

PERMANENT TEMPORALITY

A collection of final products

A part of graduating in the Urban Architecture studio at the Technical
University of Delft by Stefan Sinnige

26th of June 2024

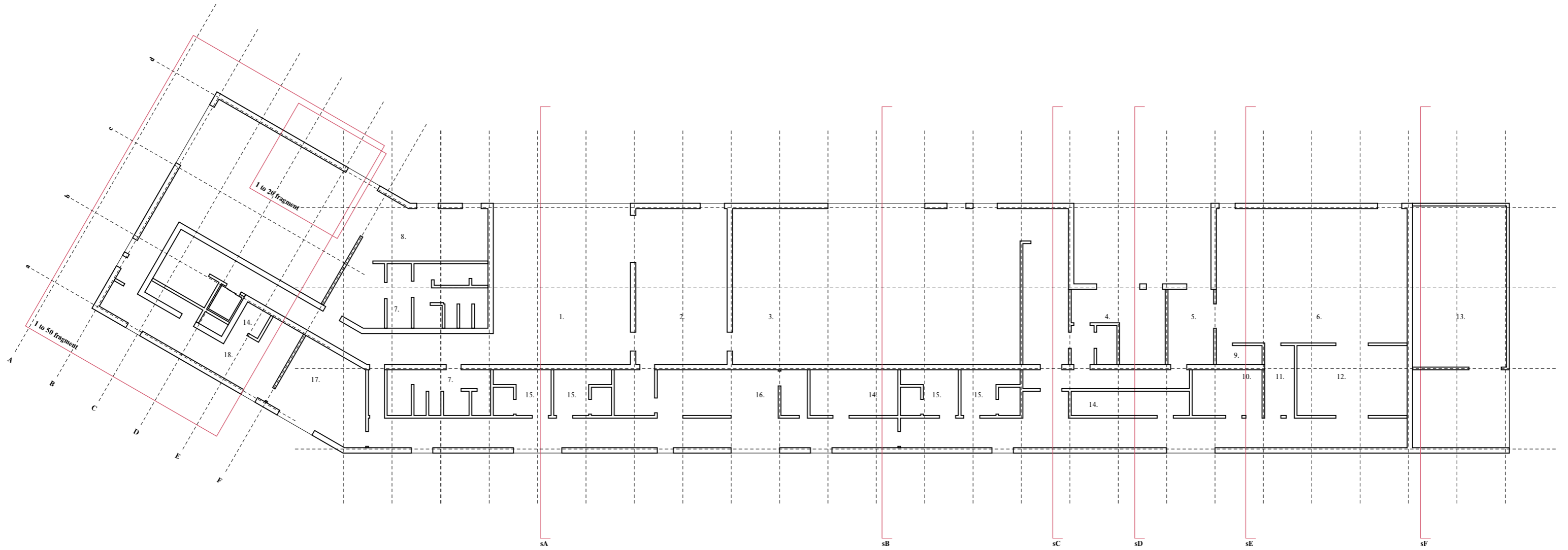
Scaled to 70%

Served space:

1. Waiting patio
2. Waiting room
3. Ceremony space
4. Family (waiting) room
5. Witnessroom
6. Crematorium
7. Lavatory
8. Condolence space

Serving space:

9. Control room
10. Preperation room
11. Ashes processing
12. Mortuary
13. Technical space
14. Storage
15. Dressing rooms
16. Office
17. Canteen
18. Kitchen



Scaled to 70%



Scaled to 70%



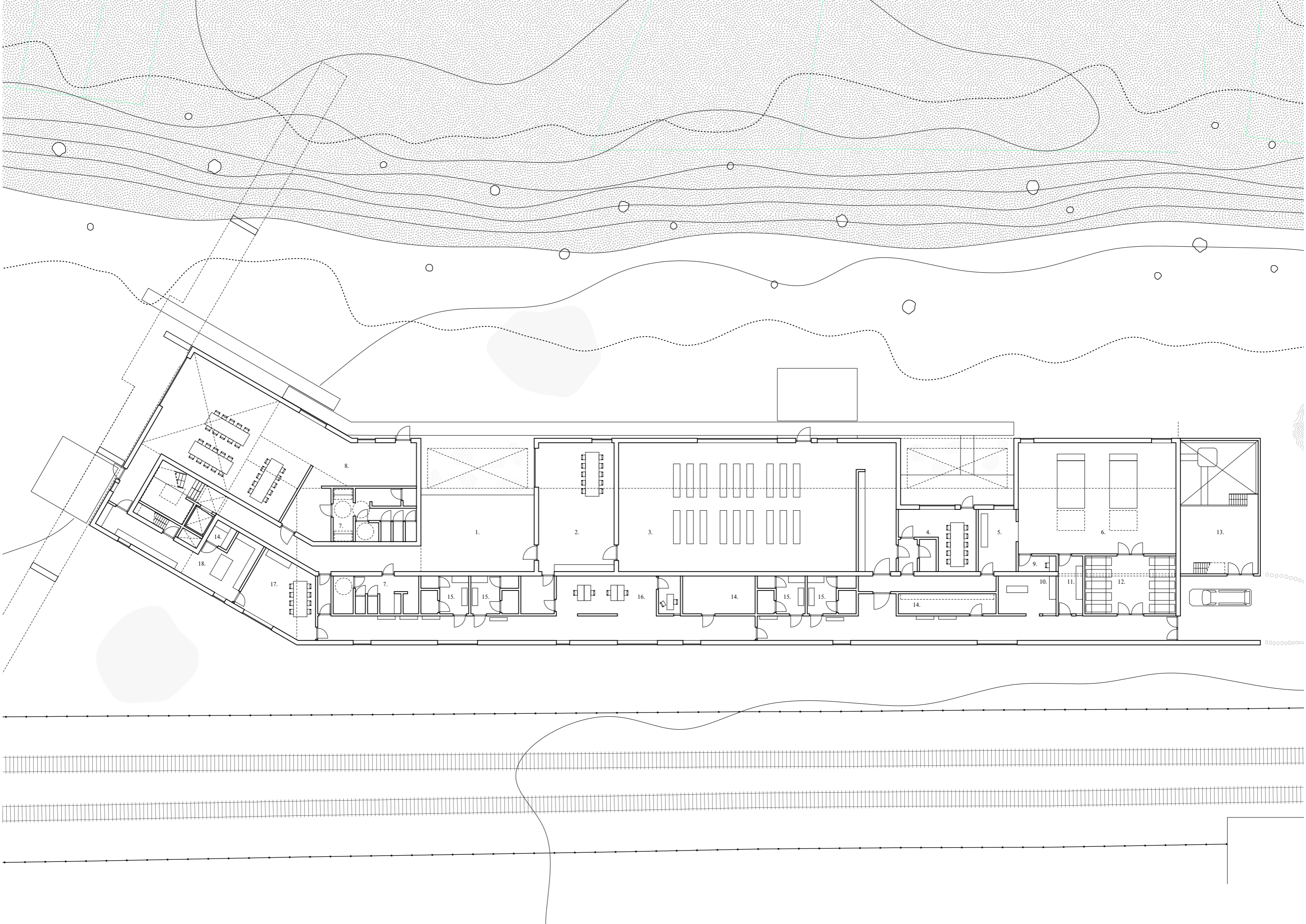
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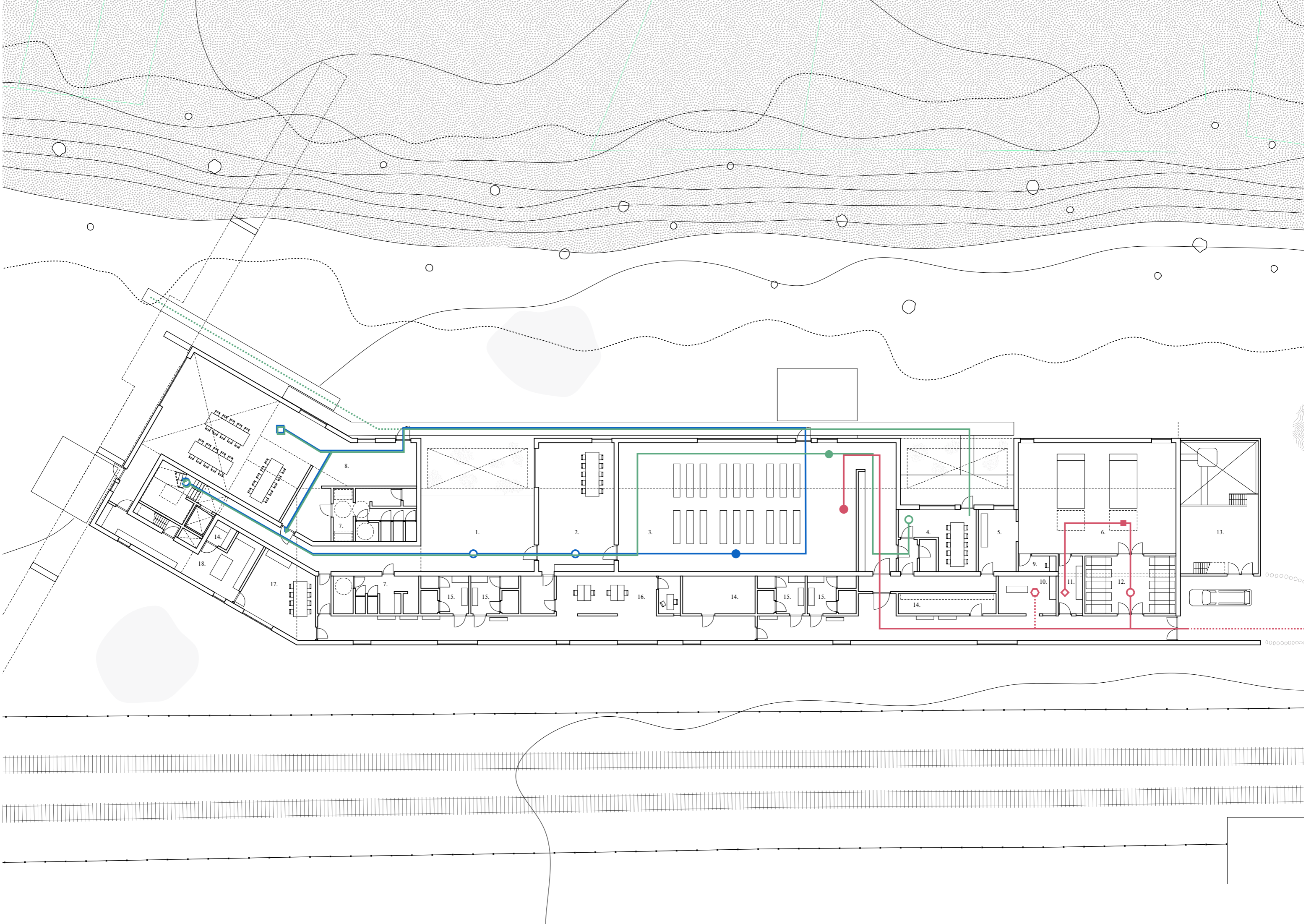
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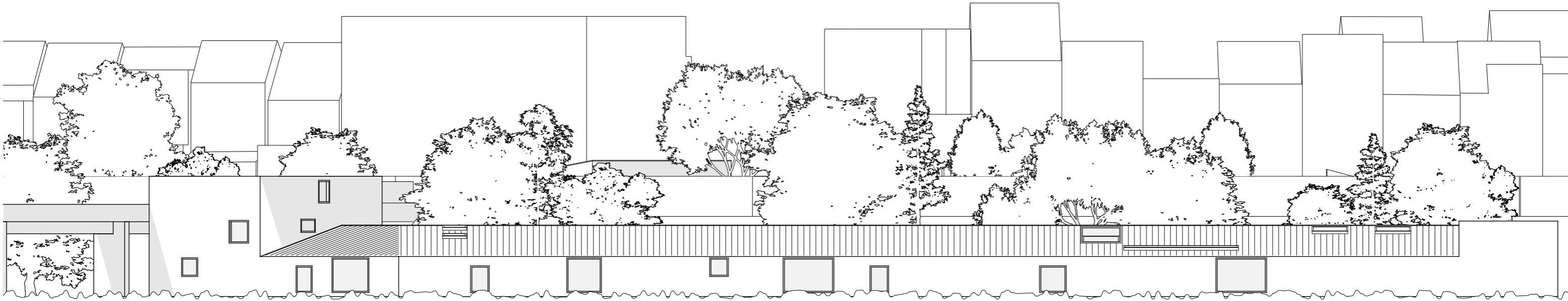
- Family flow 
- Visitor flow 
- Coffin flow 
- Optional body preparation 



