

energy storage in parkstad

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content

- **introduction**

phenomenon - problem statement – context – design question – research question - objective

- **research**

context – storage demand – storage methods – possible methods

- **design**

masterplan – concept – architecture – building technology – system technology

- **conclusion**

context - parkstad



former mining region



currently a shrinkage region without identity

phenomenon



climate change & energy independence



transition towards sustainable energy

phenomenon



massive implementation of solar and wind



renewable intermittency strains the grid

phenomenon



energy storage pops up in built environment



is this the appearance for energy storage?

problem statement

“The massive implementation of intermittent renewable energy sources asks for the realization of energy storage. The architectural possibilities of such artefacts have not yet been studied.”

research question

“Which local conditions in Parkstad can be utilized for **visible energy storage** and what are the spatial requirements that flow from these possibilities?”

objective

“Creating an energy storage building/facility
which uses a visible method of storage
adding a building which influences the landscape”

research

research

- **storage demands**

 - daily demand

 - inter seasonal demand

 - incidental demand

- **local conditions**

 - natural and artificial hills

 - little surface water

 - mining relicts

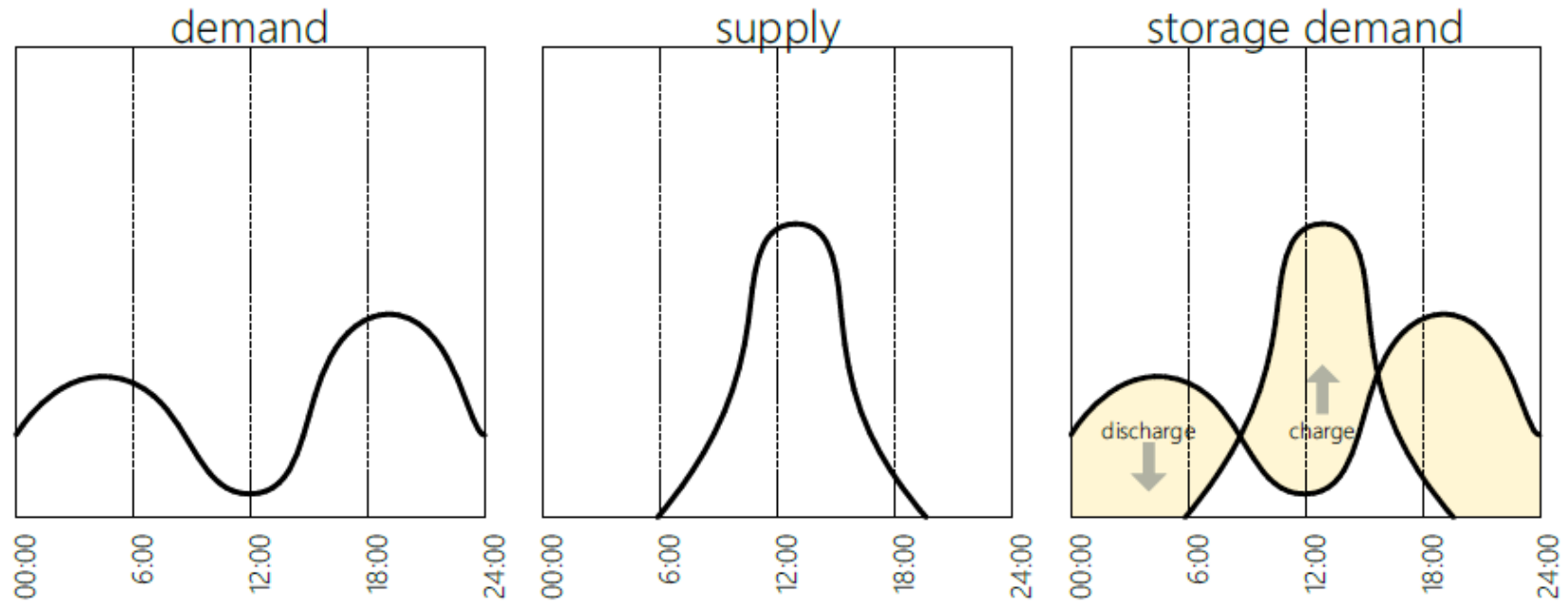
- **storage methods**

 - matrix of methods

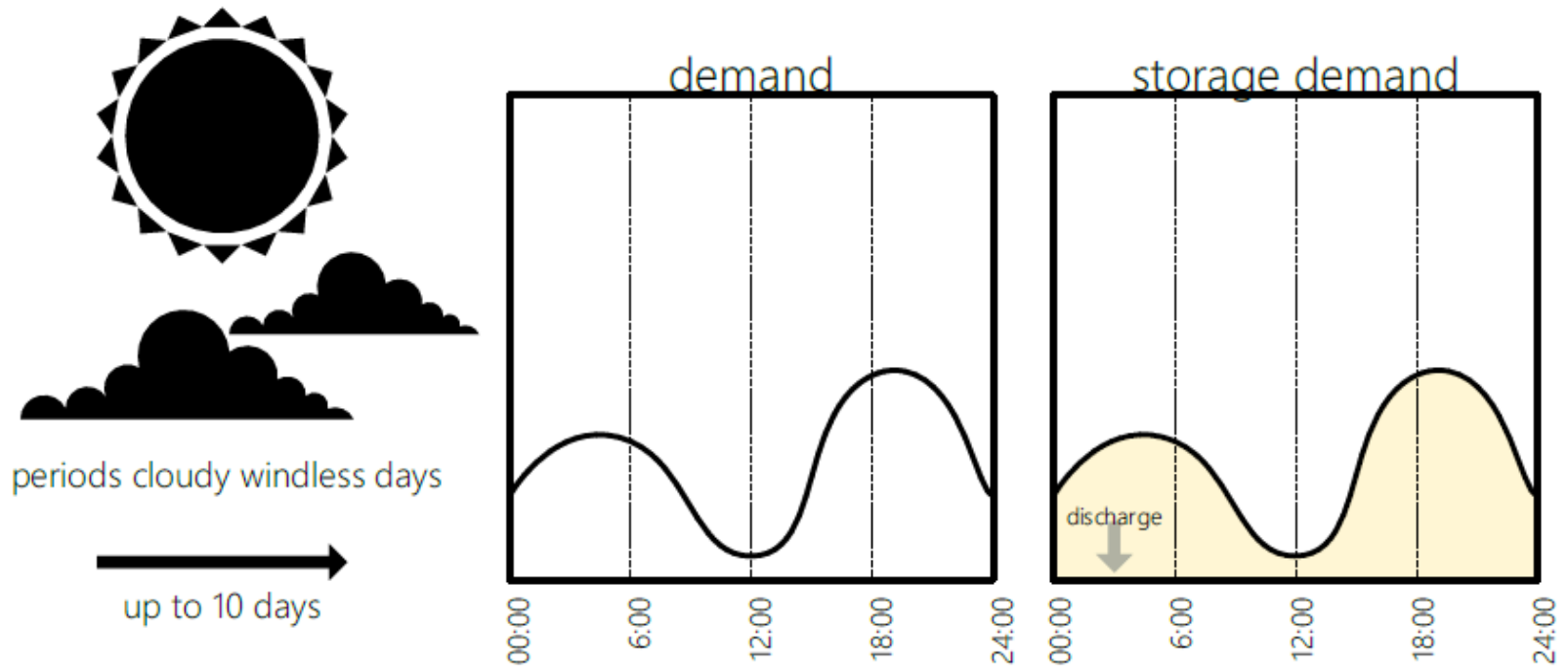
 - method assessment

 - possible methods

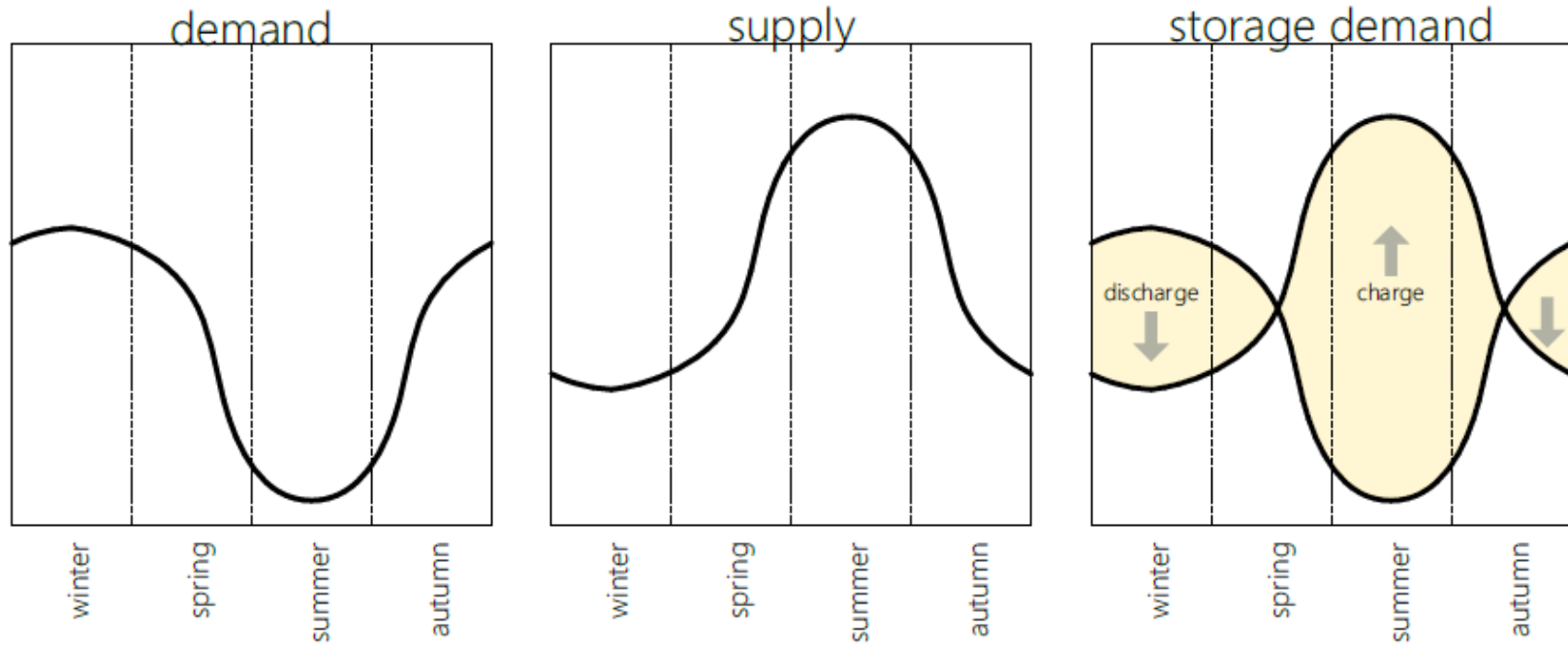
storage demand



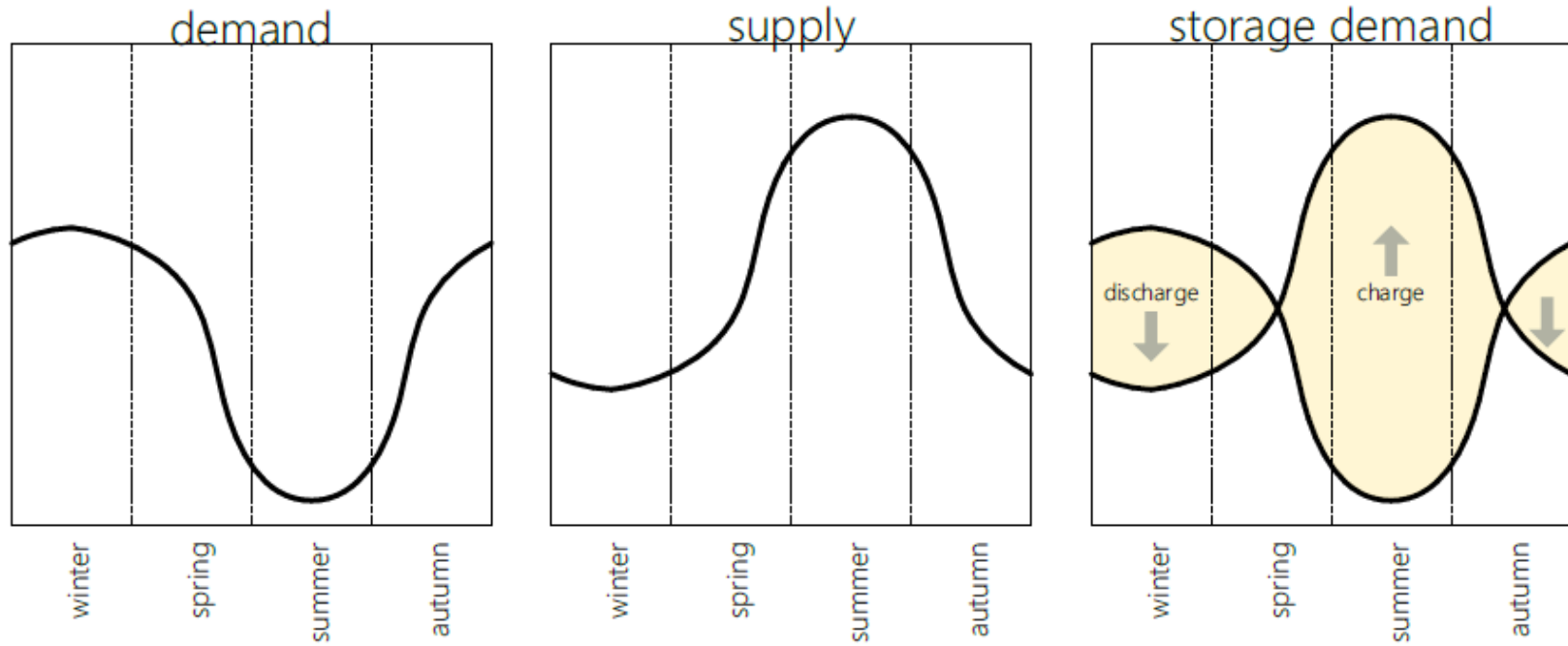
storage demand



storage demand



storage demand



local conditions



hilly landscape of natural and artificial hills

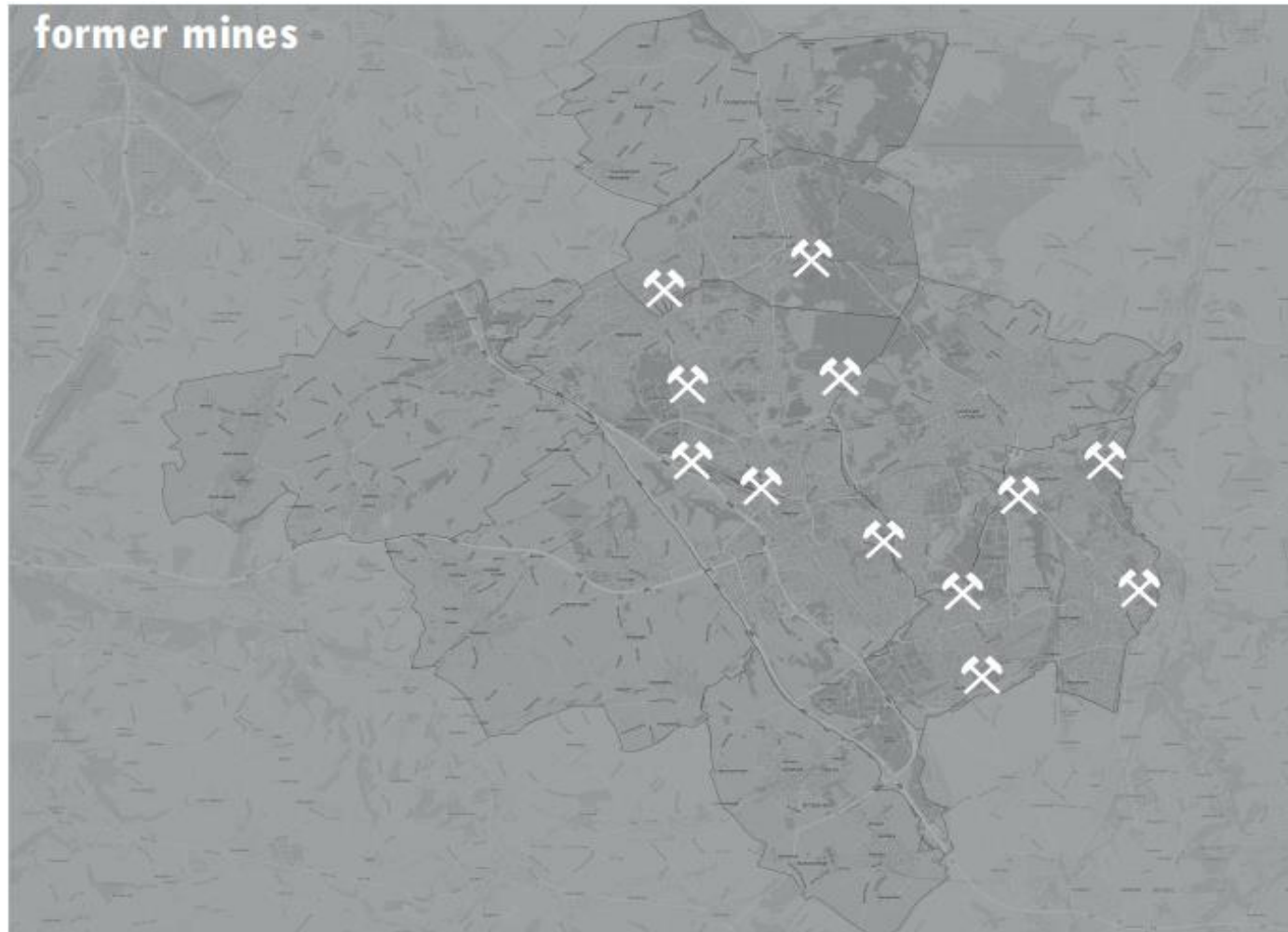
introduction – research – design - conclusion

