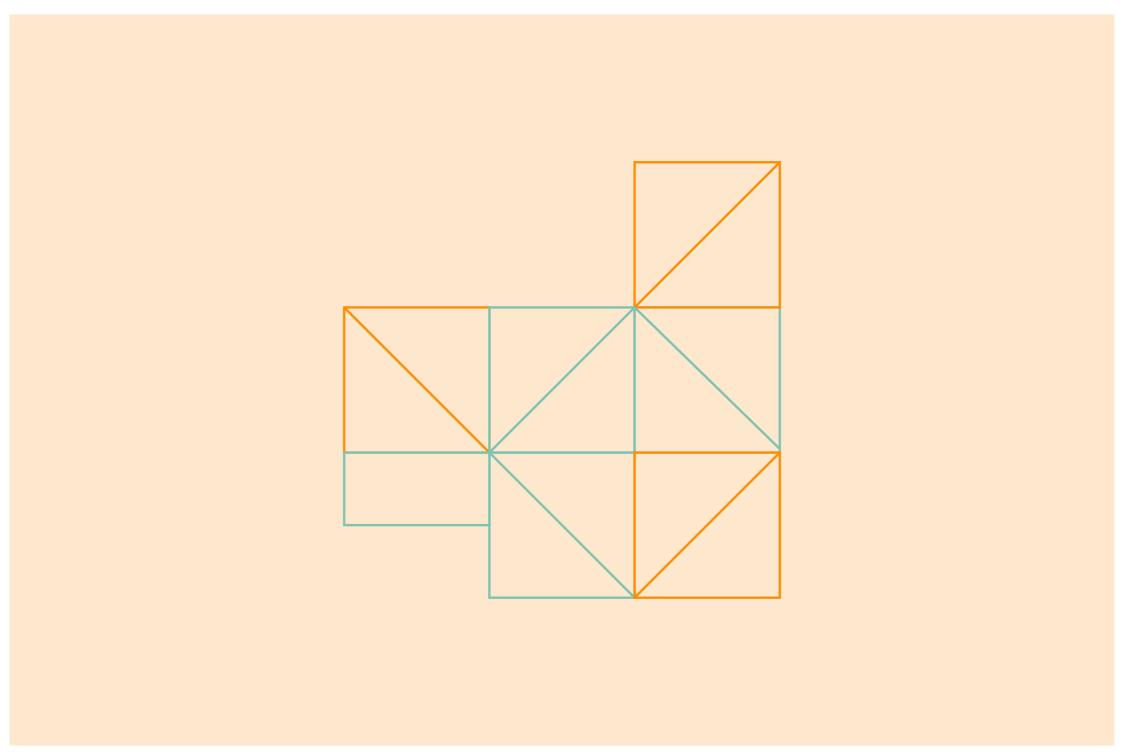
A RESILIENT COMMUNITY

HOUSING FOR SINT MAARTEN



CONTENT

FRIENDLY ISLAND

PROBLEM STATEMENT

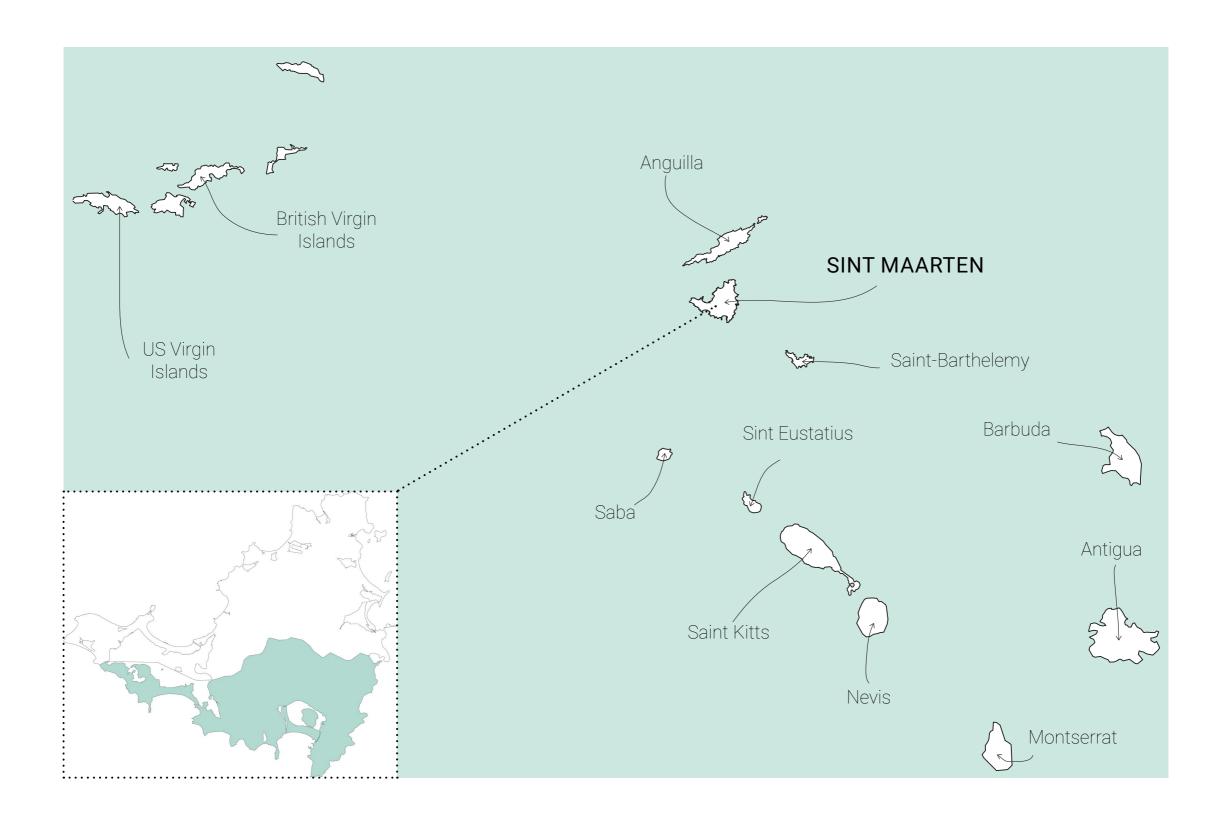
OBJECTIVE

DESIGN

CONCLUSION AND RELEVANCE



SINT MAARTEN



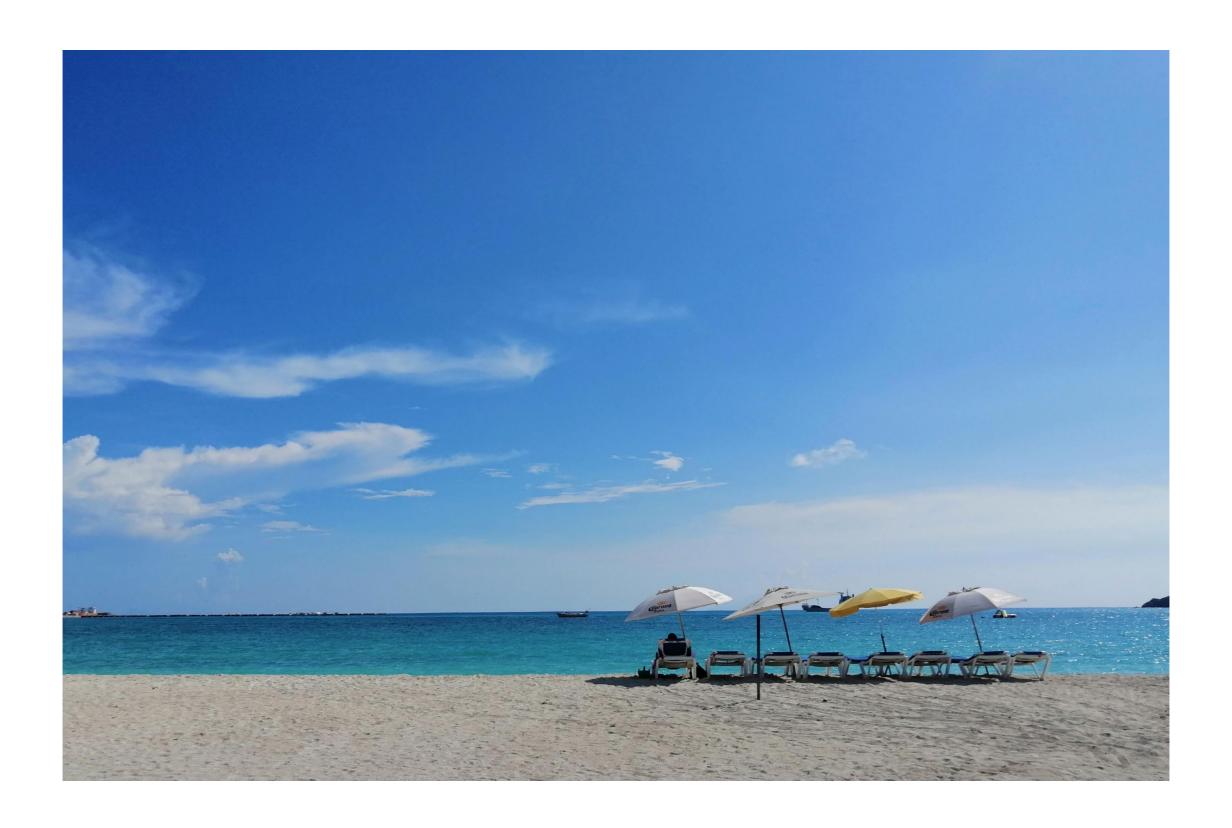
RESIDENTS OF SINT MAARTEN



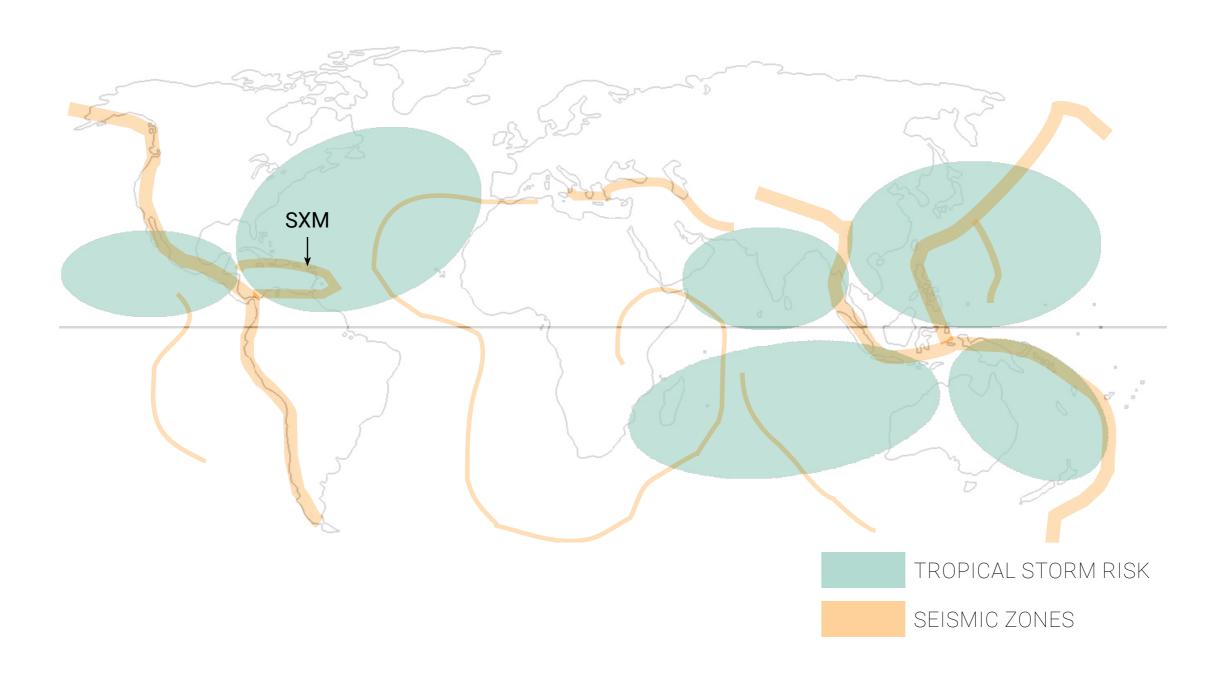
ECONOMY



TOURISM



RISK ZONES



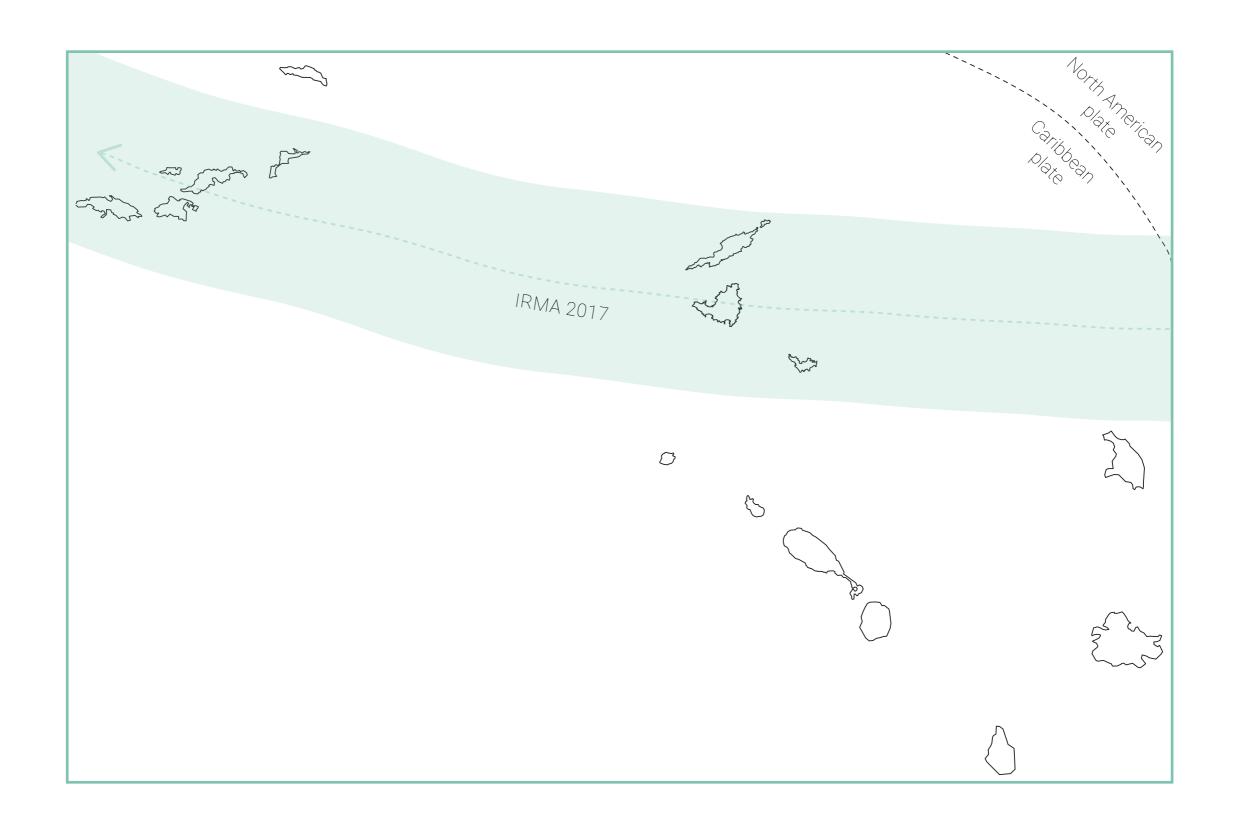


"Everywhere have different things, we have hurricanes and you have snowstorms. Everywhere, anywhere in the world is some type of natural disaster. You just need to prepare for it."



"But I grew up that way. When there was a hurricane, ah nice, we do not have to go to school! Than we went swinging. And there were big waves. As kid you did not know the danger, ofcourse. For weeks on end we had sand in our hairs, everywhere. Yes, it was an experience that you have to go through to understand fully. The first was Irma, that was the worst."

IRMA

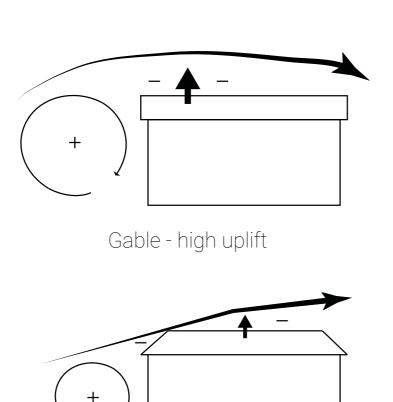


IRMA

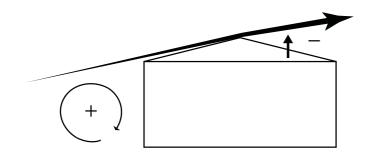


Retrieved from https://www.bustle.com/p/how-much-damage-did-irma-cause-in-st-martin-the-caribbean-island-is-devastated-81450

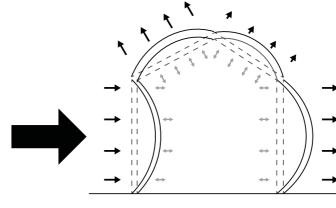
EFFECT OF WIND



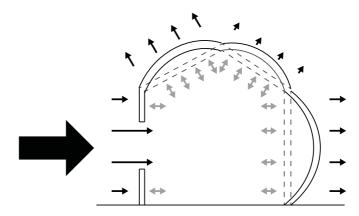
Hip - lower uplift



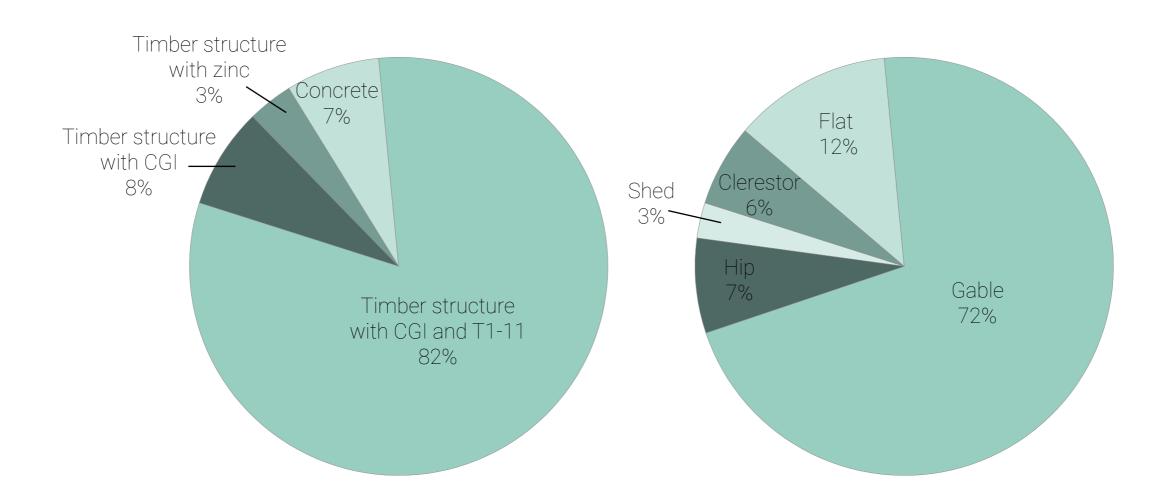
Pyramid - lowest uplift

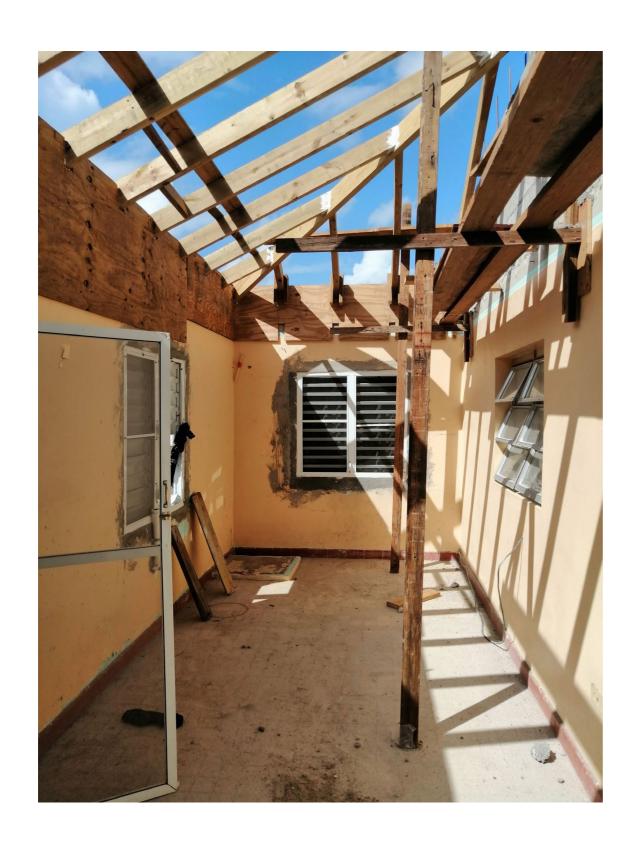


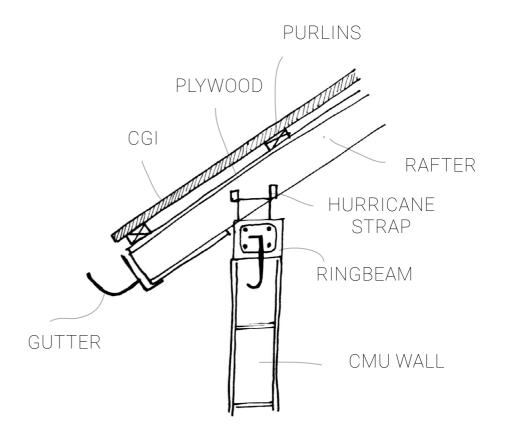
Enclosed building

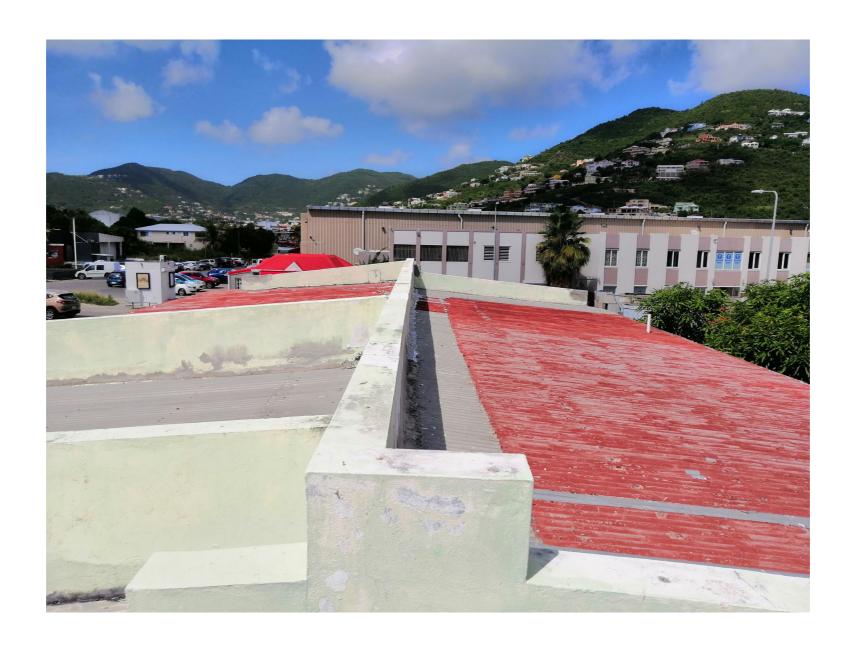


Partially enclosed building

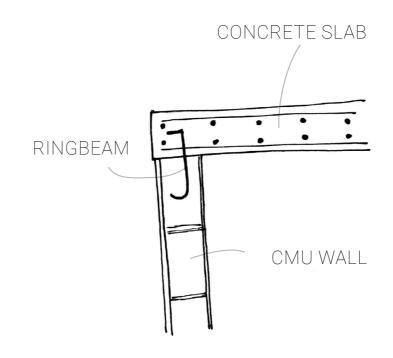












VIKTOR SCHAAP



"Their is something wrong with the building regulations and their enforcement. On Sint Maarten, one building has been damaged and the other destroyed. And a storm is not selective that it only hits uneven numbers. That is something I don't believe. So, this is a case of no enforcing and no building legislation. So I just think that in two thirds of the world there is a vulnerable housing stock, and certainly in the bottom of society. And you do not know that until there has been a disaster."





