TOWARDS AN OLYMPIC LEGACY FOR ALL

regeneration oriented design principles for olympic legacy enhancing the social sustainability of the host city

Olaf IJzerman - 4064240
MSC GRADUATION PRESENTATION









the fundament of the Olympics

"SPORT AND EFFORT TO INCREASE THE STANDARDS OF HUMANKIND"



involved actors DURING the event

the best games ever



IOC

best image of the city



HOST-CITY



CITIZENS

involved actors AFTER the event



improve city redevelopment



HOST-CITY

improve my daily life



CITIZENS

the mega-event syndrome

		10° HOST CHILL
		affected by consequences
OVERPROMISING OF BENIFITS overestimating positive effects of mega-events (by IOC & host-city)	Misallocation of resources Loss of trust with citizenry	• • •
UNDERESTIMATION OF COSTS Actual-Budget is bigger than planned budget (by host-city)	Misallocation of resources Profiteering Subpar construction quality Budget shortfalls	
EVENTTAKEOVER Event priorities become planning priorities (by host-city)	Events needs displace infrastructure needs Oversized infrastructure Unfinished infrastructure	• • •
PUBLIC RISK TAKING Public takes risk for private benefits (by host-city & citizens)	Public funds for limited or r public benefits Profiteering	•
RULE OF EXCEPTION Suspension of regular rule of law (by host-city)	DisplacementReduced public oversightLimited public participation	•
ELITE CAPTURE Inequitable distribution of resources (by host-city & citizens)	Spatially uneven urban landscape Gentrification	•
EVENT FIX Mega-events become seemingly quick fixes for major planning challenges (by host-city)	Event determines national priority for funding Bypassing of regular planni proces Waste of resources on even lever for urban development	it as

Spatial issue

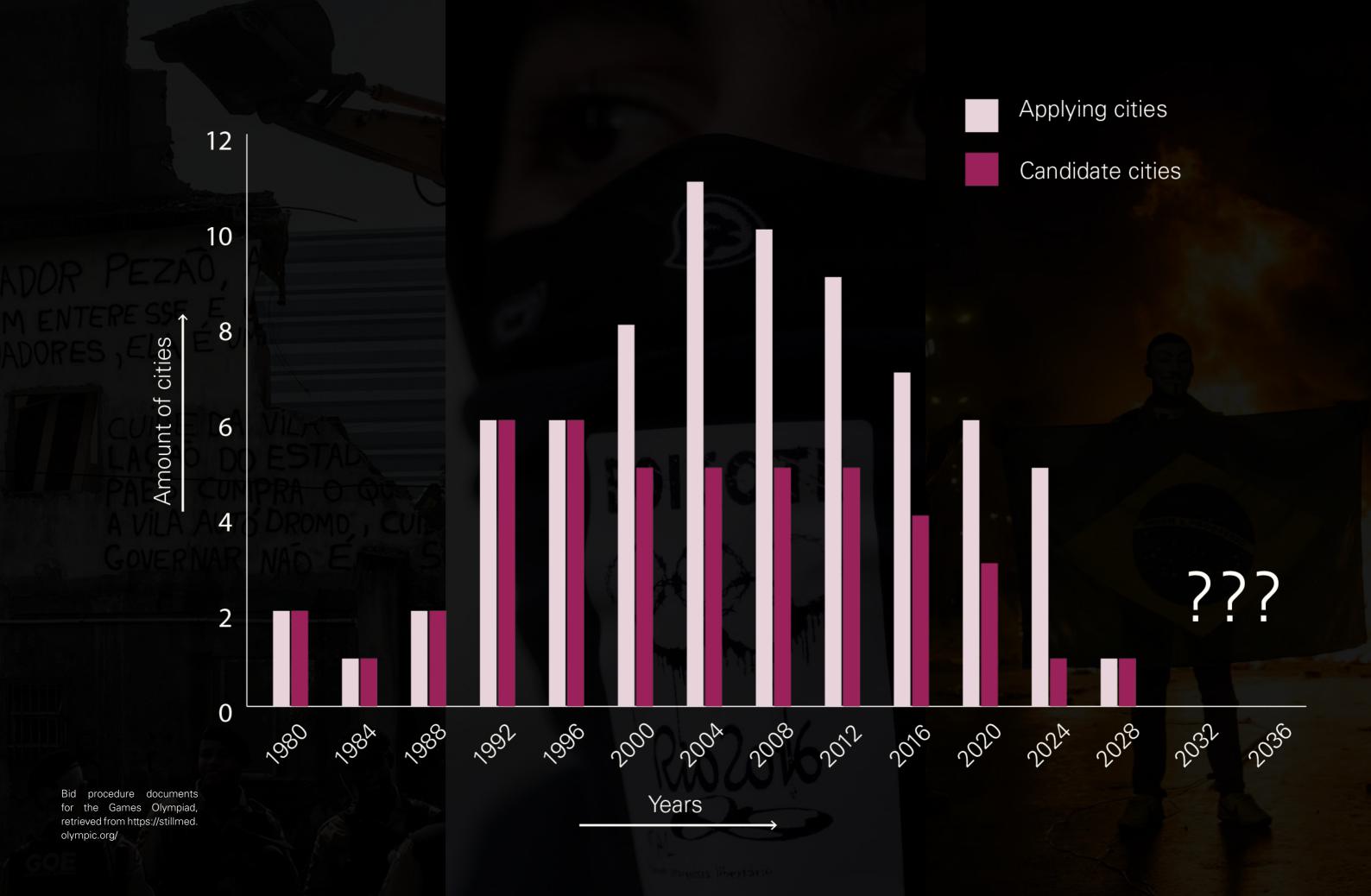
Social issue

Müller, M. (2015a). The mega-event syndrome: Why so much goes wrong in mega-event planning and what to do about it. Journal of the American Planning Association, 81(1), 6-17.

Financial issue



decreased interest in organising the Olympic Games



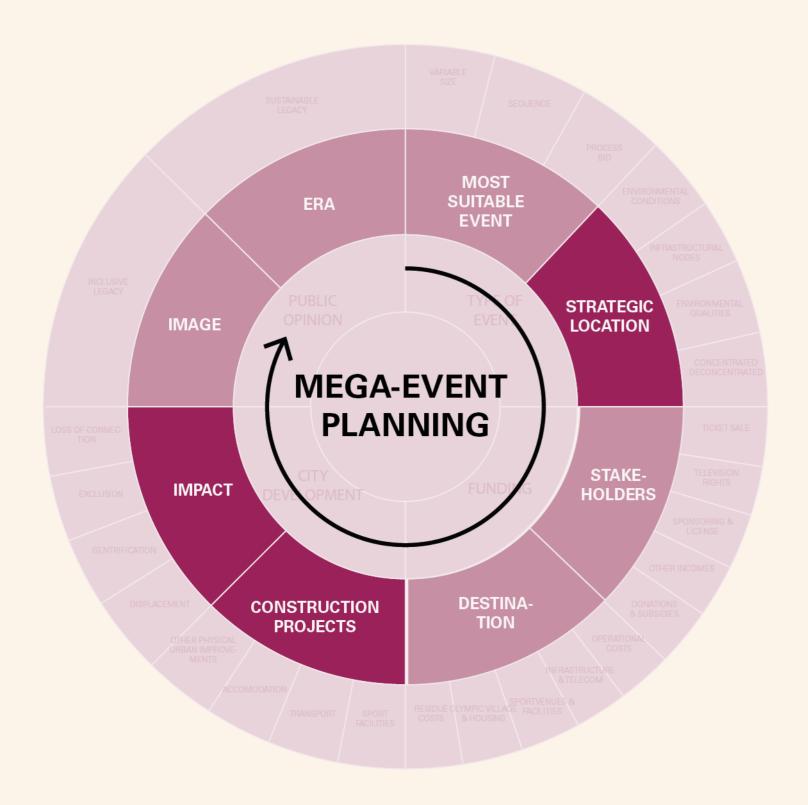


towards enhancing the citizen - towards sustainability



- education
- employement
- health & safety
- housing & environment
- identity

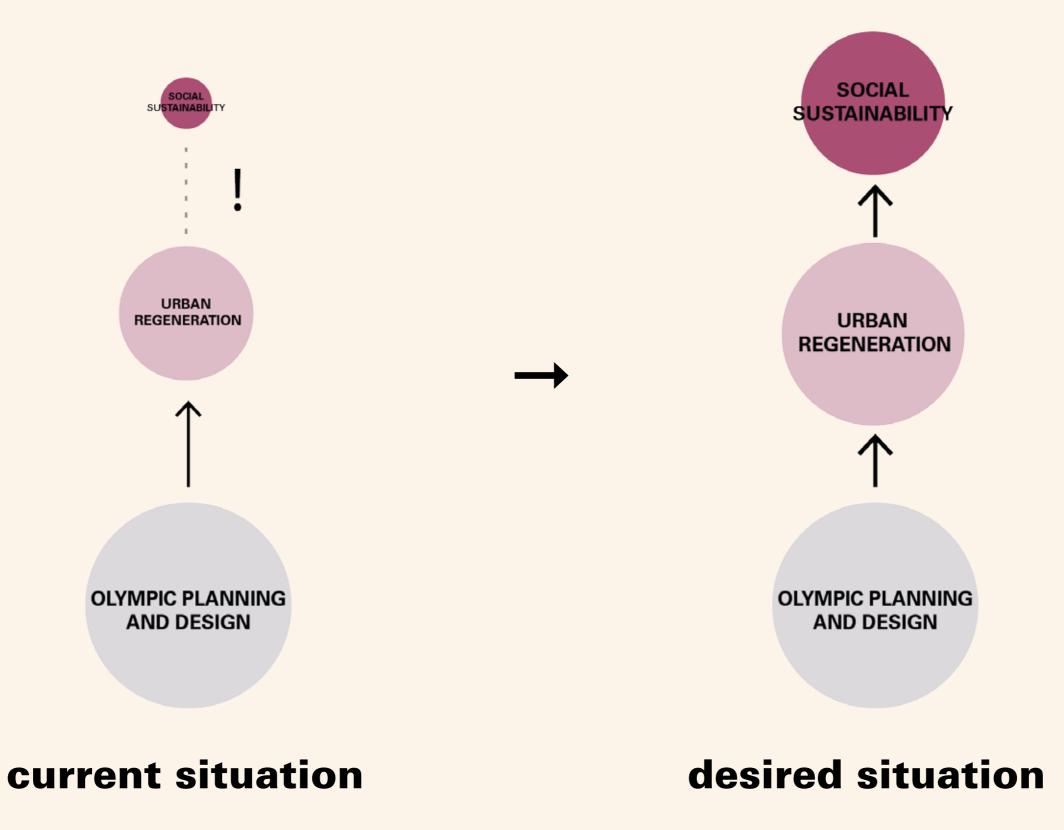
within mega-event planning



- location
- construction projects
- impact

van Vrijaldenhoven, T. (2007). Reaching Beyond the Gold: The Impact of Global Events on Urban Development: 010 Publishers.

overall aim for the Olympic Games



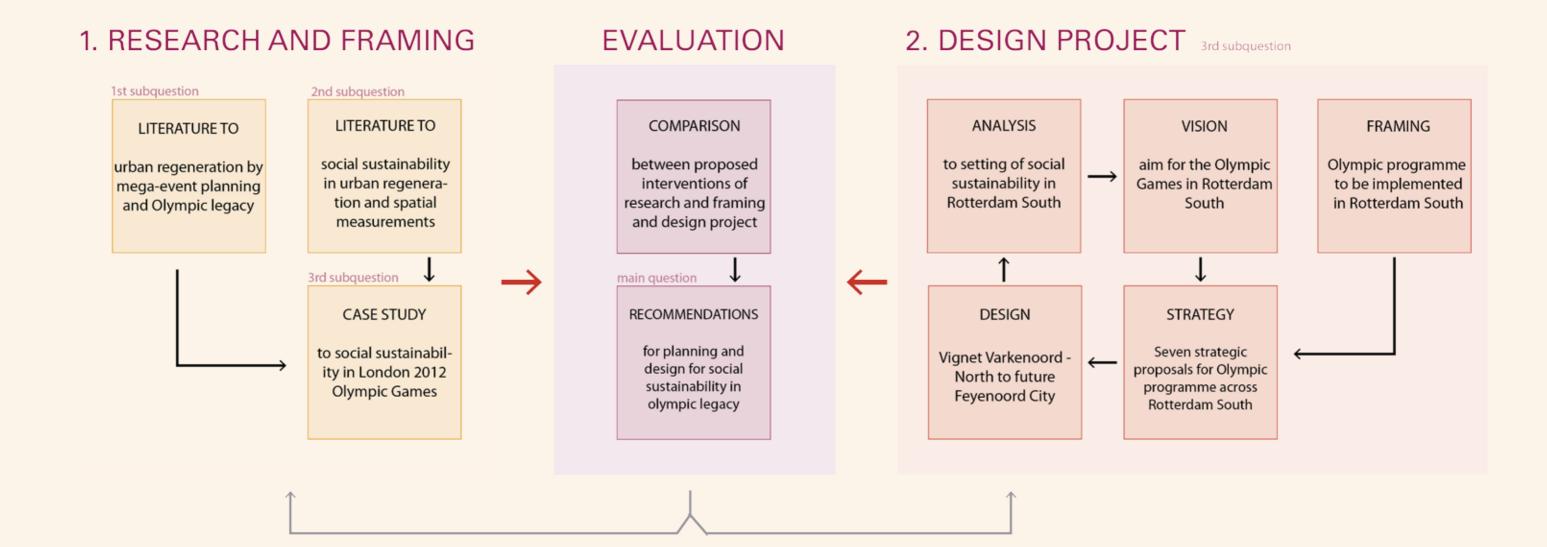
social sustainable Olympic design

To define A SET OF DESIGN PRINCIPLES THAT ENABLE OLYMPIC LEGACY TO ENHANCE THE SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY for regeneration of the host-city.

"How can spatial design principles aiming for urban regeneration within Olympic legacy planning and design enhance the social sustainability of the city?"

- 1. How can Olympic planning and design enhance urban regeneration?
- 2. How does urban regeneration enhance social sustainability?
- 3. How can social sustainability of the host city be enhanced in olympic planning and design?

Method to the project



place for a next Olympic Games in the Netherlands

spatial analysis to Amsterdam and Rotterdam

Amsterdam

Rotterdam

Socio-economic situation

- Unemployement
- Weight (obesitas)
- Vacancy
- Problematic neighborhoods

Occupation of space

- Urban parks
- Industrial areas
- Sport facilities

Accesibility

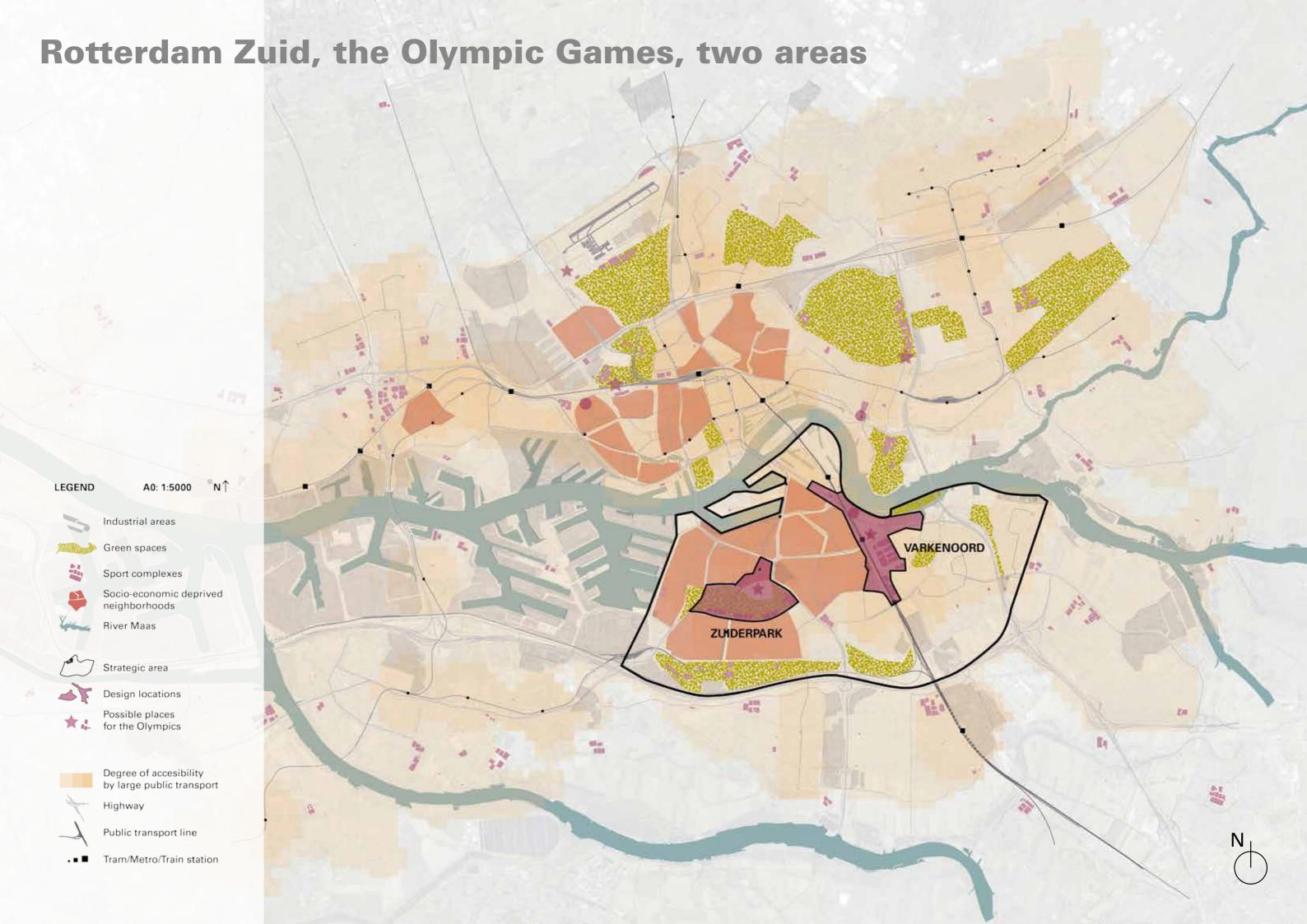
- Unemployement
- Weight (obesitas)
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- Problematic neighborhoods

