# BUILDING ON MARS

AN EVOLVABLE DESIGN STRATEGY FOR THE ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEER

> P5 Presentation November 3, 2017

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In cooperation with: Nihat Mert Ogut

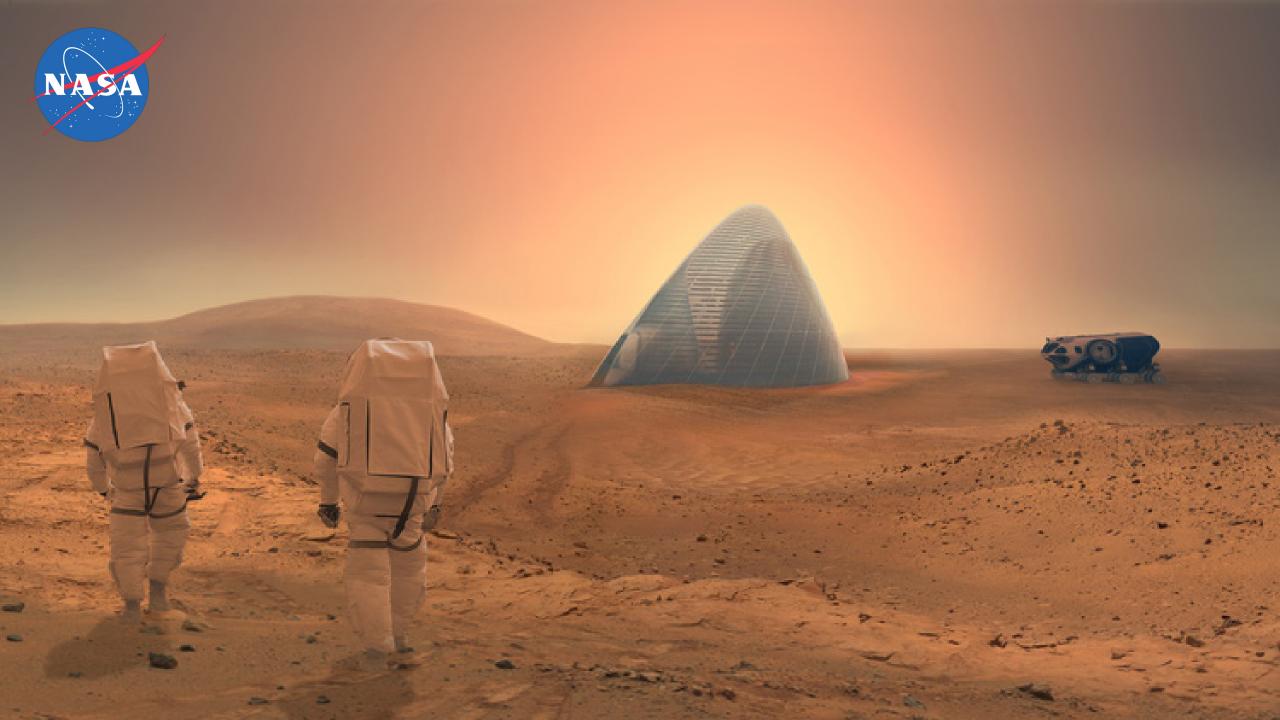
#### Committee:

Prof.dr.ing. Ulrich Knaack Dr.MScArch. Michela Turrin Dr. ir. Alexander Koutamanis Dr. Ilir Nase

#### Peers:

Ir. Kevin Cowan MBA DArch. Tristan Bassingthwaithe Dipl.-Ing. Dr.-Ing. Sandra Hauplik-Meusburger PhD Lic. Eng. Olga Bannova Dr. Angelo Vermeulen







