

A COMPUTATIONAL APPROACH FOR RENEWABLE ARCHITECTURE

A Generative Design Approach
Using Bioplastics and Earth
For a Bus Station Design

Master of Science (MSc) Thesis

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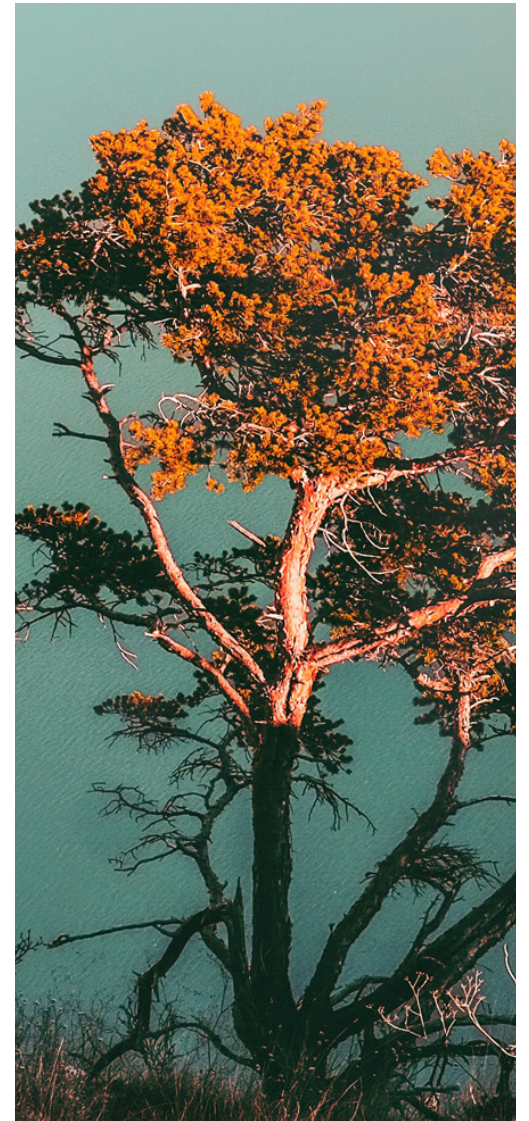
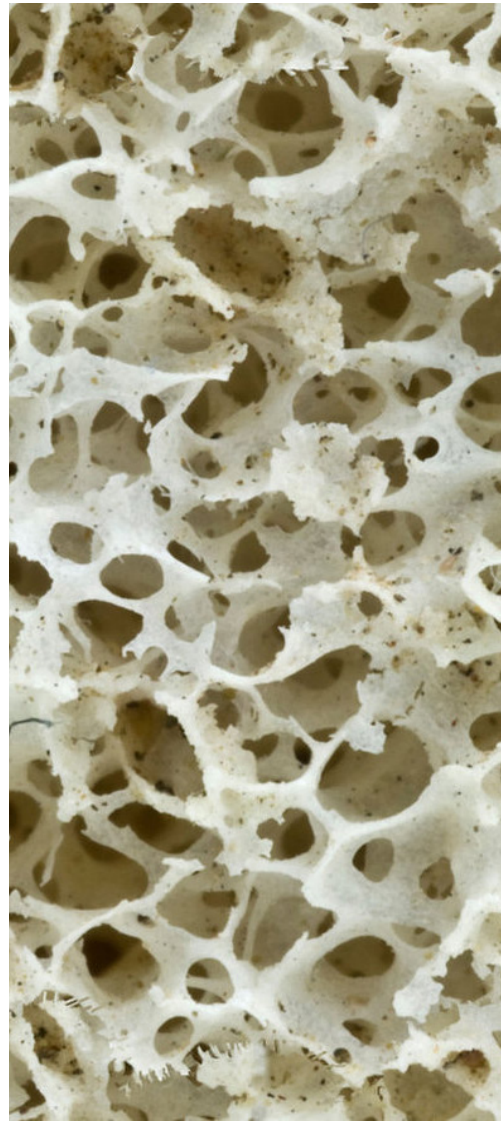
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Architectural Engineering + Technology



Delft University of Technology
Faculty of Architecture and Built Environment
Building Technology

INSPIRATION



F. Staud, National Geographic. National Geographic, 2014.
Coral Reef Photograph. National Capital Coalition, 2018.
M. Manske, Human hip bone texture. Wikipedia Commons, 2008.
C. Gottardi, Tree. Unsplash.



R. Olson, Plastic Pollution. National Geographic, 2018.



V. Featherstone-Witty, Don't eat me! National Geographic, 2016.



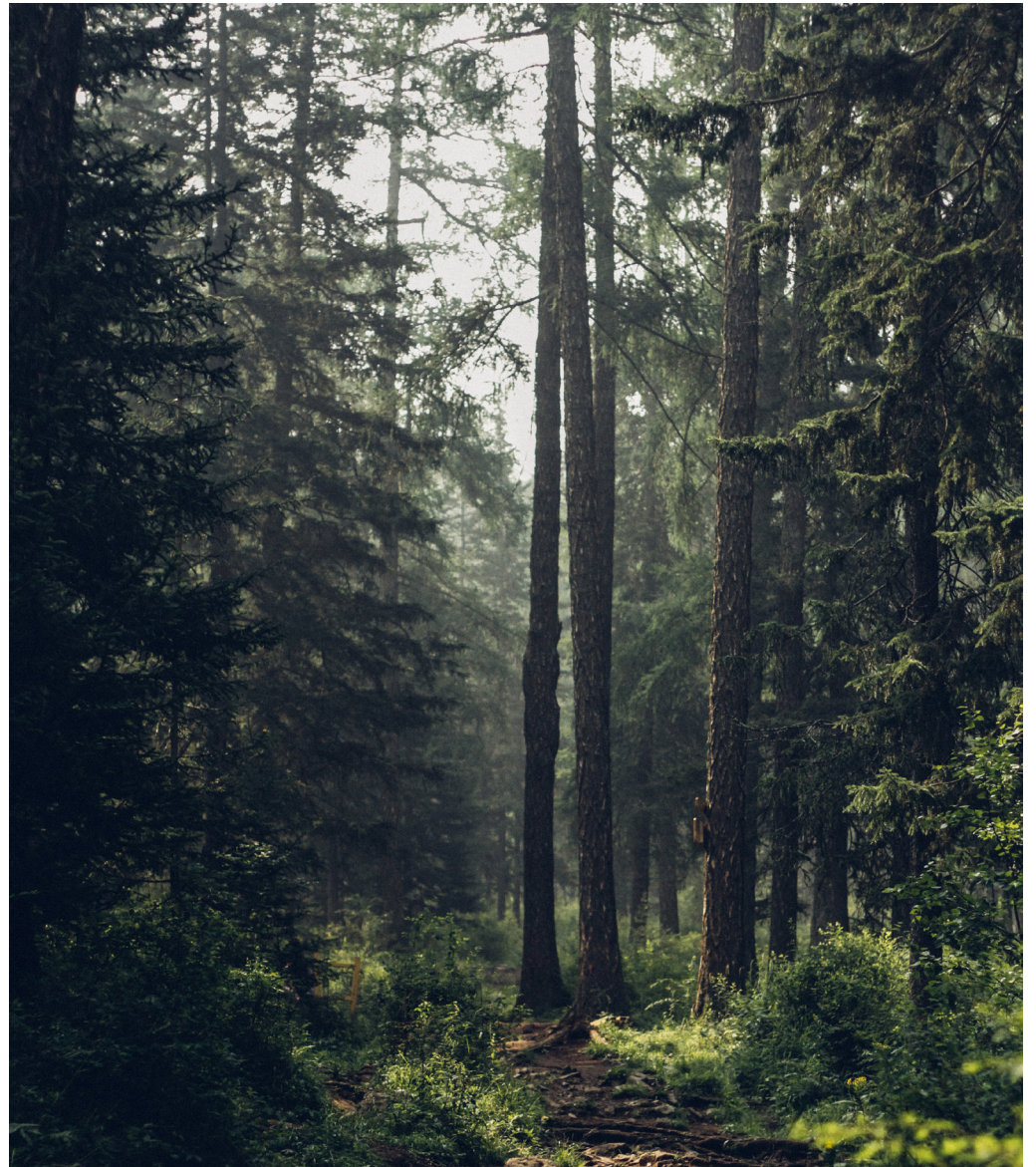
N. Garrido, Qatar National Convention Centre / Arata Isozaki. ArchDaily.



F. Staud, National Geographic. National Geographic, 2014.



A. Spratt, Hong Kong. Unsplash.



D. Degi, Bogd Khan Mountain, Mongolia. Unsplash.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

1. How to compute an architectural form in consideration of the building units and material performance of the units?
2. How to optimize material use in the given design problem?

