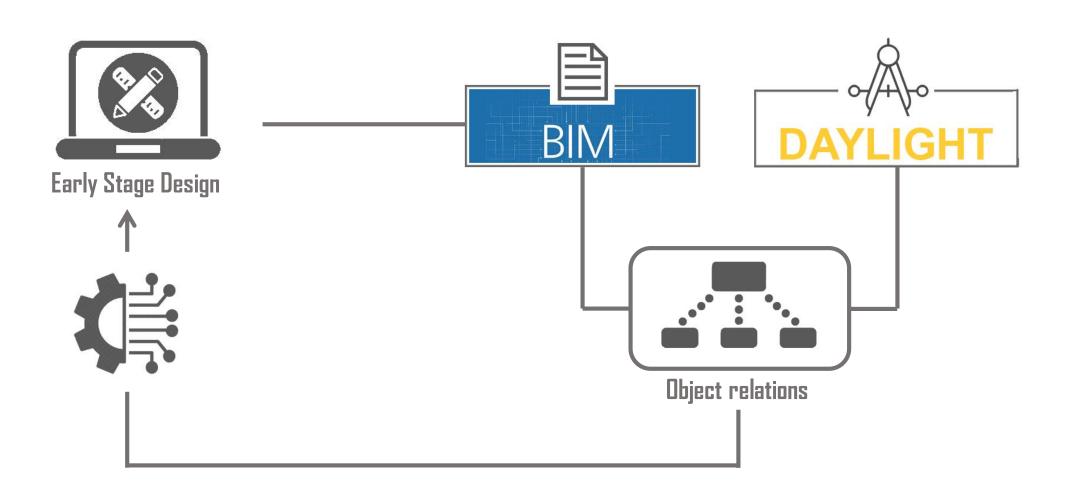
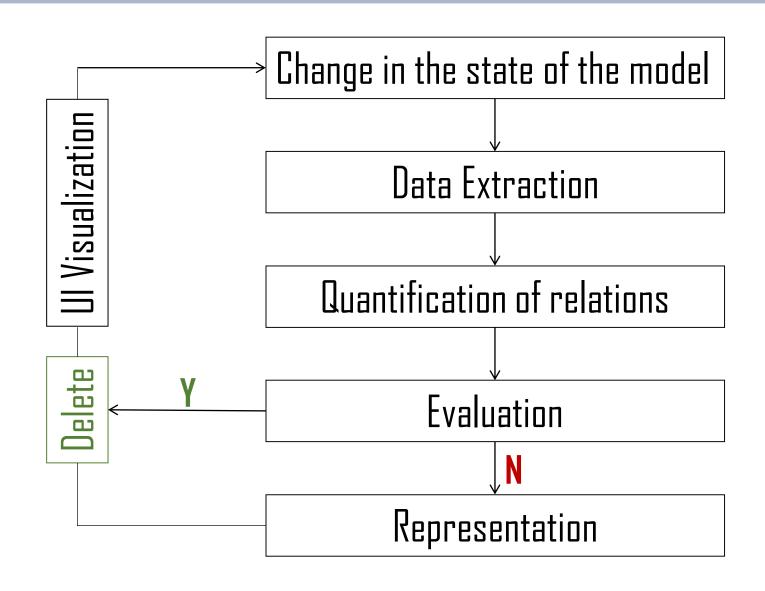