local conditions



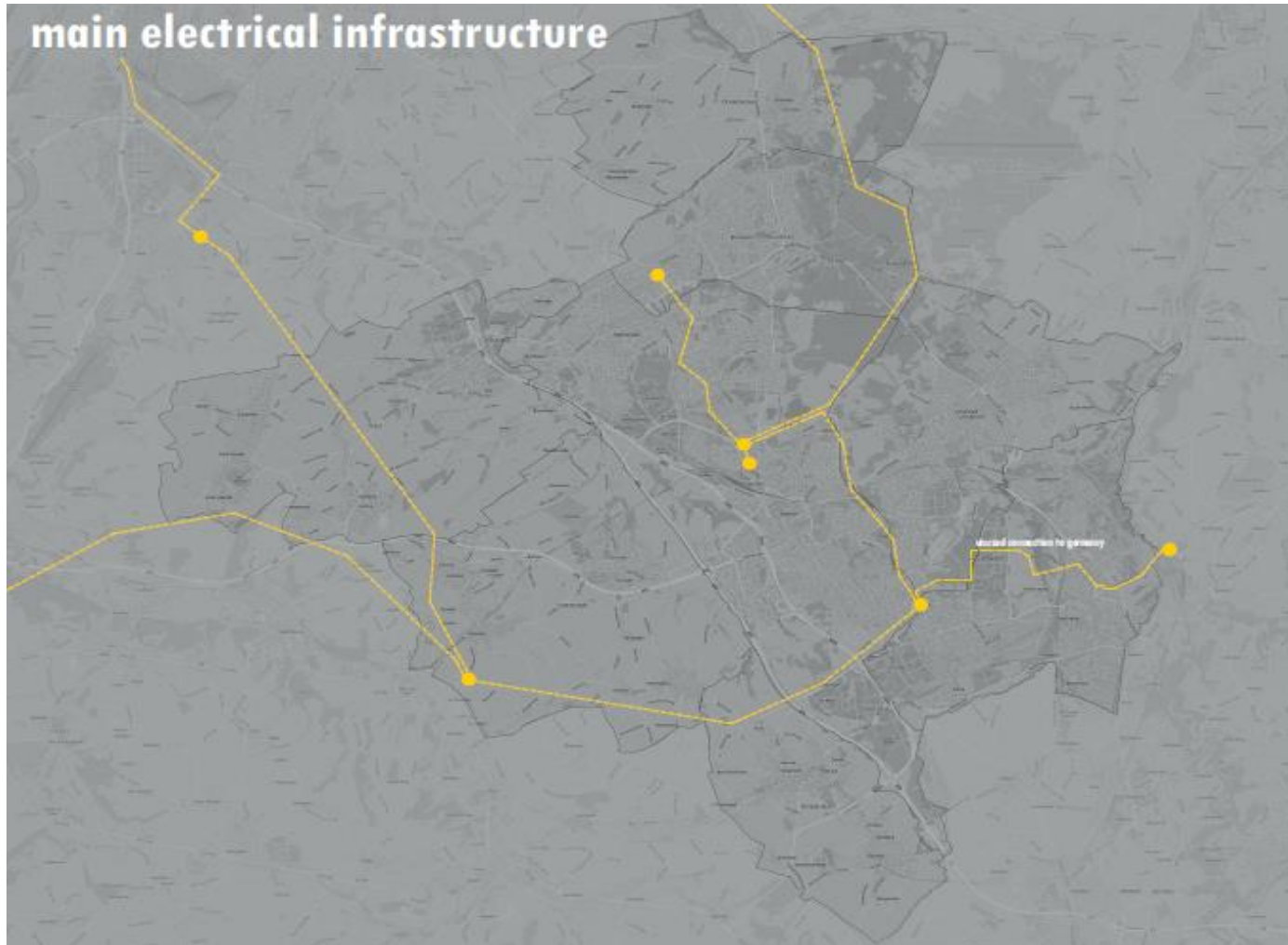
little relative
height
difference

local conditions



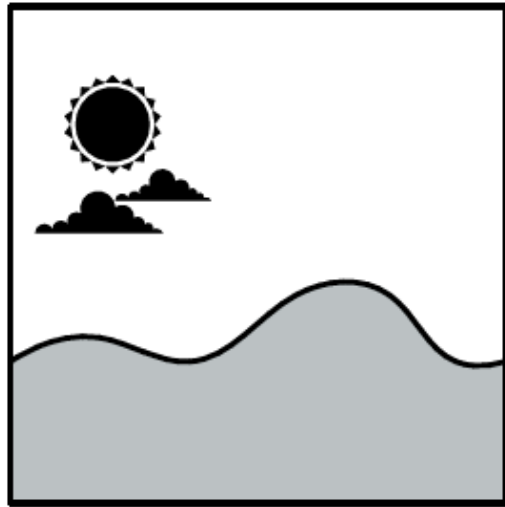
mines
spread
across the
area

local conditions

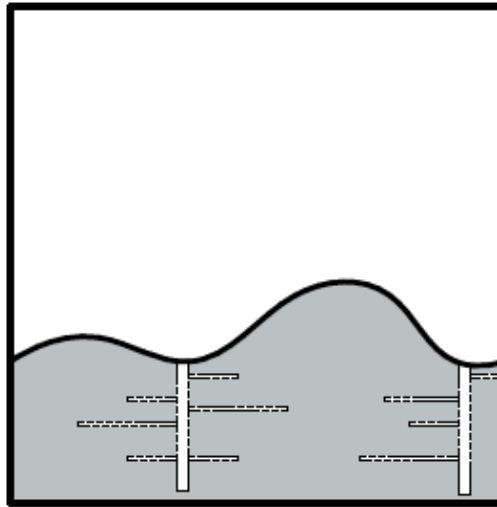


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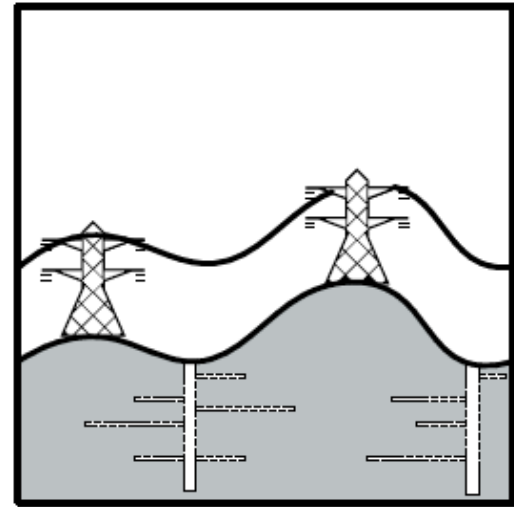
local conditions



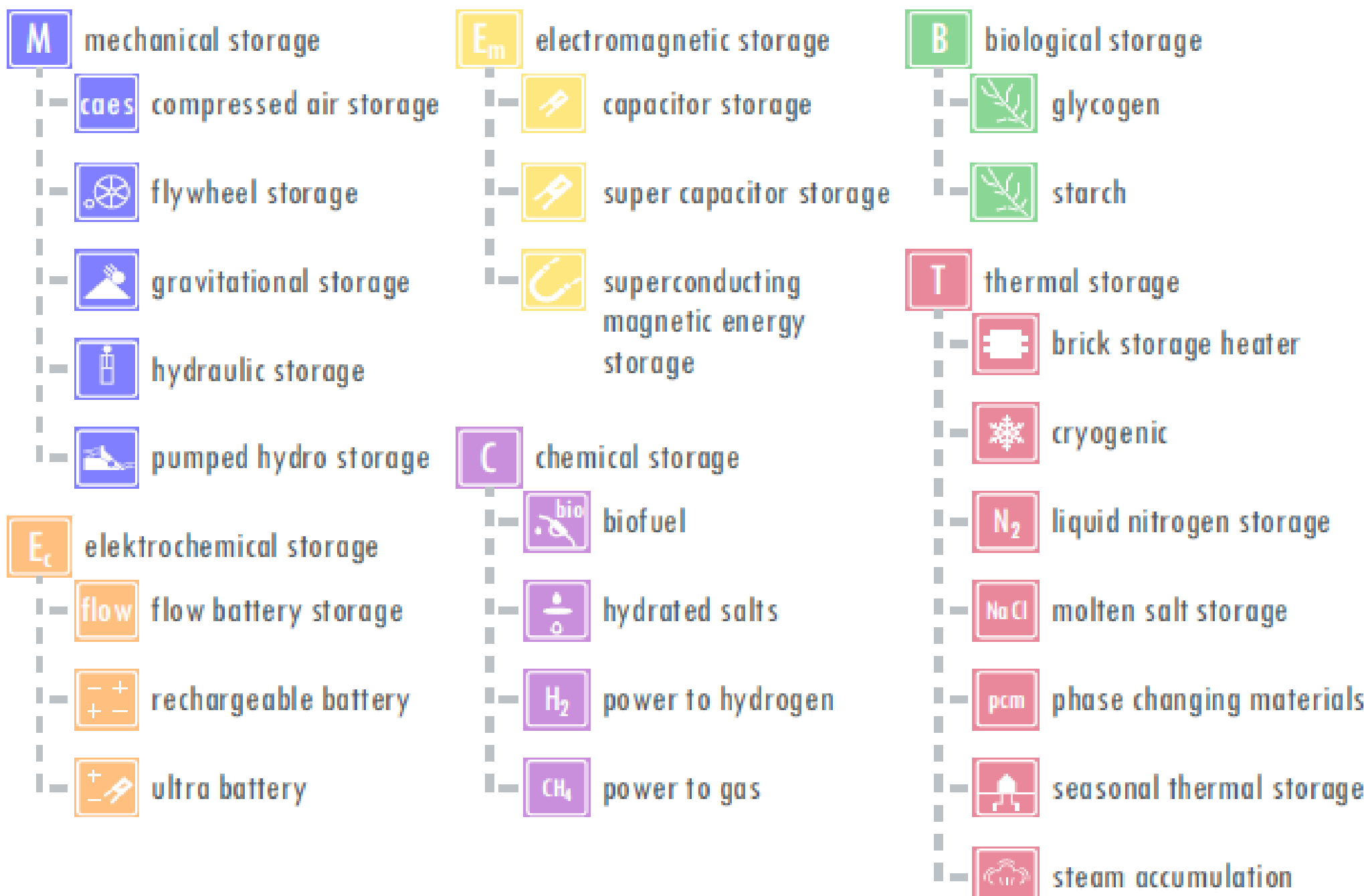
height differences



subterranean mine relics



extensive high voltage grid





method assessment

- **ability for long term energy storage**
can the system store energy for a long period without significant energy losses?
- **visible dynamic component**
does this method have a component which shows whether the system is charged?
- **scalability for bulk storage**
can this method be scaled to provide central storage for a region?
- **maturity**
is the technique established, which doesn't require technological breakthroughs?
- **suitability**
can it materialize in parkstad?

method assessment

Method assessment analysis	Electricity storage for hours	Visible dynamic component	Scalability for bulk storage	Maturity	Applicability in Parkstad
Mechanical storage					
Compressed air	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Flywheel	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Gravitational	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Hydraulic	Y	Y	Y	N	Y
Pumped hydro	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Electrochemical					
Flow battery	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Rechargeble battery	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Ultra battery	Y	N	Y	N	Y
Thermal					
Molten salt storage	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Steam accumulation	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Chemical storage					
Biofuels	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Hydrated salts	Y	Y	Y	N	N
Power to hydrogen	Y	Y	Y	N	N
Power to methane	Y	Y	Y	N	N

method assessment



compressed air storage



pumped hydro storage



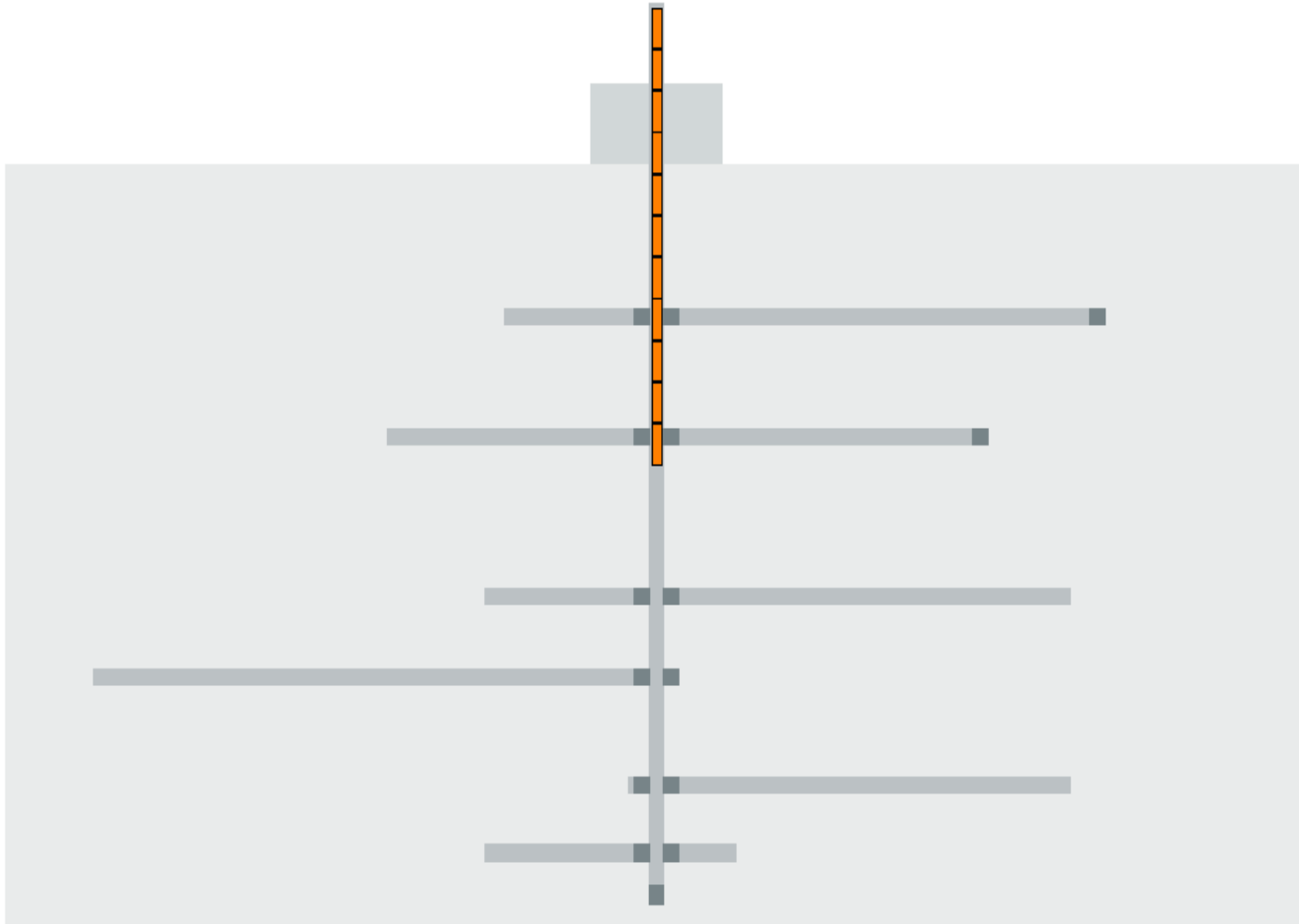
gravitational storage



+



gravitational storage by raised mass



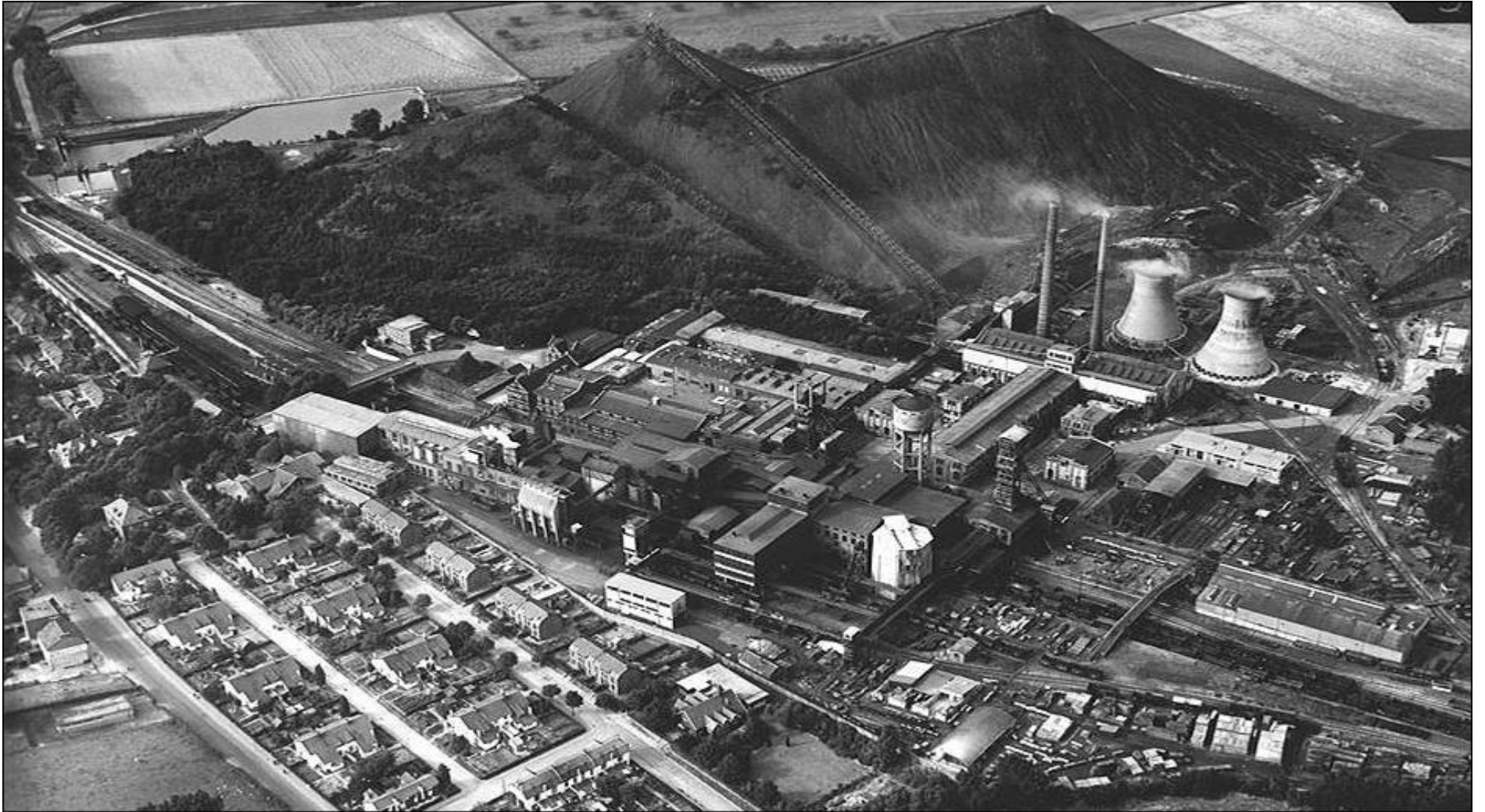
introduction – research – design – conclusion

design

design question

“How can visible energy storage be applied in Parkstad, while using local conditions and defining the landscape?”