My aunt roof went and she had to **pay the contractor 150 dollar per day.** So my aunt her money finished faster on labor."



A Ravage na orkaan Irma op Sint-Maarten, Beeld uit 2017, © ANP

Rode Kruis helpt langer na orkaan Irma op Sint Maarten

Het Rode Kruis blijft ook de komende tijd op Sint-Maarten nog daken repareren die werden verwoest tijdens orkaan Irma in 2017. Dankzij een bijdrage van 3,3 miljoen euro uit het door de Wereldbank beheerde trustfonds Sint Maarten kunnen nog eens tweehonderd verwoeste daken worden hersteld.

Buitenlandredactie 20-02-20, 07:07

In Nederland is destijds 18 miljoen euro ingezameld om de door de orkaan getroffen eilandbewoners te helpen. Vrijwel al dat geld is nu uitgegeven aan onder meer schoolmaaltijden en voedselbonnen. In totaal werden 27.000 mensen de eerste maanden na de ramp geholpen met noodhulp, als water, voedselpakketten en hulpgoederen, meldt het Rode Kruis.

Kwetsbare groepen

De hulporganisatie is blij met het extra geld uit het fonds van de Wereldbank. "Tot nu toe hebben wij gewerkt in een aantal buurten. We zijn begonnen in de wijken waar de meeste schade was en de kwetsbaarste groepen wonen. Nog altijd zijn er families die hulp nodig hebben met het herstellen van hun woning", zegt Fanny de Swarte, hoofd van de hulpoperatie van het Rode Kruis op Sint-Maarten.

Naast de praktische hulp, probeert de organisatie bewoners te helpen zich voor te bereiden op een mogelijk nieuwe ramp. Door orkaan Irma raakten veel mensen niet alleen hun huis kwijt, maar hun baan in het toerisme. Mensen uit de toeristenbranche worden nu bijvoorbeeld geholpen zodat ze ook op een andere manier geld kunnen verdienen.

Terwijl Nederland en Sint-Maarten nog steggelen over de inzet van de honderden miljoenen euro's voor de wederopbouw, vroeg Trouw vier experts naar hún plannen. Herbouw moet het begin zijn van een zelfvoorzienend eiland.

