



EEN GAT IN DE MARKT

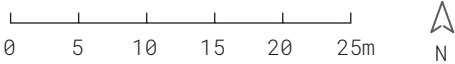
TOWARDS CIRCULAR HERITAGE V&D BUILDINGS

P5 BT booklet
Niek Buchner

PART I Architecture

Urban connections

Context 1:500



Floorplans

Floorplan V0

Breestraat

Mandenmakerssteeg

De Waag

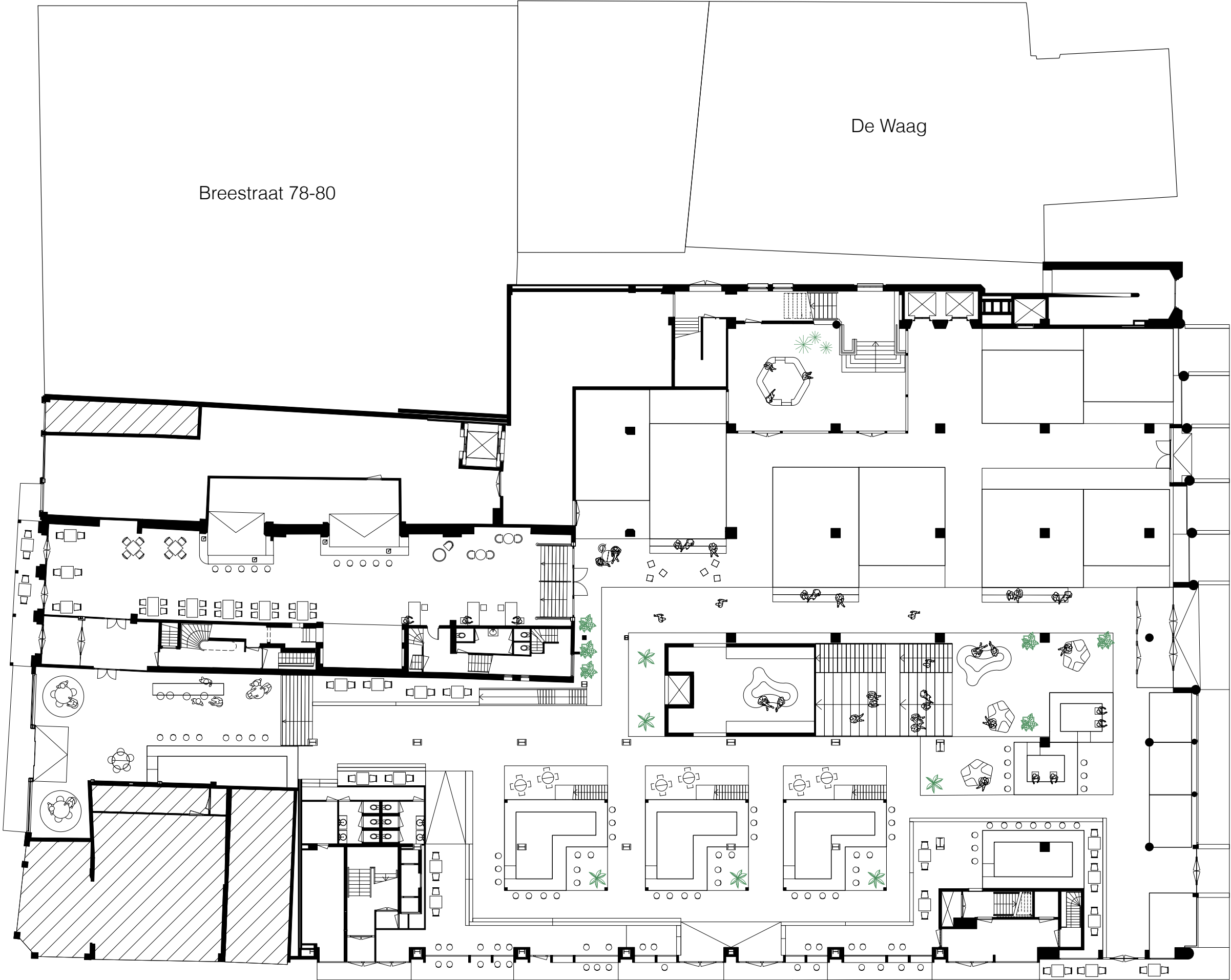
Breestraat 78-80

Aalmarkt

Visbrug

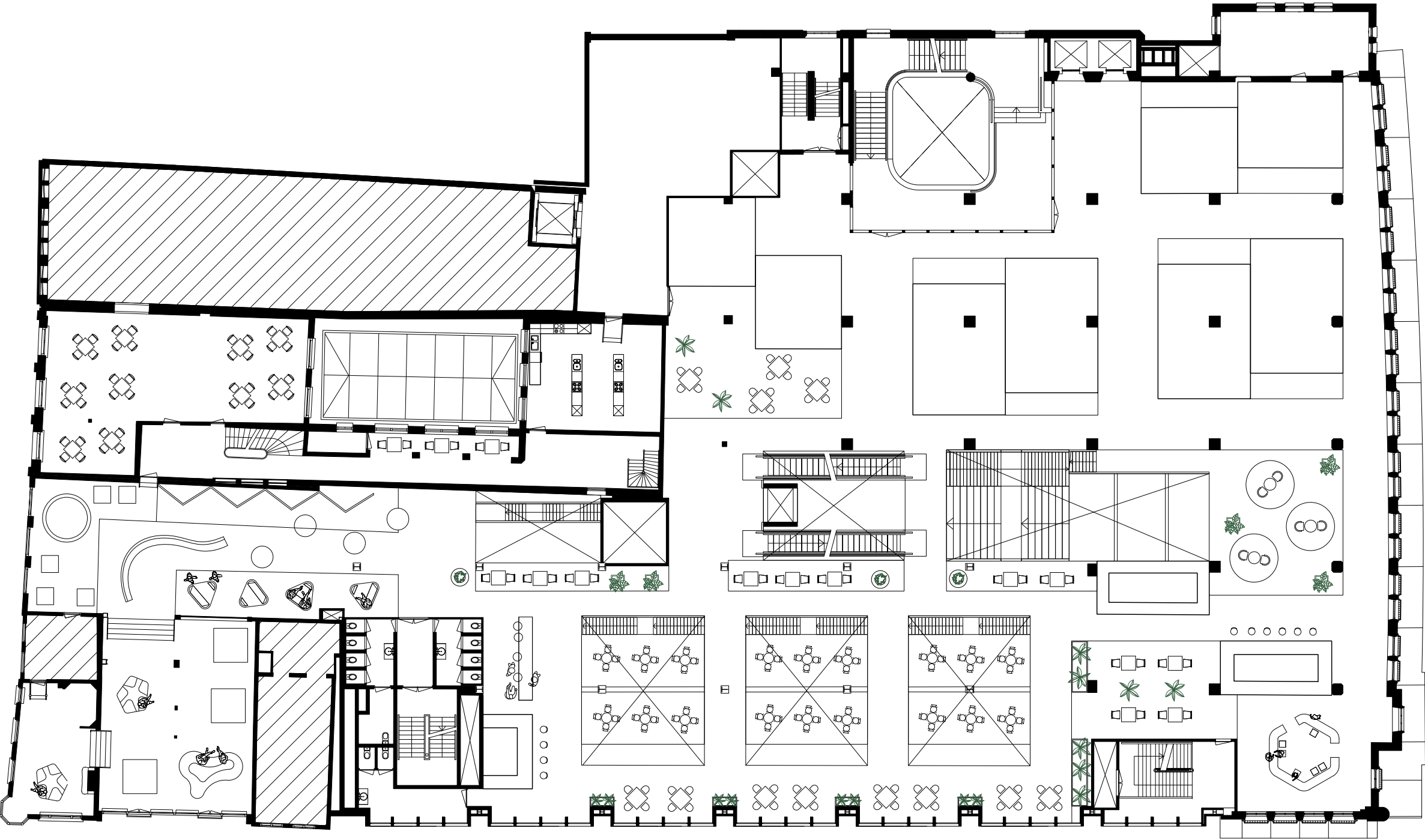
Maarsmansteeg

apelstraat



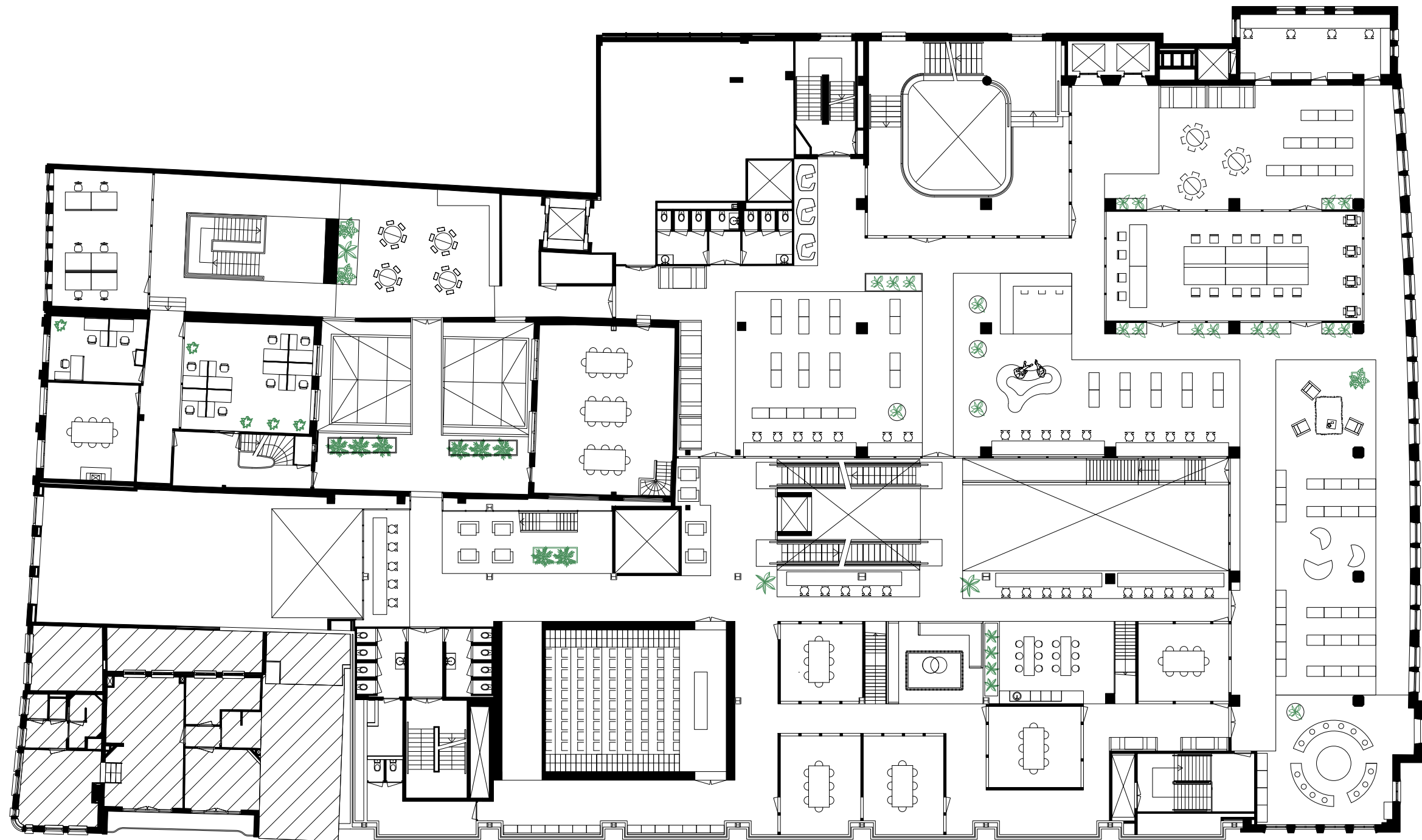
Floorplans

Floorplan V1



Floorplans

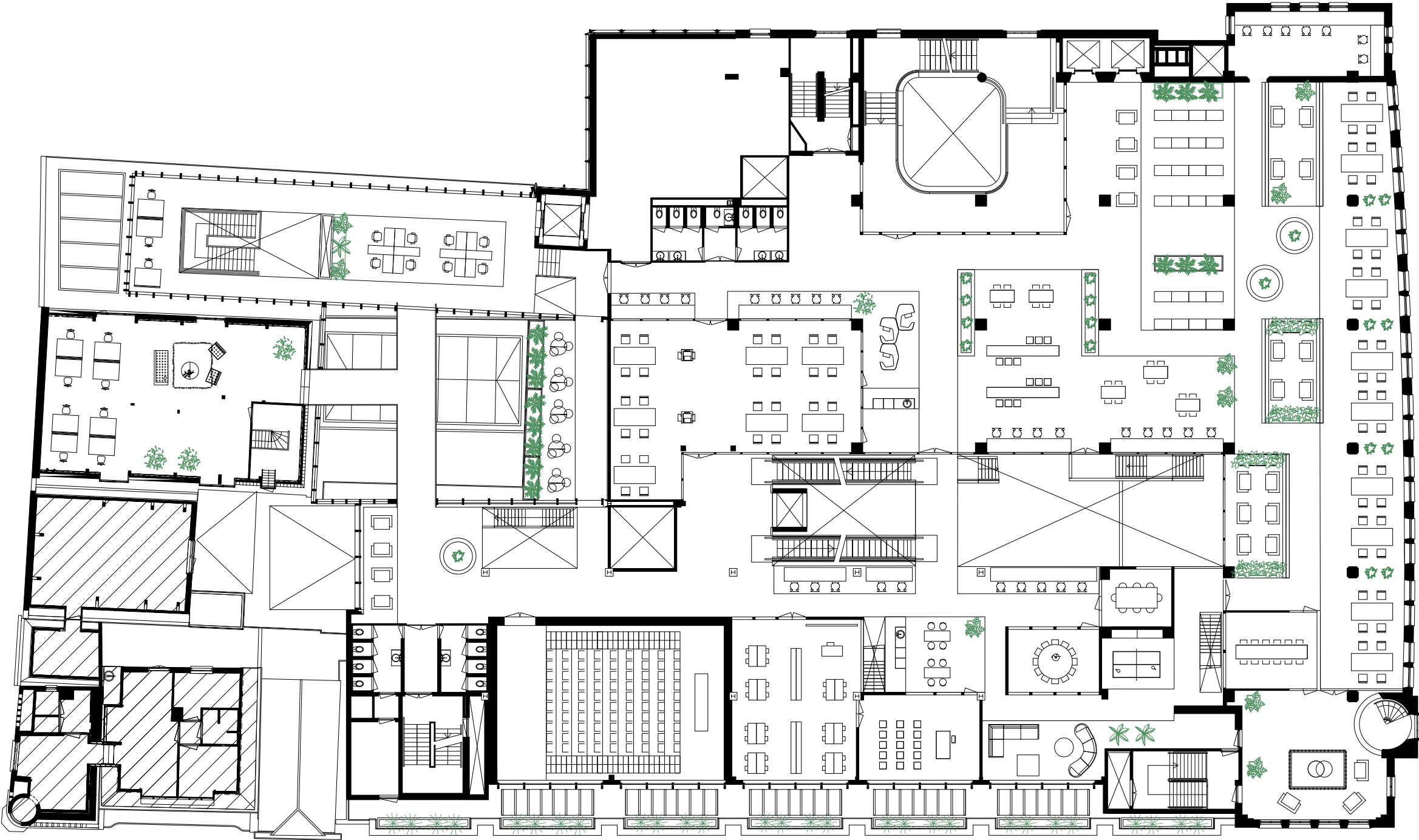
Floorplan V2



A horizontal number line with tick marks at intervals of 3 units. The labels below the line are 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, and 15m.

Floorplans

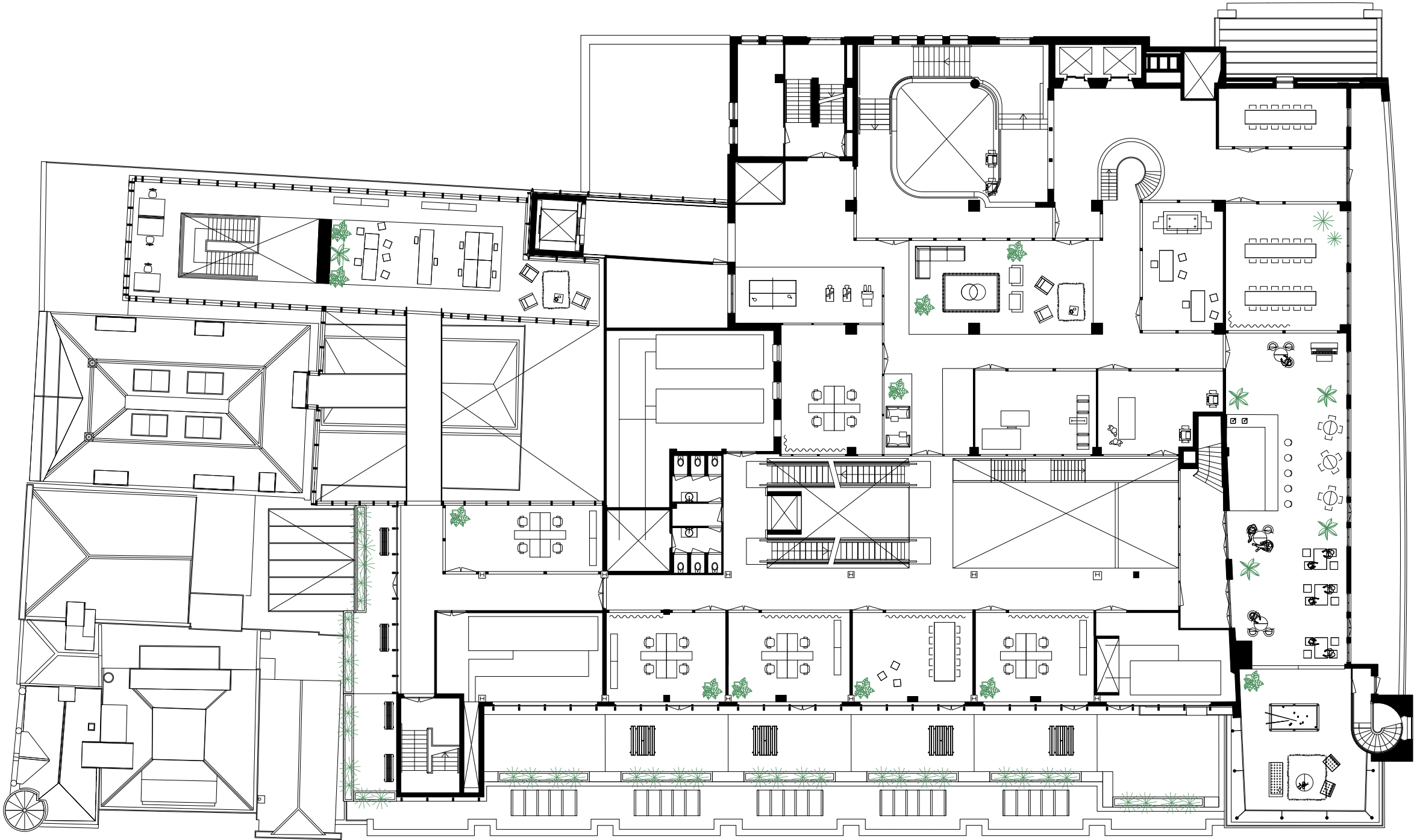
Floorplan V3



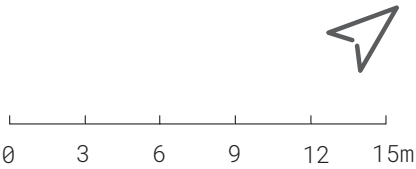
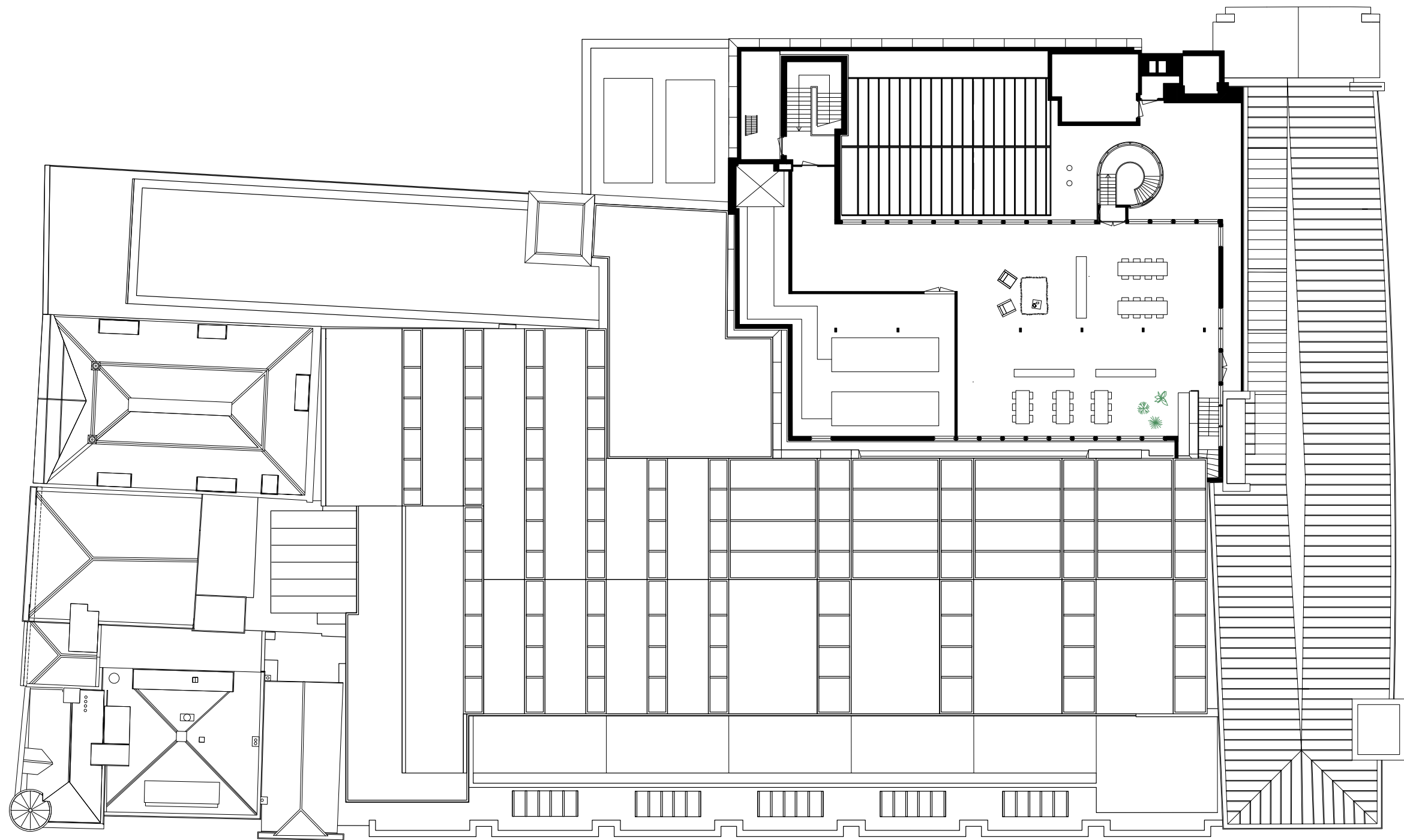
0 3 6 9 12 15m

Floorplans

Floorplan V4

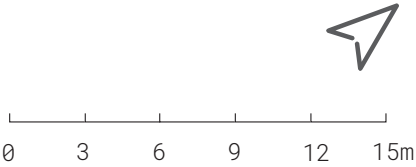


0 3 6 9 12 15m



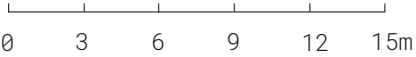
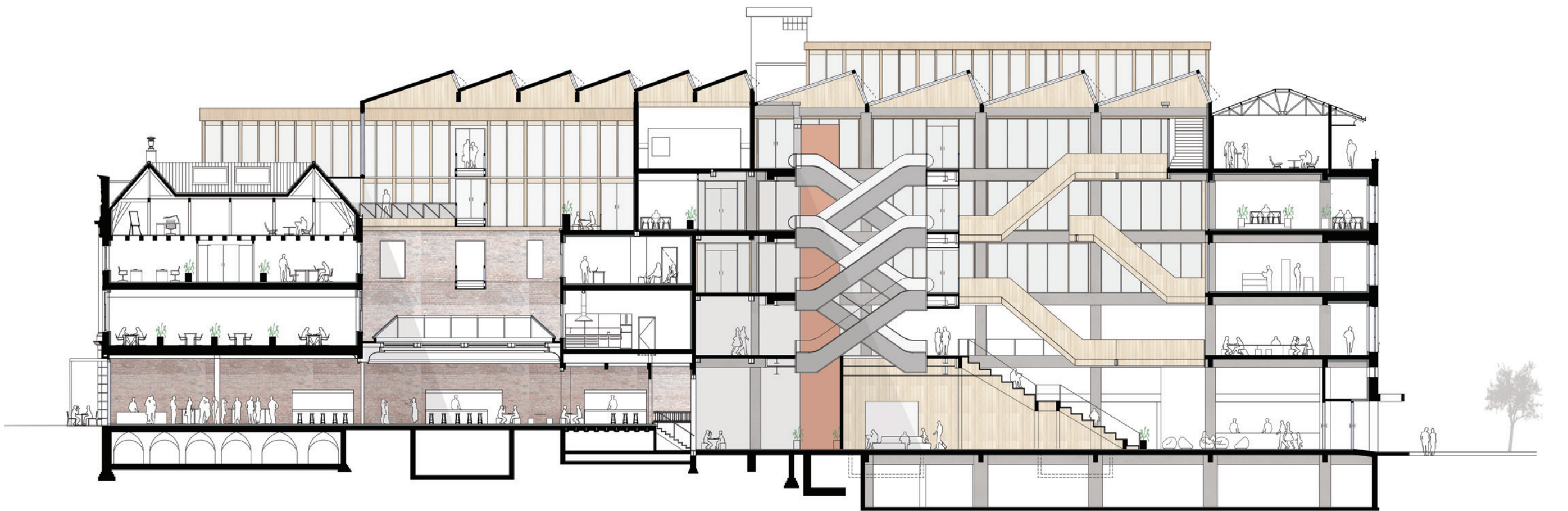
Roofplan

Roofplan 1:300

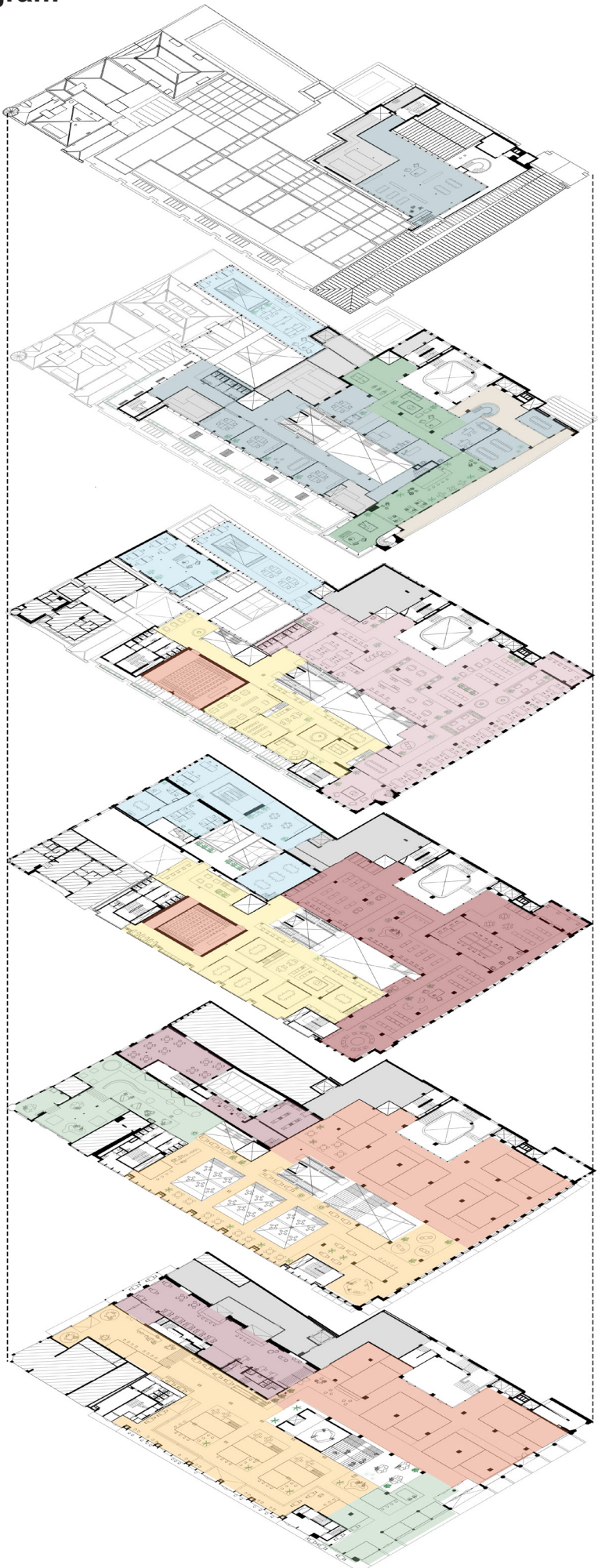


Section

Long section



Program



V5

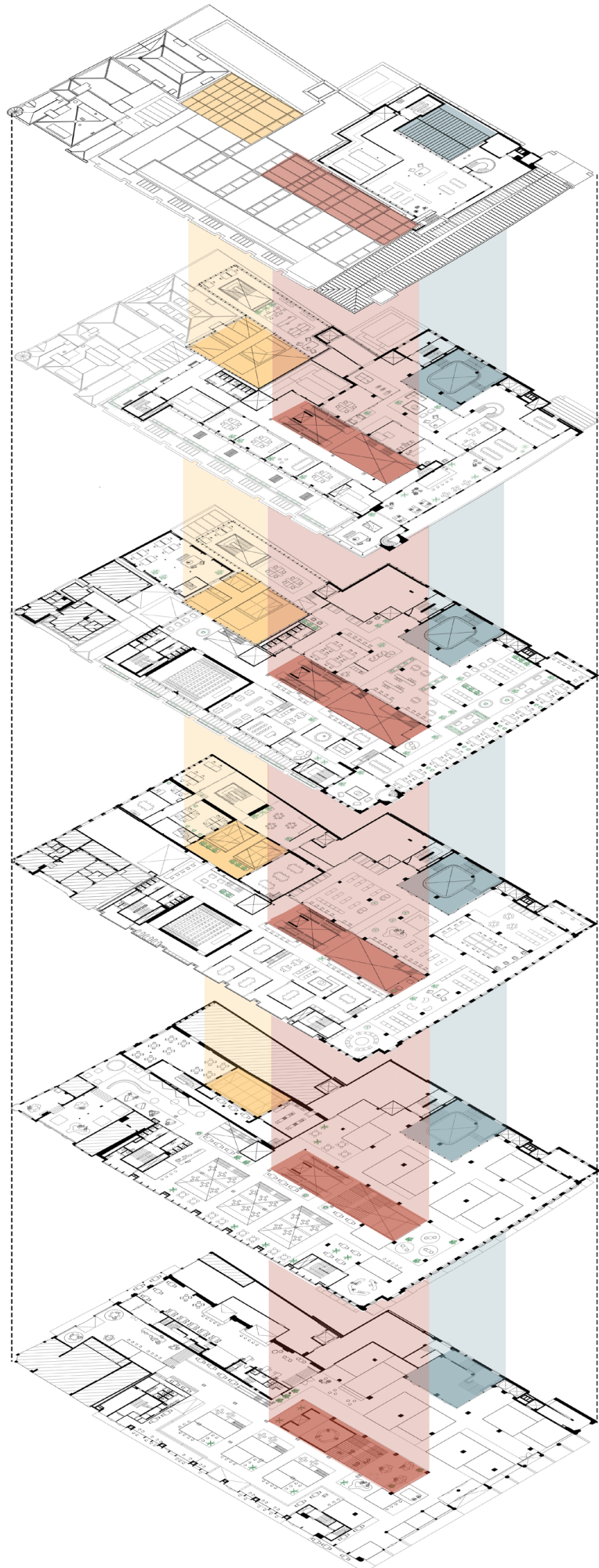
V4

V3

V2

V1

V0



Innovative functions V4 & V5

	start-up offices & creative labs	650 m2
	flex offices	170 m2
	logistic space	340 m2
	lounge space with bar	400 m2
	public terrace	