site



introduction – research – design - conclusion



introduction – research – design - conclusion



introduction – research – design - conclusion



introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



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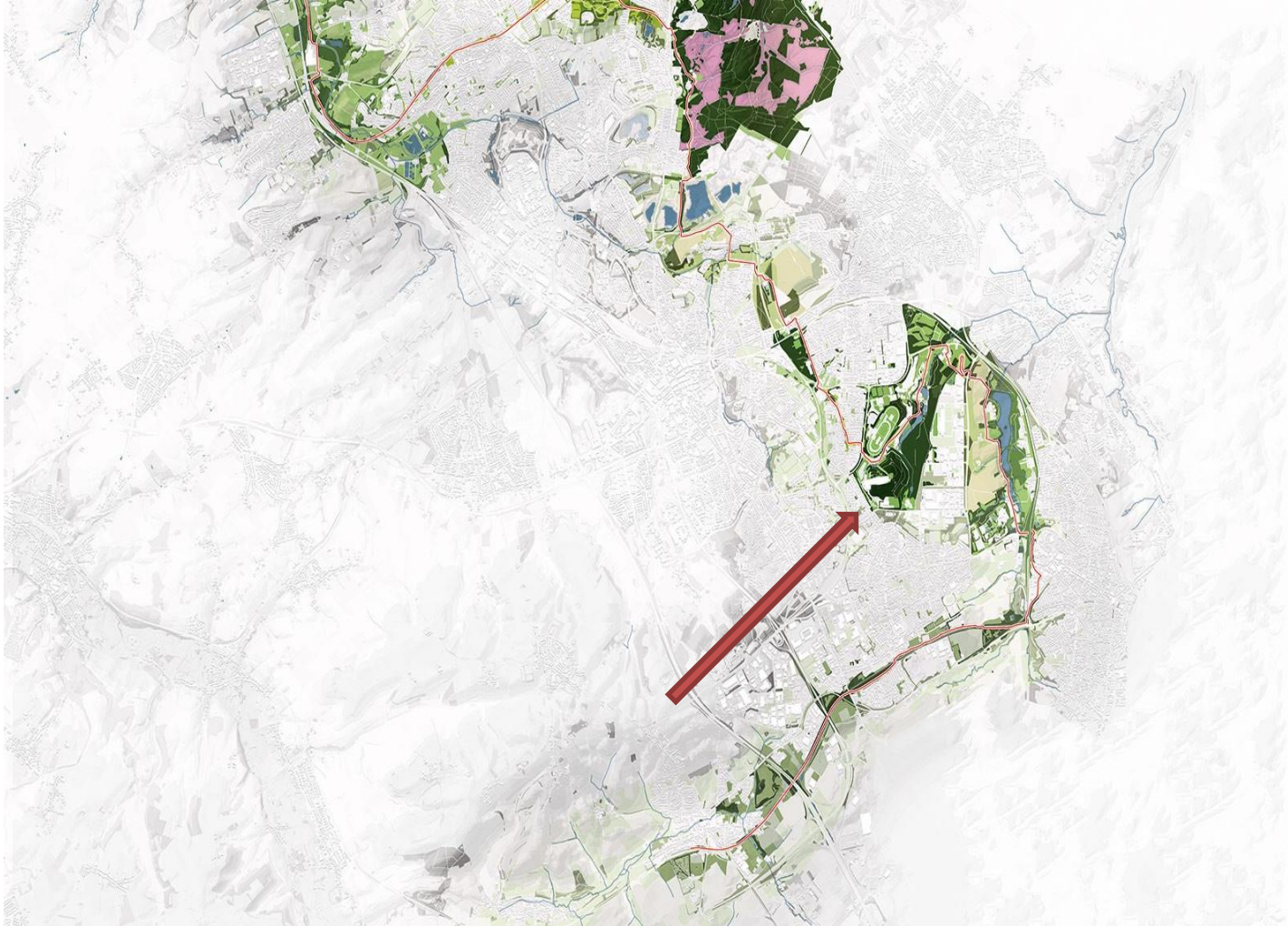
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site



introduction – research – design - conclusion

masterplan



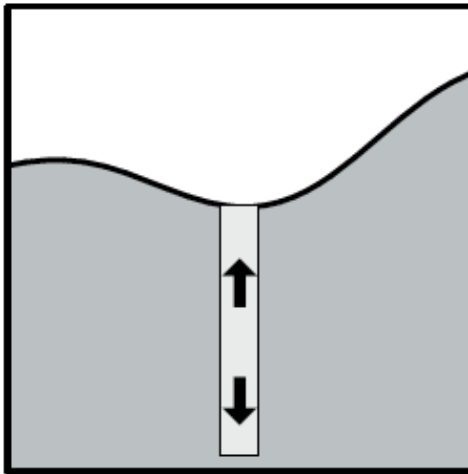
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masterplan

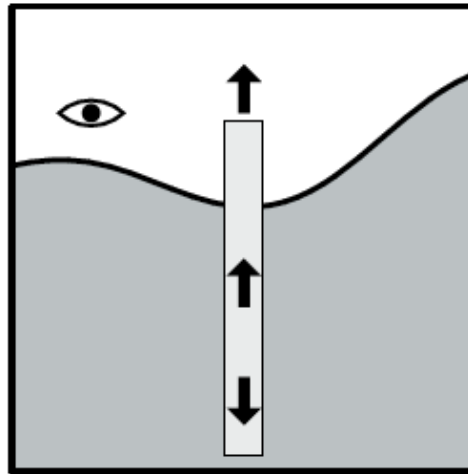


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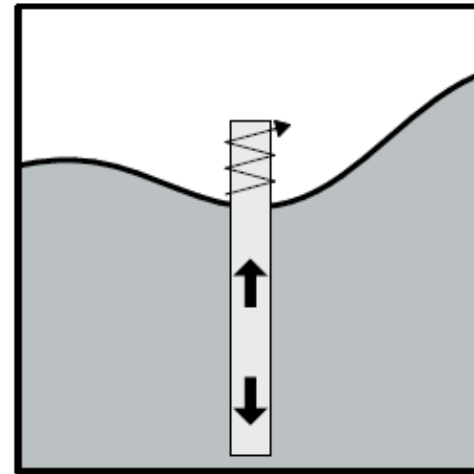
concept



using the deep shafts for
gravitational storage

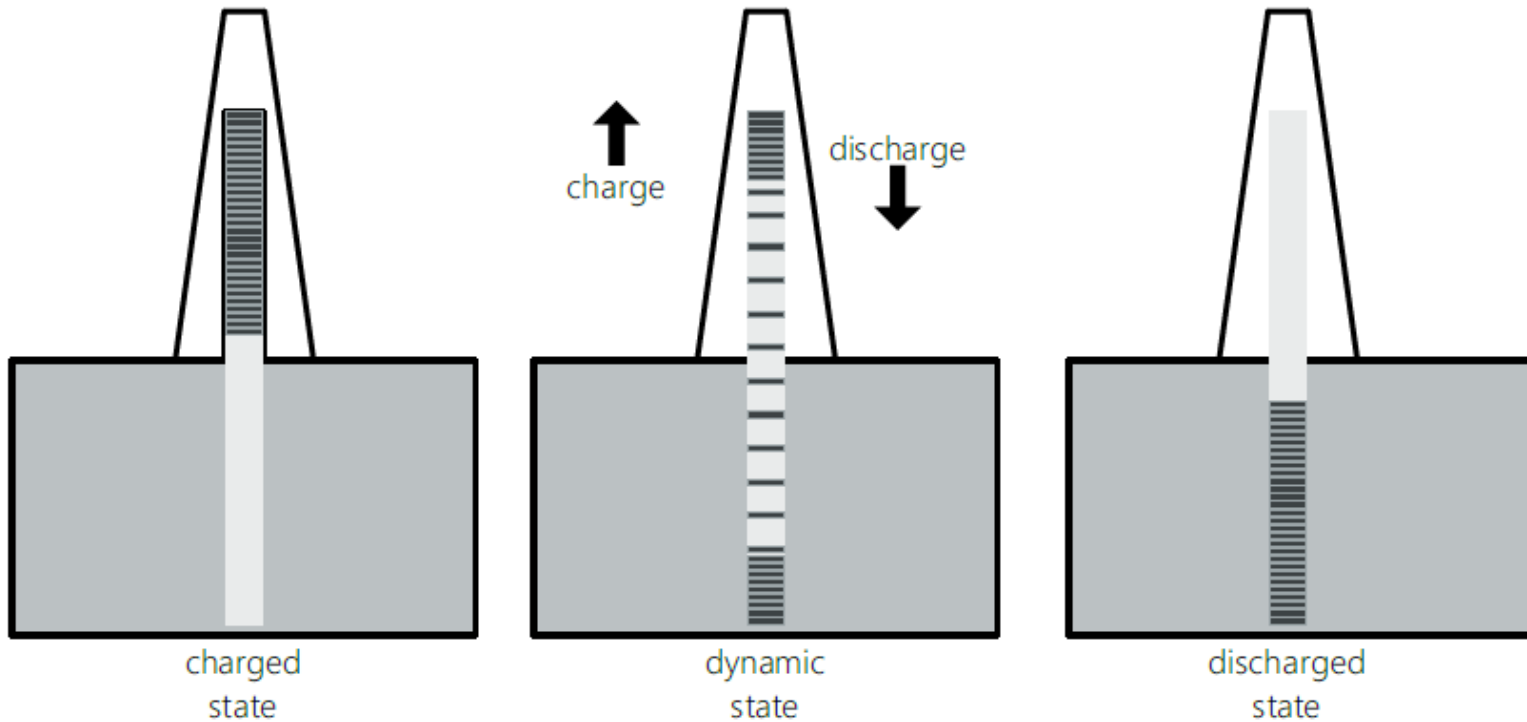


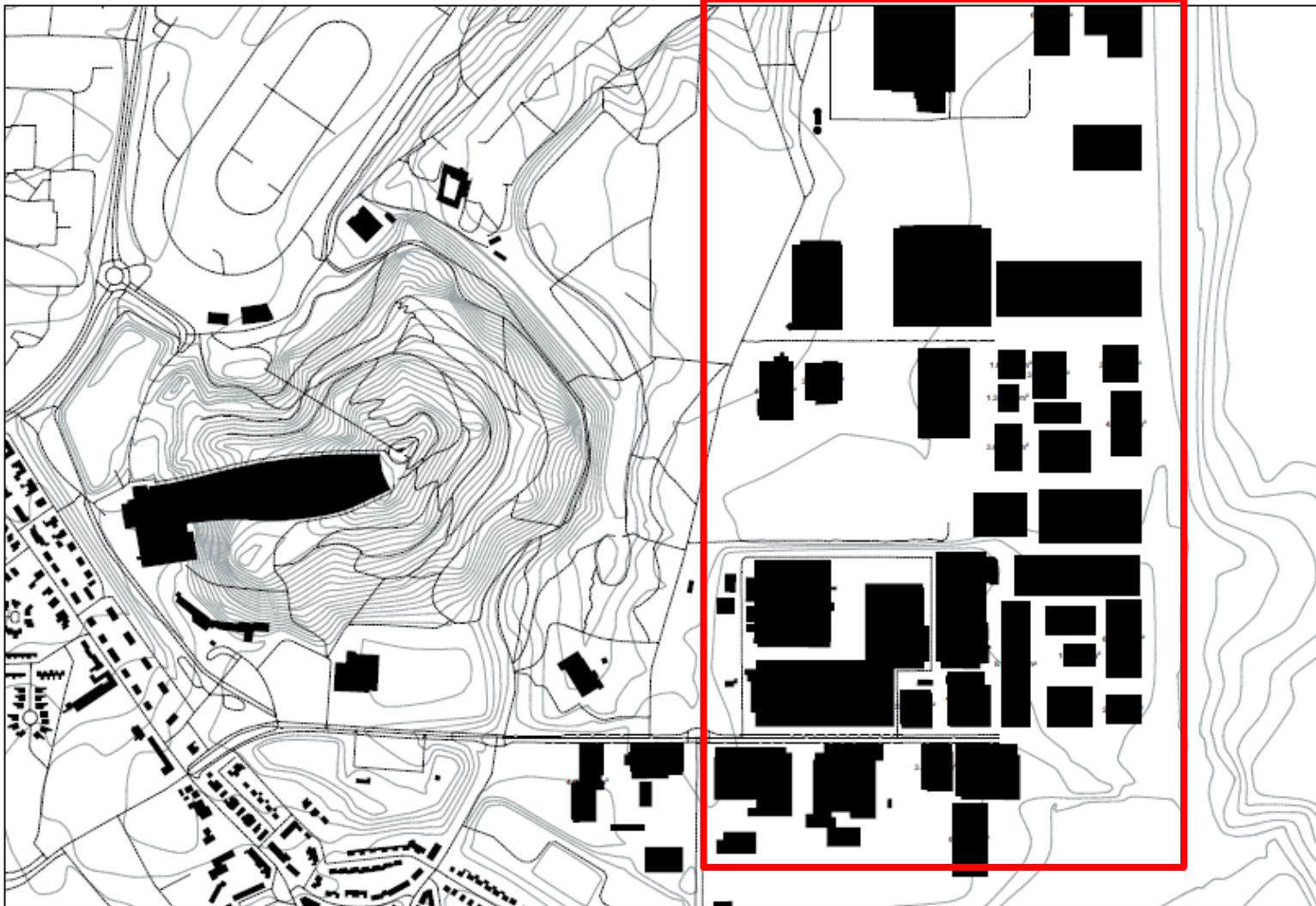
extending system above surface
to expose the storage process



