



This presentation

What is Municipal Solid Waste?

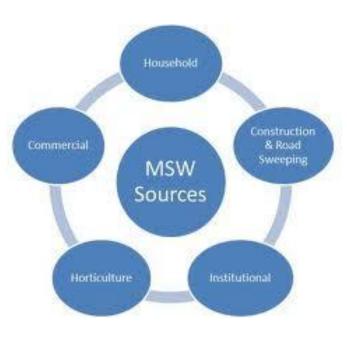
Why do we need to manage it?

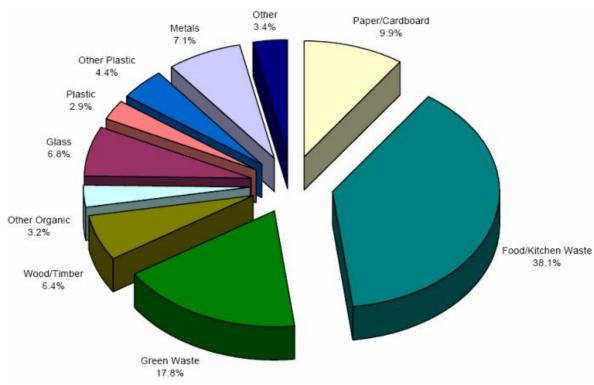
How can we model Municipal Solid Waste?

What kind of reactions take place?

What kind of tools do we need?









Why do we need to manage it?





Why do we need to manage it?

Gas emissions

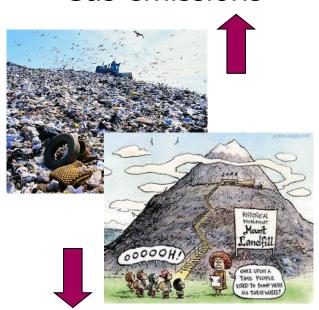


Leachate emissions

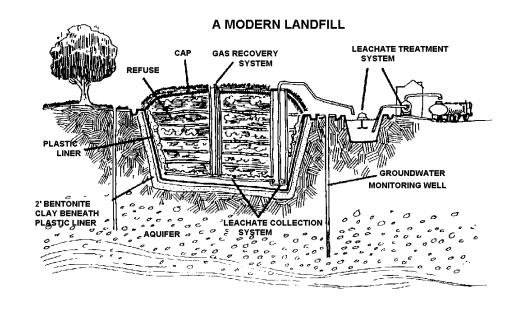


Why do we need to manage it?

Gas emissions



Leachate emissions



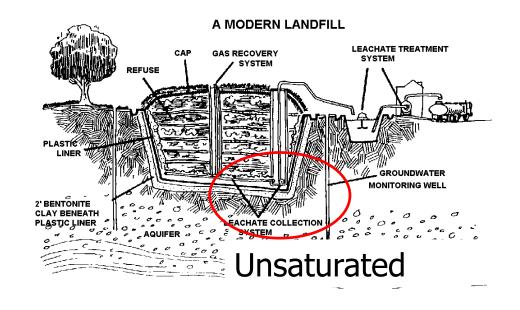


Why do we need to manage it?