1. INTRODUCTION

2. PLANET MARS



1. INTRODUCTION

2. PLANET MARS

**3. MISSION DESIGN** 



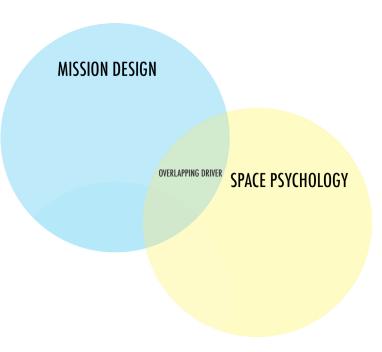


1. INTRODUCTION

2. PLANET MARS

3. MISSION DESIGN

4. SPACE PSYCHOLOGY



#### STRUCTURE

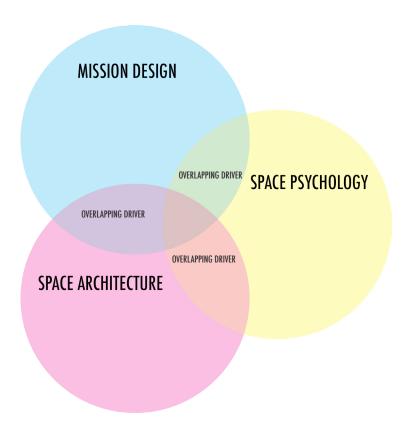
1. INTRODUCTION

2. PLANET MARS

3. MISSION DESIGN

4. SPACE PSYCHOLOGY

**5. SPACE ARCHITECTURE** 



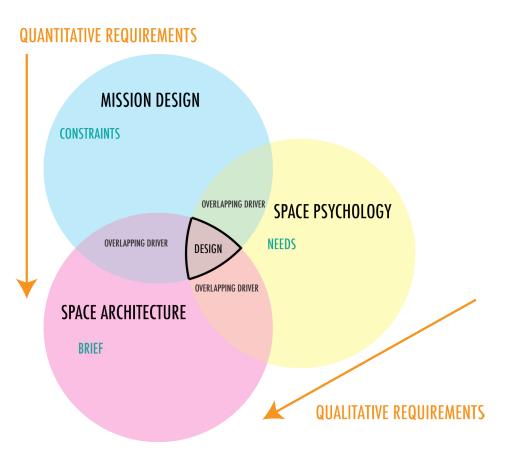
#### STRUCTURE

INTRODUCTION
PLANET MARS
MISSION DESIGN

4. SPACE PSYCHOLOGY

**5. SPACE ARCHITECTURE** 

6. DESIGN

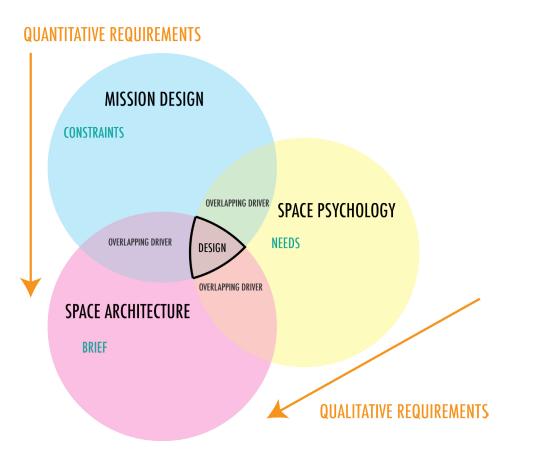


#### STRUCTURE

INTRODUCTION
PLANET MARS
MISSION DESIGN
SPACE PSYCHOLOGY
SPACE ARCHITECTURE

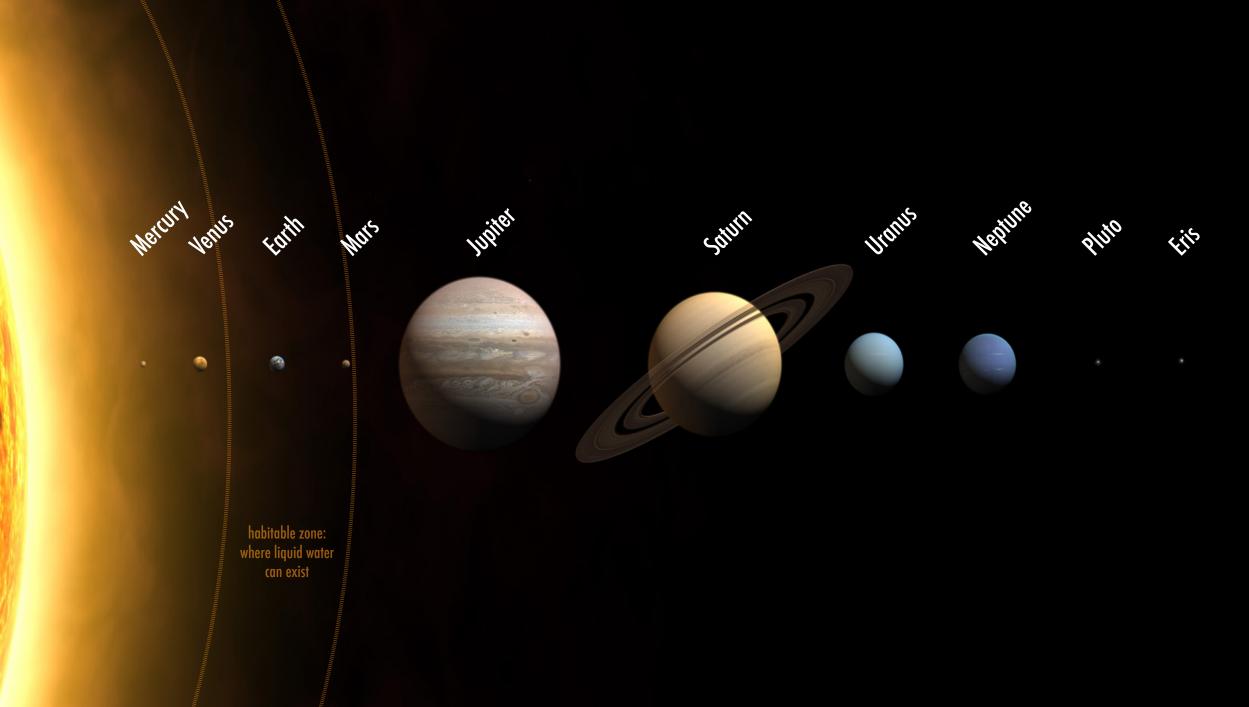
6. DESIGN

7. CONCLUSION

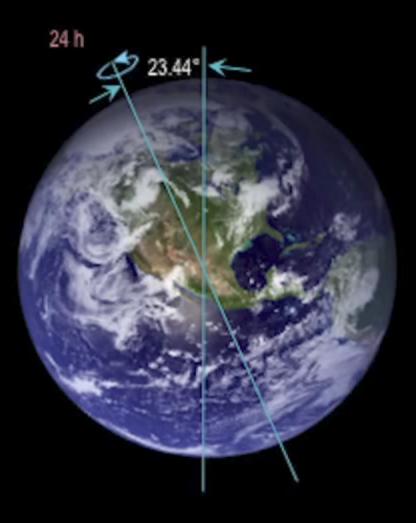




# **PLANET MARS**



## EARTH



## COMPARISON

### YEAR 365 Days 686 Days (667 Sols)

## GRAVITY

38% of earth

## SUNLIGHT

44% of earth

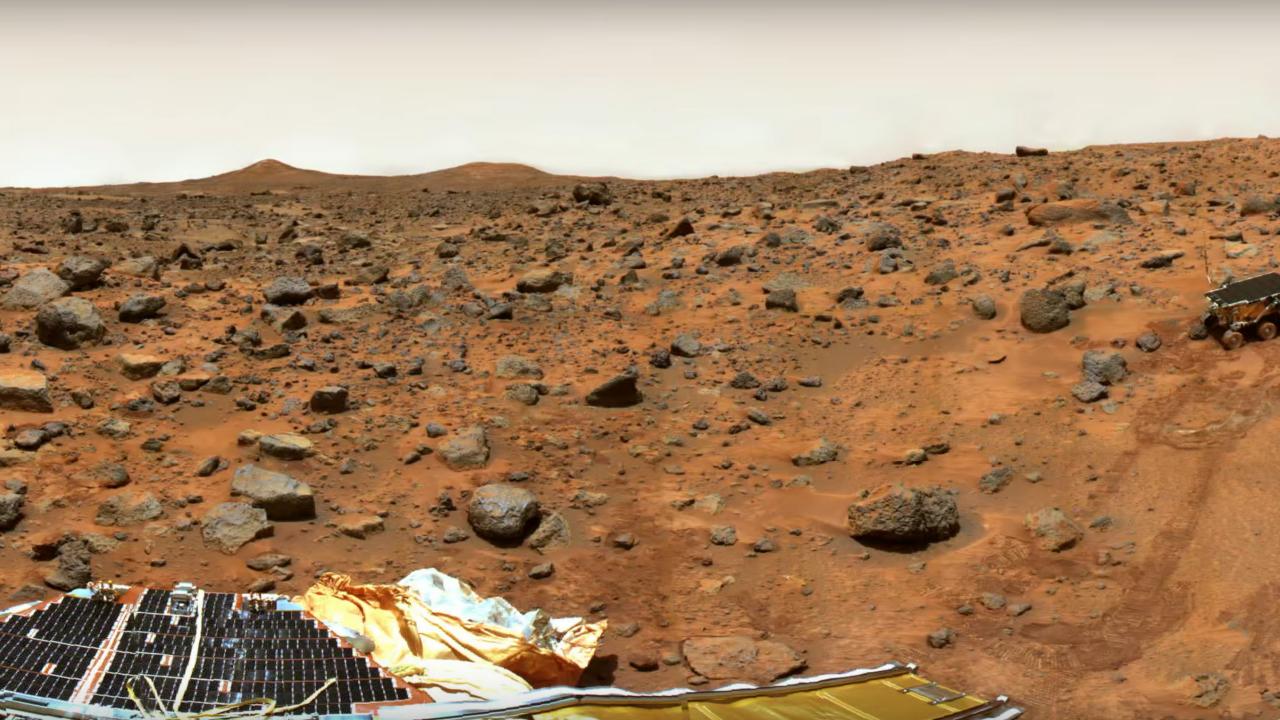
## ATMOSPHERE

1013 mb	Total	7.6 mb
0.00035	CO2	0.95
0.781	N <sub>2</sub>	0.027
0.210	02	0.0013
0 to 0.04	H <sub>2</sub> O	0 to 0.0002
0.0093	Ar	0.016

## MARS



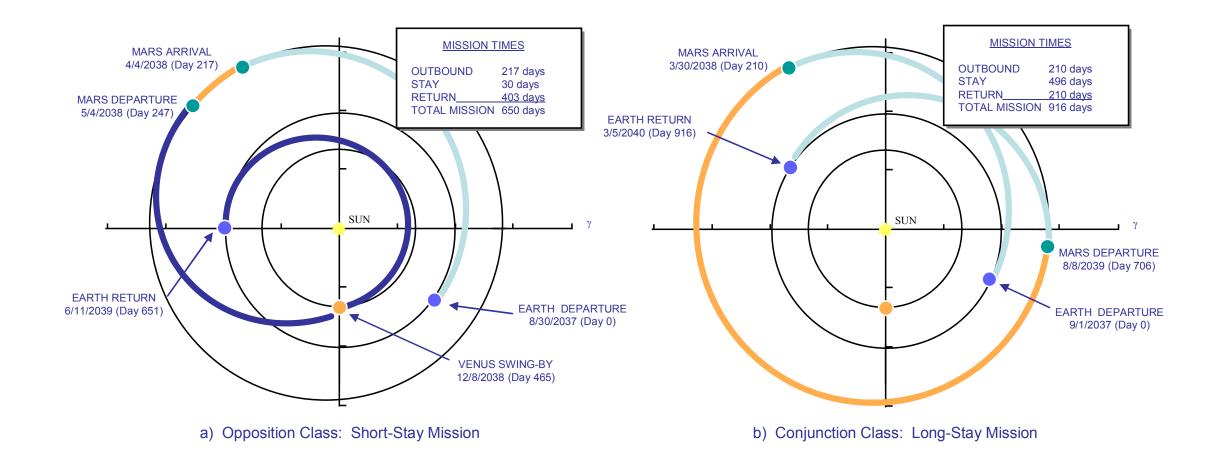




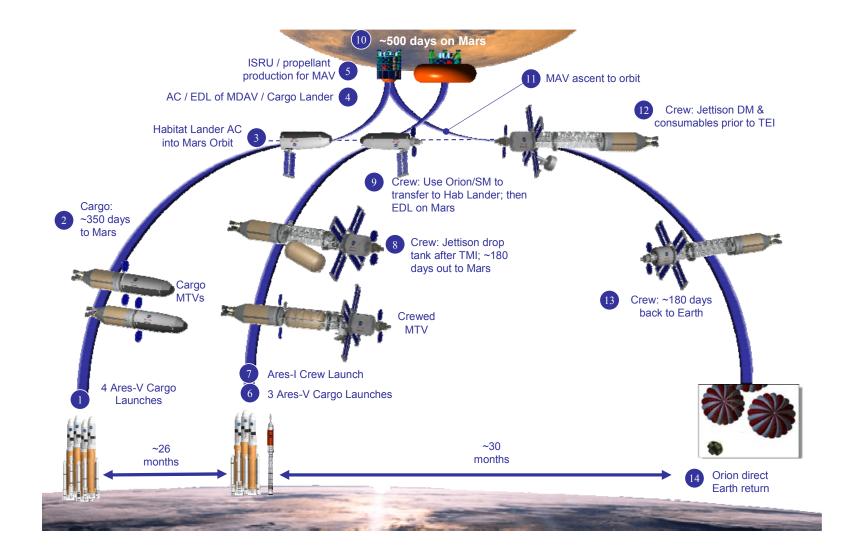


# **MISSION DESIGN**

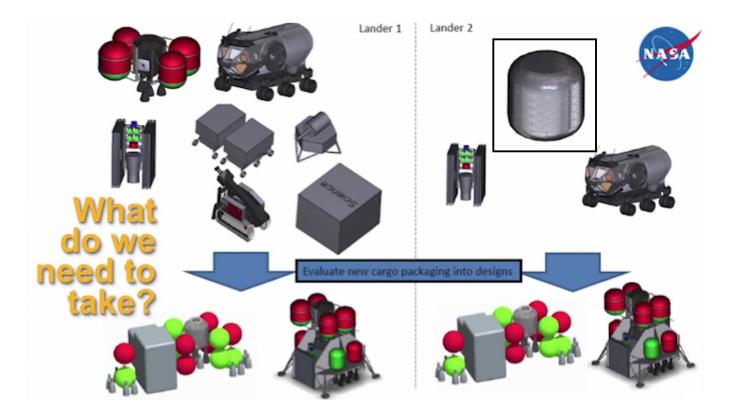
#### TRAJECTORY



#### **MISSION ARCHITECTURE : DRA 5.0**



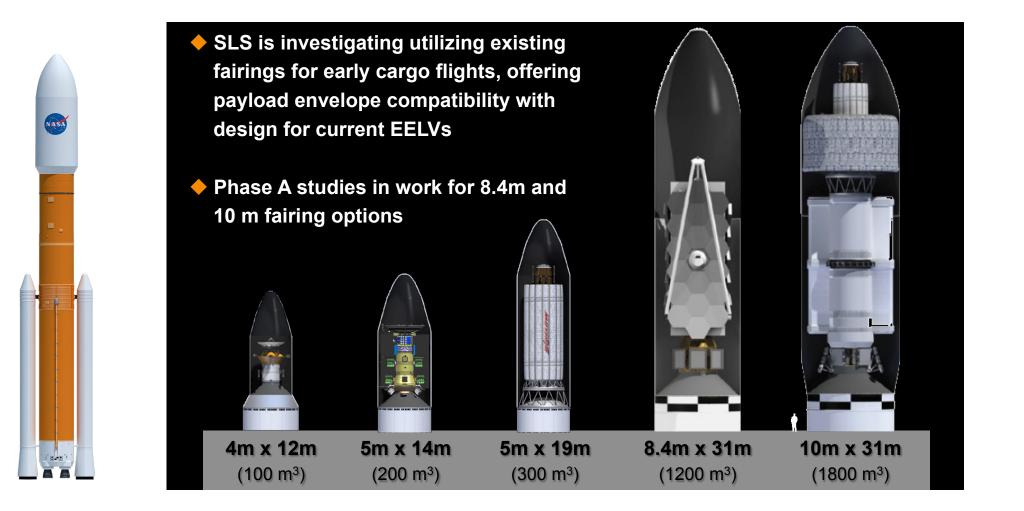
### **MISSION SYSTEM ELEMENTS: 20 mt for habitat**



Surface Systems	Quantity	Habitat Lander System Mass (kg)	DAV Lander System Mass (kg)	
Crew Consumables	-	1,500	4,500	
Science	-	-	1,000	
Robotic Rovers	2	-	500	
Drill	1	-	1,000	
Unpressurzed Rover	2	-	500	
Pressurized Rover	2	8,000	-	
Pressurized Rover Growth	-	1,600	-	
Pressurzed Rover Power	2	-	1,000	
Traverse Cache	-	-	1,000	
Habitat	1	16,500	-	
Habitat Growth	-	5,000	-	
Stationary Power System	2	7,800	7,800	
ISRU Plant	2	-	1,130	
Total Surface Systems	-	40,400	18,430	

Lander Systems	Quantity	Habitat Lander System Mass (kg)	DAV Lander System Mass (kg)	
Ascent Stage 1 (no LOX)	1	-	12,160	
Ascent Stage 2 (no LOX)	1	-	9,330	
Descent Stage (wet)	2	23,760	23,760	
Aeroshell	2	42,900	42,900	
Total Wet Mass (IMLEO)	-	107,060	106,580	

