P5 Presentation 18/06/2025 Master track: Urbanism

Studio: Metropolitan Ecologies of Places Student: Christel Diana Voncken 5653118

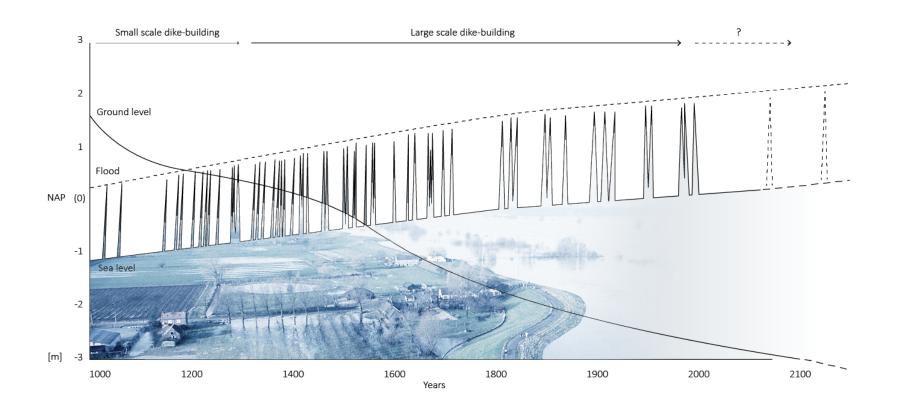
First mentor: Luca Iuorio Second mentor: Laura Cipriani

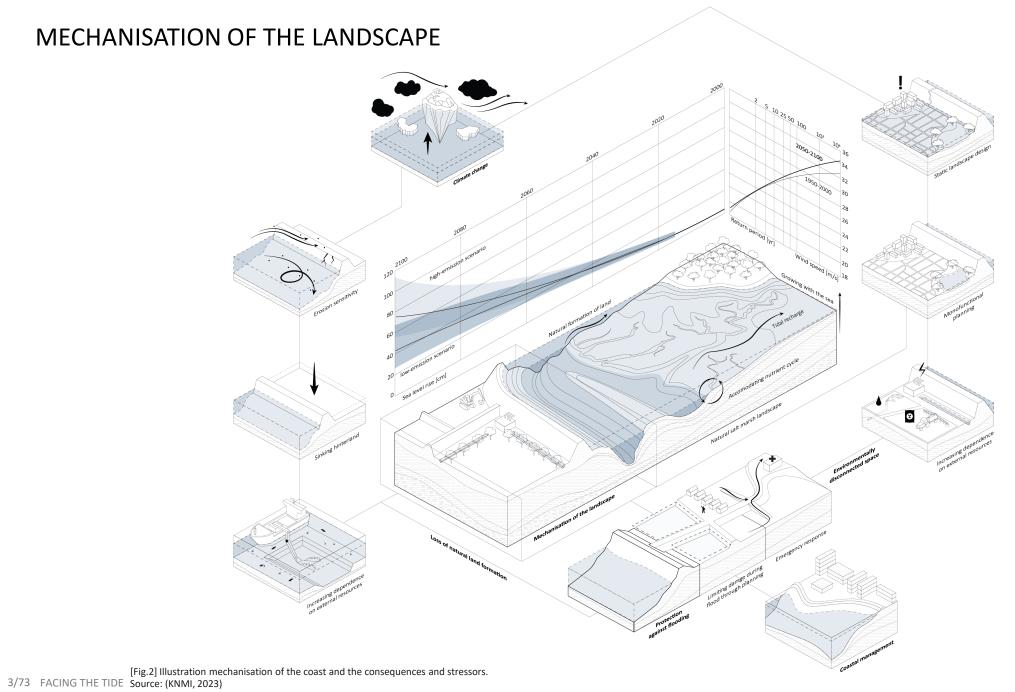


FACING THE TIDE

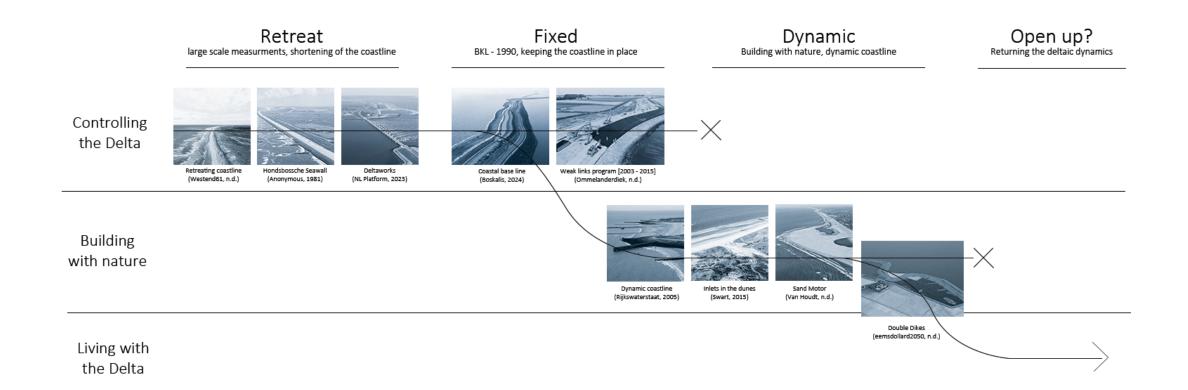
Challenging the prevailing perspectives on coastal management by re-imagining the existing flood management in the Scheldt Estuary as means to harmonise human and non-human processes.

RISING SEA AND SINKING LAND

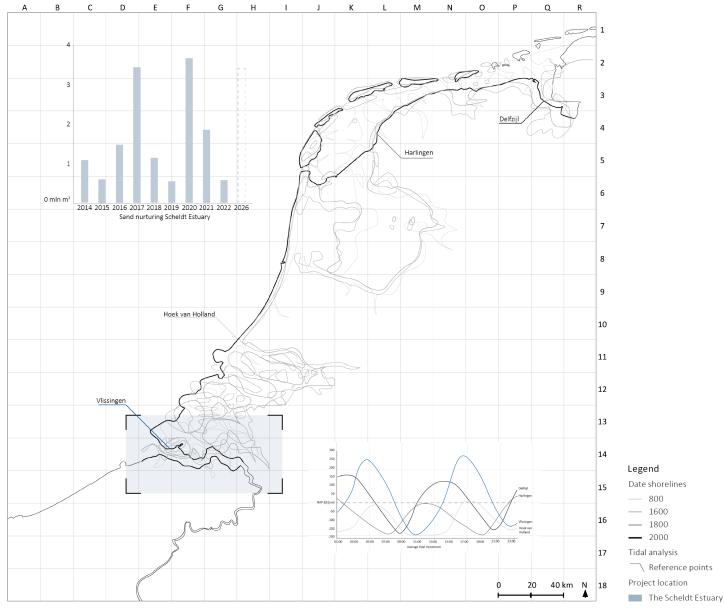




PARADIGM SHIFT IN COASTAL MANAGEMENT

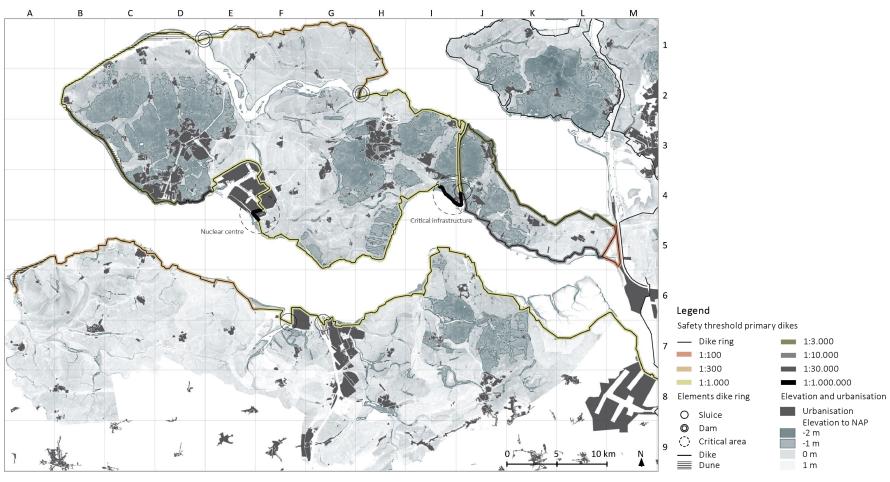


THE SCHELDT ESTUARY, WHERE THE SEA MEETS THE RIVER



[Fig.4] Shortening of the shoreline, last direct connection between sea and river. Source: (Kok et al., 2008; Dutch Ministry of Defence, 2022; Taal et al., 2023; Rijkswaterstaat, 2024).

ISOLATION BY PREVENTION



[Fig.5] Flood prevention Scheldt Estuary. Source: (Elias & Van Der Spek, 2015; Jongejan et al., 2016; CartoNext, 2024; TU Delft, 2024).

SETTLING BELOW SEA LEVEL







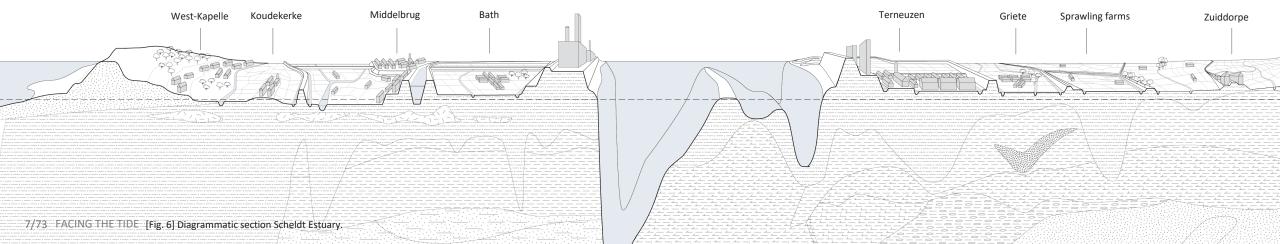
[Fig.8] Bath.



[Fig.9] Terneuzen.



[Fig.10] Griete.



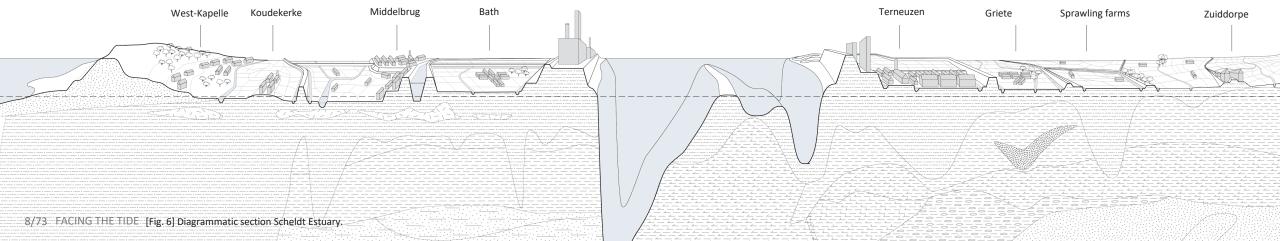
SETTLING BELOW SEA LEVEL



[Fig.11] North Sea Port (Gundlach, 2025)



[Fig.12] Agricultural plots (Swart, 2013)



RESEARCH QUESTIONS

How can the re-imagining of existing flood management [1] in the Scheldt Estuary inform landscape design [2] enhancing deltaic and climate adaptivity [3] and promotes symbiosis between human and non-human ecosystems [4]?