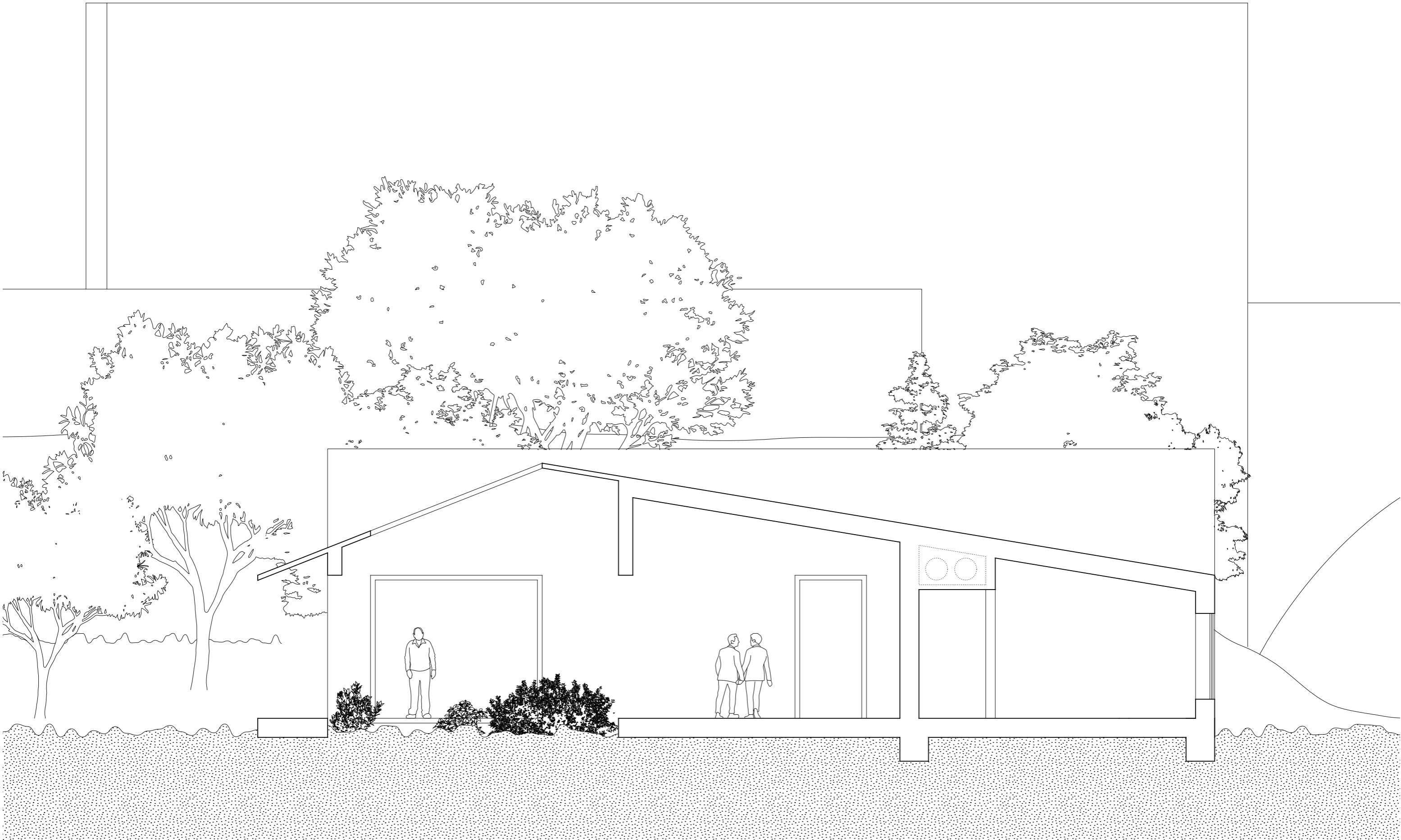
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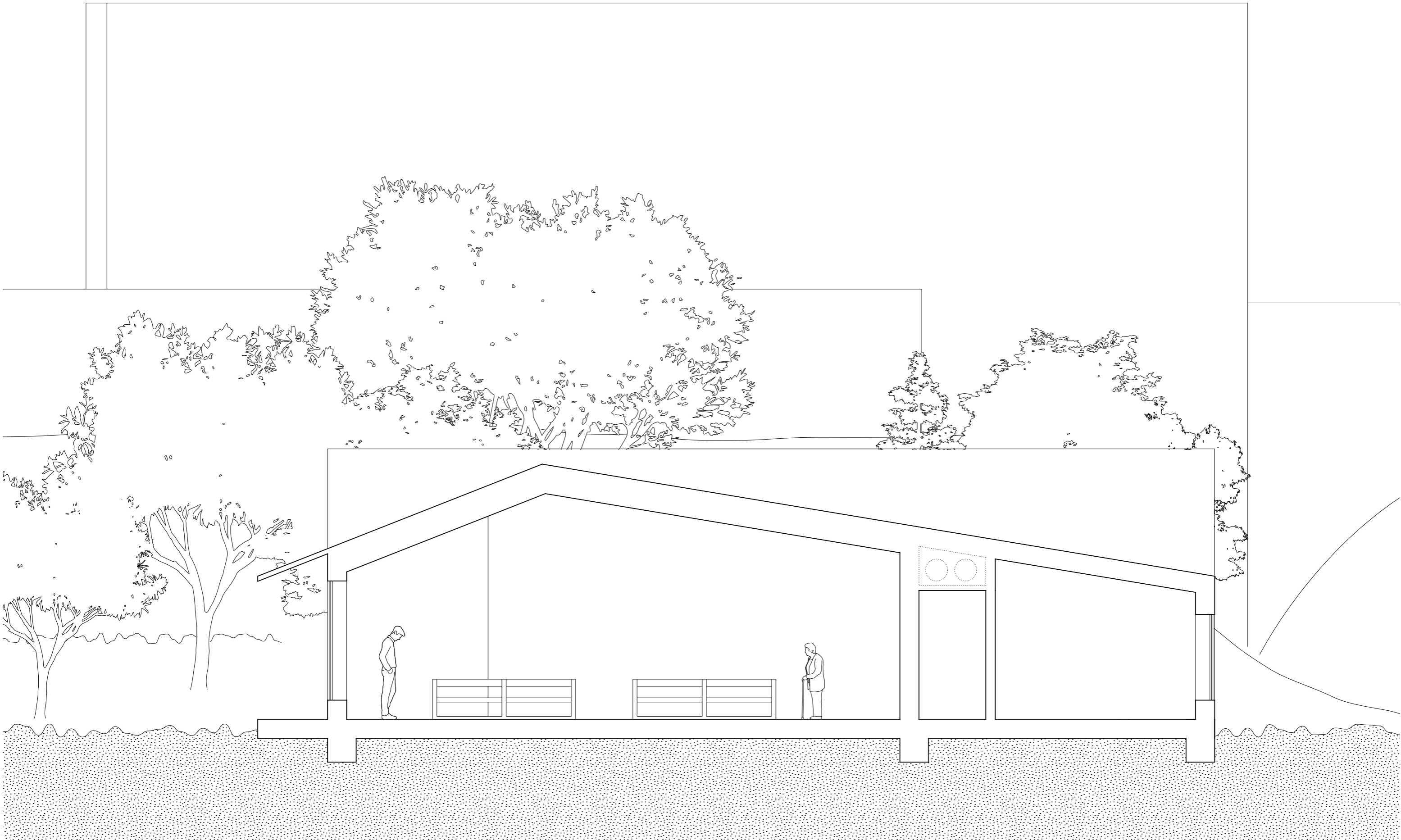
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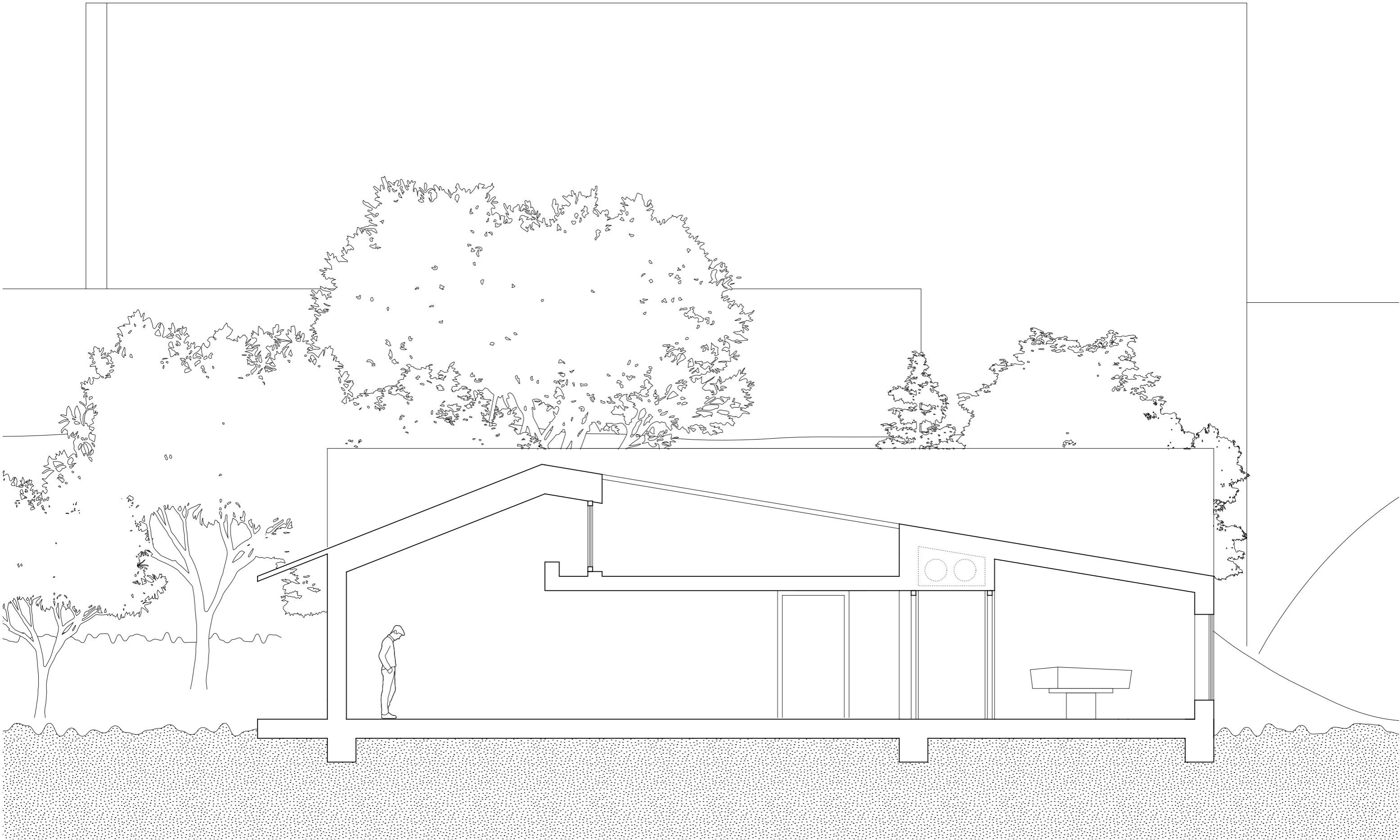
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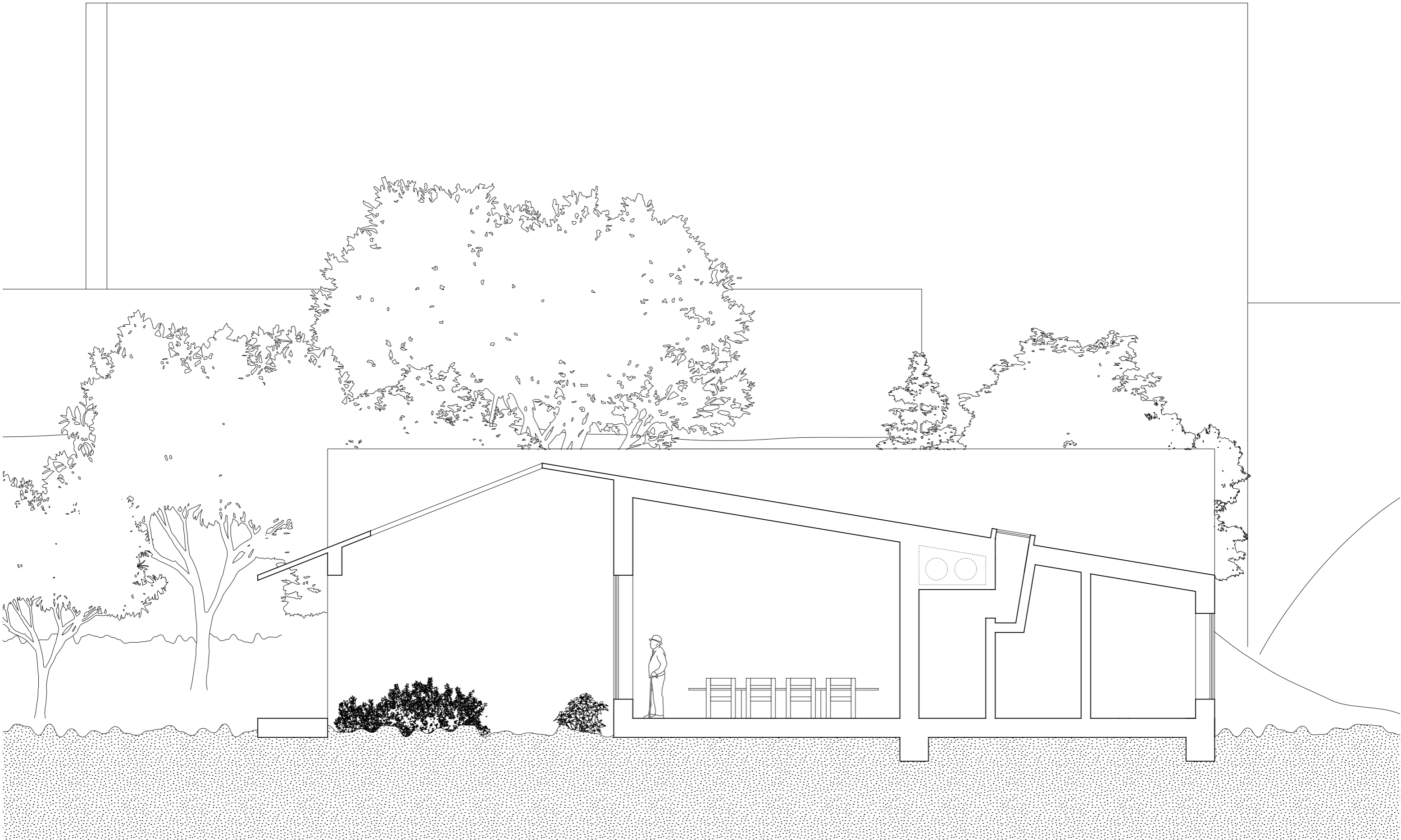
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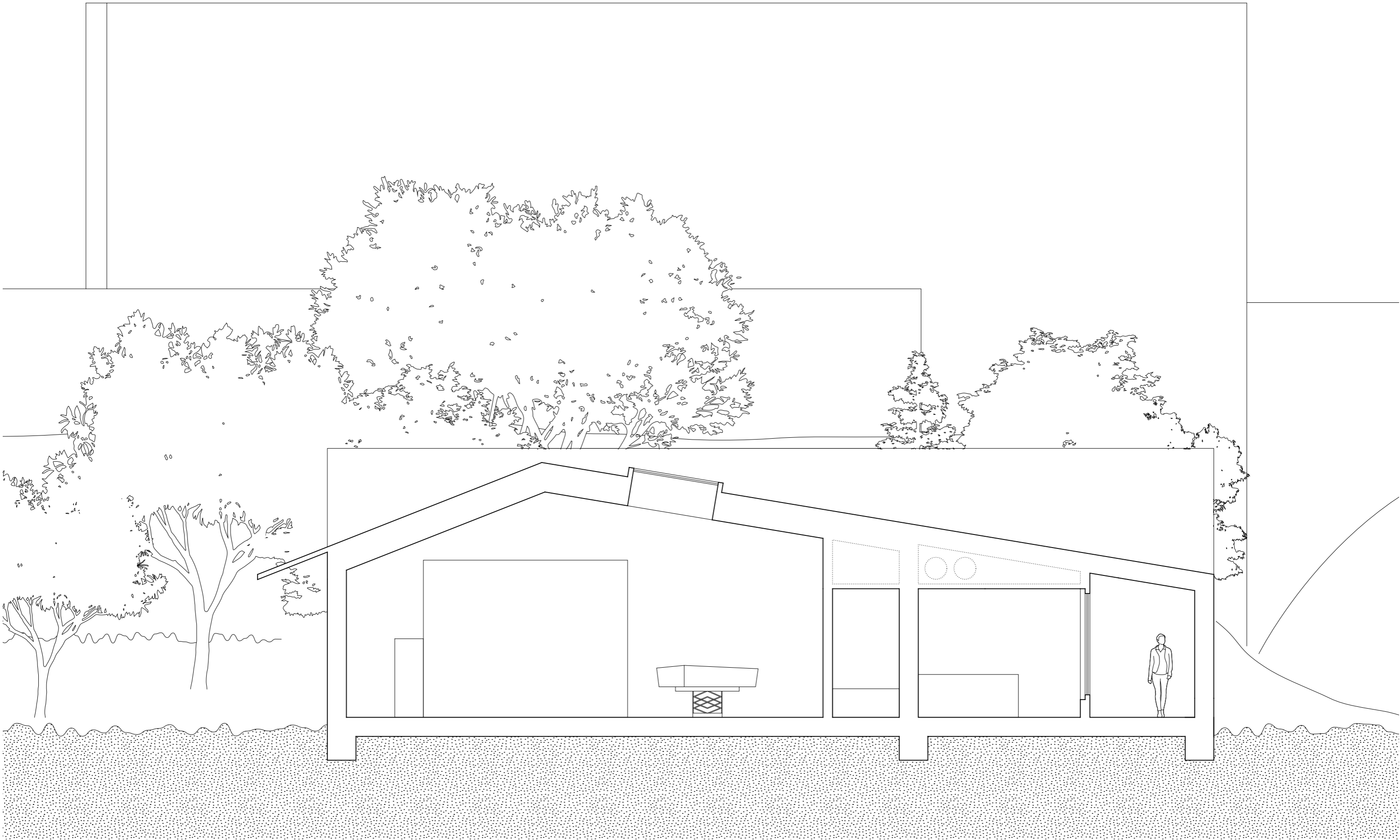