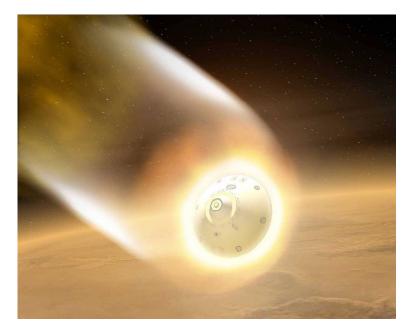
#### **PAYLOAD DIMENSIONS: VOLUME AND MASS**



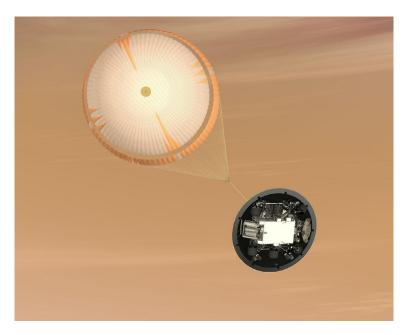
#### **ENTRY, DESCENT AND LANDING**

EDL MER A & B 0:38 to 3:34 min https://youtu.be/7zpojhD4hpl?t=38s

#### EDL MSL 11:20 to 13:20 min https://youtu.be/7zpojhD4hpl?t=11m20s



Hypersonic deceleration

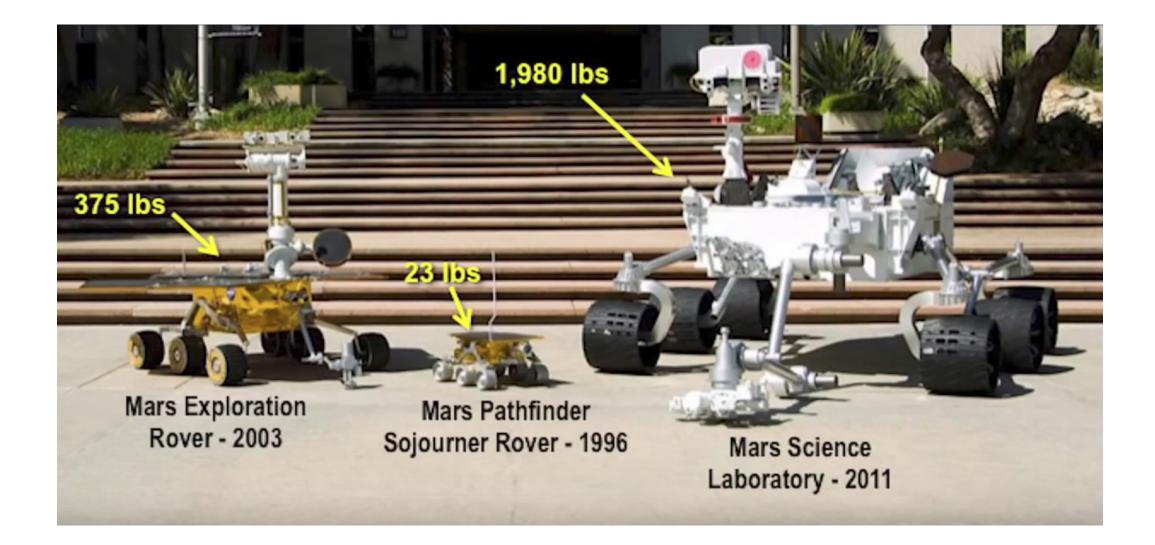




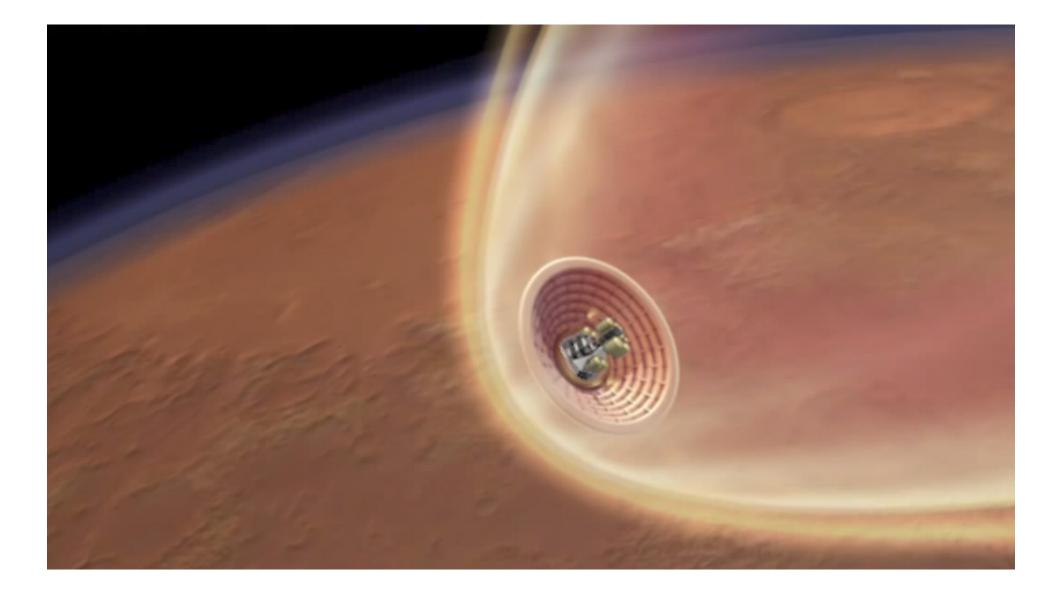
Supersonic deceleration

Subsonic deceleration

#### **BOTTLENECK: SYSTEM SIZING AND MASS**



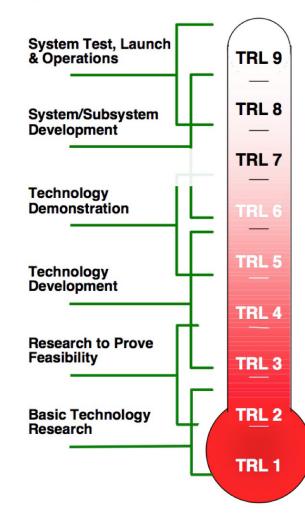
### LOGISTICS: HYPERSONIC INFLATABLE AERODYNAMIC DECELERATOR (HIAD)



#### **TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVEL (TRL)**



## NASA/DOD Technology Readiness Level



Actual system "flight proven" through successful mission operations

Actual system completed and "flight qualified" through test and demonstration (Ground or Flight)

System prototype demonstration in a space environment

System/subsystem model or prototype demonstration in a relevant environment (Ground or Space)

Component and/or breadboard validation in relevant environment

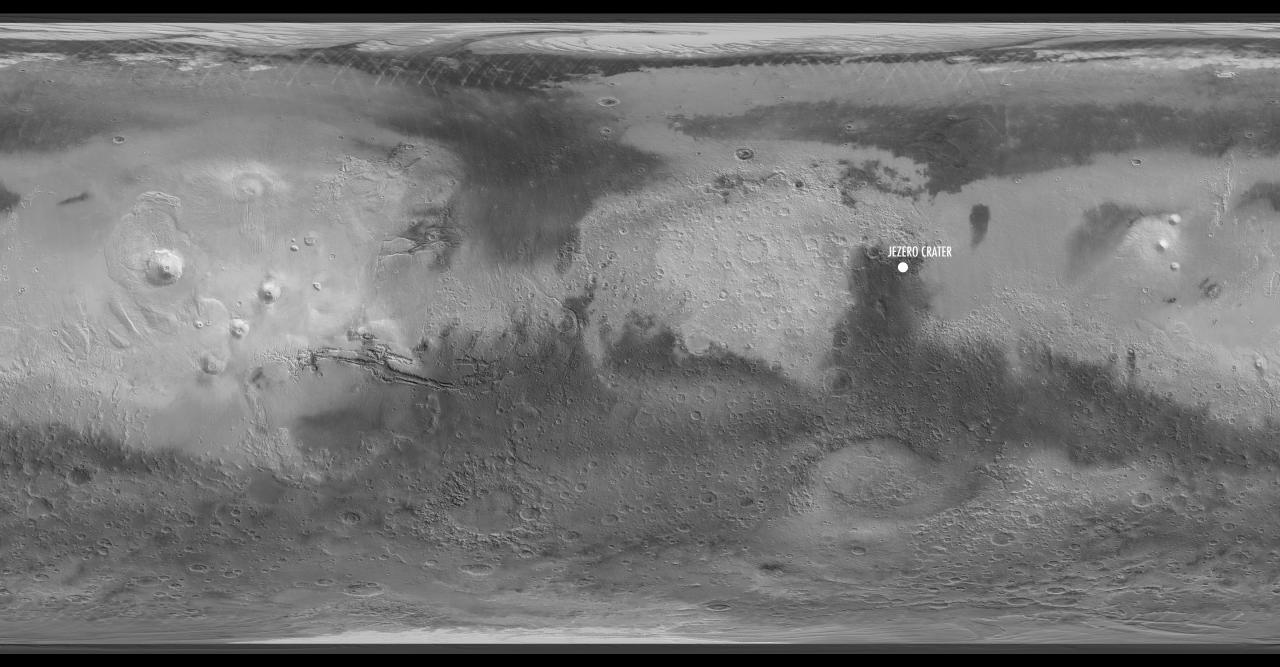
Component and/or breadboard validation in laboratory environment