RESEARCH BY DESIGN



MATERIALITY



ADOBE

D. H. Chamberlin, New adobe bricks. D Holmes Chamberlin Jr Architect LLC, 2017.



BIOPLASTICS

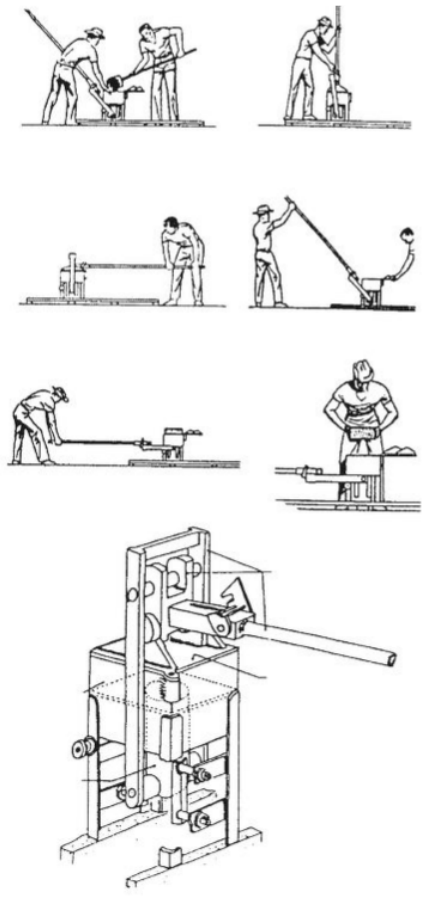
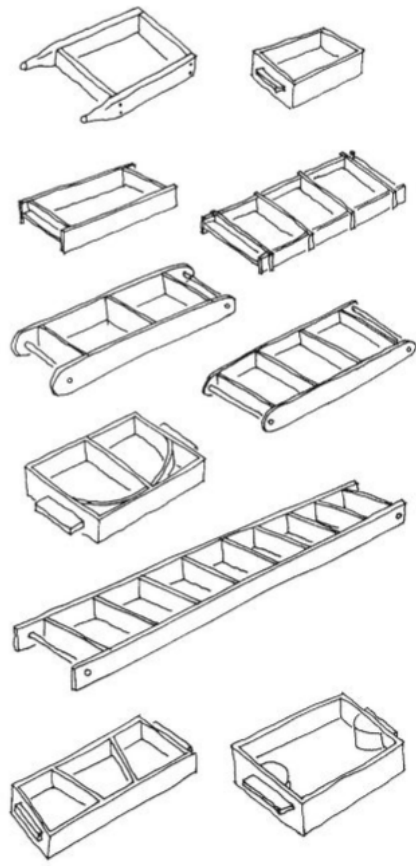
Bioplastic from Foodwaste. Materialibility.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

1. How to compute an architectural form in consideration of the building units and material performance of the units?
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RESEARCH QUESTIONS

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Typical moulds examples for adobe

"The best-known press worldwide in the CINVA Ram, developed in Colombia by the Chilean engineer Ramirez"

[1] G. Minke, "Working with Earthen Blocks," in Building with Earth, Birkhaeuser, 2006.

BIOPLASTIC



BIOPLASTIC?

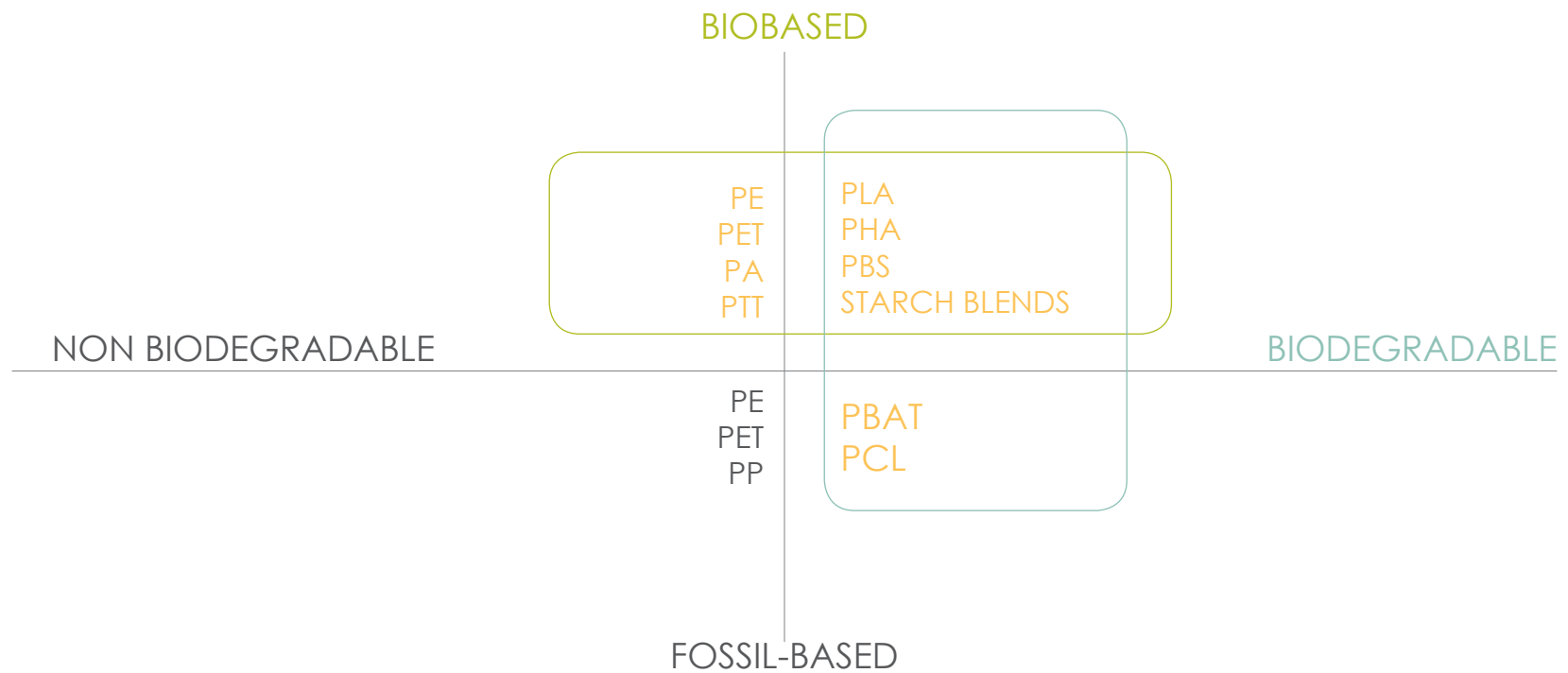


Figure 2.3: Bioplastic chart based on biobased and biodegradability of traditional plastics. Redrawn by the author

BIOPLASTIC?

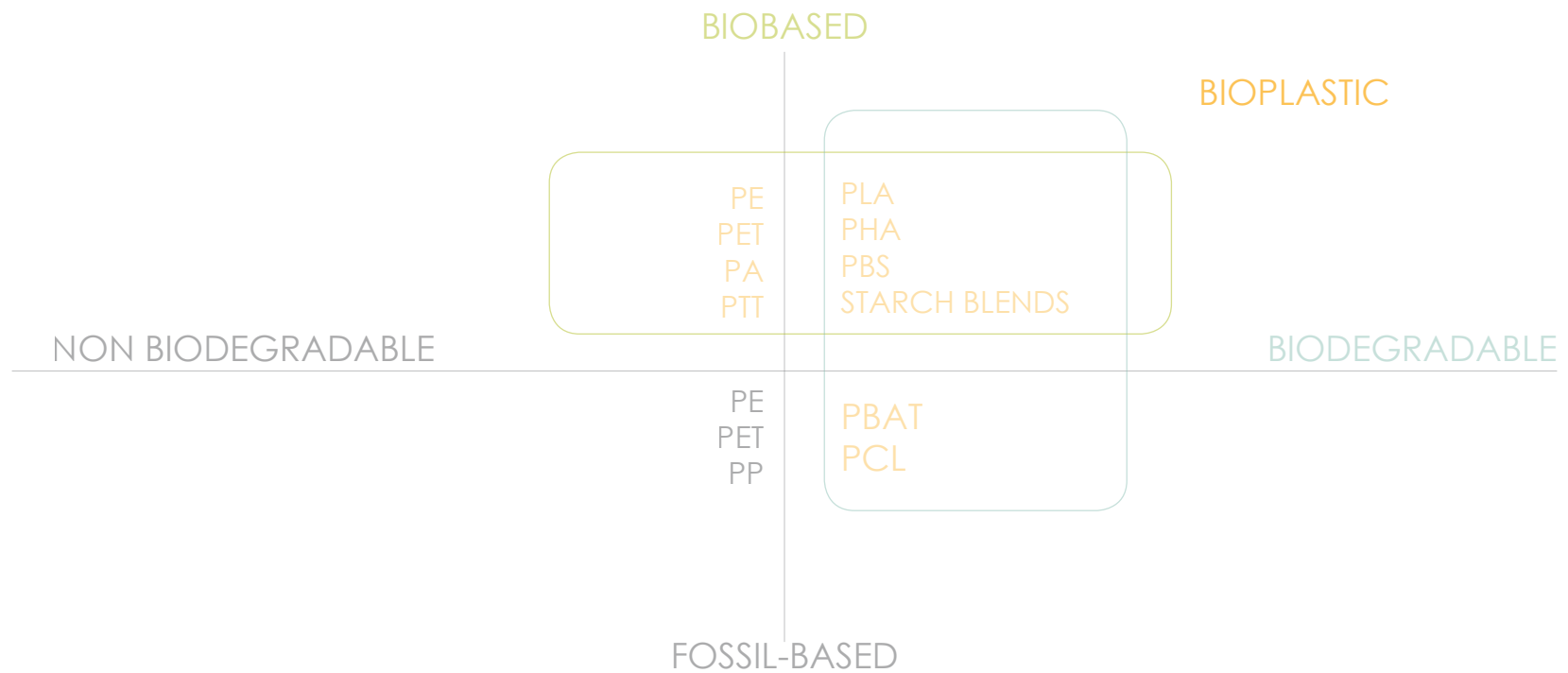


Figure 2.3: Bioplastic chart based on biobased and biodegradability of traditional plastics. Redrawn by the author

A. R. Bagheri, C. Laforsch, A. Greiner, and S. Agarwal, "Fate of So-Called Biodegradable Polymers in Seawater and Freshwater," *Glob. Challenges*, vol. 1, no. 4, p. 1700048, 2017.



Figure 3.3: Tools and ingredients used.

E. Zakharov, Transparent glass with clean mineral water isolated on white background. 2019.
Samsung CTR164NC01 57.5cm 4 Zone Electric Cooktop. .