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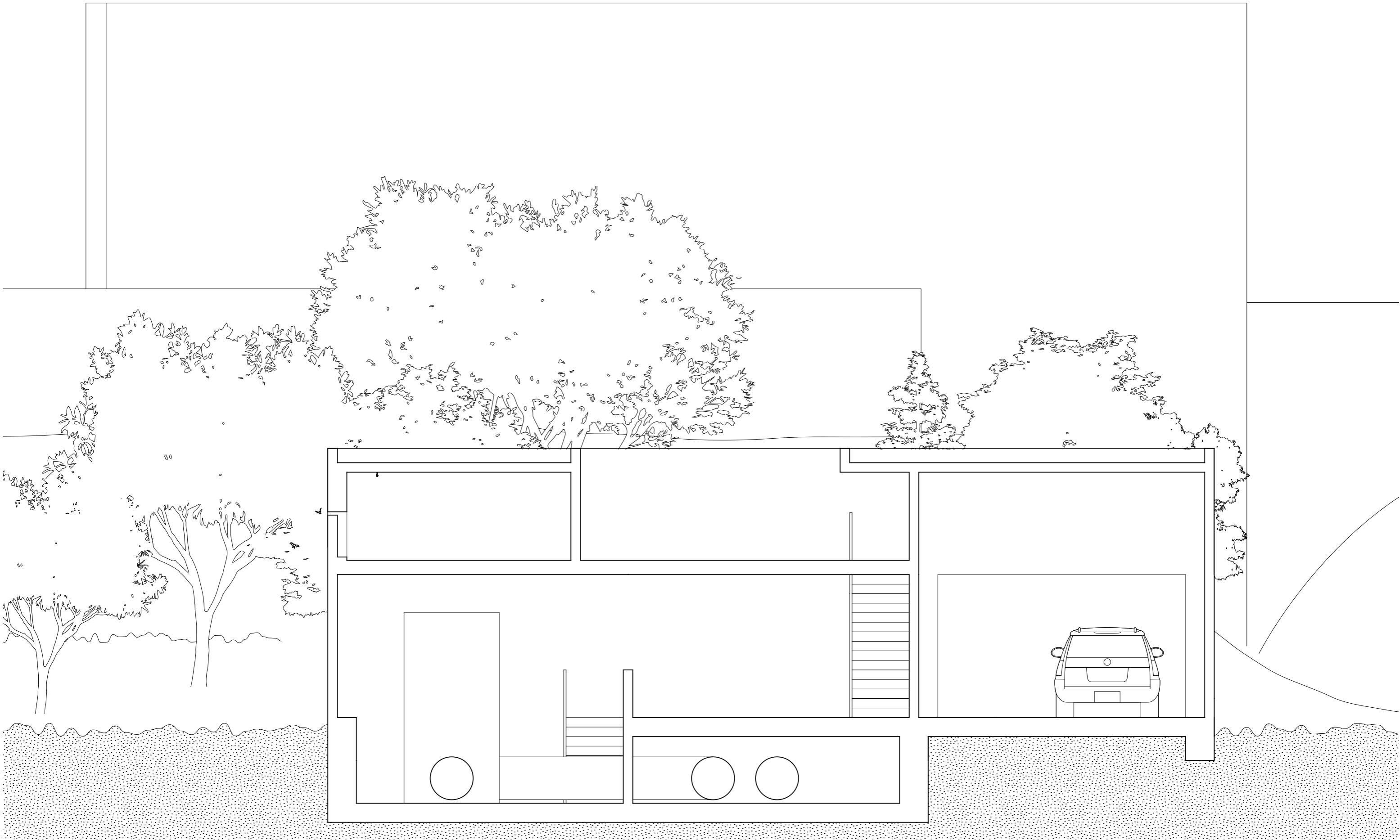


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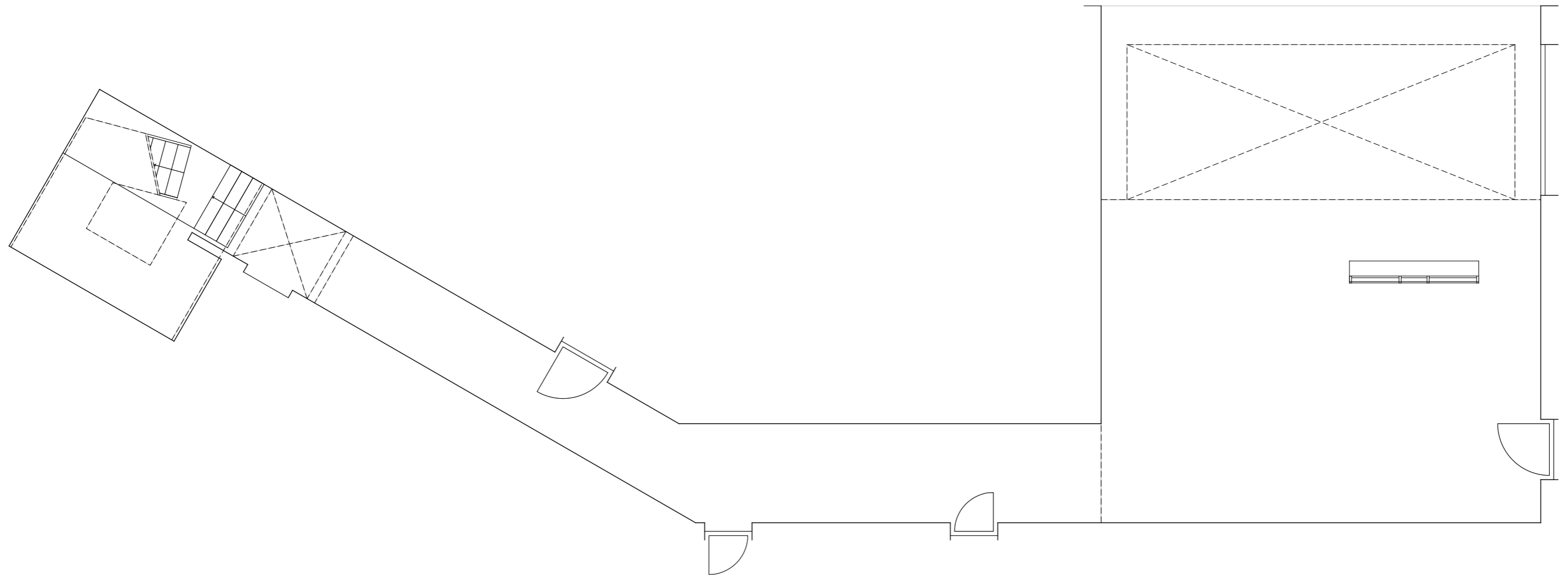