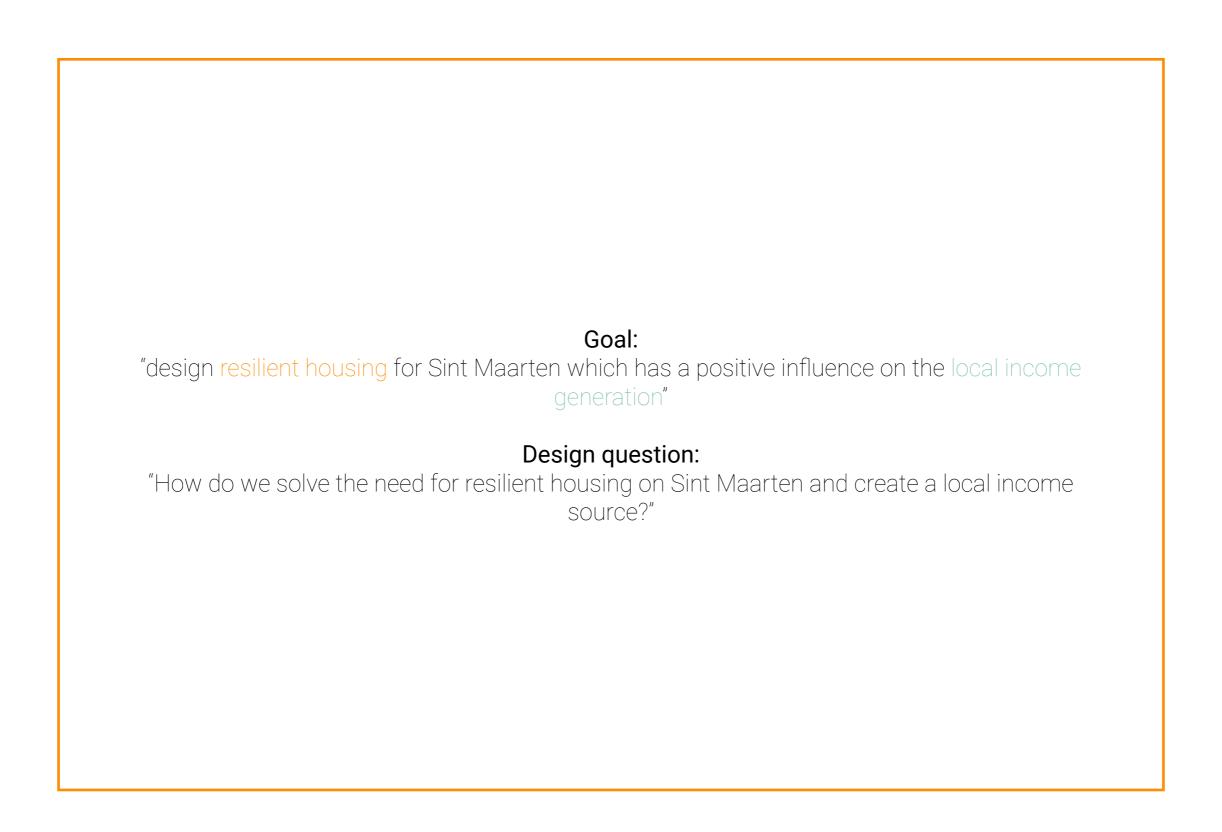
PROBLEM STATEMENT

Main problem: Limited resilient housing stock due to the lack of building regulations and affordable materials and contractors.
Not enough local income sources.
Not enough local income sources.
Results in a community that: - Needs to restore the housing stock every time after a hurricane - Has no income to buy materials



"There are 6 cruise ships a day and there is a thousand extra people on the island. It is really good when the money is coming. But how substantial could it be. Eventually people are going to stop coming with cruise ships eventually everyone is going to have planes. And you are only available to do so much. So **we have to find other ways to sustain and develop.** And also because the population is growing so fast."

OBJECTIVE



APPROACH



PLASTIC

Yearly plastic waste generation of Sint Maarten is 3.751 kg



Research: "What are the potentials of HDPE plastic waste as material for hurricane resilient sandwich panels that improve the insulation value on Sint Maarten?"
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PLASTIC

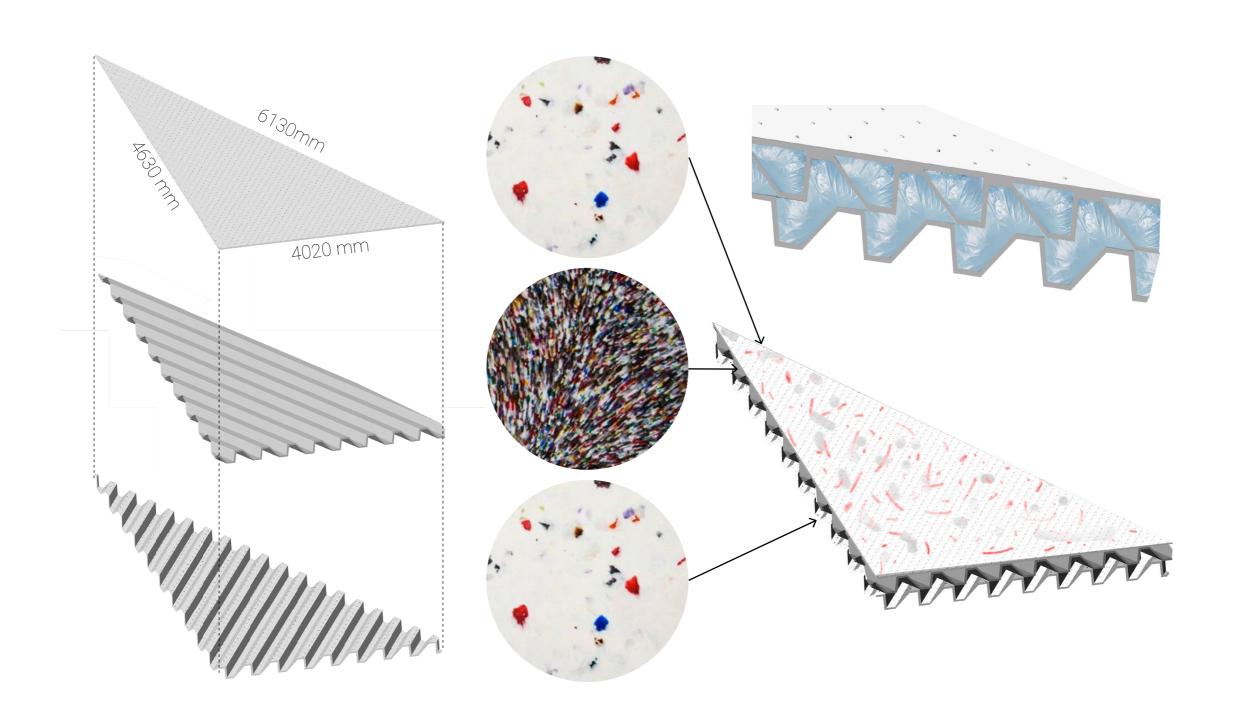




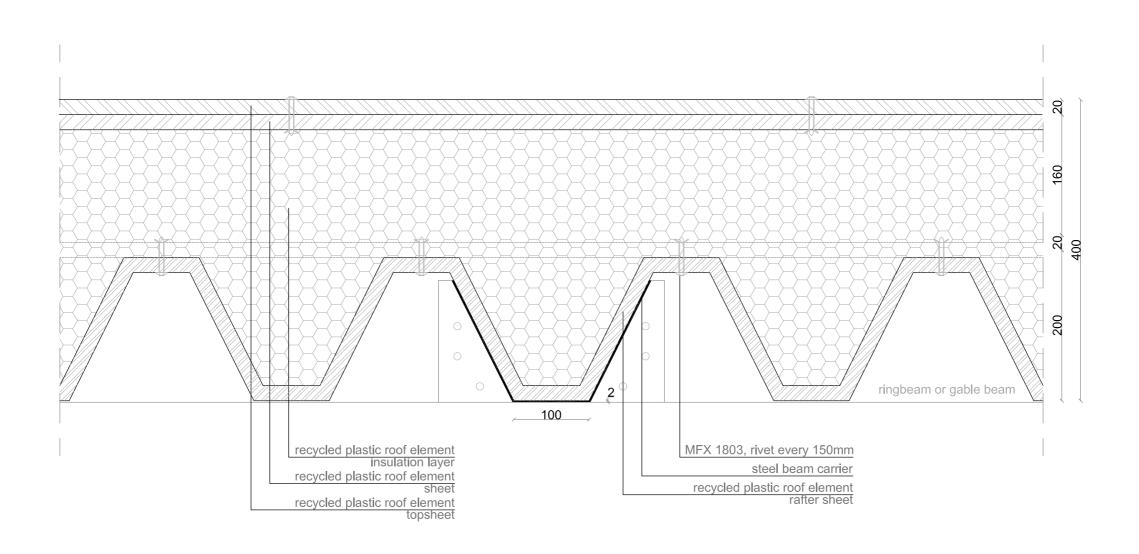
ROOF PANEL



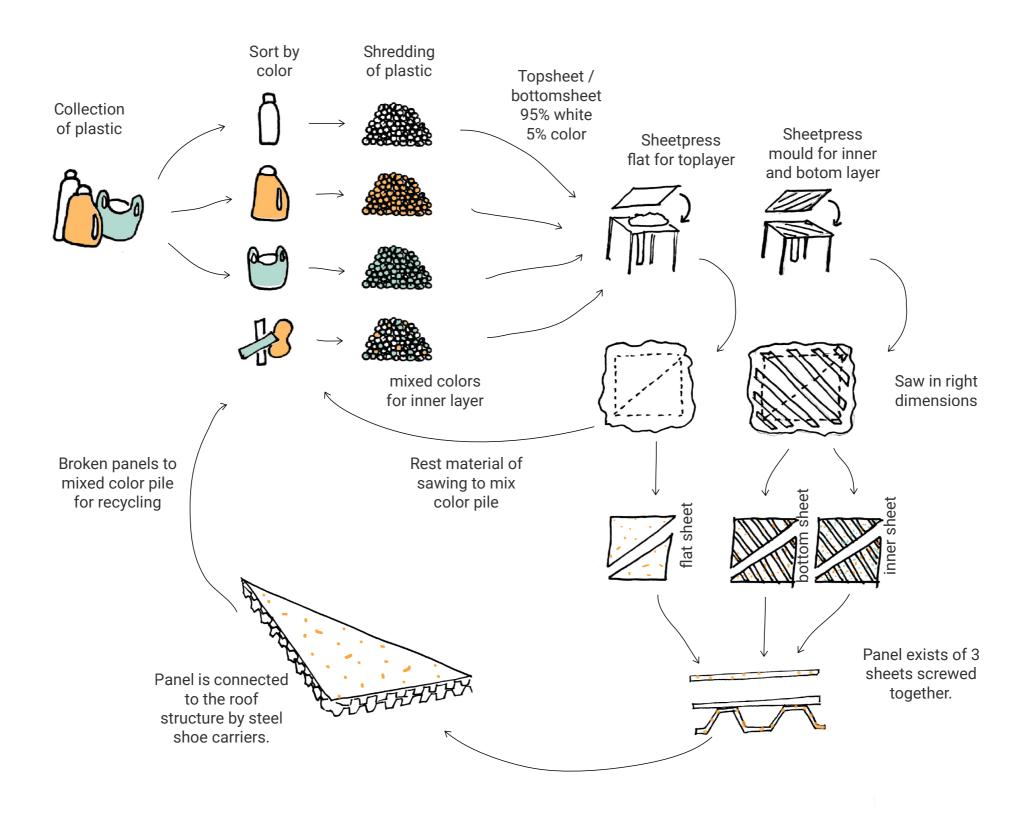
ROOF PANEL



ROOF PANEL



CIRCULAR SYSTEM



FACTORY

SITE



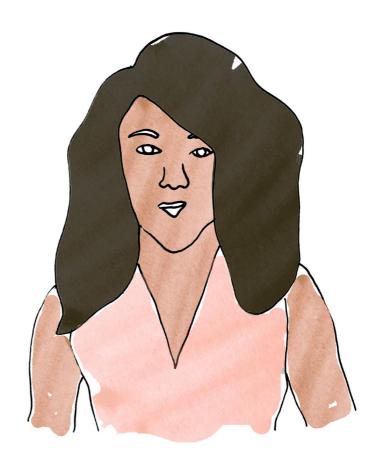
THE ONES IN NEED

Elderly



"I get 700-800 guilders for my retirement, how in god sake will I ever be able to rent an apartment of 800-900 dollars per month?"

Young families



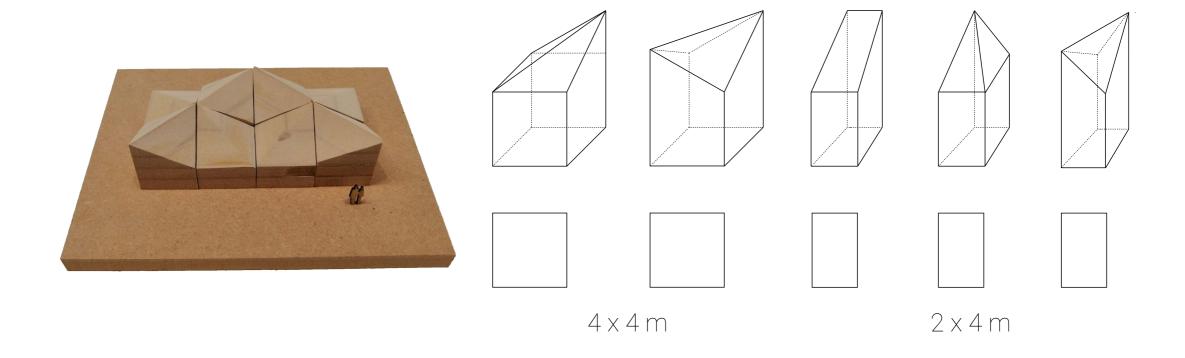
"Well, you see the options out there?