Gas emissions

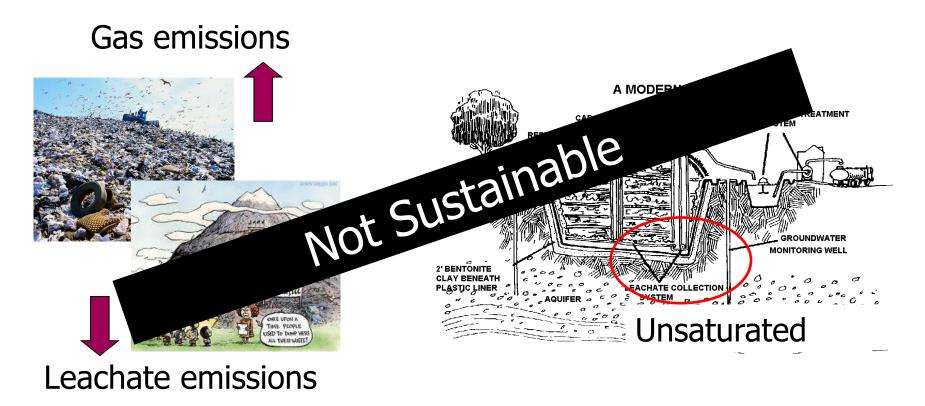


Leachate emissions

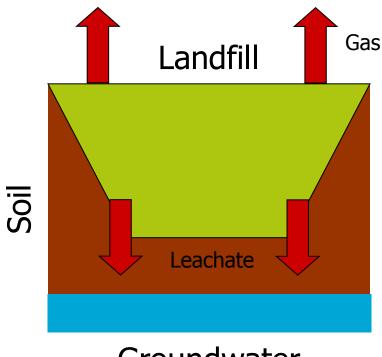




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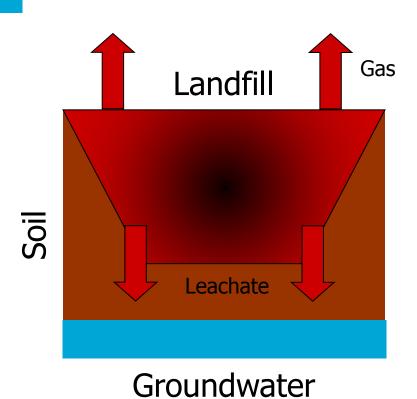






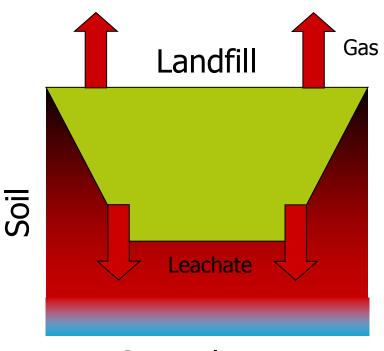


What do we need to know?



1. The remaining emission potential

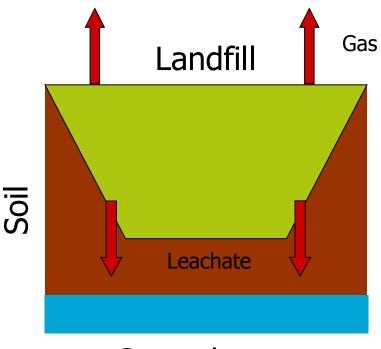




Groundwater

- 1. The remaining emission potential
- 2. The environmental impact (for now and in the future)

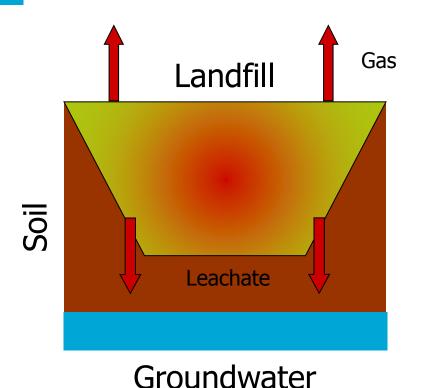




Groundwater

- 1. The remaining emission potential
- 2. The environmental impact (for now and in the future)
- 3. Optimization of leachate treatment
- 4. Optimization of biogas extraction





- 1. The remaining emission potential
- 2. The environmental impact (for now and in the future)
- 3. Optimization of leachate treatment
- 4. Optimization of biogas extraction
- 5. Stimulation of potential reduction



What do we know?





What do we know?





Our modelling approach

Previous research indicates two fields dominating emissions



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Transport: Water flow in porous media, unsaturated, Richards equation, preferential flow, convection, dispersion, diffusion, multiphase system, reactive (kinetics & equilibrium)



Our modelling approach

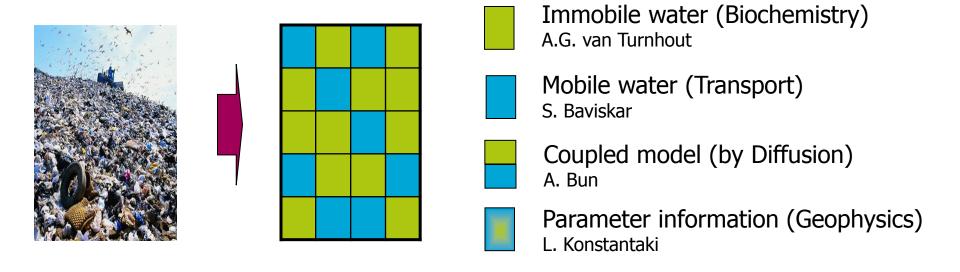
Previous research indicates two fields dominating emissions