Educational functions V2 & V3

	library	935 m2
	study landscape	935 m2
	lecture hall	260 m2
	meeting rooms & lounges	1040 m2
	educational flex offices	440 + 300 m2
	logistic space	140 + 125 m2

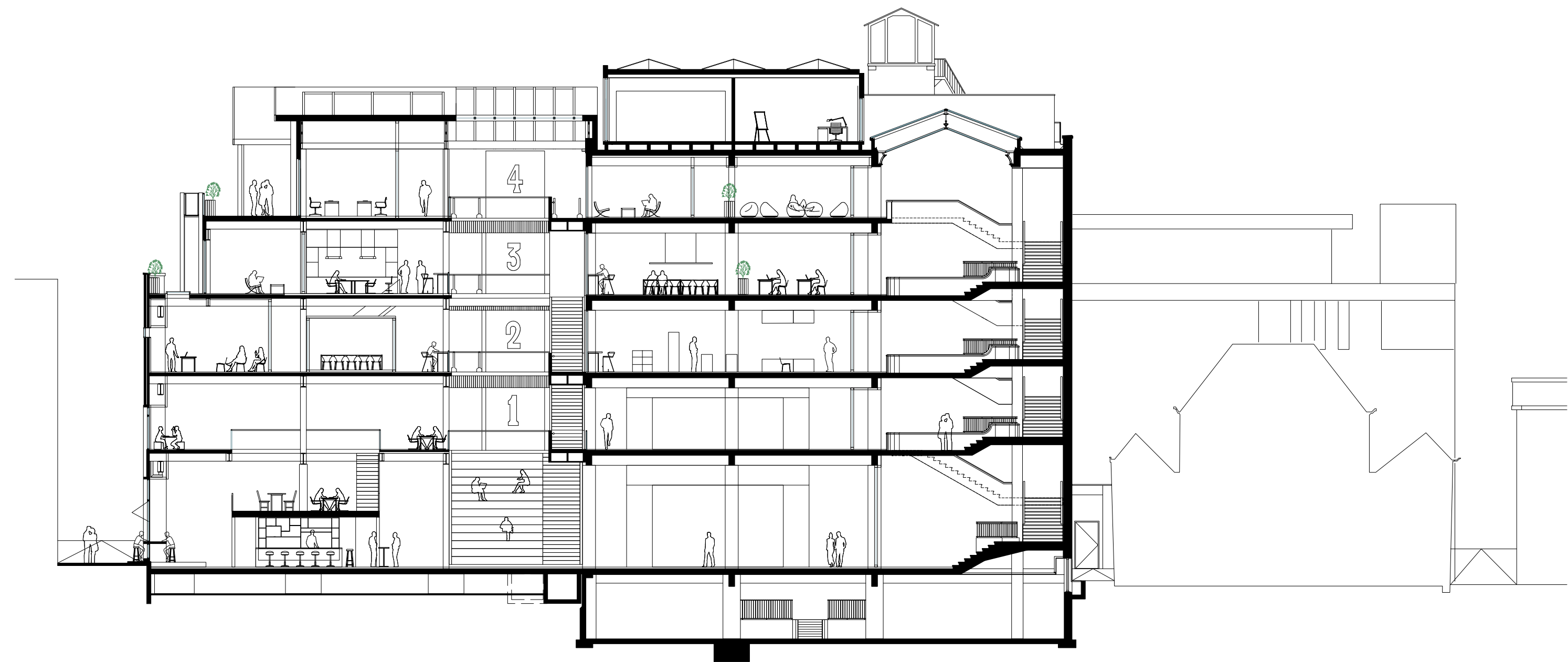


Recreational functions V0 & V1

	shop-in-shop retail	750 + 730 m2
	foodcourt	865 + 800 m2
	restaurant/bar	290 + 175 m2
	innovation galleries	210 + 340 m2
	logistic space	330 + m2

Section

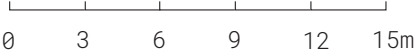
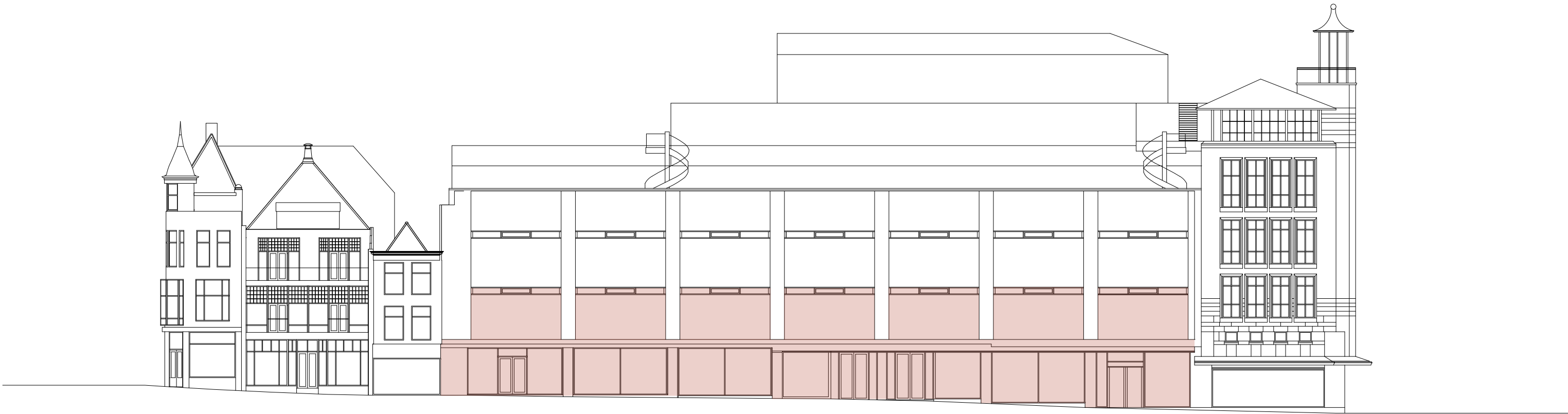
Cross section



0 2 4 6 8 10m

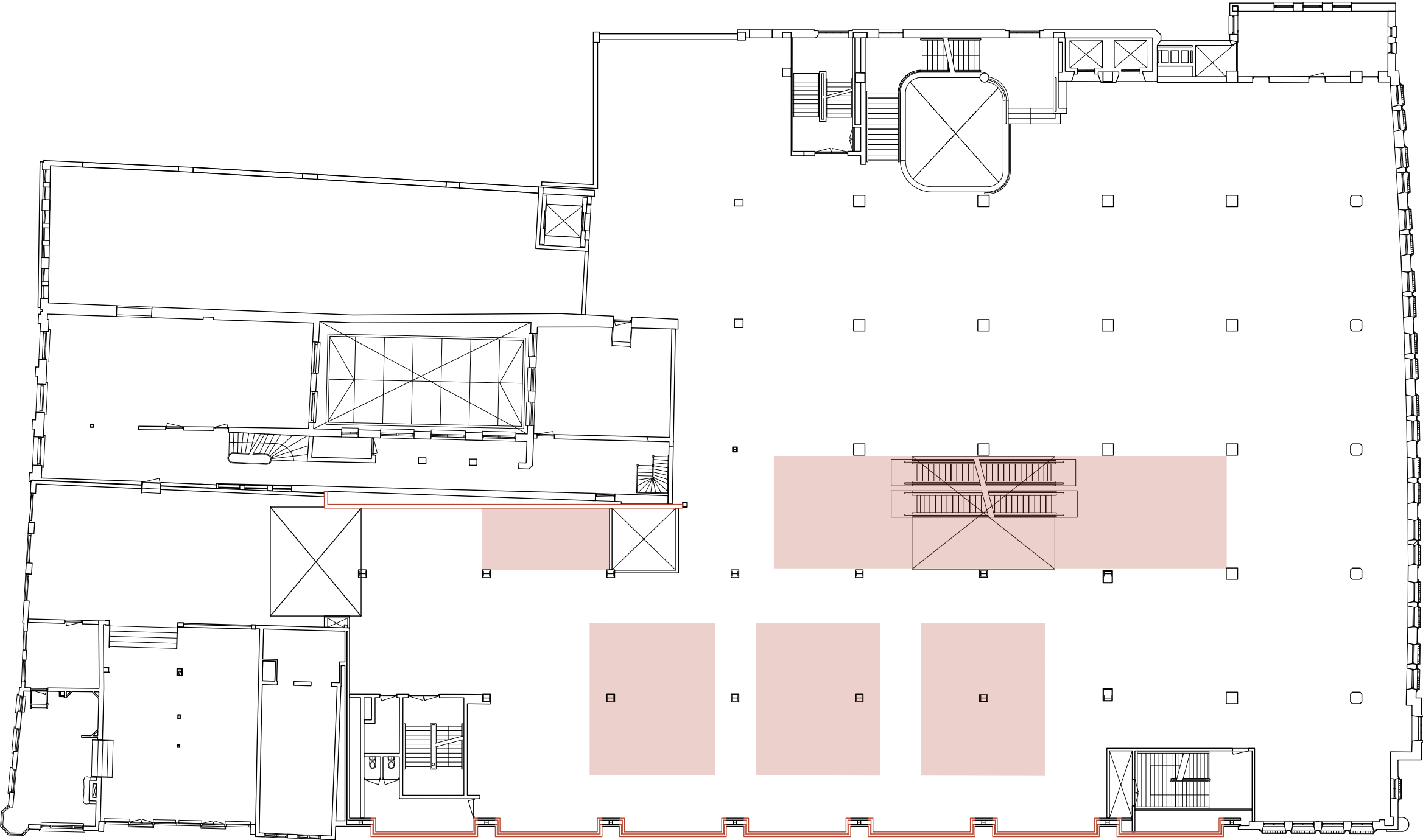
Demolition drawing

Facade Maarsmansteeg



Demolition drawing

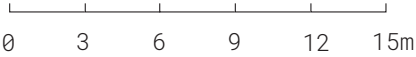
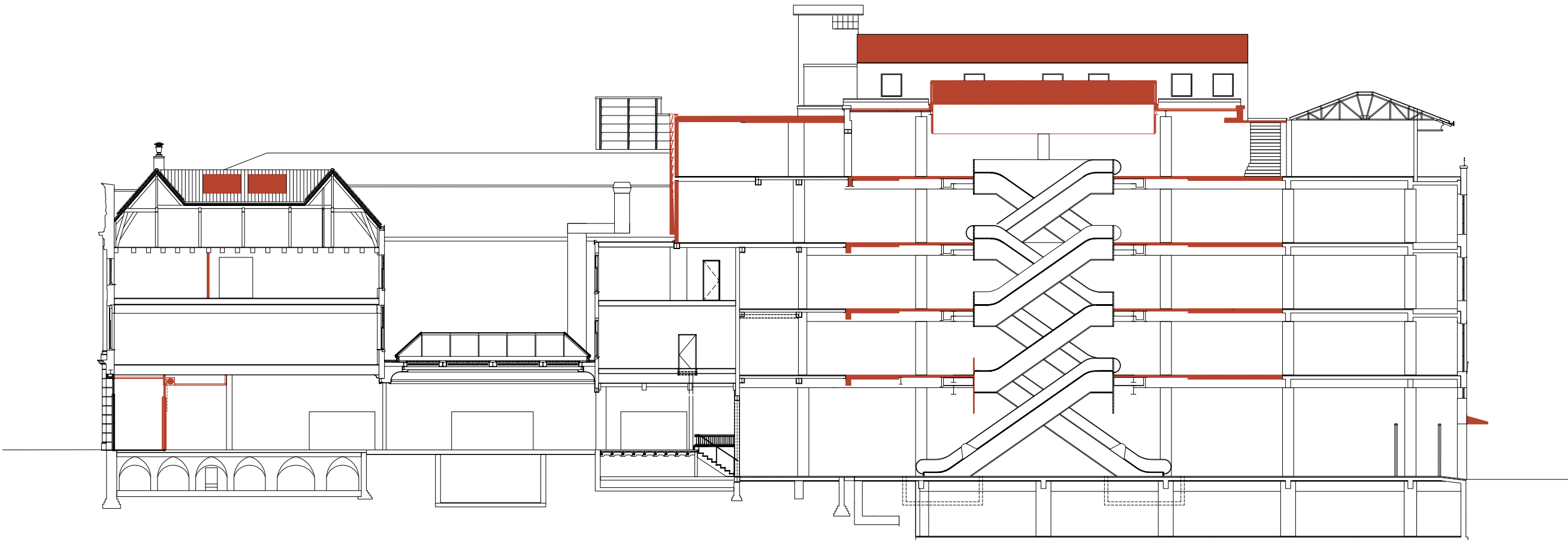
Representative floorplan - V1



0 3 6 9 12 15m

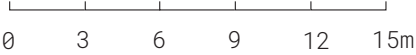
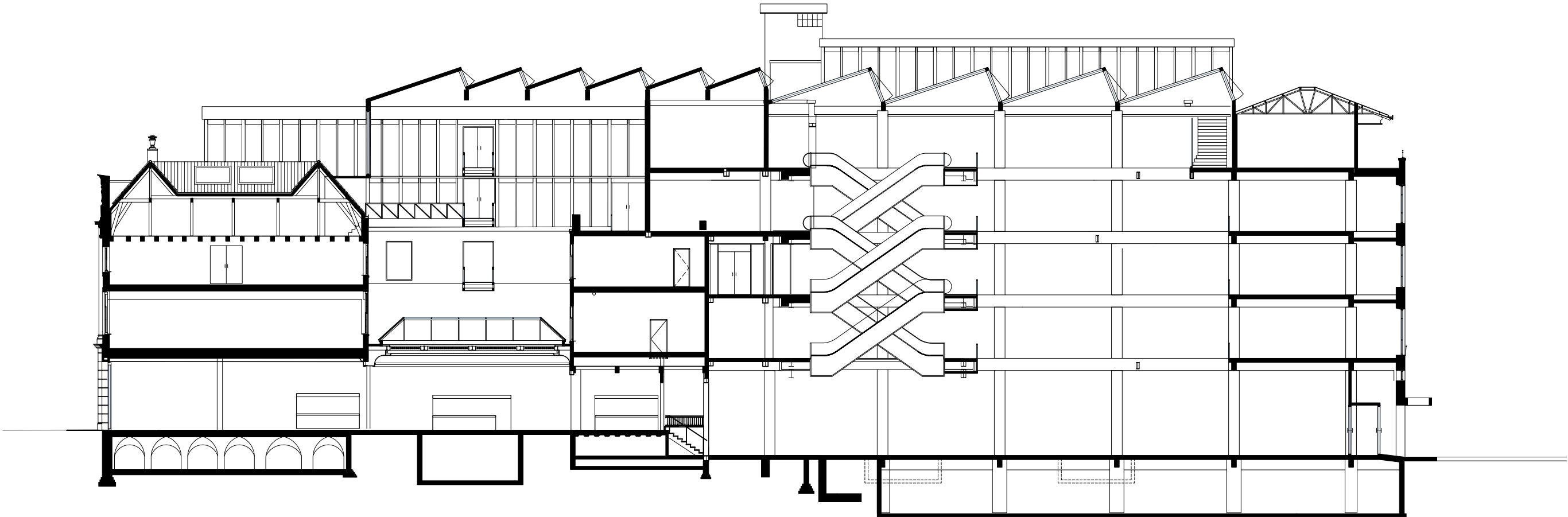
Demolition drawing

Representative section

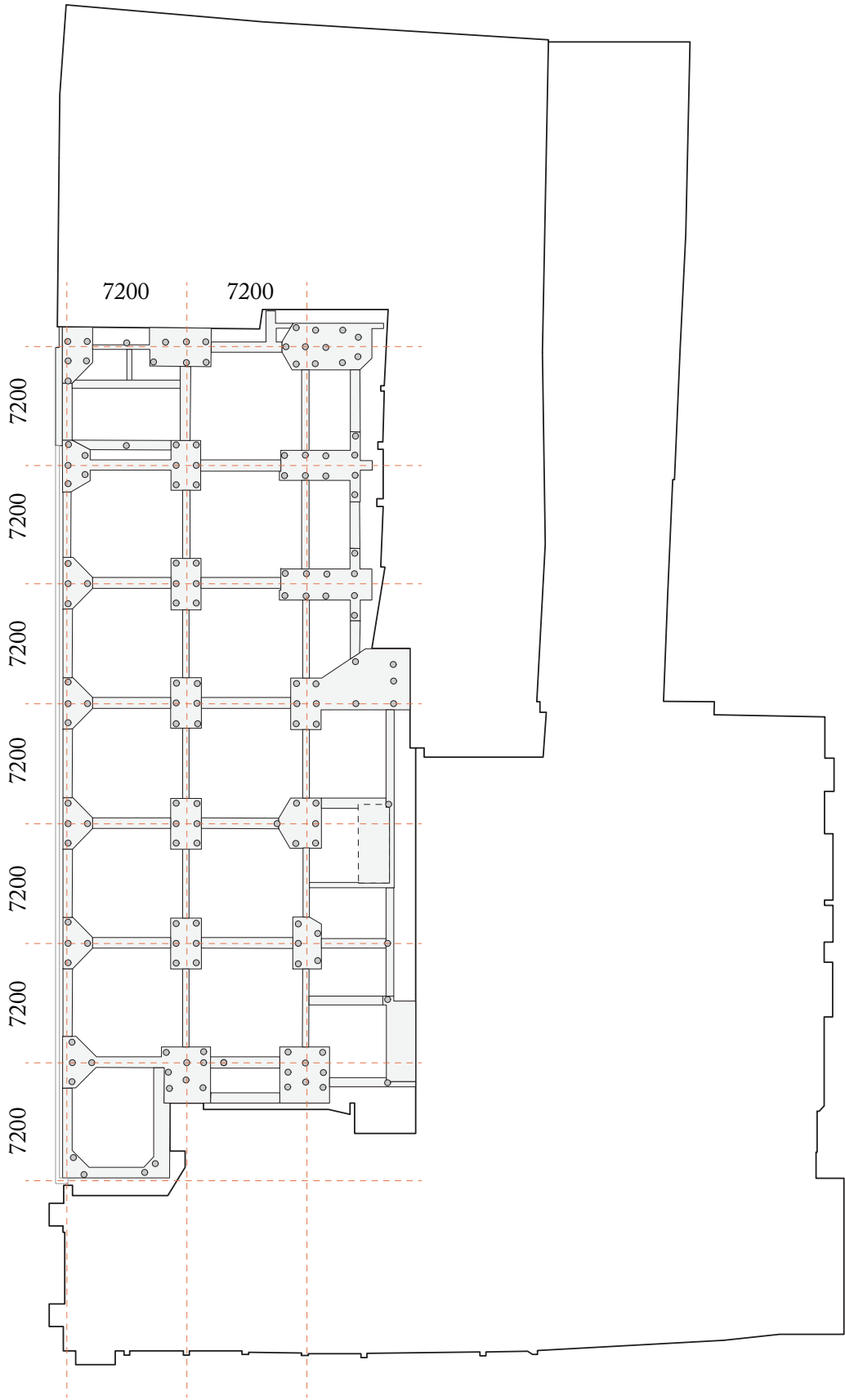
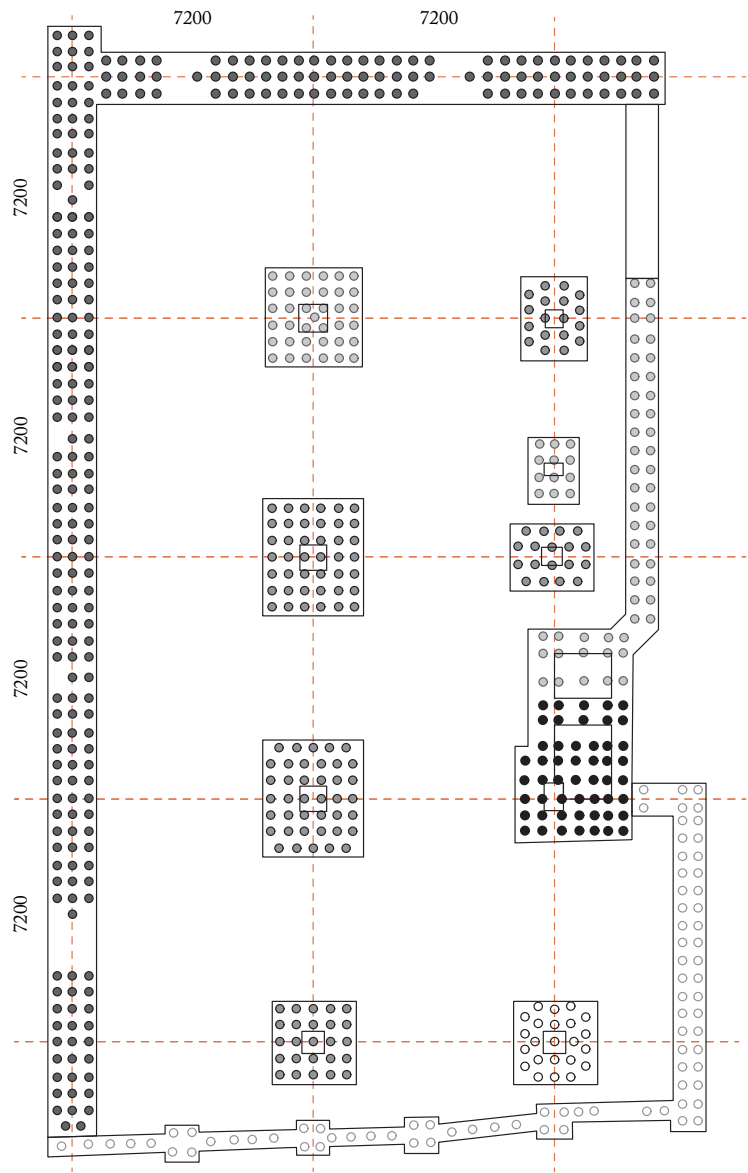


Future scenario

Section with removed interventions

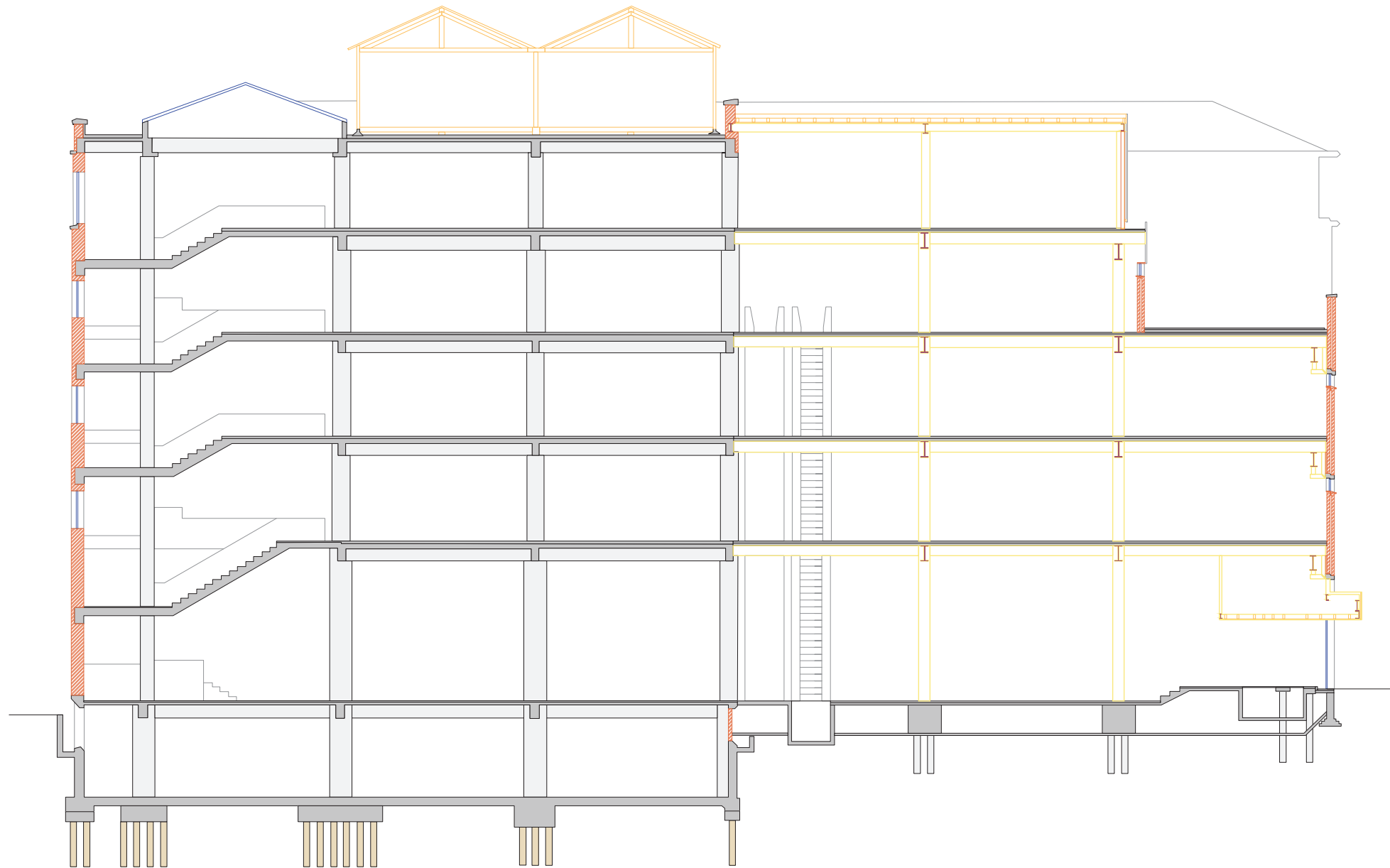


PART II Structure



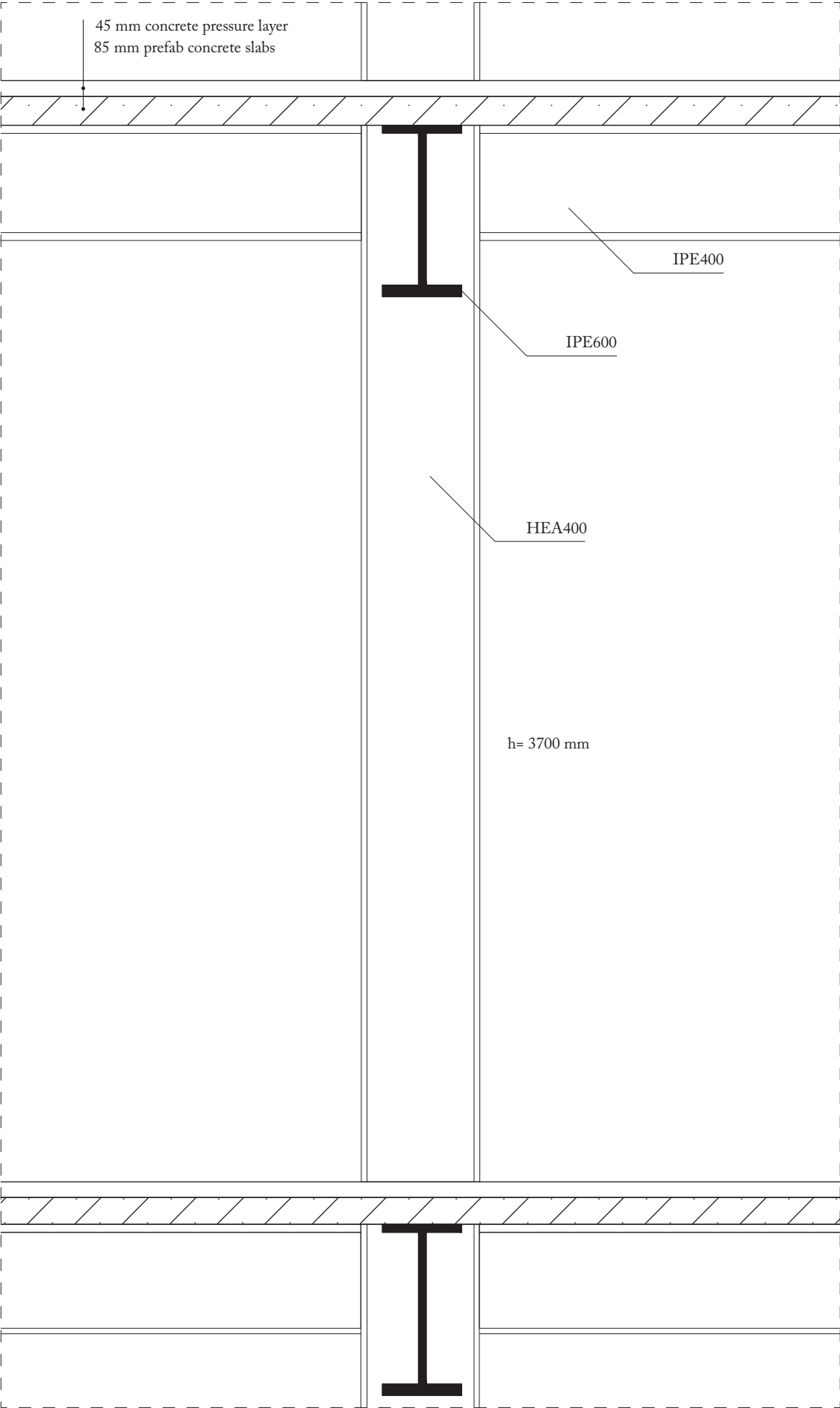
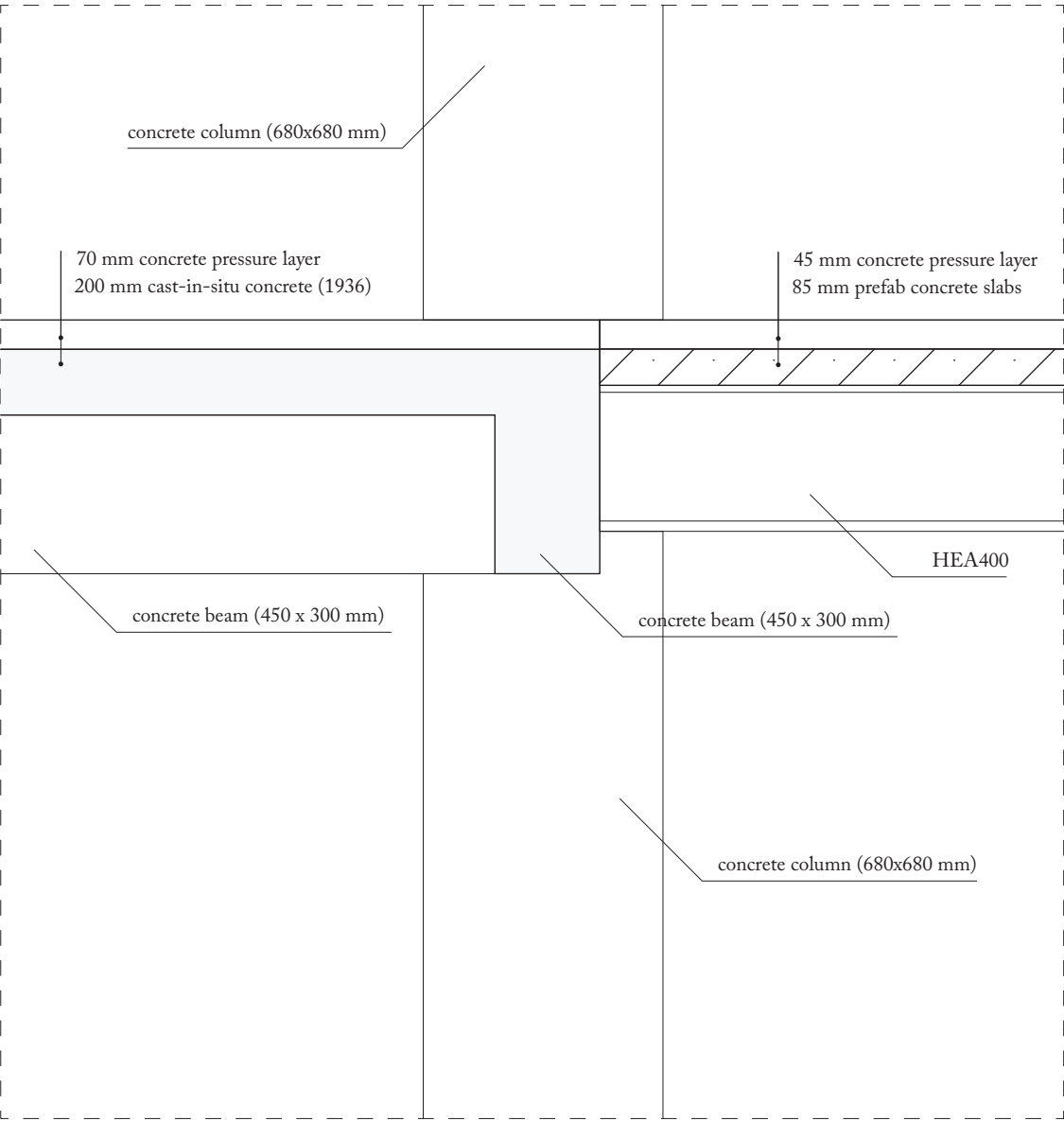
Analysis