Because if I go for three bedroom now outside I have to pay at least 1300 dollars. That is my whole salary. How do I eat? How do I pay daycare? Daycare is 300 dollars."

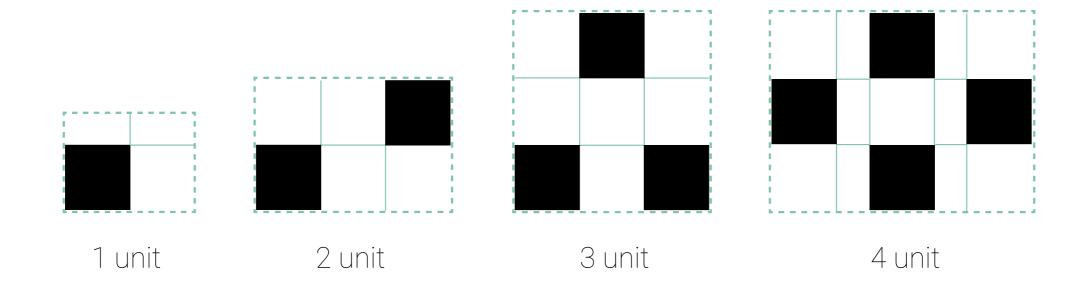
CONCEPT



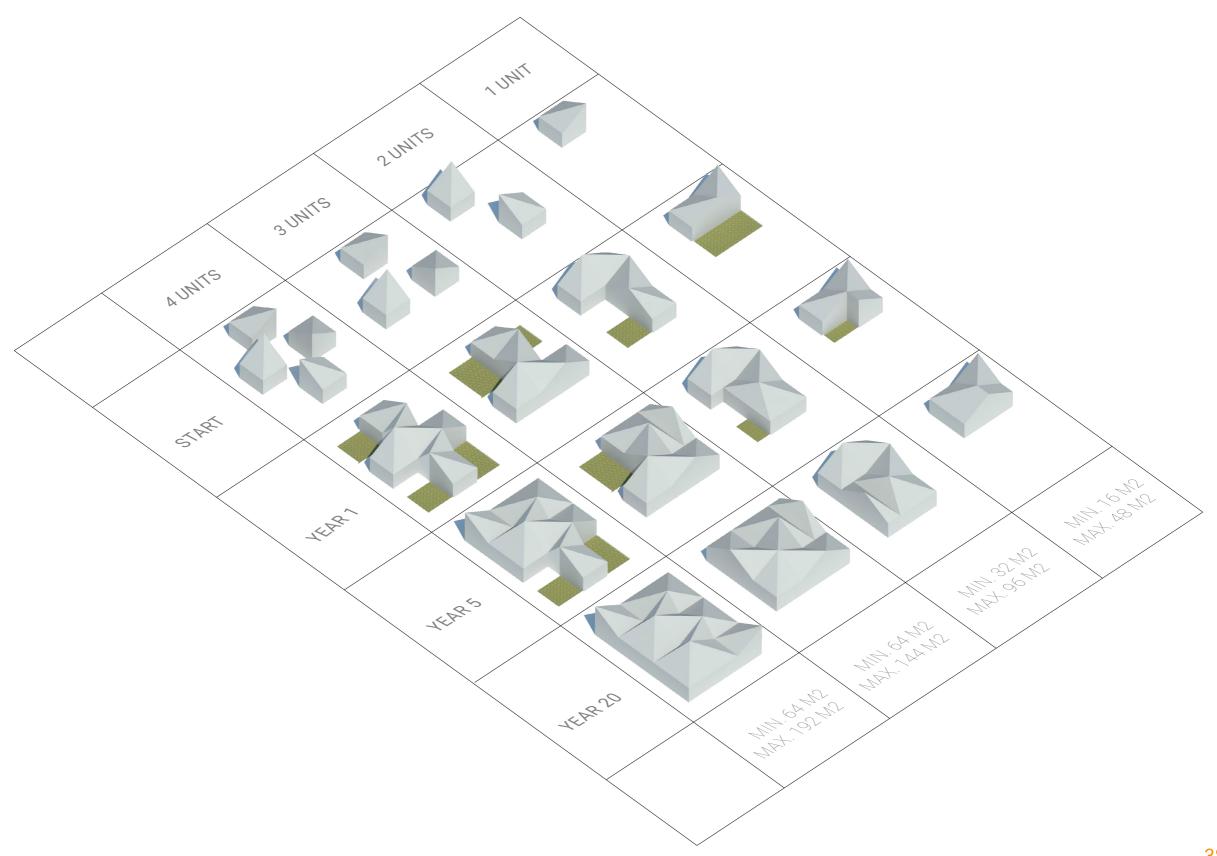
UNITS

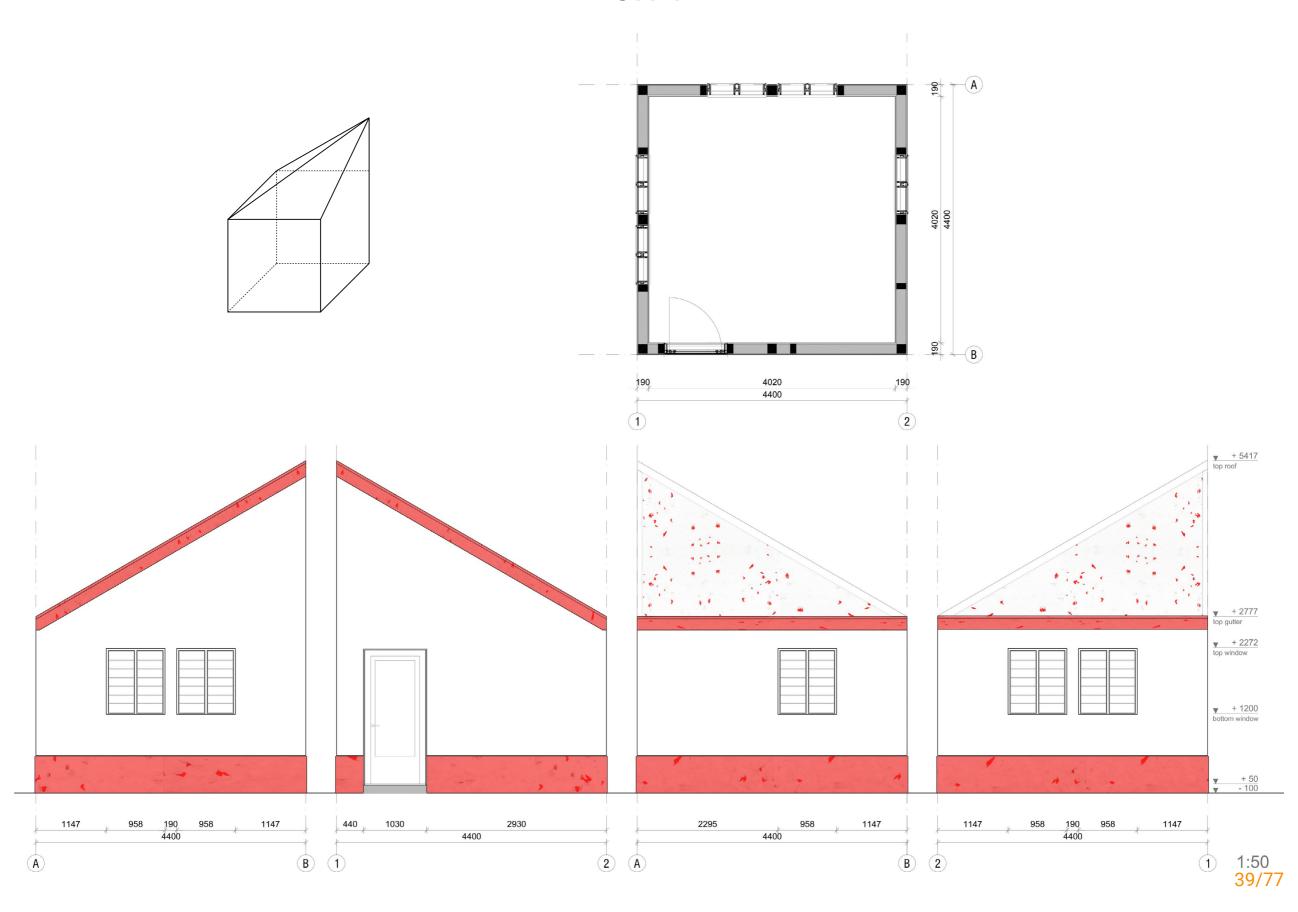


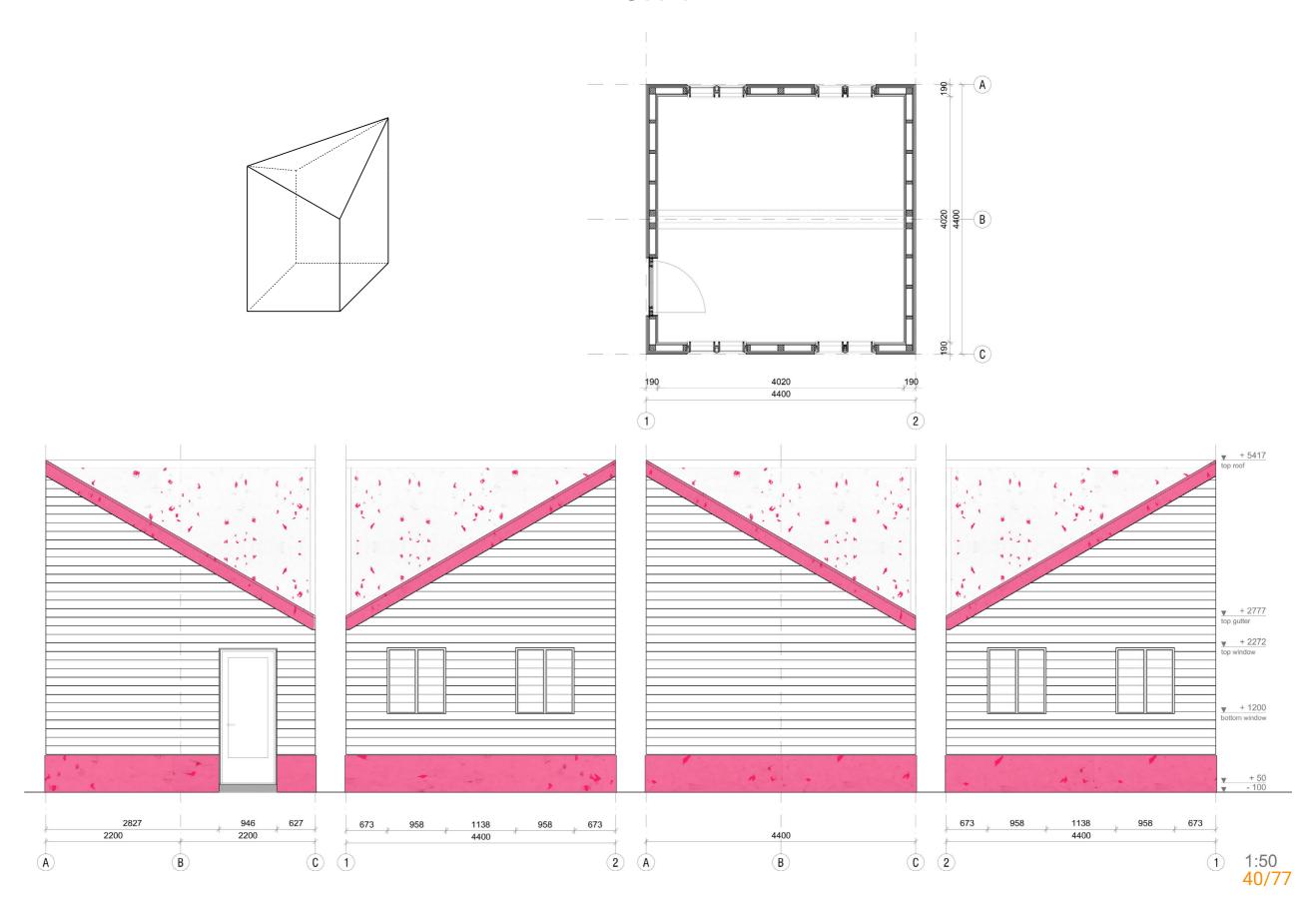
UNITS