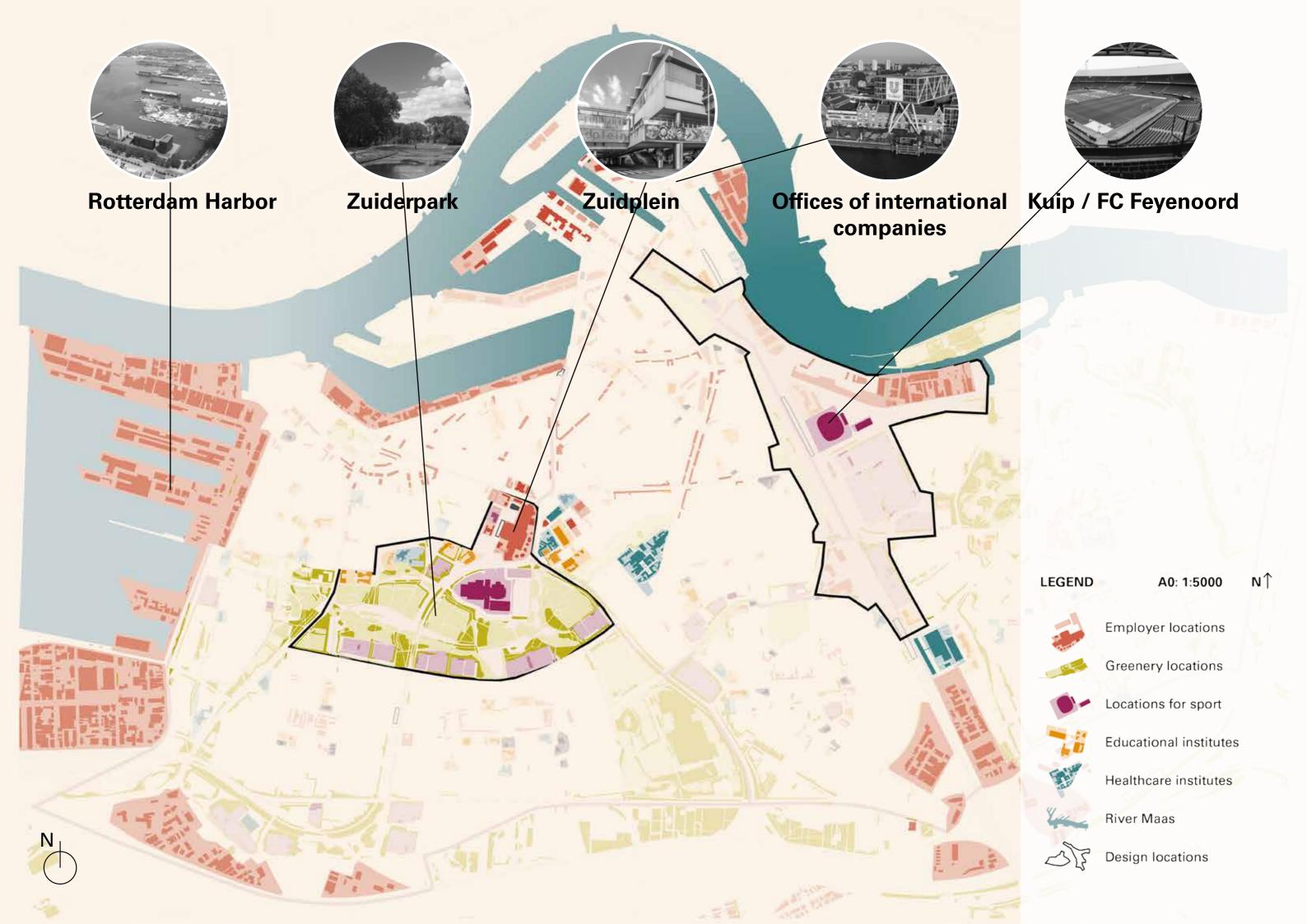
Possible place for Olympics

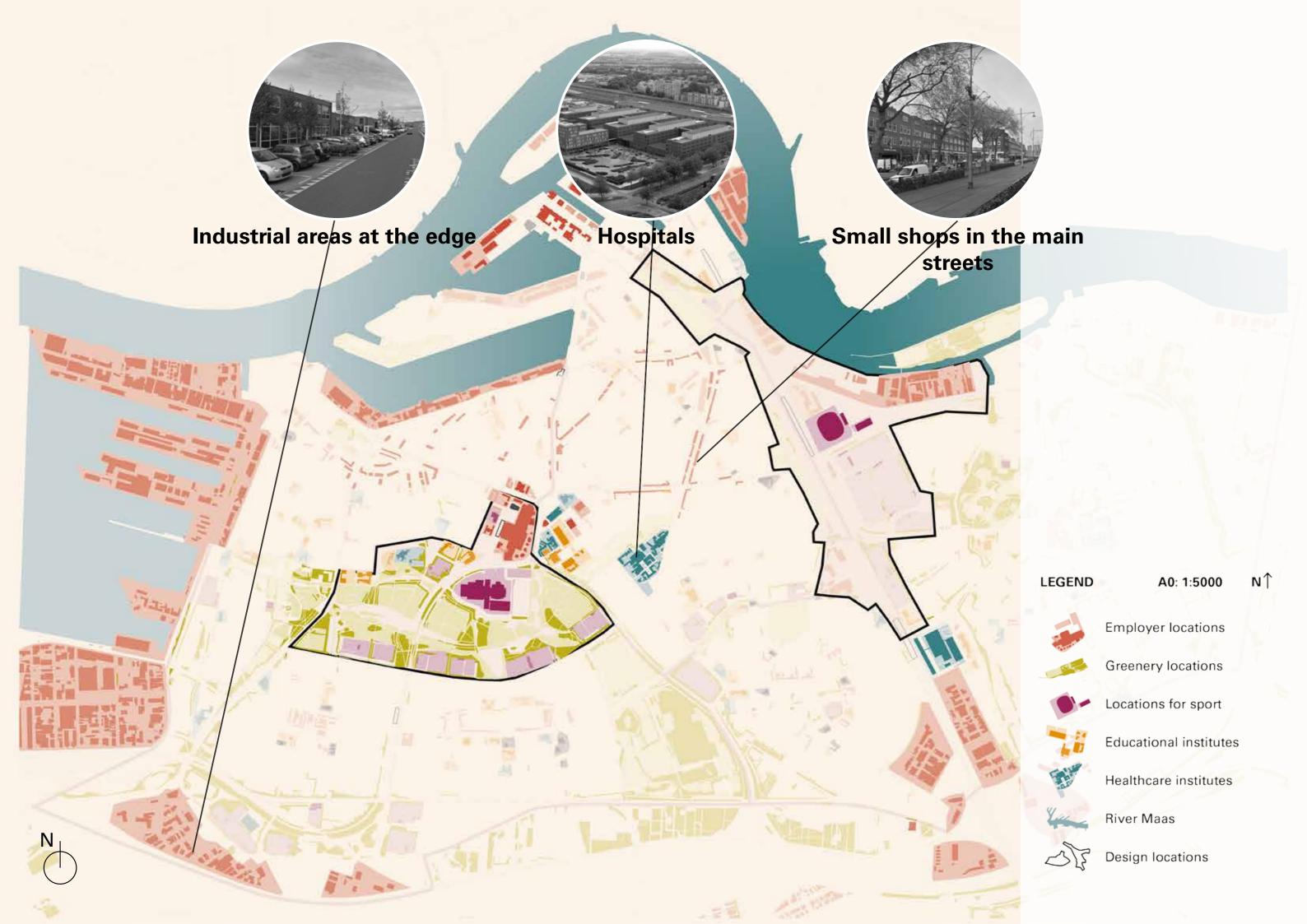
Taking in account the availability of a socio-ecominic goal, space and good accesibility











Focuspoints of socio-economic problems **Researched data-sets** - social index ★ Lack of participation - safety index - physical index Severe state of education - buurtmonitor (municipality Rotterdam) Severe etnical differences - leefbarometer **Bad social environment** - topotijdreis Very old building stock (national government) Lack of daily provisions Very unattractive living environment Very old building stock Low state of education **Bad social environment** Lack of participation ΝŢ **LEGEND** Overall feel of unsafety A0: 1:5000 Bad state of public space Cheap quality housing Low state of education Order of (un)livability (200*200 m grid) Beld of worst performing areas River Maas **Design locations**



Regeneration projects

- Nationaal programma Rotterdam Zuid
 - Hart van Zuid
 - Feyenoord City
 - Plan Zuiderpark

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City development

Environmental targets



Living along the river



Living in the city



Living relaxed



Transformation area's

Focus areas



Regional commercial cluster



Priority employement clusters



Riverfront

Green corridors

Key-projects



Intercity station



Metroline



Hart van Zuid



OMA - new Kuip



Trouble areas NPRZ



North-South axis

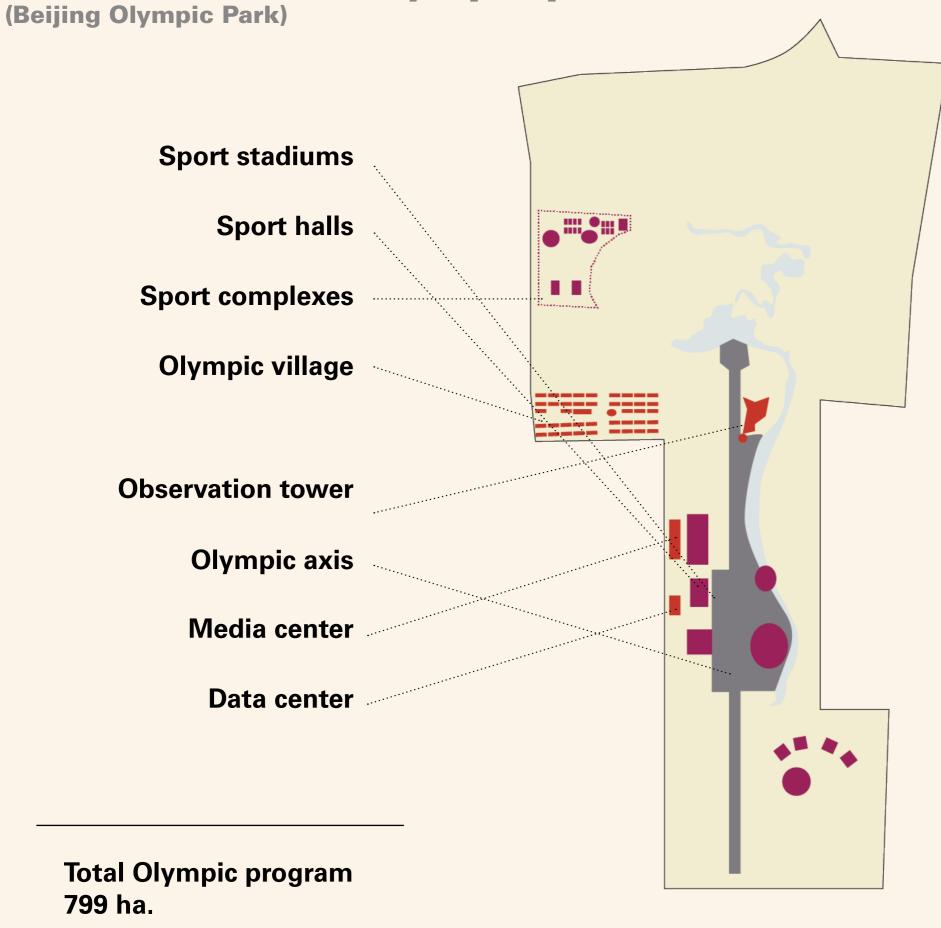
Diversification park

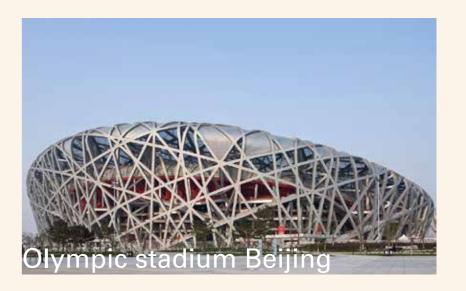


Olympic strategy for Rotterdam South

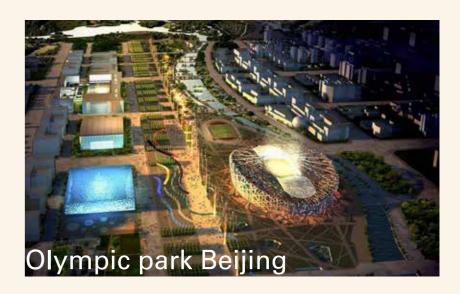


Overview of the Olympic park



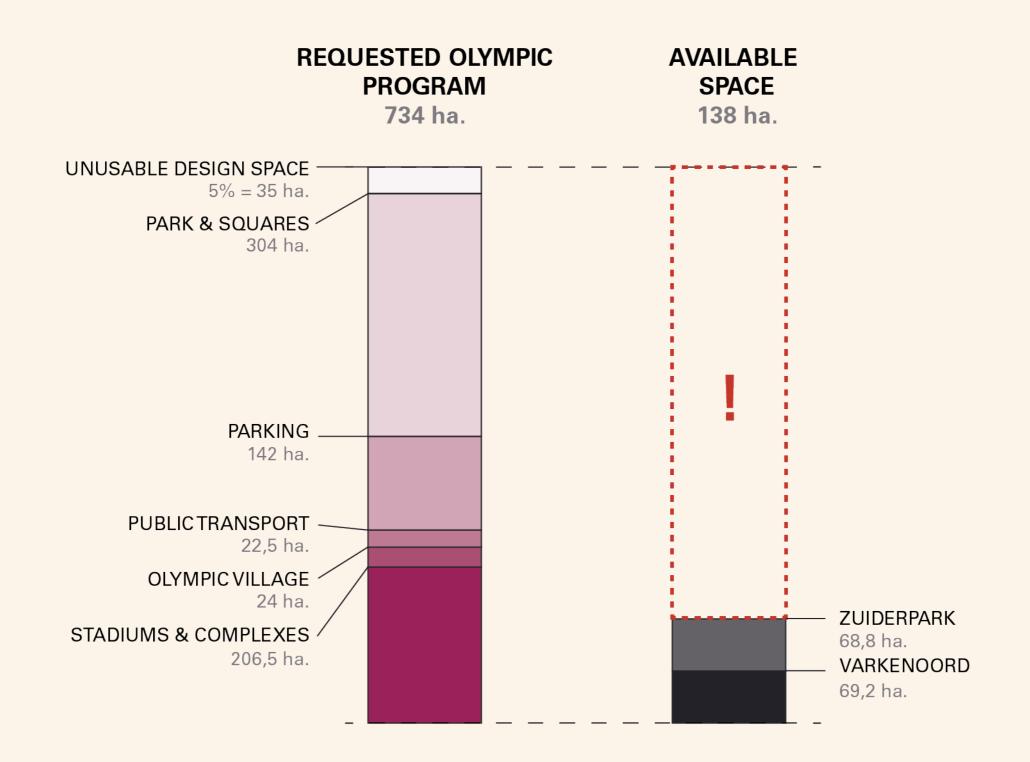






programmatic mismatch

Requested program to available space



keep all local attached and hard to replace program

within Zuiderpark and Varkenoord





housing



community gardens

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Employer locations



Greenery locations



Locations for sport



Educational institutes



Healthcare institutes



River Maas



Design locations



use open space, existing sport venues and industrial areas

within Zuiderpark and Varkenoord





event halls



open park structures

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Employer locations



Greenery locations



Locations for sport



Educational institutes



Healthcare institutes



River Maas



Design locations



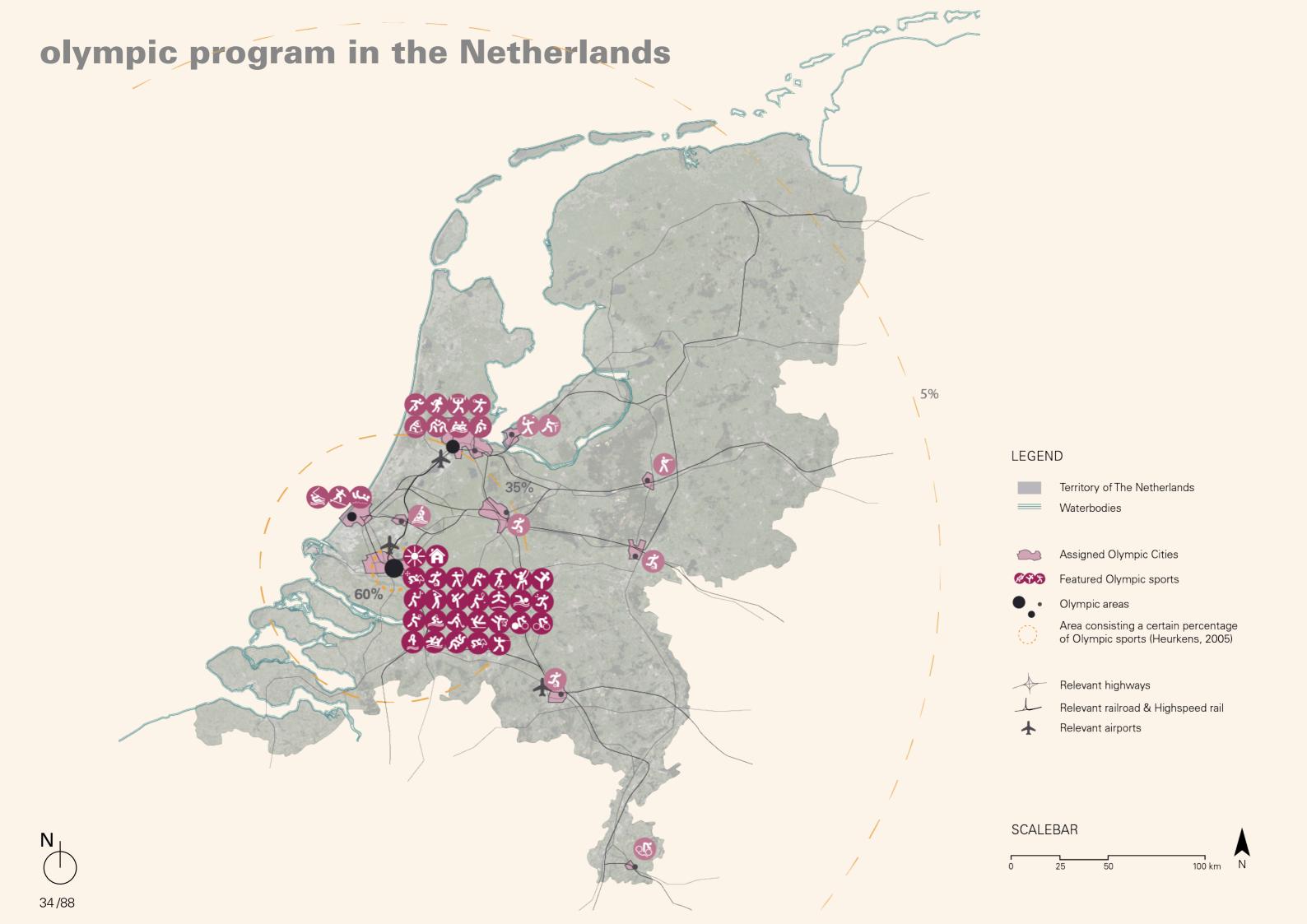
excel model to compare programmatic demand and offer

