



RUINOPHILIA

VIA BELGICA



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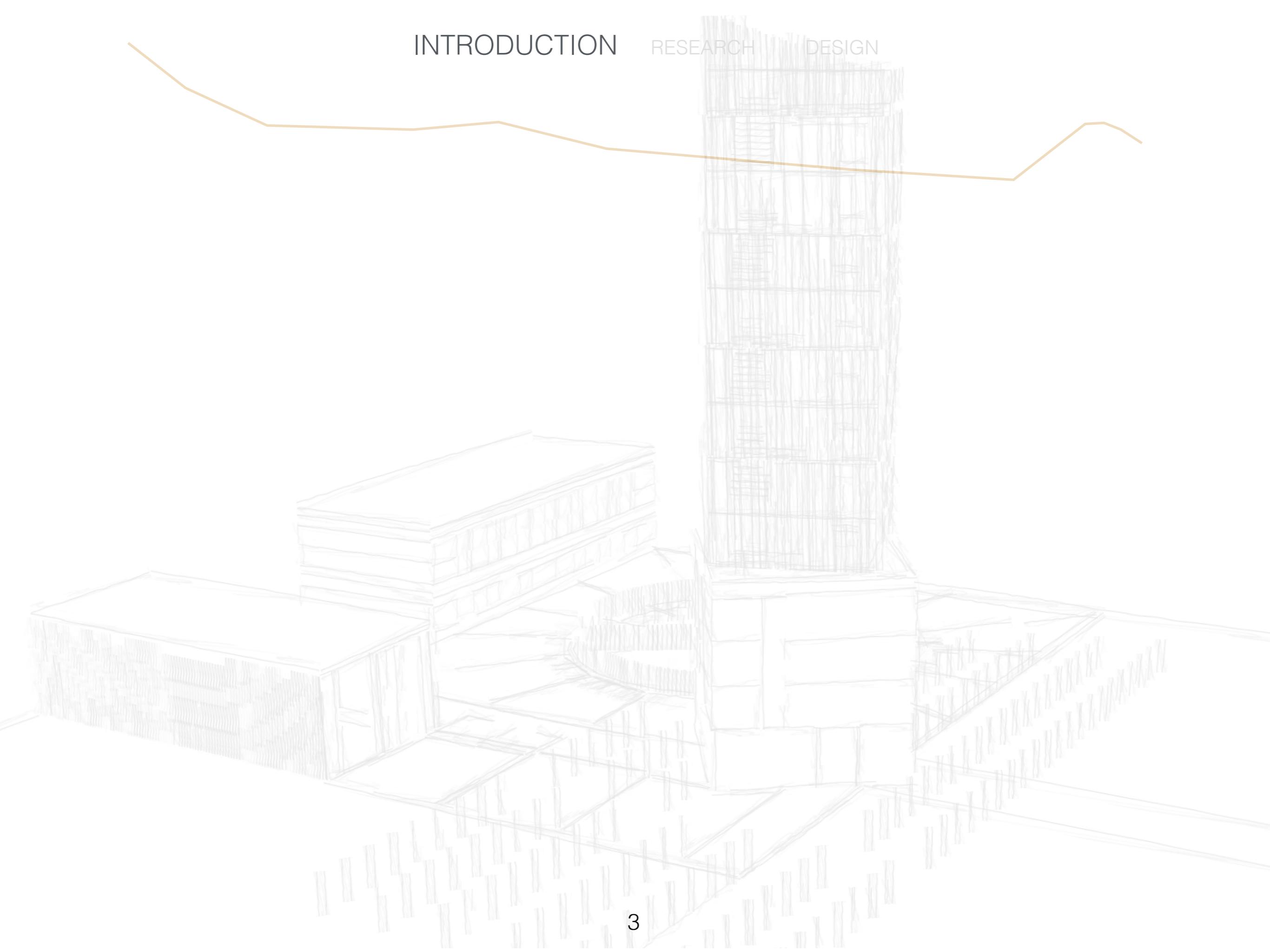
RESEARCH
via Belgica
palimpsest
contemporary identity
via Belgica nu

DESIGN
locatie
concept
wijnproces
bezoekers
materialisatie
klimatisering
draagconstructie

INTRODUCTION

RESEARCH

DESIGN



IBA PARKSTAD



IBA, international building exhibition, is an approach to contribute to the development of Limburg.

Search for: IDENTITY

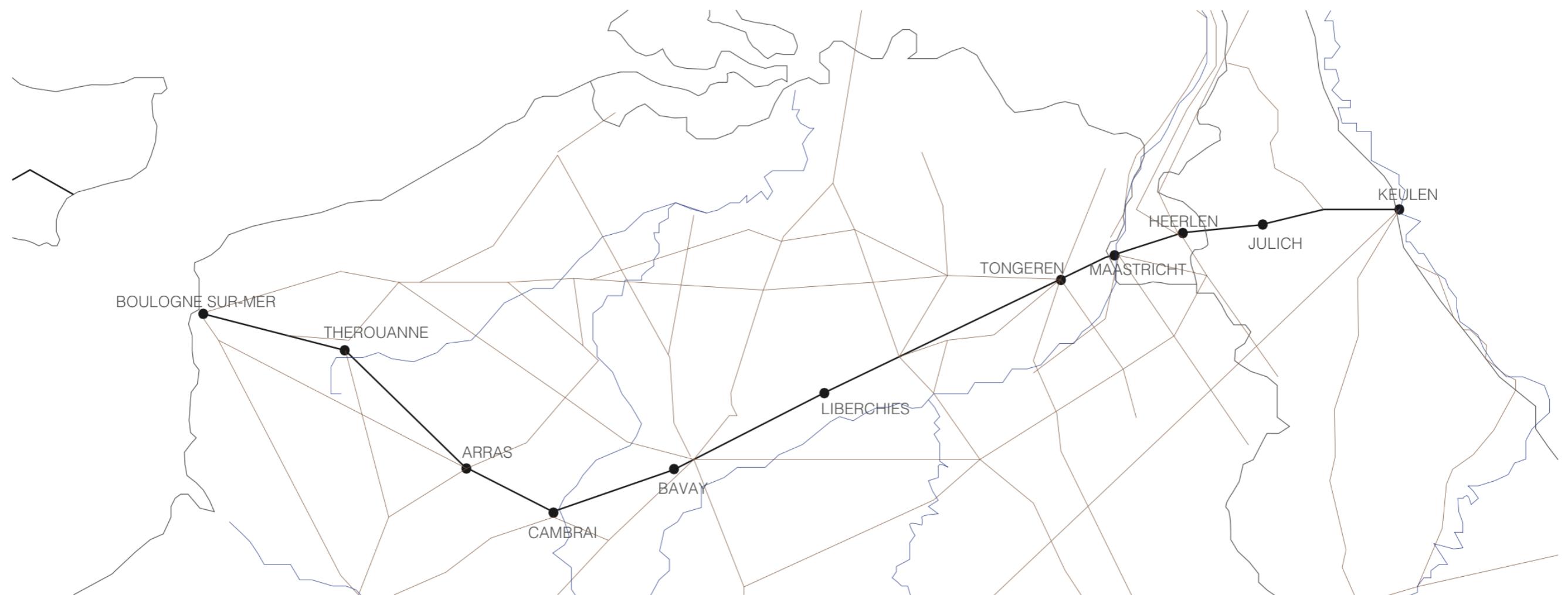
IBA PARKSTAD



Parkstad contains a lot of evidence of Roman habitation. Heerlen, known as the 'Coriovallum', was situated at the crossing point of two major road, the via Belgica and the via Trevorum.

IBA PARKSTAD

The via Belgica is a 400 km long Roman road, starting in Boulogne-Sur-Mer and ending in Köln. The via functioned as a fundamental development axis for the area.



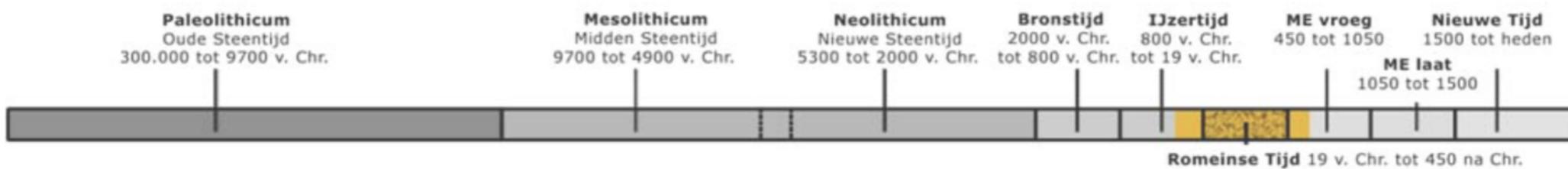
OBJECTIVE

MAIN INTENTION:

RESEARCH THE QUALITIES OF THE AREA AND IDENTITY OF THE ROMAN CULTURE AND OTHER RELEVANT LAYERS IN TIME AND TRANSLATE THIS TO THE PRESENT IN A NEW LAYER

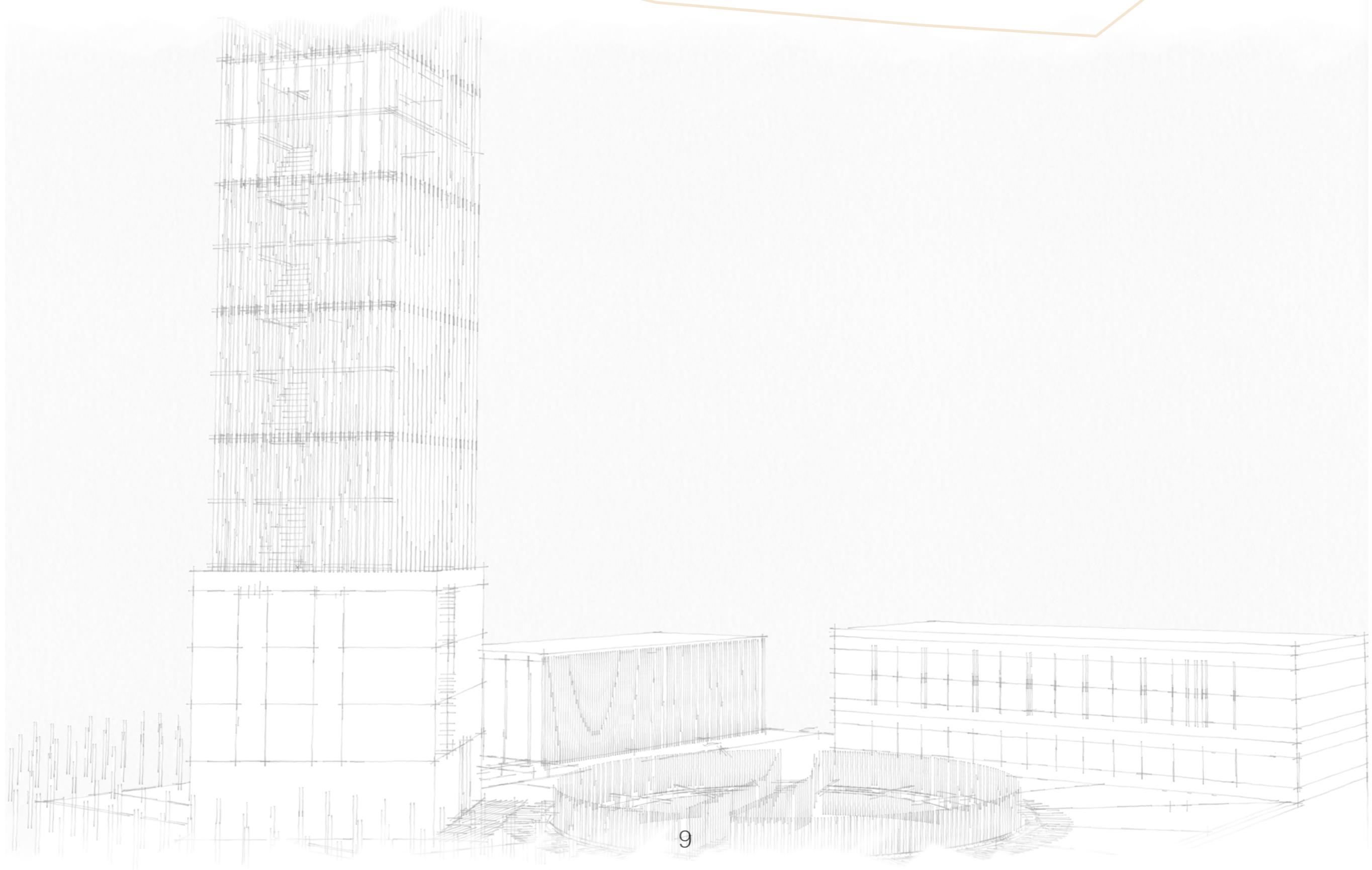
via Belgica as unifying concept

use of the cultural history as an opportunity for spatial development and the use of historical elements

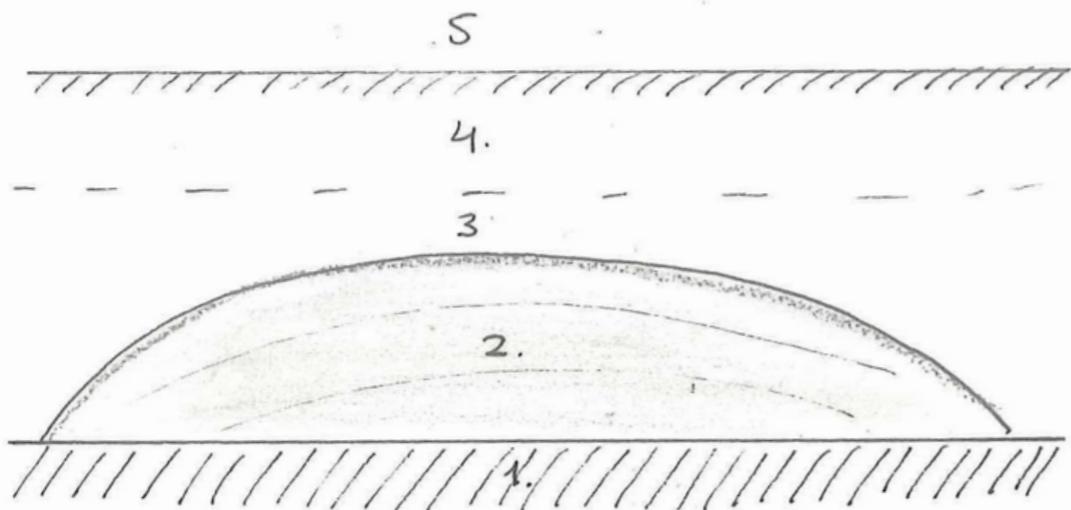




HOW TO REINTERPRET THE CULTURAL HISTORY OF THE VIA BELGICA, WITH A FOCUS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE AREA ALONG THE ROAD, WITH THE AIM TO MAKE THE AREA RECOGNISABLE AND VALUABLE BACK AGAIN USING THE VIA AS A PRIMARY CONNECTING AXIS?



VIA BELGICA



1. de ondergrond, waarop de weg is aangelegd. Deze werd eerst recht gemaakt, voordat de verharding werd aangebracht.
2. de daadwerkelijke weg. Deze is bolvormig zodat het regenwater kan afstromen. De verharding bestaat uit brokken kalksteen, afgedekt met meerdere lagen leem met kiezel en grind. Om de weg te onderhouden, werd er met de tijd steeds meer lagen kiezel en grind aangebracht, waardoor de weg steeds breder weg. Op z'n breedst is de weg 9 meter.
3. De weg is na de Romeinse tijd afgedekt door afgespoelde löss-grond van de heuvels, colluvium. Hierdoor is de weg goed bewaard gebleven.
4. Vlak onder het maaiveld ligt de bouwvoor. Dit is een laag waarin alle sporen verdwenen zijn door ploegen en bodemvorming.
5. Het huidige maaiveld niveau. De romeinse weg ligt minder dan een meter onder de grond.

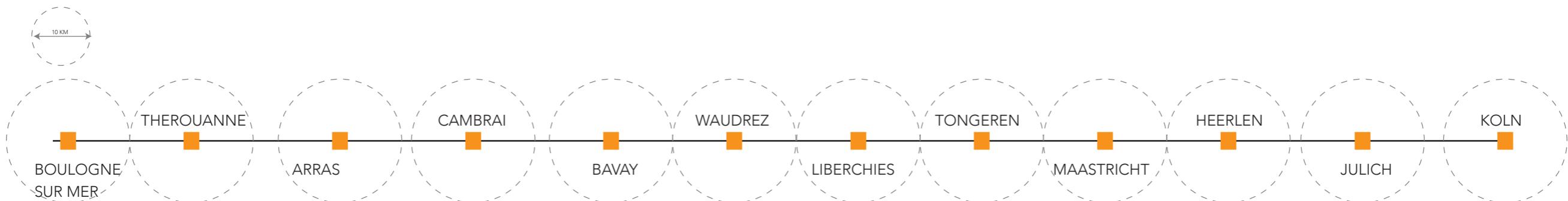
mijlpalen - markering aan de weg

1. afstand
2. plaatsen waartussen de weg is gelegd
3. naam van wie de weg had aangelegd, en de keizer in wiens naam het werk was verricht

VIA BELGICA

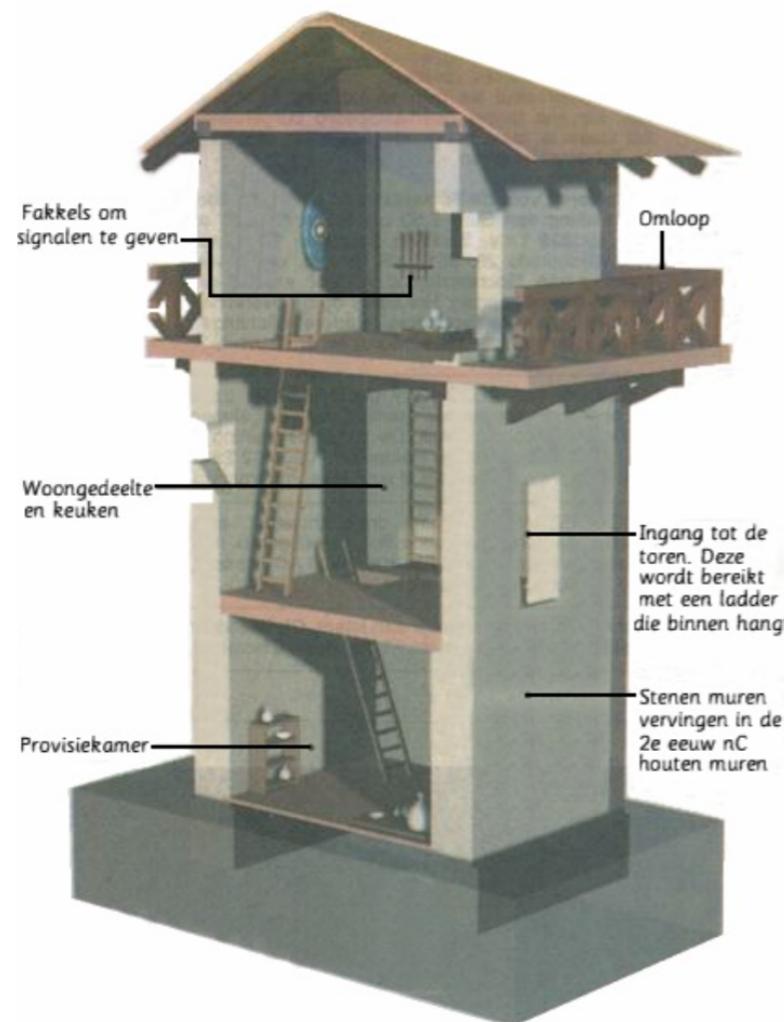
ONONDERBROKEN TRANSPORT SYSTEEM BESTAANDE UIT EEN VERHARDE WEG, MET DAARAAN GERELATEERD EEN NETWERK VAN FACILITEITEN VOOR REIZIGERS.

1. ROL IN HET MILITAIRE SYSTEEM, WELKE DE EENHEID EN STABILITEIT VAN HET ROMEINSE RIJK VERZEKERDE
2. INTERNATIONALE HANDEL

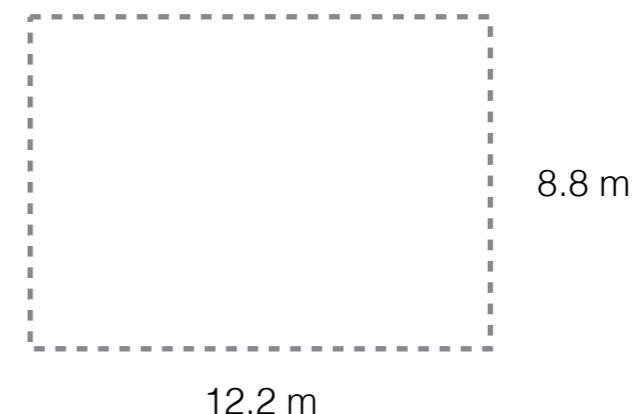


VIA BELGICA

1. MILITaire VERDEDIGING: WACHTPOSTEN



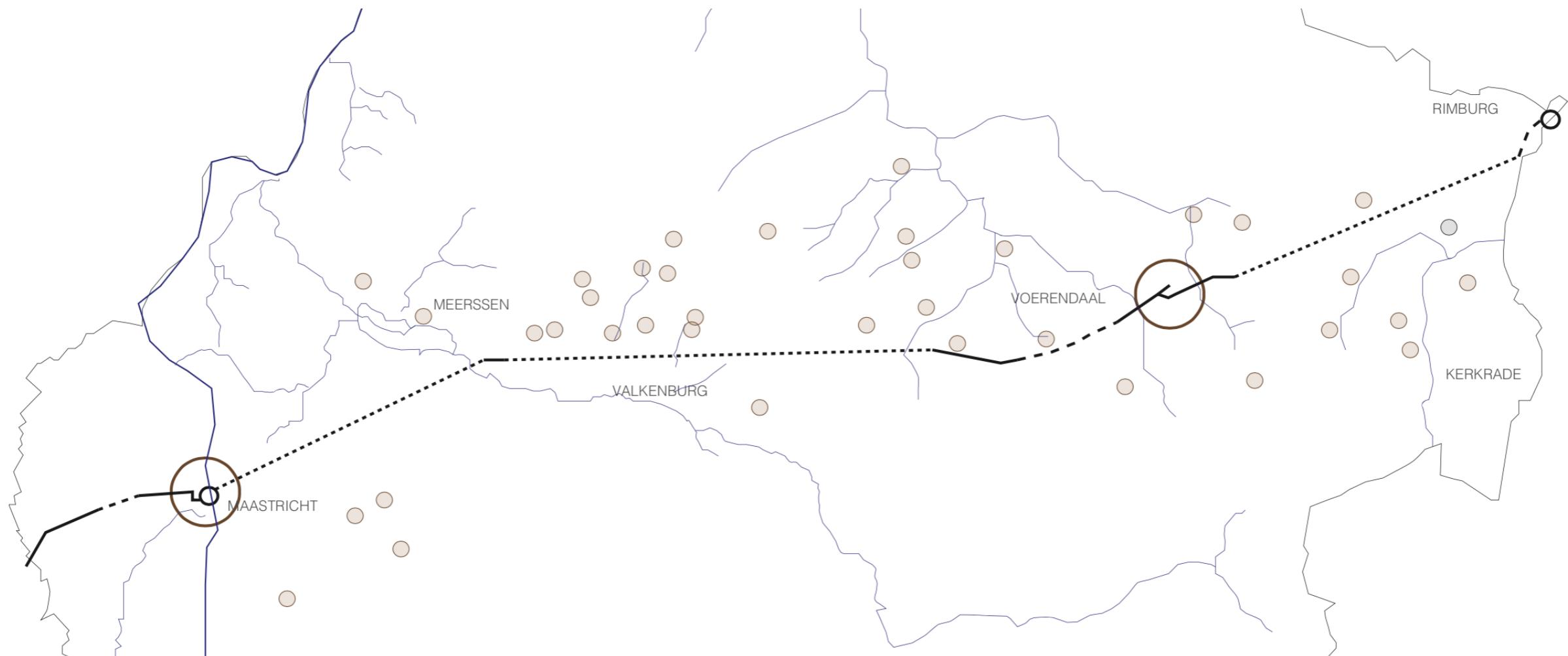
Fundamenten Romeins wachttoren bij Goudsberg, Limburg



signaaltorens: bedoeld voor de communicatie. Berichten werden via vuren doorgegeven, waarbij men afstanden tot 50 m? kon overbruggen.

VIA BELGICA

2. HANDEL EN NIJVERHEID

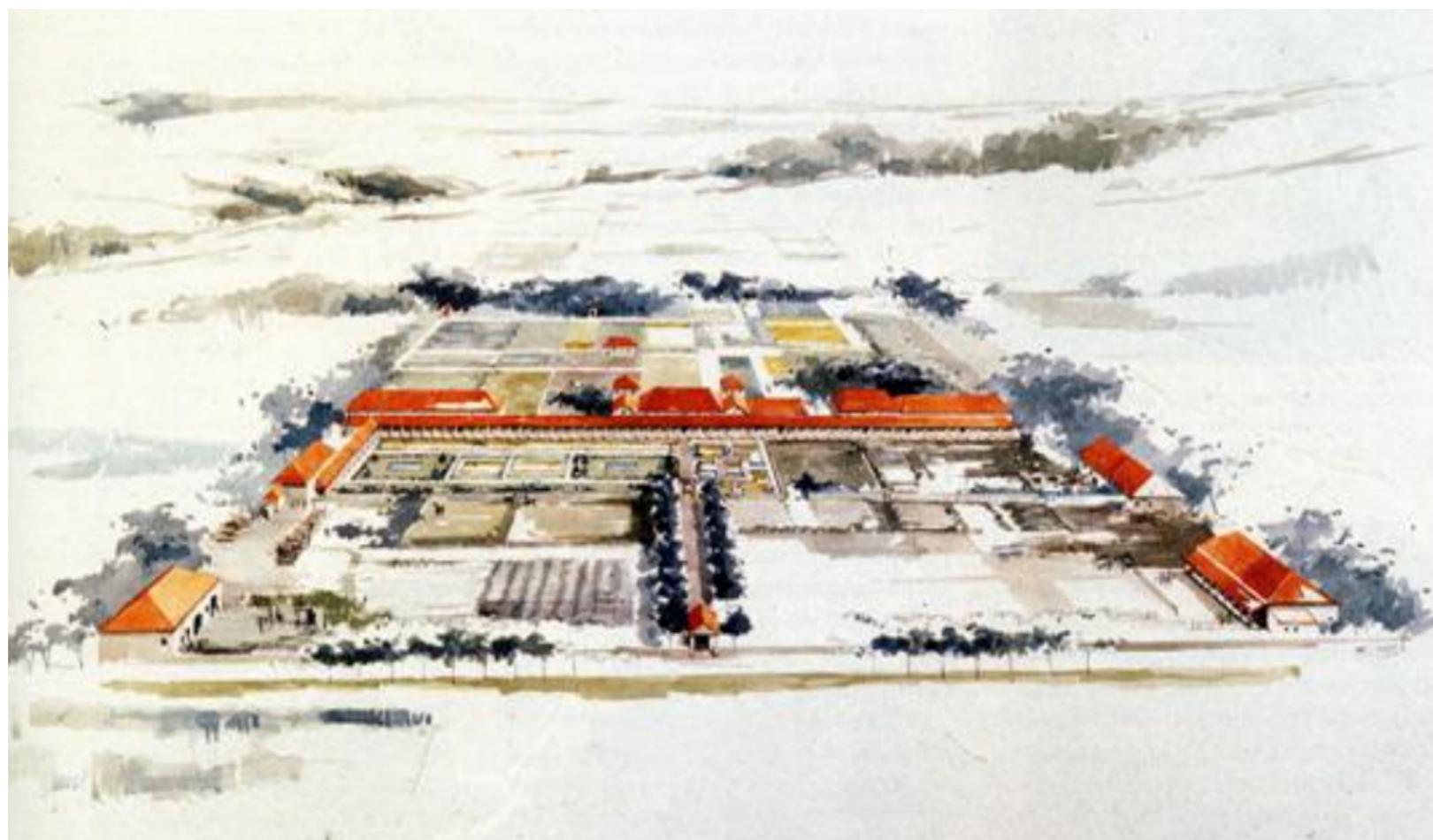


VILLA'S - BETEKENIS VOOR DE CULTUUR-ECONOMISCHE IDENTITEIT

herenboerderijen waar grootschalige landbouw werd bedreven ten behoeve van de garnizoenen als civiele nederzettingen

VIA BELGICA

VILLA RUSTICA - VILLA URBANA - VILLA SUBURBANA - VILLA MARITIMA



PALIMPSEST



RUINS IN THE REGION OF LIMBURG ARE THE STARTING POINT OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF LIVING IN THE REGION, AND THEREFOR OF CRITICAL VALUE.

