

Contents

- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule

7. Reference

Contents

- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule

7. Reference

Context and Motivation Relevance Problem Diagnosis Problem Statement

Location_



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement



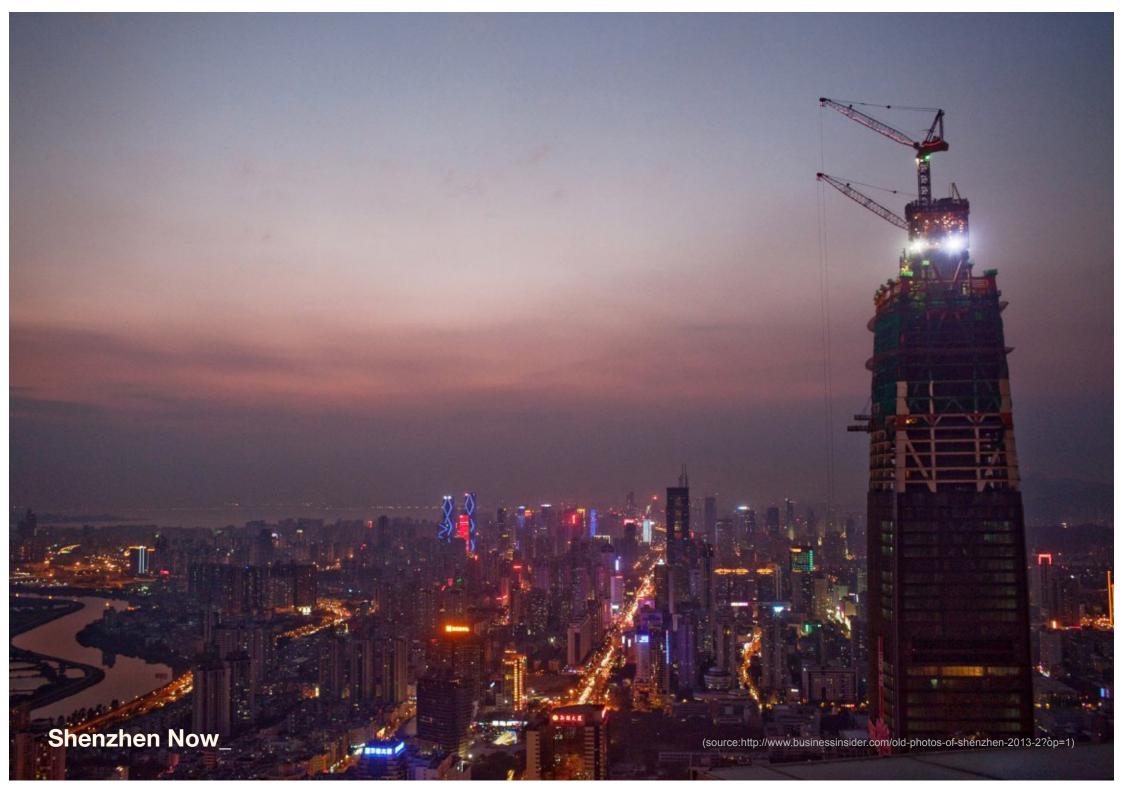


Pearl River Delta 1979



Pearl River Delta 2003 (source: .nasa.gov)





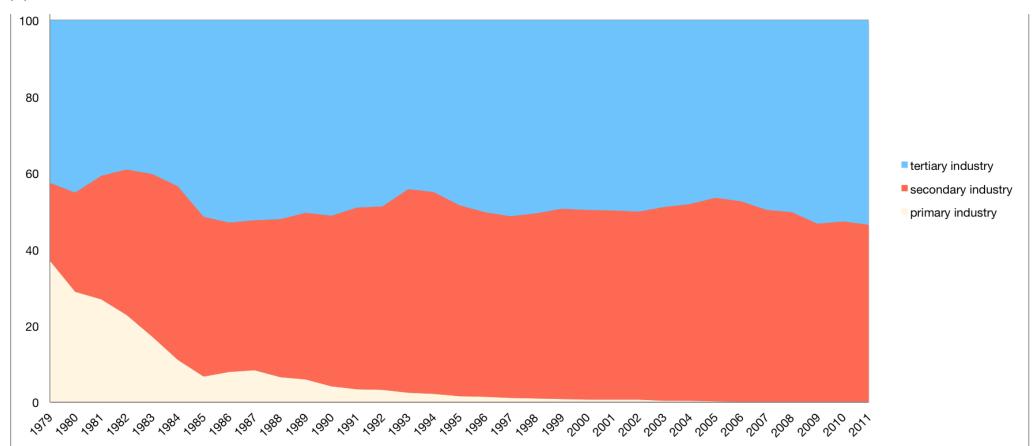
Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Economic restructuring_

(%)

