ECOLOGIES OF INCLUSION

TOGETHERNESS

SOLO SPECIES SHARING SPACE IN CENTRAL ROTTERDAM



SAVANNE VAN HARREWIJEN

P5 - THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 2022



Site location

Rotterdam north



Site location

Wahlenburghof



Masterplan

Position building



Position building







Site location

Wahlenburghof



Masterplan

Position building



Ground floor

Concept: Connect two worlds



TARGET GROUPS



String figures are like stories; they propose and enact patterns for participants to inhabit, somehow, on a vulnerable and wounded earth."

(Haraway, 2016, p. 10)



QUESTION

- How can a community of
- multi-generational solo dwellers and non-human species
- cohabit near Rotterdam station today
 - considering each species' specific dwelling needs and capacity for sharing?

DE-CONSTRUCTION













Rotterdam context Species observations





Elevation

South

| | | | 0 1 2 5m



THE BAT SPECIES



Spatial needs

Common Pipistrelle







Elevation

South

| | | | 0 1 2 5m





Elevation

North - by day

 I
 I
 I

 0
 1
 2
 5m



Floor Plan (0) in context

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Circulation

Central core





THE SOLO DWELLERS

DWELLING TYPES IN BUILDING









Program

Case studie

Functions



COHABITATION

COOPERATIVE MODELS TO CREATE A SHARED COMMUNITY







TOGETHERNESS

TREEHOUSE

MISS SARGFABRIK







Percentages functions



HAUS A











Public and Collective

Functions

Program







Central core





Sharing layers

Starter



Co-living

Shared

Private

| | | 0 1 2

5m

- 2 Theather
 3 Yoga studio
 4 Dance studio
- 6 Post collection7 Bike repair
- 8 Waste collection



Private dwelling











Small room + Bathroom

Private:

Unit A: wintergarden Unit B: big room Unit D: disabled Unit E: disabled + wg





Coliving kitchen





Shared hall













Private: _

Top Small . Top Medium


Collective street





Section (A)

North - South

| | | | 0 1 2 5m



CLT self-contained top construction



Concrete Flexible collum structure with panels



Concrete Table top ground floor with CLT Loft boxes



Structure Axonometric



Daily routines bats

Cohabitation











PROVIDING SPACE FOR NON-HUMAN SPECIES





RESEARCH FRAMEWORK

PRODUCTION OF SPACE (1974) - HENRI LEFEBVRE



"[SPACE is] a precondition and a result of social superstructures" (Lefebvre, 1974, p. 85)

RESEARCH FRAMEWORK

LAYERS OF DWELLING SPACE









(0)



Garden Type Target: Starter

| | | 0 1 2 l 4m A A







Spatial concepts

Garden Type

Target: Starter

 I
 I
 I
 I

 0
 1
 2
 4m





Casco to be determined







(B)

(C)





| | | | 0 1 2 4m









Spatial concepts

| | | 0 1 2

Cluster A - Shared Target: Middle aged adults

l 4m







(A)



(C)

Cluster B - Individual Target: Elderly

I I I I 0 1 2 4m







One big open space



Spatial concepts

Cluster B - Individual Target: Elderly

 I
 I
 I
 I

 0
 1
 2
 4m











(0)









(1)







Spatial concepts

Topper Target: Single parent

l 4m | | | 0 1 2





Casco to be determined









Facade construction Axonometric





Materialization



obstacles

III00.51 2m Microclimates



Biodiversity Panels also facilitate shelters for butterflies, to improve the bat's



Materialization



Fragment A

Closed facade

I I I I 0 0.5 1 2m **Fragment B** Open Facade

I I I I 0 0.5 1 2m





Facade- Details

Scale: 1:5





Facade - Details

Scale: 1:5

SUMMERY

BASED ON GUATTARI'S THREE ECOLOGIES











CONTINUE







ECOLOGIES OF INCLUSION

TOGETHERNESS

THANK YOU!






