CONSIDERING THE CITY AND THE LANDSCAPE AND THE LANDSCAPE WITH THEIR RUINS AS A TIMELY LAYERED PALIMPSEST, WE CAN RECOVER THE LOST IDENTITY OF THE REGION.

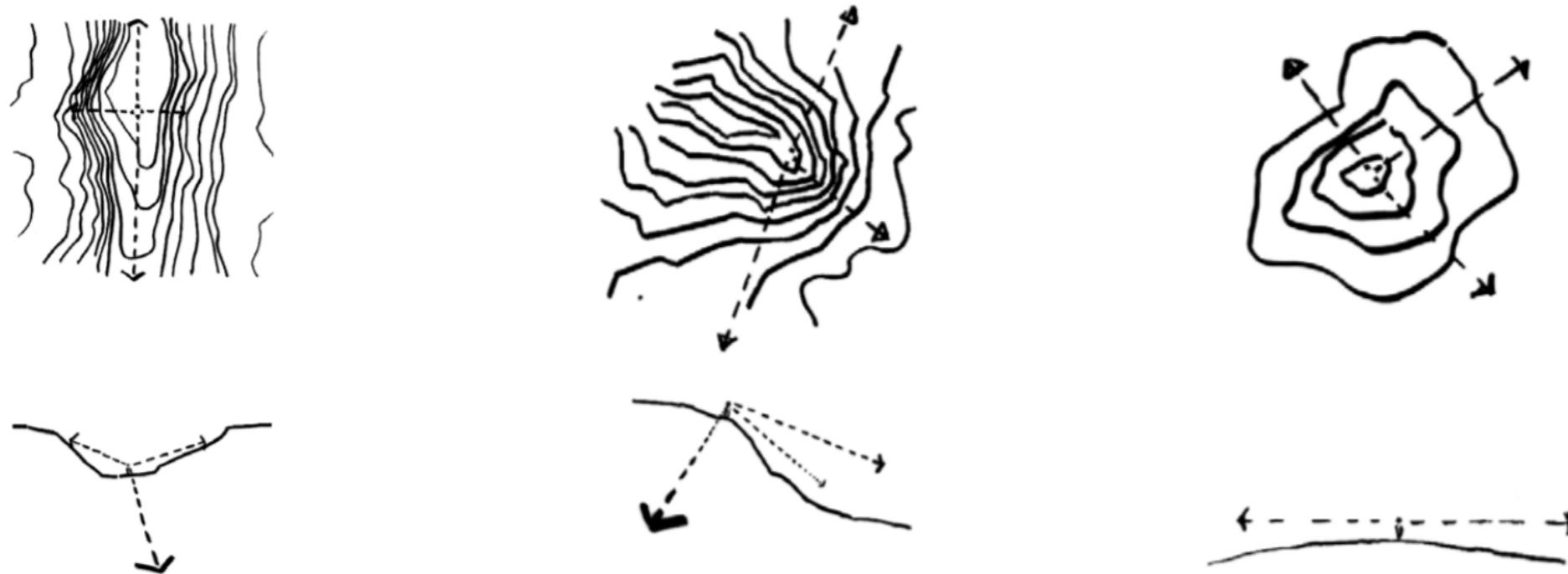
*Palimpsest refers originally to old parchment handwritings, where new text has been applied on top of effaced, but still perceptible, earlier writing.
(Kjerrgren 2011)*

FORMATION LANDSCAPE

PRIMARY SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE REGION

FUNDAMENTAL:

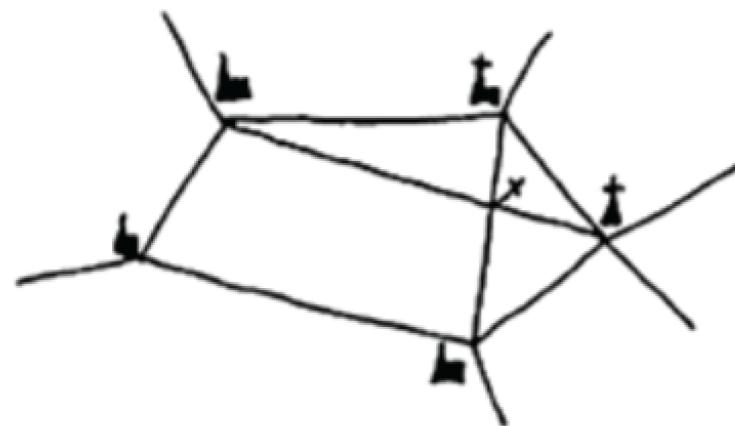
1. SOIL COMBINATION (FERTILE LÖSS)
2. RELIEF
3. WATER



ENVIRONMENTALLY-DETERMINISTIC APPROACH

natural world is seen to be the principal determining factor of human behaviour. The presence of a certain soil type, a river, a certain type of vegetation and climate determines where people live, and how.

OCCUPATIE PATRONEN



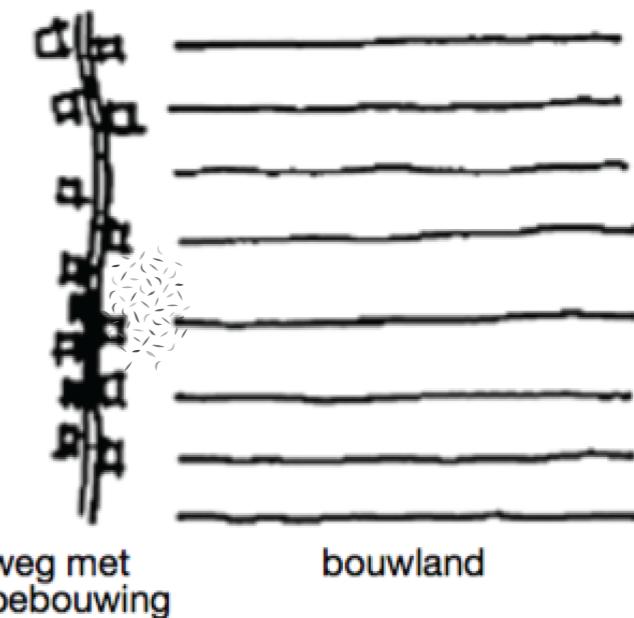
dorpen in web-vormig wegenpatroon



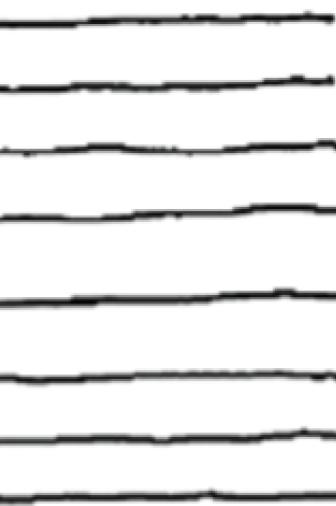
bos



grasland



weg met
bebouwing



bouwland

LAYERING LANDSCAPE

different significant historical periods are used to describe the biography of the landscape to contribute in the understanding of the historical development and cohesion in the region, these are:

- traces far past
- Roman times
- middle ages
- mining industry
- modern times

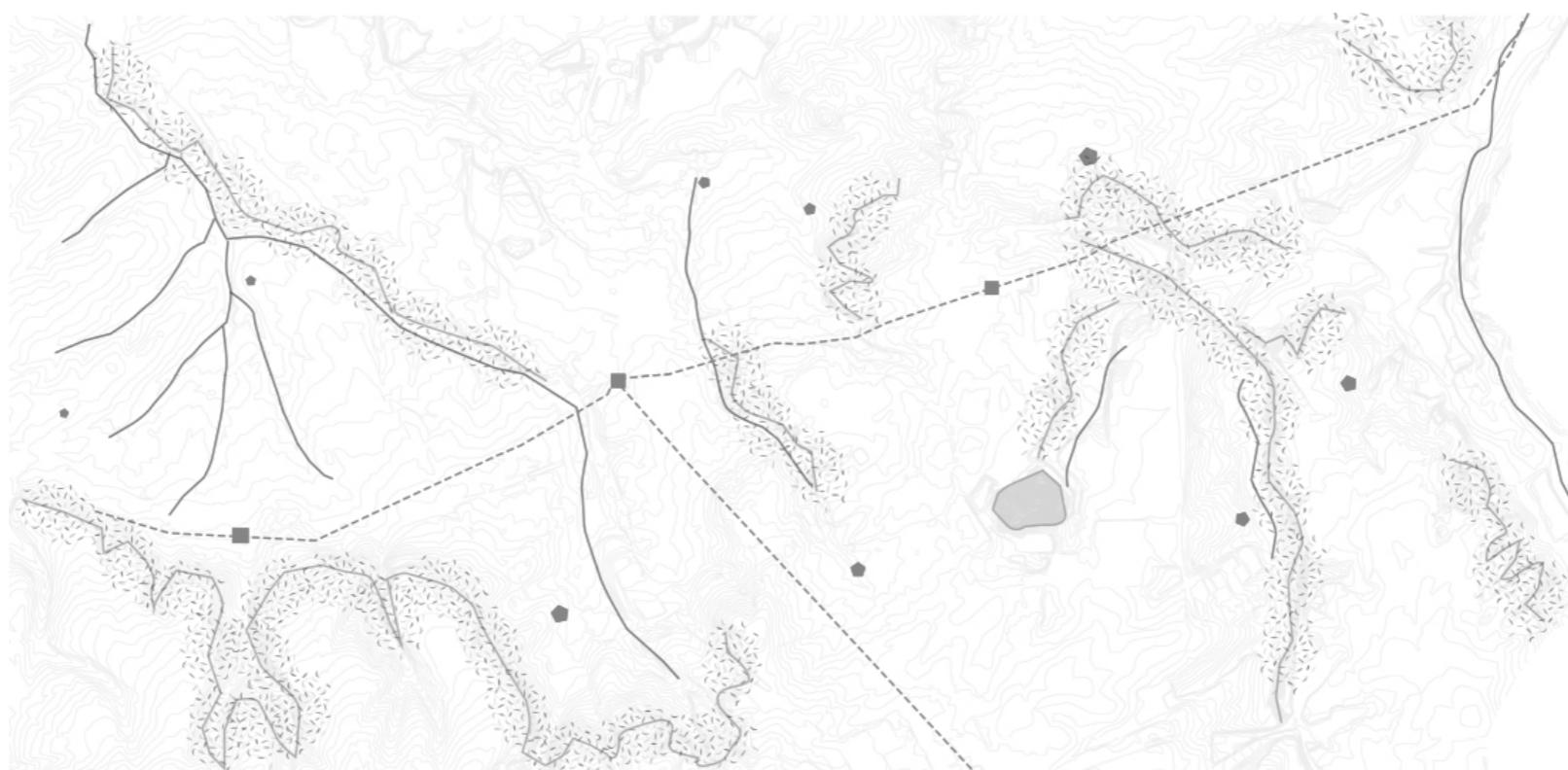
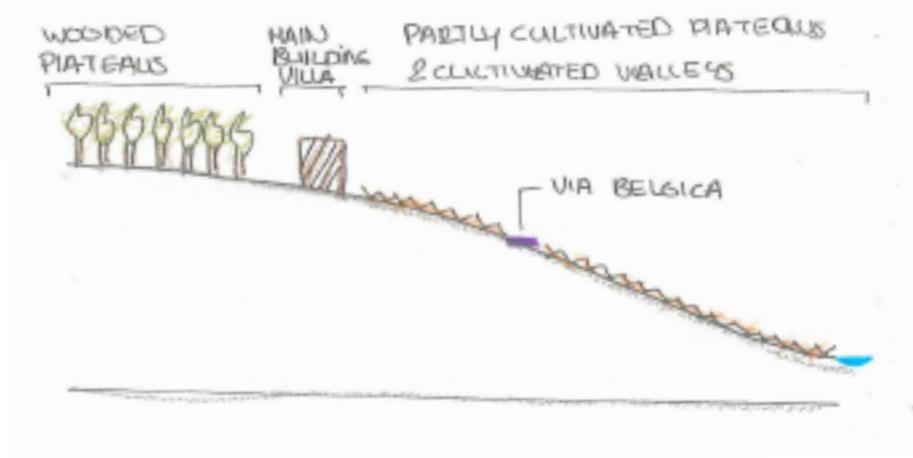
TRACES FAR PAST





INTRODUCTION RESEARCH DESIGN

ROMAN TIME



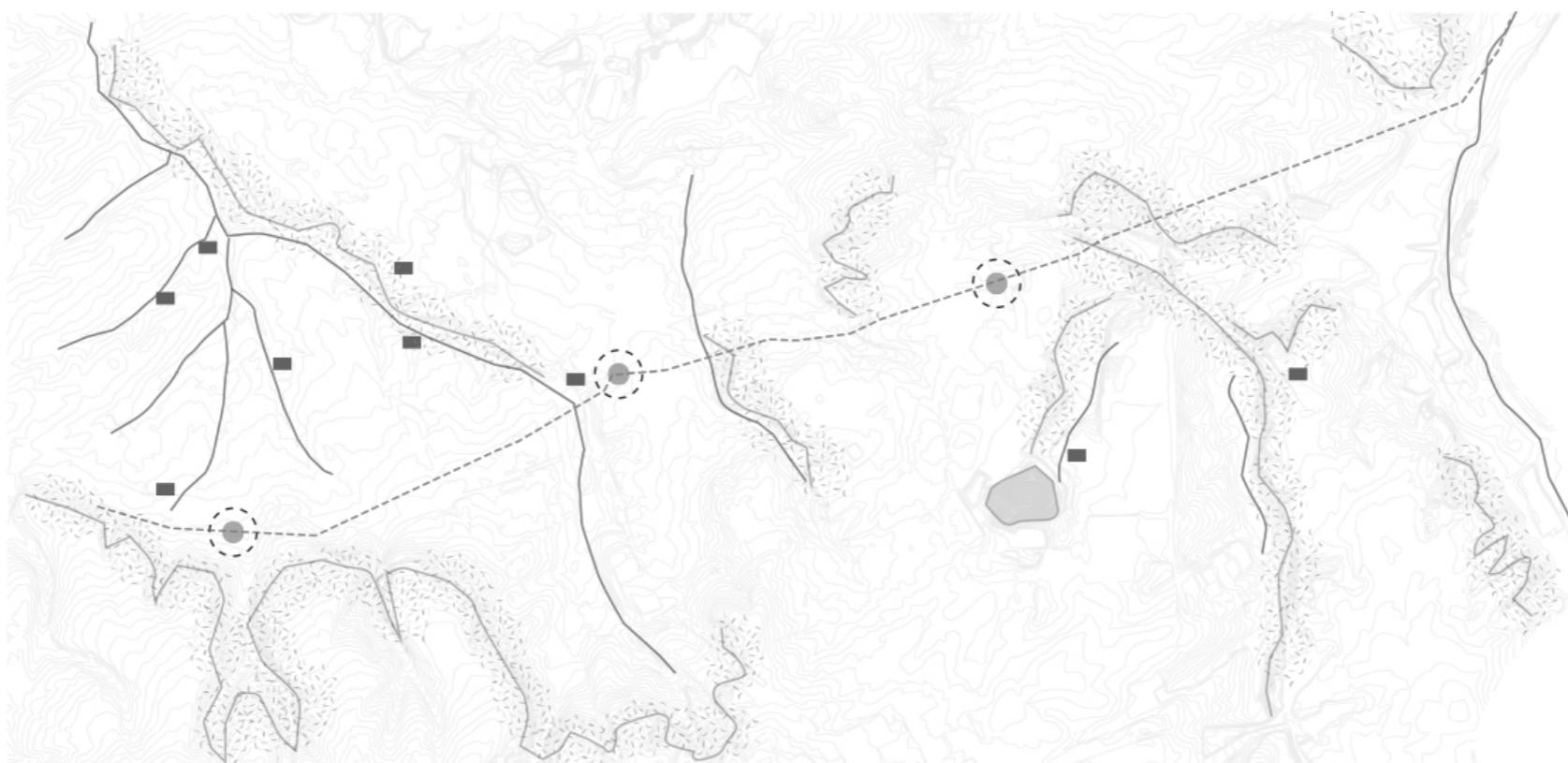
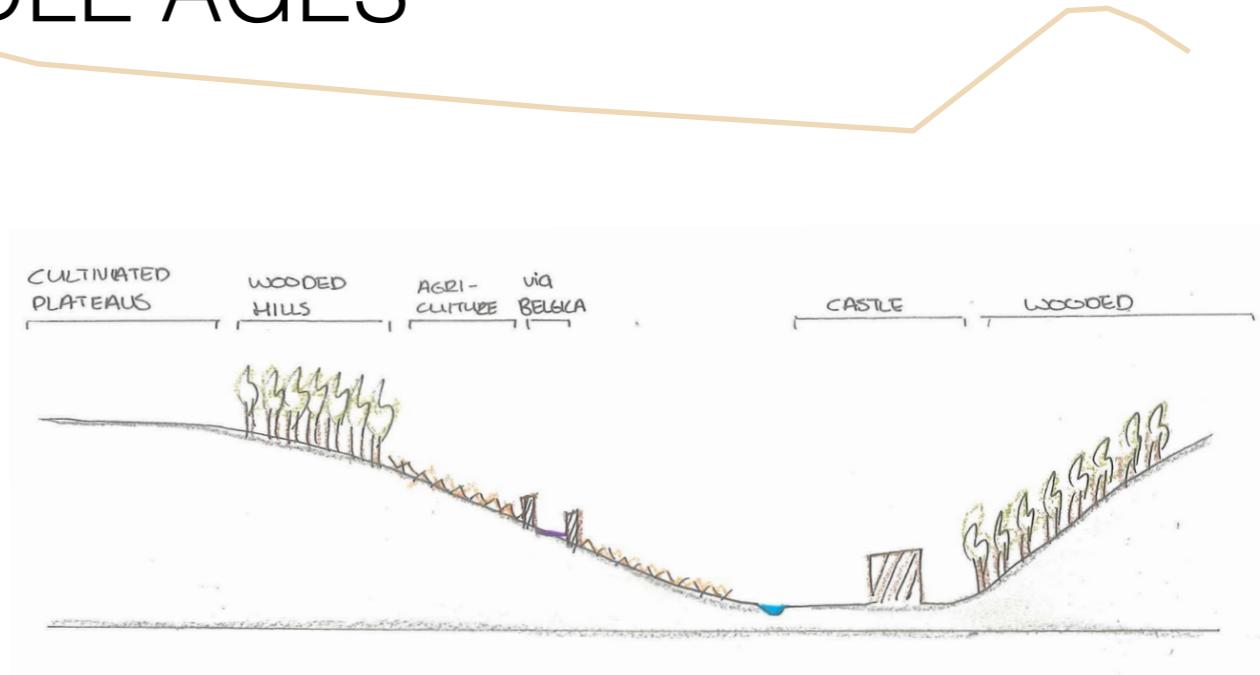
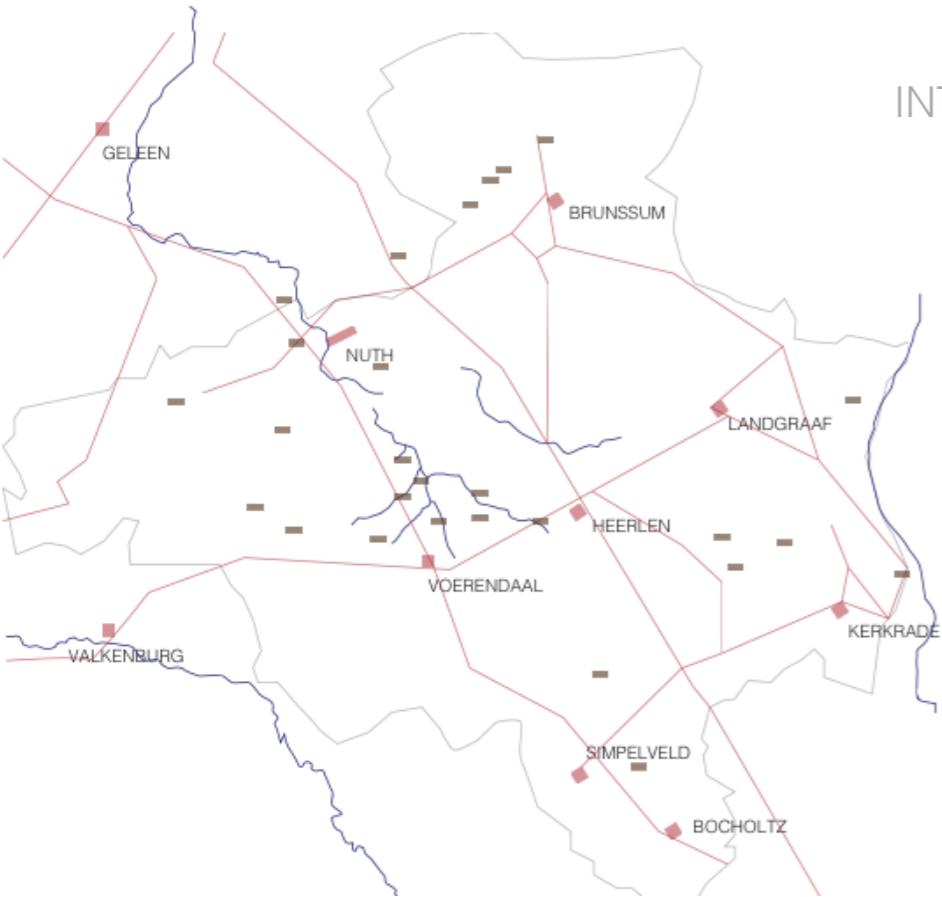
ROMAN TIME



ROMAN TOWER

- rechthoekige footprint
- buiten omloop
- massieve plint
- hoog gelegen entree
- symmetrische openingen
- steen, romeins beton

MIDDLE AGES



MIDDLE AGES



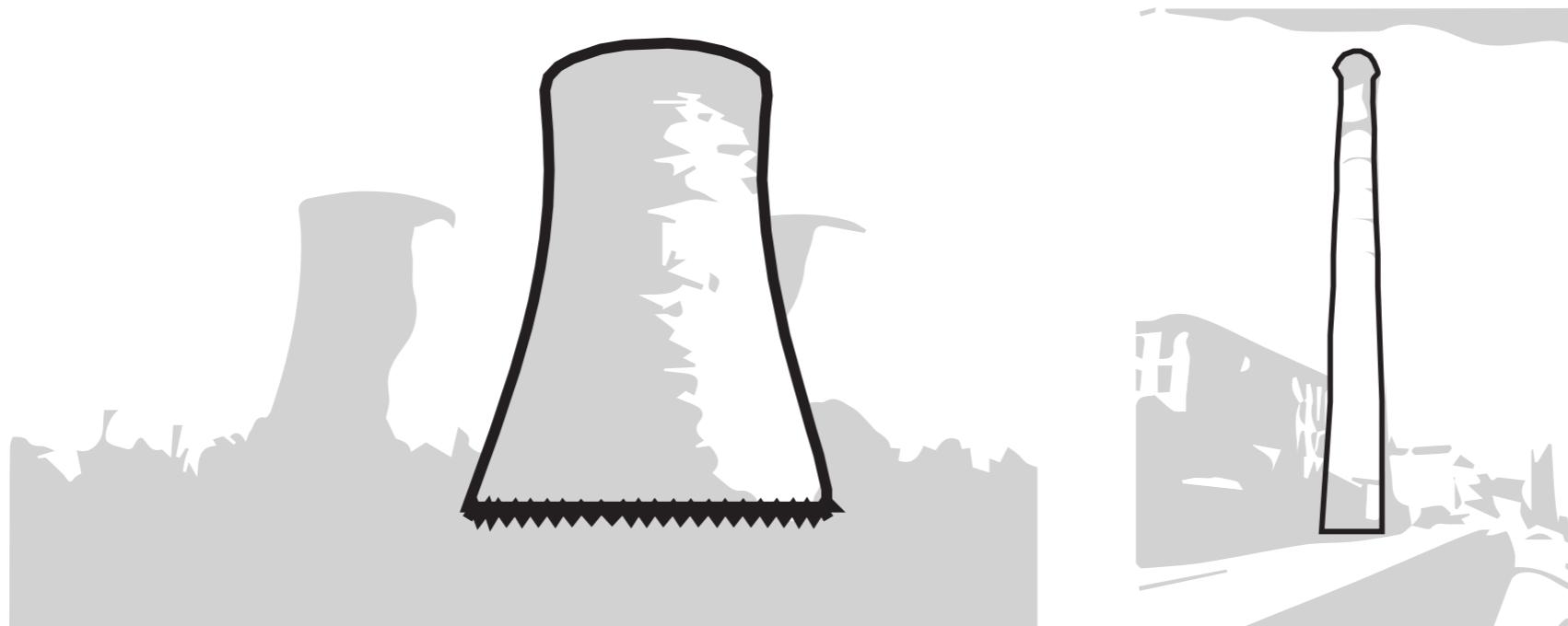
MEDIEVAL

- rond of rechthoekig footprint
- open dak, geen omloop
- massieve plint
- symmetrisch
- steen

MINING INDUSTRY



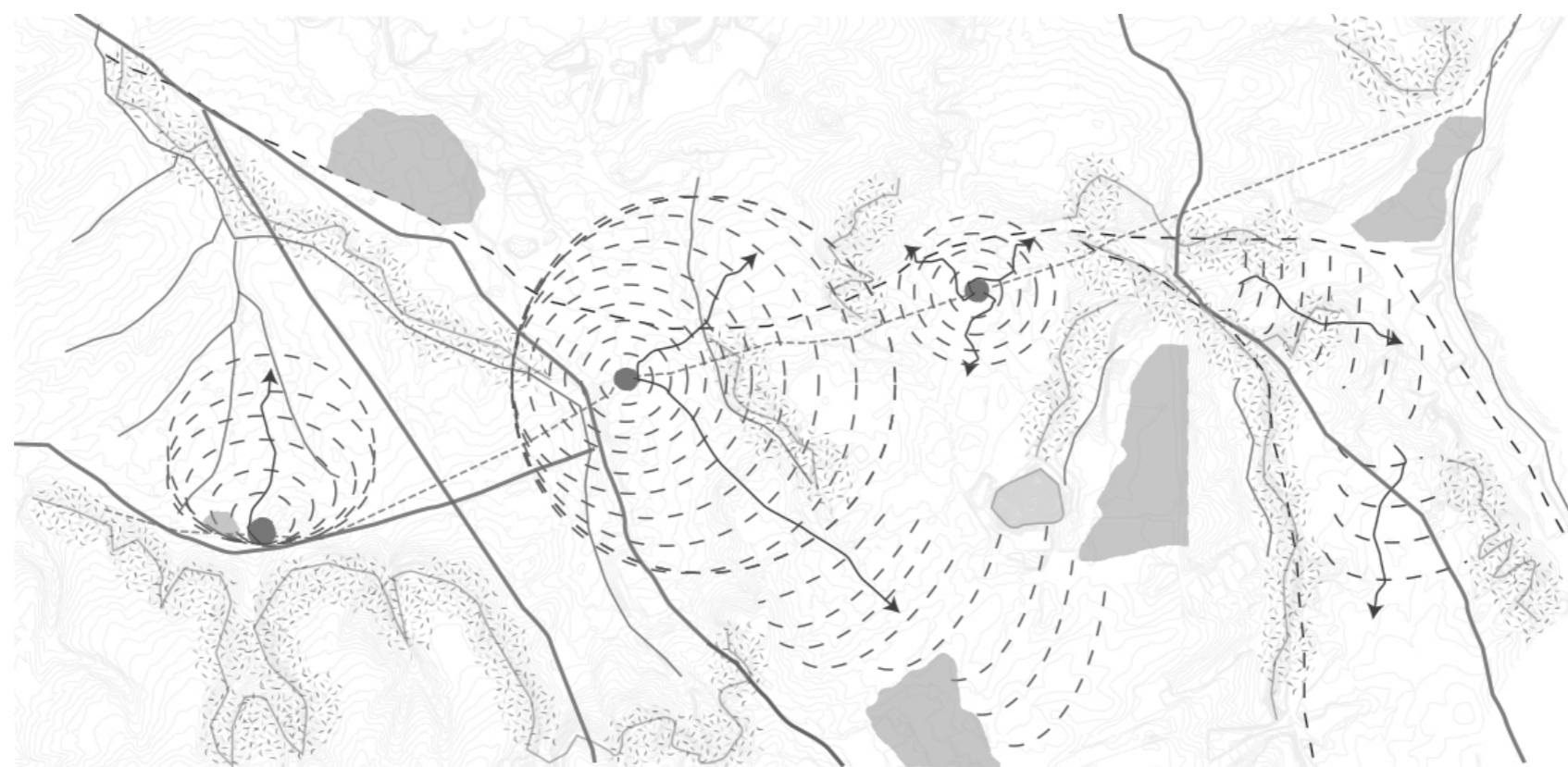
MINING INDUSTRY



- hyperbolische vorm
- versmalling
- massief
- beton

- ronde vorm
- versmalling
- massief
- baksteen

MODERN TIMES





ROMAN PERIOD

roads are constructed, villa's form an arcadic landscape with agricultural purposes