Space demand

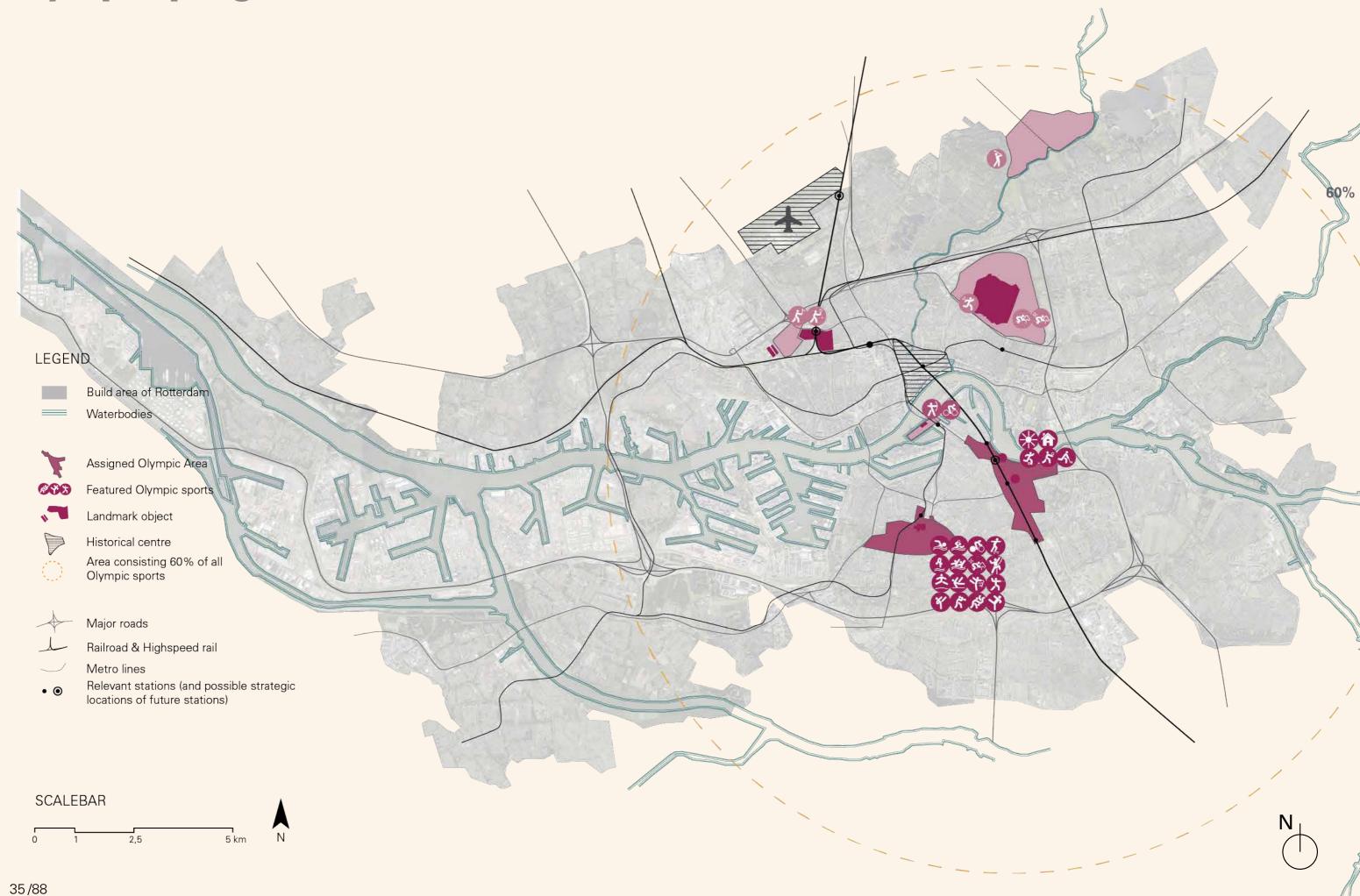
	Olympic Games - Program of requirements Decission model									
sport	program	part	additional number	consist.	former size	size	externalit security space perc	solution space perc.	adusted size	rc _q uested
support						99			102,65	150,9
	olympic village		stories high						40,65	
		Olympic housing		8 stories		24	0	5	25,2	
		Training				3	0	5	3,15	
		Service		2 stories		3	0	5	3,15	
		Parkspace	2	0 percentage	30	6	0	0	6	
		Road	1	.0 percentage	30	3	0	5	3,15	
	International zone								26,25	
		Media				4	0	5	4,2	
		• • •				^	^	-	^ *	l

Space offer

	name	program	additional info	additional formu			non-usable/not-prefered perc.	non usable space	usable space
Varkenoord						216			108,475
	total								
	216								
	else		percentage	size other part		34,55		31,325	3,225
		streets				25,8	100	25,8	0
		green structures	2	25	25,8	6,45	50	3,225	3,225
		water				2,3	100	2,3	0
	build space					125,3		62,9	62,4
		housing complex				5,8	100	5,8	O
		housing public space				7	100	7	0
		*				20.4	^	^	ا مم



olympic program in Rotterdam

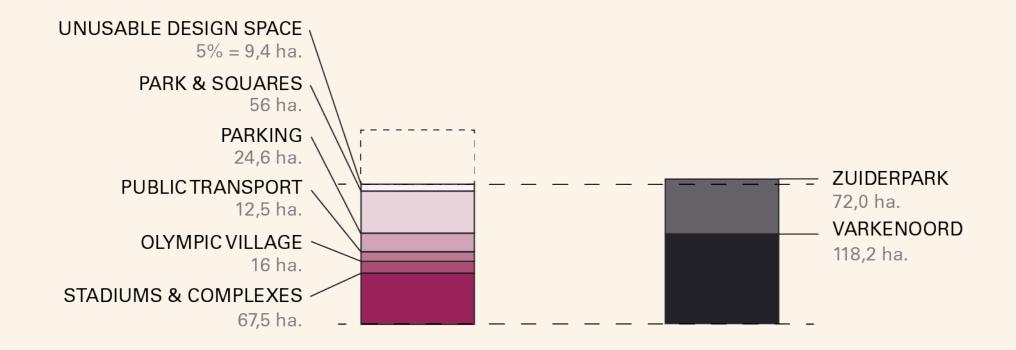


Programmatic match

Requested program to available space

REQUESTED OLYMPIC PROGRAM 185,4 ha.

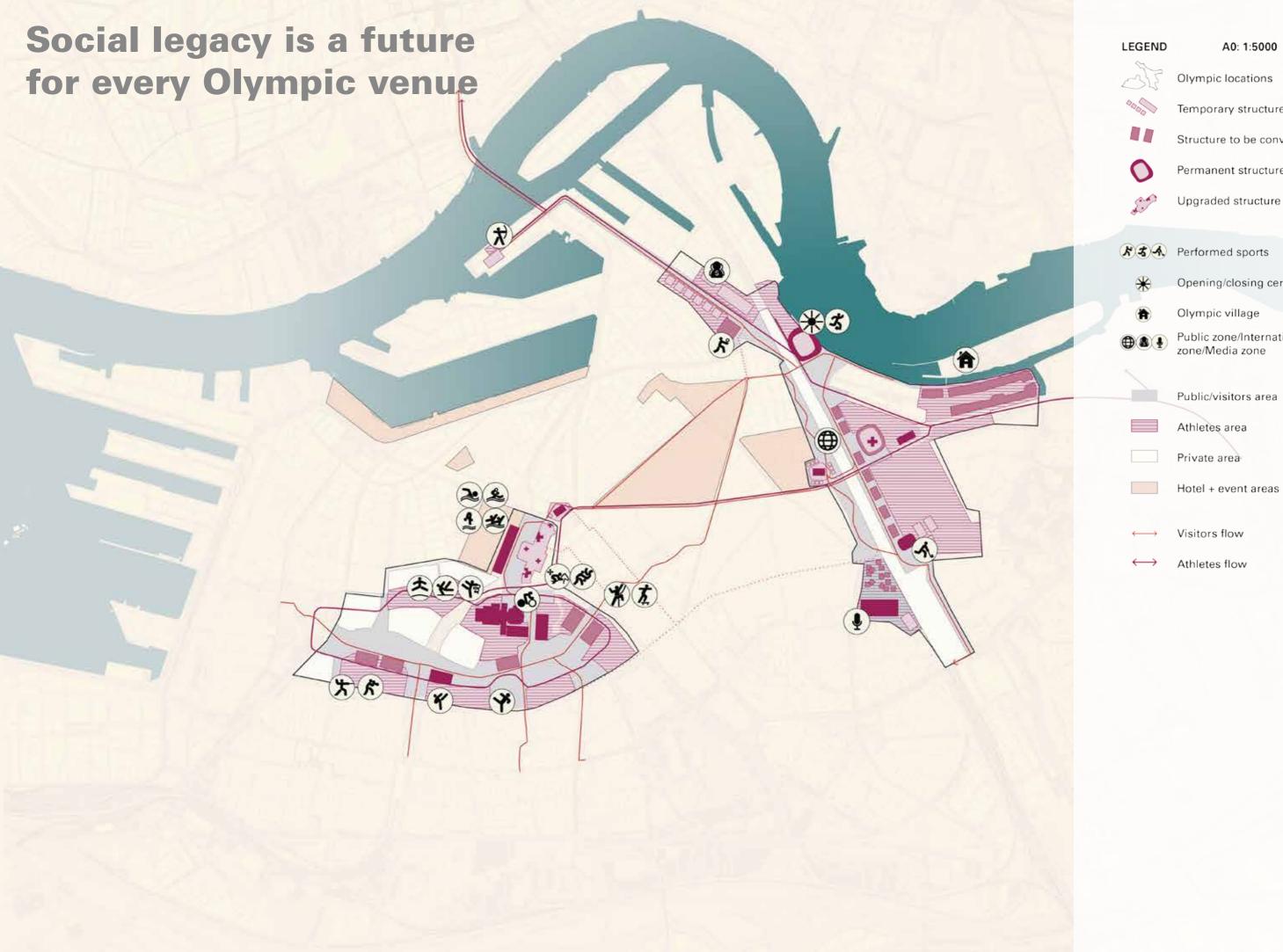
AVAILABLE SPACE 190,2 ha.



Programme of Requirements

For the Olympic Games in Rotterdam South

- Relocation of all industrial buildings on both Olympic sites
- Olympic village average 12 stories high
- Solve 48.4 hectare parking space elsewhere
- Reduce space for railway by 20%
- Reduce space for several sportcomplexes by 20%



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Olympic locations

Temporary structure

Structure to be converted

Permanent structure

Upgraded structure

Opening/closing ceremony

Olympic village

Public zone/International zone/Media zone

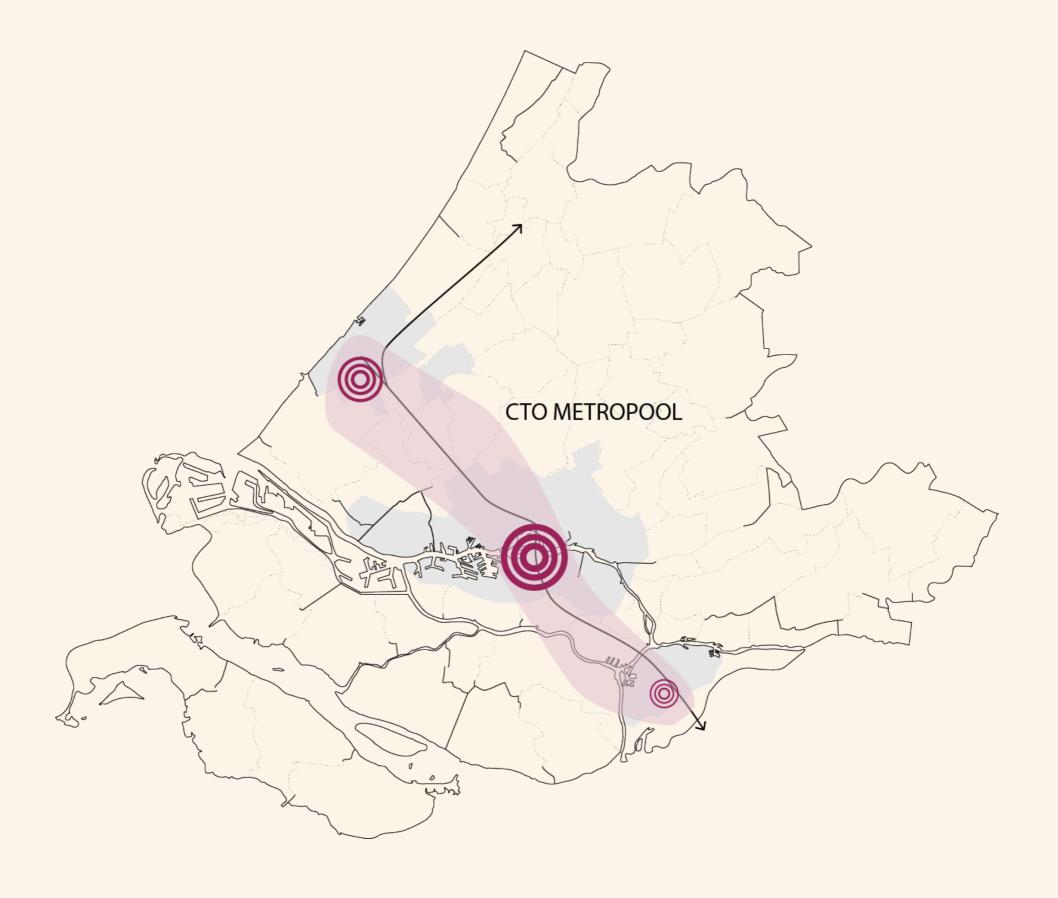
Public/visitors area

Athletes area

Visitors flow

Athletes flow

A position in the new CTO Metropool



A destination for every Olympic venue

Olympic programme permanent

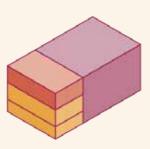
- Olympic stadium
- Hockey stadium
- Ahoy Multisport Hall
- Ahoy existing halls





Olympic programme converted from the inside

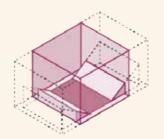
- Olympic hall
- Broadcast centre
- Olympic village
- Media village





Olympic programme converted from the outside

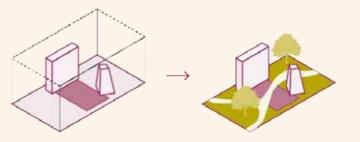
- Taekwondo hall
- Aquatics centre
- Kuip stadium





Temporary programme to leisure opportunity

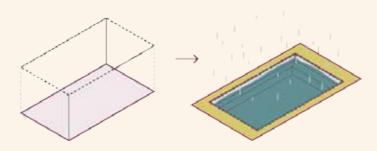
- Climbing hall
- Skating hall
- Olympic p[azas
- Training areas