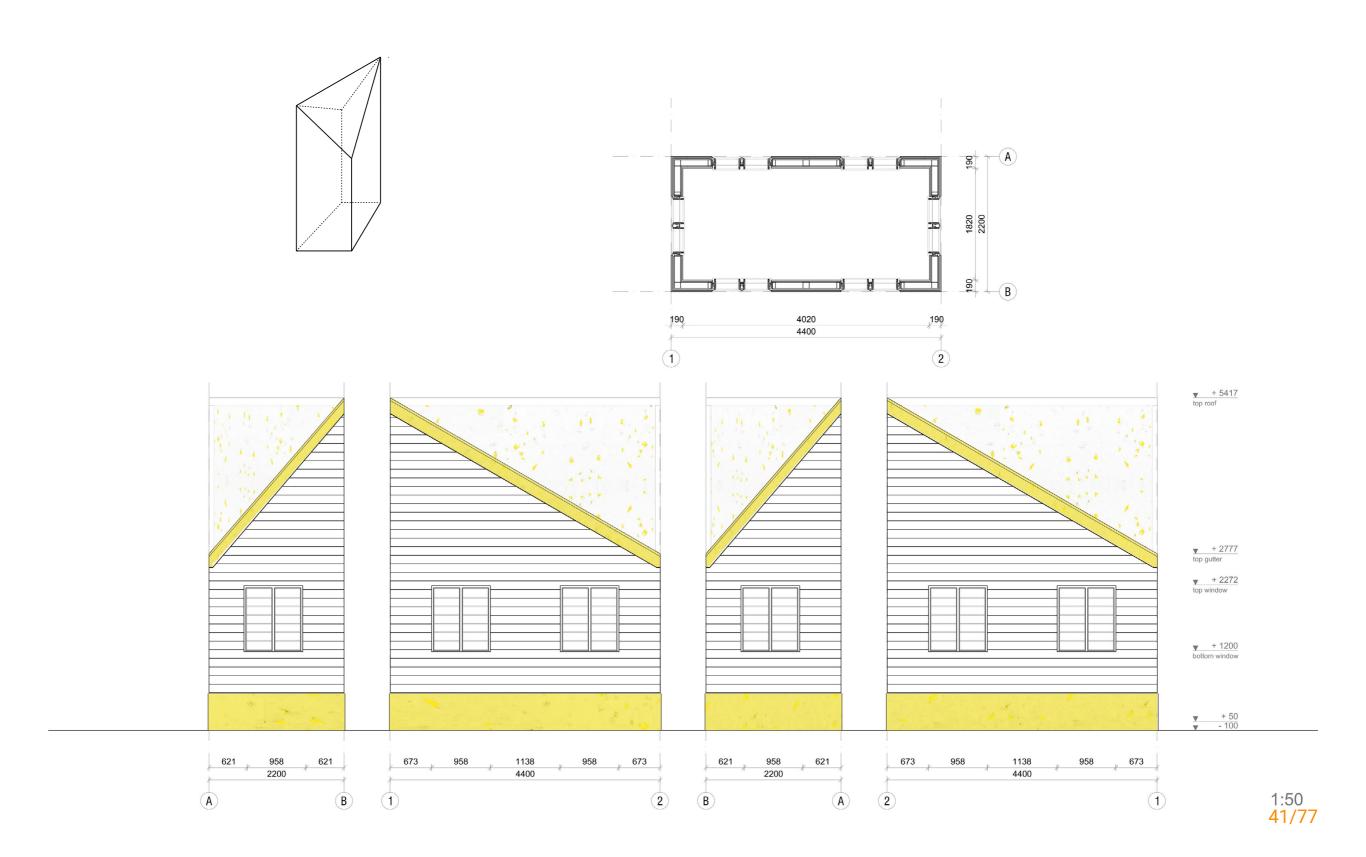


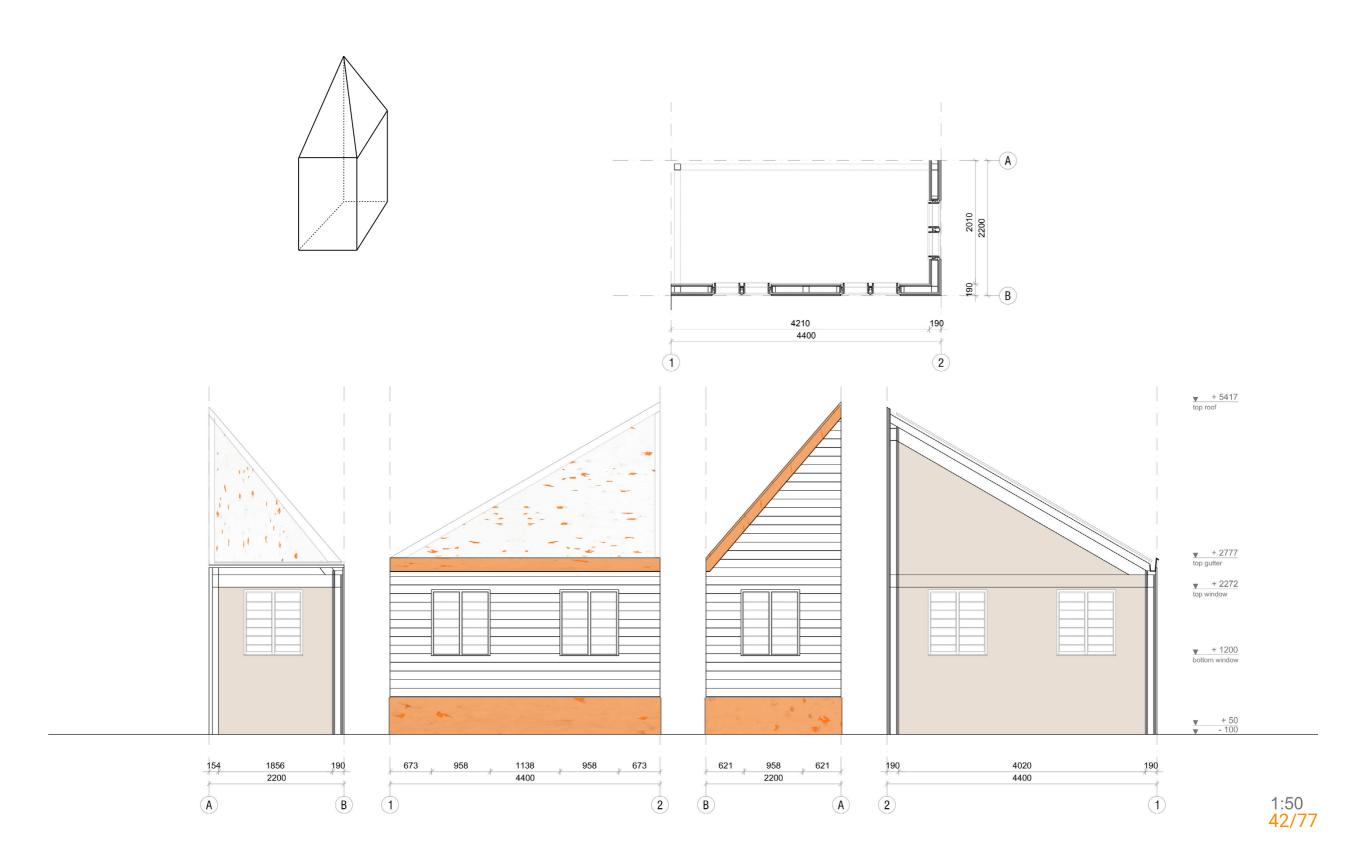
STRUCTURE OF GROWTH

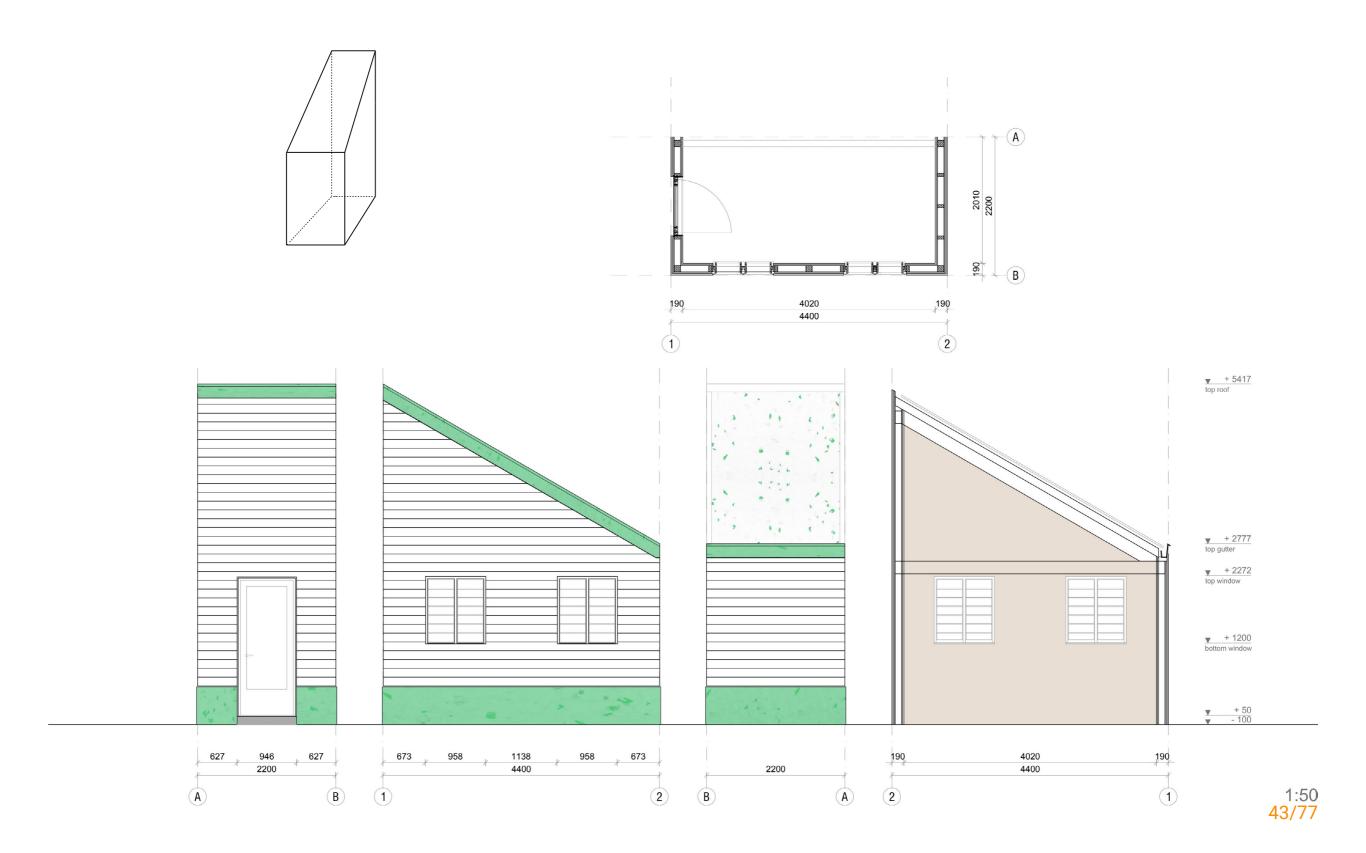


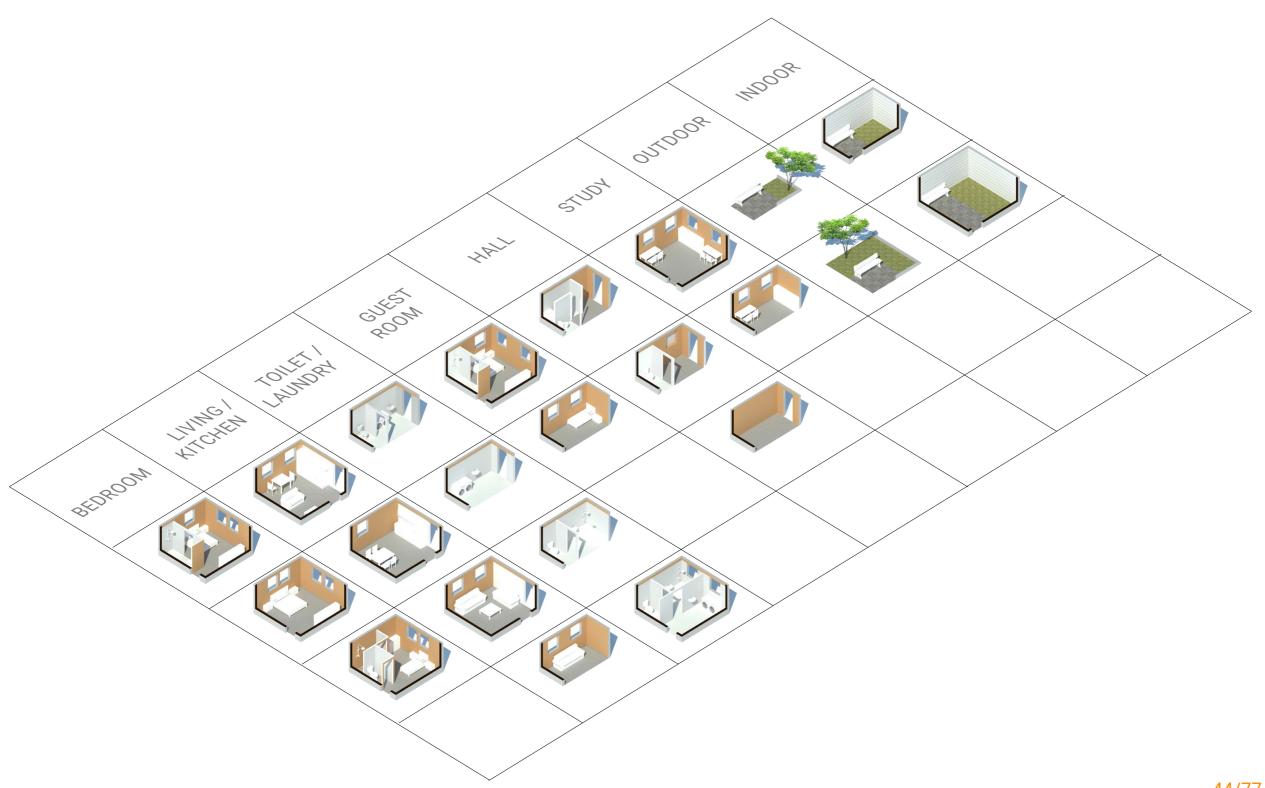


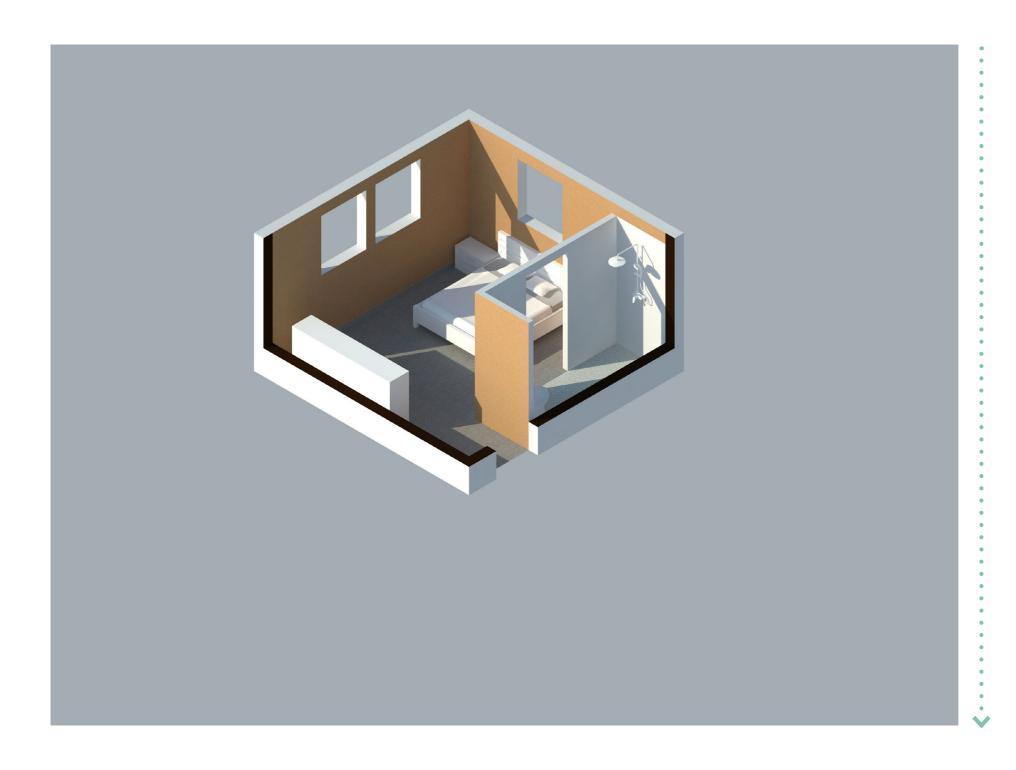




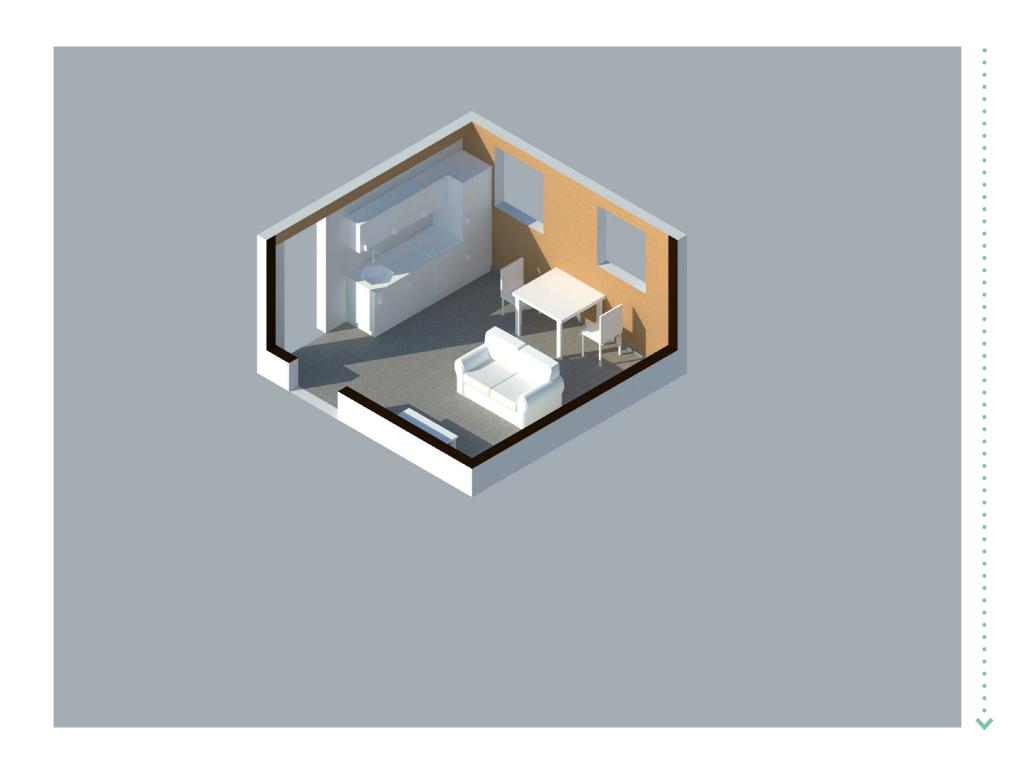




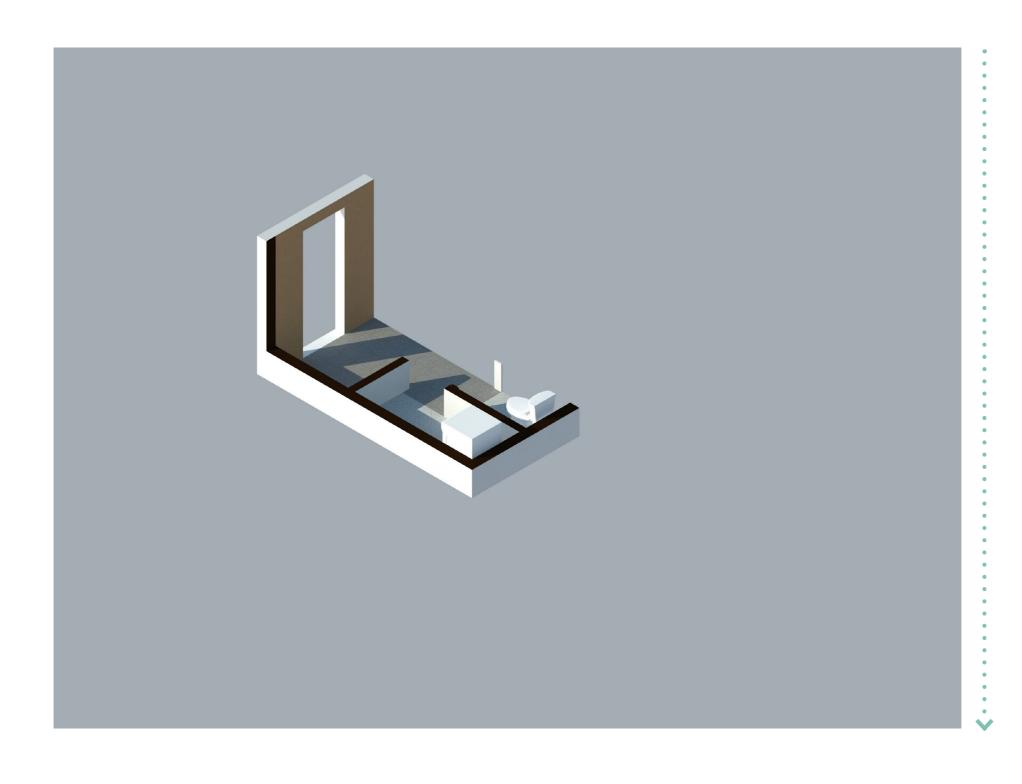




CONCRETE UNIT 15,9 M2



KITCHEN/ LIVING UNIT 16,9 M2



STORAGE TOILET UNIT 7,4 M2

