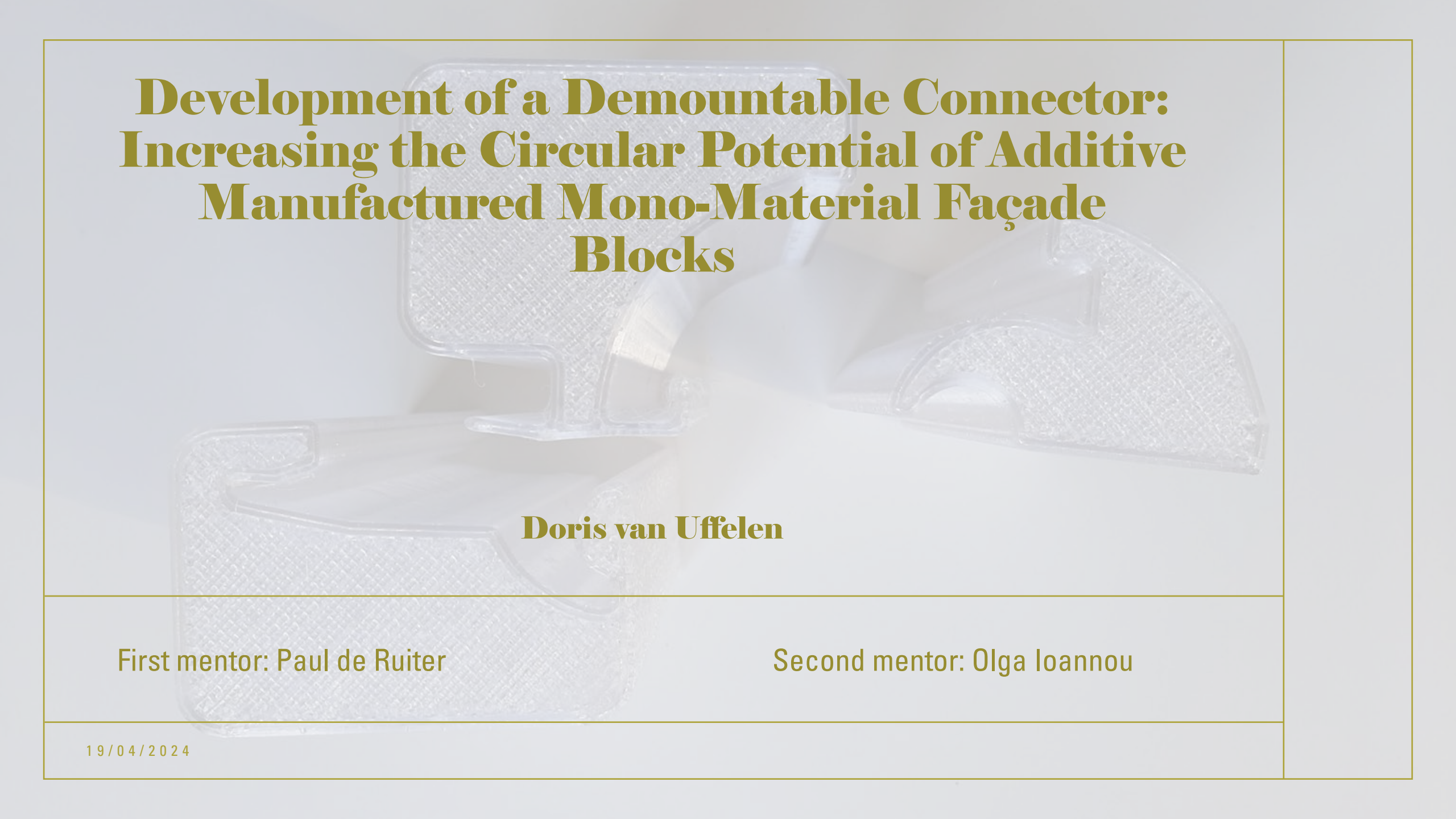




Development of a Demountable Connector: Increasing the Circular Potential of Additive Manufactured Mono-Material Façade Blocks

Doris van Uffelen

First mentor: Paul de Ruiter

Second mentor: Olga Ioannou

Presentation structure

- Introduction
 - Background
 - Problem statement
 - Objective
 - Research Questions
 - Method
- Context
 - Definitions
 - AM for CBP
 - Spong3D analysis
 - Design principles
 - Design requirements
 - Decision matrix
- Designs
 - System
 - Concept designs
 - Evaluation
 - Improved designs
 - Evaluation
 - Final design
- Conclusion
 - Conclusion
 - Recommendations
 - Questions

Introduction

Background



C&D waste



Resource depletion



C&D energy



Plastic waste

Problem statement

Shift towards a circular economy

“The circular economy is a system where
materials never become waste and nature is regenerated”

(Ellen Macarthur Foundation, n.d.)

Problem statement



Different materials mixed

-

Hard to separate

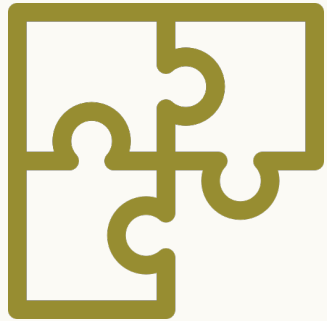
-

New/critical materials are used

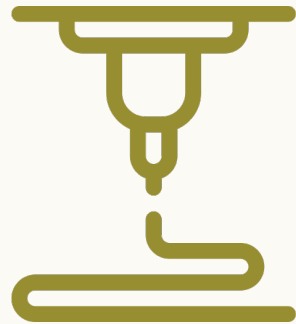
Objectives

Additive manufacturing for Circular Building Products

Demountable connectors for façade elements using PET through FDM



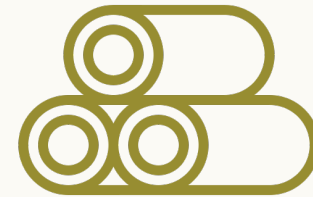
Design for
Disassembly



Additive
manufacturing



Waste as
Source



Mono-material

Research Question

How to design a Mono-Material Demountable Connector for a Circular Façade system using PET through Additive Manufacturing?

Method



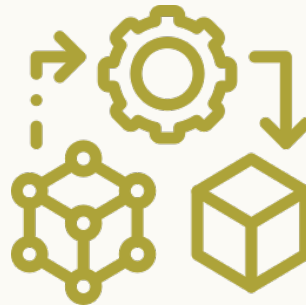
Literature study



Analysis



Decision matrix



Research through
prototyping



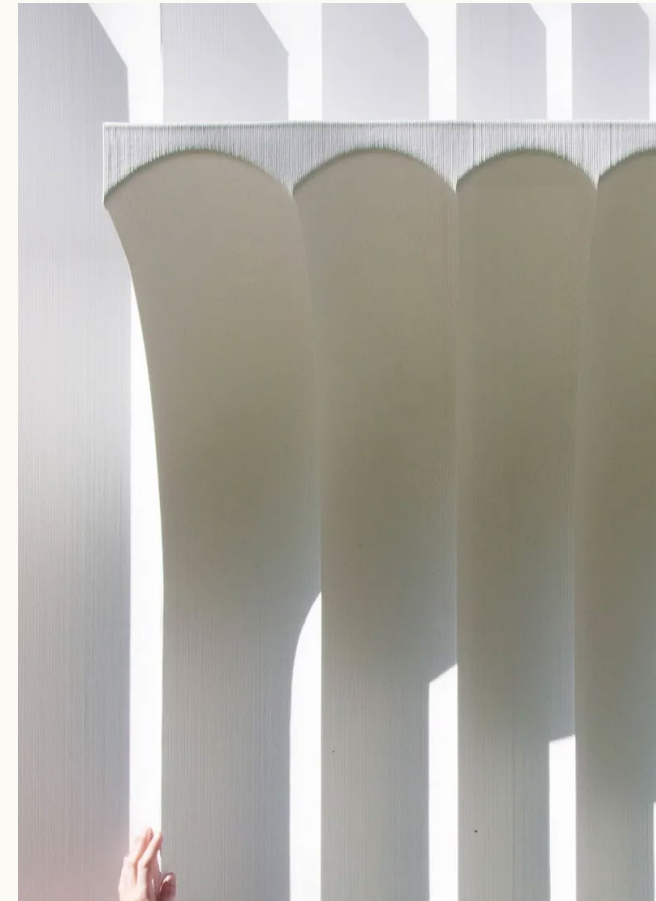
Evaluation of results

Context

Definitions

Additive Manufacturing (AM)

- Extruding objects layer by layer from digital model
- Thermoplastic façade elements



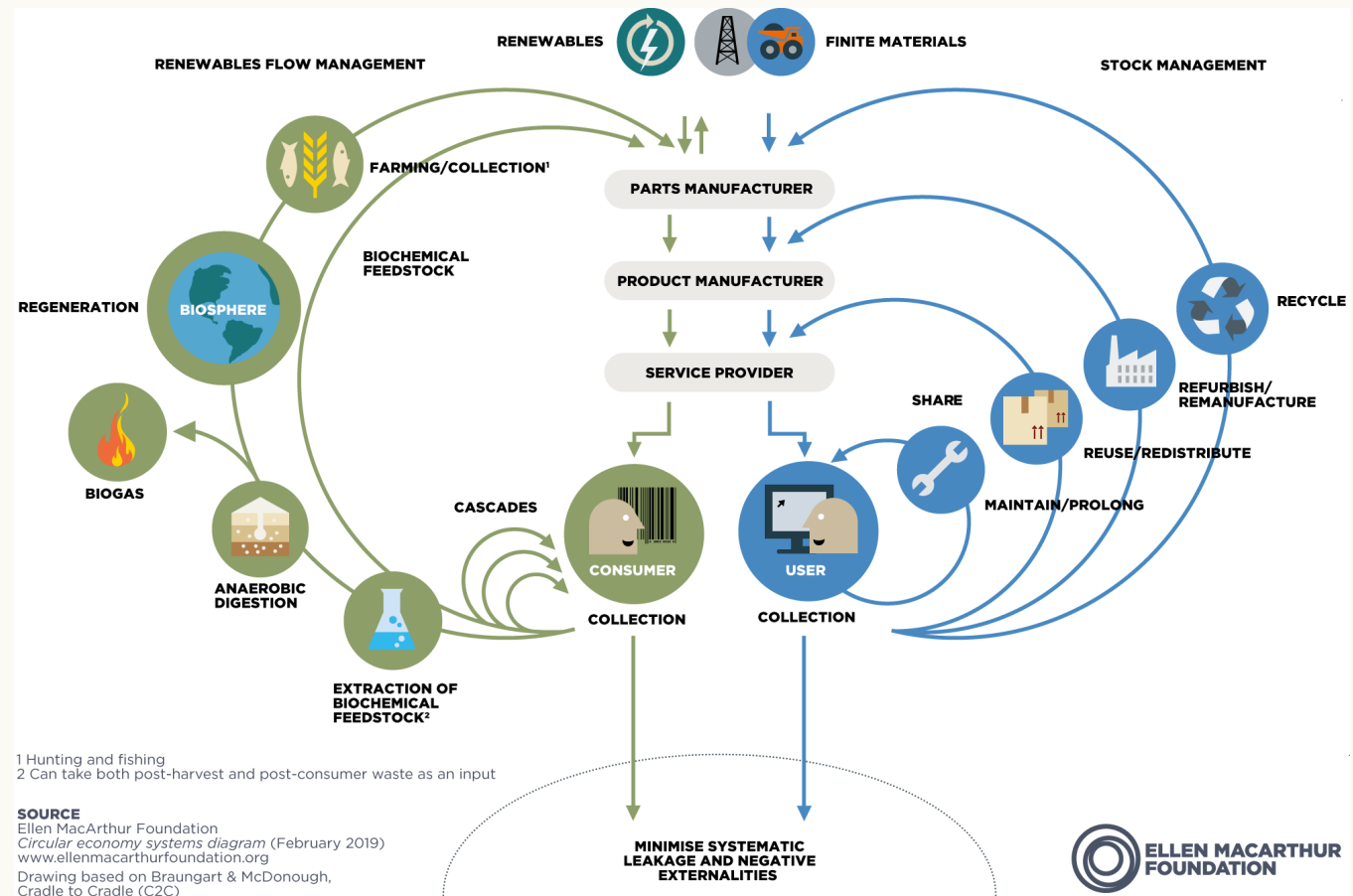
Definitions

Circular Economy (CE)

- Materials are valuable
- Keep products and materials in circulation

Circular Building Product (CBP)

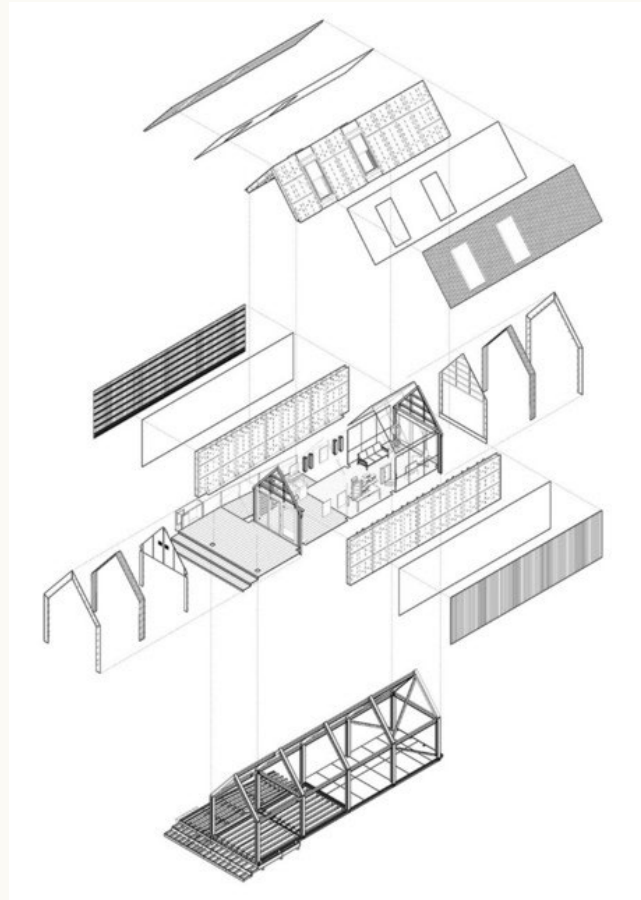
- 4 Domains
- R-strategies



Definitions

Design for Disassembly (DfD)

- Takes into account end-of-life
- Maintenance, remanufacturing, reuse, recycle



AM for CBP

Reduce

→ Material use

→ shape optimization

→ lightweight material

→ waste materials (rPET)

→ Mono-material elements

→ Transportation

→ localized printing

→ local materials

Reuse

→ Design for Disassembly

→ Printing of complex shapes

→ Modular design

Repair

→ Print replacement parts

Recycle

→ Materials

→ PET

→ Mono-material elements

Spong3D analysis

Spong3D

Mono-Material

Fused Deposition Modelling

Insulation



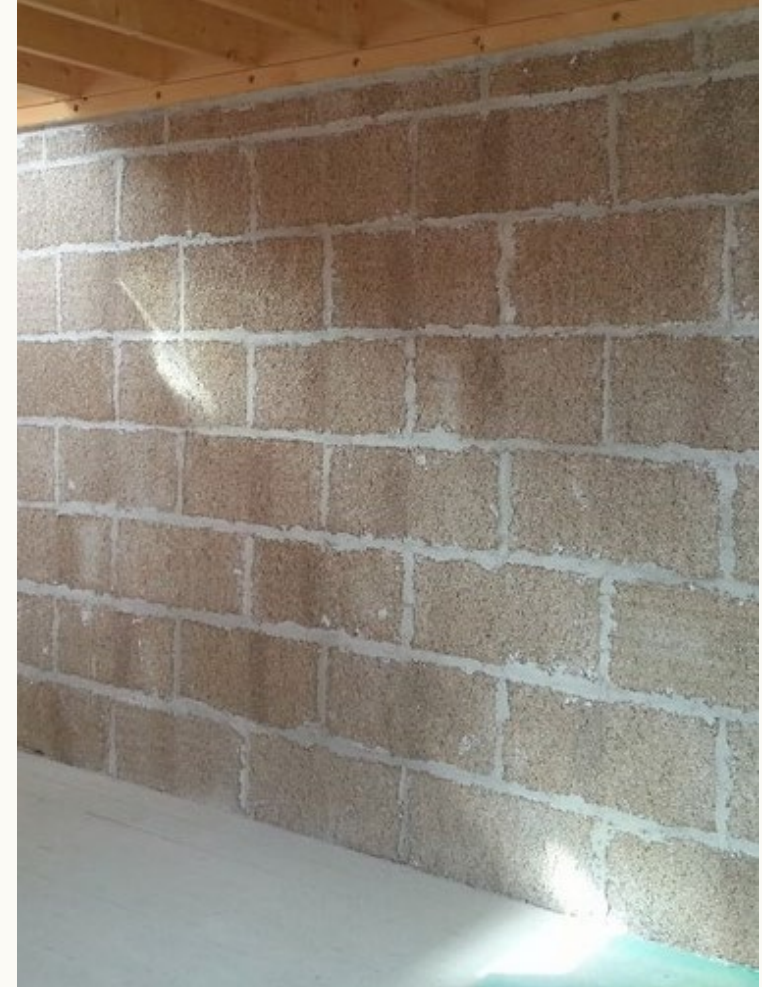
Spong3D analysis

Hempcrete

Mono-Material

Bio-based material

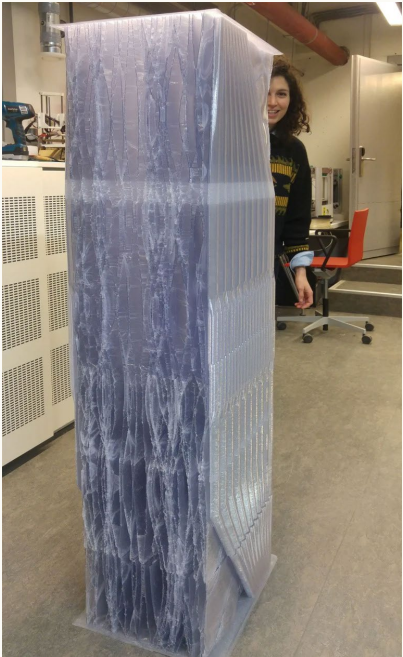
Insulation and strength



Spong3D analysis

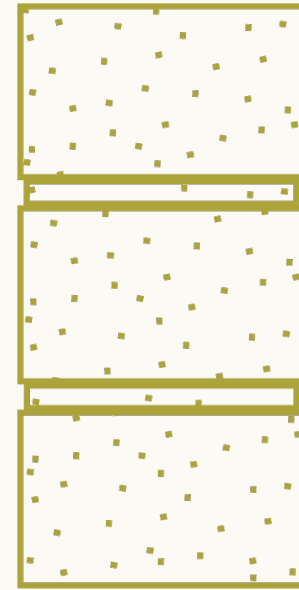
SPONG3D – PET

$A=1\text{M}^2$ – $T=470\text{MM}$ – $RC=4,7\text{M}^2\text{K/W}$



HEMPCRETE – HEMP – LIME – WATER

$A=1\text{M}^2$ – $T=329\text{MM}$ – $RC=4,7\text{M}^2\text{K/W}$



Spong3D analysis - Material

SPONG3D

- + Mono-Material
- Raw material – High GWP
- Technical materials are used
- + Low weight - cell structure (53,7 kg per m²)