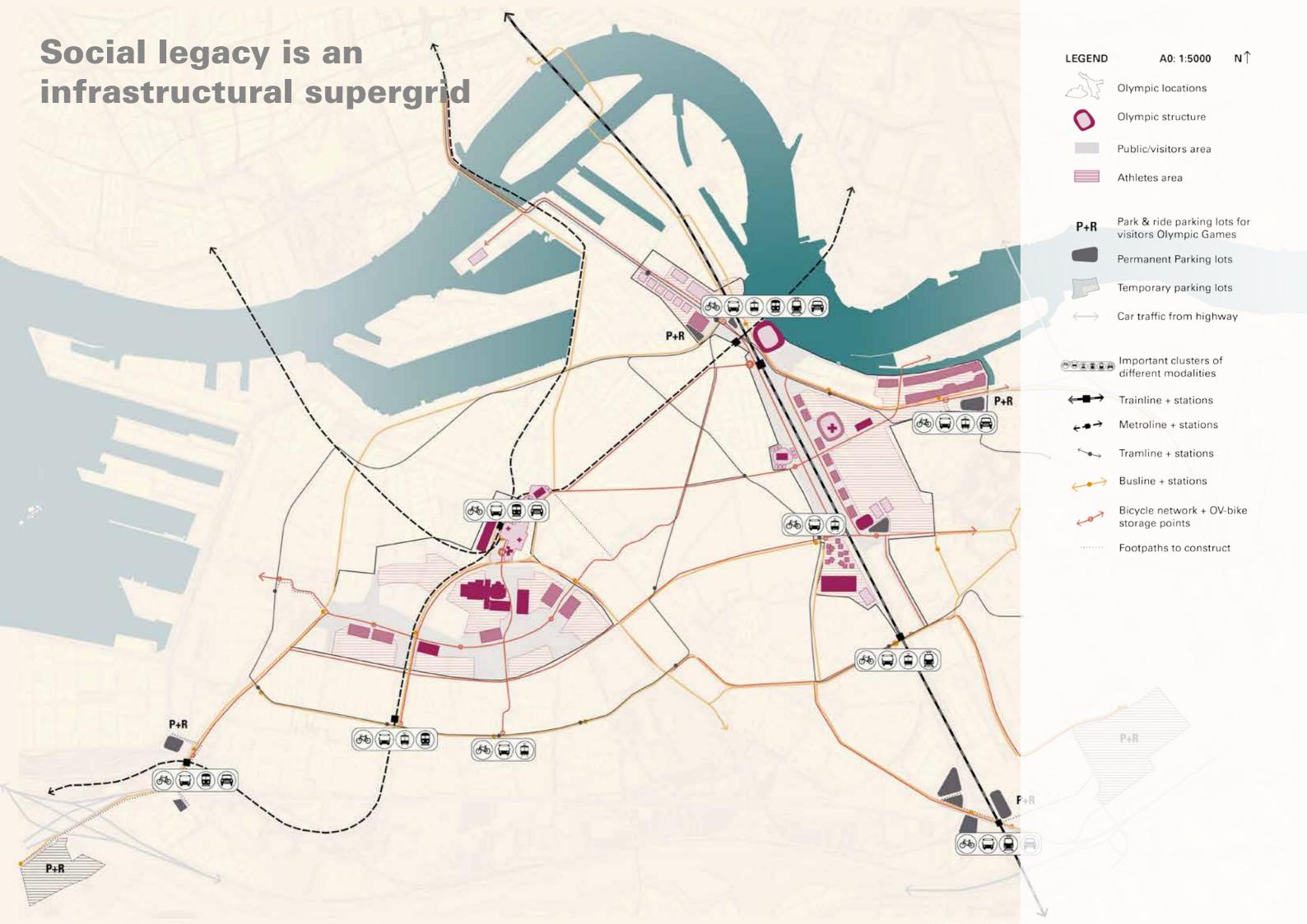


Temporary venue to landscape structure

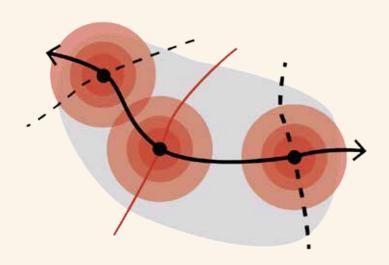
- Archery range
- Logistic pavilions
- Boxing hall
- Fencing hall
- Karate hall



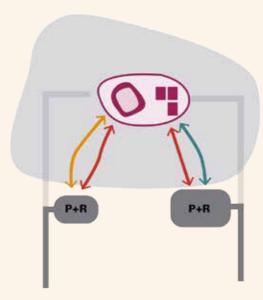




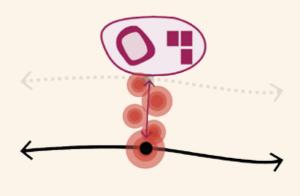
Advantages of a supergrid



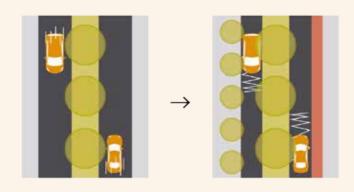
Increased connectivity by adding transport modes at a node



Less foreign cars in the urban structure



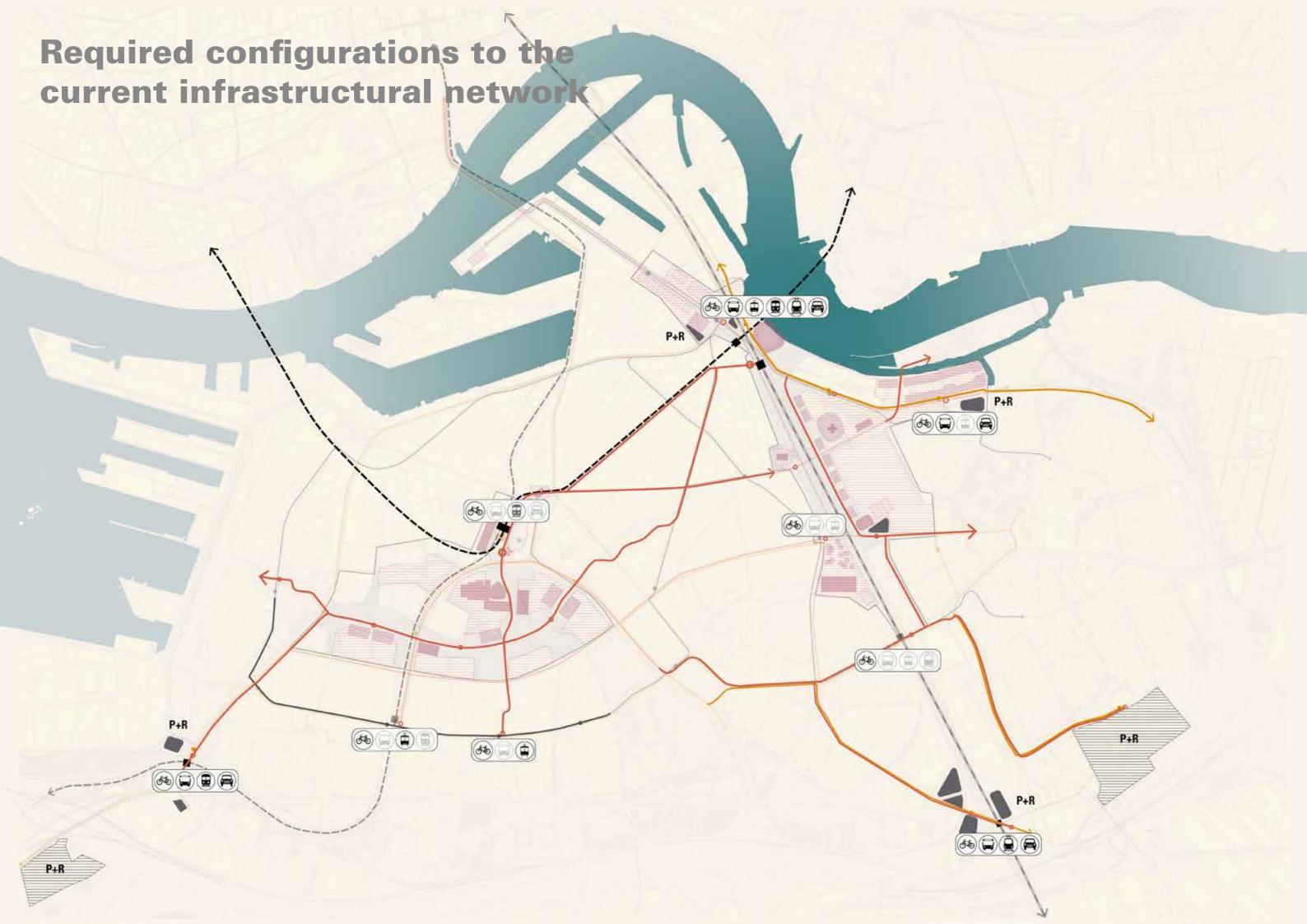
More profit for local stores by guided visitor flows

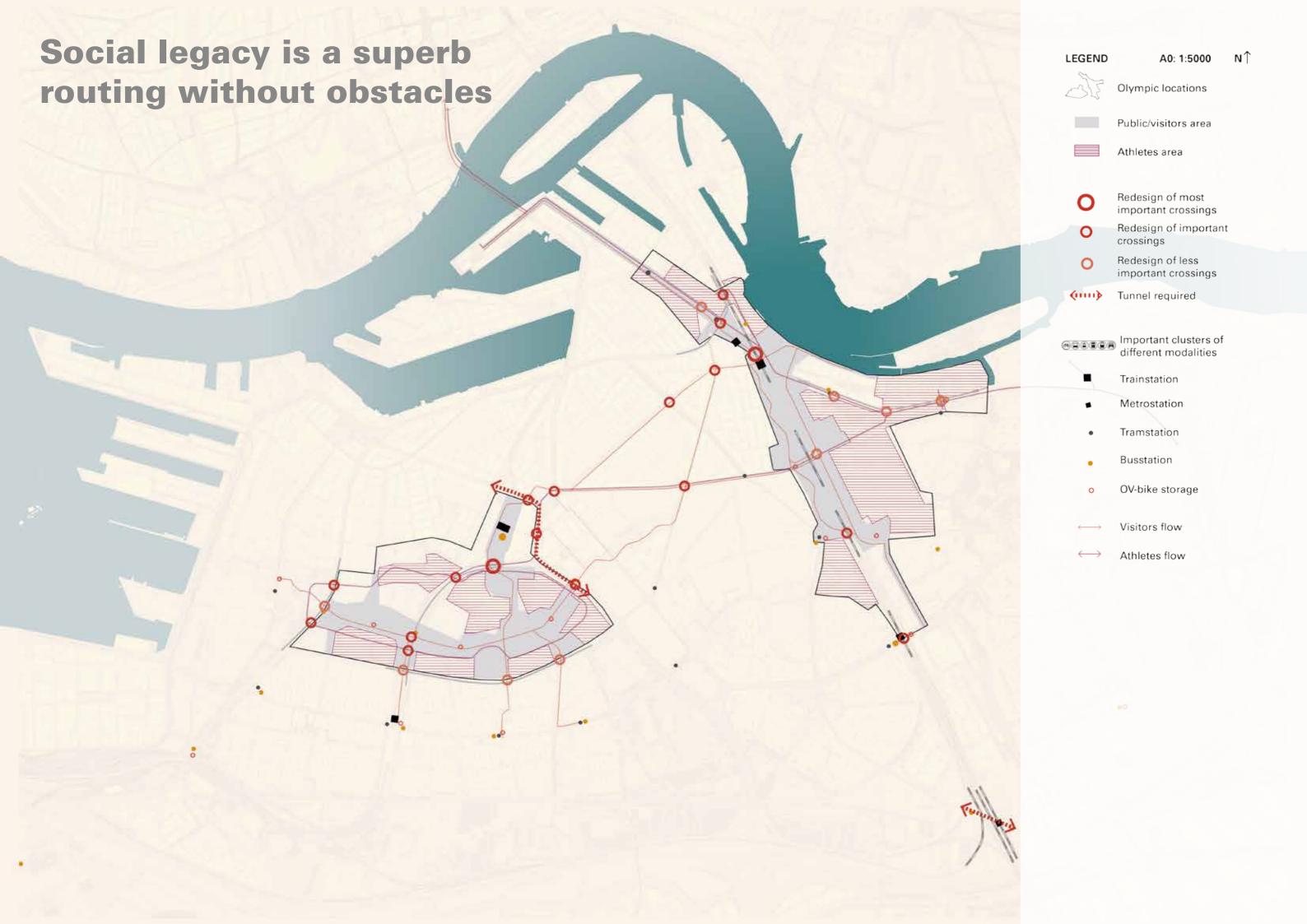


Reduction of car lane width to benefit slow traffic

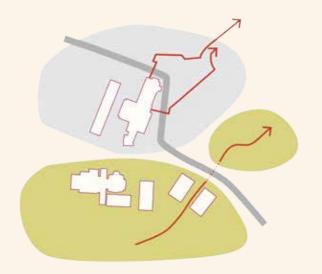


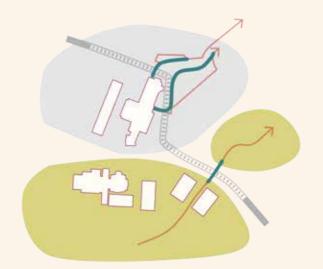
Offering more transport possibilities to the inhabitants

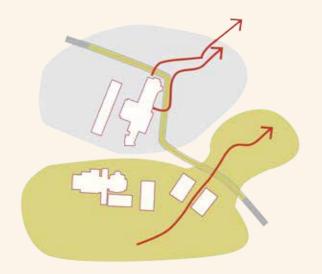


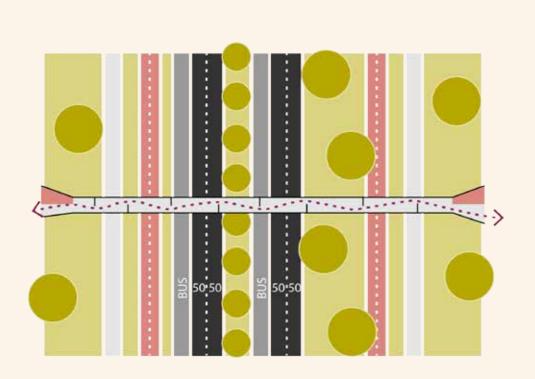


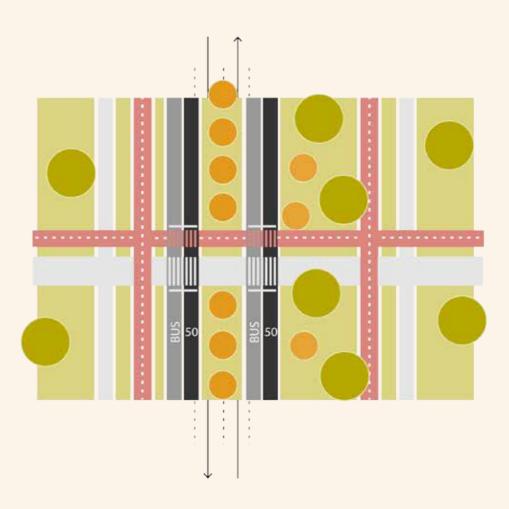
Improved environment around Zuidplein





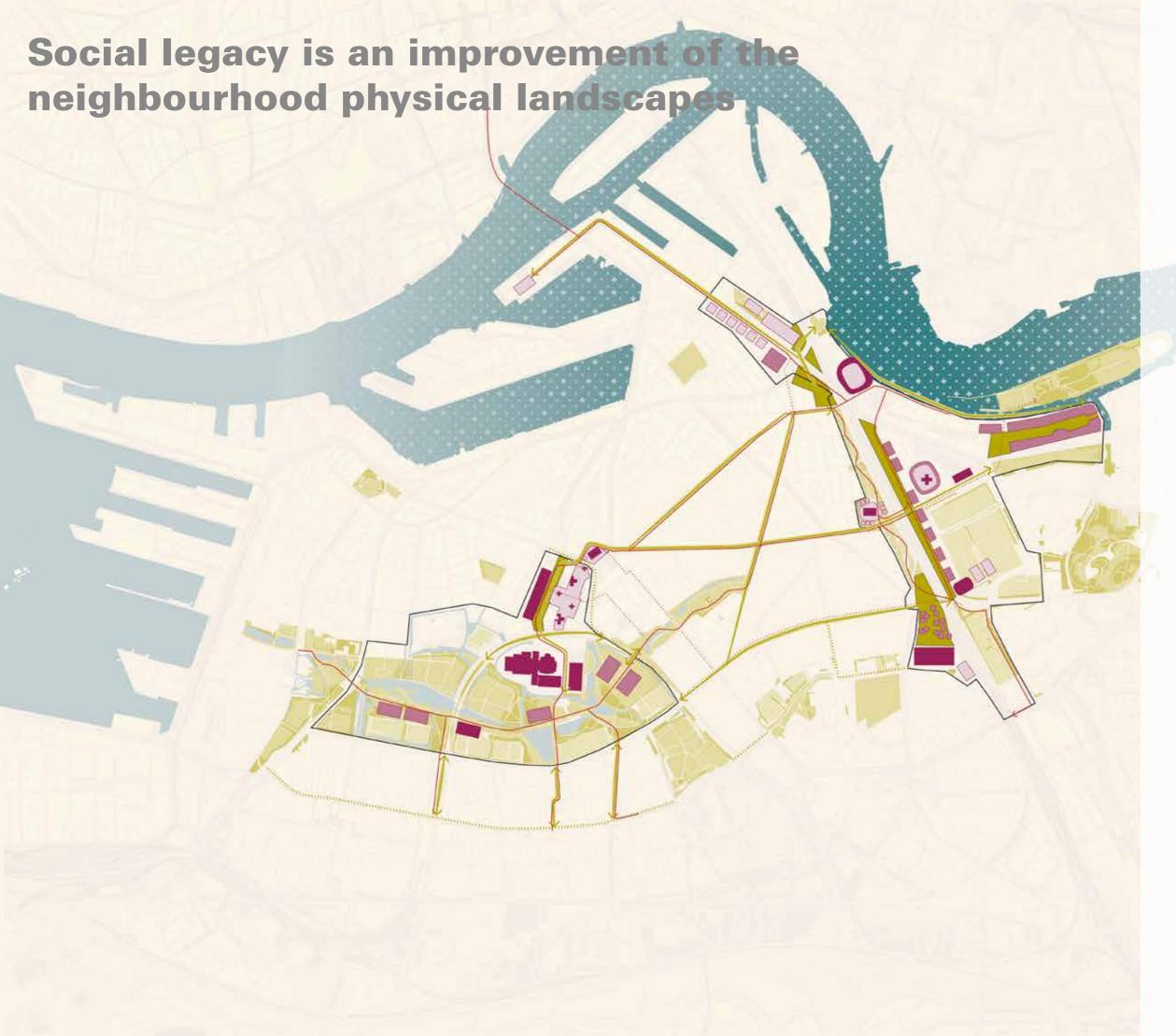






Increased accesibility by redesign crossings





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Olympic locations



Olympic structure



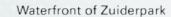
Visitor flow



Additional visitor flow



Waterfront of Maas River





Closed park structures (trees)