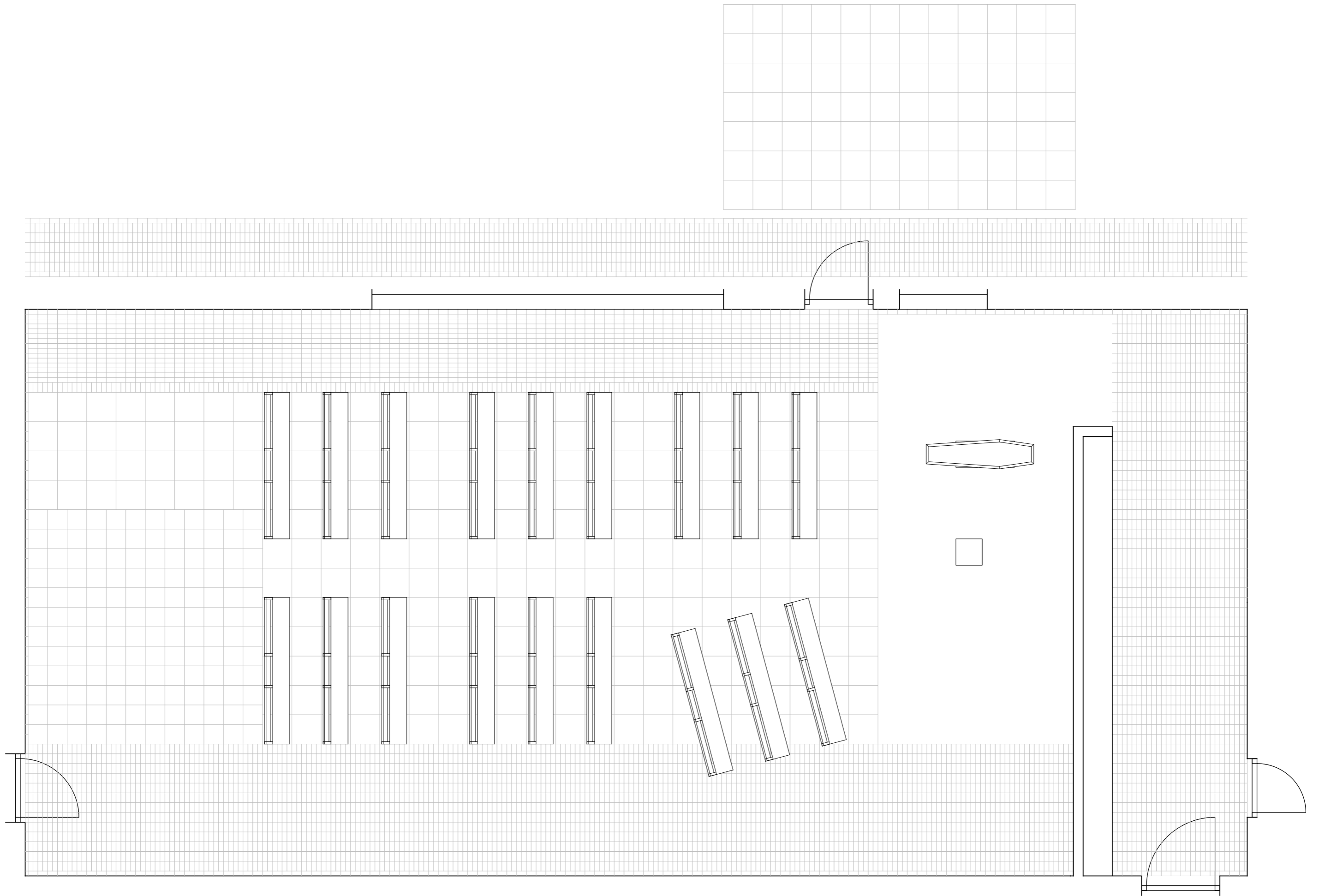
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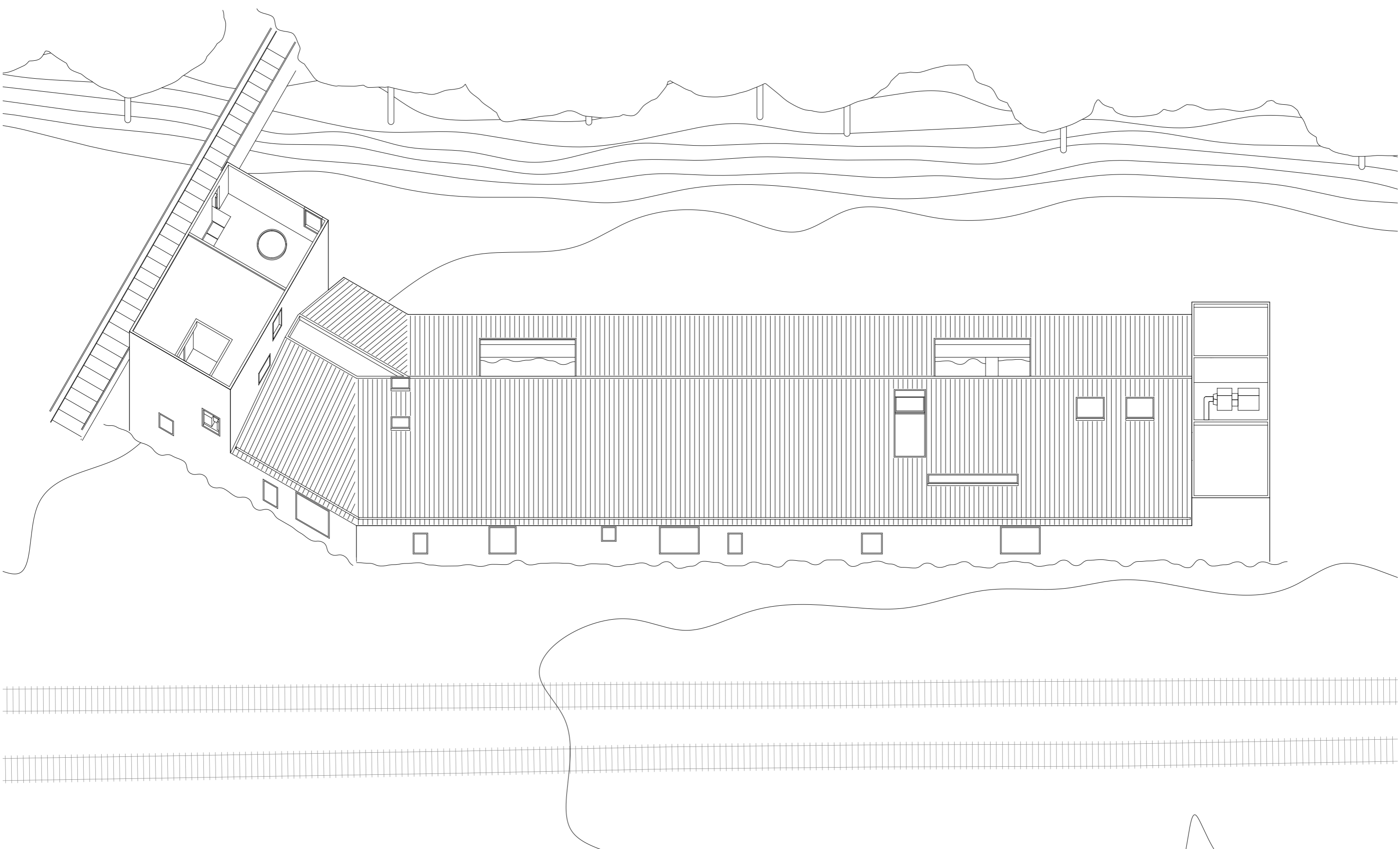
Scaled to 50%



Scaled to 70%



BUILDING TECHNOLOGY



Maintaining the mature trees by only going through this layer with a bridge. This is among others important for the birds.

The shape of the building breaks the dominant wind from the south west of the valley.

The building will introduce water concentration in the surrounding landscape. Diversity can benefit from these dynamic conditions.

The intelligent ruin allows for different purposes. A bat tower is placed above the flue gas cooler. The residual heat will create favorable conditions for the bats to hibernate.

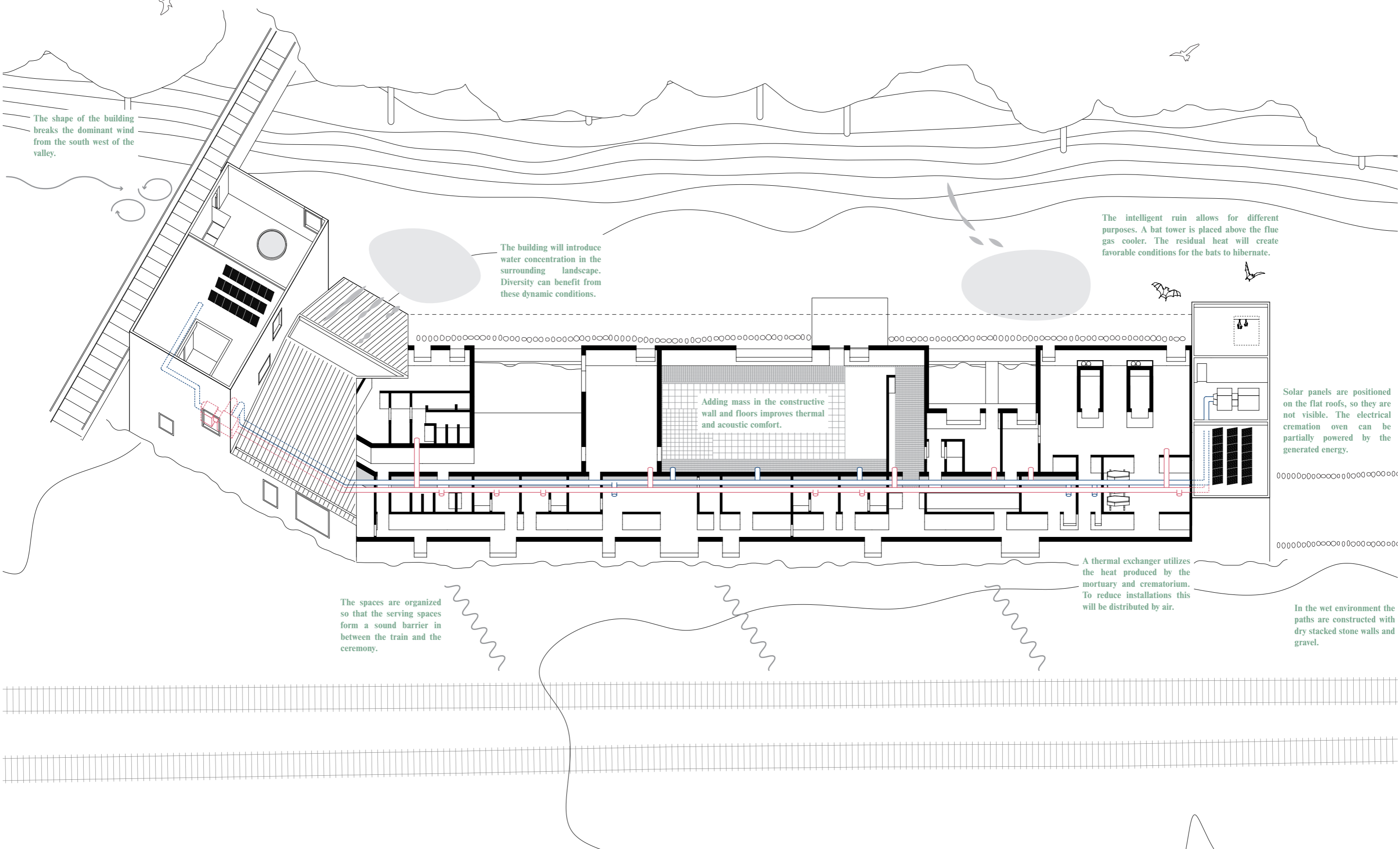
Adding mass in the constructive wall and floors improves thermal and acoustic comfort.

Solar panels are positioned on the flat roofs, so they are not visible. The electrical cremation oven can be partially powered by the generated energy.

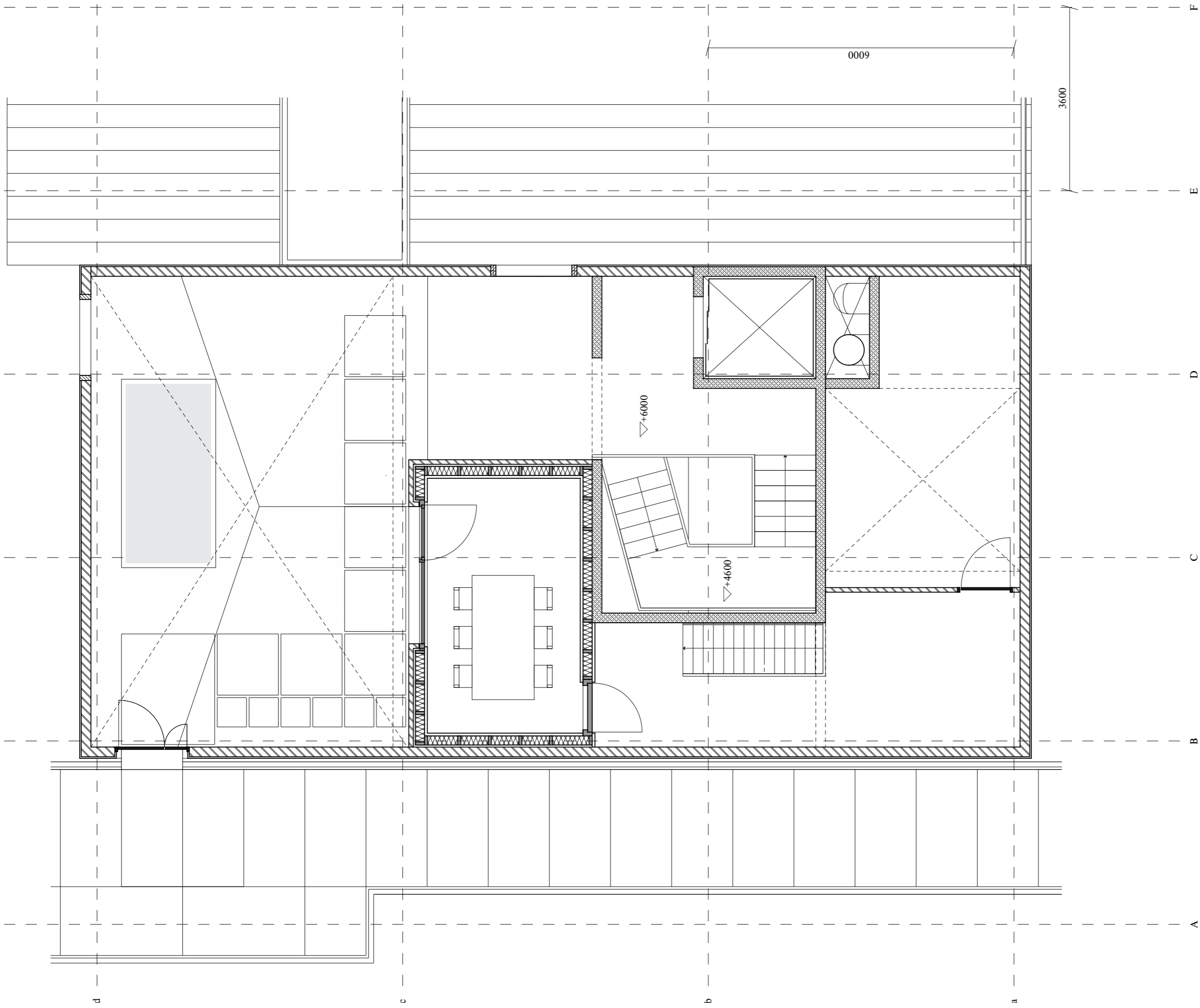
The spaces are organized so that the serving spaces form a sound barrier in between the train and the ceremony.