TEST SAMPLES





	Tensile Strength		Yield Strength		Young's Modulus		Glycerine	Water	Gelatine	Coffee
	[MPa]	SD [±]	[MPa]	SD [±]	[MPa]	SD [±]	(g)	(g)	(g)	(g)
Type 01	1,64	1,07	4,74	3,16	3,55	0,59	1	50	23	4
Type 02	18,78	14,54	23,04	14,36	14,44	10,50	1	50	23	2
Type 03	17,88	15,73	23,04	14,79	7,39	4,63	1	30	23	-
Type 04	32,71	19,32	33,59	18,48	11,41	7,82	1	50	23	-

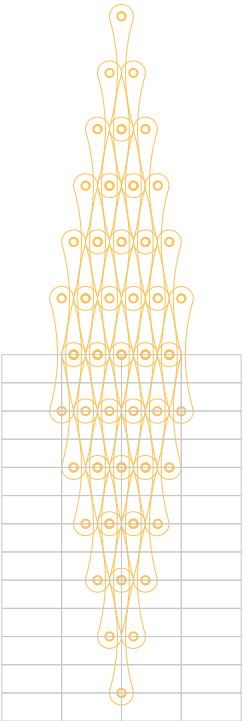
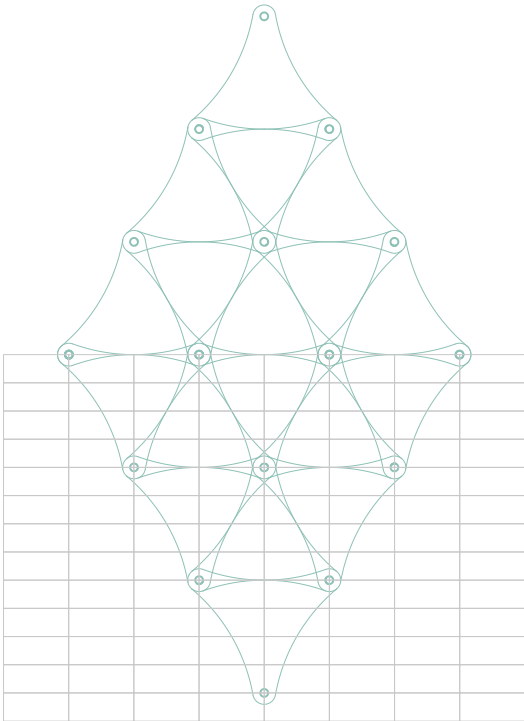
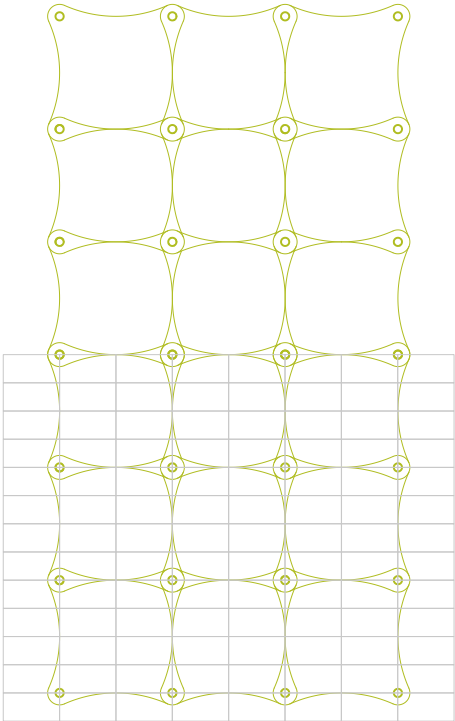
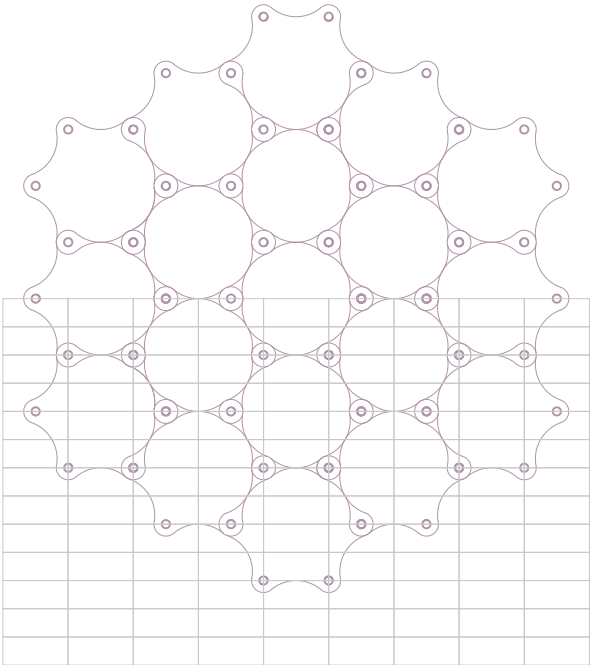
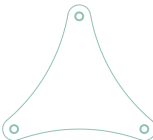
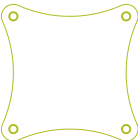
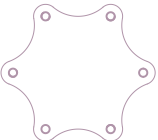
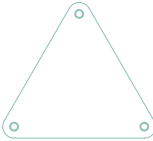
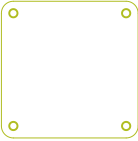
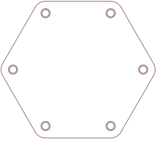
FAILED SAMPLES



IMPROVING CURING PROCESS



PANEL DESIGN OPTIONS



TESTING PANELS



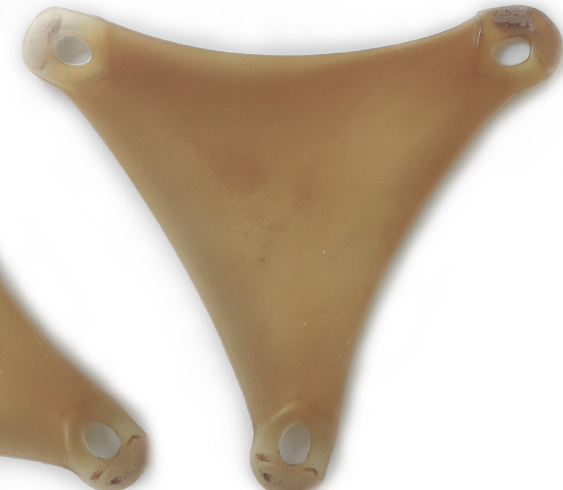
SPECIMEN 2, 3



SPECIMEN 4



SPECIMEN 5,6



SPECIMEN 7

	F_{\max} N	dL at F_{\max} mm	F_{Break} N	dL at break mm	a_0 mm	b_0 mm	S_0 mm ²	Gelatine g	Glycerine g	Water g	Coffee g
Specimen 2	190,11	11,66			100,00	100,00	10000,00	207,00	9,00	450,00	18,00
Specimen 3	171,65	39,89	150,61	54,92	100,00	100,00	10000,00	207,00	9,00	450,00	-
Specimen 4	710,53	33,58	710,53	33,58	100,00	100,00	10000,00	276,00	12,00	600,00	-
Specimen 5	103,91	26,04			100,00	100,00	10000,00	207,00	9,00	450,00	-
Specimen 6	115,47	29,20			100,00	100,00	10000,00	207,00	9,00	450,00	-
Specimen 7	205,96	46,91			100,00	100,00	10000,00	207,00	9,00	450,00	-

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OPTIMIZATION METHODS

OPTIMALITY CRITERIA METHODS

HEURISTIC OR INTUITIVE METHODS

OPTIMIZATION METHODS

OPTIMALITY CRITERIA METHODS

Homogenization

Solid Isotropic Material with Panelization (SIMP)

Level Set Method

Growth Method for Truss Structures

HEURISTIC OR INTUITIVE METHODS

Fully Stressed Design

Computer-Aided Optimization (CAO)

Soft Kill Option (SKO)

Evolutionary Structural Optimization (ESO)

Bidirectional ESO (BESO)

Sequential Element Rejection & Admission

Isolines / Isosurfaces Topology Design (ITD)

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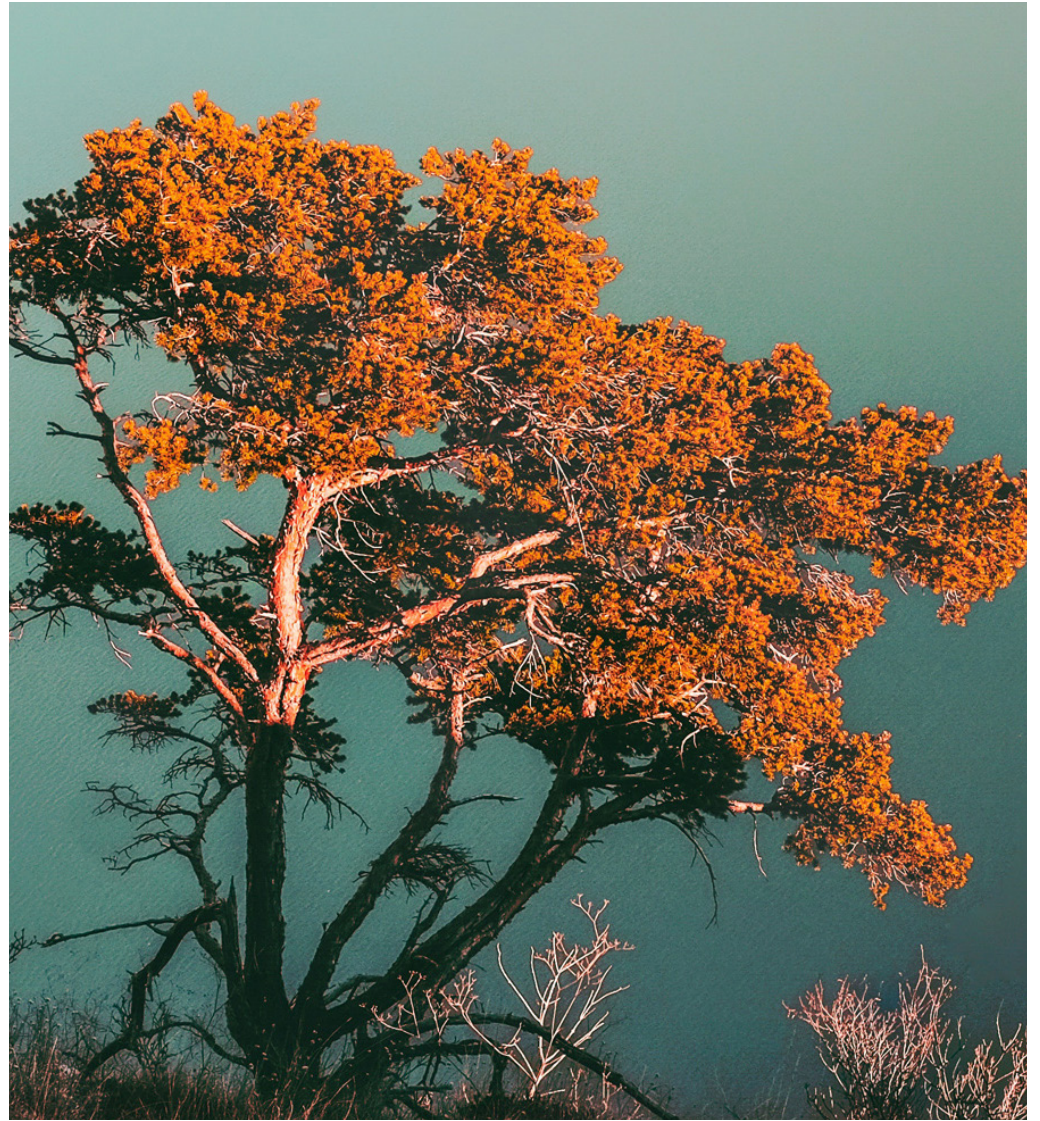
Sequential Element Rejection & Admission

