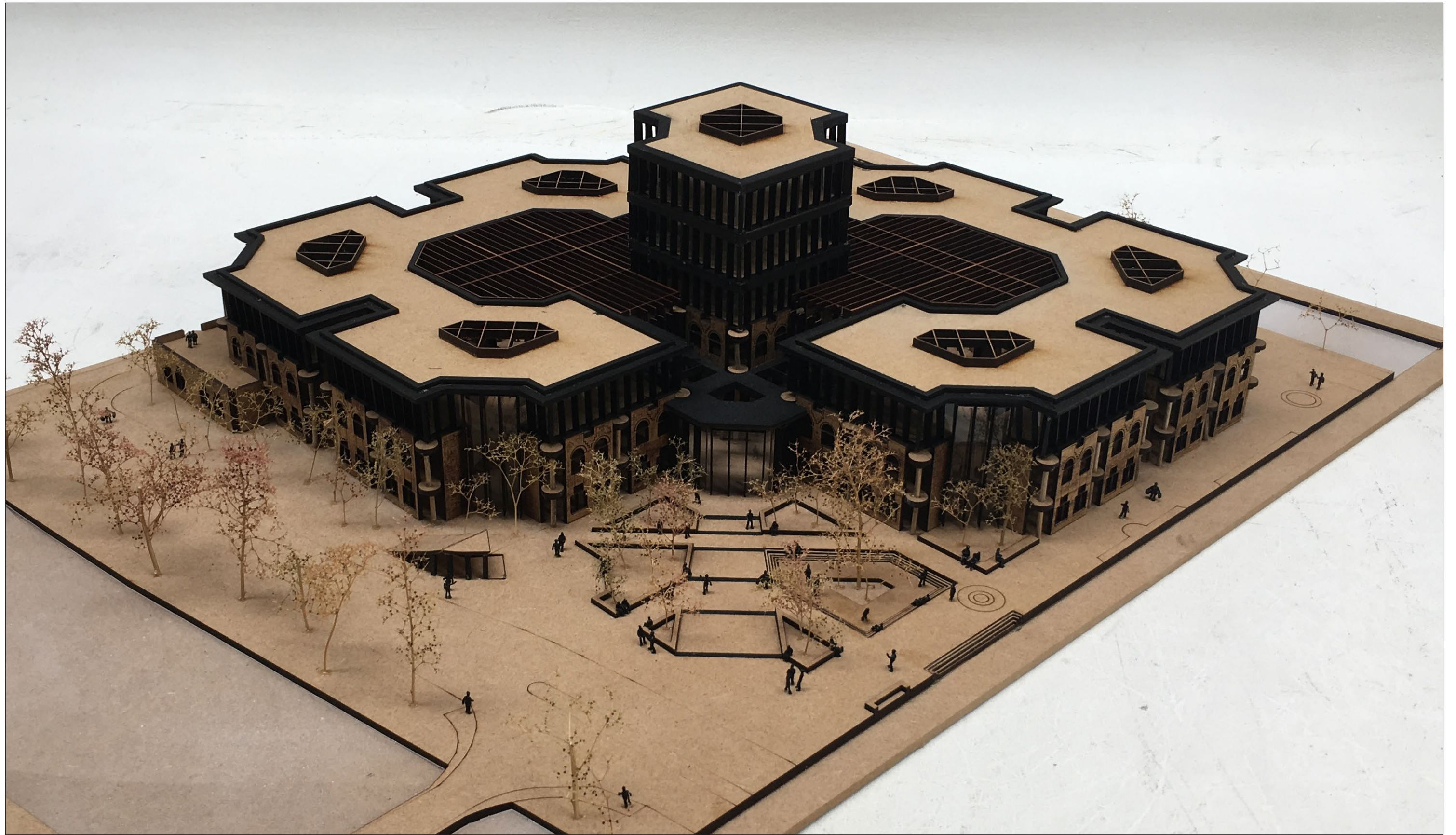
Details - Existing Plan, 1:20



Details - Extension Plan, 1:20