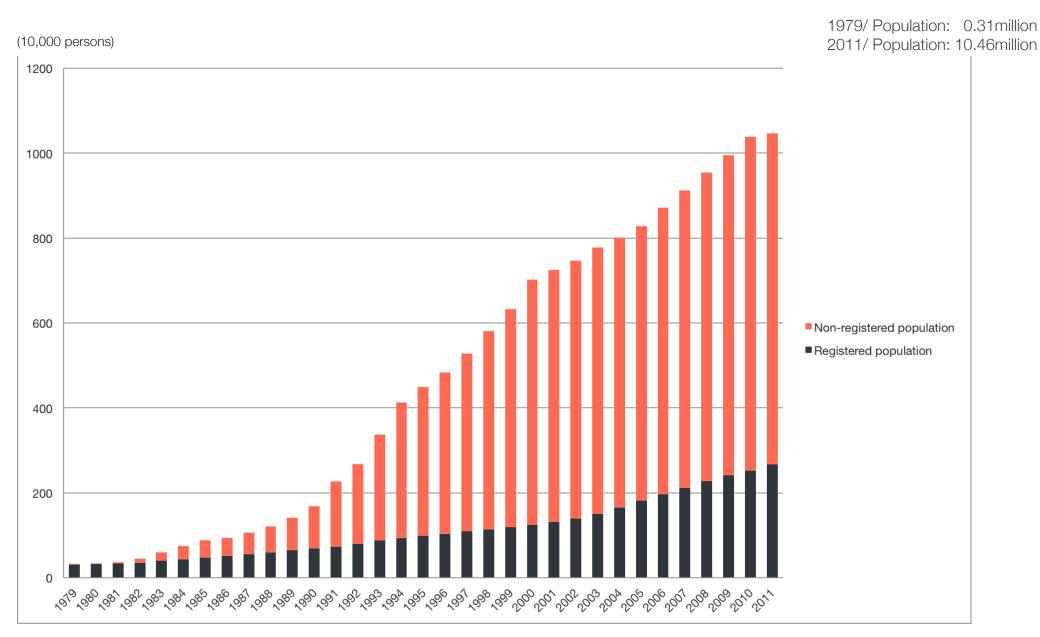


Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Population Growth_



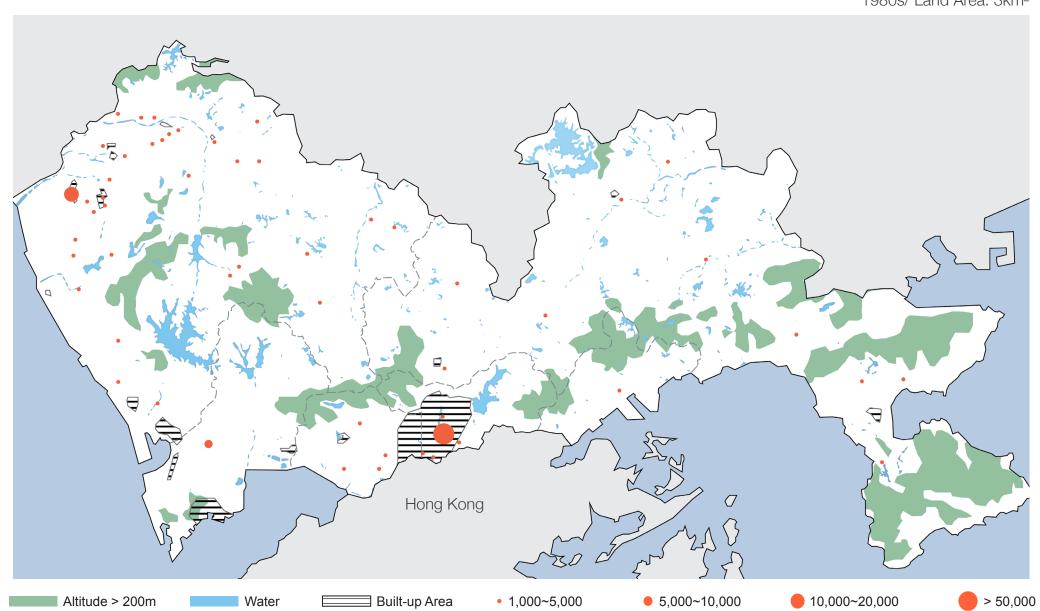
Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