MINING INDUSTRY

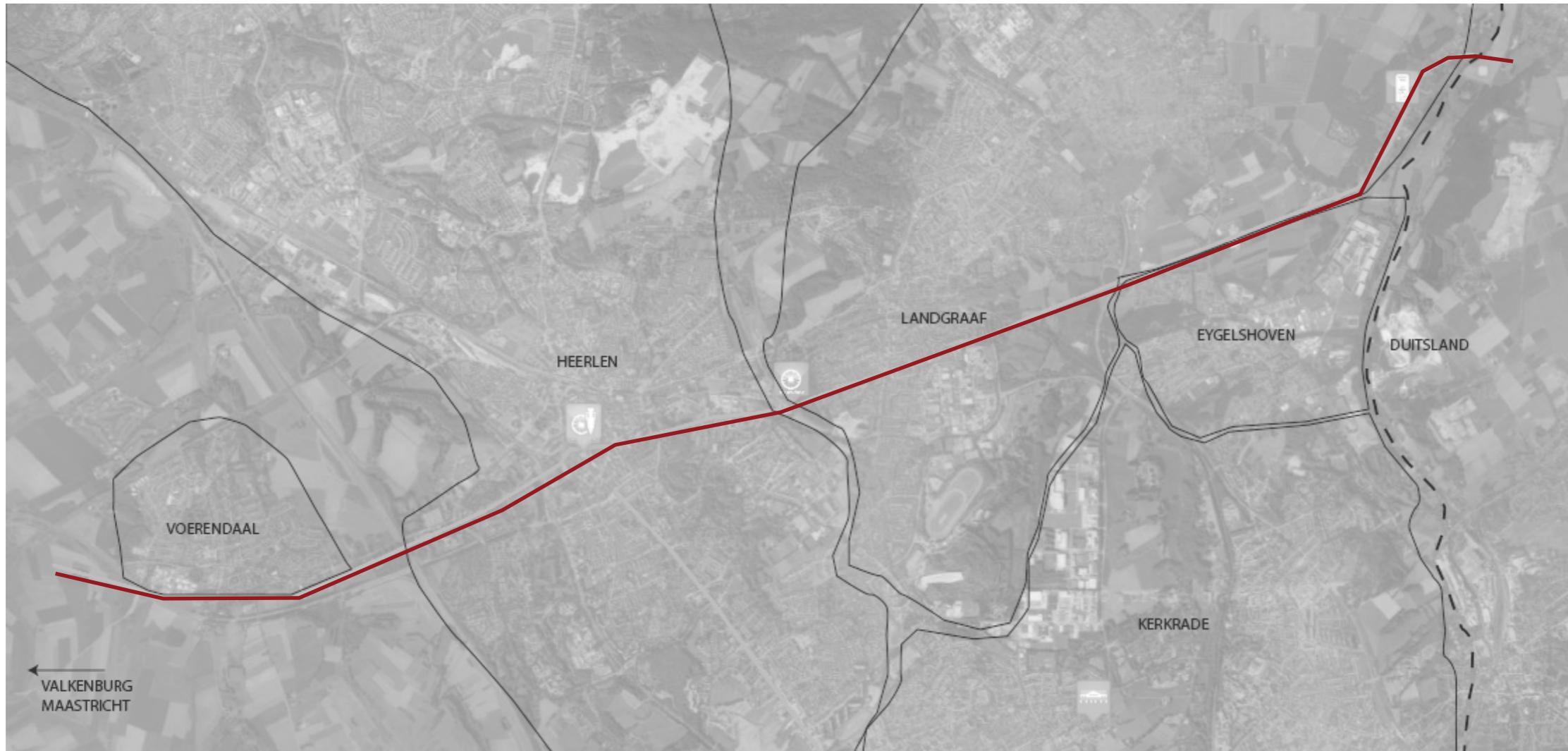
changed the identity into a industrial character

CONTEMPORARY IDENTITY

industrial character of the mining period and the agrarian character of the Romans will be recalled

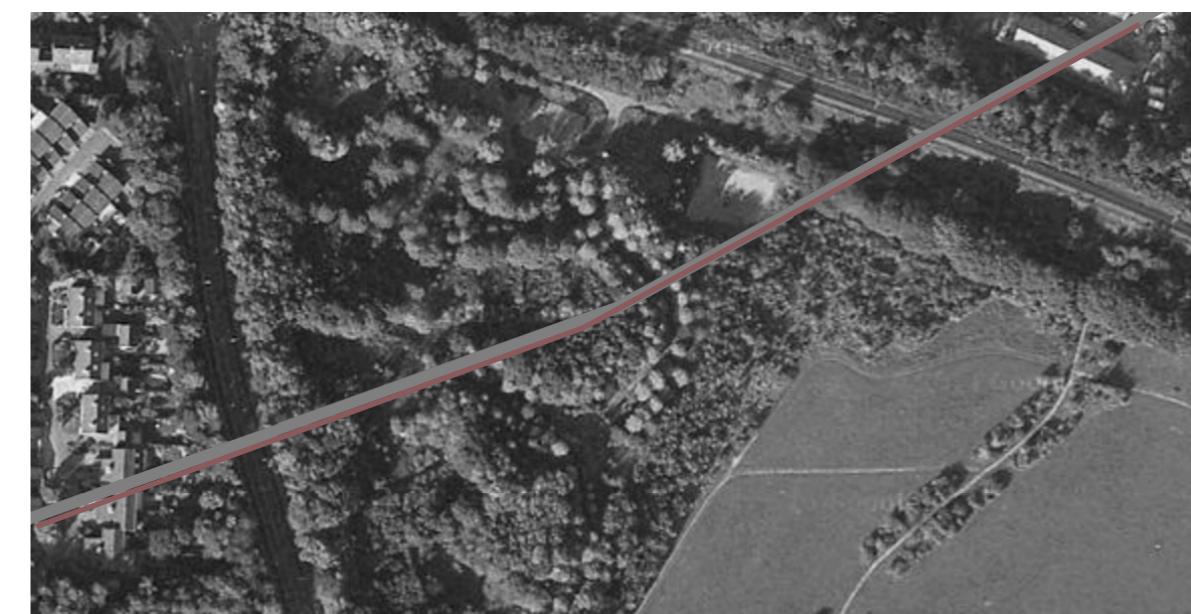






VIA BELGICA

LANDSCHAPPEN NU



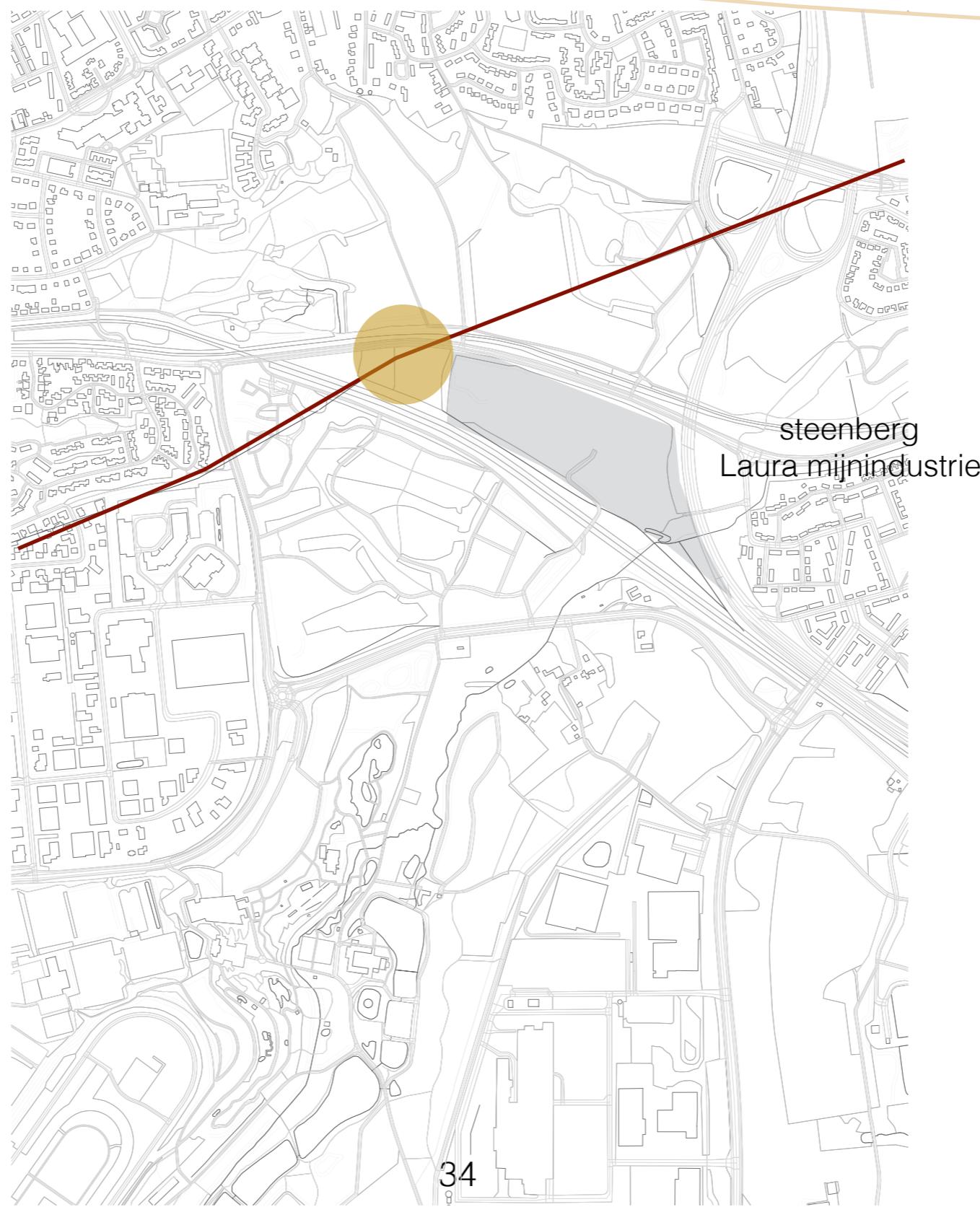


In de context van het omringende landschap van de via Belgica hedendaags is het complex om de resterende delen van de Romeinse weg aan elkaar te knopen, te ontsluiten en toegankelijk te maken voor bewoners en toeristen.

Wel mogelijk is om delen van de weg te laten herleven op plaatsen met een toegevoegde waarde voor de stad, bewoners en/of toeristen.



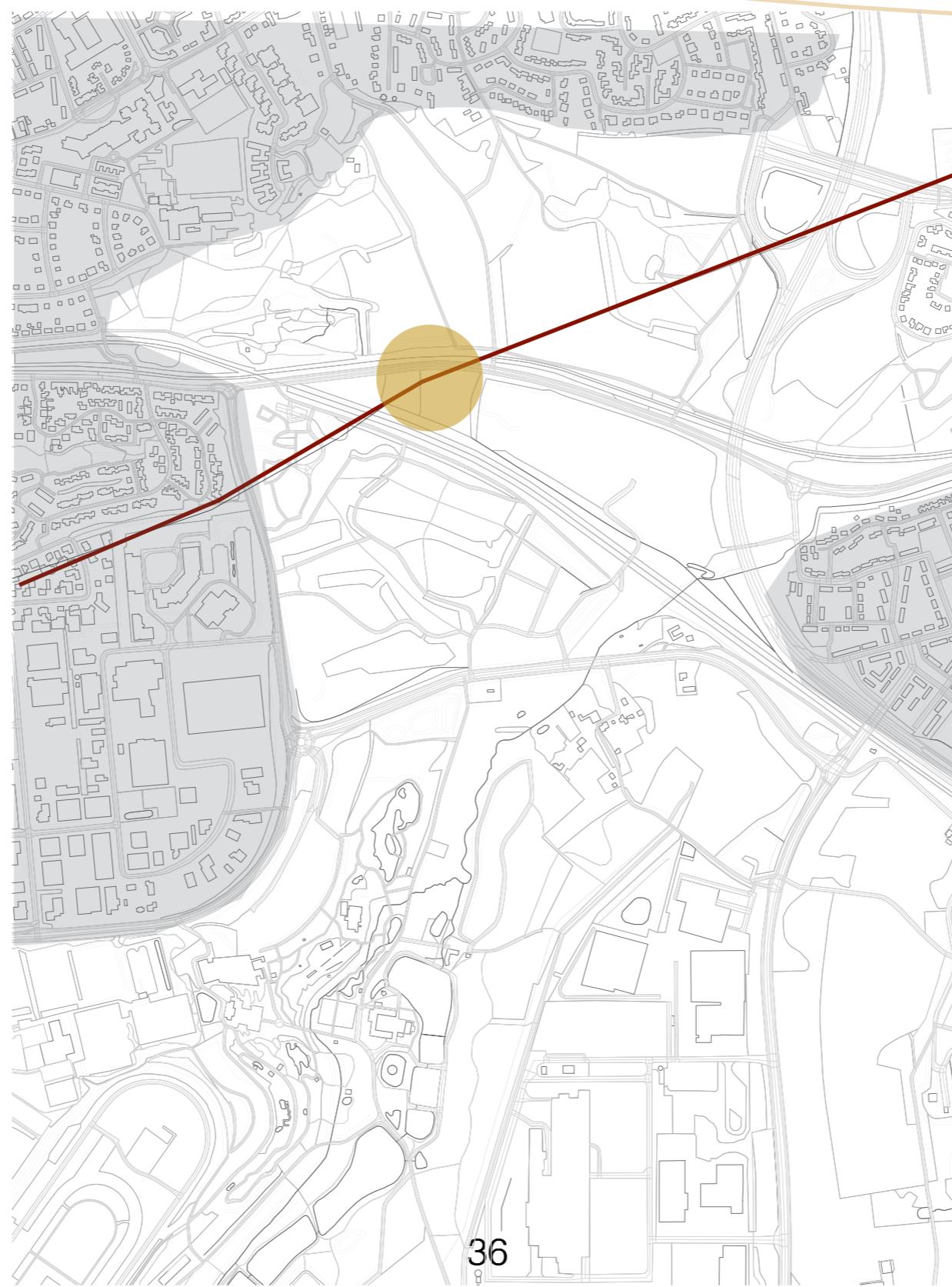
LOCATIE 1/500



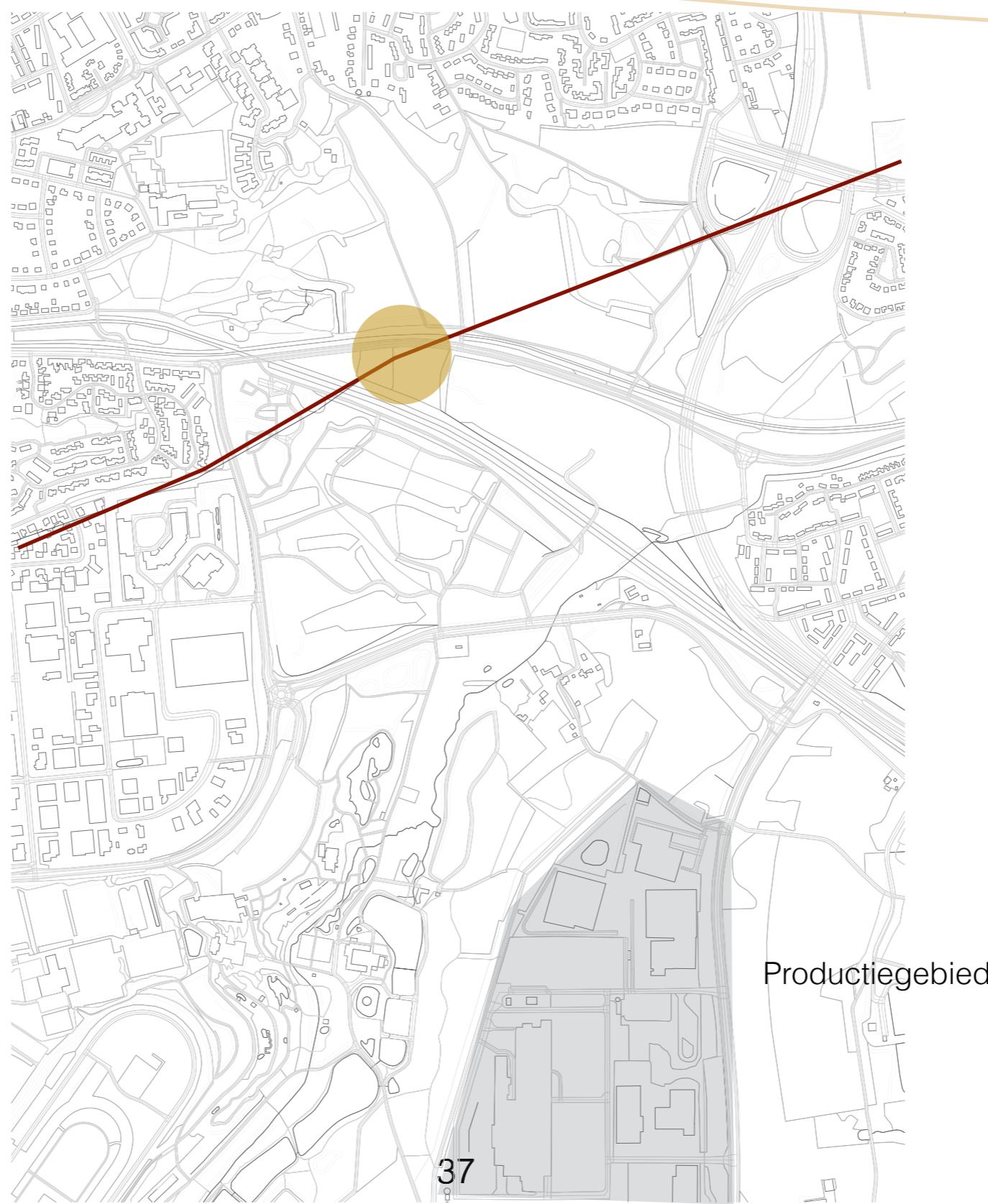
LOCATIE



LOCATIE



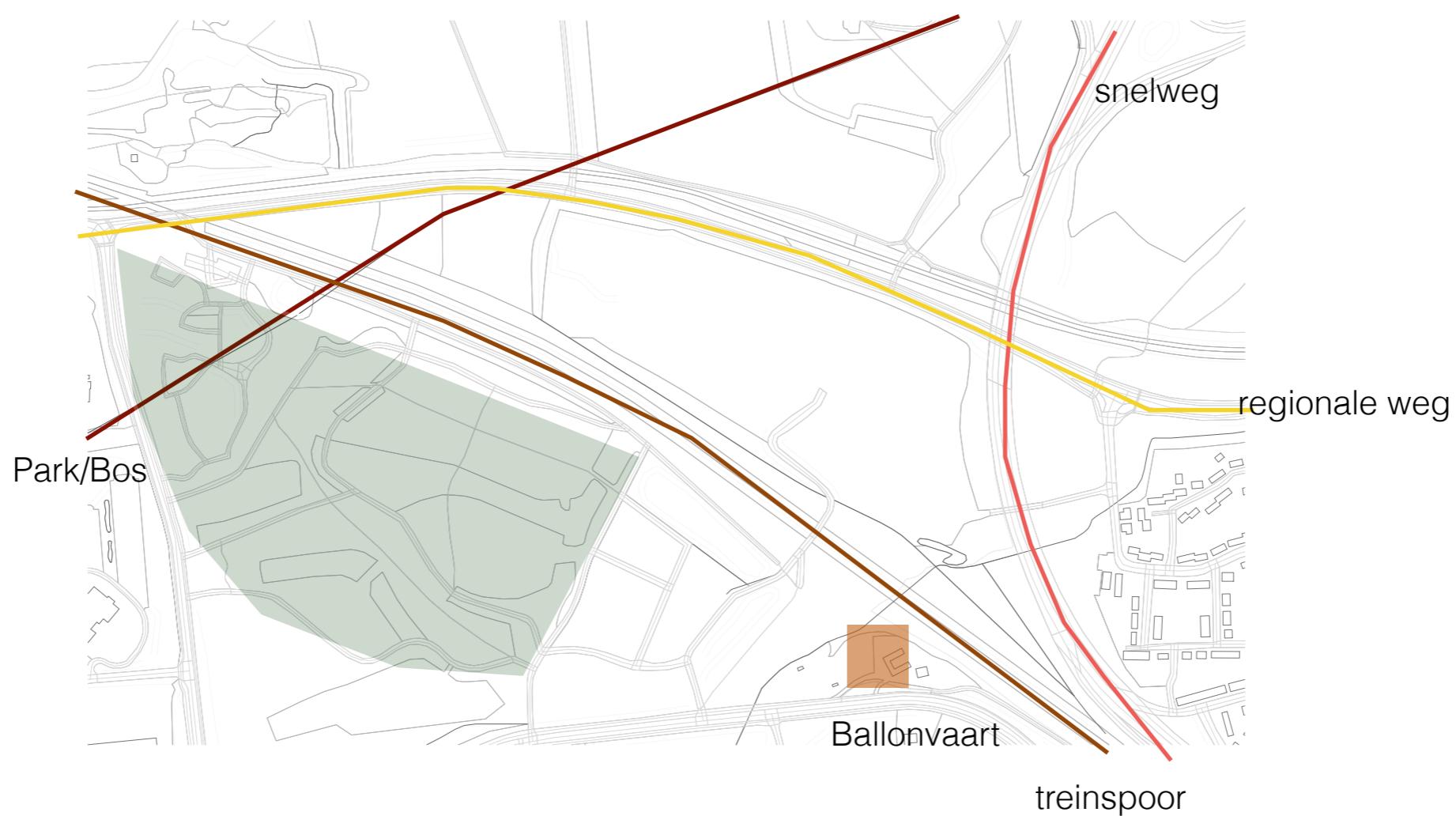
LOCATIE



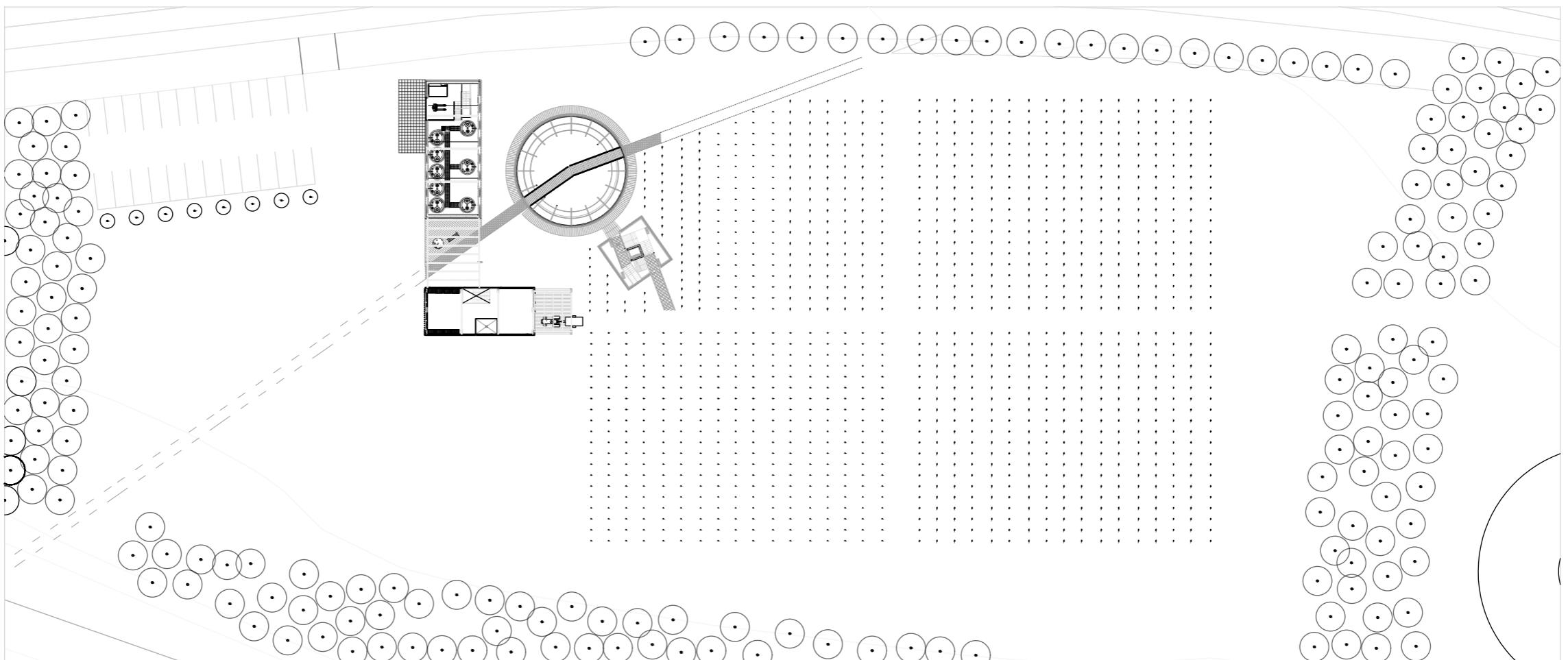
LOCATIE

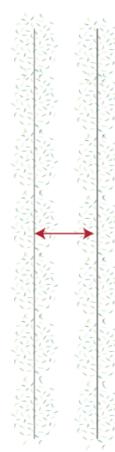
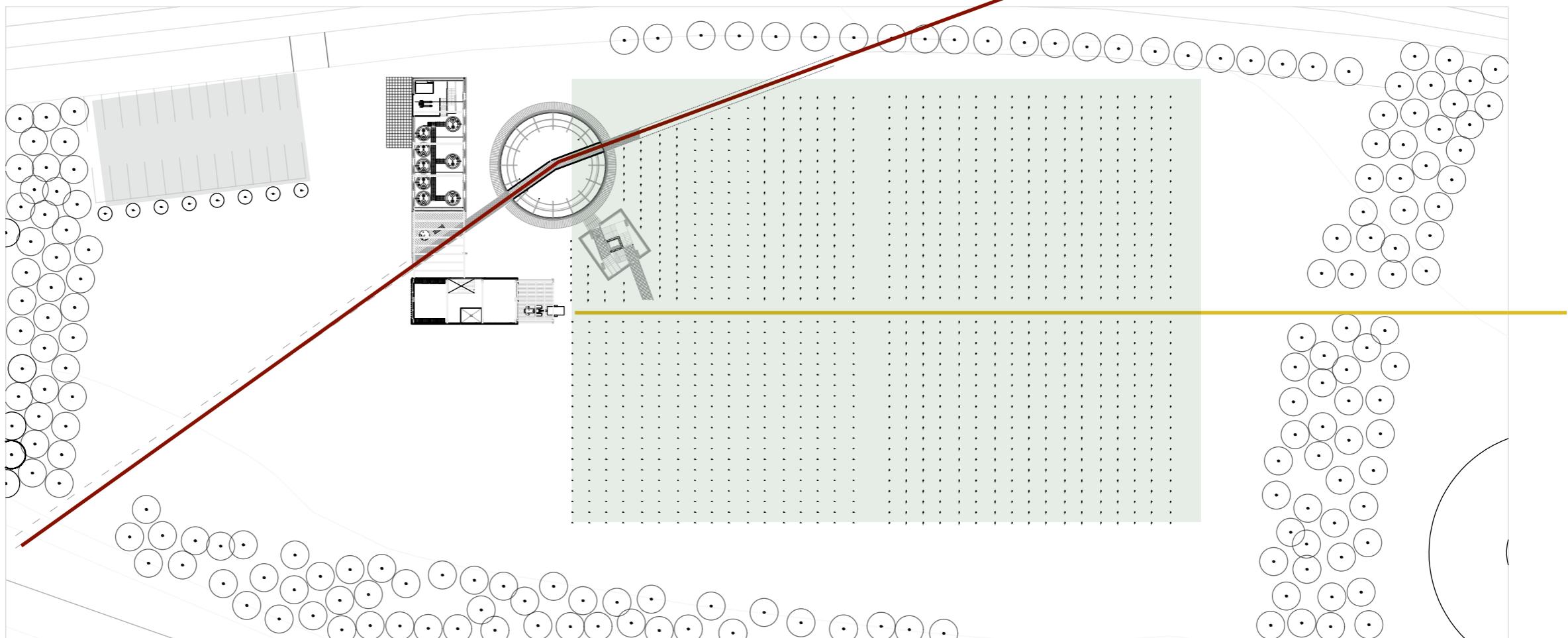