Transport: Water flow in porous media, unsaturated, Richards equation, preferential flow, convection, dispersion, diffusion, multiphase system, reactive (kinetics & equilibrium)

Bio(geo)chemistry: (An)aerobic degradation of organics, redox reactions, dissolution/precipitation of minerals, metal/salt leaching, gas production, multicomponent system, reactive (kinetics & equilibrium)

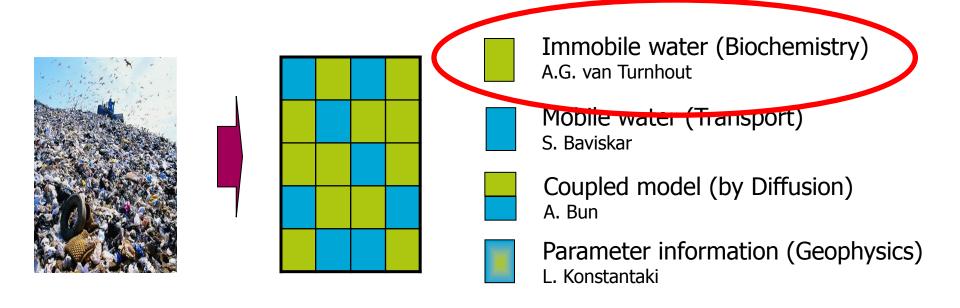


Our approach





Our approach







The biochemical sub-model



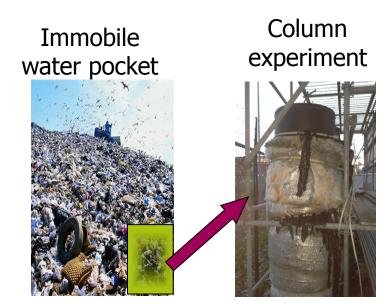
Immobile water pocket











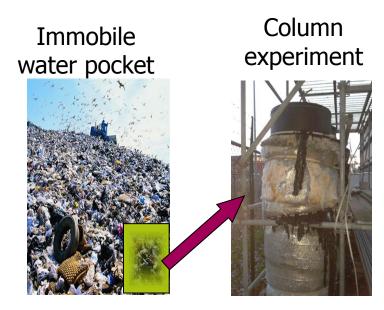
Shredded Municipal Solid Waste (R. Valencia 2009)





The biochemical sub-model





Shredded Municipal Solid Waste (R. Valencia 2009)