Structure drawings of typical floorplans



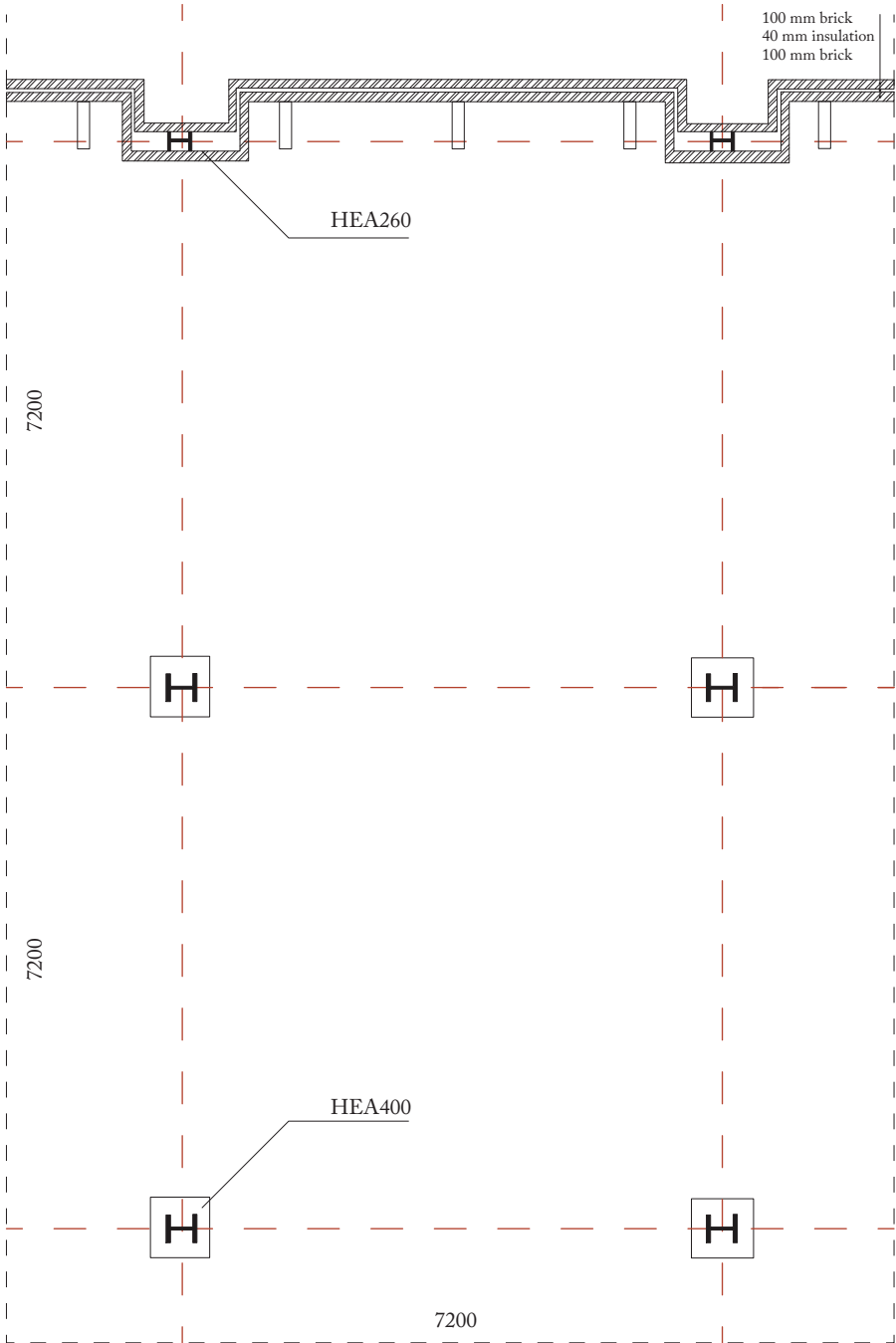
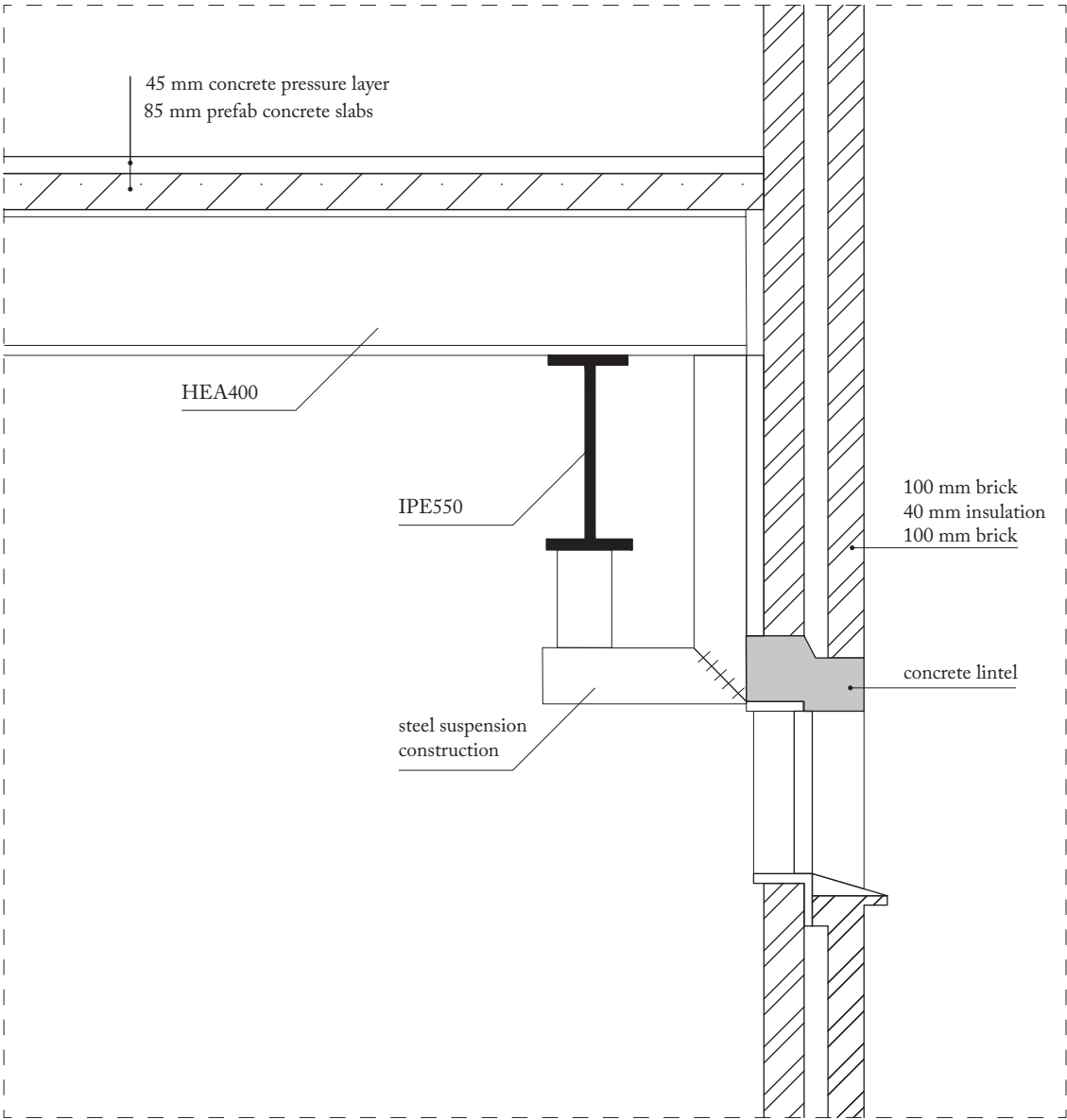
Analysis

Structure drawings of typical details



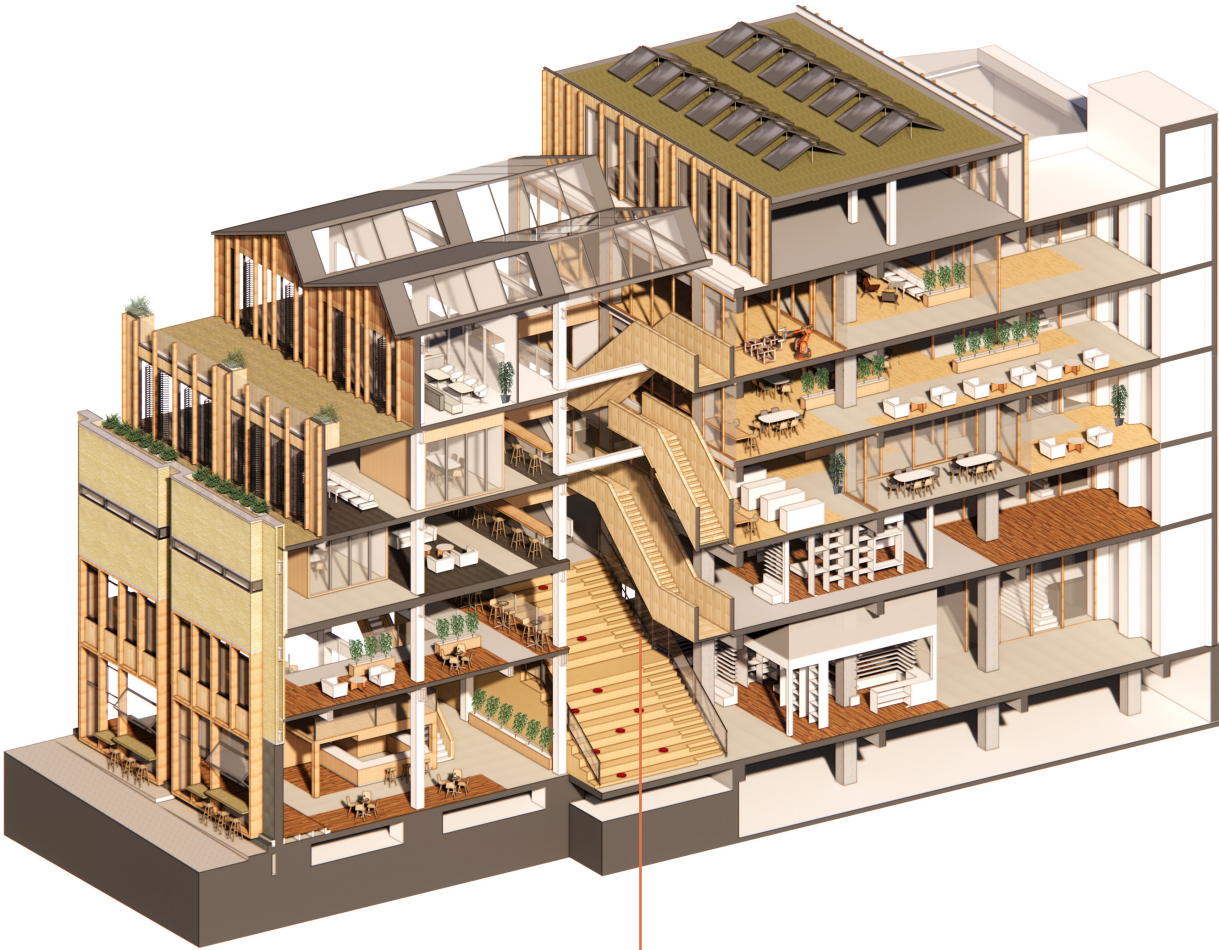
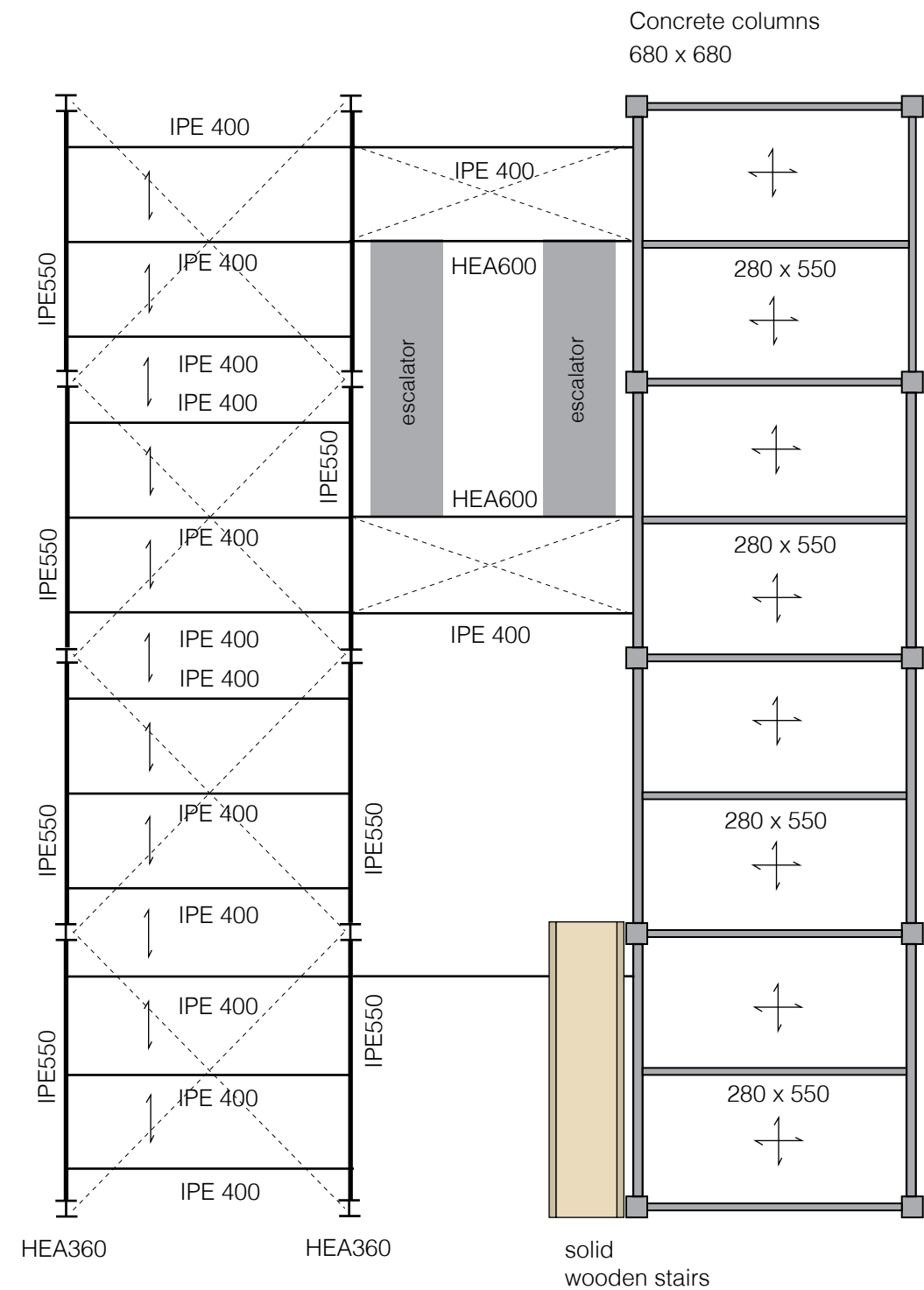
Analysis

Structure drawings of typical details



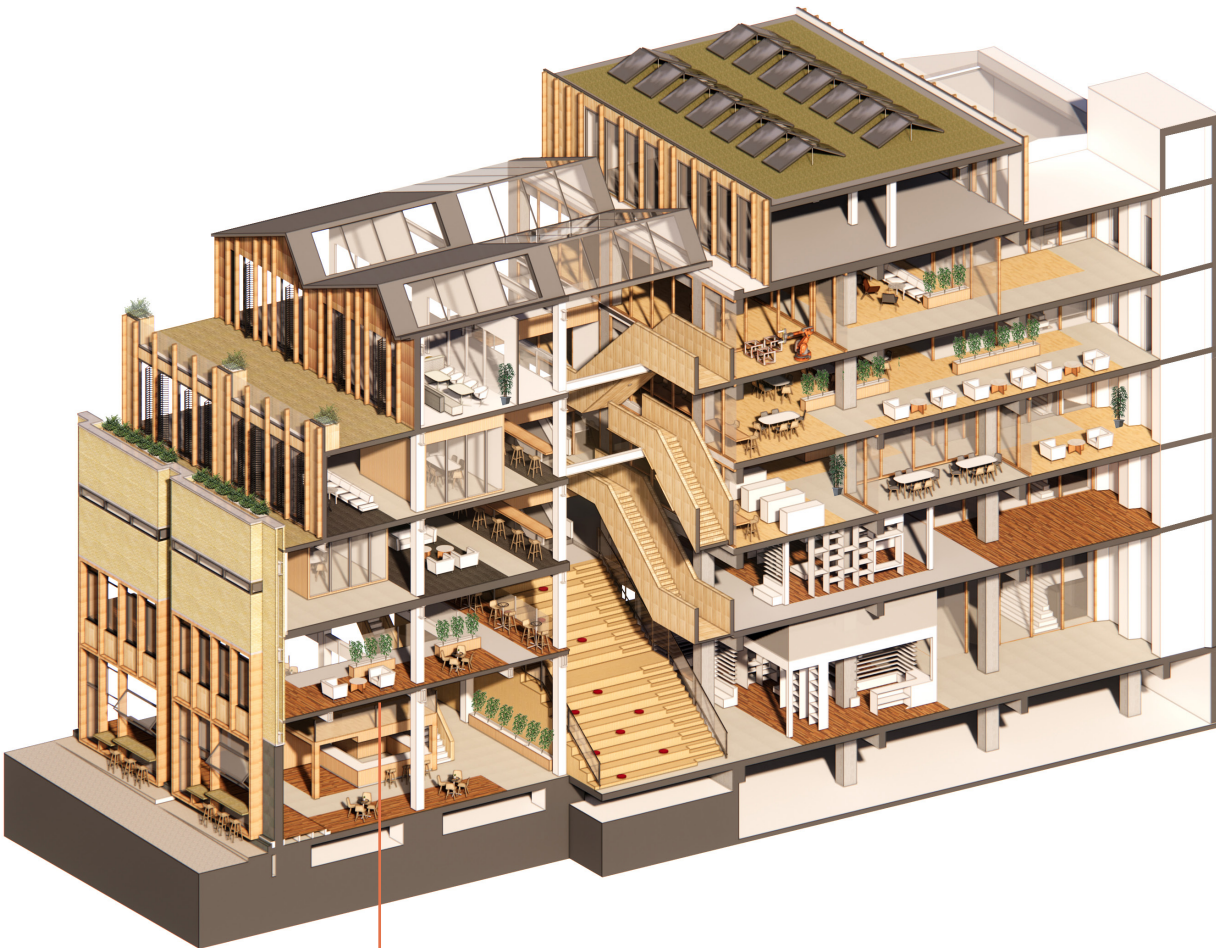
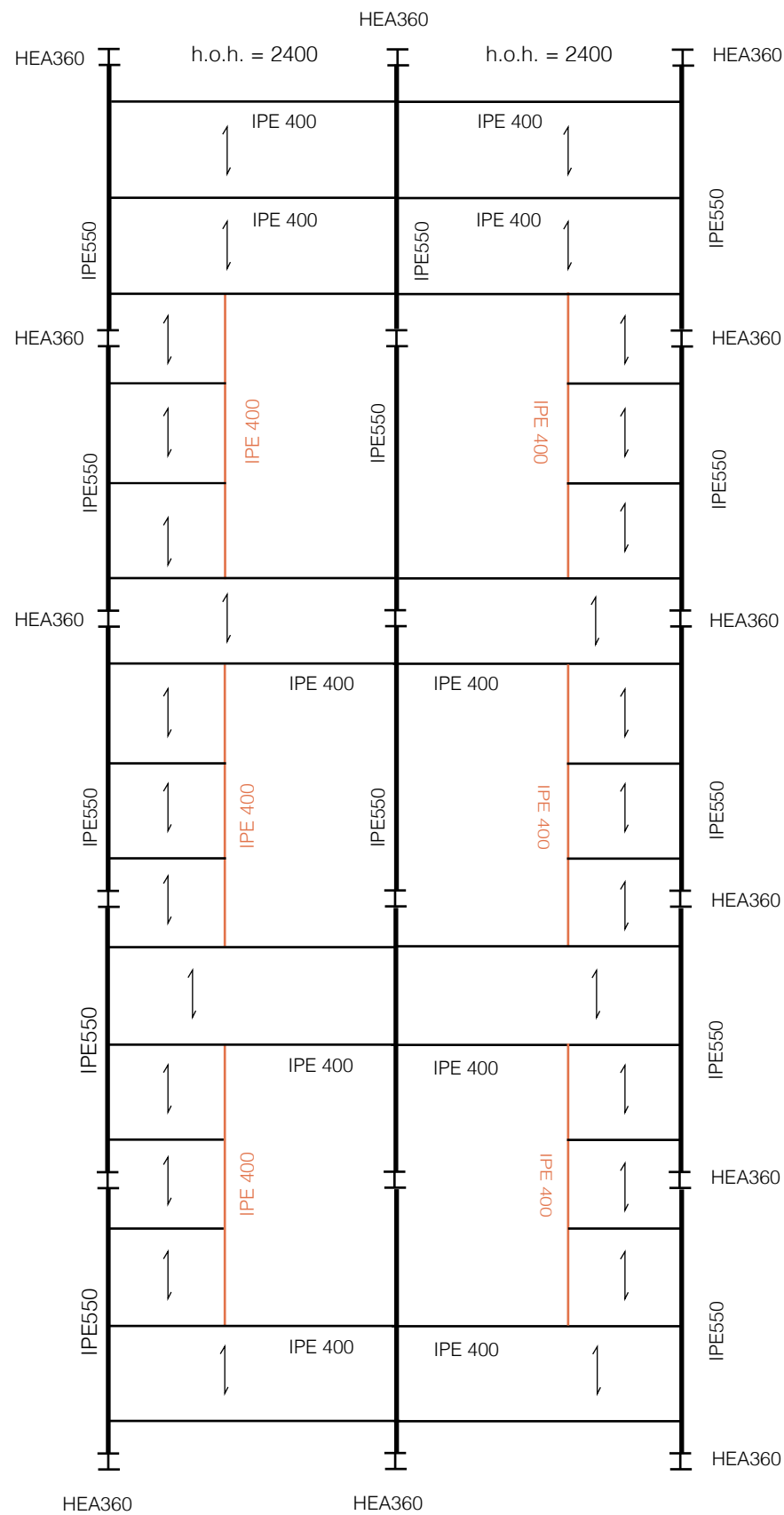
Construction principles

V1 - Vispoort atrium construction



Construction principles

V1 - Foodcourt construction

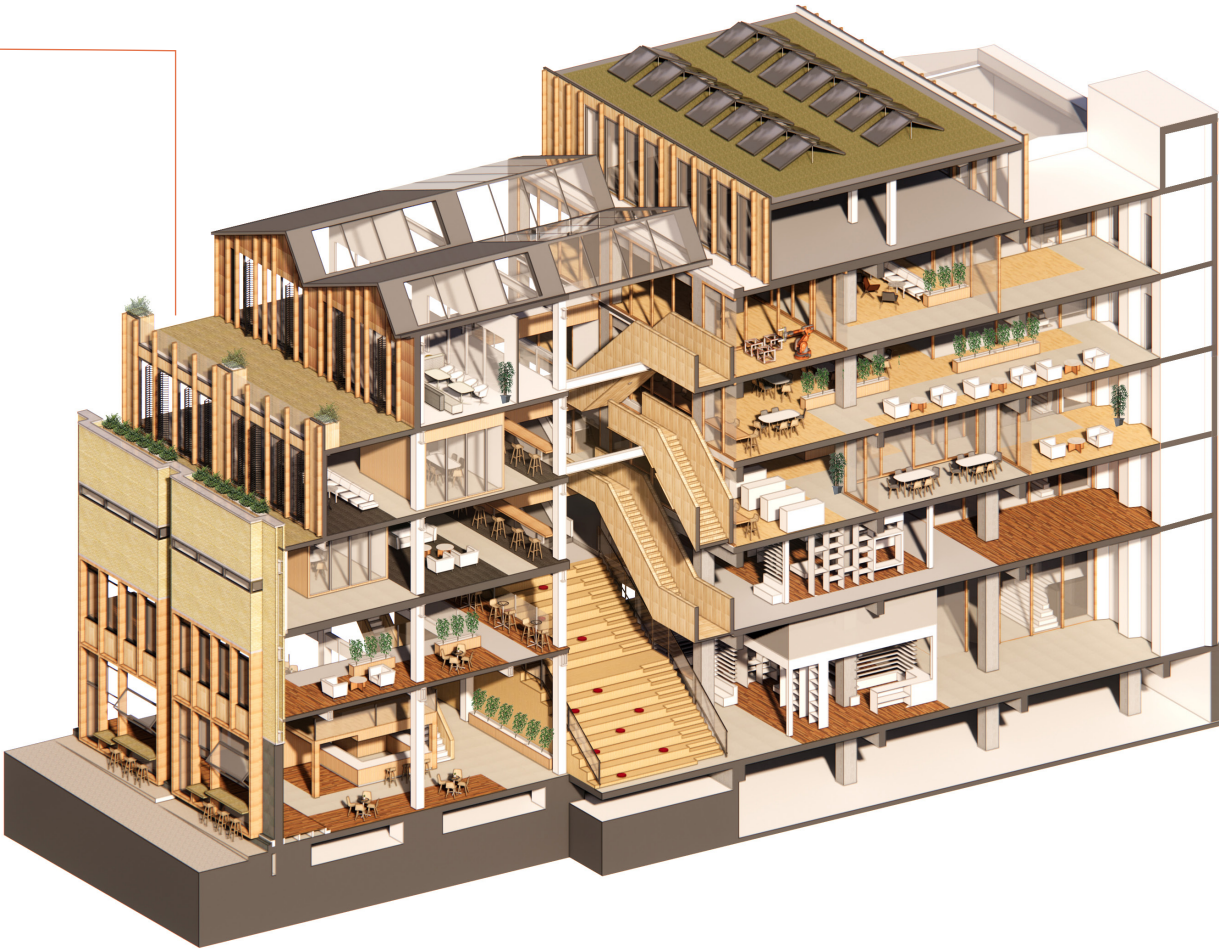
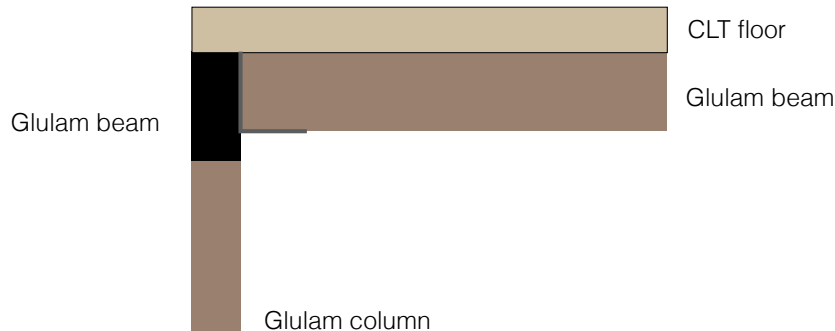
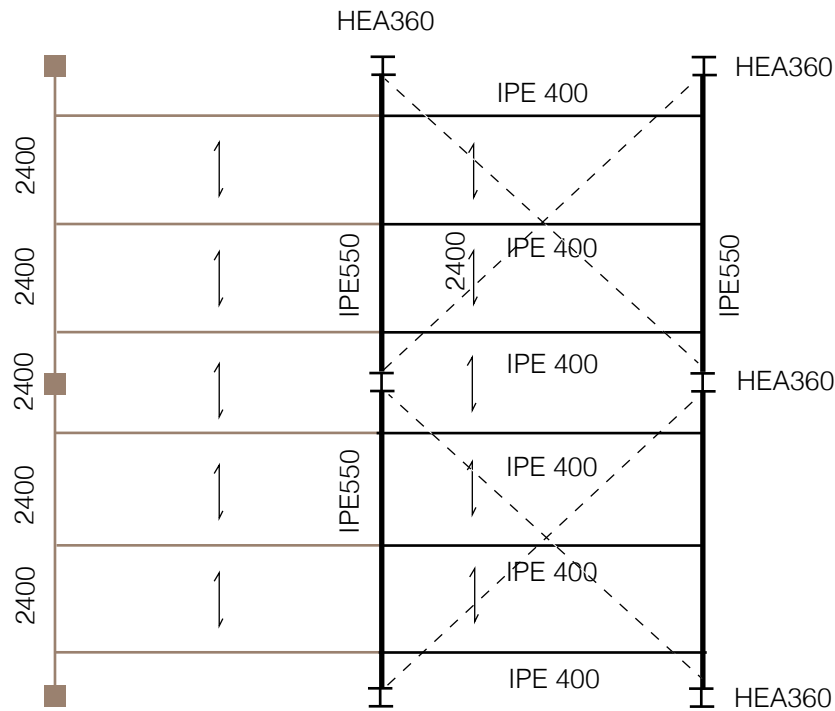