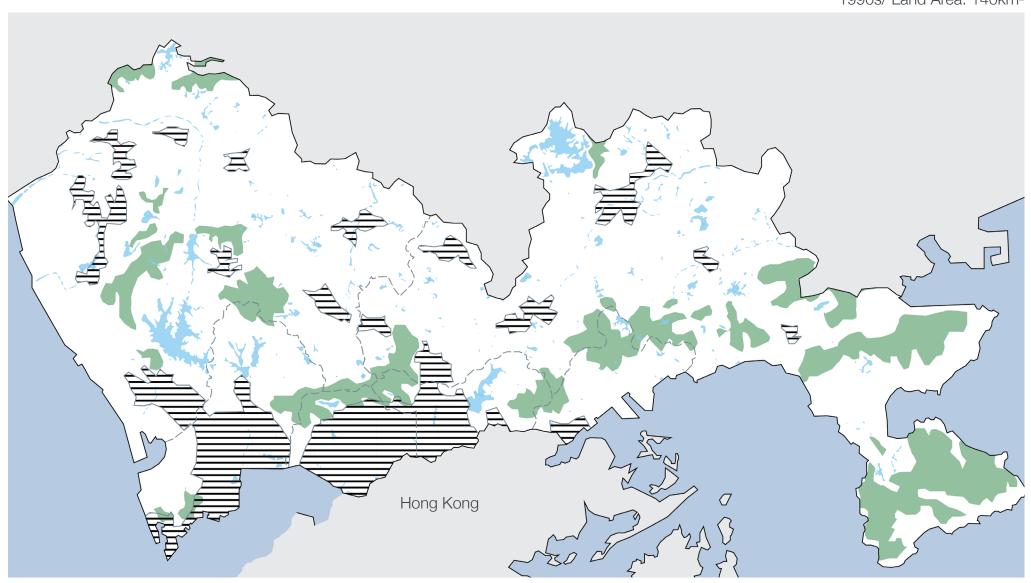
Urban Sprawl_

1980s/Land Area: 3km²



Urban Sprawl_

1990s/ Land Area: 140km²



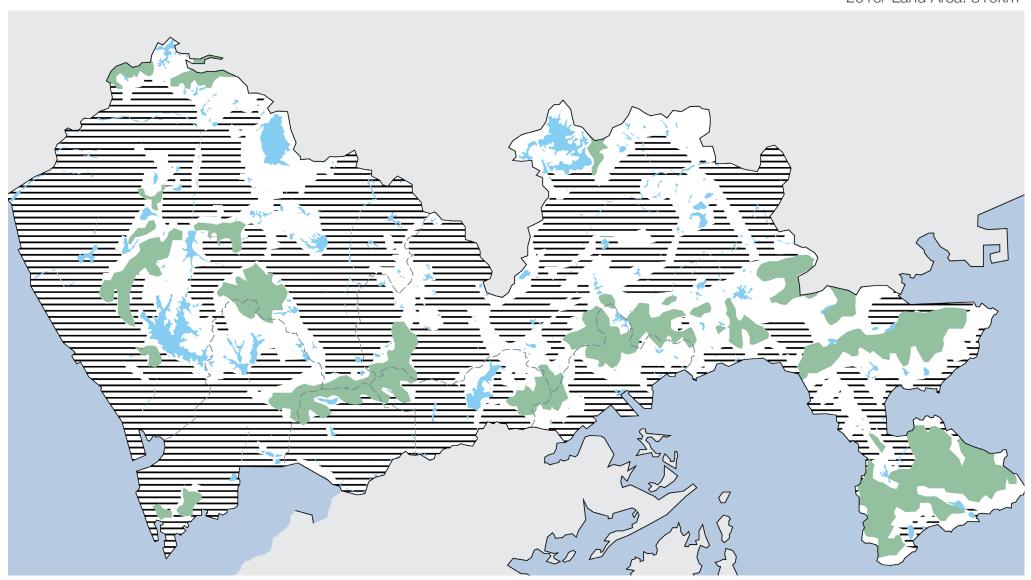
Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Urban Sprawl_

2010/ Land Area: 810km²

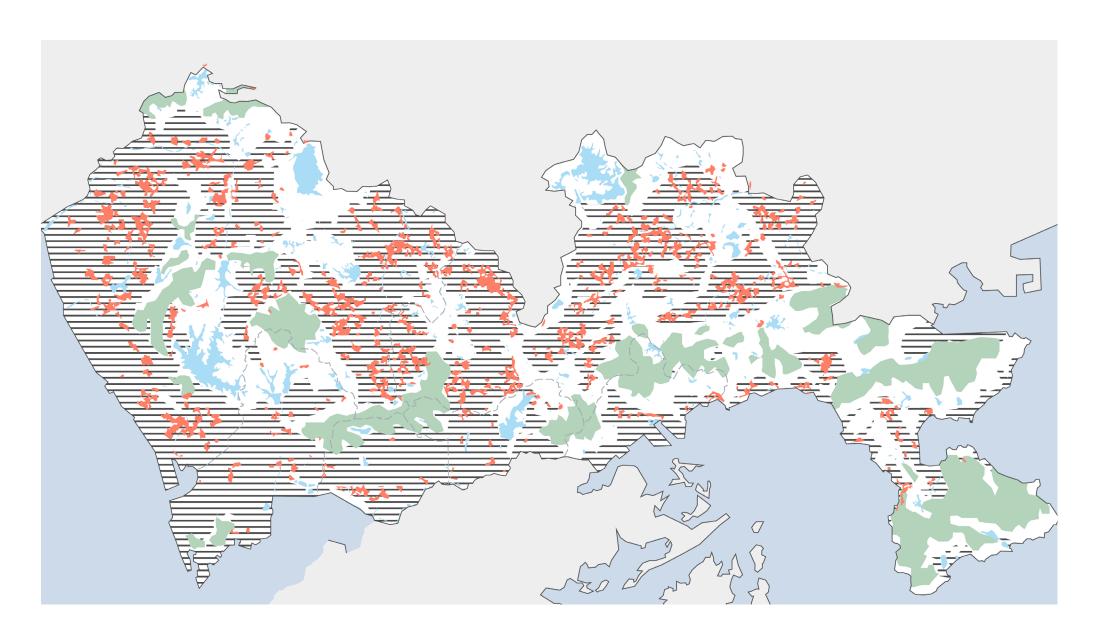


Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Urban Villages Distribution_

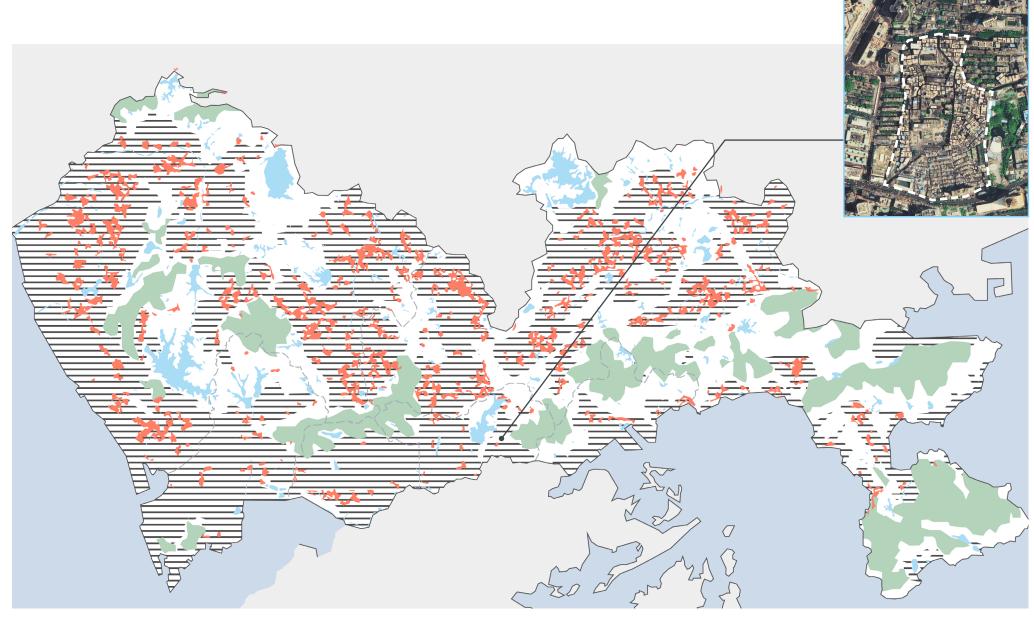


Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Urban Villages Distribution_



In 2007, there are **6.37 million** population—almost **70%** of total population, living in urban villages. **Floating population** accounts for **93%**.









Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Relevance _



Urban segregation in western context _







1970s Post-Fordist Economic Restruturing;

Globalization

Decline of manufacturing;

Increase of high-skilled sectors

Emergence of urban poor

Inequity of income and occupation

social-spatia segregation Welfare state;

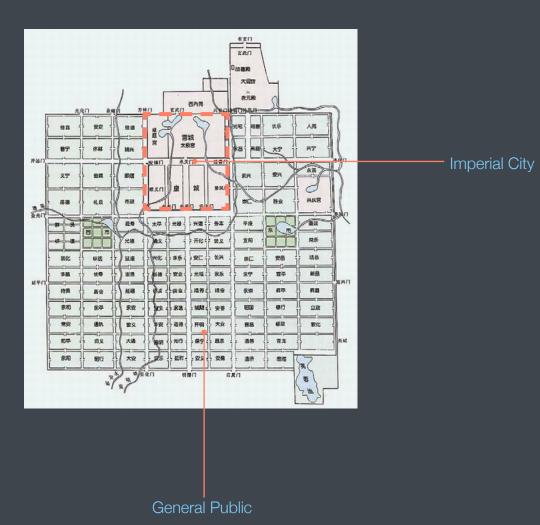
Social mix policy

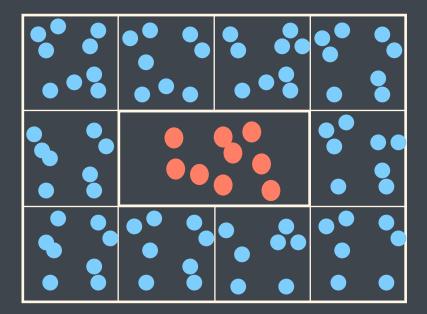






Urban segregation in Chinese context _before 1949





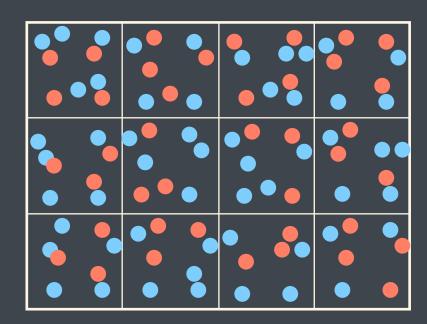
- Low-class
- Upper-class

Urban segregation in Chinese context _1949-1978







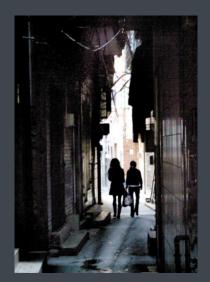


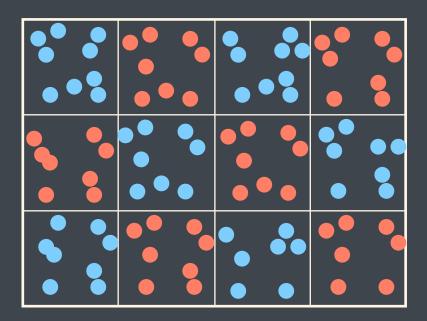
- Low-class
- Upper-class

Urban segregation in Chinese context _1978-now









- Low-class
- Upper-class

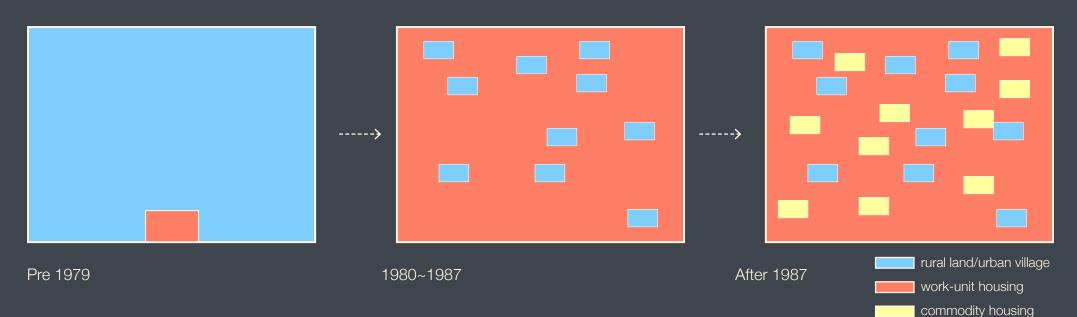
Relevance

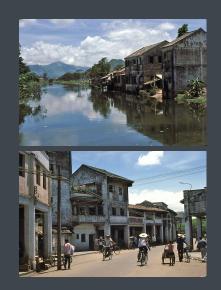
Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Urban segregation in Shenzhen context _

-Rapid transformation





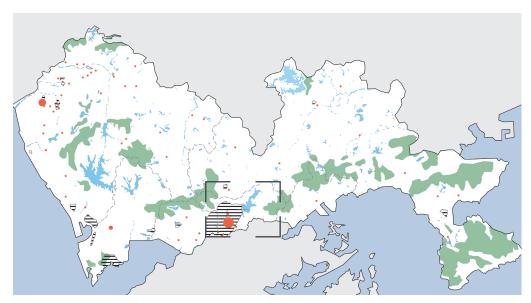




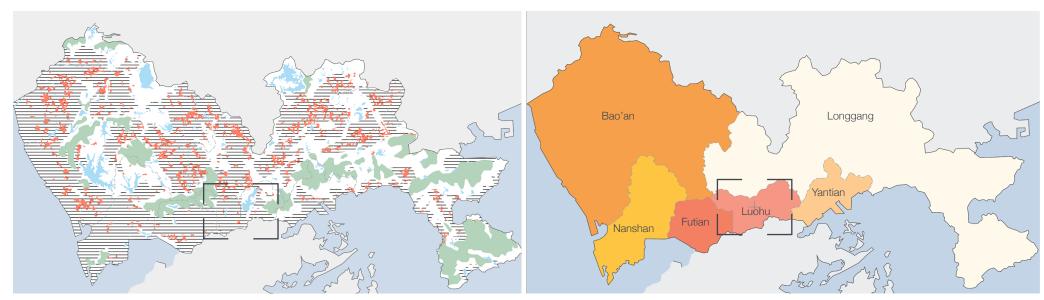
Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement



Original settlement of Shenzhen

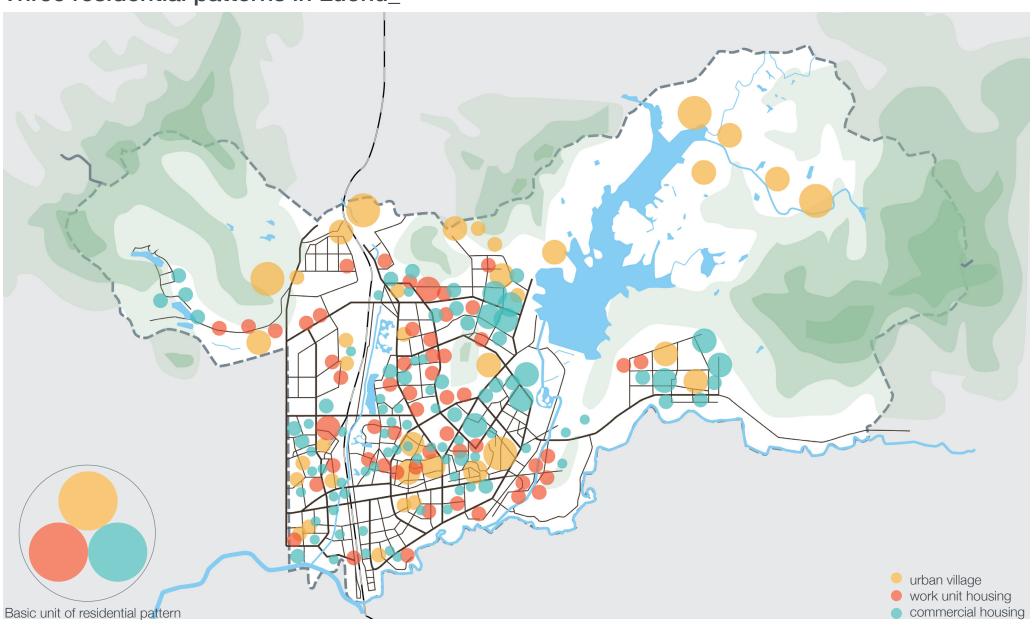


Urban village distribution

Density map of Shenzhen(2011)

Dynamic Area---Luohu

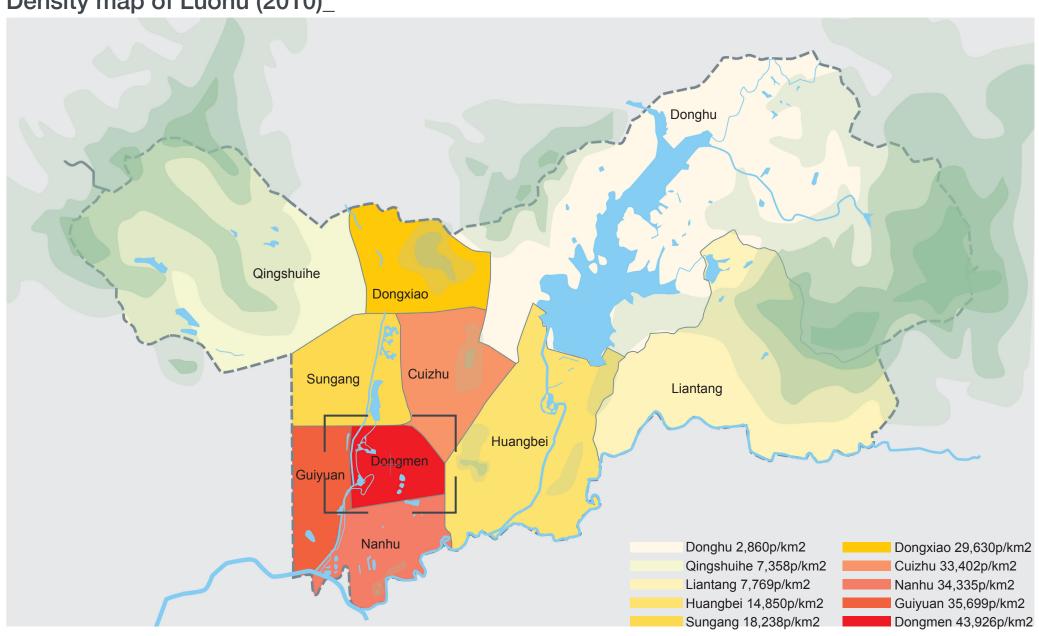
Three residential patterns in Luohu_



Relevance

Problem Statement

Density map of Luohu (2010)_



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_



Site Area_social boundary_rent_



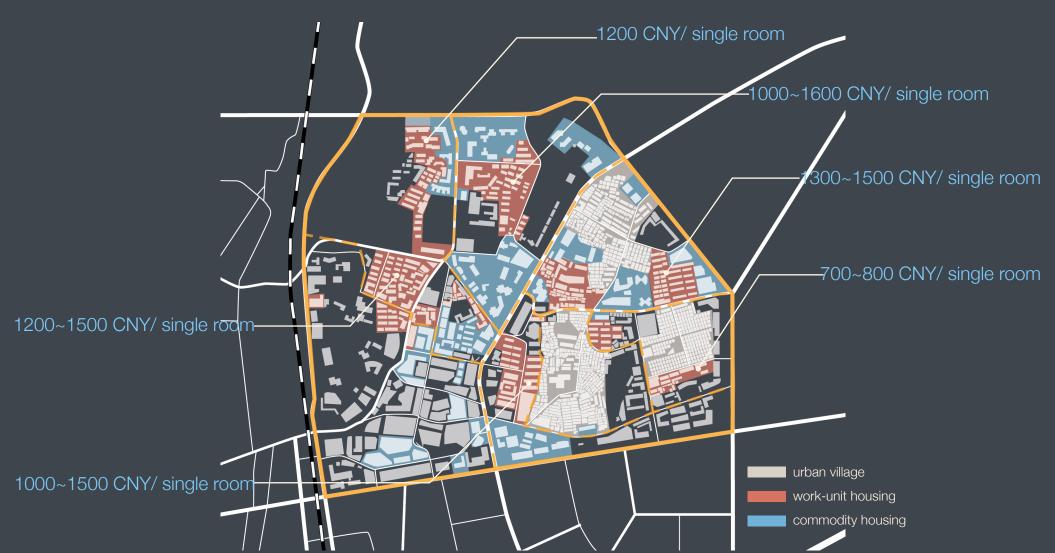
Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_social boundary_rent_