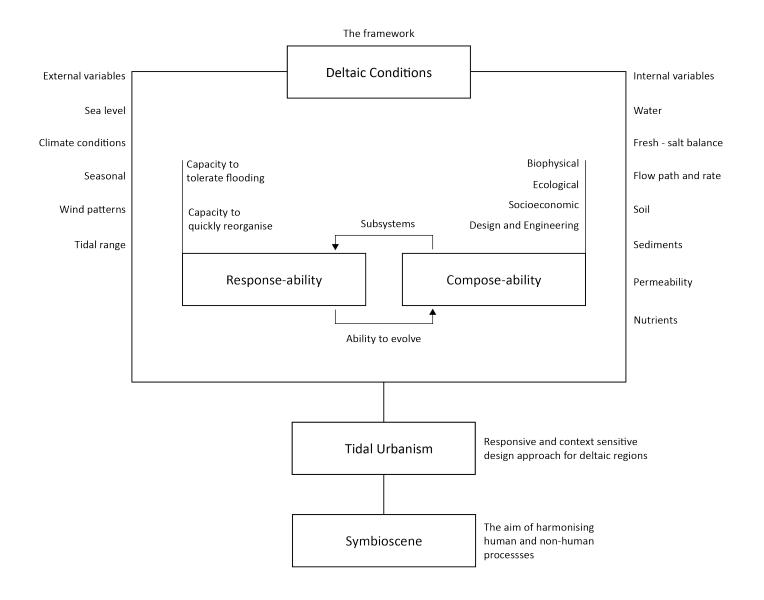
[1] What are the historical and social precedents that need to be redefined in rewriting the Dutch coastal management paradigm?

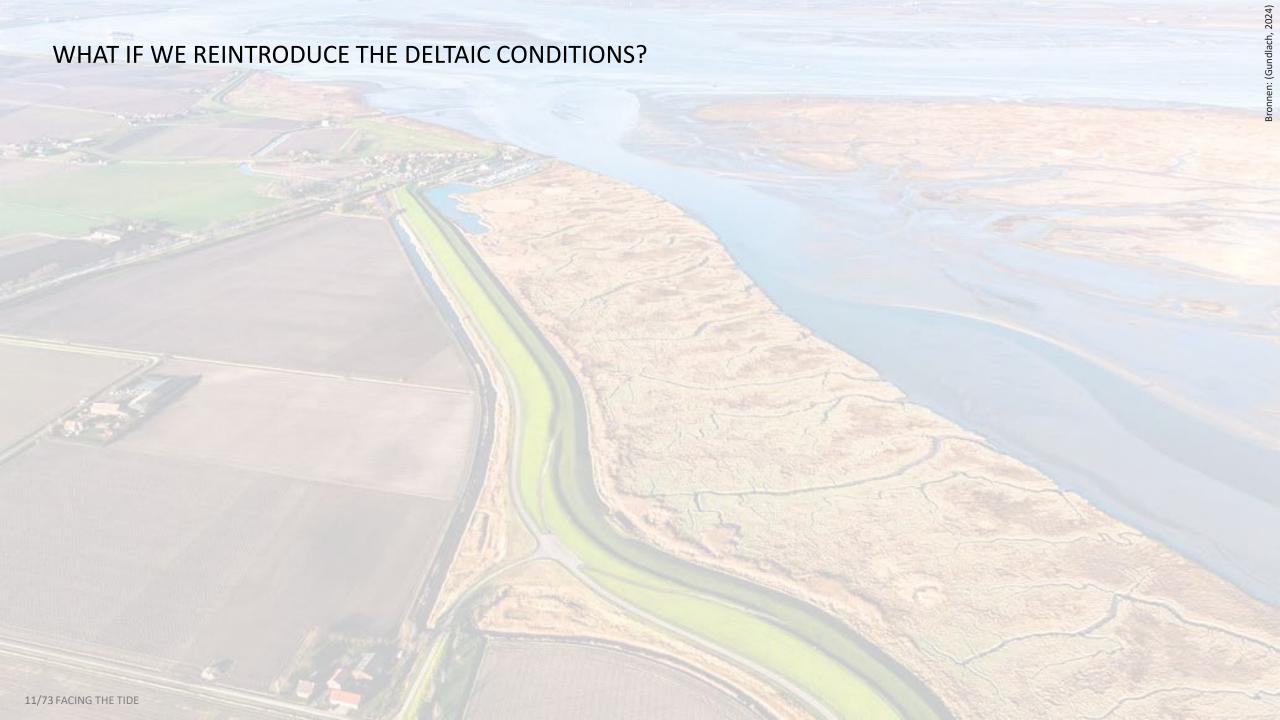
[2] What deltaic conditions will arise in the Scheldt Estuary when the flood defences are deactivated?

[3] What are the landscape designs in which different forms of flooding events in the delta can be reframed from a risk to an opportunity?

[4] Which strategies will accommodate deltaic conditions in the Scheldt Estuary while realising a symbiosis between human and non-human systems?

THEORY & CONCEPTS





RETURN OF THE DELTAIC CONDITIONS

2000 - 5000 5000 - 1000

1,35 - 1,70

Human composition Urbanisation

Monument

Urban floods with tide

Protected natural land Protected cultural land

+ Emergency service

▲ Contemination risk

Critical infrastructure

Main channel — Circuit channel — Side channel — Scissor channel

Non-human composition

Salt surface water

Brakish surface water

Fresh surface water

Fresh ground water

Elevation contour

Creek back

Clay

Loam

Legend Dynamics

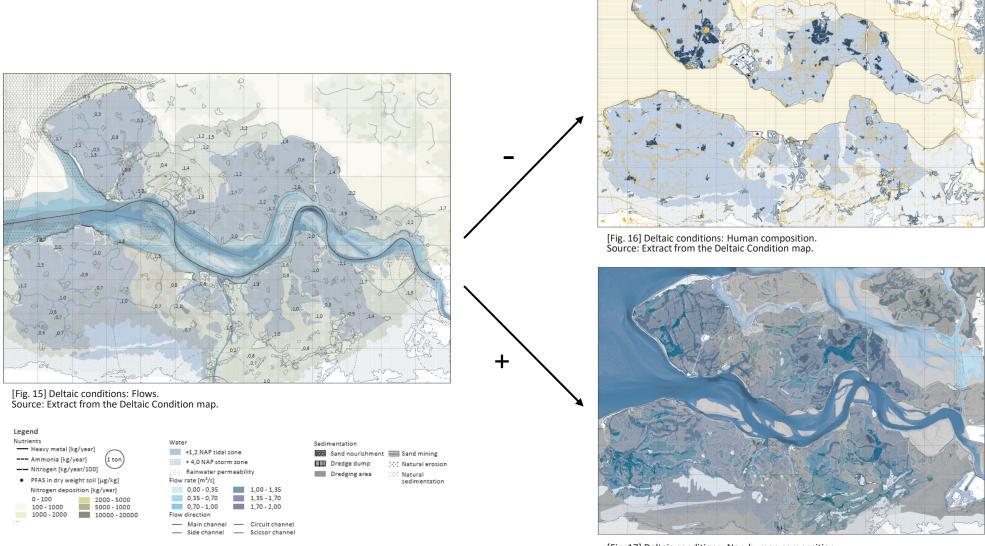
+1,2 NAP tidal zone + 4,0 NAP storm zone Sand nourishment Dredge dump Dredging area Sand mining :::: Natural erosion ::: Natural sedimentation ::: Rainwater permeability Heavy metal [kg/year] --- Ammonia [kg/year] -- Nitrogen [kg/year/100] PFAS in dry weight soil [μg/kg] Nitrogen deposition [kg/year]

0 - 100 1000 - 2000 Flow rate [m3/s] 0,00 - 0,35



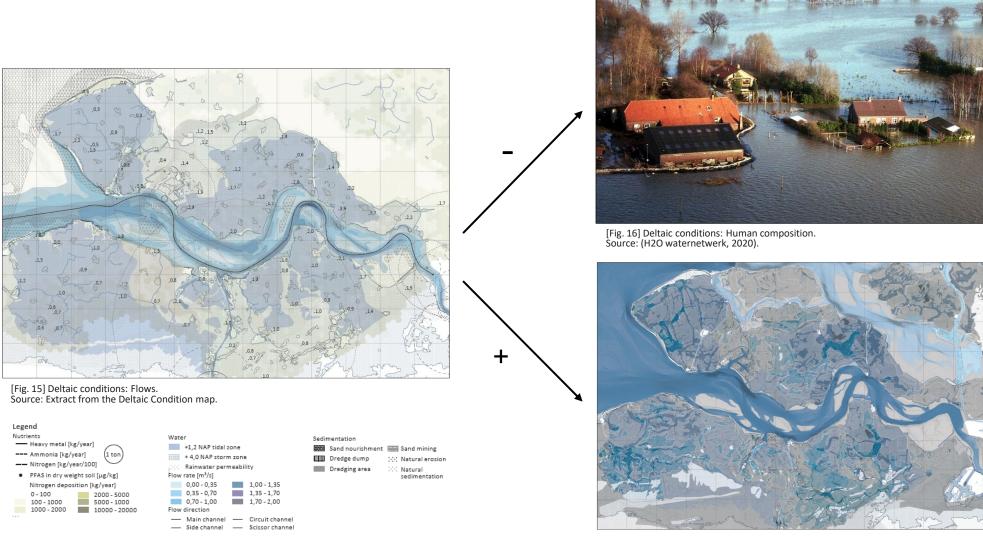
12/73 FACING THE TIDE [Fig. 14] Deactivation of the flood defences, return of the Deltaic Conditions. Source: In the report, the list is just too big.

RETURN OF FLOWS



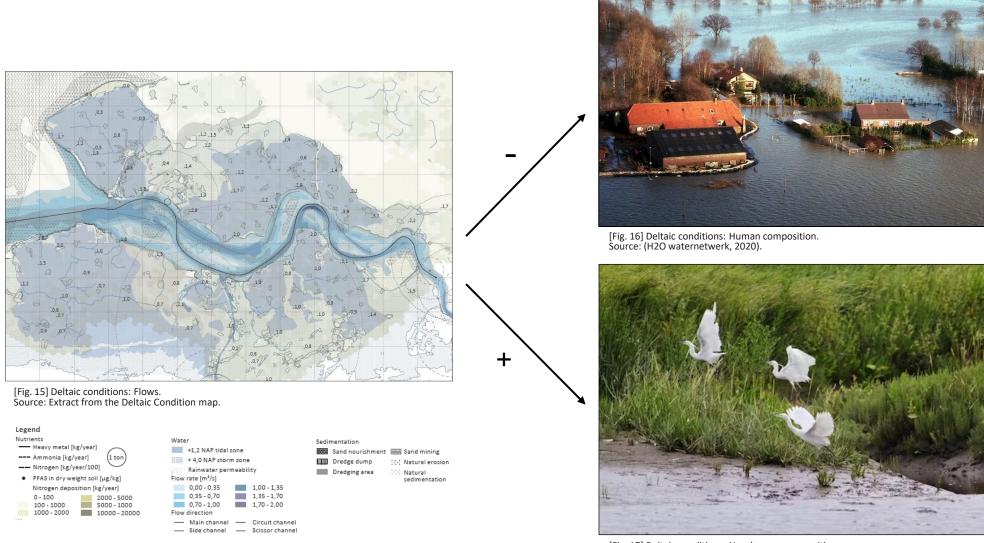
[Fig. 17] Deltaic conditions: Non-human composition. Source: Extract from the Deltaic Condition map.