Open park structures (grassland + bushes)



Sportpark structures



Proposed green structures



Proposed green mainstreets

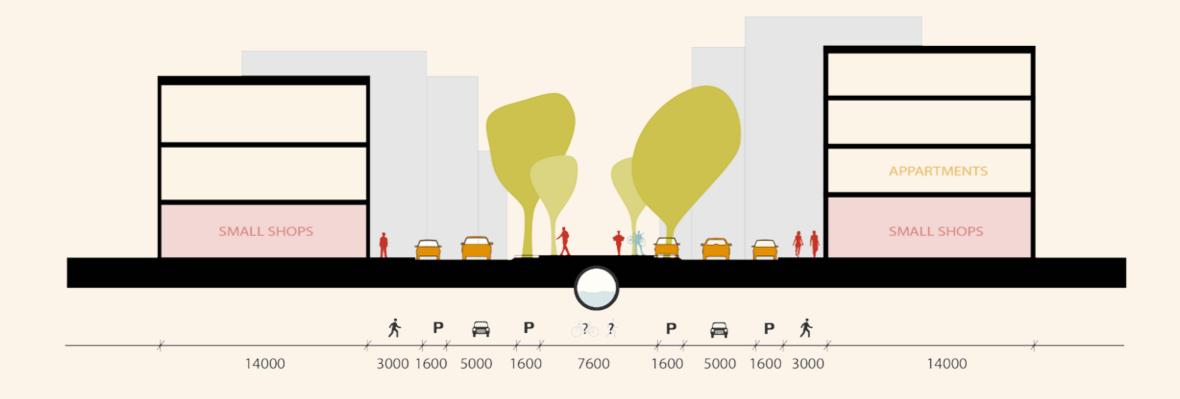


Possible green mainstreet

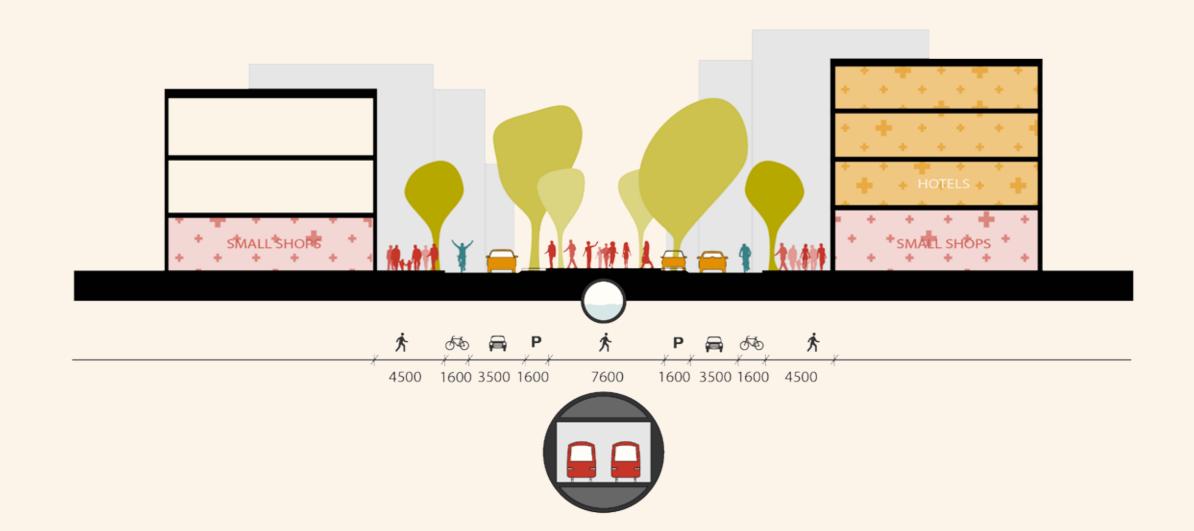
Increased identity and environment of Zuiderpark



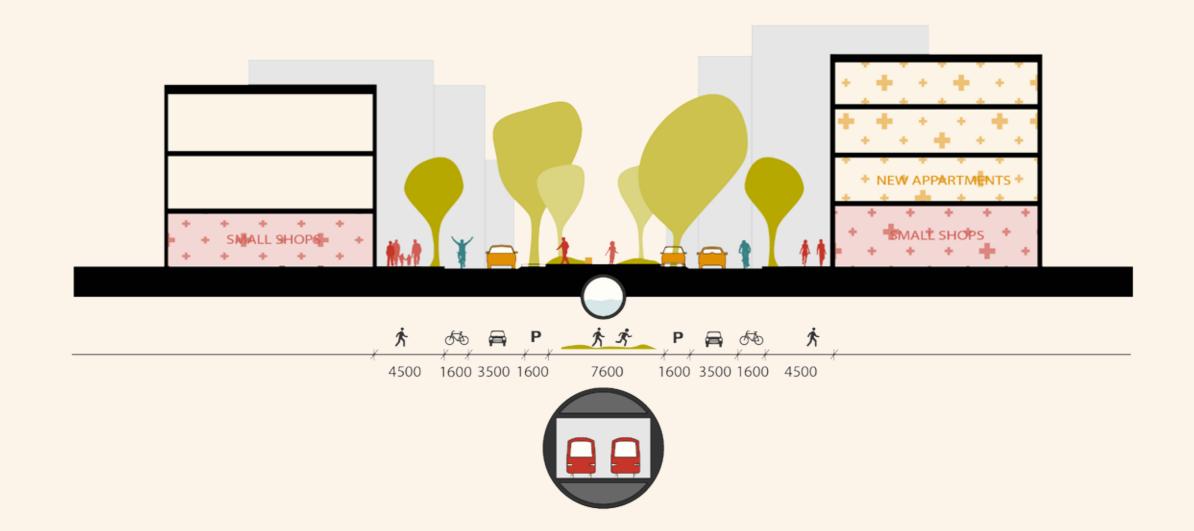
Configuration of the mainstreets

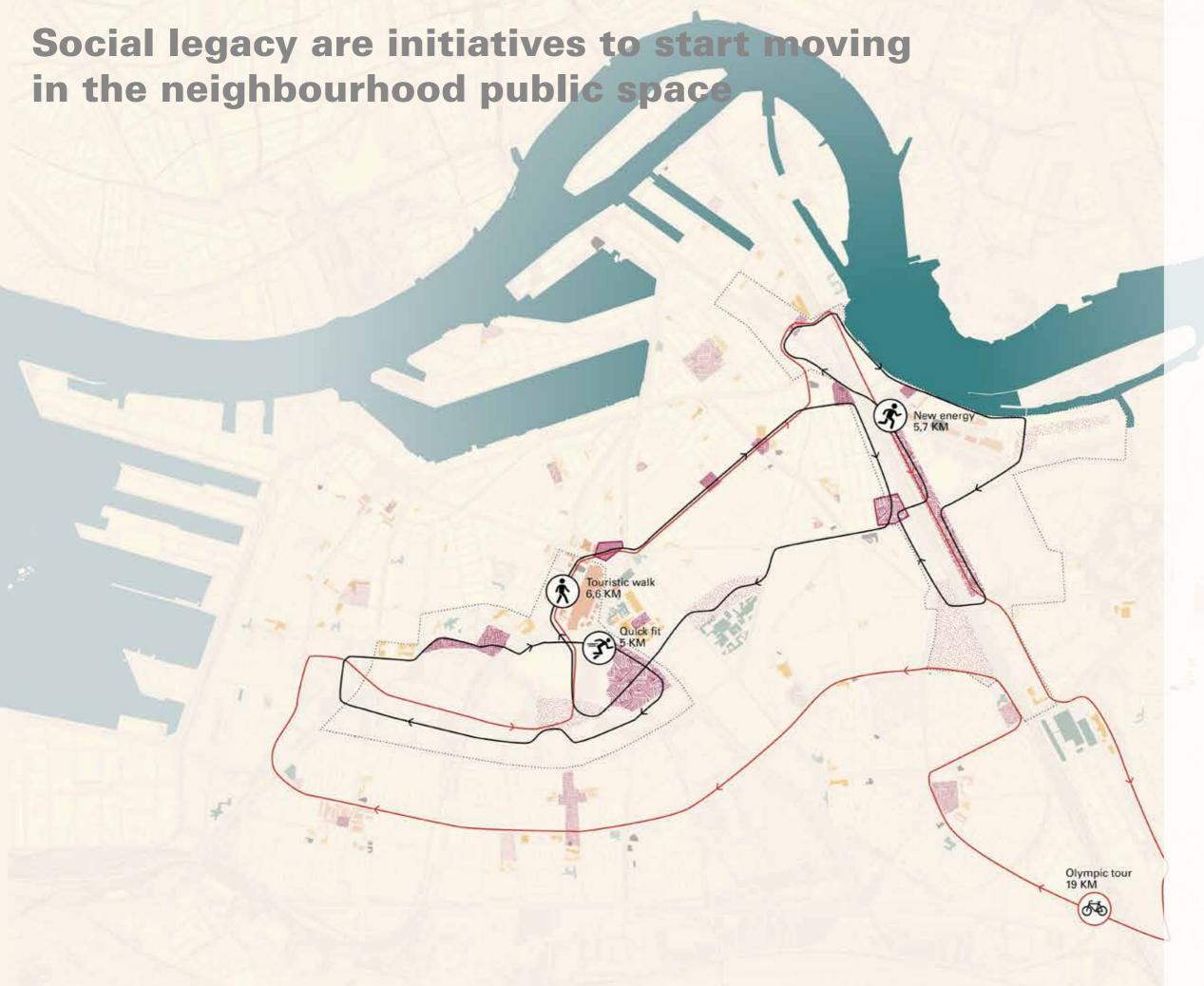


Configuration of the mainstreets



Configuration of the mainstreets





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Shops/office related structures



