

DESIGNING ON THE EDGE

A DESIGN STUDY OF THE EDGE SEAL COMPONENT
TO EXTEND THE SERVICE LIFE AND
IMPROVE CIRCULARITY OF
INSULATING GLASS UNITS

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A4

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MSc Building Technology

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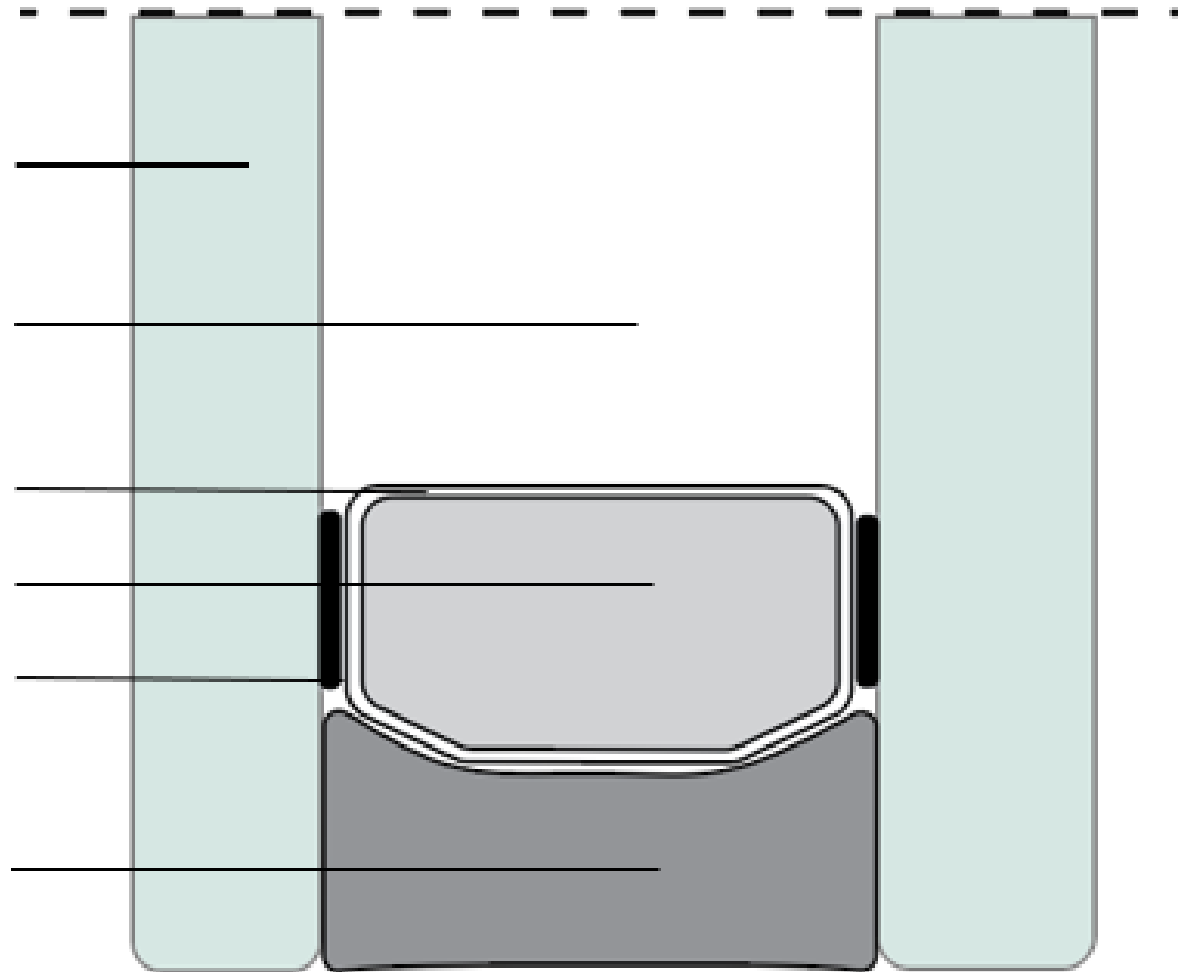


INSULATING GLASS

INSULATION GLASS UNIT (IGU)

Insulation glass unit (IGU)

- Float glass
- Cavity
- Spacer
- Desiccant
- Primary sealant
- Secondary Sealant



DESIGN PROBLEM

GLASS = DURABLE & CIRCULAR
PREMATURE END-OF-LIFE
SERVICE LIFE 20-30 YEARS



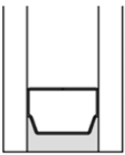
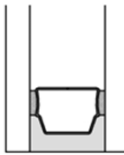
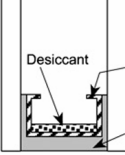
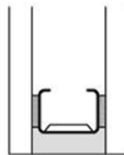
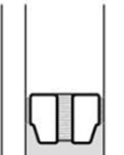
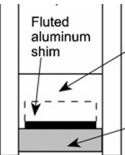
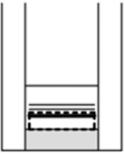
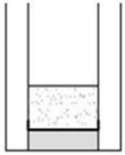
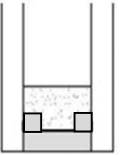
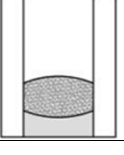
DESIGN PROBLEM

ADHESIVES
DIFFICULT DISASSEMBLY
CONTAMINATION



EXISTING ALTERNATIVES

Improved
Thermal performance ↓

Standard	Single sealed		Dual sealed		
Improved	Single sealed		Dual sealed		
			Dual sealed		
			Dual sealed		
Composites	Single sealed		Dual sealed		
			Dual sealed		
Foam	Normal shaped		T-shaped		
Thermoplastic			Dual sealed		

A large pile of crushed green glass shards, likely from broken windows or doors, is shown in a recycling facility. The shards are piled high, filling the foreground and middle ground. In the background, there is a concrete wall and a rusty metal structure, possibly part of a conveyor system or a bridge. The scene is outdoors, with some greenery visible in the distance.

RESEARCH GAP

REDESIGN IGU
IMPROVE DURABLE & ENABLE CIRCULAR

RESEARCH QUESTION

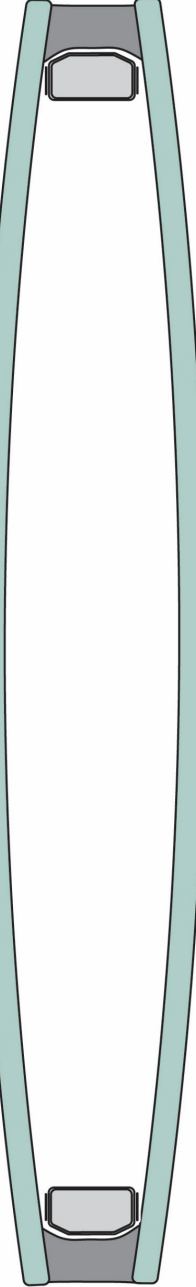
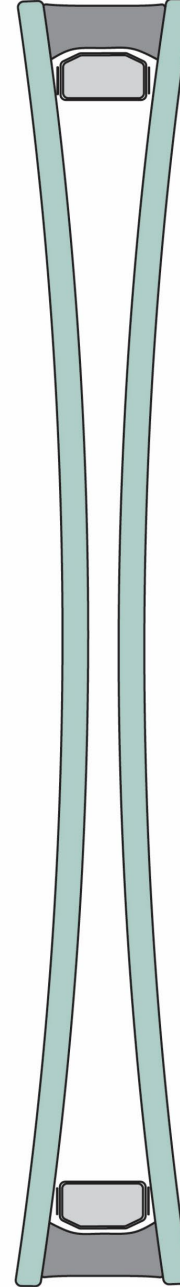
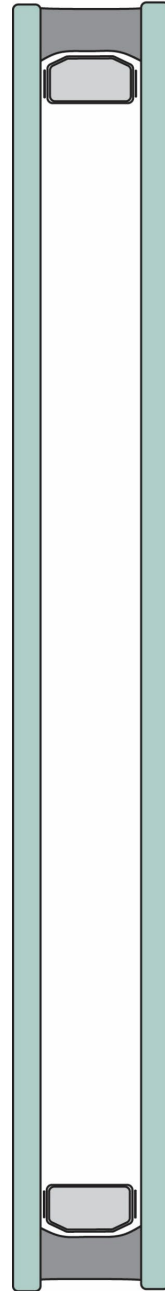
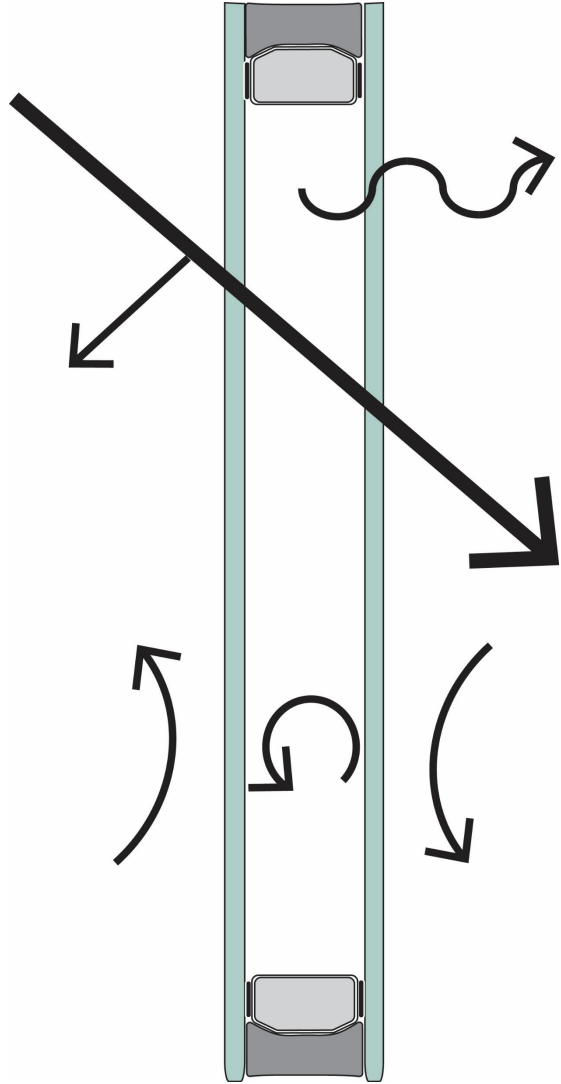
*How can **insulated glass units (IGUs)** be redesigned through material innovation and research-informed design to **enhance durability** and **enable circularity**, while maintaining the required performance of IGUs and ensuring compatibility with standard façade systems?*

HYBRID CONNECTION

THERMALLY DEBONDABLE ADHESIVE

FUSED GLASS

REQUIREMENTS



DESIGN CRITERIA

Material



Low thermal conductivity



High tensile strength



Low water vapour permeability

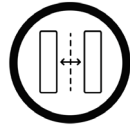


Low gas permeability

Component



High thermal insulation



No thermal bridges



Mechanical stability



Allow movement



High environmental resistance



Water and air tight

Circular



No contamination



Demountable



Durable



Small scale

DESIGN CRITERIA



Thermal



Mechanical



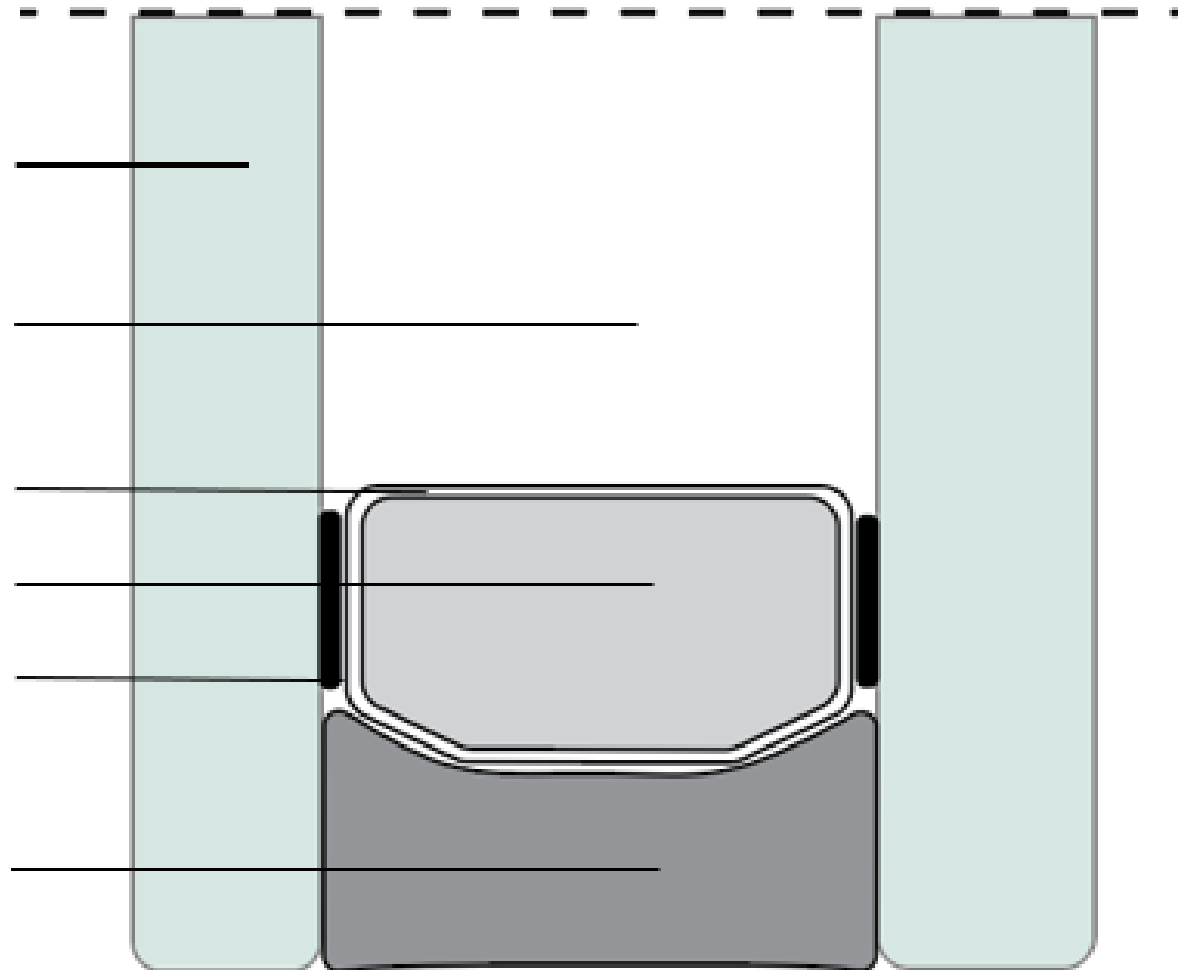
Durability



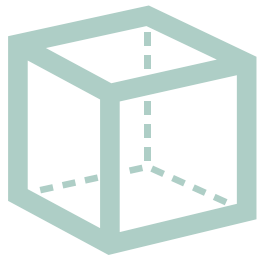
Circularity

Insulation glass unit (IGU)

