IABR-2014-

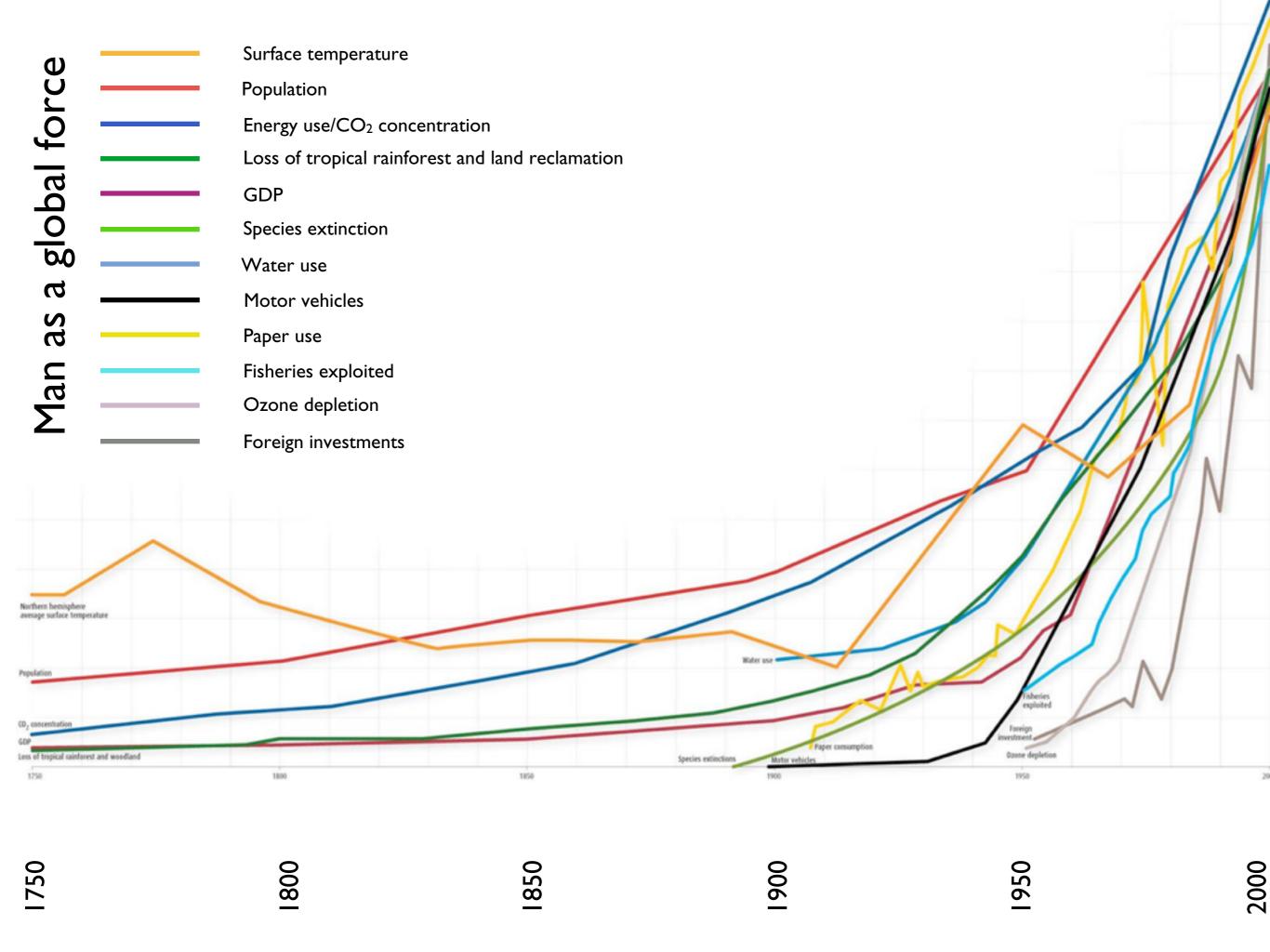
JRBAN-

ENGINEERING (IN) THE ANTROPOCENE

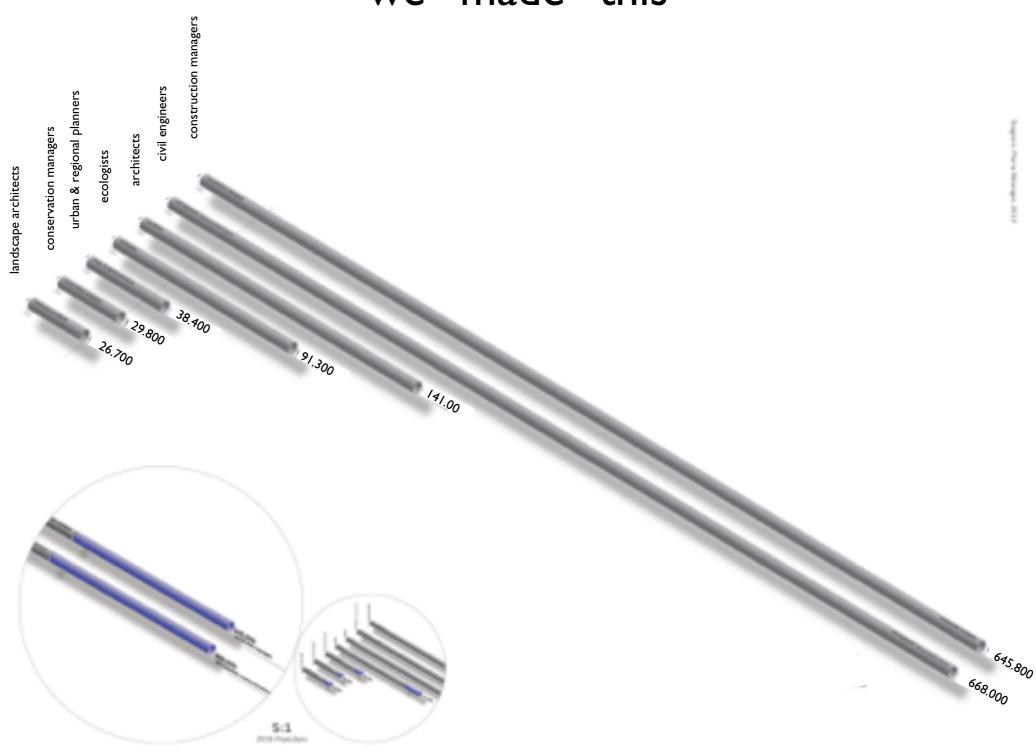
DIRK SIJMONS
KIVI JAARCONGRES
12 NOVEMBER 2014

NATURE-

BA-



'we' 'made' 'this'



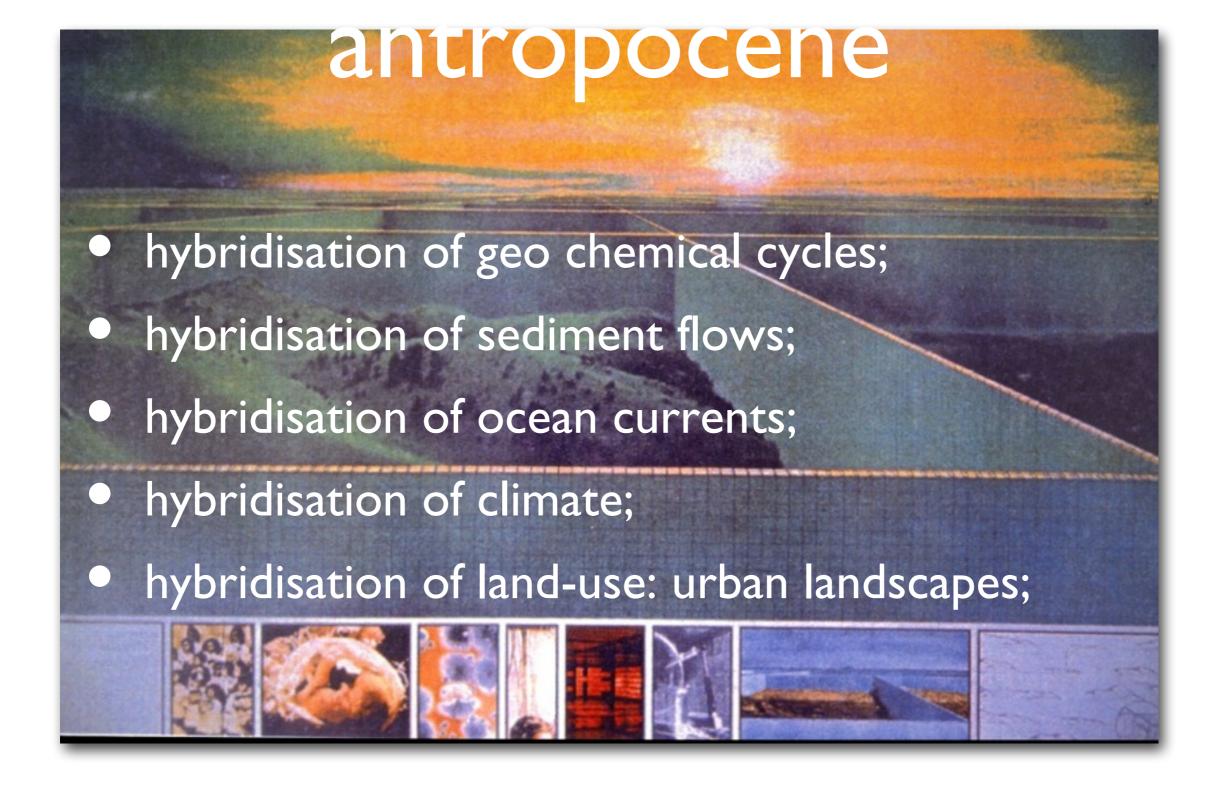
The Silent Majority Civil Engineers as the Master Planners of the 20th Century Source: The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics From: Pierre Belanger, Landscape Infrastructure, 2013 T-

antropocene influencing geo chemical cycles; influencing sediment flows; influencing ocean currents; influencing climate influencing biodiver