A thermal exchanger utilizes the heat produced by the mortuary and crematorium. To reduce installations this will be distributed by air.

In the wet environment the paths are constructed with dry stacked stone walls and gravel.



Scaled to 70%



d

c

b

a

A

B

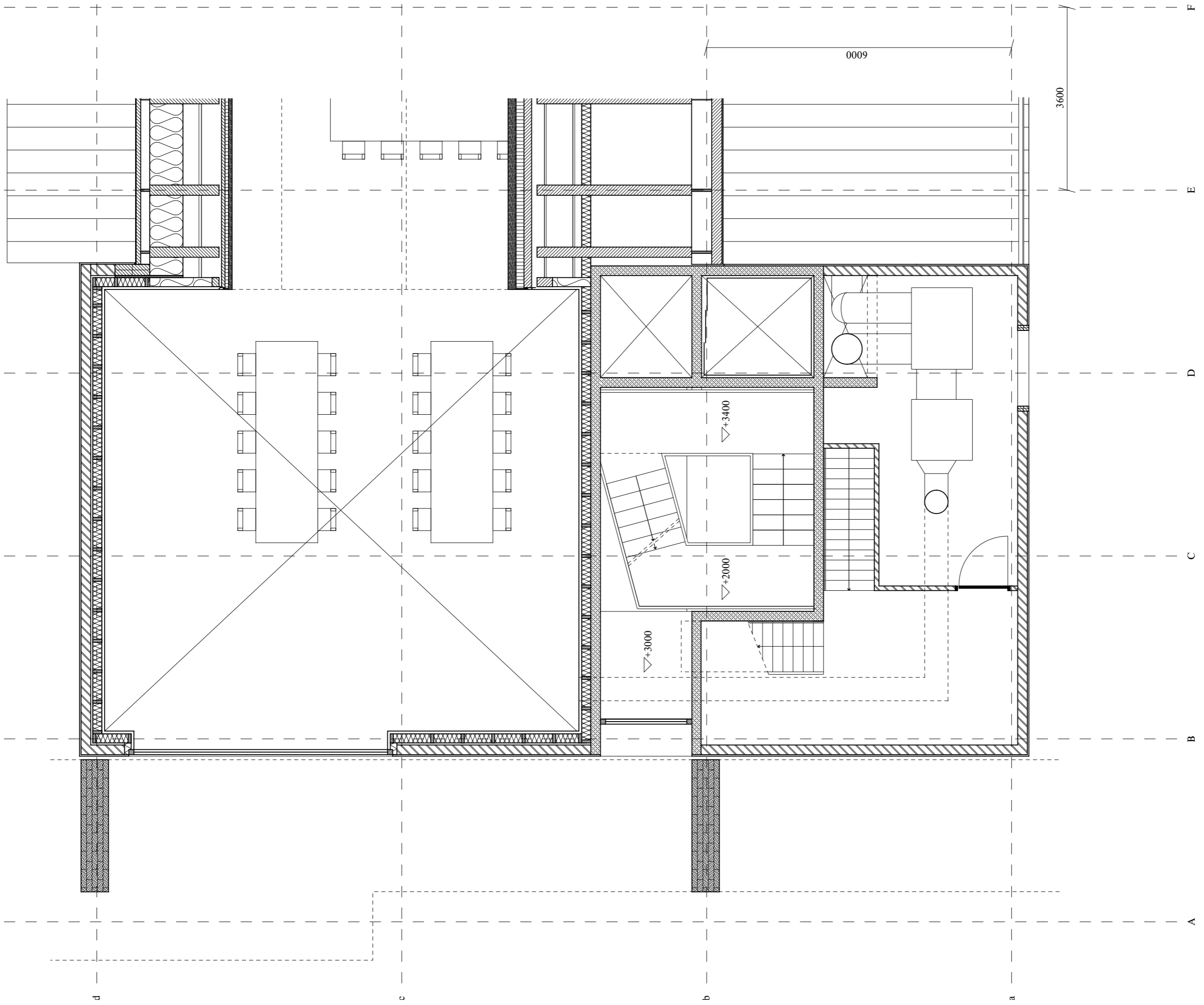
C

D

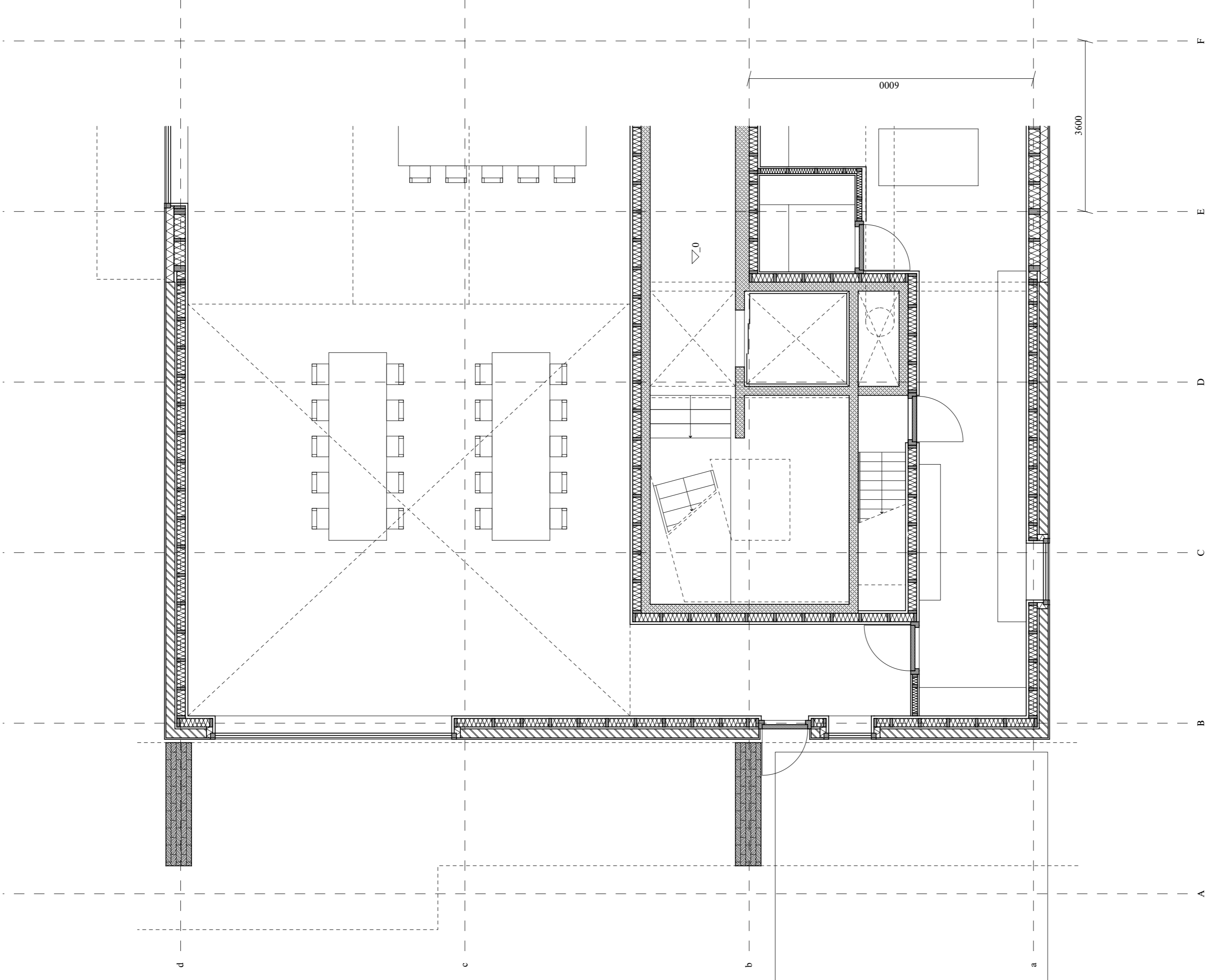
E

F

Scaled to 70%



Scaled to 70%



Scaled to 70%

1) Wood construction facade
outside

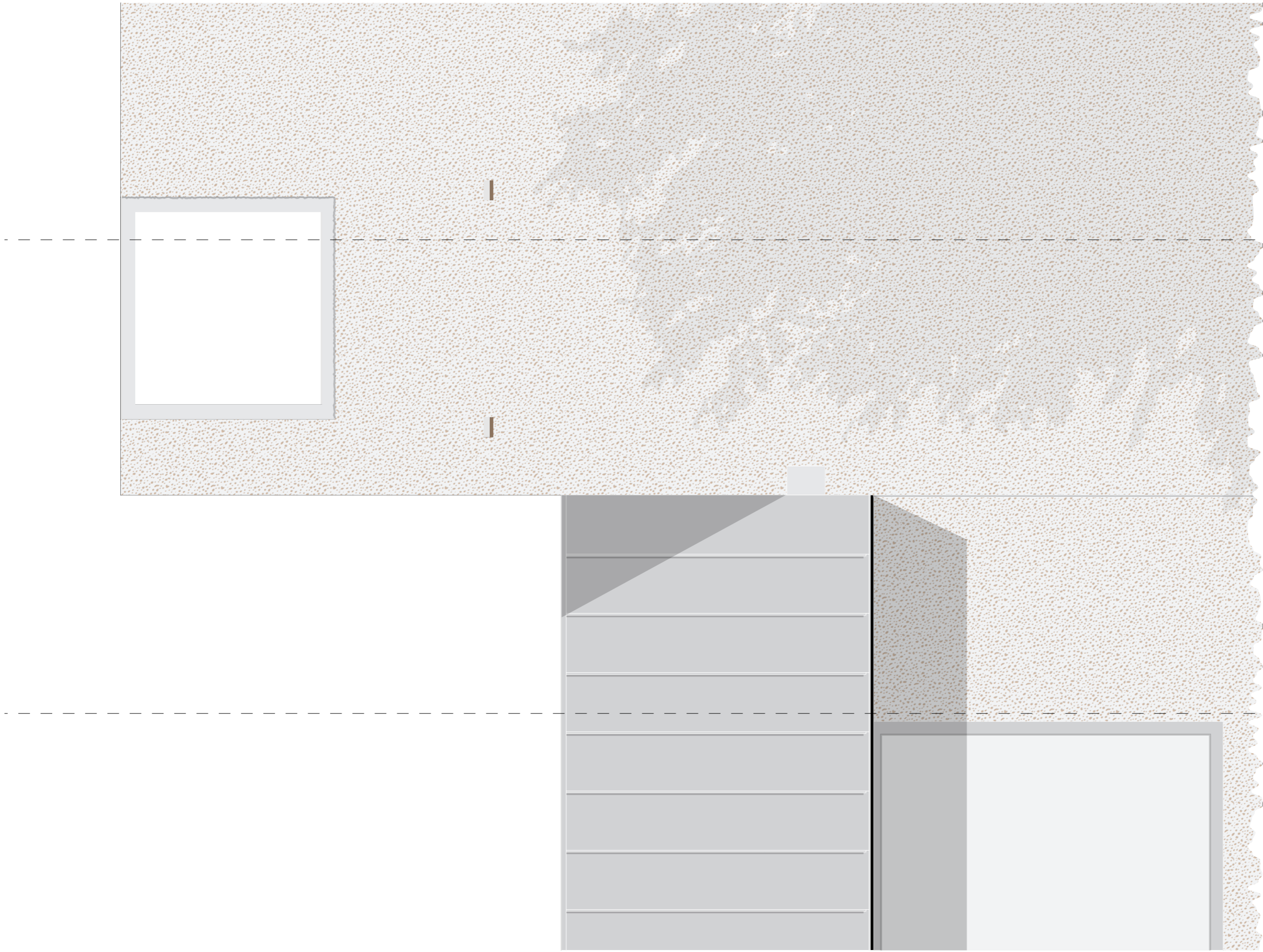
- Lime plaster with recycled roof tile pebbles_30mm
 - Fibre cement board_10mm
 - Compressive strength woodfibre insulation_160mm
 - Timber frame wall_240mm
 - Wooden columns_120*240mm_c-c 1800mm
 - Timber studs 60*240mm_c-c 600mm
 - Woodfibre insulation infill
 - Water-resistant, vapour open foil
 - OSB panel_18mm
 - Gypsum panel_18mm
 - Loamplaster_18mm
- inside