LOCATIE 1/500



LOCATIE





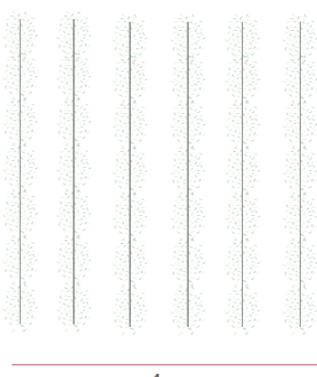
4 Roman ft (1,2 m)
5 ft suggested for hand cultivation

'ONE TO ONE' RULE
distance between rows equals canopy height (for capturing the available sunlight)

N
↑
Z
↓

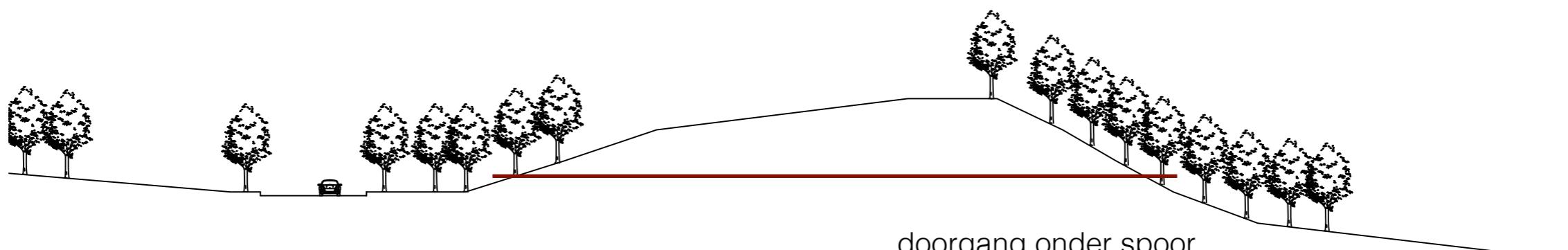
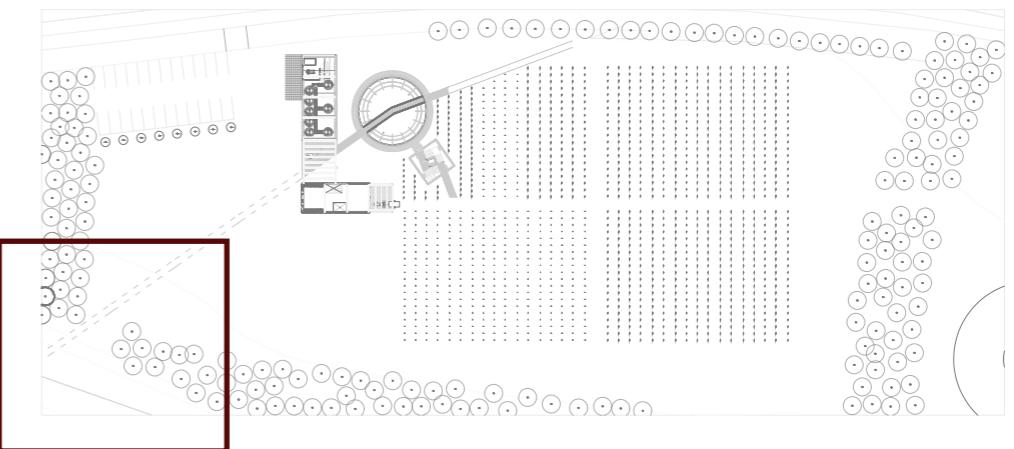
OPTIMUM ORIENTATION
maximize sunlight exposure on both east & west side of the canopy

4 - 6' for vinifera
6 - 8' hybrid/native



4

LOCATIE



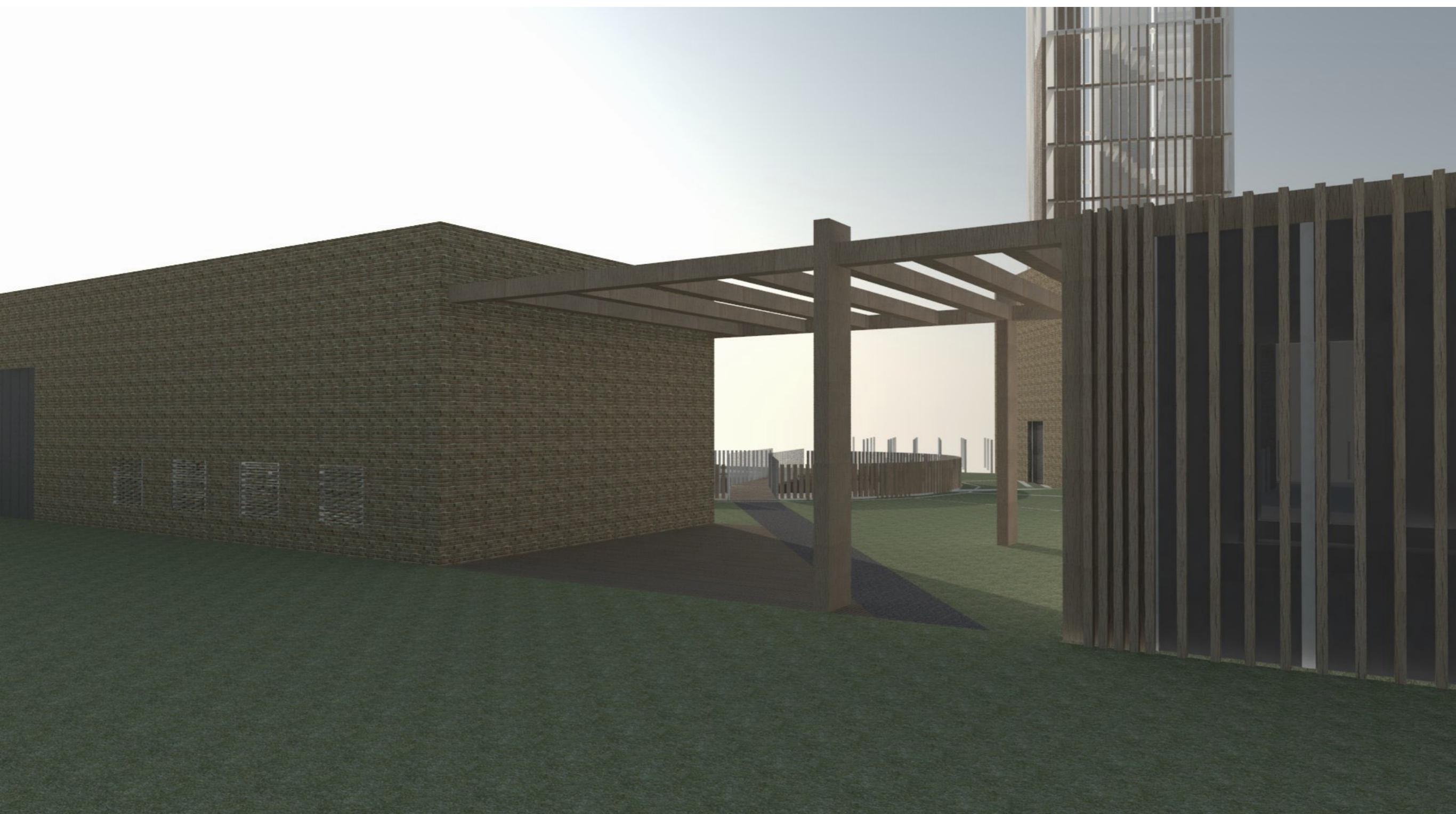
doorgang onder spoor
ter plaats van
via Belgica

INTRODUCTION

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LOCATIE



VIA BELGICA

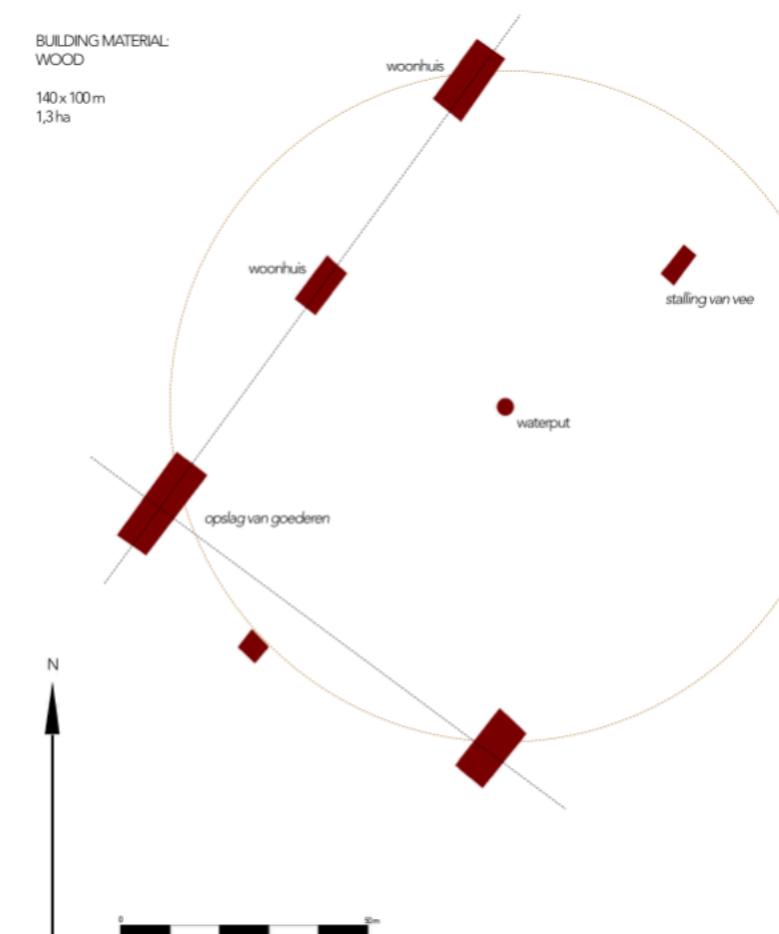
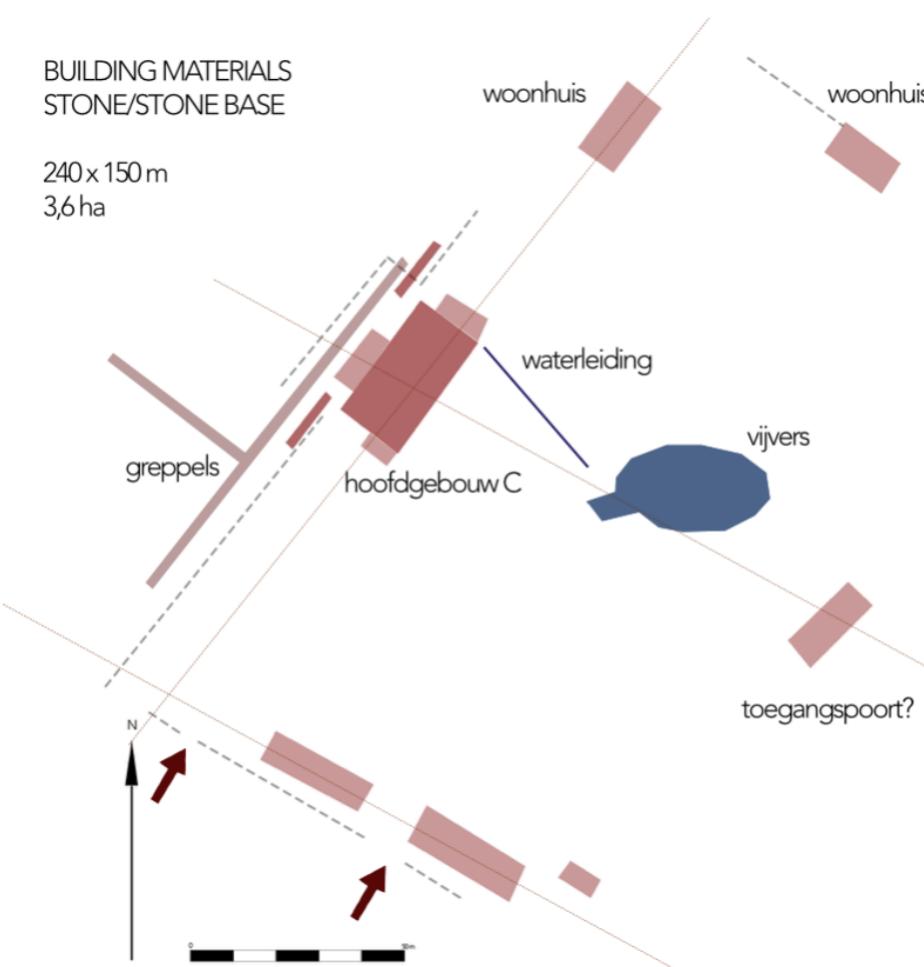