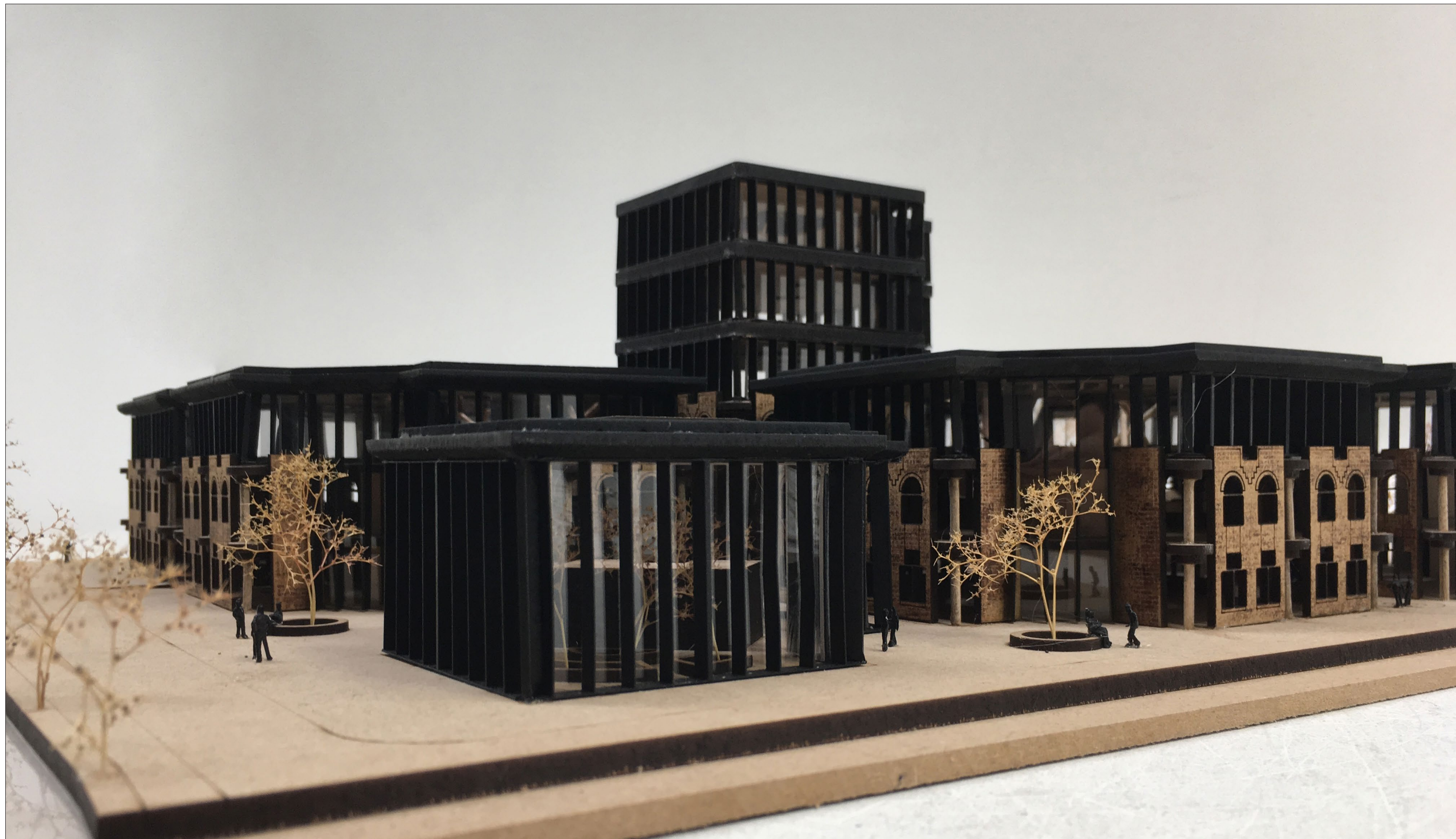


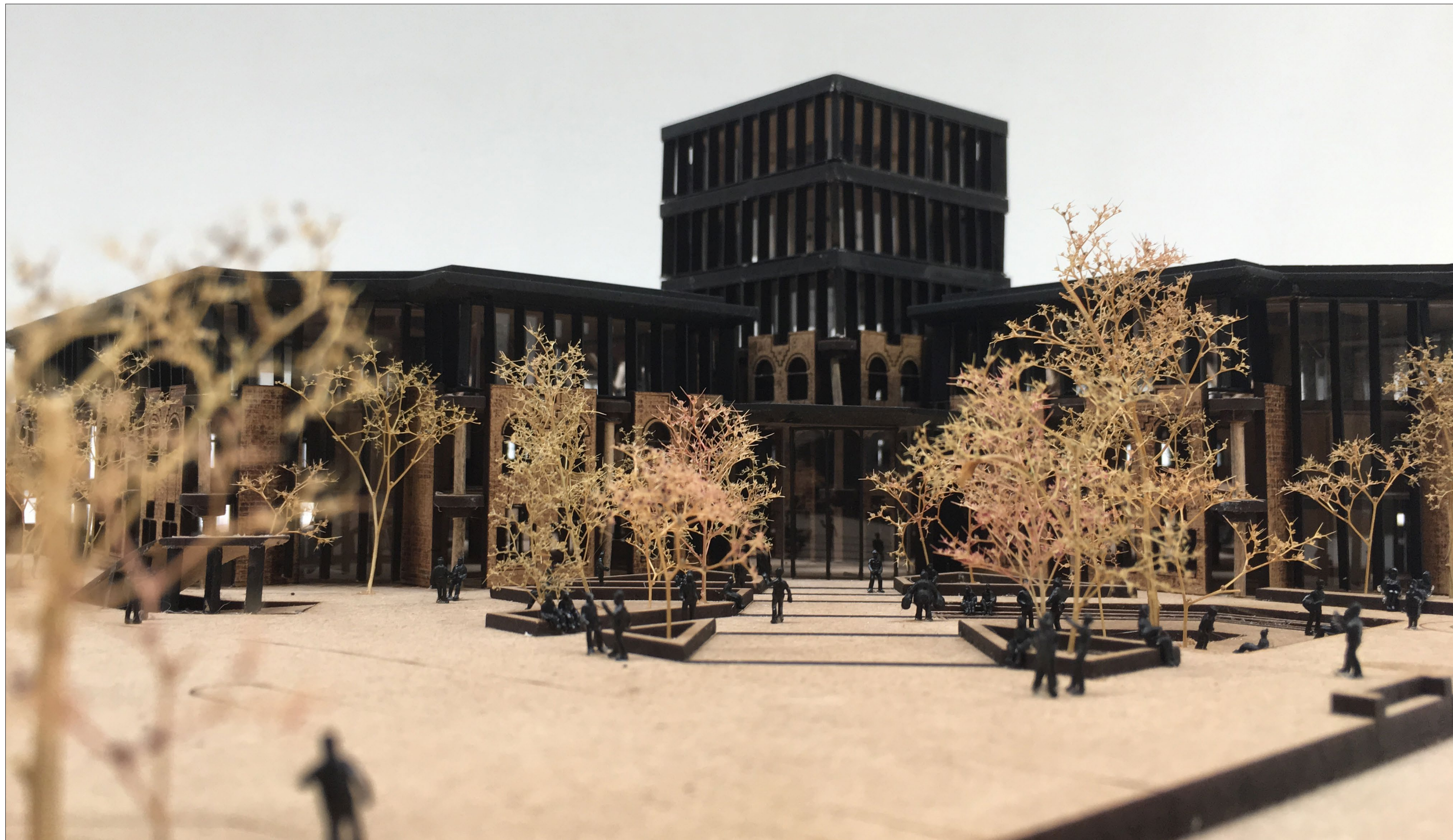
Physical Model













Link

Revitalization

Image- Highlight the Existing

Hierarchy

Sustainability



THANK YOU !