Ċ

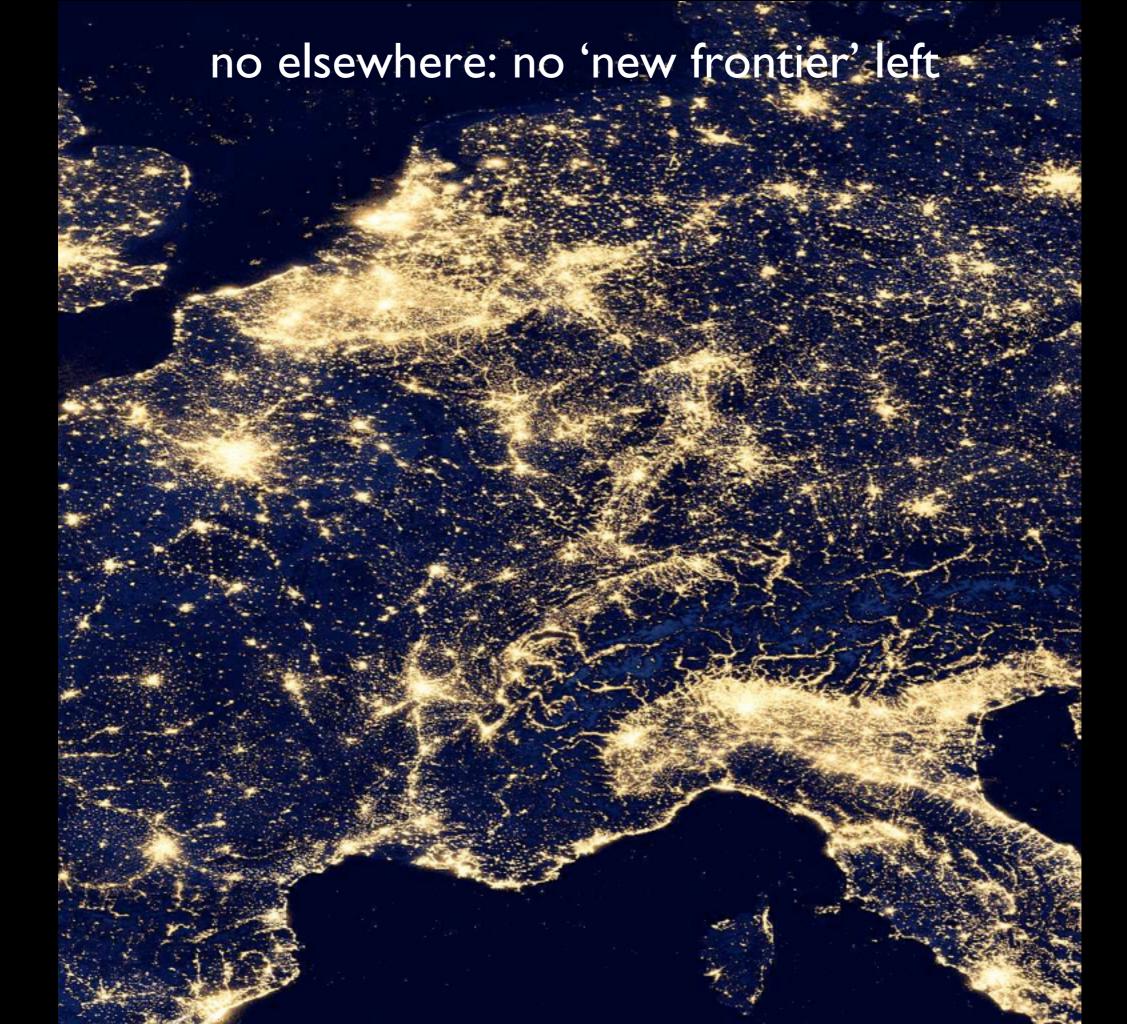


I-



no way back: the arrow of time





IABR--2014 Urban by Nature

Brabantstad

STRATEGIEËN VOOR Hal III: HET STADSLANDSCHAP

DC I: HET VERKENNEN **VAN DE ONDERGROND**

plannen in een

onbekende wereld

DC 2: STADSLANDSCHAP EN KLIMAATVERANDERING

New York/New Orleans

Hall: DE AARDE EEN TUIN

bemiddelde relaties (groen)milieubeleid

Texel



Hal II: HET METABOLISME VAN DE STAD (grijs) milieubeleid

Rotterdam

RHRM: PURE VEERKRACHT stedelijke ecologie



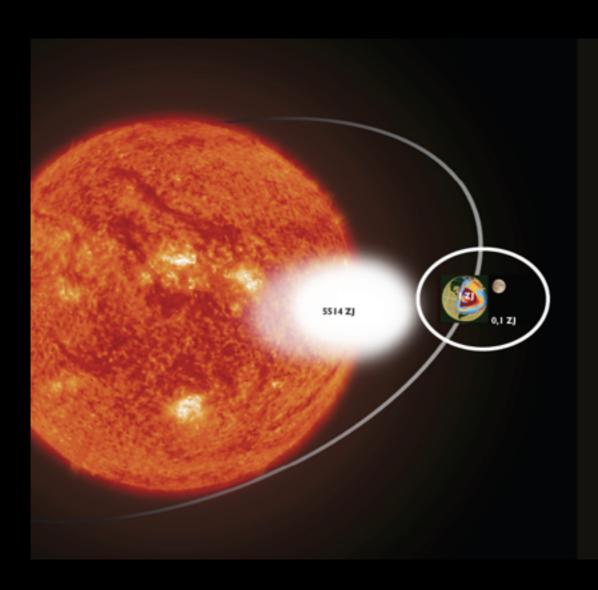
IABR topics for engineering (in) the Antropocene

decoupling growth and footprint?	ecology as the new engineering	learning to ride the tiger	synthesizing
engineering the transition to renewables	enhancing biodiversity as planned side-effect	adaptation to climate change	mutual opening up between designers and engineers
savings: assisting to a prosperous way down	inverse engineering: retrofitting old mistakes	dealing with uncertainties	sectoral vs integral
fine-tuning the urban metabolism	nature technique as the civil engineering for the advanced	steering in dialogue with the ecosystem	generalist: oversee cascading effects when one part fails

IABR topics for engineering (in) the Antropocene

decoupling growth and ecology as the new learning to ride the tiger synthesizing footprint? engineering engineering the transition to enhancing biodiversity as mutual opening up between adaptation to climate change renewables planned side-effect designers and engineers inverse engineering: savings: assisting to a integral vs sectoral dealing with uncertainties retrofitting old mistakes prosperous way down fine-tuning the urban nature technique as the civil steering in dialogue with the generalist: oversee cascading engineering for the advanced effects when one part fails metabolism ecosystem

mitigating climate change: engineering the transition to renewables



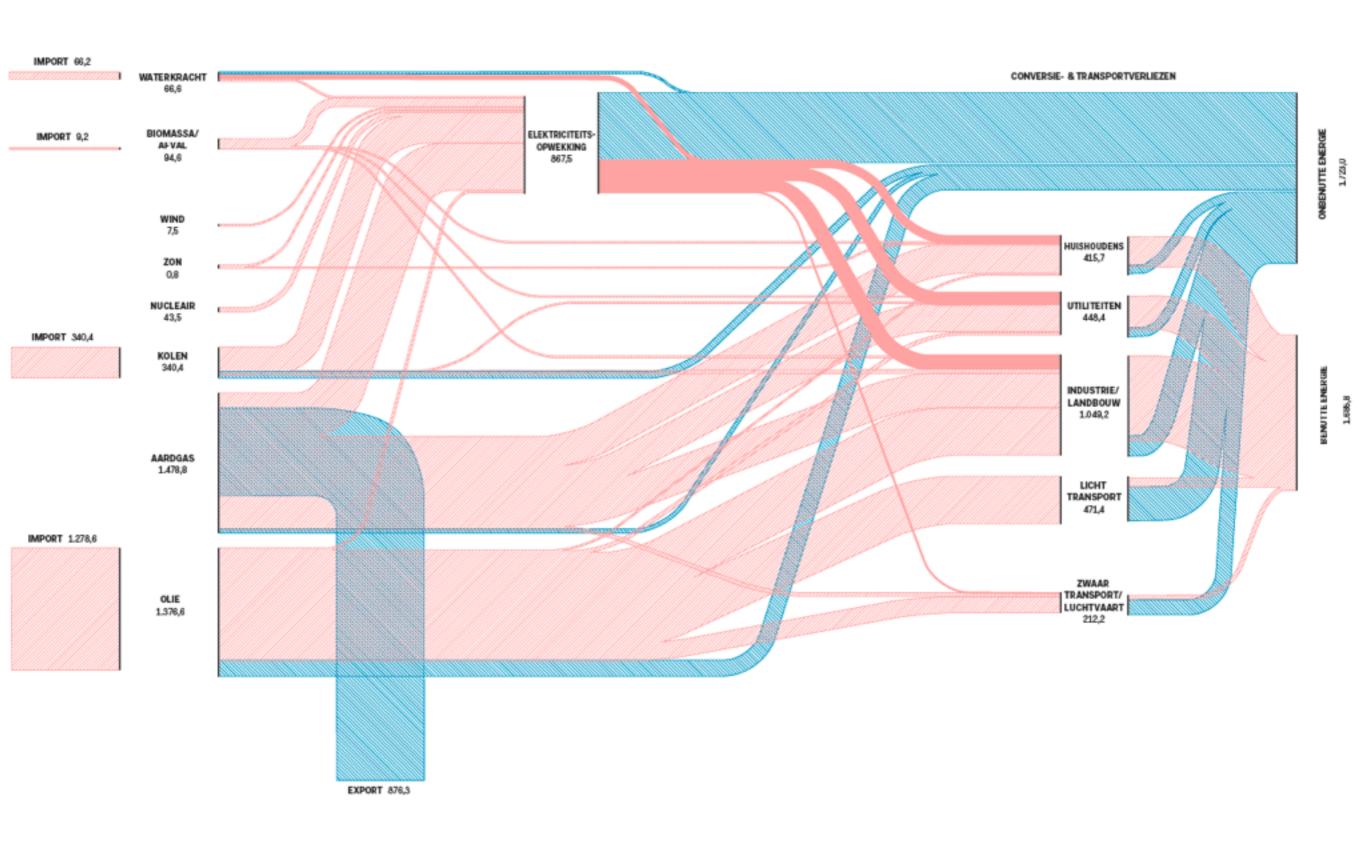
Engineering angle (1)