Construction principles

V3 - CLT additional construction

Constructie schema V3

h.o.h. = 2400



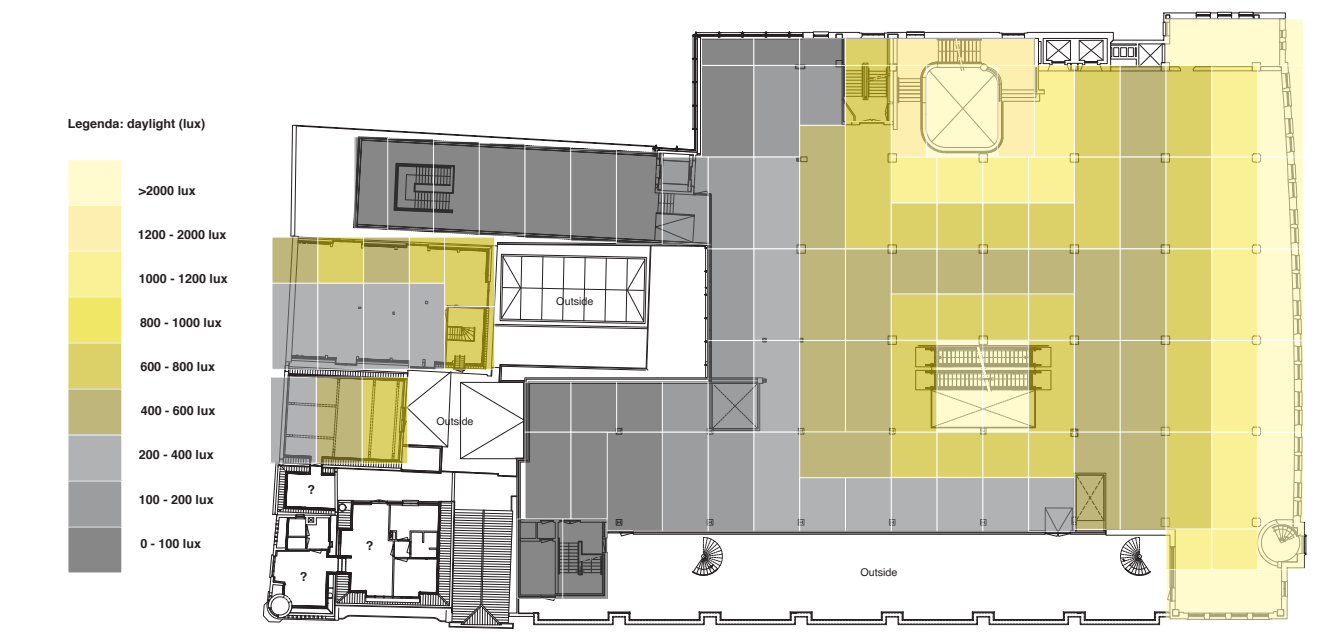
PART III Climate

Daylight

Analysis of daylight typical floors



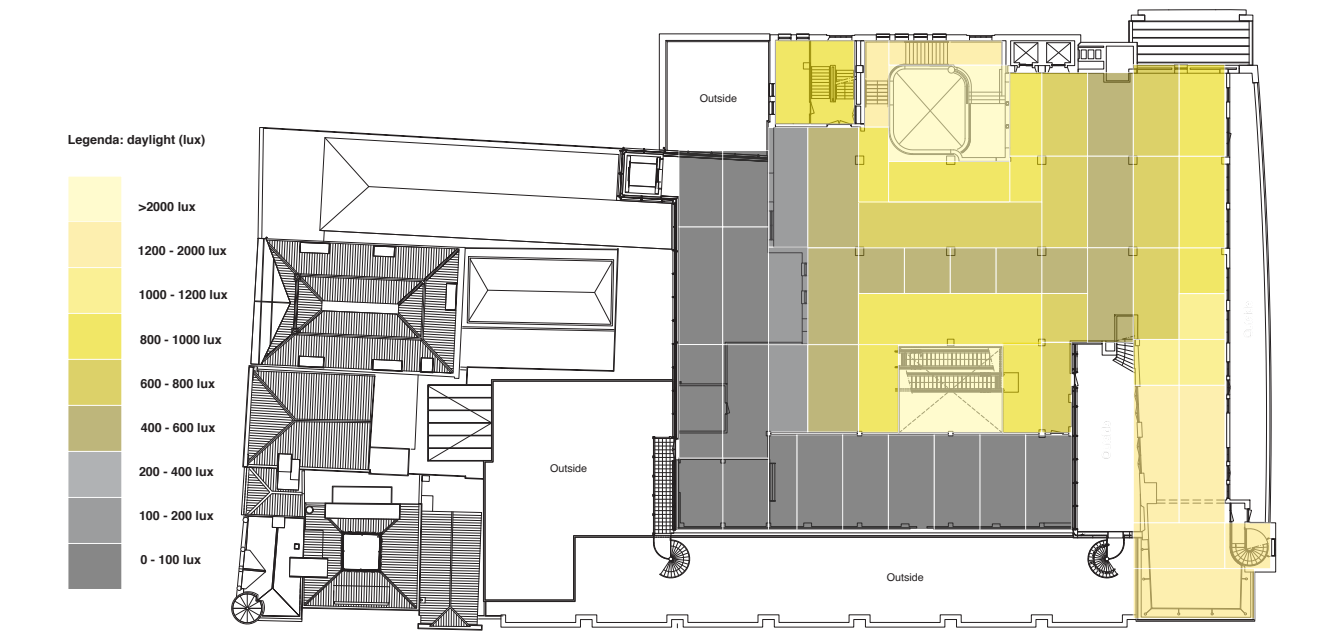
V1



V3



V2



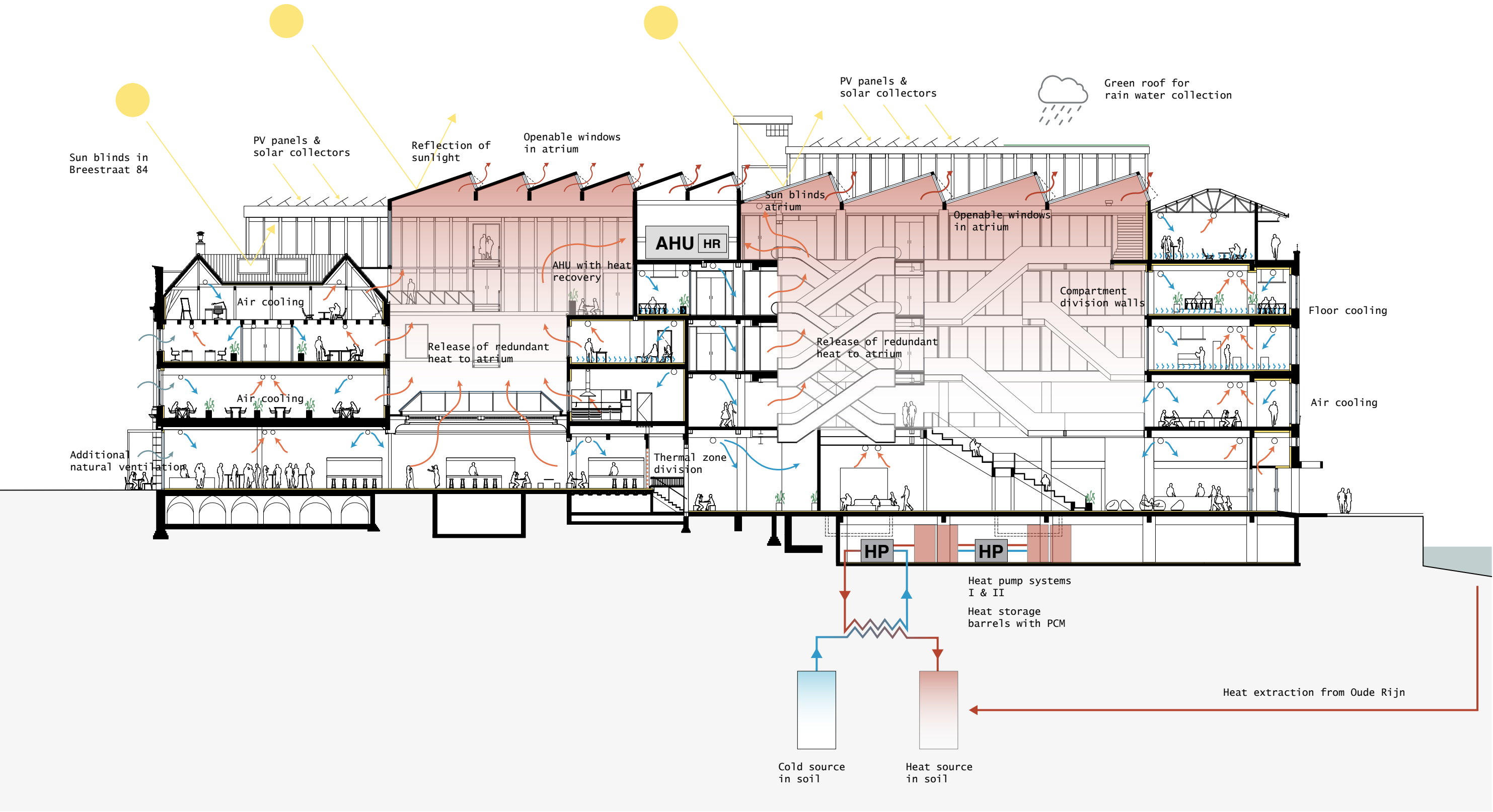
V4

Schaal 1:800

0 4 8 20m

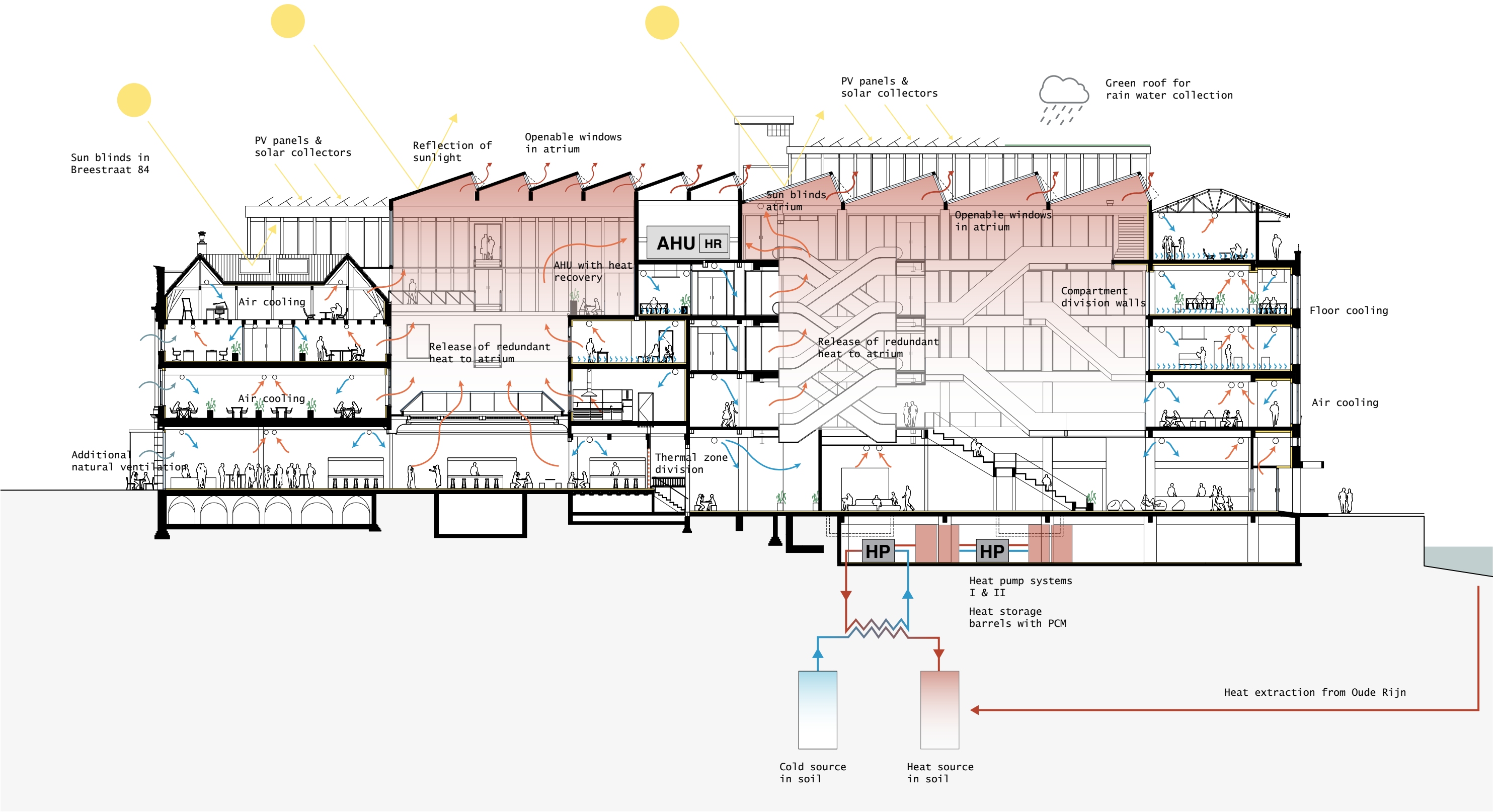
Climate

Climate section in summer



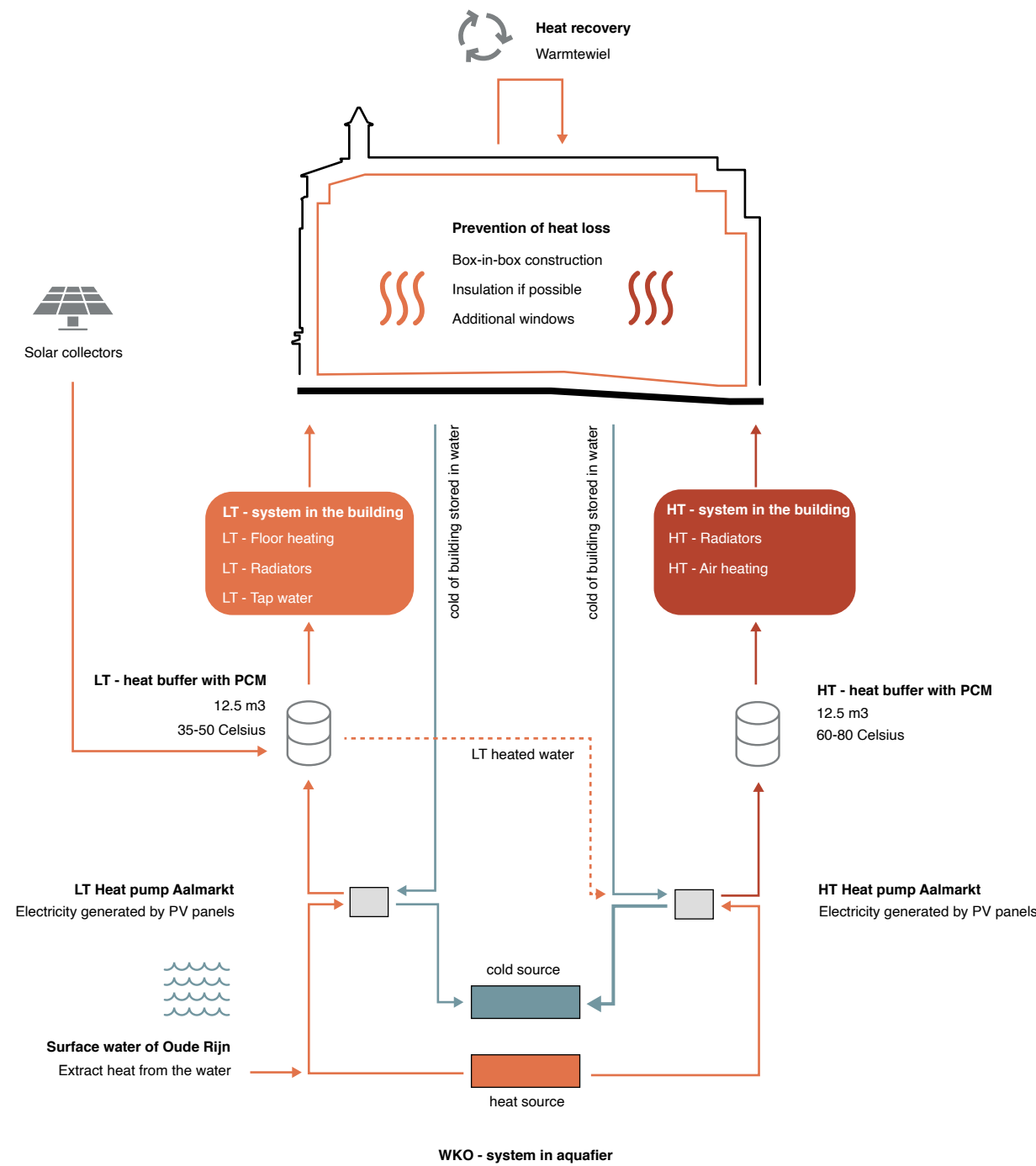
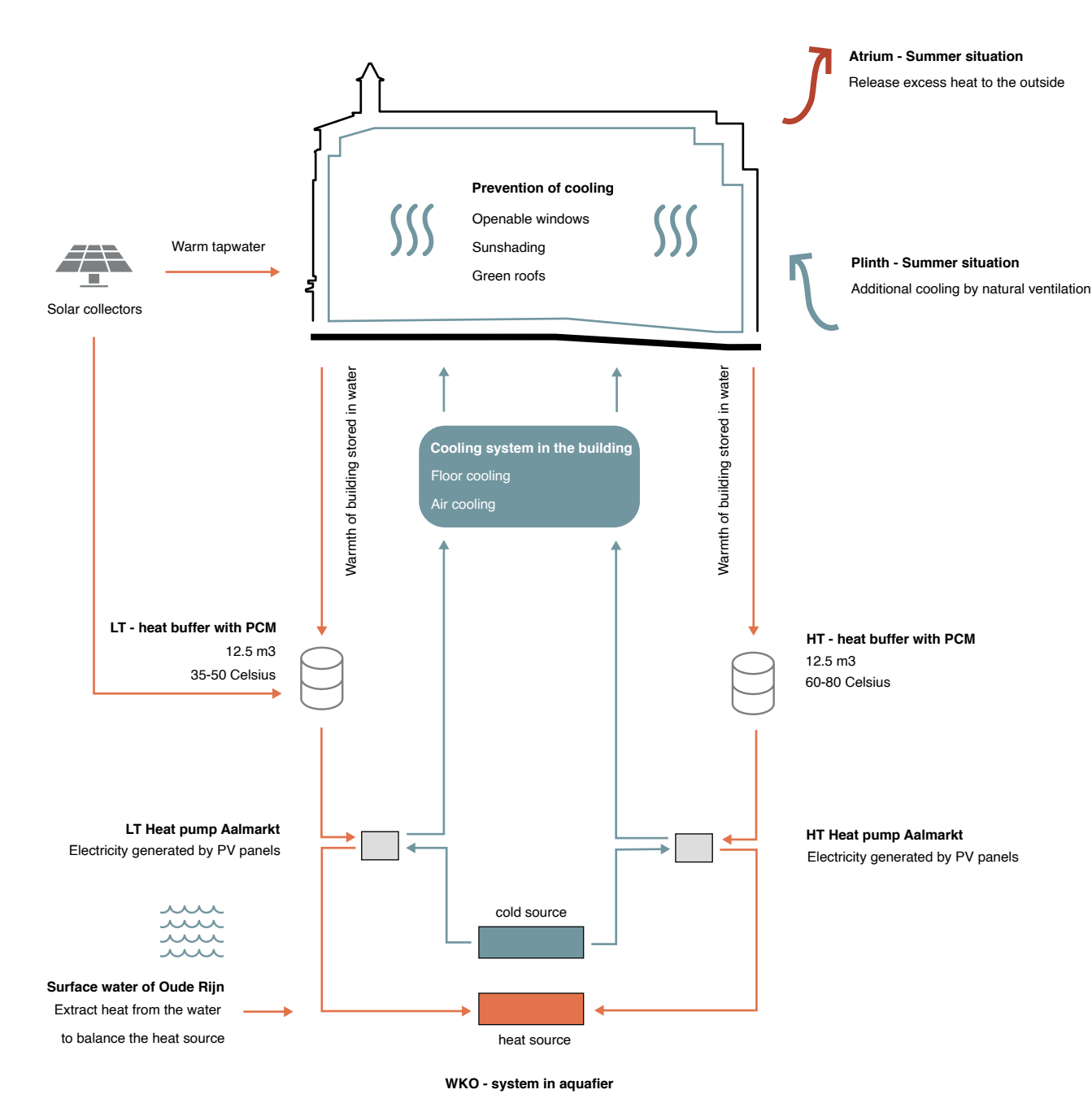
Climate

Climate section in winter



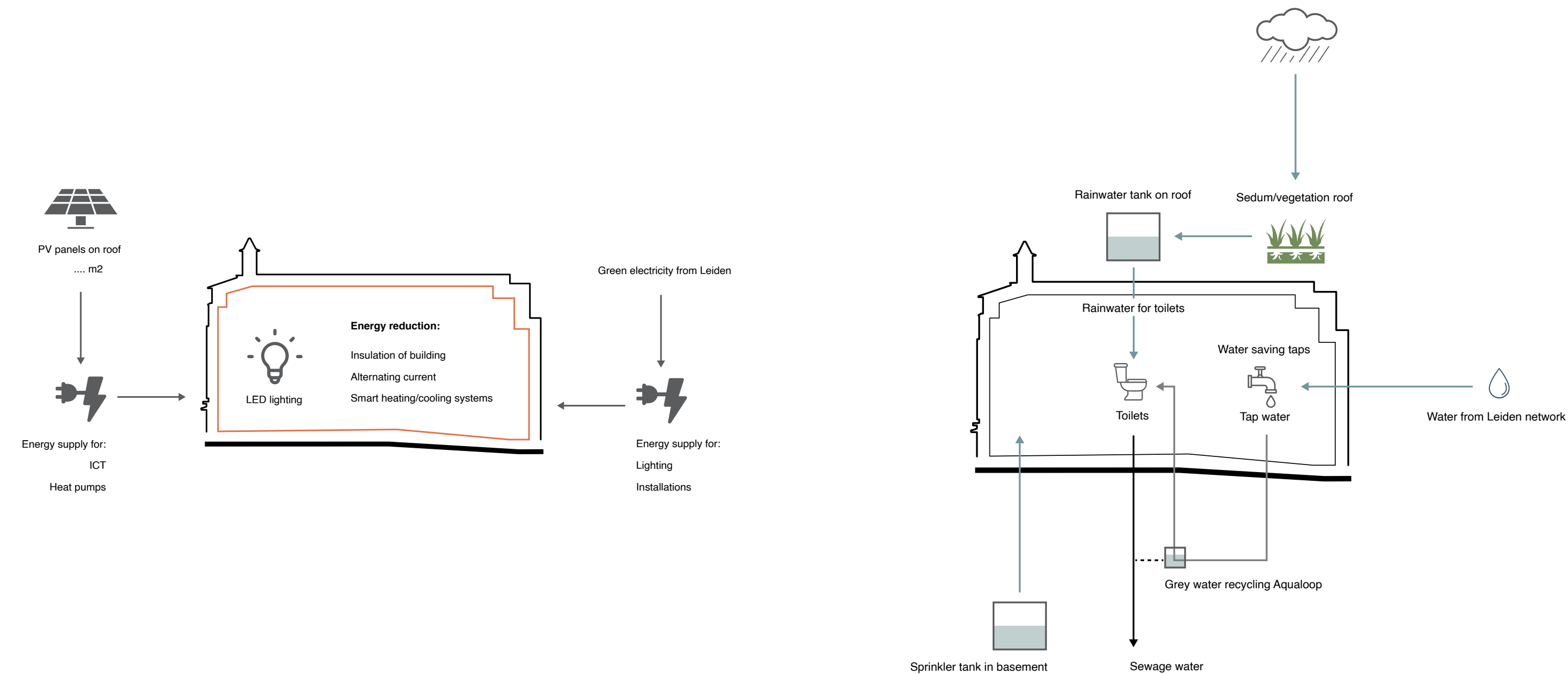
Heating & cooling

Concept scheme of heating/cooling in summer & winter



Water & energy

Concept scheme of water & energy



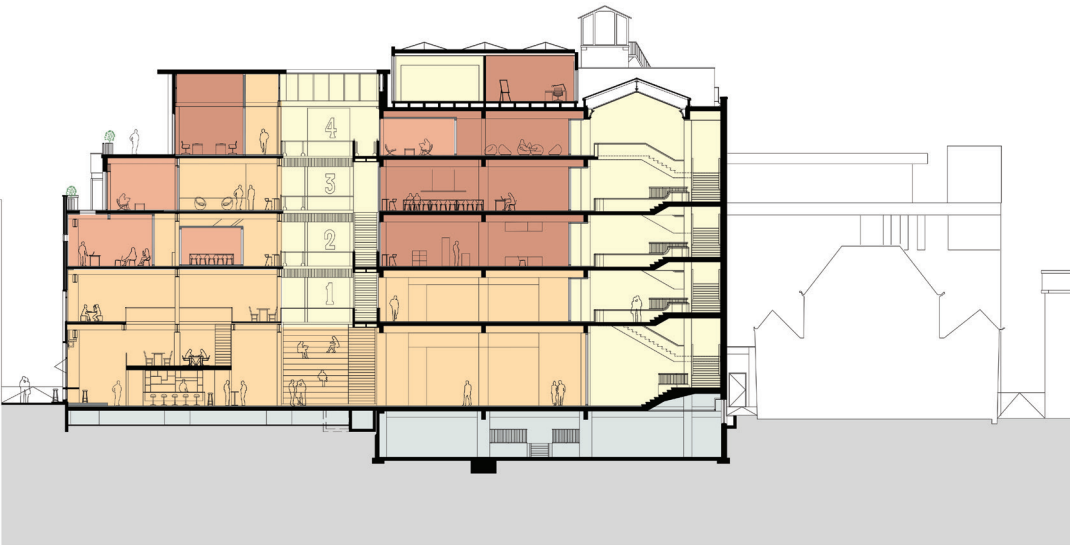
Thermal zones

Thermal zones in winter situation

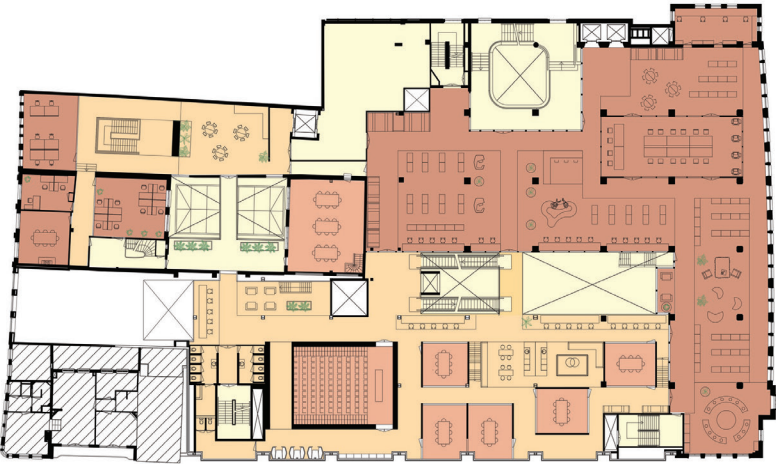
-10 to 15 Celsius
Varying outside temperature

- 21 Celsius - Closed spaces with constant use (library, studyplaces) (floor heating & LT radiators)
- 20 Celsius - Closed spaces with partly use (meeting rooms, workshoprooms) (floor heating, HT radiators & PCM ceiling)
- 18-20 Celsius - Open spaces with constant use, but lower temperature possible (air heating)
- 16-18 Celsius - No heating necessary due to function as atrium/void/ storage or circulation space. Heated by residual heated air.
- 16 Celsius - No heating
Basement
- Exterior climate

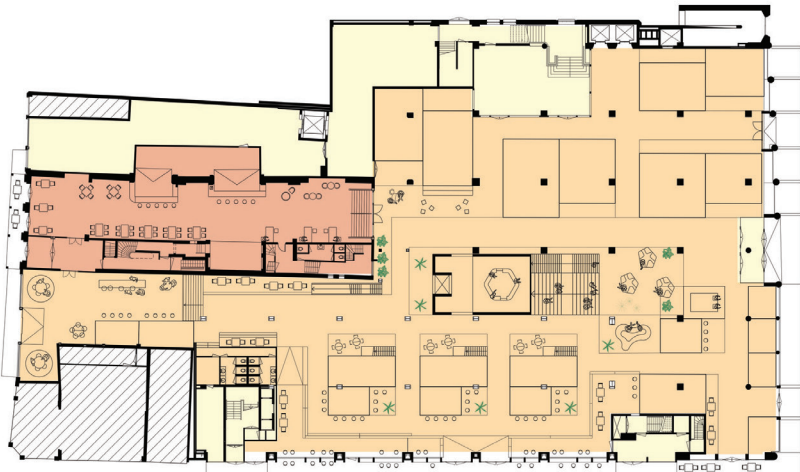
Cross section



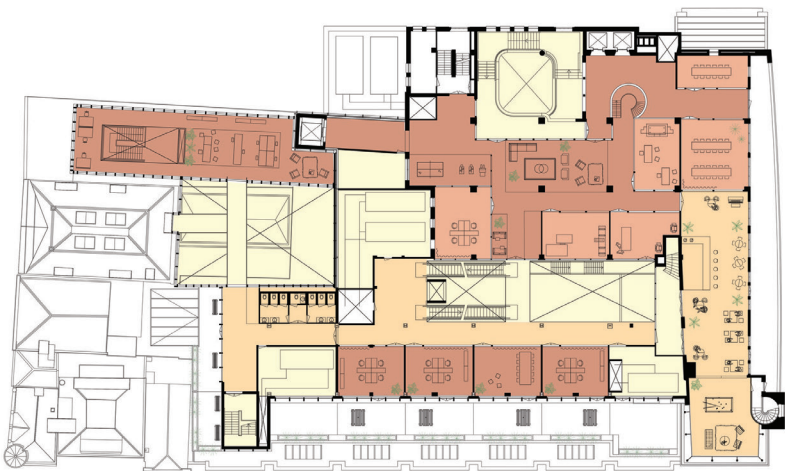
Floorplan V2



Floorplan V0



Floorplan V4

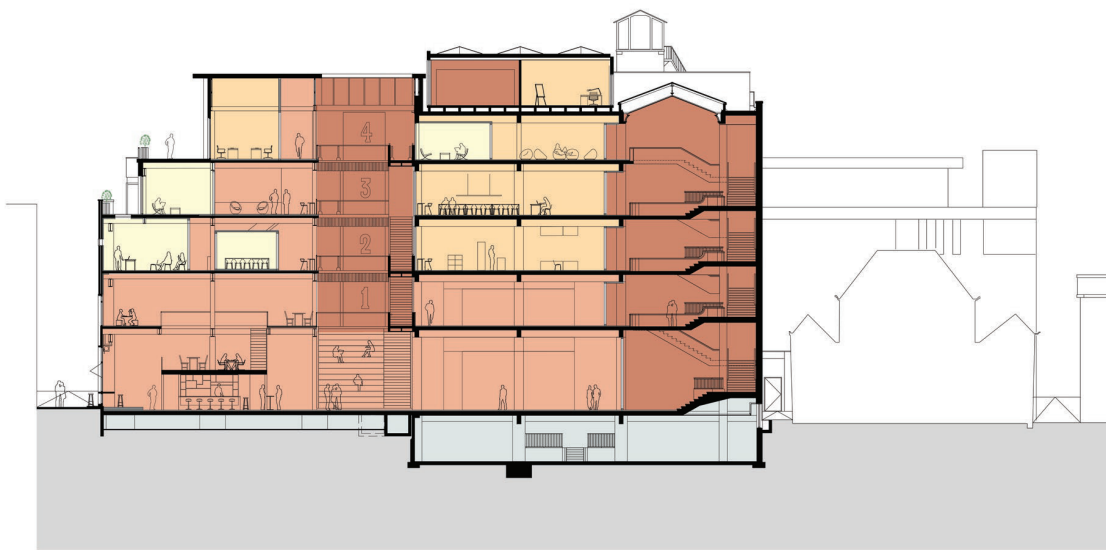


Thermal zones

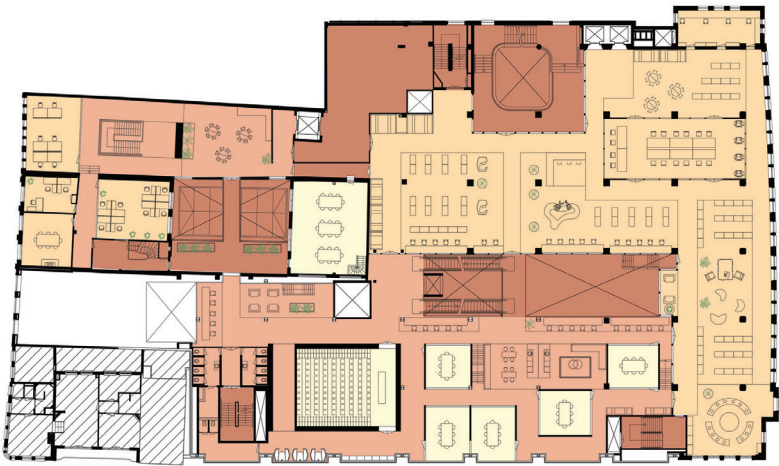
Thermal zones in summer situation

- 15 to 30 Celsius
Varying outside temperature
- 28-30 Celsius - Open circulation space/atrium. Cooling by openable windows
- 23-26 Celsius - Open spaces with constant use, but higher temperature possible (air cooling & openable windows)
- 22-25 Celsius - Closed spaces with constant use (library, studyplaces) (floor cooling + air cooling)
- 21-23 Celsius - Closed spaces with partly use (meeting rooms, lecture hall) (floor cooling, air cooling, PCM ceiling)
- Exterior climate