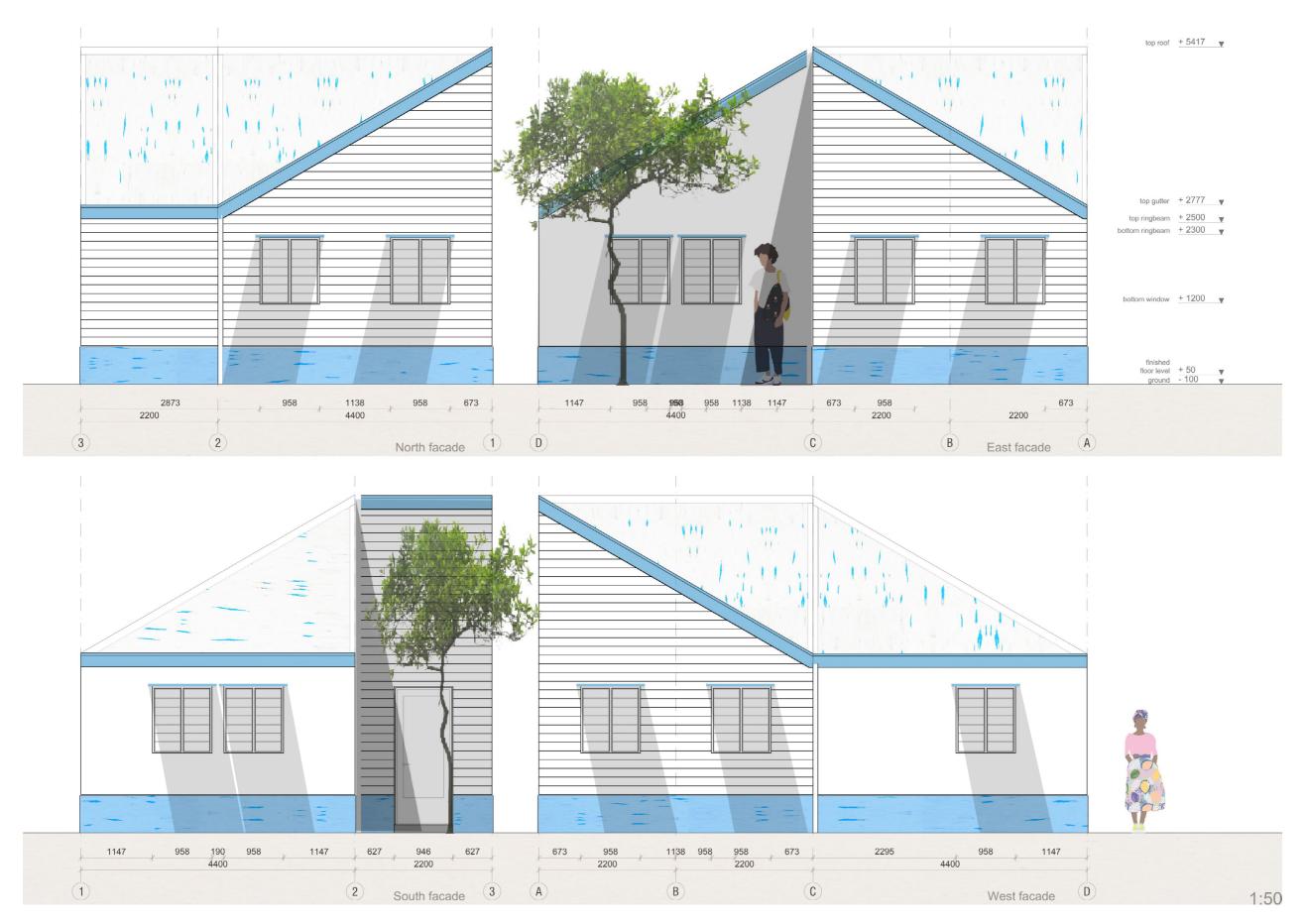


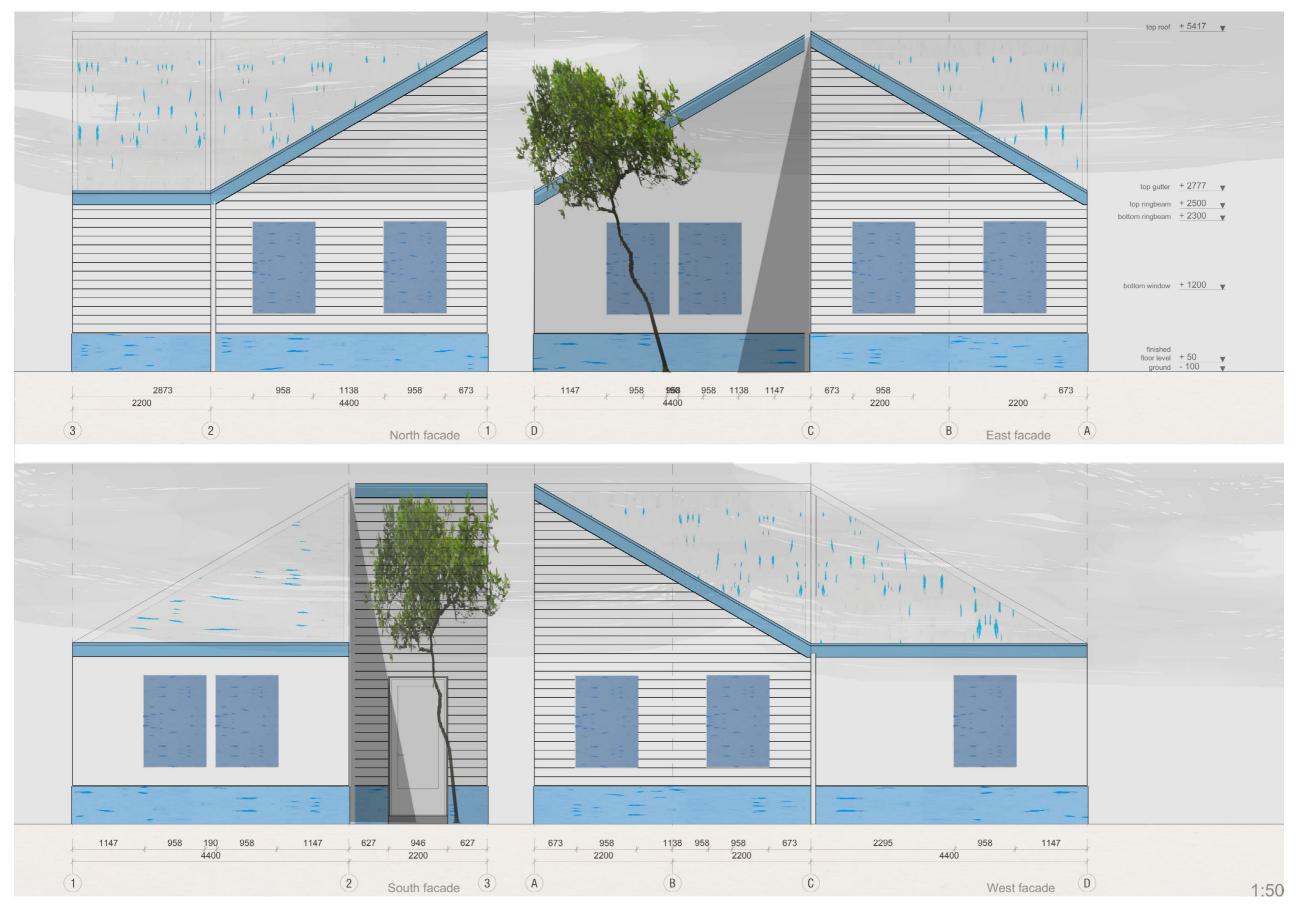
OUTDOOR UNIT 9,7 M2



TOTAL UNIT 49,9 M2

CONCEPT \overline{A} Toilet 1.2 m2 958 Laundry 2.3 m2 Living/kitchen 4210 \overline{B} 16.9 m2 958 Hall 3.9 m2 Bathroom 1000 2.67 m2 8 928 Bedroom 190 4400 13.2 m2 3120 958 1147 (D) 190 4400 1147 958 958 1147 627 946 627 2200 (2) (3)