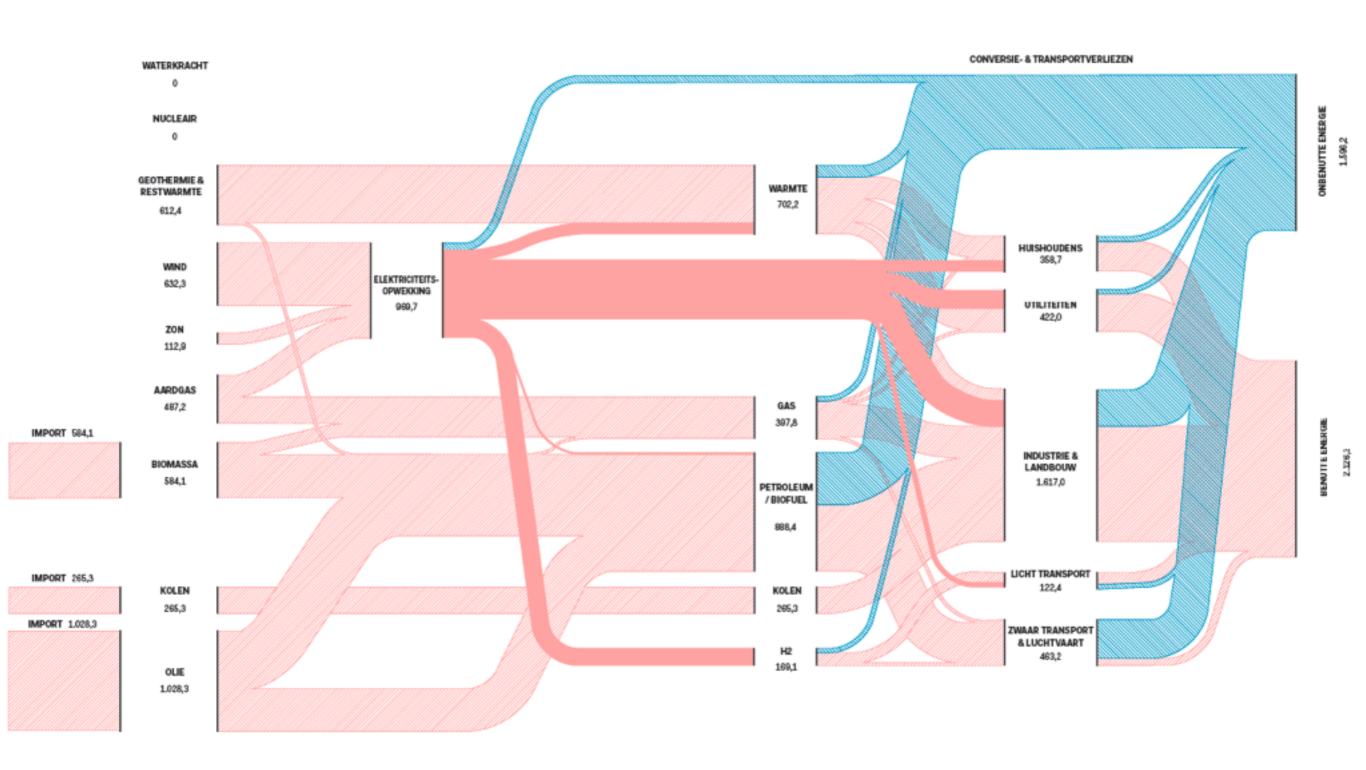
5514 ZJ Solar Energy received

I ZJ Geothermal Energy

0,1 ZJ Tidal Energy

0,4 ZJ Human Economy







2020

2030





- geothermie
- restwarmt
- windturbines
- CO₂-netwerk
- warmtenet
- biobased industrieën



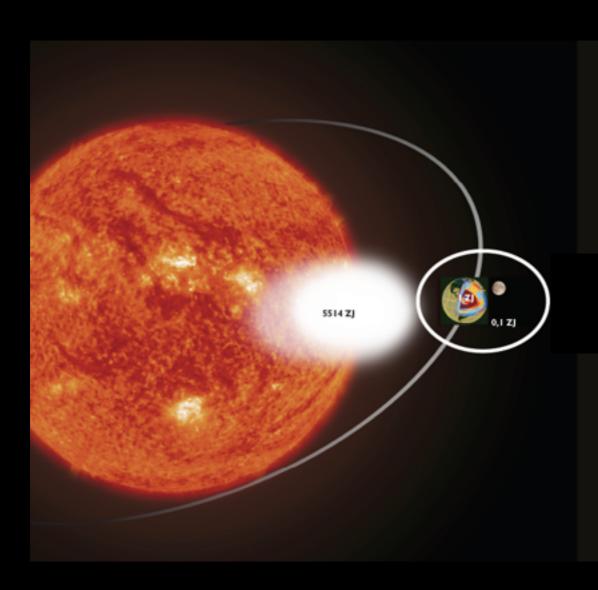








mitigating climate change: engineering energy savings



Engineering angle (2)

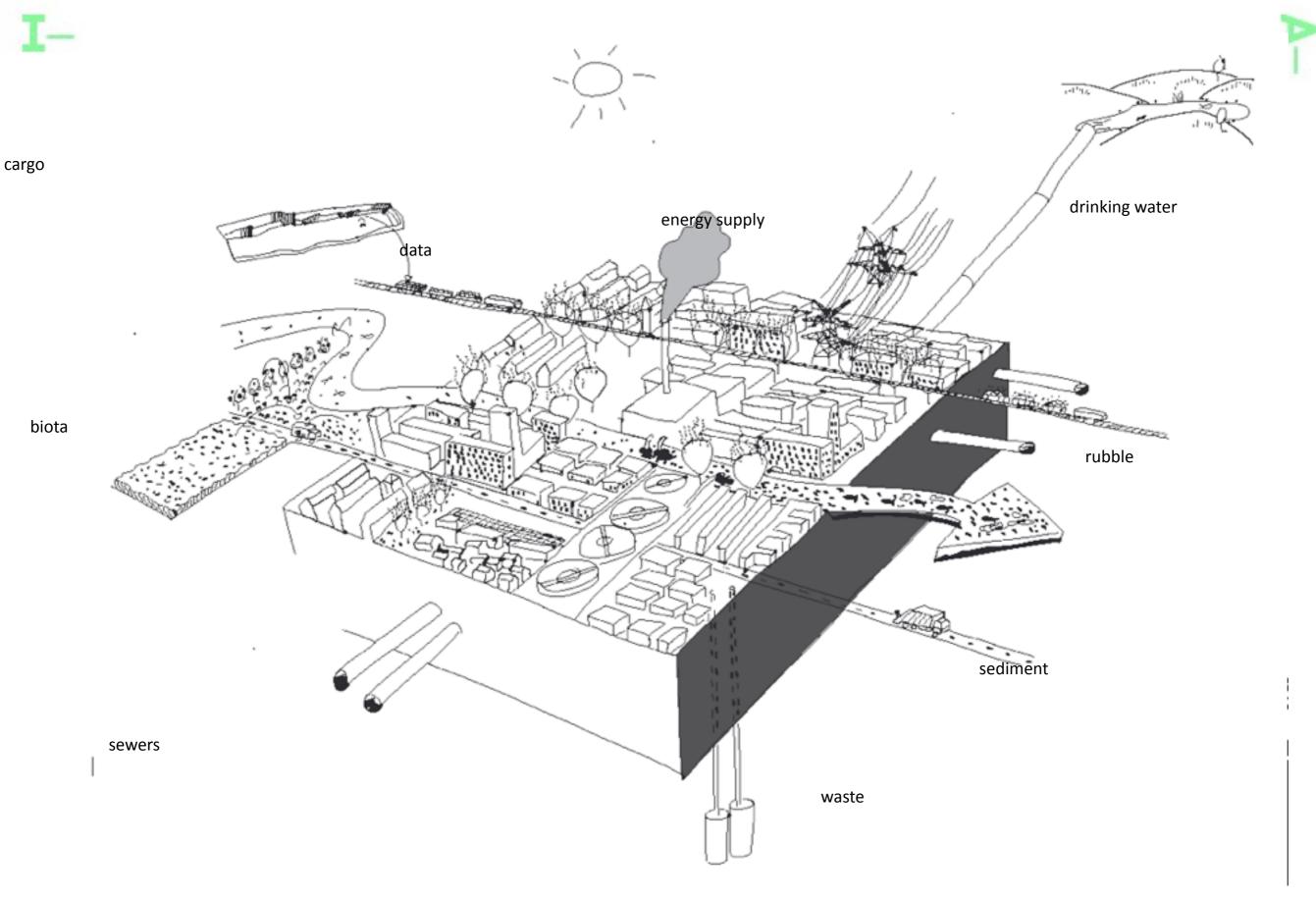
0,4 ZJ Human Economy

400 % Tidal Energy

50% Geothermal Energy

0,007 % Solar Energy Received

fine-tuning the urban metabolism





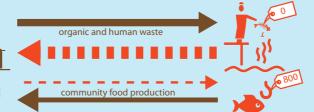
The suggested network of Neighborhood Hotspots is able to provide the badly needed waste management, linked to new job opportunities and income for the Makoko community.