COMPUTATIONAL TOOL



WORKFLOW



BACKGROUND

DAYLIGHT IN ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

ENERGY CONSUMPTION

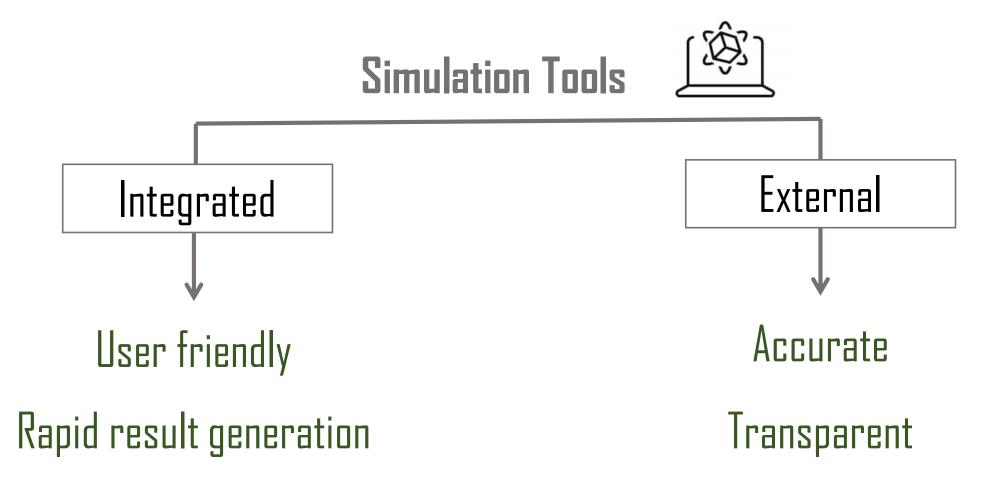


BUILDING ENVELOPE

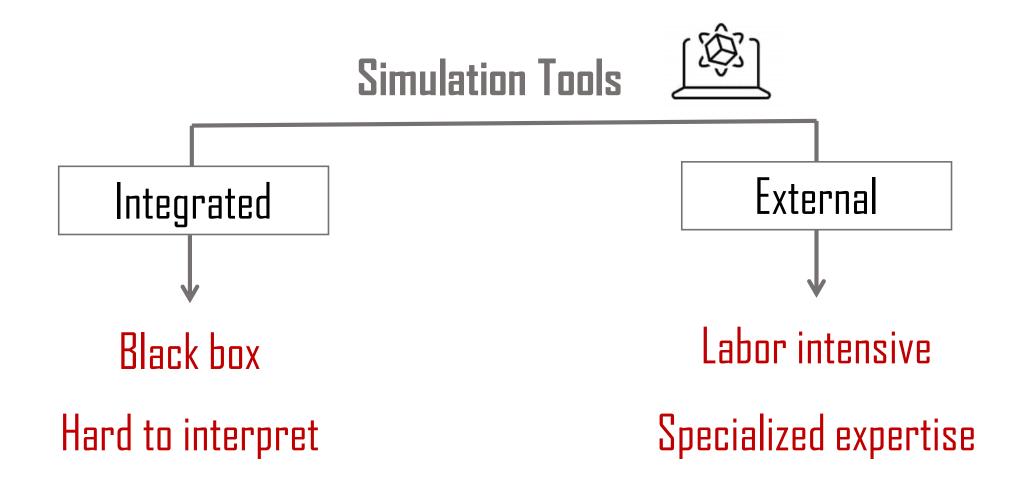


BACKGROUND

BUILDING PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION TOOLS

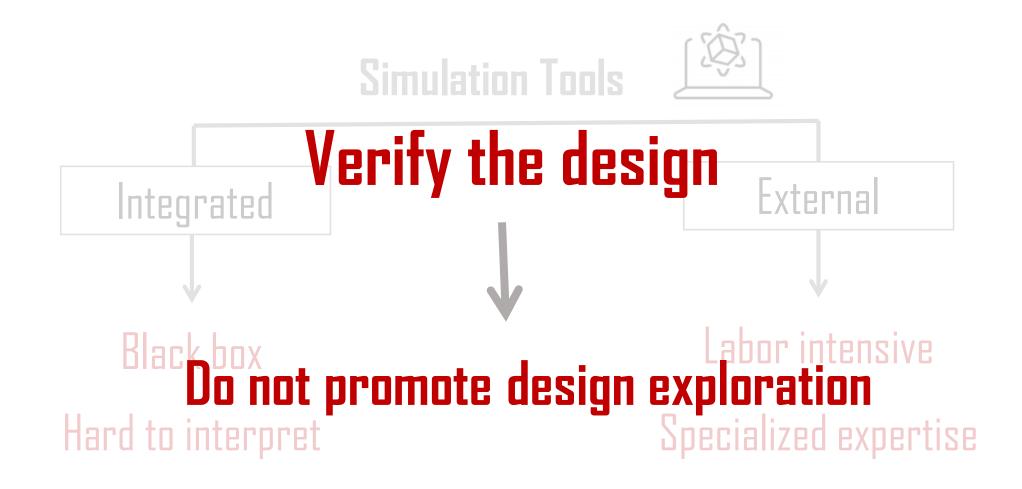


BUILDING PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION TOOLS



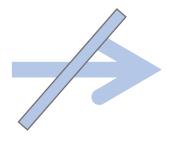
BACKGROUND

BUILDING PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION TOOLS



RESEARCH GAP

STUDIES CONSIDER DESIGN A UNITY



EVALUATE DESIGN ACTIONS

EVALUATE PERFORMANCE AT THE MOMENT OF ARCHITECTURAL COMPOSITION?