FACTORY



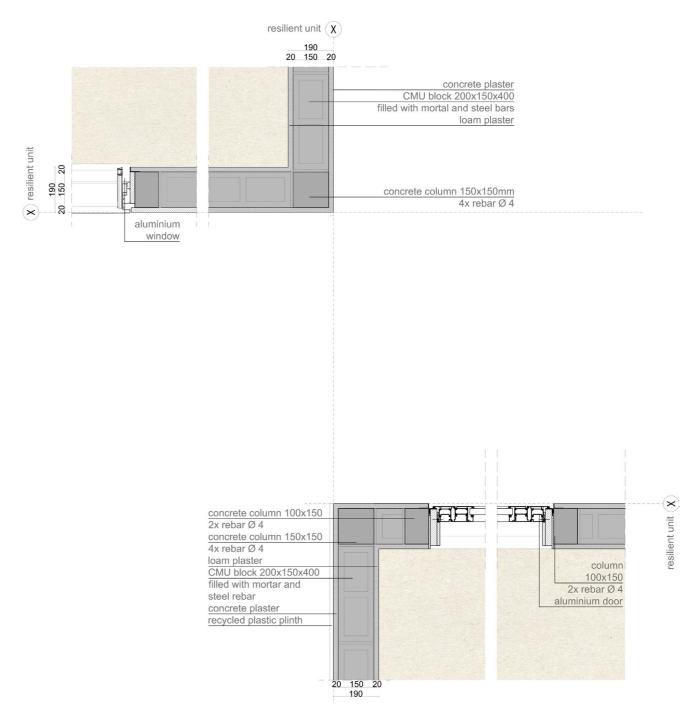
BUILDING ORDER



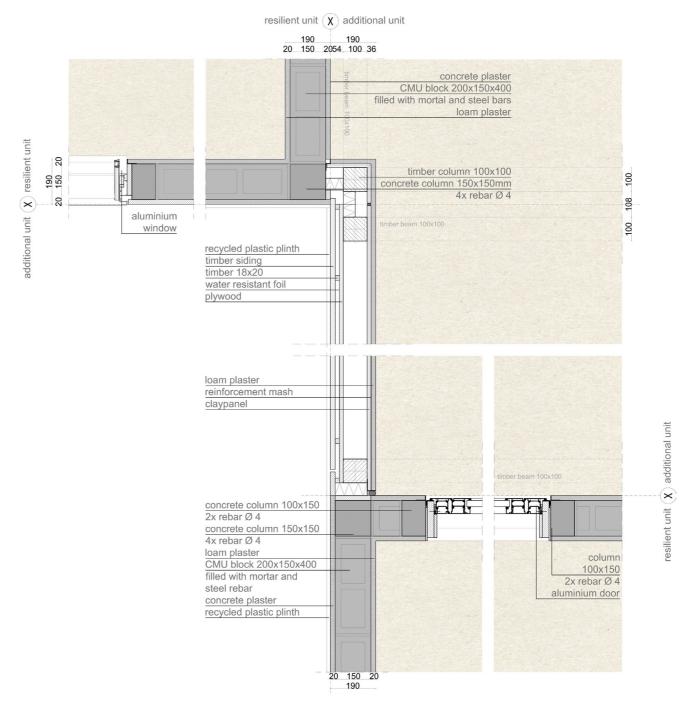
BUILDING ORDER



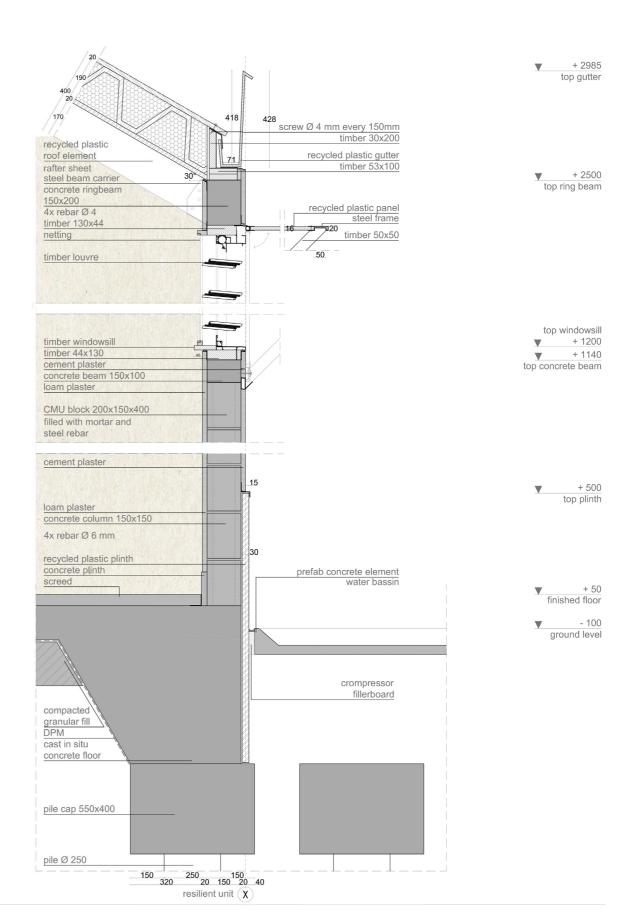




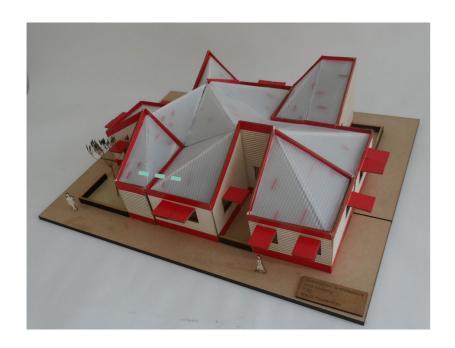


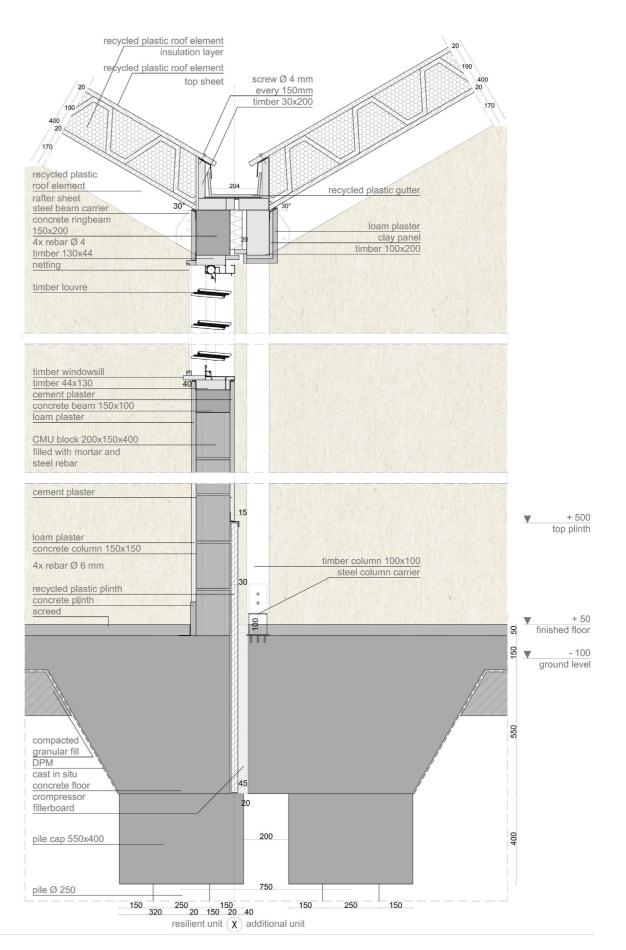




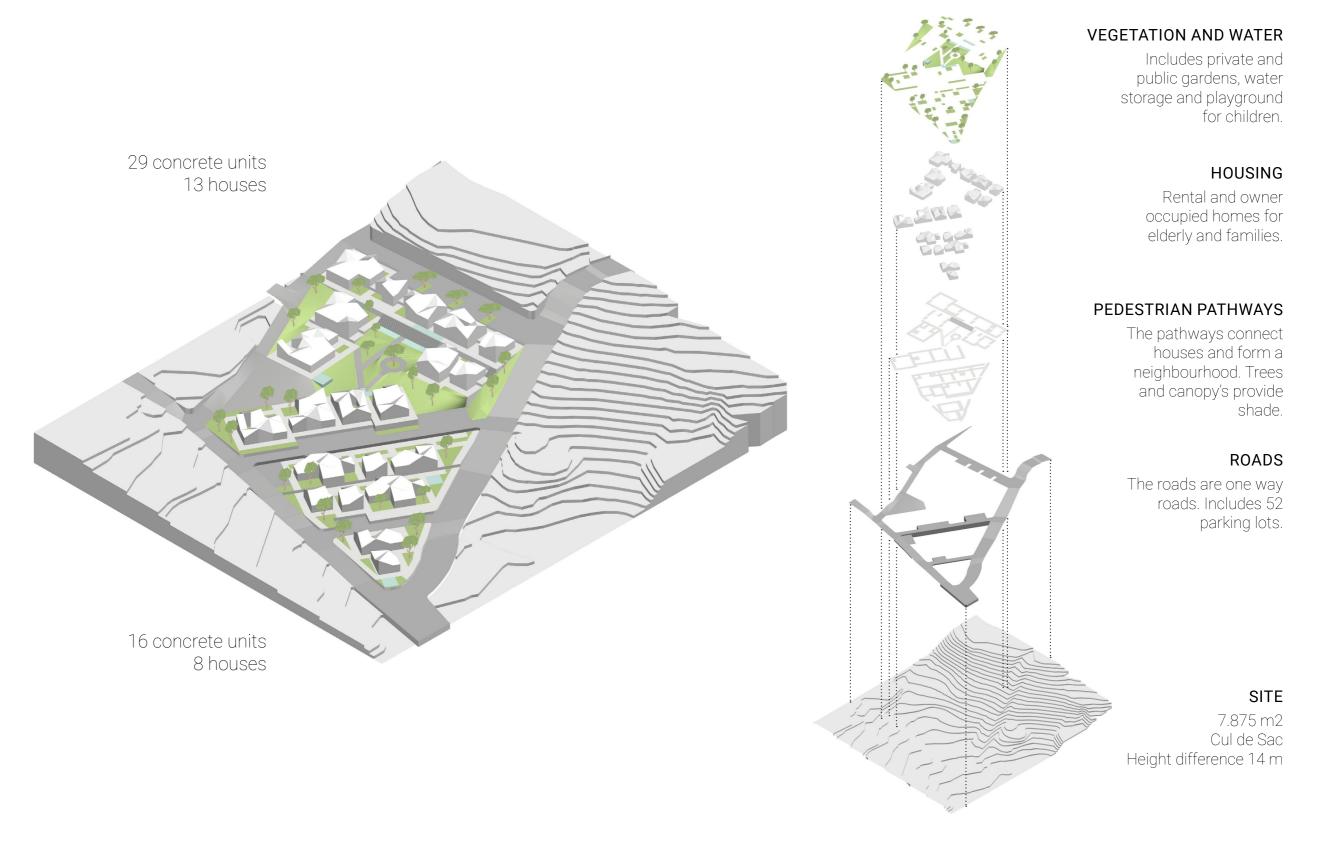


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URBAN PLAN



URBAN PLAN





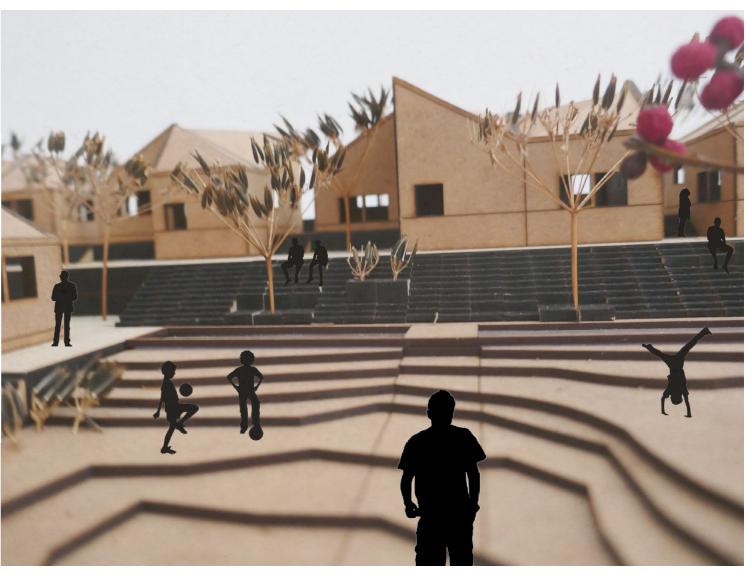
URBAN PLAN





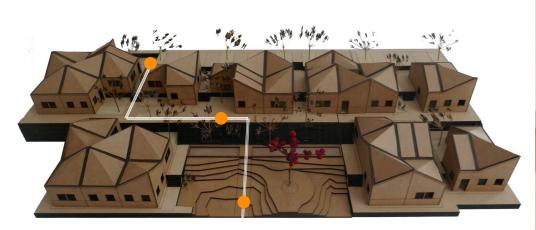