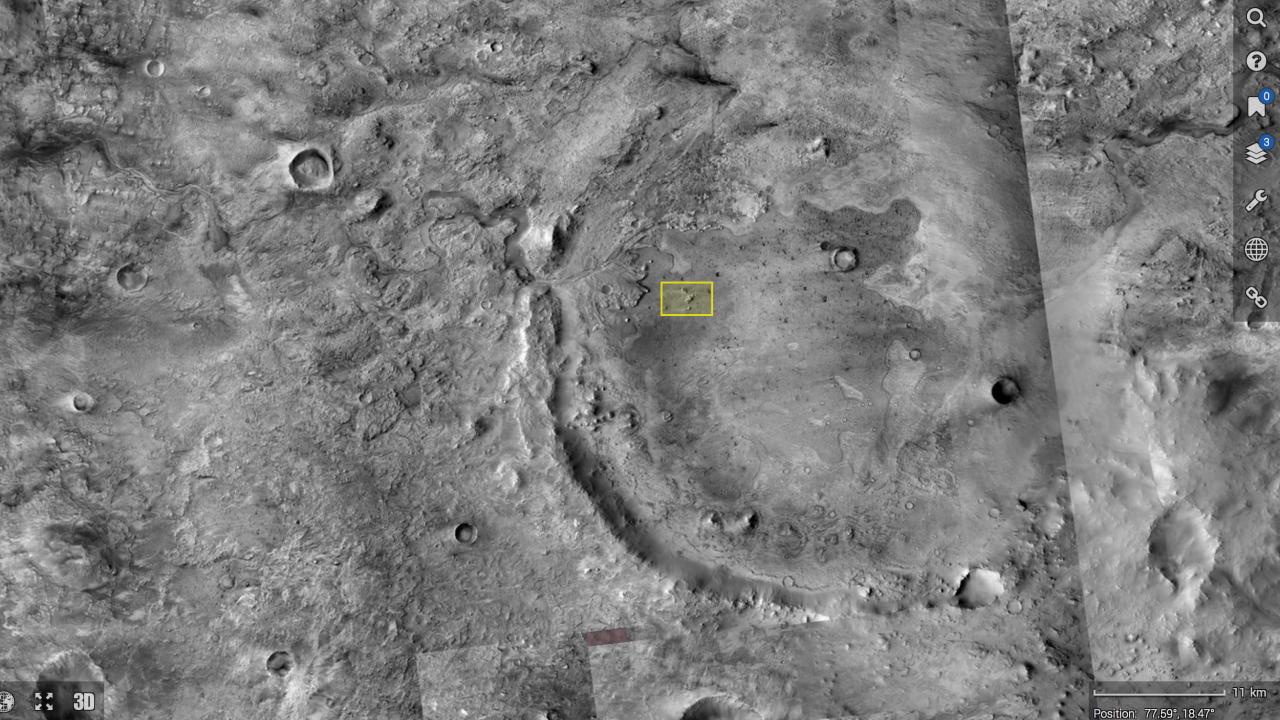
Analytical and experimental critical function and/or characteristic proof-of-concept

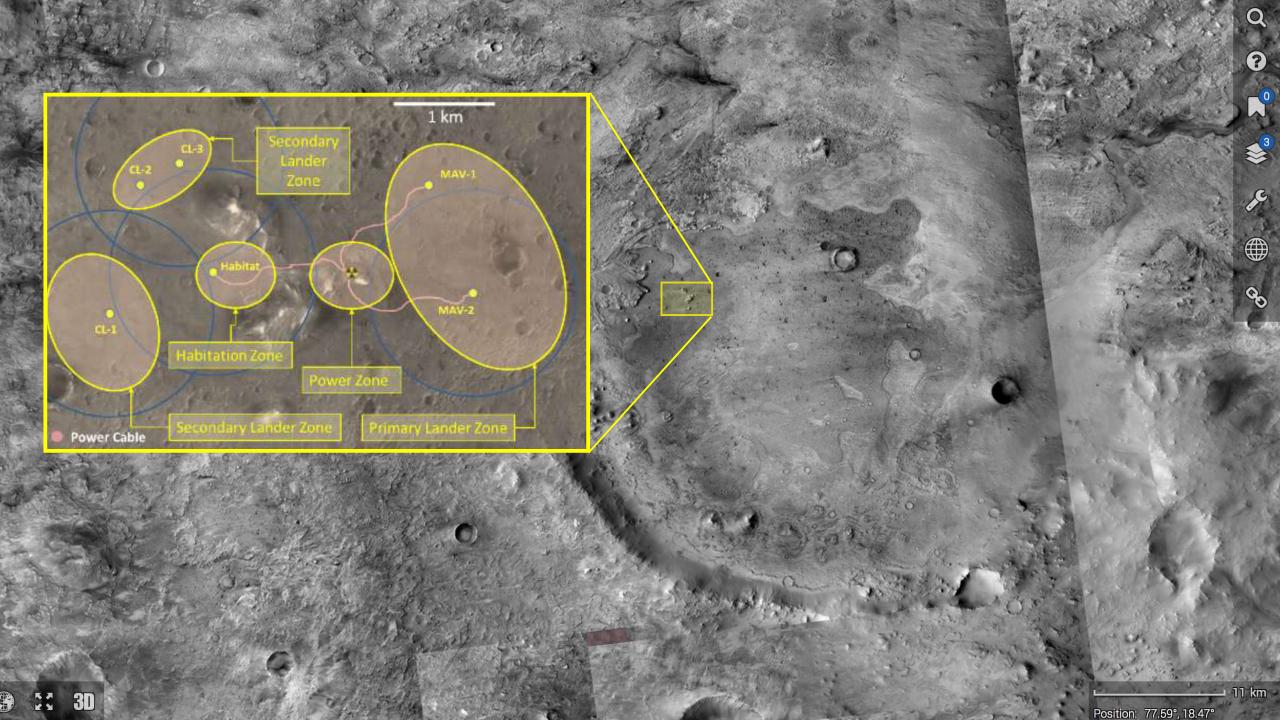
Technology concept and/or application formulated

**Basic principles observed and reported** 

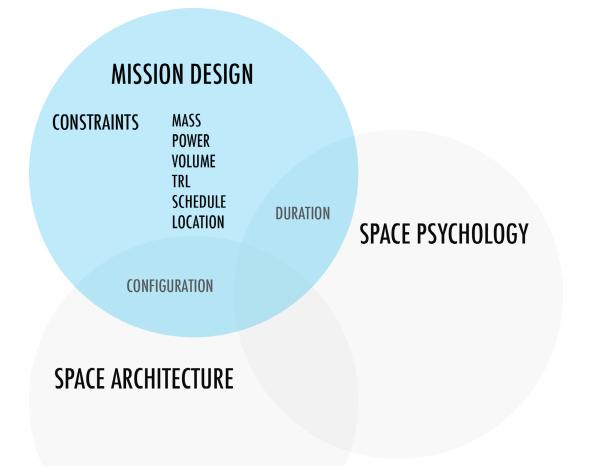
## LOCATION JEZERO CRATER







#### **CONCLUSION: ASPECTS FOR MISSION FEASIBILITY**





# SPACE PSYCHOLOGY

#### **RISK AS A DRIVER**

Three major categories defined for Human Health and Performance Risks concerning a mission to Mars:

1. Physiological risks

#### 2. Psychological risks

3. Radiation exposure risks

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	Not mission	Not mission			Mission			
Main Human Health and Performance Risks for Exploration	limiting GO	limiting, but increased risk GO	NO GO	<b>ISS</b> (6 mo)	Lunar (6 mo)	Deep Space (1 yr)	Mars (3 yr)	
Musculoskeletal: Long-term health risk of early onset osteoporosis Mission risk of reduced muscle strength and aerobic capacity								
Sensorimotor: Mission risk of sensory changes/dysfunctions								
Ocular Syndrome: Mission and long-term health risk of microgravity-induced visual impairment and/or elevated intracranial pressure								
Nutrition: Mission risk of behavioral and nutritional health due to inability to provide appropriate quantity, quality and variety of food								
Autonomous Medical Care: Mission and long-term health risk due to inability to provide adequate medical care throughout the mission (Includes onboard training, diagnosis, treatment, and presence/absence of onboard physician)								
Behavioral Health and Performance: Mission and long-term beha	avioral health risk							
Radiation: Long-term risk of carcinogenesis and degenerative tissue disease due to radiation exposure—Largely addressed with ground-based research								
<b>Toxicity:</b> Mission risk of exposure to a toxic environment without adequate monitoring, warning systems or under- standing of potential toxicity (dust, chemicals, infectious agents)								
Autonomous Emergency Response: Medical risks due to life support system failure and other emergencies (fire, depressurization, toxic atmosphere, etc.), crew rescue scenarios								
Hypogravity: Long-term risk associated with adaptation during in on the Moon, asteroids, Mars (vestibular and performance dysfund			ular activity					

### **PSYCHOLOGY IN LONG DURATION SPACE MISSIONS**

Conventional View for Space Missions	$\wedge$	Paradigm Shift for Long Duration Missions		
Adventure, Creativity, Discovery Serendipity, Taking Risks and Overcoming Obstacles	<sup>7,</sup> Self- actual- ization	Deferred Adventure and Discovery Maintenance of Social Stability in Transit, Pioneering upon arrival		
Sustained Human Performance Crew Productivity & Reliability	Self-esteem	Individual Productivity Adaptation, Creativity, Innovation		
Teamwork & Autonomy, Habitability	Belonging	Sustained Human Performance Crew Productivity & Reliability		
0–G Countermeasures Meteoroid & Radiation Protection,	Safety	Teamwork, Autonomy Social Cohesion ,Habitability,		
Thermal Control, Life Support, Food,	Physiological Need	ls 0-G Countermeasures Radiation Protection, Life Support, Food, Thermal Control		

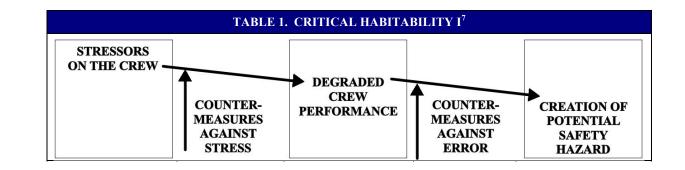
Cohen, 1991

The term **habitability** describes the physical suitability and subjective value of a built habitat for its inhabitants within a specific environment.

Hauplik-Meusburger, 2017

#### **DESIGN FOR HABITABILITY**

The term **habitability** describes the physical suitability and subjective value of a built habitat for its inhabitants within a specific environment.