value losses of Makoko community value added chain within the Makoko community



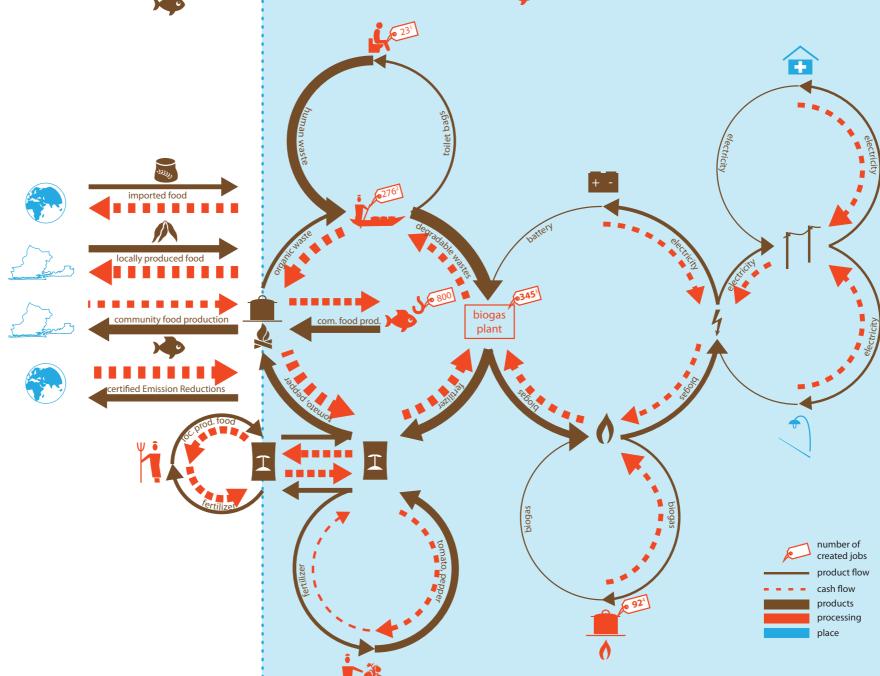






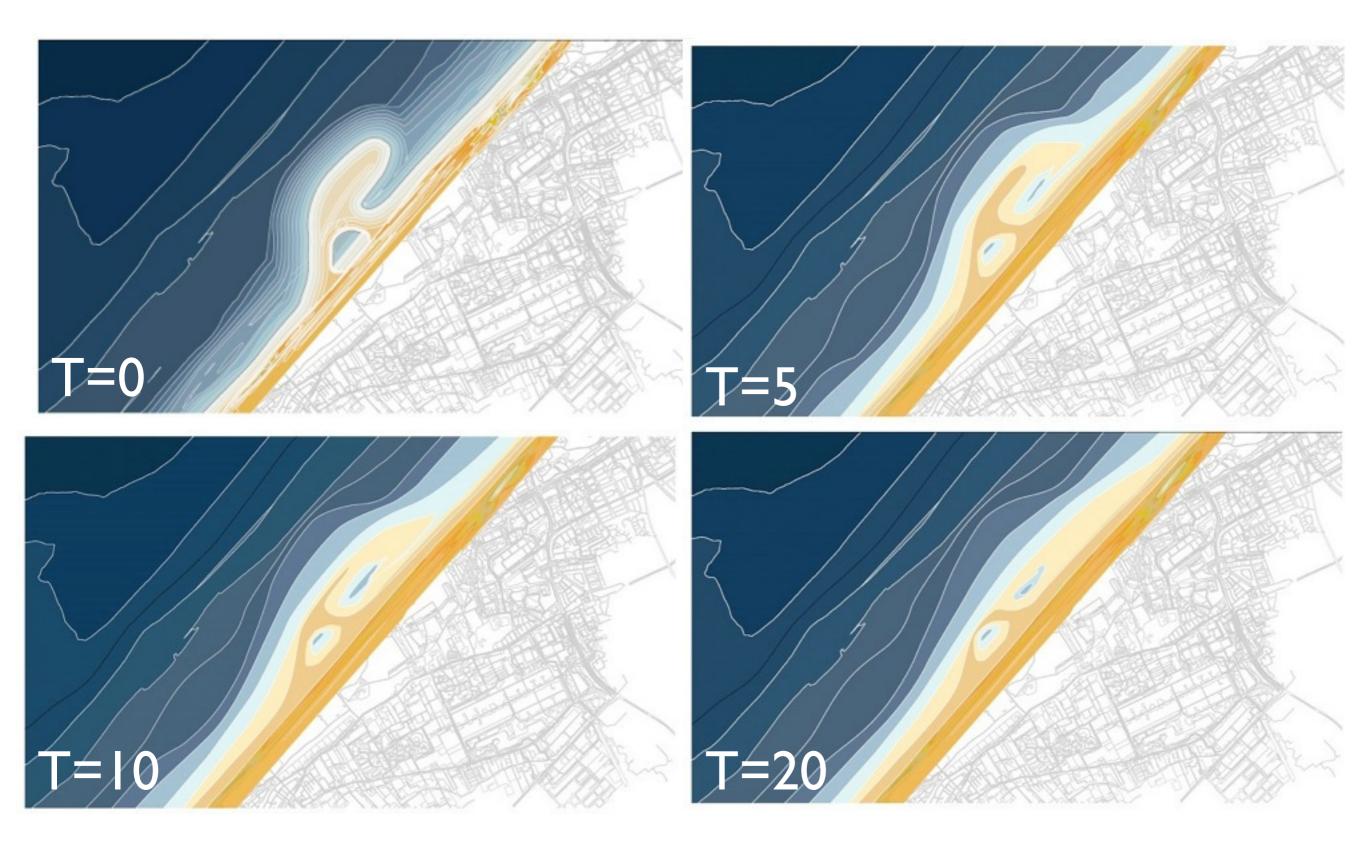
2 Suggested closed-loop cycles of organic/ human waste

The Neighbourhood Hotspots with attached biogas plants function as business incubators, knowledge centers, and "brain" of the new waste economy. They are owned and organized by the biogas cooperatives. The Hotspot network will provide income, increase the standart of living of the Makoko community and create a more healthy environment. Each of the Hotspots serves as a micro-community-center, providing a doctor's room, shared sanitary facilities, rainwater harvesting, biogas cooking, and a multi-puropose workshop room, proving education opportunities for girls, amongst other features.





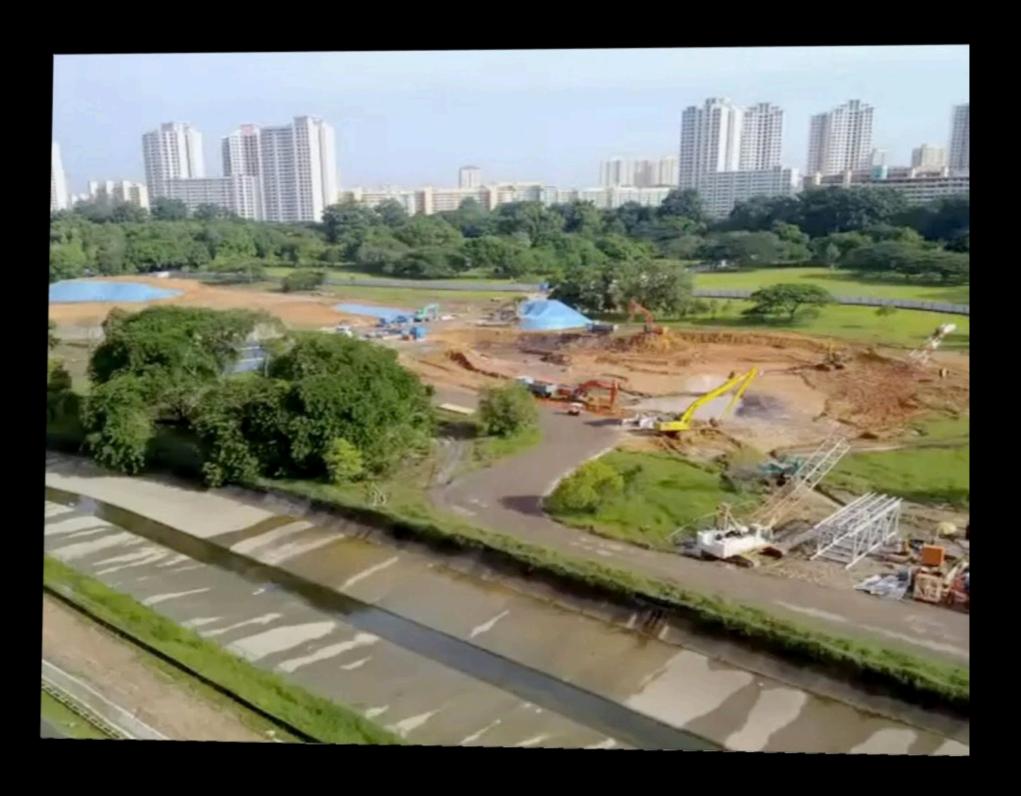
adaptation to climate change & steering in dialogue with the system