LOCATIE



ONTWERP
GEOMETRIE

VILLA RUSTICA

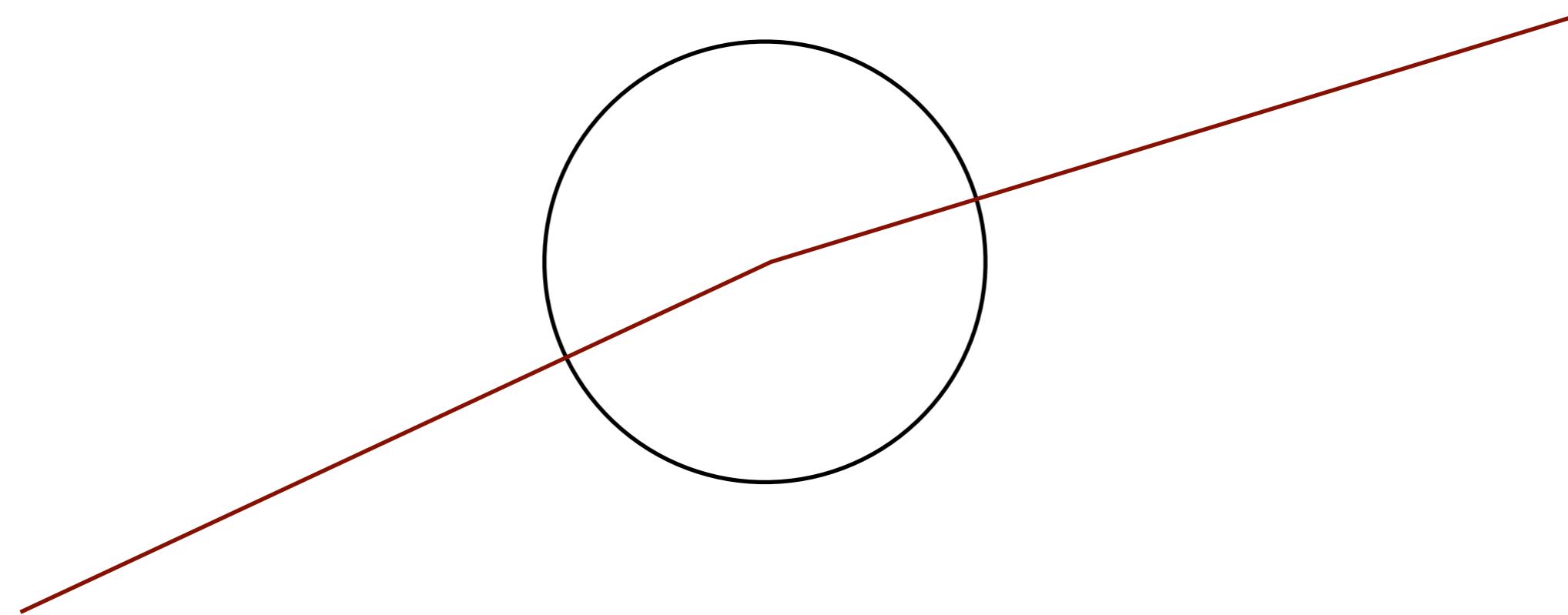


INTRODUCTION

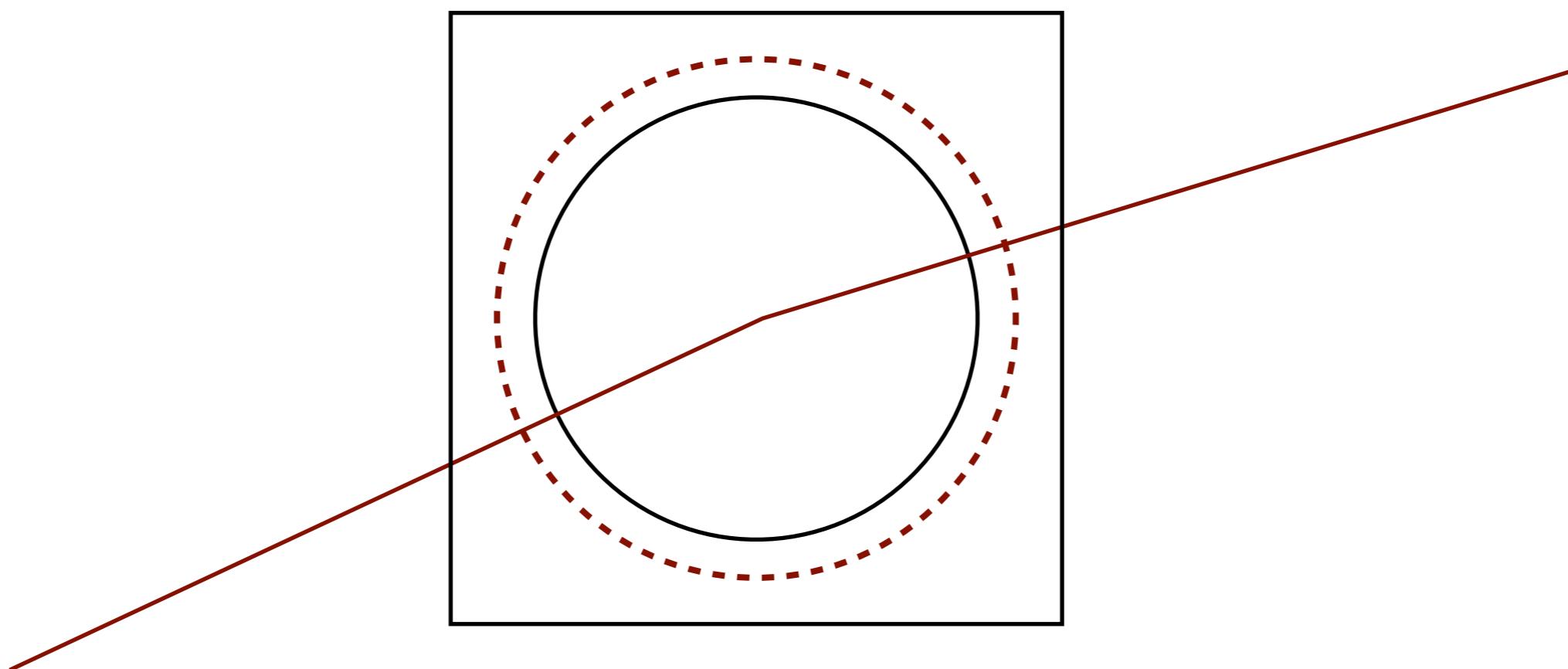
RESEARCH

DESIGN

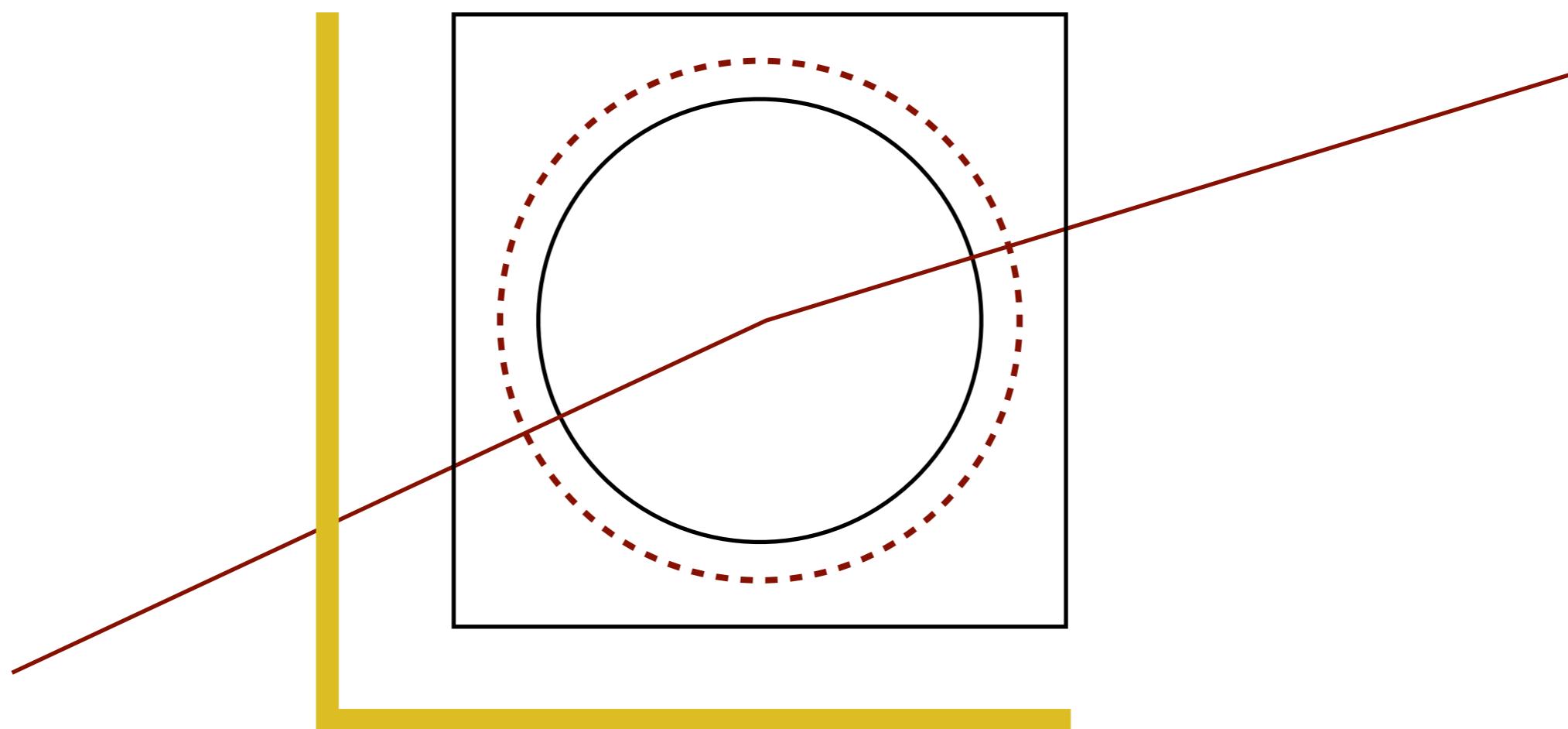
ONTWERP



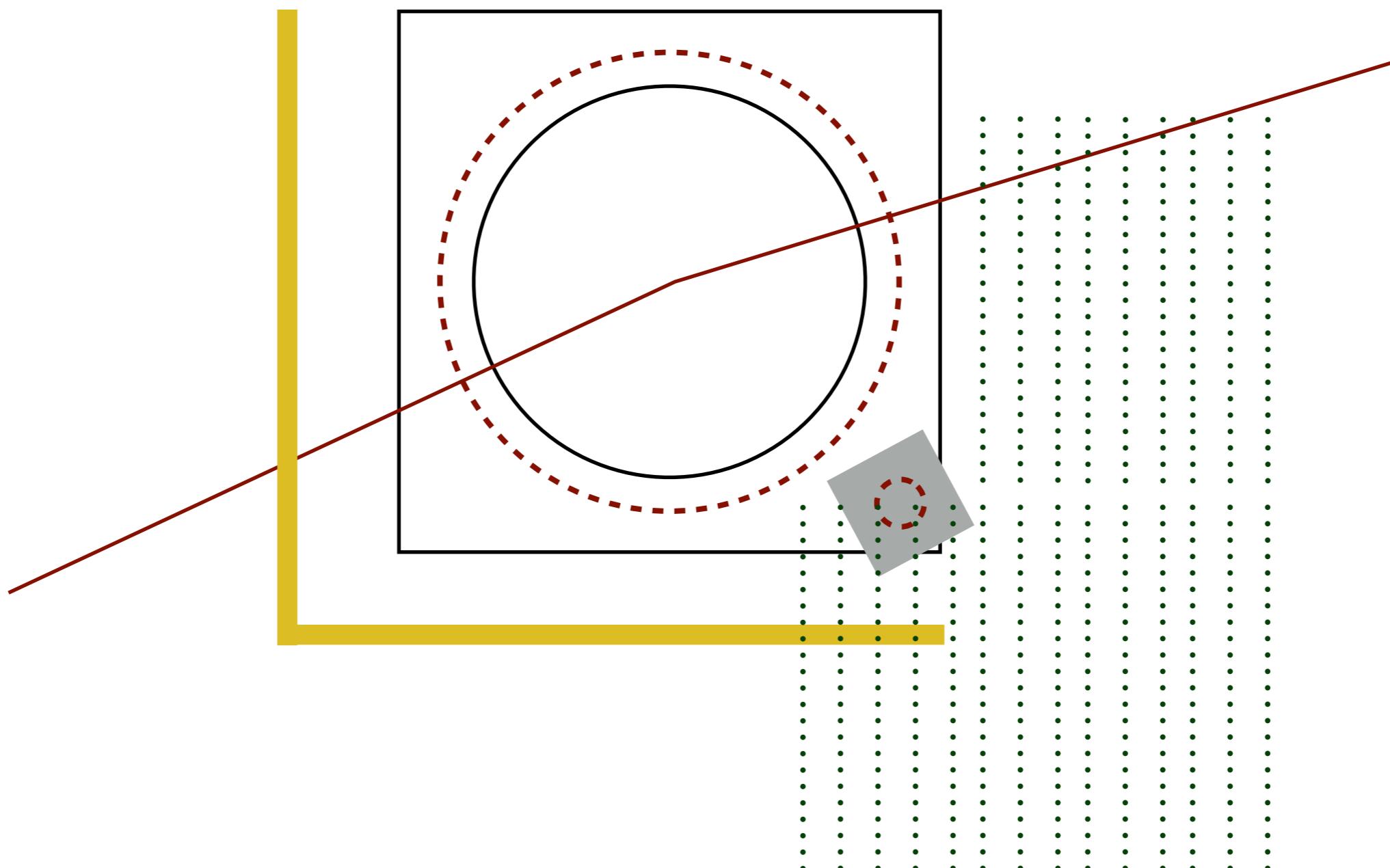
ONTWERP



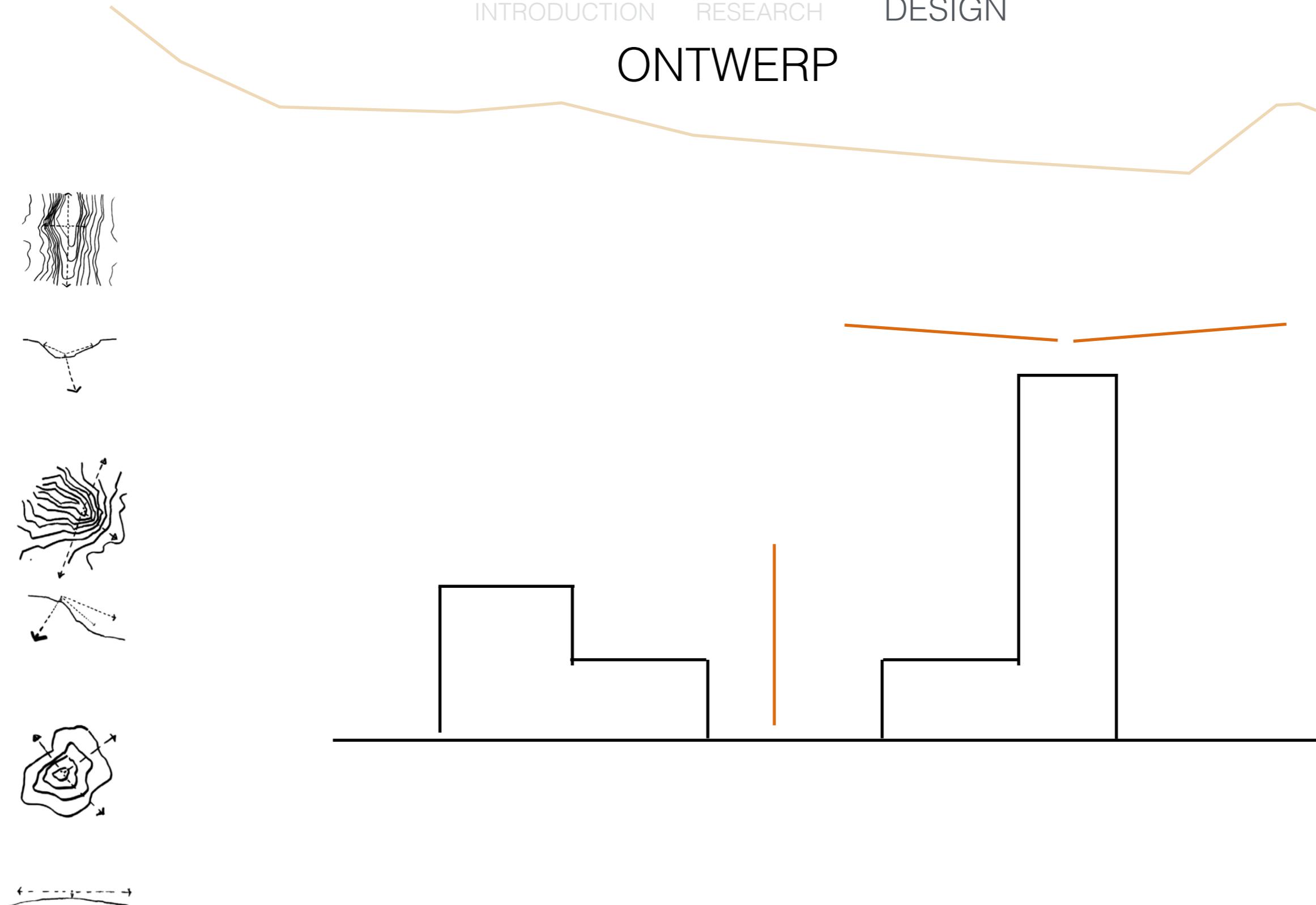
ONTWERP



ONTWERP



ONTWERP



WIJNPROCES



GATHERING

SORTING

CRUSHING

PRESSING

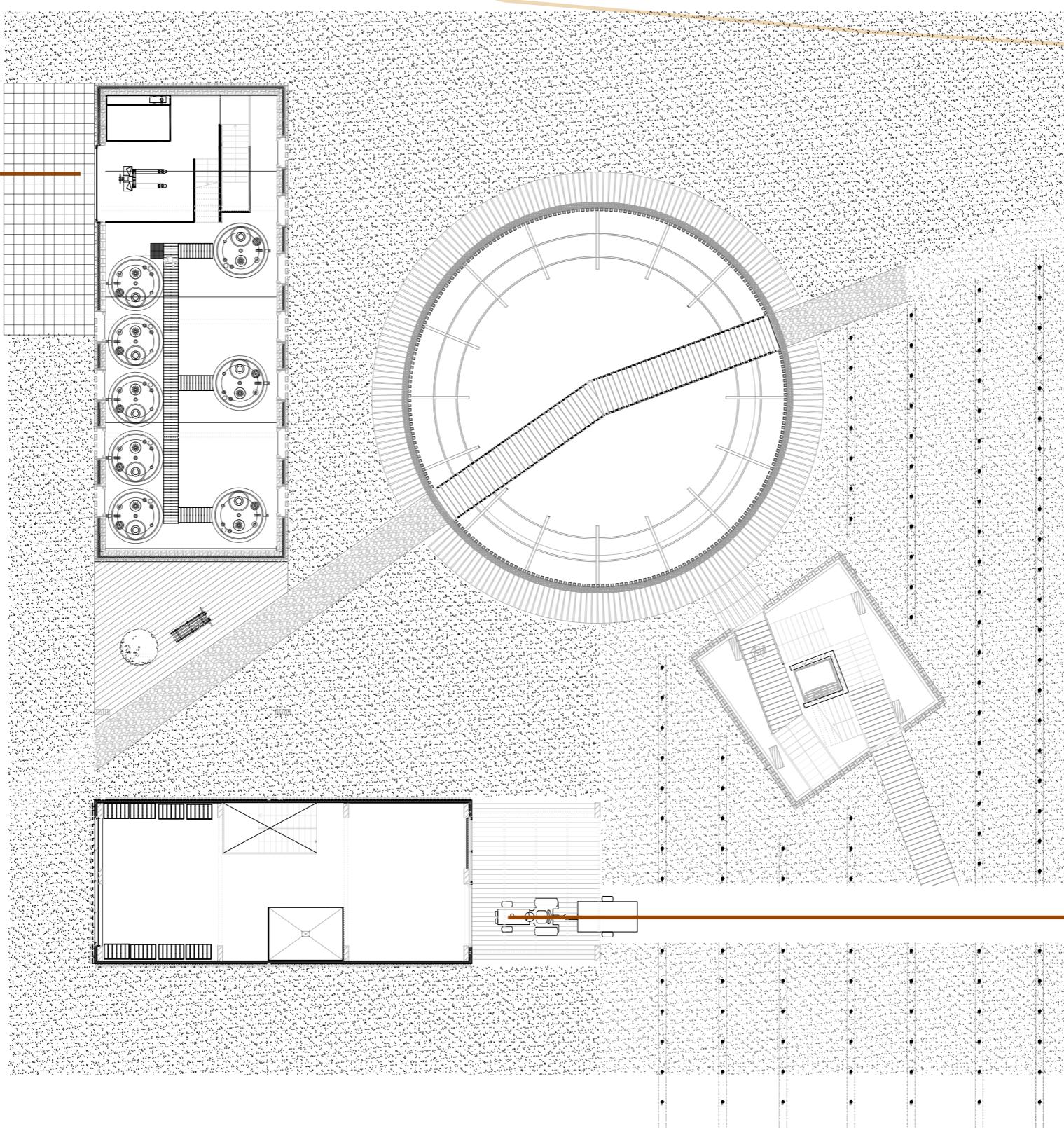
FERMENTATION

BOTTLING

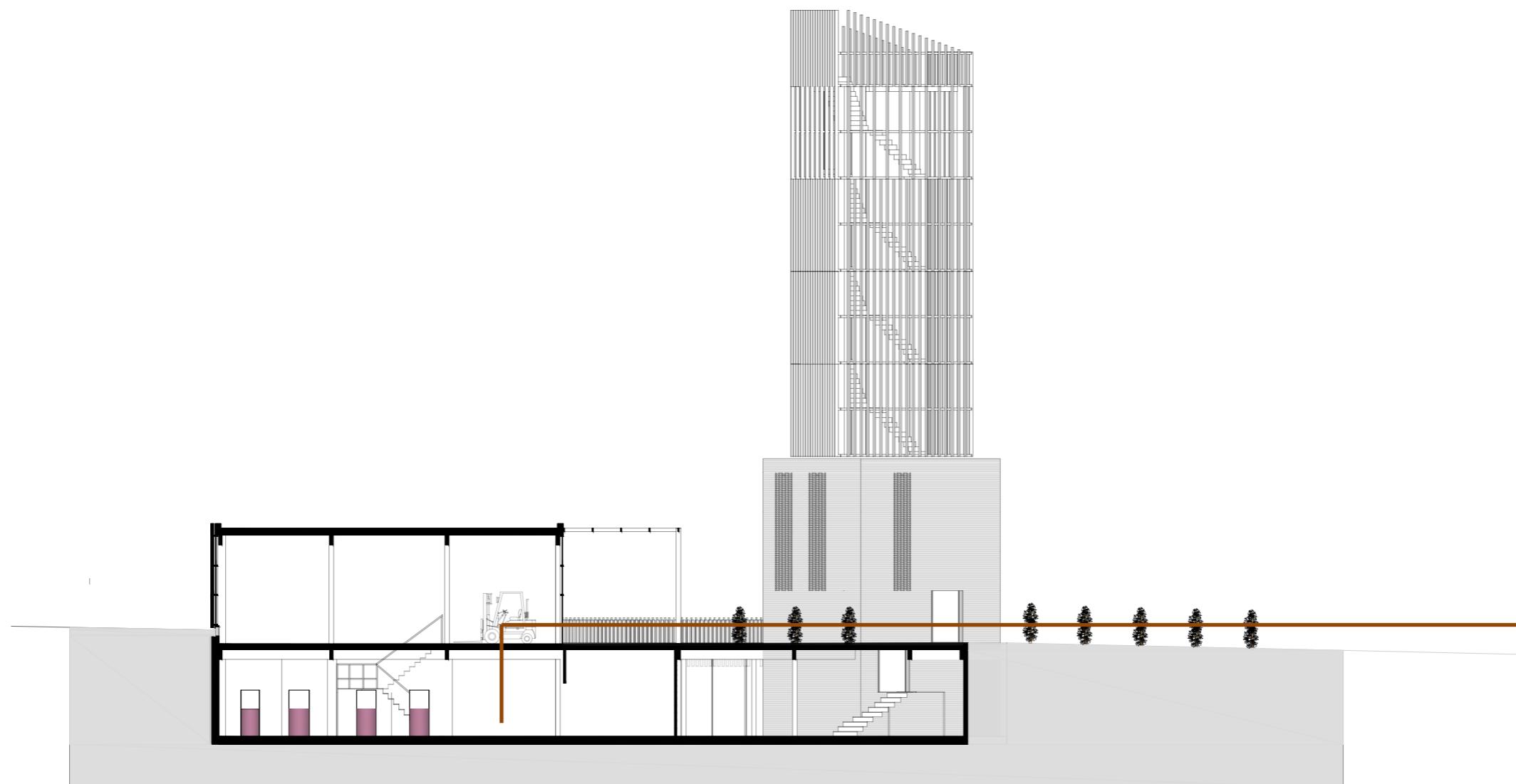
AGING

WIJNPROCES

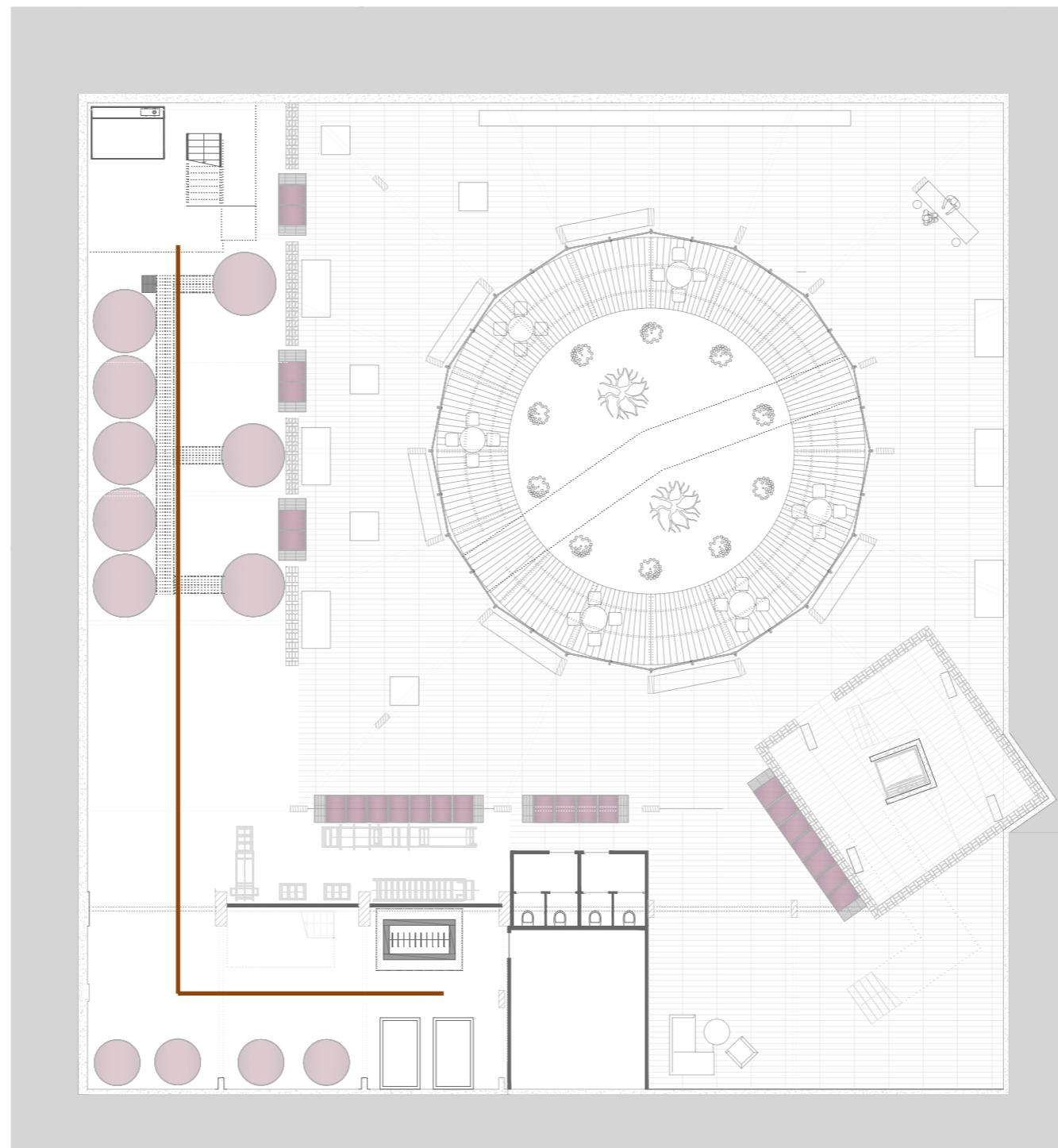
DISTRIBUTIE FLESSEN
INGANG PERSONEEL



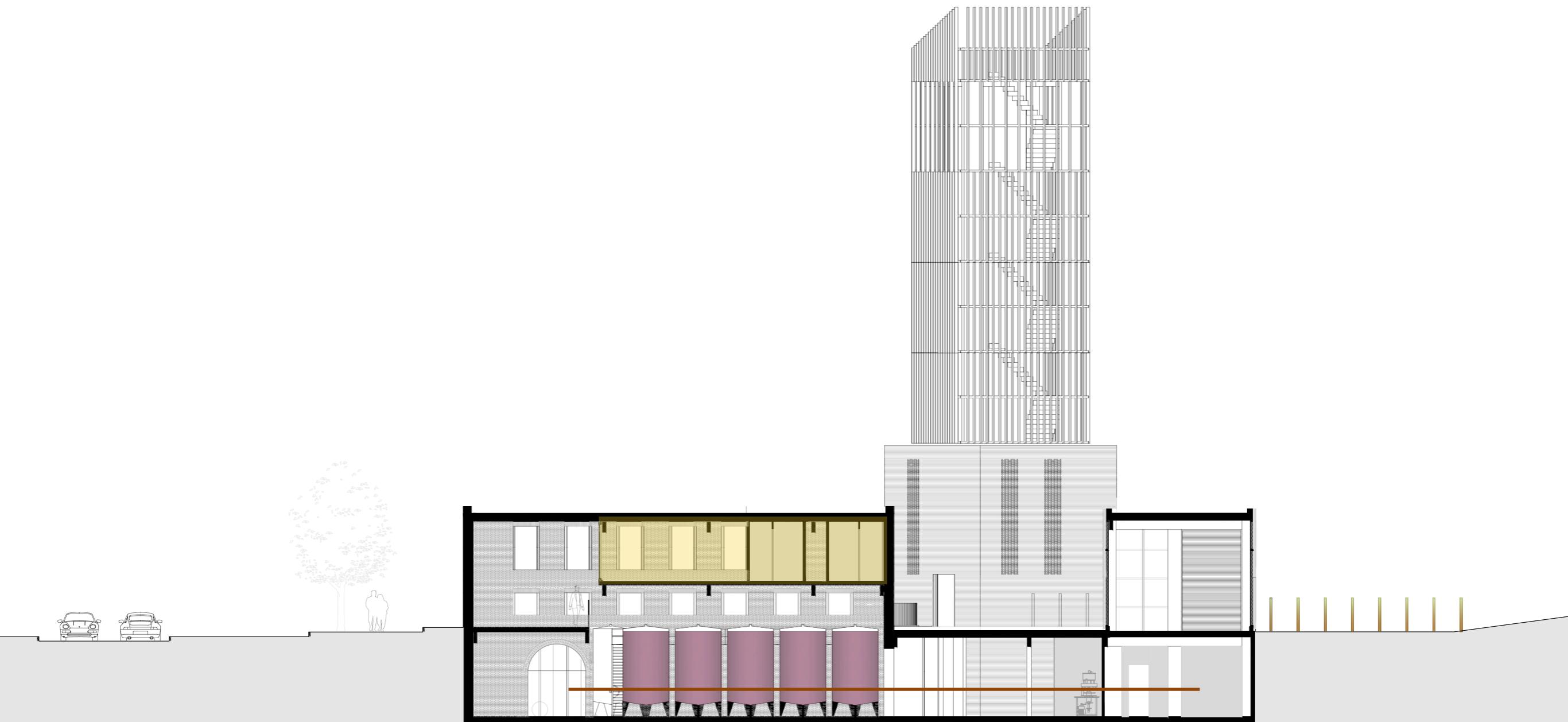
WIJNPROCES



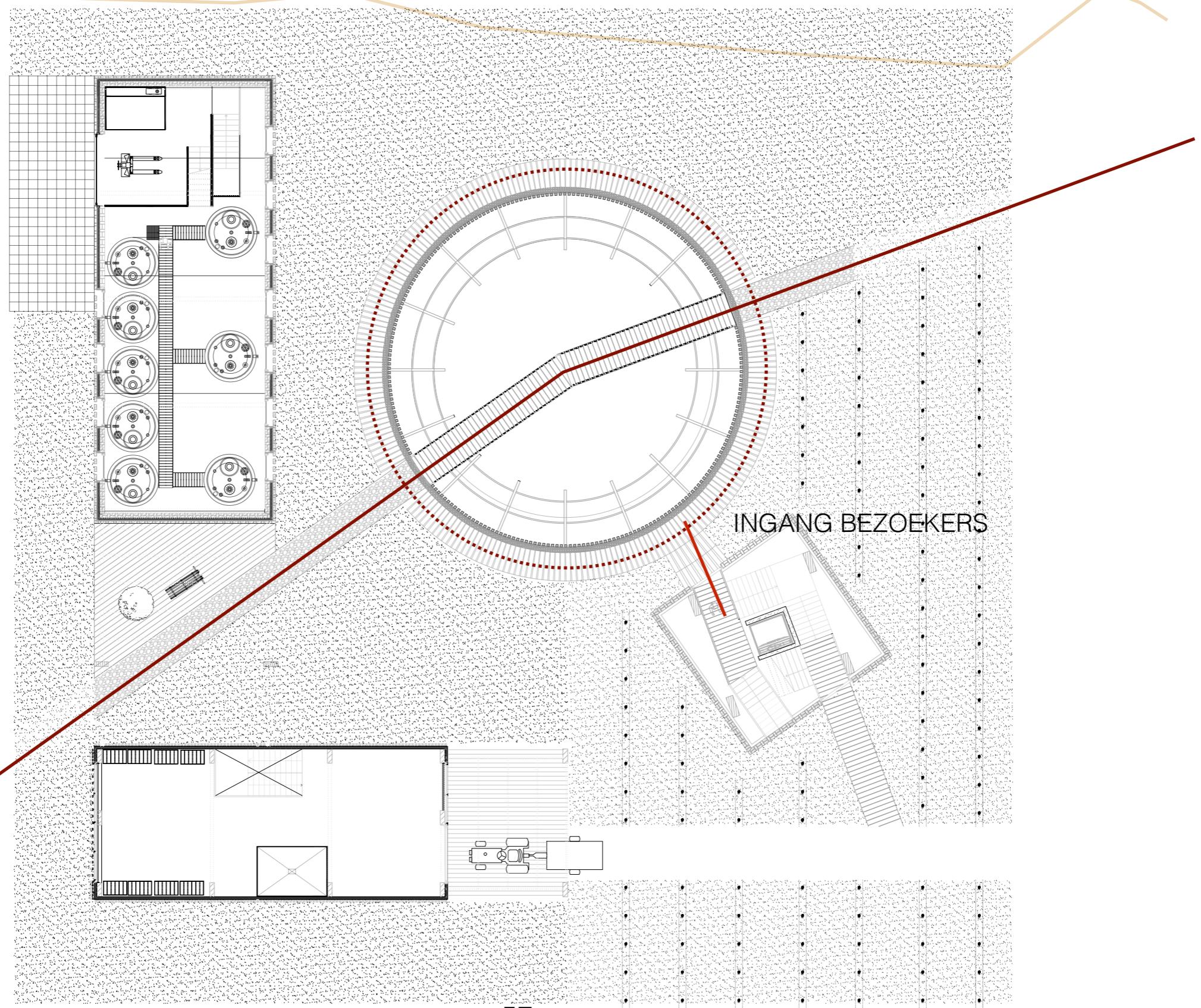
WIJNPROCES



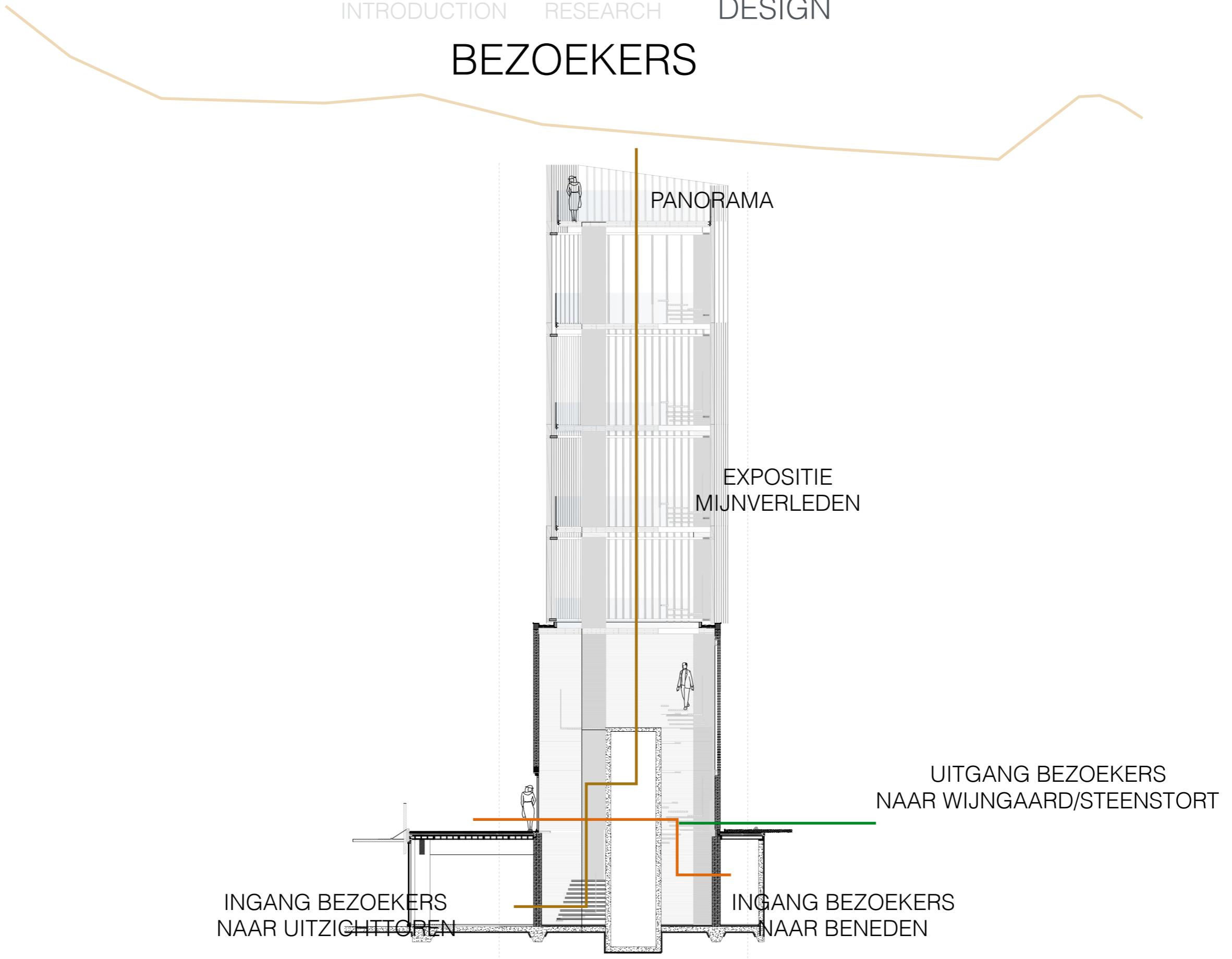
WIJNPROCES



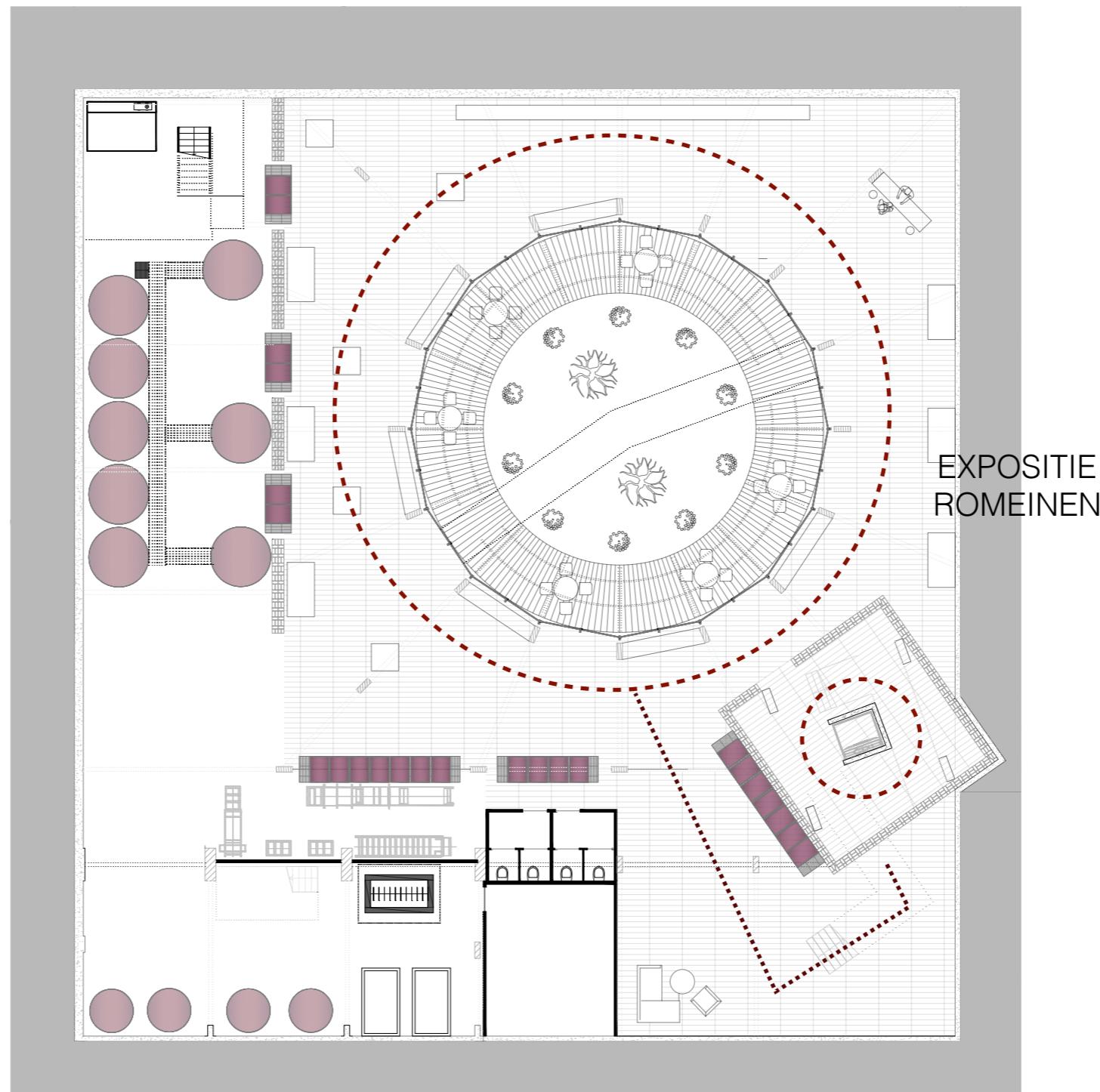
BEZOEKERS



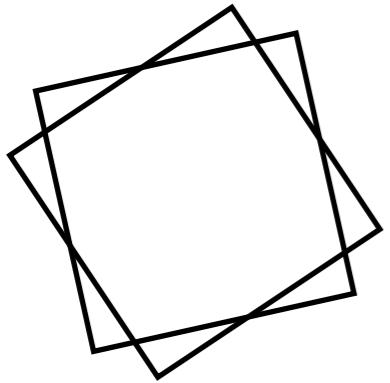
BEZOEKERS



BEZOEKERS

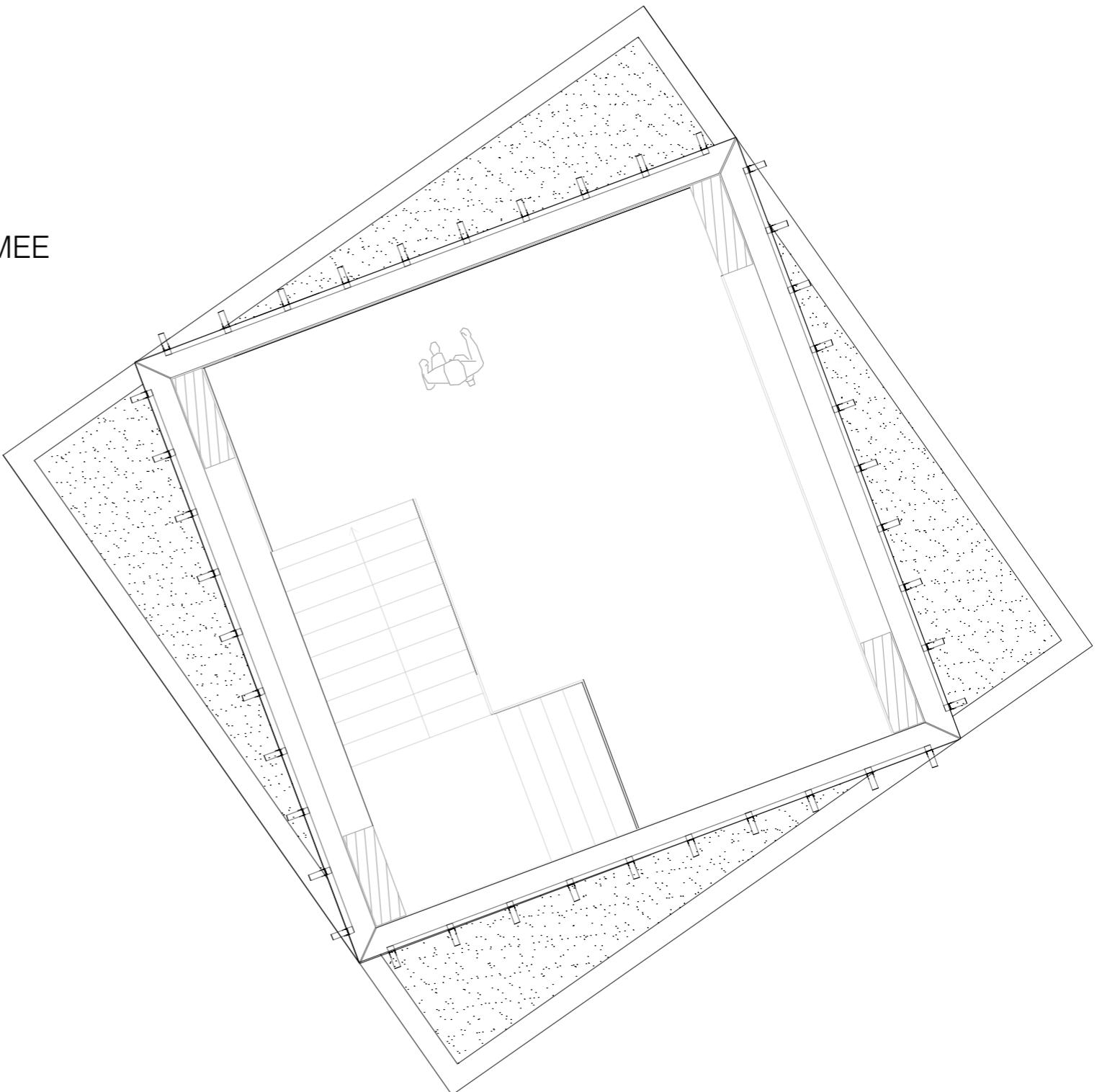


ONTWERP



DRAAIING MET KNIK MEE
VIA BELGICA

DEEL 1 METSELWERK
DEEL 2 HOUTEN CONSTRUCTIE



BEZOEKERS



MATERIALISATIE

'LAND VAN KALK'