Isolines / Isosurfaces Topology Design (ITD)

SKO

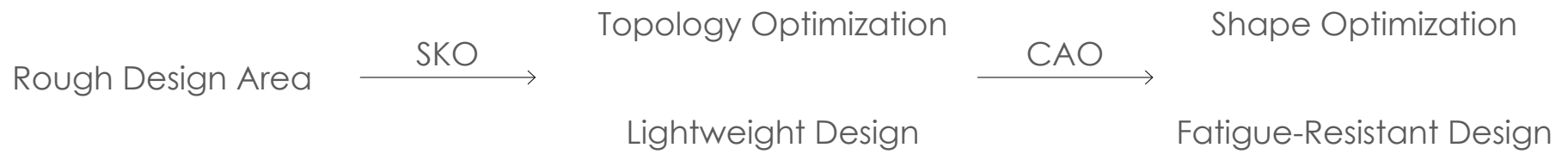


CAO

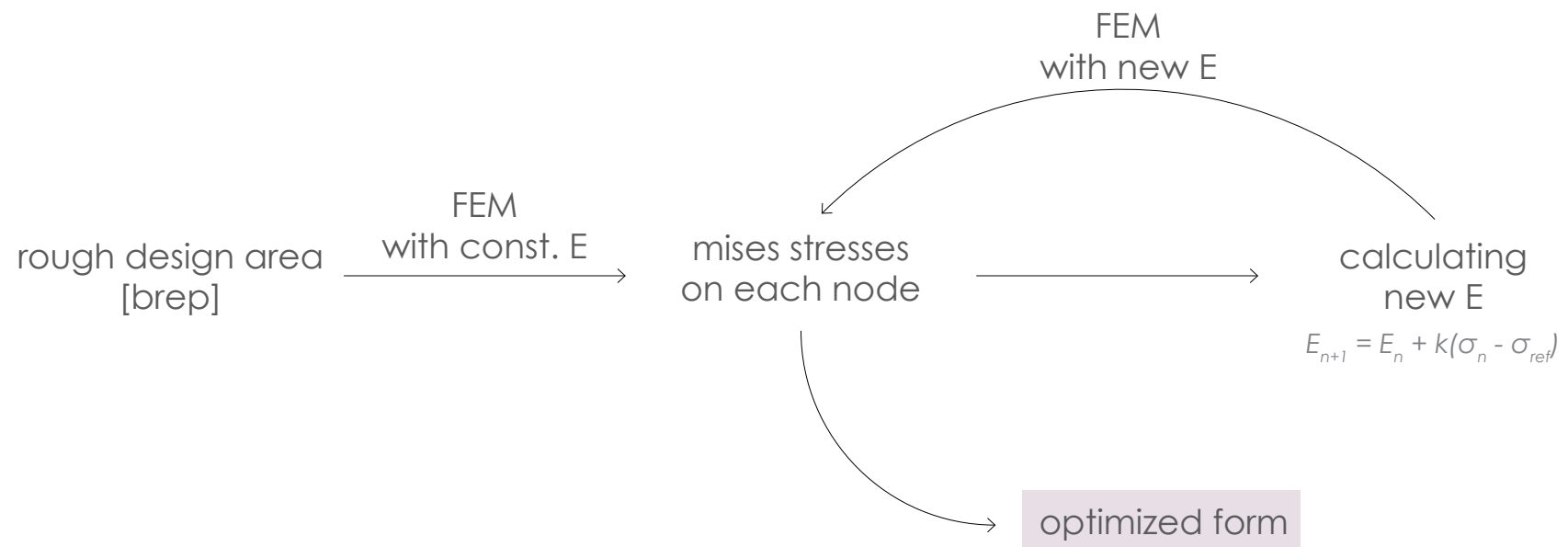


M. Manske, Human hip bone texture. Wikipedia Commons, 2008.
C. Gottardi, Tree. Unsplash.

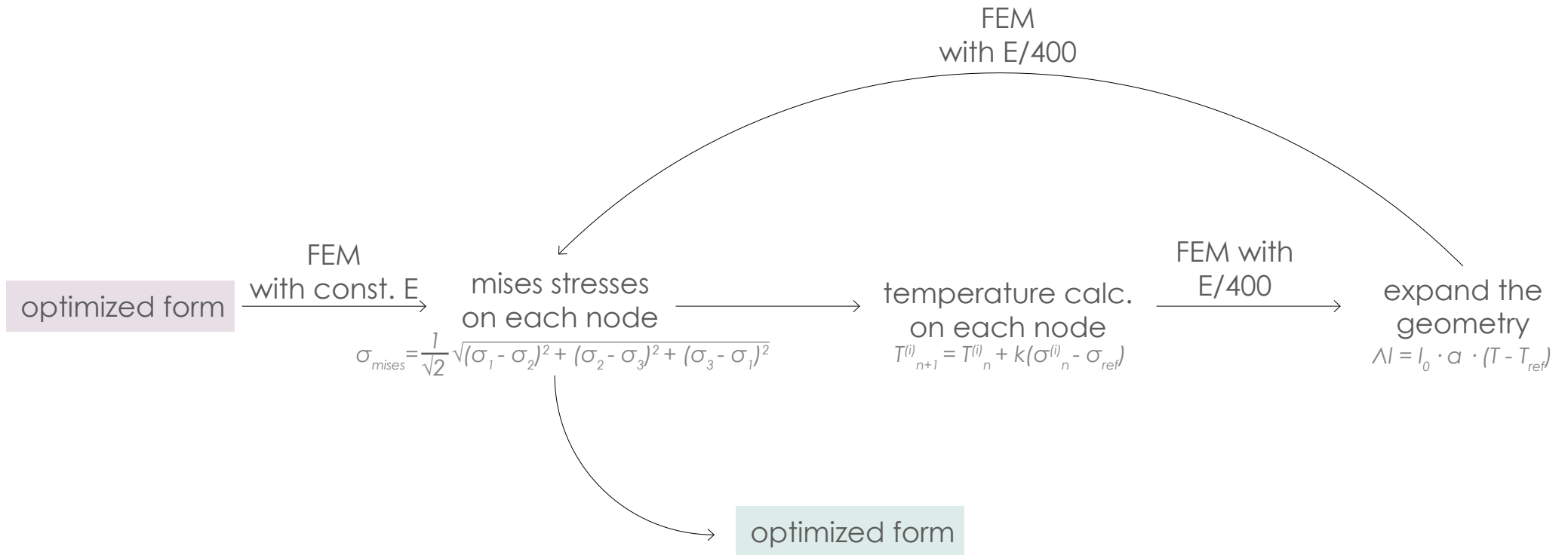
RECOMMENDED WORKFLOW



SOFT KILL OPTIMIZATION (SKO)



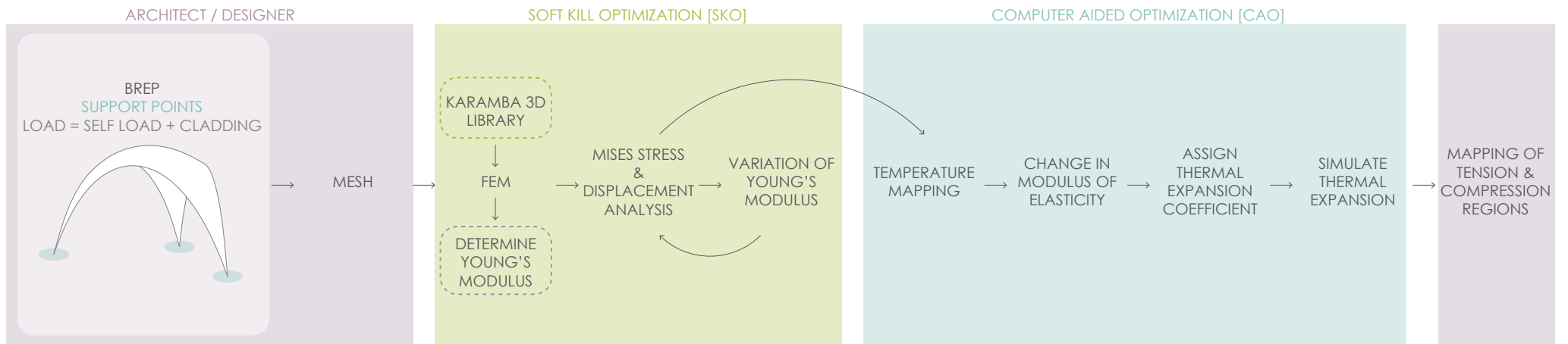
COMPUTER AIDED OPTIMIZATION (CAO)