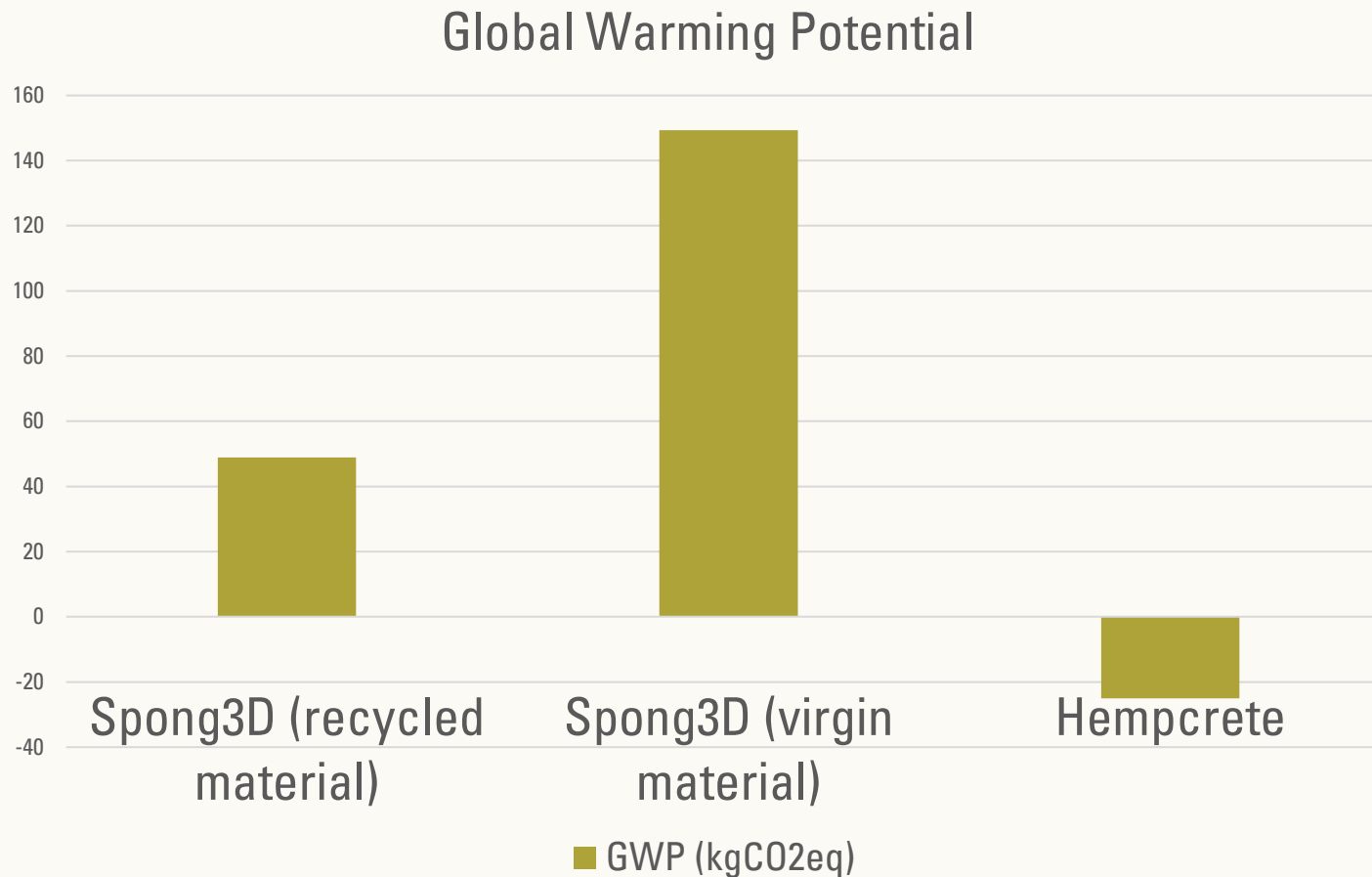


HEMPCRETE

- + Mono-Material
- + Low GWP
- + Biobased material
- High weight - solid elements (98,7 kg per m²)



Spong3D analysis - Material



Spong3D analysis - Material

SPONG3D

- + Mono-Material
- Raw material – High GWP
- +– Technical materials are used
- + Low weight - cell structure (53,7 kg per m²)



HEMPCRETE

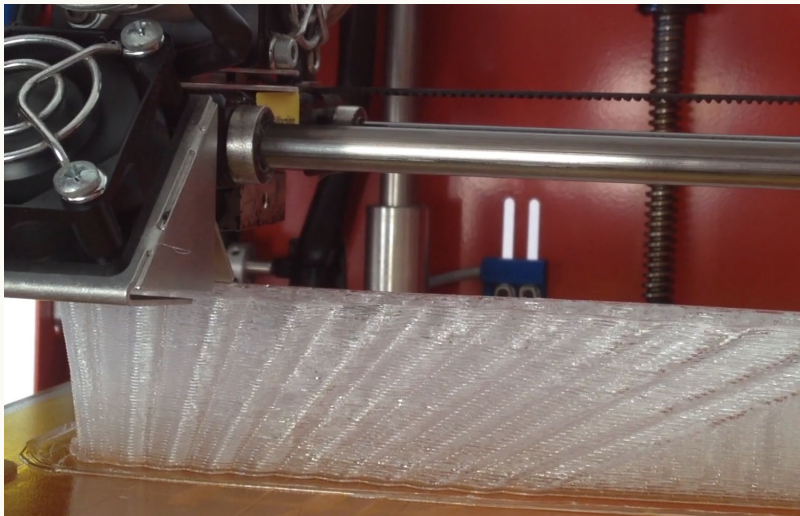
- + Mono-Material
- + Low GWP
- +– Biobased material
- High weight - solid elements (98,7 kg per m²)



Spong3D analysis - Manufacturing

SPONG3D

- + Automated process
- Long printing time (216hr for 750X500X360 mm)
- Low production energy (146,2 MJ per m²)



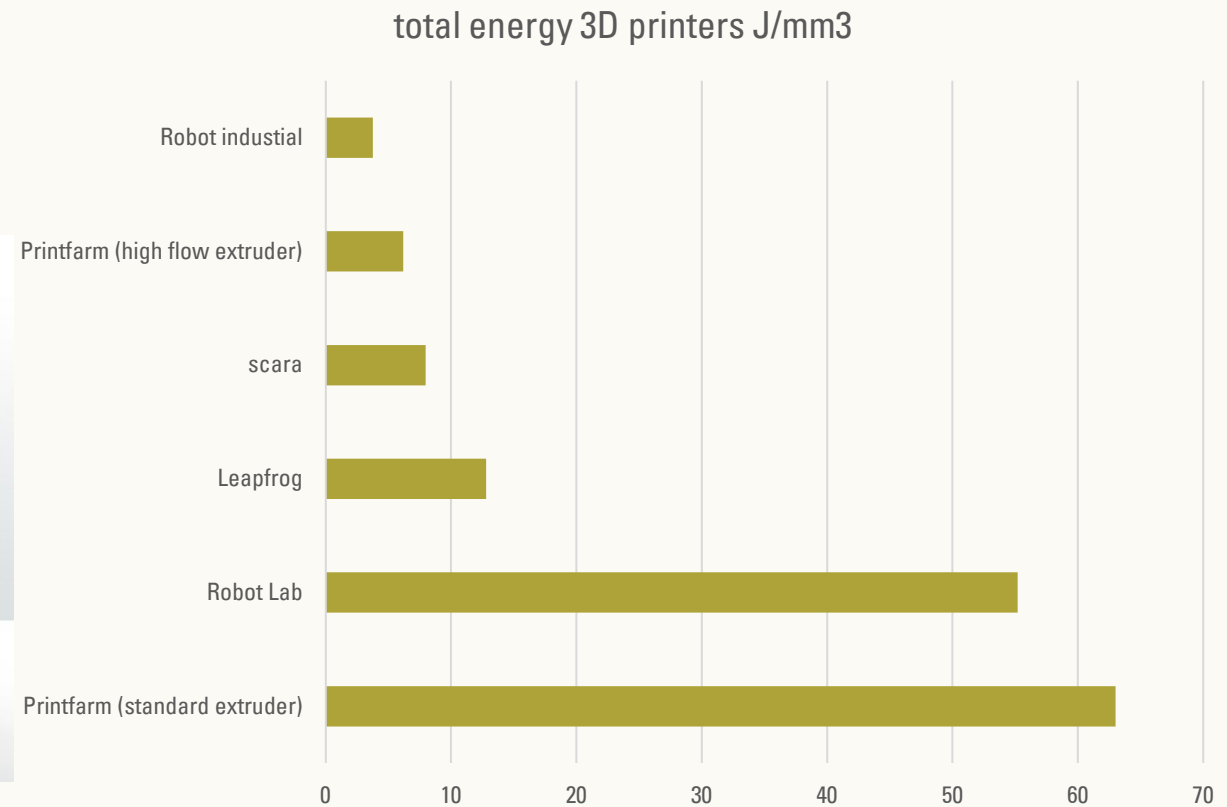
HEMPCRETE

- High in manual labour
- High production energy (1020,6 MJ per m²)



Spong3D analysis - Manufacturing

- Industrial robot is the most energy efficient
- With printfarm adapt design



Spong3D analysis - Design

SPONG3D

- + Mono material - multiple functions
- + No internal connections/interfaces
- +/- Translucent aesthetic



HEMPCRETE

- + Mono-Material – multiple functions
- + No internal connections/interfaces
- +/- Rustic aesthetic



Spong3D analysis - Management

SPONG3D

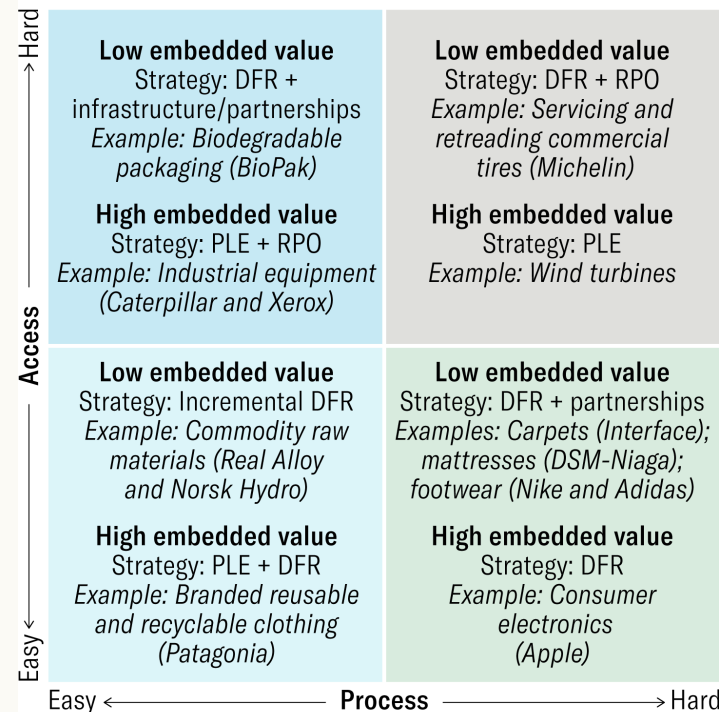
Improvement: Leasing system or extent lifespan

- High material value
- Easy to process - reuse

HEMPCRETE

Improvement: Extent lifespan or design for recycling

- Low material value
- Hard to process

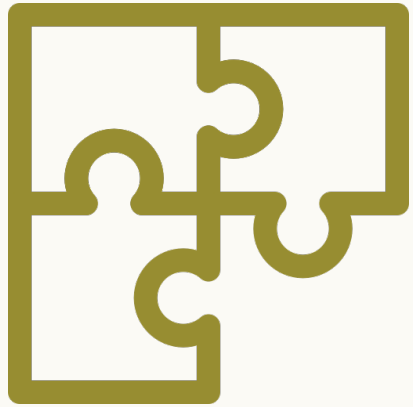


Spong3D analysis - Conclusion

If improvements are implemented, Spong3D has circular potential

- Material optimization
- Locally recycled waste
- Improve printing time and energy use
- Add demountable connector
- Use a leasing system

Principles



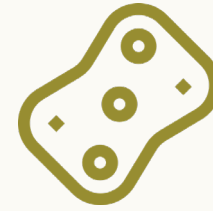
Design for Disassembly



Mono-material



FDM



Based on
Spong3D



Horizontal connector

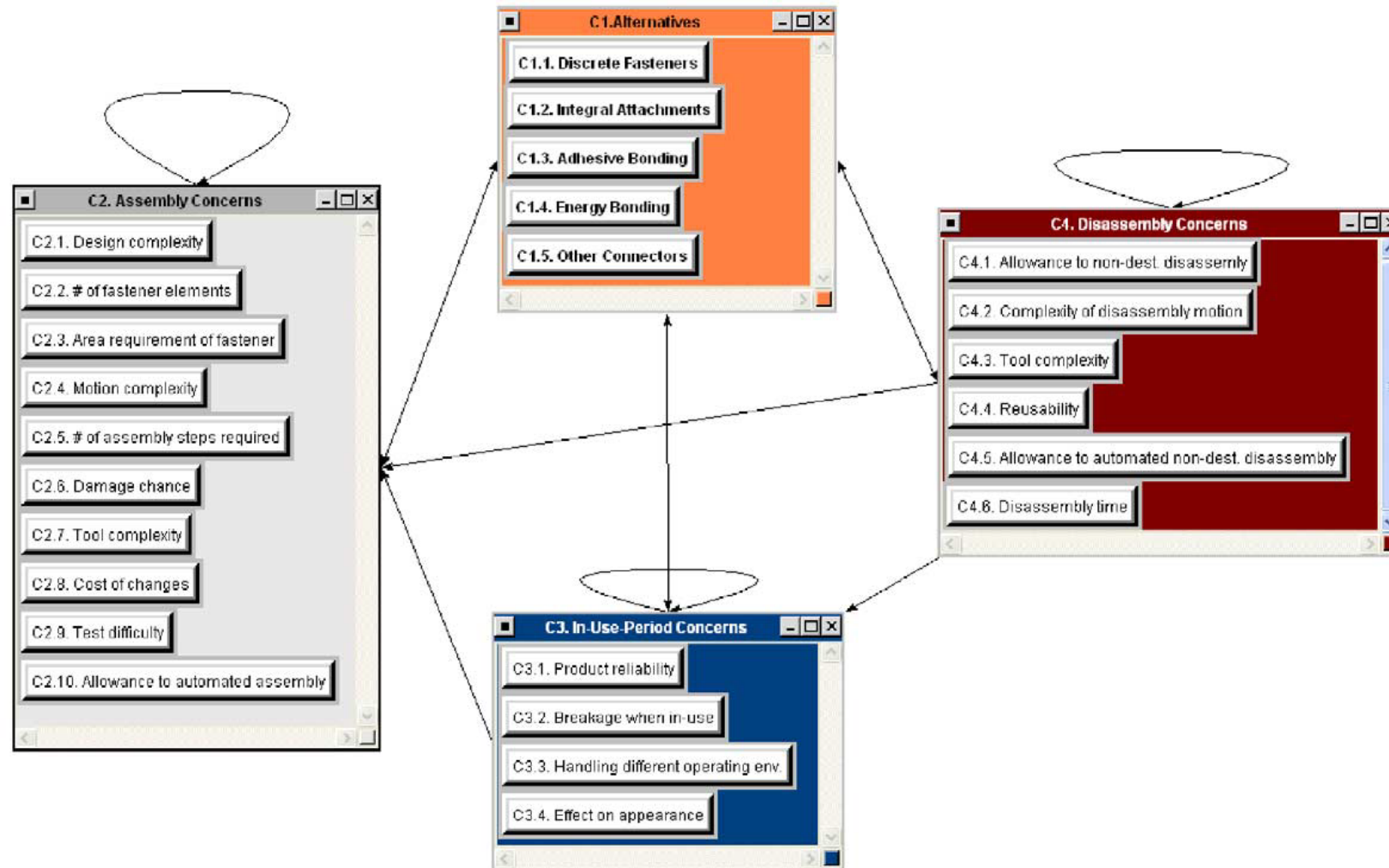


Watertight



Take one out

DfD decision model Güngör (2005)