WHAT IS BIM

INTERRELATIONS
BETWEEN OBJECTS

PROJECT INFORMATION

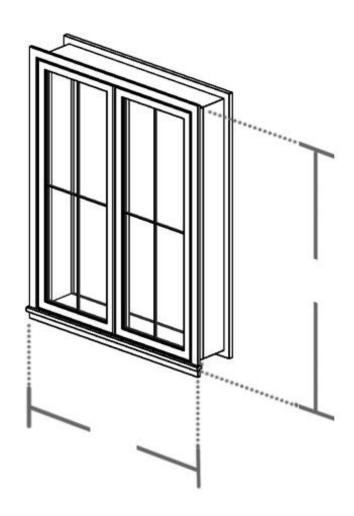
MULTIDISCIPLINARY DESIGN

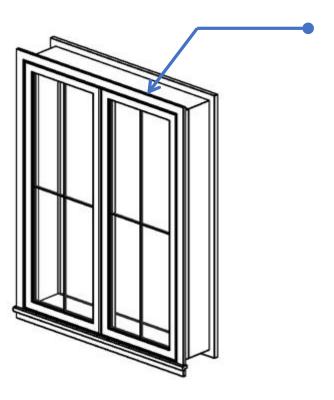






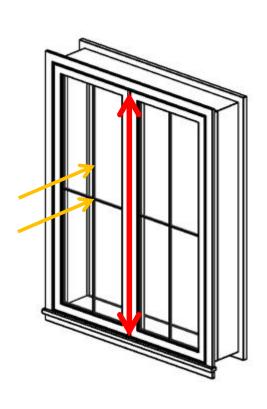
GEOMETRIC PROPERTIES



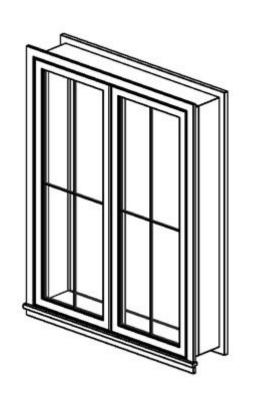


MATERIAL PROPERTIES

ANALYTICAL PROPERTIES

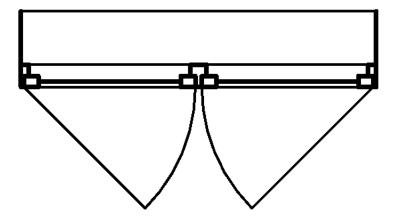


IDENTITY DATA





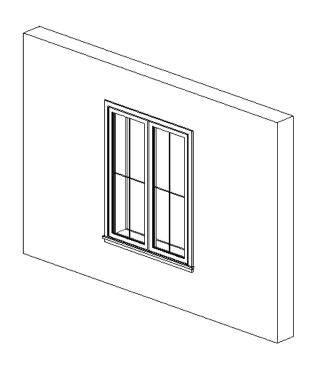
REPRESENTATION DATA

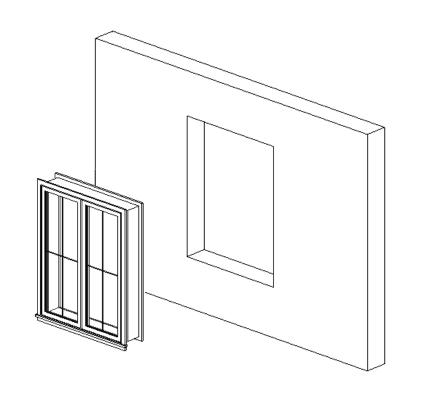


BACKGROUND

BIM OBJECT BEHAVIOR

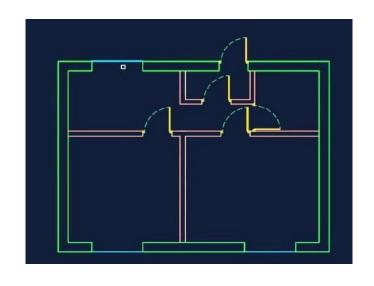
FUNCTION: IN-HOST OBJECT



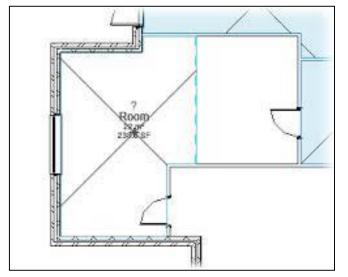


OBJECT RELATIONS

BIM & STAGE SPECIFICITY



CONVENTIONAL DESIGN



BIM Design

- object selection
- no abstraction
- all information already there

DAYLIGHT REGULATIONS

THE BOUWBESLUIT REGULATIONS

NEN 2057 DAYLIGHT REGULATIONS

Equivalent Daylight Area (Ae)

$$A_{e,i} = A_{d,i} \cdot C_{b,i} \cdot C_{u,i} \cdot C_{LTA}$$



C_{b,i} obstruction factor

C_{u,i} external reduction factor

C_{LTA} level of transparency of external geometry

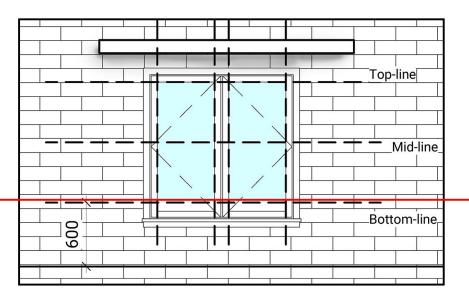


Total Equivalent
Daylight Area

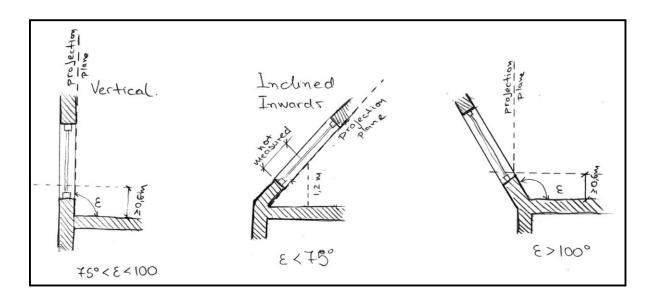
$$A_e = \sum_{i=1}^n A_{e,i}$$

DAYLIGHT OPENING AREA (Ad,i)

Effect of Sill Height

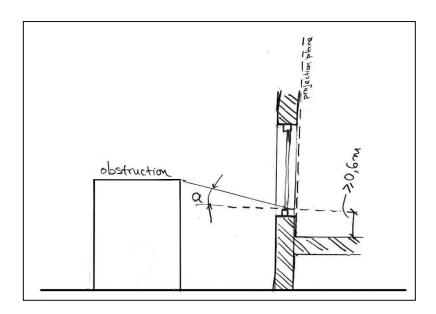


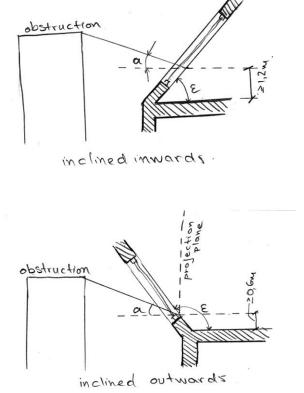
Effect of Wall Inclination



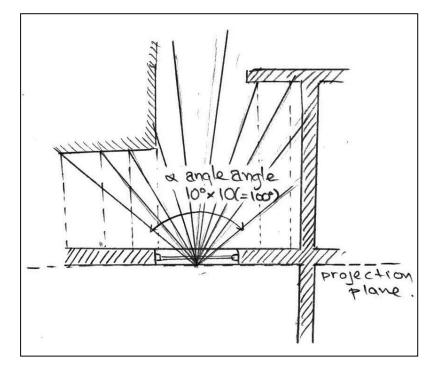
OBSTRUCTION FACTOR (Cb,i)