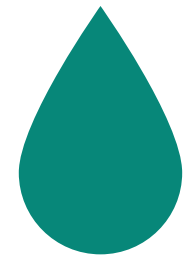
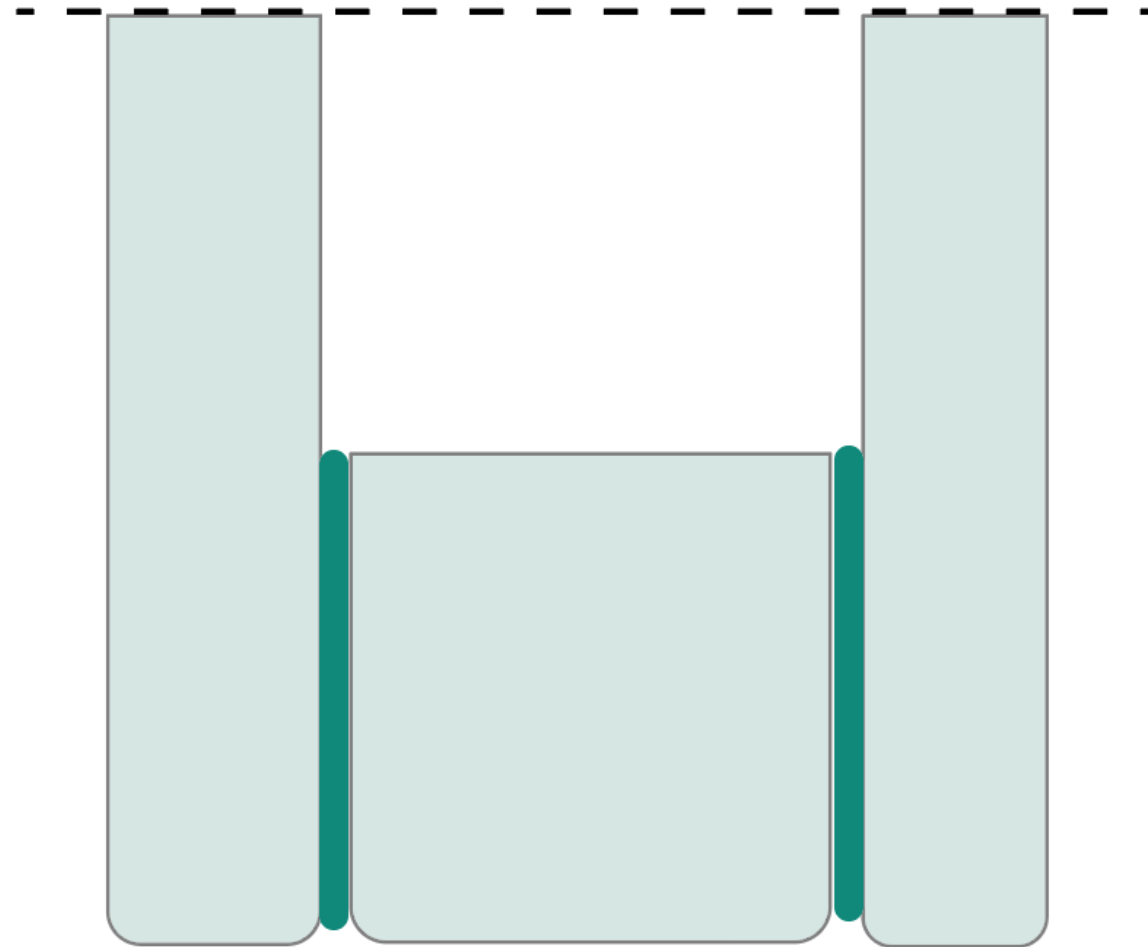
- Float glass
- Cavity
- Spacer
- Desiccant
- Primary sealant
- Secondary Sealant



Insulation glass unit (IGU)

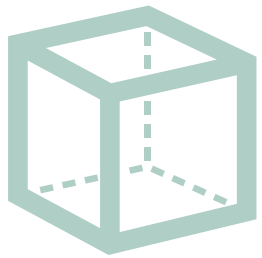


Spacer



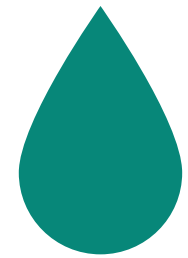
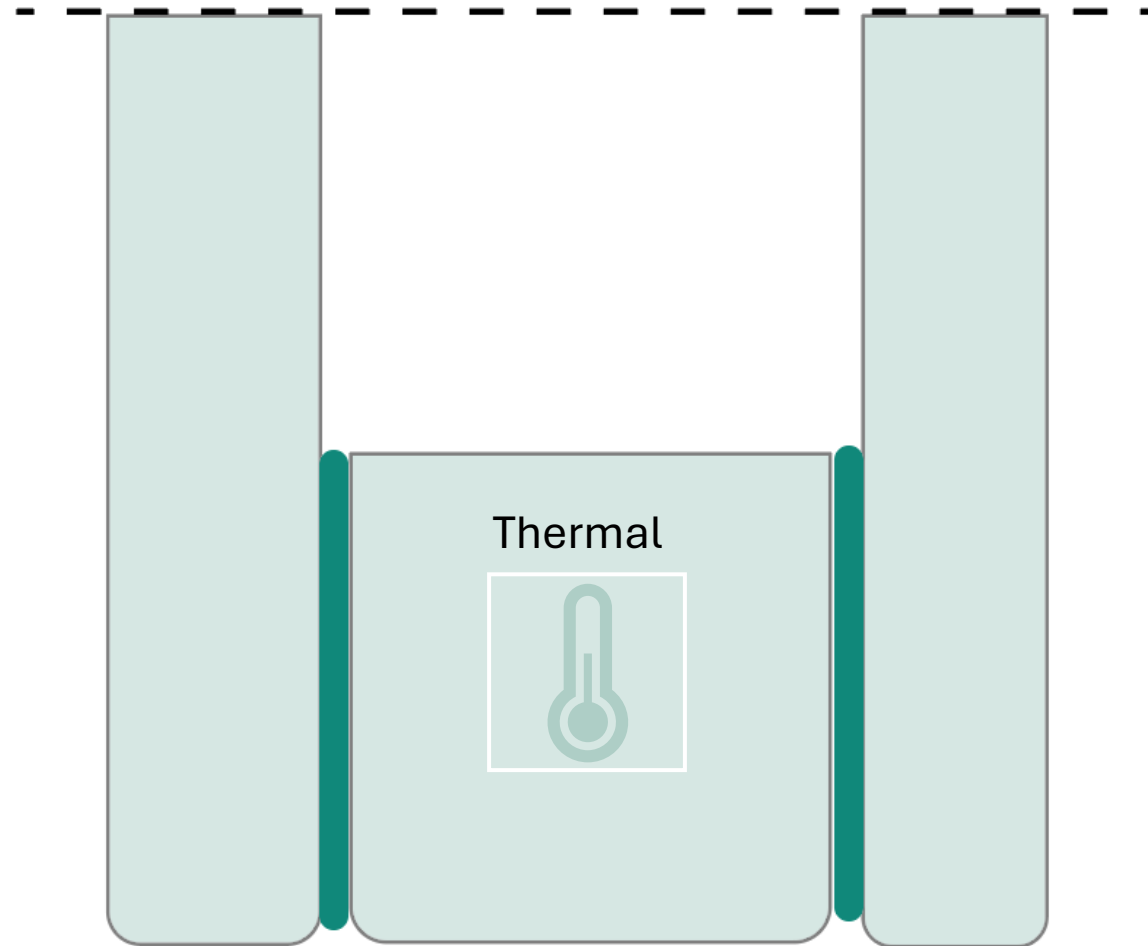
Sealant

Insulation glass unit (IGU)



Spacer

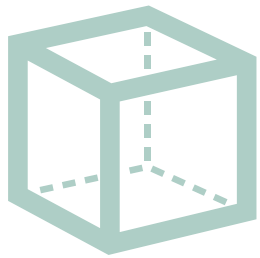
Low thermal conductivity



Sealant

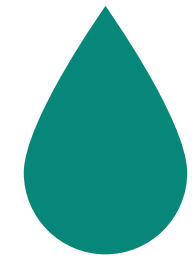
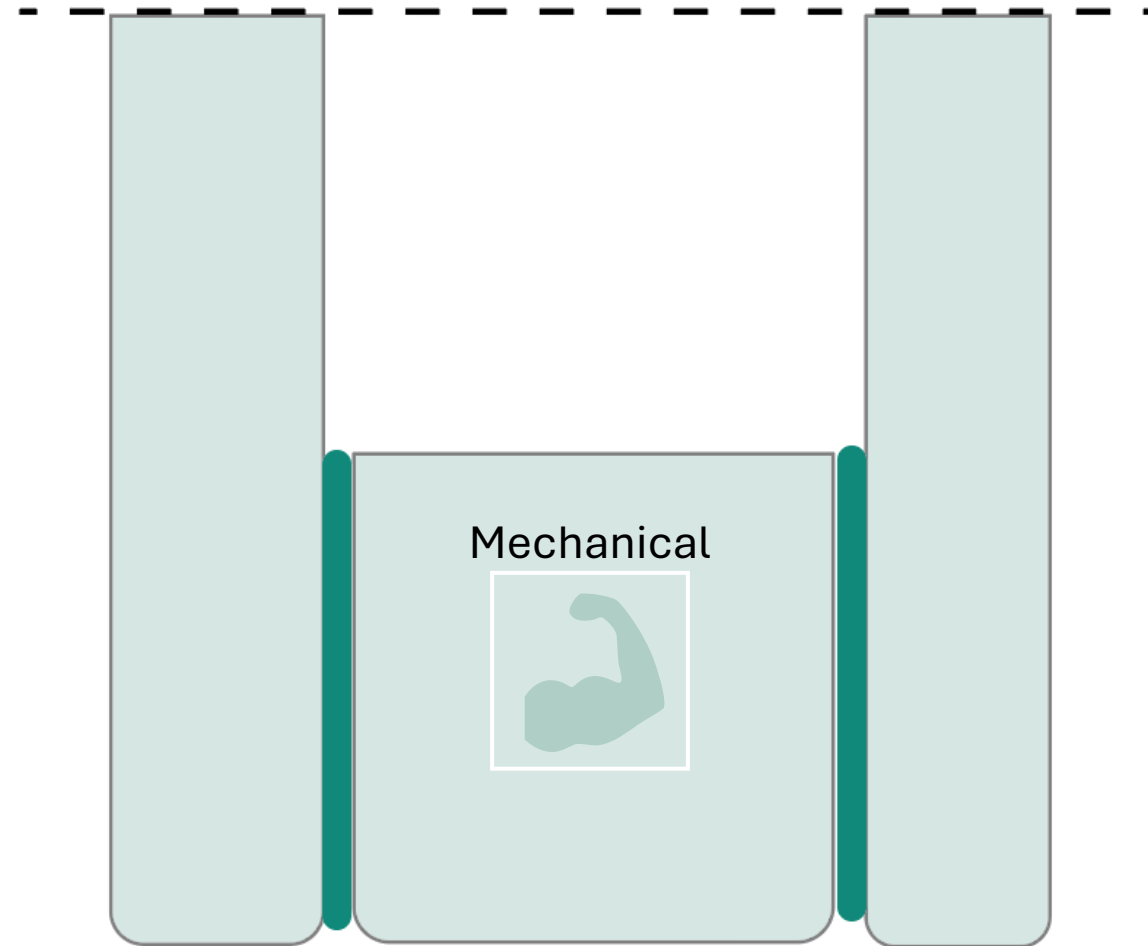
Low thermal conductivity

Insulation glass unit (IGU)



Spacer

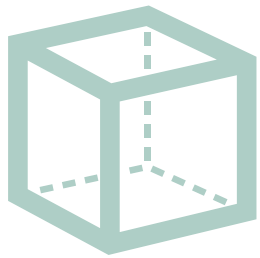
Low thermal conductivity
Rigid
High compressive strength



Sealant

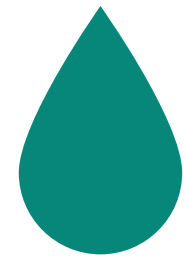
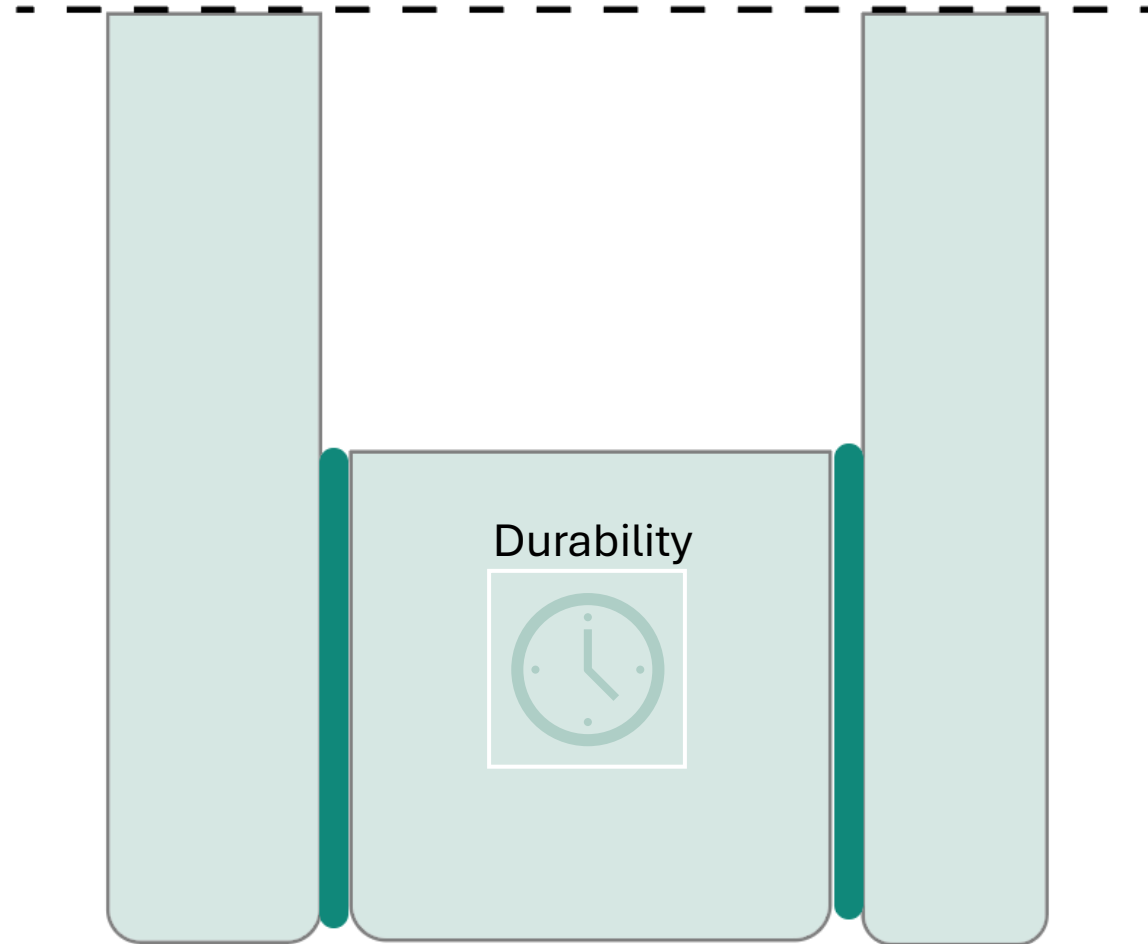
Low thermal conductivity
Flexible
High tensile strength

Insulation glass unit (IGU)



Spacer

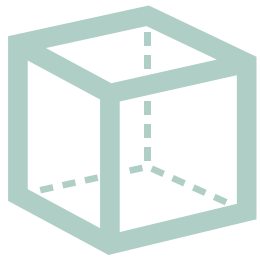
Low thermal conductivity
Rigid
High compressive strength
UV-resistant
Water and airtight