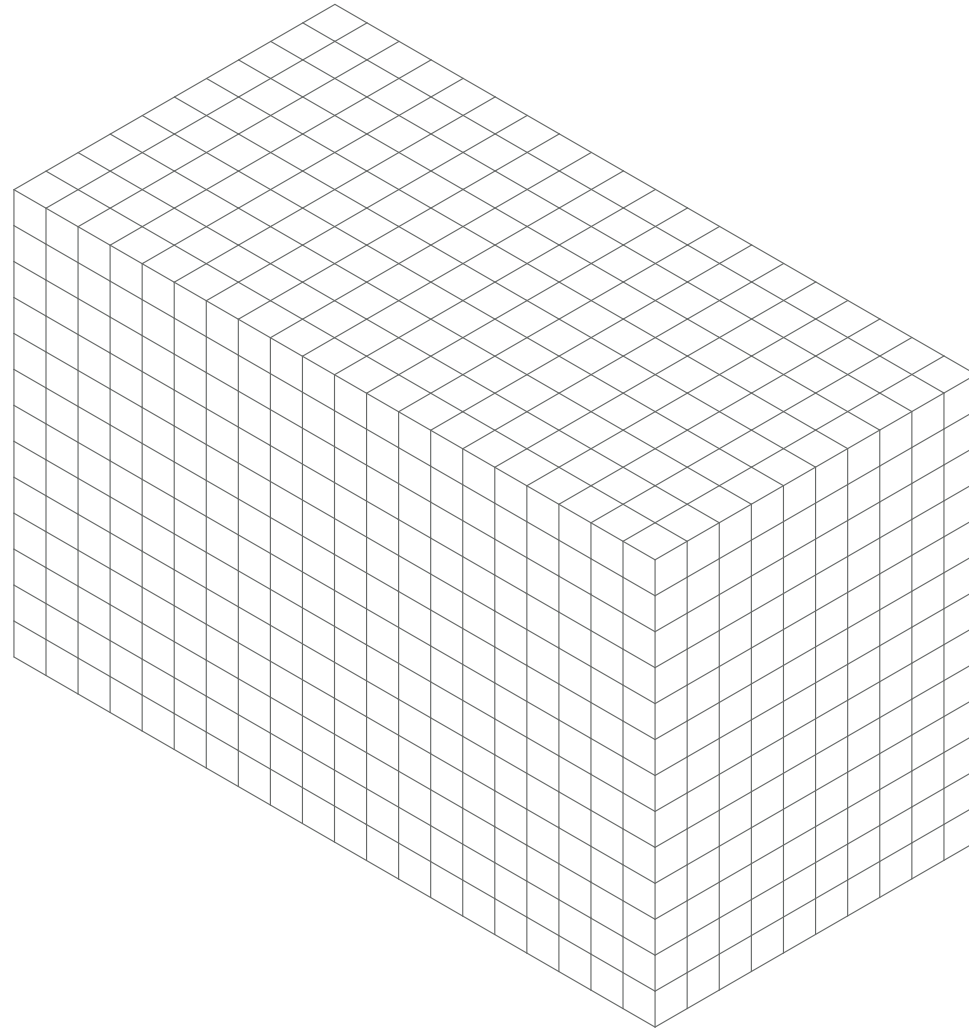
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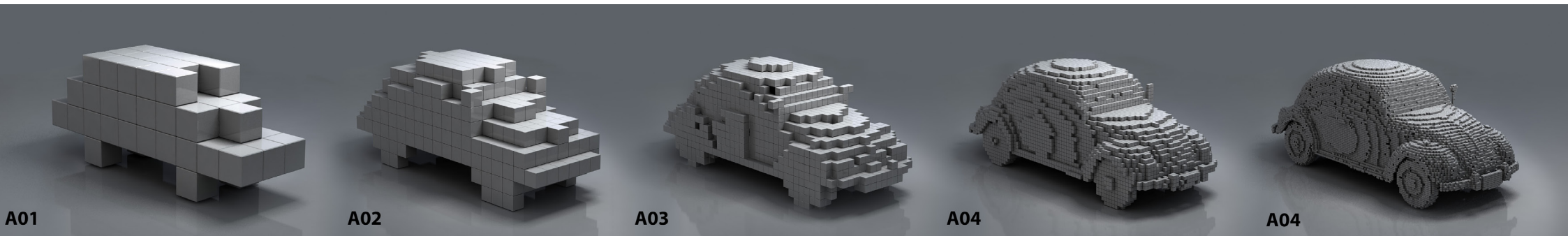
INITIAL APPROACH



FINAL APPROACH

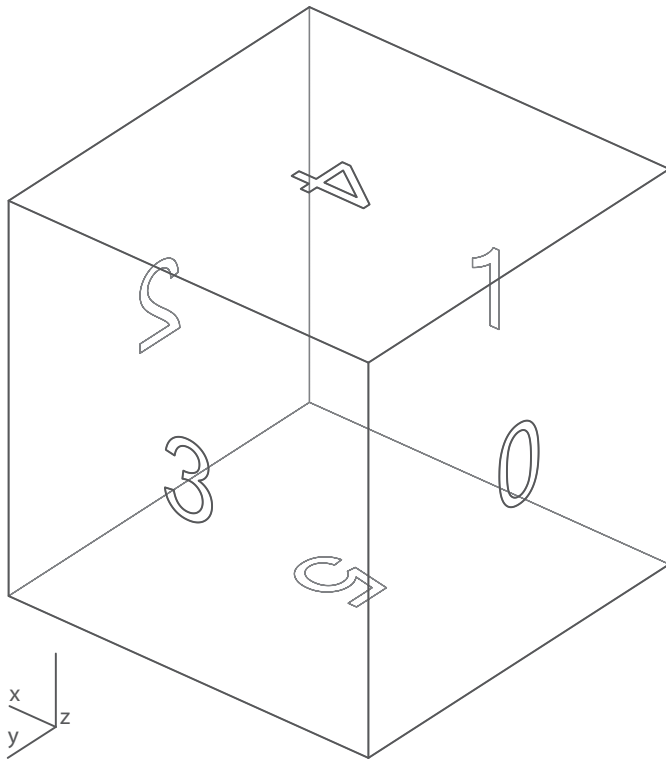


VOXELIZATION



A01 – A05 are examples for different resolutions of Voxels may appear. Bilder Zucht, 2010.

VOXEL DESIGN



```
self.x = int  
self.y = int  
self.z = int  
self.index = self.x, self.y, self.z
```

```
self.vox = rg.Box()
```

```
self.active = bool
```

```
self.support = bool
```

```
self.center = rg.Point3d()
```

```
self.adjacency=[bool,bool,bool,bool,bool,bool]
```

```
self.totalForceX = float
```

```
self.totalForceY = float
```

```
self.totalForceZ = float
```

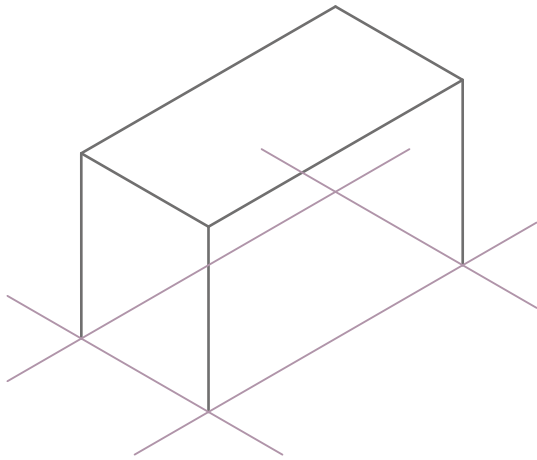
```
self.totalStressX = float
```

```
self.totalStressY = float
```

```
self.totalStressZ = float
```

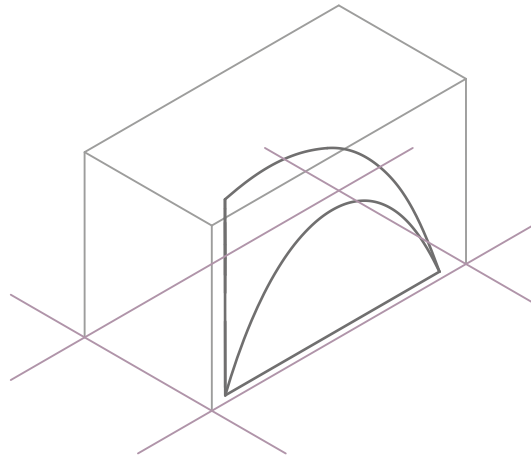
```
self.totalStress = self.totalStressX + self.totalStressY + self.totalStressZ
```

INPUTS



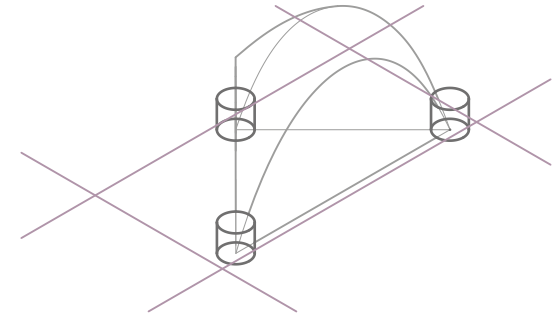
ROUGH DESIGN AREA

self.index
self.vox
self.active
self.support
self.center
self.adjacency
self.isEdge
self.isCorner



AREA THAT NEEDS TO BE REMOVED

self.index
self.vox
self.active
self.support
self.center
self.adjacency
self.isEdge
self.isCorner