MERGEL, KUNRADERSTEEN

BAKSTEEN & KALKSTEEN
GEÏNTRODUCEERD DOOR DE ROMEINEN

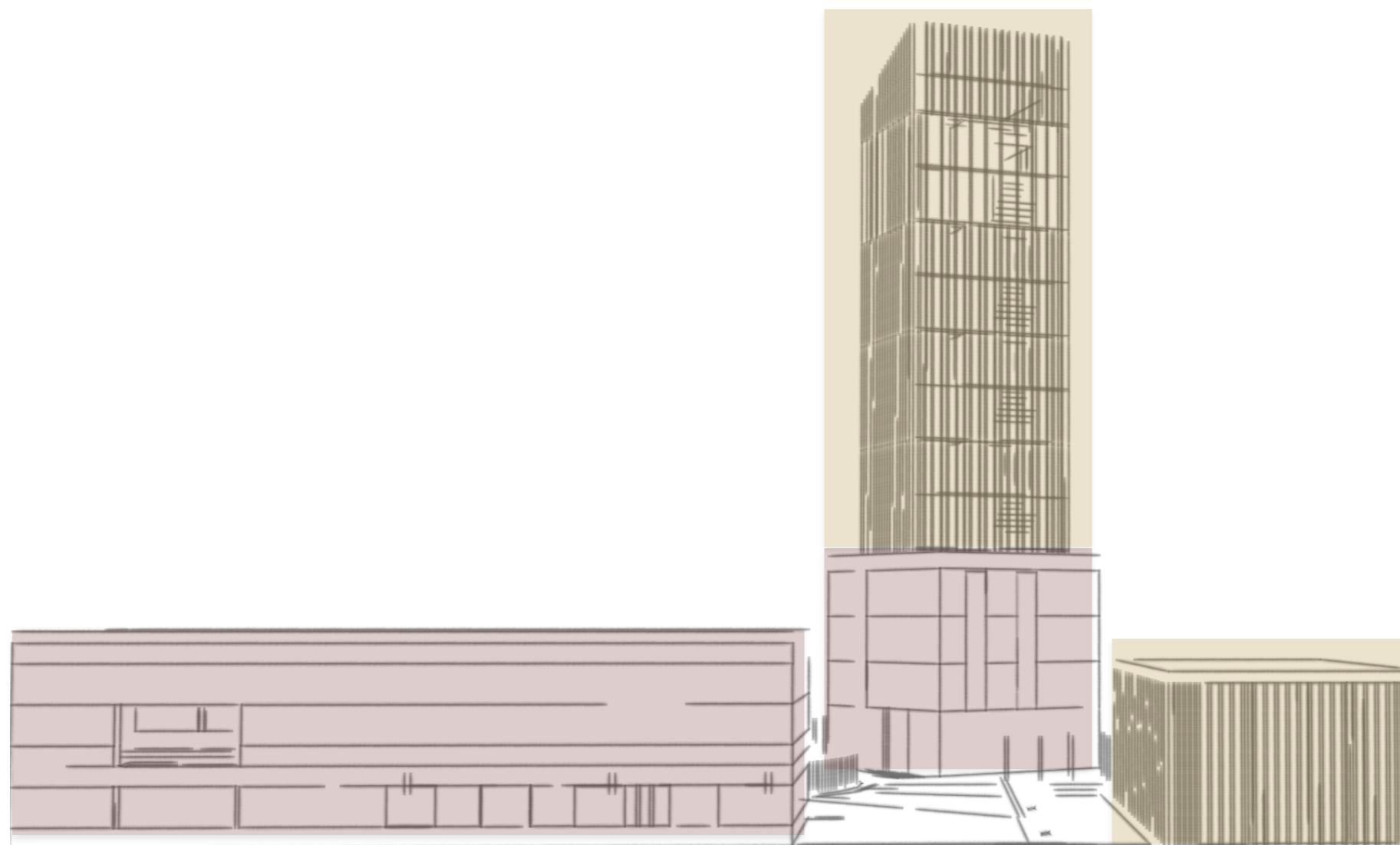


MATERIALISATIE



COMBINATIE HOUT& BAKSTEEN KALKHOUDEND VECHTFORMAAT

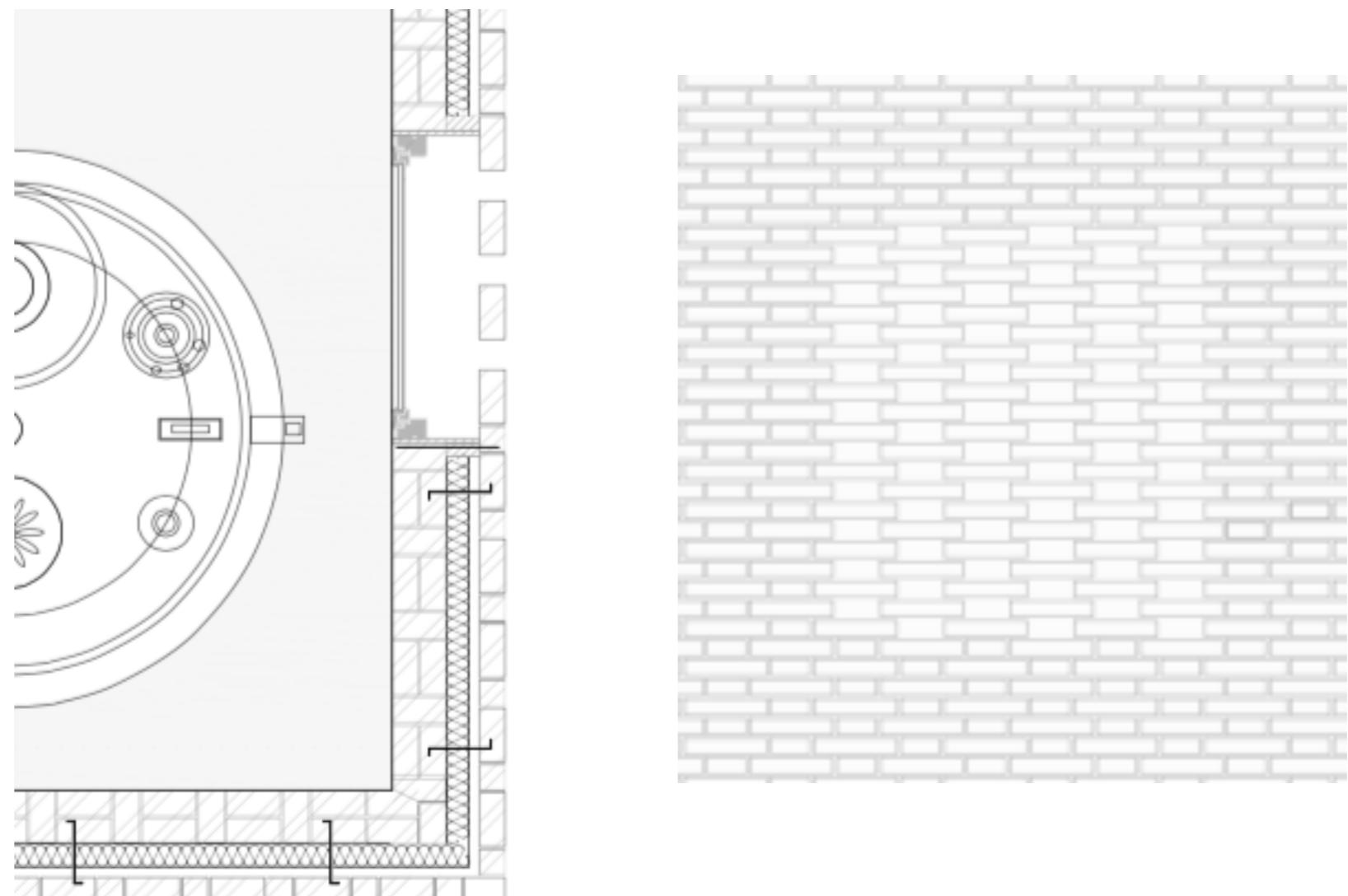
MATERIALISATIE



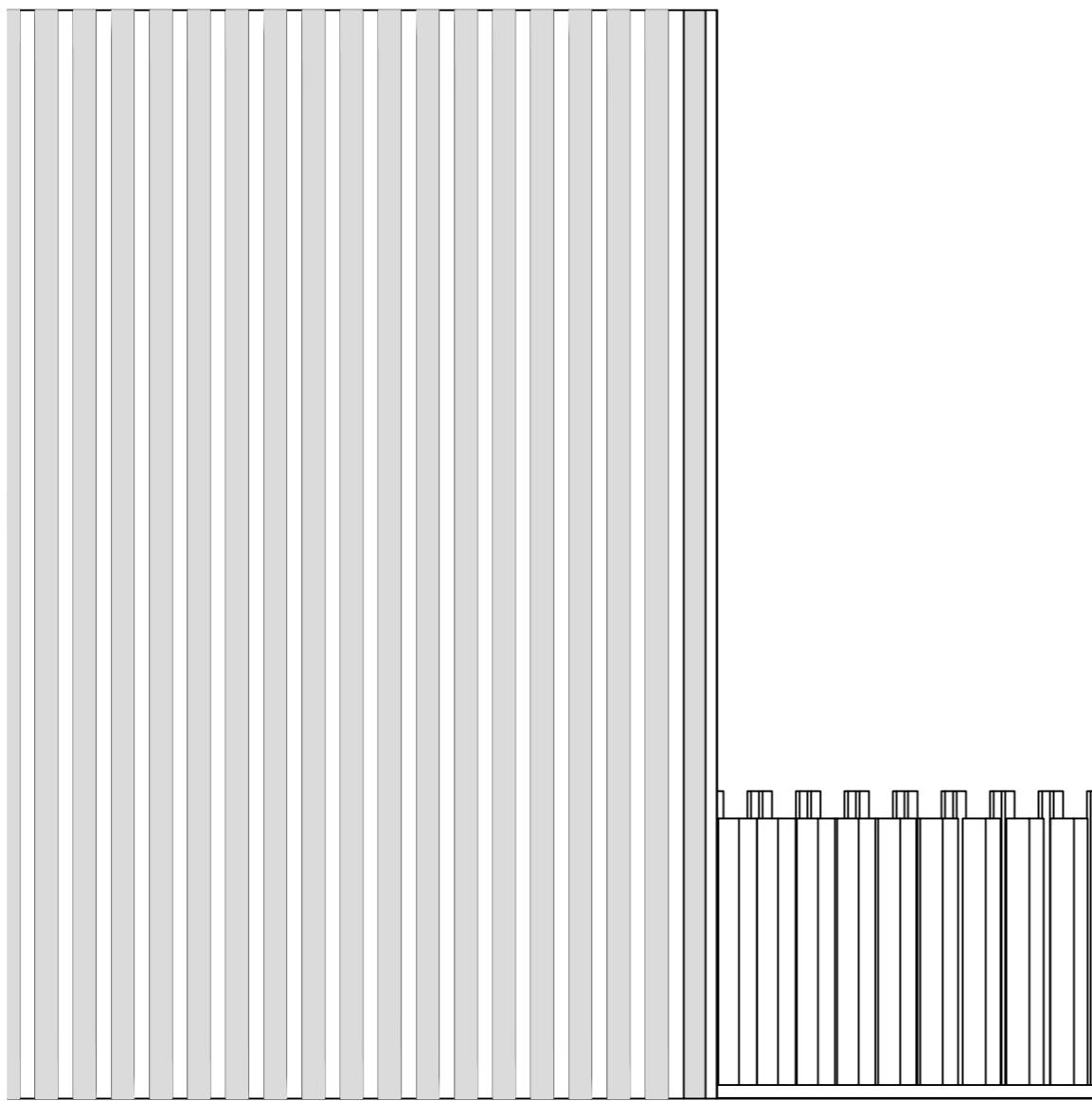
MATERIALISATIE

VLAAMS VERBAND

SIER (SPEKLAAG)
BRAZILIAANS VERBAND

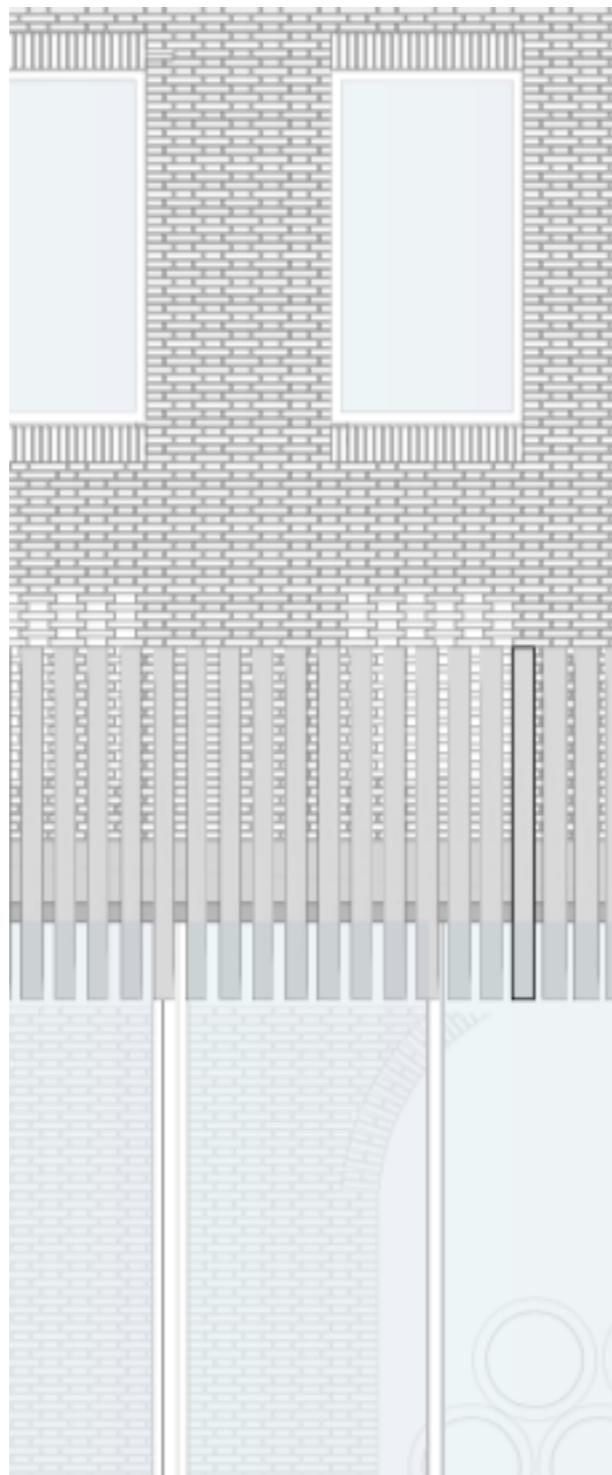


MATERIALISATIE



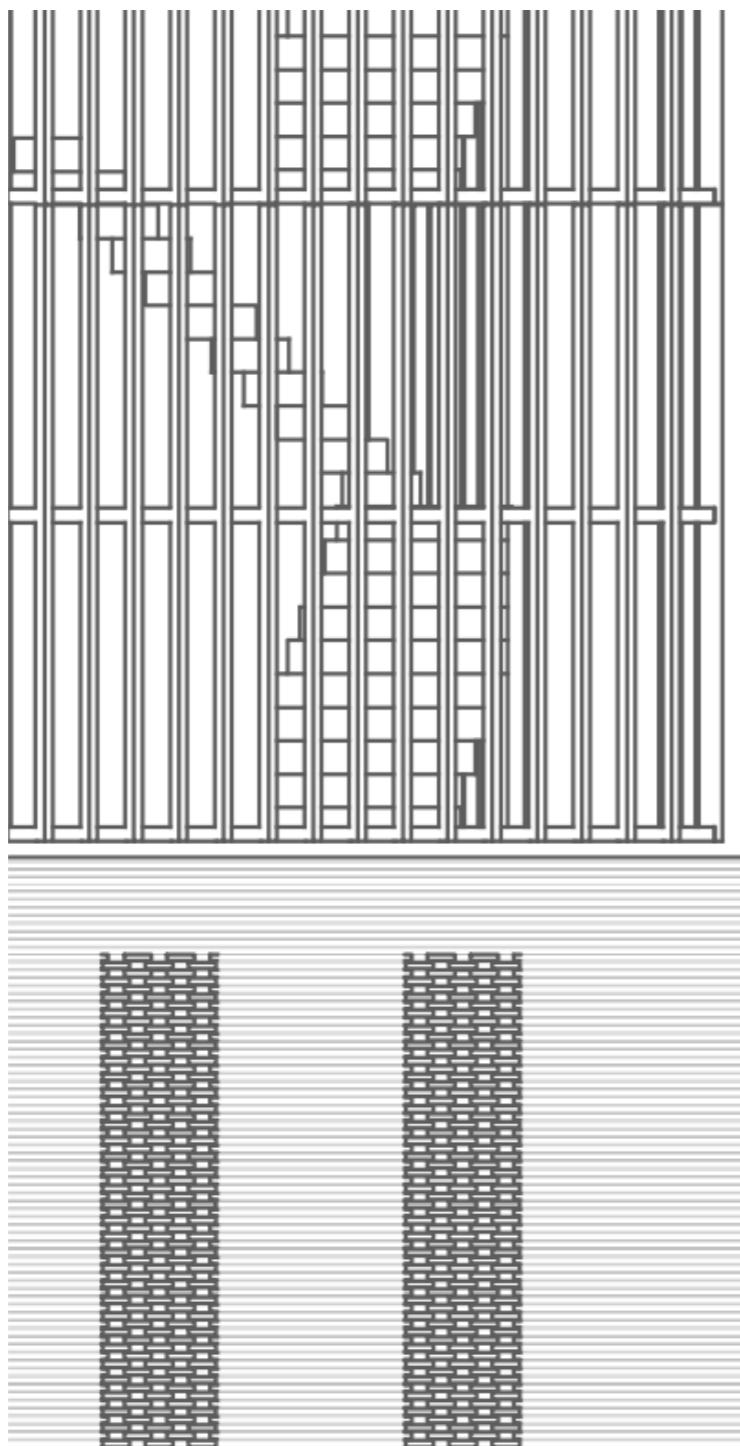
HOUTEN GEVELLATTEN

MATERIALISATIE



HOUTEN GEVELLATTEN BALUSTRADE
VLIESGEVEL

MATERIALISATIE



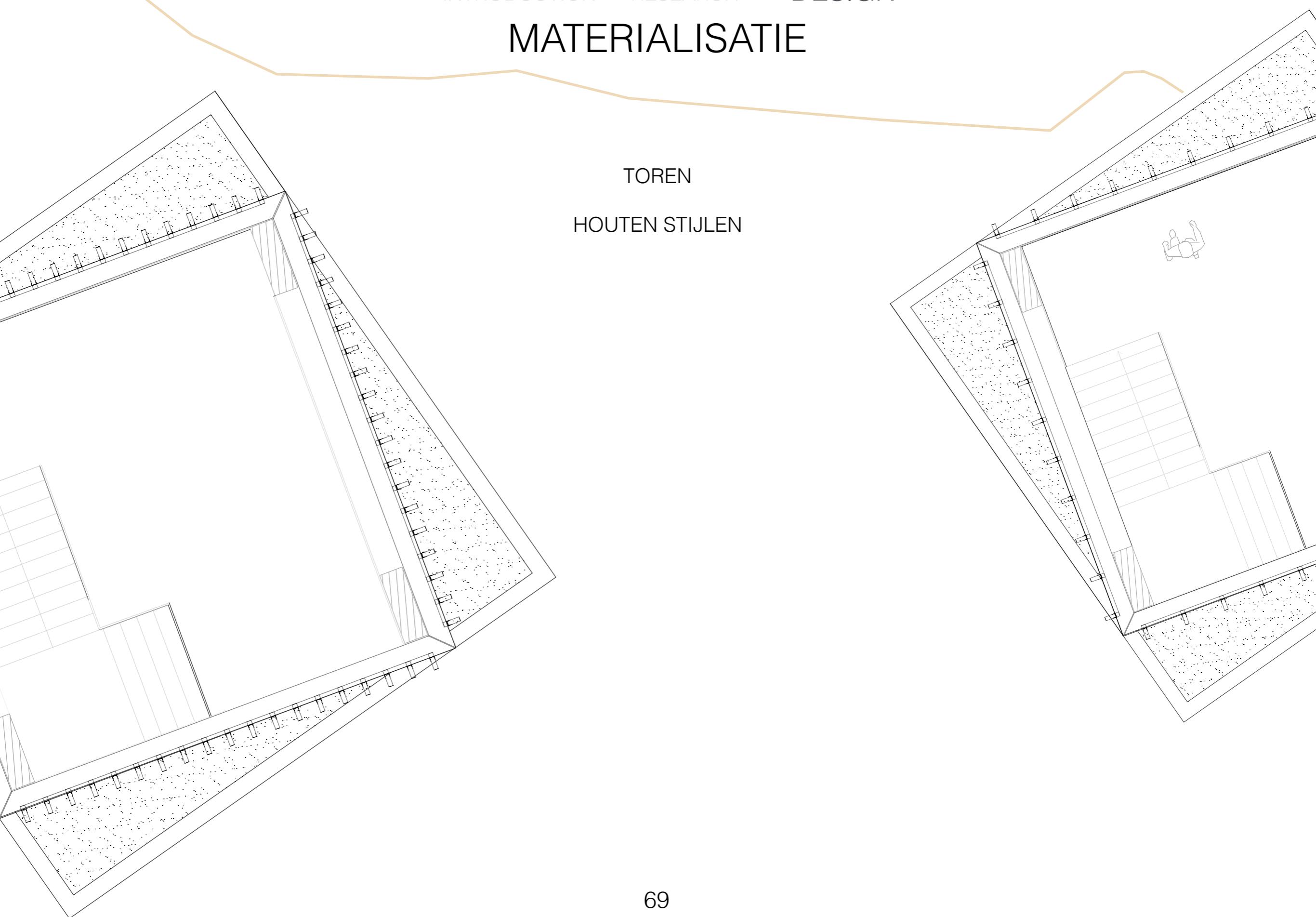
HOUTEN GEVELLATTEN
UITZICHTTOREN

BRAZILIAANS VERBAND

MATERIALISATIE

TOREN

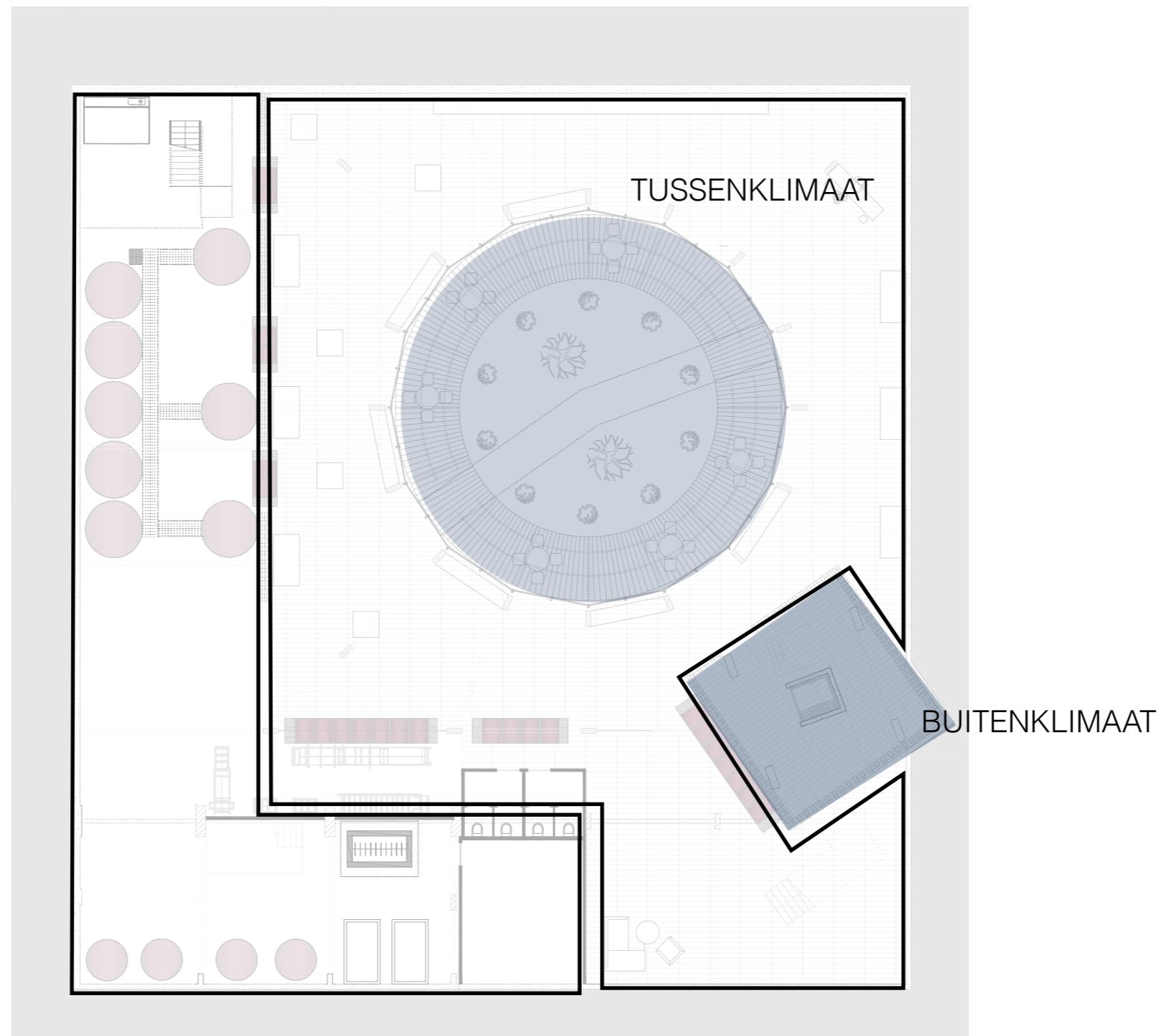
HOUTEN STIJLEN



MATERIALISATIE

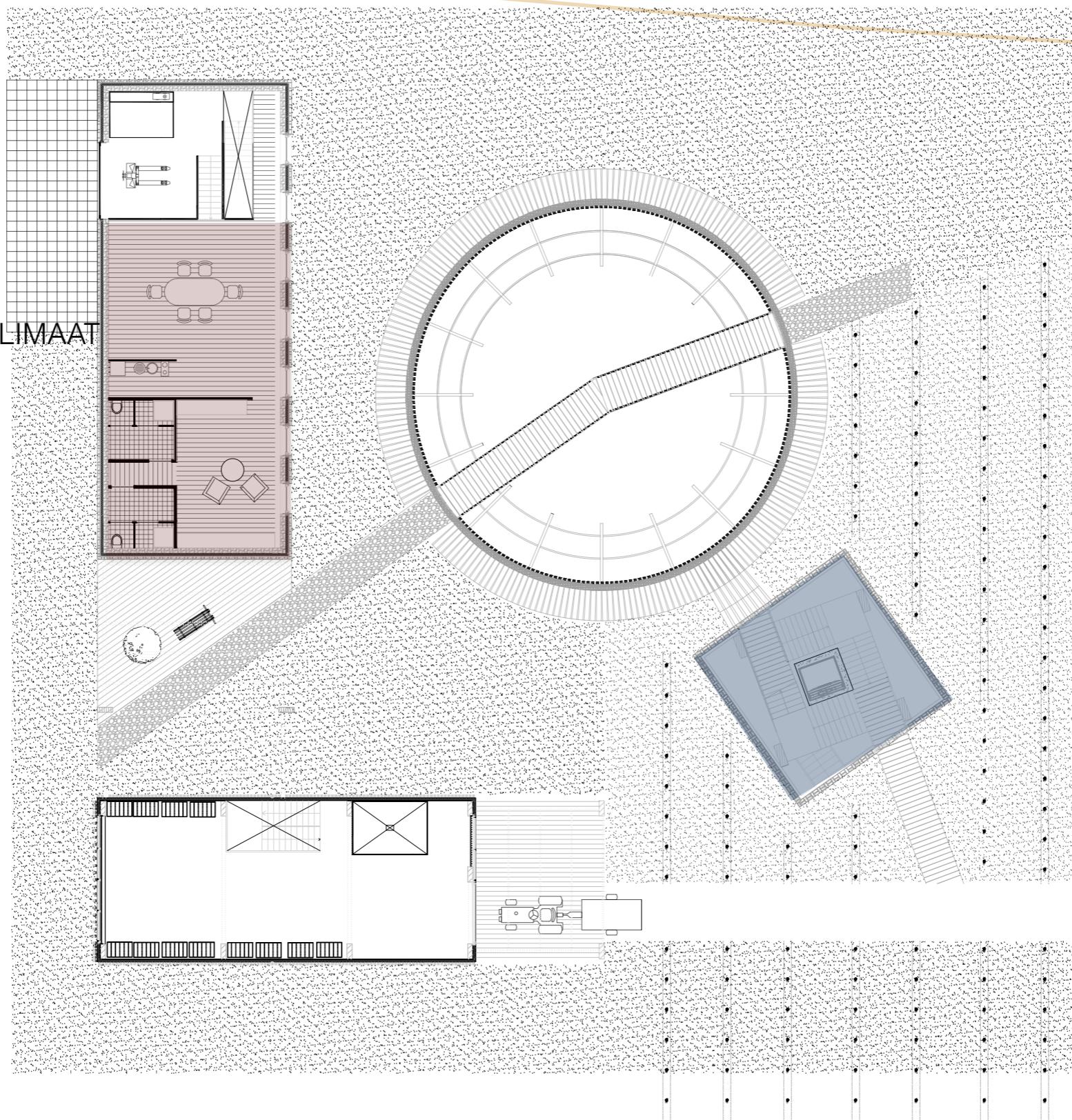
EXPOSITIE TEGEN DE STIJLEN
UITZICHT OVER LANDSCHAP

KLIMATISERING



KLIMATISERING

BINNENKLIMAAT



KLIMATISERING

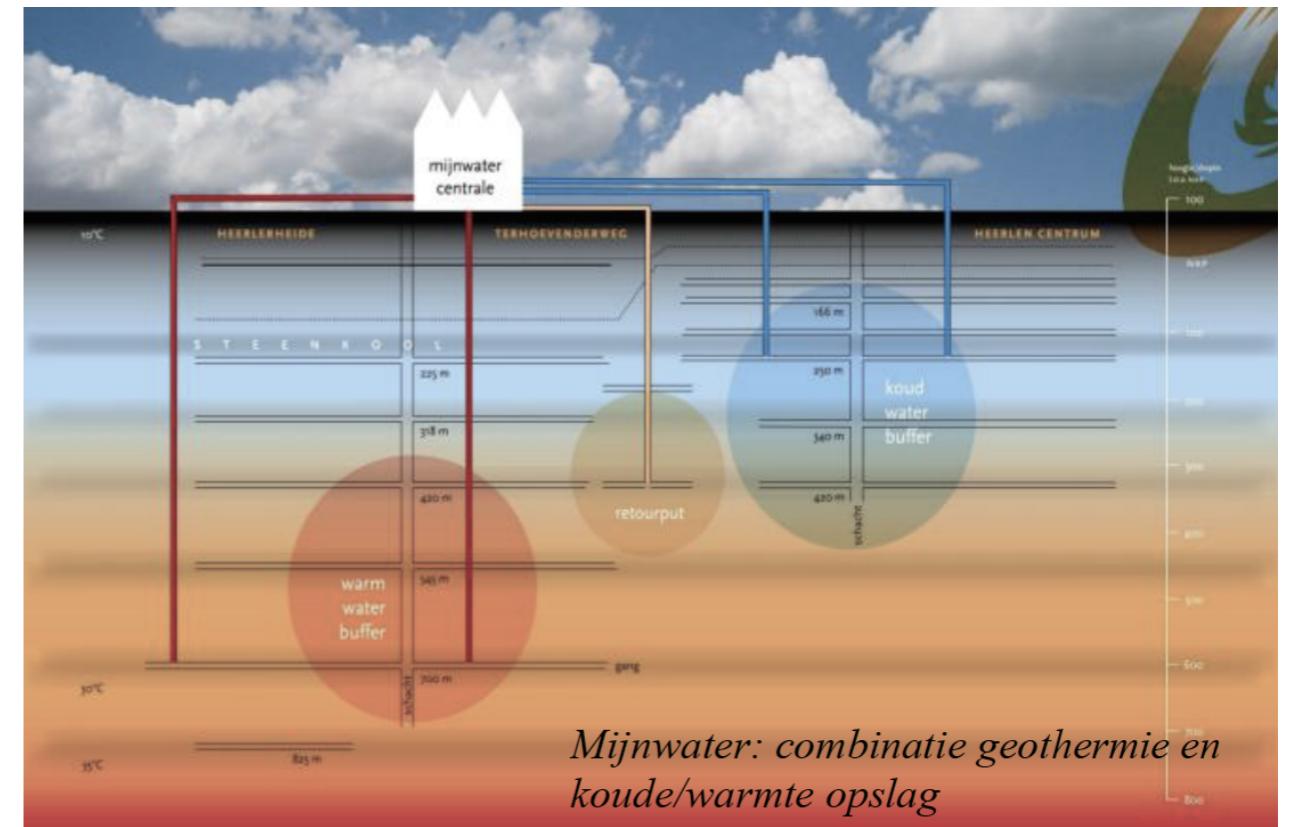
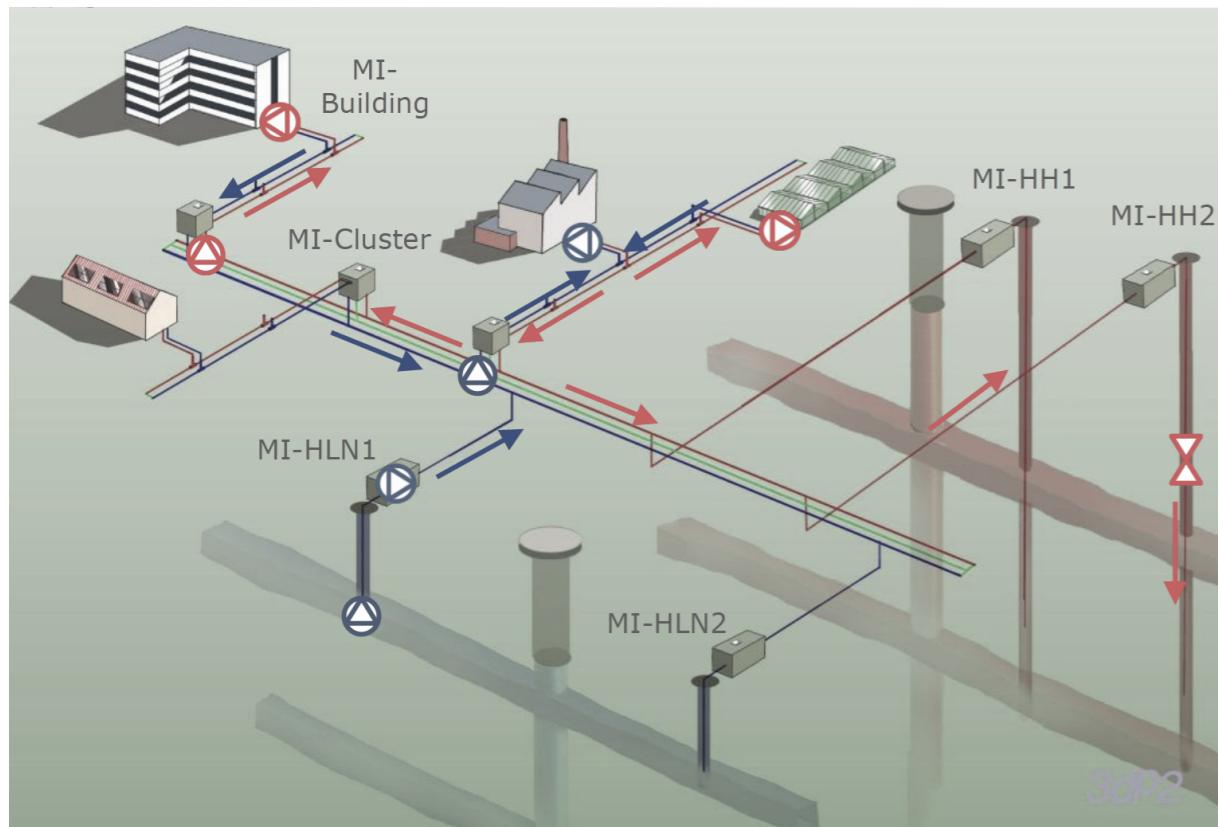
VERWARMEN EN KOELEN
- VLOERVERWARMING

MIJNWATERENERGIE

Jaar	Actie
Tot 1974	Steenkoolwinning in de mijnen van Heerlen, Parkstad Limburg