2) Brick facade
outside

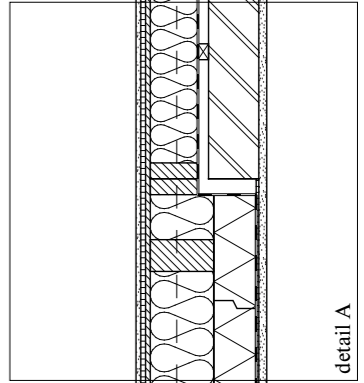
- Lime plaster with recycled roof tile pebbles_30mm
 - Constructive wall of reused 'modulemaat' bricks (190*90*50mm) crossbond_190mm
 - Cavity_40mm
 - Cavity battens_40*60mm_c-c 600mm
 - Water-resistant, vapour open foil
 - Timber frame inner wall_180mm
 - Timber studs 60*240mm_c-c 600mm
 - Woodfibre insulation infill
 - OSB panel_18mm
 - Gypsum panel_18mm
 - Loamplaster_18mm
- inside

a) Window frame

Wooden window frame with aluminium exterior frame cover. Positioned flush with the exterior finishing.



3600



detail A

1

2

a

494

D

E

1) Wood construction facade

outside

- Lime plaster with recycled roof tile pebbles_30mm
- Fibre cement board_10mm
- Compressive strength woodfibre insulation_160mm
- Timber frame wall_240mm
 - Wooden columns_120*240mm_c-c 1800mm
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inside

2) Brick facade

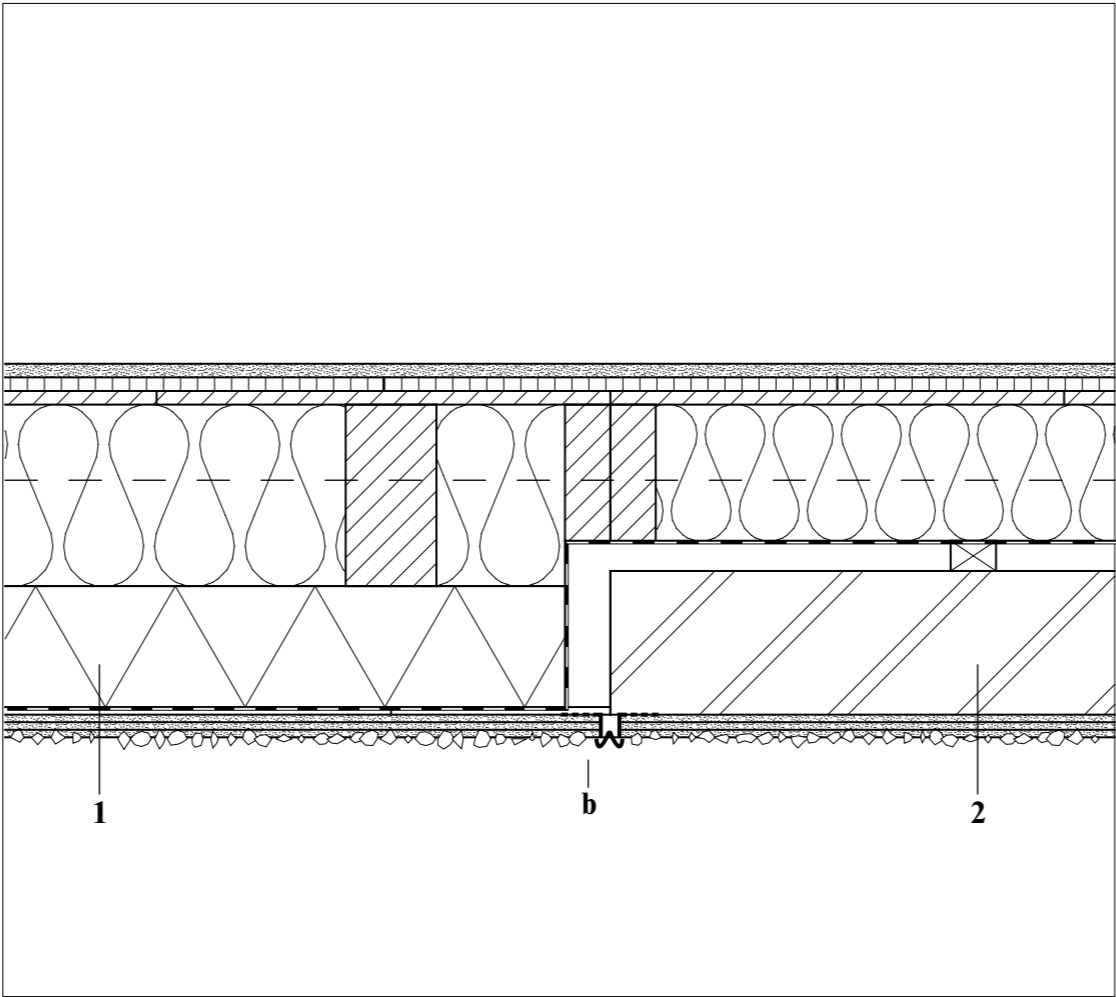
outside

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- Water-resistant, vapour open foil
- Timber frame inner wall_180mm
 - Timber studs 60*240mm_c-c 600mm
 - Woodfibre insulation infill
- OSB panel_18mm
- Gypsum panel_18mm
- Loamplaster_18mm

inside

b) Plaster finish expansion joint unlike walls

- Zinc corrosion resistant expanded flange control joint with a taped reveal
- Reinforced lime plaster base coat_10mm
- Second coat of lime plaster_10mm
- Final coat of lime plaster with pebbles of recycled roof tiles_10mm



Scaled to 70%

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inside

3) Outside brick wall

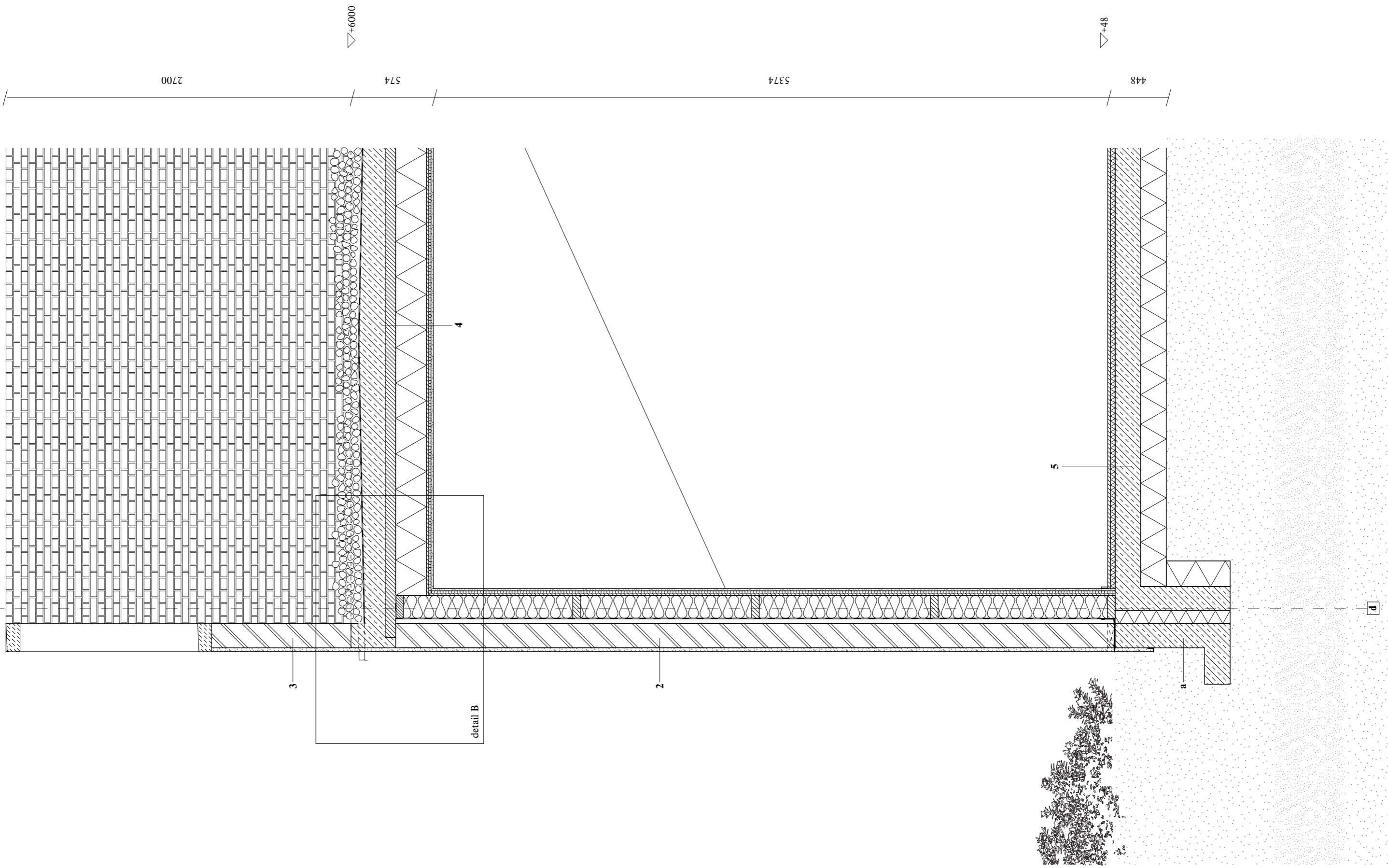
- Lime plaster with recycled roof tile pebbles_30mm
- Constructive wall of reused 'modulemaat' bricks
(190*90*50mm) crossbond_190mm
- Sandblasted finish

4) Concrete roof patio
outside
- Gravel
- EPDM roof foil
- Sloped casted concrete_<200mm
- Precast wide slab floor_80mm
- Compressive strength woodfibre insulation_240mm
- OSB panel_18mm
- Gypsum panel_18mm
- Loamplaster_18mm
inside

5) Concrete floor slab
outside
- Closed cell insulation in compressed sand
bedding_200mm
- Cast in place concrete_200mm
- Acoustic insulation, to level wooden floor with tiled
floors_36mm
- Wooden floor boards_12mm
inside

a) Foundation

Floor slab and constructive wall foundation are separated to maintain the concrete surfaces when the building will become a ruin.