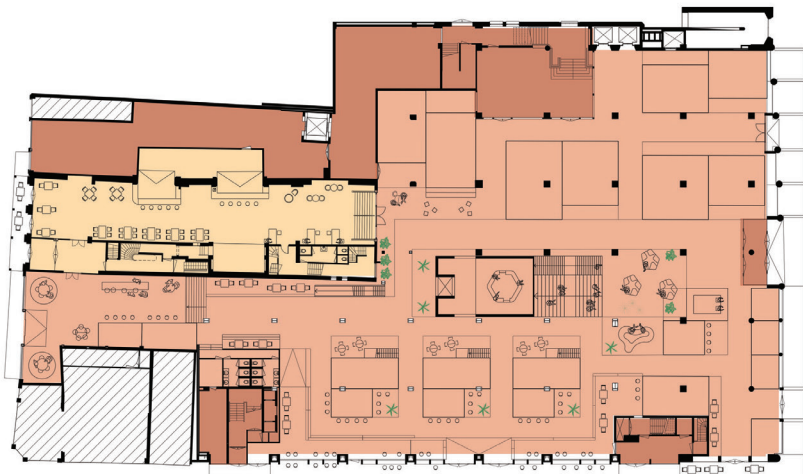
Cross section



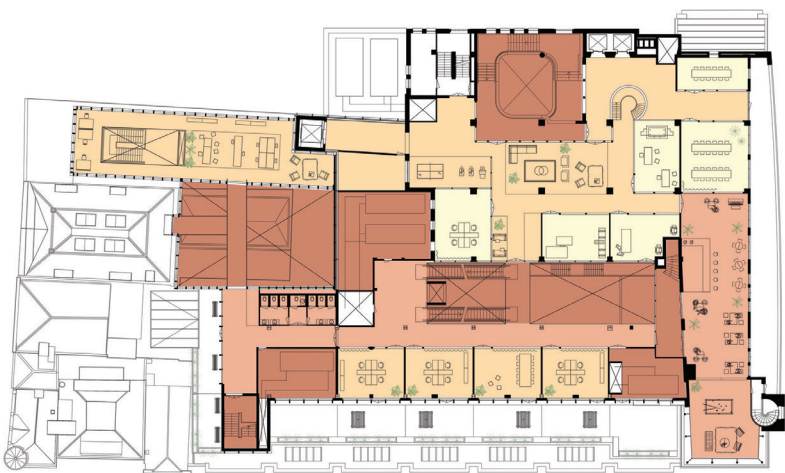
Floorplan V2



Floorplan V0

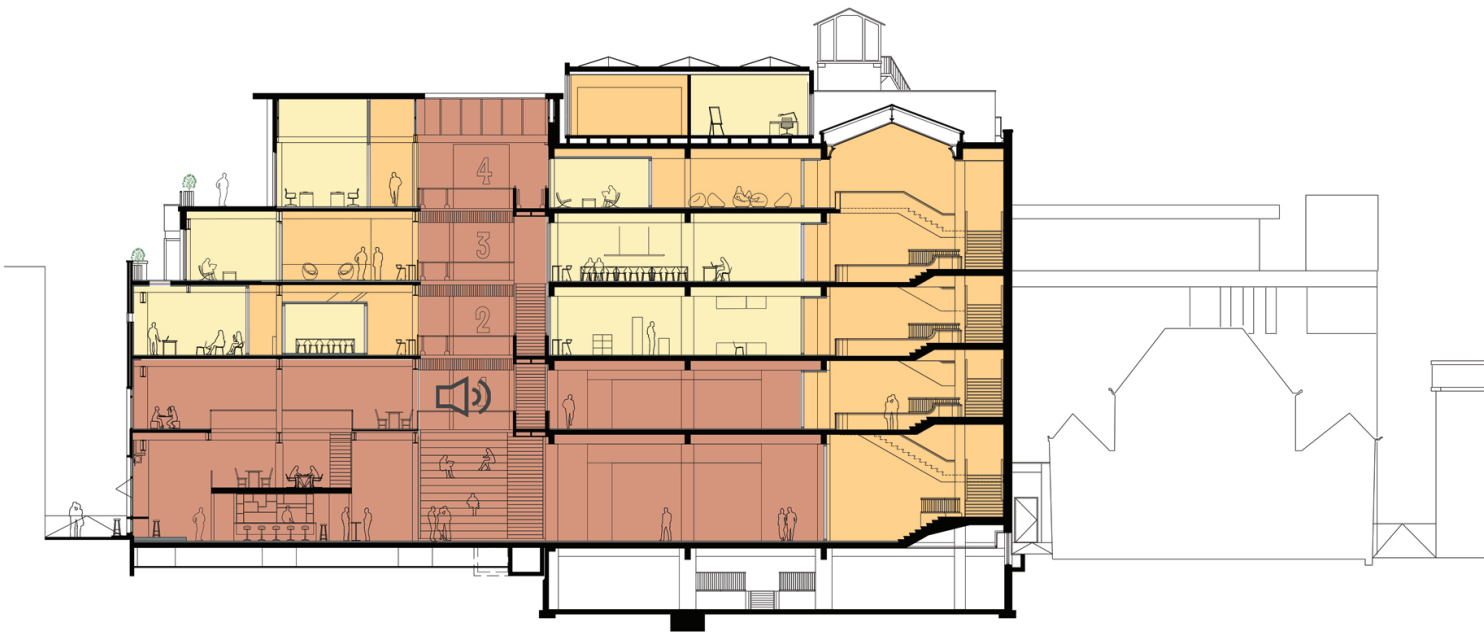


Floorplan V4

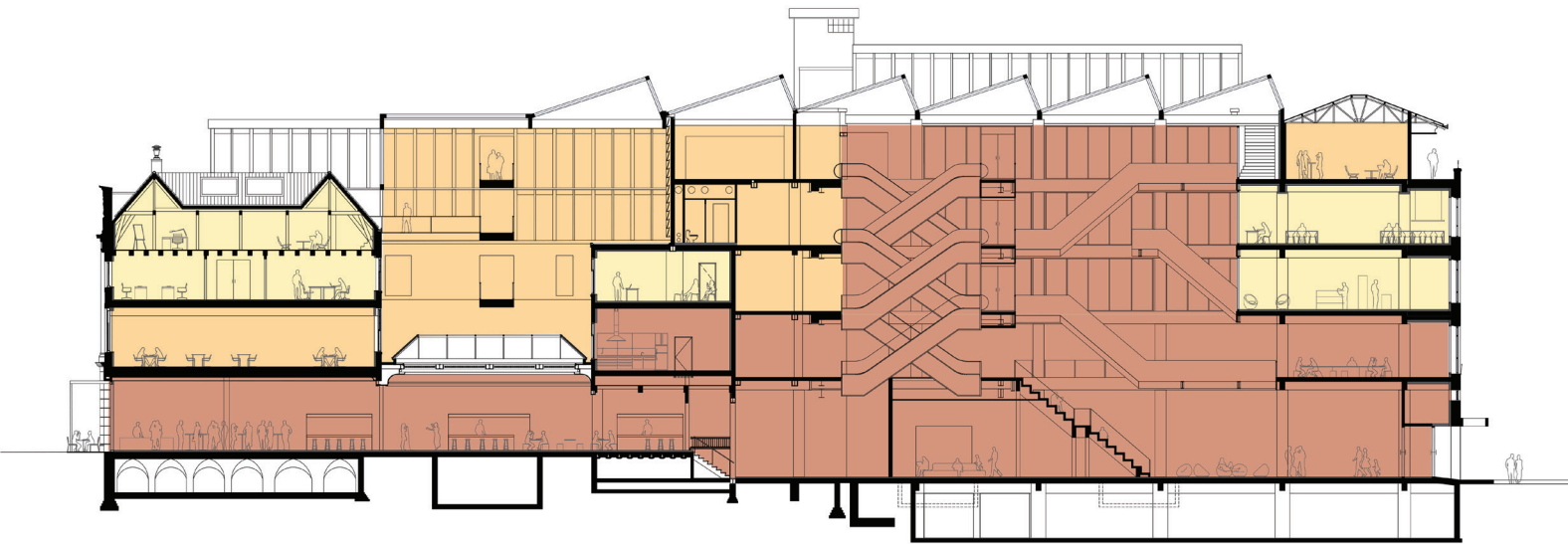


Acoustic zones

Acoustic zones in section



Cross section



Long section

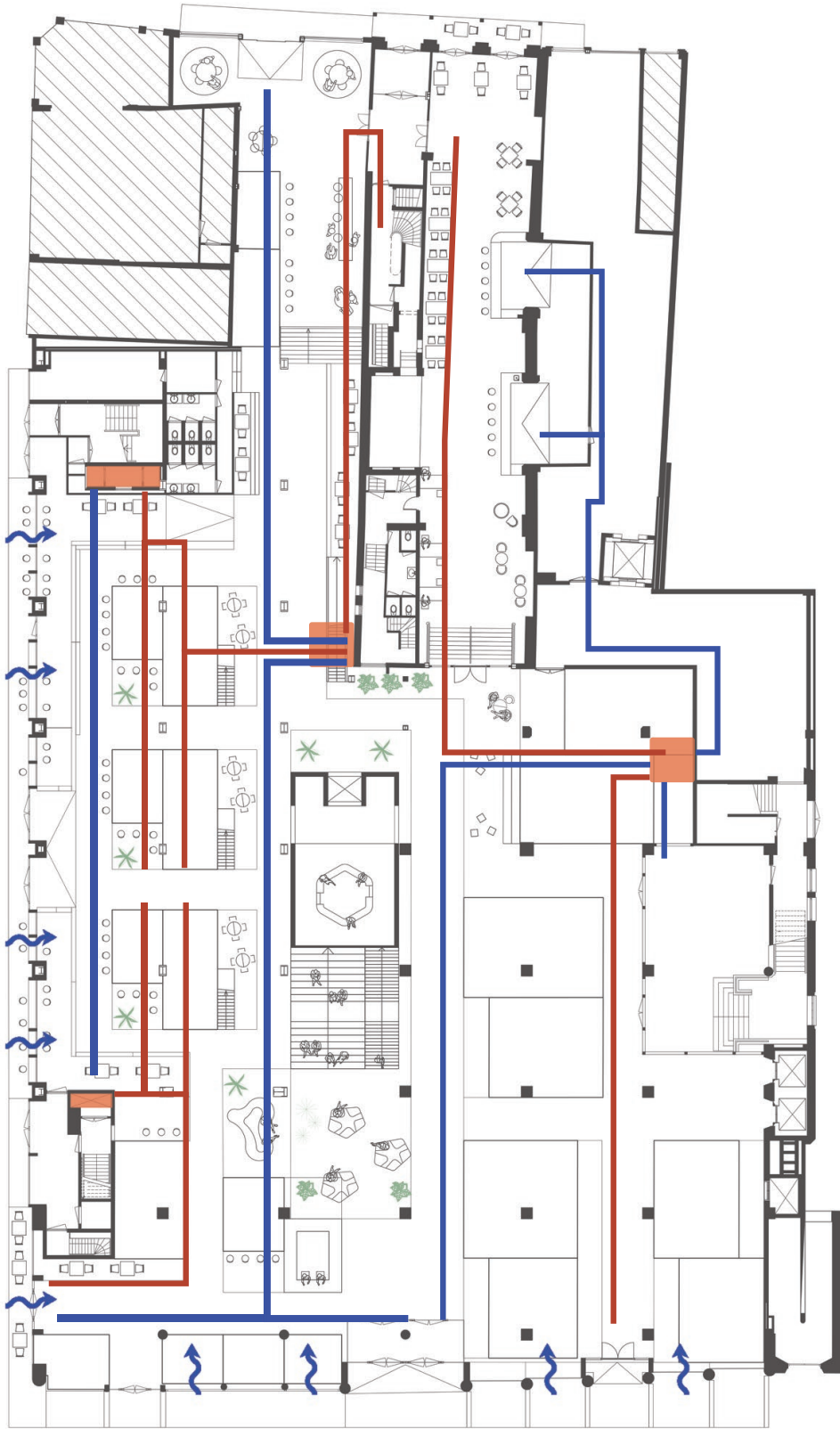
- Noisy zone
- Mix of noisy- and more quiet zones
- Quiet zone

Schaal 1:400

0 4 8 12 14 20m

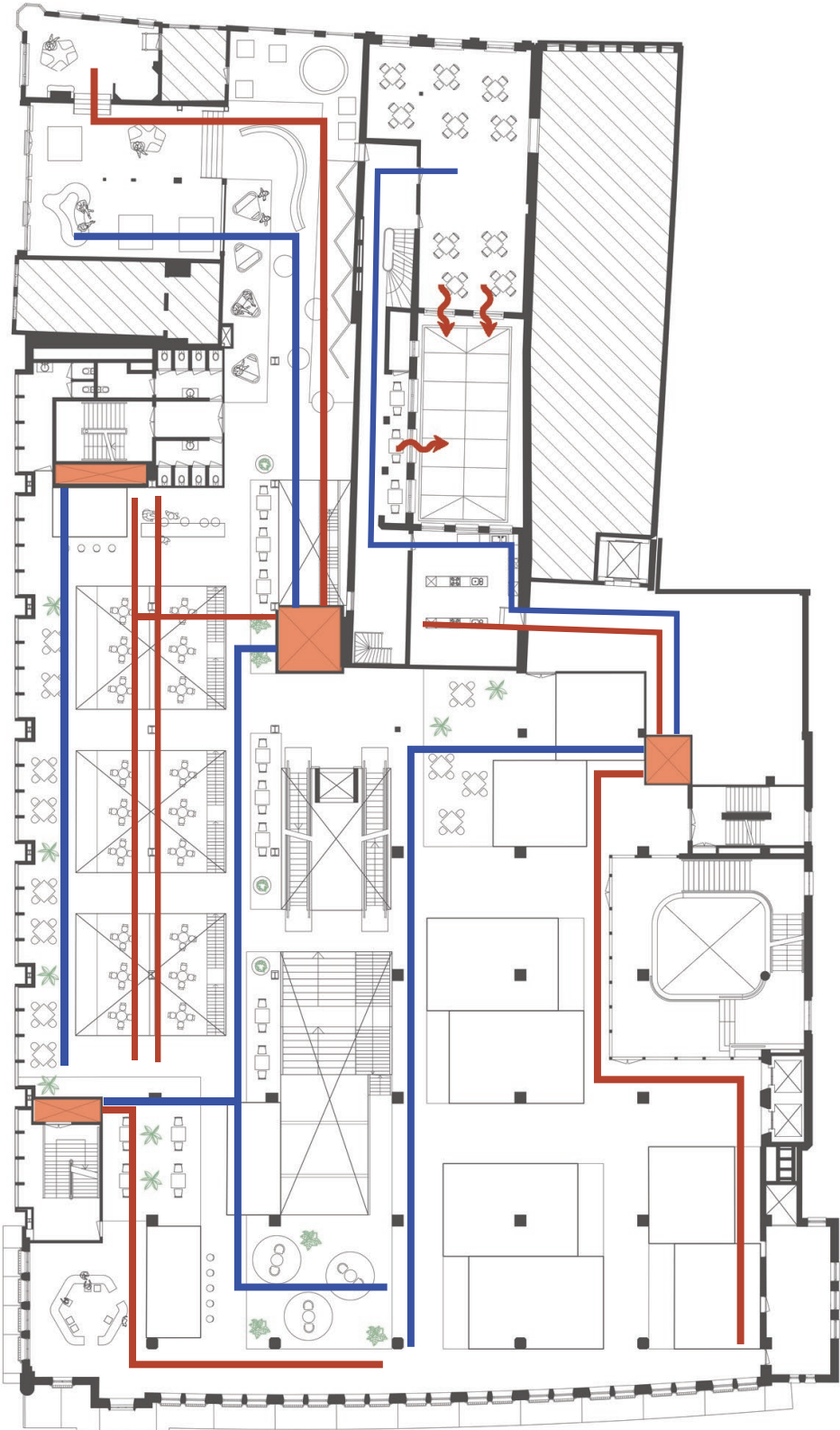
Ventilation

V0 & V1 - Canals



Floorplan
V0

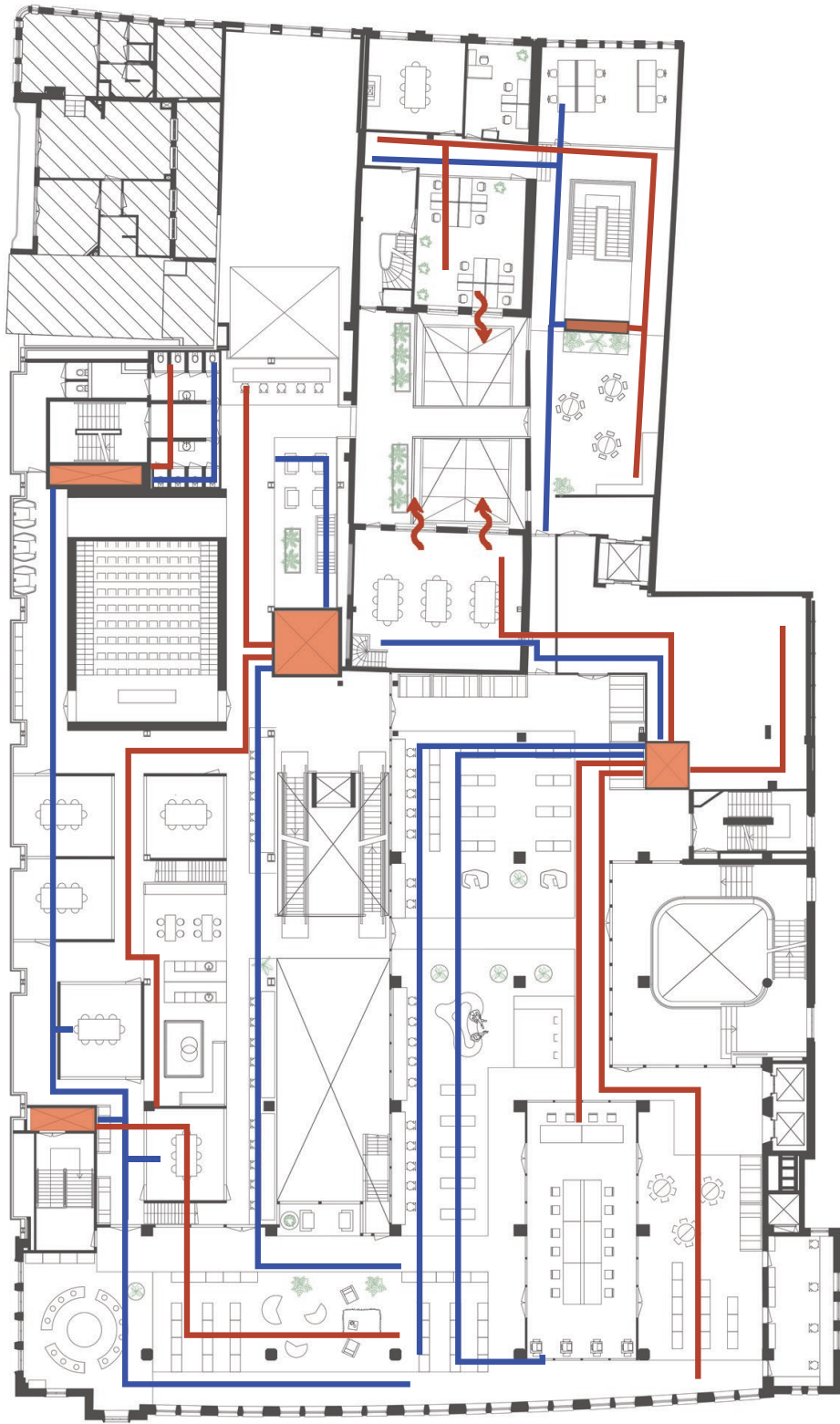
-  Additional natural ventilation
-  Vertical installation shaft
-  Ventilation tube fresh air
-  Ventilation tube old air



Floorplan
V1

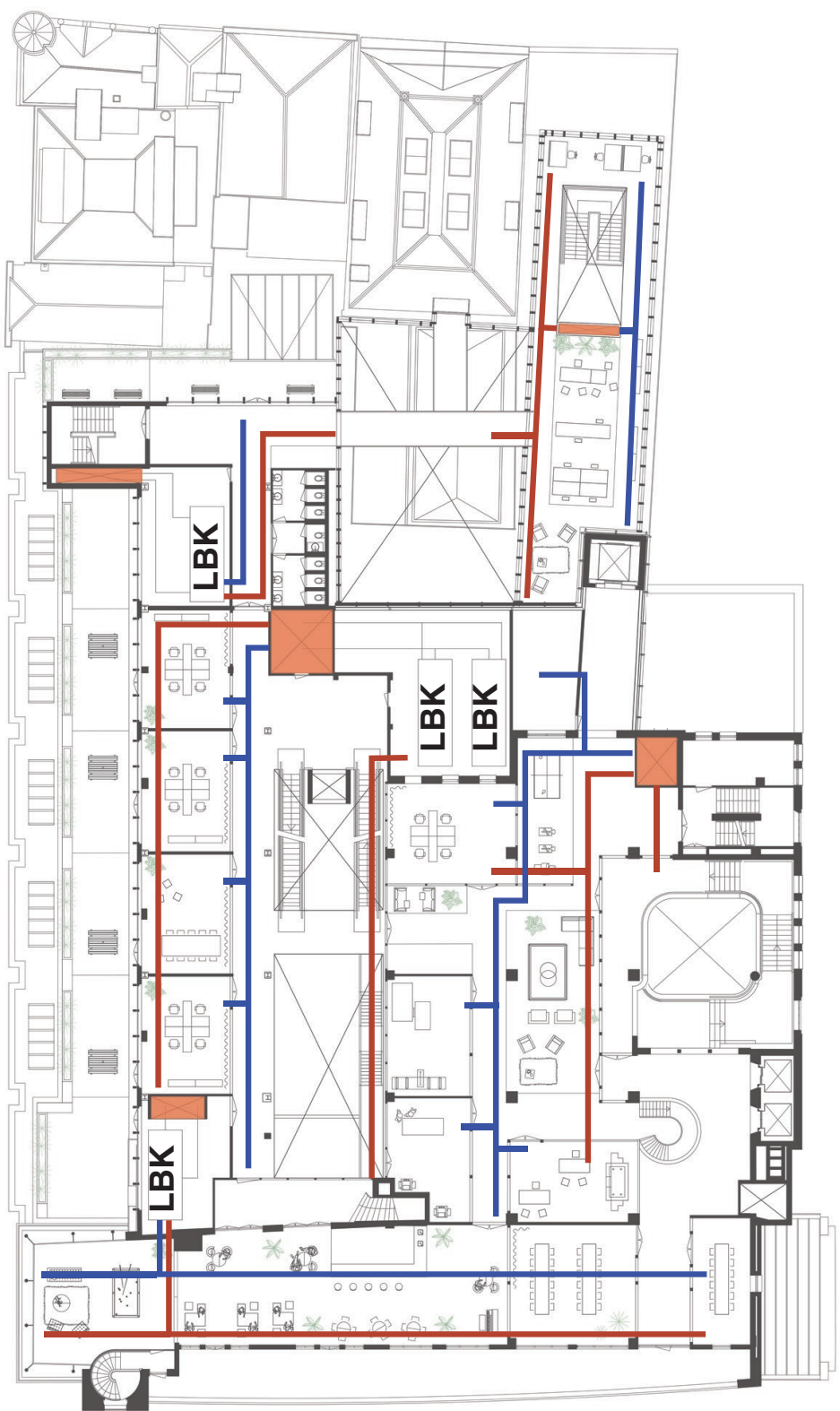
Ventilation

V2 & V4 - Canals



Floorplan
V2

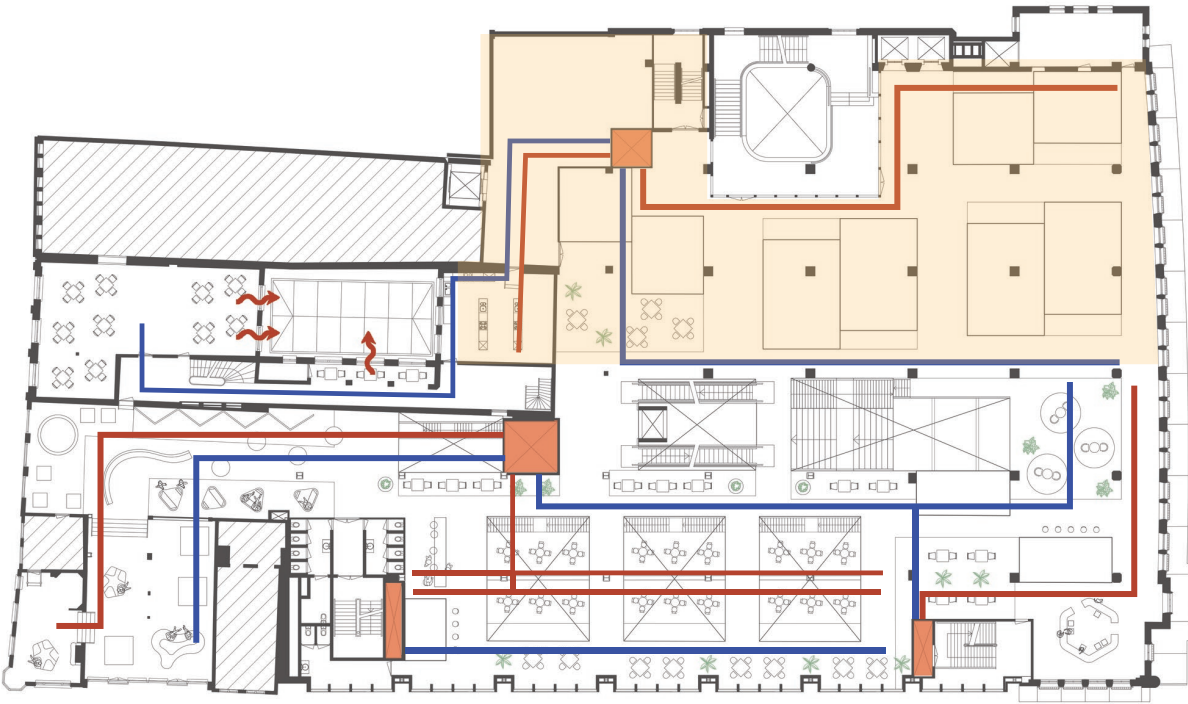
-  Additional natural ventilation
-  Vertical installation shaft
-  Ventilation tube fresh air
-  Ventilation tube old air



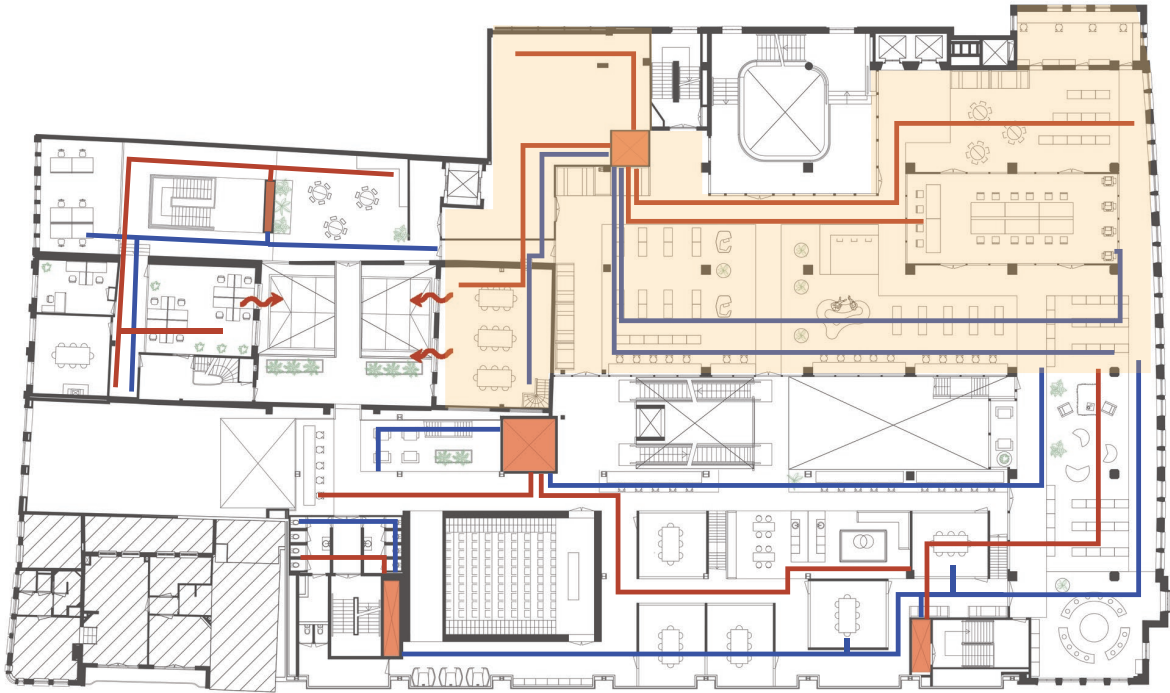
Floorplan
V4

Ventilation

Calculation ventilation needs Aalmarkt



Floorplan
V1

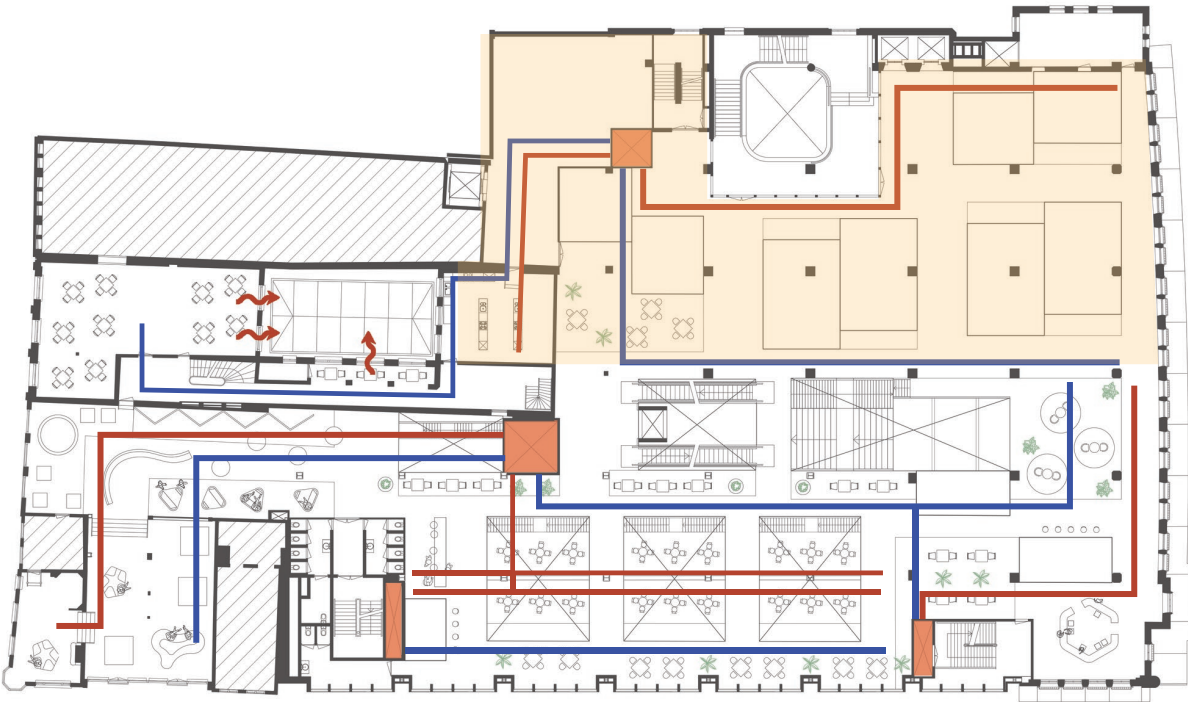


Floorplan
V3

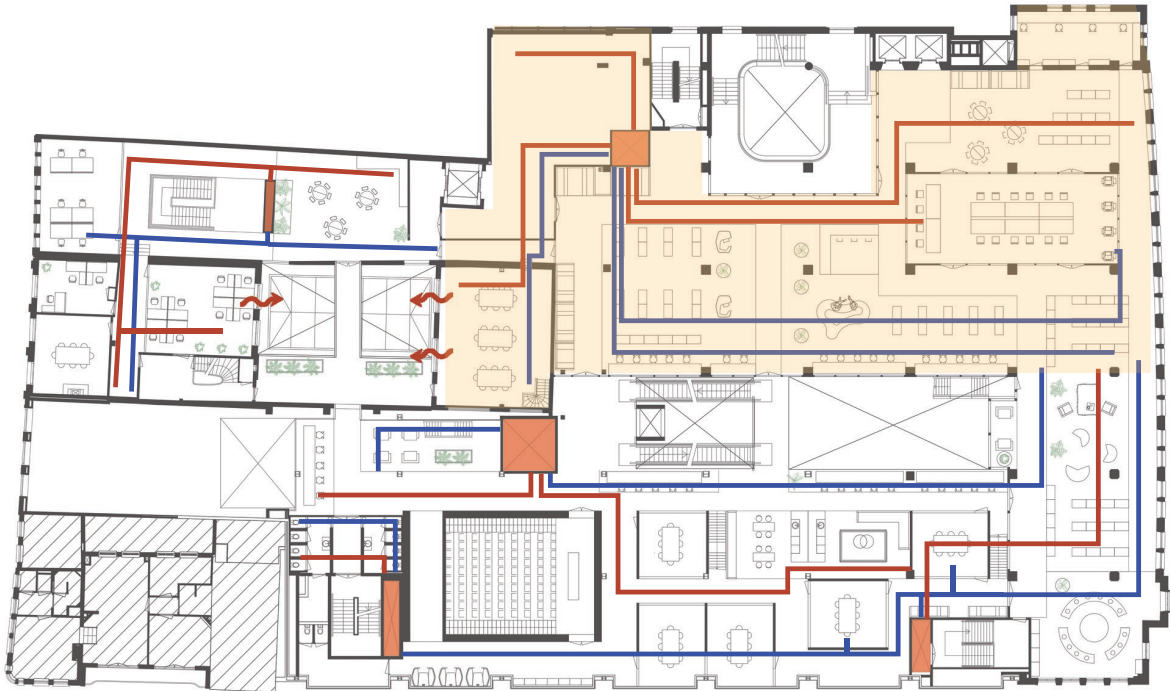
Ruimte (Verdieping)	Afmetingen	Oppervlakte (m2)	Hoogte (m)	Volume (m3)	Ventilatievoud (/h)	Benodigde ventilatie (m3/h)	Oppervlakte ventilatiekanaal (m2)	Afmeting kanaal (cm)
V0 - Retail	650 m2	650	5.5	3575	6	21450	1.19	109
V1 - Retail	650 m2	650	3.5	2625	6	13650	0.76	87
V2 - Library deel I	525 m2	525	3.5	1838	4	7352	0.41	64
V2 - Library deel II	205 m2	205	3.5	718	4	2872	0.16	40
V2 - Library deel III	205 m2	205	3.5	718	4	2872	0.16	40
V3 - Studyspace deel I	525 m2	525	3.5	1838	4	7352	0.4	63
V3 - Studyspace deel II	205 m2	205	3.5	718	4	2872	0.16	40
V3 - Studyspace deel III	205 m2	205	3.5	718	4	2872	0.16	40