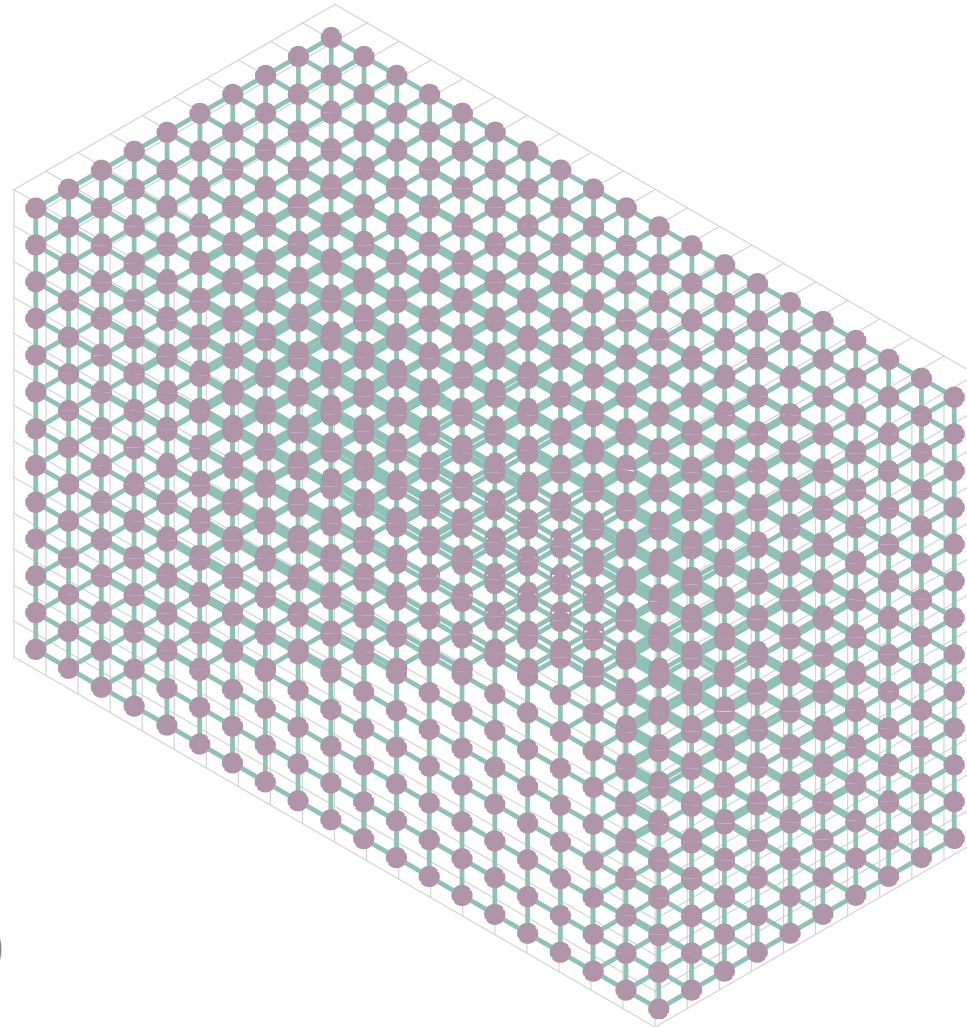


SUPPORT AREAS

self.index
self.vox
self.active
self.support
self.center
self.adjacency
self.isEdge
self.isCorner

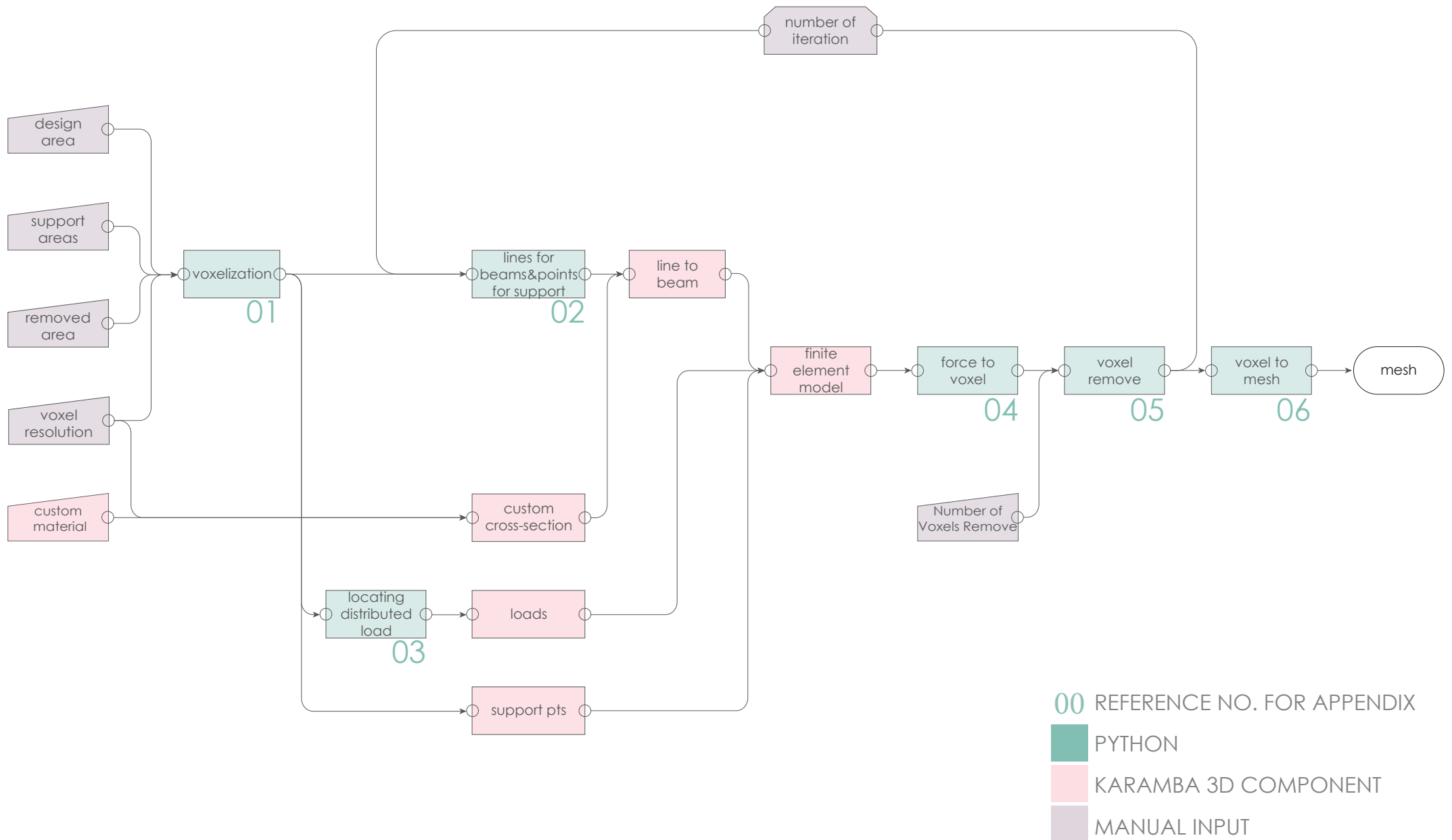
■ TRUE
■ FALSE

MESH TO BEAMS



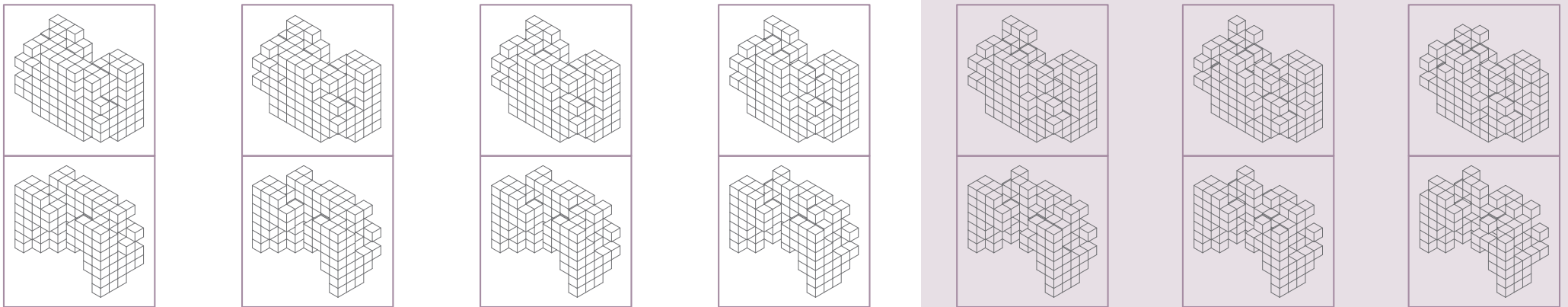
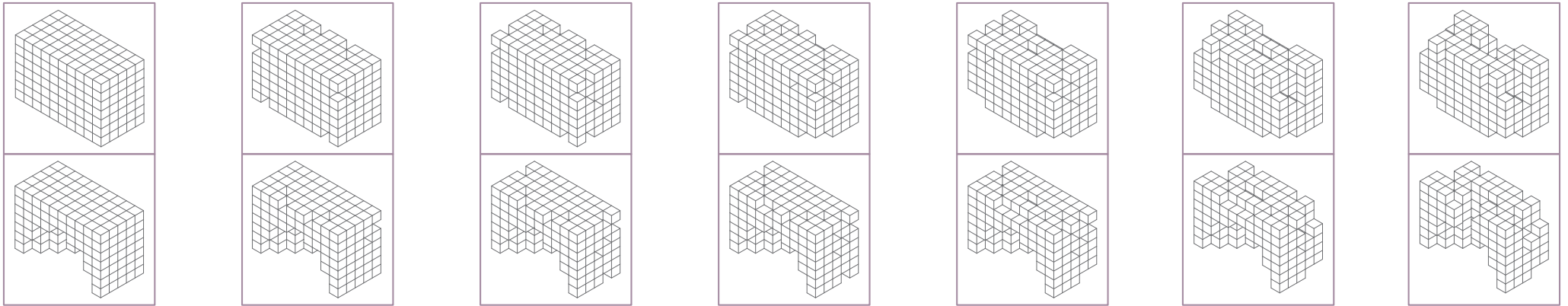
- Center Of Voxels (self.Center)
- Lines to Beams
- Voxel Silhouette