Requirements

Categories:	Requirements:	Category importance:
• Manufacturing	Materials, energy, extruder movement	1
• Assembly	Horizontal installing, damage chance, ease of assembly	1
• In-Use	Reliability, watertightness, appearance	2
• Disassembly	Damage chance, ease of disassembly, reusability	2

Decision matrix

Category and Requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	Clips		Hinge		Snap Fit	
					raw	weighed	raw	weighed	raw	weighed
Manufacturing		1								
amount of material needed	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32	2	0,21	1	0,11
number of different materials	Low		4	0,21	3	0,63	3	0,63	3	0,63
Extruder movement	Organic		3	0,16	3	0,47	1	0,16	-1	-0,16
Material supports needed	Low		3	0,16	3	0,47	3	0,47	3	0,47
Energy needed for printer	Low		5	0,26	3	0,79	2	0,53	1	0,26
Printing time	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32	2	0,21	-1	-0,11
			19	1,00		3,00		2,21		1,21
Assembly concerns		1								
Number of fastener elements	Low		2	0,13	3	0,38	3	0,38	3	0,38
Area requirement of fastener	High		2	0,13	-1	-0,13	2	0,25	3	0,38
Motion complexity	Low		2	0,13	1	0,13	3	0,38	3	0,38
Number of assembly steps required	Low		2	0,13	3	0,38	3	0,38	3	0,38
Damage chance (include anisotropic behaviour)	Low		3	0,19	2	0,38	2	0,38	1	0,19
horizontal installing			5	0,31	3	0,94	3	0,94	3	0,94
			16	1,00		2,06		2,69		2,63
In-use-period concerns		2								
Product reliability	High		5	0,25	-1	-0,25	1	0,25	3	0,75
Breakage when in-use	Low		4	0,20	3	0,60	2	0,40	3	0,60
Effect on appearance	Minimal		3	0,15	1	0,15	3	0,45	3	0,45
water tight	High		4	0,20	3	0,60	3	0,60	3	0,60
Ability to disassemble from the outside	Low		4	0,20	3	0,60	3	0,60	3	0,60
			20	1,00		3,40		4,60		6,00
Disassembly concerns		2								
Allowance to non-destructive disassembly	High		5	0,26	2	0,53	-1	-0,26	1	0,26
Allowance to take one panel out	High		4	0,21	-3	-0,63	2	0,42	-1	-0,21
Complexity of disassembly motion	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32	3	0,32	3	0,32
Reusability	High		4	0,21	2	0,42	2	0,42	2	0,42
Disassembly time	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32	3	0,32	3	0,32
number of disassembly steps required	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32	3	0,32	3	0,32
			19	1,00		2,53		3,05		2,84
Total					48	10,99	53	12,55	48	12,68

Decision matrix

Category and Requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	Clips	
					raw	weighed
Manufacturing		1				
amount of material needed	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32
number of different materials	Low		4	0,21	3	0,63
Extruder movement	Organic		3	0,16	3	0,47
Material supports needed	Low		3	0,16	3	0,47
Energy needed for printer	Low		5	0,26	3	0,79
Printing time	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32
			19	1,00		3,00

Decision matrix

Category and Requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	Clips	
					raw	weighed
Manufacturing		1				
amount of material needed	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32
number of different materials	Low		4	0,21	3	0,63
Extruder movement	Organic		3	0,16	3	0,47
Material supports needed	Low		3	0,16	3	0,47
Energy needed for printer	Low		5	0,26	3	0,79
Printing time	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32
			19	1,00		3,00

Decision matrix

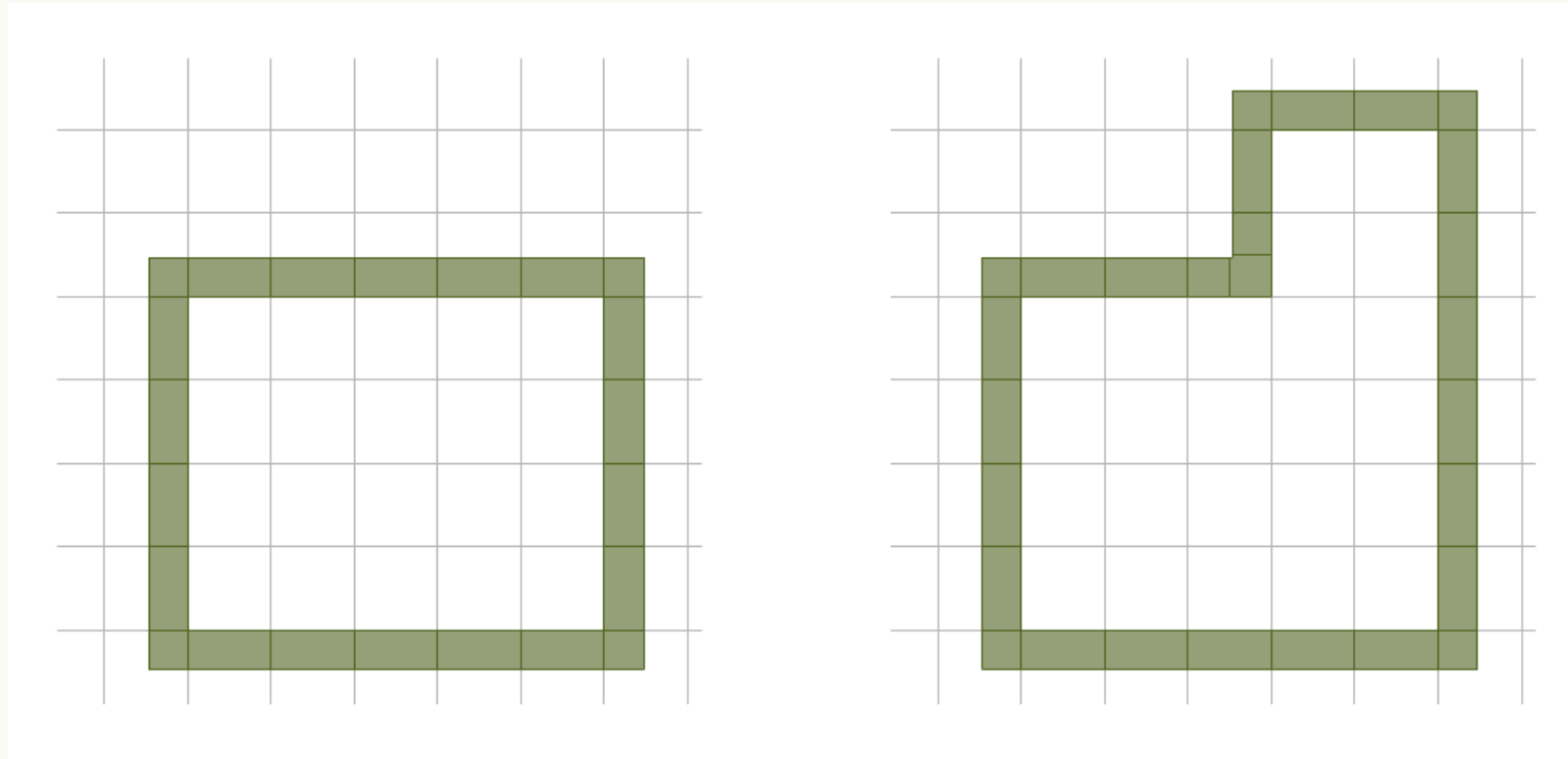
Category and Requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	Clips	
					raw	weighed
Manufacturing		1				
amount of material needed	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32
number of different materials	Low		4	0,21	3	0,63
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Material supports needed	Low		3	0,16	3	0,47
Energy needed for printer	Low		5	0,26	3	0,79
Printing time	Low		2	0,11	3	0,32
			19	1,00		3,00

Decision matrix

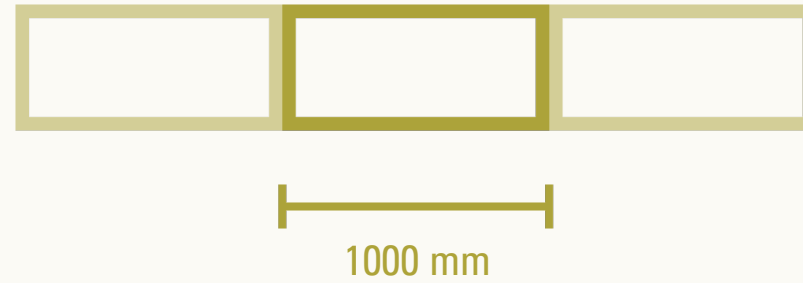
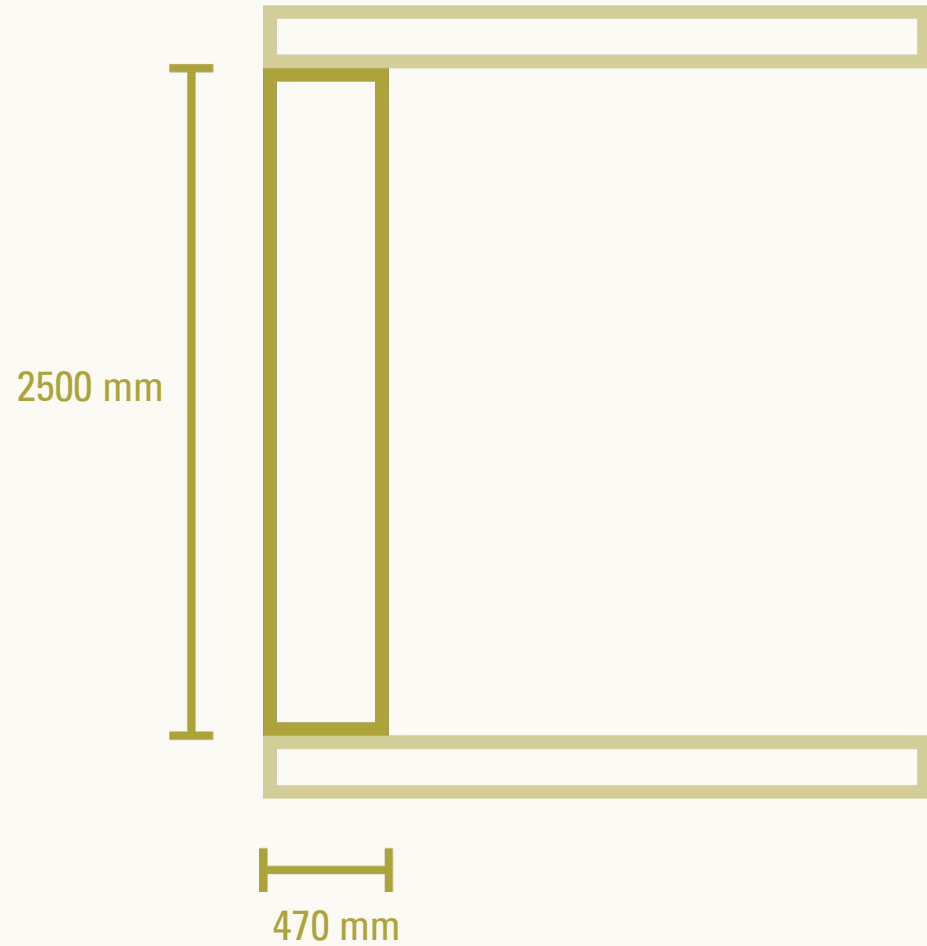
Category and Requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	Clips	
					raw	weighed
Manufacturing		1	19	1,00		3,00
Assembly concerns		1	16	1,00		2,06
In-use-period concerns		2	20	1,00		3,40
Disassembly concerns		2	19	1,00		2,53
Total						10,99

Design

System

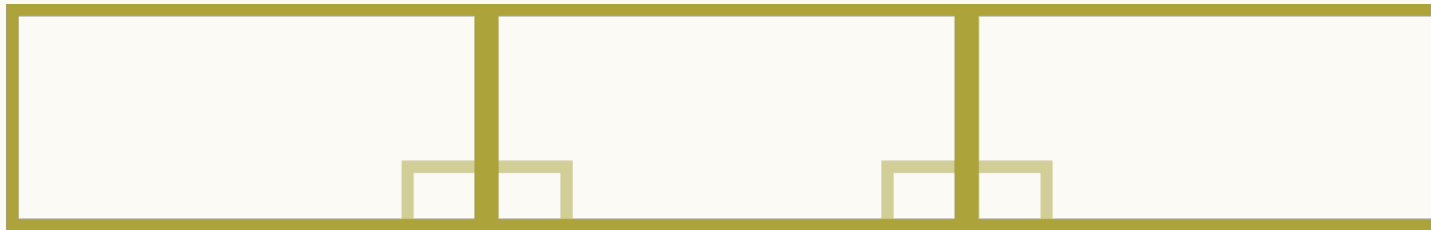


System



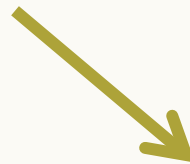
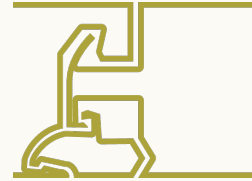
System

External

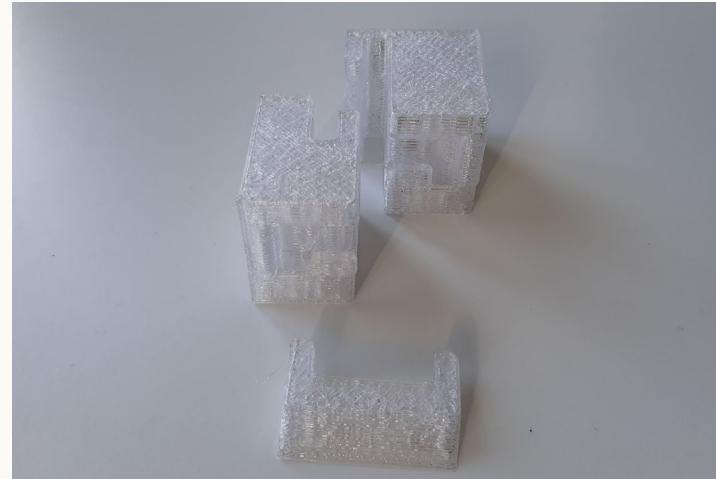
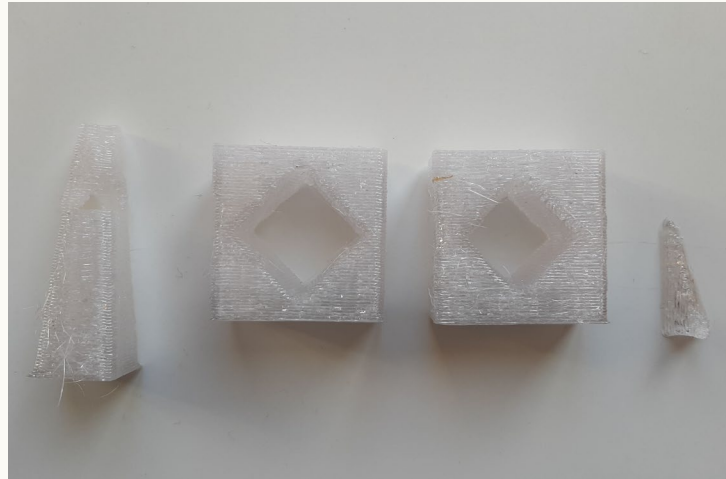
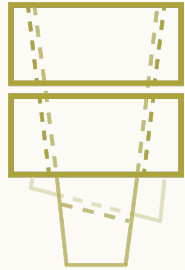


Internal

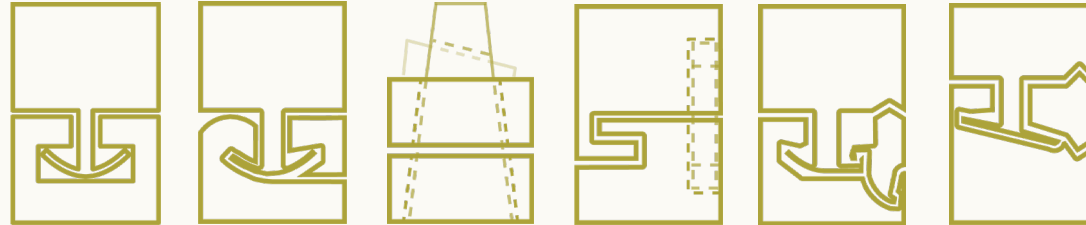
Concept designs



Concept designs

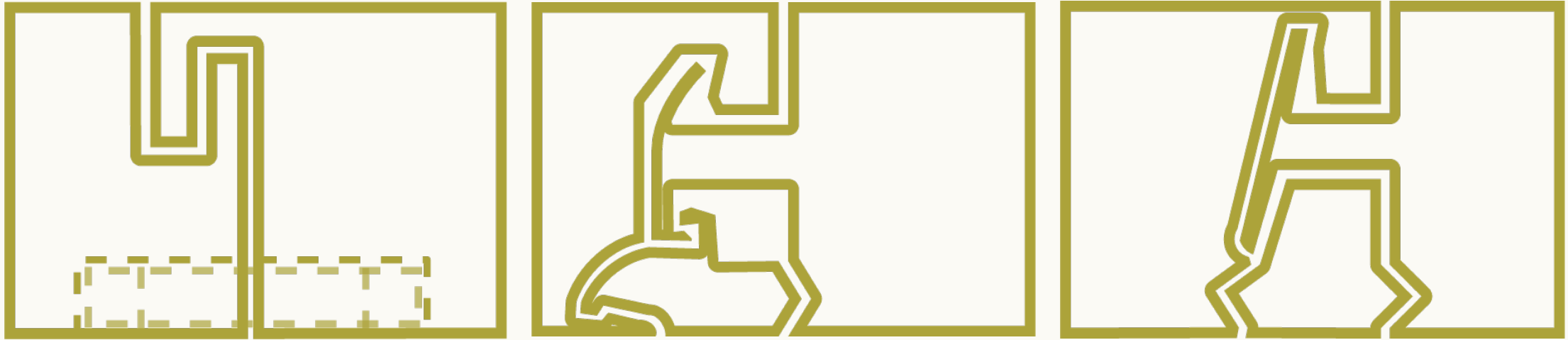


Concept designs - Evaluation

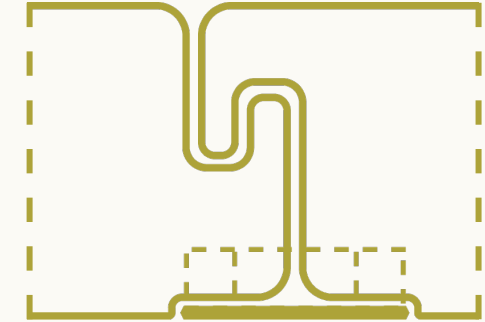


category and requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	T-spring			T-spring + locking element			mortise and tenon			clips connection			hinging			snap fit 3 elements		
					raw	weig	hted	raw	weig	hted	raw	weig	hted	Raw	weig	hted	Raw	weig	hted	Raw	weig	hted
Manufacturing		0,5	10	1,00			1,20			1,20			0,75			0,75			0,90			0,75
Assembly		1	16	1,00			0,50			1,44			-0,50			1,00			2,00			2,00
In-use		2	20	1,00			3,20			-0,20			-2,80			3,90			3,60			1,40
Disassembly		2	15	1,00			-0,13			4,00			1,20			2,13			5,47			4,53
Total							4,77			6,44			-1,35			7,78			11,97			8,68

