A new urban regeneration approach based on heritage revitalization for South Luogu Lane area, Beijing

01 Introduction
The story of this project starts with the bad relationship between resident, tourists and the heritage sites. Firstly, local residents’ existence is not being acknowledged as part of the heritage. Secondly, tourists cannot find open heritage sites easily because of excessive commercialization and unreadable space. Lastly, there is a bad social interaction between the social group because tourists see residents’ living space as tourism spots. Based on this, the research question was put forward: “How to maximize the potential of heritage in South Luogu lane area through the participation of residents, the design of legible urban space and active social interaction?”

The final output of this research design is a new urban regeneration approach that can balance the relationship between residents, tourists and heritage, forming a harmonious coexistence for this old district under today’s new context. The specific guideline that this approach put forward is not universal for all historical districts. But the main idea of visiting route, which is separation & controlled mixture provides a new way of thinking for the coexistence of tourist and resident in over-developed tourism city in China.

02 Problem analysis conclusion
Existing spatial structure’s gradient cannot support the changing context, it needs more layers’

03 Vision and Strategy
Balanced relationship between residents, tourists and heritage by creating transitional layers on multi-scale

04 Active social interaction in Flexible Hutong and Mixed-use courtyard house
Various social interaction supported by physical environment with accordant perception at different time

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