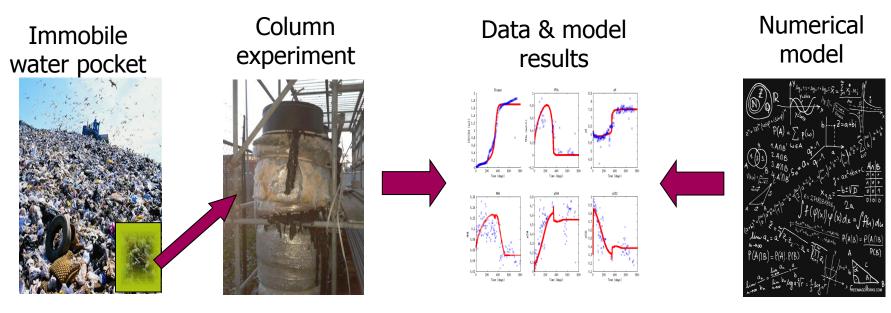
Numerical model









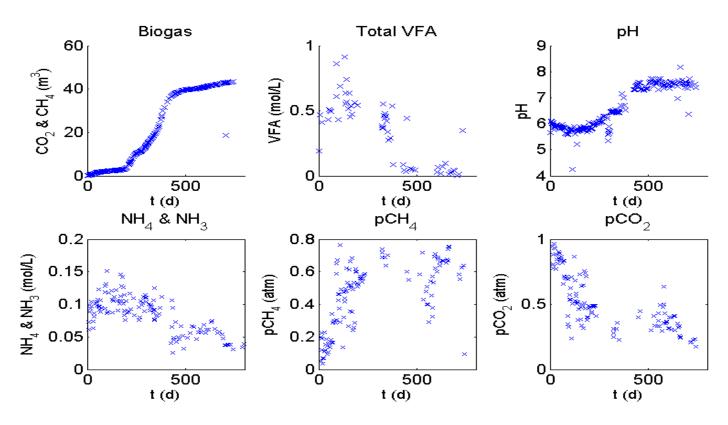








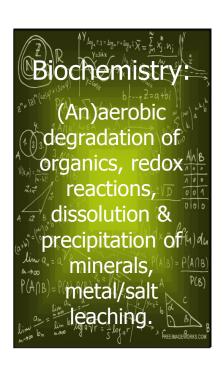










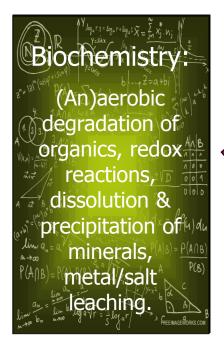






The biochemical sub-model







White box:

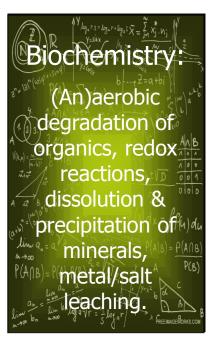
Too many processes & parameters to consider. System becomes redundant, too uncertain.





The biochemical sub-model







White box:

Too many processes & parameters to consider. System becomes redundant, too uncertain.



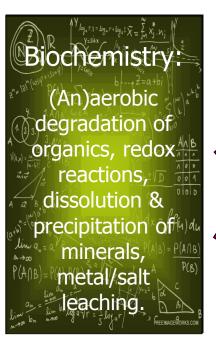
Black box:

Too little information to model complete set of emission parameters accurate.





The biochemical sub-model





White box:

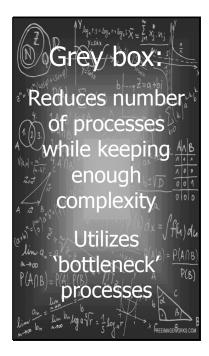
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The biochemical grey model



Where to simplify the model?

Model only the slow dominant reactions





The biochemical grey model



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- 1. Hydrolysis and Methanogenesis kinetics
- 2. Mass transport kinetics neglected





The biochemical grey model



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INCLUDING

Accurate calculation of chemical and physical equilibrium





The biochemical grey model



Lumped hydrolysis

(pH and VFA inhibition)

 $CxHyOzNi + H2O \rightarrow VFA + NH3 + X + CO2$





The biochemical grey model



Lumped hydrolysis (pH and VFA inhibition) $CxHyOzNi + H2O \rightarrow VFA + NH3 + X + CO2$

Methanogenesis (pH and NH3 inhibition)

 $VFA + NH3 \rightarrow CH4 + CO2 + X$





The biochemical grey model



Lumped hydrolysis (pH and VFA inhibition) $CxHyOzNi + H2O \rightarrow VFA + NH3 + X + CO2$

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3. Chemical speciation/precipitation/dissolution Ca + CO3 ↔ CaCO3 Compound speciations → pH





The biochemical grey model



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Methanogenesis (pH and NH3 inhibition)

 $VFA + NH3 \rightarrow CH4 + CO2 + X$

3. Chemical speciation/precipitation/dissolution

Compound speciations → pH

Ca + CO3 ↔ CaCO3

Phase equilibrium 4. $C(s) \leftrightarrow C(aq) \leftrightarrow C(q)$





The biochemical grey model



Implementation

Estimate and collect all parameters in a matrix in Spreadsheet





The biochemical grey model



Implementation

Estimate and collect all parameters in a matrix in Spreadsheet







Import Import Import I



Solve kinetics (mass balances) in MATLAB





The biochemical grey model



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Import Im





Solve kinetics (mass balances) in MATLAB



Solve chemical equilibrium in ORCHESTRA (at every time step)