RETURN OF FLOWS

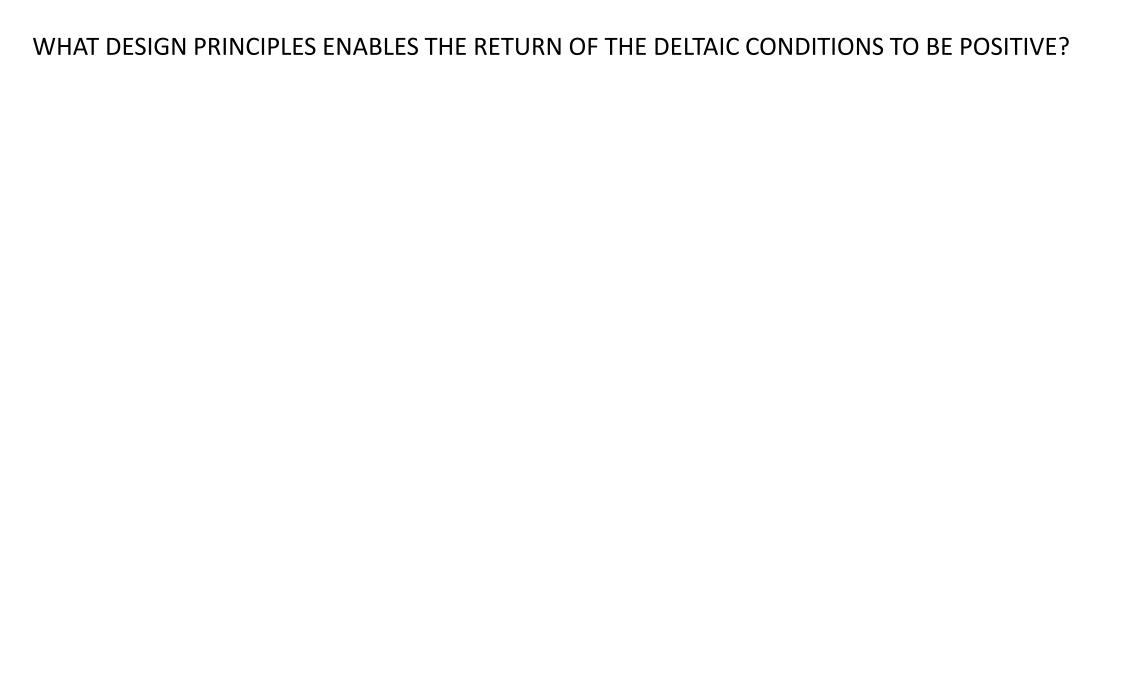


[Fig. 17] Deltaic conditions: Non-human composition. Source: (Financieel Dagblad, 2011).

RETURN OF FLOWS



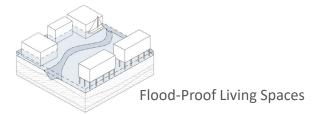
[Fig. 17] Deltaic conditions: Non-human composition. Source: (Financieel Dagblad, 2011).

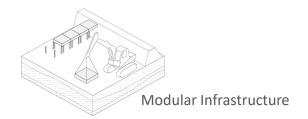


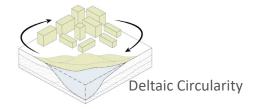
WHAT DESIGN PRINCIPLES ENABLES THE RETURN OF THE DELTAIC CONDITIONS TO BE POSITIVE?







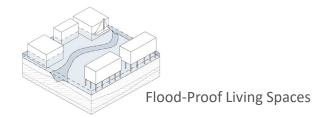


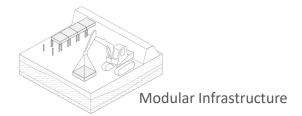


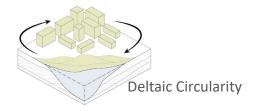
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Delta-sensitive city

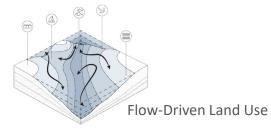


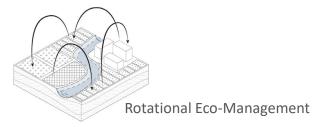






Dynamic Deltascapes



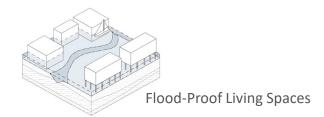


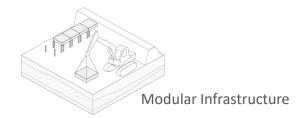


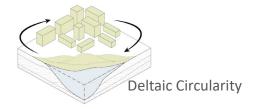
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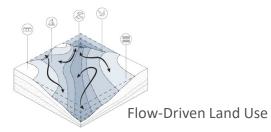


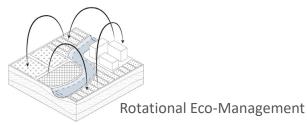






Dynamic Deltascapes

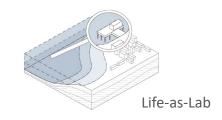








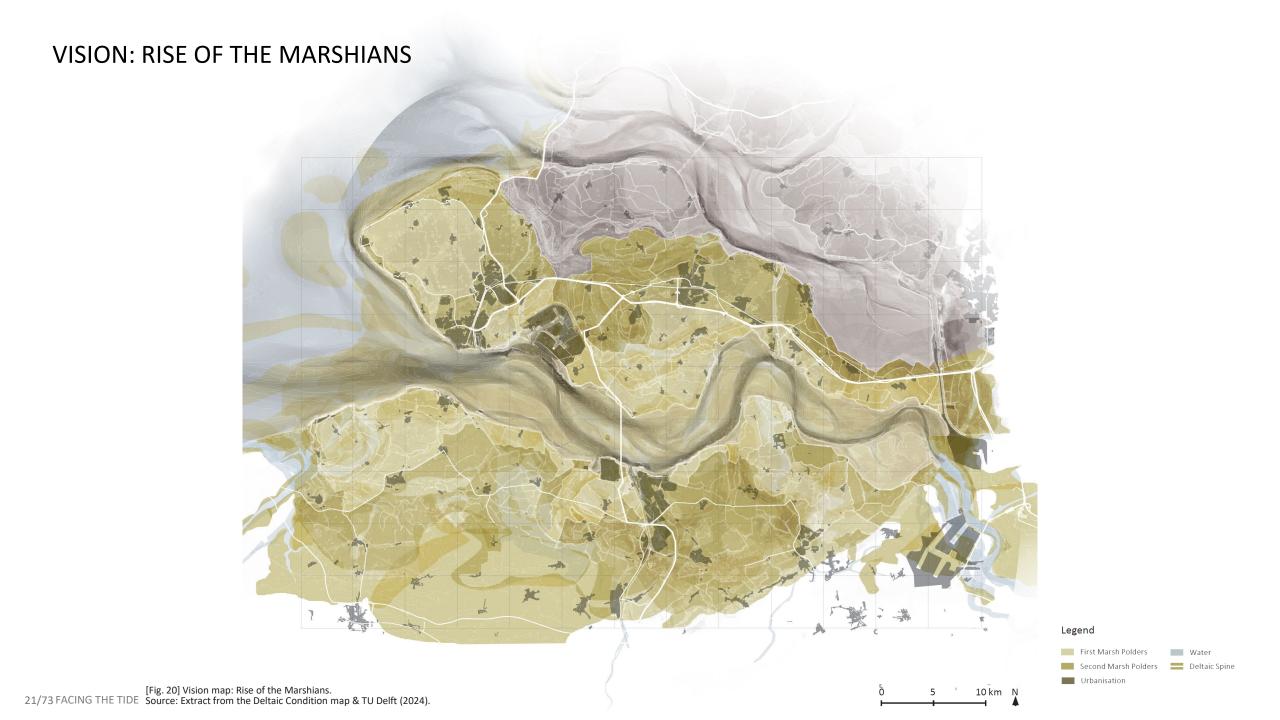




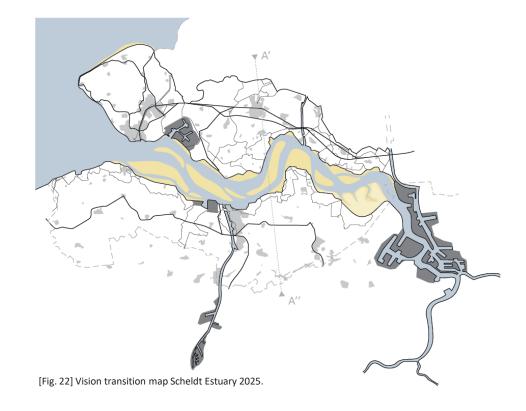


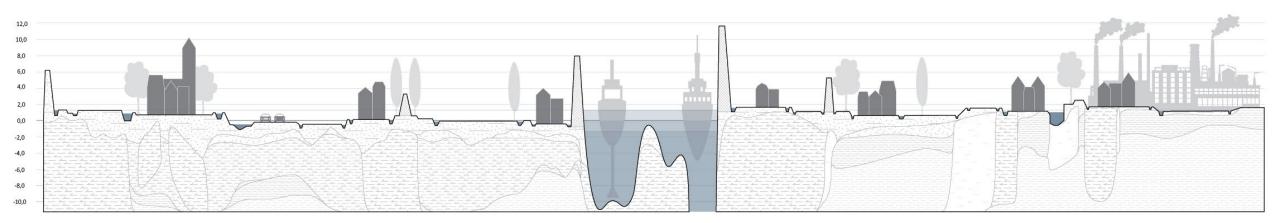
VISION: RISE OF THE MARSHIANS





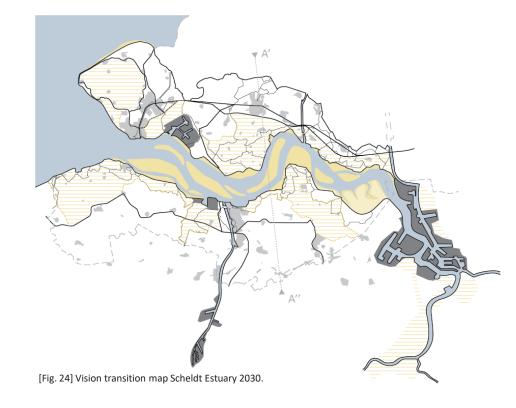
VISION PHASING: 2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