Education related structures



Health related structures



Olympic plaza's



Relaxed green spaces



Allround sport spaces



Educative sport spaces



Showcase sport spaces



1st priority: directly to Olympic walking routes



2nd priority: central positions in degraded neighborhoods



3rd priority: Urban spaces in non degraded neighborhoods



→ Walking route



Jogging route



Running route



Bicycle route

A set of playscapes with different itensities



Showcase and multi-functional spaces



Allround sport spaces

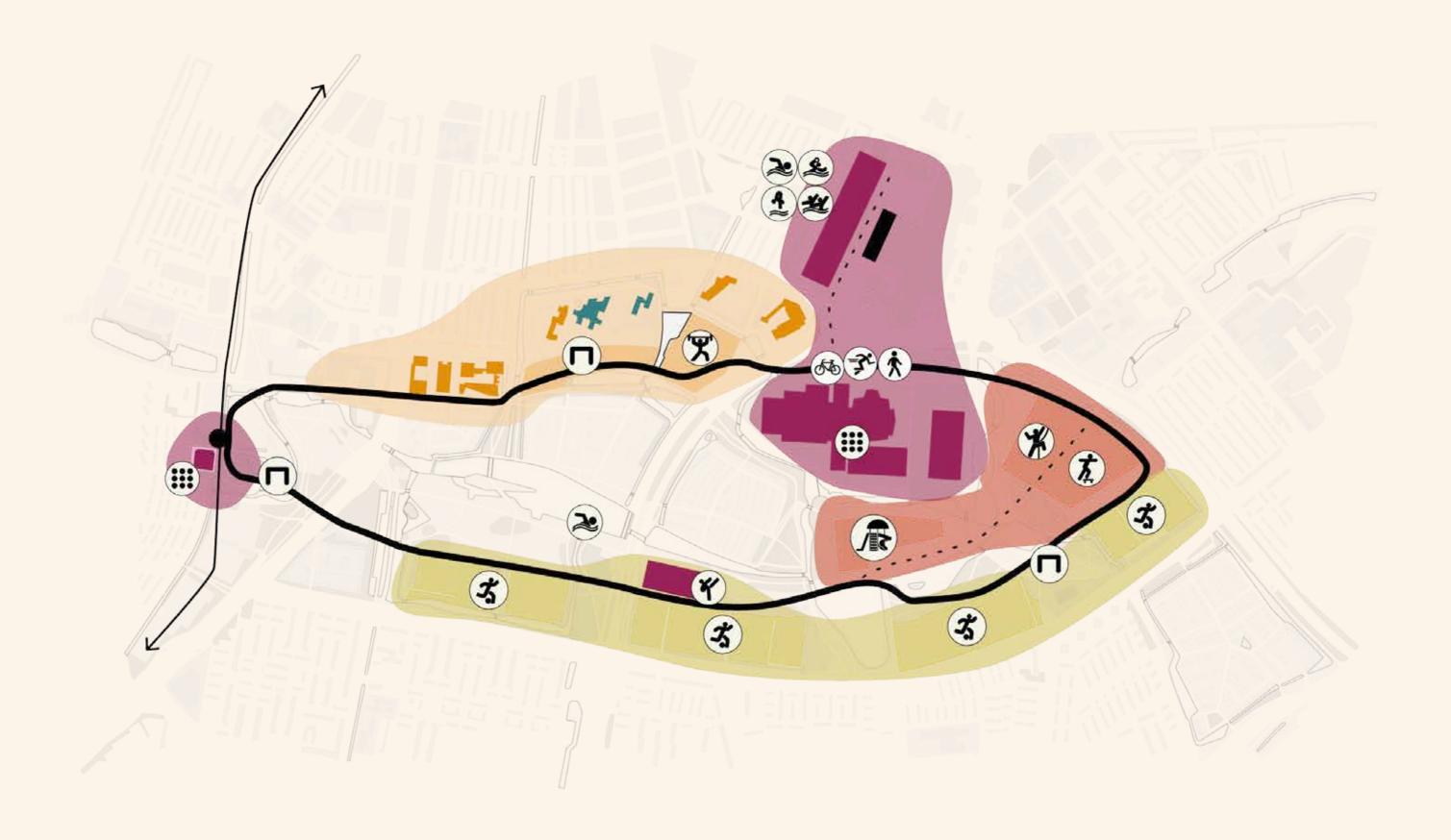


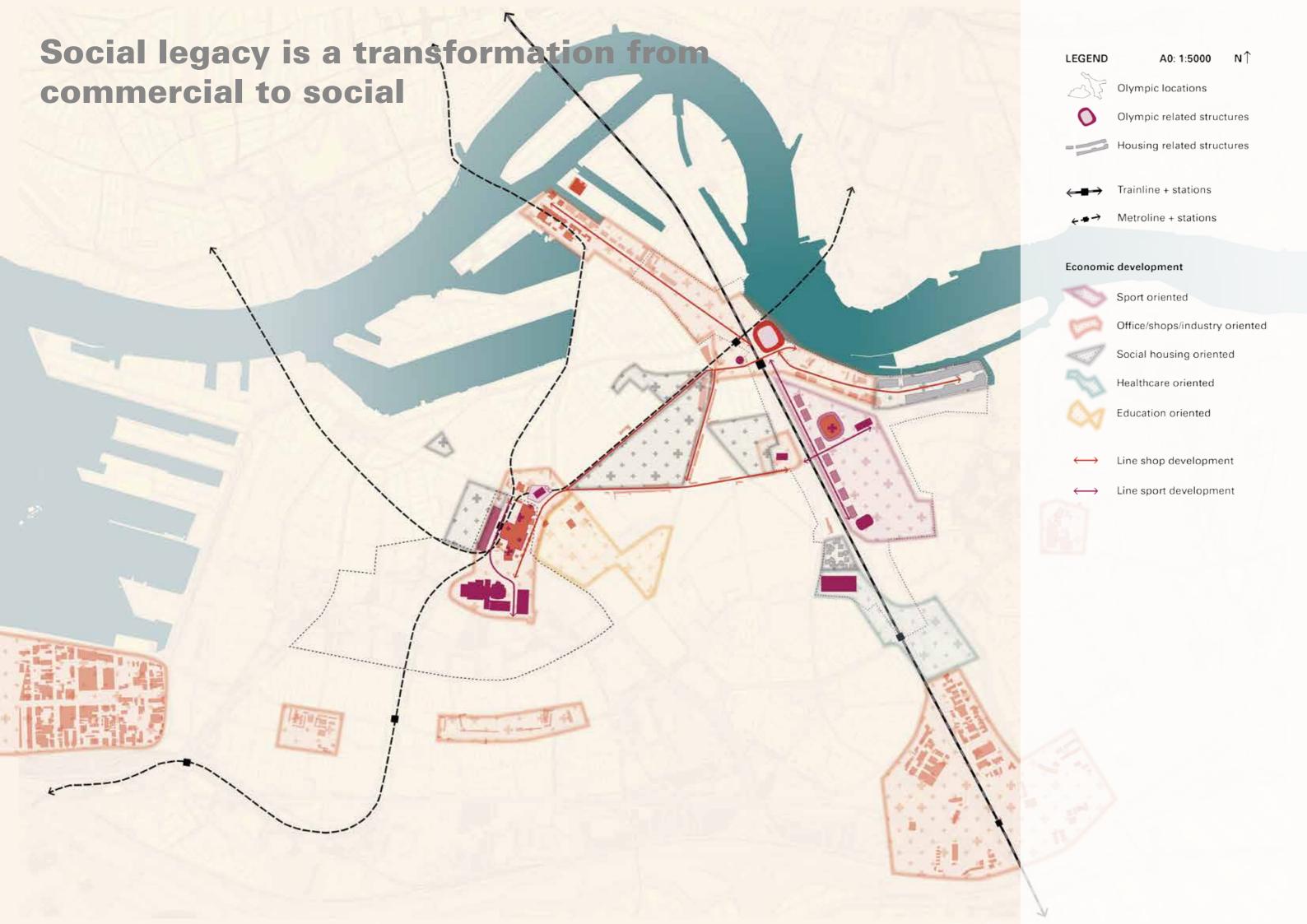
Educational and encouraging spaces



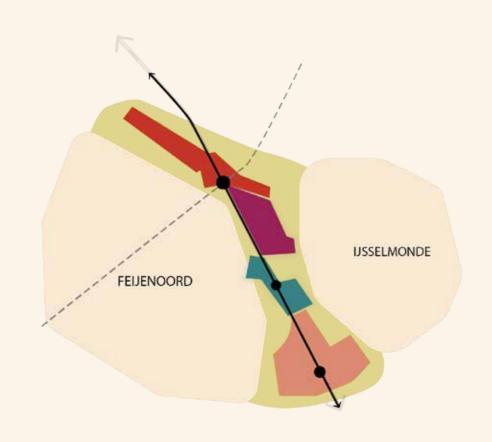
Relaxed and motivating spaces

A view of Zuiderpark in 30 minutes

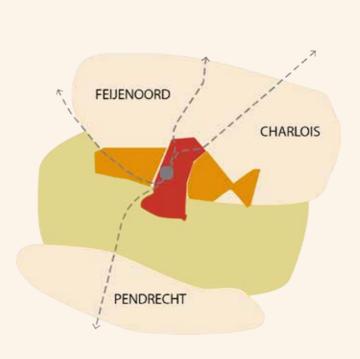




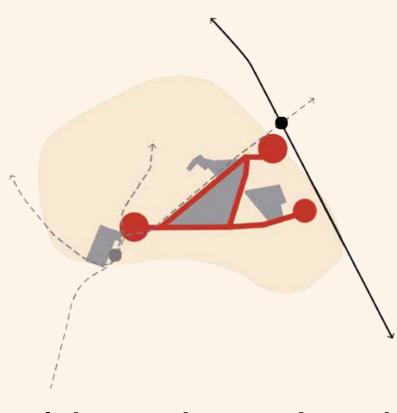
Three important employment clusters



Employement axis around railway



Shopping and educational district



Local shops and connective nodes



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Former Olympic locations



Olympic related structres



Sport related structures



Shops/office related structures



Education related structures



Health related structures



01: Feyenoord City



02: Sportboulevard South



03: Olympic park axis



04: Healthcare research hub Rotterdam South



05: Ahoy-Zuidplein -Heart of South



06: Healthcare education hub Rotterdam South



07: North-South connection



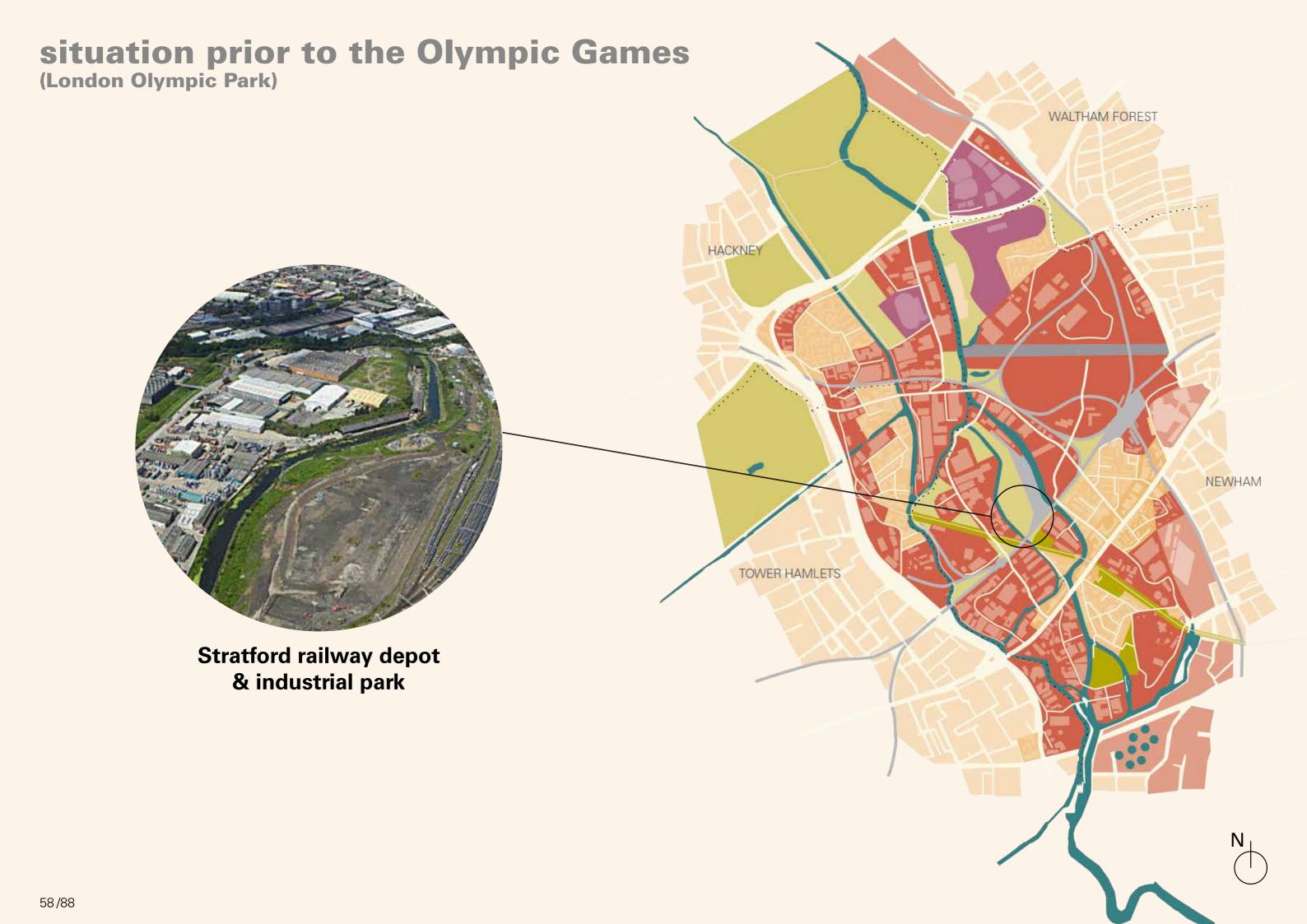
08: Sportcluster Zuiderpark



09: Aquapark Zuiderpark



10: The best of old Zuiderpark



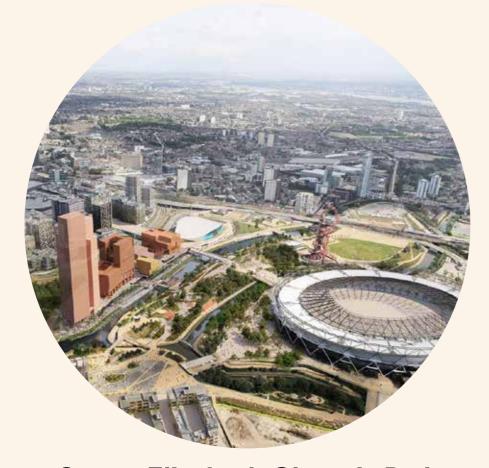
Developement of the Olympic park (London Olympic Park)



London 2012 Olympic Park



Post-Olympic planning (London Olympic Park)

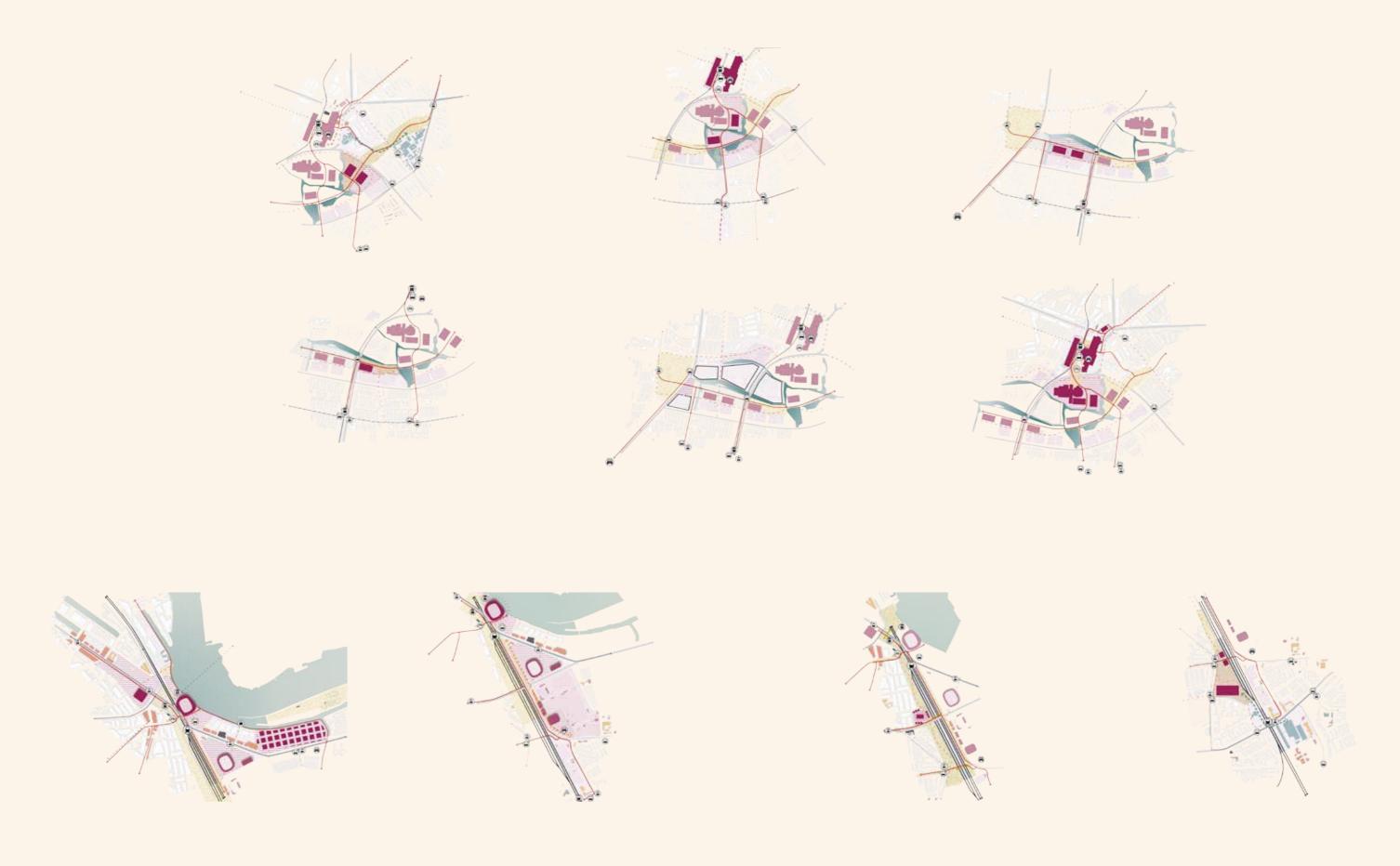


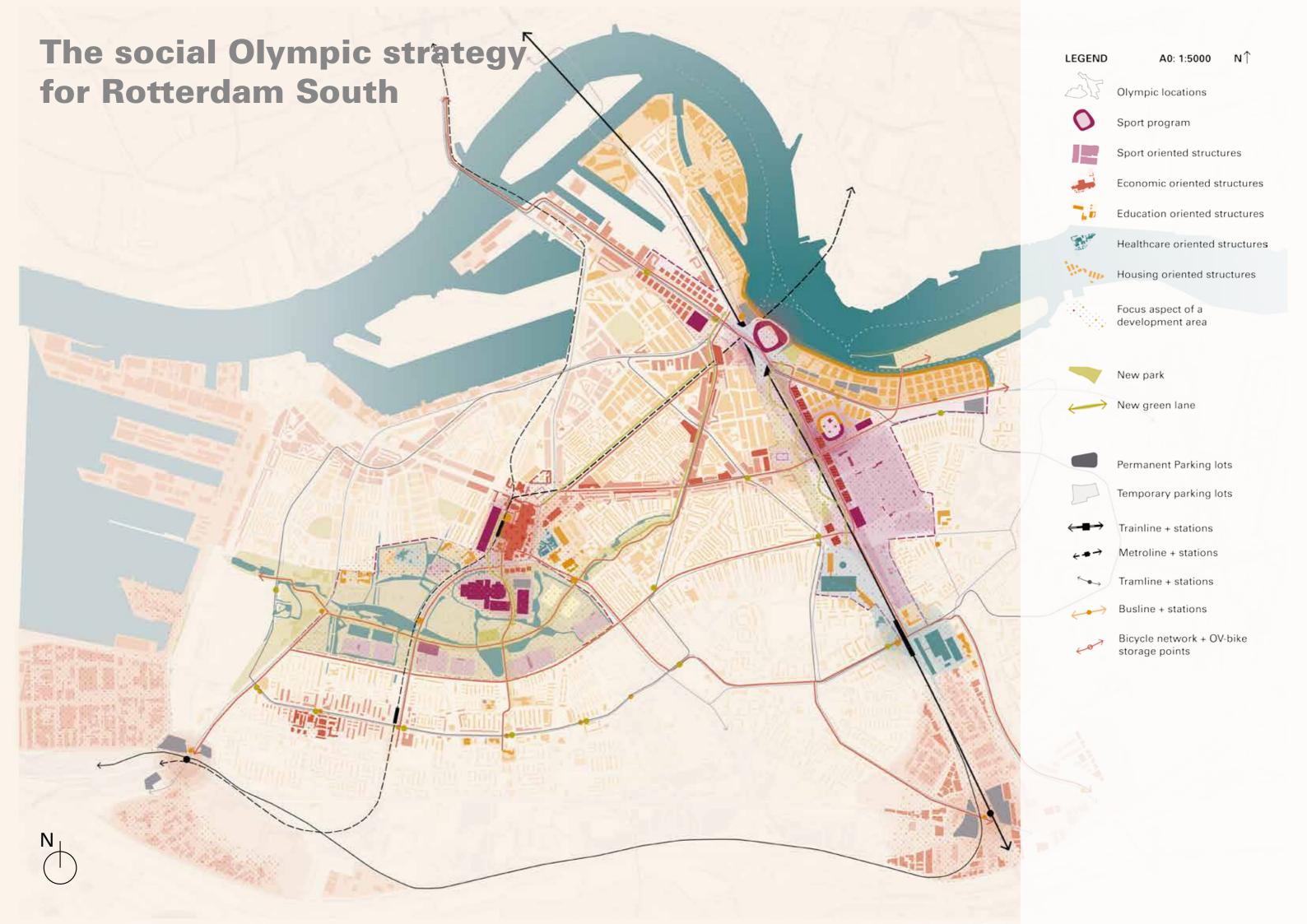
Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park redevelopment