inverse engineering: retrofitting mistakes







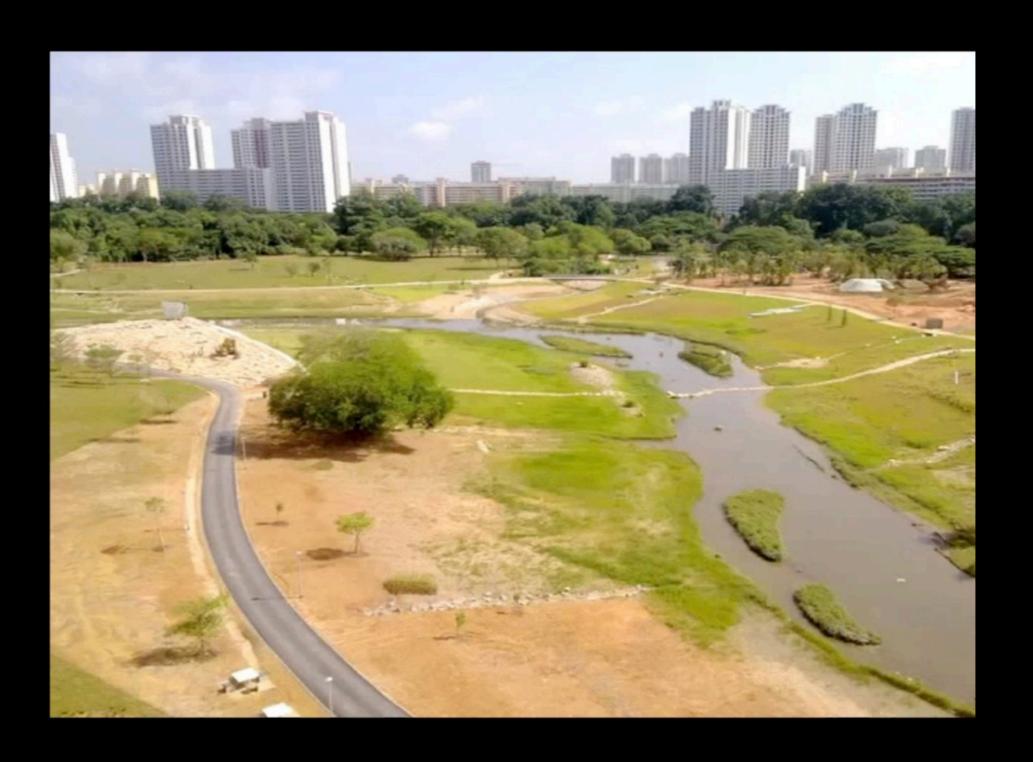


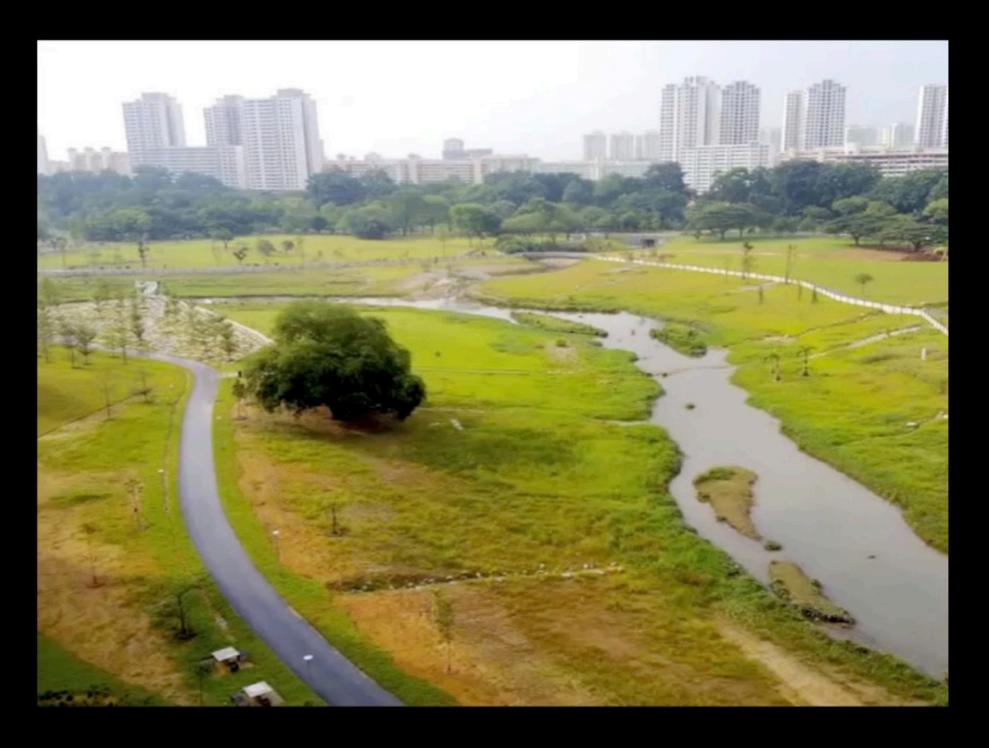






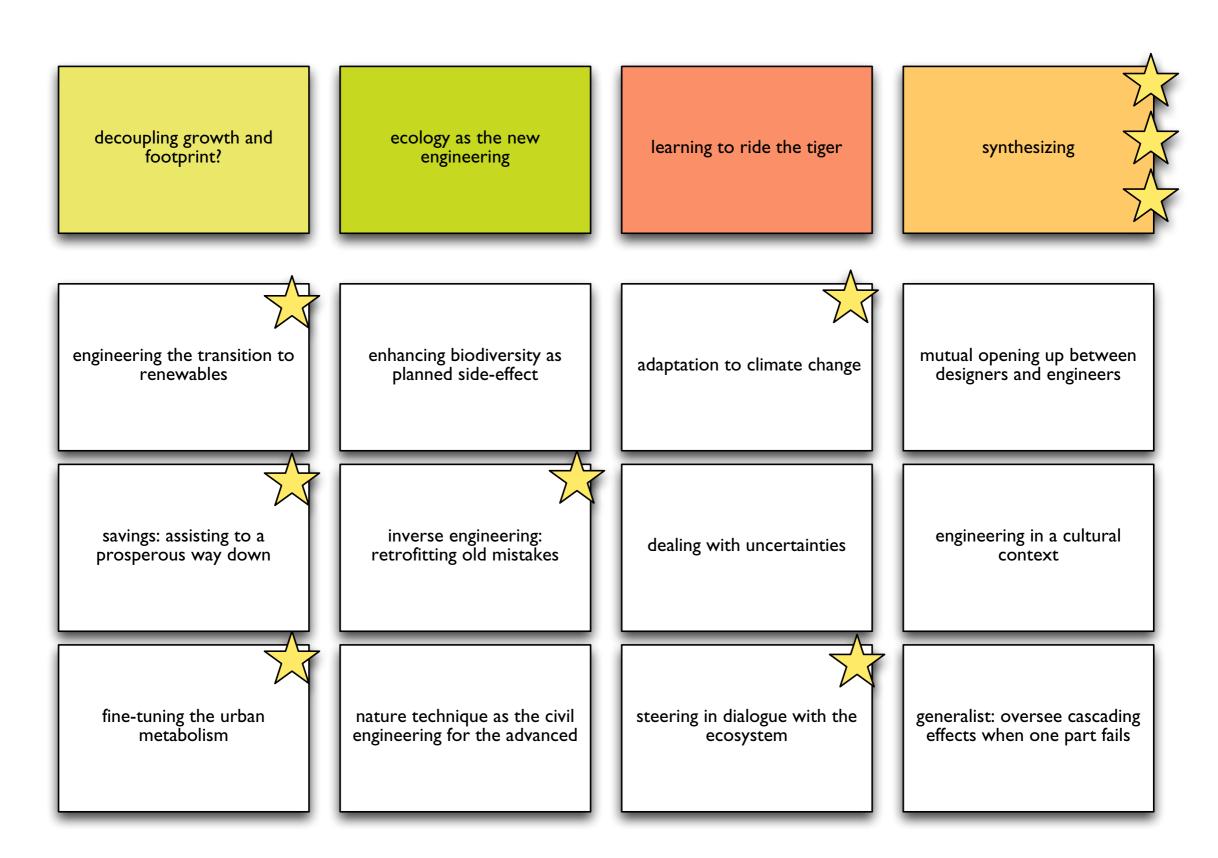


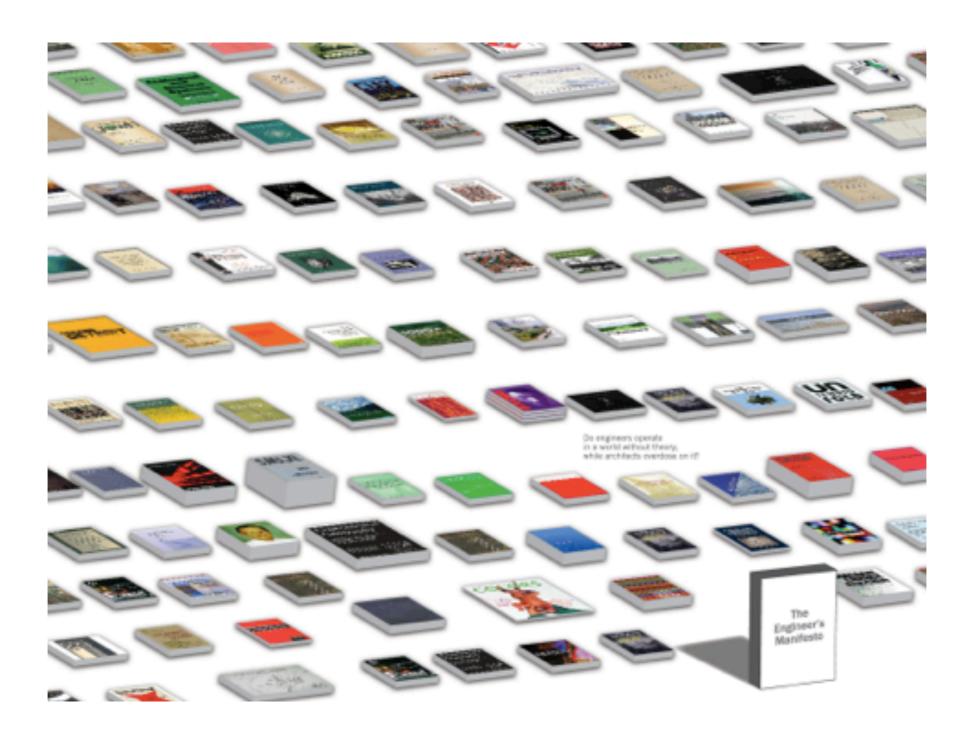




Kallang Riverside park 2.0 Singapore