Angle α





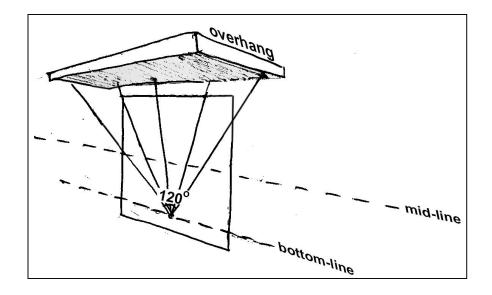
Angle α range

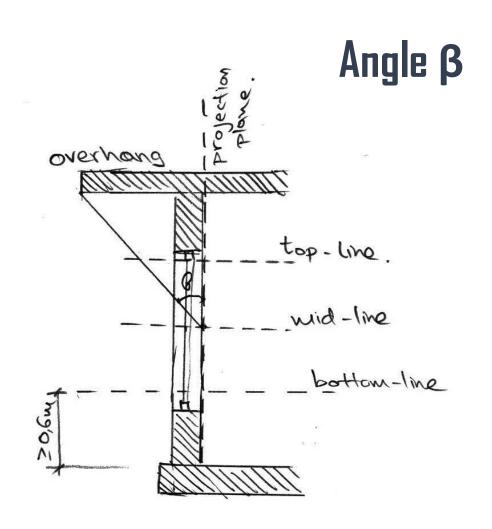


Vertical opening

OBSTRUCTION FACTOR (Cb,i)

Angle β range





ADVANTAGES

LOW THRESHOLD

GEOMETRIC RELATIONS





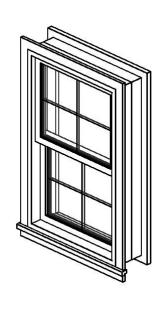
REASONING BEHIND PERFORMANCE

QUANTIFIABLE OBJECT INTERRELATIONS



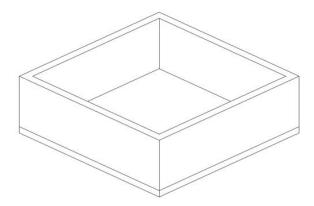
DAYLIGHT REGULATIONS

ADVANTAGES









COMPUTATIONAL DESIGN

SOFTWARE SELECTION



Parametric add-in

Visual programming Language "Code" connected to Revit UI



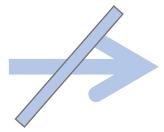
COMPUTATIONAL DESIGN

INPUT DATA EXTRACTION FUNCTION RECOGNITION **PROCESSING** DAYLIGHT EVALUATION **2D MAPPING** INTERACTION **USER INTERFACE INTEGRATION**

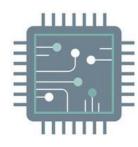
DEVELOPMENT LIMITATIONS







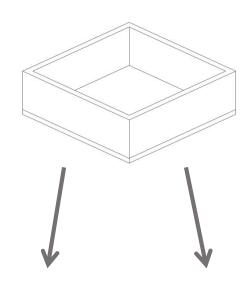




DATA EXTRACTION

Closed Space

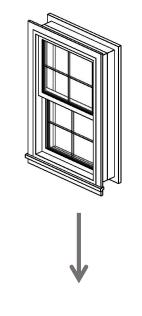
Room specification



Room Parameters

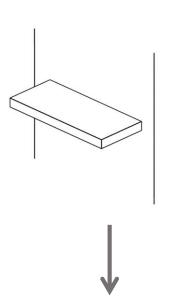
Wall Parameters

Typical Revit Window family



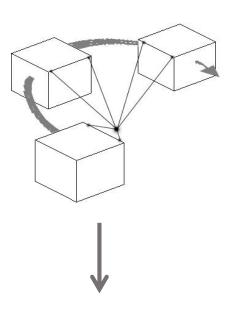
Parameters

Wall-hosted Overhangs



Geometry

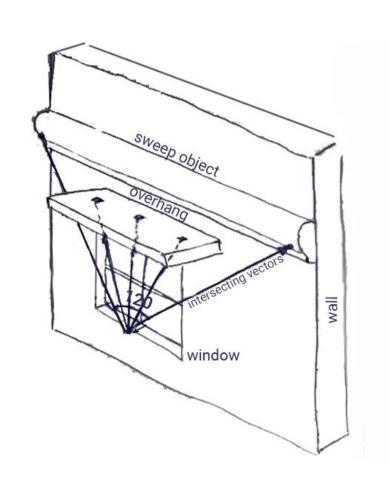
Surroundings



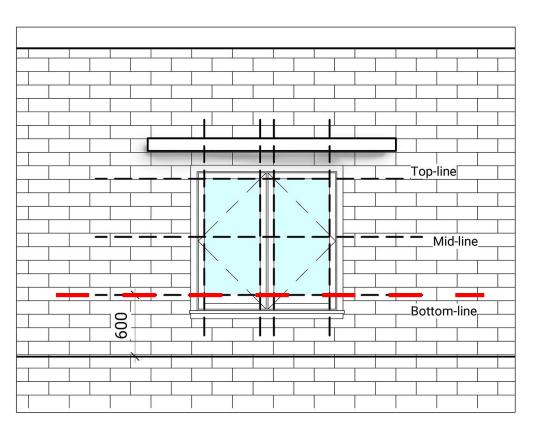
Geometry

OVERHANG RECOGNITION

Overhangs

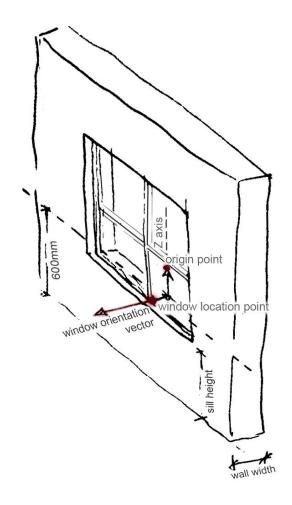


Equivalent Daylight Opening area (Ad)