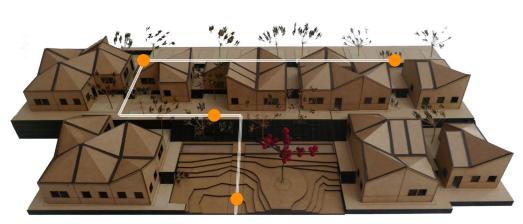




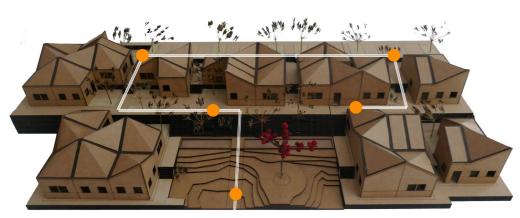






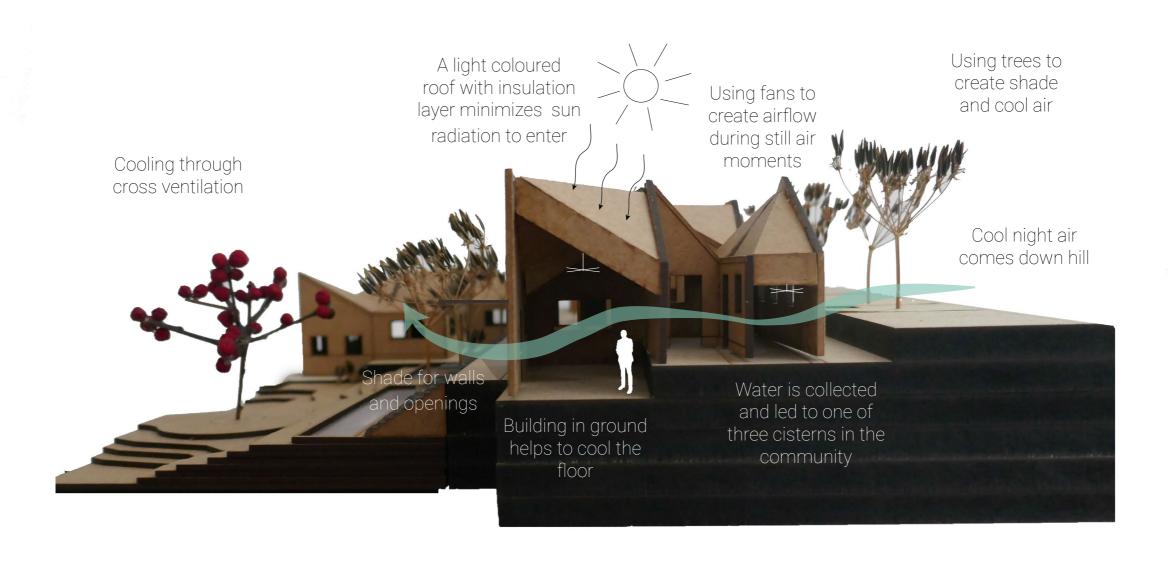


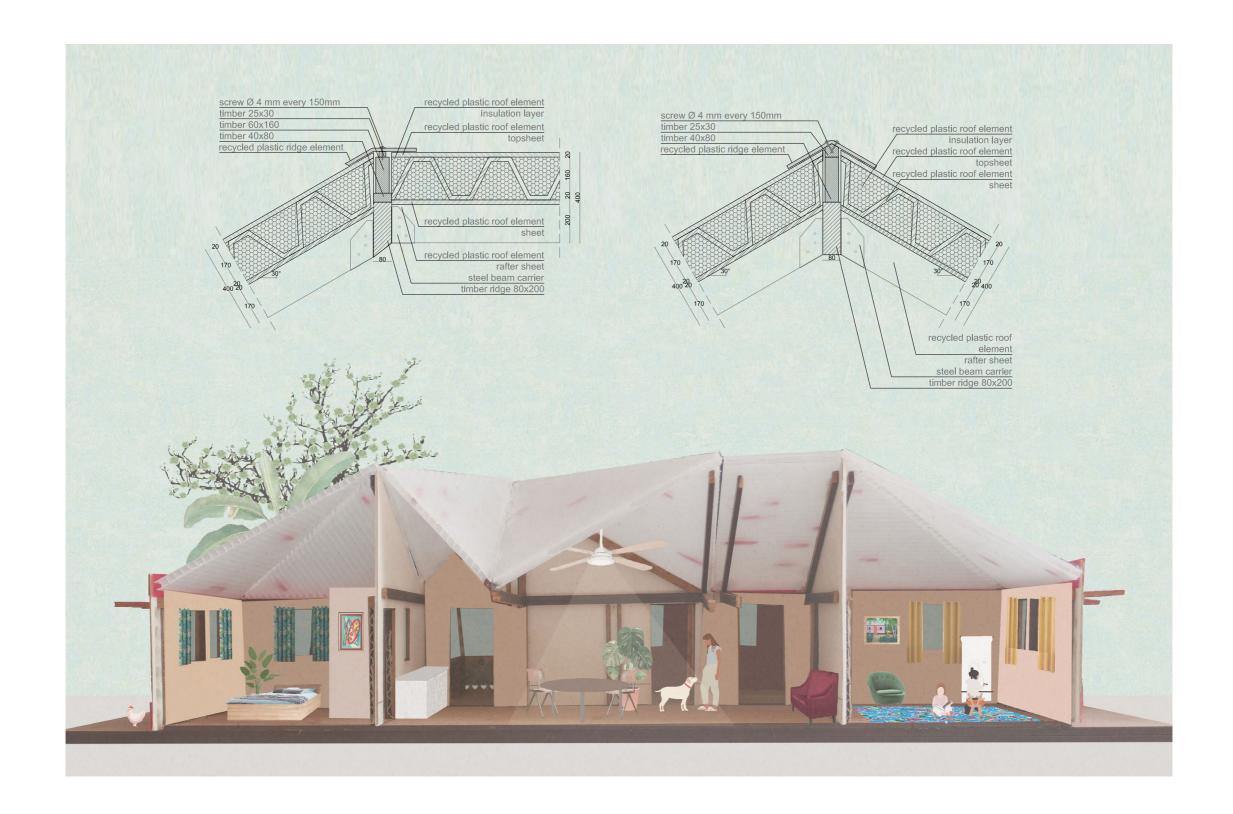






CLIMATE



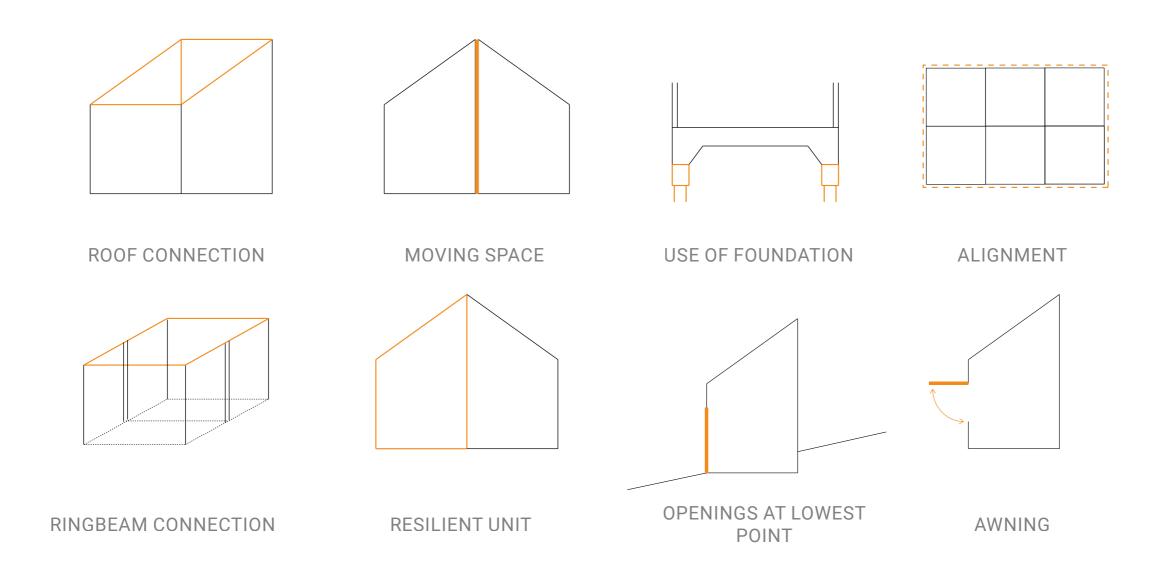




CONCLUSION



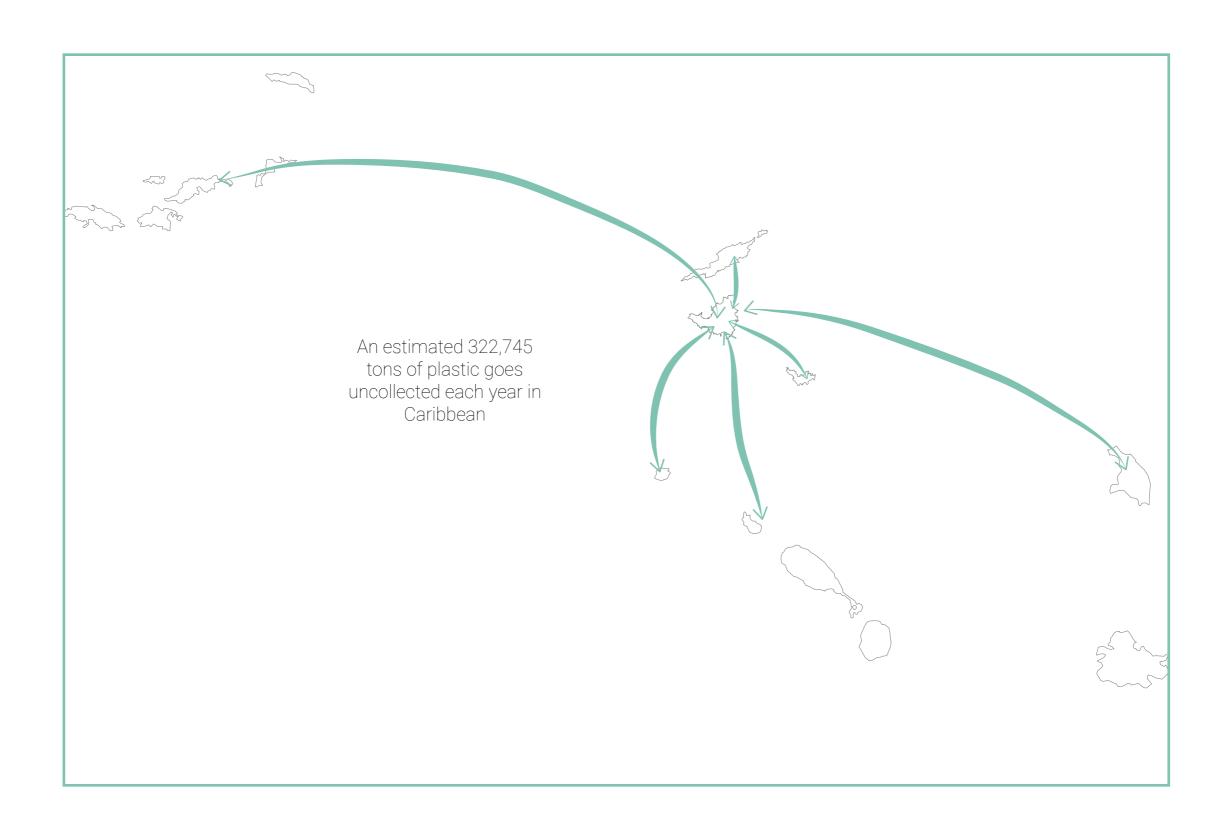
CONCLUSION



RELEVANCE



RELEVANCE





"For people living in areas prone to natural disasters, a resistant home can make the difference between total property loss and a safe haven."



THANK YOU