Sealant

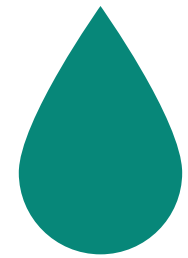
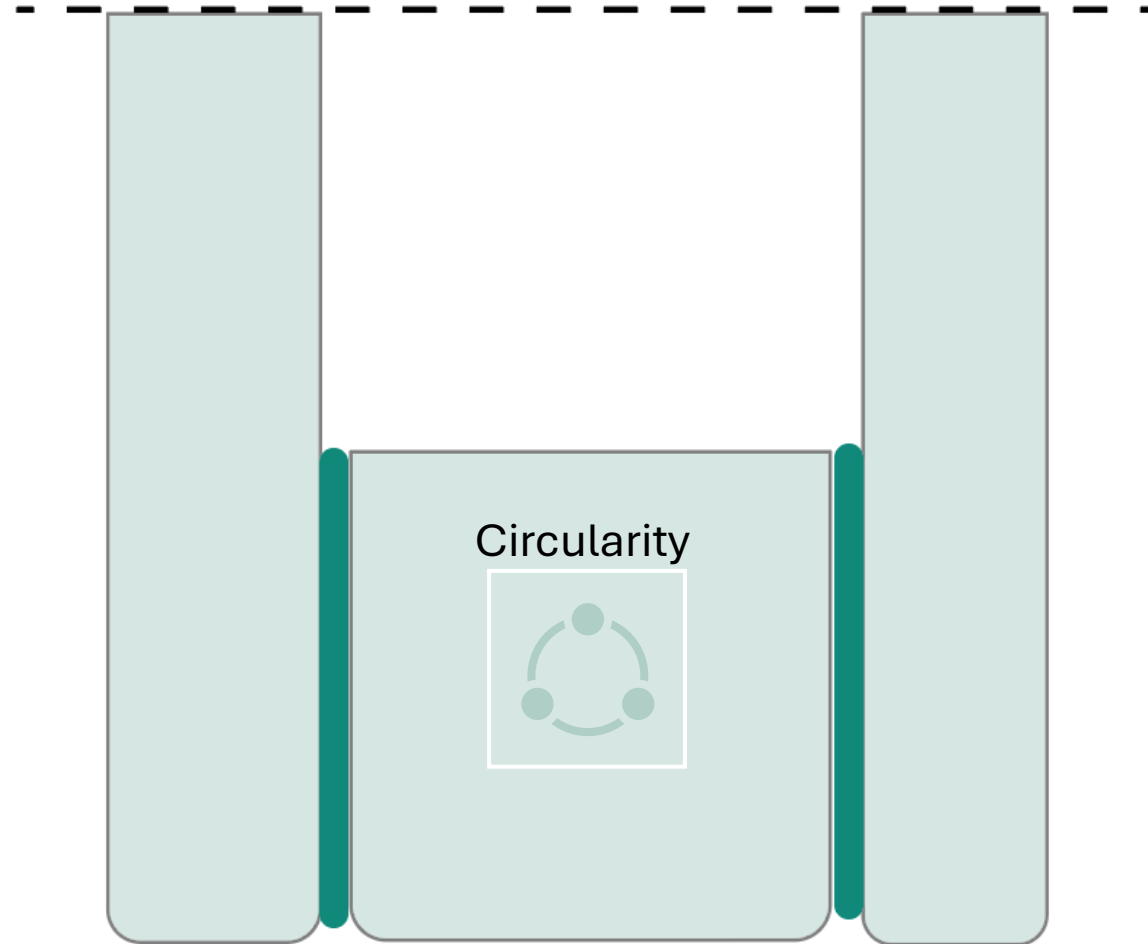
Low thermal conductivity
Flexible
High tensile strength
UV-resistant
Water and airtight

Insulation glass unit (IGU)



Spacer

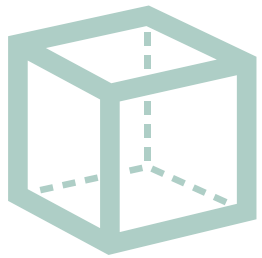
- Low thermal conductivity
- Rigid
- High compressive strength
- UV-resistant
- Water and airtight
- Easily recyclable



Sealant

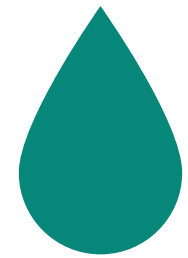
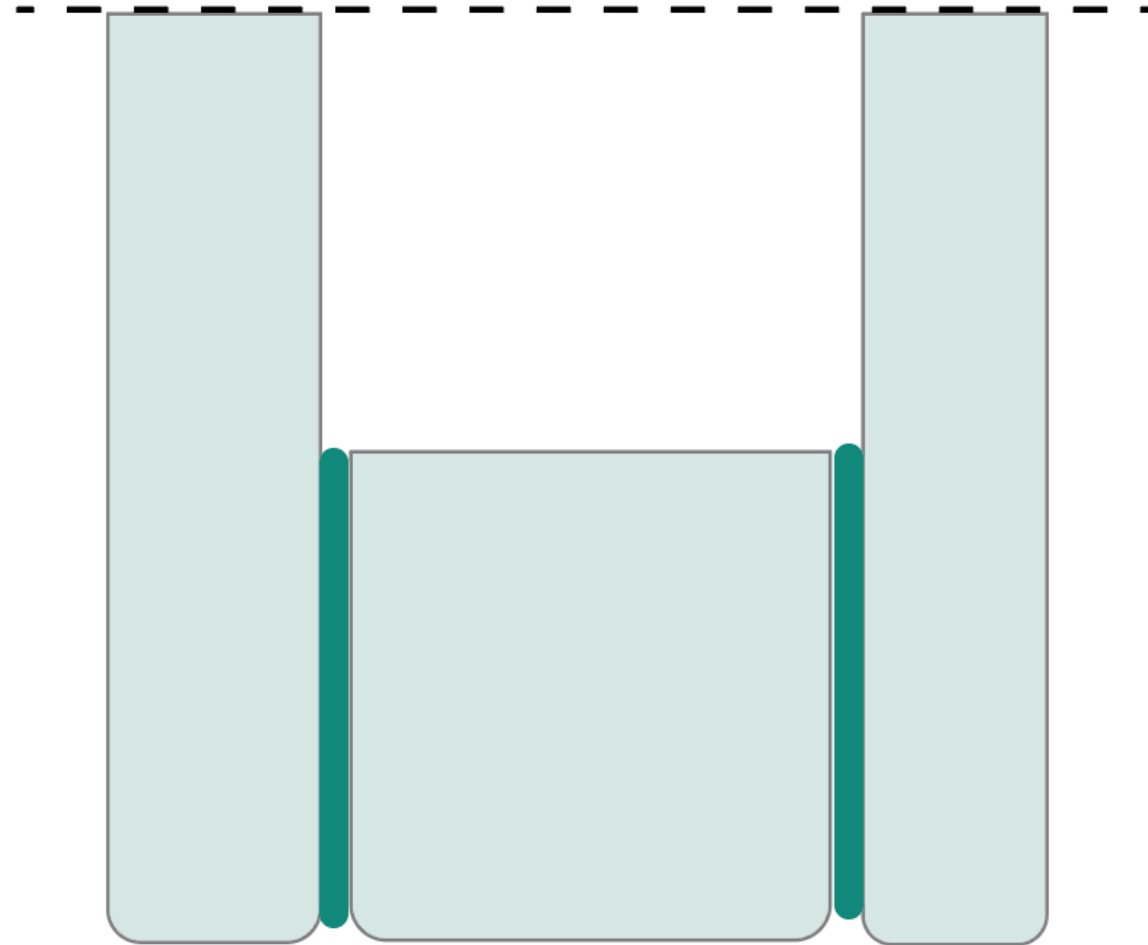
- Low thermal conductivity
- Flexible
- High tensile strength
- UV-resistant
- Water and airtight
- Demountable

Insulation glass unit (IGU)



Spacer

Glass



Sealant

Plexiglas

PETG

PEEK

Silicone

HYBRID CONNECTION

THERMALLY DEBONDABLE ADHESIVE

FUSED GLASS



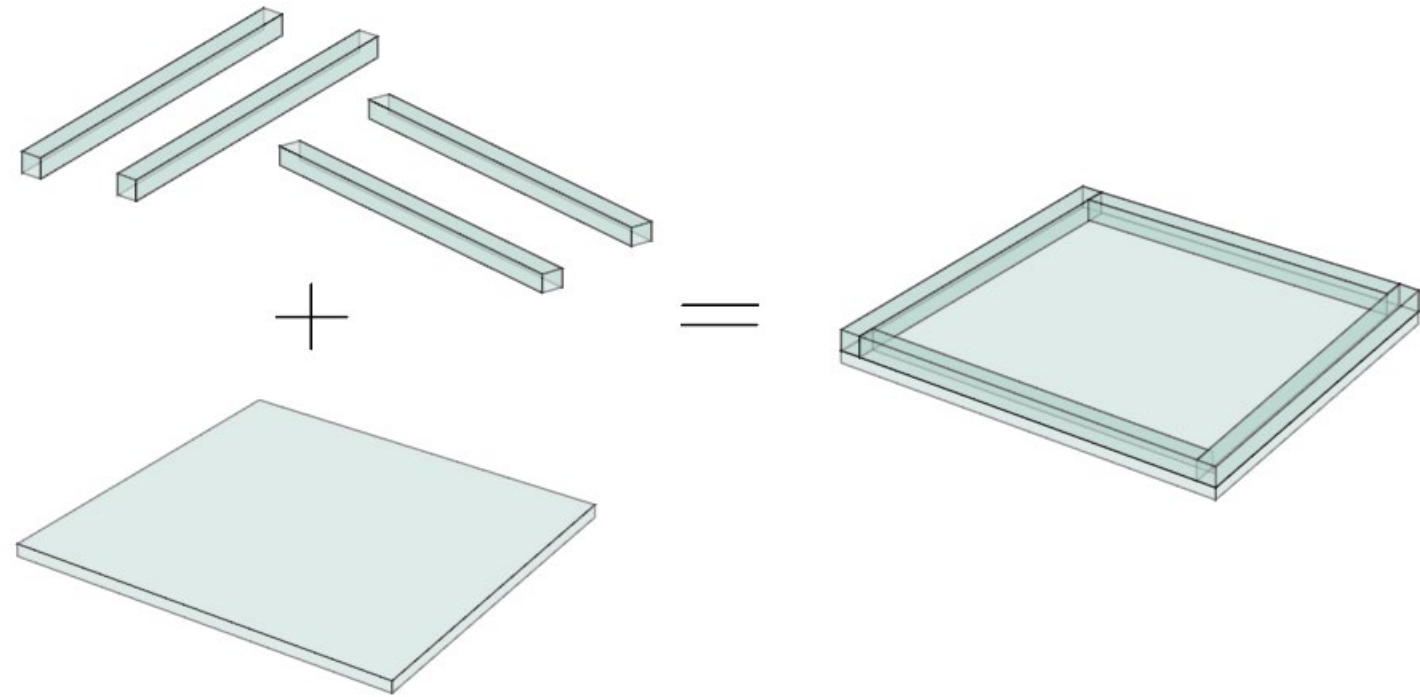
A detailed cross-sectional view of a hybrid connection between a concrete slab and a steel beam. The concrete slab is on the left, and the steel beam is on the right. A green-painted steel plate is visible on the left side of the concrete. A white, translucent material, identified as fused glass, is embedded within the concrete, extending towards the steel beam. The text 'HYBRID CONNECTION' is overlaid in large white capital letters. The text 'FUSED GLASS' is overlaid in white capital letters with a white arrow pointing to the white material.

HYBRID CONNECTION

FUSED GLASS

GLASS FUSION

- ✓ No adhesives
- ✓ Mono-material
- ✓ Durable
- ✓ UV-resistant
- ✓ Easier recycling