1974 – 2003	Mijngangen vulden zich met grondwater, natuurlijke opwarming door aarde.
2003	Diep gelegen water = warm (28 graden), laag gelegen water = koud (16 graden).
2003 – 2004	In opdracht van gemeente Heerlen onderzoek en boringen naar laag temperatuurbron in steenkoolbekkens.
2005 – 2007	Vijf bronnen aangeboord, 8 km leidingen ondergronds aan/afvoer mijnwasser.
2008	Eerste Mijnwater Energiecentrale in Heerlerheide (Heerlen). Aansluiting CBS: 22.000 m ² vloeroppervlakte.
2013 – 2015	6 Mijnwater aansluitingen (kantoren, woningen, sportaccommodatie).
2016	800.000 m ² vloeroppervlakte in Heerlen en omgeving gerealiseerd.
2016 – 2020	65% reductie CO ₂ uitstoot

KLIMATISERING

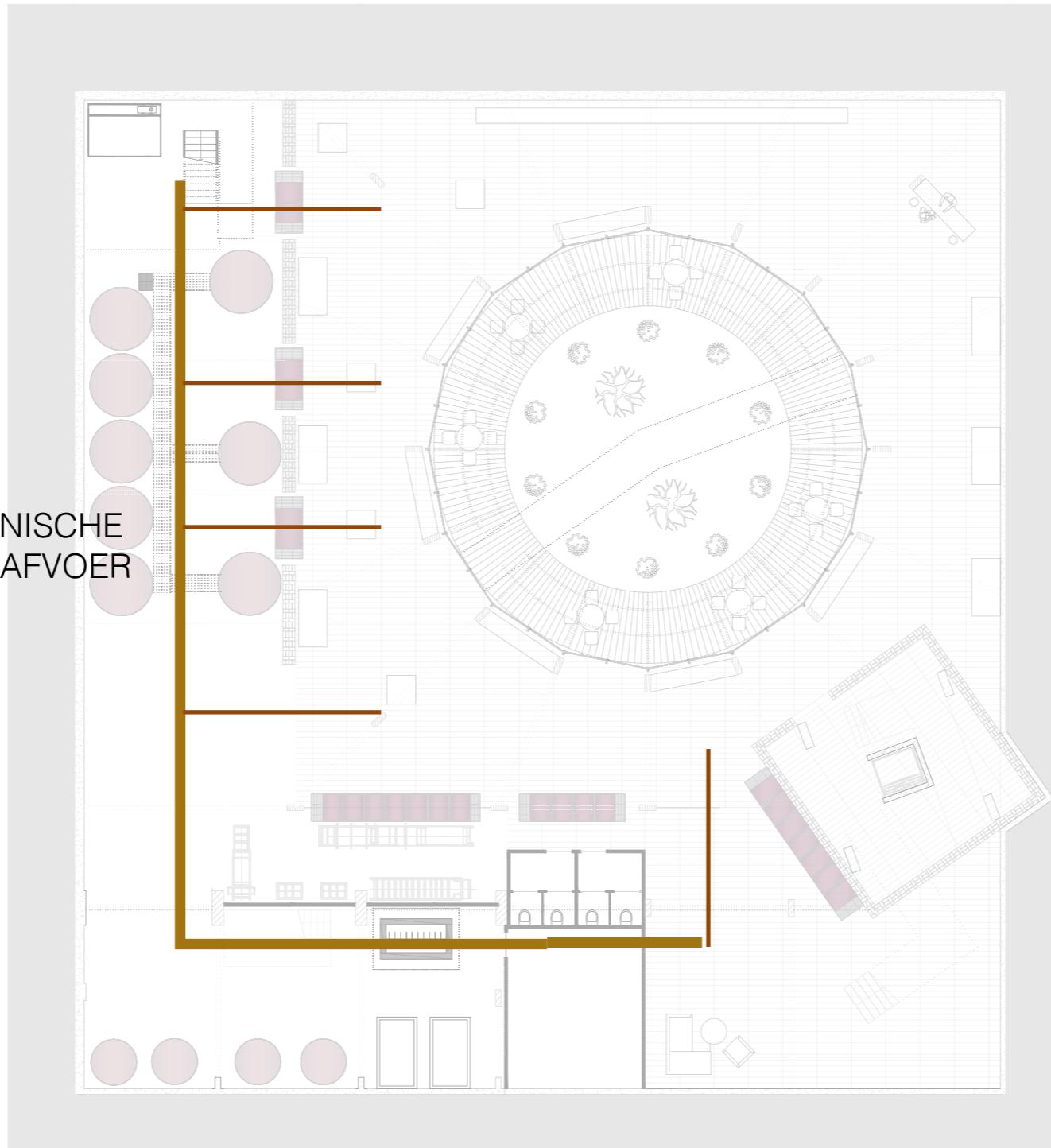
MIJNWATERENERGIE



KLIMATISERING

VENTILATIE

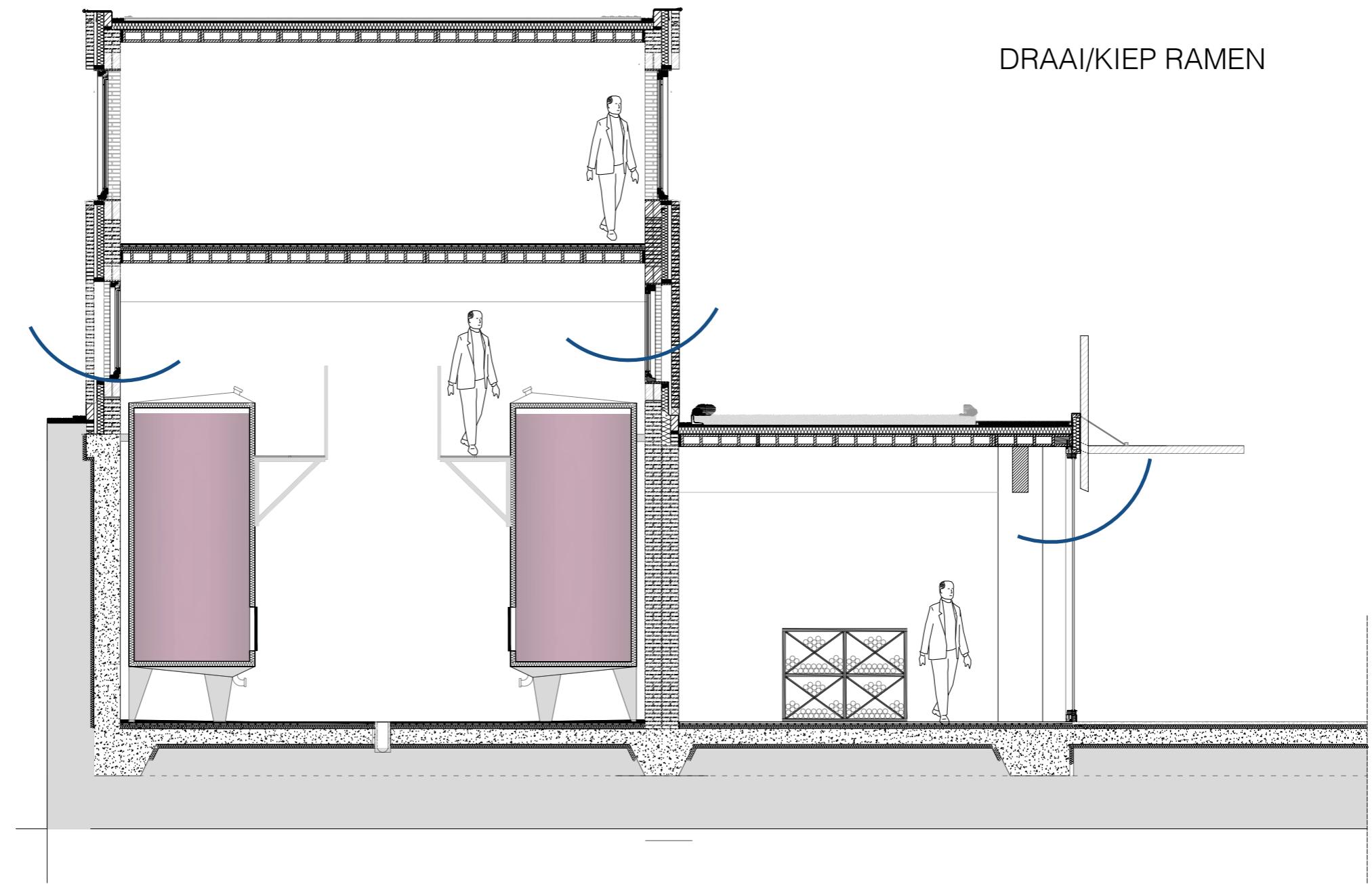
MECHANISCHE
TOE EN AFVOER



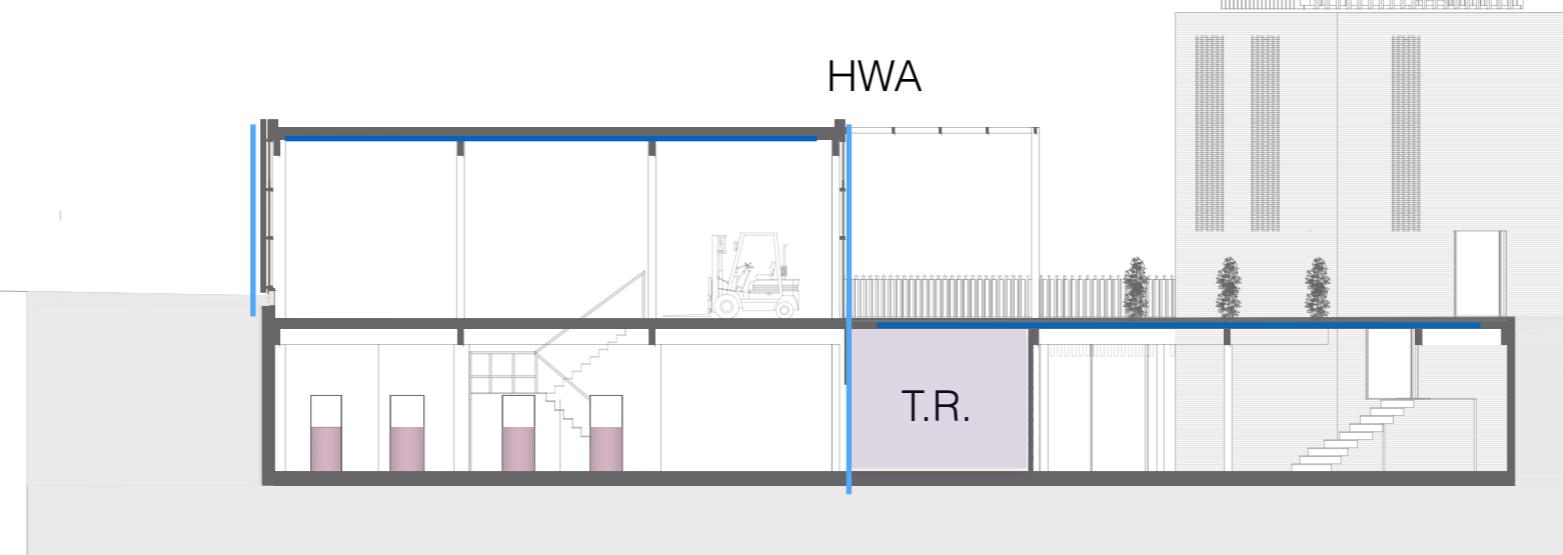
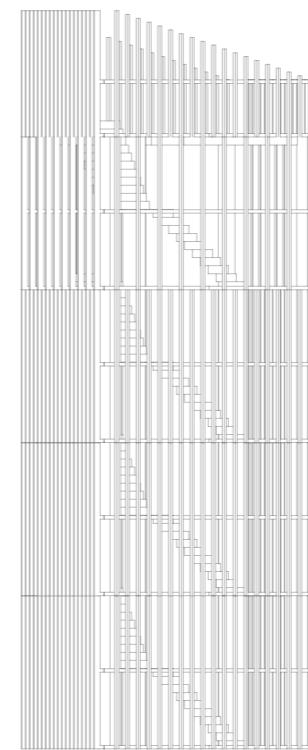
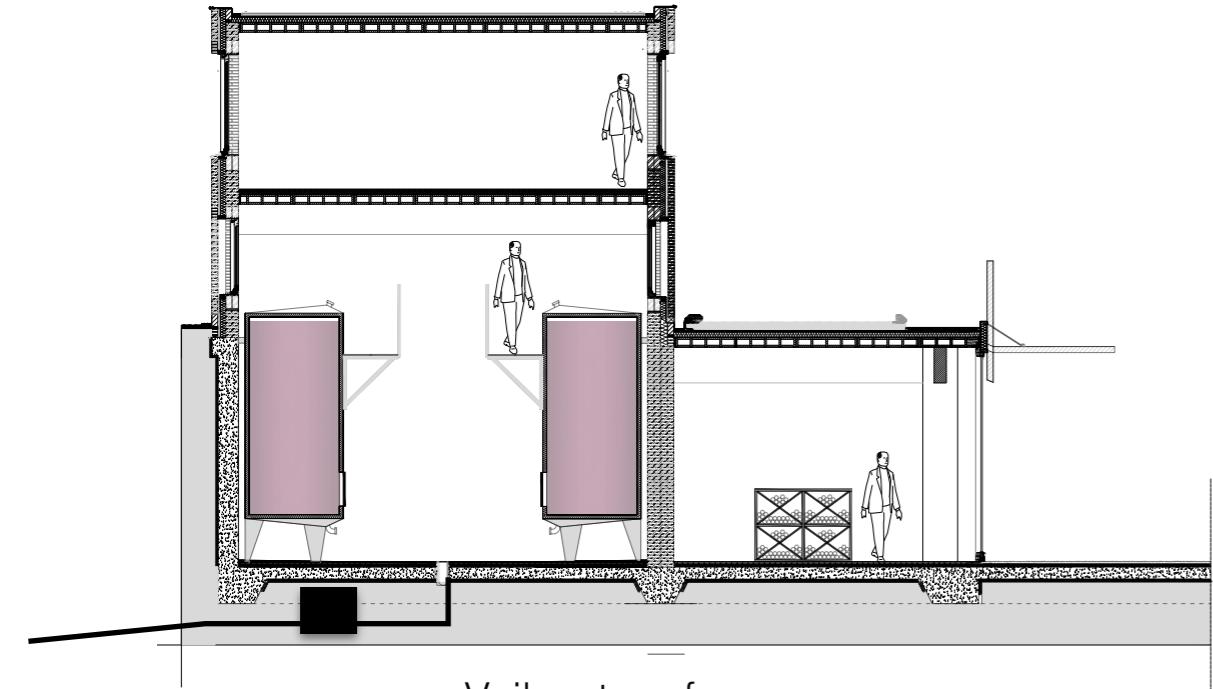
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VENTILATIE
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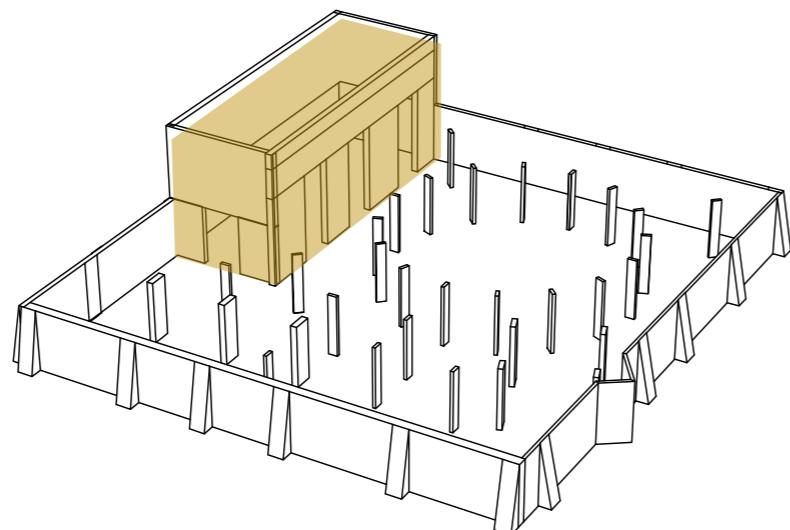
DRAAI/KIEP RAMEN