OVERALL FLOWCHART

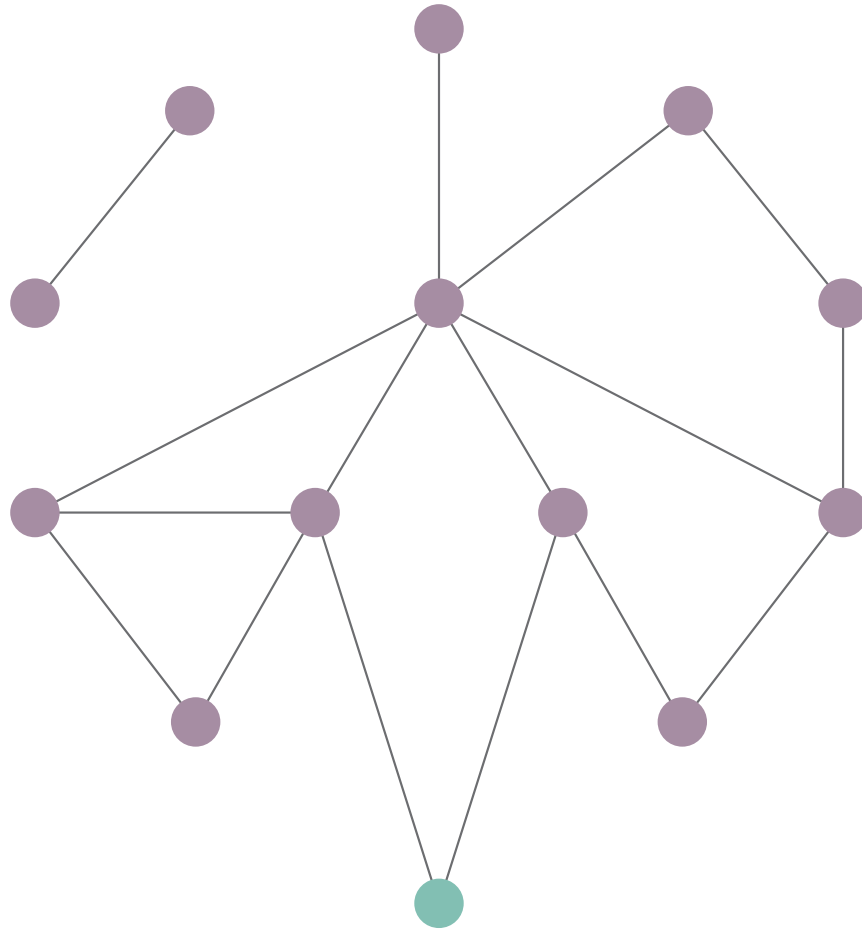


- 00 REFERENCE NO. FOR APPENDIX
- PYTHON
- KARAMBA 3D COMPONENT
- MANUAL INPUT

LOW - RESOLUTION ITERATIONS

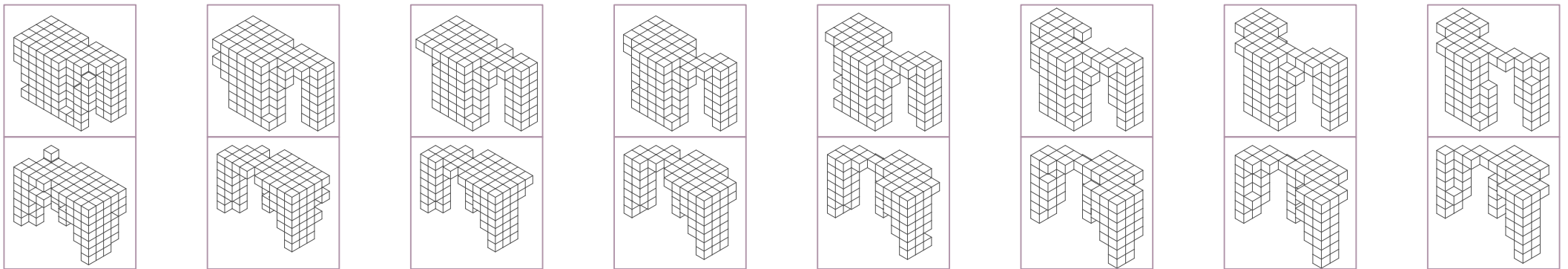
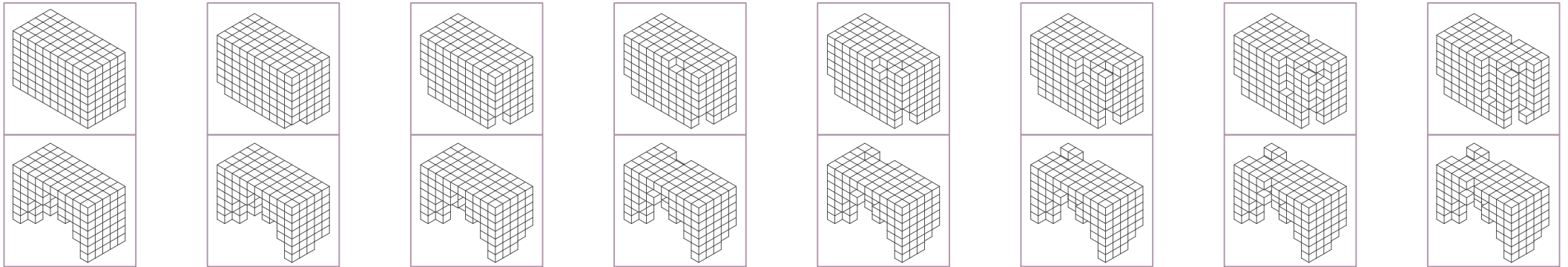


DEPTH FIRST SEARCH

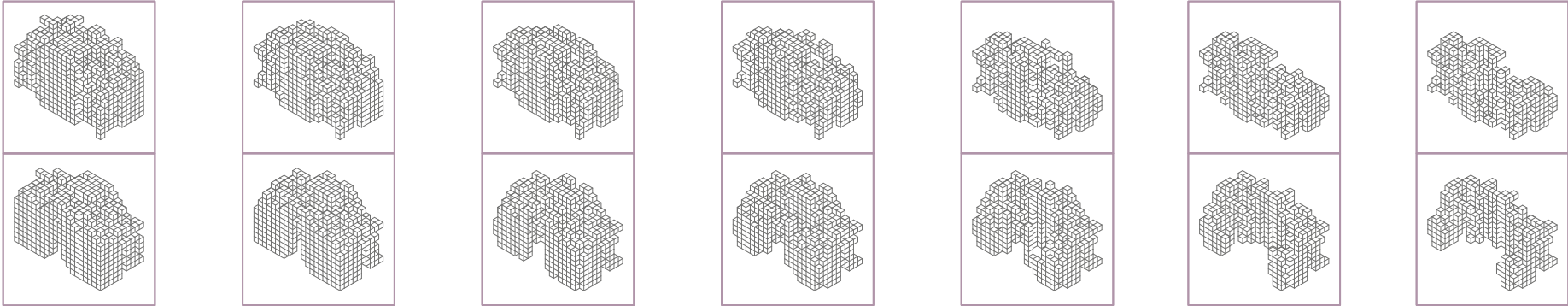
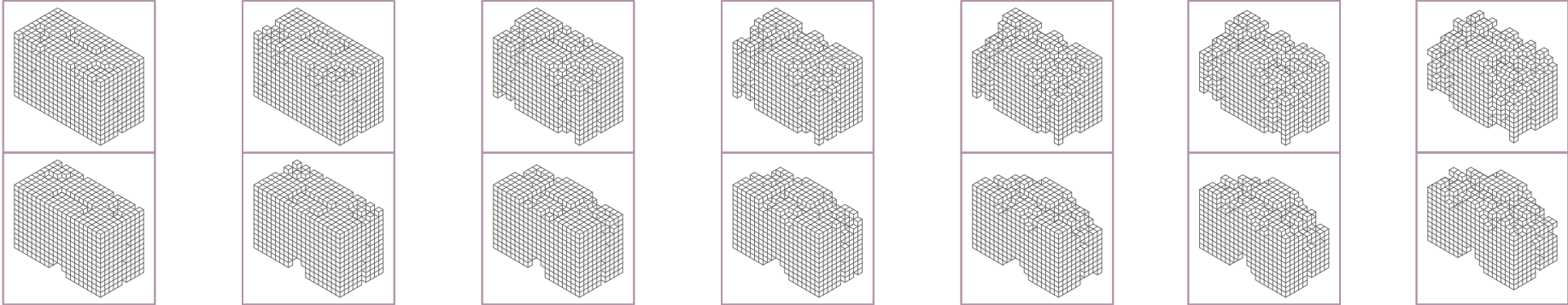


List of Vertices
List of Vertices Visited

LOW - RESOLUTION ITERATIONS



HIGH - RESOLUTION ITERATIONS



CONCLUSION

Looping
Solid FEM
Optimization of the Code
Load Case

RESEARCH OBJECTIVE

The main objective is to develop a computational approach to optimize material uses of the construction materials -earth and bioplastics- in response to structural requirements.