Concept designs



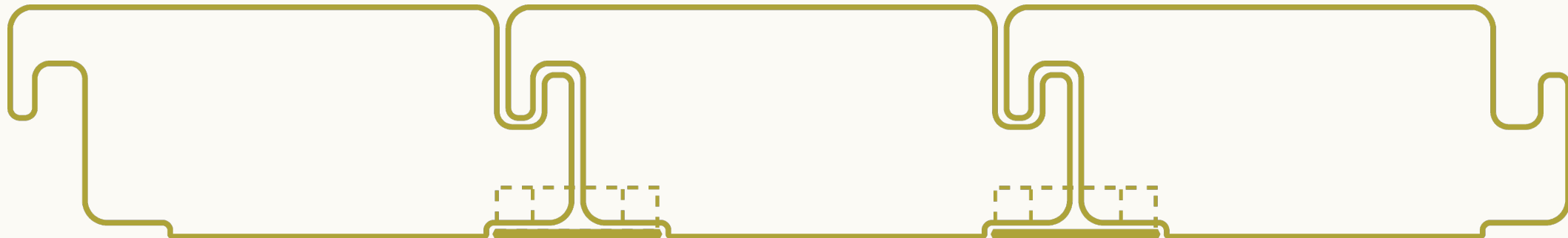
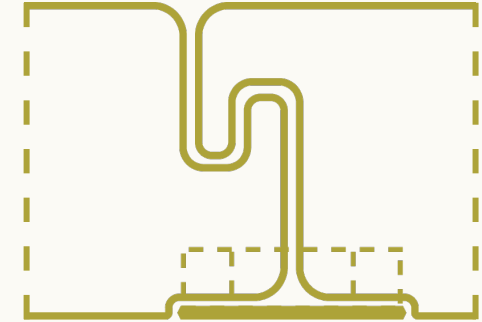
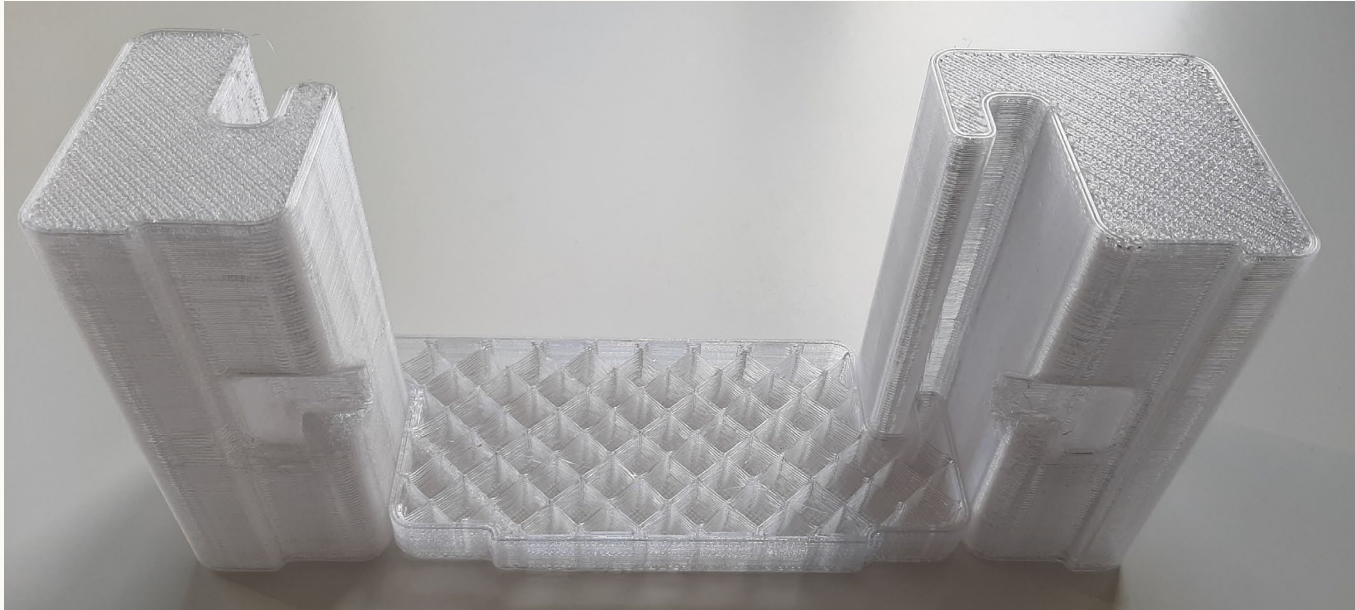
Improved designs



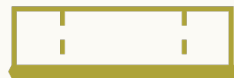
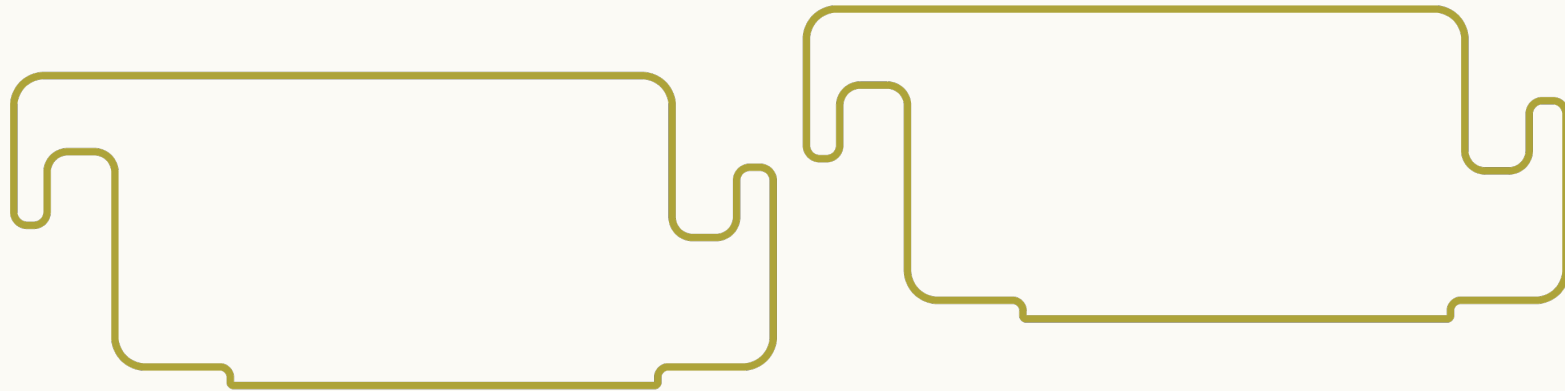
Clips

- + Fastener elements reduced
- + Low energy needed for print
- Cannot take out one panel
- Negative effect on appearance
- Loose tolerances

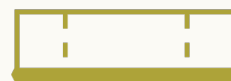
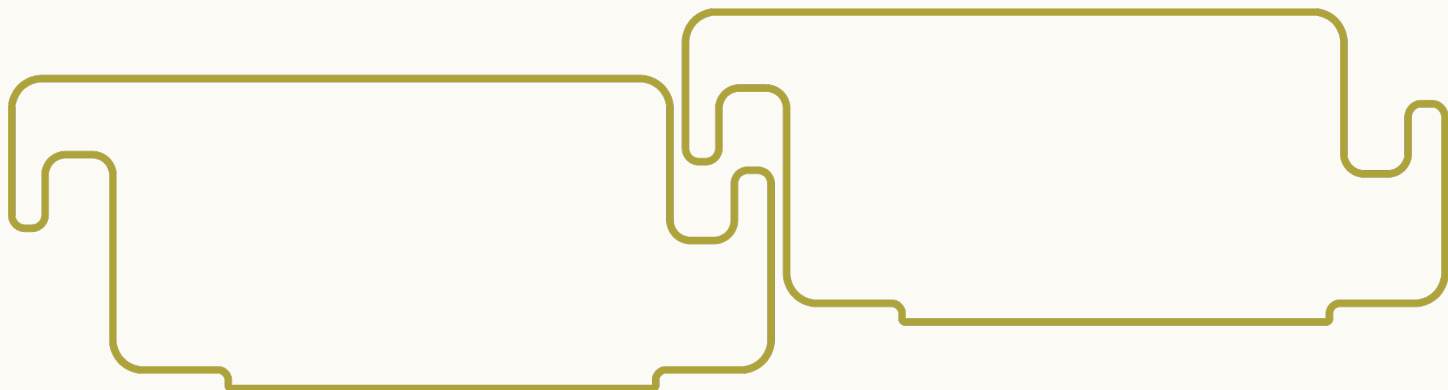
Improved designs



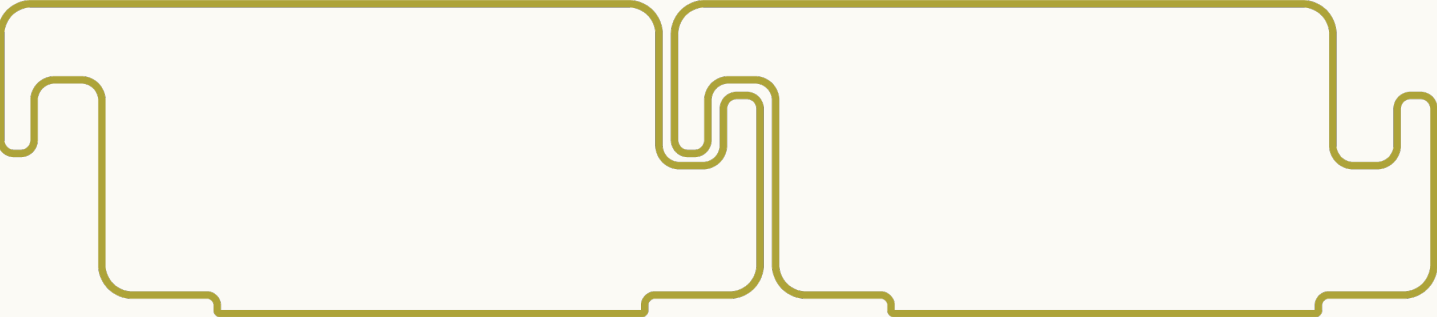
Improved designs



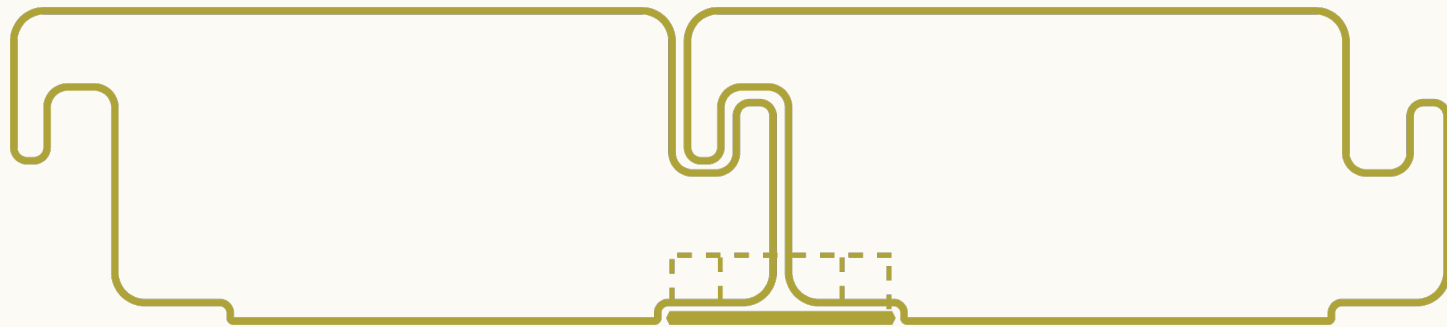
Improved designs



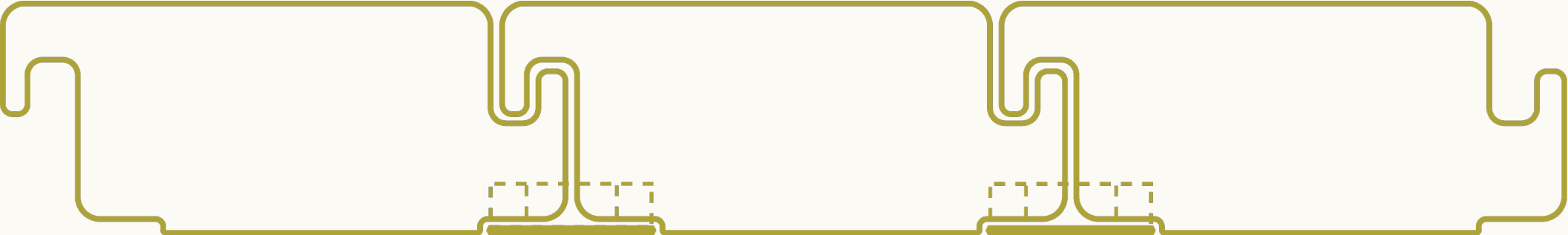
Improved designs



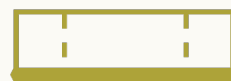
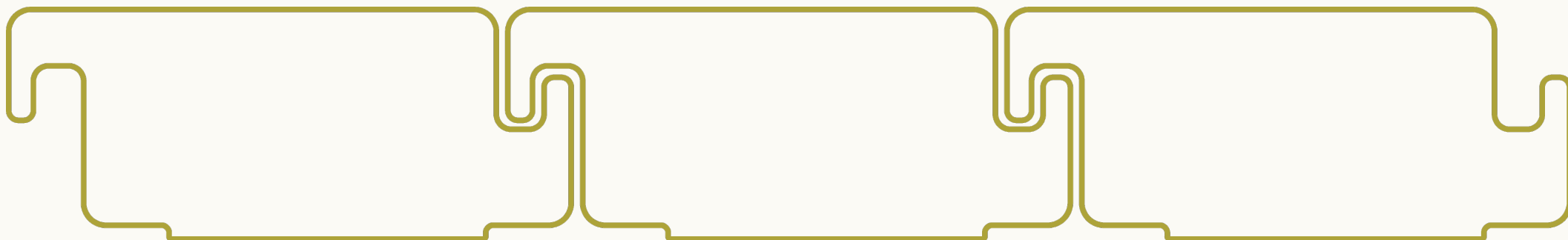
Improved designs