1
Specify Origin
Point

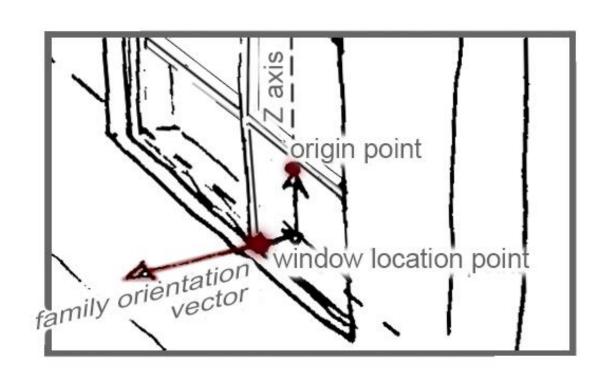
Angle α



Angle α

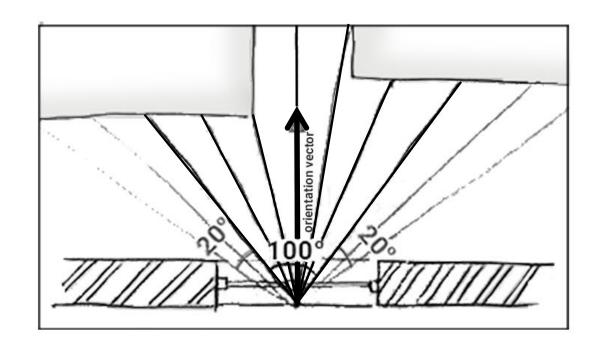
С___:ſ., П_:

Specify Origin Point



Angle α - Raycasting

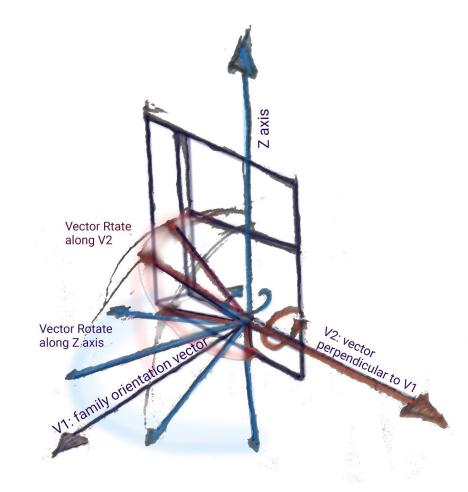
Z
Array α by
Z axis



3

Array by (X) axis

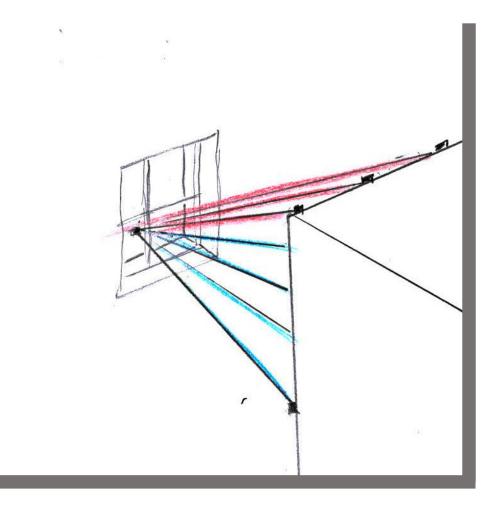
Angle α - Raycasting



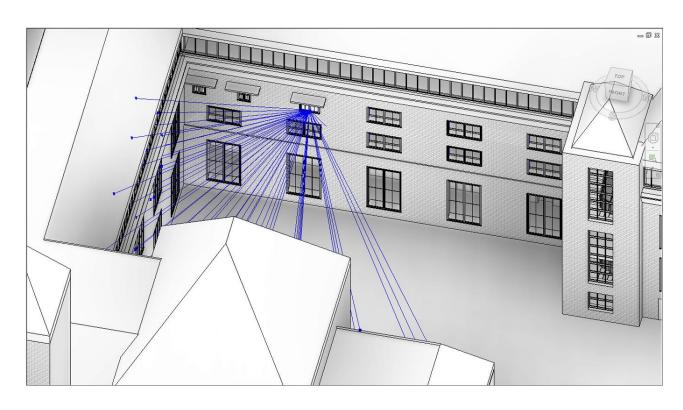
Angle α – Raycasting & Raybounce

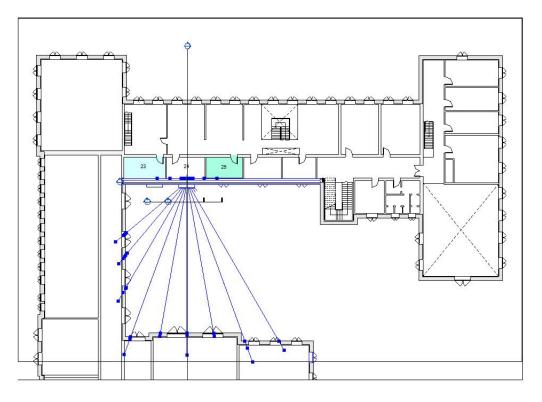
4

Raybounce



Angle α – Raycasting & Raybounce

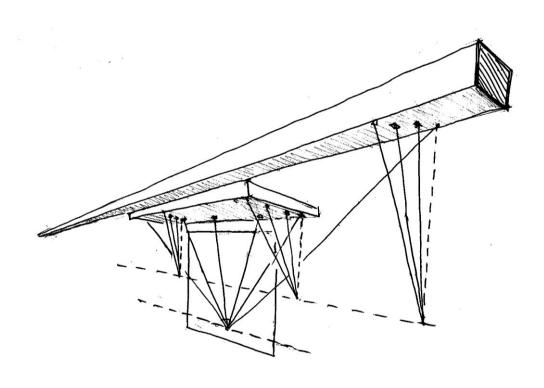




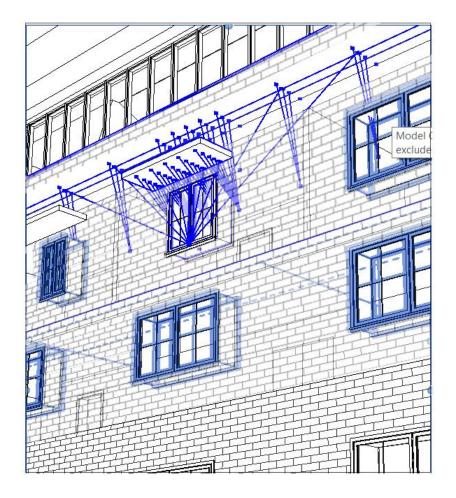
Revit preview of Dynamo algorithm

Angle β – Raycasting & Raybounce

4

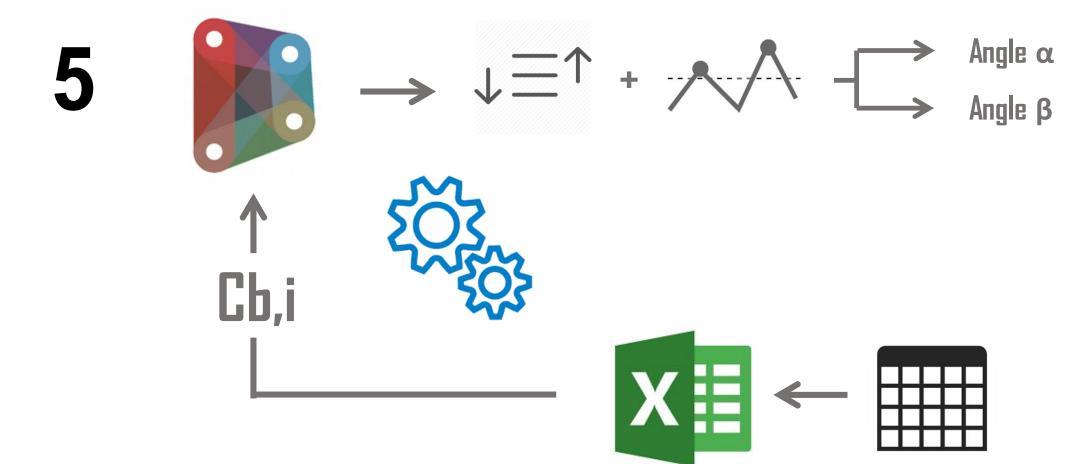


Angle β – Raycasting & Raybounce



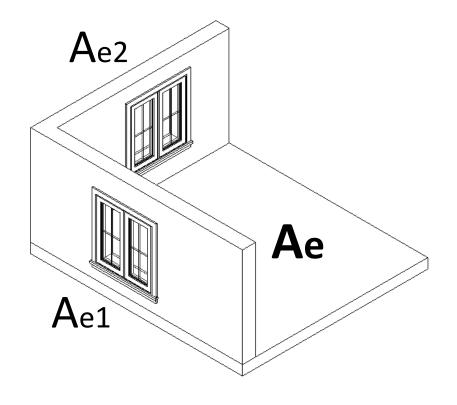
Revit preview of Dynamo algorithm

Calculate factor Cb,i



Calculate Ae,i

6



$$A_{e,i} = A_{d,i} \times C_{b,i}$$

$$A_e = \sum A_{e,i}$$

Daylight Assessment

7

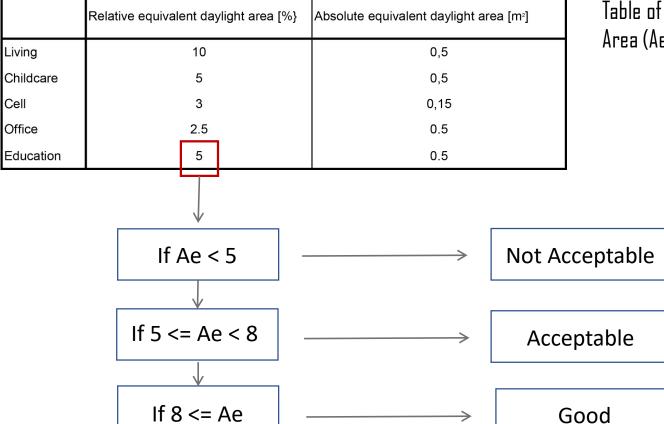


Table of permitted Equivale Daylight Area (Ae,i) values

If Assessment is "Not Acceptable"

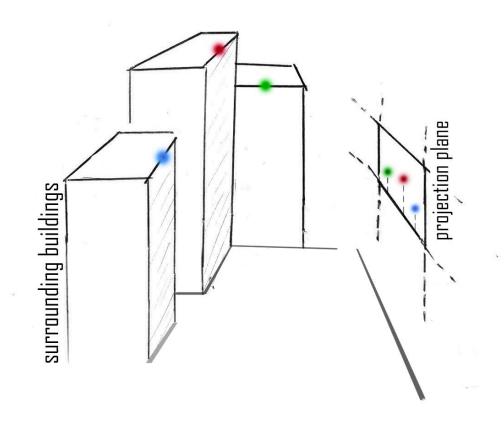
If Assessment is "Acceptable"

---> Proceed to 2D Mapping

If Assessment is "Good"