2700

574

5374

448

▽+6000

▽+48

4

3

2

5

a

p

detail B



2) Brick facade
outside
- Lime plaster with recycled roof tile pebbles_30mm
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- Cavity_40mm
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inside

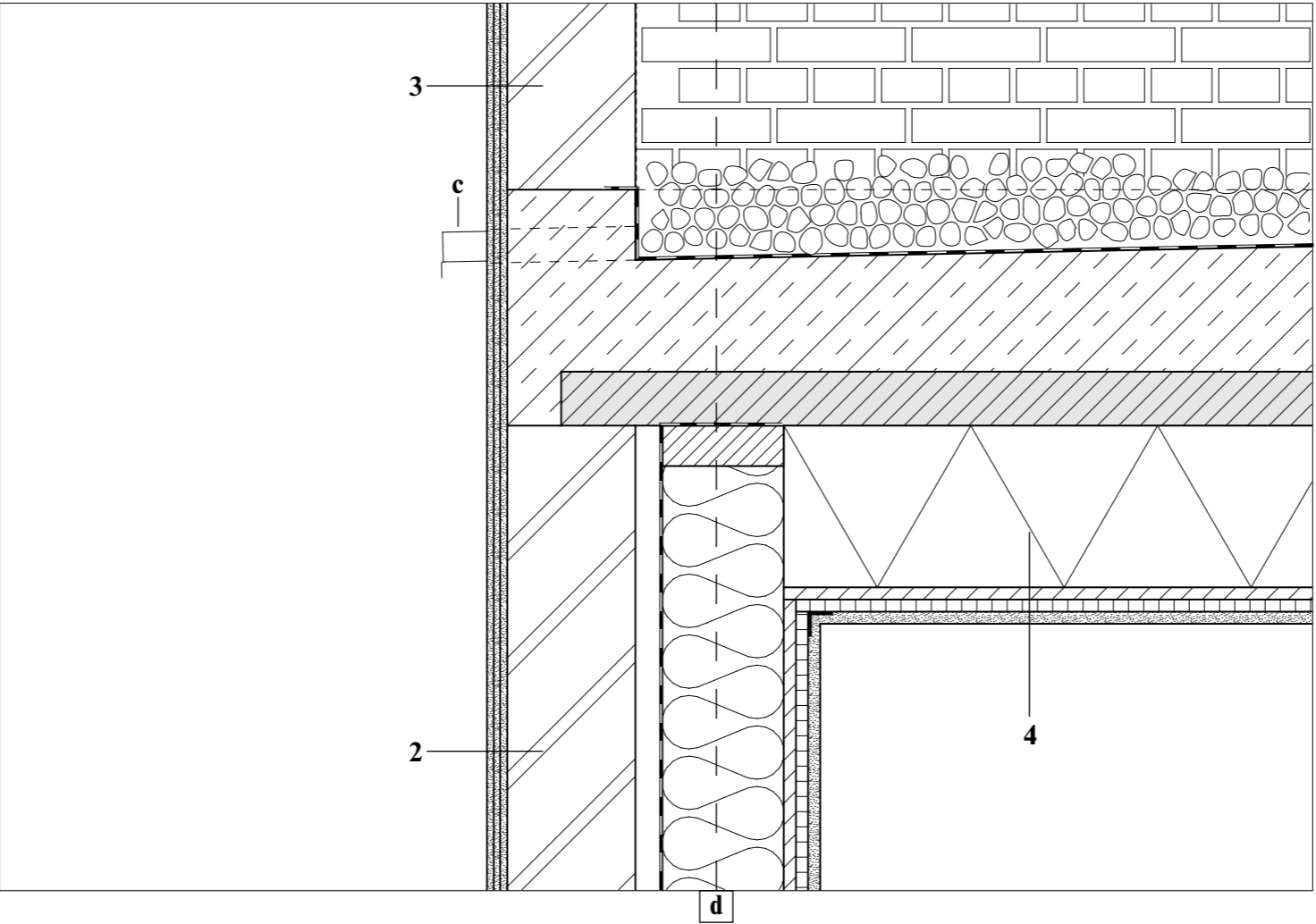
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- Compressive strength woodfibre insulation_240mm
- OSB panel_18mm
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- Loamplaster_18mm
inside

c) Metal water spoud

Occasional opening for water drainage with metal water
spoud.



Scaled to 70%

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inside

5) Concrete floor slab

outside

- Closed cell insulation in compressed sand bedding_200mm
- Cast in place concrete_200mm
- Acoustic insulation, to level wooden floor with tiled floors_36mm
- Wooden floor boards_12mm

inside

6) Zinc standing seam roof_24.5° slope

outside

- Zinc panelling_0.8mm
- Wood sheathing_22*100mm
- Timber battens_48*48mm
- Water resistant, vapour open foil
- Laminated timber rafters_200*500mm
 - Timber outriggers_60*240mm_c-c 1800mm
 - Woodfiber insulation infill
- Ceiling battens_22*48mm
- OSB panel_18mm
- Gypsum panel_18mm
- Loamplaster_18mm

inside

7) Concrete foundation pedestal

outside

- Lime plaster with recycled roof tile pebbles_30mm
- Fibre cement board_10mm
- Water-resistant, vapour open foil
- Compressive strength woodfibre insulation_160mm
- Cast in place concrete pedestal_240mm
- OSB panel_18mm
- Gypsum panel_18mm
- Loamplaster_18mm

inside

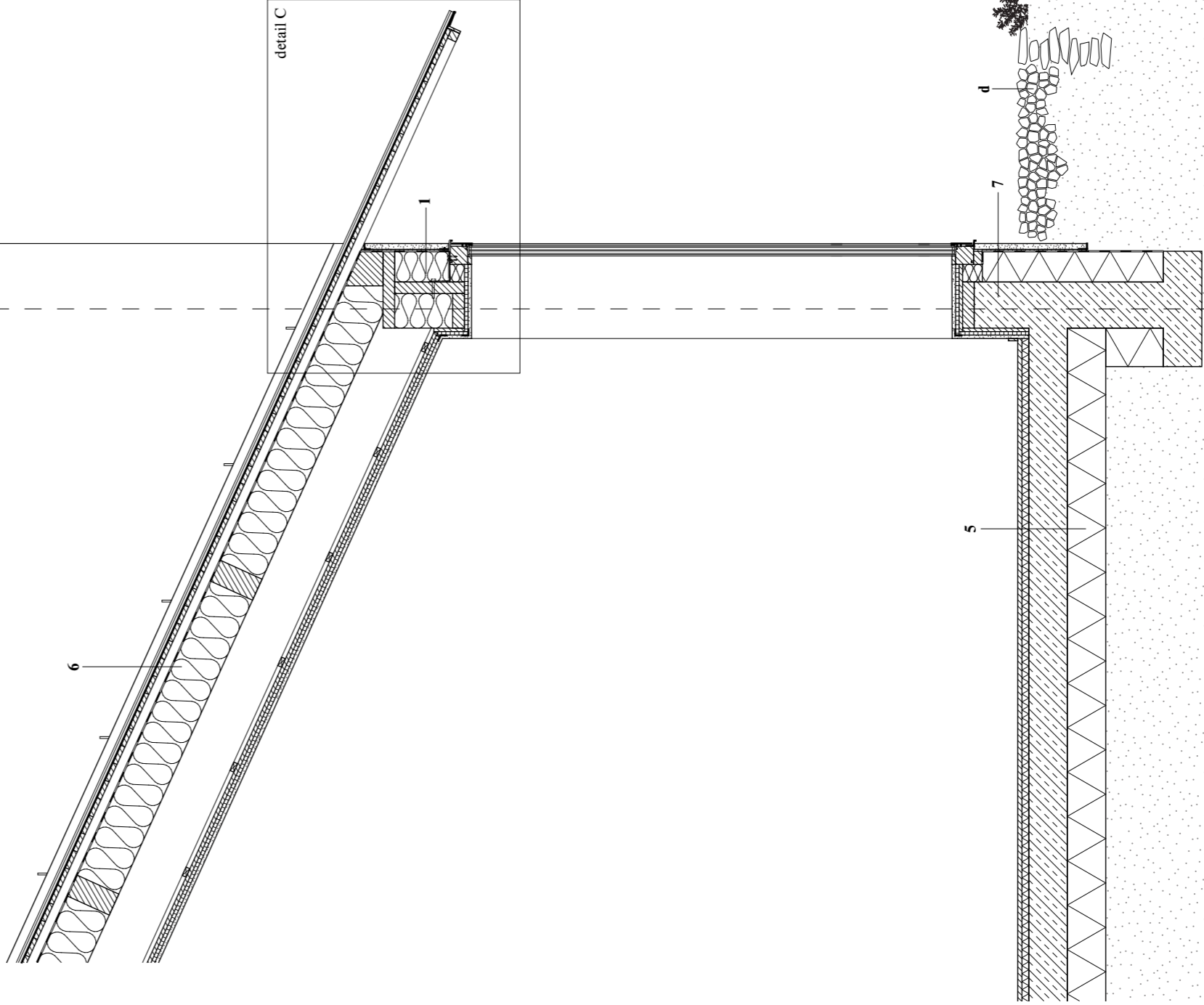
d) Compacted gravel for drainage along foundation

▽+8700

▽+2920

▽+48

detail C



154

2500

400

448

1) Wood construction facade

outside

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- OSB panel_18mm
- Gypsum panel_18mm
- Loamplaster_18mm

inside

6) Zinc standing seam roof_24.5° slope

outside

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- Wood sheathing_22*100mm
- Timber battens_48*48mm
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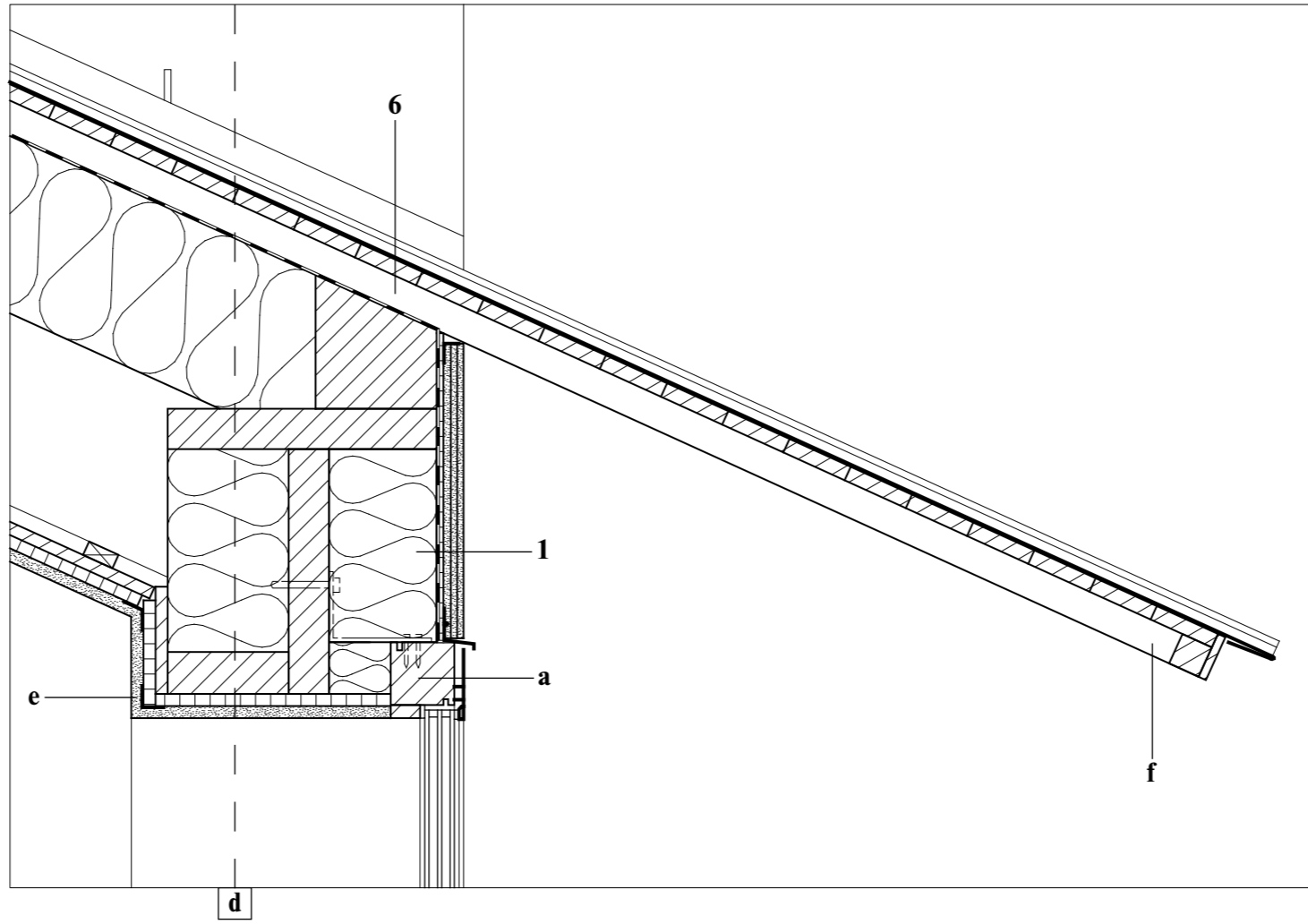
inside

a) Window frame

Wooden window frame with aluminium exterior frame cover. Positioned flush with the exterior finishing.

e) Metal corner profile for plaster edges

f) Timber battens (48*48mm) support the overhang and allow for the ventilation of the roof. The edge strengthened with a horizontal batten and finished with a wooden strip. The zinc roof ends with a simple folded seam.