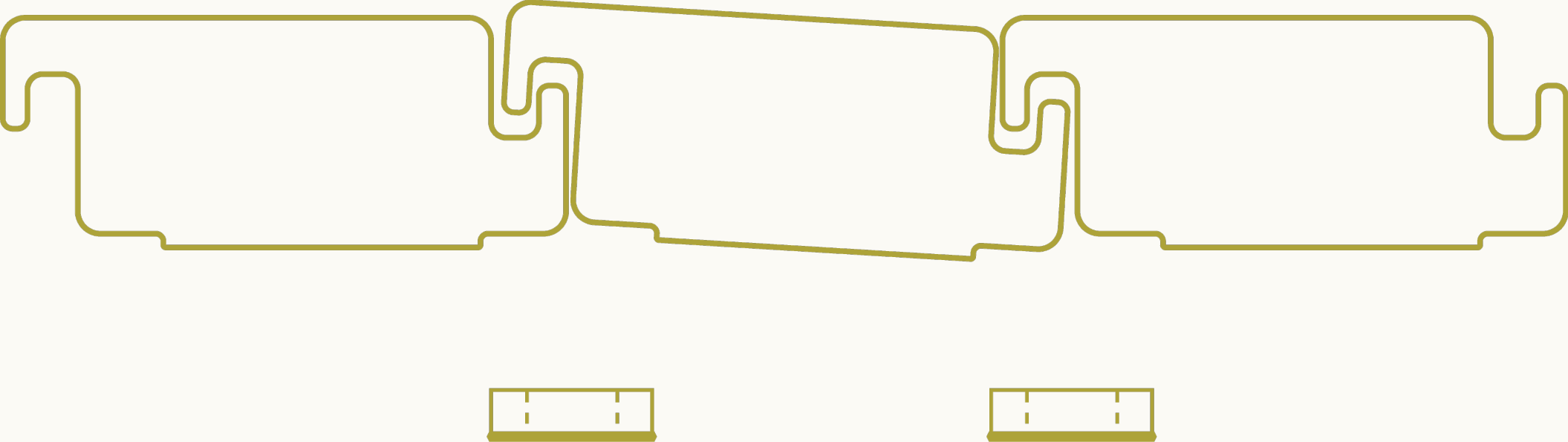
Improved designs



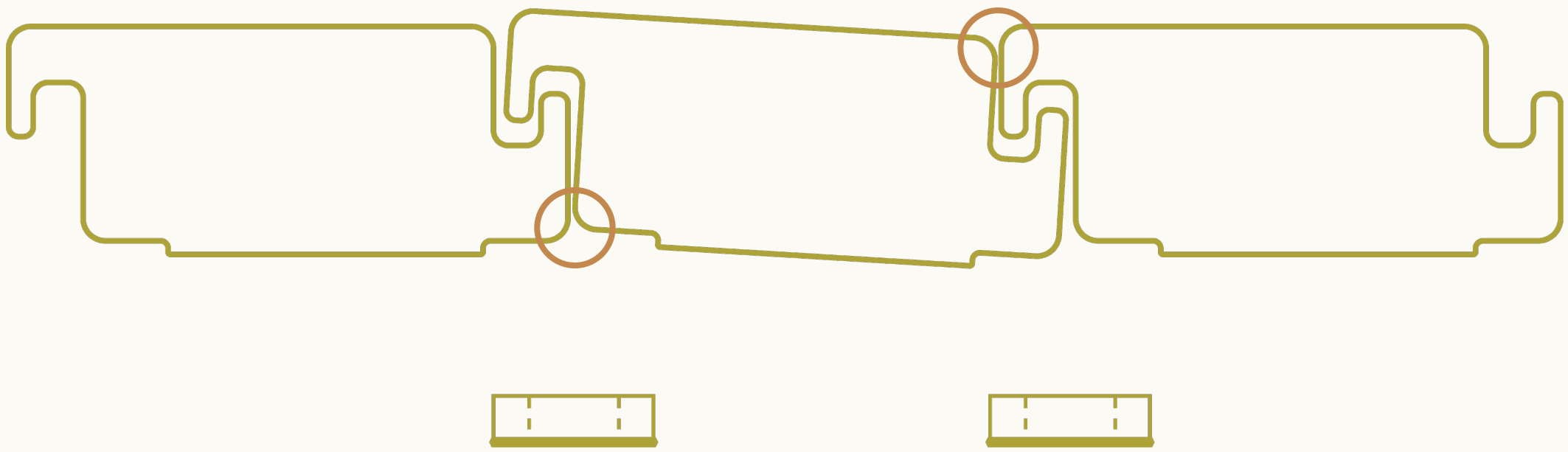
Improved designs



Improved designs



Improved designs



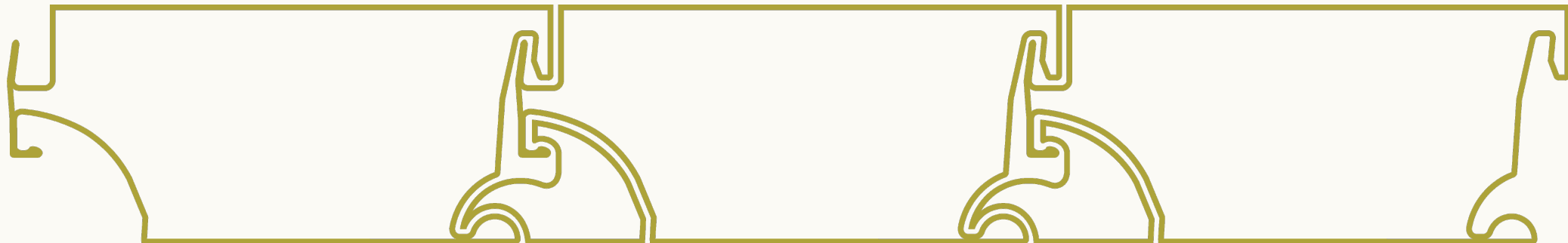
Improved designs



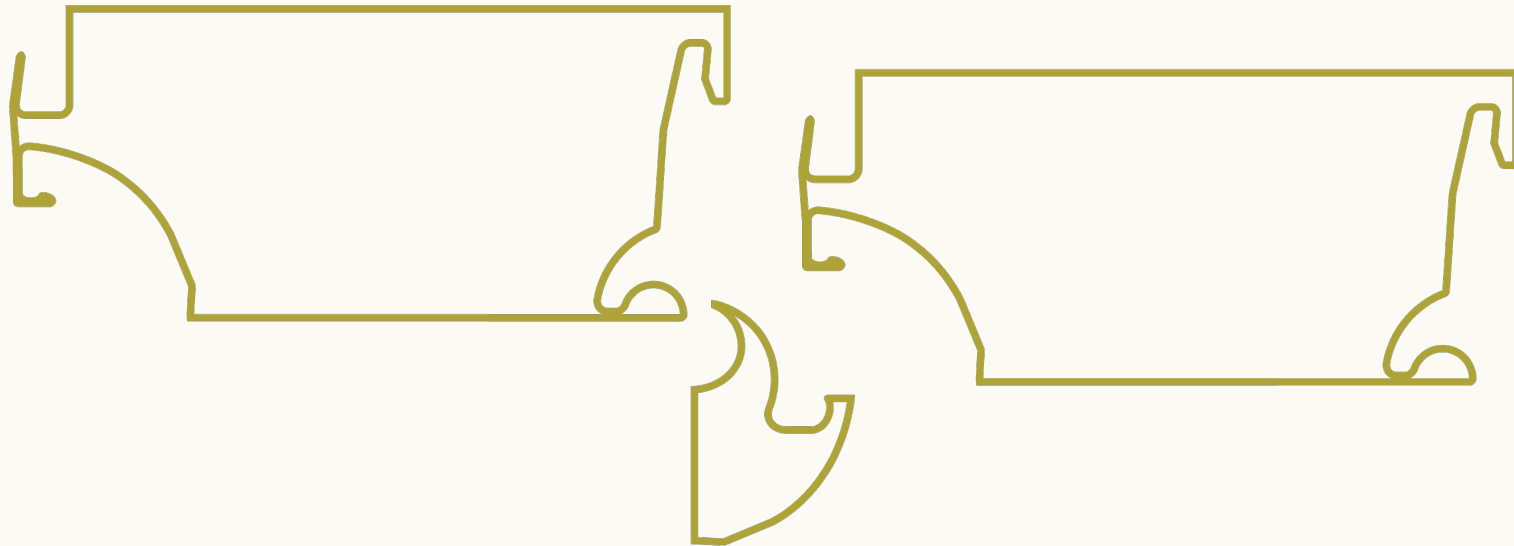
Hinge

- + Ease of assembly and disassembly
- + Positive effect on appearance
- + Low energy needed for manufacturing
- Tight tolerances (locking element gets stuck)