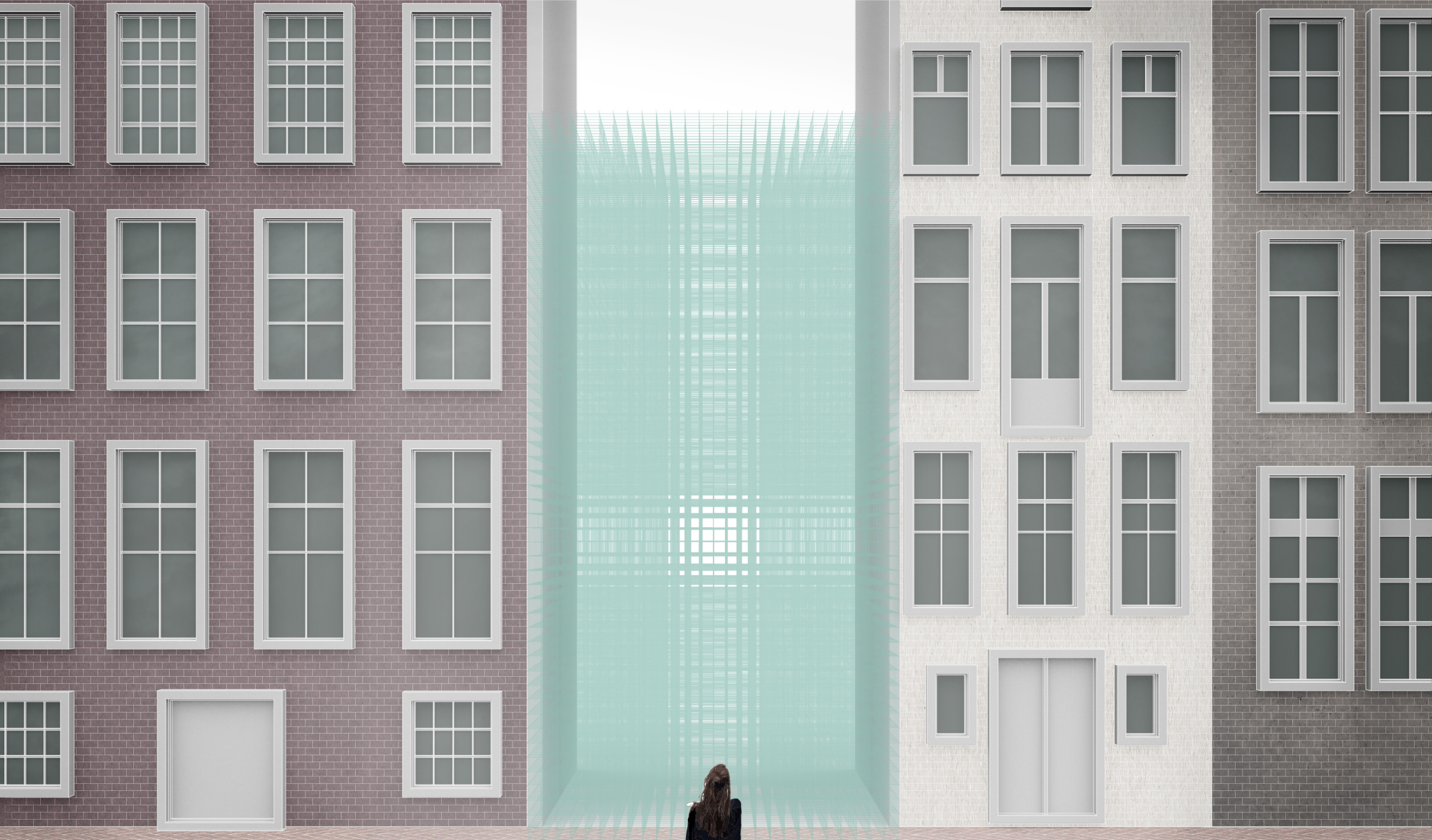
STEP 1 : DECIDE SITE & MATERIALS



STEP 2 : INPUT SITE FOOTPRINT



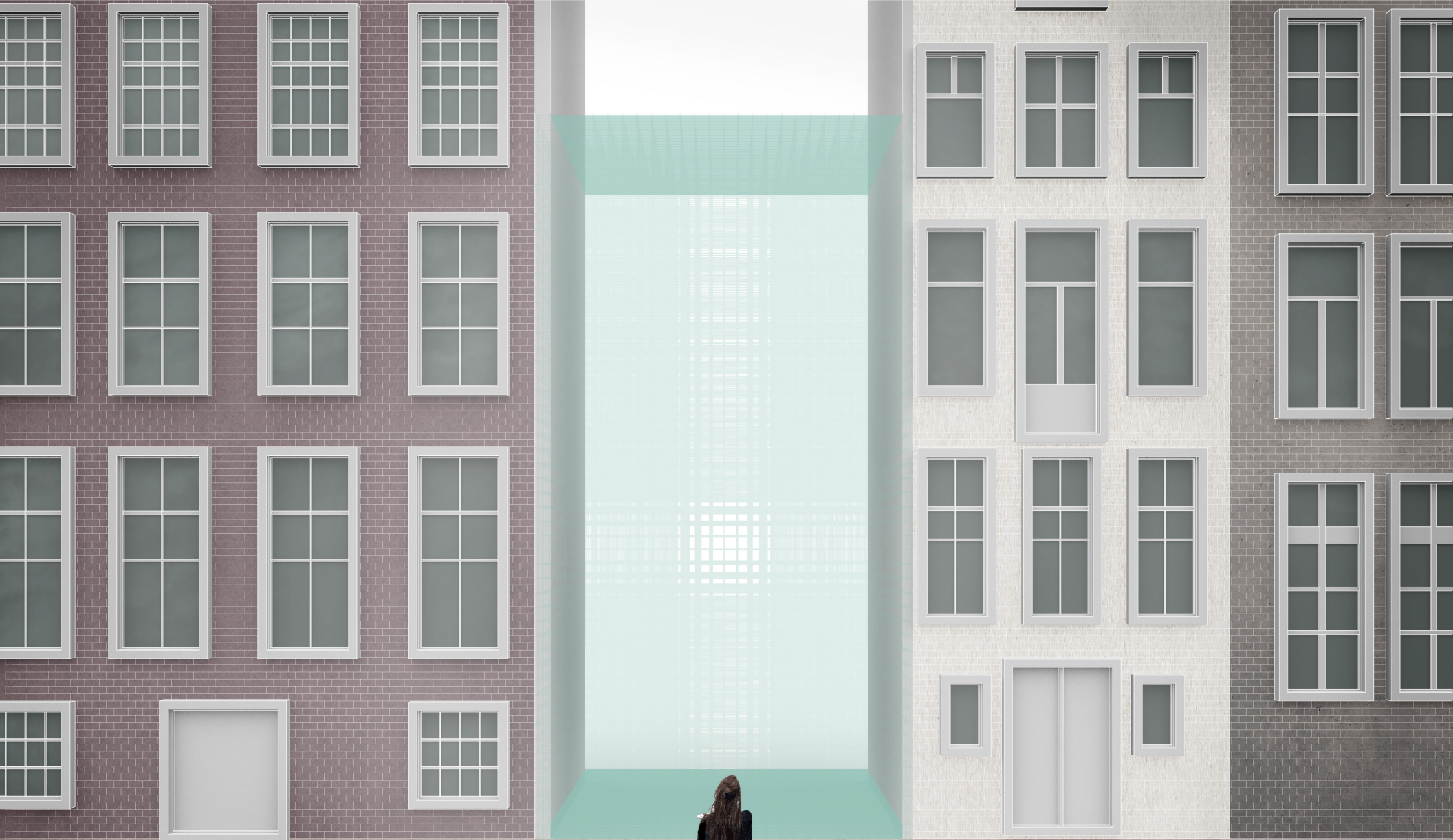
STEP 3 : INPUT SITE HEIGHT LIMIT



STEP 4 : DETERMINE VOXEL SIZE



STEP 5 : DETERMINE SUPPORT AREA



STEP 6 : DETERMINE ROOF/CEILING

ZONING OF VOXELS

GROUND

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

SPACE

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

EXTERIOR WALL

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

MATERIAL

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

SLAB

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

ROOF

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

OPENING

self.index
 self.vox
 self.active
 self.support
 self.deadLoad
 self.liveLoad
 self.envLoad
 self.center
 self.adjacency
 self.isEdge
 self.isCorner
 self.Outside

■ TRUE
 ■ FALSE

MAIN FUNCTIONS

CARVING

Set self active to false
Set adjacent 4 voxels to ceiling
Set adjacent 5 voxels to slab
If Adjacent to Outside set Outside
If not Adjacent to Outside create ceiling

CHECK ROOF

If space on z+1 direction to ceiling
 add slab
Else set Roof

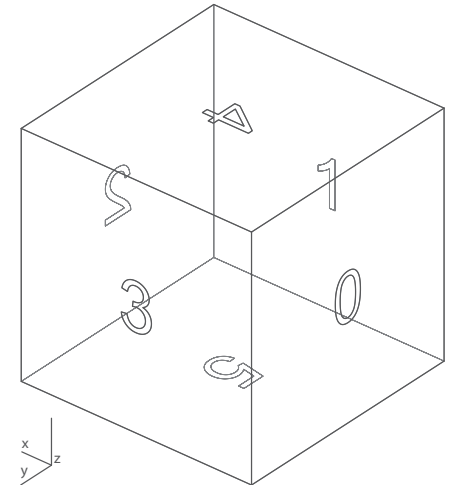
If Roof set load to Env Load
Elif slab set load to live load

CHECK LOAD

If Roof
 Add EnvLoad
Elif Slab
 Add LiveLoad

CHECK GROUND

If space on z-1 direction
 add slab
Else set Ground



MAIN INPUTS

Site Footprint
Height Restriction
Voxel Size
Slab Thickness
Live Loads
Environmental Loads
Material Properties
Stress Cases

VISUALIZATION SETTINGS

Voxel View

Stresses View

Post Optimized View



M. Manske, Human hip bone texture. Wikipedia Commons, 2008.