combining with secondary
function as viewing tower

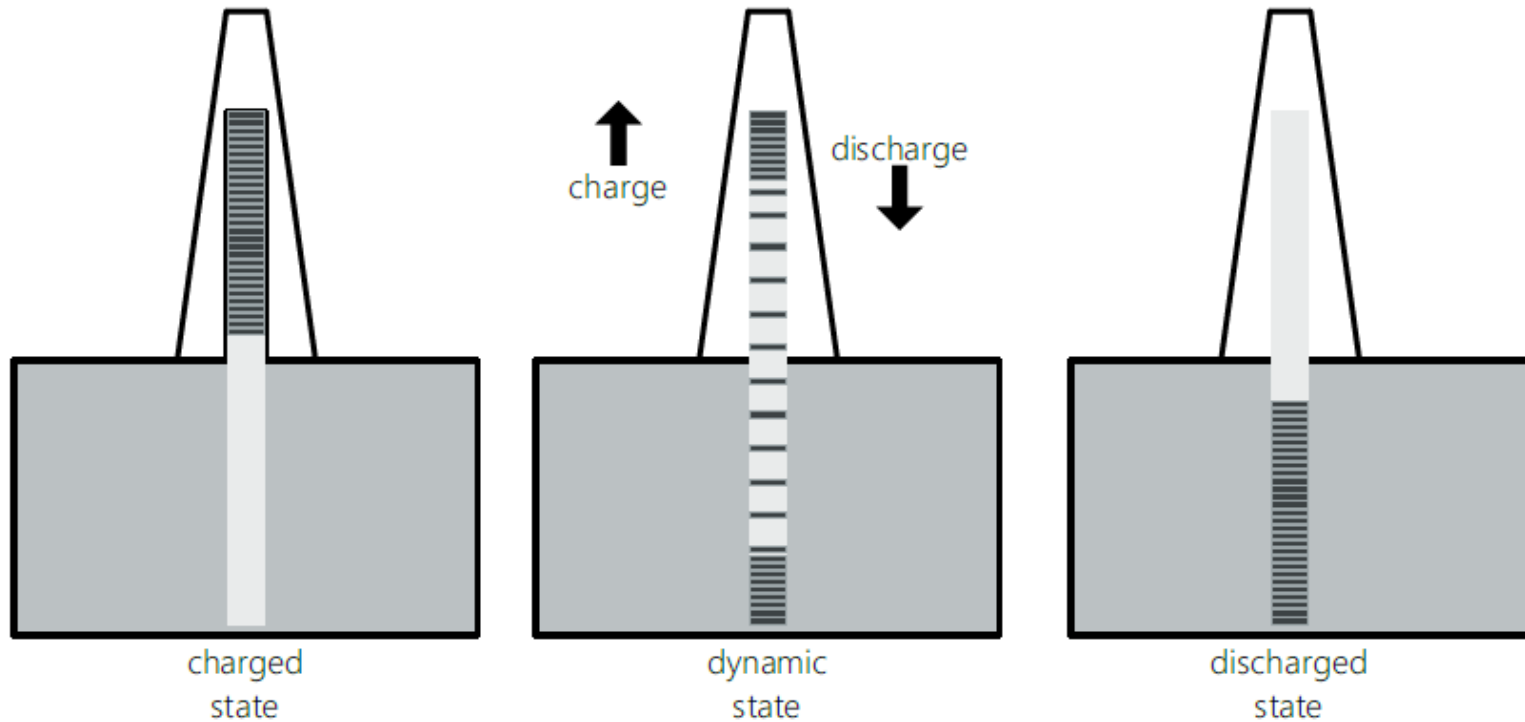
functionality





20.000
households
daily

functionality



20.000 households
daily

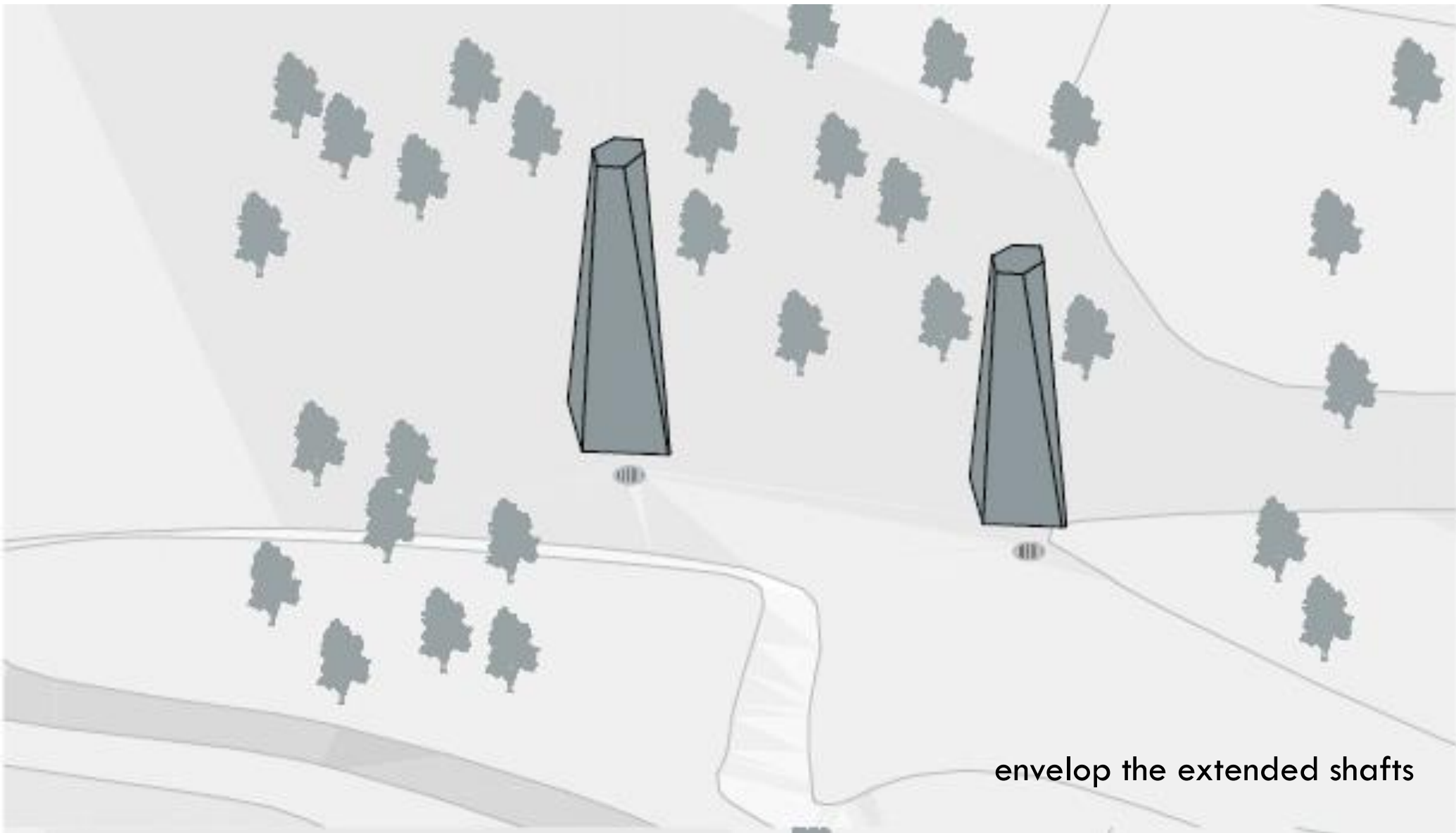


start off with two fixed shafts

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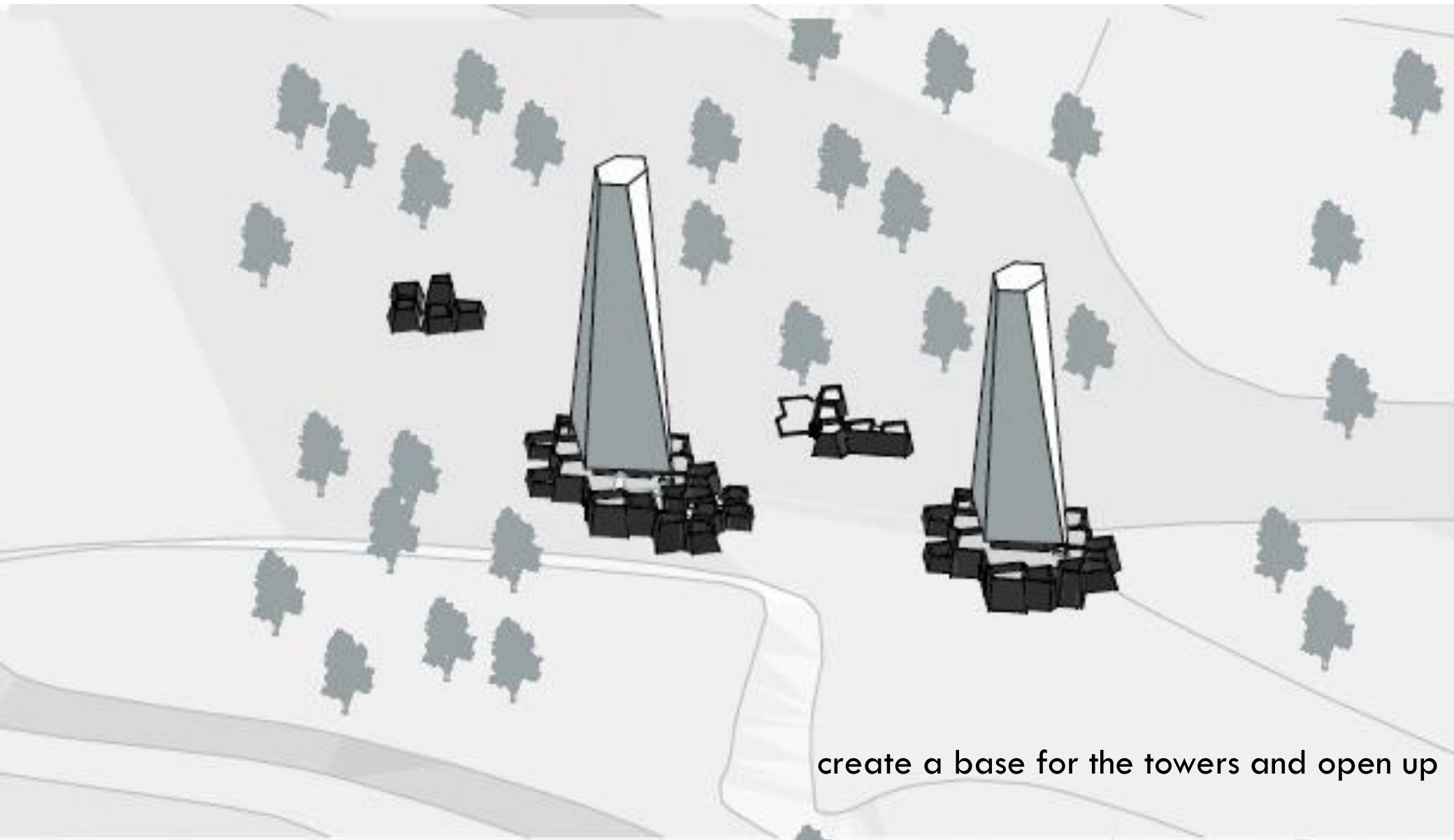


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envelop the extended shafts

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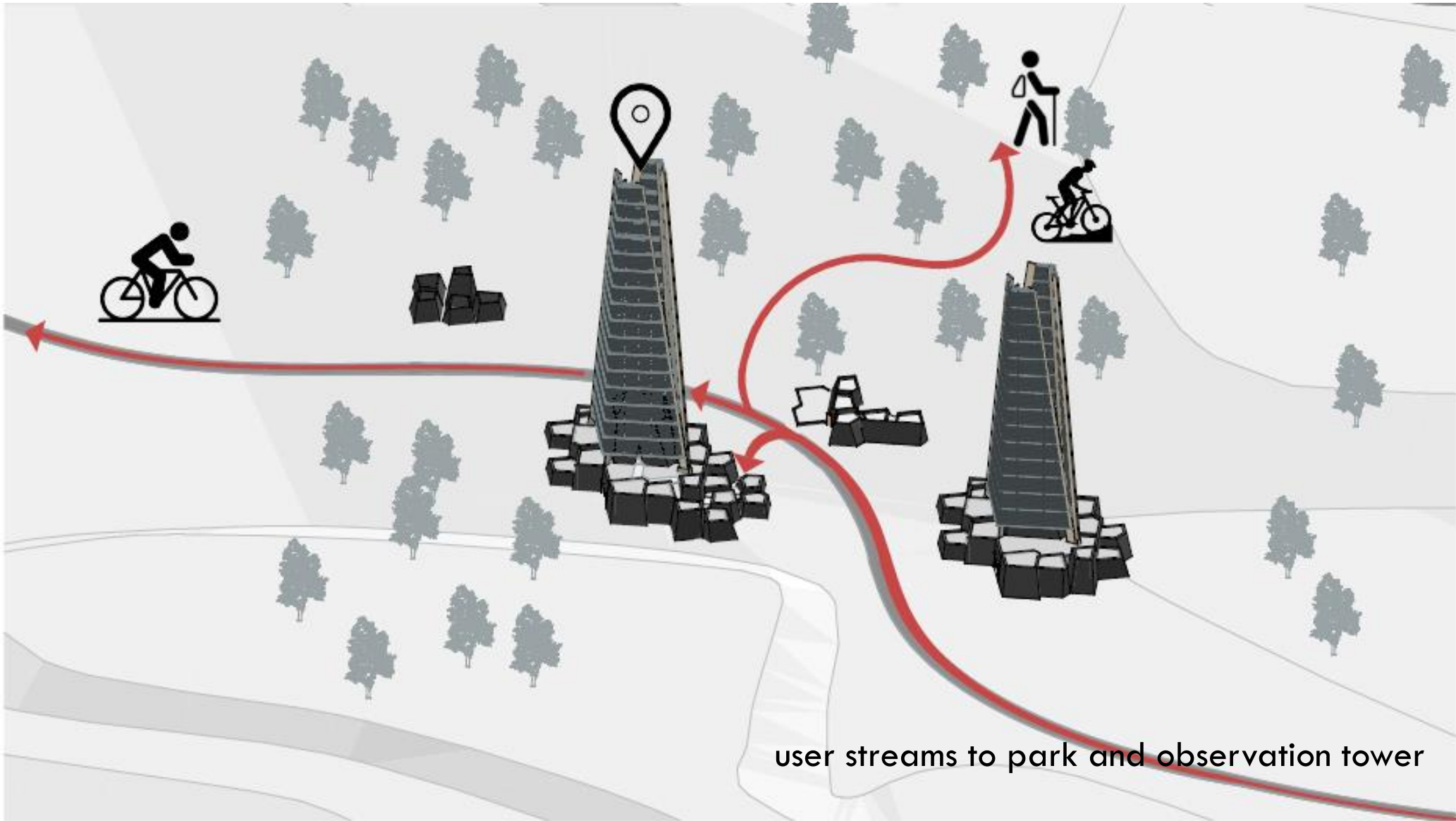


create a base for the towers and open up



create the facades and introduce leisure lane

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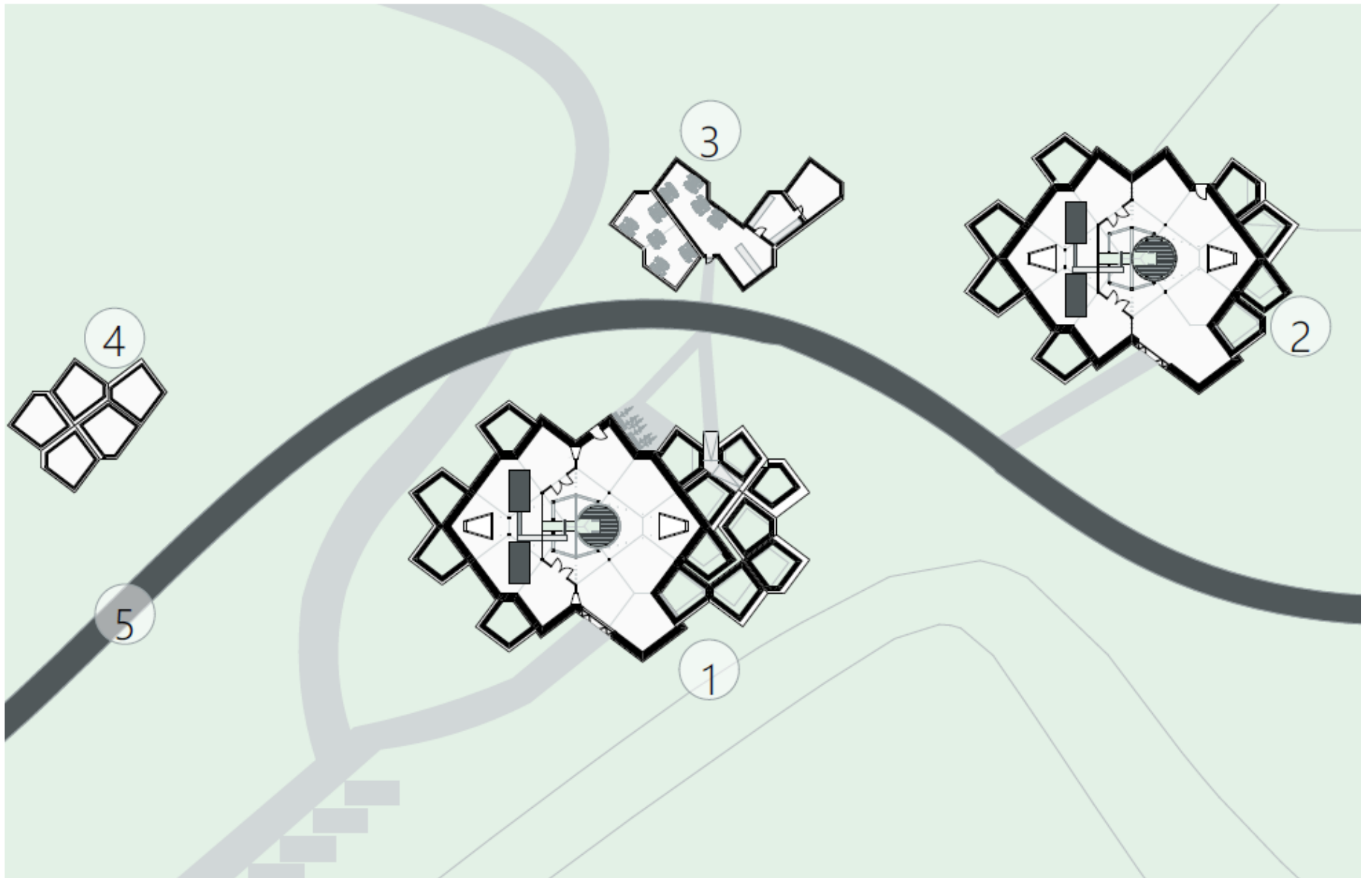


user streams to park and observation tower

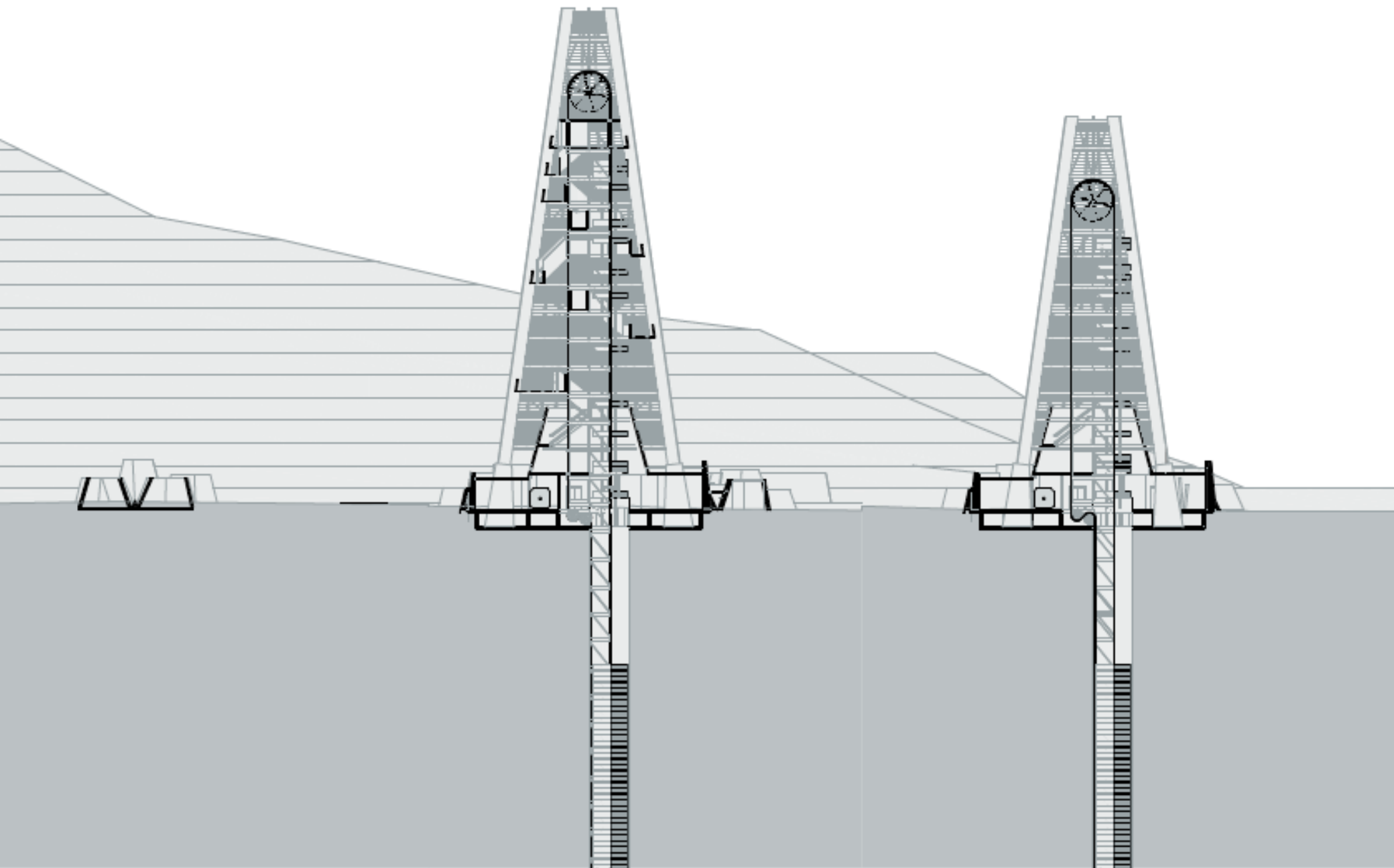
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introduction – research – design - conclusion



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introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