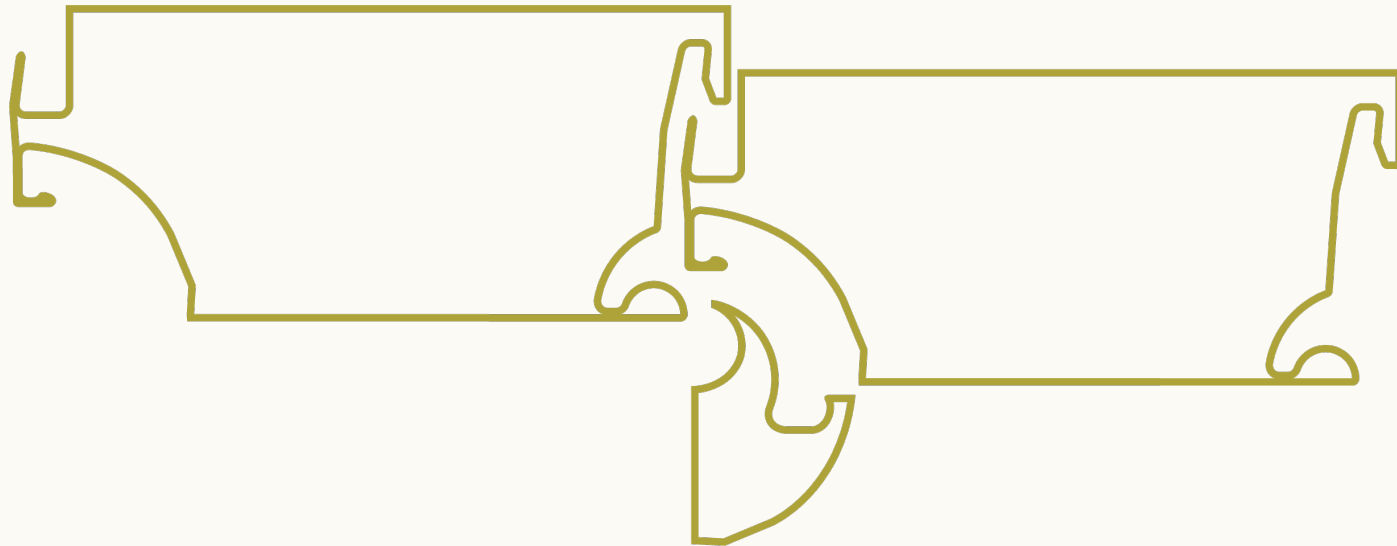
Improved designs



Improved designs



Improved designs



Improved designs



Improved designs



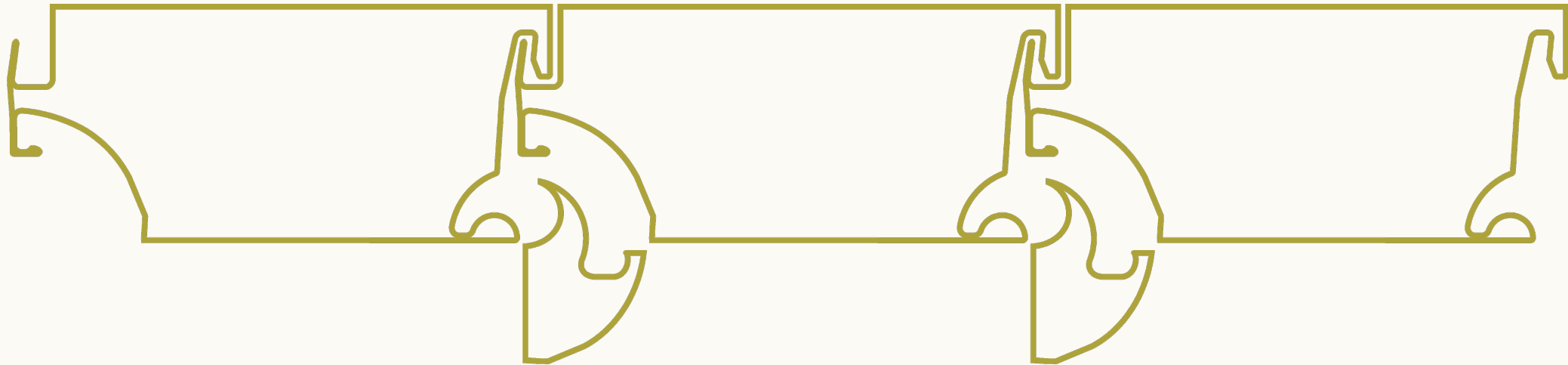
Improved designs



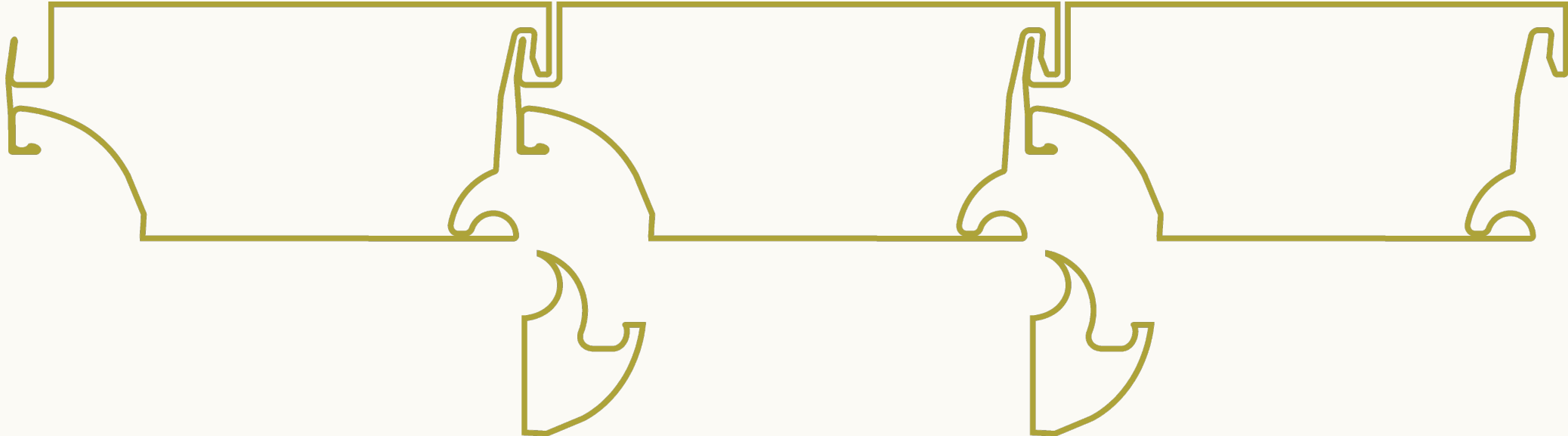
Improved designs



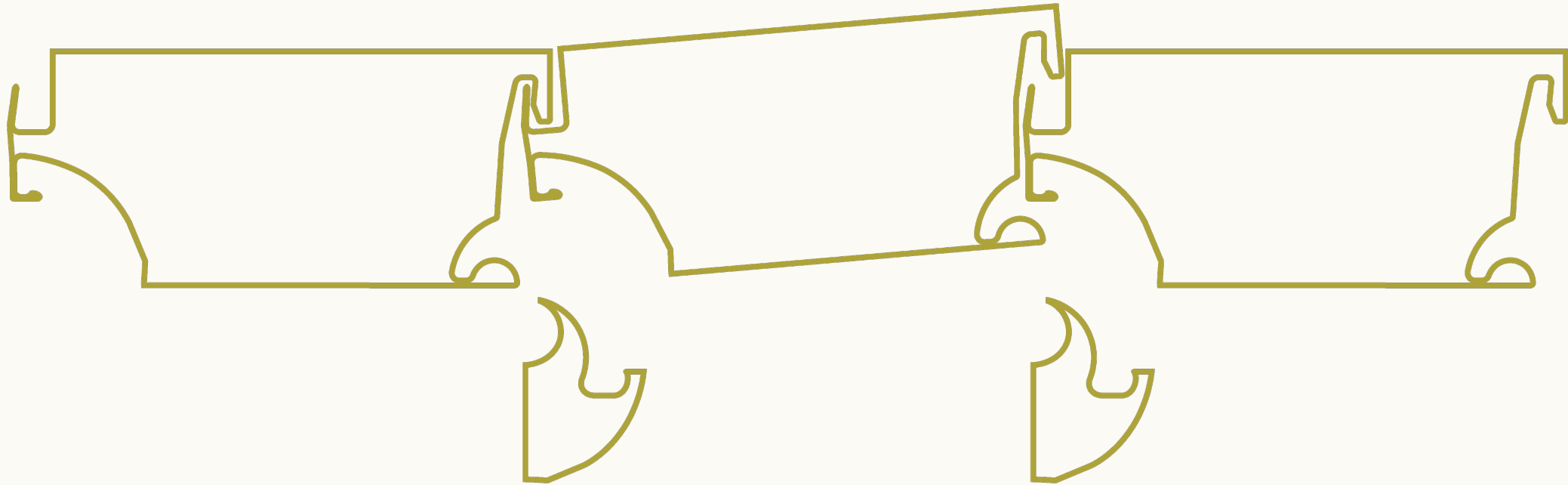
Improved designs



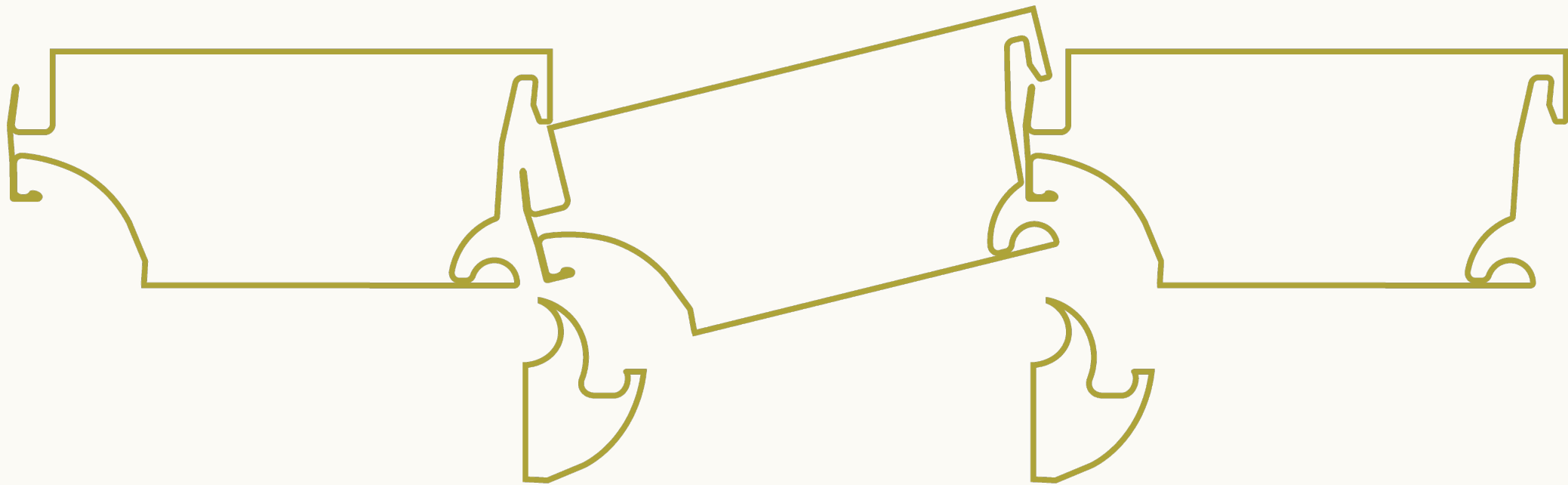
Improved designs



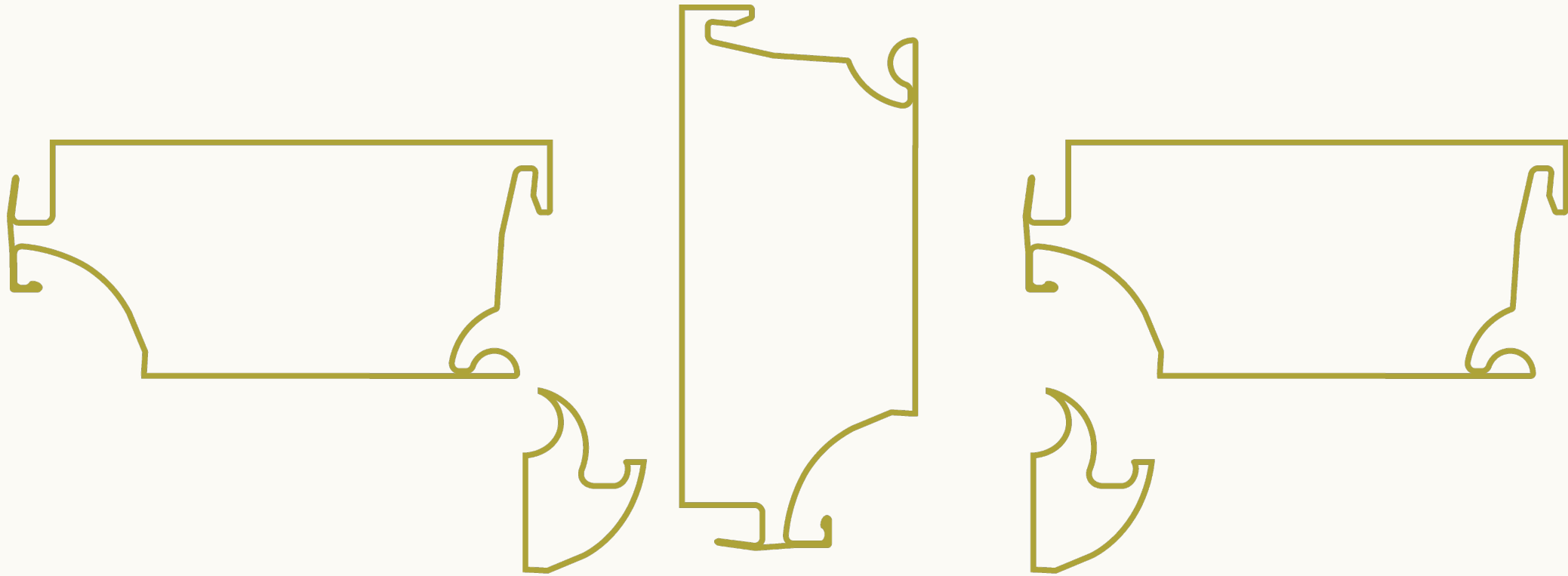
Improved designs



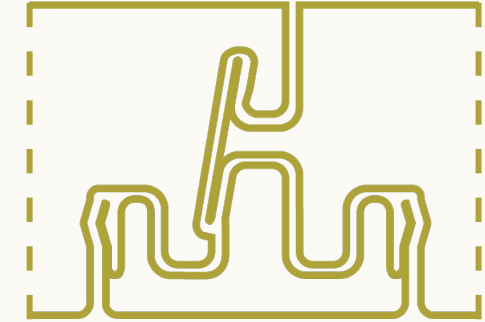
Improved designs



Improved designs



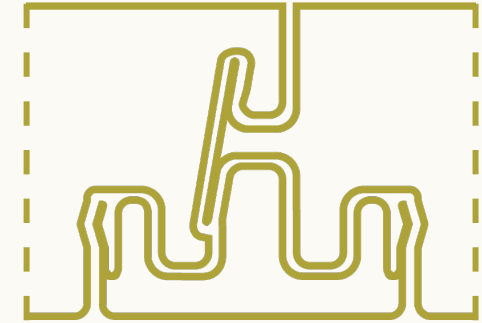
Improved designs



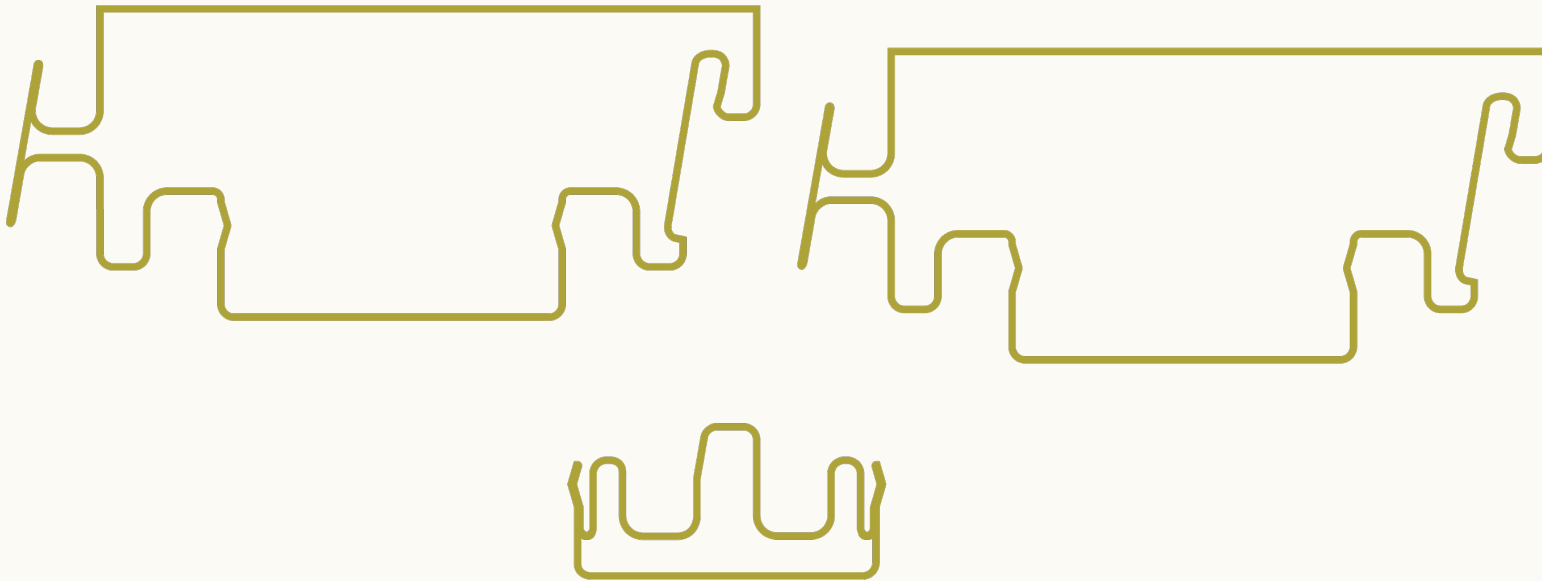
Snap Fit

- + High product reliability
- + Ease of assembly
- + Positive effect on appearance
- Cannot disassemble
- High energy for manufacturing

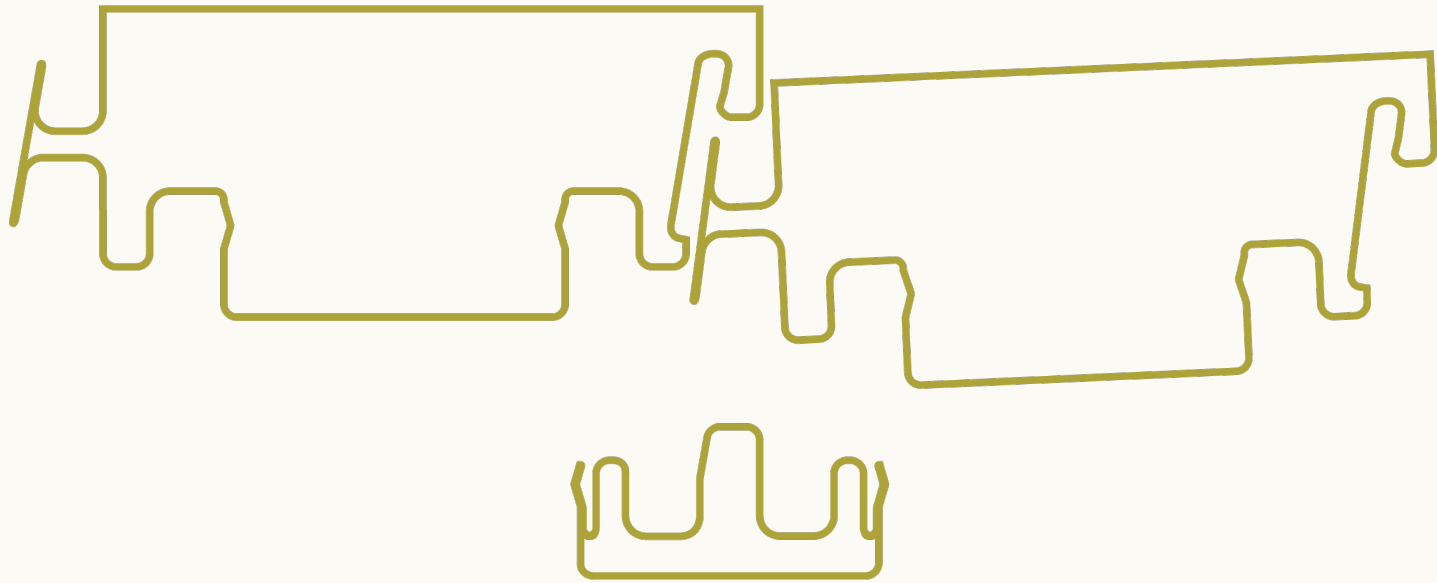
Improved designs



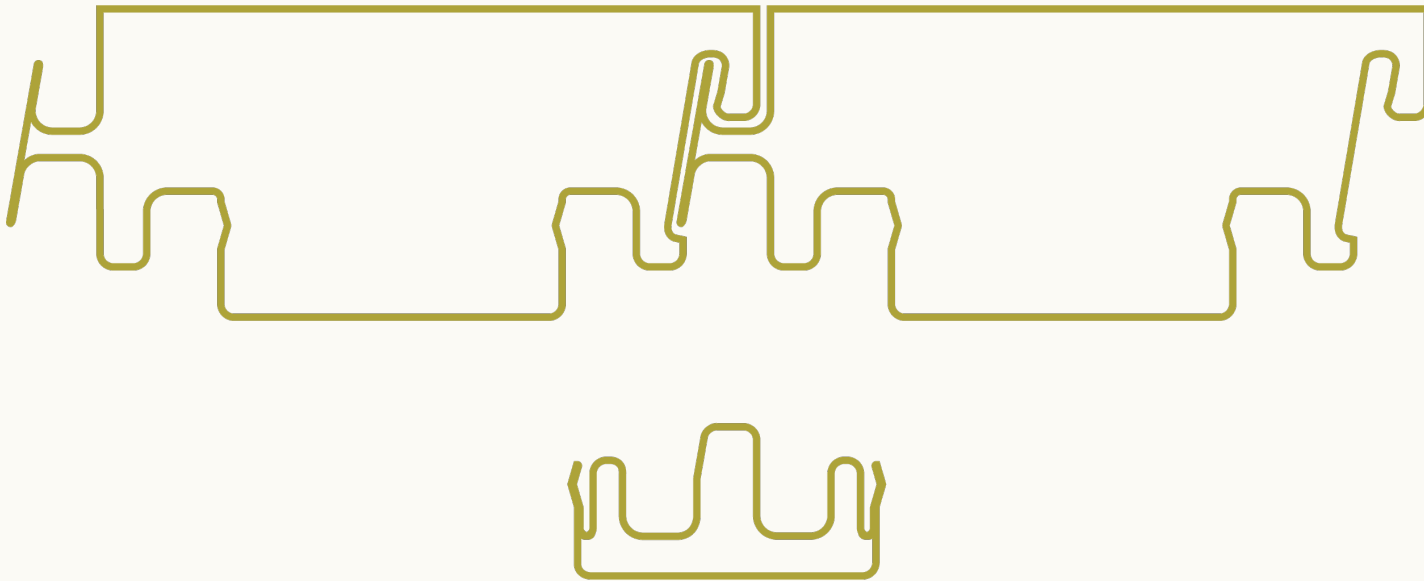
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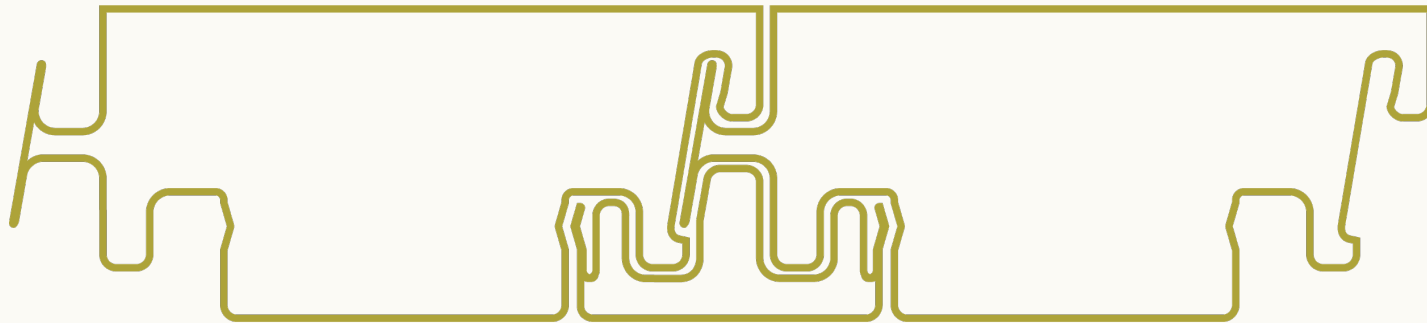
Improved designs