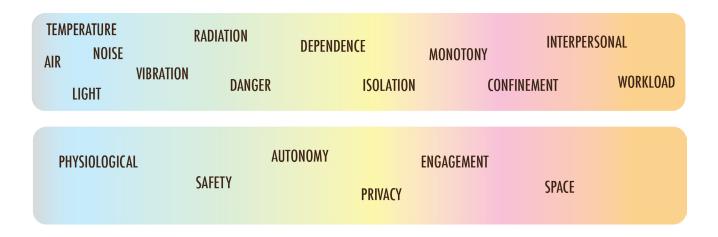


Hauplik-Meusburger, 2017

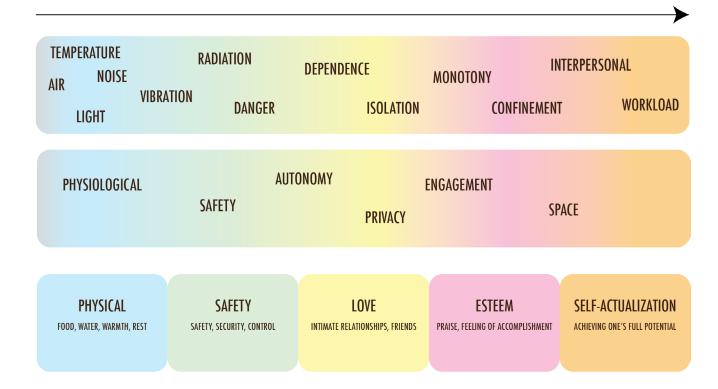
Cohen, 2015

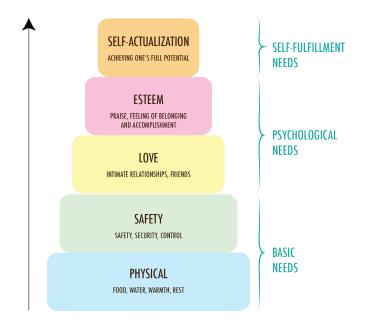
TEMPERATU AIR NO	RE DISE	RADIATION	DEPENDENCE	MONOTONY	MONOTONY	
LIGHT	VIBRATION .IGHT	DANGER	ISOLATION	CONFINEMENT		WORKLOAD

#### THEMATIC NEEDS WERE DERIVED

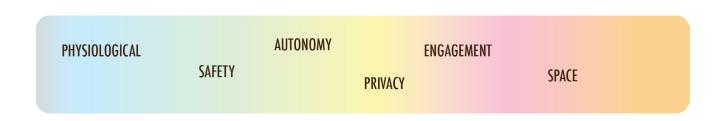


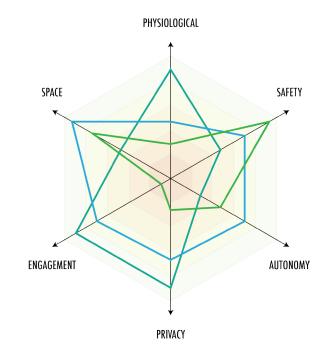
### **NEEDS RELATED TO MASLOW: DURATION INCREASES IMPORTANCE**



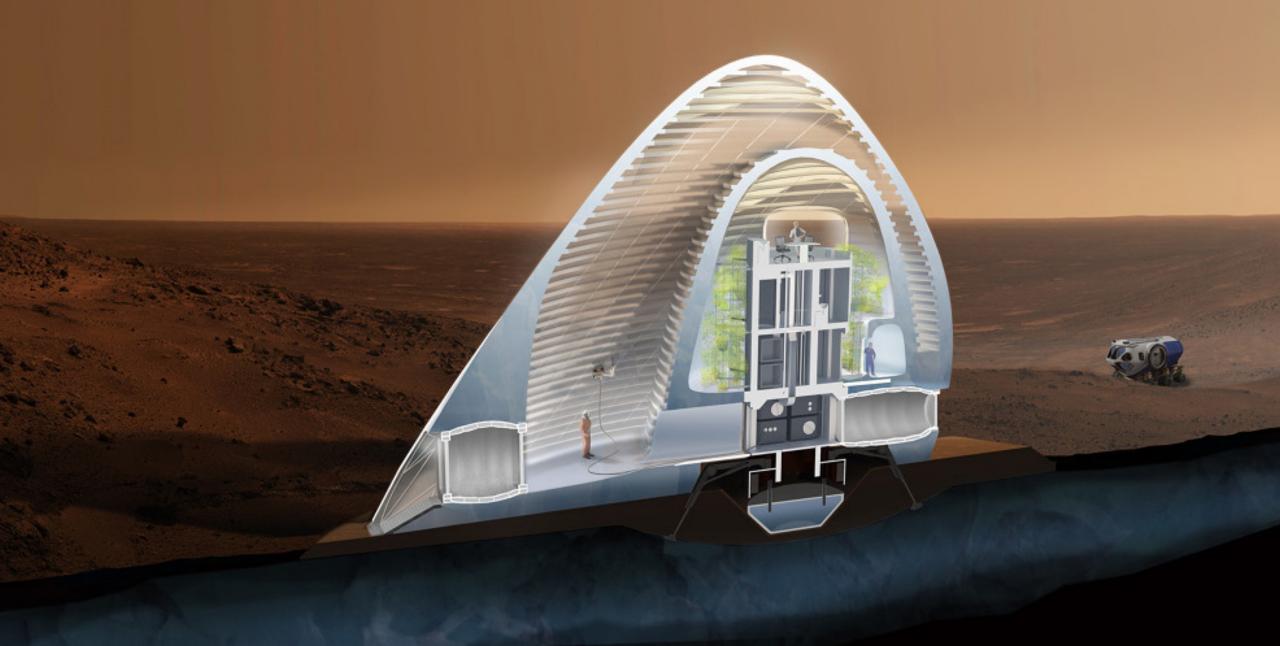


## **BALANCE QUALITATIVE REQUIREMENTS WITHIN DESIGN ORGANIZATION**

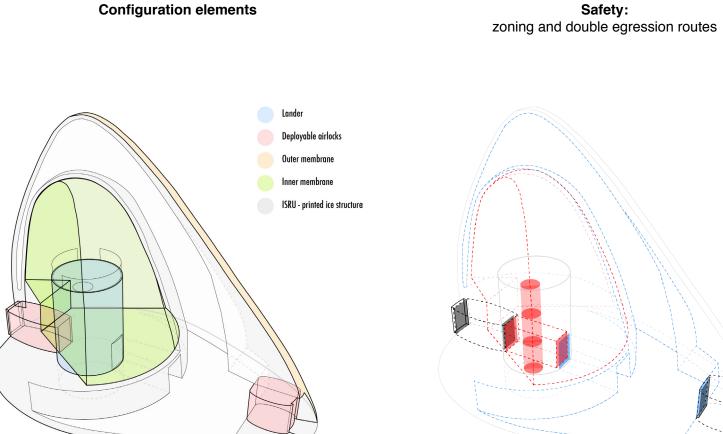




## CASE STUDY: MARS ICE HOUSE

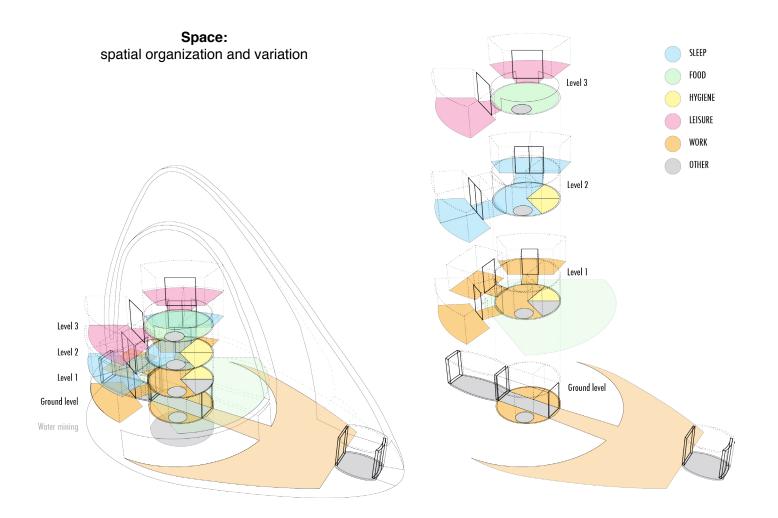


## **CASESTUDY: MARS ICE HOUSE**

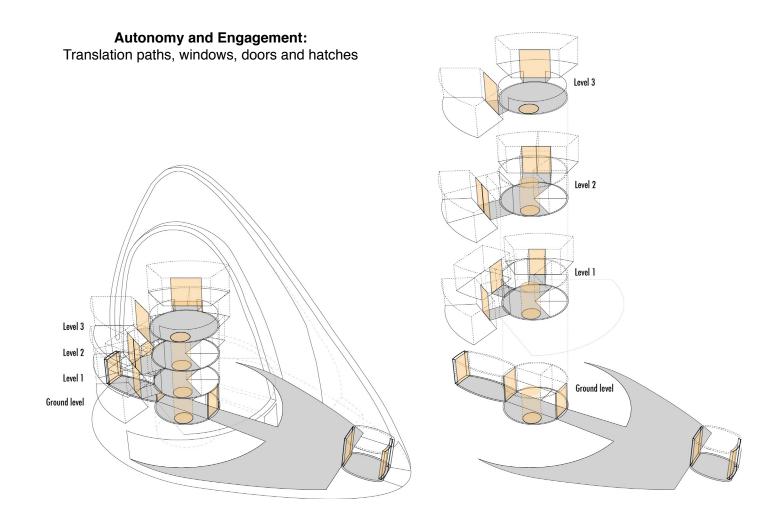


Safety:

## **CASESTUDY: MARS ICE HOUSE**

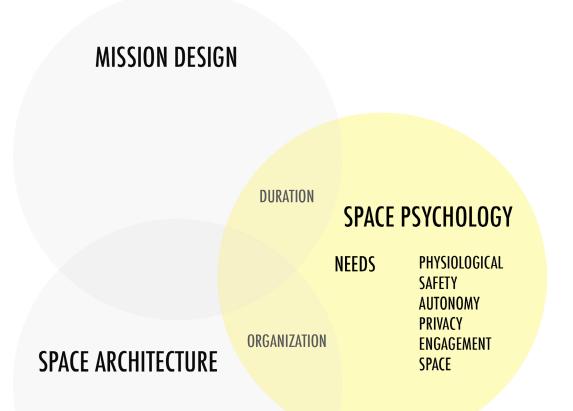


## **CASESTUDY: MARS ICE HOUSE**





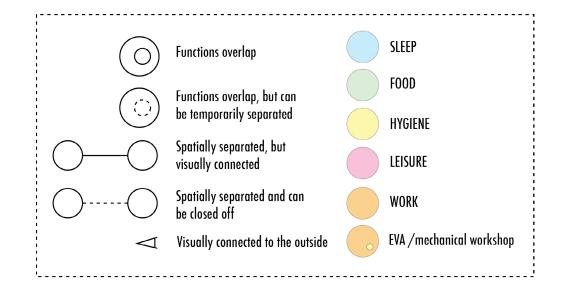
## **CONCLUSION: ASPECTS FOR PSYCHOLOGICAL FEASIBILITY**

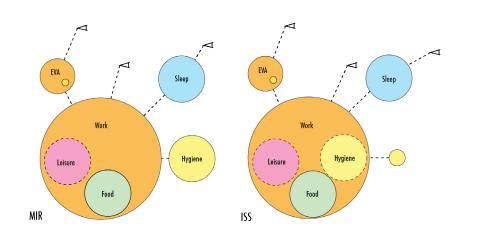




# **SPACE ARCHITECTURE**

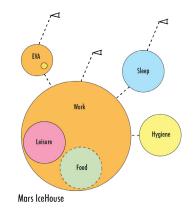
## SPATIAL ORGANIZATION OF FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITIES

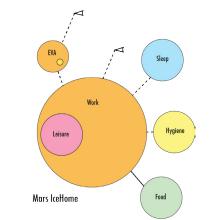


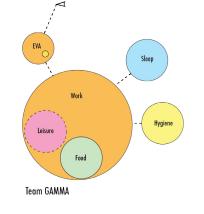


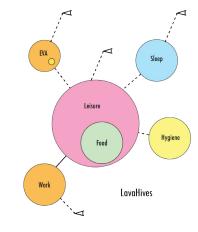
Hauplik-Meusburger, 2011

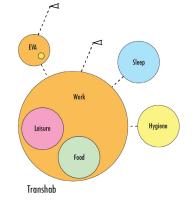
## **ORGANIZATION IN CASE STUDIES**

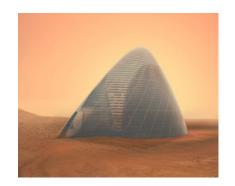


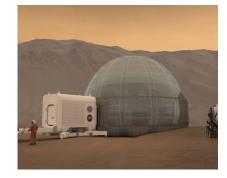






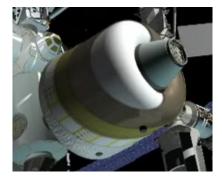




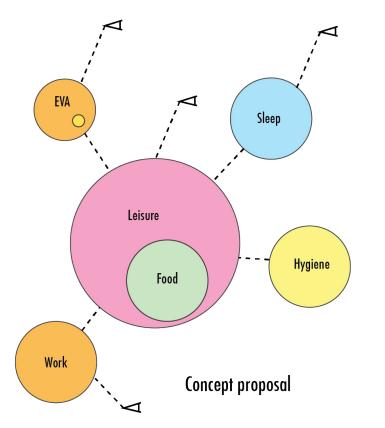


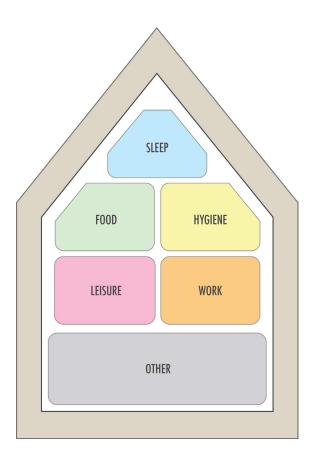




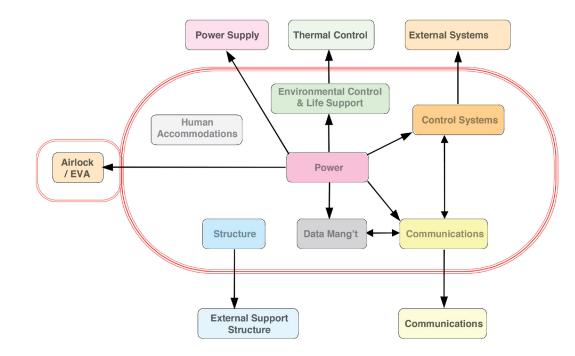


## **FINDINGS**



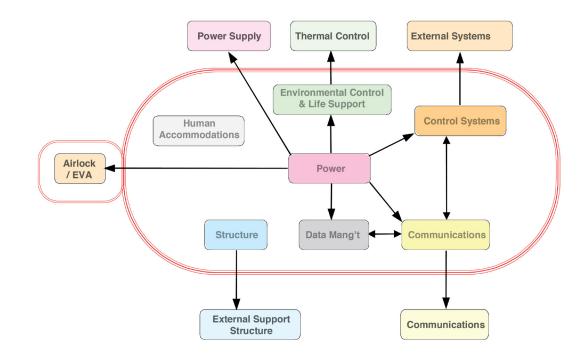


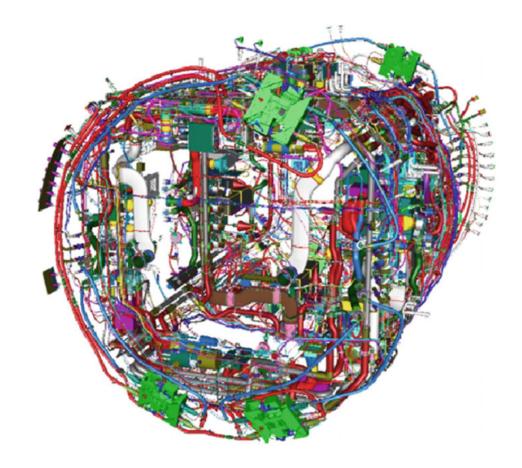
#### HABITAT SYSTEMS AND ELEMENTS



Kennedy, 2002

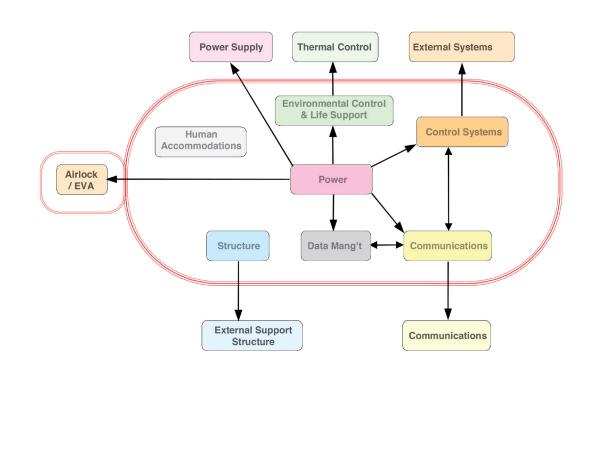
## SYSTEM COMPLEXITY: PRE-FAB MODULE

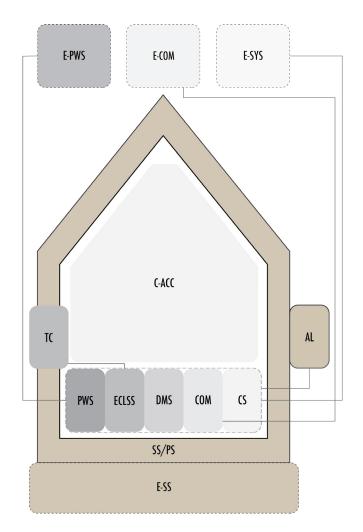




Kennedy, 2002

## HABITAT SYSTEM ELEMENTS CONFIGURATION

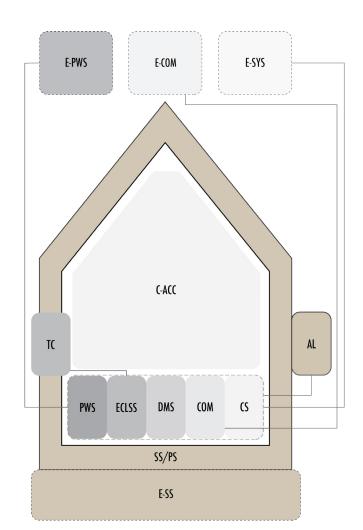




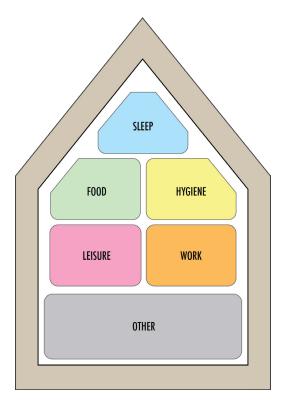
Kennedy, 2002

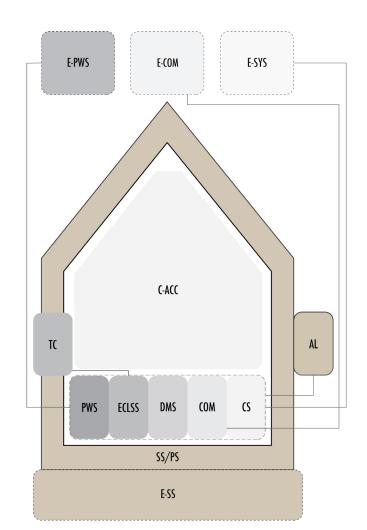
## SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

icon	description	mass (kg)
C-ACC	Crew Accomodations	tbd
SS/PS	Support Structure/ Pressure Shell	7500
ECLSS	Environmental Control and Life Support System	2500
PWS	Power Supply System	1250
CS	Control Systems	200
СОМ	Command and communications Systems	200
DMS	Data Management and Storage	100
TC	Thermal Control System	1500
E-SS	External Support System	tbd
AL	Airlock and EVA systems	1500
E-PWS	External Power Supply System	5000
E-SYS	External Surface Systems	7000
E-COM	External Communication Systems	N/A

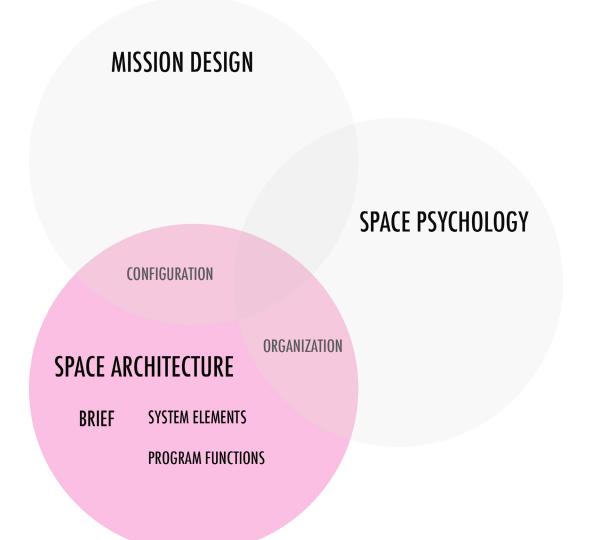


## **ORGANIZATION AND CONFIGURATION**





## **CONCLUSION: ASPECTS FOR PSYCHOLOGICAL FEASIBILITY**



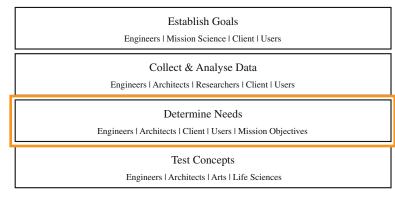
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## **BRIEF REQUIREMENTS**