GLASS FUSION



Goal

Tack fuse



Firing schedule

Fusing temperature

Ramp

Hold



Compatibility

Chemical formula

Thermal expansion

Thickness



Defects

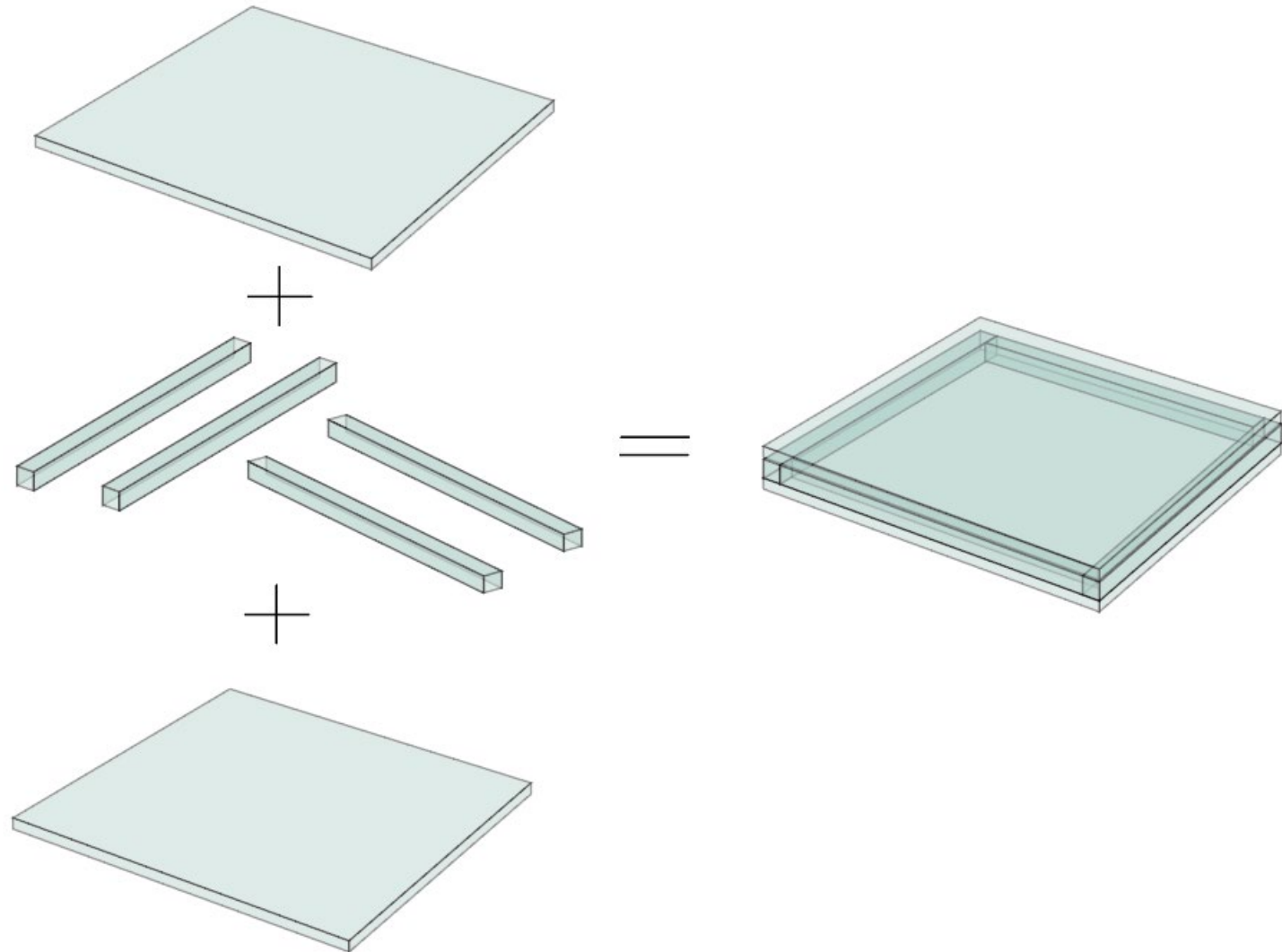
Devitrification

Slumping

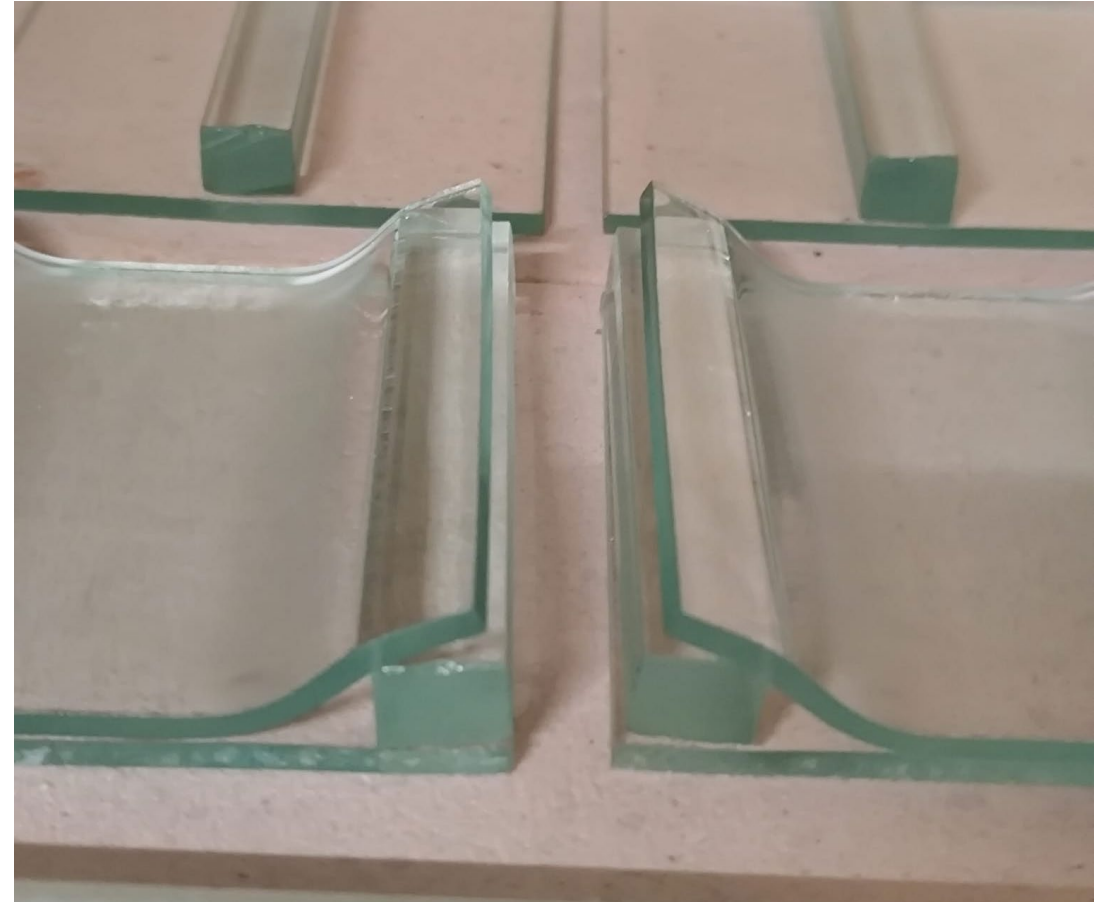
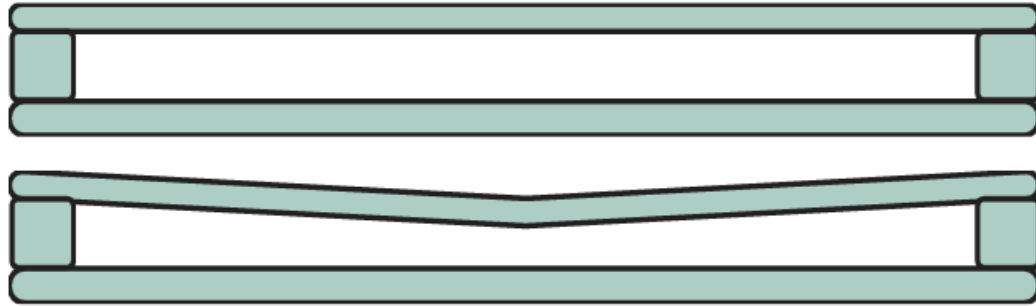
Thermal shock

GLASS FUSION

- ✓ No adhesives
- ✓ Durable
- ✓ UV-resistant
- ✓ Mono-material
- ✓ Easier recycling



SLUMPING



FUSED GLASS SPACER



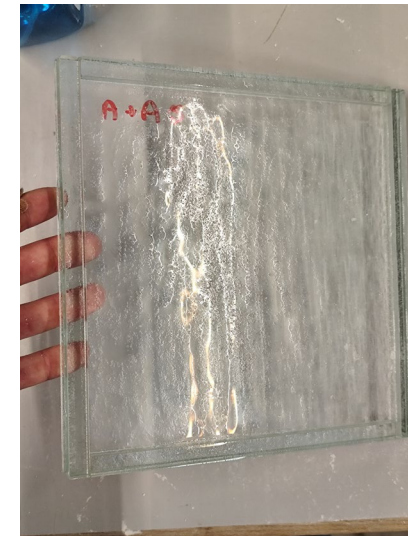
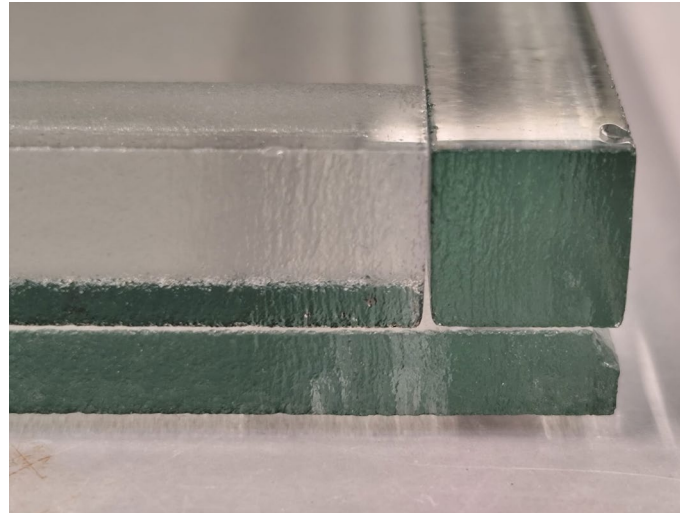
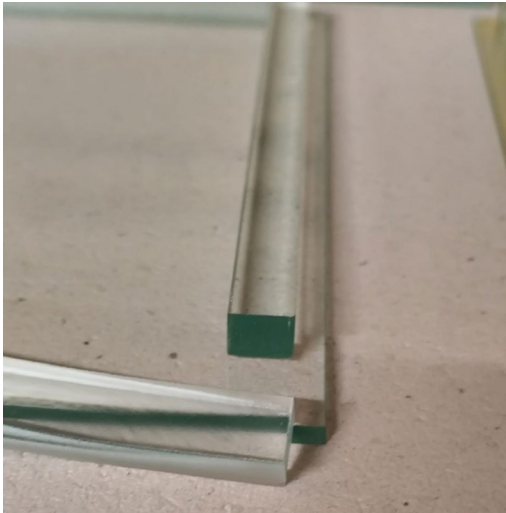
Deformation



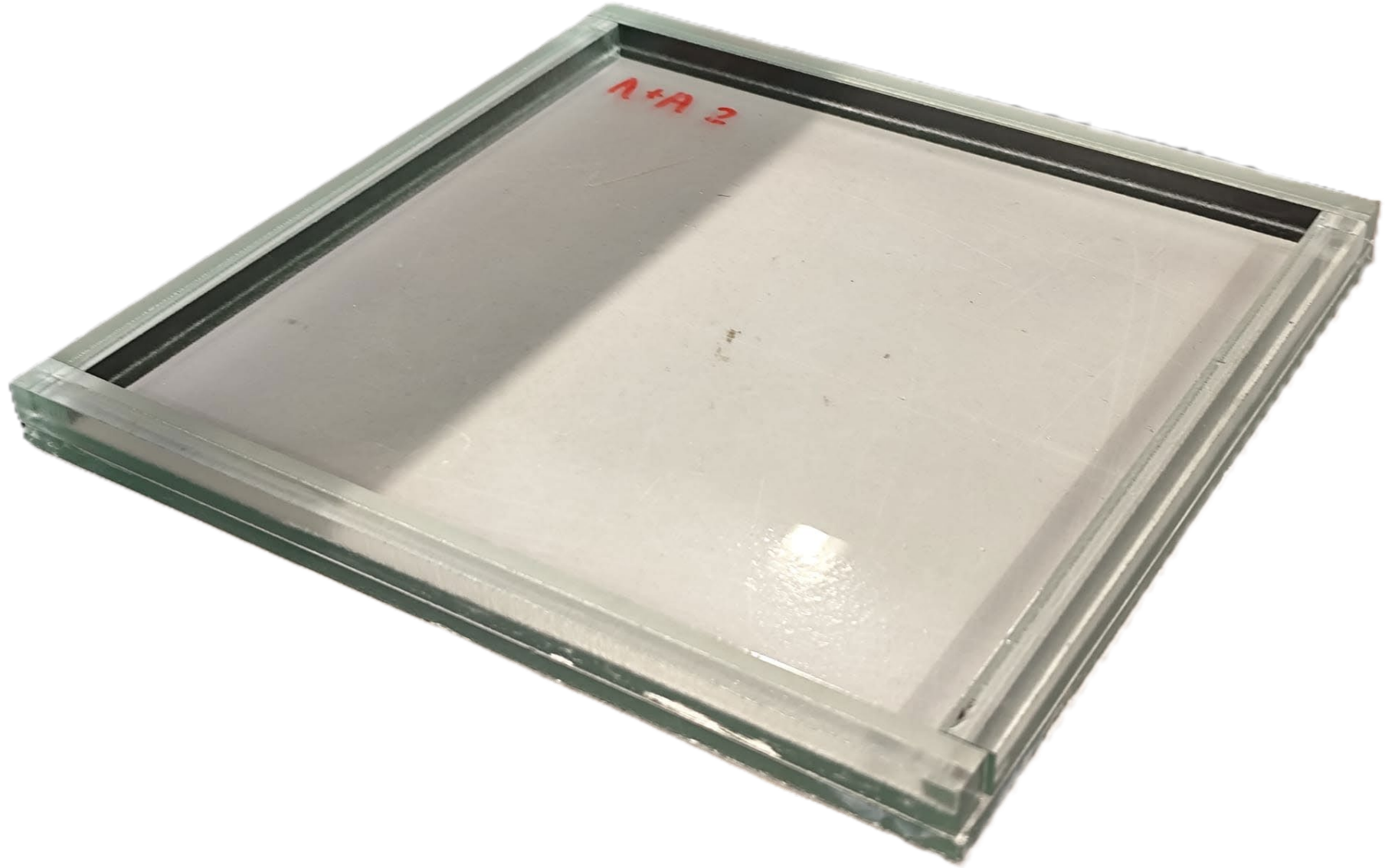
Fuse quality



Surface quality



FUSED GLASS SPACER

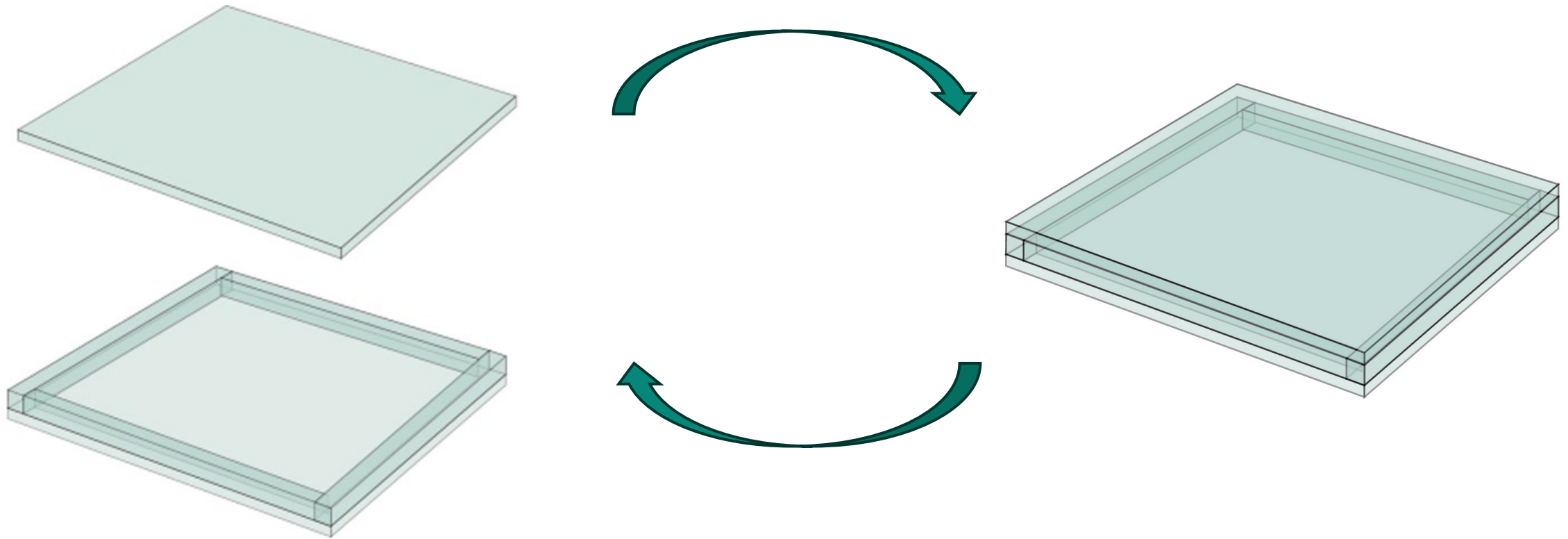


A detailed cross-sectional view of a hybrid connection between two concrete beams. The top beam is a dark grey, textured concrete. The bottom beam is a lighter grey concrete. A green, fibrous material, likely carbon fiber, is embedded within the concrete. A white, translucent adhesive is applied to the interface between the two beams. A white arrow points from the text 'THERMALLY DEBONDABLE ADHESIVE' to the adhesive layer.