Low-paid floating population and young professionals



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_social boundary_rent_

Upper class



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_social boundary_rent_

Different social groups



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

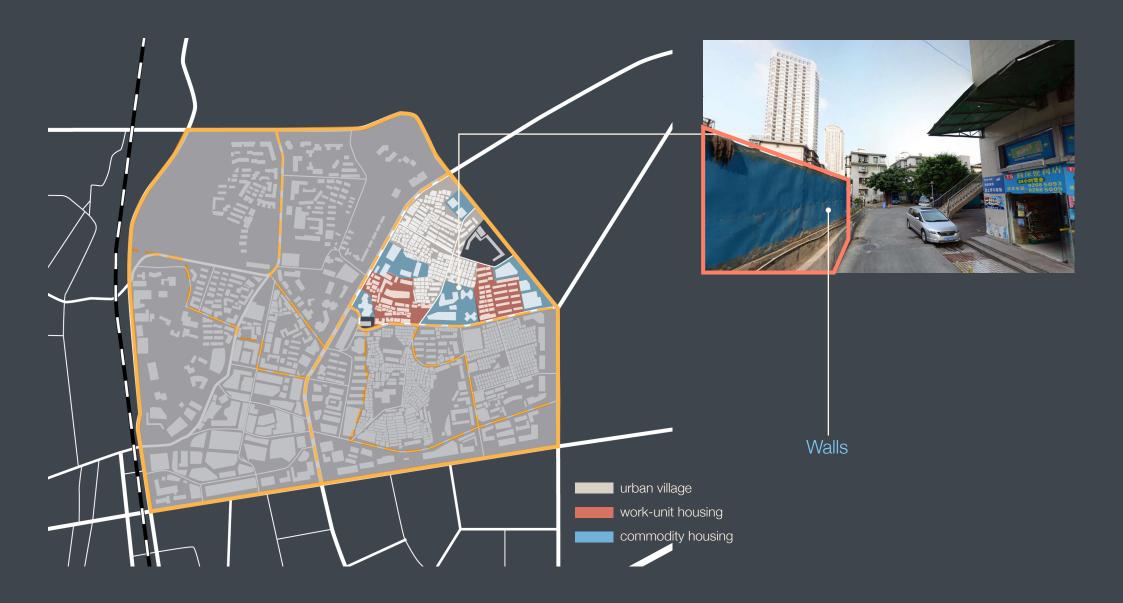
Site Area_governance boundary_



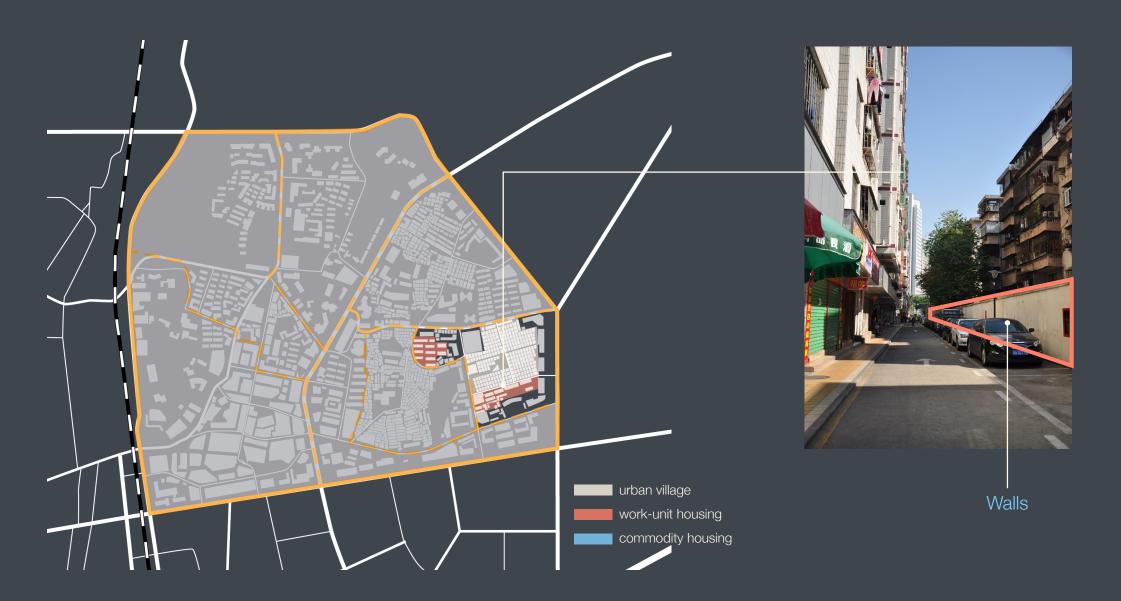
Site Area_physical boundary_huachang community_



Site Area_physical boundary_luoling community_



Site Area_physical boundary_hubei community_



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_physical boundary_hurong community_





Narrow road

Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_functional boundary_

Basic public service distribution



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_functional boundary_



Informal market inside urban villages





Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Site Area_functional boundary_



Public space inside gated communities



Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statemen

Problem Definition_

Within the context of Shenzhen, there are mainly three different types of housing: urban villages, work-unit housing and commodity housing. Each of these housing types is occupied by different social groups depending on their economic position. Those who live in urban villages and degrading work-unit housing are underclass in the society, and gradually being segregated both socially and spatially.