IABR topics for engineering (in) the Antropocene

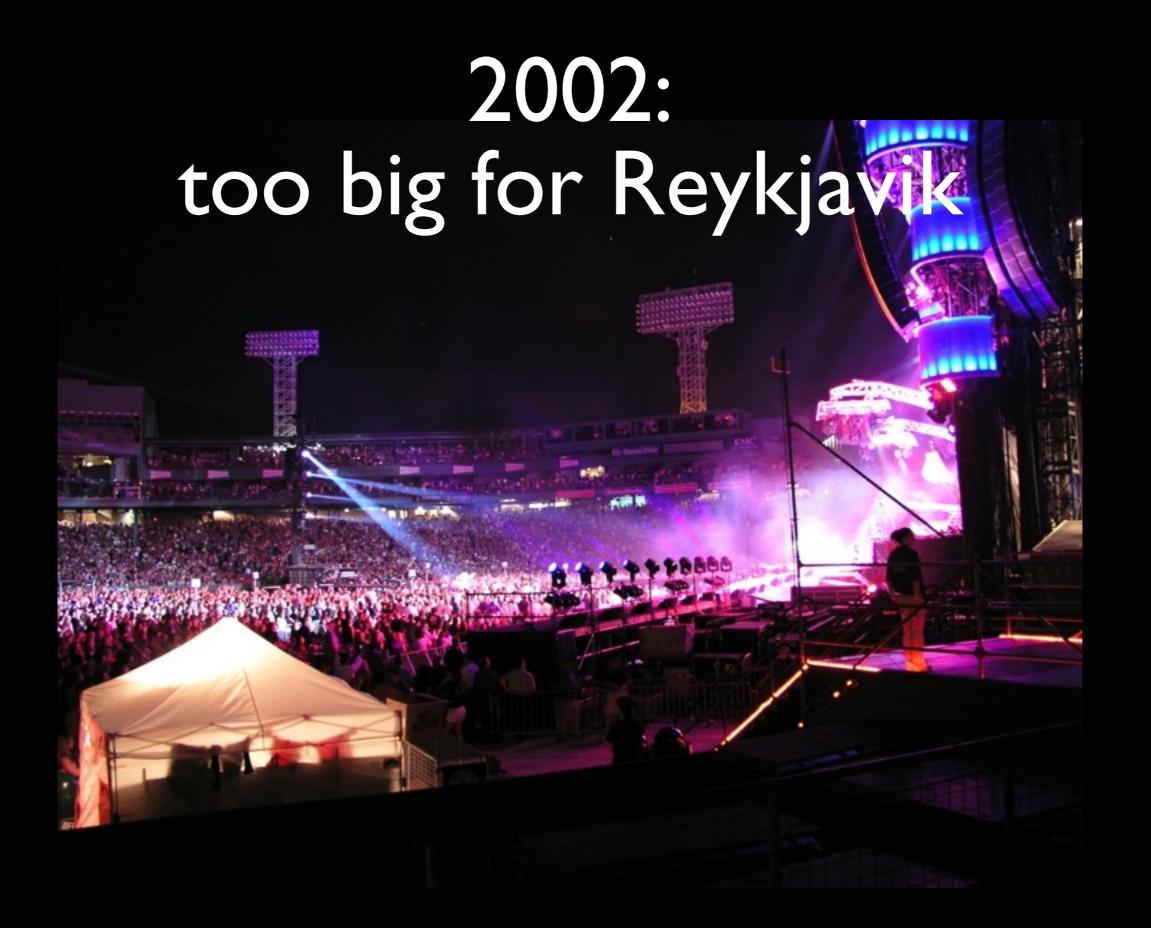


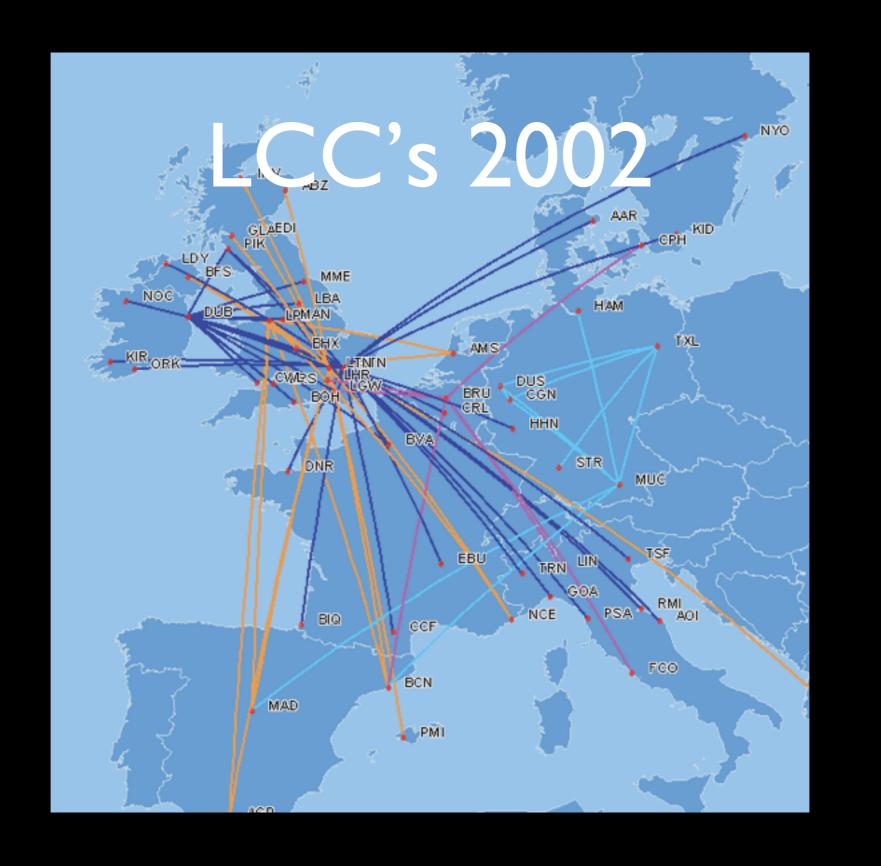


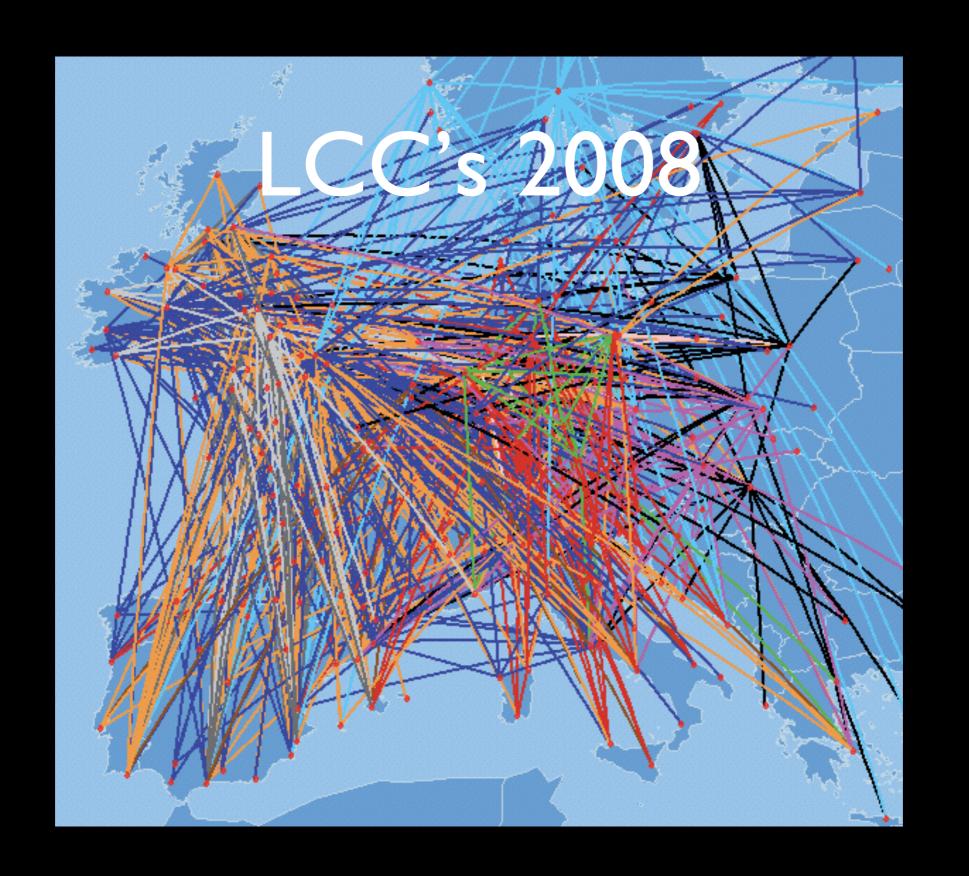
Do engineers work without theory, while architects overdose on it? From: Pierre Belanger, Landscape Infrastructure, 2013