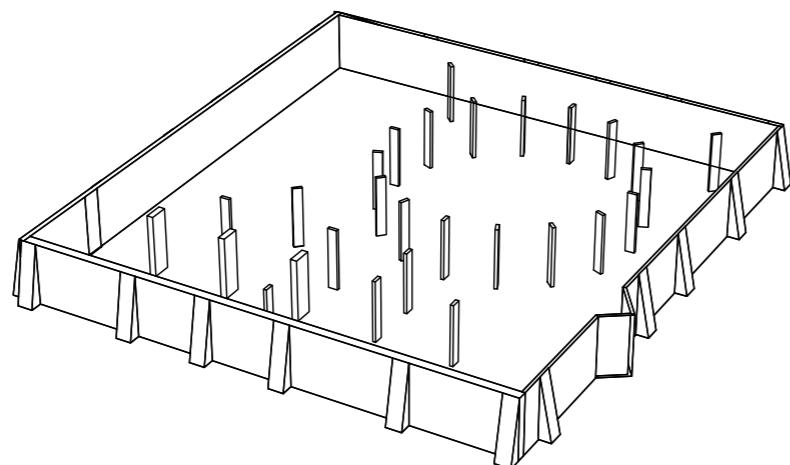
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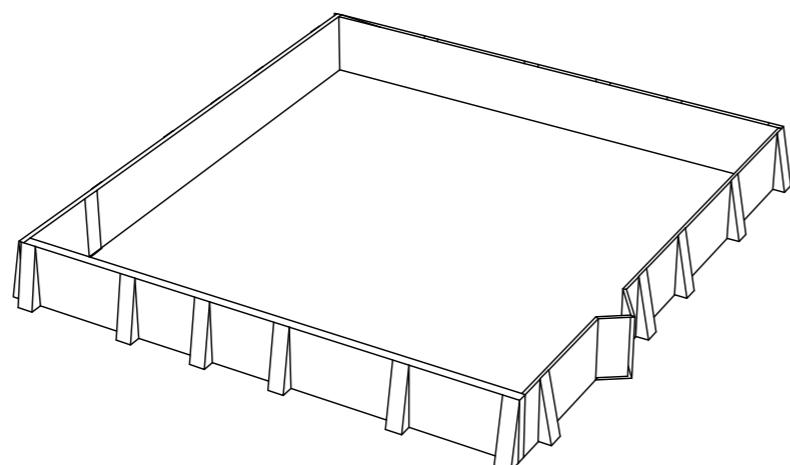
DRAAGCONSTRUCTIE



dragend metselwerk



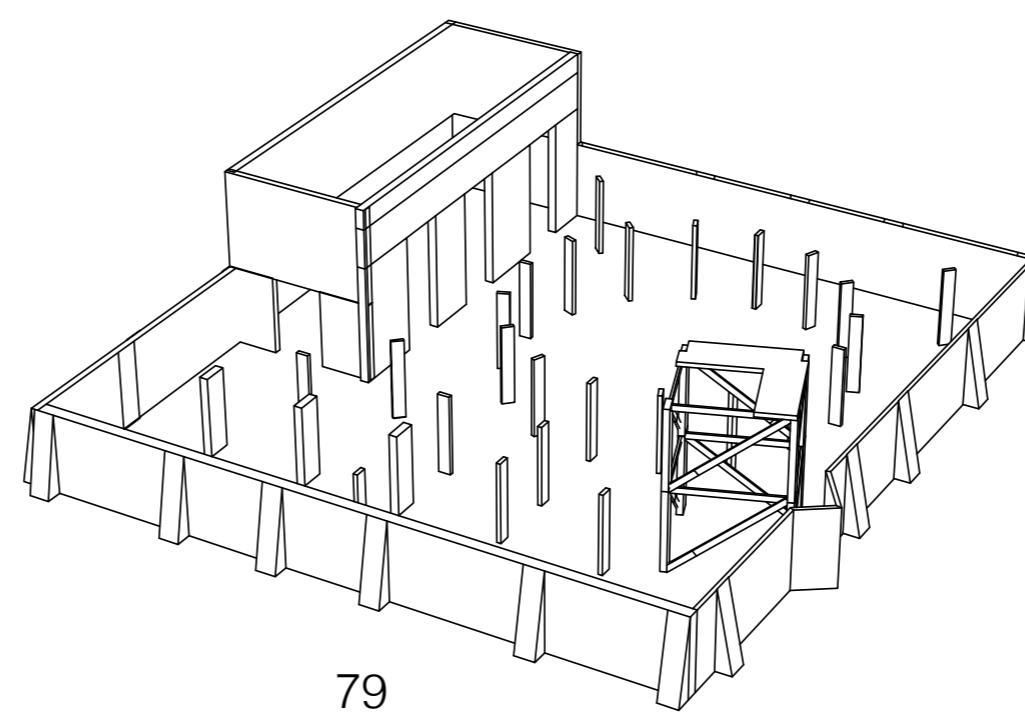
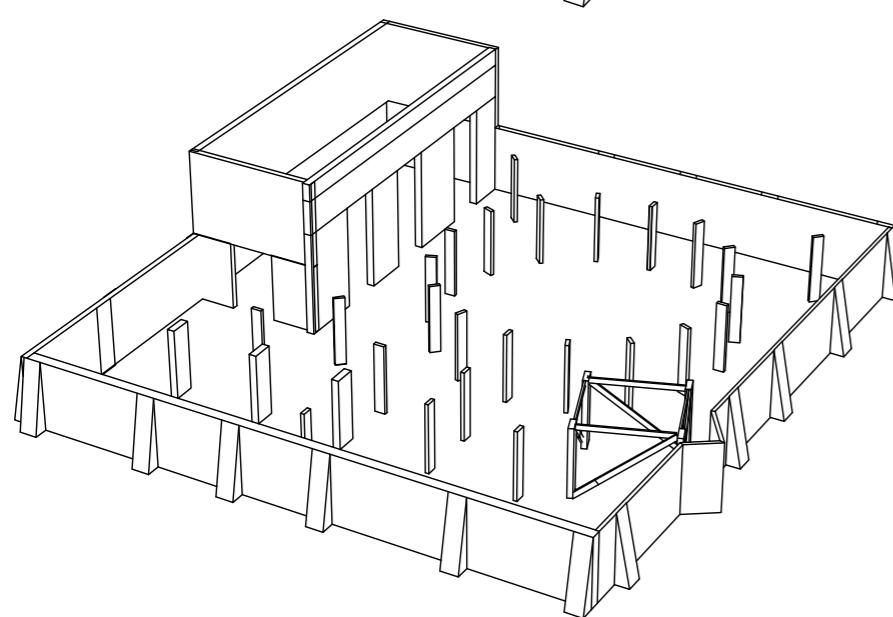
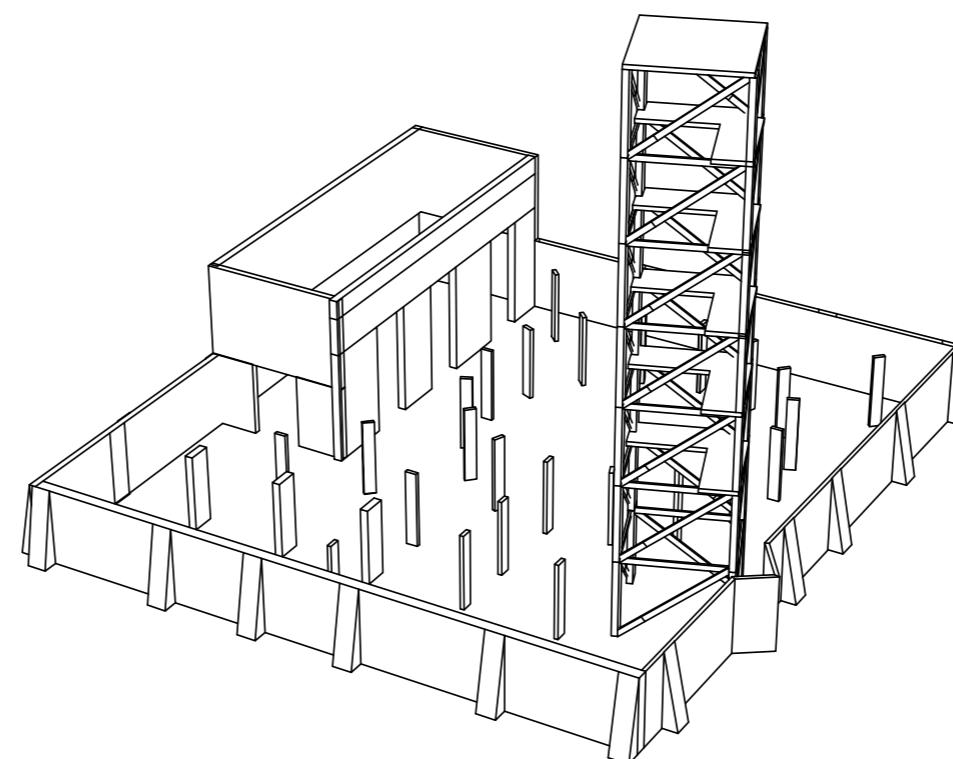
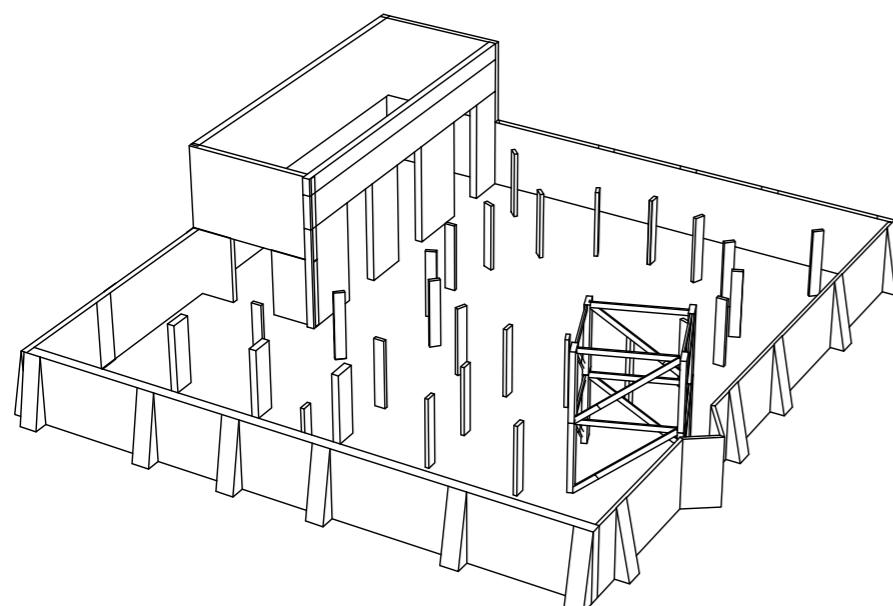
houten kolommen



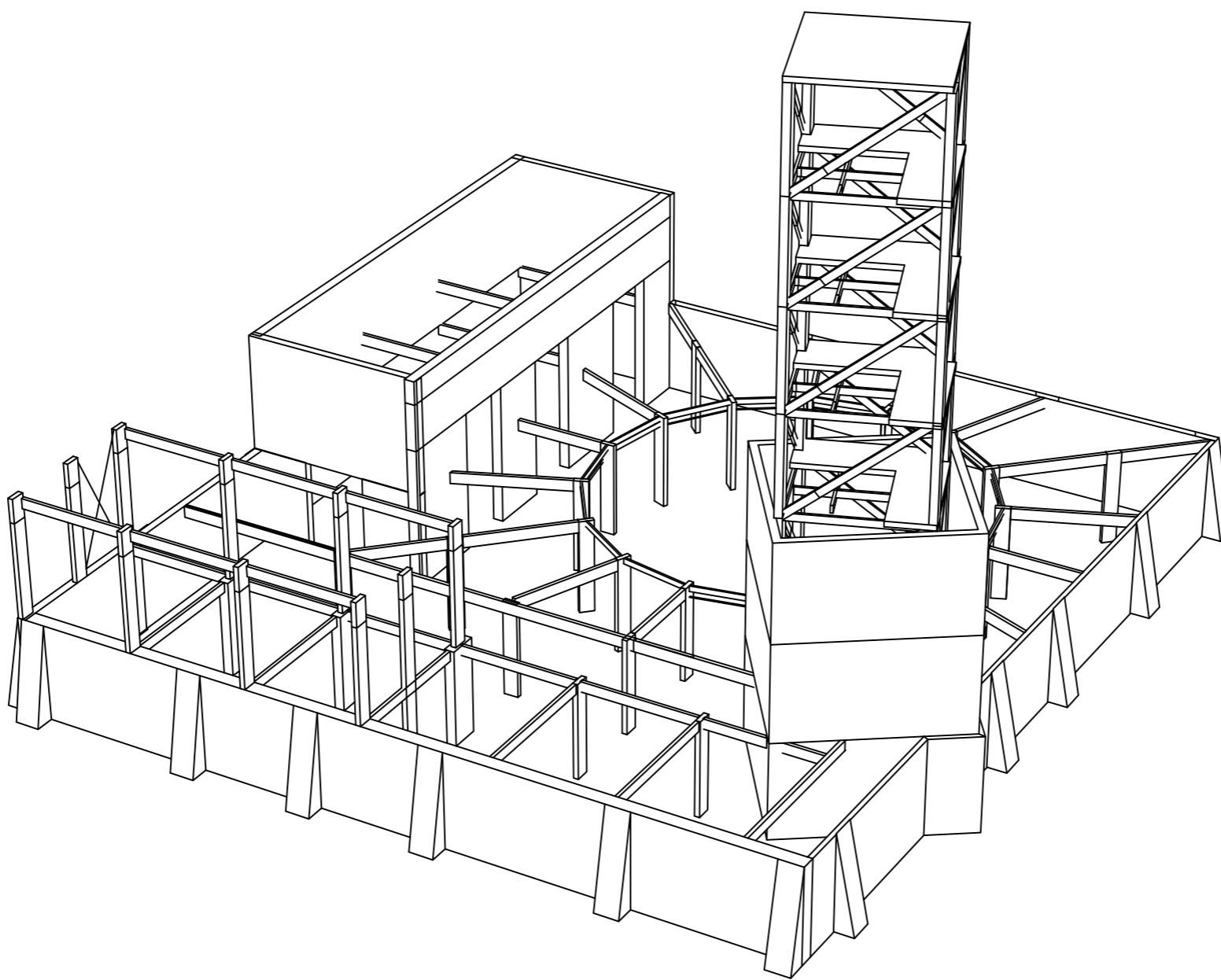
Gestort beton
steunberen

DRAAGCONSTRUCTIE

Houten kolommen
stalen schoren
houten CLT vloeren

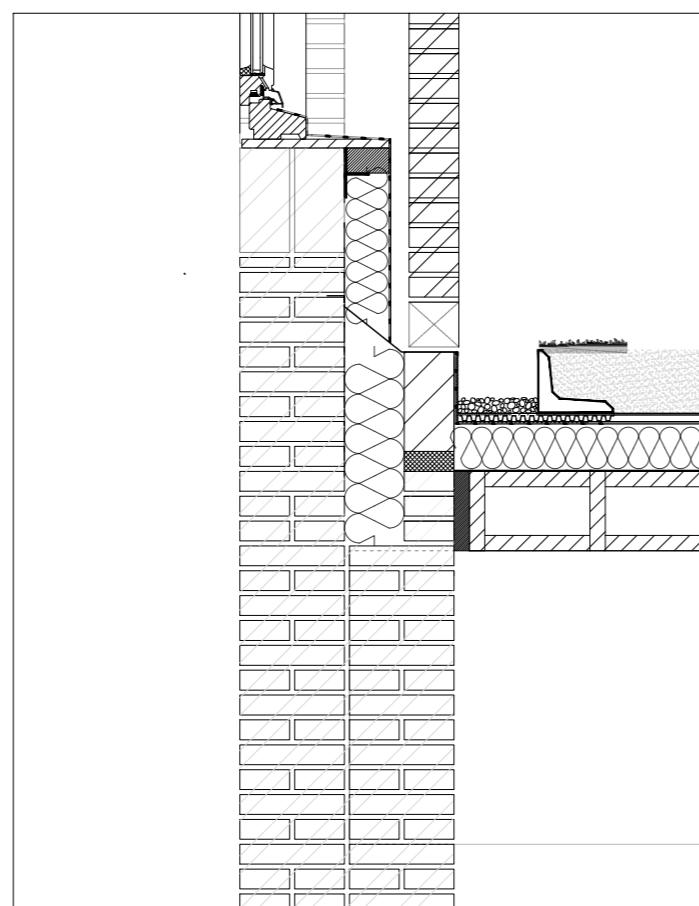


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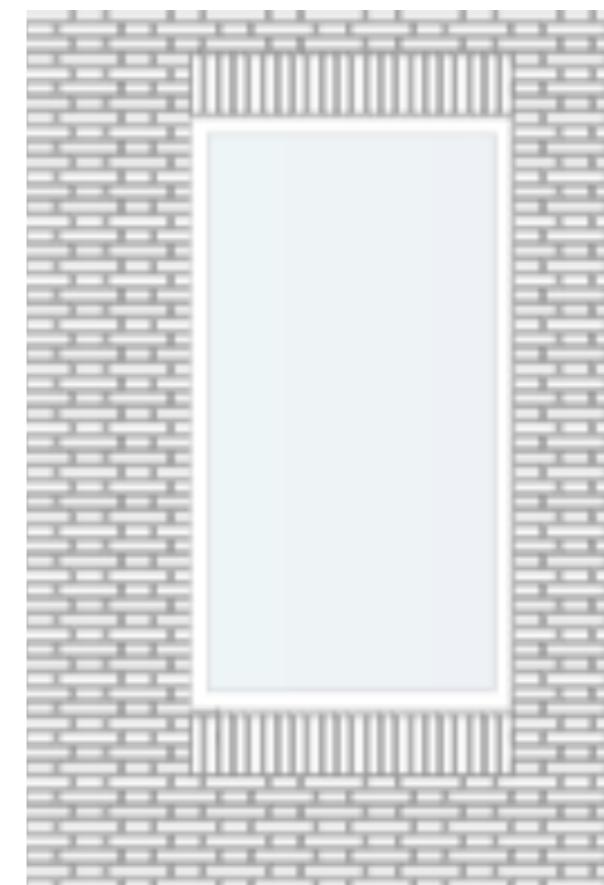


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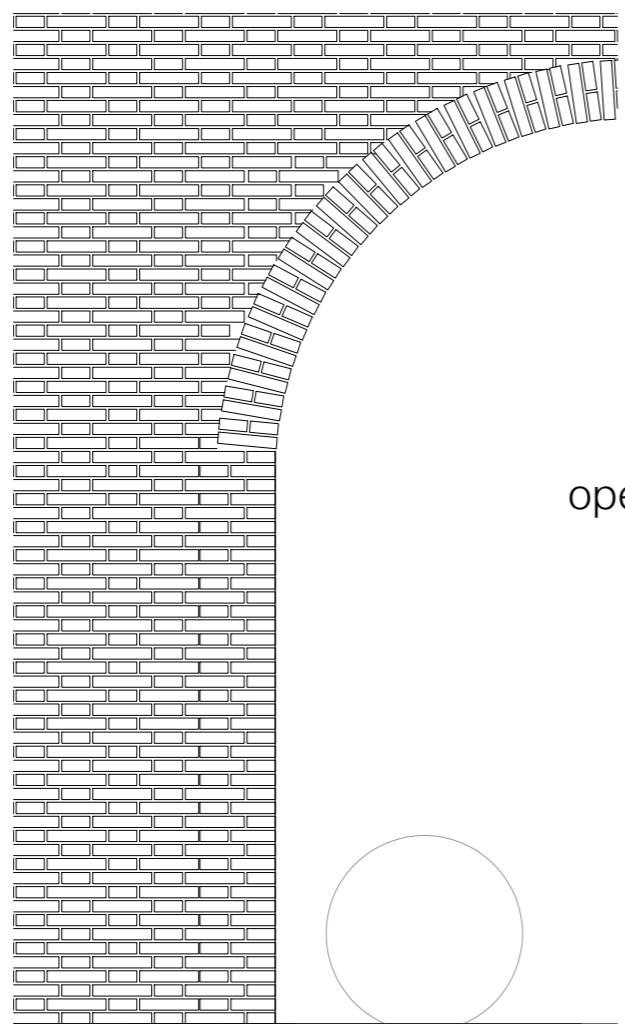
METSELWERK



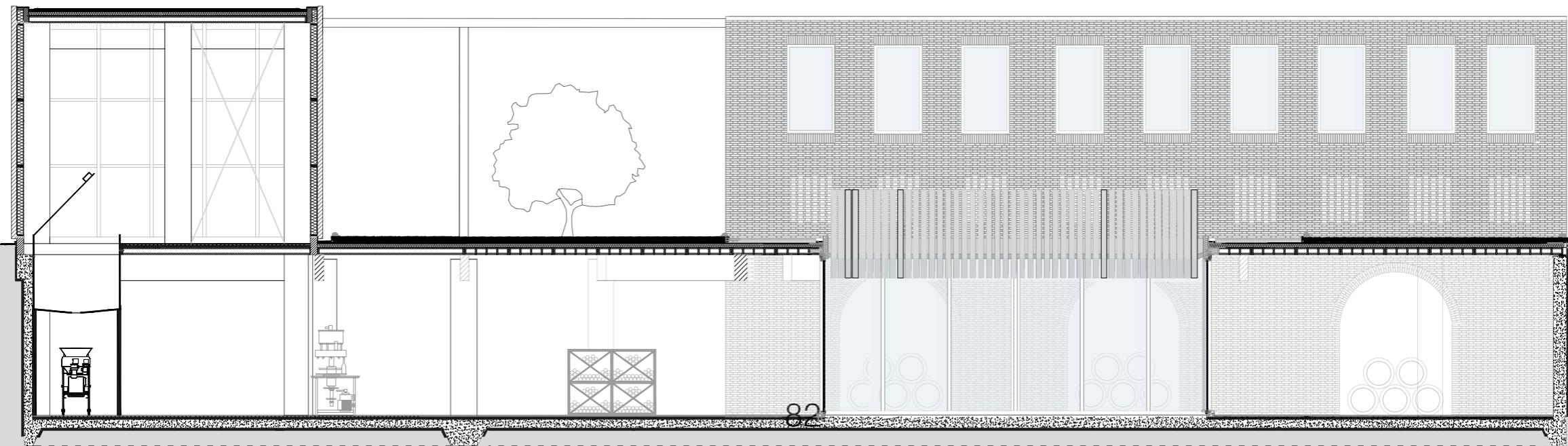
OPENINGEN OPVANGEN MET ROLLAAG
(TOT 1.5 m)



DRAAGCONSTRUCTIE



openingen groter dan 1.5 m
BOOG

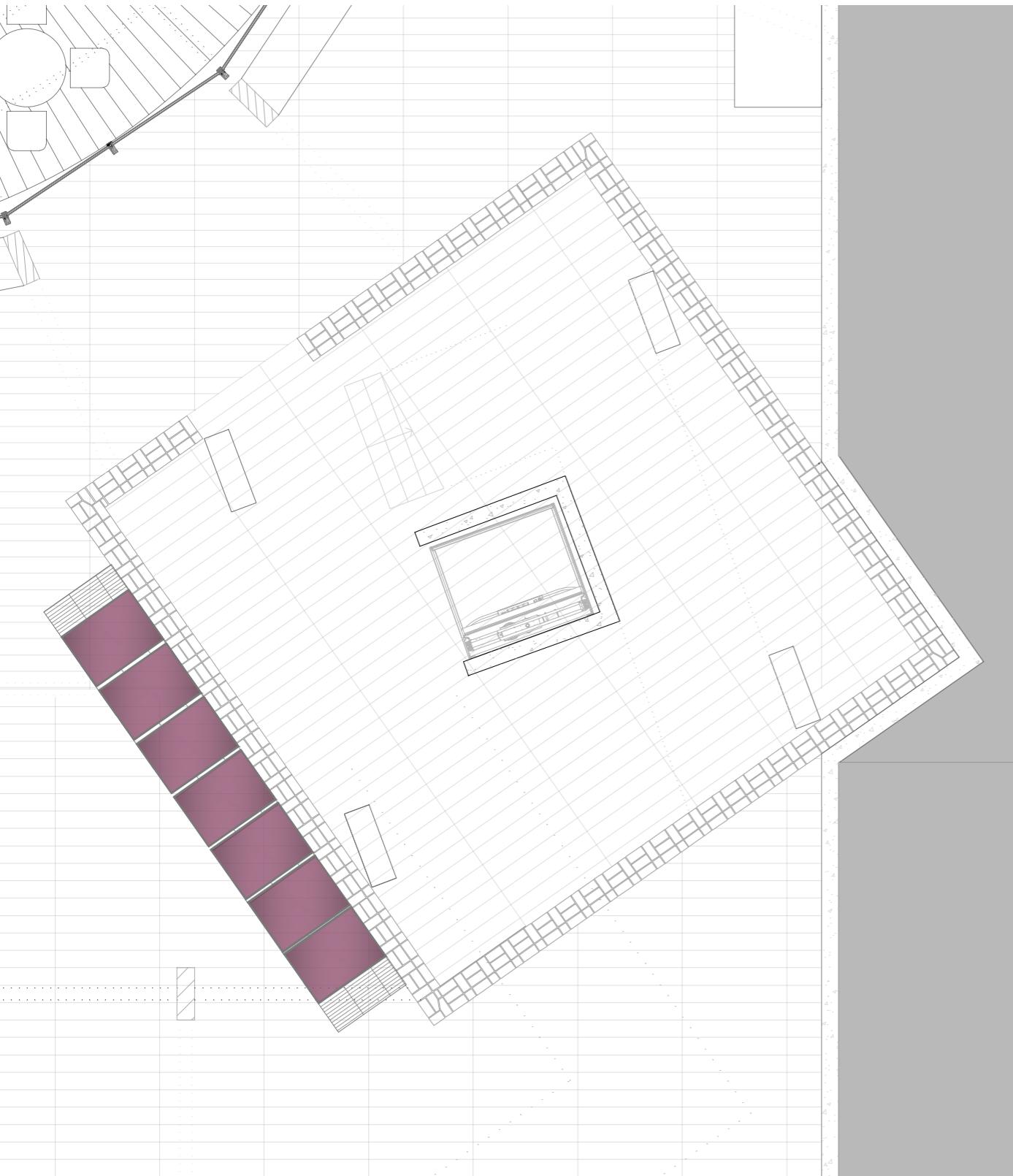


INTRODUCTION

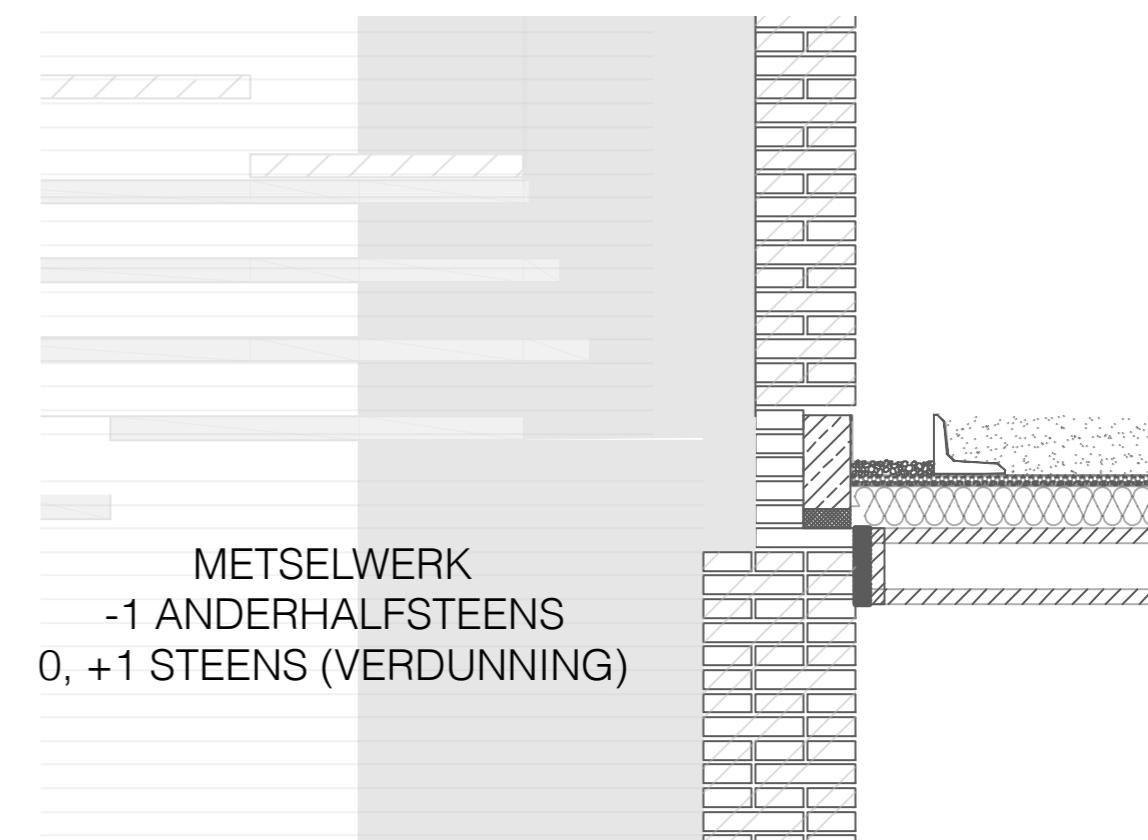
RESEARCH

DESIGN

DRAAGCONSTRUCTIE



METSELWERK
-1 ANDERHALFSTEENS
0, +1 STEENS (VERDUNNING)



EINDE