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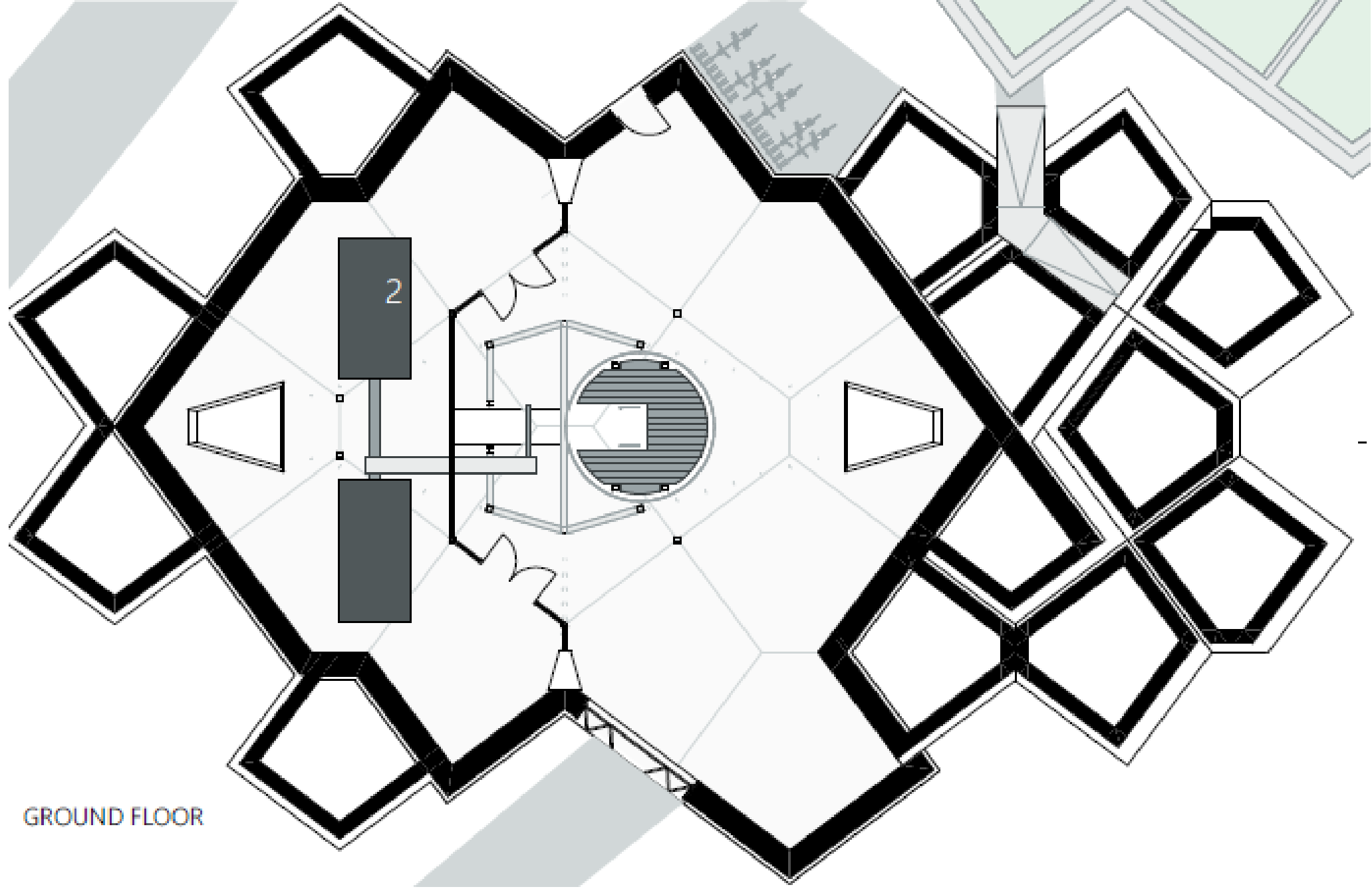
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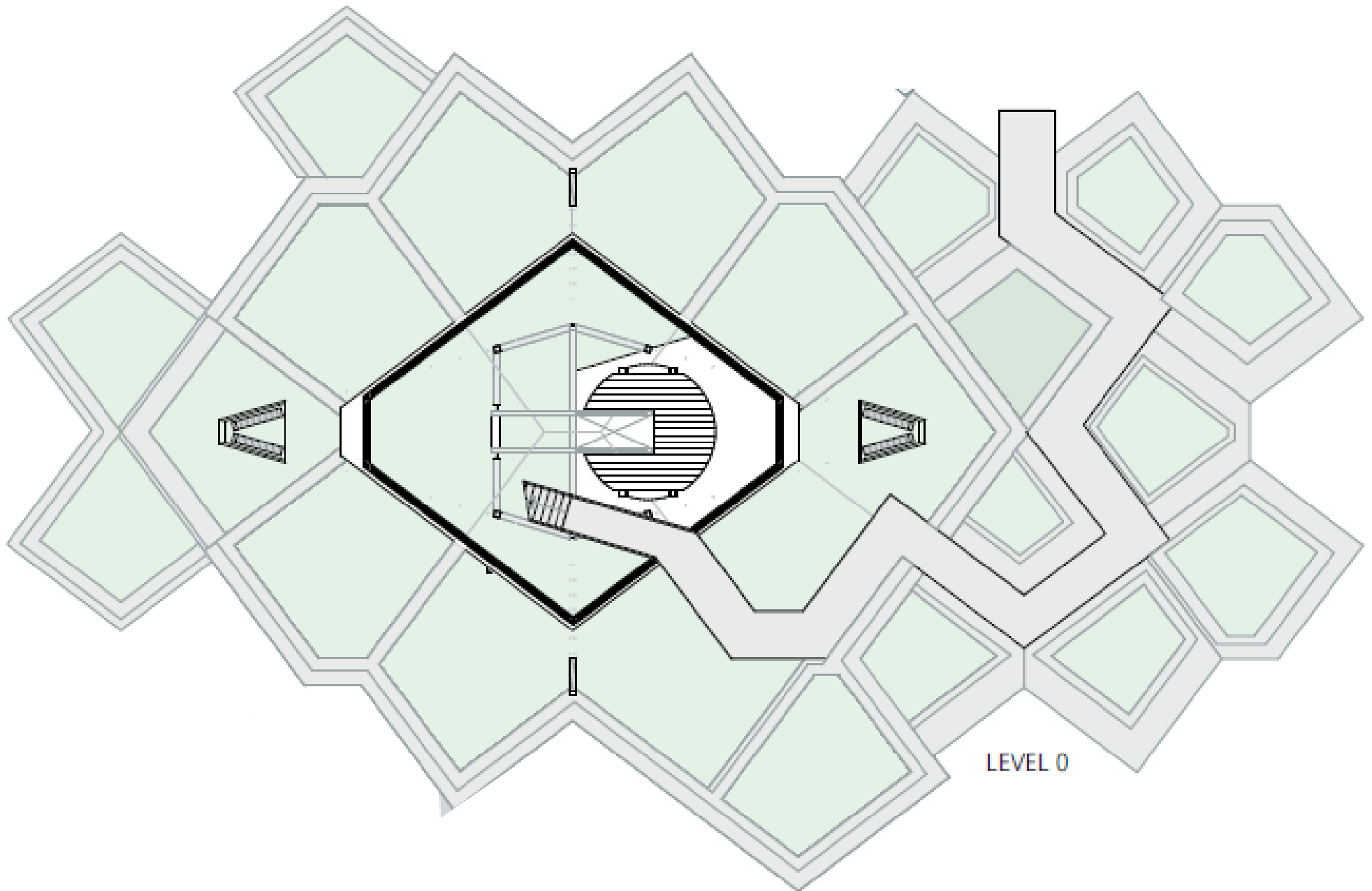


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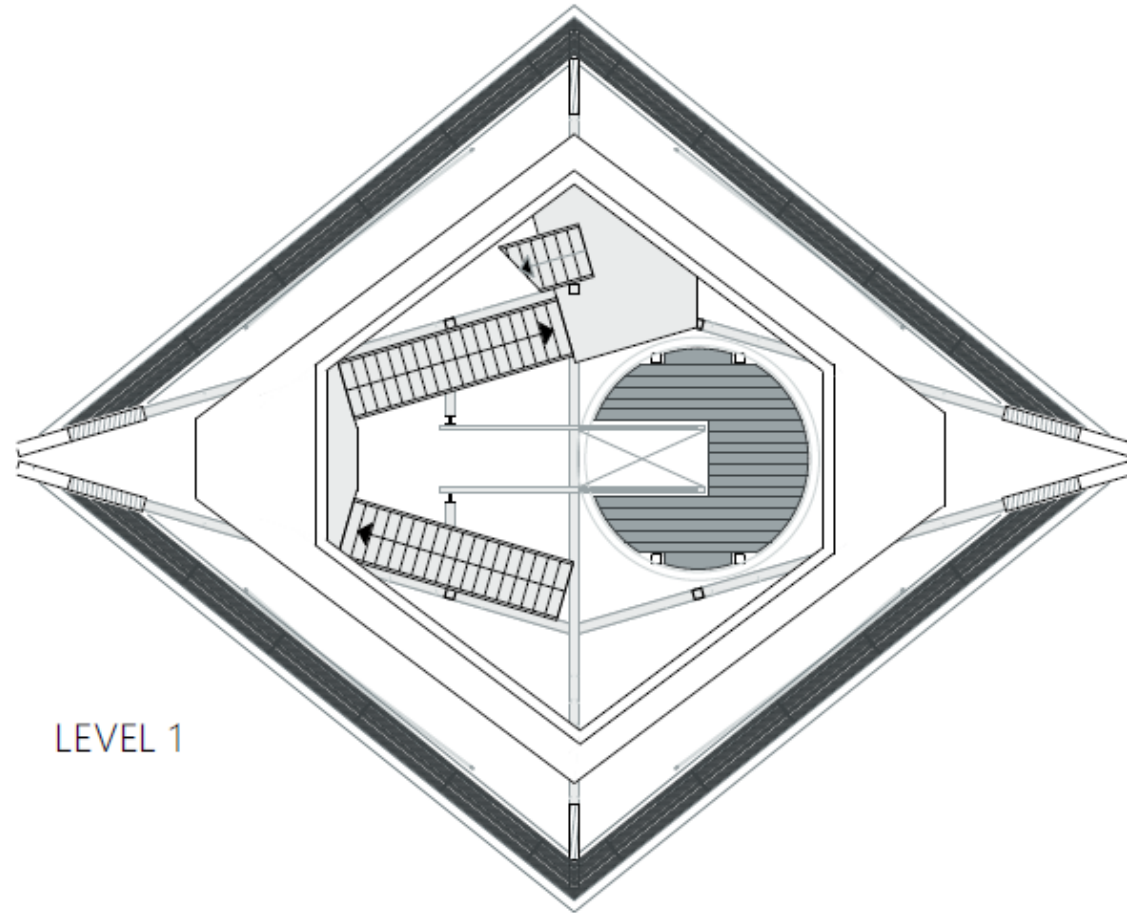
GROUND FLOOR

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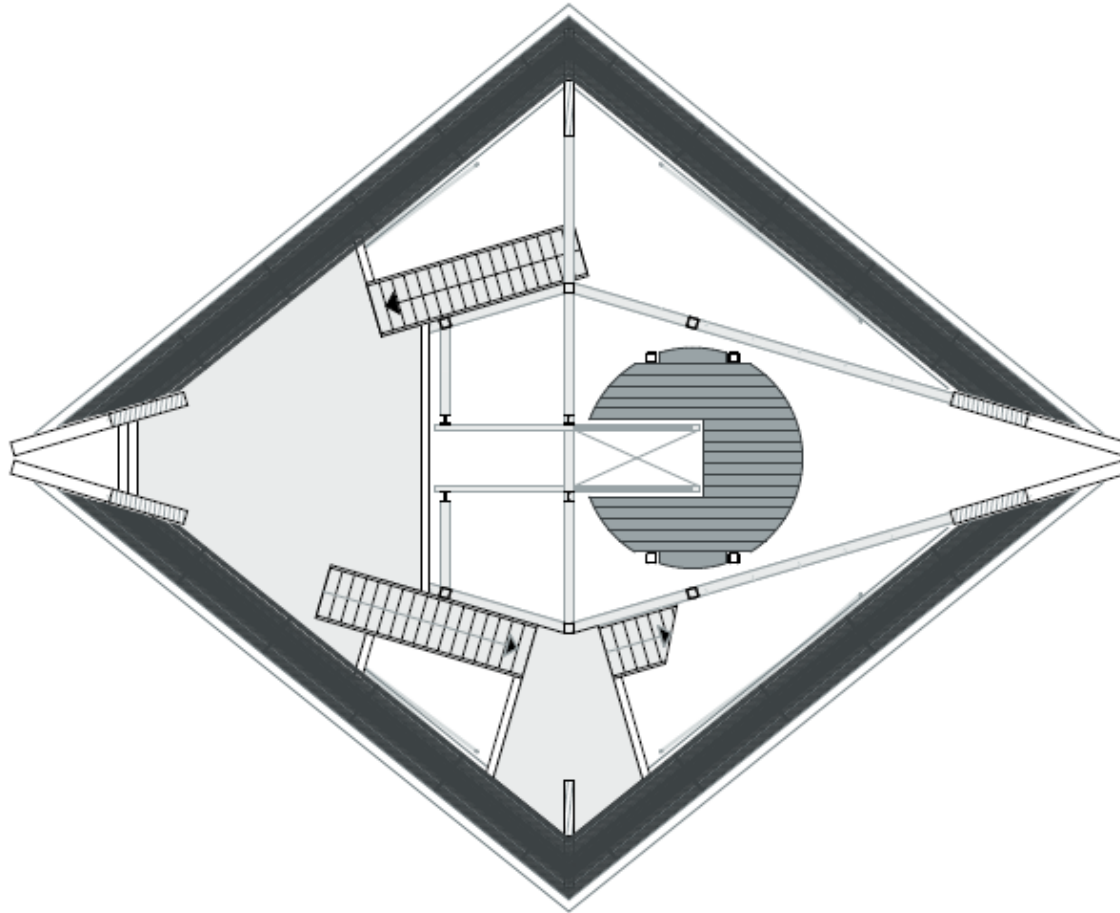
LEVEL 0

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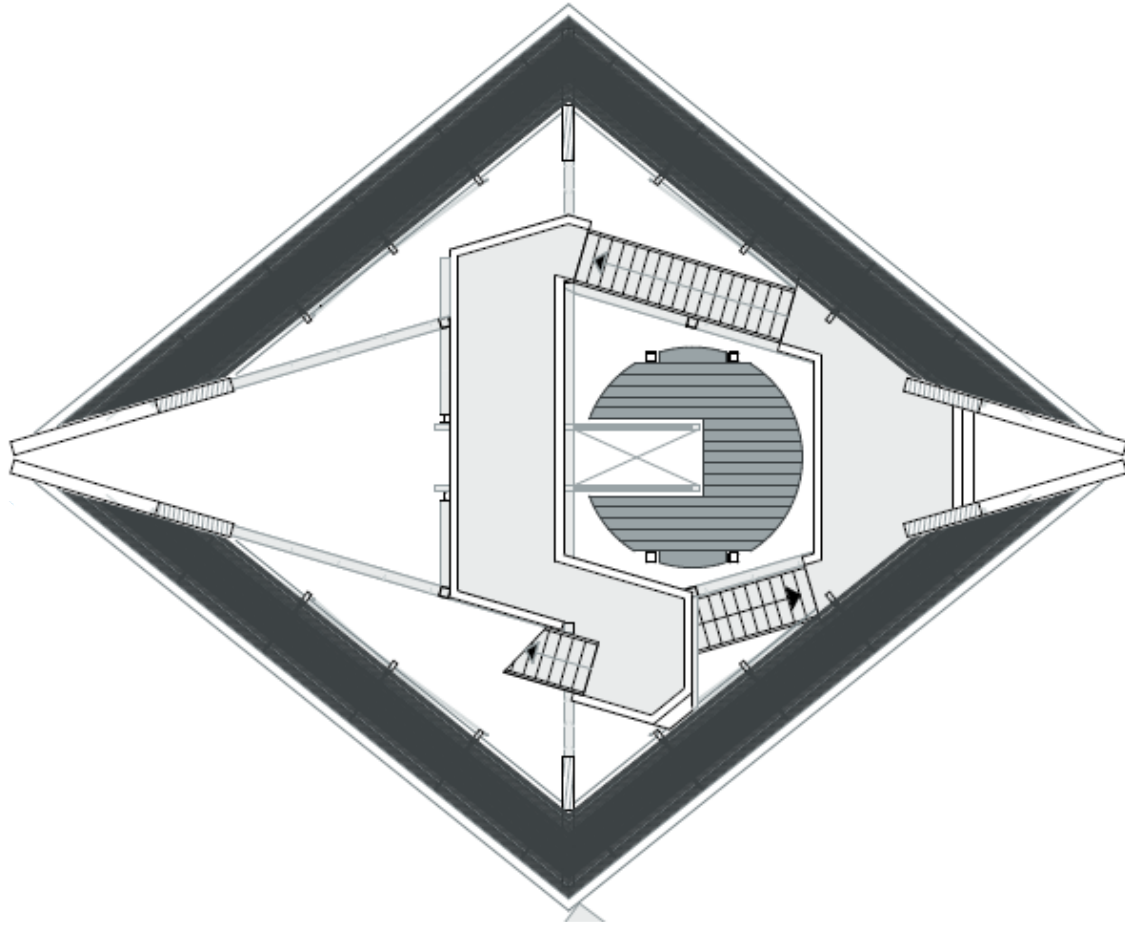


LEVEL 1

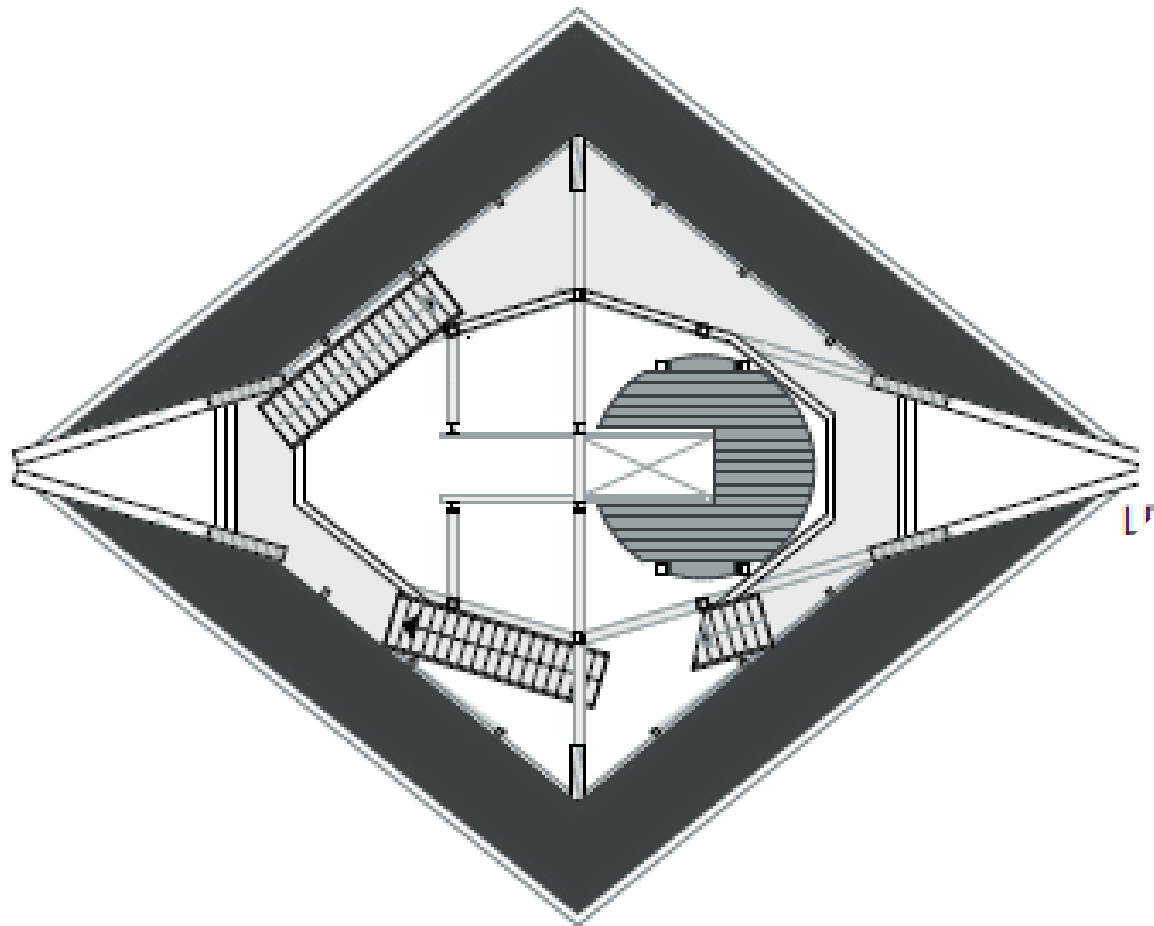
introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