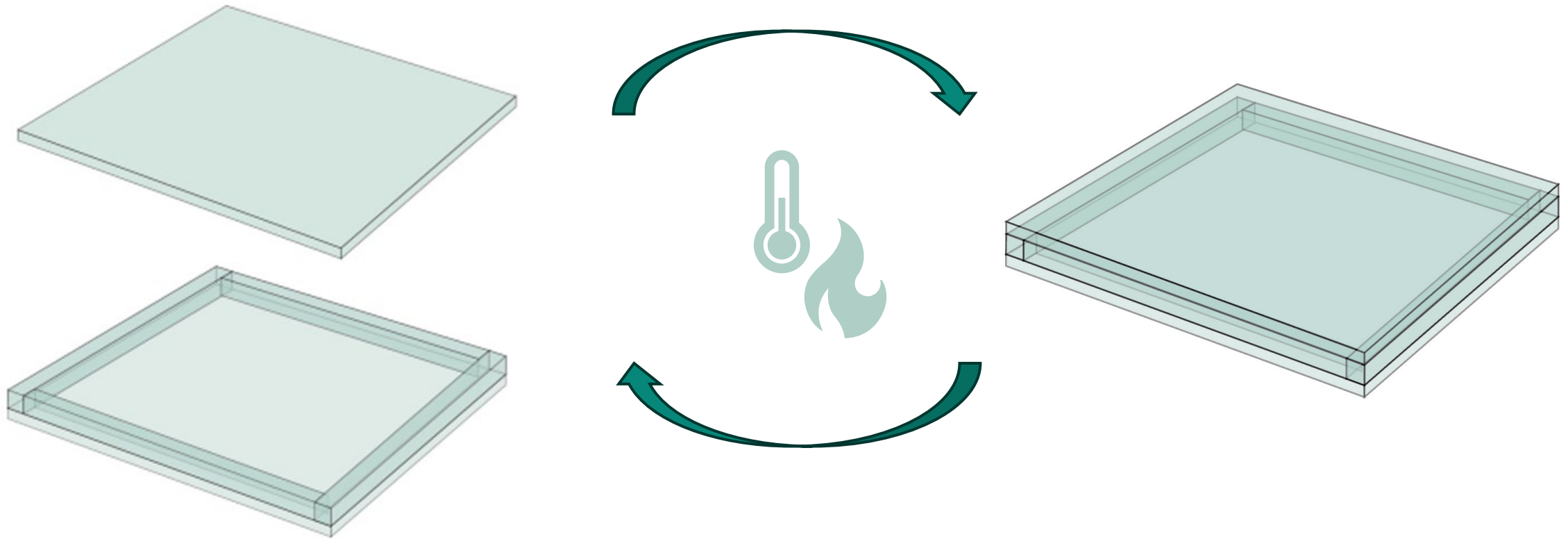
HYBRID CONNECTION

THERMALLY DEBONDABLE ADHESIVE

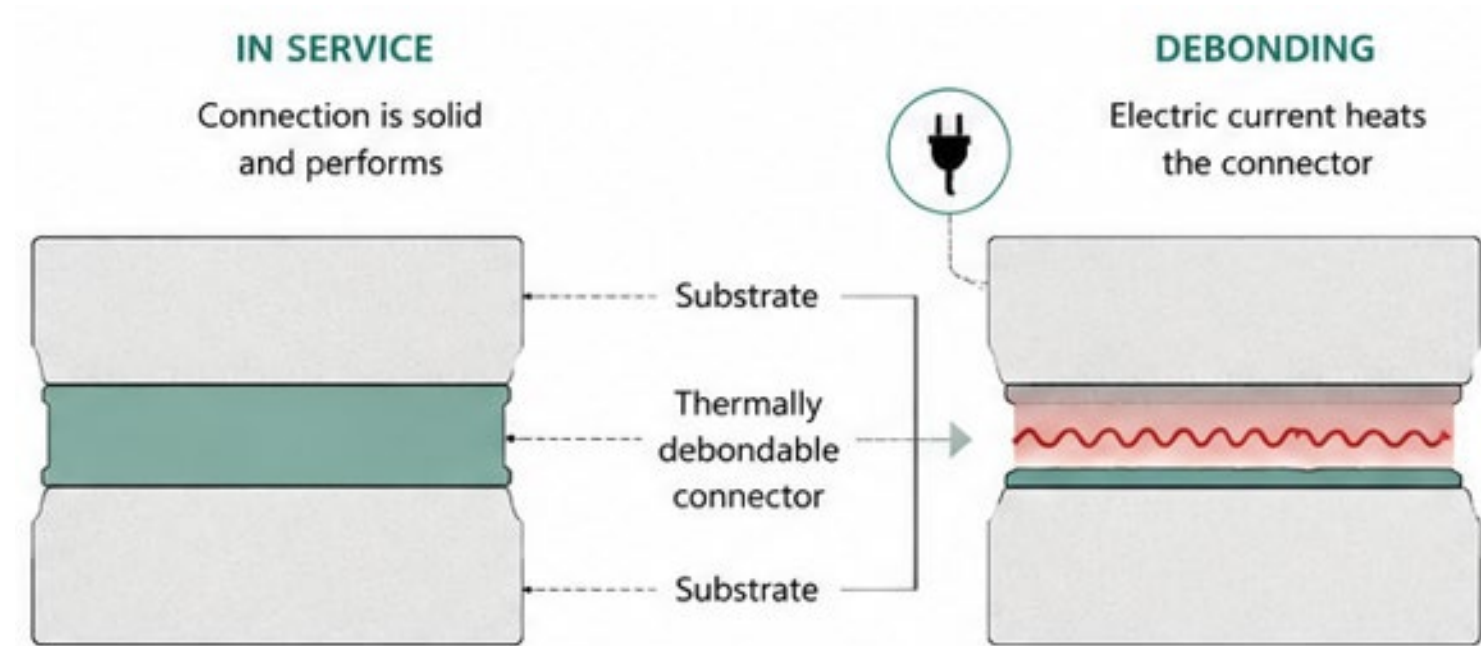
BONDING AND DEBONDING



THERMAL TRIGGER



EMBEDDED HEATING ELEMENT



THERMALLY DEBONDING



Heating element

Controlled heating

Embedded



Adhesive

Compatible

Adhesive strength

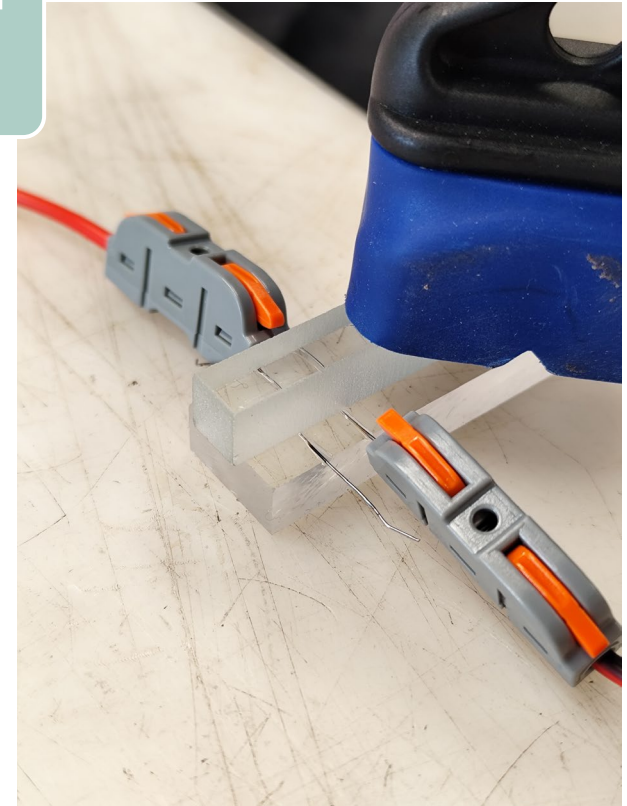
Thermally deformable

THERMALLY DEBONDING



Controlled
heating

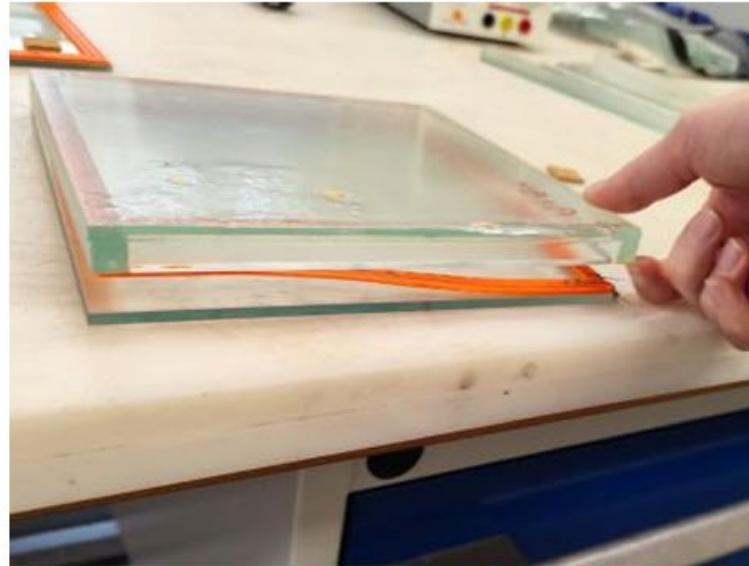
Integrated
in facade



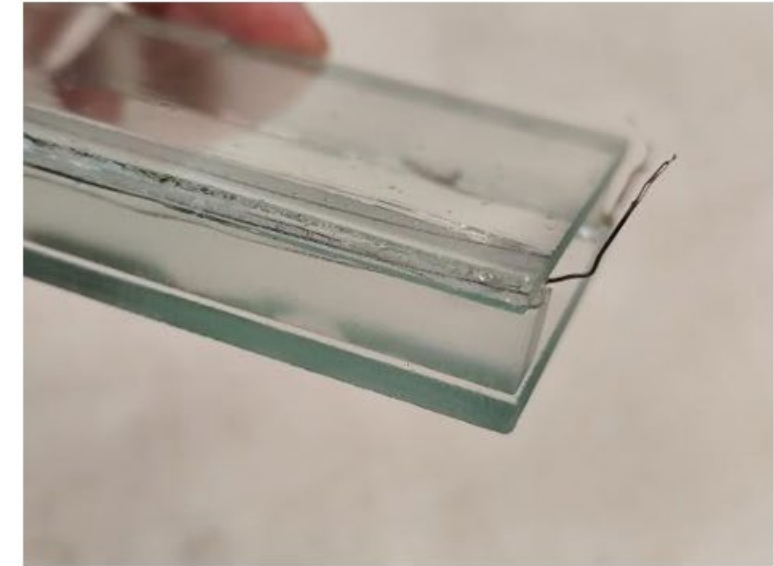
MATERIAL SELECTION



PMMA



3D printed PETG



PETG

Thermally
deformable

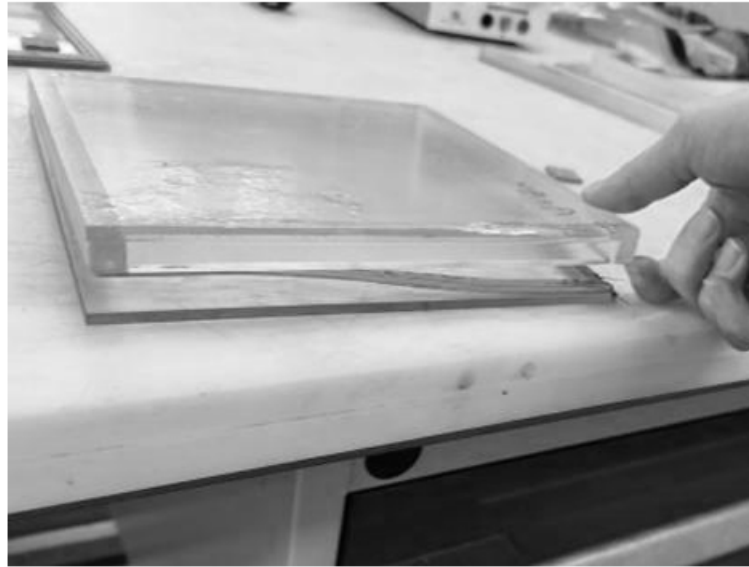
Compatible

Adhesive

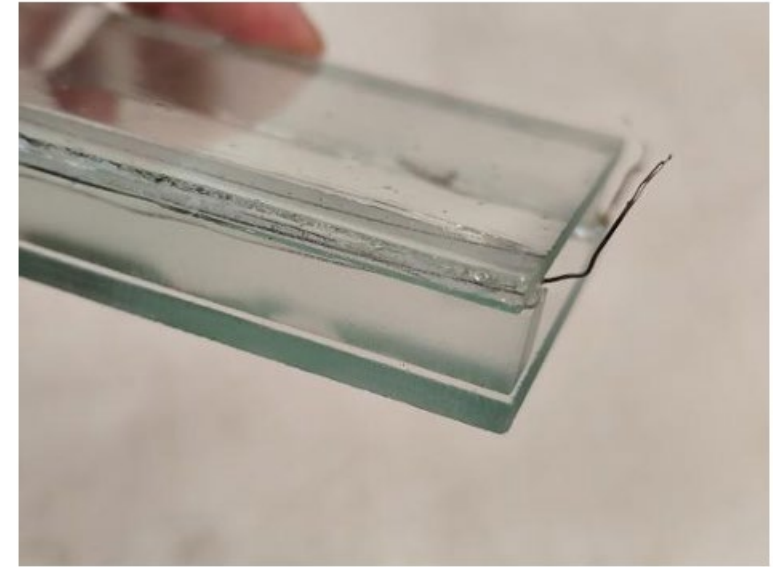
MATERIAL SELECTION



PMMA



3D printed PETG



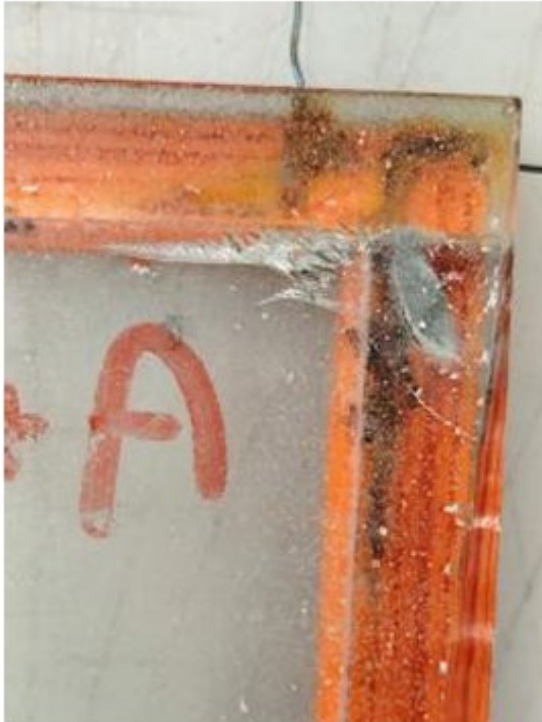
PETG