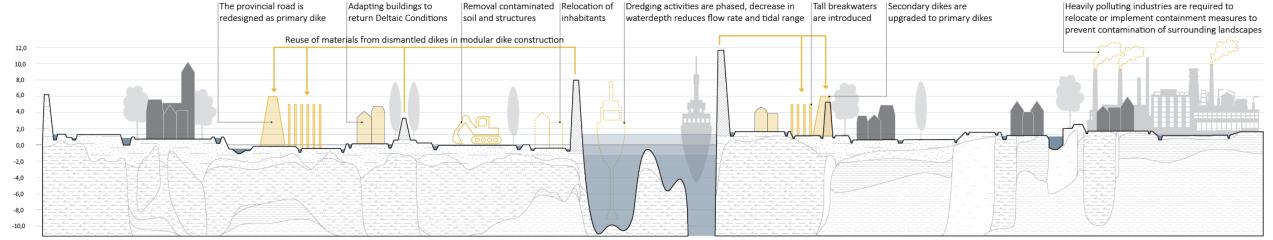




2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

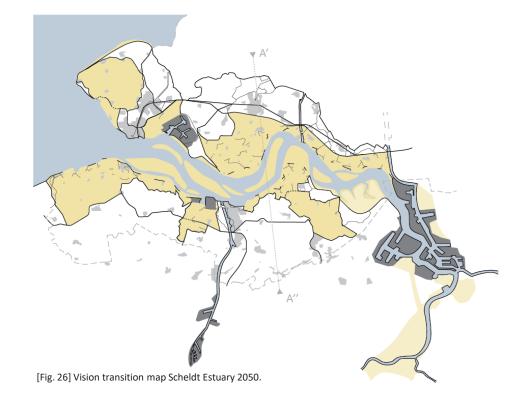


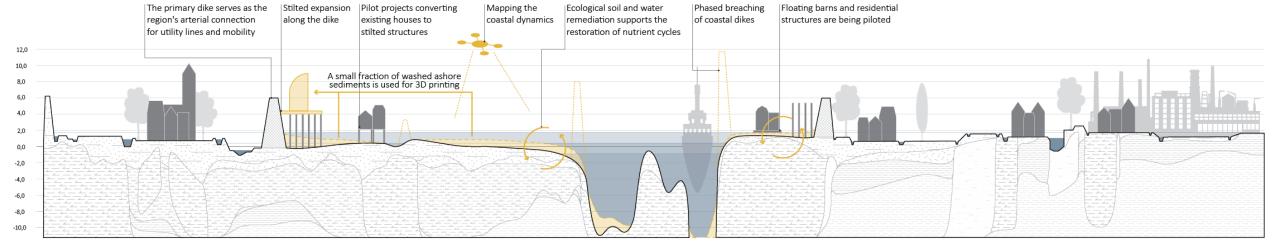


2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING



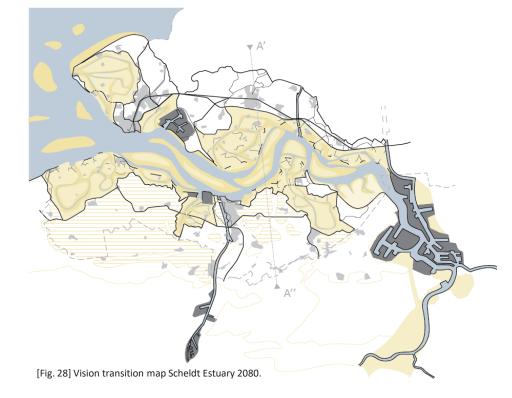


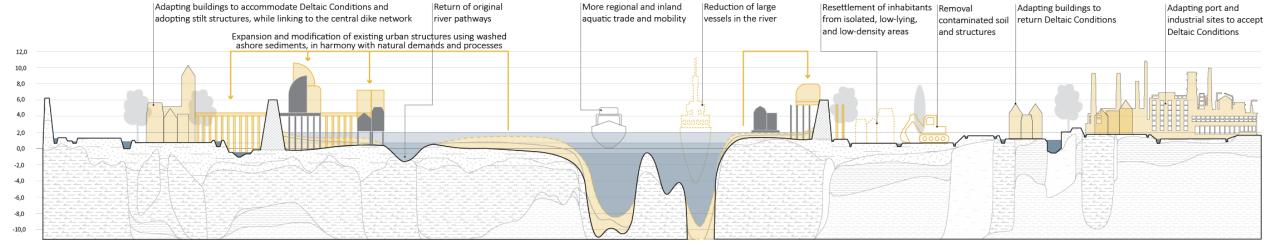
2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING

2080 - ACCELERATION





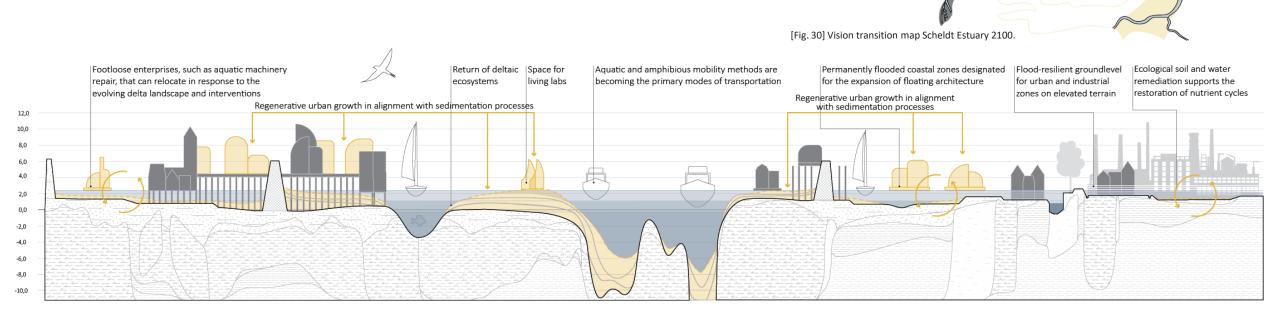
2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING

2080 - ACCELERATION

2100 – FLIPPING THE LANDSCAPE



2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

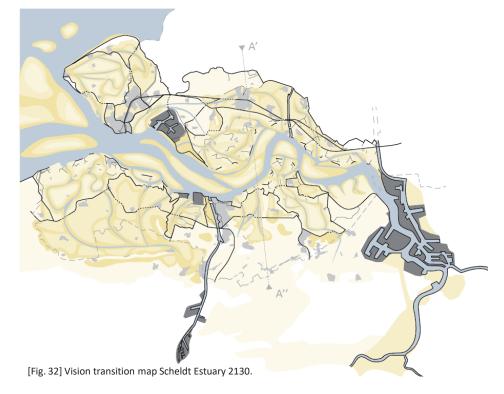
2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

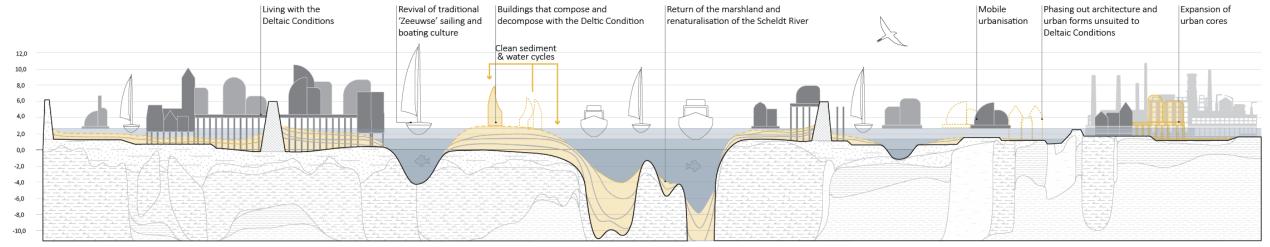
2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING

2080 - ACCELERATION

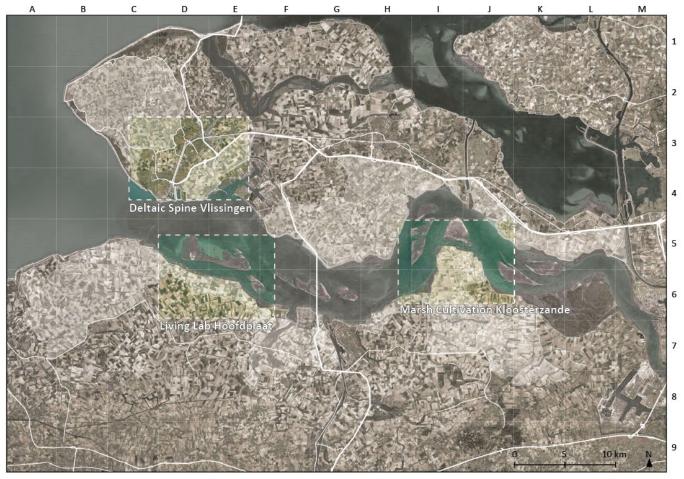
2100 - FLIPPING THE LANDSCAPE

2130 - RETURN TO MARSH





EXPLORATIONS: LOCATIONS



[Fig. 33] Exploration location. Sources: (Vision layers combined with Bing Satellite Map (2024)).

DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN



MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT



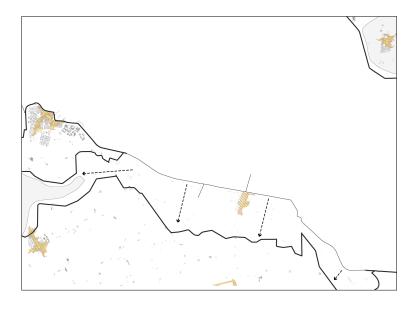
DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN



MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



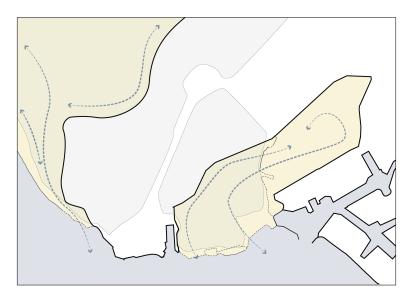
LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT



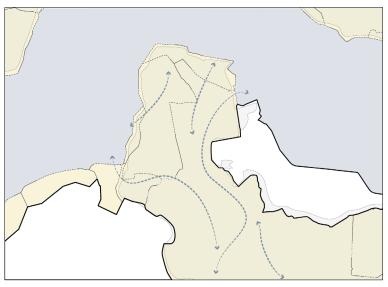


Lead Contamination ←-- Retreat

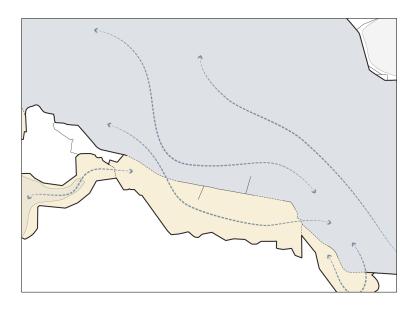
DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN



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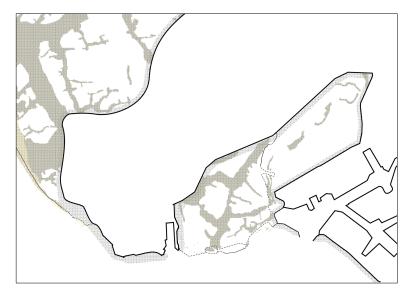


LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT





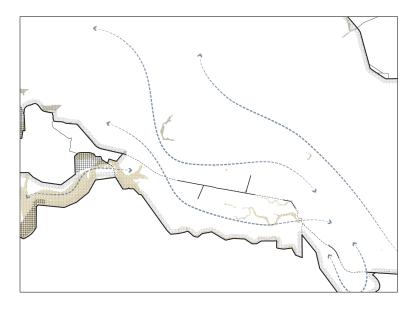
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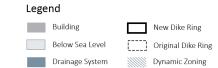
DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



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EXPLORING THE SITUATED TRANSFORMATIONS

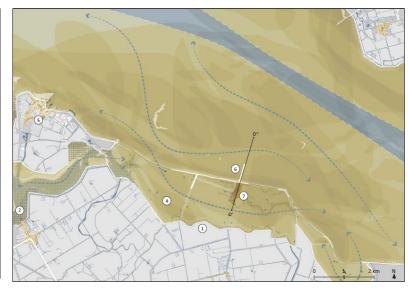
DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN



MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT







Preserved urbanisation Adapted urbanisation ← → Water pathway ### Stilt expansion Creek ridge

Nature bufferzone Potential lead contamination

Situated Transformations

- 1 Modular Dikes
- 2 Sandscaping
- (3) Wet-Proof Urbanism
- 4 Dynamic Farming
- (5) Flood-proof Urbanism
- 6 Dike as Breakwater
- 7 Living-Lab