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Output _ Output _ Output _



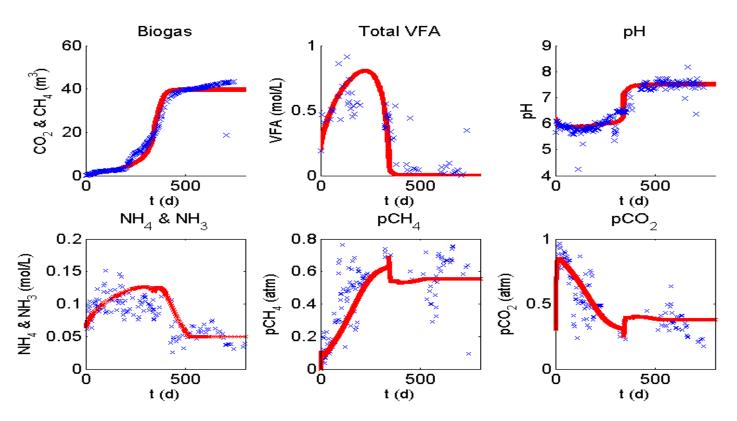






The biochemical grey model









The biochemical grey model



Parameter/process check with DREAM

Model parameters

- 1. Initial conditions (experiment)
- 2. Parameters (literature)

k(hyd) pHi(hyd)

VFAi µmax

Ks pHi(hyd)

NH3i Cxi





The biochemical grey model



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DREAM

- 1. Optimizes parameters according to information in data by SLS
- 2. Calculates density distributions and correlation with Bayesian statistics
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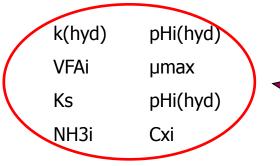
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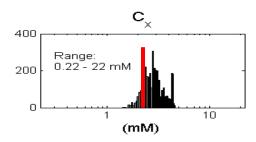
k(hyd)	pHi(hyd)	VFAi	µmax
Ks	pHi(hyd)	NH3i	Cxi

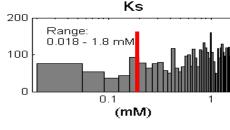


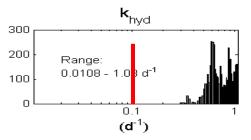


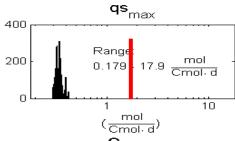
The biochemical grey model (logarithmic scales)

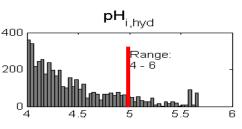


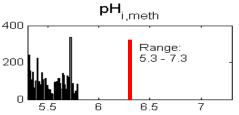


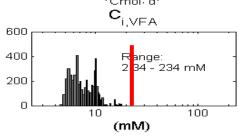


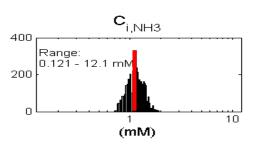
















Conclusion & Outlook

Lab, Column & Pilot scale experiments



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Lab, Column & Pilot scale experiments

Extend model for other cases like;

SO4 oxidation, recirculation, aeration, Anammox, humic acids, mass transfer limitation, slow hydrolyzing substrates....



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> Use modelled pH to predict metal/salt complexation



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Couple models to hydrological model Use modelled pH to predict metal/salt complexation

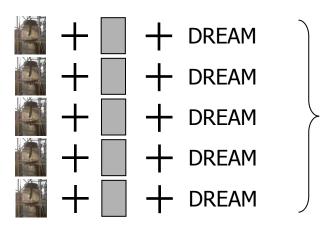


Conclusion & Outlook

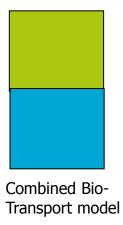
Test different scenarios

- 1. Irrigation/Recirculation
- 2. Aeration
- 3. 1 & 2 intermittent
- 4. 1 & 2 continuous
- 5. Nothing

Create grey model per case



Combine





Questions