Thermally
deformable

Compatible

Adhesive

LIMITATIONS



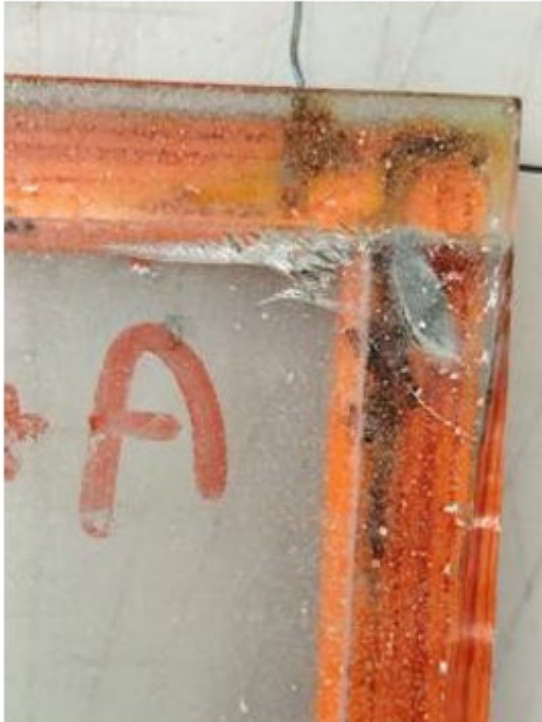
Thermal shock

Hot edges

Cold middle

Crack formation

LIMITATIONS



Thermal shock



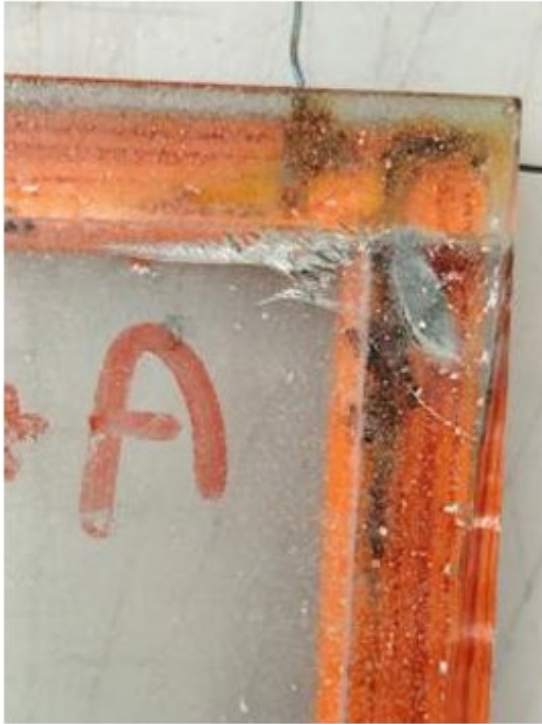
Deformation

Oven samples

Moderated heating and cooling

Melting

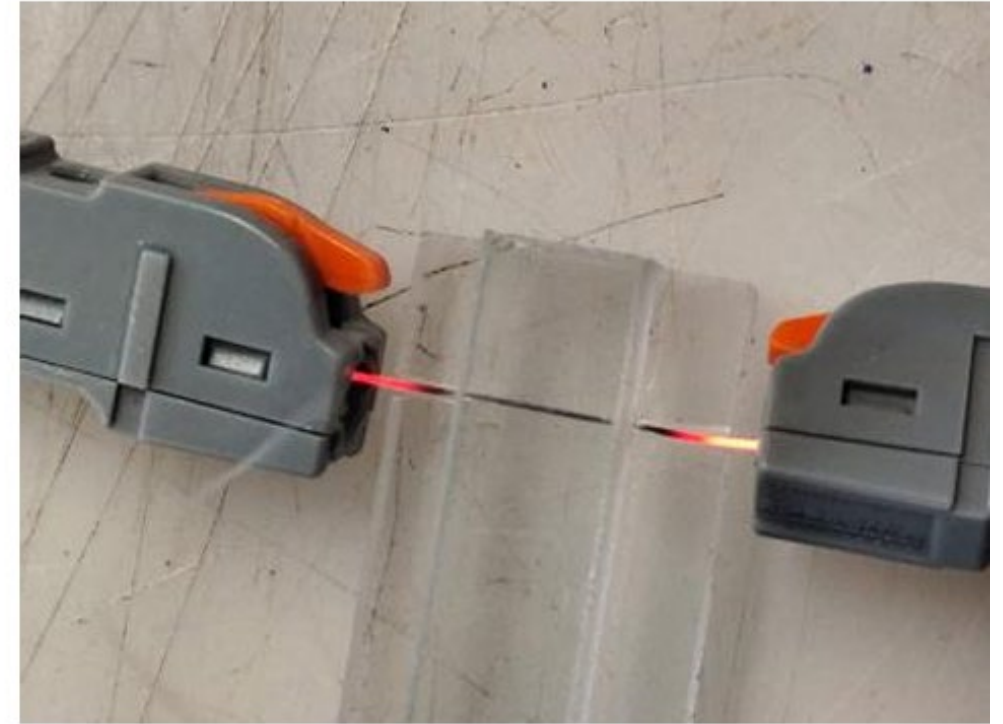
LIMITATIONS



Thermal shock

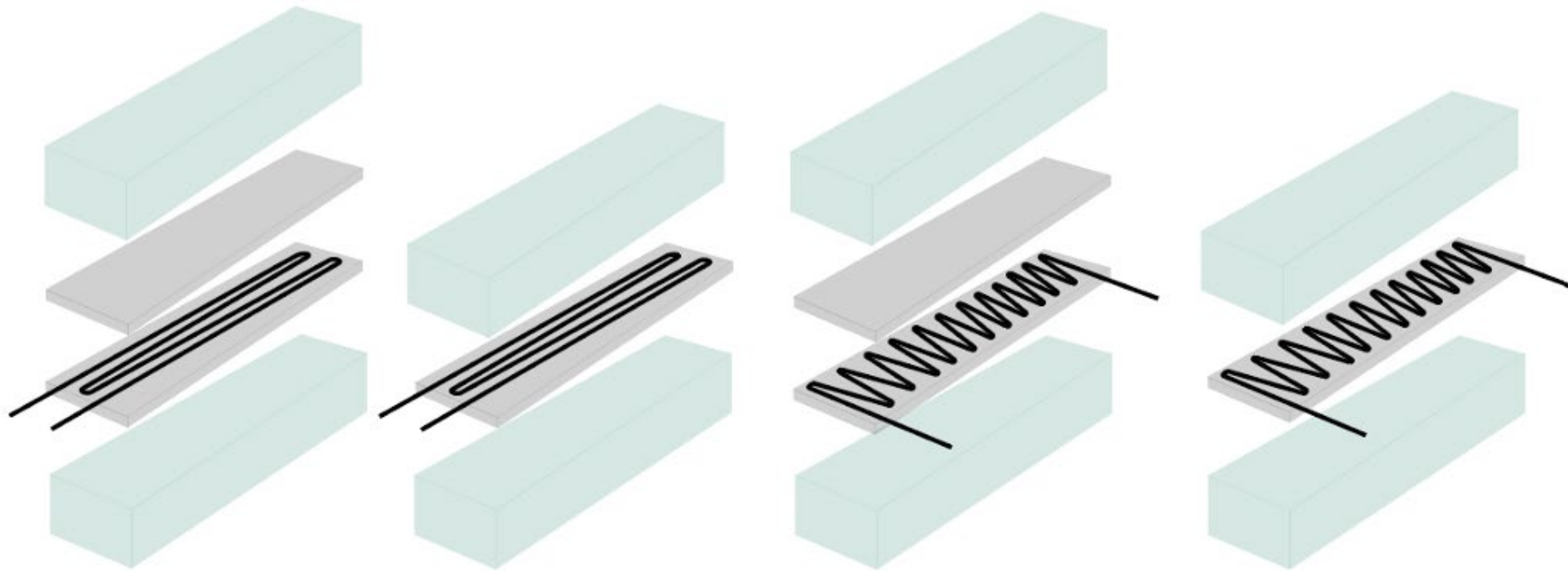


Deformation

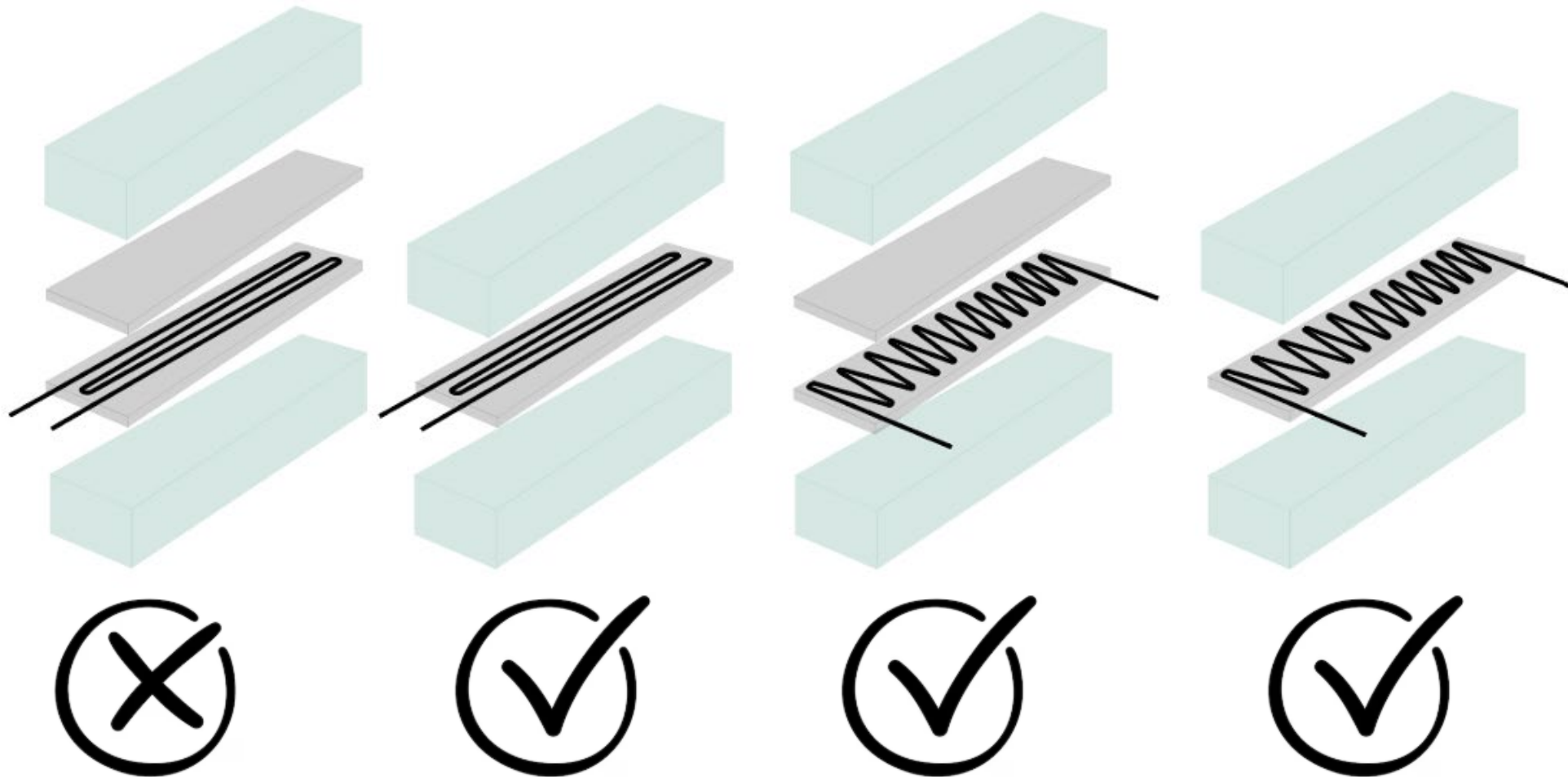


Melting of electrical connector

FINAL ITERATIONS



FINAL ITERATIONS



HYBRID CONNECTION

THERMALLY DEBONDABLE ADHESIVE

FUSED GLASS

DESIGN CRITERIA



Thermal



Mechanical



Durable

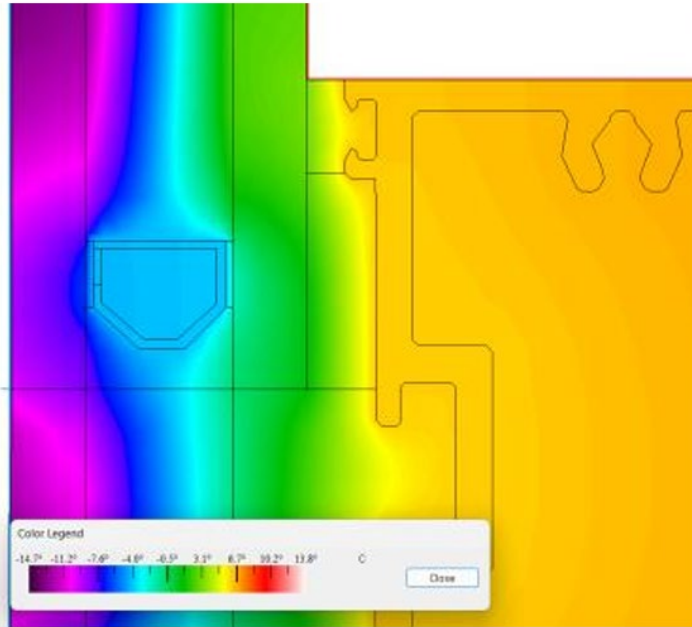


Circular



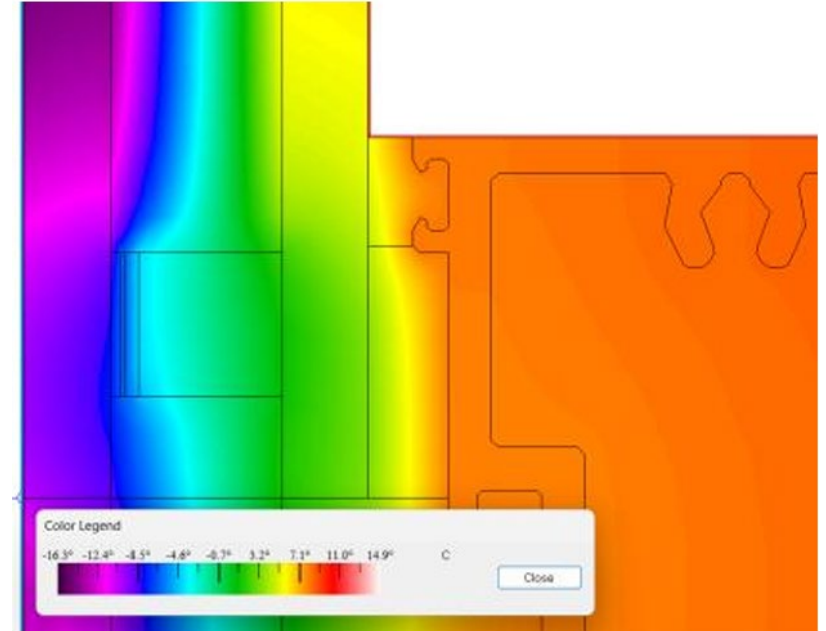
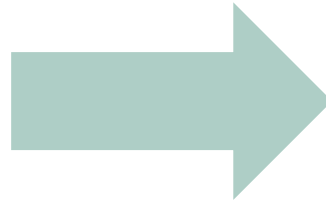
THERMAL PERFORMANCE