Relevance

Problem Diagnosis

Problem Statement

Problem statement_



Unequal access to basic public services; Prejudice, discrimination incomplete participation in society

... ...

What's the future for them?

Demands for social-spatial integration





Unaffordable housing for under-class



- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule

Research question for theoretical framework_

How to promote social-spatial integration

in order to achieve social cohesion

within social-spatial segretated context?

Social cohesion, community and public space_

.....Sense of community is not limited to a geographical region.....the close proximity of neighbours provides unique opportunities for social interaction and support.....(Francis, Corti, Wood, 2012)

Proper community building can promote social interaction and cohesion

The major roles of public space may be identified as recreation, exposure of different residents to one another, facilitation of social cohesion and intergenerational interaction... (R Sendi and B Golic'nik Marus'ic', 2012).

Public space is an effective element to foster sense of community

Hypothesis_







Proposal for new community building

involving diffrent social groups

Suitable public space integration

- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule

Formulate a comprehensive design principles of public space

based on community restructuring

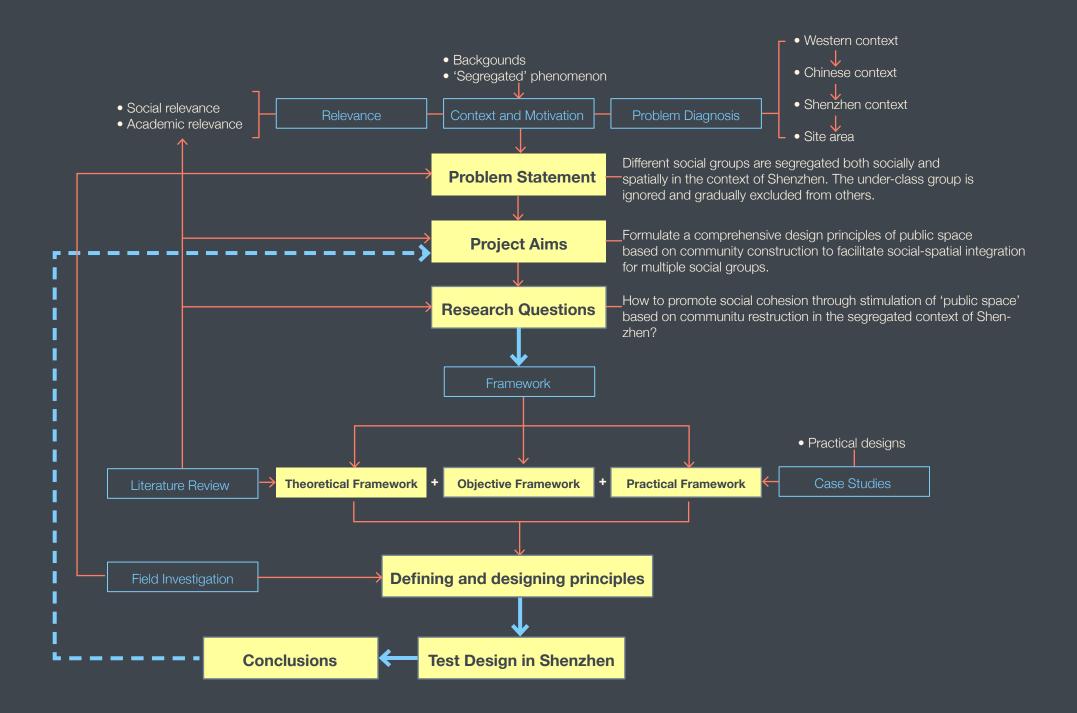
to facilitate social-spatial integration for multiple social groups.

- Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule

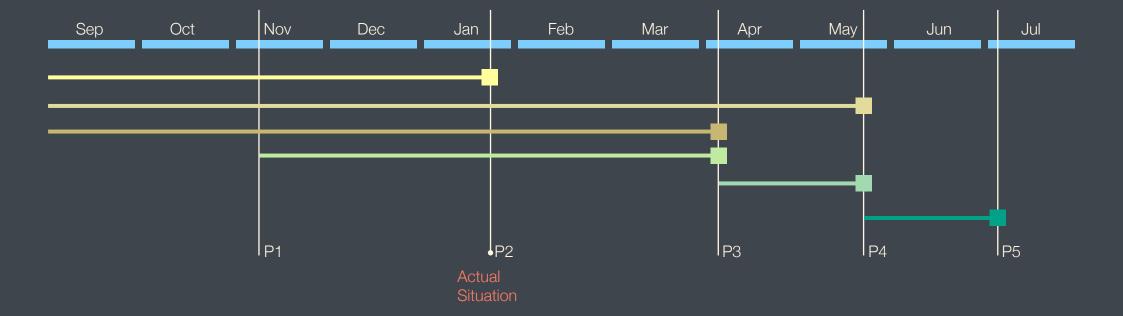
How to promote social-spatial integration through stimulation of 'public space' based on community restructuring in the segregated context of Shenzhen?

- ---What's the current situation in site area in terms of 'Shequ' construction, public space, life circle etc?
- ---How to formulate a cohesive community based on current context? (basic principles, stakeholders involved, power distribution etc.)
- ---What's the role of public space inside a community? How to create sense of community through it? (design principles)

- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule



- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule





- 1. Project Description
- 2. Theoretical Framework
- 3. Project Aims
- 4. Research Questions
- 5. Methodology/ Expected Products
- 6. Time Schedule

ATKINSON, R. & KINTREA, K. (2000) Owner-occupation, social mix and neighbourhood impacts. Policy & Politics, research, 13, 697-708.

BOLT, G., VAN KEMPEN, R. & VAN WEESEP, J. (2009) After urban restructuring; relocations and segregation in Dutch cities. Tijdschrift voor economische en sociale geografie, 100, 502-518.

CASTELLS, M. & MOLLENKOPF, J. (1991) Dual city. Restructuring New York. New York: Russell Sage Foundation,. Hong Kong and San Francisco. Regional Science and Urban Economics,. CHUNG, H. 2010. Building an image of Villages-in-the-City: A Clarification of China's Distinct Urban Spaces. International Journal of Urban and Regional Research, 34, 421-437.