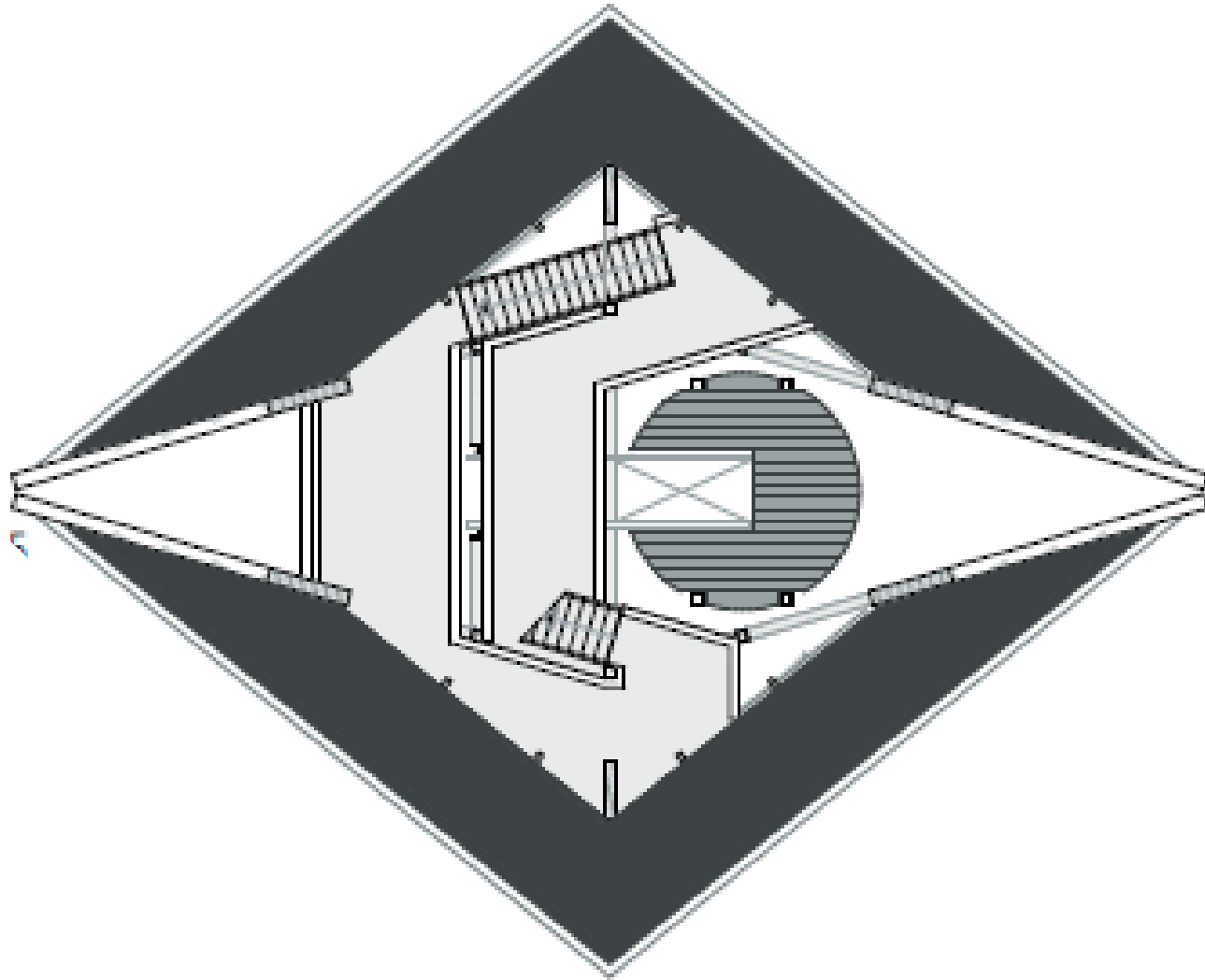
introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



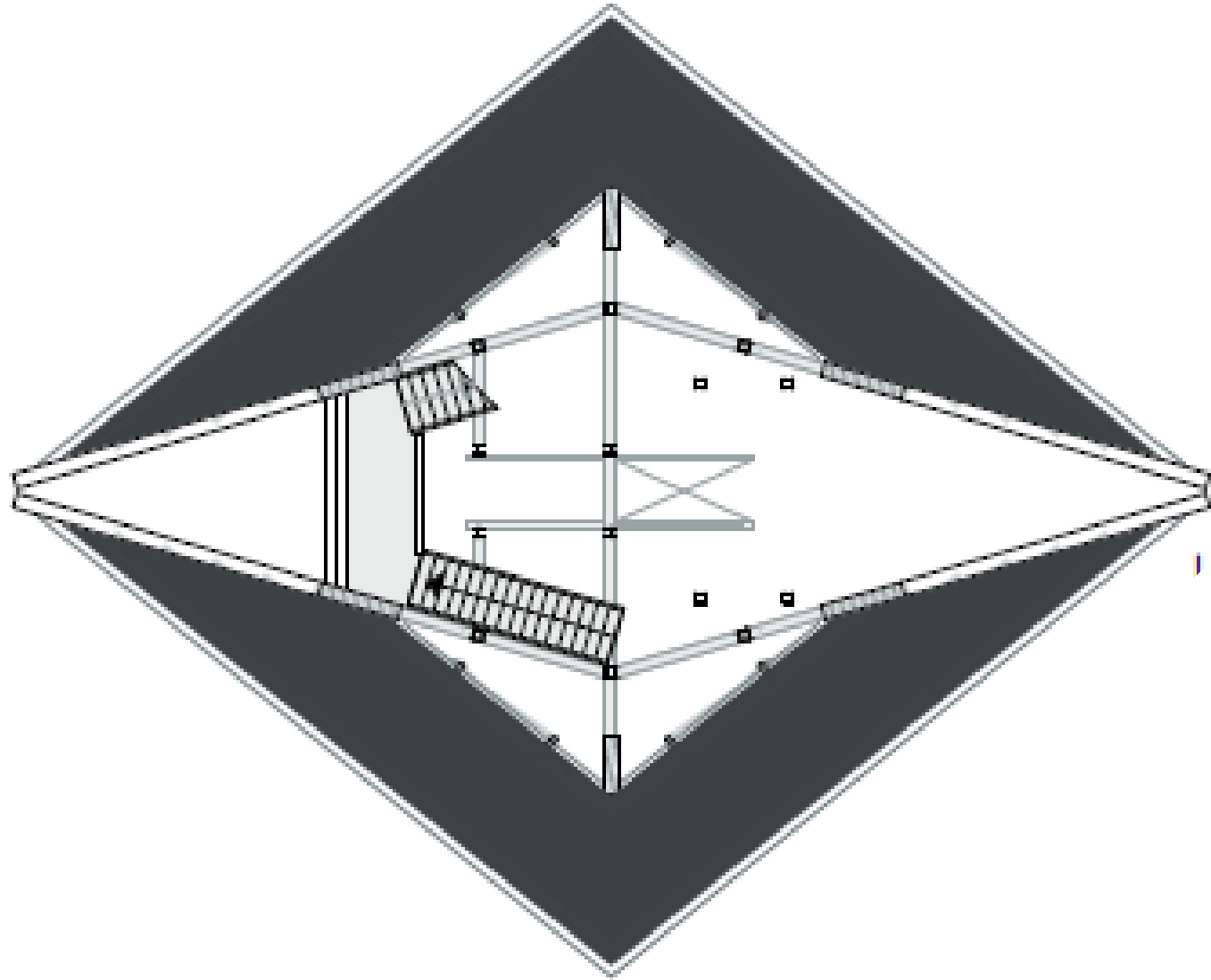
introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



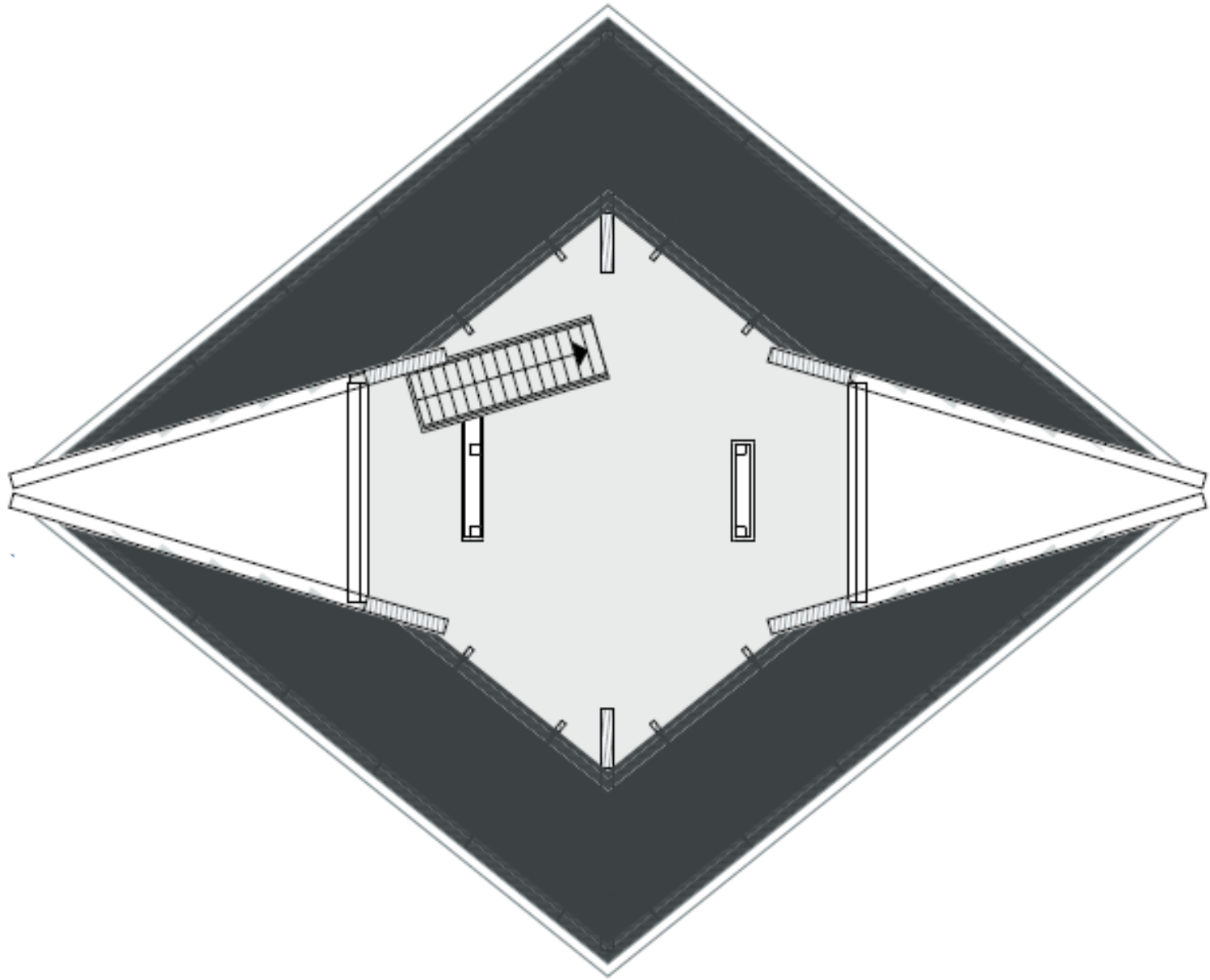
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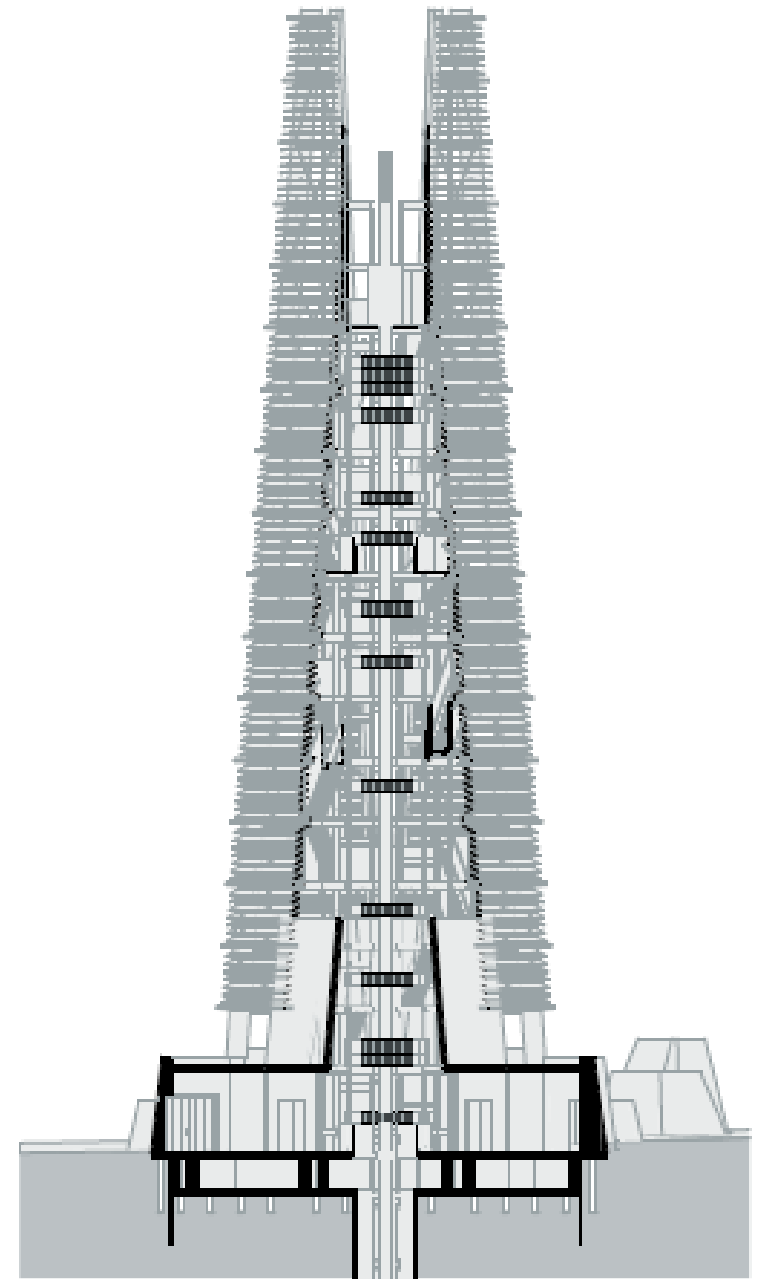
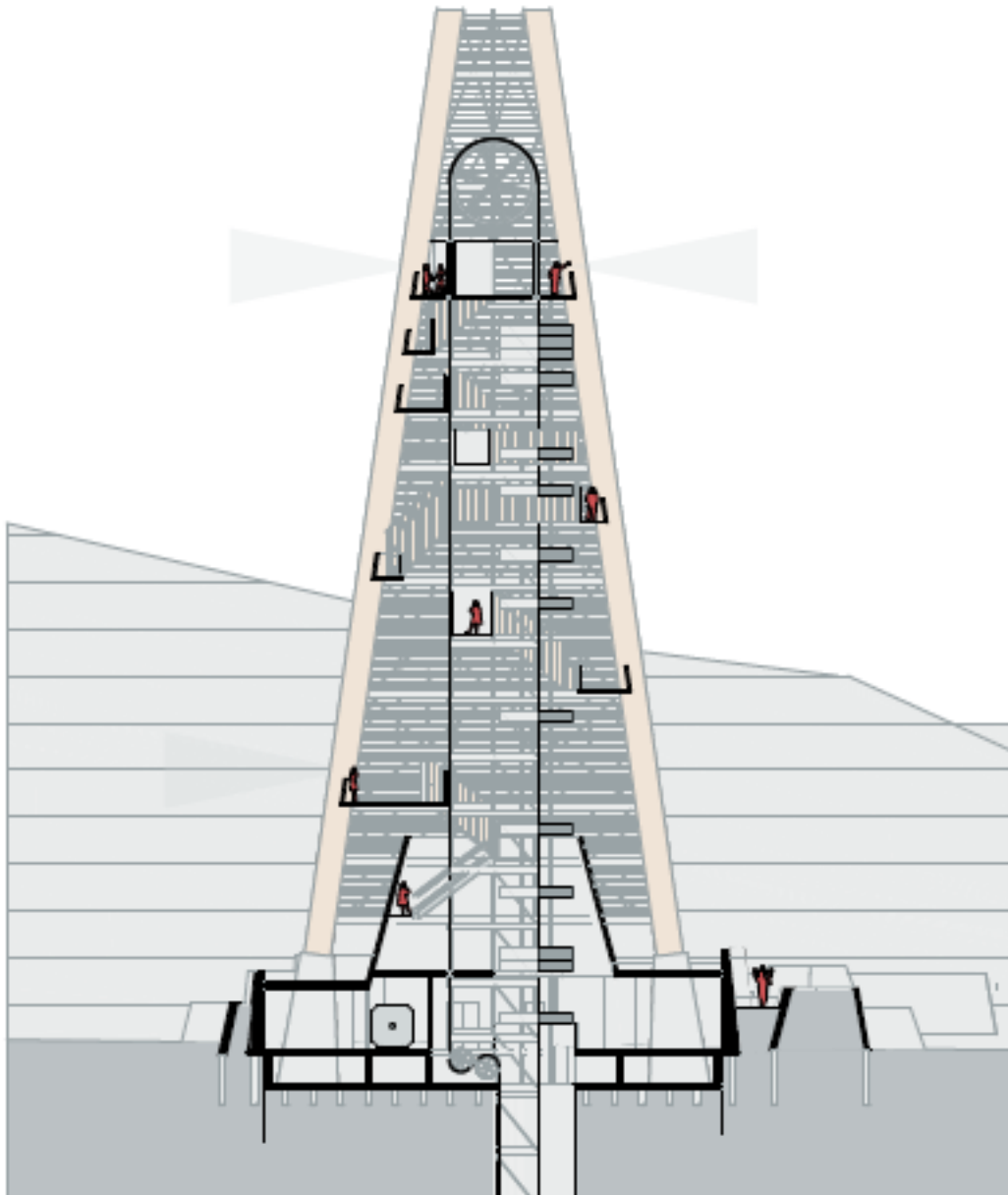
introduction – research – design - conclusion