No further action needed/ delete previous representations

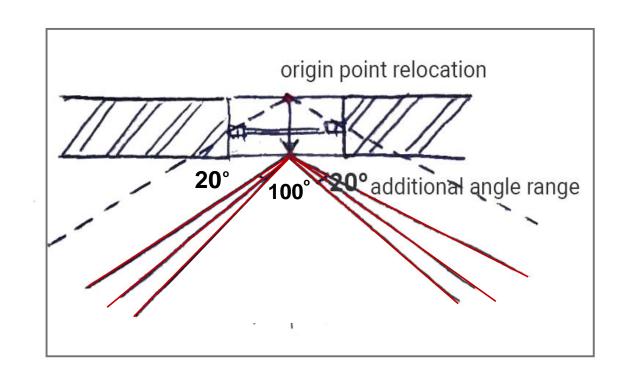
Maximum-angle points



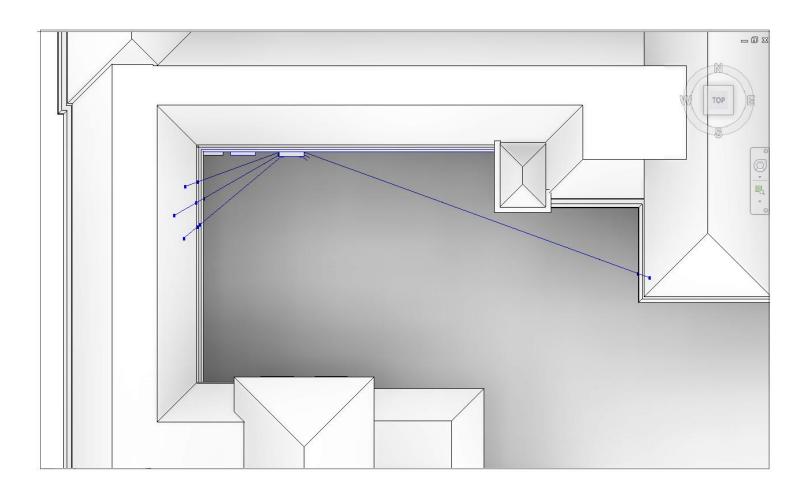
Angle α – Additional Ray casting

1

Angle Range Extension



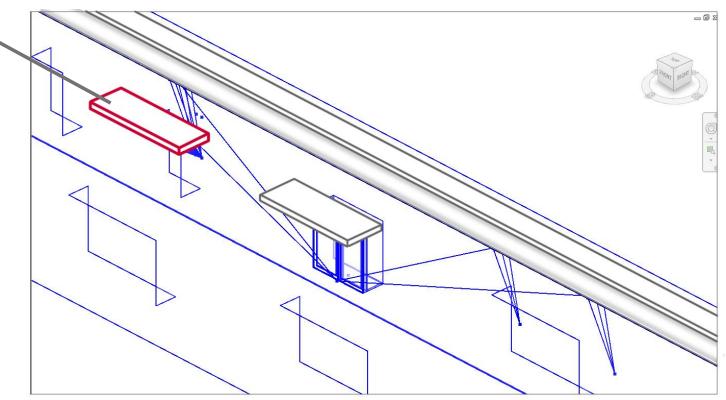
Angle α – Additional Raycasting



Revit preview of Dynamo algorithm

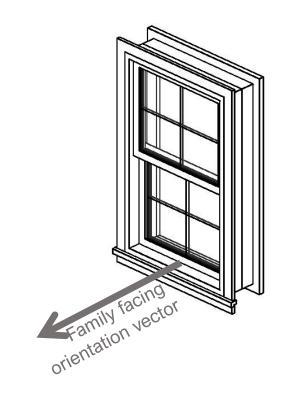
Angle β – Additional Ray casting

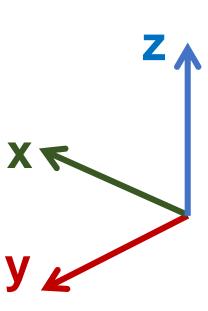
Additional Overhang due to Extended Angle Range



Revit preview of Dynamo algorithm

Local Coordinate System





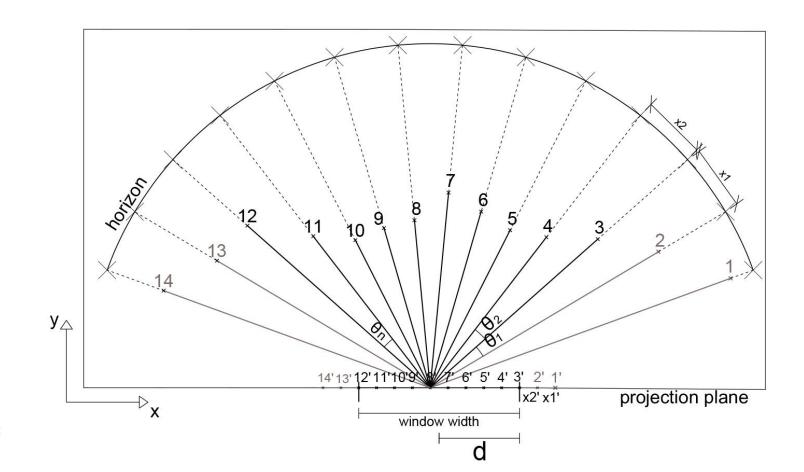
Mapping on the x axis

$$\theta_1 = \theta_2 = \dots = \theta_n = >$$

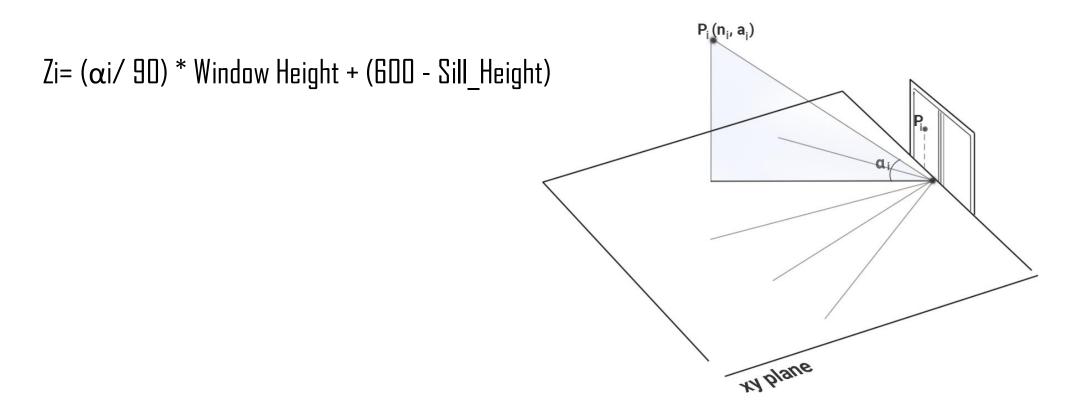
$$x_1 = x_2 = ... = x_n =>$$

$$x_{1'} = x_{2'} = ... = x_{n'}$$

Sequence number only is enough:



Mapping on the z axis



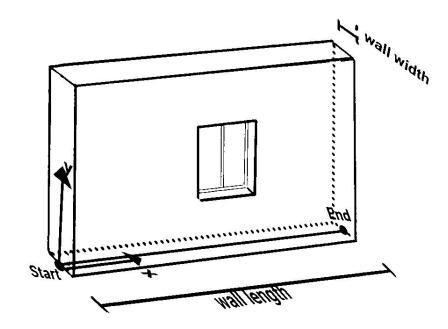
NOT INTERRUPT DESIGN PROCESS | -----

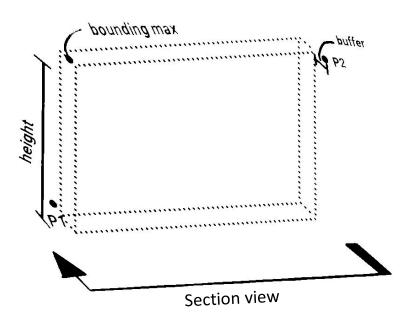
Representation in a Revit View

NOT HAVE PERMANENT PRESENCE

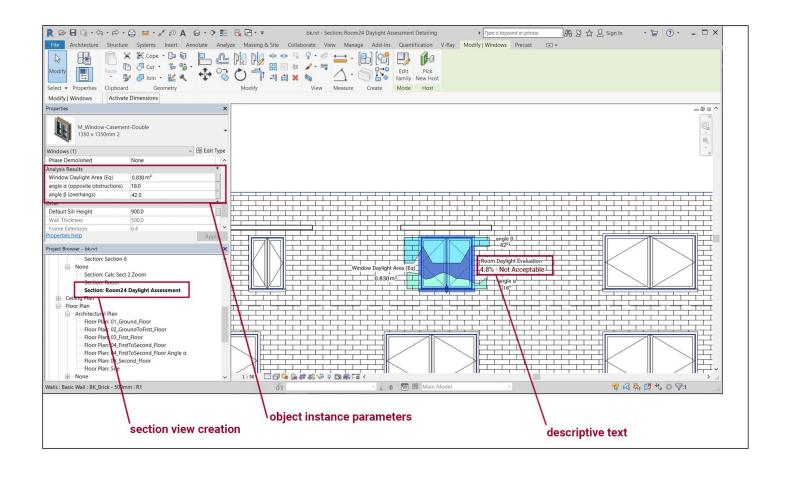
Delete View when Assessment fulfils

Daylight View Creation

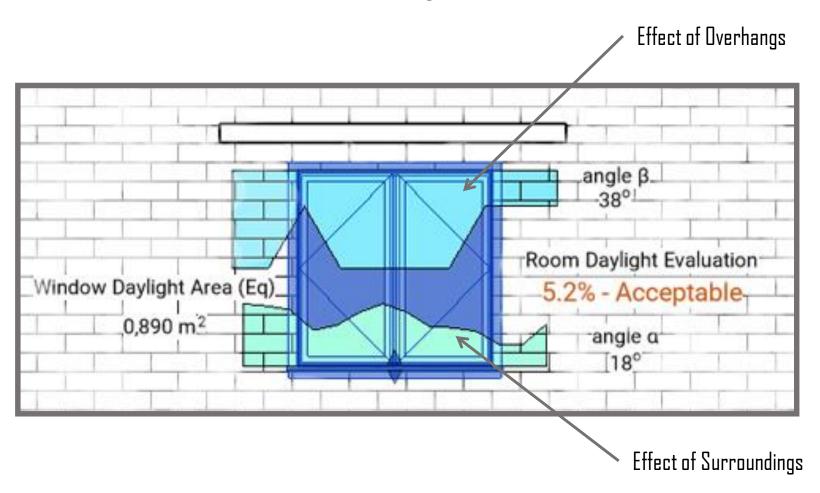




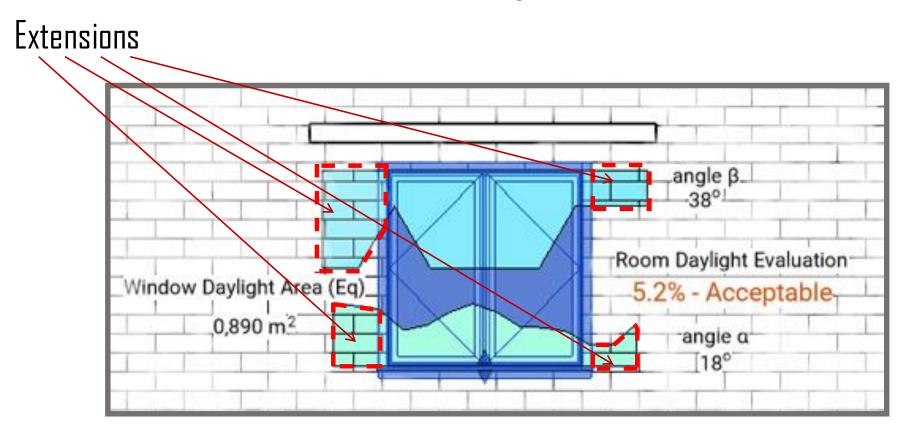
User Interface Representation



User Interface Representation



User Interface Representation



User Interface Representation

Window Instance parameters