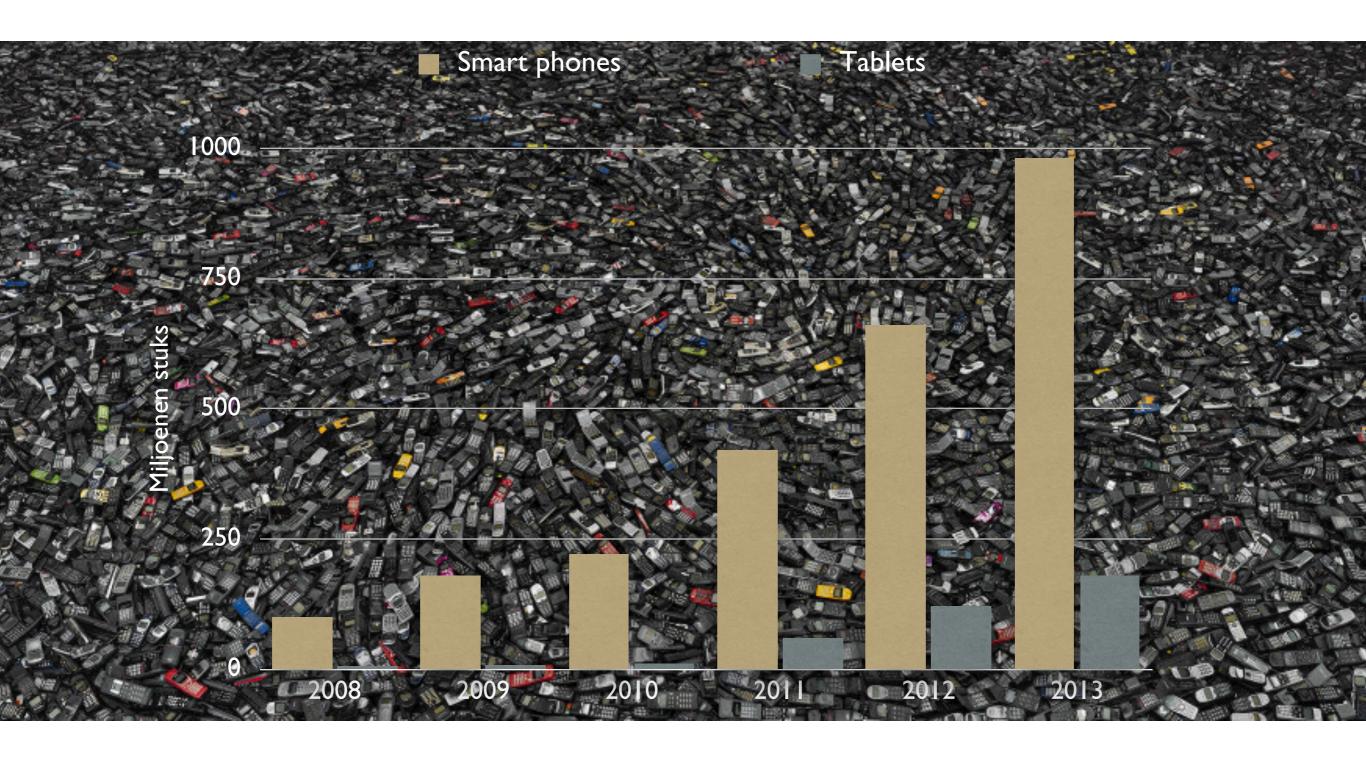
1964 4x400 Watt

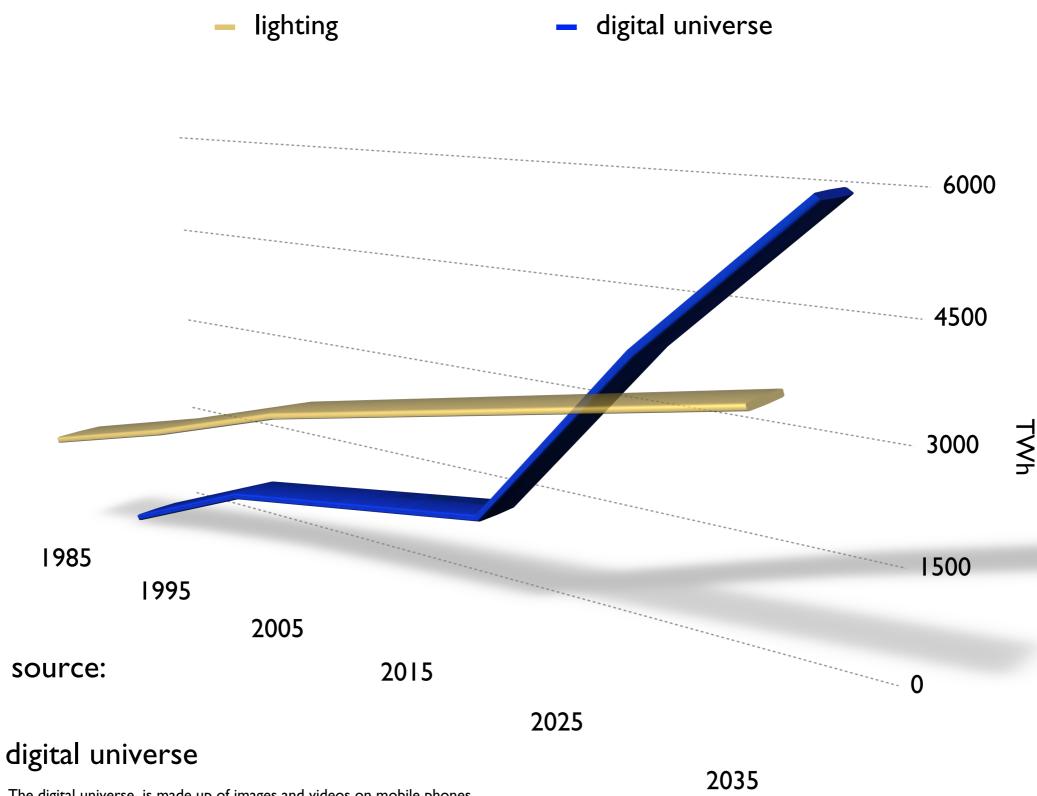




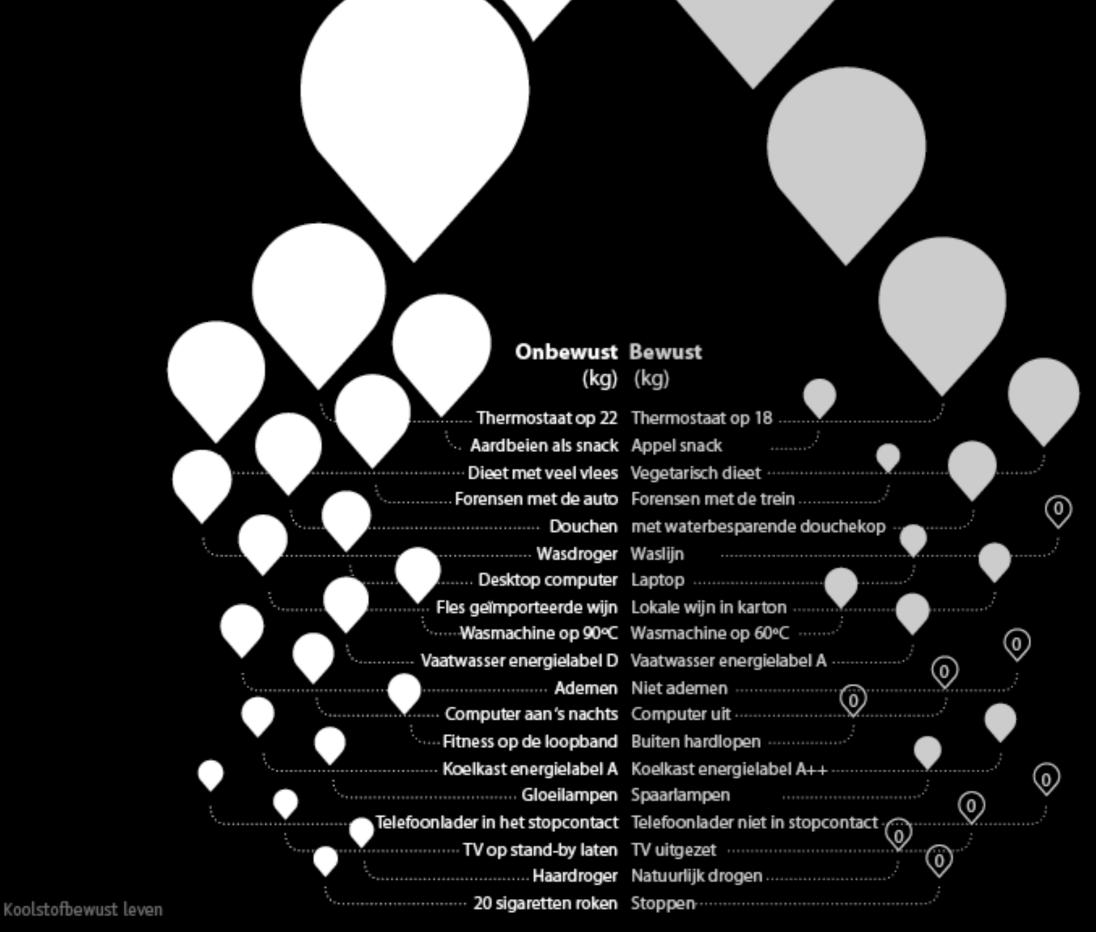




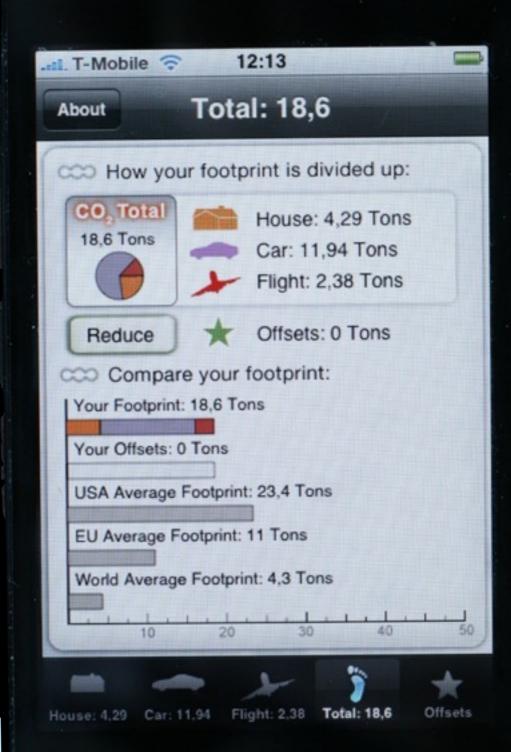




The digital universe is made up of images and videos on mobile phones uploaded to You Tube, digital movies populating the pixels of our high-definition TVs, banking data swiped in an ATM, security footage at airports and major events like the Olympic Games, subatomic collisions by the Large Hadron Collider at CERN, transponders on highway tolls et cetera.....







- engineers that know when to use a tech fix when an eco fix;
- engineers that dare challenge the decoupling ideology between economical growth and ecological footprints, but dare to work in small steps anyways.
- engineers that can position their work in a societal and cultural context;
- engineers that dare to start working also when not all the knowledge is available (Hoekelinge dam? Garuda?) Building in dialogue with the system. (learning from monitoring);
- engineers that know how to deal with uncertainties in a complex world (riding the tiger);
- Integral vs sectoral specialization
- engineers and designers (don't stay locked in in your autonomous Buildings) need to open up to each other
- engineers that help us on a 'prosperous way down'. "you got us into this mess now you get us out of it."

IABR topics for engineering (in) the antropocene

ecology as the new engineering	charting the course in a complex world		
eco-fix vs tech-fix	dealing with uncertainties	mutual opening between designers and engineers	