Ventilation

Calculation new shaft Aalmarkt



Floorplan V1

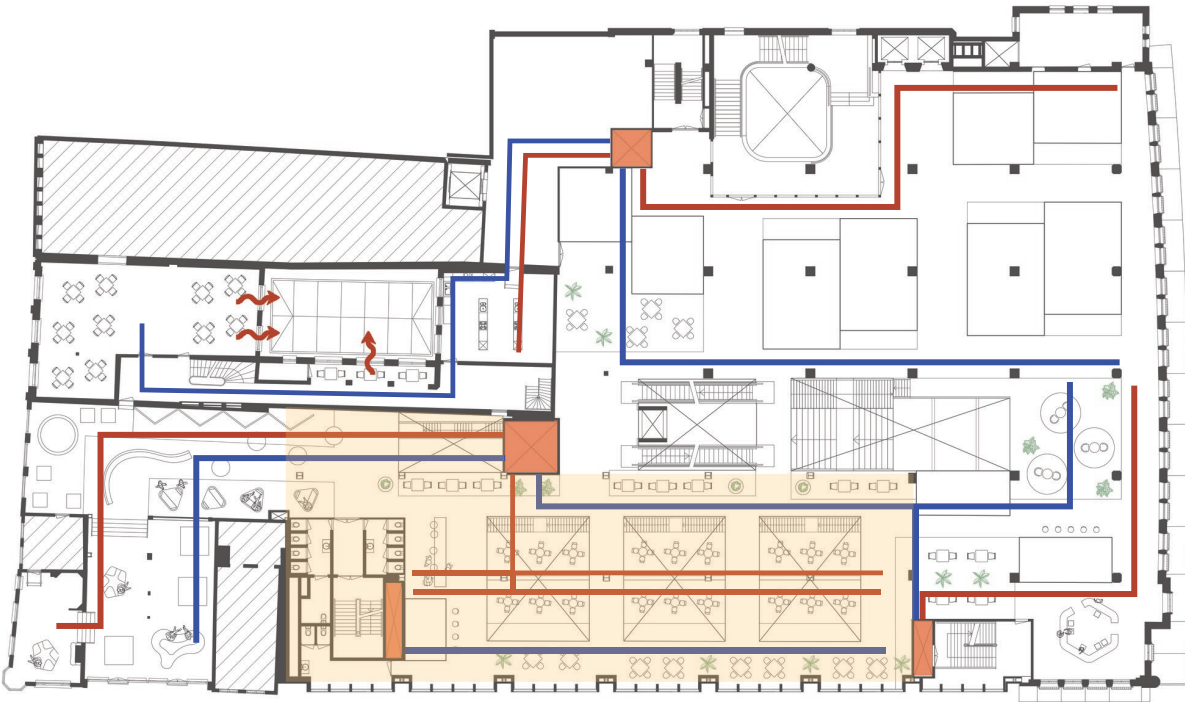


Floorplan V3

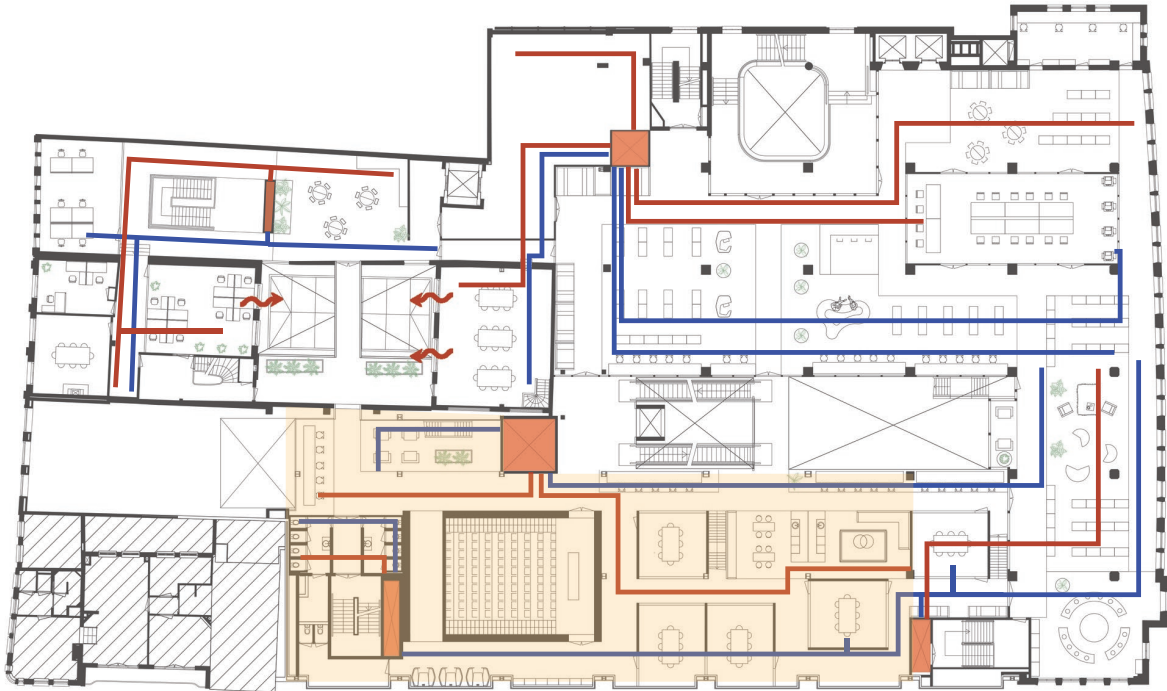
Berekening nieuwe schacht Aalmarkt		Oppervlakte (m2)	Hoogte (m)	Volume (m3)	Ventilatievoud (/h)	Benodigde ventilatie (m3/h)
V0 - Retail		650	5.5	3375	6	21450
V1 - Retail		650	3.5	2275	6	13650
V2 - Library		730	3.5	2555	4	10220
V3 - Study places		730	3.5	2555	4	10220
V4 - Offices		385	3.5	1350	4	5400
Totaal						60940 m3/h
60940 m3/h = 16.92 m3/s						
Luchtsnelheid in schacht = 10 m/s						
(16,92 m3/s)/(10 m/s) = 1,692 m2 oppervlakte						
16920 cm2 oppervlakte						
Afmetingen van toevoerkanaal = wortel (16920) = 130 cm						
Twee kanalen naast elkaar = 260 cm						
Conclusie - Minimale breedte van nieuwe schacht = 270 cm						
Conclusie - 2 LBK's nodig van 30.000 m3/h						

Ventilation

Calculation ventilation needs Maarsmansteeg



Floorplan
V1

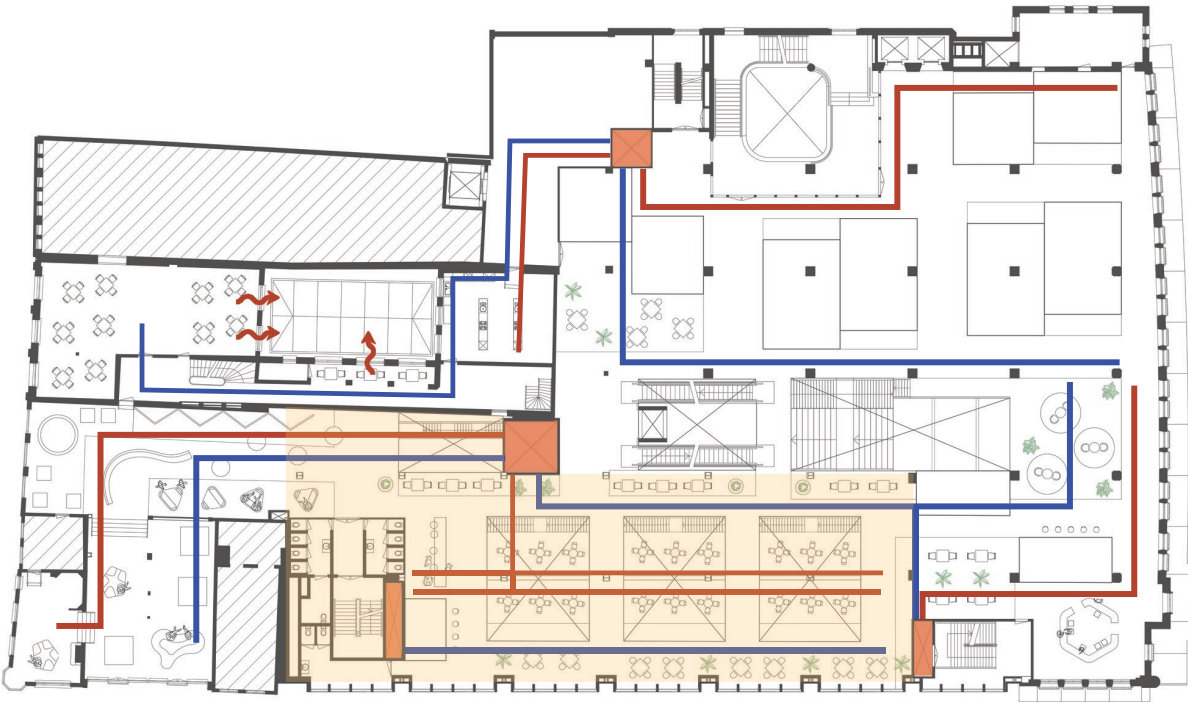


Floorplan
V3

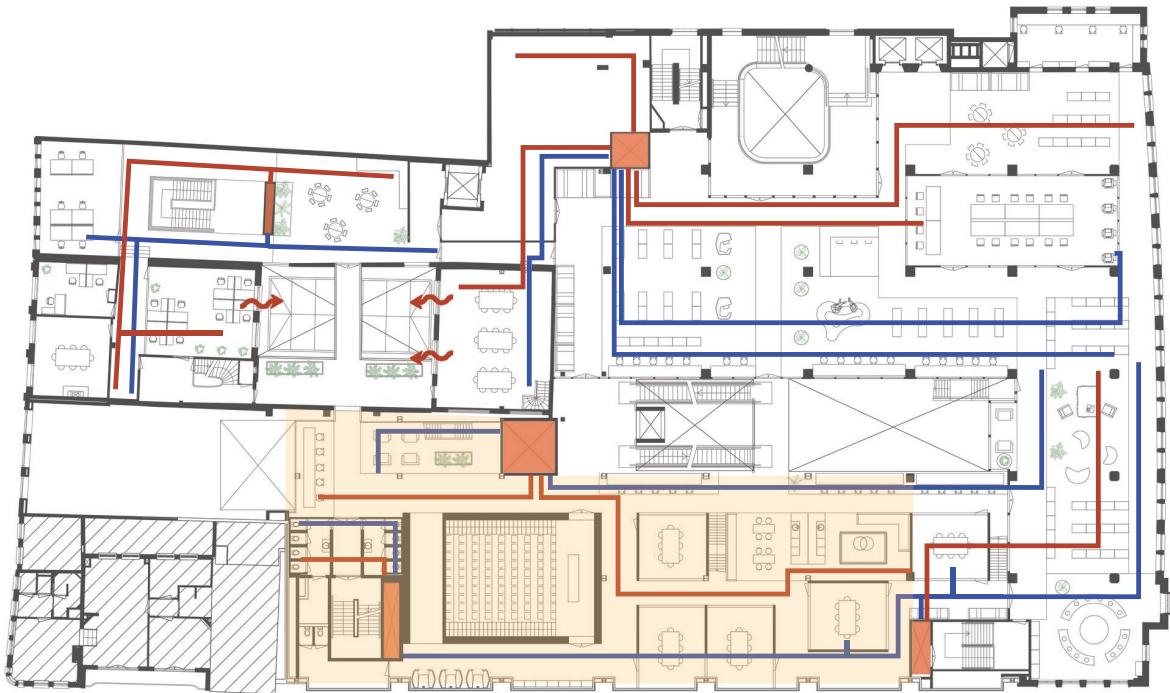
Ruimte (Verdieping)	Afmetingen	Oppervlakte (m2)	Hoogte (m)	Volume (m3)	Ventilatievoud (/h)	Benodigde ventilatie (m3/h)	Afmeting kanaal (cm)
V0 - Foodcourt	14 x 36 m	504	5.5	2772	5	13850	87.8
V1 - Foodcourt	14 x 36 m	504	3.6	1815	5	9075	71
V2 - Vergaderruimten 4x	5 x 6 m	120	3	360	5	1800	31
V2 & V3 - Collegezaal	13 x 8 m	104	6	624	8	4992	52
V2 - Lounge & verkeersruimte	504 - 224 = 280 m2	280	3.5	980	3	2940	40
V3 - Vergaderruimten 3x	5 x 6 m	90	3	90	5	450	16
V3 - Instructielokaal 1x	9 x 7 m	63	3	189	5	945	24.9
V3 - Lounge & verkeersruimte	504 - 326 = 188 m2	188	3.5	658	3	1974	33.1
V4 - Kantoorruimten 5x	7 x 5 m	175	3.5	123	4	492	16.7
V4 - Lounge & verkeersruimte	gang = 2 x 36 = 72 m	72	3.5	252	2	504	16.8
Totaal						37022 m3/h	

Ventilation

Calculation shaft Maarsmansteeg



Floorplan
V1

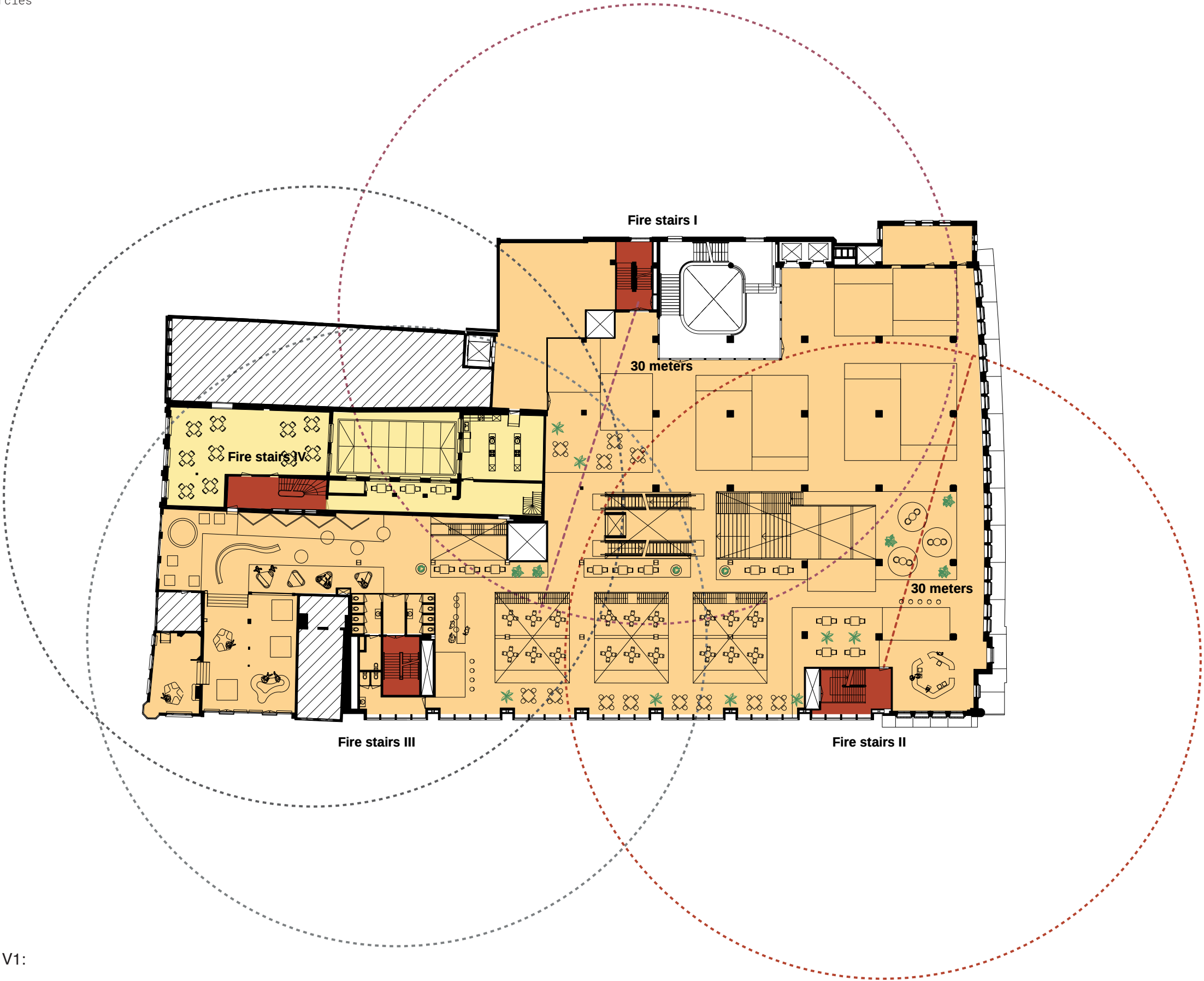


Floorplan
V3

Berekening schacht Maarsmansteeg	Oppervlakte (m2)	Hoogte (m)	Volume (m3)	Ventilatievoud (/h)	Benodigde ventilatie (m3/h)	Afmeting kanaal (cm)
V0 - Foodcourt (helft)	252	5.5	1386	7	9702	
V1 - Foodcourt (helft)	252	3.5	882	7	6174	
V2 - Vergaderruimten (totaal)	120	3	360	5	1800	
V2 - Lounge & verkeersruimte	280	3.5	980	3	2940	
V3 - Workshopruimten (totaal)	153	3	459	4	1836	
V3 - Lounge & verkeersruimte	188	3.5	658	3	1974	
V4 - Offices (totaal)	385	3.5	1350	4	5400	
V4 - Lounge & verkeersruimte	72	3.5	252	2	504	
Totaal					29826 m3/h	
29826 m3/h = 8.28 m3/s						
Luchtsnelheid in schacht = 10 m/s						
(8.28 m3/s)/(10 m/s) = 0.828 m2 oppervlakte						
8280 cm2 oppervlakte						
Afmetingen van toevoerkanaal = wortel (8280) = 90 cm						
Afvoer- en toevoer naast elkaar = 180 cm						
Conclusie - Huidige schacht voldoet ruim = 360 cm						
Conclusie - Atrium & Breestraat 86 ook aansluiten op deze schacht						
Conclusie - 1 LBK nodig van 30.000 m3/h						

Fire safety

V1 - Compartments & fleeing circles

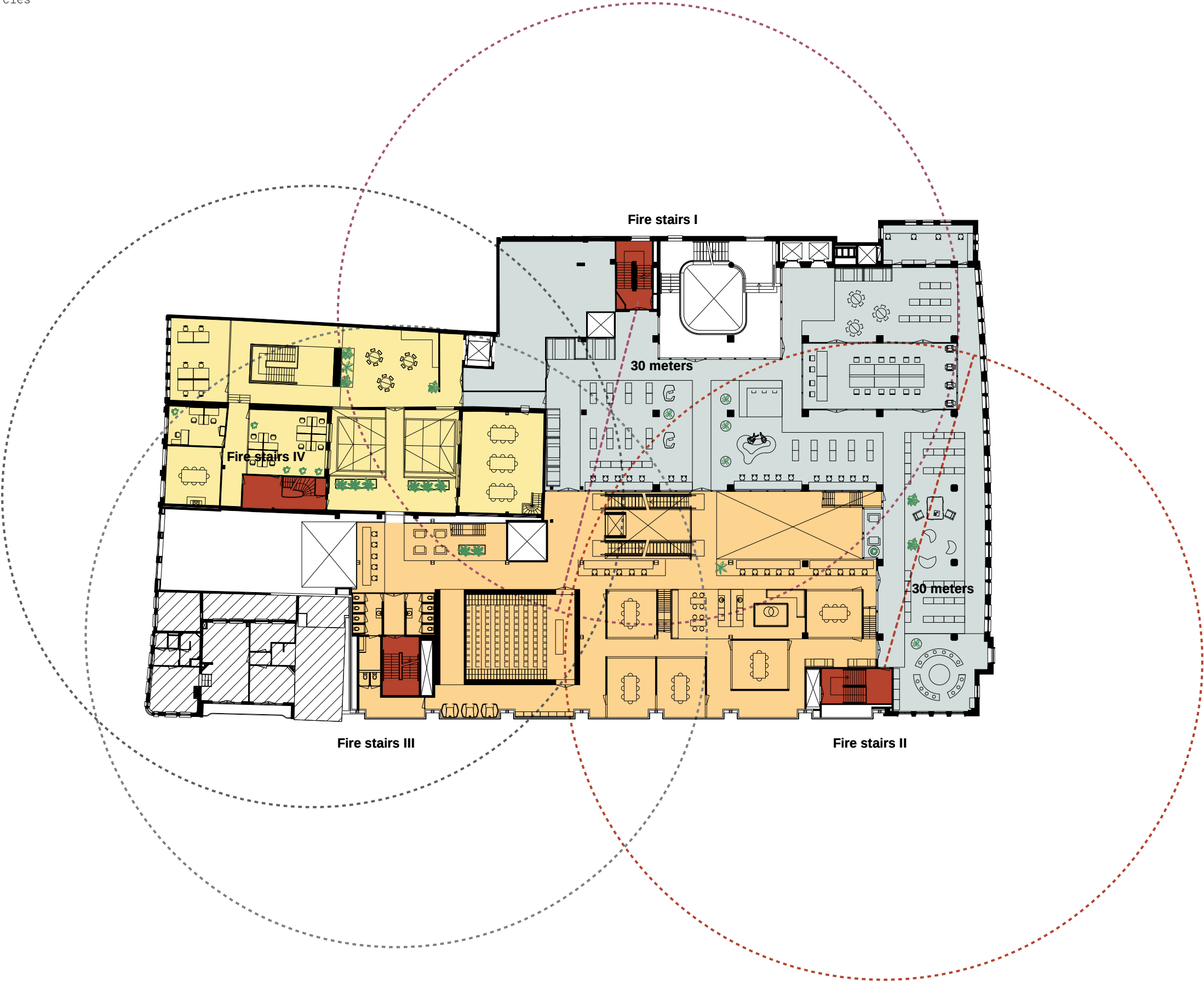


Conclusions fire safety V0 & V1:

- Division into three compartments with their own escape routes. No intersection between those routes.
- Re-use of sprinkler system on these floors because of the size of fire compartments
- Sufficient amount of fire stairs

Fire safety

V2 - Compartments & fleeing circles

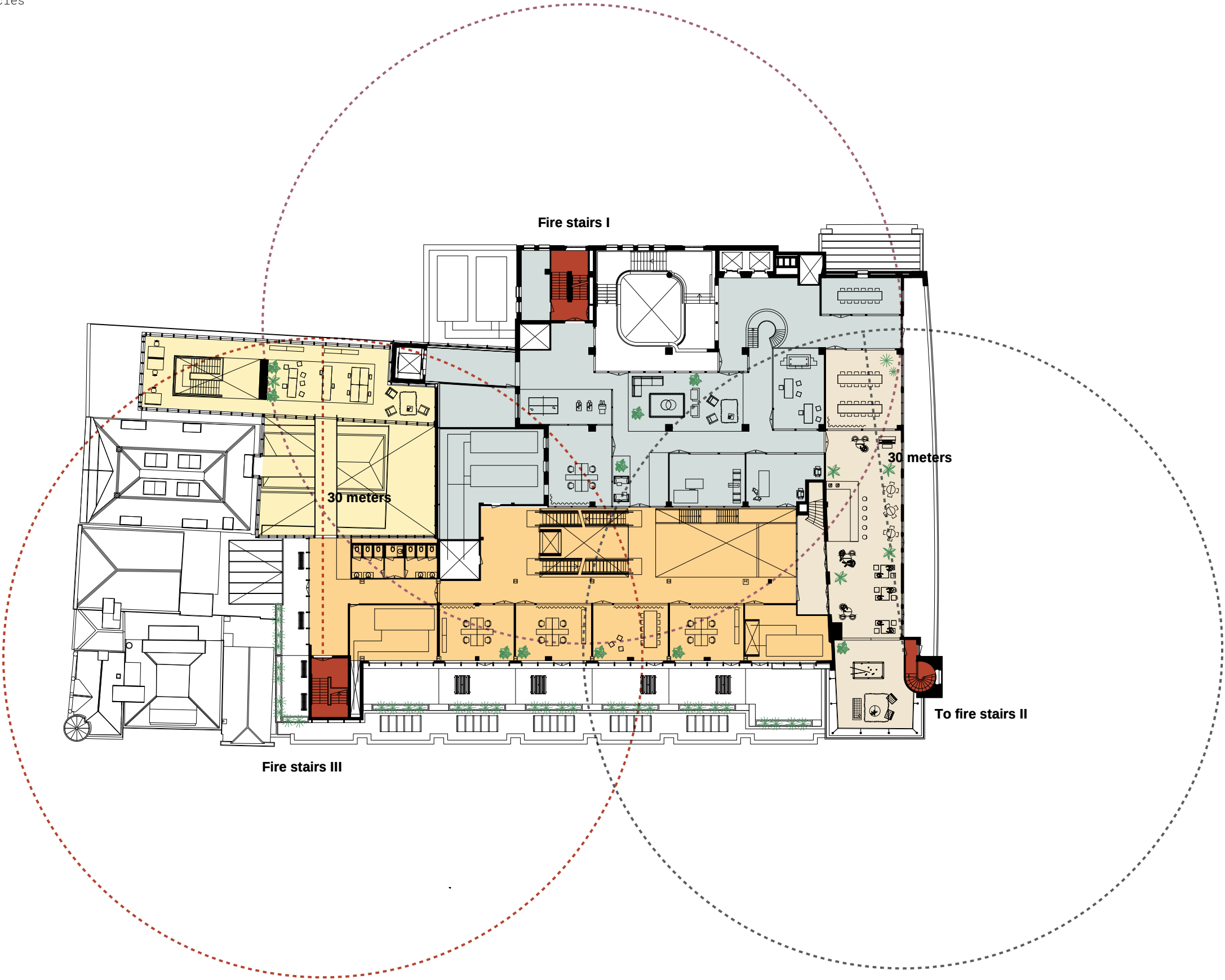


Fire safety V2 & V3

Same principle

Fire safety

V4 - Compartments & fleeing circles



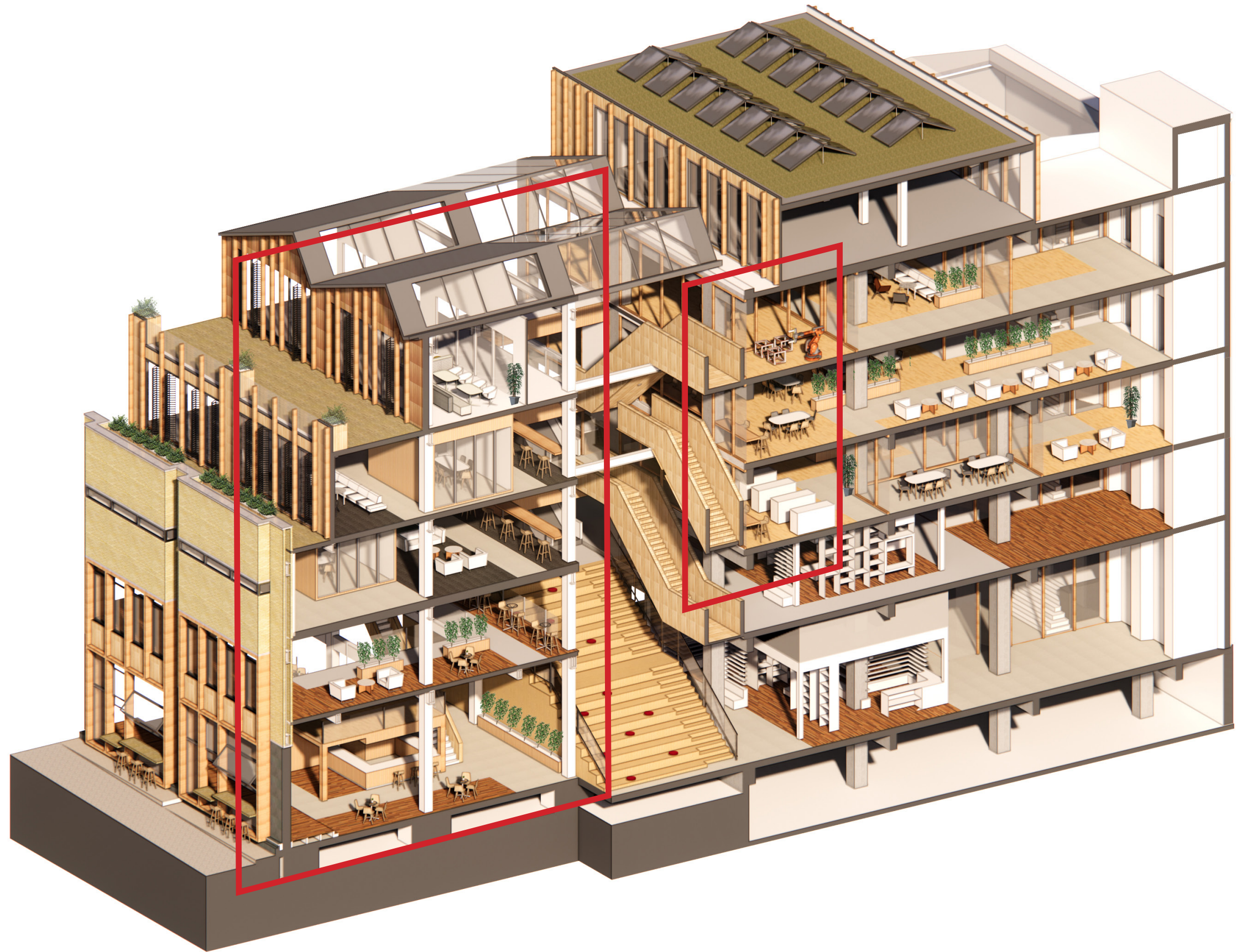
Fire safety V4 & V5

Same principle

PART IV Details

Details

Proposed positions of details



Relation with architecture

Architecture of different compartments



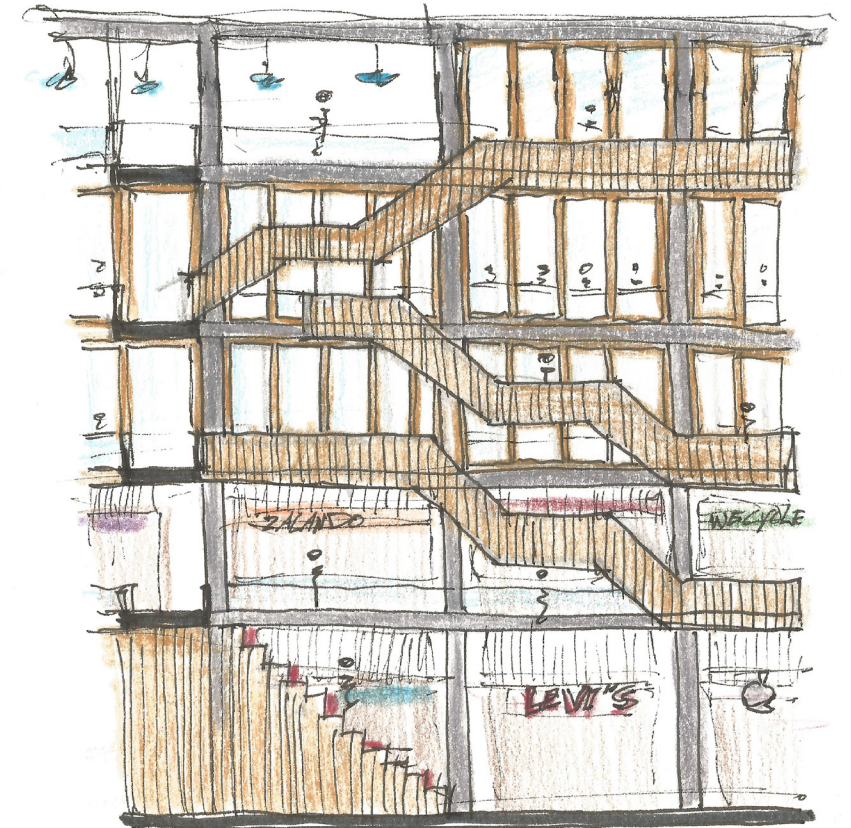
Maarsmansteeg facade

- Connection between old and new
- Wooden addition on top of existing
- Reference to former houses on the site