EXPLORING THE SITUATED TRANSFORMATIONS

DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT







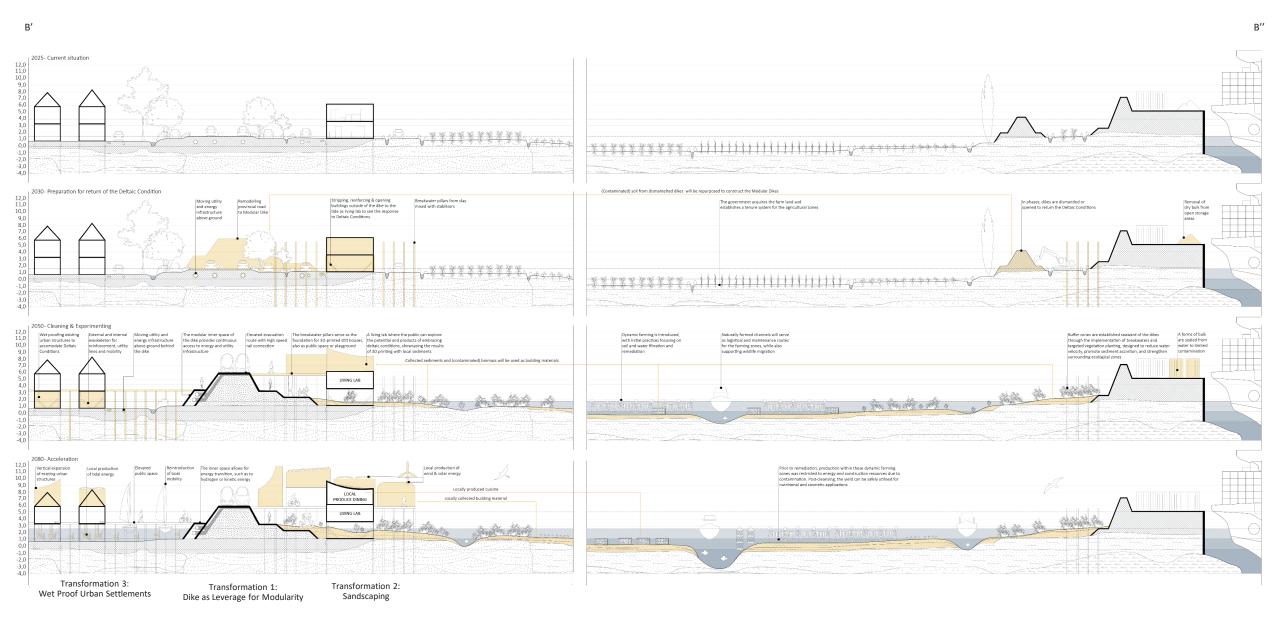
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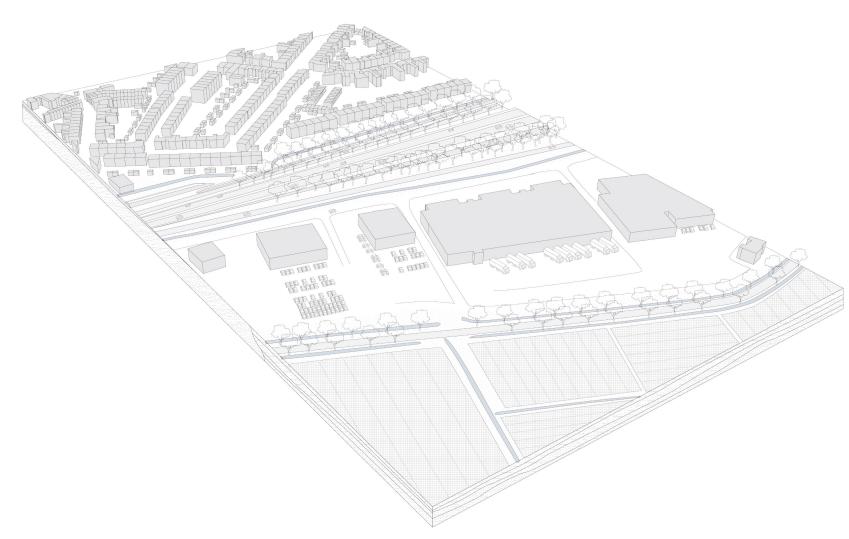
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DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN



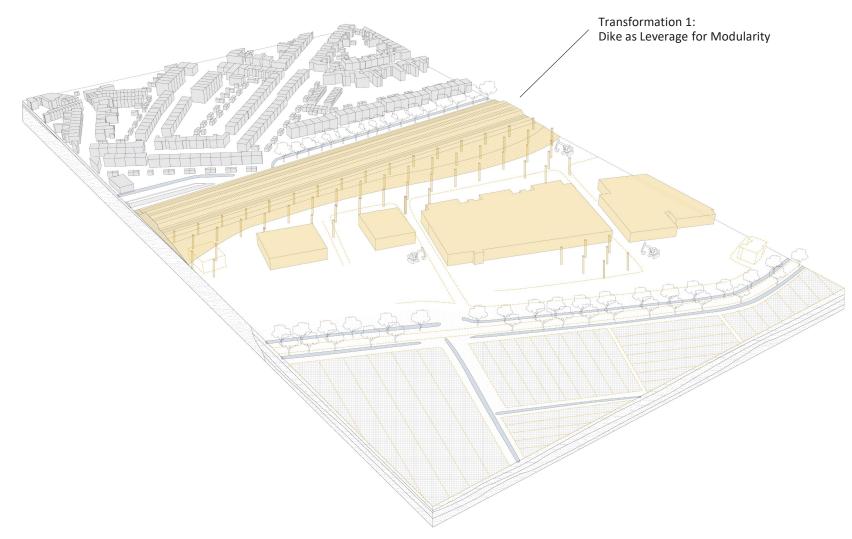
DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN 2025 - CURRENT SITUATION



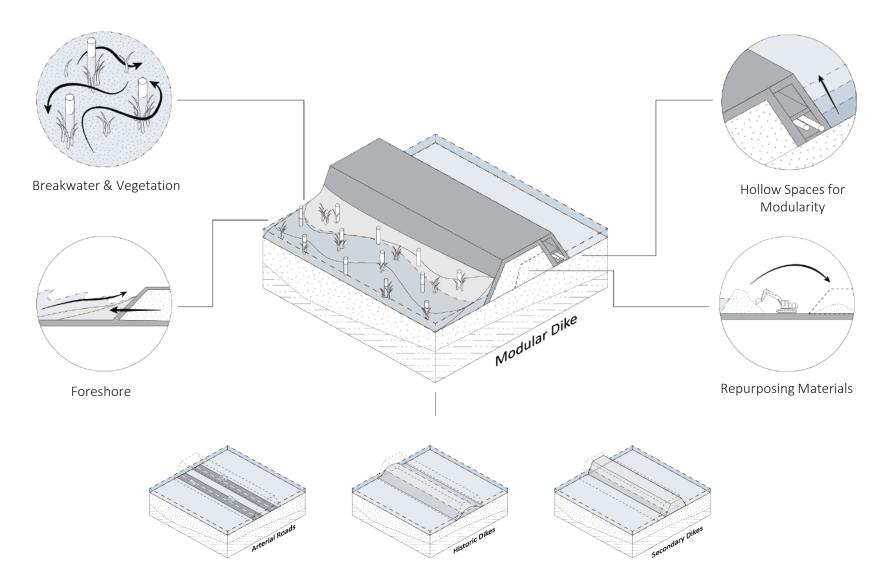
DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST



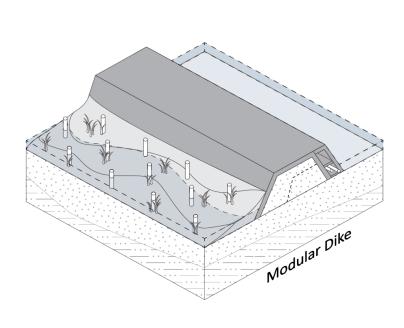
SITUATED TRANSFORMATION 1: DIKE AS LEVERAGE FOR MODULARITY

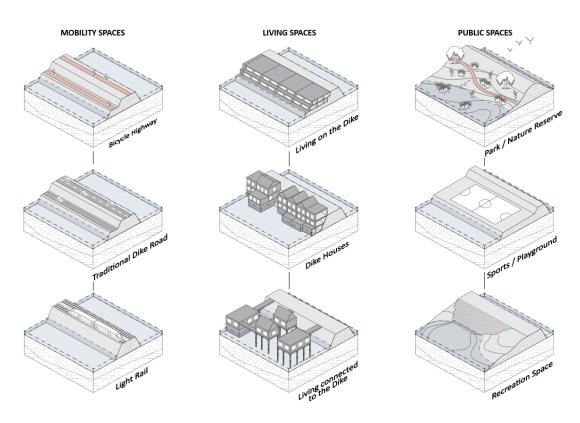




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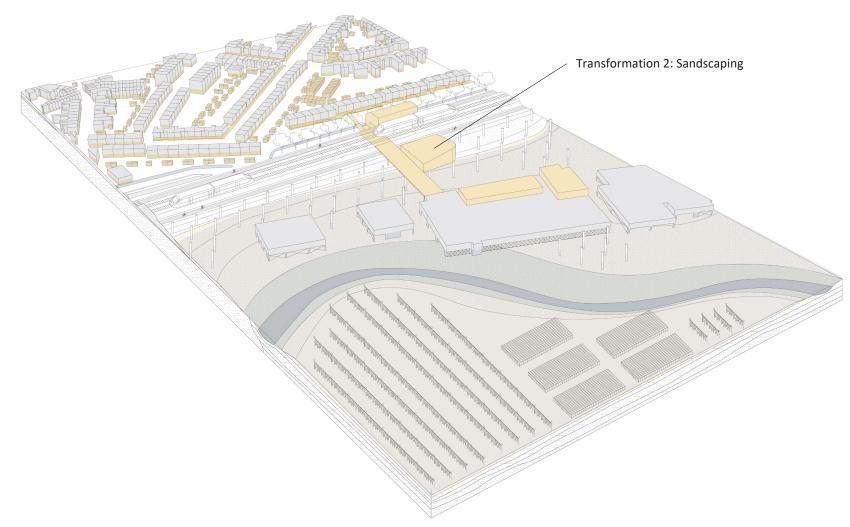


DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

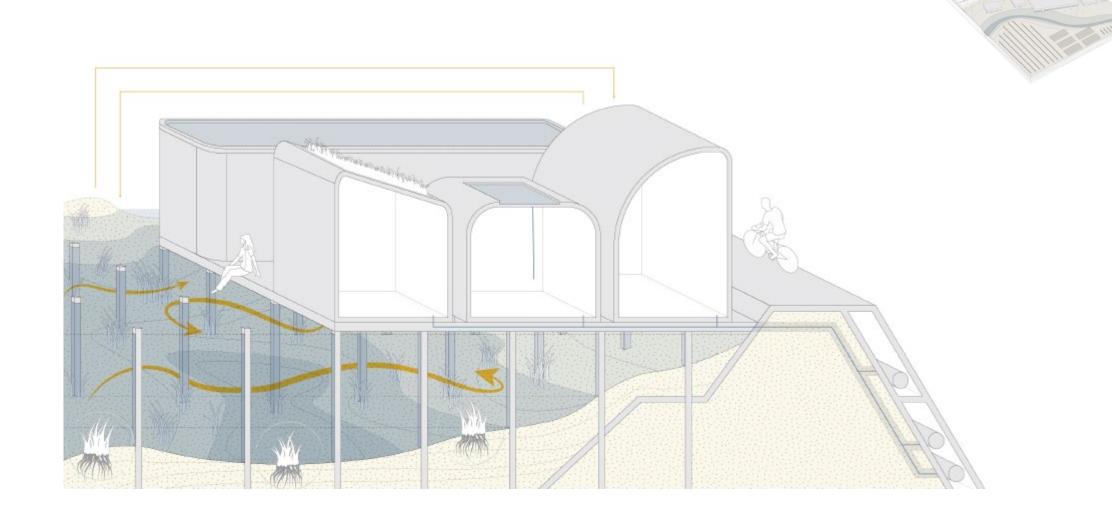
2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING



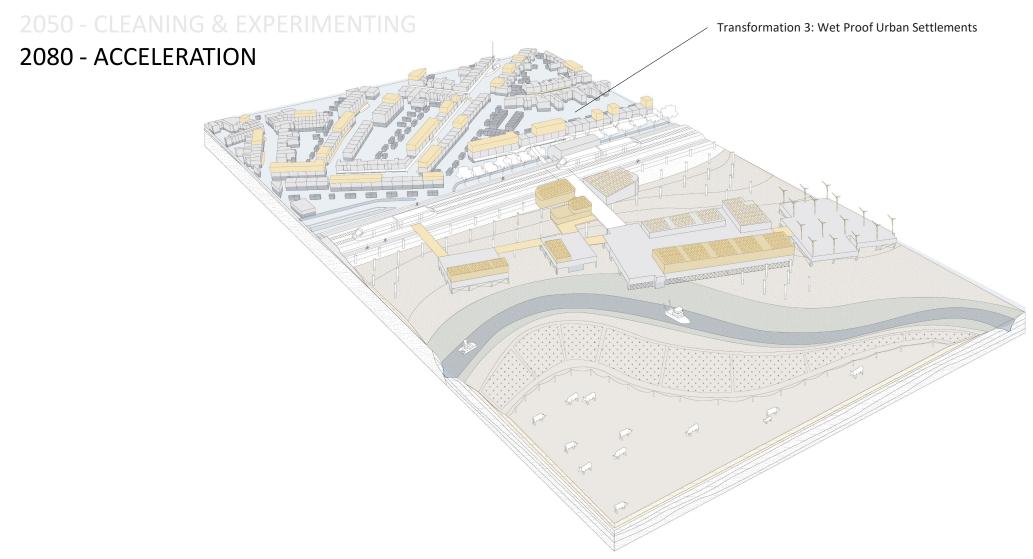
SITUATED TRANSFORMATION 2: SANDSCAPING



DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST



TRANSFORMATION 3: WET PROOF URBAN SETTLEMENTS





EXPLORING THE SITUATED TRANSFORMATIONS

DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT







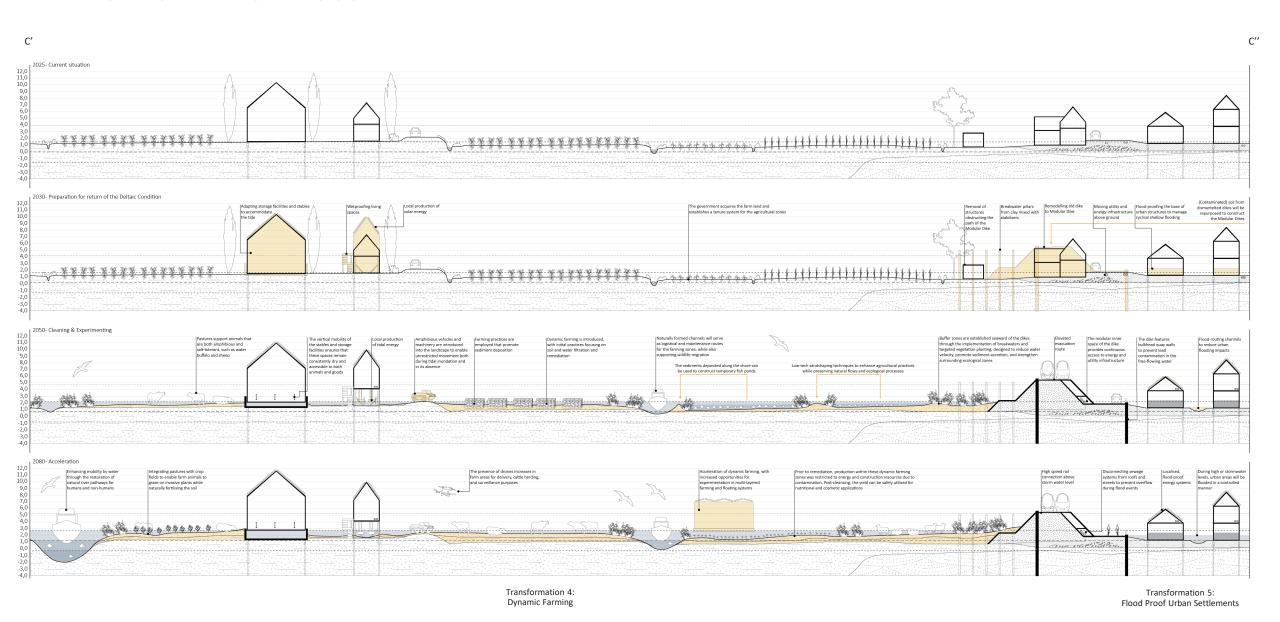
Preserved urbanisation Adapted urbanisation ← → Water pathway ### Stilt expansion Creek ridge

Nature bufferzone Potential lead contamination

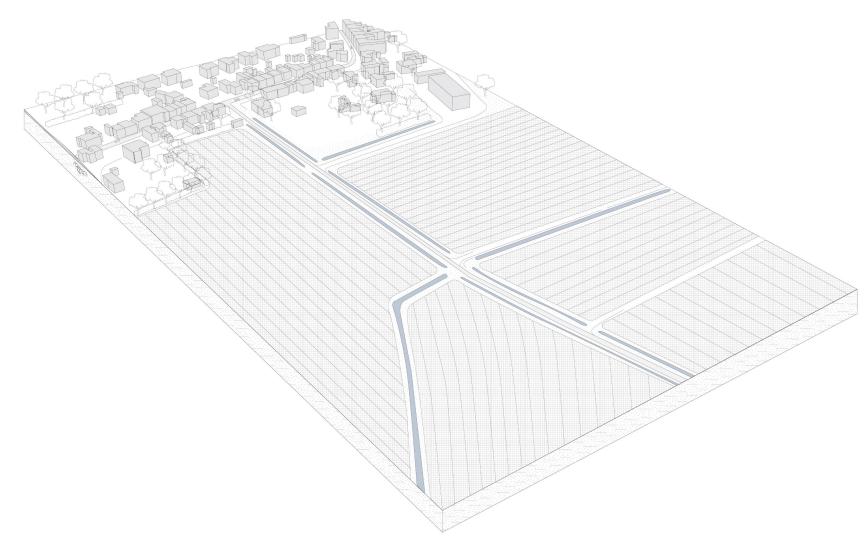
Situated Transformations

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MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



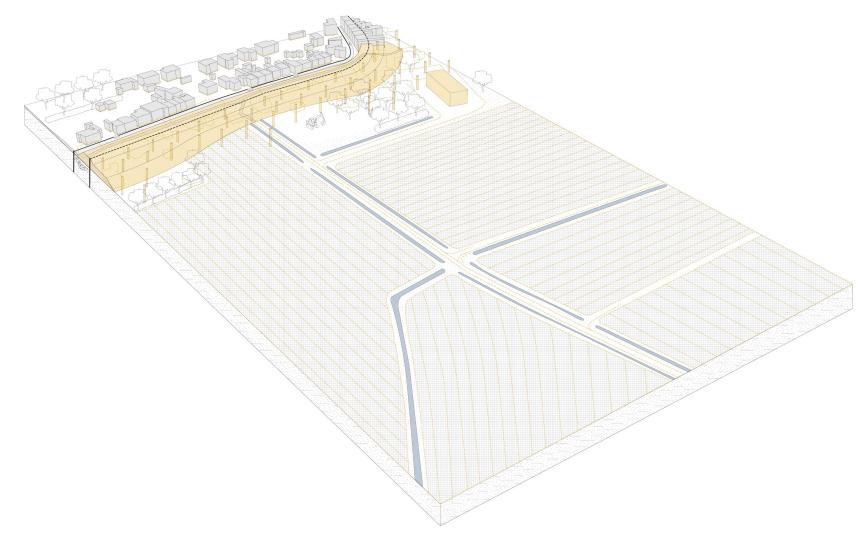
MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE 2025 - CURRENT SITUATION



MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

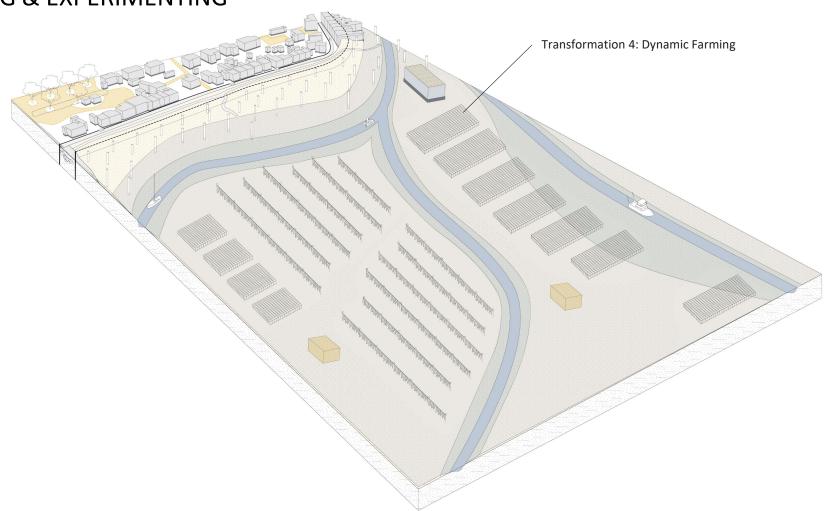


MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

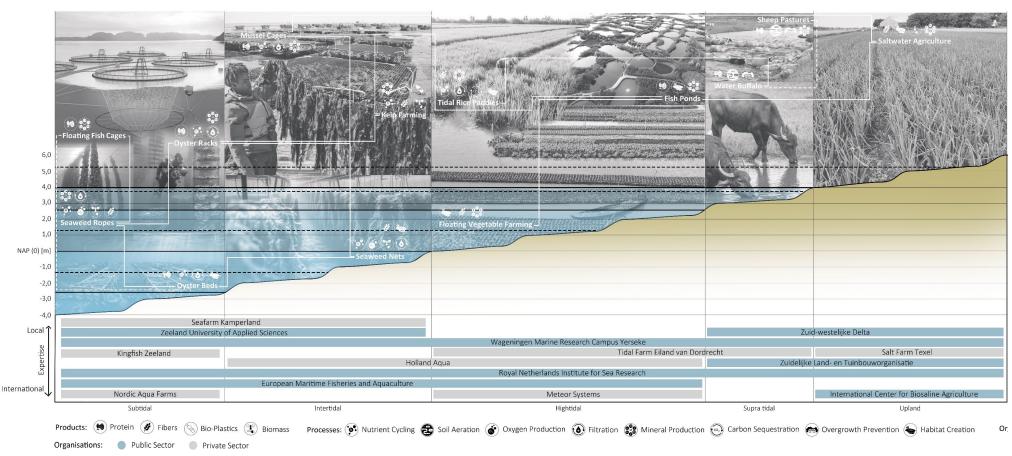
2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING



TRANSFORMATION 4: DYNAMIC FARMING



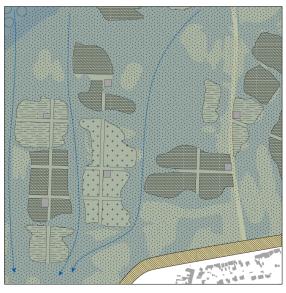


TRANSFORMATION 4: DYNAMIC FARMING

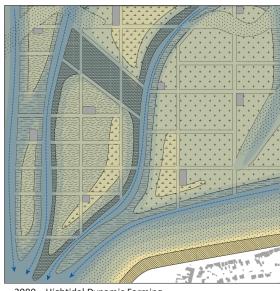




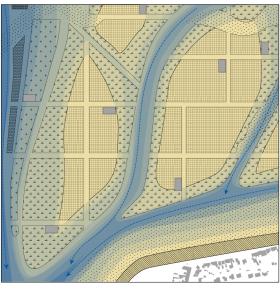
2025 - Current farming situation.



2050 - Intertidal Dynamic Farming.