inverse engineering: retrofitting old mistakes	learning riding the tiger		
nature technique as the civil engineering for the advanced	steering in dialogue with the system		bottom up engineering

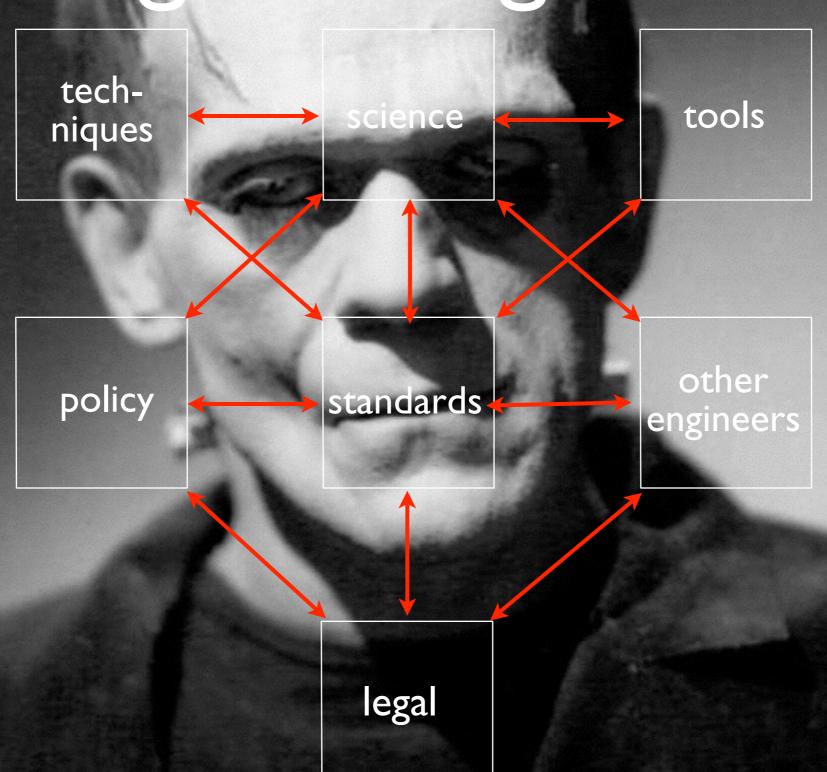
attached & responsible Atmosphere: Atmosphere: **CO2 Concentration** Ozone Depletion **Total Real GDP** Population Loss of Total Column Ozone (%) 1990 International People (BILLION) Dollars (1012) CO₂ (ppmv) 50 30 Year Year Year Year Climate: Nothern Hemisphere Foreign Direct Investment Damming of Rivers Climate: Great Floods Average Surface Temperature 1998 US Dollars (BILLION) Dams (THOUSAND) 0.04 600 Temperature Anomaly (°C) Decadal Flood Frequency 500-0.03 400-300-0.02 200-0.01 100-Year Year Year Water Use **Fertilizer Consumption** Ocean Ecosystems Coastal Zone: Biogeochemistry 6000 Tonnes of Nutrients (MILLION) Nitrogen Flux (10¹² MOLES YEAR⁻¹) 300 Fisheries Fully Exploited (%) 250-200-Year Year Year Year Terrestrial Ecosystems: Loss of Tropical Paper Consumption Transport: Motor Vehicles Rain Forest and Woodland **Global Biodiversity** Number (MILLION) Species Extinctions Tons (MILLION) % of 1700 Value 30= 25= 20= (THOUSAND) 150-100-Year

offender and victim

era	nature/ resources	vector	key notion
modernization	given, source and sink	emancipation	freedom/ detachment
explicitation	nothing for granted	concern	responsible/ attached
antropocenic	?	?	riding the tiger

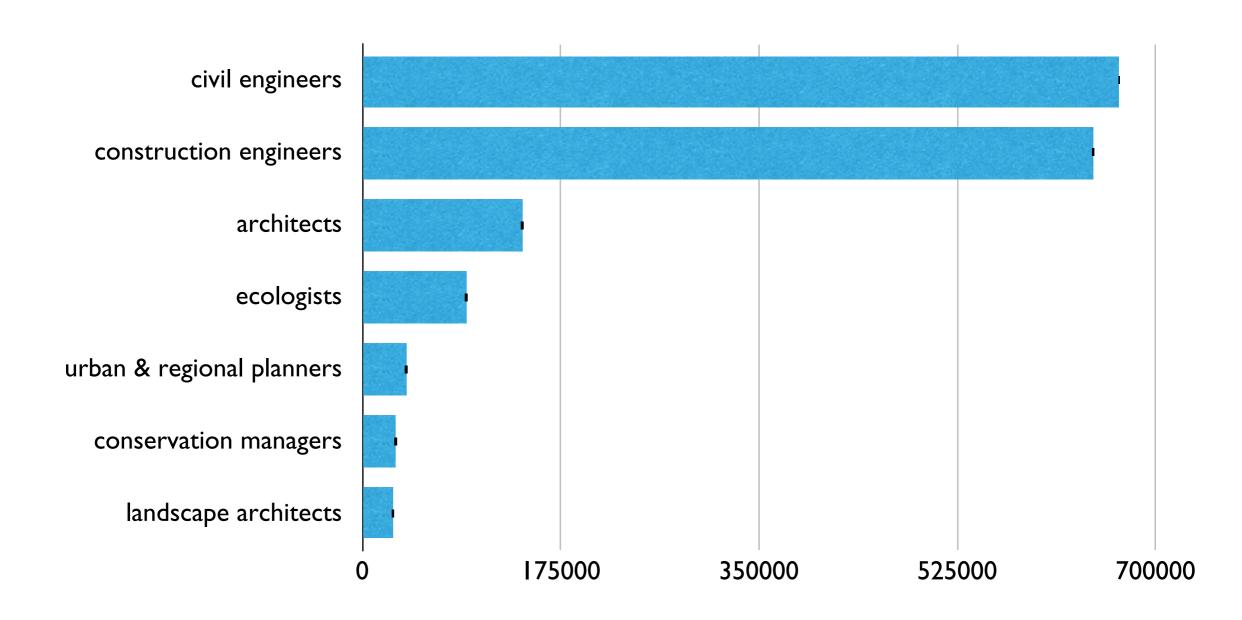
P

Engineering 2014





'we' shaped this



engineering challenges

- mitigation of & adaptation to Climate Change
- enhancing Biodiversity
- retrofitting Urban Metabolism