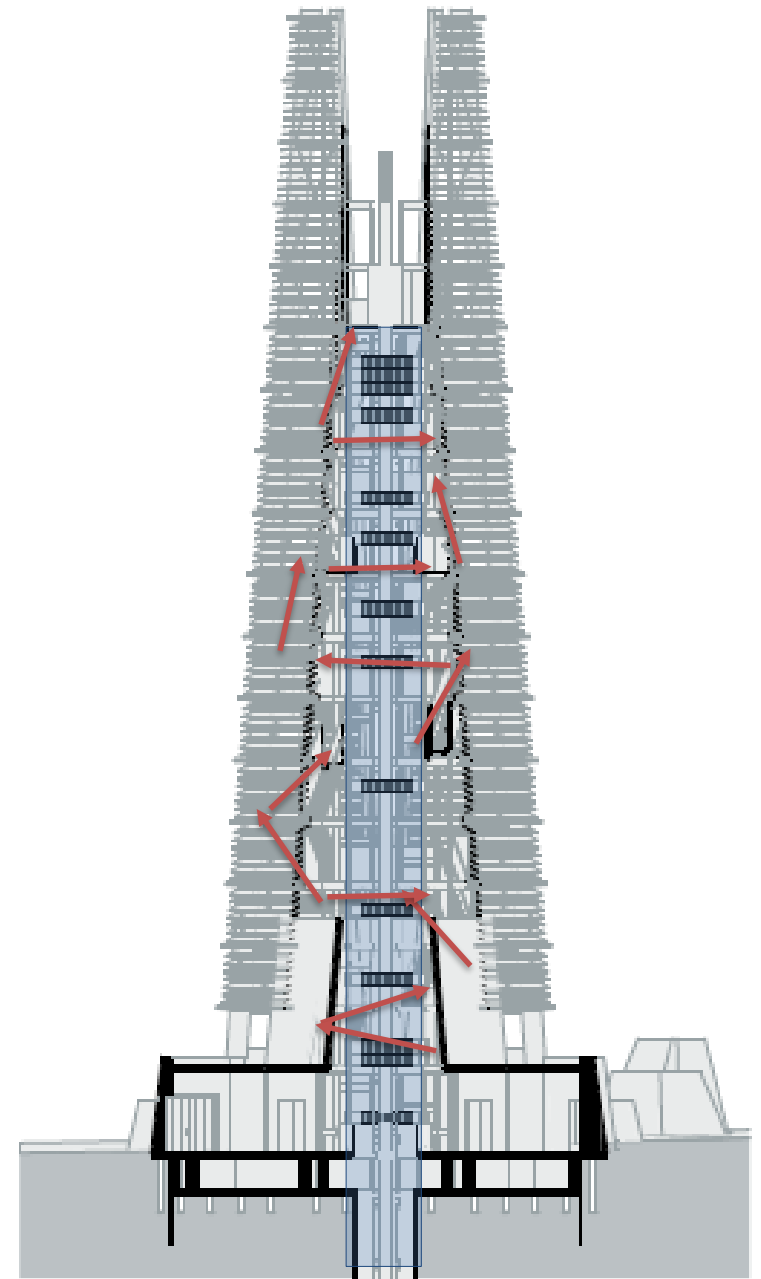
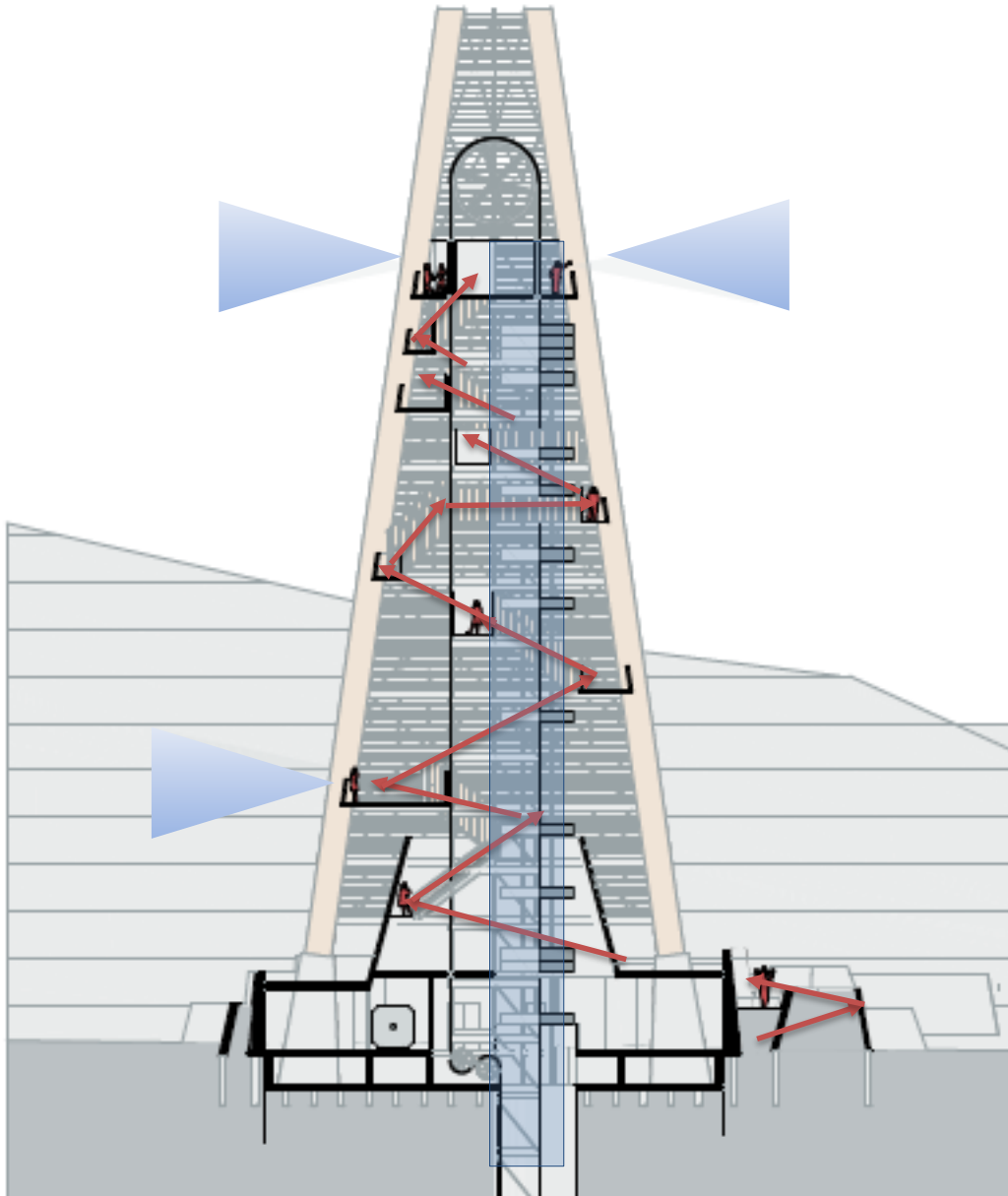
introduction – research – design - conclusion



introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



introduction – research – design – conclusion



introduction – research – design – conclusion



introduction – research – design - conclusion



introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



introduction – research – **design** - conclusion

building technology

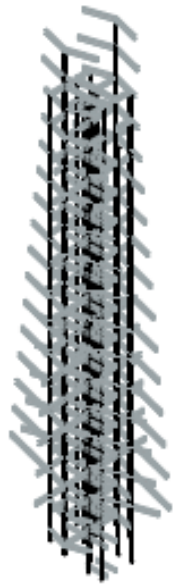
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facade cladding



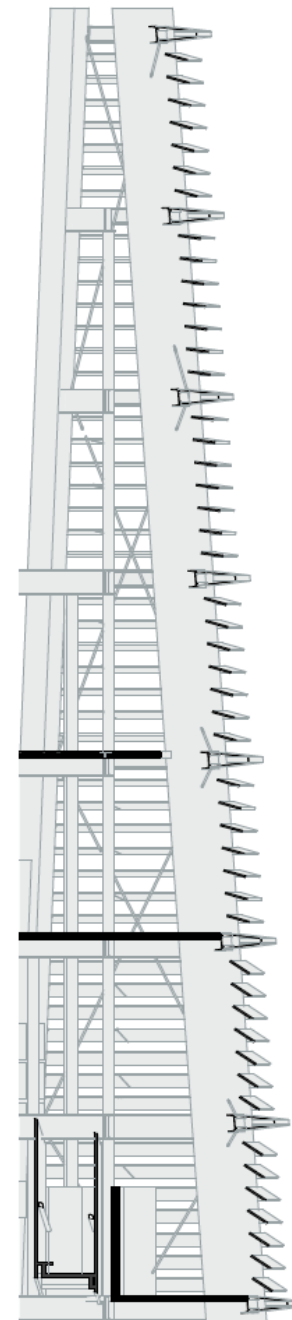
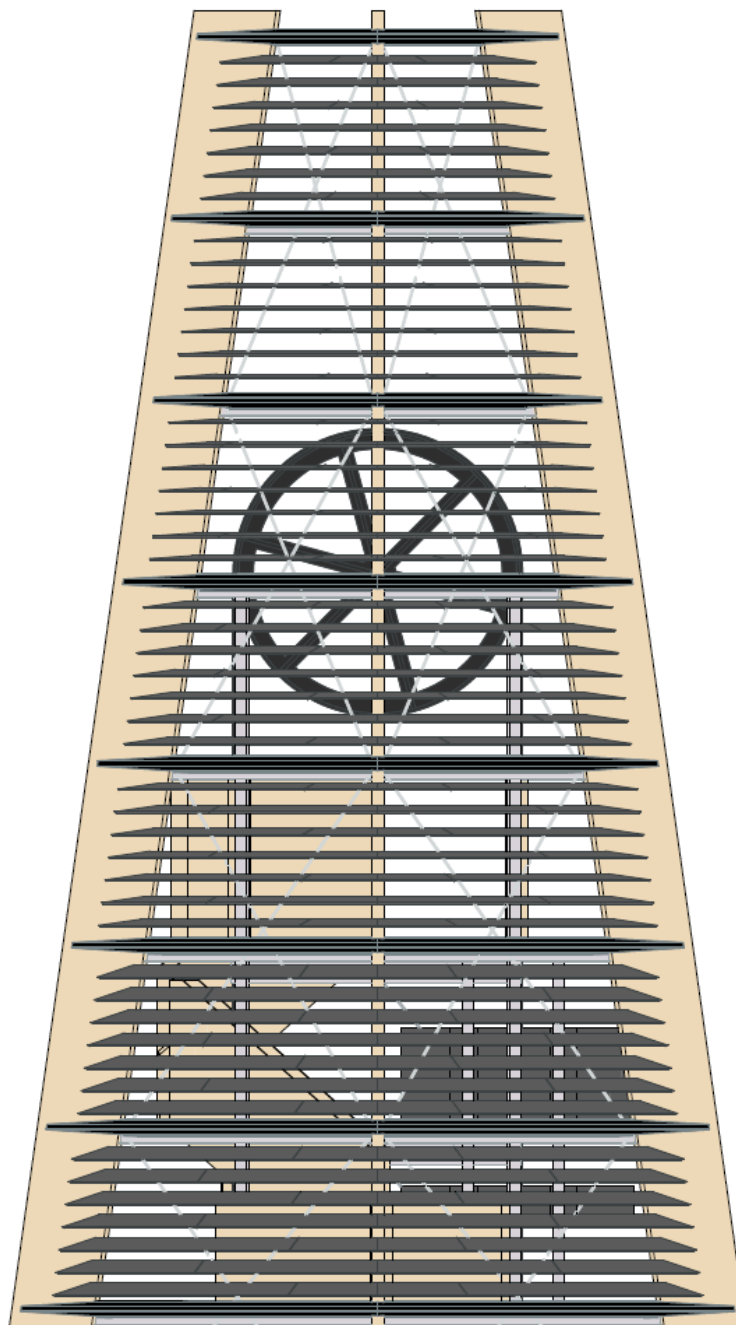
bracing structure