2080 - Hightidal Dynamic Farming



2100 – Mix Hightidal, Supratidal and Upland Dynamic Farming

Legend

Dynamic Farming

 Floating Fish Cages Oyster Beds

Seaweed Nets Tidal Rice Paddies

Fish Ponds Pastures

Arable agriculture Nature zone

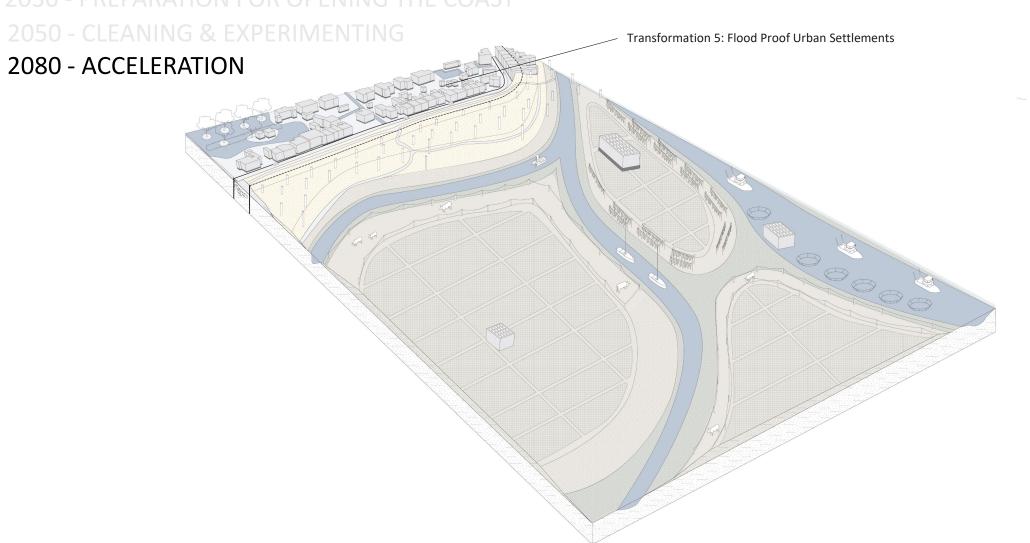
Urban structures Modular dike Buildings

Elevation level in relation to NAP [m]

MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST



TRANSFORMATION 5: FLOOD PROOF URBAN SETTLEMENTS





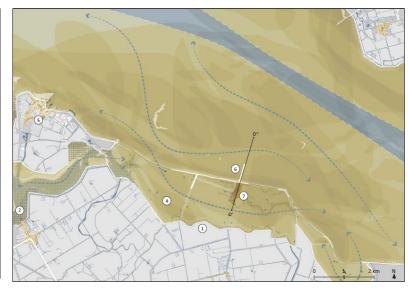
EXPLORING THE SITUATED TRANSFORMATIONS

DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT







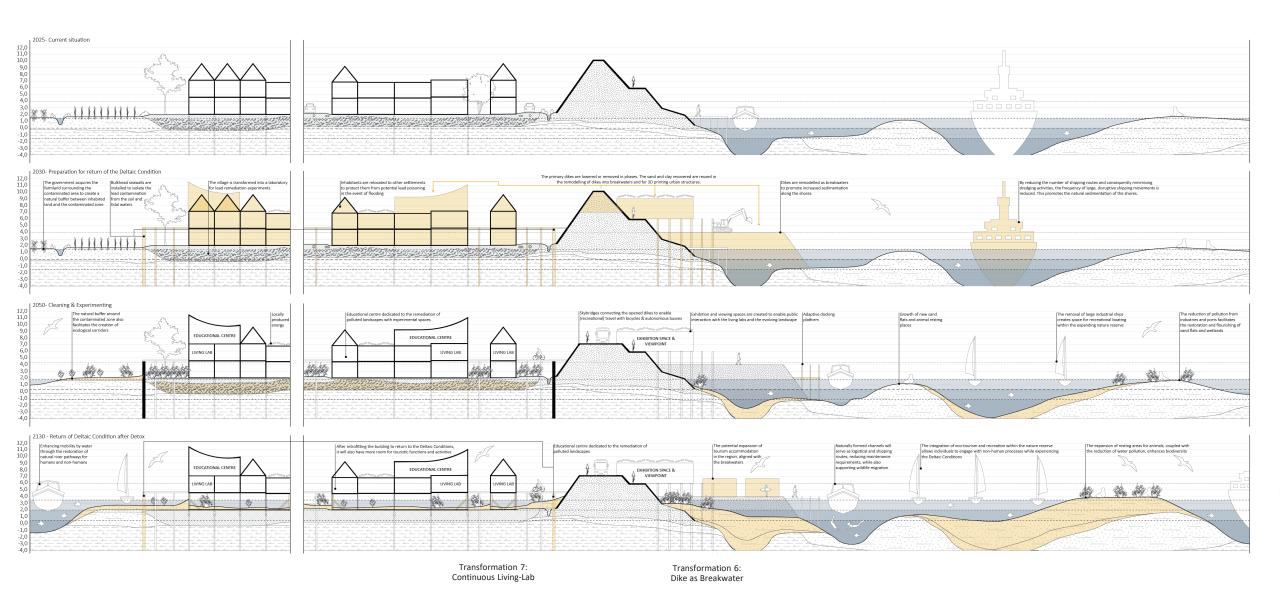
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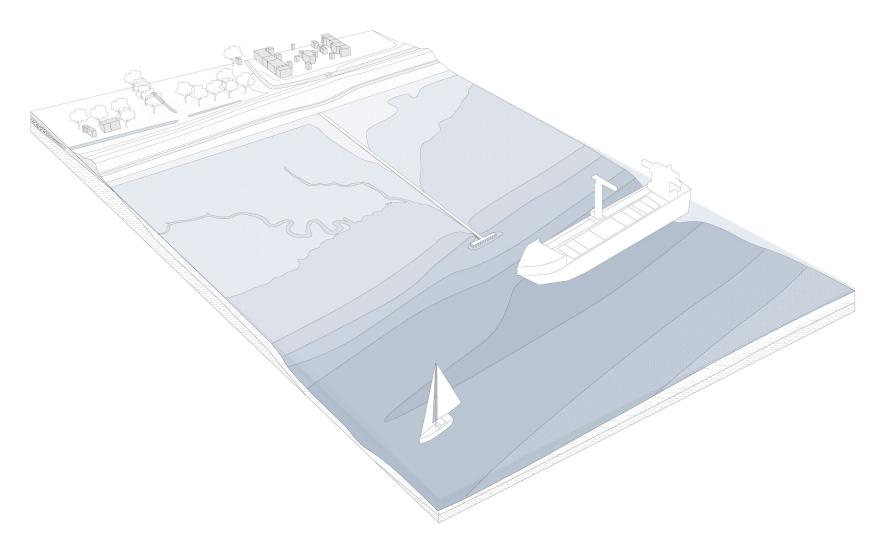
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LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT



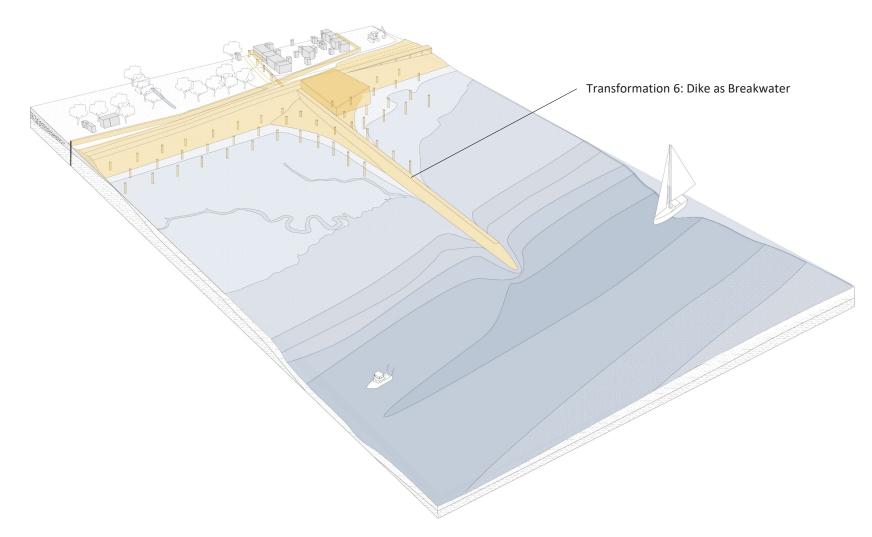
LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT 2025 - CURRENT SITUATION



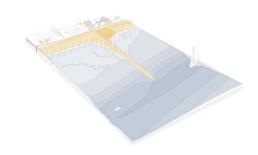
LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST



TRANSFORMATION 6: DIKE AS BREAKWATER

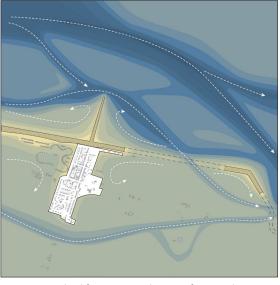




20525 – Current situation dikes prevent sedimentation.



2050 – Retrofitting Dikes.



2080 – New land formations and return of river path.



2100 - Land rises and moves into the river.

Legend

Urban structures

Modular dike
Buildings

Isolated lead zone by bulkhead barriers
Water flow

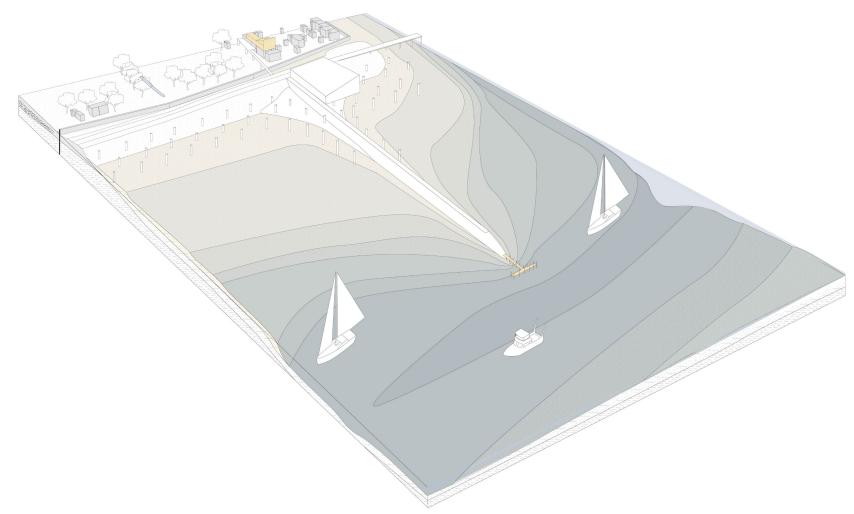


LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT

2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING

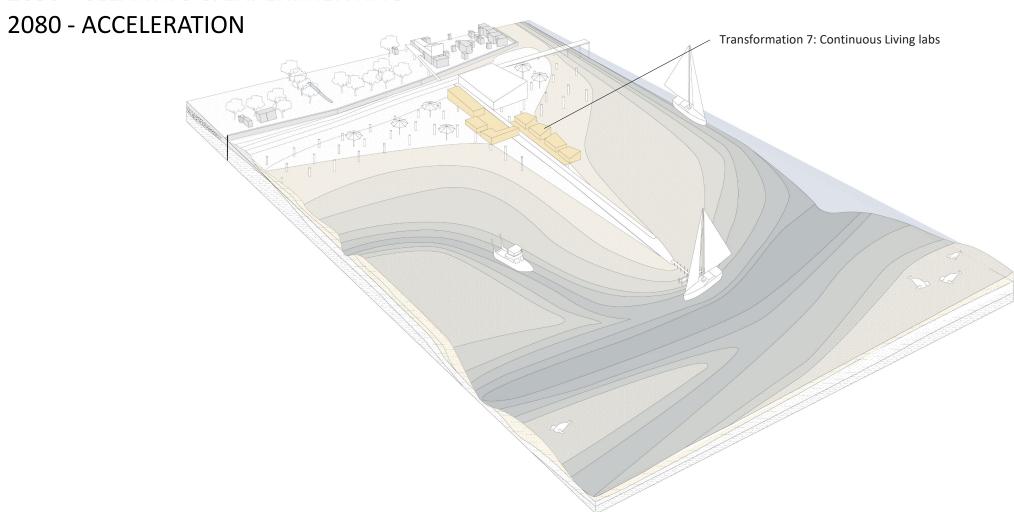


LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT

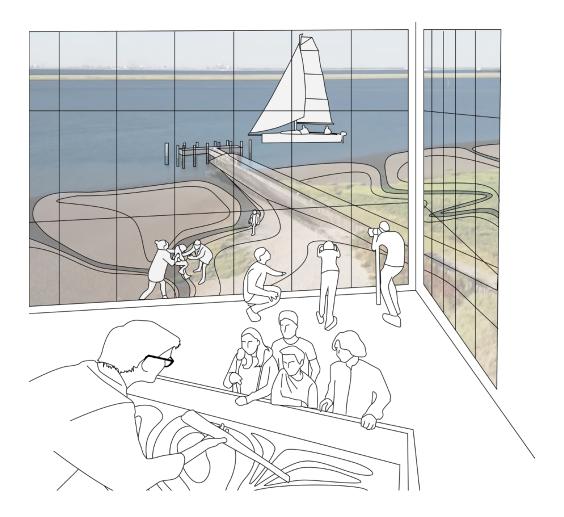
2025 - CURRENT SITUATION

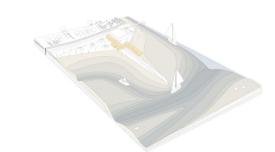
2030 - PREPARATION FOR OPENING THE COAST