Maarsmansteeg compartment

- Playfulness
- Main color on each floor
- Neutral colors/materials for construction
- Accoya wood cladding as connecting element
- Visible installations on ceiling

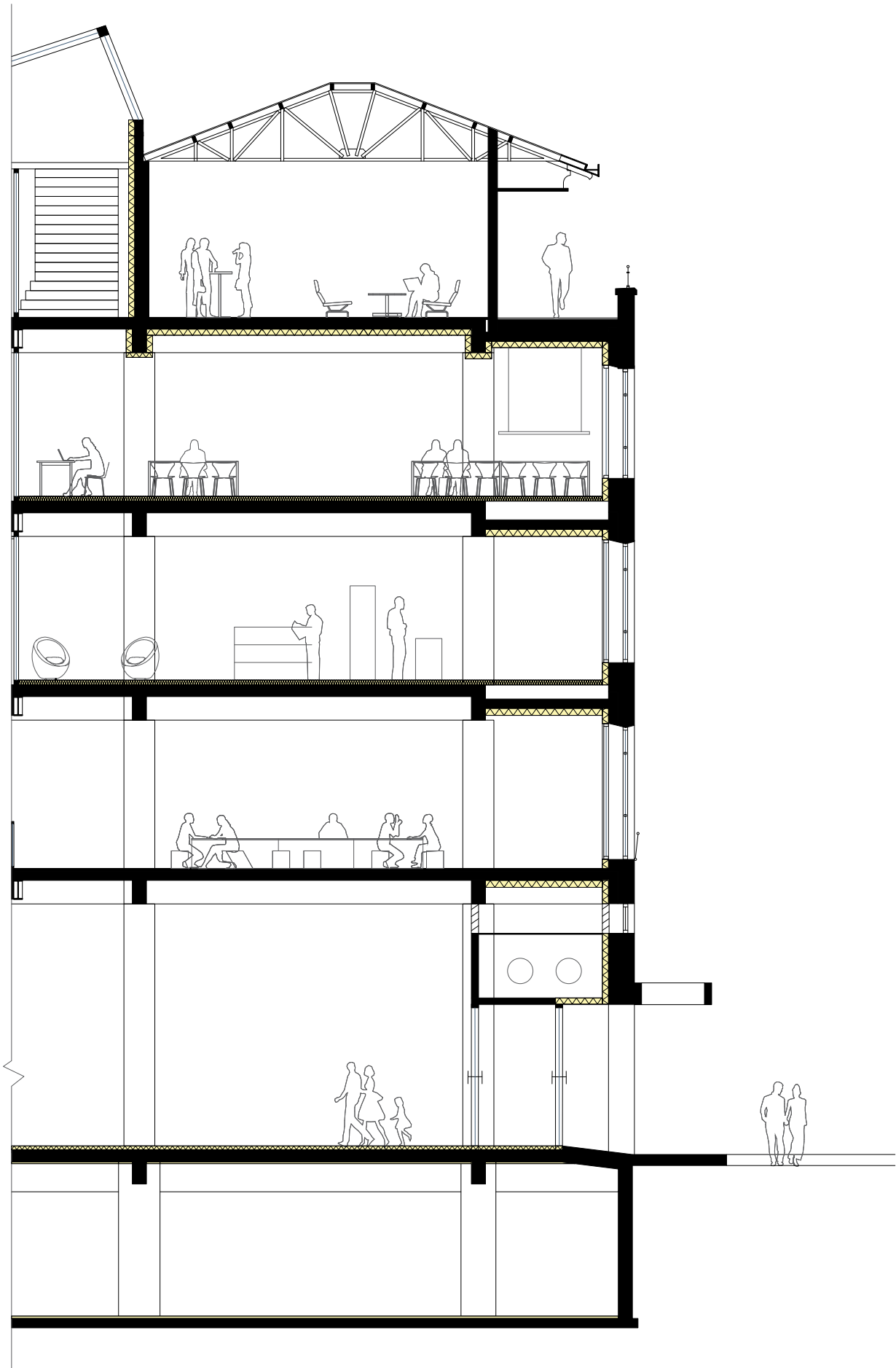


Aalmarkt compartment

- Concrete structure attracts attention
- Wooden stairs and window frames dominate the architecture
- Accoya wood cladding as connecting element
- V0 & V1 - Colors are determined by shop-in-shops
- Installations are visible on ceiling

Detail I Aalmarkt

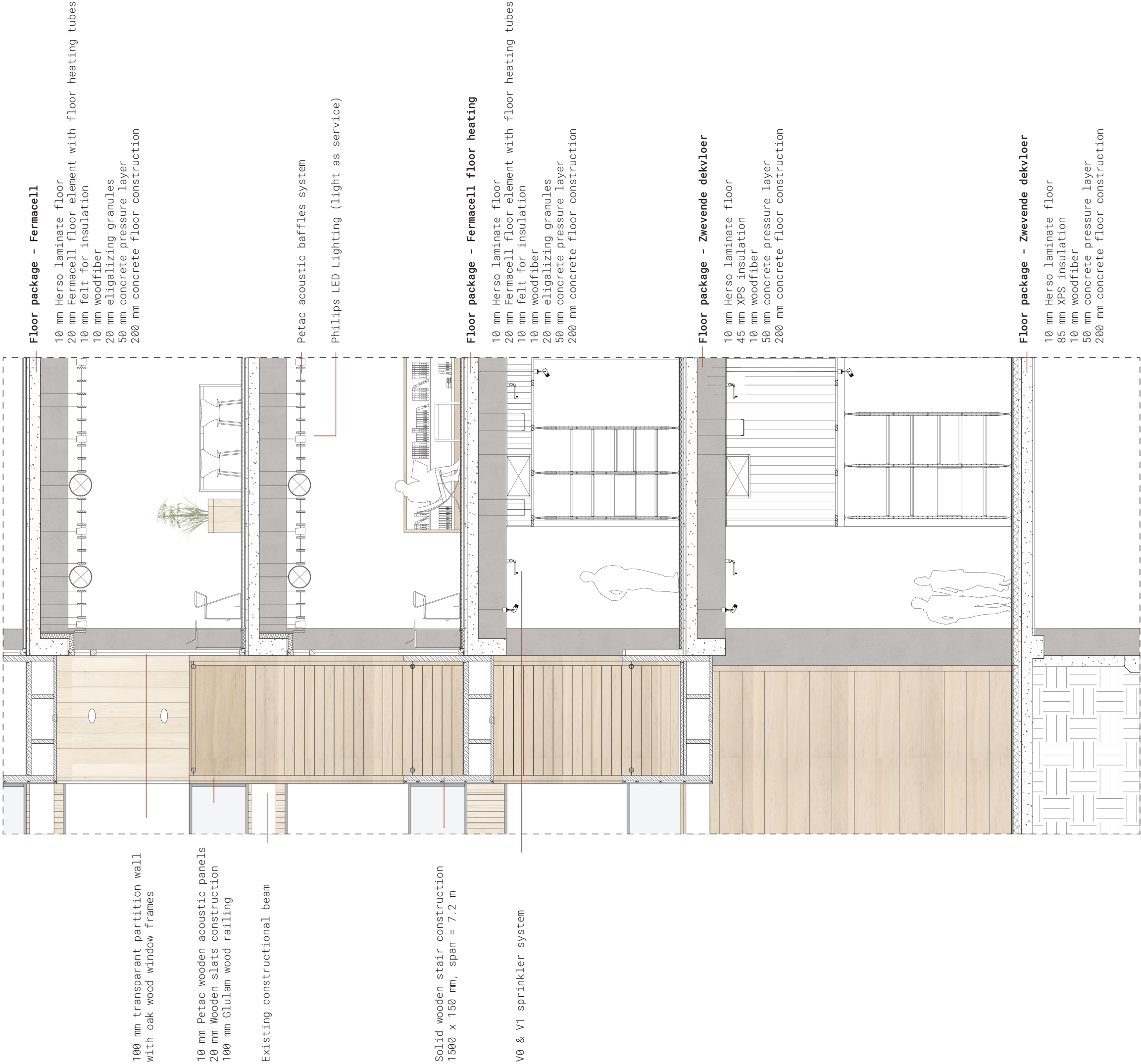
Aalmarkt compartment 1:100



Proposed situation Aalmarkt

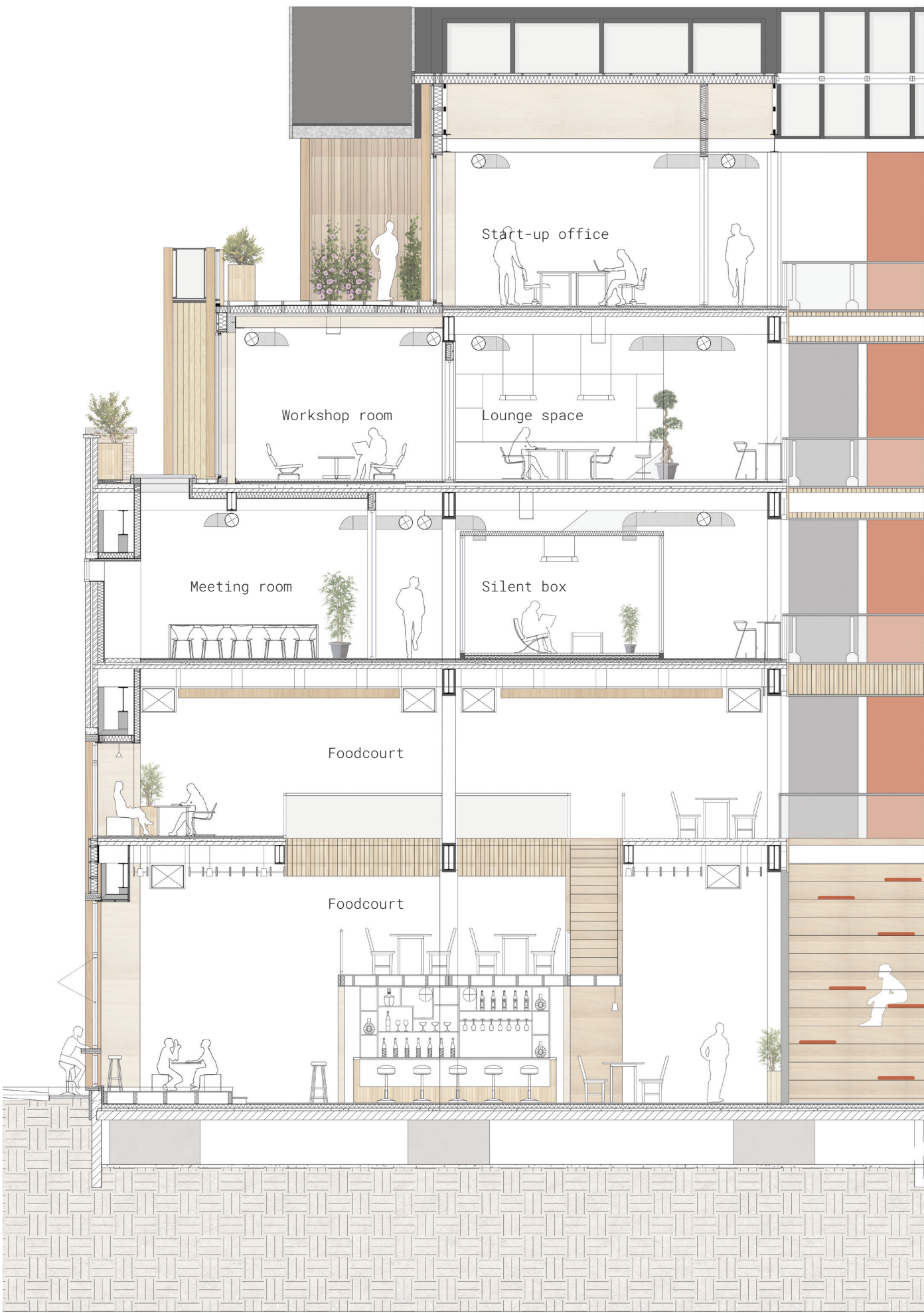
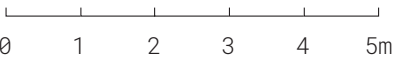
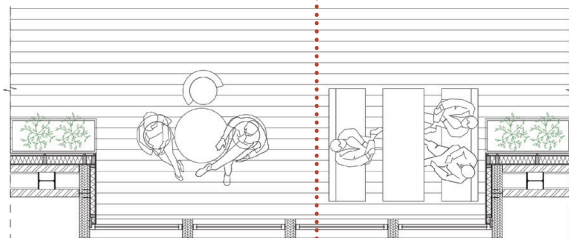
Detail II Aalmarkt

Detail Vispoort atrium Aalmarkt 1:50



Facade fragment

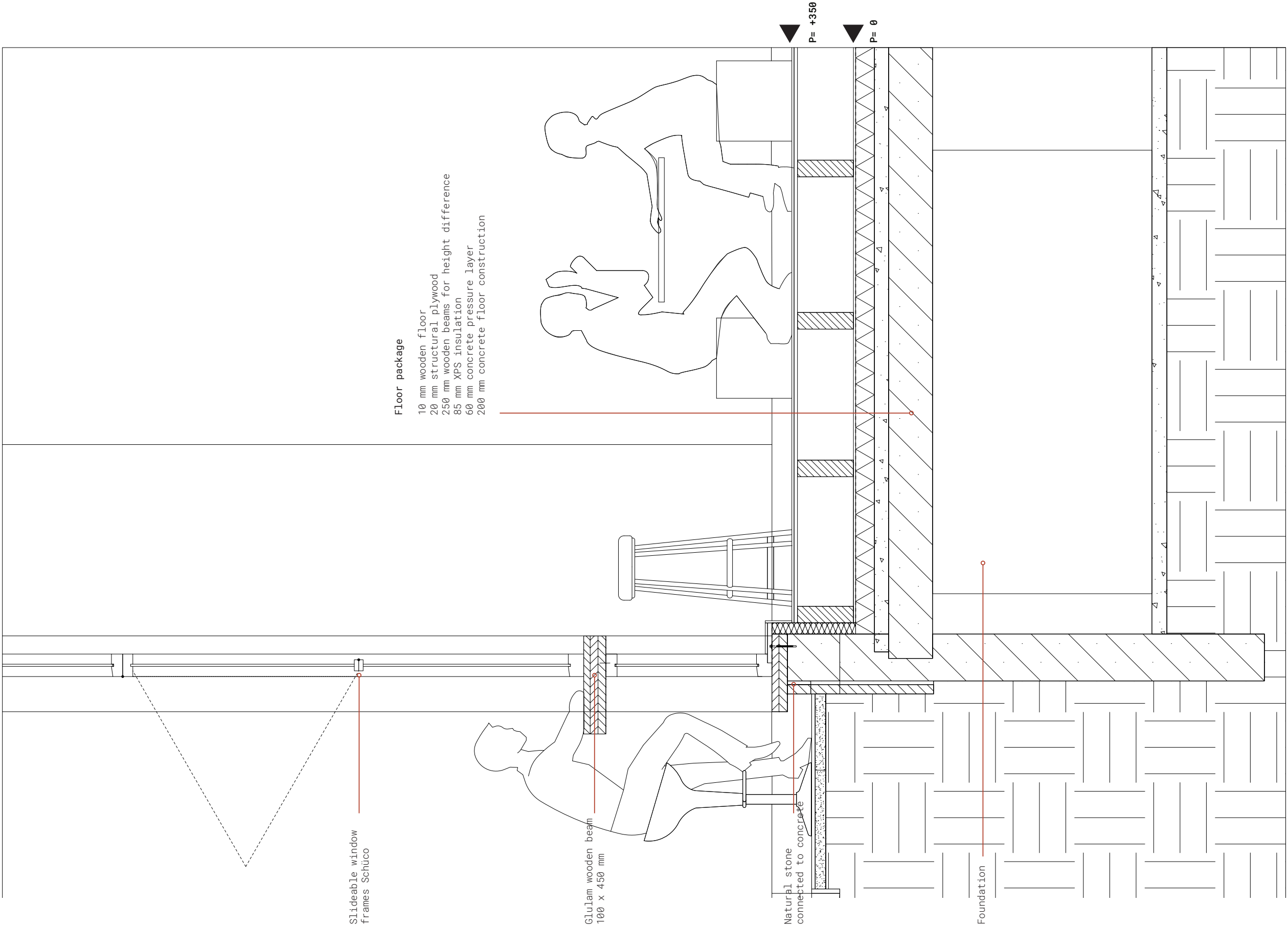
Maarsmansteeg



- Roof +24350
- V4 +17660
- V3 +13830
- V2 +9860
- V1 +5950
- V0.5 +2600
- V0 +0

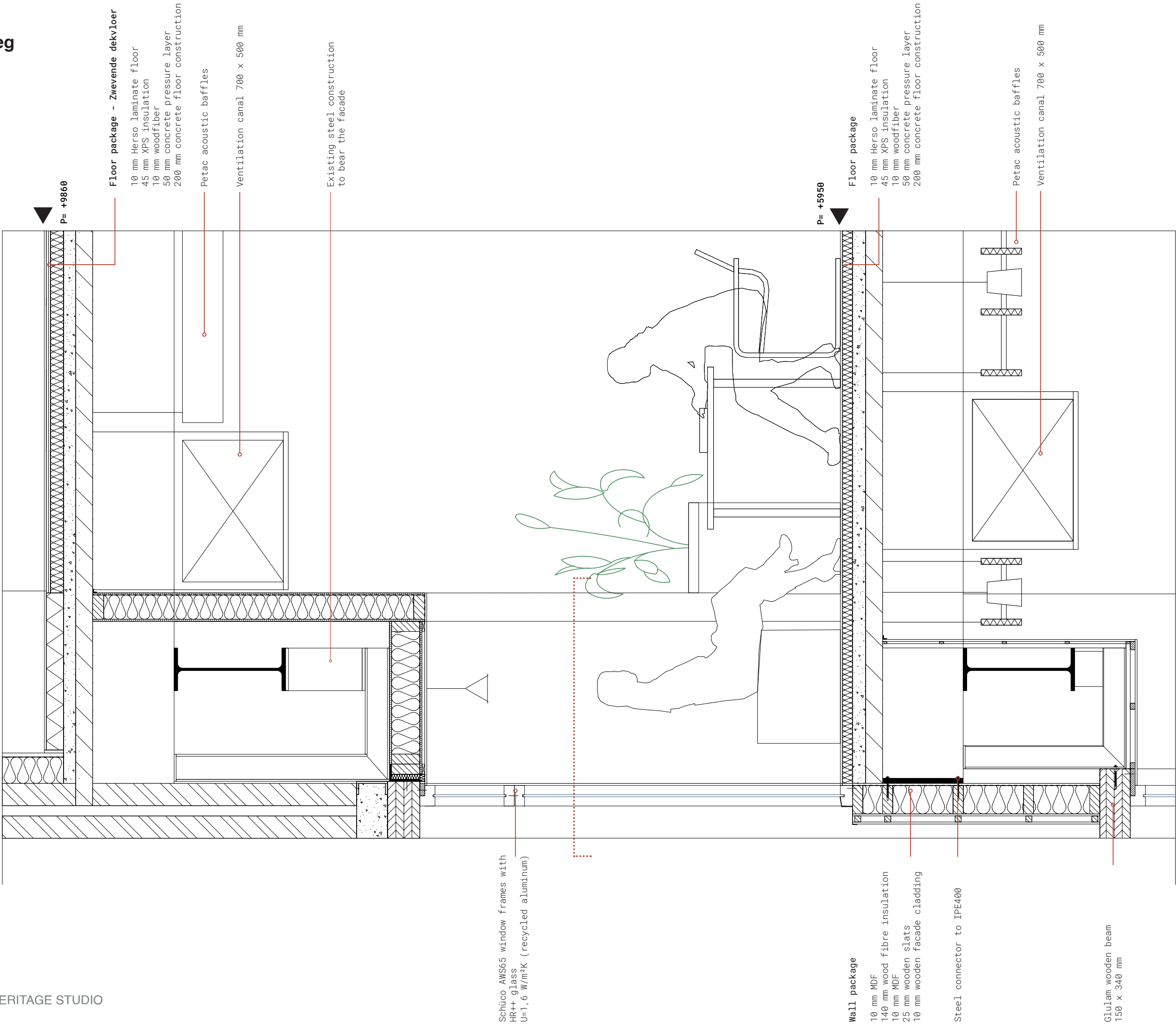
Detail I - Maarsmansteeg

Vertical detail V0 - 1:20



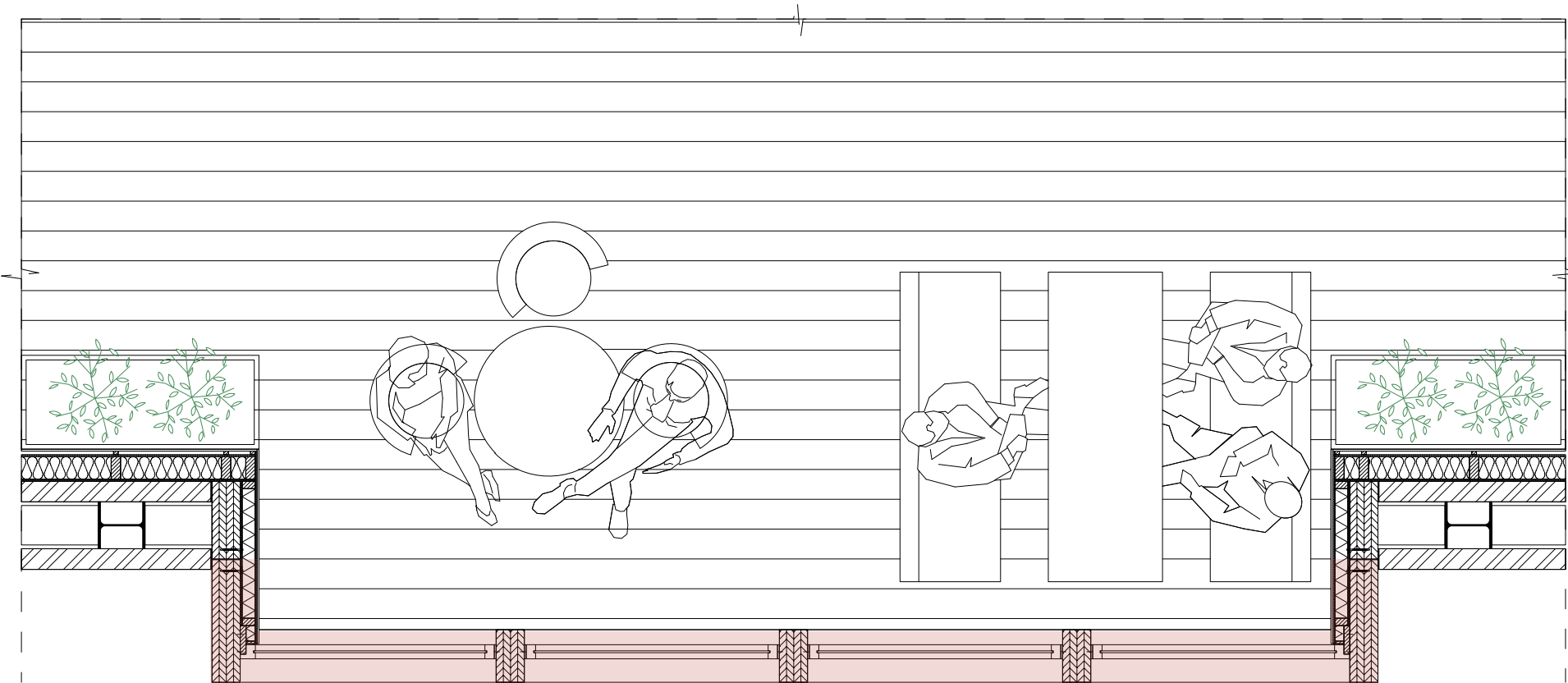
Detail II - Maarsmansteeg

Vertical detail V1- 1:20



Detail III - Maarsmansteeg

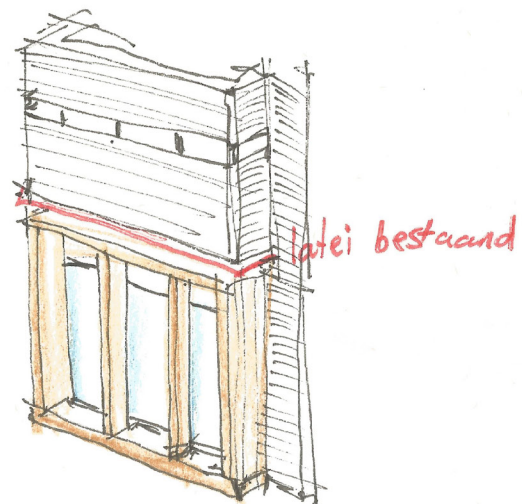
Horizontal detail V1- 1:20



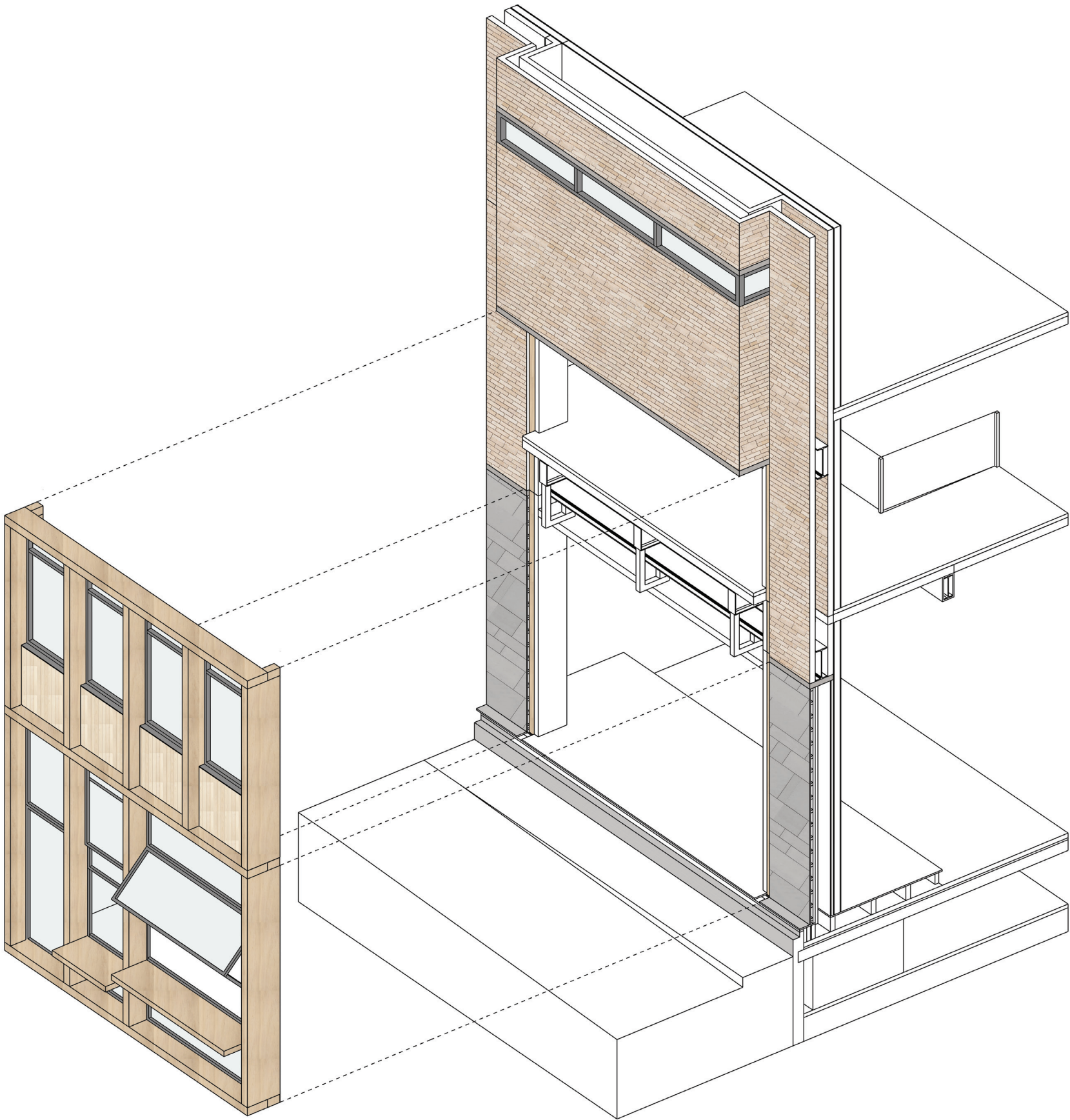
0 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5m