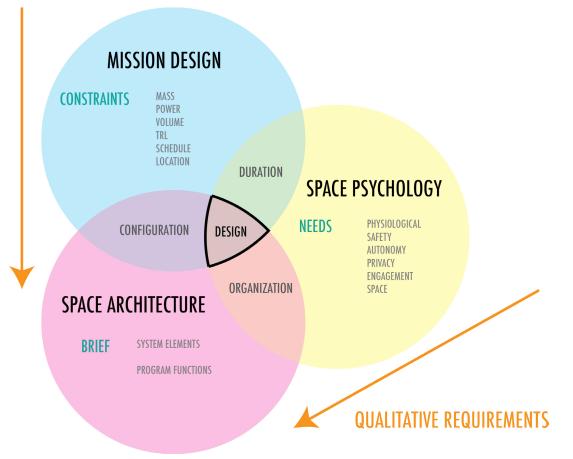
**Design Process** 



Review Design
Final Design

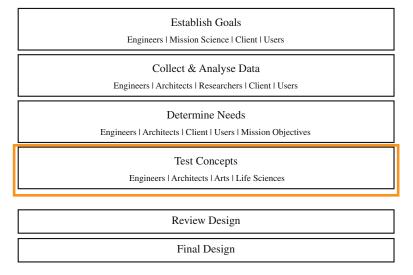
Bannova et al., 2016

## QUANTITATIVE REQUIREMENTS

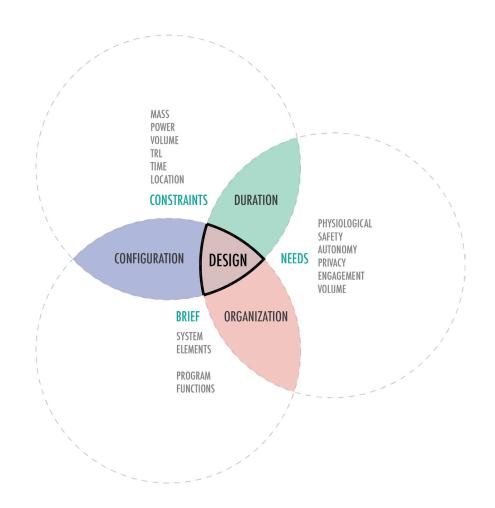


## **DESIGN EXERCISE**

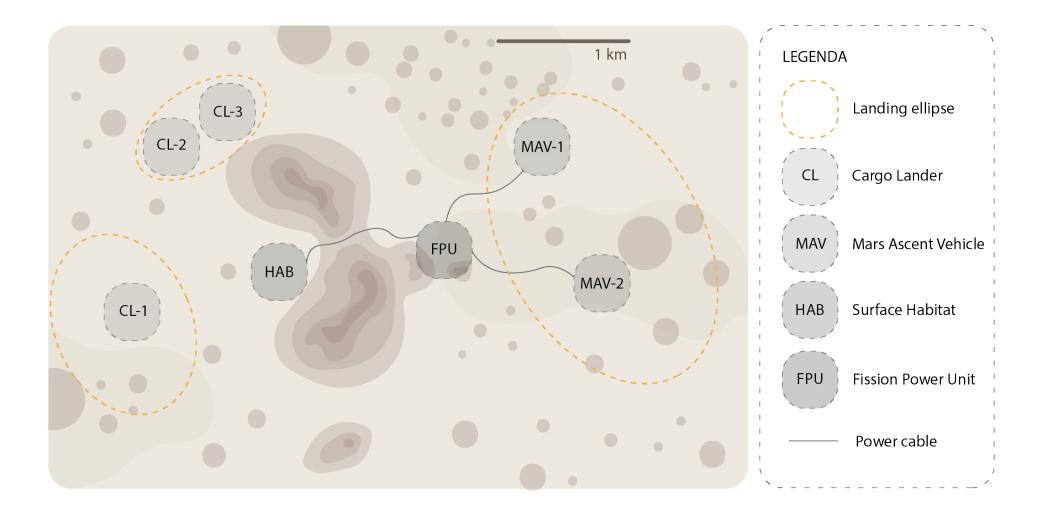
**Design Process** 



Bannova et al., 2016

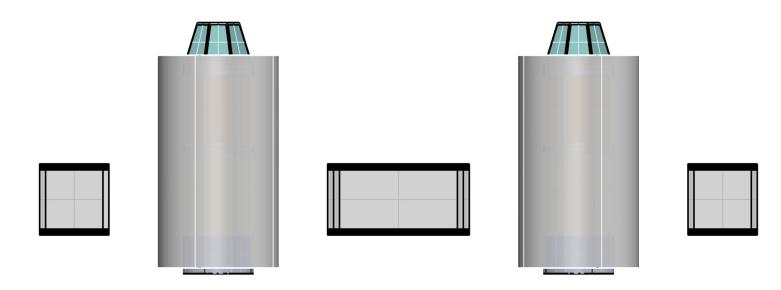


## SITE PLANNING

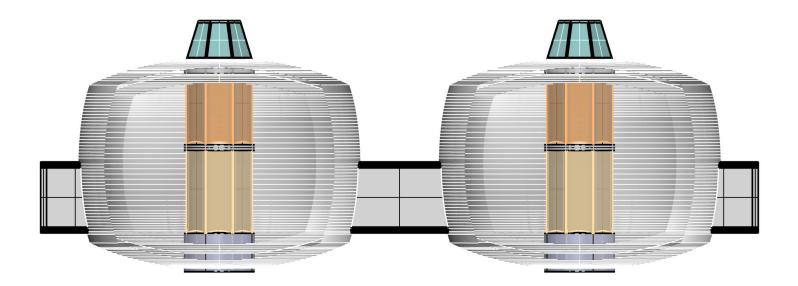




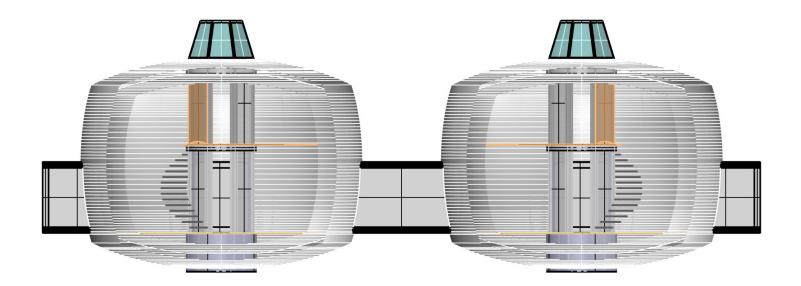
## **1. POSITION MODULES, CONNECT TO POWER SUPPLY**



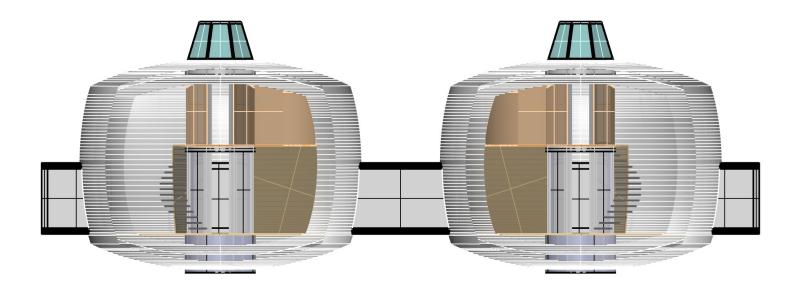
## 2. INFLATE DOMES, CONNECT MODULES THROUGH HATCHES



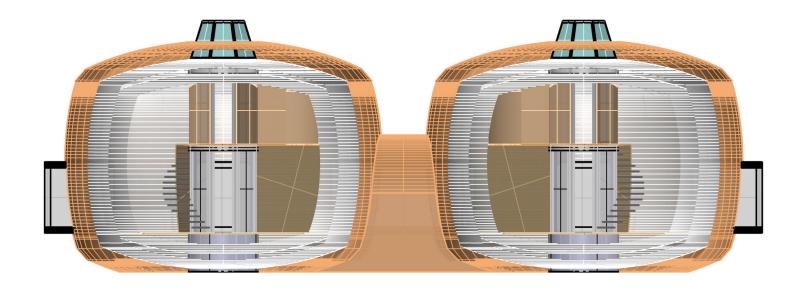
## 3. UNFOLDING OF FLOORS AND STAIRS, TEST EXTERIOR SYSTEMS



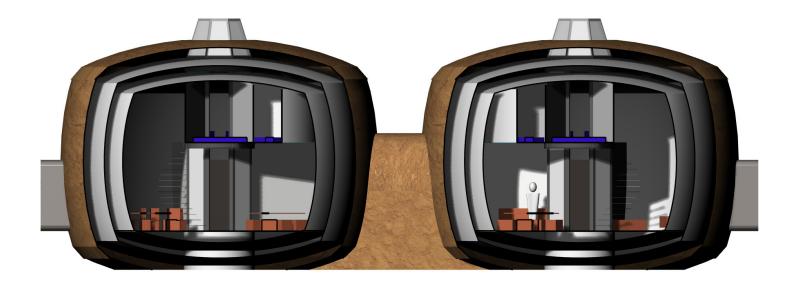
## 4. UNROLL SEPARATION WALLS, TEST INTERIOR SYSTEMS

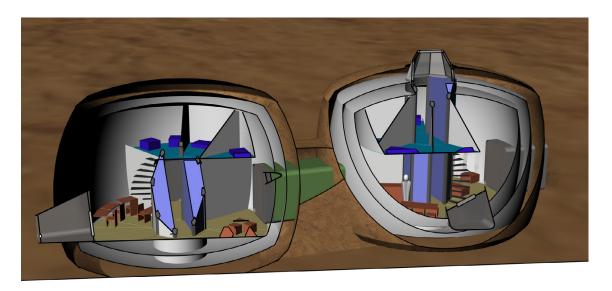


## 5. COVER WITH REGOLITH AND TEST FOR RADIATION SHIELDING

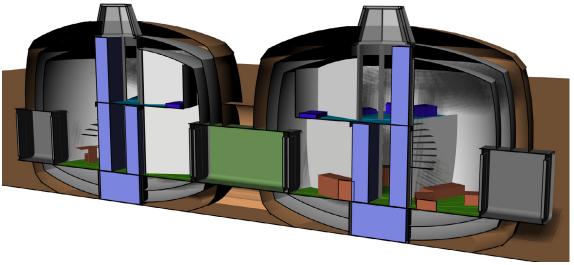


## CONFIGURATION





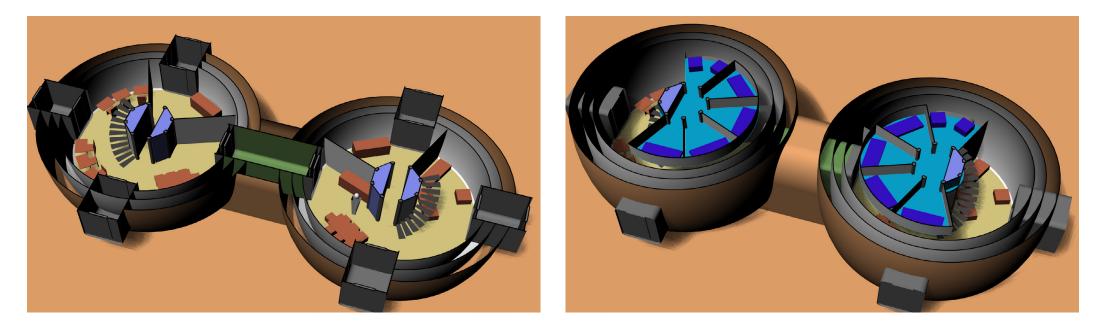
Technical Support Systems are integrated in the central module