U-value glass = 2.55 W/m²K



U-value system = 4.44 W/m²K

Standard metal
spacer

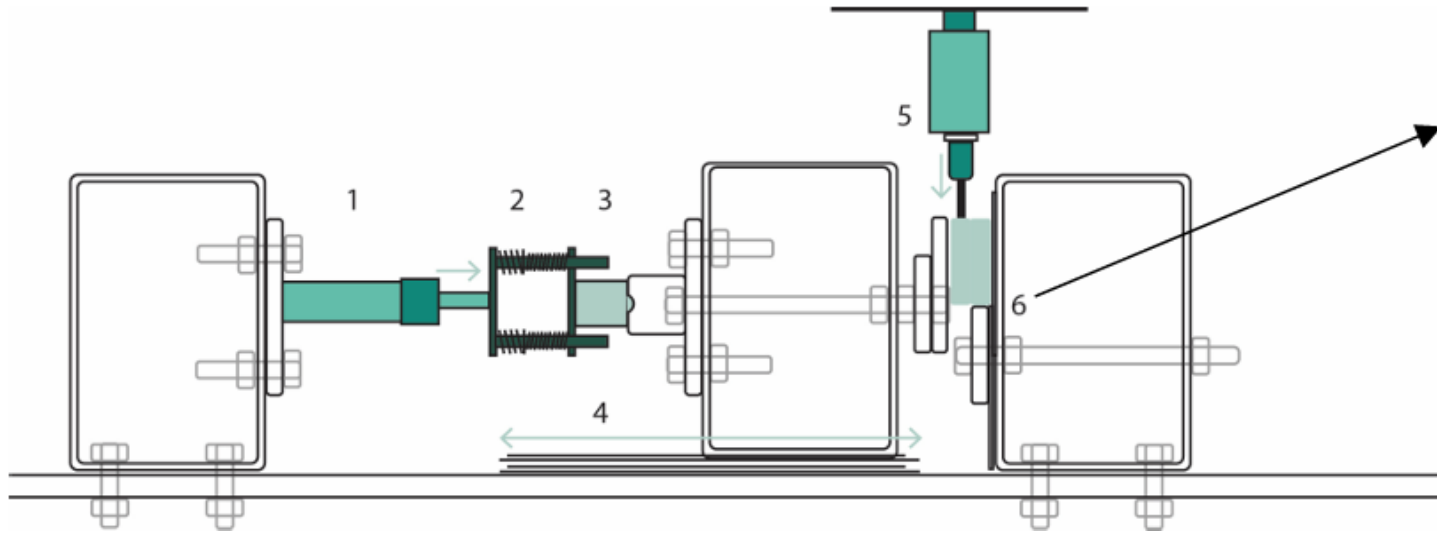


U-value system = 3.95 W/m²K

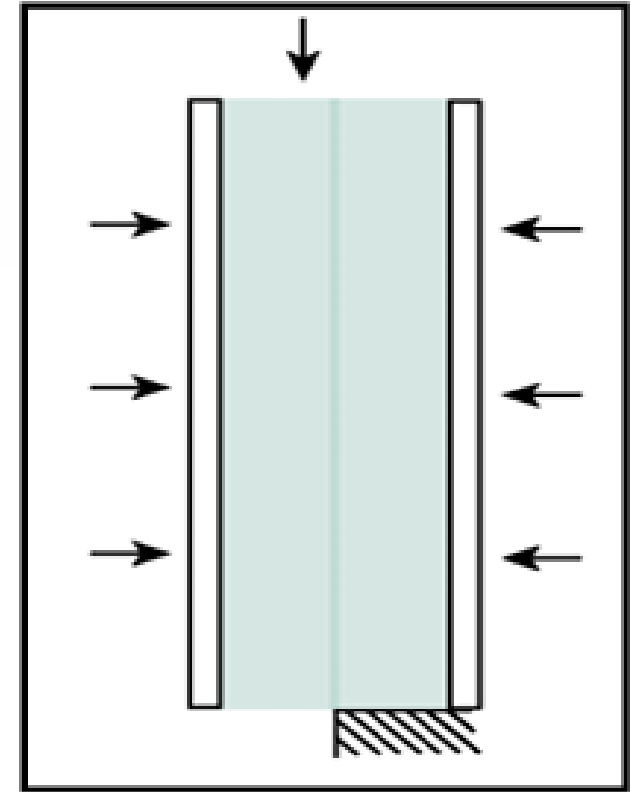
Redesign spacer



MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE

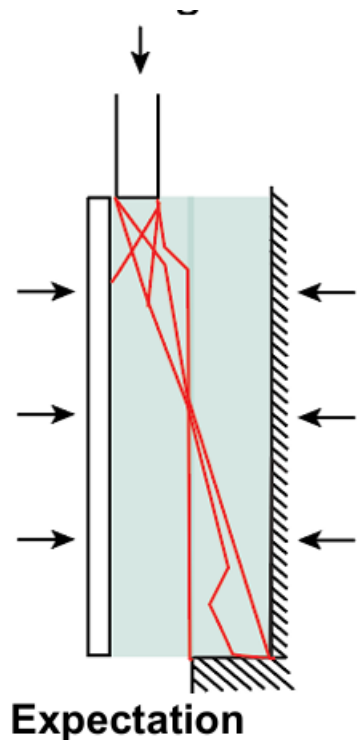


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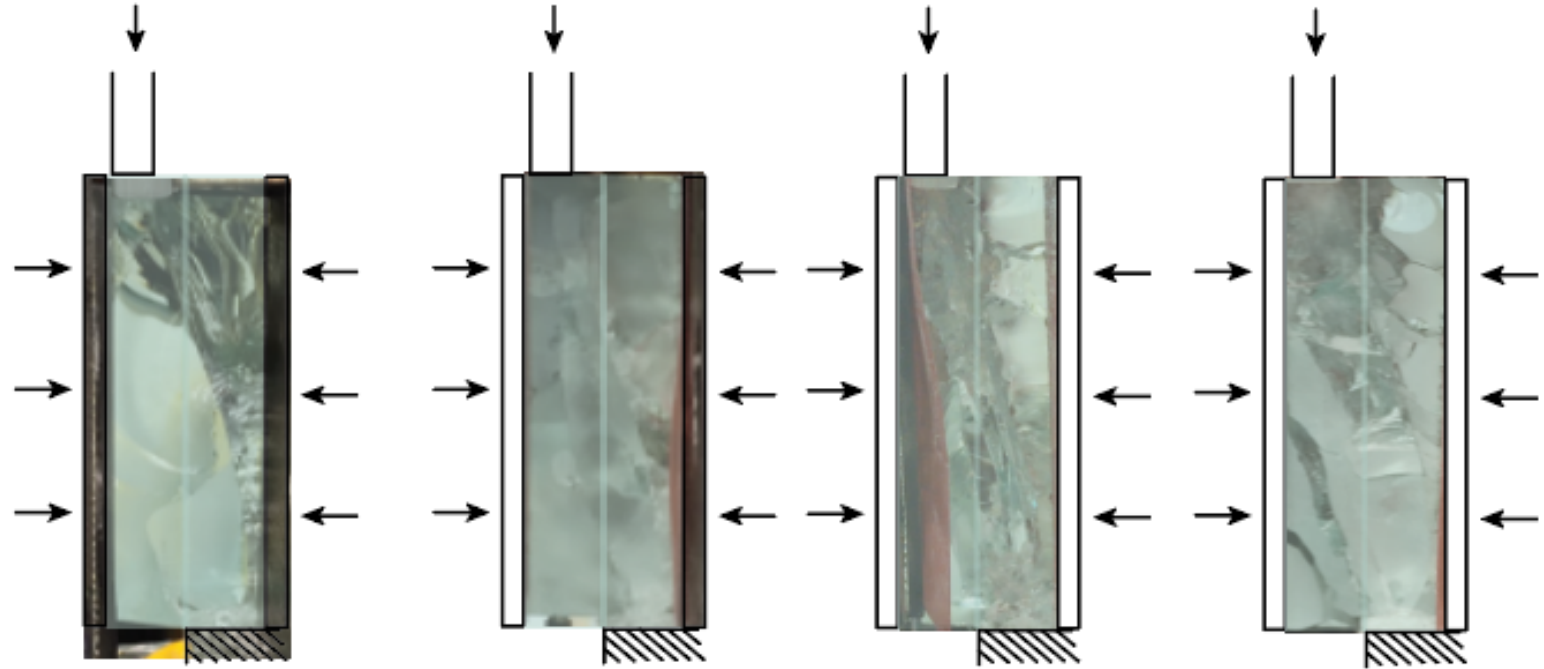
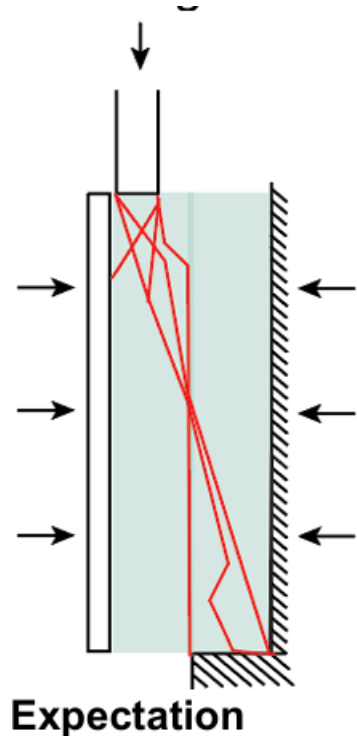


MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



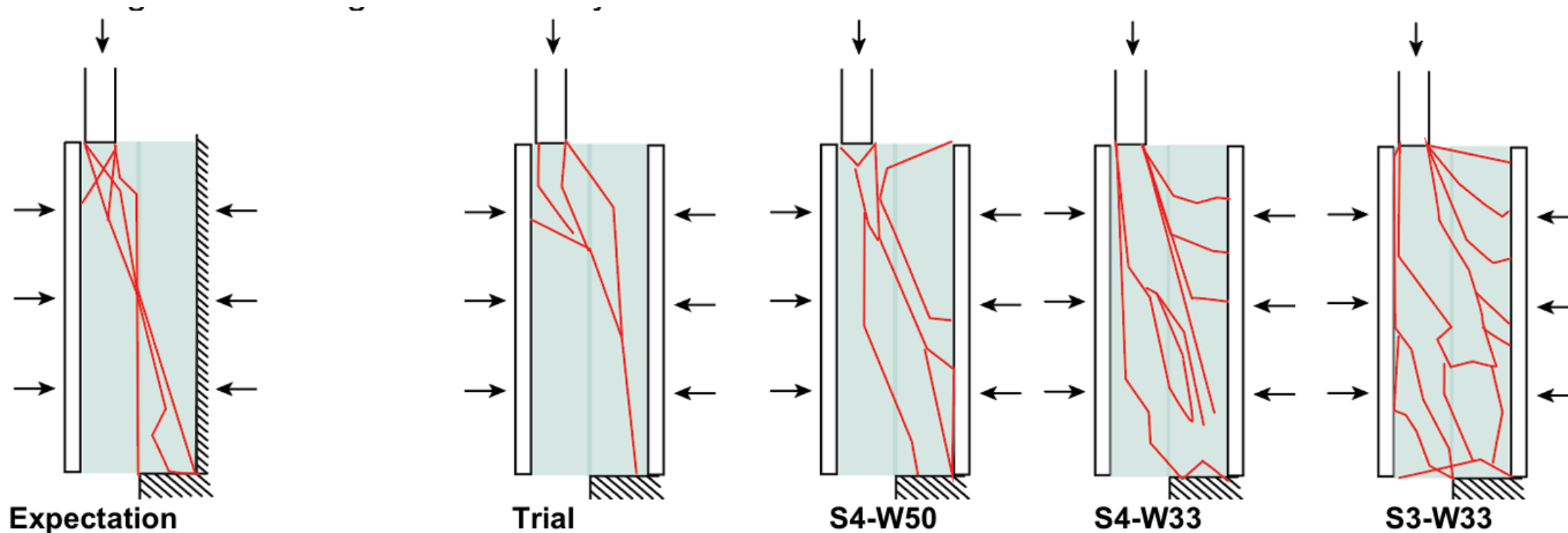


MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



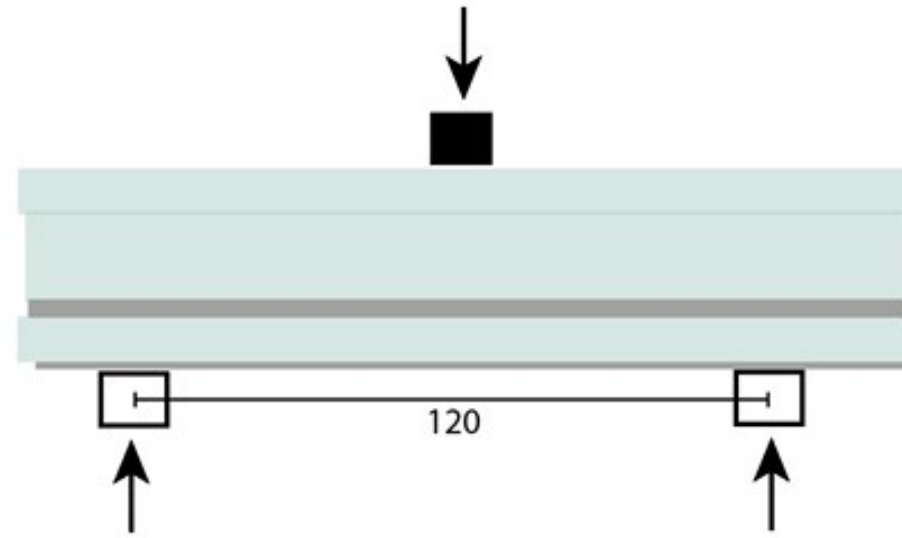


MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



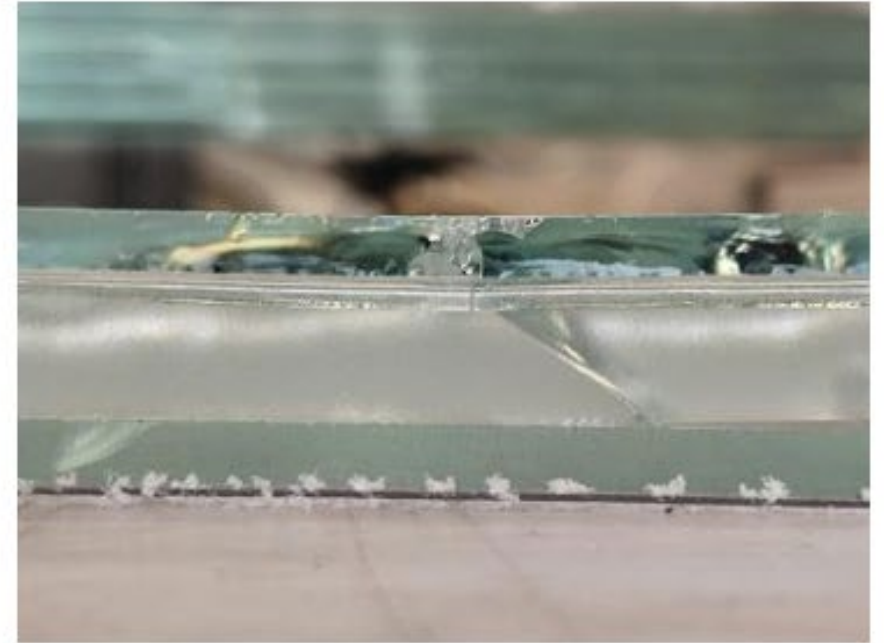


MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



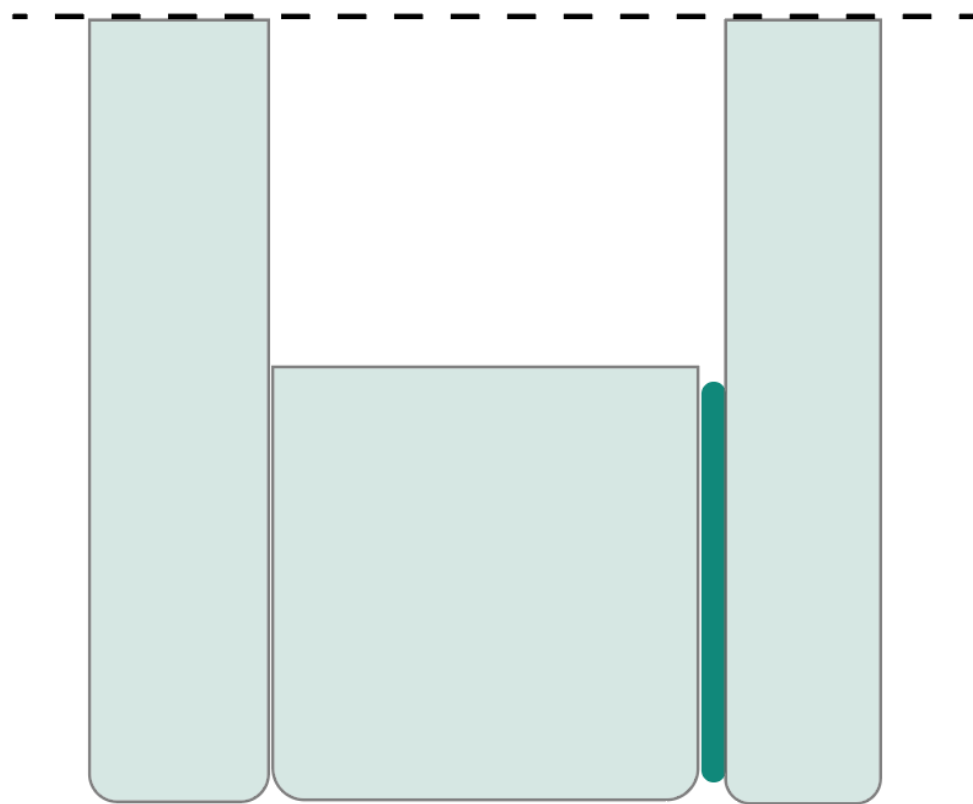


MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE





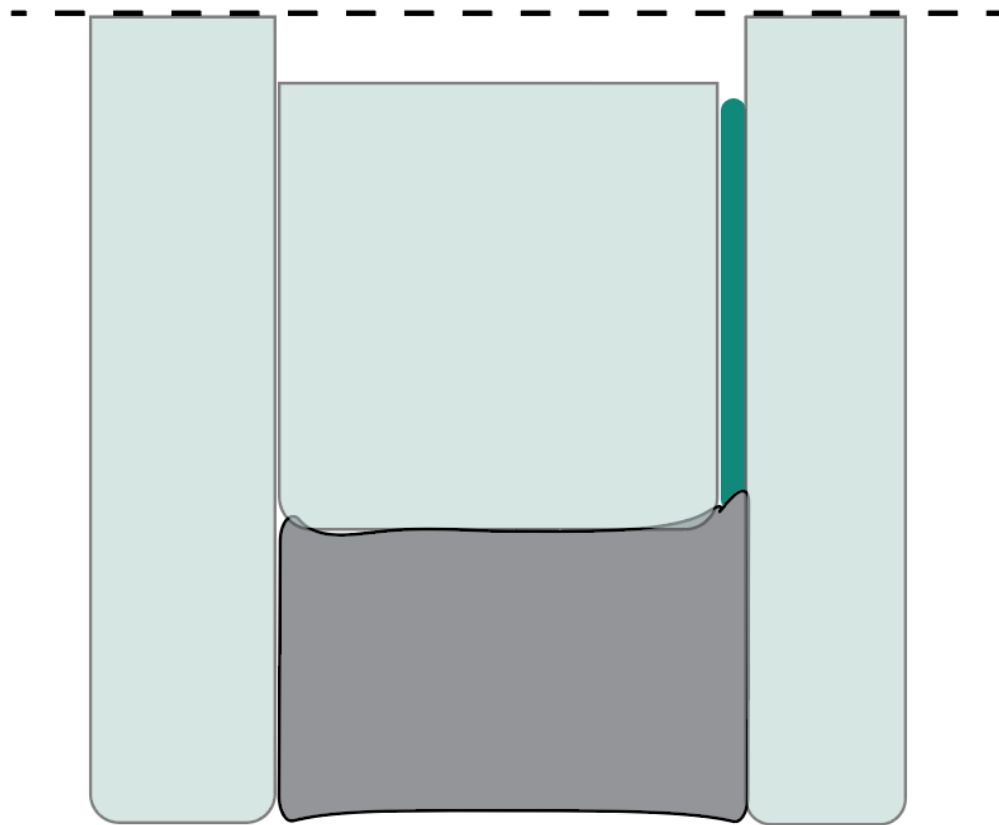
MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