Scaled to 70%

3) Outside brick wall

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- Sandblasted finish

4) Concrete roof patio

outside

- Gravel
- EPDM roof foil
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- Compressive strength woodfibre insulation_240mm
- OSB panel_18mm
- Gypsum panel_18mm
- Loamplaster_18mm

inside

5) Concrete floor slab

outside

- Closed cell insulation in compressed sand bedding_200mm
- Cast in place concrete_200mm
- Acoustic insulation, to level wooden floor with tiled floors_36mm
- Wooden floor boards_12mm

inside

6) Zinc standing seam roof_24.5° slope

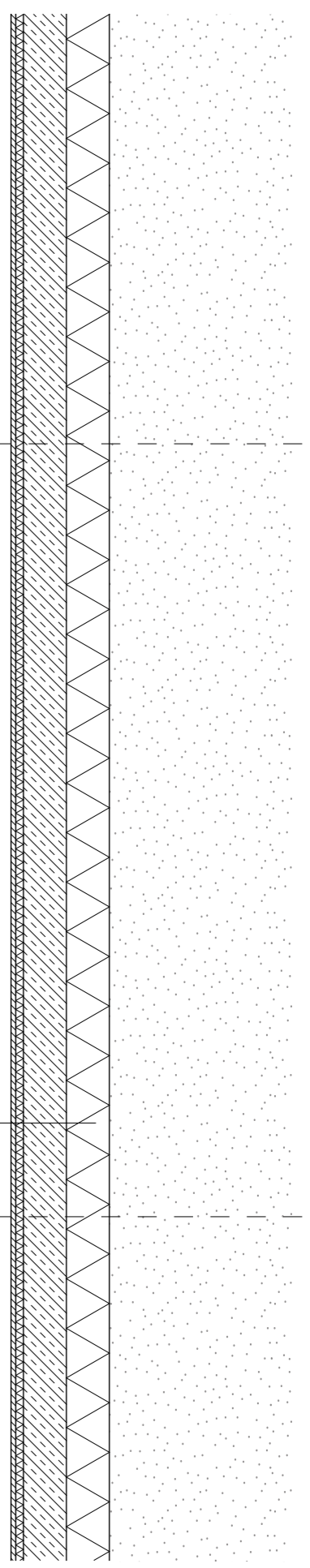
outside

- Zinc panelling_0.8mm
- Wood sheating_22*100mm
- Timber battens_48*48mm
- Water resistant, vapour open foil
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 - Woodfiber insulation infill
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inside

448 574 2700 5374

▽+48

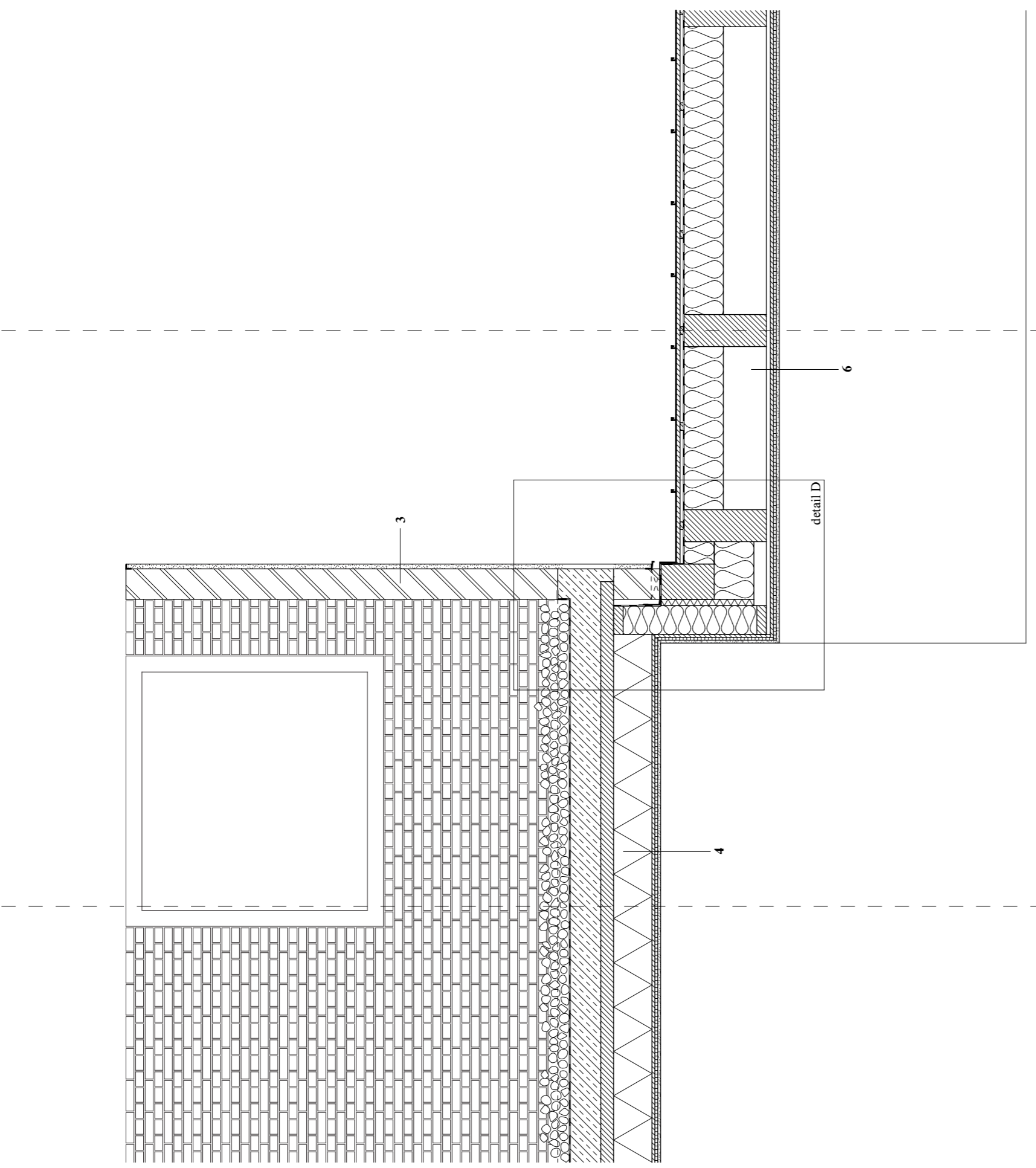


3600

D

E

▽+6000



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5374

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5) Concrete floor slab

outside

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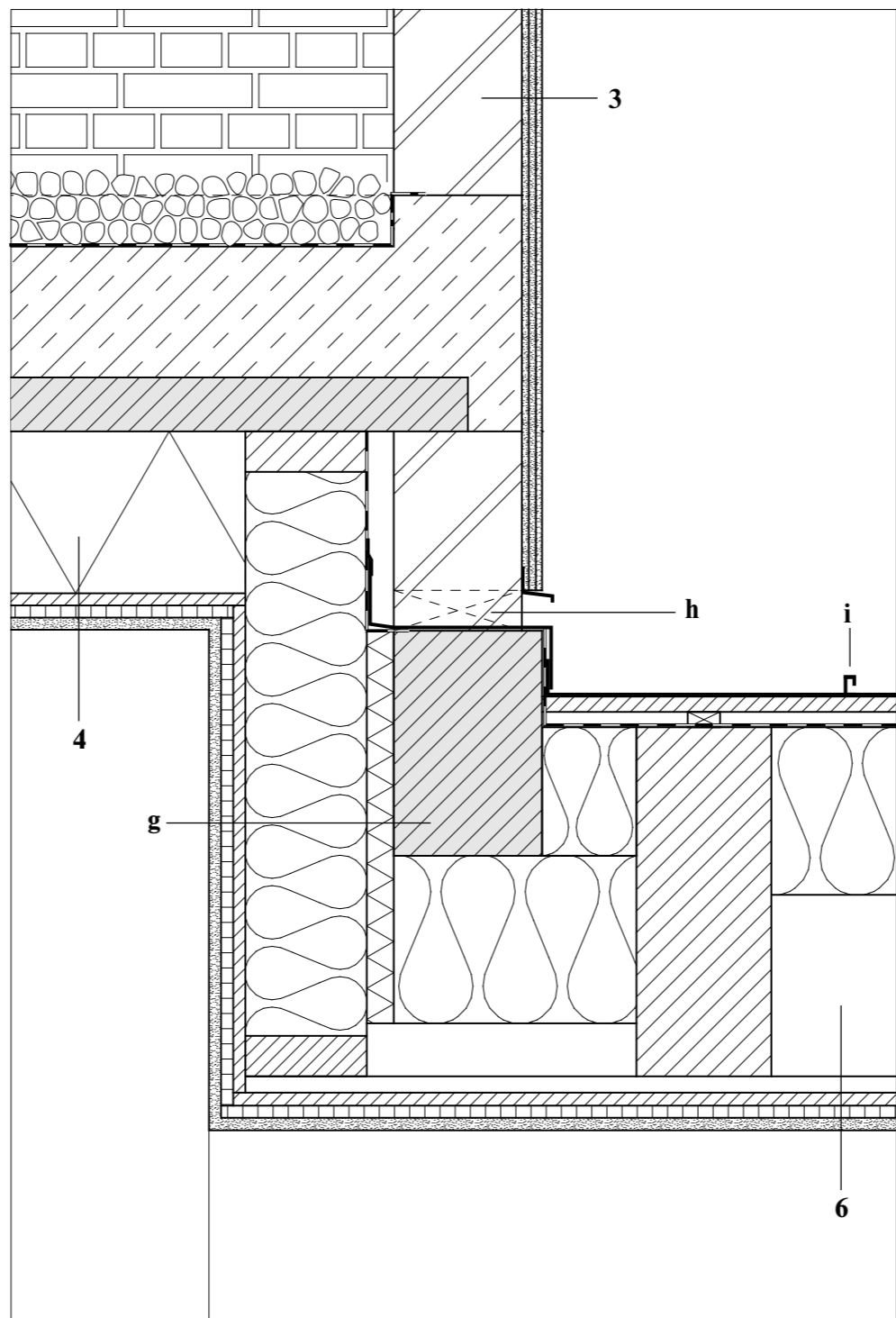
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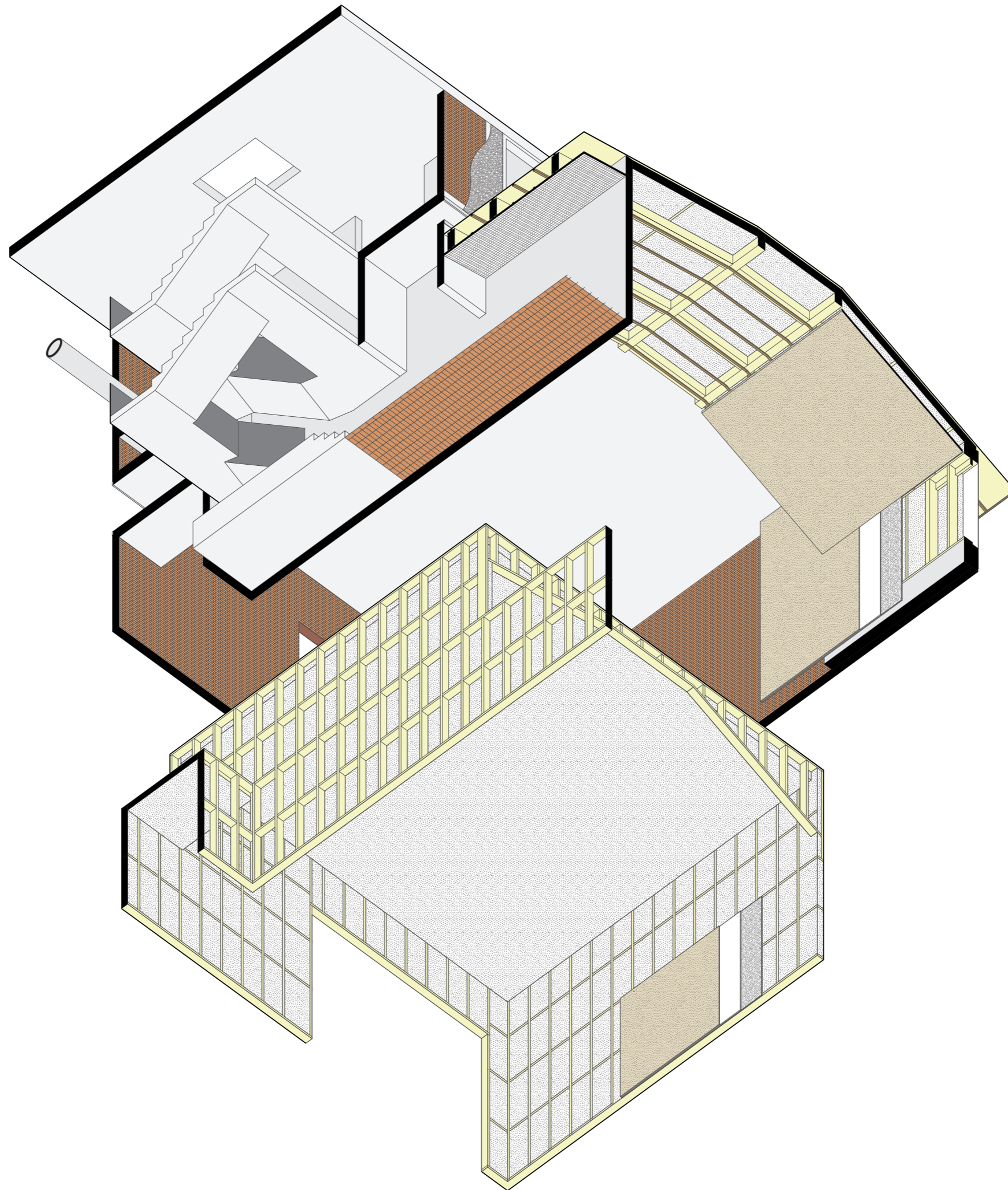
g) Precast concrete beam_220*300mm, enables the opening in the brick structure.

h) Water proofing joint different construction types

- Cavity closure strip
- Open head joint for condensation drainage
- Drip edge former to end the plaster finishing
- Flashing covers the concrete beam and is closed in by brick infill

i) Standing seam in zinc roof panelling





MODEL PHOTOGRAPHY













permanent temporality

