Greenhouse serves a double purpose as radiation storm shelter

First floor

Second floor



First floor

Second floor

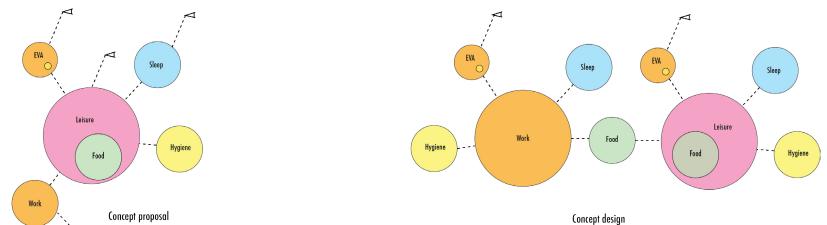


First floor

 $\triangleleft$ 

Second floor





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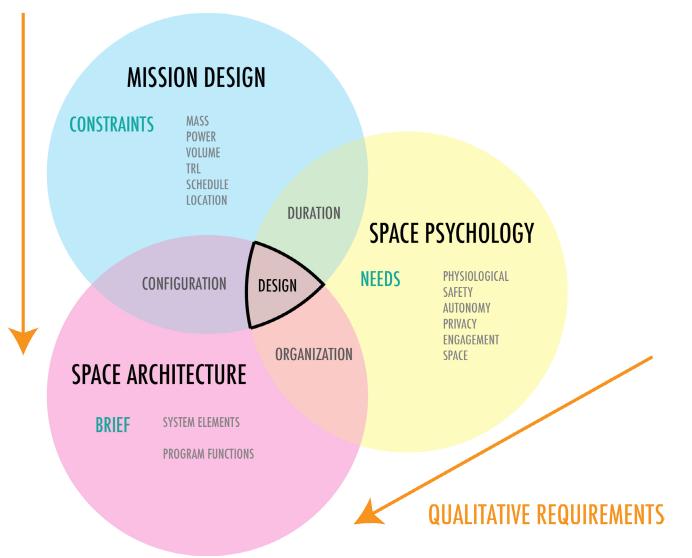
INTRODUCTION - PLANET MARS - MISSION DESIGN - SPACE PSYCHOLOGY - SPACE ARCHITECTURE - DESIGN - CONCLUSION



# CONCLUSION

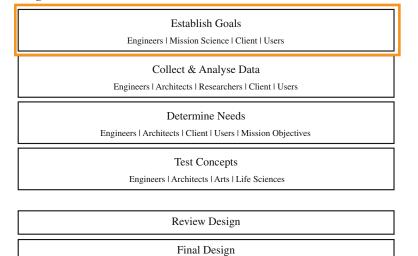
## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

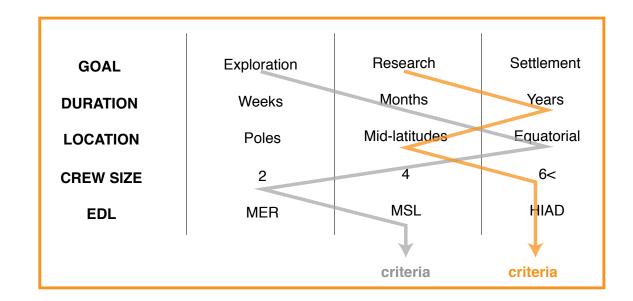
## QUANTITATIVE REQUIREMENTS



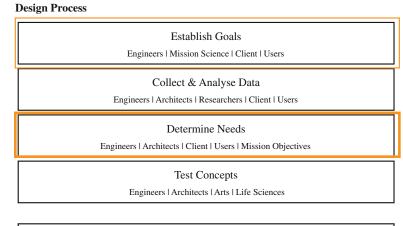
#### **BASELINE PARAMETERS**

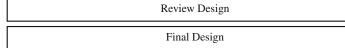
**Design Process** 

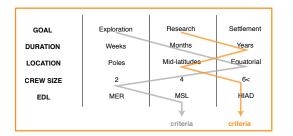




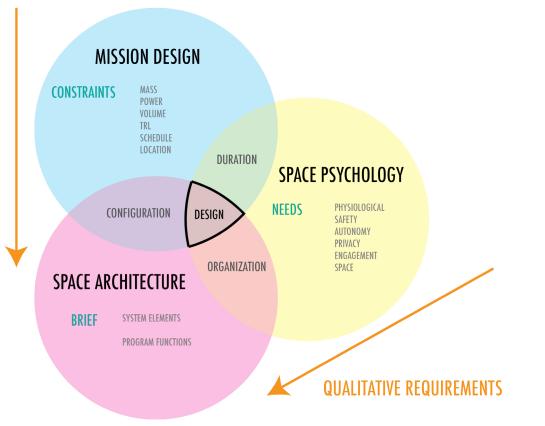
### **BASELINE PARAMETERS**



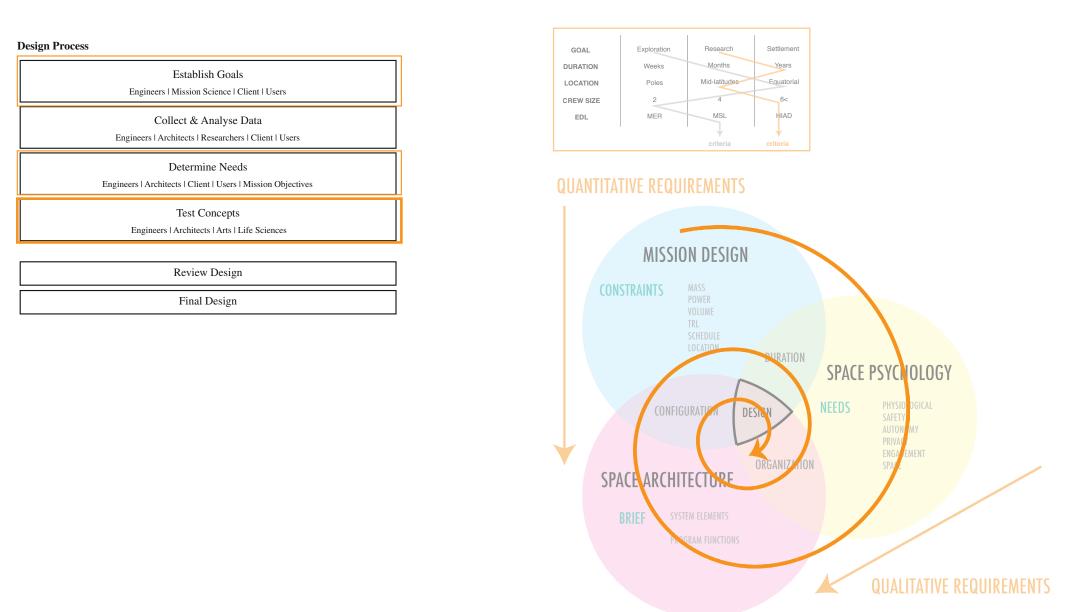




#### QUANTITATIVE REQUIREMENTS

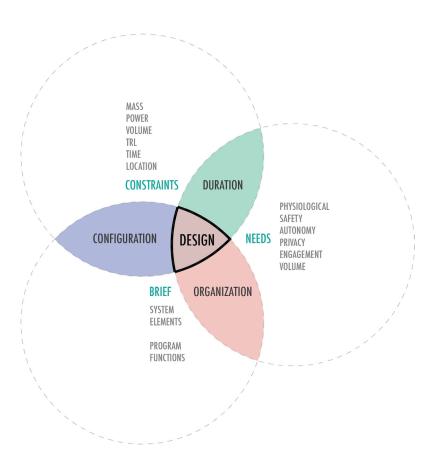


## **INTERDISCIPLINARY ITERATIVE PROCESS**



## RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Framework applications
- 2. Radiation Shielding rule of thumb
- 3. Parametric optimization for overlapping functional volumes
- 4. Parametric optimization of volume irt mass
- 5. Design integration of functional systems: waterstorage as radiation shielding
- 6. Acoustical detailing

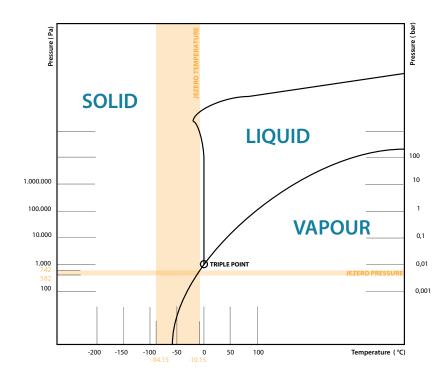




## **CLIMATE CONDITIONS AT JEZERO CRATER**

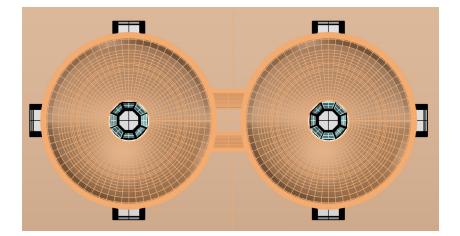


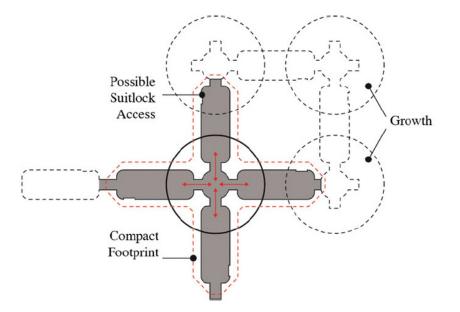


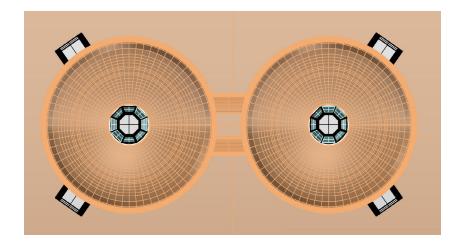


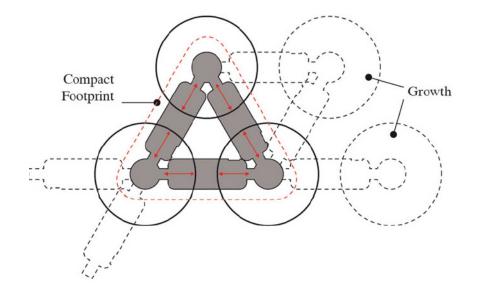
CLIMATE

## **EVALUATION**









## **EVALUATION**

#### Foldable floors drive radius, thus volume