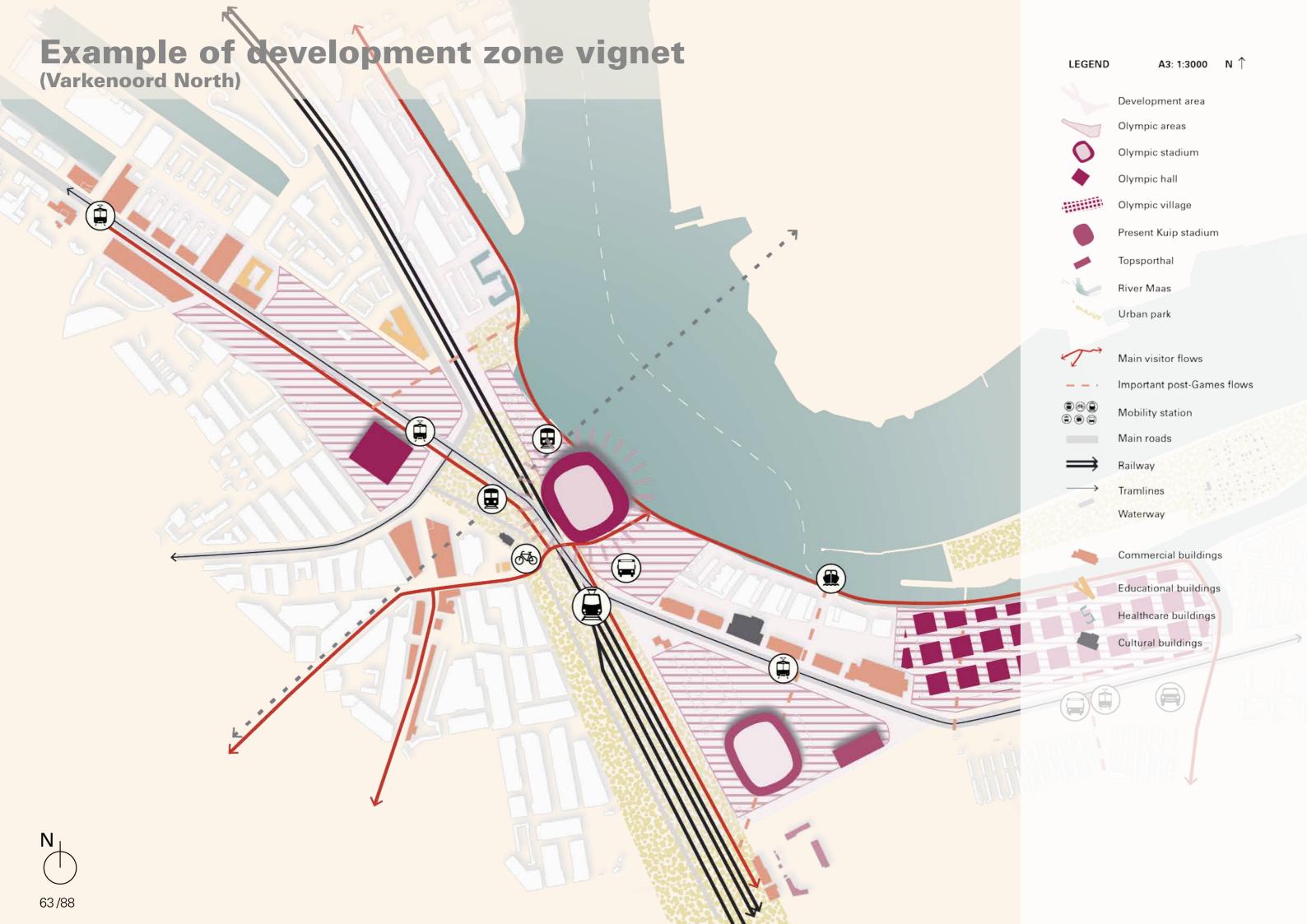


A future identity for both Olympic sites

Overview of all vignettes







Development aim for Varkenoord North

Aim for Varkenoord



Feyenoord city - SPORT & CITY ENVIRONMENT

Current situation



Varkenoordse viaduct



Colloseumweg



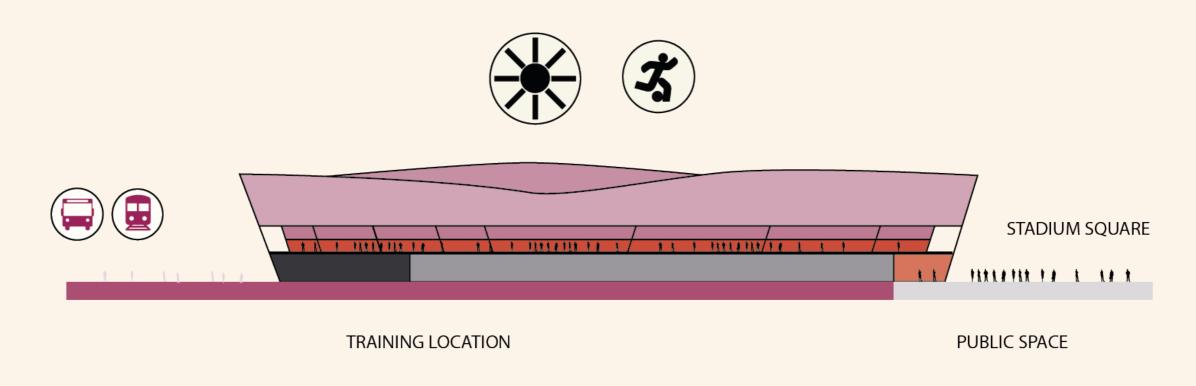
Veranda

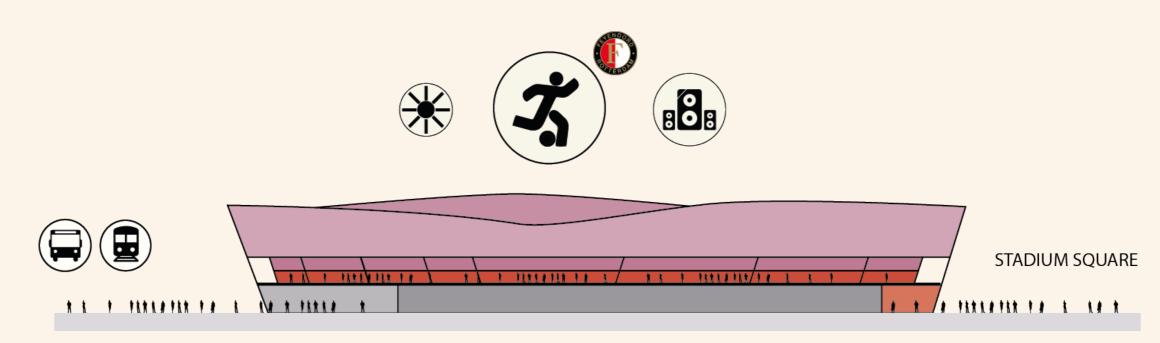


Stadionweg



A permanent occupation of the stadium

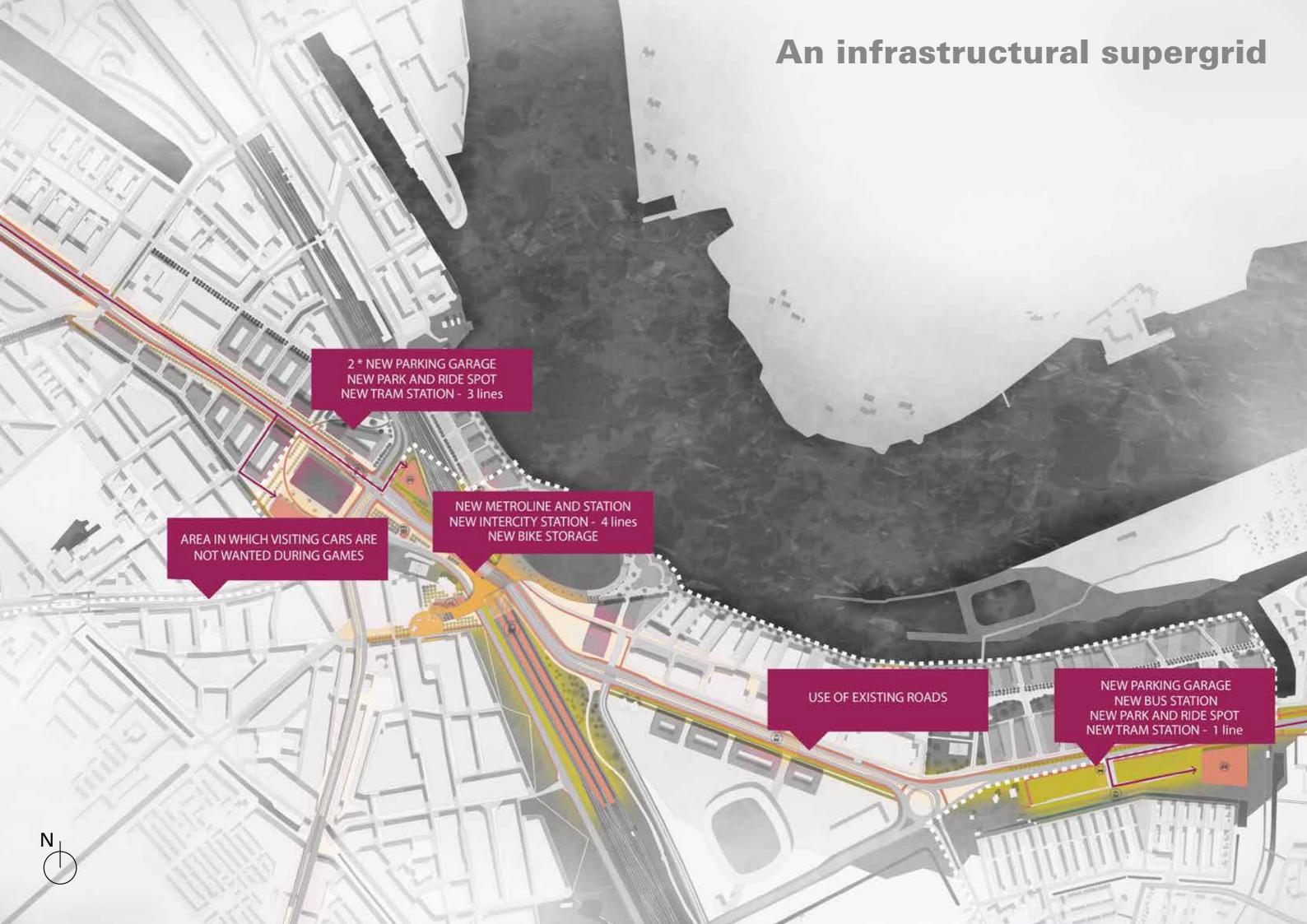




PUBLIC SPACE

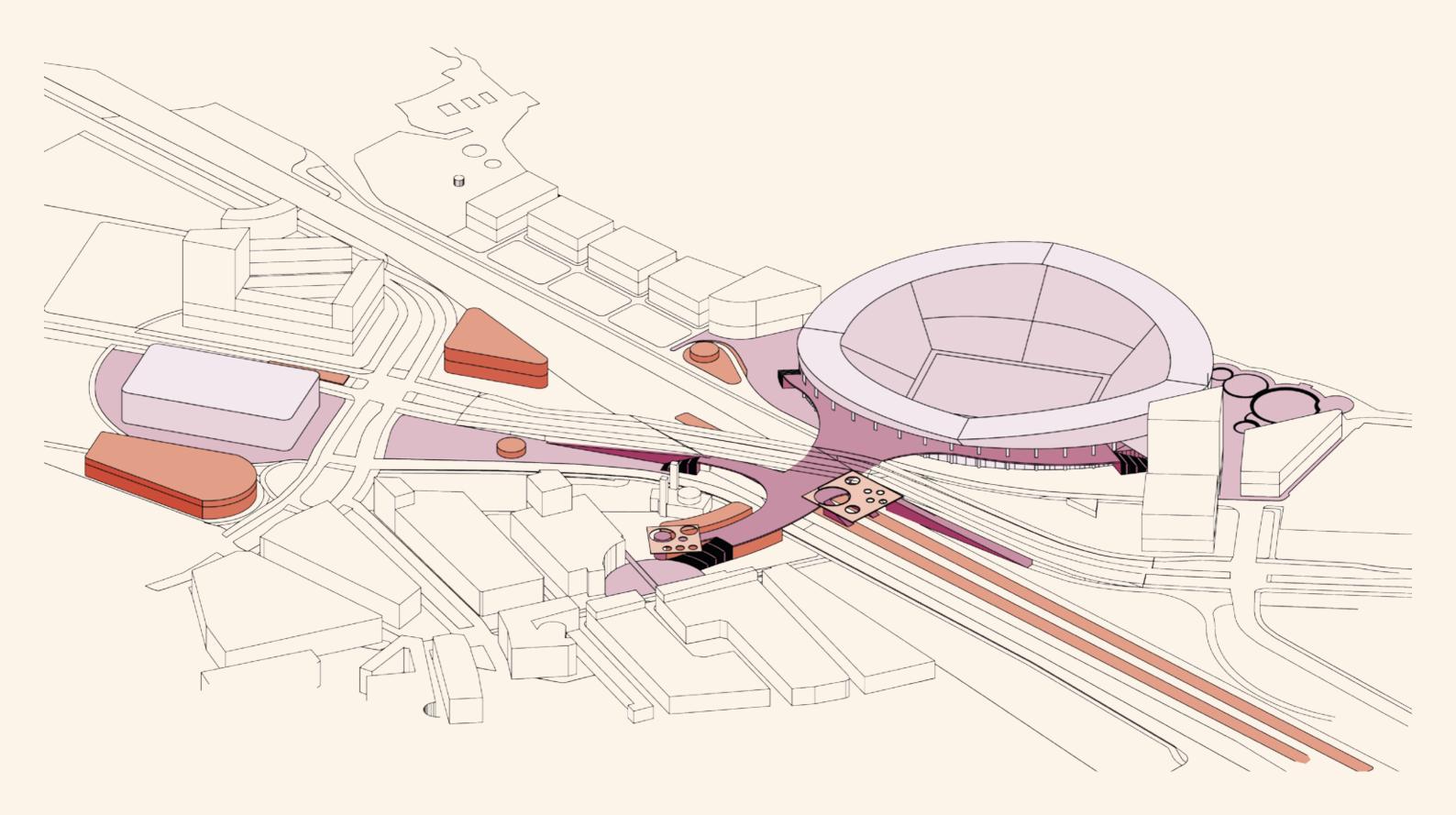
Switch from athletes to inhabitants 30m2 ROOM 90 m2 APPARTMENT ROOM ROOM 8-16 stories During Olympics -parking inside the building will be closed Atlethe accomodation Residents housing Parking Hopsitality and other functions not already present in the initial design