2050 - CLEANING & EXPERIMENTING



TRANSFORMATION 7: CONTINUOUS LIVING LAB





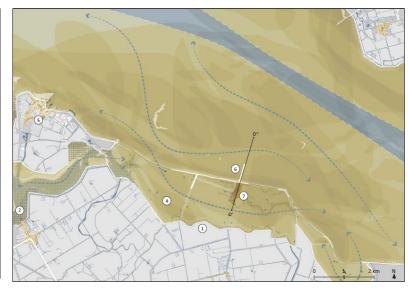
EXPLORING THE SITUATED TRANSFORMATIONS

DELTAIC SPINE VLISSINGEN

MARSH CULTIVATION KLOOSTERZANDE



LIVING LAB HOOFDPLAAT







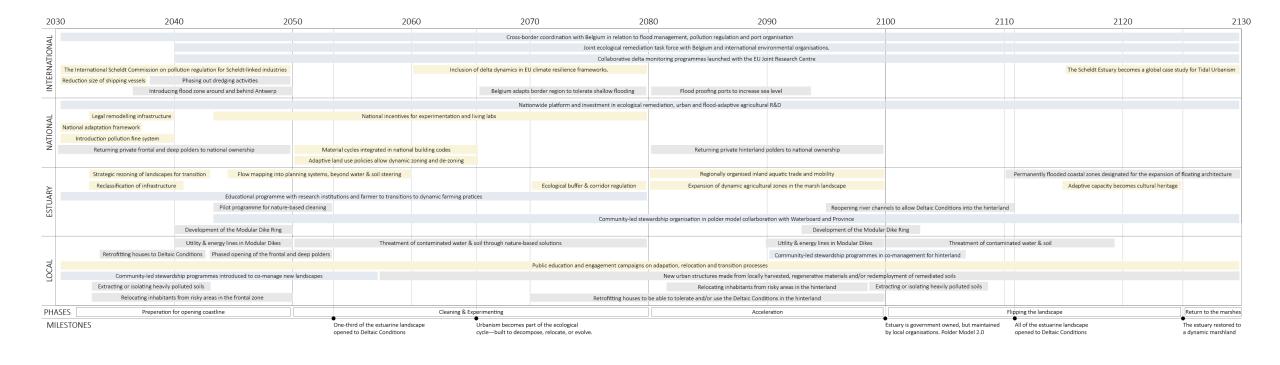
Preserved urbanisation Adapted urbanisation ← → Water pathway ### Stilt expansion Creek ridge

Nature bufferzone Potential lead contamination

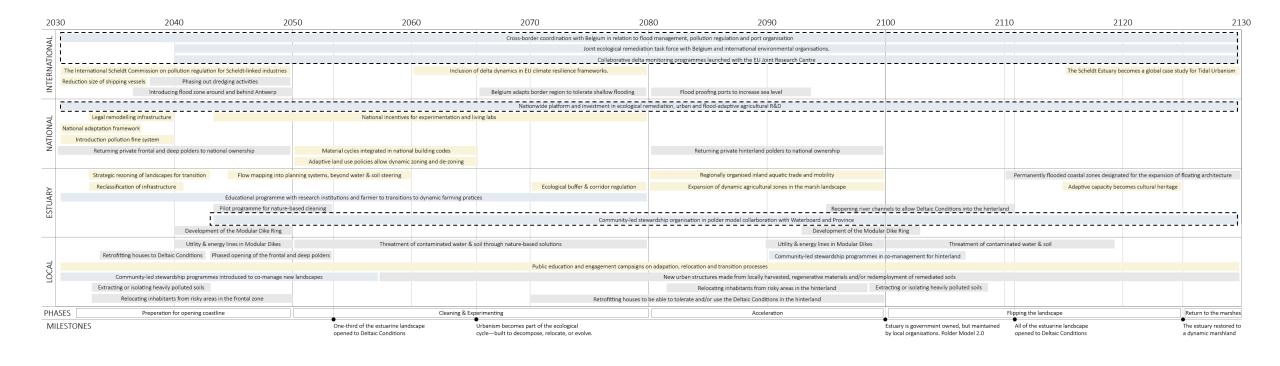
Situated Transformations

- 1 Modular Dikes
- 2 Sandscaping
- (3) Wet-Proof Urbanism
- 4 Dynamic Farming
- (5) Flood-proof Urbanism
- 6 Dike as Breakwater
- 7 Living-Lab





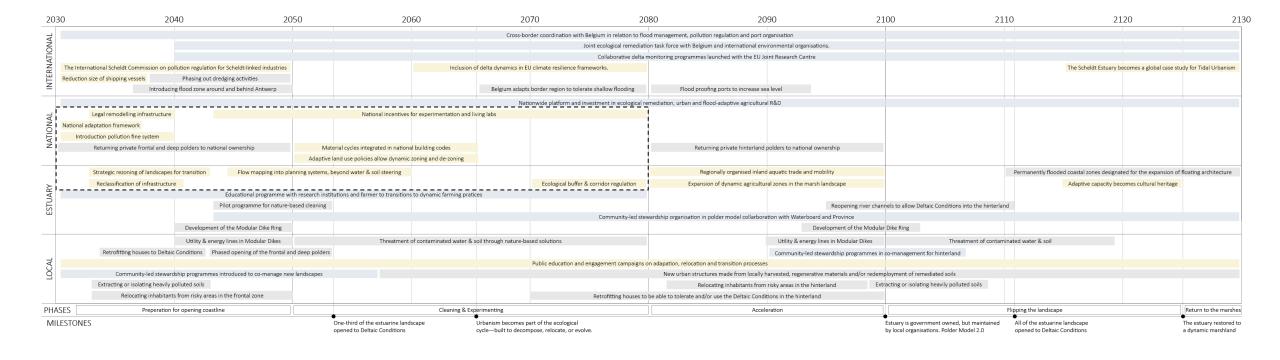
Cross-scalar cooperation and knowledge sharing.



Policy & Regulation
Programmes & Collaboration
Spatial Interventions

Cross-scalar cooperation and knowledge sharing.

Structural changes in zoning regulations to enable dynamic Coastal Management.

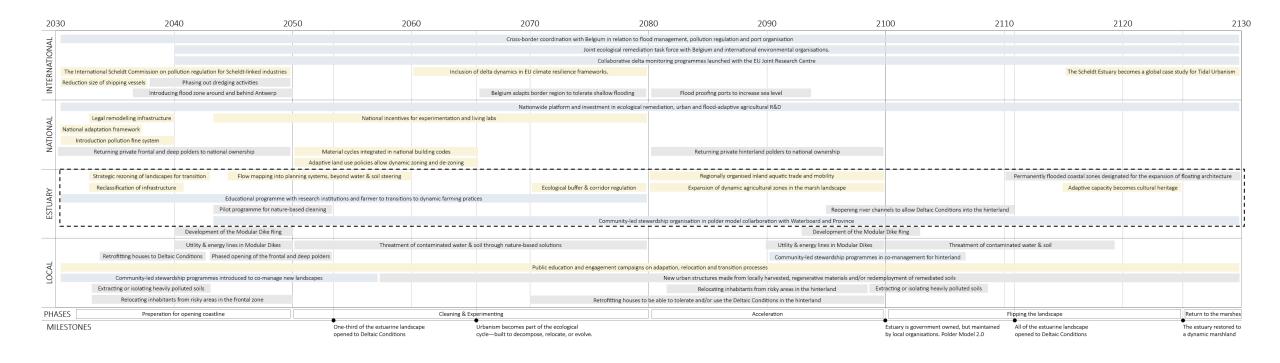


Policy & Regulation
Programmes & Collaboration
Spatial Interventions

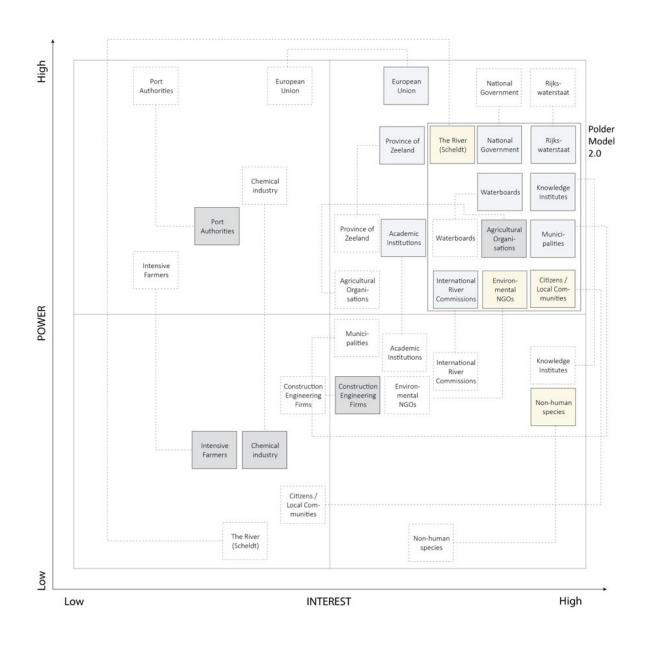
Cross-scalar cooperation and knowledge sharing.

Structural changes in zoning regulations to enable dynamic Coastal Management.

New mentality around ownership and localisation of Flood/Flow Management



Policy & Regulation
Programmes & Collaboration
Spatial Interventions



REFLECTING ON THE RISE OF THE MARSHIANS



FEASIBILITY OF TRANSFORMING THE STATUS QUO



LIMITATIONS OF DYNAMIC PLANNING



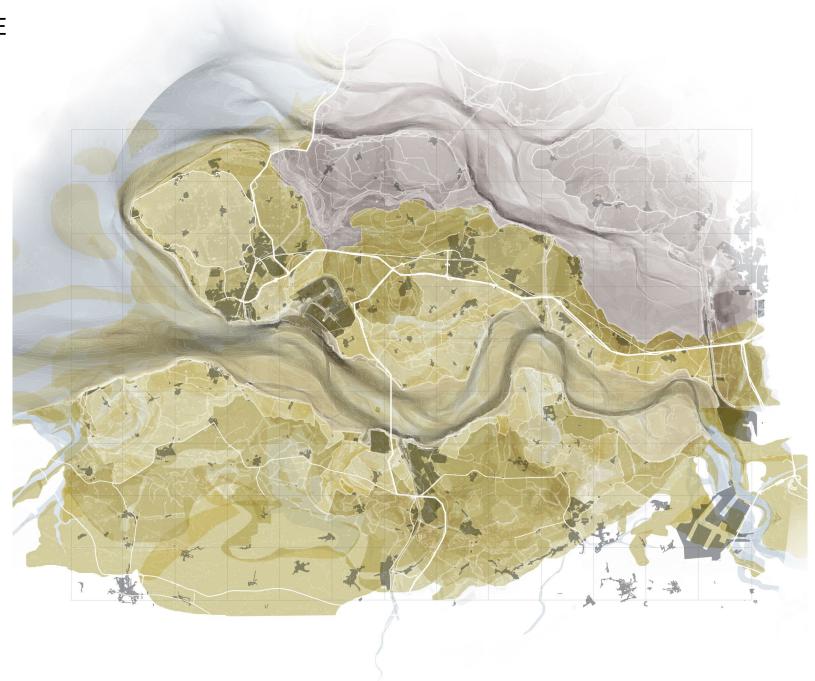
VIABILITY OF HUMAN-NON-HUMAN SYMBIOSIS



BEING TRULY PRESENT



FACING THE TIDE



References

All references and sources can be found in the reference list of the P5 report: Facing The Tide, in the repository of the TU Delft.