Maarsmansteeg facade

Building method

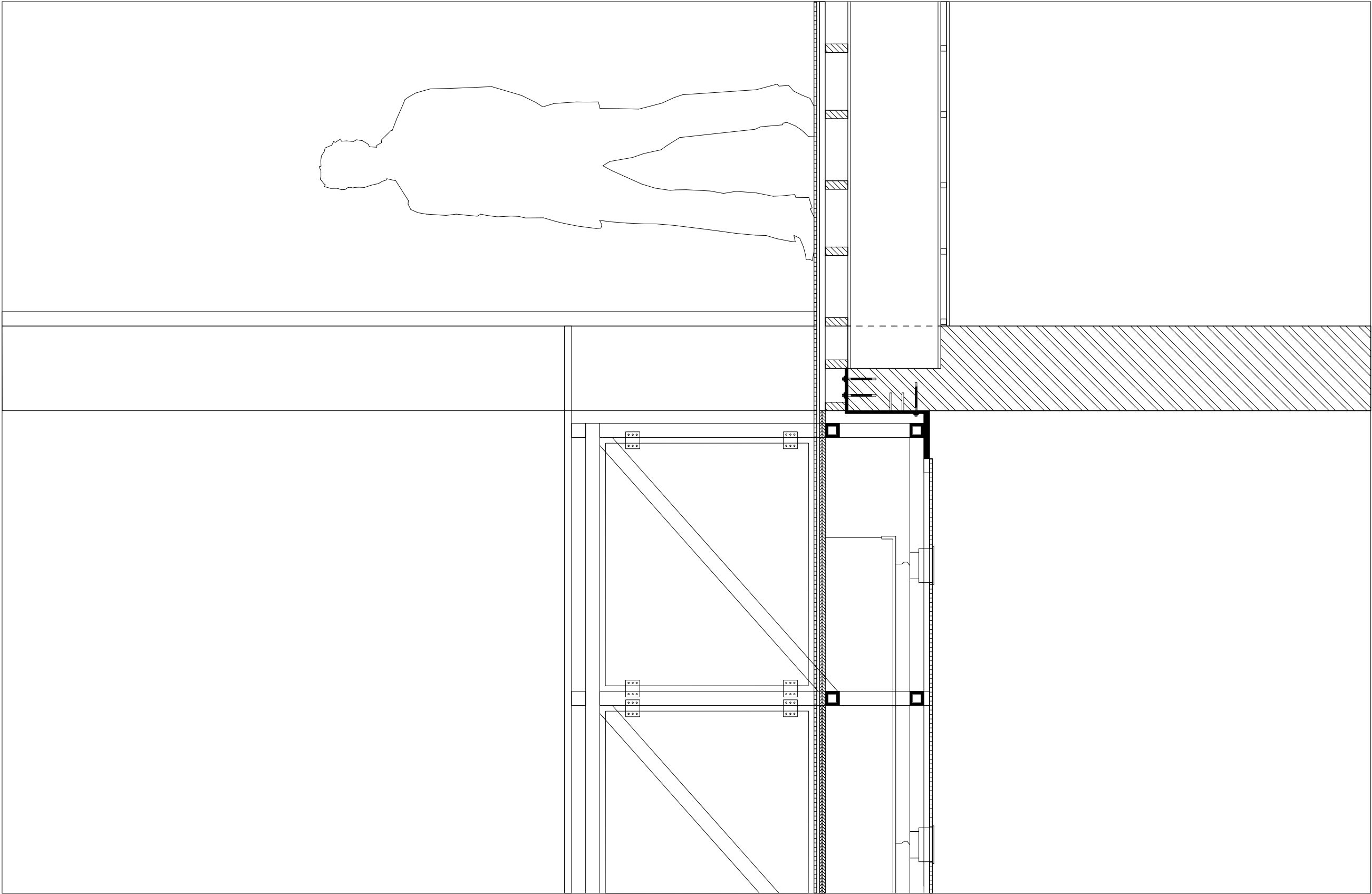


principal sketch of intervention



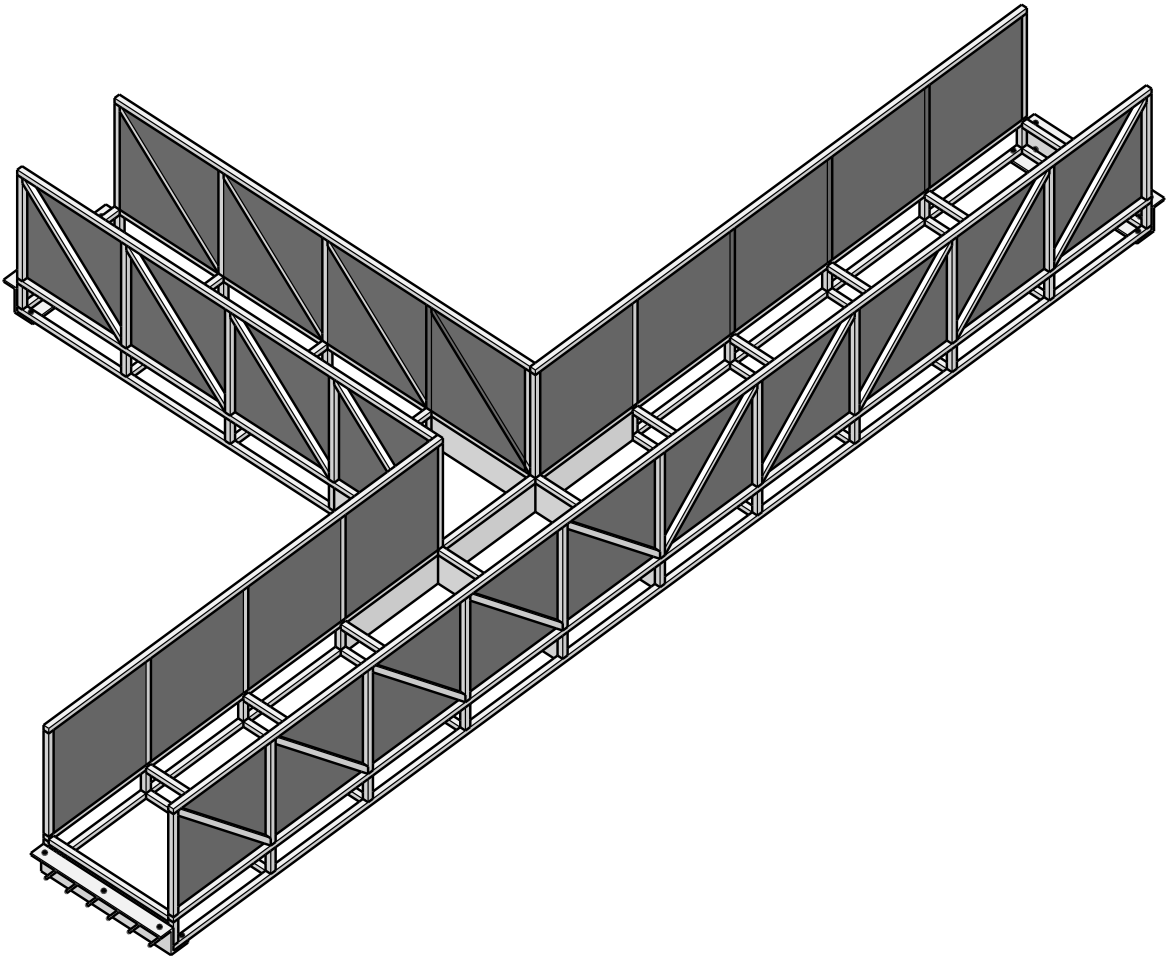
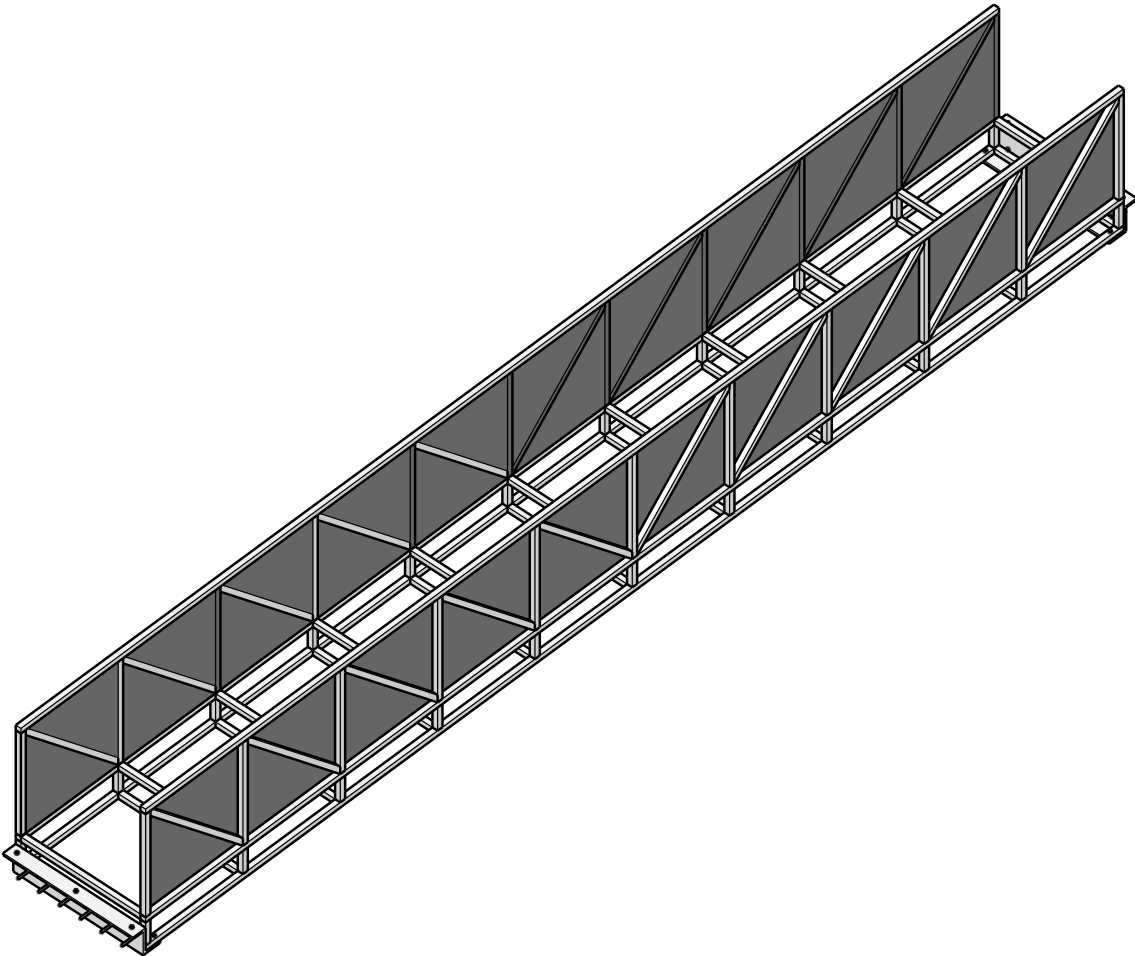
Detail IV - Breestraat atrium

Connection of skybridges - 1:20



Breestraat atrium

Skybridge construction



Skybridge construction

Detail I - Maarsmansteeg

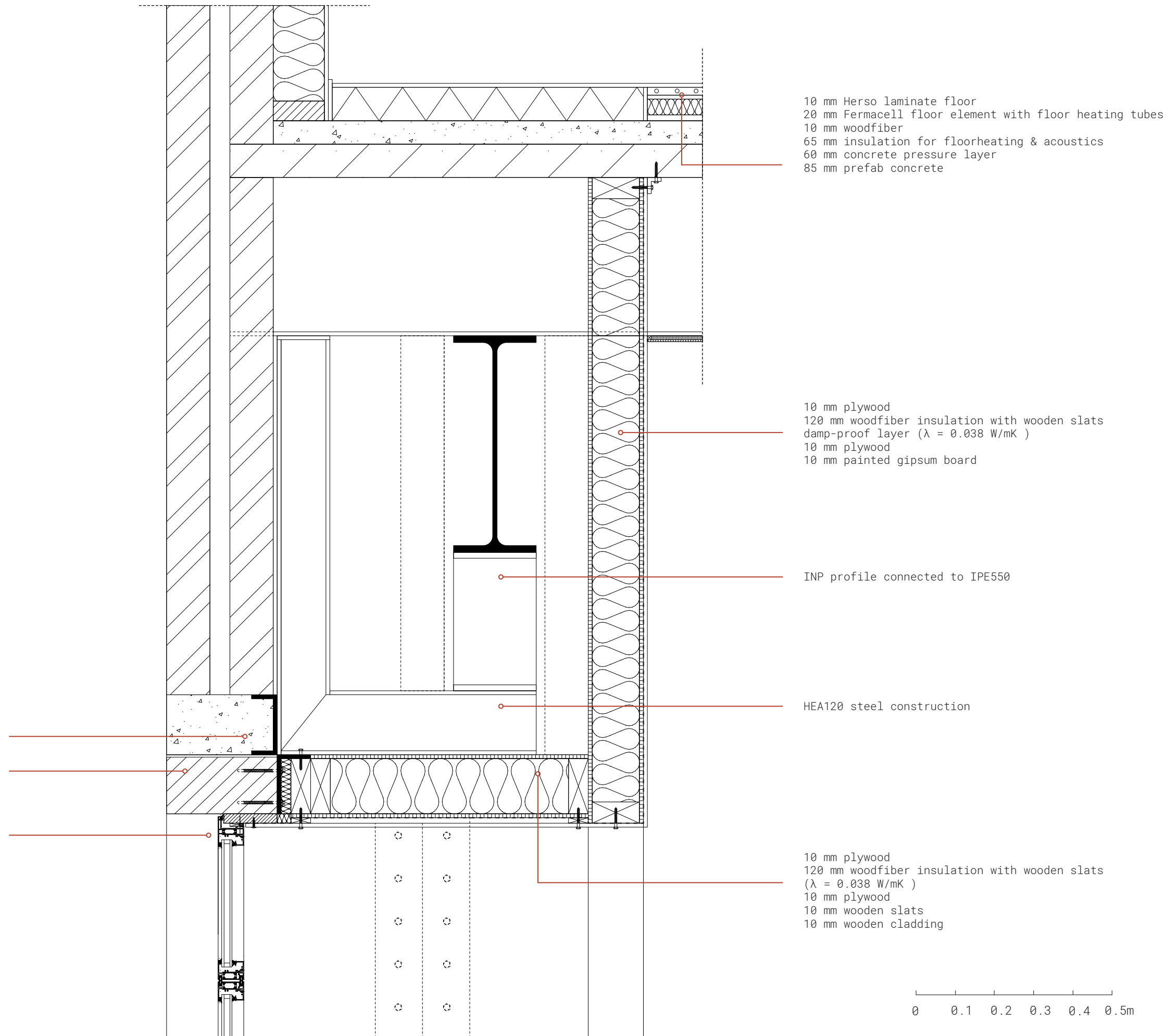
Vertical connection - 1:10



in-situ latei, connected with UNP200

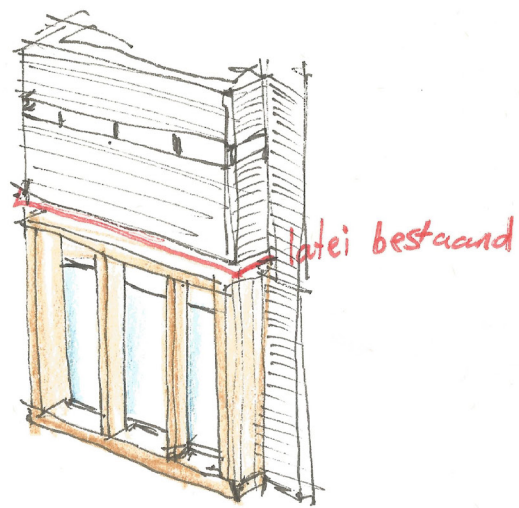
oak wooden beam 150 x 280 mm

Schüco AWS65 window frames with HR++ glass
U=1,6 W/m²K (recycled aluminum)

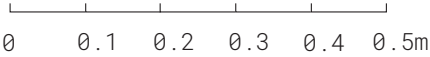
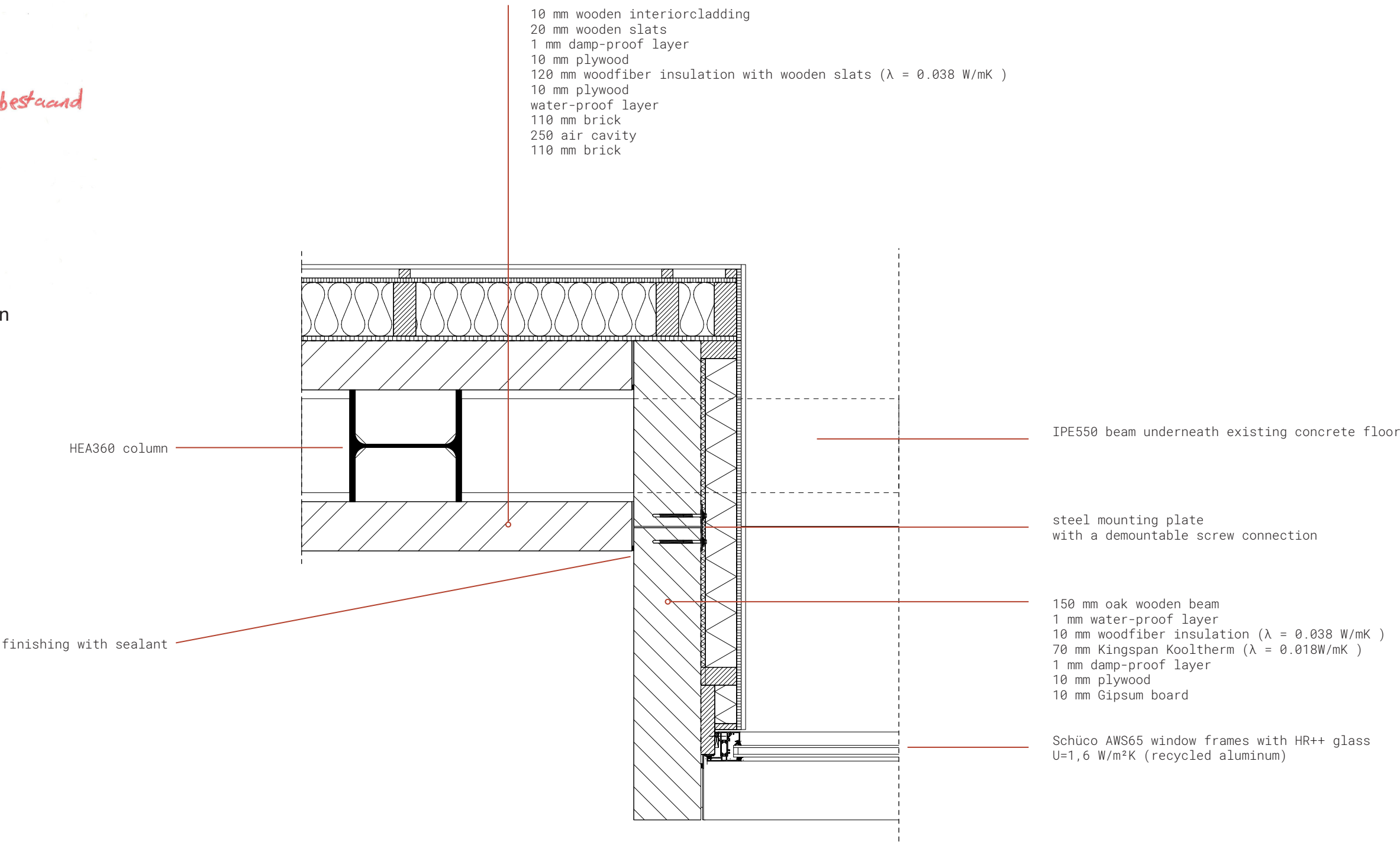


Detail II - Maarsmansteeg

Horizontal connection - 1:10

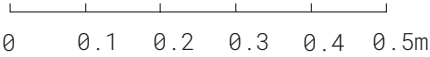
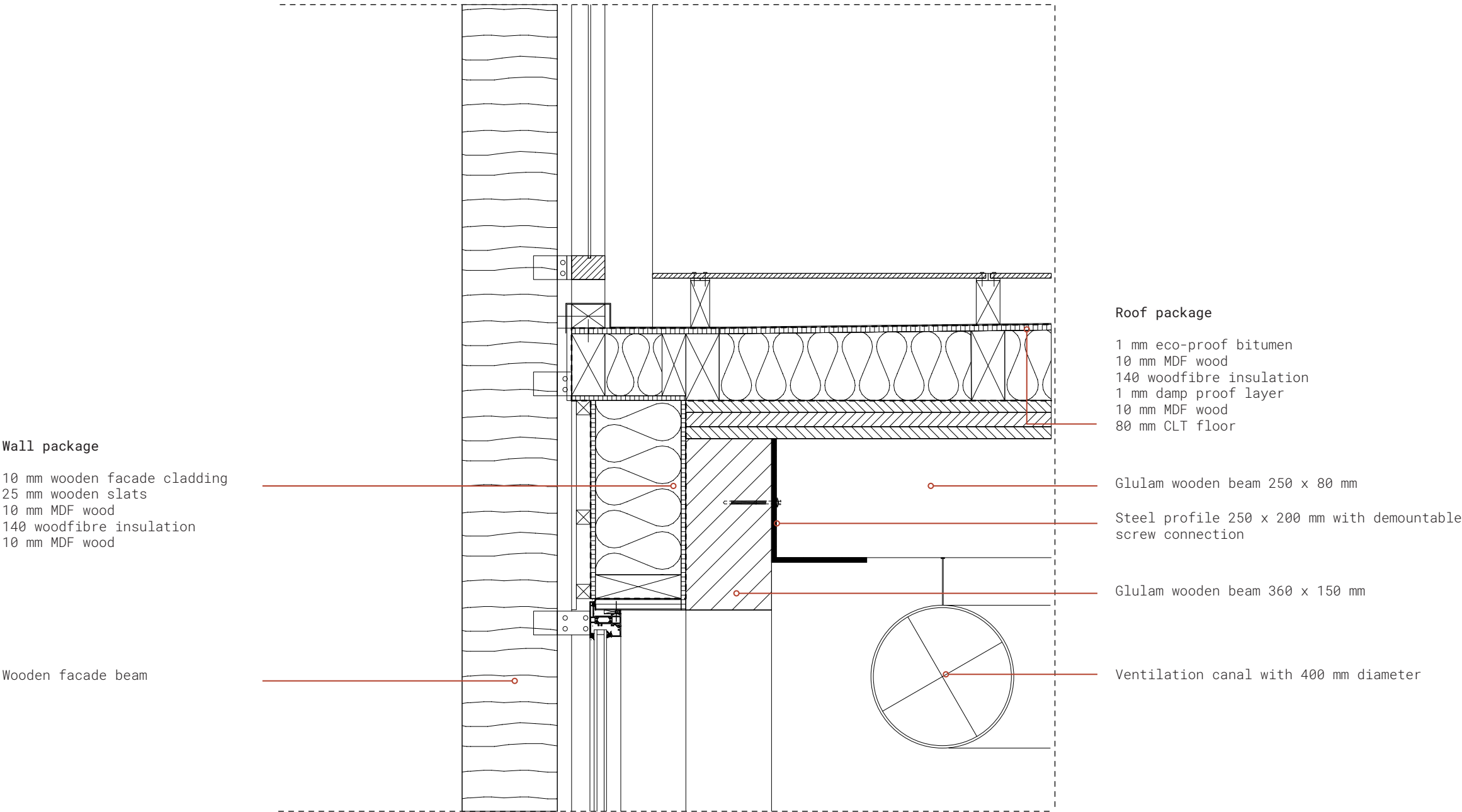


principal sketch of intervention



Detail III - Maarsmansteeg

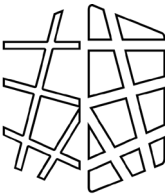
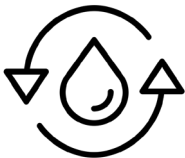
CLT roof connection 1:10



PART IV Circular design

Appendix I - Circular design solutions

Categories of design solutions

	• Gebruik van materialen, resources, afvalstromen uit de nabije omgeving • Oude materialen leveren een bijdrage aan lokale projecten van de stad • Samenwerking met verschillende organisaties uit de stad (universiteit etc.) • Verhogen van verbondenheid van het publiek met het gebouw • Relevantie functies aanbieden voor diverse doelgroepen uit de stad • Stimuleren van fiets & openbaar vervoer voor gebruiker		• Oriëntatie en circulatie in het gebouw zijn overzichtelijk • Connecties: fysieke en visuele connecties tussen werkplekken & functies (vides, ballustrades en transparante binnenwanden) • Ontmoetingen: Zichtbare ontmoetingsplekken op centrale plekken in het gebouw • Daglicht: Voldoende daglicht in ieder verblijf (skylights) • Vegetatie & hout: stralen warmte en gezondheid uit • Zicht: Vanuit elke verblijfsruimte is er zicht op buiten • Natuurlijke ventilatie: Mogelijkheid op werkplekken • Beweging: Stimuleren van beweging door trapverbindingen • Werkplek: Activity- based working, ruimten worden ingericht naar de taken (stilteplekken etc.)
	• Aansluiting op stedelijke warmtenet • Slimme oriëntatie en verhogen aantal gevelopeningen t.b.v. daglicht • Slimme zonwering, om koeling te voorkomen • Smart - lighting systemen (lichtsensoren, gelijkstroom, licht als een service) • PV – panelen met hoog rendement • Koel/warmte plafonds als warmtebuffer: phase changing ceiling (pcm) • Warmteterugwinning systemen, zoals warmtewiel • Natuurlijke ventilatie in atrium tijdens de zomer, te openen atrium • Zonneboiler systemen voor opwarmen van tapwater • Box- in – box systemen voor plaatselijke verwarming & koeling • Voorzetten van nieuwe beglazing/vacuumglas • Gebruik maken van warmte/koude uit water Oude Rijn Leiden? • Mogelijkheid tot WKO-systeem in Leiden?		• Materialen met bekende herkomst, hergebruikte materialen uit omgeving mogelijk • Minimale CO2 voetafdruk/Zero carbon/ niet- toxisch • Hernieuwbaarheid van materiaal (vb. hout groeit terug) • Mogelijkheid tot hoogwaardig hergebruik/recyclebaar • Mogelijkheid tot demontabele verbindingen • Positieve bijdrage aan de warme atmosfeer van het interieur/gebouw • Positieve bijdrage aan de overzichtelijkheid/transparantie van het gebouw • Positieve bijdrage aan het welzijn van de gebruiker (licht hout, groen)
	• Water besparende kranen & toiletten • Grijswater opvangsysteem • Water- efficiënt dak landschap door groene daken te gebruiken als buffer • Regenwater berging op het dak voor toiletten, verwarmingswater		
	• Reparatie service voor bestaande producten • Verkoop van tweedehandsproducten & circulaire producten • Verlichting als een service • Lift als een dienst • Inrichting en meubilair als een pay- for- use systeem • Flexibel verhuren van kantoorruimten/vergaderruimten • Interieur ontwerpen voor activity-based working i.p.v. vaste bureauplekken • Gedeelde ruimten voor meerdere functies en gebruikers • Ontmoetingen stimuleren door visuele connecties met ontmoetingsplekken • Kennis delen ten bate van circulaire innovatie		

Urban mining

repurpose building parts
& materials from the V&D
building



re-use of existing concrete



re-use of existing aluminium



re-use of existing bricks &
wood

Re-use of materials

possible implementation of
re-used materials from Leiden
within the building



re-used materials from Leiden



re-used building parts &
furniture



re-used wooden floors & beams

New materials

choice for producers of
renewable or recycled
materials



C2C wood

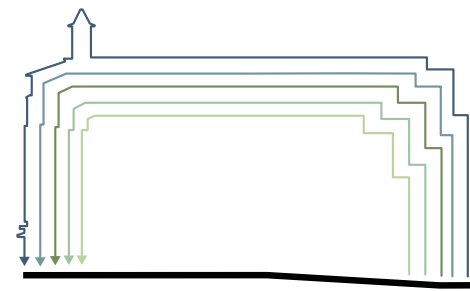


acoustic material from recycled
PET



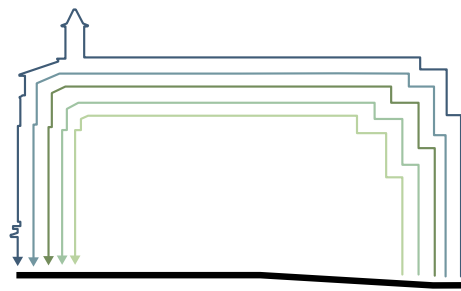
CLT building parts

Appendix III - New materials



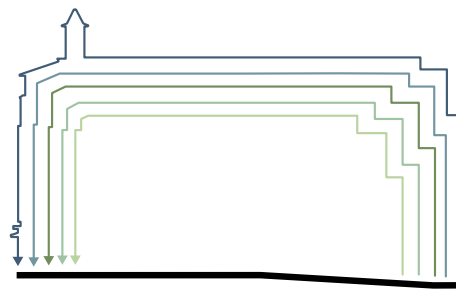
SITE

Energy warmtenet Leiden
Urban heat system in 2026



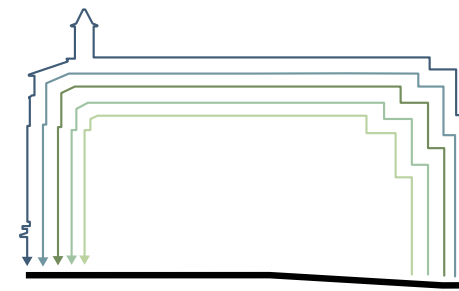
FACADE

Sustainable softwood
Thermowood wood facade finish



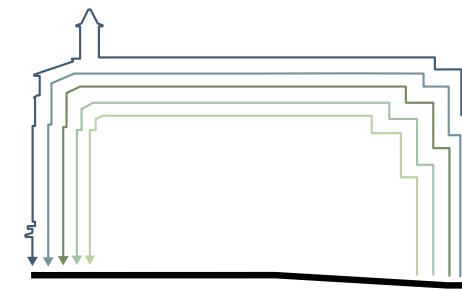
STRUCTURE

Demountable steel structure
Thermowood wood facade finish



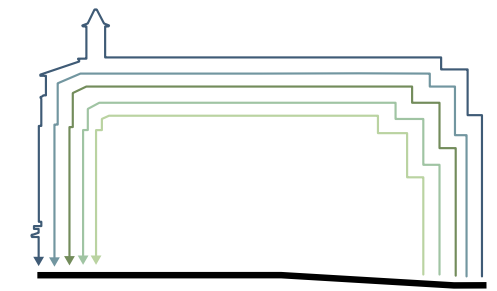
INSTALLATIONS

Light as a service
Philips circular lighting



SPACE PLAN

Partition walls
Ecoboard sheet material



FURNITURE/INTERIOR

Furniture as a Service (FaaS)
Opnieuw! & Gispen furniture

Biobased concrete streettiles
Biobound streettiles & concrete

Sustainable softwood
Accoya wood facade finish

Flexible floorsystems
Slimline demountable floor

Grey water recycling system
Aqualoop

Demountable inner wall
Quickpanell partition walls

Circular wooden floor
Herso floors

Window frames of scrap wood
Velux recycled window frames

Cross Laminated Timber (CLT)
Stora Enso facade & structure

Elevator as a Service
M-use life Mitshibutsi

Demountable inner wall
Knauf circular partition wall

Biobased floor finishes
Forbo marmoleum floors

Circular wooden window frames
Westerveld & Nederlof frames

Blue/green roof
Sedum roof for water collection

Wooden stairs
C2C certified red oak wood

Biobased carpets
Forbo carpet tiles

Insulation of recycled material
Metisse insulation of old jeans

Drysystem floor heating
Fermacell JK ferma floor

Sustainable softwood
Accoya wood finish

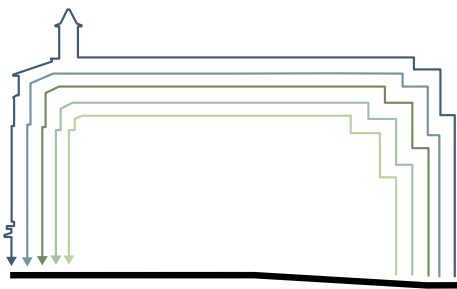
C2C modular floor finishes
Tarkett recycable floor finish

Upcycled insulation system
Everuse upcycled voorzetwand

Workspaces from recycled wood
Gispen REMADE workbooth

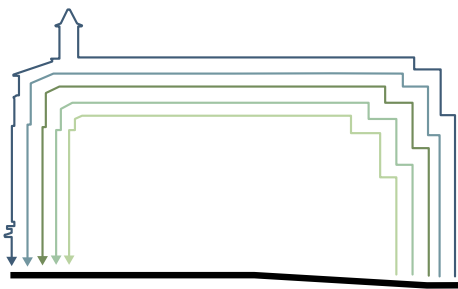
Refurbished office furniture
Desko refurbished furniture

Appendix IV - Removed/re-used materials



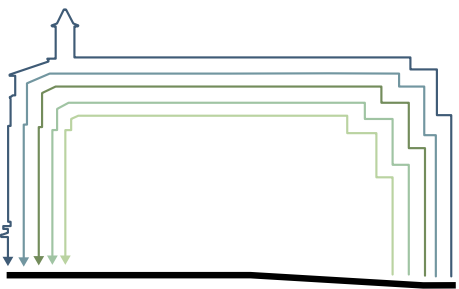
SITE

Streettiles Maarsmansteeg
New use: ?



FACADE

Brick facade elements (1970)
New use: ?

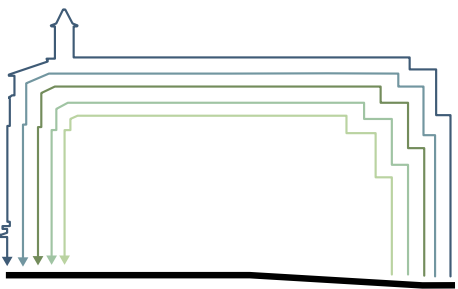


STRUCTURE

Concrete slabs (1970)
New use: pulverizing into concrete granulate for road construction

Steel beams IPE 440 (....x)
New use: construction on roof

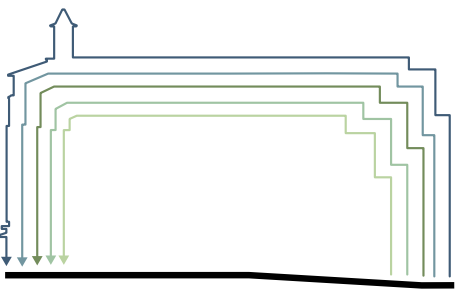
Steel beams IPE 600 (....x)
New use: construction on roof



INSTALLATIONS

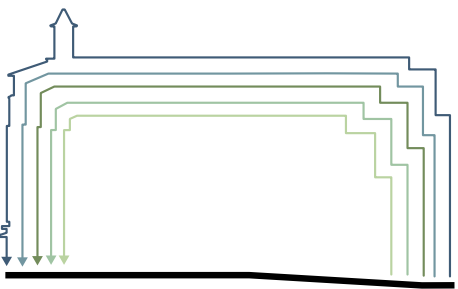
Sprinkler system
New use: Upgraded sprinkler system is used within the building

HVAC systems
New use: Re-use of former ventilation systems (5 years left)



SPACE PLAN

Escalators
New use: Re-use of escalators in new atrium



FURNITURE/INTERIOR

Old counters & shop shelves
New use: Re-use of furniture in new retail spaces

White ceiling tiles (.....m2)
New use: OWA Green circle recycling program

Light spots (1000x)
New use: ?

Changing rooms (8x)
New use: Re-use partition walls in new retail spaces