Improved designs



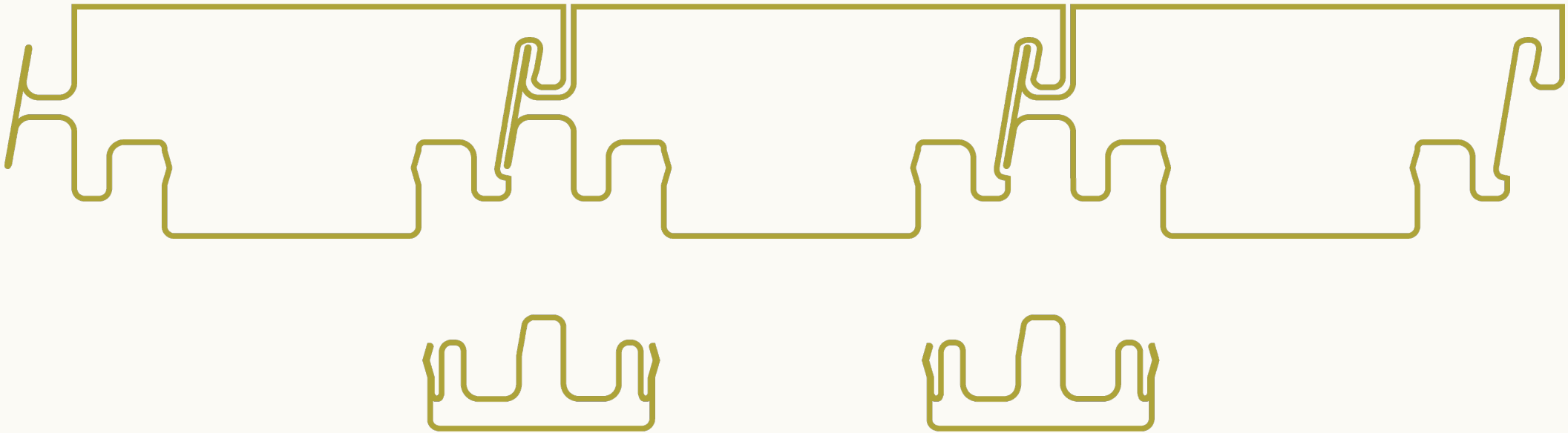
Improved designs



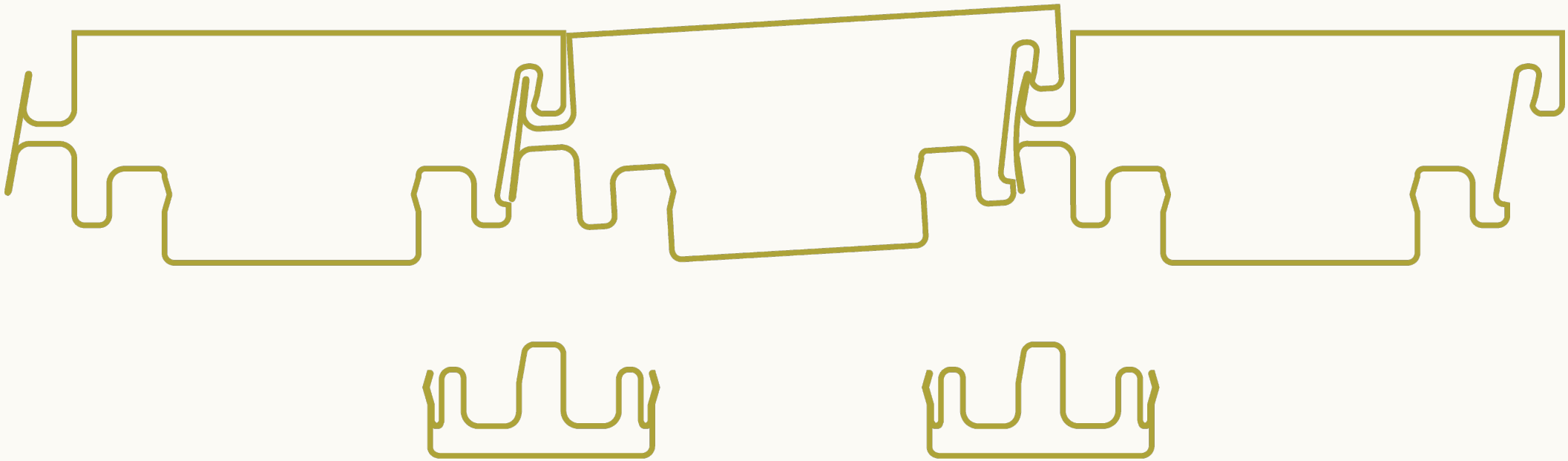
Improved designs



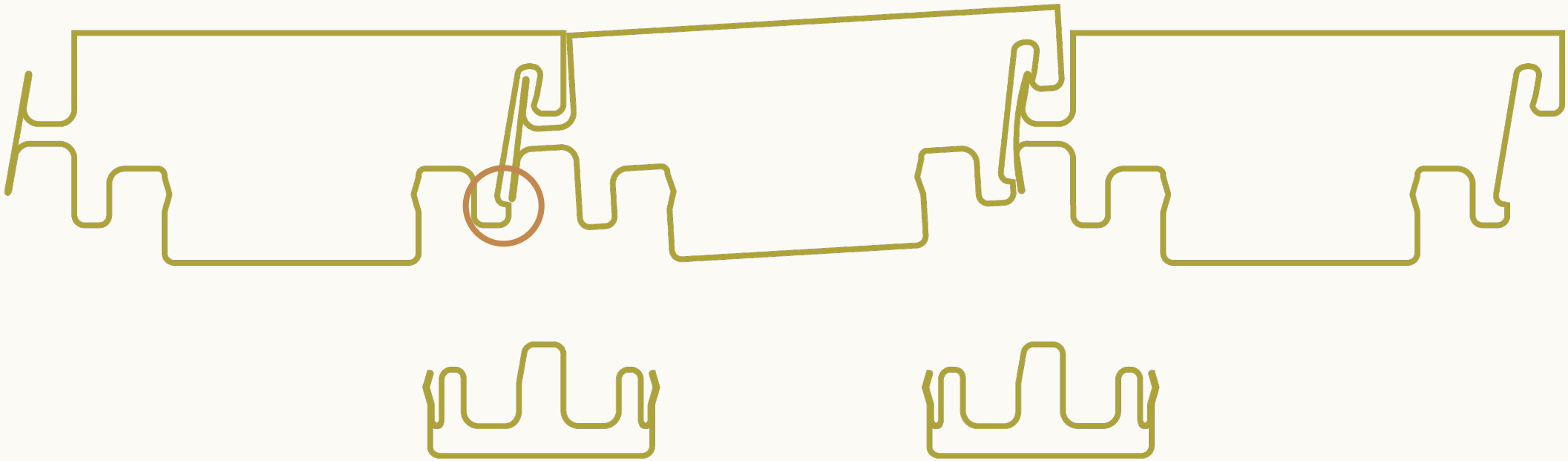
Improved designs



Improved designs



Improved designs



Improved designs - Evaluation

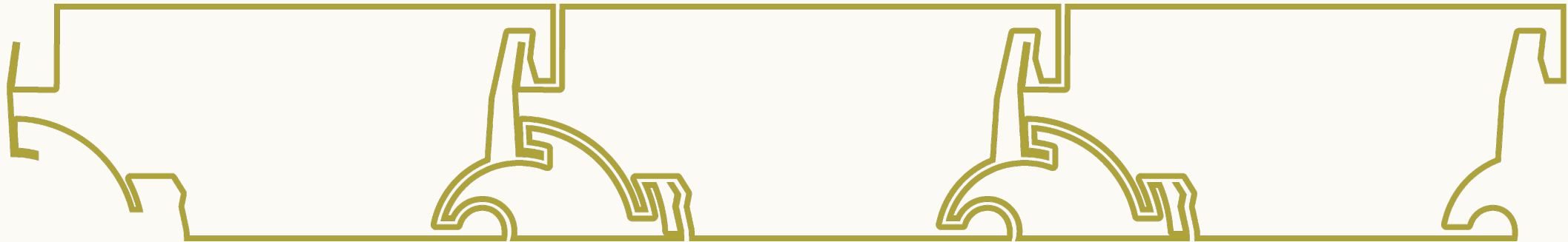


Category and Requirements	Preferred state	Category weight	Importance	Relative importance	Clips		Hinge		Snap Fit	
					raw	weighed	raw	weighed	raw	weighed
Manufacturing		1	19	1,00		3,00		2,21		1,21
Assembly concerns		1	16	1,00		2,06		2,69		2,63
In-use-period concerns		2	20	1,00		3,40		4,60		6,00
Disassembly concerns		2	19	1,00		2,53		3,05		2,84
Total					48	10,99	53	12,55	48	12,68