TOO STRONG



MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



ADD SILICONE



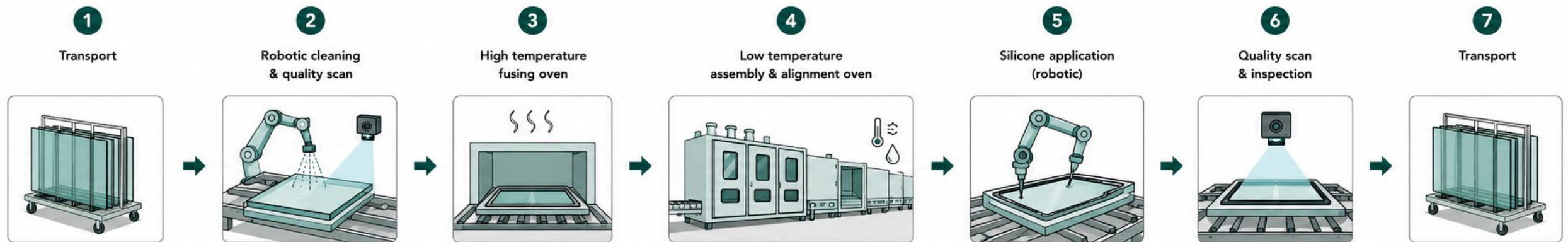
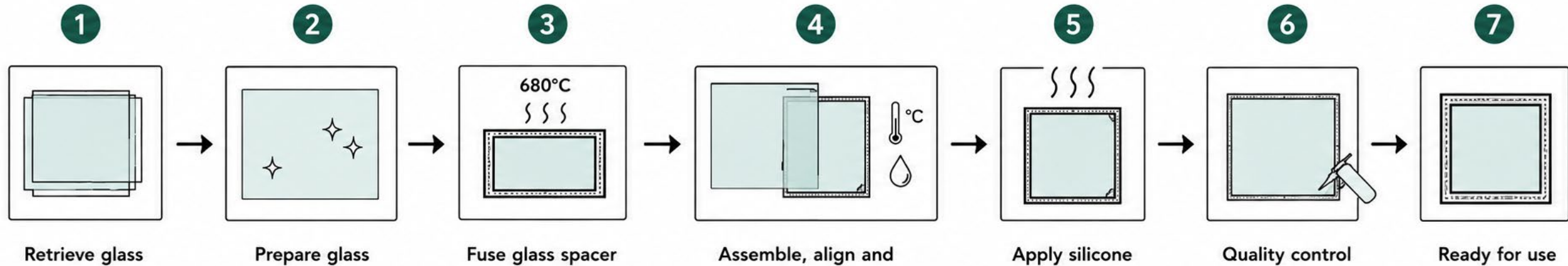
MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE



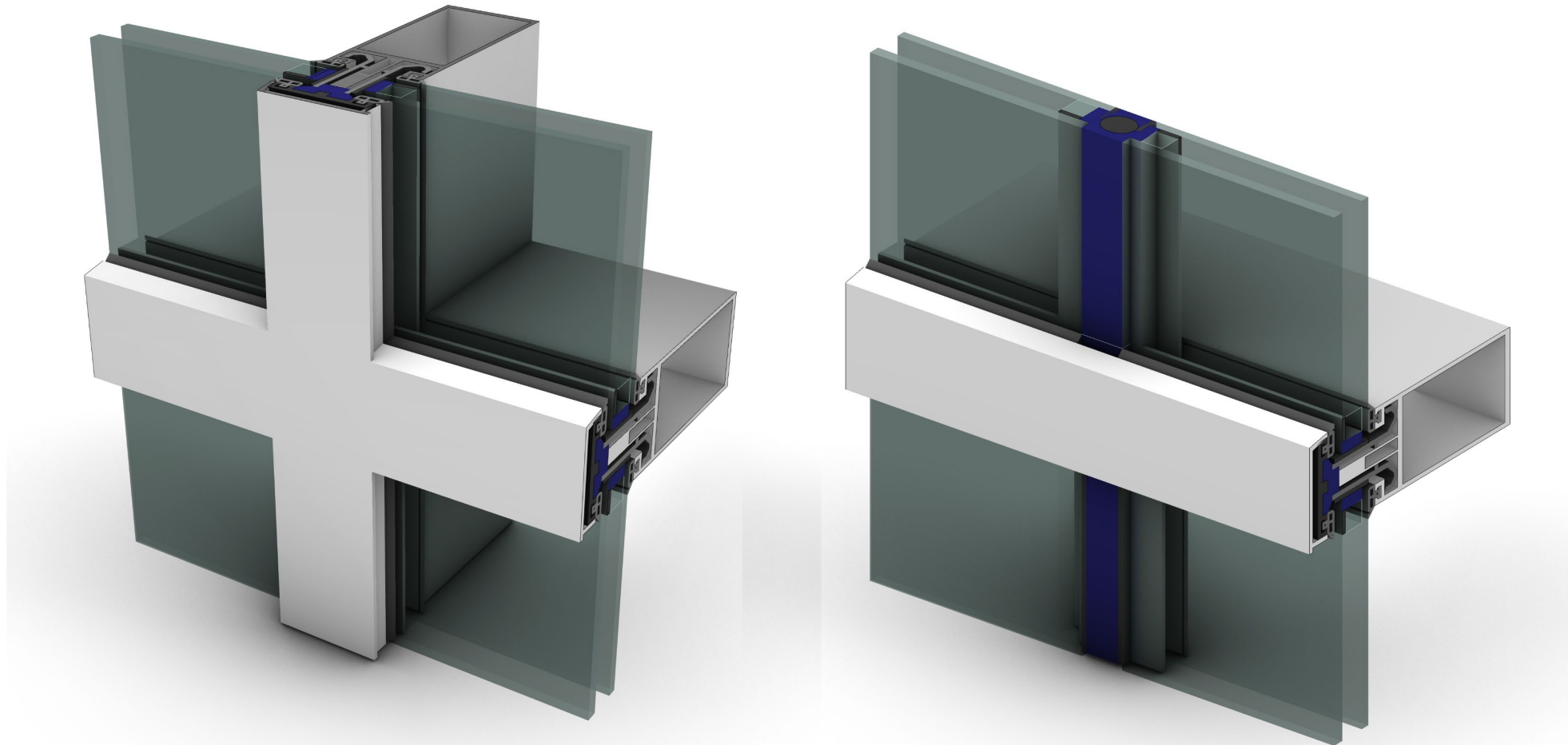
Silicone



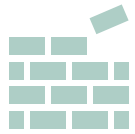
IGU FABRICATION



STANDARD FAÇADE SYSTEM



CIRCULAR ECONOMY



DESIGN FOR
DISASSEMBLY



SELECTIVE
DEBONDING



REUSE OF
COMPONENTS

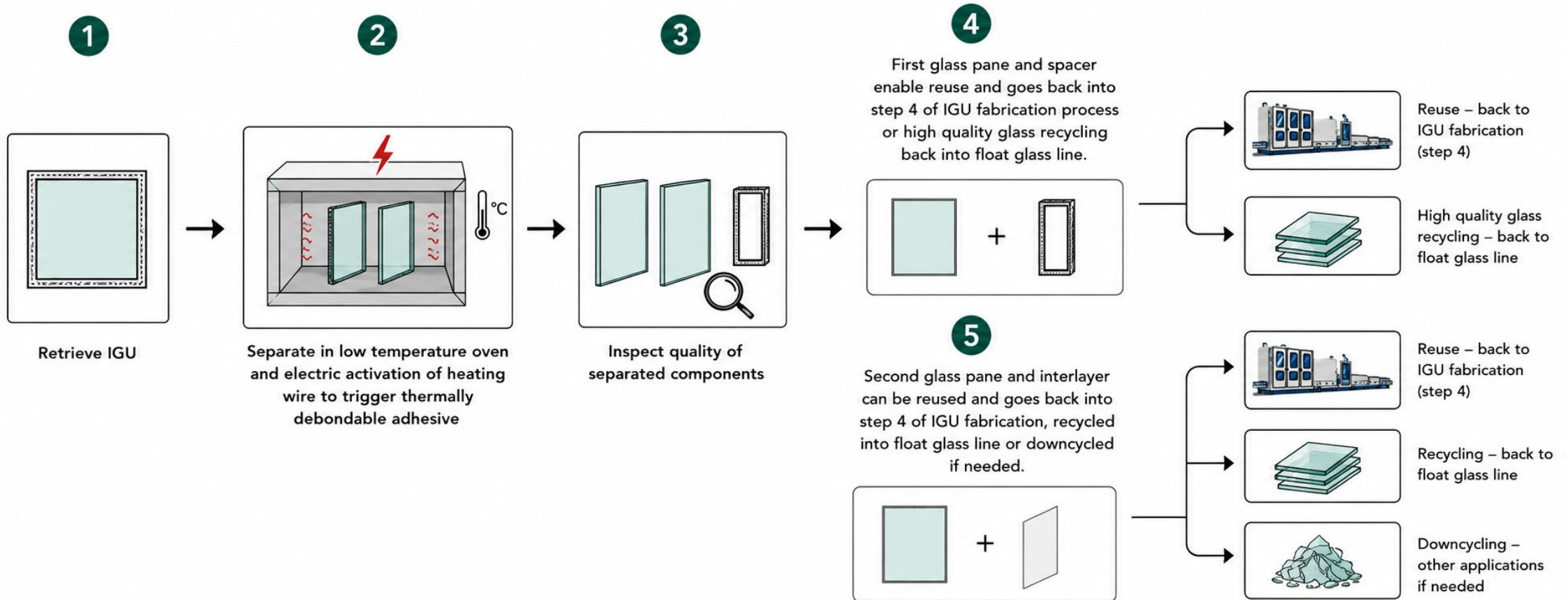


HIGH-VALUE
MATERIAL RECOVERY

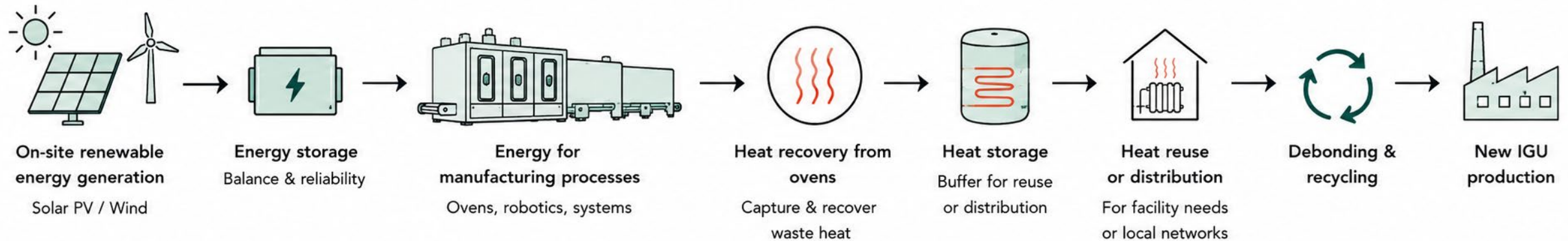


REINTRODUCTION
INTO PRODUCTION

DEBONDING



RENEWABLE ENERGY



ENERGY & SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS

- Reduces dependence on fossil fuels
- Lowers CO₂ emissions
- Improves overall energy efficiency
- Supports circular economy through resource recovery



KEY QUESTION

Can the energy-intensive processes be offset by the value and impact of end-of-life recovery of high-quality materials?

DESIGN CRITERIA



Thermal



Mechanical



Durable



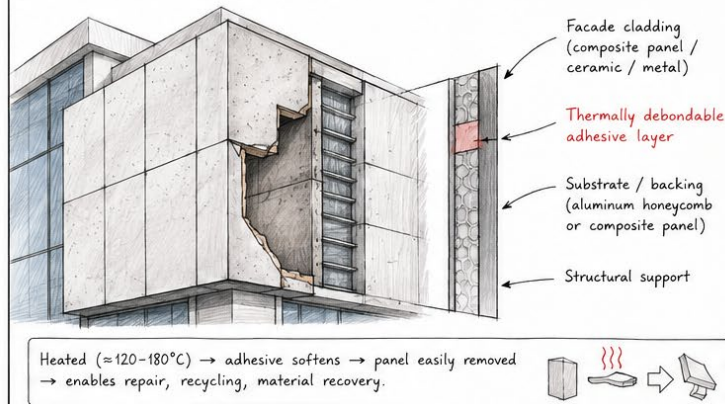
Circular



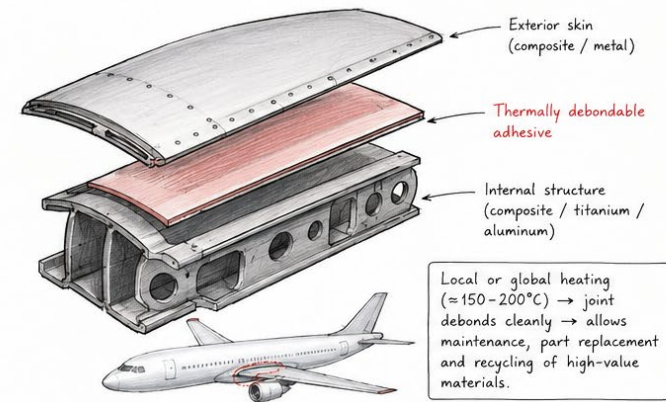
FUTURE OPPORTUNITY

THERMALLY DEBONDABLE ADHESIVES – APPLICATIONS

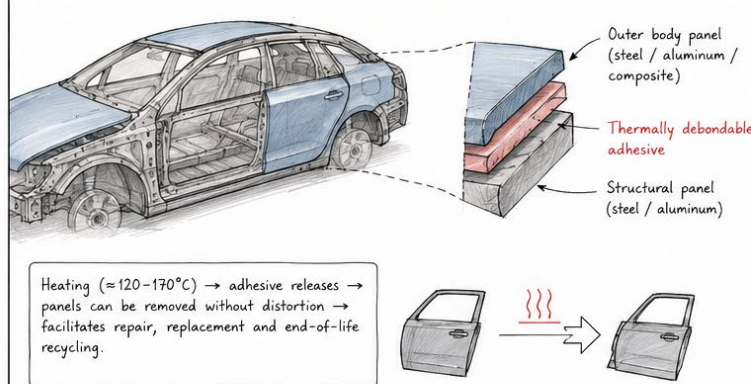
1. CLADDING / FACADE MATERIALS COMPOSITES



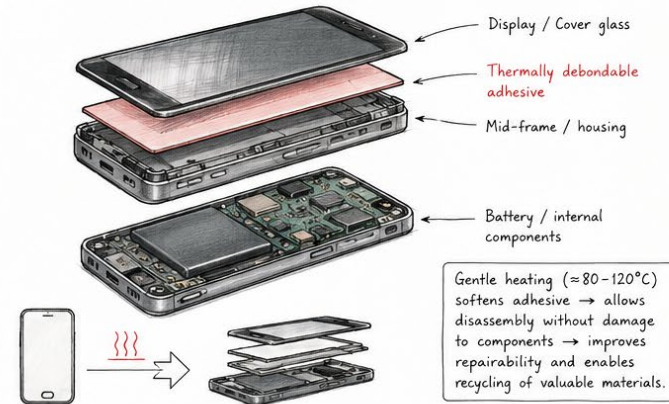
2. AEROSPACE – HIGH QUALITY CONNECTION



3. AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY



4. SMALL SCALE ELECTRONIC DEVICES (E.G., TELEPHONE)



CONCLUSION

*How can **insulated glass units (IGUs)** be redesigned through material innovation and research-informed design to **enhance durability** and **enable circularity**, while maintaining the required performance of IGUs and ensuring compatibility with standard façade systems?*

A close-up photograph of a mechanical assembly, likely a window or door frame. It shows a cross-section of a dark, possibly metal, frame with a green-painted inner track. A white, flexible seal or gasket is visible, running along the edge of the frame. The text "THANK YOU" is overlaid in white, bold, sans-serif capital letters.

THANK YOU

DESIGNING ON THE EDGE