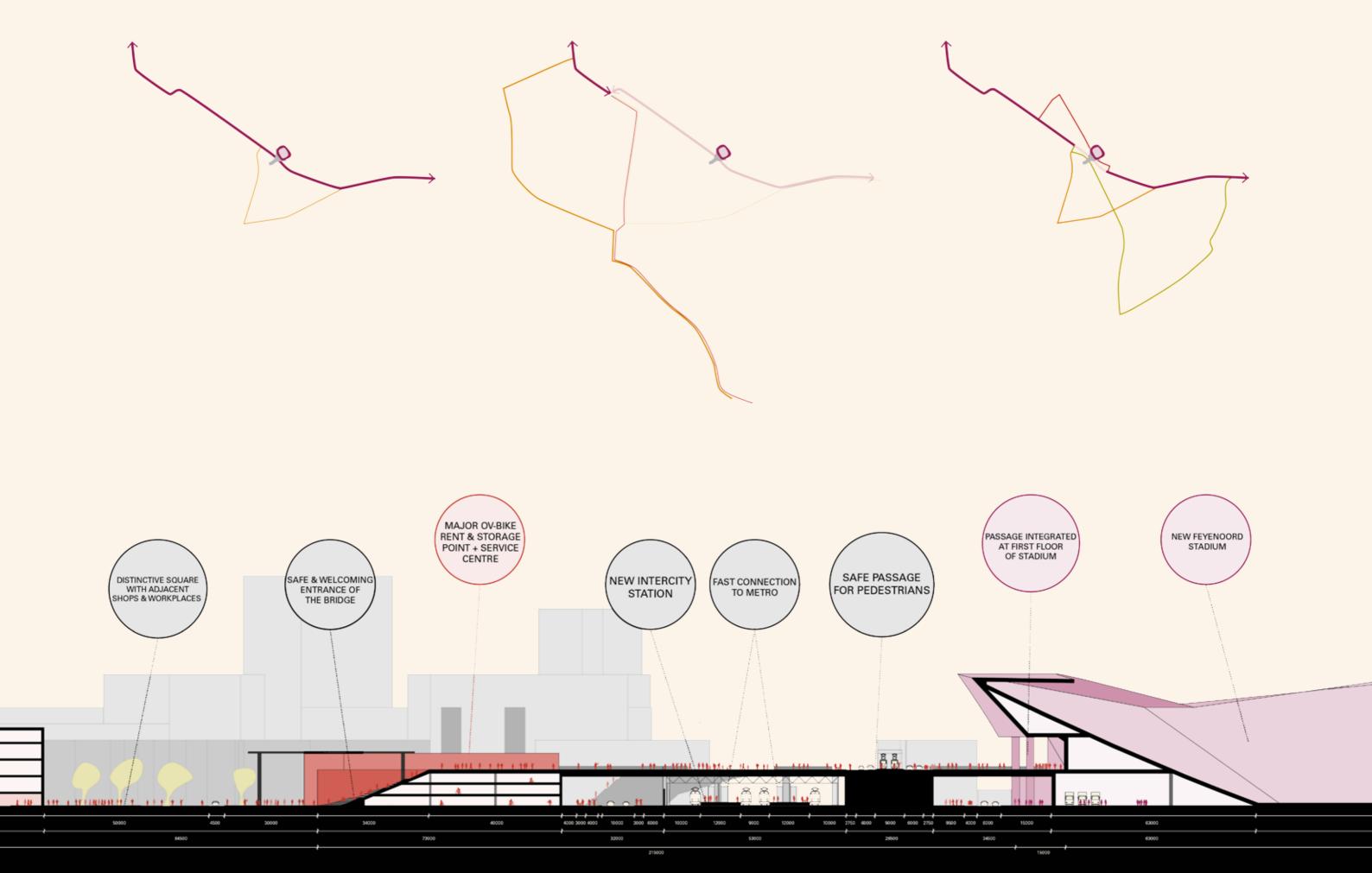


Urban bridge as multi-transport node



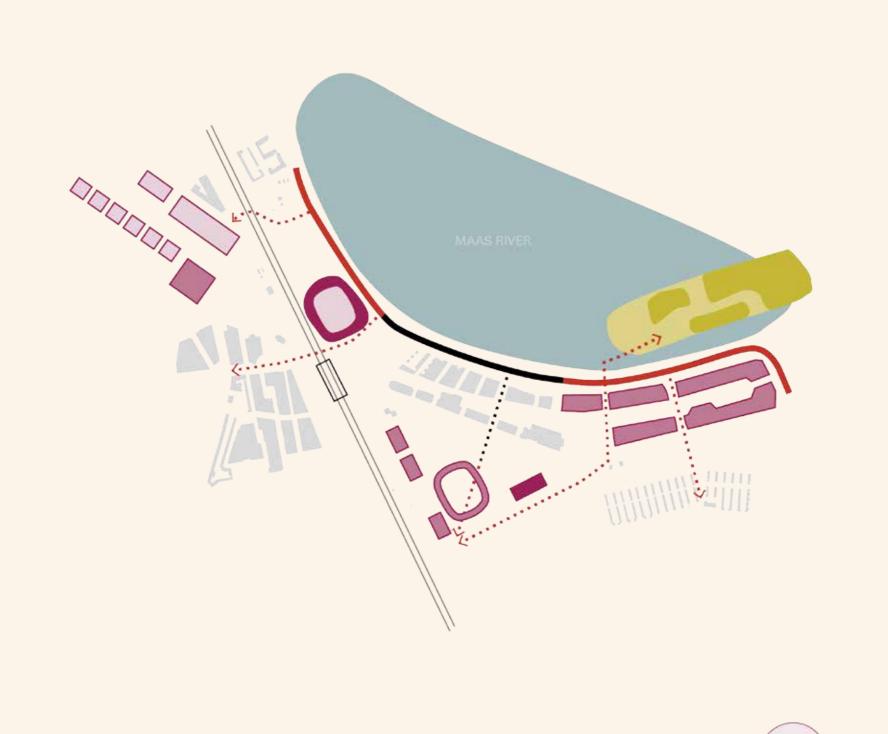


Urban bridge as neighborhood connection













TEMPORARY PROGRAM AT BOULEVARD



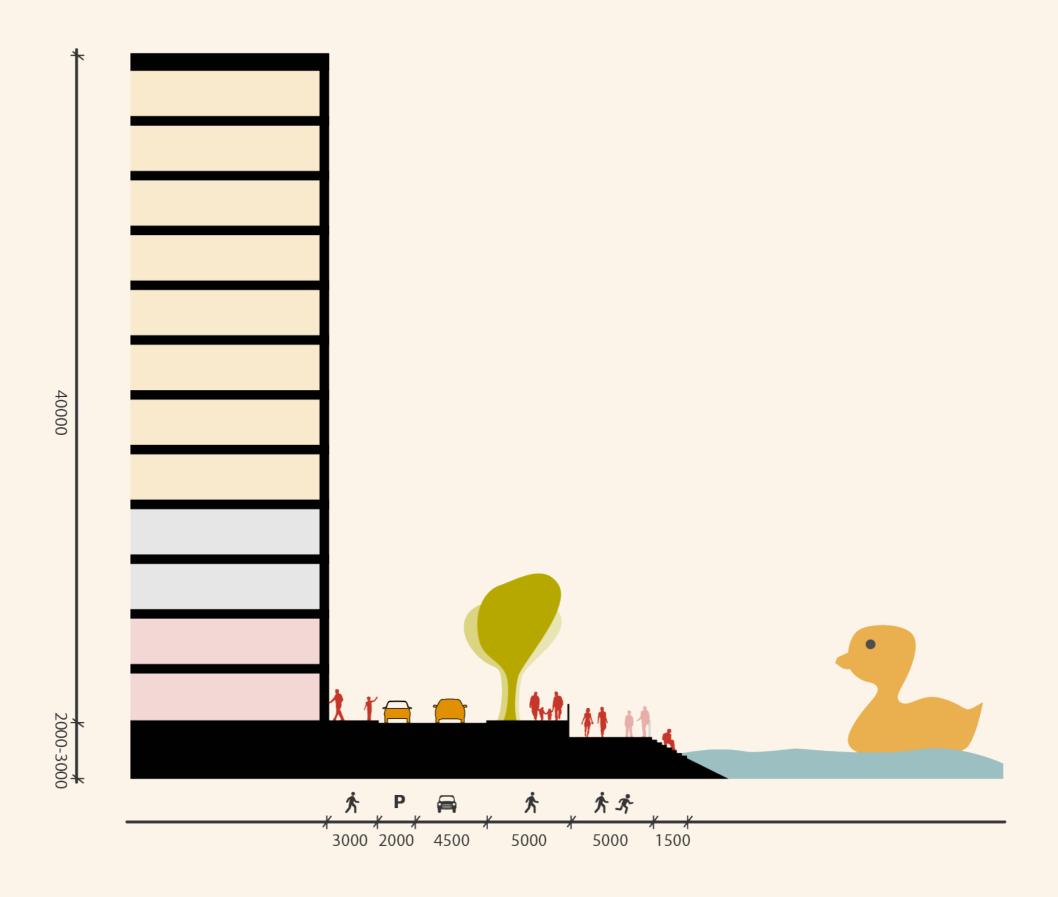




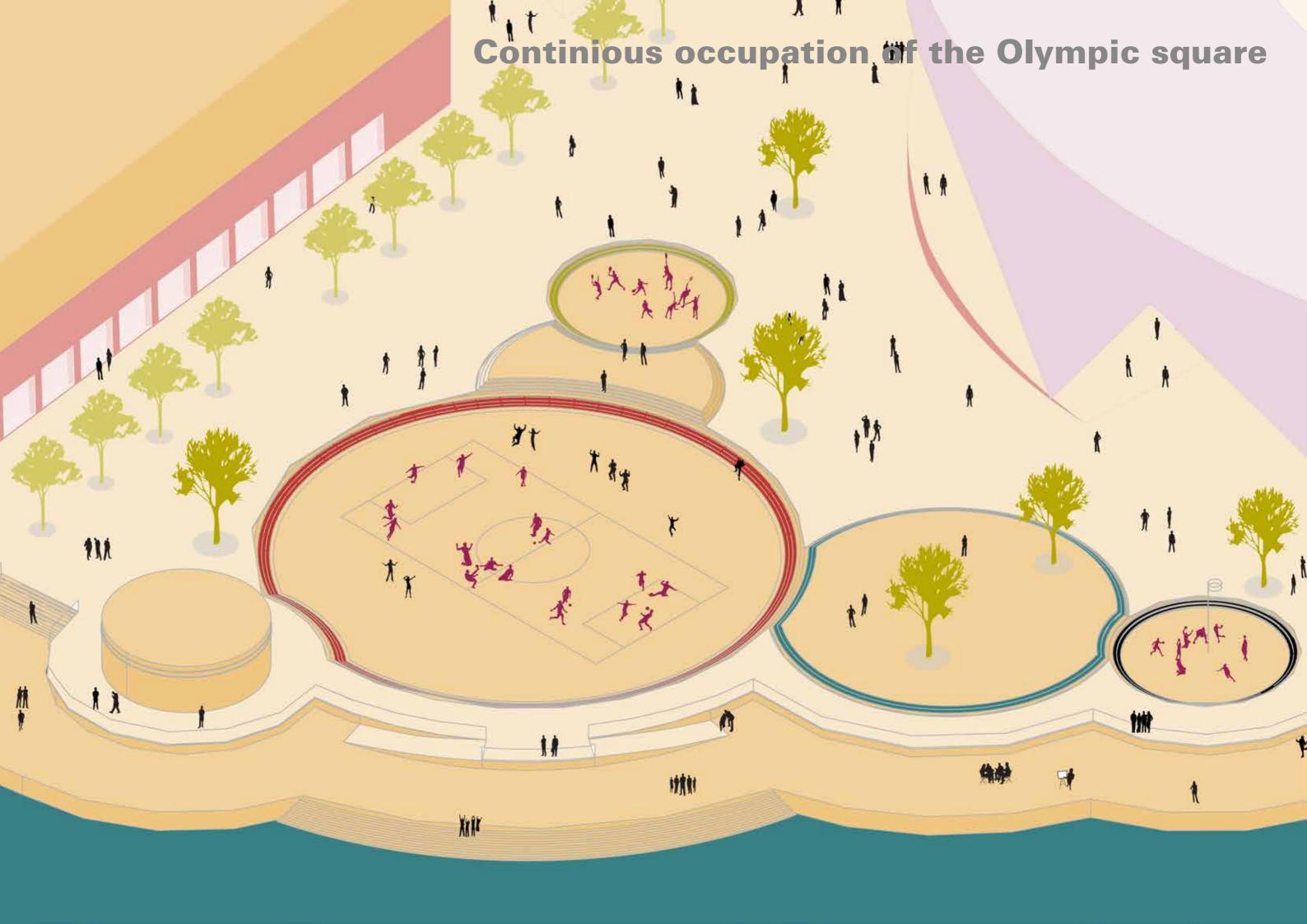


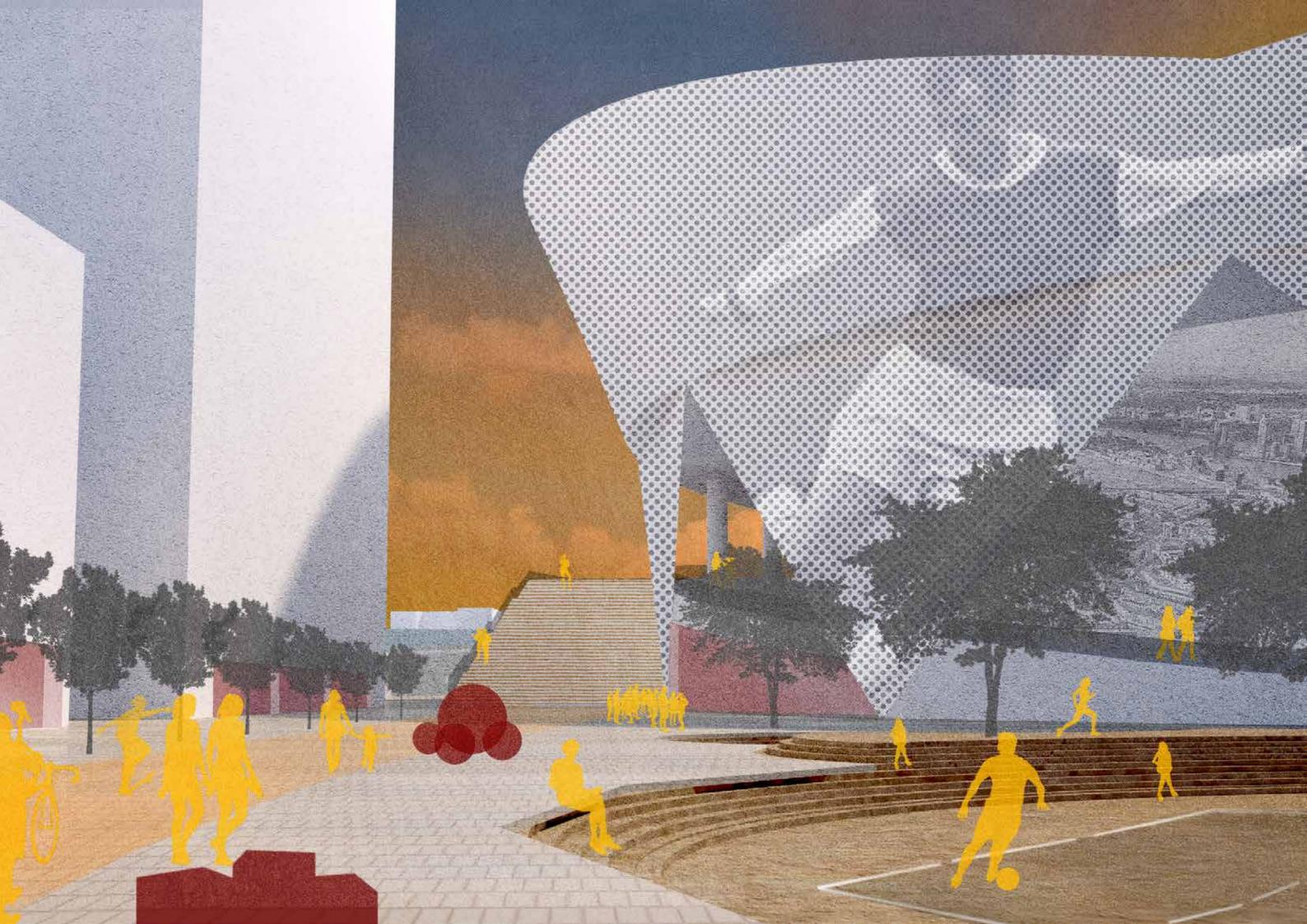




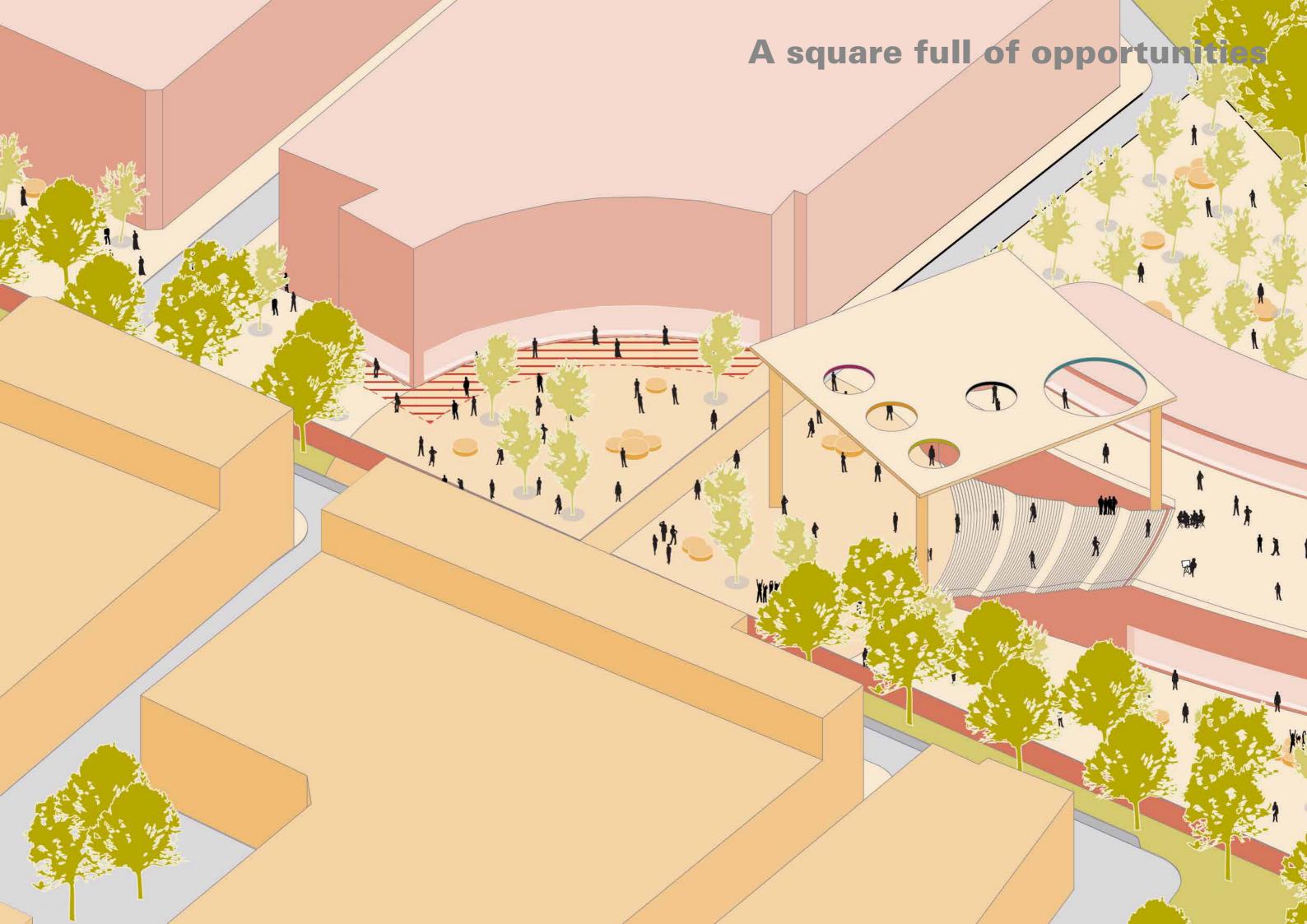


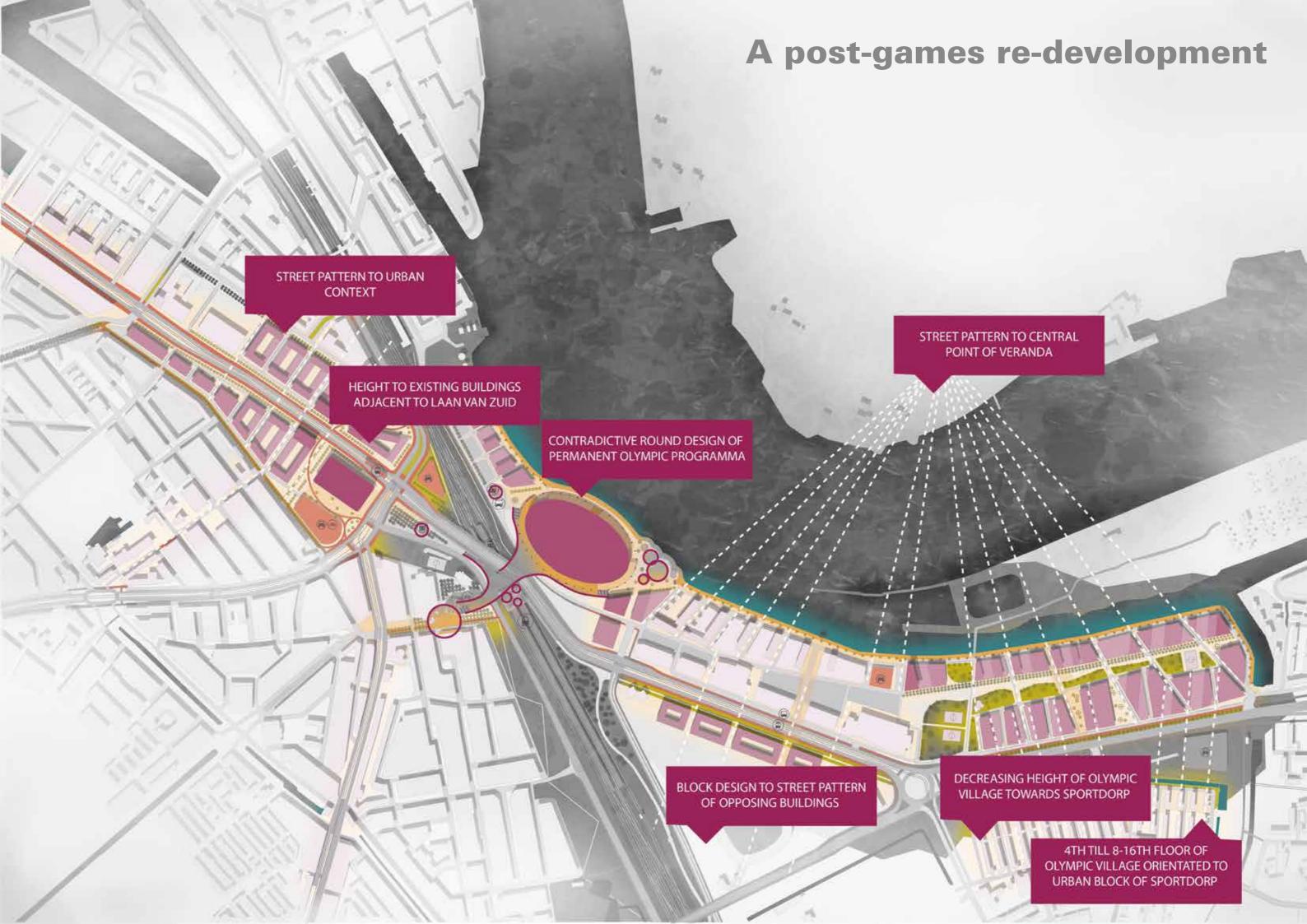
















Conclusion of the project - a collection of encountered design principles (collected in a seperate book)