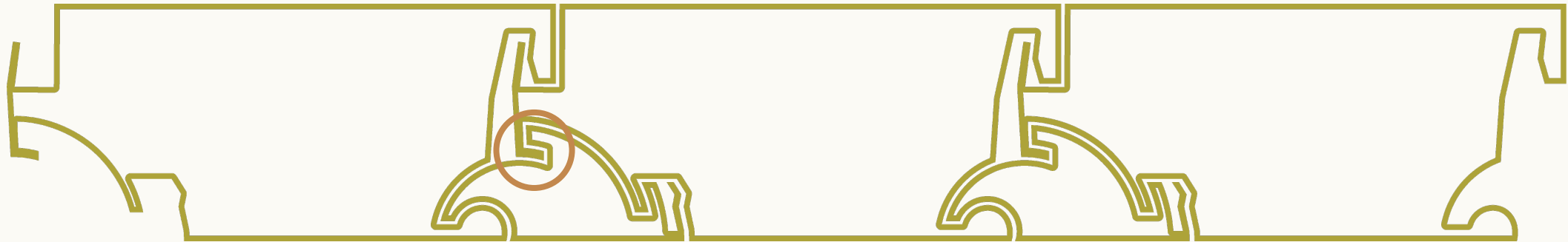
Improved designs



Final design – C-cure



Final design – C-cure



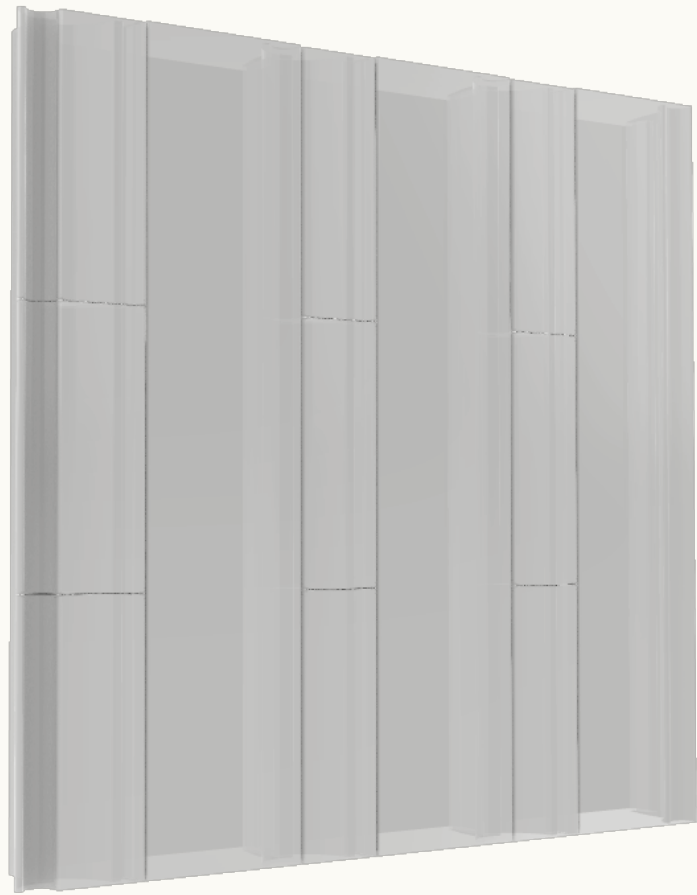
Final design – C-cure



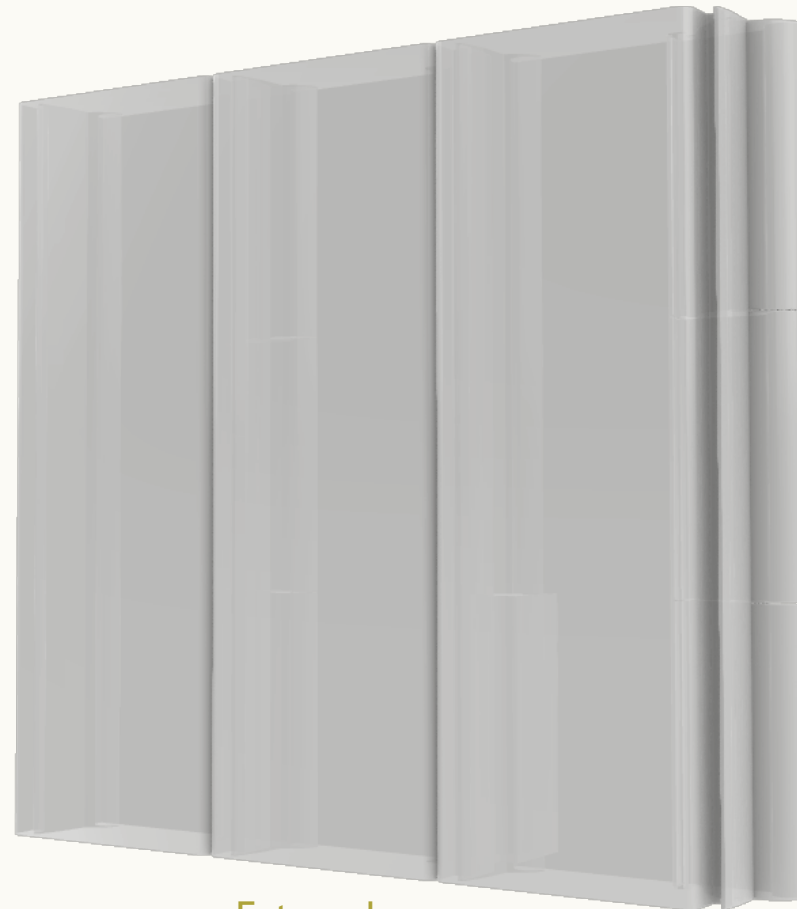
Final design – C-cure



Final design – C-cure

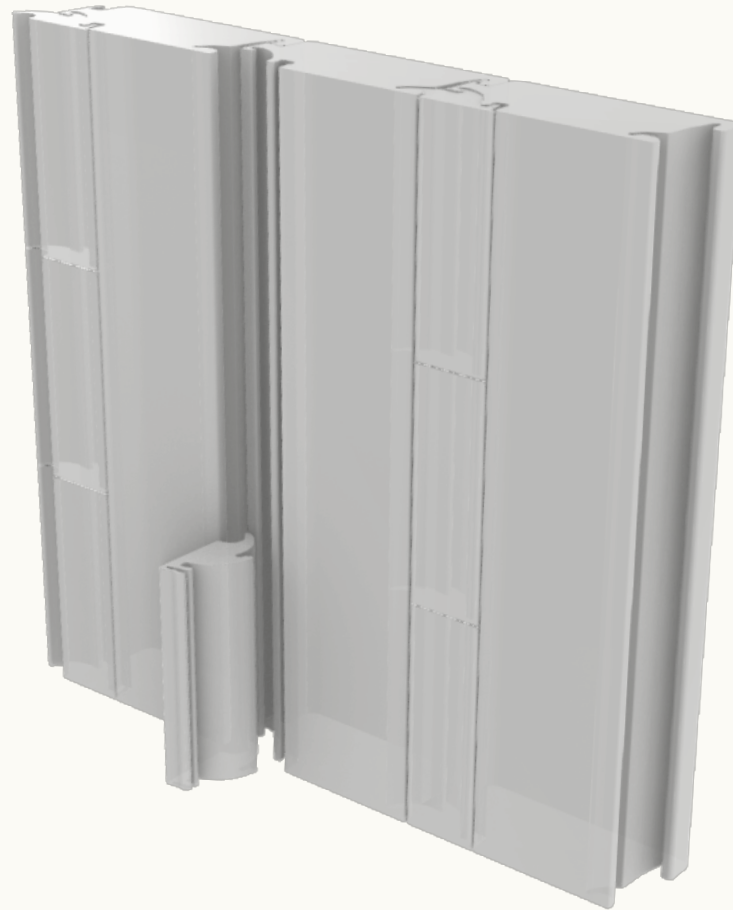


Internal

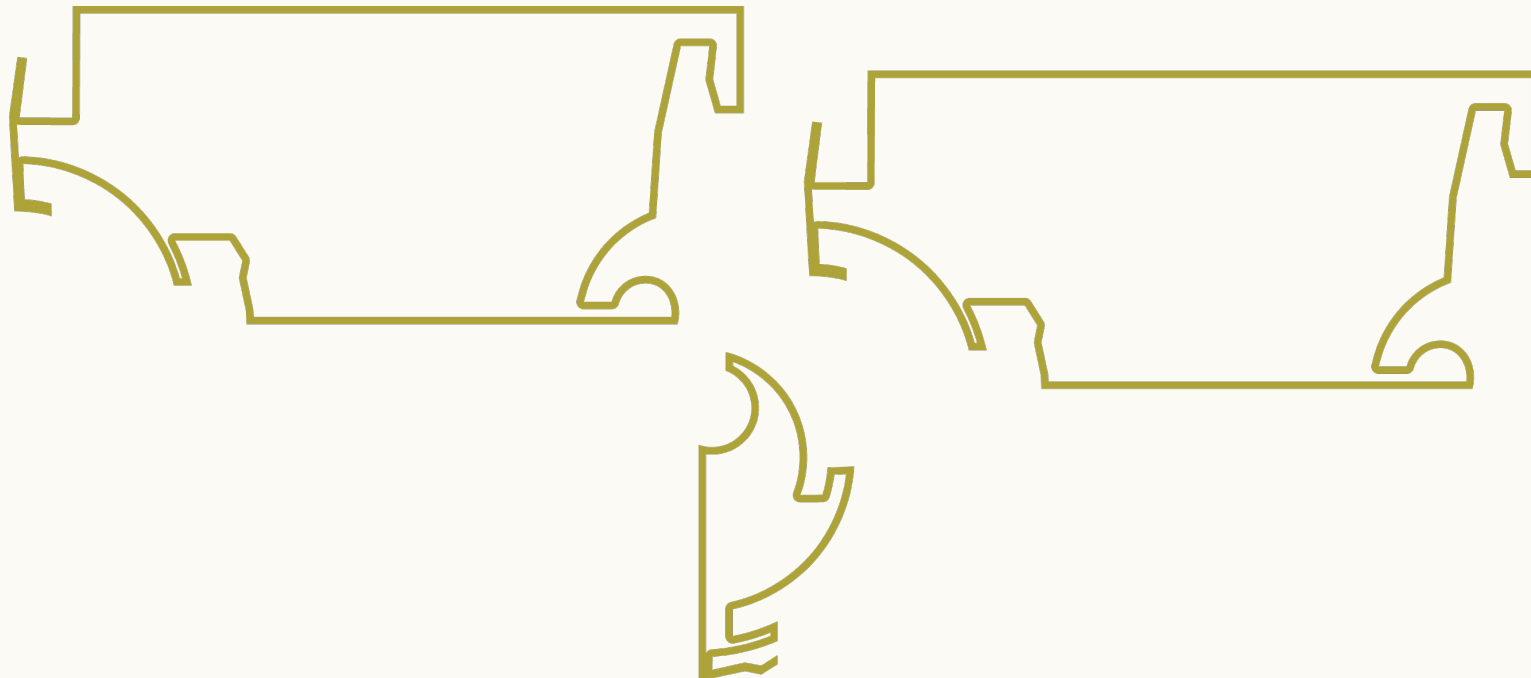


External

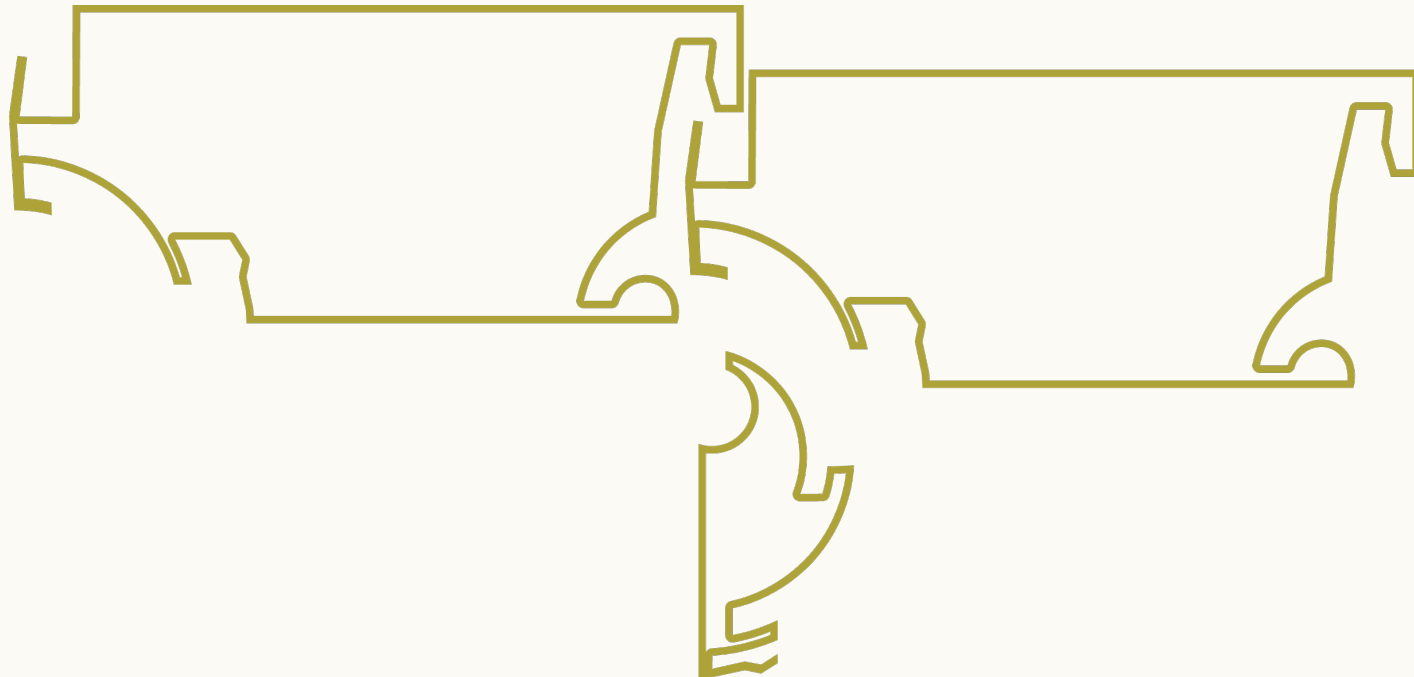
Final design – C-cure



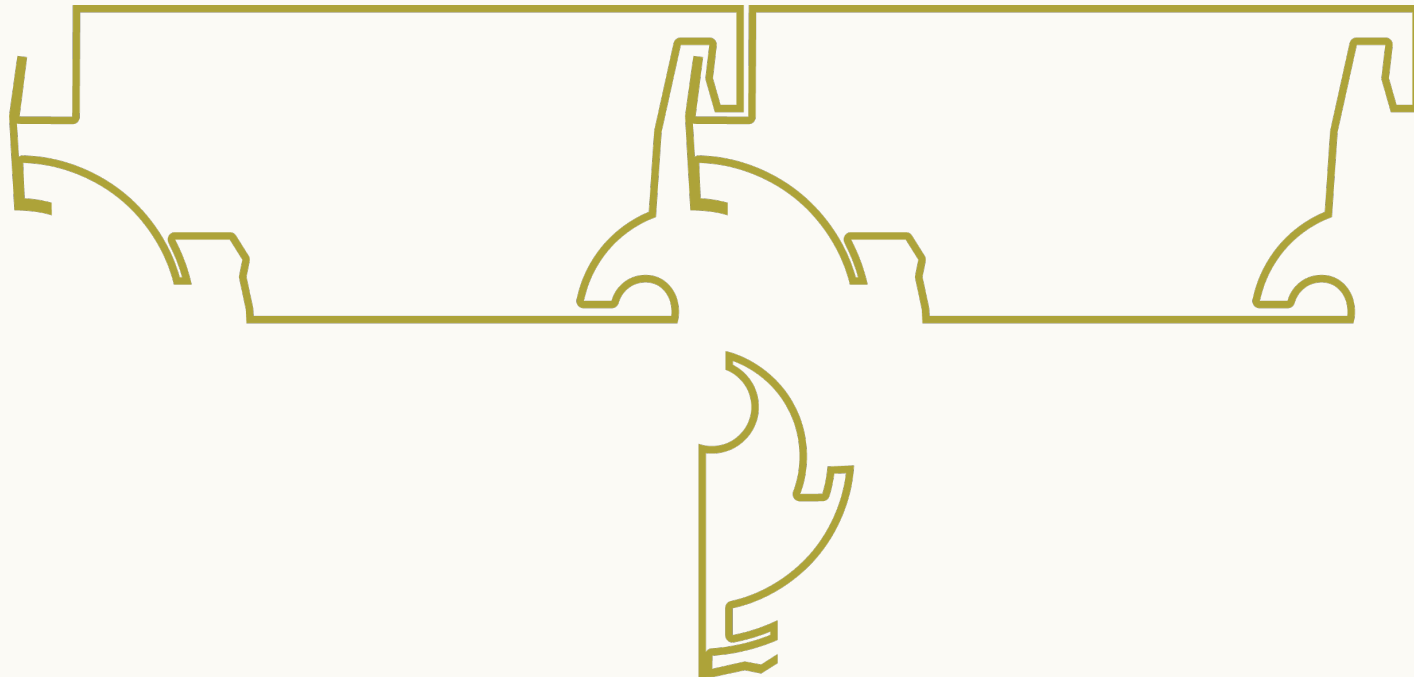
Final design – C-cure



Final design – C-cure



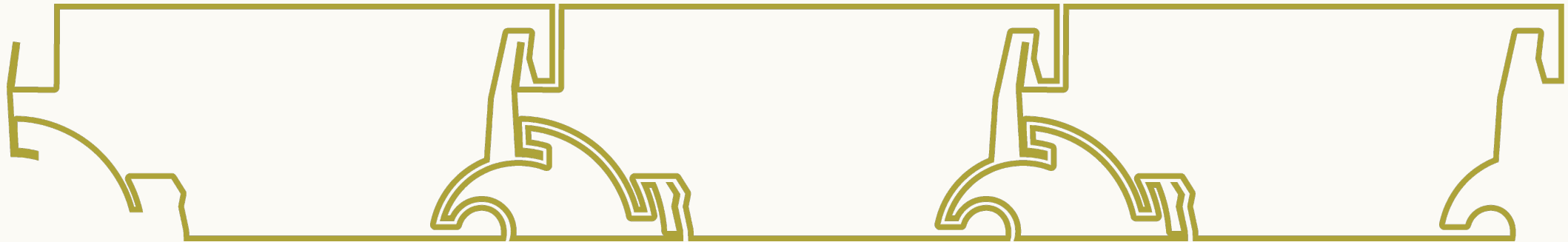
Final design – C-cure



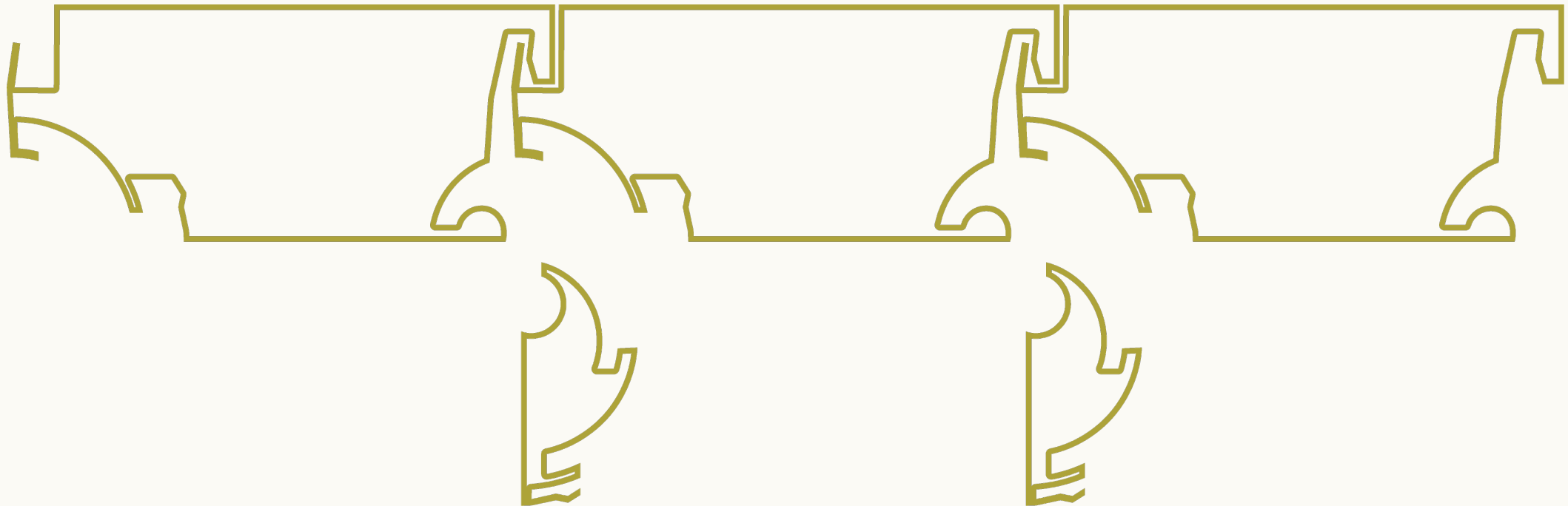
Final design – C-cure



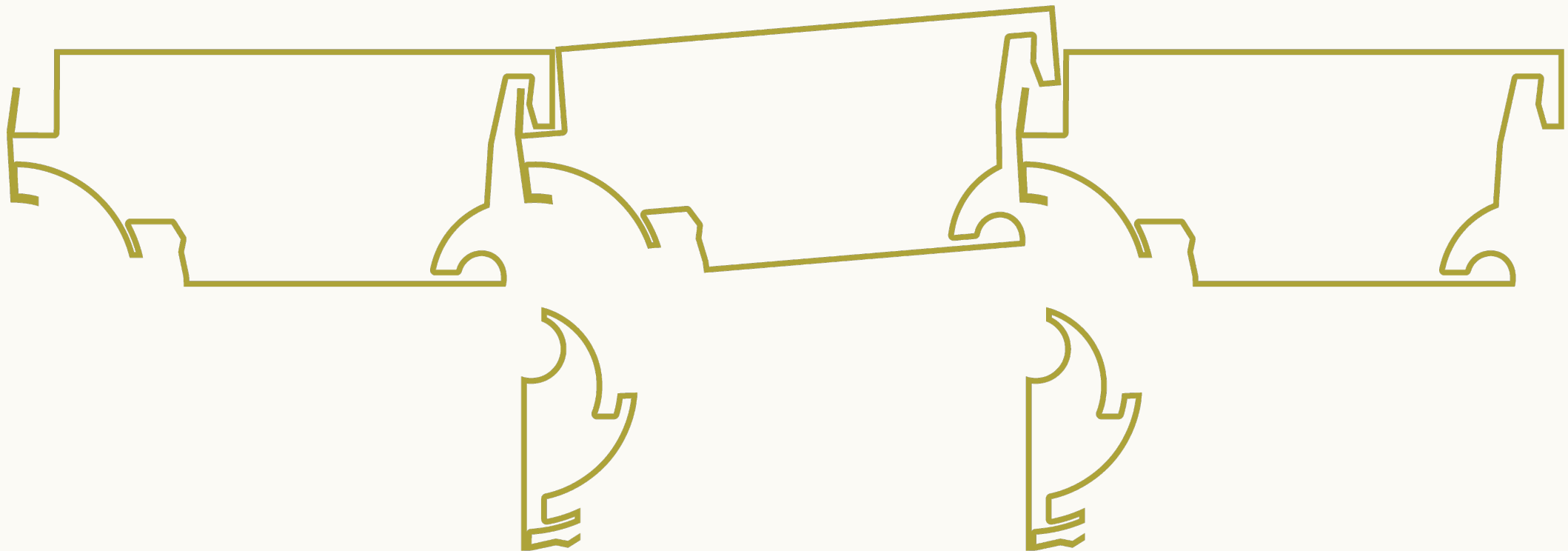
Final design – C-cure



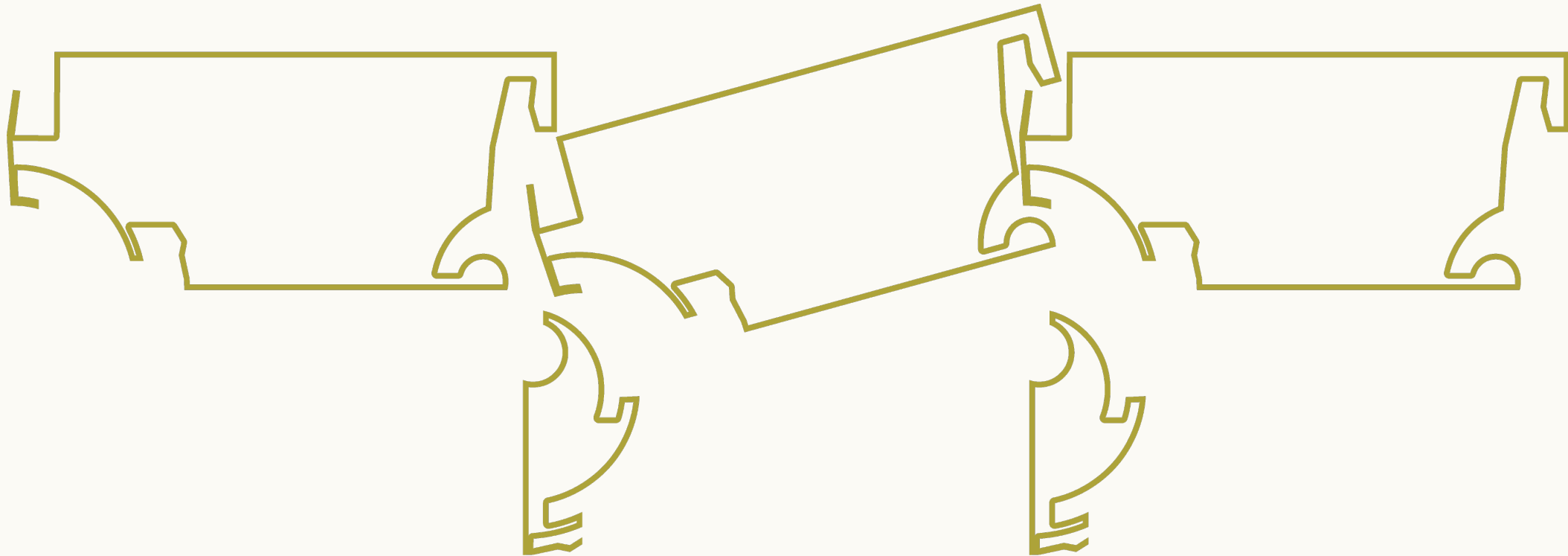
Final design – C-cure



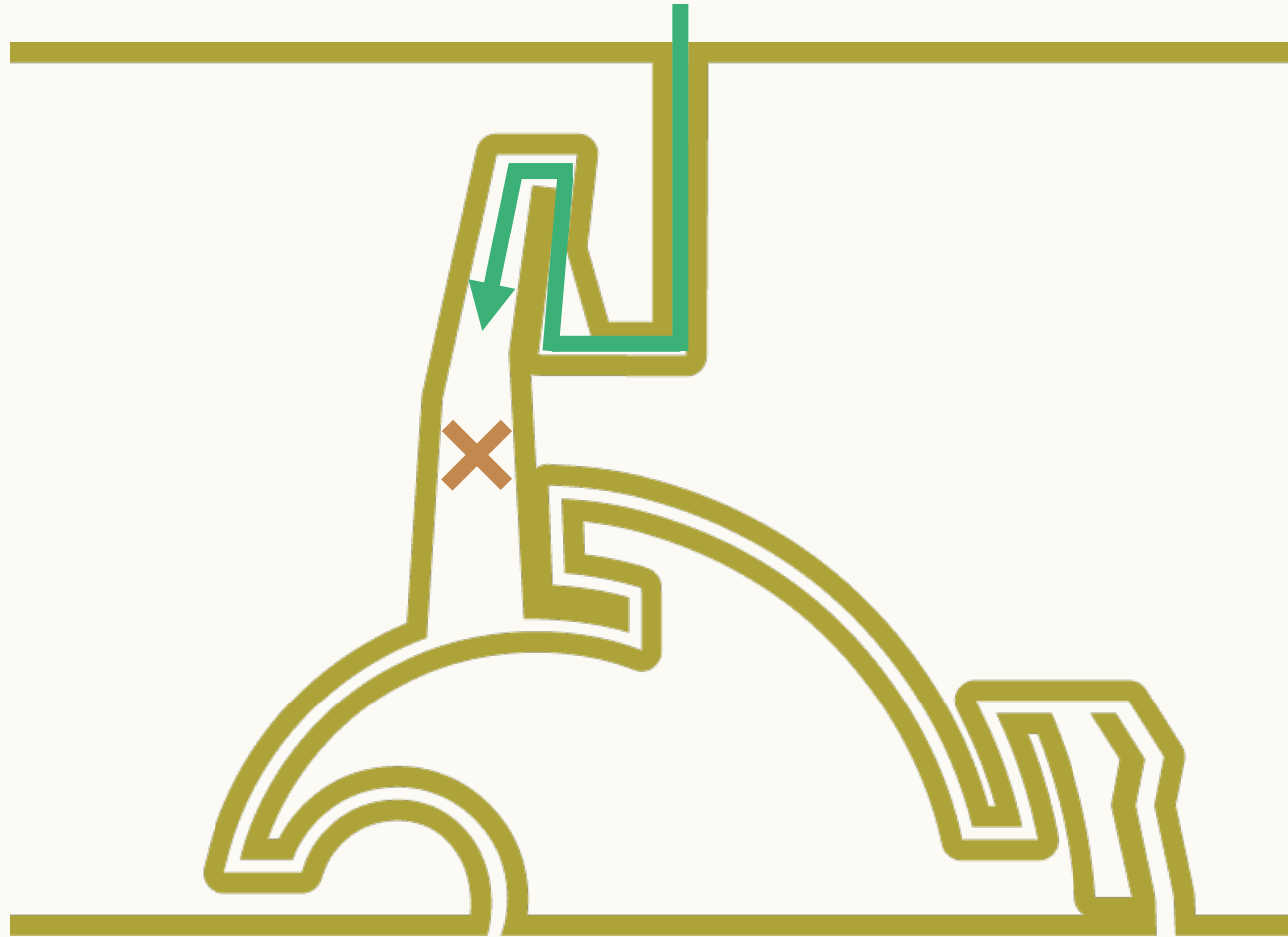
Final design – C-cure



Final design – C-cure



Final design – Watertightness



Conclusions

Conclusions

- AM can be used to create Circular Building Products
- Spong3D has circular potential if optimized
- Through the requirements, a connector can be evaluated on circular potential
- C-cure meets all circular requirements set

Reccomendations

- Testing of strength, durability and watertightness
- Testing of rPET
- Different design scenarios
- 1:1 prototype (based on the Spong3D block)

Questions?