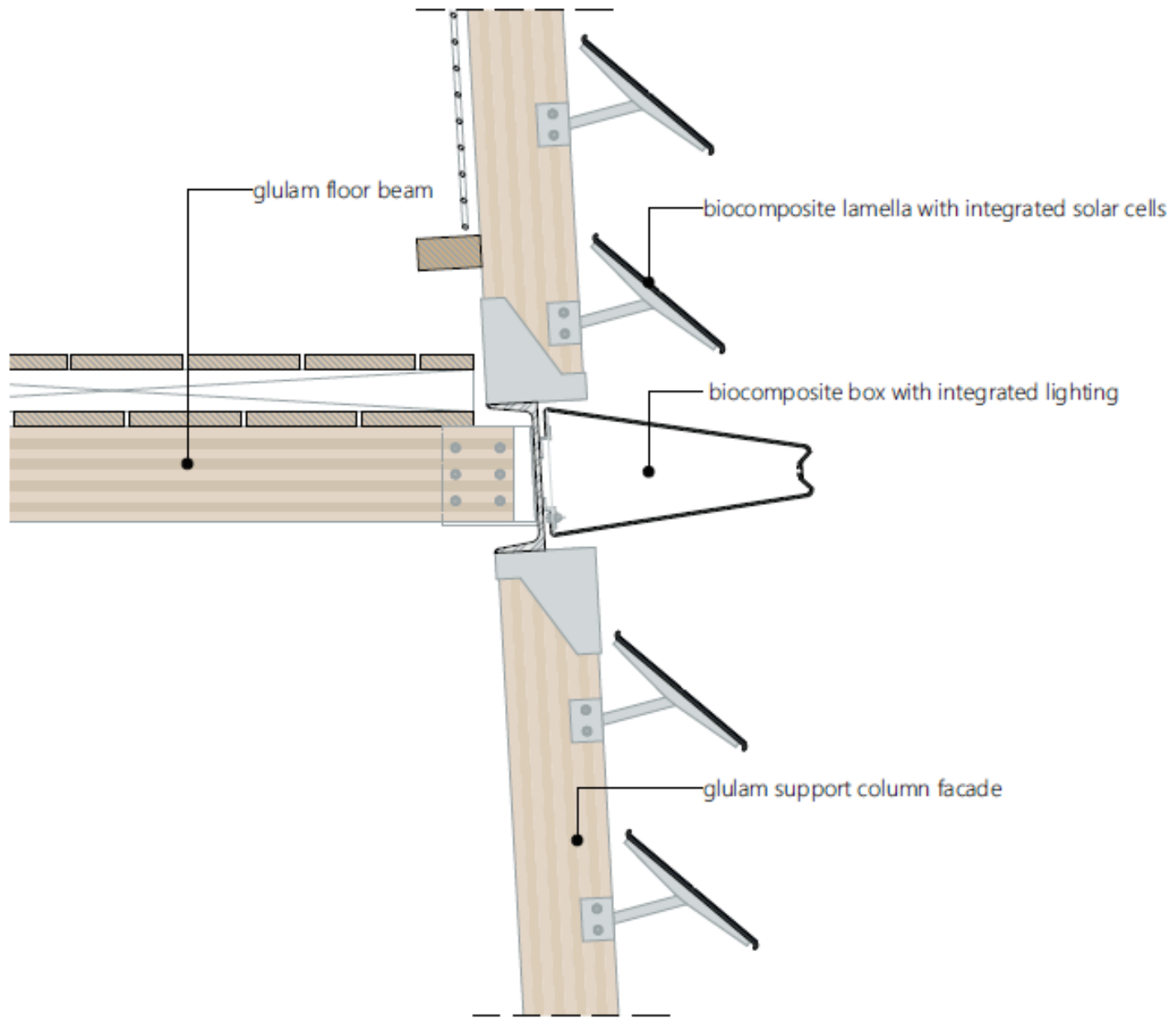
steel core



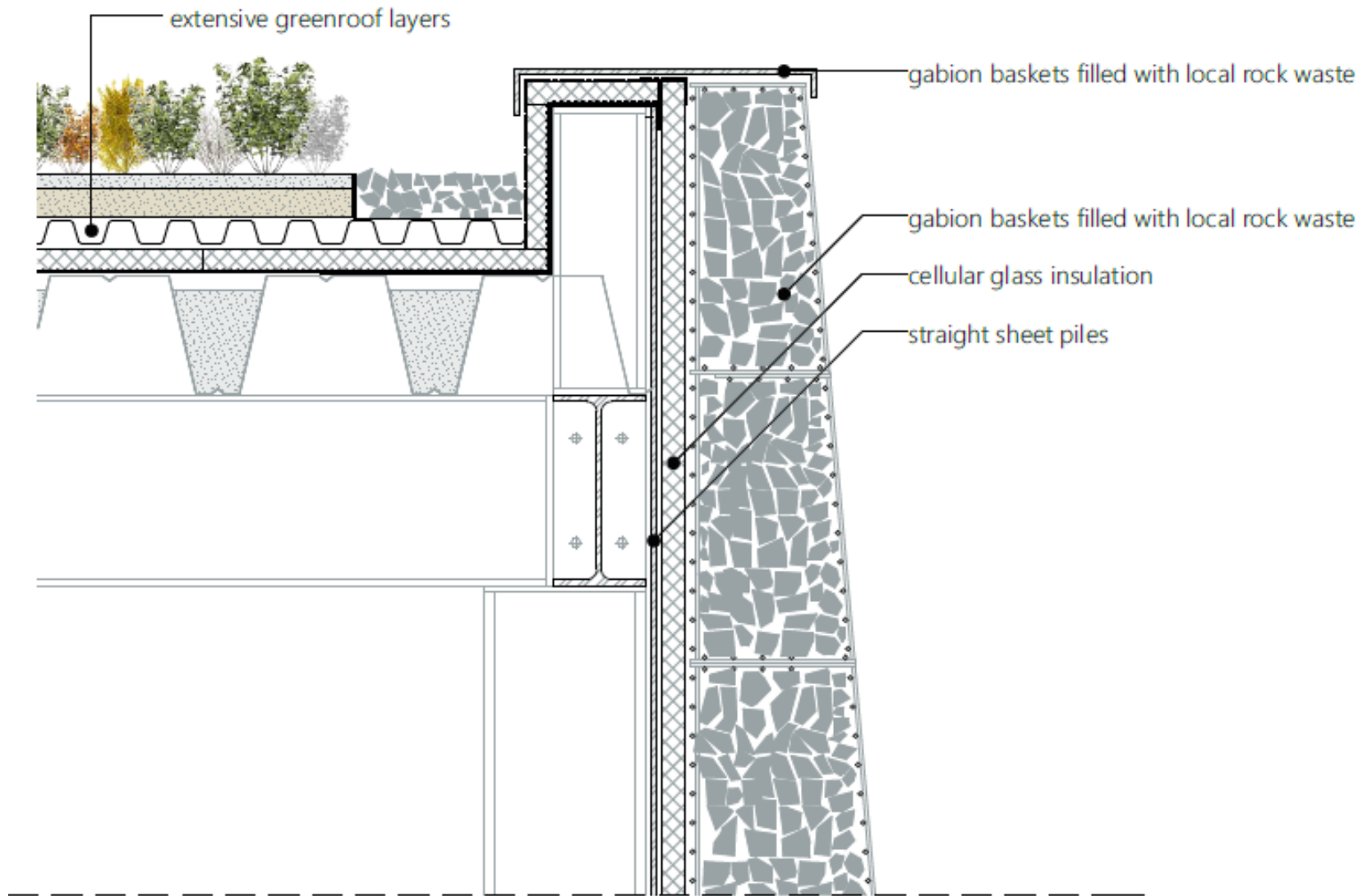
stone base

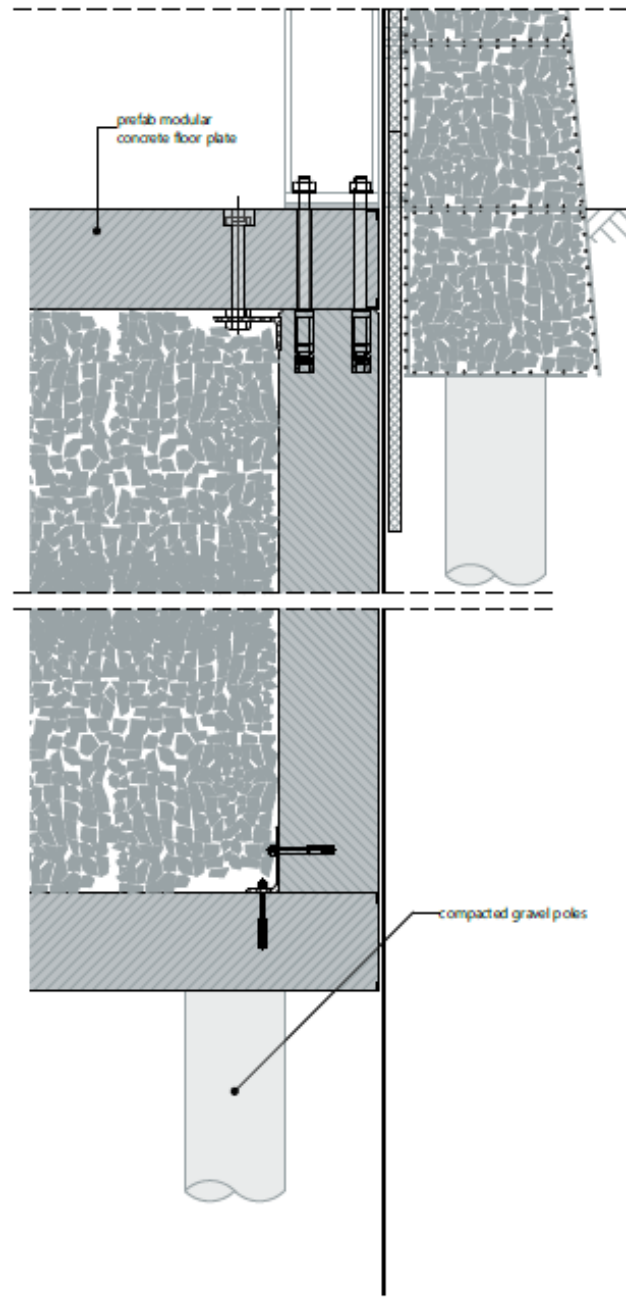


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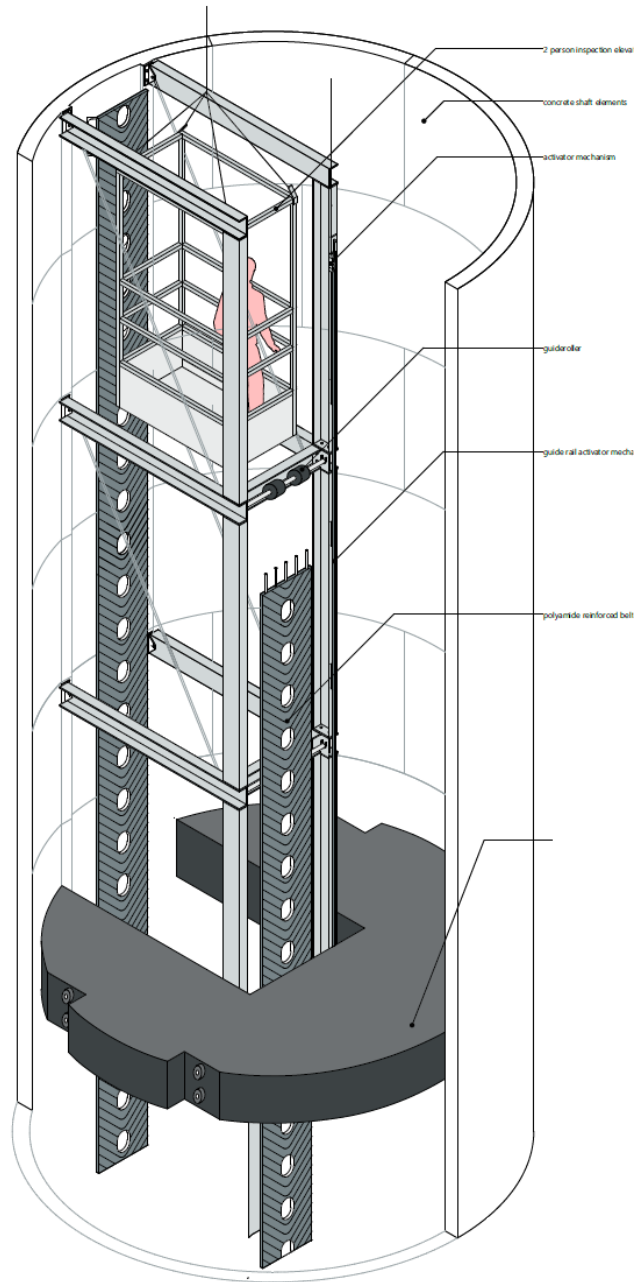


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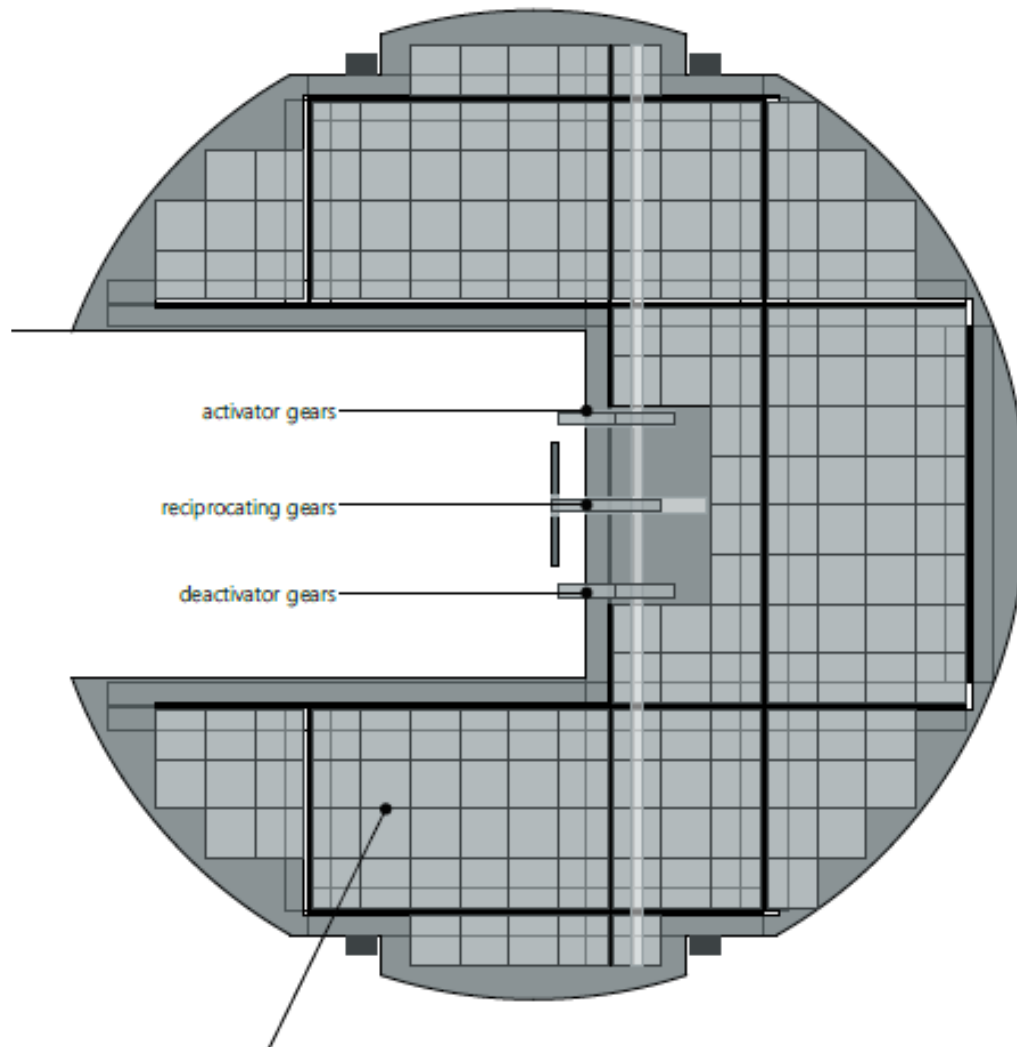
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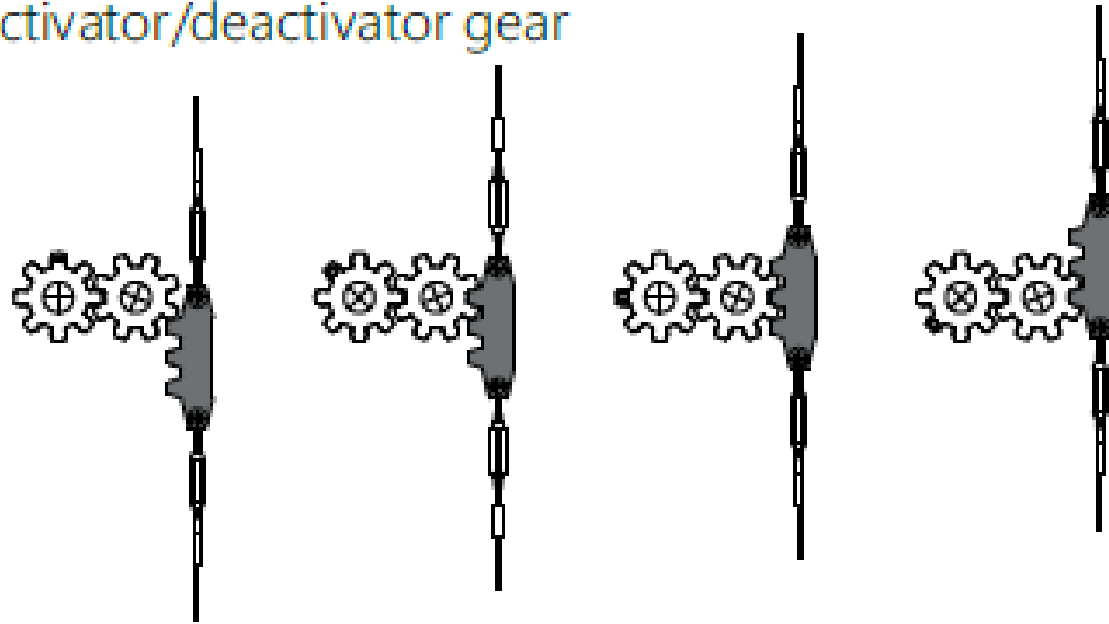


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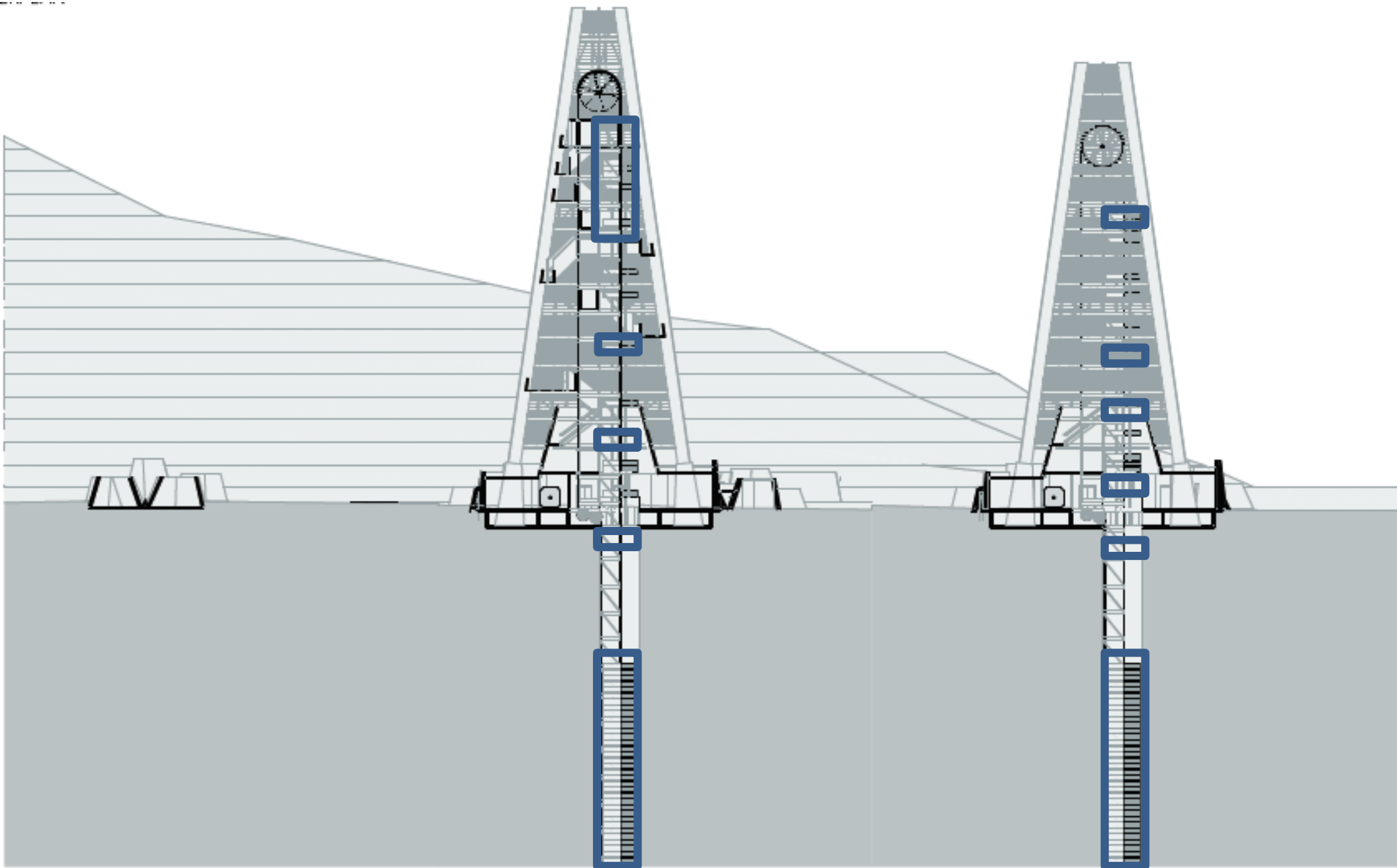
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activator/deactivator gear



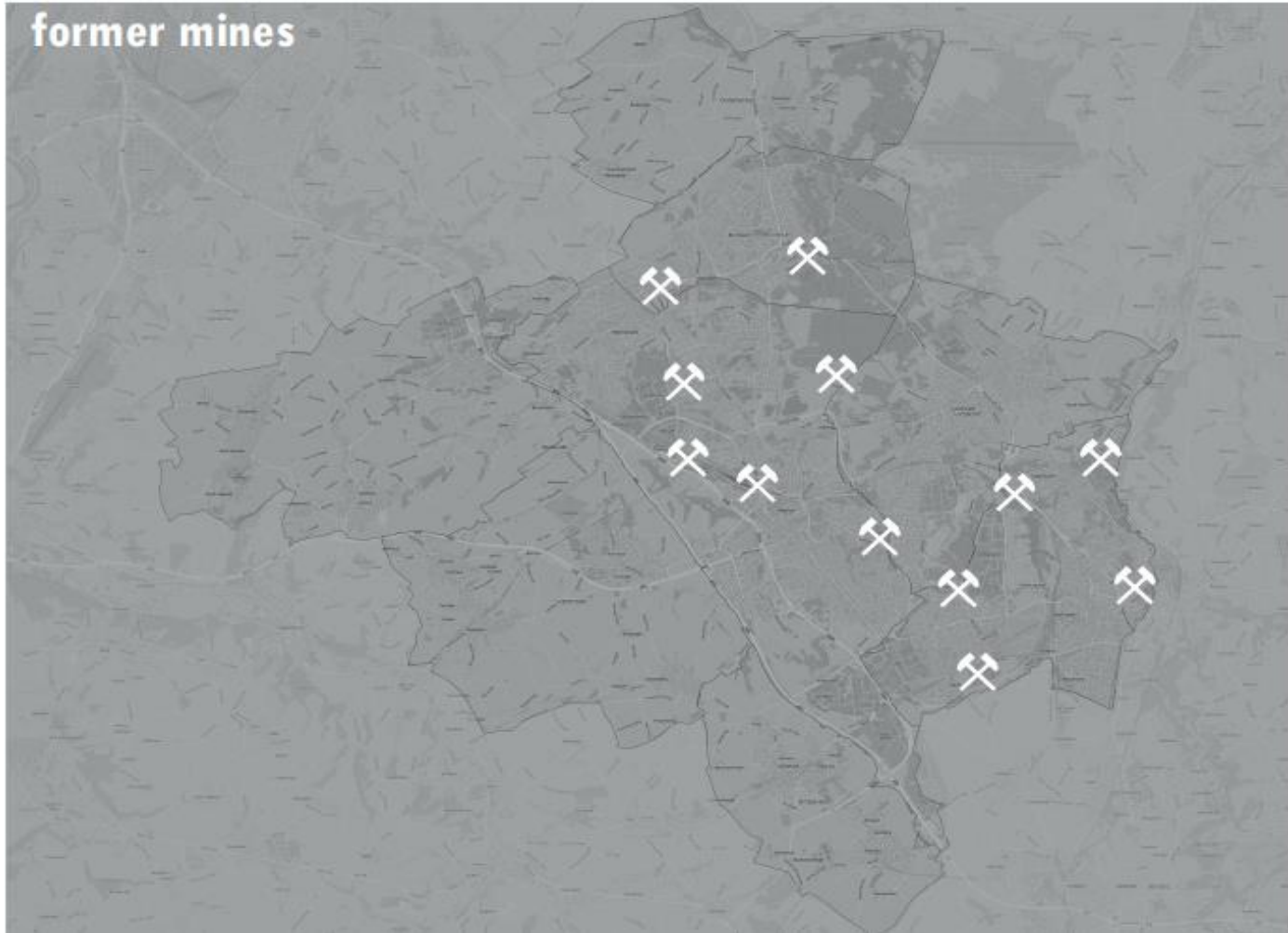
reciprocating gear





introduction – research – **design** - conclusion

one more thing



introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



introduction – research – **design** - conclusion



more than 400.000 households daily

introduction – research – design - conclusion

any questions?

image sources

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