CLARK, W. A. (1986) Residential segregation in American cities: A review and interpretation, Population Research and Policy Review, 5, 95-127.

DAWKINS, C. J. (2004) Measuring the spatial pattern of residential segregation. Urban Studies, 41, 833-851. DEKKER, K. & BOLT, G. (2005) Social cohesion in post-war estates in the Netherlands: Differences between

DUNCAN, O. D. & DUNCAN, B. (1955) A methodological analysis of segregation indexes. American sociological review, 20, 210-217.

indices of urban segregation. International Journal of Geographical Information Science, 21, 299-323.

FORREST R, KEARNS A. (2001) Social cohesion, social capital and the neighbourhood[J]. Urban studies, 38(12), 162.

lic space. Journal of Environmental Psychology.

social well-being?. Urban Studies, 46, 139-165.

GU, C. & SHEN, J. (2003) Transformation of urban socio-spatial structure in socialist market economies: the case of Beijing. Habitat International, 27, 107-122.

HAO, P., SLIUZAS, R. & GEERTMAN, S. 2011. The development and redevelopment of urban villages in Shenzhen, Habitat International, 35, 214-224.

JARGOWSKY, P. A. (1996) Take the money and run: Economic segregation in US metropolitan areas. American sociological review, , 984-998.

LELÉVRIER, C. (2013) Social mix neighbourhood policies and social interaction: The experience of newcomers in three new renewal developments in France, Cities...

LI, Z. & WU, F. (2006) Socio-spatial differentiation and residential inequalities in Shanghai: a case study of three

LIU, Y. & WU, F. (2006) Urban poverty neighbourhoods: Typology and spatial concentration under China's market transition, a case study of Nanjing. Geoforum, 37, 610-626.

LYNCH, K. (1960) The image of the city, , the MIT Press.

MADANIPOUR, A. (1996) Design of urban space: An inquiry into a socio-spatial process, , Wiley Chichester.

MADRAZO, B. & VAN KEMPEN, R. (2012) Explaining divided cities in China. Geoforum, 43, 158-168.

MARCUSE, P. & VAN KEMPEN, R. (2000) Conclusion: a changed spatial order. Globalizing Cities: A New Spatial

MARCUSE, P. (1989) 'Dual City': a muddy metaphor for a quartered city. International journal of urban and regional

MARCUSE, P. (2000) The language of globalization. MONTHLY REVIEW-NEW YORK-, 52, 23-27.

MILLS, E. S. & HAMILTON, B. W. (1994) Urban economics, , HarperCollins College Publishers New York.

MONKKONEN, P. & ZHANG, X. (2013) Innovative measurement of spatial segregation: Comparative evidence from

MUGNANO, S. & PALVARINI, P. (2013) "Sharing space without hanging together": A case study of social mix policy

MURDIE, R. A. (1969) Factorial Ecology of Metropolitan Toronto, 1951-1961: an essay on the social geography of the city, , [University of Chicago], Department of Geography.

MURIE, A. & MUSTERD, S. (1996) Social segregation, housing tenure and social change in Dutch cities in the late

MUSTERD, S. (2005) Social and ethnic segregation in Europe: Levels, causes, and effects. Journal of Urban

NETZBAND, M., BANZHAF, E., HÖFER, R. & HANNEMANN, K. (2009) Identifying the poor in cities: how can FEITOSA, F. F., CAMARA, G., MONTEIRO, A. M. V., KOSCHITZKI, T. & SILVA, M. P. (2007) Global and local spatial remote sensing help to profile slums in fast growing cities and megacities. IHDP Update, 1, 22-28.

REARDON, S. F. & O SULLIVAN, D. (2004) Measures of spatial segregation. Sociological methodology, 34, 121-

RELPH, E. (1976) Place and placelessness, , Pion London.

FRANCIS, J., GILES-CORTI, B., WOOD, L. & KNUIMAN, M. 2012. Creating sense of community: The role of pub- ROMERO, H., Vásquez, A., Fuentes, C., Salgado, M., Schmidt, A., & Banzhaf, E. (2012) Assessing urban environmental segregation (UES). The case of Santiago de Chile. Ecological Indicators, 23, 76-87.

GRAHAM, E., MANLEY, D., HISCOCK, R., BOYLE, P. & DOHERTY, J. (2009) Mixing housing tenures: is it good for RUIZ TAGLE, J. (2012) A Theory of Socio-spatial Integration: Problems, Policies and Concepts from a US Perspective. International Journal of Urban and Regional Research,.

SAKODA, J. M. (1981) A generalized index of dissimilarity. Demography, 18, 245-250.

SHEVKY, E. & BELL, W. (1955) Social area analysis; theory, illustrative application and computational procedures... SYKORA, L. (1999) Processes of socio-spatial differentiation in post-communist Prague. Housing Studies, 14,

VAN KEMPEN, R. & MURIE, A. (2009) The new divided city: changing patterns in European cities. Tijdschrift voor economische en sociale geografie, 100, 377-398.

VAN KEMPEN, R. & SULE ÖZÜEKREN, A. (1998) Ethnic segregation in cities: new forms and explanations in a

WESSEL, T. (2000) Social polarisation and socioeconomic segregation in a welfare state: the case of Oslo. Urban

WESSEL, T. (2000) Social polarisation and socioeconomic segregation in a welfare state: the case of Oslo. Urban

WHITE, M. J. (1983) The measurement of spatial segregation. American journal of sociology, , 1008-1018.

WONG, D. W. (1998) Measuring multiethnic spatial segregation. Urban Geography, 19, 77-87.

WOOD, G. (2003) Staying secure, staying poor: the "Faustian Bargain". World Development, 31, 455-471.

ZACHARIAS, J. & TANG, Y. 2010. Restructuring and repositioning Shenzhen, China's new mega city. Progress in Planning, 73, 209-249

Thank you

